REVISOR'S TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS TO UTAH CODE





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26
             19-5-108.5 (Effective 07/01/20), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 99
27
             20A-7-308, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 367
             20A-7-605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 349
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29
             26-7-14, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 221
30
             26-15b-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 189
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             26-15b-105, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 189
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             26-18-3.8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 225
             26-18-3.9, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 225
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             26-18-408, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 225
             26-21-34, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 251
35
             26-67-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 169
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             26-67-204, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 169
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             31A-22-626.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 310
39
             32B-1-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 219
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             41-6a-904, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 74
41
             54-3-8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 460
42
             58-4a-107, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 107
43
             58-17b-1004 (Effective 07/01/20), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 372
             58-17b-1005 (Effective 07/01/20), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 372
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45
             58-31b-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 25
             58-55-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 339 and 380
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47
             58-60-405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 252 and 339
48
             59-2-1101 (Effective 01/01/21), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 38
49
      and 305
50
             63G-2-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 213 and 255
51
             63G-7-701, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 278
52
             63I-2-215, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 119
53
             63J-1-602.1 (Effective 10/15/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters
54
      126, 186, 230, 322, 375, and 405
55
             63J-1-602.1 (Effective 07/01/20) (Sup 10/15/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah
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      2020, Chapters 126, 186, 230, 322, 375, and 405
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57	72-10-205.5 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 243
58	73-10g-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 33
59	73-31-202, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 342
60	76-7-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 251
61	78A-6-602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 214, 312 and last
62	amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 214
63	78A-6-602.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 312 and last amended by
64	Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 214
65	78B-7-118 (Effective 07/01/20), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 142
66 67	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
68	Section 1. Section 10-9a-208 is amended to read:
69	10-9a-208. Hearing and notice for petition to vacate a public street.
70	(1) For any petition to vacate some or all of a public street or [municipality] municipal
71	utility easement the legislative body shall:
72	(a) hold a public hearing; and
73	(b) give notice of the date, place, and time of the hearing, as provided in Subsection
74	(2).
75	(2) At least 10 days before the public hearing under Subsection (1)(a), the legislative
76	body shall ensure that the notice required under Subsection (1)(b) is:
77	(a) mailed to the record owner of each parcel that is accessed by the public street or
78	municipal utility easement;
79	(b) mailed to each affected entity;
80	(c) posted on or near the public street or municipal utility easement in a manner that is
81	calculated to alert the public; and
82	(d) (i) published on the website of the municipality in which the land subject to the
83	petition is located until the public hearing concludes; and
84	(ii) published on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701.
85	Section 2. Section 13-43-206 is amended to read:
86	13-43-206. Advisory opinion Process.
87	(1) A request for an advisory opinion under Section 13-43-205 shall be:

88 (a) filed with the Office of the Property Rights Ombudsman; and 89 (b) accompanied by a filing fee of \$150. 90 (2) The Office of the Property Rights Ombudsman may establish policies providing for 91 partial fee waivers for a person who is financially unable to pay the entire fee. 92 (3) A person requesting an advisory opinion need not exhaust administrative remedies, 93 including remedies described under Section 10-9a-801 or 17-27a-801, before requesting an 94 advisory opinion. 95 (4) The Office of the Property Rights Ombudsman shall: 96 (a) deliver notice of the request to opposing parties indicated in the request; 97 (b) inquire of all parties if there are other necessary parties to the dispute; and 98 (c) deliver notice to all necessary parties. 99 (5) If a governmental entity is an opposing party, the Office of the Property Rights 100 Ombudsman shall deliver the request in the manner provided for in Section 63G-7-401. 101 (6) (a) The Office of the Property Rights Ombudsman shall promptly determine if the 102 parties can agree to a neutral third party to issue an advisory opinion. 103 (b) If no agreement can be reached within four business days after notice is delivered 104 pursuant to Subsections (4) and (5), the Office of the Property Rights Ombudsman shall 105 appoint a neutral third party to issue an advisory opinion. 106 (7) All parties that are the subject of the request for advisory opinion shall: 107 (a) share equally in the cost of the advisory opinion; and 108 (b) provide financial assurance for payment that the neutral third party requires. (8) The neutral third party shall comply with the provisions of Section 78B-11-109, 109 110 and shall promptly: 111 (a) seek a response from all necessary parties to the issues raised in the request for 112 advisory opinion; 113 (b) investigate and consider all responses; and 114 (c) issue a written advisory opinion within 15 business days after the appointment of 115 the neutral third party under Subsection (6)(b), unless: (i) the parties agree to extend the deadline; or 116 (ii) the neutral third party determines that the matter is complex and requires additional 117

time to render an opinion, which may not exceed 30 calendar days.

- (9) An advisory opinion shall include a statement of the facts and law supporting the opinion's conclusions.
 - (10) (a) Copies of any advisory opinion issued by the Office of the Property Rights Ombudsman shall be delivered as soon as practicable to all necessary parties.
 - (b) A copy of the advisory opinion shall be delivered to the government entity in the manner provided for in Section 63G-7-401.
 - (11) An advisory opinion issued by the Office of the Property Rights Ombudsman is not binding on any party to, nor admissible as evidence in, a dispute involving land use law except as provided in Subsection (12).
 - (12) Subject to Subsection [(14)] (13), if a dispute involving land use law results in the issuance of an advisory opinion described in this section, if the same issue that is the subject of the advisory opinion is subsequently litigated on the same facts and circumstances at issue in the advisory opinion, and if the relevant issue is resolved consistent with the advisory opinion, the substantially prevailing party on that cause of action may collect:
 - (a) reasonable attorney fees and court costs pertaining to the development of that cause of action from the date of the delivery of the advisory opinion to the date of the court's resolution; and
 - (b) subject to Subsection (13), if the court finds that the opposing party knowingly and intentionally violated the law governing that cause of action, a civil penalty of \$250 per day:
 - (i) beginning on the later of:
 - (A) 30 days after the day on which the advisory opinion was delivered; or
 - (B) the day on which the action was filed; and
 - (ii) ending the day on which the court enters a final judgment.
 - (13) (a) Subsection (12) does not apply unless the resolution described in Subsection (12) is final.
 - (b) A court may not impose a civil penalty under Subsection (12)(b) against or in favor of a party other than the land use applicant or a government entity.
 - (14) In addition to any amounts awarded under Subsection (12), if the dispute described in Subsection (12) in whole or in part concerns an impact fee, and if the result of the litigation requires that the political subdivision or private entity refund the impact fee in accordance with Section 11-36a-603, the political subdivision or private entity shall refund the

150	impact fee in an amount that is based on the difference between the impact fee paid and what
151	the impact fee should have been if the political subdivision or private entity had correctly
152	calculated the impact fee.
153	(15) Nothing in this section is intended to create any new cause of action under land
154	use law.
155	(16) Unless filed by the local government, a request for an advisory opinion under
156	Section 13-43-205 does not stay the progress of a land use application, the effect of a land use
157	decision, or the condemning entity's occupancy of a property.
158	Section 3. Section 17B-2a-804 is amended to read:
159	17B-2a-804. Additional public transit district powers.
160	(1) In addition to the powers conferred on a public transit district under Section
161	17B-1-103, a public transit district may:
162	(a) provide a public transit system for the transportation of passengers and their
163	incidental baggage;
164	(b) notwithstanding Subsection 17B-1-103(2)(g) and subject to Section 17B-2a-817,
165	levy and collect property taxes only for the purpose of paying:
166	(i) principal and interest of bonded indebtedness of the public transit district; or
167	(ii) a final judgment against the public transit district if:
168	(A) the amount of the judgment exceeds the amount of any collectable insurance or
169	indemnity policy; and
170	(B) the district is required by a final court order to levy a tax to pay the judgment;
171	(c) insure against:
172	(i) loss of revenues from damage to or destruction of some or all of a public transit
173	system from any cause;
174	(ii) public liability;
175	(iii) property damage; or
176	(iv) any other type of event, act, or omission;
177	(d) acquire, contract for, lease, construct, own, operate, control, or use:
178	(i) a right-of-way, rail line, monorail, bus line, station, platform, switchyard, terminal,
179	parking lot, or any other facility necessary or convenient for public transit service; or
180	(ii) any structure necessary for access by persons and vehicles;

- (e) (i) hire, lease, or contract for the supplying or management of a facility, operation, equipment, service, employee, or management staff of an operator; and
- (ii) provide for a sublease or subcontract by the operator upon terms that are in the public interest;
 - (f) operate feeder bus lines and other feeder or ridesharing services as necessary;
- (g) accept a grant, contribution, or loan, directly through the sale of securities or equipment trust certificates or otherwise, from the United States, or from a department, instrumentality, or agency of the United States;
- (h) study and plan transit facilities in accordance with any legislation passed by Congress;
- (i) cooperate with and enter into an agreement with the state or an agency of the state or otherwise contract to finance to establish transit facilities and equipment or to study or plan transit facilities;
- (j) subject to Subsection 17B-2a-808.1(5), issue bonds as provided in and subject to Chapter 1, Part 11, Local District Bonds, to carry out the purposes of the district;
- (k) from bond proceeds or any other available funds, reimburse the state or an agency of the state for an advance or contribution from the state or state agency;
- (1) do anything necessary to avail itself of any aid, assistance, or cooperation available under federal law, including complying with labor standards and making arrangements for employees required by the United States or a department, instrumentality, or agency of the United States;
 - (m) sell or lease property;
- (n) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), assist in or operate transit-oriented or transit-supportive developments;
- (o) establish, finance, participate as a limited partner or member in a development with limited liabilities in accordance with Subsection (1)(p), construct, improve, maintain, or operate transit facilities, equipment, and, in accordance with Subsection (3), transit-oriented developments or transit-supportive developments; and
- (p) subject to the restrictions and requirements in Subsections (2) and (3), assist in a transit-oriented development or a transit-supportive development in connection with project area development as defined in Section 17C-1-102 by:

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- (i) investing in a project as a limited partner or a member, with limited liabilities; or
 - (ii) subordinating an ownership interest in real property owned by the public transit district.
 - (2) (a) A public transit district may only assist in the development of areas under Subsection (1)(p) that have been approved by the board of trustees, and in the manners described in Subsection (1)(p).
 - (b) A public transit district may not invest in a transit-oriented development or transit-supportive development as a limited partner or other limited liability entity under the provisions of Subsection (1)(p)(i), unless the partners, developer, or other investor in the entity, makes an equity contribution equal to no less than 25% of the appraised value of the property to be contributed by the public transit district.
 - (c) (i) For transit-oriented development projects, a public transit district shall adopt transit-oriented development policies and guidelines that include provisions on affordable housing.
 - (ii) For transit-supportive development projects, a public transit district shall work with the metropolitan planning organization and city and county governments where the project is located to collaboratively seek to create joint plans for the areas within one-half mile of transit stations, including plans for affordable housing.
 - (d) A current board member of a public transit district to which the board member is appointed may not have any interest in the transactions engaged in by the public transit district pursuant to Subsection (1)(p)(i) or (ii), except as may be required by the board member's fiduciary duty as a board member.
 - (3) For any transit-oriented development or transit-supportive development authorized in this section, the public transit district shall:
 - (a) perform a cost-benefit analysis of the monetary investment and expenditures of the development, including effect on:
 - (i) service and ridership;
 - (ii) regional plans made by the metropolitan planning agency;
- 240 (iii) the local economy;
- 241 (iv) the environment and air quality;
- (v) affordable housing; and

243	(vi) integration with other modes of transportation; and
244	(b) provide evidence to the public of a quantifiable positive return on investment,
245	including improvements to public transit service.
246	(4) A public transit district may not participate in a transit-oriented development if:
247	(a) the relevant municipality or county has not developed and adopted a station area
248	plan; and
249	(b) (i) for a transit-oriented development involving a municipality, the municipality is
250	not in compliance with Sections 10-9a-403 and 10-9a-408 regarding the inclusion of moderate
251	income housing in the general plan and the required reporting requirements; or
252	(ii) for a transit-oriented development involving property in an unincorporated area of a
253	county, the county is not in compliance with Sections 17-27a-403 and 17-27a-408 regarding
254	inclusion of moderate income housing in the general plan and required reporting requirements.
255	(5) A public transit district may be funded from any combination of federal, state,
256	local, or private funds.
257	(6) A public transit district may not acquire property by eminent domain.
258	Section 4. Section 17D-3-304 is amended to read:
259	17D-3-304. Petition to nominate candidates for appointment to the board of
260	supervisors.
261	(1) In addition to the procedure in Section 17D-3-302, a person may be nominated to be
262	a candidate for appointment as a member of a board of supervisors of a conservation district by
263	a petition filed with the department no later than the date set by the commission as the close of
264	nominations.
265	(2) A petition under Subsection (1) shall:
266	(a) state:
267	[(a)] (i) the candidate's name;
268	[(b)] (ii) that the candidate is at least 18 years [of age;] old; and
269	[(c)] (iii) that the candidate for appointment is a resident of the conservation district for
270	which the nomination for candidacy is to be held; and
271	[(d)] (b) contain the notarized signature of the candidate.
272	(3) The department shall forward a petition received under this section to the
273	nominating committee for consideration under Sections 17D-3-302 and 17D-3-303.

274	Section 5. Section 19-3-103.1 is amended to read:
275	19-3-103.1. Board authority and duties under this part.
276	(1) The board may:
277	(a) make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
278	Rulemaking Act, that are necessary to implement this part;
279	(b) (i) hold a hearing that is not an adjudicative proceeding; or
280	(ii) appoint a hearing officer to conduct a hearing that is not an adjudicative
281	proceeding;
282	(c) accept, receive, and administer grants or other money or gifts from public and
283	private agencies, including the federal government, for the purpose of carrying out any function
284	of this chapter;
285	(d) order the director to impound radioactive material in accordance with Section
286	19-3-111; or
287	(e) advise, consult, cooperate with, or provide technical assistance to another agency of
288	the state or federal government, another state, an interstate agency, an affected group, an
289	affected political subdivision, an affected industry, or other person in carrying out the purposes
290	of this part.
291	(2) The board shall:
292	(a) promote the planning and application of pollution prevention and radioactive waste
293	minimization measures to prevent the unnecessary waste and depletion of natural resources;
294	(b) to ensure compliance with applicable statutes and rules:
295	(i) review a settlement negotiated by the director in accordance with Subsection
296	19-3-108.1(2)(c) that requires a civil penalty equal to or greater than \$25,000; and
297	(ii) approve or disapprove the settlement described in Subsection (2)(b)(i); and
298	(c) review the qualifications of, and issue certificates of approval to, individuals who:
299	(i) survey mammography equipment; or
300	(ii) oversee quality assurance practices at mammography facilities.
301	(3) The board may not issue, amend, renew, modify, revoke, or terminate any of the
302	following that are subject to the authority granted to the director under Section 19-3-108.1:
303	(a) a permit;
304	(b) a license;

305	(c) a registration;
306	(d) a certification; or
307	(e) another administrative authorization made by the director.
308	Section 6. Section 19-5-108.5 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:
309	19-5-108.5 (Effective 07/01/20). Storm water permits.
310	(1) As used in this section:
311	(a) "Applicant" means a person who is conducting or proposing to conduct a use of
312	land and who a permittee requires or allows to use low impact development.
313	(b) "Independent review" is a review conducted:
314	(i) in accordance with this section; and
315	(ii) by an engineer, or engineering firm, designated by the division as having technical
316	expertise in the area of storm water calculations.
317	(c) "Low impact development" means structural or natural engineered systems located
318	close to the source of storm water that use or mimic natural processes to encourage infiltration
319	evapotranspiration, or reuse of the storm water.
320	(d) "Permittee" means a municipality, metro township, or county with a storm water
321	permit under the Utah Pollutant Discharge Elimination System.
322	(e) "Storm water" means storm water runoff, snow melt runoff, and surface runoff and
323	drainage.
324	(f) "Storm water permit" means a permit issued to a permittee by the division for the
325	permittee's municipal separate storm sewer system.
326	(g) "Utah Pollutant Discharge Elimination System" means the state-wide program for
327	issuing, modifying, revoking and reissuing, terminating, monitoring and enforcing permits
328	under [the Utah Water Quality Act] this chapter.
329	(2) A permittee shall reduce any requirement for an applicant to manage or control
330	storm water runoff rates or storm water runoff volumes for flood control purposes to account
331	for the reduction in storm water associated with approved low impact development practices.
332	(3) The director shall create and maintain a list of engineers, including engineering
333	firms, capable of providing independent review of low impact development designs and storm
334	water calculations for use by an applicant and a permittee pursuant to an appeal described in
335	Subsection (4).

336	(4) (a) An applicant who appeals a permittee's determination regarding
337	post-construction retention requirements under the permittee's storm water permit may request
338	the permittee to refer the appeal to independent review for purposes of determining the
339	technical aspects of the appeal, including:
340	(i) the required size of any low impact development system;
341	(ii) the calculations of reductions in storm water runoff rates or storm water runoff
342	volumes for flood control due to the use of low impact development; and
343	(iii) the feasibility of constructing low impact development practices required by the
344	permittee.
345	(b) If an applicant makes a request under Subsection (4)(a):
346	(i) the permittee shall:
347	(A) select an engineer or engineering firm from the list described in Subsection (3);
348	and
349	(B) pay one-half of the cost of the independent review.
350	(ii) An engineer or engineering firm selected by the permittee under Subsection
351	(4)(b)(i) may not be:
352	(A) associated with the application that is the subject of the appeal; or
353	(B) employed by the permittee.
354	(iii) The applicant shall pay:
355	(A) one-half of the cost of the independent review; and
356	(B) the municipality's published appeal fee.
357	Section 7. Section 20A-7-308 is amended to read:
358	20A-7-308. Ballot title Duties of lieutenant governor and Office of Legislative
359	Research and General Counsel.
360	(1) Whenever a referendum petition is declared sufficient for submission to a vote of
361	the people, the lieutenant governor shall deliver a copy of the petition and the proposed law to
362	the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel.
363	(2) (a) The Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall:
364	(i) entitle each state referendum that has qualified for the ballot "Proposition Number
365	" and give it a number as assigned under Section 20A-6-107;
366	(ii) prepare an impartial ballot title for the referendum summarizing the contents of the

367	measure;	and
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- (iii) return the petition and the ballot title to the lieutenant governor within 15 days after its receipt.
- (b) The ballot title may be distinct from the title of the law that is the subject of the petition, and shall be not more than 100 words.
- (c) The ballot title and the number of the measure as determined by the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall be printed on the official ballot.
- (3) Immediately after the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel files a copy of the ballot title with the lieutenant governor, the lieutenant governor shall mail a copy of the ballot title to any of the sponsors of the petition.
- (4) (a) (i) At least three of the sponsors of the petition may, within 15 days of the date the lieutenant governor mails the ballot title, challenge the wording of the ballot title prepared by the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel to the Supreme Court.
- (ii) After receipt of the appeal, the Supreme Court shall direct the lieutenant governor to send notice of the appeal to:
- (A) any person or group that has filed an argument for or against the measure that is the subject of the challenge; or
- (B) any political issues committee established under Section 20A-11-801 that has filed written or electronic notice with the lieutenant governor that identifies the name, mailing or email address, and telephone number of the person designated to receive notice about any issues relating to the [initiative] referendum.
- (b) (i) There is a presumption that the ballot title prepared by the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel is an impartial summary of the contents of the referendum.
- (ii) The Supreme Court may not revise the wording of the ballot title unless the plaintiffs rebut the presumption by clearly and convincingly establishing that the ballot title is patently false or biased.
 - (c) The Supreme Court shall:
 - (i) examine the ballot title;
 - (ii) hear arguments; and
- 396 (iii) certify to the lieutenant governor a ballot title for the measure that meets the requirements of this section.

398	(d) The lieutenant governor shall certify the title verified by the Supreme Court to the
399	county clerks to be printed on the official ballot.
400	Section 8. Section 20A-7-605 is amended to read:
401	20A-7-605. Obtaining signatures Verification Removal of signature.
402	(1) Any Utah voter may sign a local referendum petition if the voter is a legal voter and
403	resides in the local jurisdiction.
404	(2) (a) The sponsors shall ensure that the individual in whose presence each signature
405	sheet was signed:
406	(i) is at least 18 years old and meets the residency requirements of Section 20A-2-105;
407	and
408	(ii) verifies each signature sheet by completing the verification printed on the last page
409	of each referendum packet.
410	(b) An individual may not sign the verification printed on the last page of the
411	referendum packet if the individual signed a signature sheet in the referendum packet.
412	(3) (a) Any voter who has signed a referendum petition may have the voter's signature
413	removed from the petition by submitting a statement to that effect to the county clerk.
414	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), upon receipt of the statement, the county
415	clerk shall remove the signature of the individual submitting the statement from the referendum
416	petition.
417	(c) A county clerk may not remove signatures from a referendum petition later than
418	seven days after the day on which the sponsors timely submit the last signature packet to the
419	county clerk.
420	(4) The sponsors of a referendum petition:
421	(a) shall, for each signature packet:
422	(i) within seven days after the day on which the first individual signs the signature
423	packet, provide a clear, legible image of all signatures on the signature packet to the county
424	clerk via email or other electronic means; and
425	(ii) immediately send a new image if the county clerk informs the sponsors that the
426	image is not clear and legible;
427	(b) may not permit additional signatures on a signature packet of which the sponsors

have sent an image under Subsection (4)(a); and

429	(c) may not submit a signature packet to the county clerk unless the sponsors timely
430	comply with the requirements of Subsection (4)(a) in relation to the signature packet.
431	(5) Each person who gathers a signature removal statement described in Subsection
432	(3):
433	(a) shall, within seven days after the day on which the individual signs the signature
434	removal statement, provide a clear, legible image of the statement to the county clerk via email
435	or other electronic means; and
436	(b) shall, immediately send a new image if the local clerk informs the sender that the
437	image is not clear and legible; and
438	(c) may not submit a signature removal statement to the county clerk, unless the sender
439	timely complies with the requirements of Subsections (5)(a) and (b) in relation to the signature
440	removal statement.
441	(6) (a) The county clerk shall provide to an individual, upon request, a document or
442	electronic list containing the name and voter identification number of each individual who
443	signed the [initiative] referendum packet.
444	(b) Subject to Subsection 20A-7-606.3(3), the local clerk may begin certifying,
445	removing, and tallying signatures upon receipt of an image described in Subsection (4) or (5).
446	Section 9. Section 26-7-14 is amended to read:
447	26-7-14. Study on violent incidents and fatalities involving substance abuse
448	Report.
449	(1) As used in this section:
450	(a) "Drug overdose event" means an acute condition, including a decreased level of
451	consciousness or respiratory depression resulting from the consumption or use of a controlled
452	substance, or another substance with which a controlled substance or alcohol was combined,
453	that results in an individual requiring medical assistance.
454	(b) "Substance abuse" means the misuse or excessive use of alcohol or other drugs or
455	substances.
456	(c) "Violent incident" means:
457	(i) aggravated assault as described in Section 76-5-103;
458	(ii) child abuse as described in Section 76-5-109;
459	(iii) an offense described in Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 2, Criminal Homicide;

461	(v) a burglary offense described in Sections 76-6-202 through 76-6-204.5;
462	(vi) an offense described in Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 3, Robbery;
463	(vii) a domestic violence offense, as defined in Section 77-36-1; and
464	(viii) any other violent offense, as determined by the department.
465	(2) In 2021 and continuing every other year, the department shall provide a report
466	before October 1 to the Health and Human Services Interim Committee regarding the number
467	of:
468	(a) violent incidents and fatalities that occurred in the state during the preceding
469	calendar year that, at the time of occurrence, involved substance abuse;
470	(b) drug overdose events in the state during the preceding calendar year; and
471	(c) recommendations for legislation, if any, to prevent the occurrence of the events
472	described in Subsections (2)(a) and (b).
473	(3) Before October 1, 2020, the department shall:
474	(a) determine what information is necessary to complete the report described in
475	Subsection (2) and from which local, state, and federal agencies the information may be
476	obtained;
477	(b) determine the cost of any research or data collection that is necessary to complete
478	the report described in Subsection (2);
479	(c) make recommendations for legislation, if any, that is necessary to facilitate the
480	research or data collection described in Subsection (3)(b), including recommendations for
481	legislation to assist with information sharing between local, state, federal, and private entities
482	and the [division] department; and
483	(d) report the findings described in Subsections (3)(a) through (c) to the Health and
484	Human Services Interim Committee.
485	(4) The department may contract with another state agency, private entity, or research
486	institution to assist the [division] department with the report described in Subsection (2).
487	Section 10. Section 26-15b-102 is amended to read:
488	26-15b-102. Definitions.
489	As used in this chapter:
490	(1) "Agricultural tourism activity" means the same as that term is defined in Section

(iv) an offense described in Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses;

491	78B-4-512.
492	(2) "Agritourism" means the same as that term is defined in Section 78B-4-512.
493	(3) "Agritourism food establishment" means a non-commercial kitchen facility where
494	food is handled, stored, or prepared to be offered for sale on a farm in connection with an
495	agricultural tourism activity.
496	(4) "Agritourism food establishment permit" means a permit issued by a local health
497	department to the operator for the [purposes] purpose of operating an agritourism food
498	establishment.
499	(5) "Farm" means a working farm, ranch, or other commercial agricultural,
500	aquacultural, horticultural, or forestry operation.
501	(6) "Food" means:
502	(a) a raw, cooked, or processed edible substance, ice, nonalcoholic beverage, or
503	ingredient used or intended for use or for sale, in whole or in part, for human consumption; or
504	(b) chewing gum.
505	(7) "Local health department" means the same as that term is defined in Section
506	26A-1-102.
507	(8) "Operator" means a person who owns, manages, or controls, or who has the duty to
508	manage or control, the farm.
509	(9) "Time/temperature control food" means food that requires time/temperature
510	controls for safety to limit pathogenic microorganism growth or toxin formation.
511	Section 11. Section 26-15b-105 is amended to read:
512	26-15b-105. Permit requirements Inspections.
513	(1) A farm may qualify for an agritourism food establishment permit if:
514	(a) poultry products that are served at the agritourism food establishment are
515	slaughtered and processed in compliance with the Poultry Products Inspection Act, 21 U.S.C.
516	Sec. 451 et seq., and the applicable regulations issued pursuant to that act;
517	(b) meat not described in Subsection (1)(a) that is served at the agritourism food
518	establishment is slaughtered and processed in compliance with the Federal Meat Inspection
519	Act, 21 U.S.C. Sec. 601 et seq., and the applicable regulations issued pursuant to that act;
520	(c) a kitchen facility used to prepare food for the agritourism food establishment meets

the requirements established by the department;

522 (d) the farm operates the agritourism food establishment for no more than 14 523 consecutive days at a time; and 524 (e) the farm complies with the requirements of this section. 525 (2) The department shall, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah 526 Administrative Rulemaking Act, make rules regarding sanitation, equipment, and maintenance 527 requirements for agritourism food establishments. 528 (3) A local health department shall: 529 (a) ensure compliance with the rules described in Subsection (2) when inspecting a 530 kitchen facility; 531 (b) notwithstanding Section 26A-1-113, inspect the kitchen facility of a farm that 532 requests an agritourism food establishment permit only: 533 (i) for an initial inspection, no more than one week before the agritourism food 534 establishment is scheduled to begin operation; 535 (ii) for an unscheduled inspection: (A) of an event scheduled to last no more than three days if the local health department 536 537 conducts the inspection within three days before or after the day on which the agritourism food 538 establishment is scheduled to begin operation; or 539 (B) of an event scheduled to last longer than three days if the local health department 540 conducts the inspection within three days before or after the day on which the agritourism food 541 establishment is scheduled to begin operation, or conducts the inspection during operating 542 hours of the agritourism food establishment; or 543 (iii) for subsequent inspections if: 544 (A) the local health department provides the operator with reasonable advanced notice 545 about an inspection; or 546 (B) the local health department has a valid reason to suspect that the agritourism food 547 establishment is the source of an adulterated food or of an outbreak of illness caused by a 548 contaminated food; and 549 (c) document the reason for any inspection after the permitting inspection, keep a copy 550 of that documentation on file with the agritourism food establishment's permit, and provide a 551 copy of that documentation to the operator.

(4) An agritourism food establishment shall:

333	(a) take steps to avoid any potential contamination to:
554	(i) food;
555	(ii) equipment;
556	(iii) utensils; or
557	(iv) unwrapped single-service and single-use articles; and
558	(b) prevent an individual from entering the food preparation area while food is being
559	prepared if the individual is known to be suffering from:
560	(i) symptoms associated with acute gastrointestinal illness; or
561	(ii) a communicable disease that is transmissible through food.
562	(5) When making the rules described in Subsection (2), the department may not make
563	rules regarding:
564	(a) hand washing facilities, except to require that a hand washing station supplied with
565	warm water, soap, and disposable hand towels is conveniently located;
566	(b) kitchen sinks, kitchen sink compartments, and dish sanitation, except to require that
567	the kitchen sink has hot and cold water, a sanitizing agent, is fully operational, and that dishes
568	are sanitized between each use;
569	(c) the individuals allowed access to the food preparation areas, food storage, and
570	washing areas, except during food preparation;
571	(d) display guards, covers, or containers for display foods, except to require that any
572	food on display that is not protected from the direct line of a consumer's mouth by an effective
573	means is not served or sold to any subsequent consumer;
574	(e) outdoor display and sale of food, except to require that food is maintained at proper
575	holding temperatures;
576	(f) reuse by an individual of drinking cups and tableware for multiple portions;
577	(g) utensils and equipment, except to require that utensils and equipment used in the
578	home kitchen:
579	(i) retain their characteristic qualities under normal use conditions;
580	(ii) are properly sanitized after use; and
581	(iii) are maintained in a sanitary manner between uses;
582	(h) food contact surfaces, except to require that food contact surfaces are smooth,
583	easily cleanable, in good repair, and properly sanitized between tasks;

- (i) non-food contact surfaces, if those surfaces are made of materials ordinarily used in residential settings, except to require that those surfaces are kept clean from the accumulation of residue and debris;
 - (j) clean-in-place equipment, except to require that the equipment is cleaned and sanitized between uses;
- (k) ventilation, except to require that gases, odors, steam, heat, grease, vapors, and smoke are able to escape the kitchen;
- (l) fixed temperature measuring devices or product mimicking sensors for the holding equipment for time/temperature control food, except to require non-fixed temperature measuring devices for hot and cold holding of food during storage, serving, and cooling;
- (m) fixed floor-mounted and table-mounted equipment except to require that floor-mounted and table-mounted equipment be in good repair and sanitized between uses;
- (n) dedicated laundry facilities, except to require that linens used for the agritourism food establishment are stored and laundered separately from household laundry and that soiled laundry is stored to prevent contamination of food and equipment;
- (o) water, plumbing, drainage, and waste, except to require that sinks be supplied with hot water;
- (p) the number of and path of access to toilet facilities, except to require that toilet facilities are equipped with proper handwashing stations;
- (q) lighting, except to require that food [preparations] preparation areas are well lit by natural or artificial light whenever food is being prepared;
- (r) designated dressing areas and storage facilities, except to require that items not ordinarily found in a home kitchen are placed or stored away from food preparation areas, that dressing takes place outside of the kitchen facility, and that food items are stored in a manner that does not allow for contamination;
- (s) the presence and handling of animals, except to require that all animals are kept outside of food preparation and service areas during food service and food preparation;
- (t) food storage, floor, wall, ceiling, and toilet surfaces, except to require that surfaces are smooth, of durable construction, easily cleanable, and kept clean and free of debris;
- (u) kitchen facilities open to living areas, except to require that food is only prepared, handled, or stored in kitchen and food storage areas;

615	(v) submission of plans and specifications before construction or remodel of a kitchen
616	facility;
617	(w) the number and type of time/temperature controlled food offered for sale;
618	(x) approved food sources, except those required by 9 C.F.R. 303.1;
619	(y) the use of an open air barbeque, grill, or outdoor wood-burning oven; or
620	(z) food safety certification, except any individual who is involved in the preparation,
621	storage, or service of food in the agritourism food establishment shall hold a food handler
622	permit as defined in Section 26-15-5.
623	(6) An operator applying for an agritourism food establishment permit shall provide to
624	the local health department:
625	(a) written consent to enter the premises where food is prepared, cooked, stored, or
626	harvested for the agritourism food establishment; and
627	(b) written standard operating procedures that include:
628	(i) all food that will be stored, handled, and prepared;
629	(ii) the proposed procedures and methods of food preparation and handling;
630	(iii) procedures, methods, and schedules for cleaning utensils and equipment;
631	(iv) procedures and methods for the disposal of refuse; and
632	(v) a plan for maintaining time/temperature controlled food at the appropriate
633	temperatures for each time/temperature controlled food.
634	(7) In addition to a fee charged under Section 26-15b-103, if the local health
635	department is required to inspect the farm as a source of an adulterated food or an outbreak of
636	illness caused by a contaminated food and finds, as a result of that inspection, that the farm has
637	produced an adulterated food or was the source of an outbreak of illness caused by a
638	contaminated food, the local health department may charge and collect from the farm a fee for
639	that inspection.
640	(8) An agritourism food establishment permit:
641	(a) is nontransferable;
642	(b) is renewable on an annual basis;
643	(c) is restricted to the location listed on the permit; and
644	(d) shall provide the operator the opportunity to update the food types and products
645	handled without requiring the operator to renew the permit.

646	(9) This section does not prohibit an operator from applying for a different type of food
647	event permit from a local health department.
648	Section 12. Section 26-18-3.8 is amended to read:
649	26-18-3.8. Maximizing use of premium assistance programs Utah's Premium
650	Partnership for Health Insurance.
651	(1) (a) The department shall seek to maximize the use of Medicaid and Children's
652	Health Insurance Program funds for assistance in the purchase of private health insurance
653	coverage for Medicaid-eligible and non-Medicaid-eligible individuals.
654	(b) The department's efforts to expand the use of premium assistance shall:
655	(i) include, as necessary, seeking federal approval under all Medicaid and Children's
656	Health Insurance Program premium assistance provisions of federal law, including provisions
657	of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148;
658	(ii) give priority to, but not be limited to, expanding the state's Utah Premium
659	Partnership for Health Insurance Program, including as required under Subsection (2); and
660	(iii) encourage the enrollment of all individuals within a household in the same plan,
661	where possible, including enrollment in a plan that allows individuals within the household
662	transitioning out of Medicaid to retain the same network and benefits they had while enrolled
663	in Medicaid.
664	(2) The department shall seek federal approval of an amendment to the state's Utah
665	Premium Partnership for Health Insurance program to adjust the eligibility determination for
666	single adults and parents who have an offer of employer sponsored insurance. The amendment
667	shall:
668	(a) be within existing appropriations for the Utah Premium Partnership for Health
669	Insurance program; and
670	(b) provide that adults who are up to 200% of the federal poverty level are eligible for
671	premium subsidies in the Utah Premium Partnership for Health Insurance program.
672	(3) For fiscal year $[\frac{2021-22}{2020-21}]$, the department shall seek authority to increase
673	the maximum premium subsidy per month for adults under the Utah Premium Partnership for
674	Health Insurance program to \$300.
675	(4) Beginning with fiscal year 2021-22, and in each subsequent year, the department

may increase premium subsidies for single adults and parents who have an offer of

678	subject to appropriation of additional funding.
679	Section 13. Section 26-18-3.9 is amended to read:
680	26-18-3.9. Expanding the Medicaid program.
681	(1) As used in this section:
682	(a) "CMS" means the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services in the United States
683	Department of Health and Human Services.
684	(b) "Federal poverty level" means the same as that term is defined in Section
685	26-18-411.
686	(c) "Medicaid expansion" means an expansion of the Medicaid program in accordance
687	with this section.
688	(d) "Medicaid Expansion Fund" means the Medicaid Expansion Fund created in
689	Section 26-36b-208.
690	(2) (a) As set forth in Subsections (2) through (5), eligibility criteria for the Medicaid
691	program shall be expanded to cover additional low-income individuals.
692	(b) The department shall continue to seek approval from CMS to implement the
693	Medicaid waiver expansion as defined in Section 26-18-415.
694	(c) The department may implement any provision described in Subsections
695	26-18-415(2)(b)(iii) through (viii) in a Medicaid expansion if the department receives approval
696	from CMS to implement that provision.
697	(3) The department shall expand the Medicaid program in accordance with this
698	Subsection (3) if the department:
699	(a) receives approval from CMS to:
700	(i) expand Medicaid coverage to eligible individuals whose income is below 95% of
701	the federal poverty level;
702	(ii) obtain maximum federal financial participation under 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1396d(b) for
703	enrolling an individual in the Medicaid expansion under this Subsection (3); and
704	(iii) permit the state to close enrollment in the Medicaid expansion under this
705	Subsection (3) if the department has insufficient funds to provide services to new enrollment
706	under the Medicaid expansion under this Subsection (3);
707	(b) pays the state portion of costs for the Medicaid expansion under this Subsection (3)

employer-sponsored insurance to keep pace with the increase in insurance premium costs

with funds from:

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- 709 (i) the Medicaid Expansion Fund;
 - (ii) county contributions to the nonfederal share of Medicaid expenditures; or
- 711 (iii) any other contributions, funds, or transfers from a nonstate agency for Medicaid 712 expenditures; and
 - (c) closes the Medicaid program to new enrollment under the Medicaid expansion under this Subsection (3) if the department projects that the cost of the Medicaid expansion under this Subsection (3) will exceed the appropriations for the fiscal year that are authorized by the Legislature through an appropriations act adopted in accordance with Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act.
 - (4) (a) The department shall expand the Medicaid program in accordance with this Subsection (4) if the department:
 - (i) receives approval from CMS to:
 - (A) expand Medicaid coverage to eligible individuals whose income is below 95% of the federal poverty level;
 - (B) obtain maximum federal financial participation under 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1396d(y) for enrolling an individual in the Medicaid expansion under this Subsection (4); and
 - (C) permit the state to close enrollment in the Medicaid expansion under this Subsection (4) if the department has insufficient funds to provide services to new enrollment under the Medicaid expansion under this Subsection (4);
 - (ii) pays the state portion of costs for the Medicaid expansion under this Subsection (4) with funds from:
 - (A) the Medicaid Expansion Fund;
 - (B) county contributions to the nonfederal share of Medicaid expenditures; or
 - (C) any other contributions, funds, or transfers from a nonstate agency for Medicaid expenditures; and
 - (iii) closes the Medicaid program to new enrollment under the Medicaid expansion under this Subsection (4) if the department projects that the cost of the Medicaid expansion under this Subsection (4) will exceed the appropriations for the fiscal year that are authorized by the Legislature through an appropriations act adopted in accordance with Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act.

- (b) The department shall submit a waiver, an amendment to an existing waiver, or a state plan amendment to CMS to:
 - (i) administer federal funds for the Medicaid expansion under this Subsection (4) according to a per capita cap developed by the department that includes an annual inflationary adjustment, accounts for differences in cost among categories of Medicaid expansion enrollees, and provides greater flexibility to the state than the current Medicaid payment model;
 - (ii) limit, in certain circumstances as defined by the department, the ability of a qualified entity to determine presumptive eligibility for Medicaid coverage for an individual enrolled in a Medicaid expansion under this Subsection (4);
 - (iii) impose a lock-out period if an individual enrolled in a Medicaid expansion under this Subsection (4) violates certain program requirements as defined by the department;
 - (iv) allow an individual enrolled in a Medicaid expansion under this Subsection (4) to remain in the Medicaid program for up to a 12-month certification period as defined by the department; and
 - (v) allow federal Medicaid funds to be used for housing support for eligible enrollees in the Medicaid expansion under this Subsection (4).
 - (5) (a) (i) If CMS does not approve a waiver to expand the Medicaid program in accordance with Subsection (4)(a) on or before January 1, 2020, the department shall develop proposals to implement additional flexibilities and cost controls, including cost sharing tools, within a Medicaid expansion under this Subsection (5) through a request to CMS for a waiver or state plan amendment.
 - (ii) The request for a waiver or state plan amendment described in Subsection (5)(a)(i) shall include:
 - (A) a path to self-sufficiency for qualified adults in the Medicaid expansion that includes employment and training as defined in 7 U.S.C. Sec. 2015(d)(4); and
 - (B) a requirement that an individual who is offered a private health benefit plan by an employer to enroll in the employer's health plan.
 - (iii) The department shall submit the request for a waiver or state plan amendment developed under Subsection (5)(a)(i) on or before March 15, 2020.
- (b) Notwithstanding Sections 26-18-18 and 63J-5-204, and in accordance with this Subsection (5), eligibility for the Medicaid program shall be expanded to include all persons in

- the optional Medicaid expansion population under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care
- Act, Pub. L. No. 111-148 and the Health Care Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, Pub. L.
- No. 111-152, and related federal regulations and guidance, on the earlier of:
- 773 (i) the day on which CMS approves a waiver to implement the provisions described in 774 Subsections (5)(a)(ii)(A) and (B); or
- 775 (ii) July 1, 2020.

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- 776 (c) The department shall seek a waiver, or an amendment to an existing waiver, from federal law to:
 - (i) implement each provision described in Subsections 26-18-415(2)(b)(iii) through (viii) in a Medicaid expansion under this Subsection (5);
 - (ii) limit, in certain circumstances as defined by the department, the ability of a qualified entity to determine presumptive eligibility for Medicaid coverage for an individual enrolled in a Medicaid expansion under this Subsection (5); and
 - (iii) impose a lock-out period if an individual enrolled in a Medicaid expansion under this Subsection (5) violates certain program requirements as defined by the department.
 - (d) The eligibility criteria in this Subsection (5) shall be construed to include all individuals eligible for the health coverage improvement program under Section 26-18-411.
 - (e) The department shall pay the state portion of costs for a Medicaid expansion under this Subsection (5) entirely from:
 - (i) the Medicaid Expansion Fund;
 - (ii) county contributions to the nonfederal share of Medicaid expenditures; or
 - (iii) any other contributions, funds, or transfers from a nonstate agency for Medicaid expenditures.
 - (f) If the costs of the Medicaid expansion under this Subsection (5) exceed the funds available under Subsection (5)(e):
 - (i) the department may reduce or eliminate optional Medicaid services under this chapter; and
 - (ii) savings, as determined by the department, from the reduction or elimination of optional Medicaid services under Subsection (5)(f)(i) shall be deposited into the Medicaid Expansion Fund; and
- 800 (iii) the department may submit to CMS a request for waivers, or an amendment of

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801	existing waivers, from federal law necessary to implement budget controls within the Medicaid
802	program to address the deficiency.
803	(g) If the costs of the Medicaid expansion under this Subsection (5) are projected by
804	the department to exceed the funds available in the current fiscal year under Subsection (5)(e),
805	including savings resulting from any action taken under Subsection (5)(f):
806	(i) the governor shall direct the Department of Health, Department of Human Services,
807	and Department of Workforce Services to reduce commitments and expenditures by an amount
808	sufficient to offset the deficiency:
809	(A) proportionate to the share of total current fiscal year General Fund appropriations
810	for each of those agencies; and
811	(B) up to 10% of each agency's total current fiscal year General Fund appropriations;
812	(ii) the Division of Finance shall reduce allotments to the Department of Health,
813	Department of Human Services, and Department of Workforce Services by a percentage:
814	(A) proportionate to the amount of the deficiency; and
815	(B) up to 10% of each agency's total current fiscal year General Fund appropriations;
816	<u>and</u>
817	(iii) the Division of Finance shall deposit the total amount from the reduced allotments
818	described in Subsection (5)(g)(ii) into the Medicaid Expansion Fund.
819	(6) The department shall maximize federal financial participation in implementing this
820	section, including by seeking to obtain any necessary federal approvals or waivers.
821	(7) Notwithstanding Sections 17-43-201 and 17-43-301, a county does not have to
822	provide matching funds to the state for the cost of providing Medicaid services to newly
823	enrolled individuals who qualify for Medicaid coverage under a Medicaid expansion.
824	(8) The department shall report to the Social Services Appropriations Subcommittee on
825	or before November 1 of each year that a Medicaid expansion is operational:
826	(a) the number of individuals who enrolled in the Medicaid expansion;
827	(b) costs to the state for the Medicaid expansion;
828	(c) estimated costs to the state for the Medicaid expansion for the current and
829	following fiscal years;

(e) as calculated in accordance with Subsections 26-36b-204(4) and 26-36c-204(2), the

(d) recommendations to control costs of the Medicaid expansion; and

832	state's net cost of the qualified Medicaid expansion.
833	Section 14. Section 26-18-408 is amended to read:
834	26-18-408. Incentives to appropriately use emergency department services.
835	(1) (a) This section applies to the Medicaid program and to the Utah Children's Health
836	Insurance Program created in Chapter 40, Utah Children's Health Insurance Act.
837	(b) As used in this section:
838	(i) "Managed care organization" means a comprehensive full risk managed care
839	delivery system that contracts with the Medicaid program or the Children's Health Insurance
840	Program to deliver health care through a managed care plan.
841	(ii) "Managed care plan" means a risk-based delivery service model authorized by
842	Section 26-18-405 and administered by a managed care organization.
843	(iii) "Non-emergent care":
844	(A) means use of the emergency department to receive health care that is non-emergent
845	as defined by the department by administrative rule adopted in accordance with Title 63G,
846	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, and the Emergency Medical Treatment and
847	Active Labor Act; and
848	(B) does not mean the medical services provided to an individual required by the
849	Emergency Medical Treatment and Active Labor Act, including services to conduct a medical
850	screening examination to determine if the recipient has an emergent or non-emergent condition.
851	(iv) "Professional compensation" means payment made for services rendered to a
852	Medicaid recipient by an individual licensed to provide health care services.
853	(v) "Super-utilizer" means a Medicaid recipient who has been identified by the
854	recipient's managed care organization as a person who uses the emergency department
855	excessively, as defined by the managed care organization.
856	(2) (a) A managed care organization may, in accordance with Subsections (2)(b) and
857	(c):
858	(i) audit emergency department services provided to a recipient enrolled in the
859	managed care plan to determine if non-emergent care was provided to the recipient; and
860	(ii) establish differential payment for emergent and non-emergent care provided in an
861	emergency department.
862	(b) (i) The differential payments under Subsection (2)(a)(ii) do not apply to

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professional compensation for services rendered in an emergency department.

- (ii) Except in cases of suspected fraud, waste, and abuse, \underline{a} managed care organization's audit of payment under Subsection (2)(a)(i) is limited to the 18-month period of time after the date on which the medical services were provided to the recipient. If fraud, waste, or abuse is alleged, the managed care organization's audit of payment under Subsection (2)(a)(i) is limited to three years after the date on which the medical services were provided to the recipient.
- (c) The audits and differential payments under Subsections (2)(a) and (b) apply to services provided to a recipient on or after July 1, 2015.
 - (3) A managed care organization shall:
- (a) use the savings under Subsection (2) to maintain and improve access to primary care and urgent care services for all Medicaid or CHIP recipients enrolled in the managed care plan;
- (b) provide viable alternatives for increasing primary care provider reimbursement rates to incentivize after hours primary care access for recipients; and
- (c) report to the department on how the managed care organization complied with this Subsection (3).
 - (4) The department may:
- (a) through administrative rule adopted by the department, develop quality measurements that evaluate a managed care organization's delivery of:
- (i) appropriate emergency department services to recipients enrolled in the managed care plan;
- (ii) expanded primary care and urgent care for recipients enrolled in the managed care plan, with consideration of the managed care organization's:
- (A) delivery of primary care, urgent care, and after hours care through means other than the emergency department;
- (B) recipient access to primary care providers and community health centers including evening and weekend access; and
 - (C) other innovations for expanding access to primary care; and
- (iii) quality of care for the managed care plan members;
- 892 (b) compare the quality measures developed under Subsection (4)(a) for each managed 893 care organization; and

894	(c) develop, by administrative rule, an algorithm to determine assignment of new,
895	unassigned recipients to specific managed care plans based on the plan's performance in
896	relation to the quality measures developed pursuant to Subsection (4)(a).
897	Section 15. Section 26-21-34 is amended to read:
898	26-21-34. Treatment of miscarried remains.
899	(1) As used in this section, "miscarried fetus" means a product of human conception,
900	regardless of gestational age, that has died from a spontaneous or accidental death before
901	expulsion or extraction from the mother, regardless of the duration of the pregnancy.
902	(2) (a) A health care facility having possession of a miscarried fetus shall provide for
903	the final disposition of the miscarried fetus through:
904	(i) cremation as that term is defined in Section 58-9-102; or
905	(ii) interment.
906	(b) A health care facility may not conduct the final disposition of a miscarried fetus
907	less than 72 hours after a woman has her miscarried fetus expelled or extracted in the health
908	care facility unless:
909	(i) the parent authorizes the health care facility, in writing, to conduct the final
910	disposition of the miscarried fetus less than 72 hours after the miscarriage occurs; or
911	(ii) immediate disposition is required under state or federal law.
912	(c) A health care facility may serve as an authorizing agent as defined in Section
913	58-9-102 with respect to the final disposition of a miscarried fetus if:
914	(i) the parent provides written authorization for the health care facility to act as the
915	authorizing agent; or
916	(ii) (A) more than 72 hours have passed since the miscarriage occurs; and
917	(B) the parent did not exercise their right to control the final disposition of the
918	miscarried fetus under Subsection (4)(a).
919	(d) Within 120 business days after the day on which a miscarriage occurs, a health care
920	facility possessing miscarried remains shall:
921	(i) conduct the final disposition of the miscarried remains in accordance with this
922	section; or
923	(ii) ensure that the miscarried remains are preserved until final disposition.

(e) A health care facility shall conduct the final disposition under this section in

925	accordance	with	applicable	state and	federal	law
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- (3) (a) No more than 24 hours after a woman has her miscarried fetus expelled or extracted in a health care facility, the health care facility shall provide information to the parent or parents of the miscarried fetus regarding:
 - (i) the parents' right to determine the final disposition of the miscarried fetus;
- (ii) the available options for disposition of the miscarried fetus; and
 - (iii) counseling that may be available concerning the death of the miscarried fetus.
- 932 (b) A health care facility shall:
 - (i) provide the information described in Subsection (3)(a) through:
 - (A) a form approved by the department;
 - (B) an in-person consultation with a physician; or
- 936 (C) an in-person consultation with a mental health therapist as defined in Section
- 937 58-60-102; and

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- 938 (ii) if the parent or parents make a decision under Subsection (4)(b), document the parent's decision under Subsection (4)(b) in the parent's medical record.
 - (4) The parents of a miscarried fetus:
 - (a) have the right to control the final disposition of the miscarried fetus;
 - (b) if the parents have a preference for disposition of the miscarried fetus, shall inform the health care facility of the parents' decision for final disposition of the miscarried fetus; and
 - (c) are responsible for the costs related to the final disposition of the miscarried fetus at the chosen location if the parents choose a method or location for the final disposition of the miscarried fetus that is different from the method or location that is usual and customary for the health care facility.
 - (5) The form described in Subsection (3)(b)(i) shall include the following information:
 - "You have the right to decide what you would like to do with the miscarried fetus. You may decide for the provider to be responsible for disposition of the fetus. The provider may dispose of the miscarried fetus by burial or cremation. You can ask the provider if you want to know the specific method for disposition."
 - (6) (a) A health care facility may not include \underline{a} miscarried fetus with other biological, infectious, or pathological waste.
 - (b) Fetal tissue that is sent for permanently fixed pathology or used for genetic study is

956	not subject to the requirements of this section.
957	(c) (i) A health care facility is responsible for maintaining a record to demonstrate to
958	the department that the health care facility has complied with the provisions of this section.
959	(ii) The records described in Subsection (6)(c)(i) shall be:
960	(A) maintained for at least two years; and
961	(B) made available to the department for inspection upon request by the department.
962	Section 16. Section 26-67-102 is amended to read:
963	26-67-102. Definitions.
964	As used in this chapter:
965	(1) "Adult Autism Treatment Account" means the Adult Autism Treatment Account
966	created in Section $[\frac{26-67-204}{26-67-205}]$
967	(2) "Advisory committee" means the Adult Autism Treatment Program Advisory
968	Committee created in Section 26-1-7.
969	(3) "Applied behavior analysis" means the same as that term is defined in Section
970	31A-22-642.
971	(4) "Autism spectrum disorder" means the same as that term is defined in Section
972	31A-22-642.
973	(5) "Program" means the Adult Autism Treatment Program created in Section
974	26-67-201.
975	(6) "Qualified individual" means an individual who:
976	(a) is at least 22 years [of age] old;
977	(b) is a resident of the state;
978	(c) has been diagnosed by a qualified professional as having:
979	(i) an autism spectrum disorder; or
980	(ii) another neurodevelopmental disorder requiring significant supports through
981	treatment using applied behavior analysis; and
982	(d) needs significant supports for a condition described in Subsection (6)(c), as
983	demonstrated by formal assessments of the individual's:
984	(i) cognitive ability;
985	(ii) adaptive ability;
986	(iii) behavior; and

987	(iv) communication ability.
988	(7) "Qualified provider" means a provider that is qualified under Section 26-67-202 to
989	provide services for the program.
990	Section 17. Section 26-67-204 is amended to read:
991	26-67-204. Department rulemaking.
992	The department, in collaboration with the advisory committee, shall make rules in
993	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to:
994	(1) specify assessment tools and outcomes that a qualified provider may use to
995	determine the types of supports that a qualified [individuals] individual needs;
996	(2) define evidence-based treatments that a qualified individual may pay for with grant
997	funding;
998	(3) establish criteria for awarding a grant under this chapter;
999	(4) specify the information that an individual shall submit to demonstrate that the
1000	individual is a qualified individual;
1001	(5) specify the information a provider shall submit to demonstrate that the provider is a
1002	qualified provider; and
1003	(6) specify the content and timing of reports required from a qualified provider,
1004	including a report on actual and projected treatment outcomes for a qualified individual.
1005	Section 18. Section 31A-22-626.5 is amended to read:
1006	31A-22-626.5. Affordable insulin study.
1007	(1) As used in this section, "insulin" means a prescription drug that contains insulin.
1008	(2) The department shall obtain funding through grants to fund a study on insulin costs.
1009	(3) If the department obtains the funding described in Subsection (2), the department
1010	shall, on or before October 30, 2020, complete a study on the cost of insulin manufacturing and
1011	factors that determine the price of insulin.
1012	(4) The department shall use public, readily available data accessible to the department
1013	to conduct the study described in Subsection (3).
1014	(5) The study described in Subsection (3) shall investigate:
1015	(a) current and historical trend information about the wholesale acquisition cost of
1016	insulin;
1017	(b) the cost to produce insulin;

1018	(c) explanations for increases in insulin costs;
1019	(d) expenditures of drug manufacturers in marketing insulin;
1020	(e) manufacturers' net profits from insulin;
1021	(f) the portion of [a] drug manufacturers' total net profits that is composed of insulin
1022	net profits;
1023	(g) financial assistance currently available to individuals who use insulin through
1024	patient prescription assistance programs;
1025	(h) value to individuals who use insulin benefits including:
1026	(i) coupons provided directly to individuals who use insulin; and
1027	(ii) programs to assist individuals who use insulin in paying co-payments and
1028	coinsurance;
1029	(i) costs to drug manufacturers of the programs described in Subsection (5)(h);
1030	(j) total value of benefits manufacturers provide in the form of rebates for insulin to
1031	health plans or pharmacy benefit managers in Utah; and
1032	(k) additional information that the department determines will aid the Legislature in
1033	developing policy to reduce insulin prices in Utah.
1034	(6) (a) On or before October 30, 2020, the department shall submit a final report on the
1035	study described in Subsection (3) to the Health and Human Services Interim Committee and
1036	the Business and Labor Interim Committee.
1037	(b) The department's report may include recommendations on legislation for:
1038	(i) increased drug pricing transparency; and
1039	(ii) programs that would meaningfully reduce the cost of insulin.
1040	(c) The final report shall include references to all sources of information and data used
1041	in the report and study, except the department may not disclose information that is proprietary
1042	or protected under state law or federal law or regulation.
1043	Section 19. Section 32B-1-102 is amended to read:
1044	32B-1-102. Definitions.
1045	As used in this title:
1046	(1) "Airport lounge" means a business location:
1047	(a) at which an alcoholic product is sold at retail for consumption on the premises; and
1048	(b) that is located at an international airport with a United States Customs office on the

1049	premises of the international airport.
1050	(2) "Airport lounge license" means a license issued in accordance with Chapter 5,
1051	Retail License Act, and Chapter 6, Part 5, Airport Lounge License.
1052	(3) "Alcoholic beverage" means the following:
1053	(a) beer; or
1054	(b) liquor.
1055	(4) (a) "Alcoholic product" means a product that:
1056	(i) contains at least .5% of alcohol by volume; and
1057	(ii) is obtained by fermentation, infusion, decoction, brewing, distillation, or other
1058	process that uses liquid or combinations of liquids, whether drinkable or not, to create alcohol
1059	in an amount equal to or greater than .5% of alcohol by volume.
1060	(b) "Alcoholic product" includes an alcoholic beverage.
1061	(c) "Alcoholic product" does not include any of the following common items that
1062	otherwise come within the definition of an alcoholic product:
1063	(i) except as provided in Subsection (4)(d), an extract;
1064	(ii) vinegar;
1065	(iii) preserved nonintoxicating cider;
1066	(iv) essence;
1067	(v) tincture;
1068	(vi) food preparation; or
1069	(vii) an over-the-counter medicine.
1070	(d) "Alcoholic product" includes an extract containing alcohol obtained by distillation
1071	when it is used as a flavoring in the manufacturing of an alcoholic product.
1072	(5) "Alcohol training and education seminar" means a seminar that is:
1073	(a) required by Chapter 1, Part 7, Alcohol Training and Education Act; and
1074	(b) described in Section 62A-15-401.
1075	(6) "Arena" means an enclosed building:
1076	(a) that is managed by:
1077	(i) the same person who owns the enclosed building;
1078	(ii) a person who has a majority interest in each person who owns or manages a space
1079	in the enclosed building; or

1080	(iii) a person who has authority to direct or exercise control over the management or
1081	policy of each person who owns or manages a space in the enclosed building;
1082	(b) that operates as a venue; and
1083	(c) that has an occupancy capacity of at least 12,500.
1084	(7) "Arena license" means a license issued in accordance with Chapter 5, Retail
1085	License Act, and Chapter 8c, Arena License Act.
1086	(8) "Banquet" means an event:
1087	(a) that is a private event or a privately sponsored event;
1088	(b) that is held at one or more designated locations approved by the commission in or
1089	on the premises of:
1090	(i) a hotel;
1091	(ii) a resort facility;
1092	(iii) a sports center;
1093	(iv) a convention center;
1094	(v) a performing arts facility; or
1095	(vi) an arena;
1096	(c) for which there is a contract:
1097	(i) between a person operating a facility listed in Subsection (8)(b) and another person
1098	that has common ownership of less than 20% with the person operating the facility; and
1099	(ii) under which the person operating a facility listed in Subsection (8)(b) is required to
1100	provide an alcoholic product at the event; and
1101	(d) at which food and alcoholic products may be sold, offered for sale, or furnished.
1102	(9) "Bar structure" means a surface or structure on a licensed premises if on or at any
1103	place of the surface or structure an alcoholic product is:
1104	(a) stored; or
1105	(b) dispensed.
1106	(10) (a) "Bar establishment license" means a license issued in accordance with Chapter
1107	5, Retail License Act, and Chapter 6, Part 4, Bar Establishment License.
1108	(b) "Bar establishment license" includes:
1109	(i) a dining club license;
1110	(ii) an equity license;

1111	(iii) a fraternal license; or
1112	(iv) a bar license.
1113	(11) "Bar license" means a license issued in accordance with Chapter 5, Retail License
1114	Act, and Chapter 6, Part 4, Bar Establishment License.
1115	(12) (a) Subject to Subsection [(10)] (12)(d), "beer" means a product that:
1116	(i) contains at least .5% of alcohol by volume, but not more than 5% of alcohol by
1117	volume or 4% by weight; and
1118	(ii) is obtained by fermentation, infusion, or decoction of malted grain.
1119	(b) "Beer" may or may not contain hops or other vegetable products.
1120	(c) "Beer" includes a product that:
1121	(i) contains alcohol in the percentages described in Subsection (12)(a); and
1122	(ii) is referred to as:
1123	(A) beer;
1124	(B) ale;
1125	(C) porter;
1126	(D) stout;
1127	(E) lager; or
1128	(F) a malt or malted beverage.
1129	(d) "Beer" does not include a flavored malt beverage.
1130	(13) "Beer-only restaurant license" means a license issued in accordance with Chapter
1131	5, Retail License Act, and Chapter 6, Part 9, Beer-Only Restaurant License.
1132	(14) "Beer retailer" means a business that:
1133	(a) is engaged, primarily or incidentally, in the retail sale of beer to a patron, whether
1134	for consumption on or off the business premises; and
1135	(b) is licensed as:
1136	(i) an off-premise beer retailer, in accordance with Chapter 7, Part 2, Off-Premise Beer
1137	Retailer Local Authority; or
1138	(ii) an on-premise beer retailer, in accordance with Chapter 5, Retail License Act, and
1139	Chapter 6, Part 7, On-Premise Beer Retailer License.
1140	(15) "Beer wholesaling license" means a license:
1141	(a) issued in accordance with Chapter 13, Beer Wholesaling License Act; and

1142	(b) to import for sale, or sell beer in wholesale or jobbing quantities to one or more
1143	retail licensees or off-premise beer retailers.
1144	(16) "Billboard" means a public display used to advertise, including:
1145	(a) a light device;
1146	(b) a painting;
1147	(c) a drawing;
1148	(d) a poster;
1149	(e) a sign;
1150	(f) a signboard; or
1151	(g) a scoreboard.
1152	(17) "Brewer" means a person engaged in manufacturing:
1153	(a) beer;
1154	(b) heavy beer; or
1155	(c) a flavored malt beverage.
1156	(18) "Brewery manufacturing license" means a license issued in accordance with
1157	Chapter 11, Part 5, Brewery Manufacturing License.
1158	(19) "Certificate of approval" means a certificate of approval obtained from the
1159	department under Section 32B-11-201.
1160	(20) "Chartered bus" means a passenger bus, coach, or other motor vehicle provided by
1161	a bus company to a group of persons pursuant to a common purpose:
1162	(a) under a single contract;
1163	(b) at a fixed charge in accordance with the bus company's tariff; and
1164	(c) to give the group of persons the exclusive use of the passenger bus, coach, or other
1165	motor vehicle, and a driver to travel together to one or more specified destinations.
1166	(21) "Church" means a building:
1167	(a) set apart for worship;
1168	(b) in which religious services are held;
1169	(c) with which clergy is associated; and
1170	(d) that is tax exempt under the laws of this state.
1171	(22) "Commission" means the Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission created in
1172	Section 32B-2-201.

1173	(23) "Commissioner" means a member of the commission.
1174	(24) "Community location" means:
1175	(a) a public or private school;
1176	(b) a church;
1177	(c) a public library;
1178	(d) a public playground; or
1179	(e) a public park.
1180	(25) "Community location governing authority" means:
1181	(a) the governing body of the community location; or
1182	(b) if the commission does not know who is the governing body of a community
1183	location, a person who appears to the commission to have been given on behalf of the
1184	community location the authority to prohibit an activity at the community location.
1185	(26) "Container" means a receptacle that contains an alcoholic product, including:
1186	(a) a bottle;
1187	(b) a vessel; or
1188	(c) a similar item.
1189	(27) "Convention center" means a facility that is:
1190	(a) in total at least 30,000 square feet; and
1191	(b) otherwise defined as a "convention center" by the commission by rule.
1192	(28) (a) "Counter" means a surface or structure in a dining area of a licensed premises
1193	where seating is provided to a patron for service of food.
1194	(b) "Counter" does not include a dispensing structure.
1195	(29) "Crime involving moral turpitude" is as defined by the commission by rule.
1196	(30) "Department" means the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control created in
1197	Section 32B-2-203.
1198	(31) "Department compliance officer" means an individual who is:
1199	(a) an auditor or inspector; and
1200	(b) employed by the department.
1201	(32) "Department sample" means liquor that is placed in the possession of the
1202	department for testing, analysis, and sampling.
1203	(33) "Dining club license" means a license issued in accordance with Chapter 5, Retail

1204	License Act, and Chapter 6, Part 4, Bar Establishment License, that is designated by the
1205	commission as a dining club license.
1206	(34) "Director," unless the context requires otherwise, means the director of the
1207	department.
1208	(35) "Disciplinary proceeding" means an adjudicative proceeding permitted under this
1209	title:
1210	(a) against a person subject to administrative action; and
1211	(b) that is brought on the basis of a violation of this title.
1212	(36) (a) Subject to Subsection (36)(b), "dispense" means:
1213	(i) drawing an alcoholic product; and
1214	(ii) using the alcoholic product at the location from which it was drawn to mix or
1215	prepare an alcoholic product to be furnished to a patron of the retail licensee.
1216	(b) The definition of "dispense" in this Subsection (36) applies only to:
1217	(i) a full-service restaurant license;
1218	(ii) a limited-service restaurant license;
1219	(iii) a reception center license; and
1220	(iv) a beer-only restaurant license.
1221	(37) "Dispensing structure" means a surface or structure on a licensed premises:
1222	(a) where an alcoholic product is dispensed; or
1223	(b) from which an alcoholic product is served.
1224	(38) "Distillery manufacturing license" means a license issued in accordance with
1225	Chapter 11, Part 4, Distillery Manufacturing License.
1226	(39) "Distressed merchandise" means an alcoholic product in the possession of the
1227	department that is saleable, but for some reason is unappealing to the public.
1228	(40) "Equity license" means a license issued in accordance with Chapter 5, Retail
1229	License Act, and Chapter 6, Part 4, Bar Establishment License, that is designated by the
1230	commission as an equity license.
1231	(41) "Event permit" means:
1232	(a) a single event permit; or
1233	(b) a temporary beer event permit.
1234	(42) "Exempt license" means a license exempt under Section 32B-1-201 from being

1235	considered in determining the total number of retail licenses that the commission may issue at
1236	any time.
1237	(43) (a) "Flavored malt beverage" means a beverage:
1238	(i) that contains at least .5% alcohol by volume;
1239	(ii) that is treated by processing, filtration, or another method of manufacture that is not
1240	generally recognized as a traditional process in the production of a beer as described in 27
1241	C.F.R. Sec. 25.55;
1242	(iii) to which is added a flavor or other ingredient containing alcohol, except for a hop
1243	extract; and
1244	(iv) (A) for which the producer is required to file a formula for approval with the
1245	federal Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau pursuant to 27 C.F.R. Sec. 25.55; or
1246	(B) that is not exempt under Subdivision (f) of 27 C.F.R. Sec. 25.55.
1247	(b) "Flavored malt beverage" is considered liquor for purposes of this title.
1248	(44) "Fraternal license" means a license issued in accordance with Chapter 5, Retail
1249	License Act, and Chapter 6, Part 4, Bar Establishment License, that is designated by the
1250	commission as a fraternal license.
1251	(45) "Full-service restaurant license" means a license issued in accordance with
1252	Chapter 5, Retail License Act, and Chapter 6, Part 2, Full-Service Restaurant License.
1253	(46) (a) "Furnish" means by any means to provide with, supply, or give an individual
1254	an alcoholic product, by sale or otherwise.
1255	(b) "Furnish" includes to:
1256	(i) serve;
1257	(ii) deliver; or
1258	(iii) otherwise make available.
1259	(47) "Guest" means an individual who meets the requirements of Subsection
1260	32B-6-407(9).
1261	(48) "Hard cider" means the same as that term is defined in 26 U.S.C. Sec. 5041.
1262	(49) "Health care practitioner" means:
1263	(a) a podiatrist licensed under Title 58, Chapter 5a, Podiatric Physician Licensing Act;
1264	(b) an optometrist licensed under Title 58, Chapter 16a, Utah Optometry Practice Act;
1265	(c) a pharmacist licensed under Title 58, Chapter 17b, Pharmacy Practice Act;

1266	(d) a physical therapist licensed under Title 58, Chapter 24b, Physical Therapy Practice
1267	Act;
1268	(e) a nurse or advanced practice registered nurse licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b,
1269	Nurse Practice Act;
1270	(f) a recreational therapist licensed under Title 58, Chapter 40, Recreational Therapy
1271	Practice Act;
1272	(g) an occupational therapist licensed under Title 58, Chapter 42a, Occupational
1273	Therapy Practice Act;
1274	(h) a nurse midwife licensed under Title 58, Chapter 44a, Nurse Midwife Practice Act;
1275	(i) a mental health professional licensed under Title 58, Chapter 60, Mental Health
1276	Professional Practice Act;
1277	(j) a physician licensed under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act;
1278	(k) an osteopath licensed under Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical
1279	Practice Act;
1280	(l) a dentist or dental hygienist licensed under Title 58, Chapter 69, Dentist and Dental
1281	Hygienist Practice Act; and
1282	(m) a physician assistant licensed under Title 58, Chapter 70a, Utah Physician
1283	Assistant Act.
1284	(50) (a) "Heavy beer" means a product that:
1285	(i) contains more than 5% alcohol by volume; and
1286	(ii) is obtained by fermentation, infusion, or decoction of malted grain.
1287	(b) "Heavy beer" is considered liquor for the purposes of this title.
1288	(51) "Hospitality amenity license" means a license issued in accordance with Chapter
1289	5, Retail License Act, and Chapter 6, Part 10, Hospitality Amenity License.
1290	(52) "Hotel" means a commercial lodging establishment that:
1291	(a) offers at least 40 rooms as temporary sleeping accommodations for compensation;
1292	(b) is capable of hosting conventions, conferences, and food and beverage functions
1293	under a banquet contract; and
1294	(c) (i) has adequate kitchen or culinary facilities on the premises to provide complete
1295	meals; or
1296	(ii) (A) has at least 1.000 square feet of function space consisting of meeting or dining

1297	rooms that can be reserved for private use under a banquet contract and can accommodate at
1298	least 75 individuals; or
1299	(B) if the establishment is located in a small or unincorporated locality, has an
1300	appropriate amount of function space consisting of meeting or dining rooms that can be
1301	reserved for private use under a banquet contract, as determined by the commission.
1302	(53) "Hotel license" means a license issued in accordance with Chapter 5, Retail
1303	License Act, and Chapter 8b, Hotel License Act.
1304	(54) "Identification card" means an identification card issued under Title 53, Chapter 3,
1305	Part 8, Identification Card Act.
1306	(55) "Industry representative" means an individual who is compensated by salary,
1307	commission, or other means for representing and selling an alcoholic product of a
1308	manufacturer, supplier, or importer of liquor.
1309	(56) "Industry representative sample" means liquor that is placed in the possession of
1310	the department for testing, analysis, and sampling by a local industry representative on the
1311	premises of the department to educate the local industry representative of the quality and
1312	characteristics of the product.
1313	(57) "Interdicted person" means a person to whom the sale, offer for sale, or furnishing
1314	of an alcoholic product is prohibited by:
1315	(a) law; or
1316	(b) court order.
1317	(58) "Intoxicated" means that a person:
1318	(a) is significantly impaired as to the person's mental or physical functions as a result of
1319	the use of:
1320	(i) an alcoholic product;
1321	(ii) a controlled substance;
1322	(iii) a substance having the property of releasing toxic vapors; or
1323	(iv) a combination of Subsections (58)(a)(i) through (iii); and
1324	(b) exhibits plain and easily observed outward manifestations of behavior or physical
1325	signs produced by the overconsumption of an alcoholic product.
1326	(59) "Investigator" means an individual who is:
1327	(a) a department compliance officer; or

1328	(b) a nondepartment emorcement officer.
1329	(60) "License" means:
1330	(a) a retail license;
1331	(b) a sublicense;
1332	(c) a license issued in accordance with Chapter 11, Manufacturing and Related
1333	Licenses Act;
1334	(d) a license issued in accordance with Chapter 12, Liquor Warehousing License Act;
1335	(e) a license issued in accordance with Chapter 13, Beer Wholesaling License Act; or
1336	(f) a license issued in accordance with Chapter 17, Liquor Transport License Act.
1337	(61) "Licensee" means a person who holds a license.
1338	(62) "Limited-service restaurant license" means a license issued in accordance with
1339	Chapter 5, Retail License Act, and Chapter 6, Part 3, Limited-Service Restaurant License.
1340	(63) "Limousine" means a motor vehicle licensed by the state or a local authority, other
1341	than a bus or taxicab:
1342	(a) in which the driver and a passenger are separated by a partition, glass, or other
1343	barrier;
1344	(b) that is provided by a business entity to one or more individuals at a fixed charge in
1345	accordance with the business entity's tariff; and
1346	(c) to give the one or more individuals the exclusive use of the limousine and a driver
1347	to travel to one or more specified destinations.
1348	(64) (a) (i) "Liquor" means a liquid that:
1349	(A) is:
1350	(I) alcohol;
1351	(II) an alcoholic, spirituous, vinous, fermented, malt, or other liquid;
1352	(III) a combination of liquids a part of which is spirituous, vinous, or fermented; or
1353	(IV) other drink or drinkable liquid; and
1354	(B) (I) contains at least .5% alcohol by volume; and
1355	(II) is suitable to use for beverage purposes.
1356	(ii) "Liquor" includes:
1357	(A) heavy beer;
1358	(B) wine; and

1339	(C) a navored man beverage.
1360	(b) "Liquor" does not include beer.
1361	(65) "Liquor Control Fund" means the enterprise fund created by Section 32B-2-301.
1362	(66) "Liquor transport license" means a license issued in accordance with Chapter 17,
1363	Liquor Transport License Act.
1364	(67) "Liquor warehousing license" means a license that is issued:
1365	(a) in accordance with Chapter 12, Liquor Warehousing License Act; and
1366	(b) to a person, other than a licensed manufacturer, who engages in the importation for
1367	storage, sale, or distribution of liquor regardless of amount.
1368	(68) "Local authority" means:
1369	(a) for premises that are located in an unincorporated area of a county, the governing
1370	body of a county;
1371	(b) for premises that are located in an incorporated city, town, or metro township, the
1372	governing body of the city, town, or metro township; or
1373	(c) for premises that are located in a project area as defined in Section [63H-1-201]
1374	63H-1-102 and in a project area plan adopted by the Military Installation Development
1375	Authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1, Military Installation Development Authority Act, the
1376	Military Installation Development Authority.
1377	(69) "Lounge or bar area" is as defined by rule made by the commission.
1378	(70) "Manufacture" means to distill, brew, rectify, mix, compound, process, ferment, or
1379	otherwise make an alcoholic product for personal use or for sale or distribution to others.
1380	(71) "Member" means an individual who, after paying regular dues, has full privileges
1381	in an equity licensee or fraternal licensee.
1382	(72) (a) "Military installation" means a base, air field, camp, post, station, yard, center,
1383	or homeport facility for a ship:
1384	(i) (A) under the control of the United States Department of Defense; or
1385	(B) of the National Guard;
1386	(ii) that is located within the state; and
1387	(iii) including a leased facility.
1388	(b) "Military installation" does not include a facility used primarily for:
1389	(i) civil works;

1390	(ii) a rivers and harbors project; or
1391	(iii) a flood control project.
1392	(73) "Minibar" means an area of a hotel guest room where one or more alcoholic
1393	products are kept and offered for self-service sale or consumption.
1394	(74) "Minor" means an individual under the age of 21 years.
1395	(75) "Nondepartment enforcement agency" means an agency that:
1396	(a) (i) is a state agency other than the department; or
1397	(ii) is an agency of a county, city, town, or metro township; and
1398	(b) has a responsibility to enforce one or more provisions of this title.
1399	(76) "Nondepartment enforcement officer" means an individual who is:
1400	(a) a peace officer, examiner, or investigator; and
1401	(b) employed by a nondepartment enforcement agency.
1402	(77) (a) "Off-premise beer retailer" means a beer retailer who is:
1403	(i) licensed in accordance with Chapter 7, Off-Premise Beer Retailer Act; and
1404	(ii) engaged in the retail sale of beer to a patron for consumption off the beer retailer's
1405	premises.
1406	(b) "Off-premise beer retailer" does not include an on-premise beer retailer.
1407	(78) "Off-premise beer retailer state license" means a state license issued in accordance
1408	with Chapter 7, Part 4, Off-Premise Beer Retailer State License.
1409	(79) "On-premise banquet license" means a license issued in accordance with Chapter
1410	5, Retail License Act, and Chapter 6, Part 6, On-Premise Banquet License.
1411	(80) "On-premise beer retailer" means a beer retailer who is:
1412	(a) authorized to sell, offer for sale, or furnish beer under a license issued in
1413	accordance with Chapter 5, Retail License Act, and Chapter 6, Part 7, On-Premise Beer
1414	Retailer License; and
1415	(b) engaged in the sale of beer to a patron for consumption on the beer retailer's
1416	premises:
1417	(i) regardless of whether the beer retailer sells beer for consumption off the licensed
1418	premises; and
1419	(ii) on and after March 1, 2012, operating:
1420	(A) as a tavern; or

1421	(B) in a manner that meets the requirements of Subsection 32B-6-703(2)(e)(i).
1422	(81) "Opaque" means impenetrable to sight.
1423	(82) "Package agency" means a retail liquor location operated:
1424	(a) under an agreement with the department; and
1425	(b) by a person:
1426	(i) other than the state; and
1427	(ii) who is authorized by the commission in accordance with Chapter 2, Part 6, Package
1428	Agency, to sell packaged liquor for consumption off the premises of the package agency.
1429	(83) "Package agent" means a person who holds a package agency.
1430	(84) "Patron" means an individual to whom food, beverages, or services are sold,
1431	offered for sale, or furnished, or who consumes an alcoholic product including:
1432	(a) a customer;
1433	(b) a member;
1434	(c) a guest;
1435	(d) an attendee of a banquet or event;
1436	(e) an individual who receives room service;
1437	(f) a resident of a resort; or
1438	(g) a hospitality guest, as defined in Section 32B-6-1002, under a hospitality amenity
1439	license.
1440	(85) (a) "Performing arts facility" means a multi-use performance space that:
1441	(i) is primarily used to present various types of performing arts, including dance,
1442	music, and theater;
1443	(ii) contains over 2,500 seats;
1444	(iii) is owned and operated by a governmental entity; and
1445	(iv) is located in a city of the first class.
1446	(b) "Performing arts facility" does not include a space that is used to present sporting
1447	events or sporting competitions.
1448	(86) "Permittee" means a person issued a permit under:
1449	(a) Chapter 9, Event Permit Act; or
1450	(b) Chapter 10, Special Use Permit Act.
1451	(87) "Person subject to administrative action" means:

1452	(a) a licensee;
1453	(b) a permittee;
1454	(c) a manufacturer;
1455	(d) a supplier;
1456	(e) an importer;
1457	(f) one of the following holding a certificate of approval:
1458	(i) an out-of-state brewer;
1459	(ii) an out-of-state importer of beer, heavy beer, or flavored malt beverages; or
1460	(iii) an out-of-state supplier of beer, heavy beer, or flavored malt beverages; or
1461	(g) staff of:
1462	(i) a person listed in Subsections (87)(a) through (f); or
1463	(ii) a package agent.
1464	(88) "Premises" means a building, enclosure, or room used in connection with the
1465	storage, sale, furnishing, consumption, manufacture, or distribution, of an alcoholic product,
1466	unless otherwise defined in this title or rules made by the commission.
1467	(89) "Prescription" means an order issued by a health care practitioner when:
1468	(a) the health care practitioner is licensed under Title 58, Occupations and Professions,
1469	to prescribe a controlled substance, other drug, or device for medicinal purposes;
1470	(b) the order is made in the course of that health care practitioner's professional
1471	practice; and
1472	(c) the order is made for obtaining an alcoholic product for medicinal purposes only.
1473	(90) (a) "Primary spirituous liquor" means the main distilled spirit in a beverage.
1474	(b) "Primary spirituous liquor" does not include a secondary flavoring ingredient.
1475	(91) "Principal license" means:
1476	(a) a resort license;
1477	(b) a hotel license; or
1478	(c) an arena license.
1479	(92) (a) "Private event" means a specific social, business, or recreational event:
1480	(i) for which an entire room, area, or hall is leased or rented in advance by an identified
1481	group; and
1482	(ii) that is limited in attendance to people who are specifically designated and their

1483	guests.	
1484	(b) "Private event" does not include an event to which the general public is invited,	
1485	whether for an admission fee or not.	
1486	(93) "Privately sponsored event" means a specific social, business, or recreational	
1487	event:	
1488	(a) that is held in or on the premises of an on-premise banquet licensee; and	
1489	(b) to which entry is restricted by an admission fee.	
1490	(94) (a) "Proof of age" means:	
1491	(i) an identification card;	
1492	(ii) an identification that:	
1493	(A) is substantially similar to an identification card;	
1494	(B) is issued in accordance with the laws of a state other than Utah in which the	
1495	identification is issued;	
1496	(C) includes date of birth; and	
1497	(D) has a picture affixed;	
1498	(iii) a valid driver license certificate that:	
1499	(A) includes date of birth;	
1500	(B) has a picture affixed; and	
1501	(C) is issued:	
1502	(I) under Title 53, Chapter 3, Uniform Driver License Act; or	
1503	(II) in accordance with the laws of the state in which it is issued;	
1504	(iv) a military identification card that:	
1505	(A) includes date of birth; and	
1506	(B) has a picture affixed; or	
1507	(v) a valid passport.	
1508	(b) "Proof of age" does not include a driving privilege card issued in accordance with	
1509	Section 53-3-207.	
1510	(95) "Provisions applicable to a sublicense" means:	
1511	(a) for a full-service restaurant sublicense, the provisions applicable to a full-service	
1512	restaurant license under Chapter 6, Part 2, Full-Service Restaurant License;	
1513	(b) for a limited-service restaurant sublicense, the provisions applicable to a	

1514	limited-service restaurant license under Chapter 6, Part 3, Limited-Service Restaurant License;		
1515	(c) for a bar establishment sublicense, the provisions applicable to a bar establishment		
1516	license under Chapter 6, Part 4, Bar Establishment License;		
1517	(d) for an on-premise banquet sublicense, the provisions applicable to an on-premise		
1518	banquet license under Chapter 6, Part 6, On-Premise Banquet License;		
1519	(e) for an on-premise beer retailer sublicense, the provisions applicable to an		
1520	on-premise beer retailer license under Chapter 6, Part 7, On-Premise Beer Retailer license;		
1521	(f) for a beer-only restaurant sublicense, the provisions applicable to a beer-only		
1522	restaurant license under Chapter 6, Part 9, Beer-Only Restaurant License;		
1523	(g) for a hospitality amenity license, the provisions applicable to a hospitality amenity		
1524	license under Chapter 6, Part 10, Hospitality Amenity License; and		
1525	(h) for a resort spa sublicense, the provisions applicable to the sublicense under		
1526	Chapter 8d, Part 2, Resort Spa Sublicense.		
1527	(96) (a) "Public building" means a building or permanent structure that is:		
1528	(i) owned or leased by:		
1529	(A) the state; or		
1530	(B) a local government entity; and		
1531	(ii) used for:		
1532	(A) public education;		
1533	(B) transacting public business; or		
1534	(C) regularly conducting government activities.		
1535	(b) "Public building" does not include a building owned by the state or a local		
1536	government entity when the building is used by a person, in whole or in part, for a proprietary		
1537	function.		
1538	(97) "Public conveyance" means a conveyance that the public or a portion of the public		
1539	has access to and a right to use for transportation, including an airline, railroad, bus, boat, or		
1540	other public conveyance.		
1541	(98) "Reception center" means a business that:		
1542	(a) operates facilities that are at least 5,000 square feet; and		
1543	(b) has as its primary purpose the leasing of the facilities described in Subsection		
1544	(98)(a) to a third party for the third party's event.		

1545	(99) "Reception center license" means a license issued in accordance with Chapter 5,
1546	Retail License Act, and Chapter 6, Part 8, Reception Center License.
1547	(100) (a) "Record" means information that is:
1548	(i) inscribed on a tangible medium; or
1549	(ii) stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in a perceivable form.
1550	(b) "Record" includes:
1551	(i) a book;
1552	(ii) a book of account;
1553	(iii) a paper;
1554	(iv) a contract;
1555	(v) an agreement;
1556	(vi) a document; or
1557	(vii) a recording in any medium.
1558	(101) "Residence" means a person's principal place of abode within Utah.
1559	(102) "Resident," in relation to a resort, means the same as that term is defined in
1560	Section 32B-8-102.
1561	(103) "Resort" means the same as that term is defined in Section 32B-8-102.
1562	(104) "Resort facility" is as defined by the commission by rule.
1563	(105) "Resort spa sublicense" means a resort license sublicense issued in accordance
1564	with Chapter 8d, Part 2, Resort Spa Sublicense.
1565	(106) "Resort license" means a license issued in accordance with Chapter 5, Retail
1566	License Act, and Chapter 8, Resort License Act.
1567	(107) "Responsible alcohol service plan" means a written set of policies and
1568	procedures that outlines measures to prevent employees from:
1569	(a) over-serving alcoholic beverages to customers;
1570	(b) serving alcoholic beverages to customers who are actually, apparently, or obviously
1571	intoxicated; and
1572	(c) serving alcoholic beverages to minors.
1573	(108) "Restaurant" means a business location:
1574	(a) at which a variety of foods are prepared;
1575	(b) at which complete meals are served; and

1576	(c) that is engaged primarily in serving meals.
1577	(109) "Restaurant license" means one of the following licenses issued under this title:
1578	(a) a full-service restaurant license;
1579	(b) a limited-service restaurant license; or
1580	(c) a beer-only restaurant license.
1581	(110) "Retail license" means one of the following licenses issued under this title:
1582	(a) a full-service restaurant license;
1583	(b) a master full-service restaurant license;
1584	(c) a limited-service restaurant license;
1585	(d) a master limited-service restaurant license;
1586	(e) a bar establishment license;
1587	(f) an airport lounge license;
1588	(g) an on-premise banquet license;
1589	(h) an on-premise beer license;
1590	(i) a reception center license;
1591	(j) a beer-only restaurant license;
1592	(k) a hospitality amenity license;
1593	(l) a resort license;
1594	(m) a hotel license; or
1595	(n) an arena license.
1596	(111) "Room service" means furnishing an alcoholic product to a person in a guest
1597	room of a:
1598	(a) hotel; or
1599	(b) resort facility.
1600	(112) (a) "School" means a building in which any part is used for more than three
1601	hours each weekday during a school year as a public or private:
1602	(i) elementary school;
1603	(ii) secondary school; or
1604	(iii) kindergarten.
1605	(b) "School" does not include:
1606	(i) a nursery school;

1607	(ii) a day care center;	
1608	(iii) a trade and technical school;	
1609	(iv) a preschool; or	
1610	(v) a home school.	
1611	(113) "Secondary flavoring ingredient" means any spirituous liquor added to a	
1612	beverage for additional flavoring that is different in type, flavor, or brand from the primary	
1613	spirituous liquor in the beverage.	
1614	(114) "Sell" or "offer for sale" means a transaction, exchange, or barter whereby, for	
1615	consideration, an alcoholic product is either directly or indirectly transferred, solicited, ordered,	
1616	delivered for value, or by a means or under a pretext is promised or obtained, whether done by	
1617	a person as a principal, proprietor, or as staff, unless otherwise defined in this title or the rules	
1618	made by the commission.	
1619	(115) "Serve" means to place an alcoholic product before an individual.	
1620	(116) "Sexually oriented entertainer" means a person who while in a state of	
1621	seminudity appears at or performs:	
1622	(a) for the entertainment of one or more patrons;	
1623	(b) on the premises of:	
1624	(i) a bar licensee; or	
1625	(ii) a tavern;	
1626	(c) on behalf of or at the request of the licensee described in Subsection (116)(b);	
1627	(d) on a contractual or voluntary basis; and	
1628	(e) whether or not the person is designated as:	
1629	(i) an employee;	
1630	(ii) an independent contractor;	
1631	(iii) an agent of the licensee; or	
1632	(iv) a different type of classification.	
1633	(117) "Shared seating area" means the licensed premises of two or more restaurant	
1634	licensees that the restaurant licensees share as an area for alcoholic beverage consumption in	
1635	accordance with Subsection 32B-5-207(3).	
1636	(118) "Single event permit" means a permit issued in accordance with Chapter 9, Part	
1637	3, Single Event Permit.	

1638	(119) "Small brewer" means a brewer who manufactures less than 60,000 barrels of
1639	beer, heavy beer, and flavored malt beverages per year.
1640	(120) "Small or unincorporated locality" means:
1641	(a) a city of the third, fourth, or fifth class, as classified under Section 10-2-301;
1642	(b) a town, as classified under Section 10-2-301; or
1643	(c) an unincorporated area in a county of the third, fourth, or fifth class, as classified
1644	under Section 17-50-501.
1645	(121) "Special use permit" means a permit issued in accordance with Chapter 10,
1646	Special Use Permit Act.
1647	(122) (a) "Spirituous liquor" means liquor that is distilled.
1648	(b) "Spirituous liquor" includes an alcoholic product defined as a "distilled spirit" by
1649	27 U.S.C. Sec. 211 and 27 C.F.R. Sec. 5.11 through 5.23.
1650	(123) "Sports center" is as defined by the commission by rule.
1651	(124) (a) "Staff" means an individual who engages in activity governed by this title:
1652	(i) on behalf of a business, including a package agent, licensee, permittee, or certificate
1653	holder;
1654	(ii) at the request of the business, including a package agent, licensee, permittee, or
1655	certificate holder; or
1656	(iii) under the authority of the business, including a package agent, licensee, permittee,
1657	or certificate holder.
1658	(b) "Staff" includes:
1659	(i) an officer;
1660	(ii) a director;
1661	(iii) an employee;
1662	(iv) personnel management;
1663	(v) an agent of the licensee, including a managing agent;
1664	(vi) an operator; or
1665	(vii) a representative.
1666	(125) "State of nudity" means:
1667	(a) the appearance of:
1668	(i) the nipple or areola of a female human breast;

1669	(ii) a human genital;
1670	(iii) a human pubic area; or
1671	(iv) a human anus; or
1672	(b) a state of dress that fails to opaquely cover:
1673	(i) the nipple or areola of a female human breast;
1674	(ii) a human genital;
1675	(iii) a human pubic area; or
1676	(iv) a human anus.
1677	(126) "State of seminudity" means a state of dress in which opaque clothing covers no
1678	more than:
1679	(a) the nipple and areola of the female human breast in a shape and color other than the
1680	natural shape and color of the nipple and areola; and
1681	(b) the human genitals, pubic area, and anus:
1682	(i) with no less than the following at its widest point:
1683	(A) four inches coverage width in the front of the human body; and
1684	(B) five inches coverage width in the back of the human body; and
1685	(ii) with coverage that does not taper to less than one inch wide at the narrowest point.
1686	(127) (a) "State store" means a facility for the sale of packaged liquor:
1687	(i) located on premises owned or leased by the state; and
1688	(ii) operated by a state employee.
1689	(b) "State store" does not include:
1690	(i) a package agency;
1691	(ii) a licensee; or
1692	(iii) a permittee.
1693	(128) (a) "Storage area" means an area on licensed premises where the licensee stores
1694	an alcoholic product.
1695	(b) "Store" means to place or maintain in a location an alcoholic product.
1696	(129) "Sublicense" means:
1697	(a) any of the following licenses issued as a subordinate license to, and contingent on
1698	the issuance of, a principal license:
1699	(i) a full-service restaurant license;

1700	(ii) a limited-service restaurant license;	
1701	(iii) a bar establishment license;	
1702	(iv) an on-premise banquet license;	
1703	(v) an on-premise beer retailer license;	
1704	(vi) a beer-only restaurant license; or	
1705	(vii) a hospitality amenity license; or	
1706	(b) a resort spa sublicense.	
1707	(130) "Supplier" means a person who sells an alcoholic product to the department.	
1708	(131) "Tavern" means an on-premise beer retailer who is:	
1709	(a) issued a license by the commission in accordance with Chapter 5, Retail License	
1710	Act, and Chapter 6, Part 7, On-Premise Beer Retailer License; and	
1711	(b) designated by the commission as a tavern in accordance with Chapter 6, Part 7,	
1712	On-Premise Beer Retailer License.	
1713	(132) "Temporary beer event permit" means a permit issued in accordance with	
1714	Chapter 9, Part 4, Temporary Beer Event Permit.	
1715	(133) "Temporary domicile" means the principal place of abode within Utah of a	
1716	person who does not have a present intention to continue residency within Utah permanently or	
1717	indefinitely.	
1718	(134) "Translucent" means a substance that allows light to pass through, but does not	
1719	allow an object or person to be seen through the substance.	
1720	(135) "Unsaleable liquor merchandise" means a container that:	
1721	(a) is unsaleable because the container is:	
1722	(i) unlabeled;	
1723	(ii) leaky;	
1724	(iii) damaged;	
1725	(iv) difficult to open; or	
1726	(v) partly filled;	
1727	(b) (i) has faded labels or defective caps or corks;	
1728	(ii) has contents that are:	
1729	(A) cloudy;	
1730	(B) spoiled; or	

1/31	(C) chemically determined to be impure; or
1732	(iii) contains:
1733	(A) sediment; or
1734	(B) a foreign substance; or
1735	(c) is otherwise considered by the department as unfit for sale.
1736	(136) (a) "Wine" means an alcoholic product obtained by the fermentation of the
1737	natural sugar content of fruits, plants, honey, or milk, or other like substance, whether or not
1738	another ingredient is added.
1739	(b) "Wine" includes:
1740	(i) an alcoholic beverage defined as wine under 27 U.S.C. Sec. 211 and 27 C.F.R. Sec.
1741	4.10; and
1742	(ii) hard cider.
1743	(c) "Wine" is considered liquor for purposes of this title, except as otherwise provided
1744	in this title.
1745	(137) "Winery manufacturing license" means a license issued in accordance with
1746	Chapter 11, Part 3, Winery Manufacturing License.
1747	Section 20. Section 41-6a-904 is amended to read:
1748	41-6a-904. Approaching emergency vehicle Necessary signals Stationary
1749	emergency vehicle Duties of respective operators.
1750	(1) Except when otherwise directed by a peace officer, the operator of a vehicle, upon
1751	the immediate approach of an authorized emergency vehicle using audible or visual signals
1752	under Section 41-6a-212 or 41-6a-1625, shall:
1753	(a) yield the right-of-way and immediately move to a position parallel to, and as close
1754	as possible to, the right-hand edge or curb of the highway, clear of any intersection; and
1755	(b) then stop and remain stopped until the authorized emergency vehicle has passed.
1756	(2) (a) The operator of a vehicle, upon approaching a stationary authorized emergency
1757	vehicle that is displaying alternately flashing red, red and white, or red and blue lights, shall:
1758	(i) reduce the speed of the vehicle;
1759	(ii) provide as much space as practical to the stationary authorized emergency vehicle;
1760	and
1761	(iii) if traveling in a lane adjacent to the stationary authorized emergency vehicle and if

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practical, with due regard to safety and traffic conditions, make a lane change into a lane not adjacent to the authorized emergency vehicle.

- (b) (i) If the operator of a vehicle is traveling in an HOV lane, upon approaching a stationary authorized emergency vehicle that is displaying alternately flashing red, red and white, or red and blue lights, the requirements in Subsection (2)(a) apply.
- (ii) The operator of a vehicle traveling in an HOV lane, upon approaching a stationary authorized emergency vehicle that is displaying alternately flashing red, red and white, or red and blue lights, shall, if practical, with due regard to safety and traffic conditions, make a lane change out of the HOV lane into a lane not adjacent to the authorized emergency vehicle.
- (3) (a) The operator of a vehicle, upon approaching a stationary tow truck or highway maintenance vehicle that is displaying flashing amber lights, shall:
 - (i) reduce the speed of the vehicle;
- (ii) provide as much space as practical to the stationary tow truck or highway maintenance vehicle; and
- (iii) if traveling in a lane adjacent to the stationary tow truck or highway maintenance vehicle, if practical and with due regard to safety and traffic conditions, make a lane change into a lane not adjacent to the tow truck or highway maintenance vehicle.
- (b) (i) If the operator of a vehicle is traveling in an HOV lane, upon approaching a stationary tow truck or highway maintenance vehicle that is displaying flashing amber lights, the requirements in Subsection (3)(a) apply.
- (ii) The operator of a vehicle traveling in an HOV lane, upon approaching a stationary tow truck or highway maintenance vehicle that is displaying flashing amber lights, shall, if practical, with due regard to safety and traffic conditions, make a lane change out of the HOV lane into a lane not adjacent to the tow truck or highway maintenance vehicle.
- (4) When an authorized emergency vehicle is using audible or visual signals under Section 41-6a-212 or 41-6a-1625, the operator of a vehicle may not:
 - (a) follow closer than 500 feet behind the authorized emergency vehicle;
- 1789 (b) pass the authorized emergency vehicle, if the authorized emergency vehicle is moving; or
- 1791 (c) stop the vehicle within 500 feet of a fire apparatus which has stopped in answer to a fire alarm.

1793	(5) This section does not relieve the operator of an authorized emergency vehicle, tow
1794	truck, or highway maintenance vehicle from the duty to drive with regard for the safety of all
1795	persons using the highway.
1796	(6) (a) (i) In addition to the penalties prescribed under Subsection (8), a person who

- violates this section shall attend a four hour live classroom defensive driving course approved by:
 - (A) the Driver License Division; or
- 1800 (B) a court in this state.

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- (ii) Upon completion of the four hour live classroom course under Subsection (6)(a)(i), 1802 the person shall provide to the Driver License Division a certificate of attendance of the 1803 classroom course.
 - (b) The Driver License Division shall suspend a person's driver license for a period of 90 days if the person:
 - (i) violates a provision of Subsections (1) through (3); and
 - (ii) fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (6)(a)(i) within 90 days of sentencing for or pleading guilty to a violation of this section.
 - (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection (6)(b), the Driver License Division shall shorten the 90-day suspension period imposed under Subsection (6)(b) effective immediately upon receiving a certificate of attendance of the four hour live classroom course required under Subsection (6)(a)(i) if the certificate of attendance is received before the completion of the suspension period.
 - (d) A person whose license is suspended under Subsection (6)(b) and a person whose suspension is shortened as described under Subsection (6)(c) shall pay the license reinstatement fees under Subsection 53-3-105(26).
 - (7) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the Driver License Division shall make rules to implement the provisions of this part.
 - (8) A violation of Subsection (1), (2), [or] (3), or (4) is an infraction.
- 1820 Section 21. Section **54-3-8** is amended to read:
- 1821 54-3-8. Preferences forbidden -- Power of commission to determine facts --1822 Applicability of section.
- 1823 (1) Except as provided in Chapter 8b, Public Telecommunications Law, a public utility

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- (a) as to rates, charges, service, facilities or in any other respect, make or grant any preference or advantage to any person, or subject any person to any prejudice or disadvantage; and
- (b) establish or maintain any unreasonable difference as to rates, charges, service or facilities, or in any other respect, either as between localities or as between classes of service.
- (2) The commission shall have power to determine any question of fact arising under this section.
- (3) This section does not apply to, and the commission may not enforce this chapter concerning, a schedule, classification, rate, price, charge, fare, toll, rental, rule, service, facility, or contract of an entity described in Subsection 54-2-1(8)(b)(iii) or (iv), (20), or (22)[(i)](h), or if the electricity is consumed by an eligible customer for the eligible customer's own use or the use of the eligible customer's tenant or affiliate.
 - Section 22. Section **58-4a-107** is amended to read:

58-4a-107. Violation of a program contract -- Adjudicative proceedings -- 1839 **Penalties.**

- (1) The division shall serve an order to show cause on the licensee if the licensee:
- (a) violates any term or condition of the program contract or diversion agreement;
- (b) makes an intentional, material misrepresentation of fact in the program contract or diversion agreement; or
 - (c) violates any rule or law governing the licensee's profession.
 - (2) The order to show cause described in Subsection (1) shall:
 - (a) describe the alleged misconduct;
- (b) set a time and place for a hearing before an administrative law judge to determine whether the licensee's program contract should be terminated; and
- (c) contain all of the information required by a notice of agency action in Subsection 63G-4-201(2).
 - (3) Proceedings to terminate a program contract shall comply with the rules for a formal proceeding described in Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, except the notice of agency action shall be in the form of the order to show cause <u>described</u> in Subsection (2).

(4) In accordance with Subsection 63G-4-205(1), the division shall make rules for
discovery adequate to permit all parties to obtain all relevant information necessary to support
their claims or defenses.

- (5) During a proceeding to terminate a program contract, the licensee, the licensee's legal representative, and the division shall have access to information contained in the division's program file as permitted by law.
- (6) The director shall terminate the program contract and place the licensee on probation for a period of five years, with probationary terms matching the terms of the program contract, if, during the administrative proceedings described in Subsection (3), the administrative law judge finds that the licensee has:
 - (a) violated the program contract;
 - (b) made an intentional material misrepresentation of fact in the program contract; or
 - (c) violated a law or rule governing the licensee's profession.
- (7) If, during the proceedings described in Subsection (3), the administrative law judge finds that the licensee has engaged in especially egregious misconduct, the director may revoke the licensee's license.
- (8) A licensee who is terminated from the program may have disciplinary action taken under Title 58, Chapter 1, Part 4, License Denial, for misconduct committed before, during, or after the licensee's participation in the program.
 - Section 23. Section 58-17b-1004 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:
- 58-17b-1004 (Effective 07/01/20). Authorization to dispense an epinephrine auto-injector and stock albuterol pursuant to a standing order.
- (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a pharmacist or pharmacy intern may dispense an epinephrine auto-injector:
- (a) (i) to a qualified adult for use in accordance with Title 26, Chapter 41, Emergency Response for Life-threatening Conditions; or
- (ii) to a qualified epinephrine auto-injector entity for use in accordance with Title 26, Chapter 41, Emergency Response for Life-threatening Conditions;
- 1883 (b) pursuant to a standing prescription drug order made in accordance with Section 1884 58-17b-1005;
 - (c) without any other prescription drug order from a person licensed to prescribe an

1886	epinephrine auto-injector; and
1887	(d) in accordance with the dispensing guidelines in Section 58-17b-1006.
1888	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a pharmacist or [pharmacist]
1889	pharmacy intern may dispense stock albuterol:
1890	(a) (i) to a qualified adult for use in accordance with Title 26, Chapter 41, Emergency
1891	Response for Life-threatening Conditions; or
1892	(ii) to a qualified stock albuterol entity for use in accordance with Title 26, Chapter 41,
1893	Emergency Response for Life-threatening Conditions;
1894	(b) pursuant to a standing prescription drug order made in accordance with Section
1895	58-17b-1005;
1896	(c) without any other prescription drug order from a person licensed to prescribe stock
1897	albuterol; and
1898	(d) in accordance with the dispensing guidelines in Section 58-17b-1006.
1899	Section 24. Section 58-17b-1005 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:
1900	58-17b-1005 (Effective 07/01/20). Standing prescription drug orders for
1901	epinephrine auto-injectors and stock albuterol.
1902	(1) A physician acting in the physician's capacity as an employee of the Department of
1903	Health or as a medical director of a local health department may issue a standing prescription
1904	drug order authorizing the dispensing of an epinephrine auto-injector under Section
1905	58-17b-1004 in accordance with a protocol that:
1906	(a) requires the physician to specify the persons, by professional license number,
1907	authorized to dispense the epinephrine auto-injector;
1908	(b) requires the physician to review at least annually the dispensing practices of those
1909	authorized by the physician to dispense the epinephrine auto-injector;
1910	(c) requires those authorized by the physician to dispense the epinephrine auto-injector
1911	to make and retain a record of each dispensing, including:
1912	(i) the name of the qualified adult or qualified epinephrine auto-injector entity to whom
1913	the epinephrine auto-injector is dispensed;
1914	(ii) a description of the epinephrine auto-injector dispensed; and
1915	(iii) other relevant information; and
1916	(d) is approved by the division by administrative rule made in accordance with Title

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1917 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, in collaboration with the Physicians 1918 Licensing Board created in Section 58-67-201 and the Board of Pharmacy. 1919 (2) A physician acting in the physician's capacity as an employee of the Department of 1920 Health or as a medical director of a local health department may issue a standing prescription 1921 drug order authorizing the dispensing of [the] stock albuterol under Section 58-17b-1004 in 1922 accordance with a protocol that: 1923 (a) requires the physician to specify the persons, by professional license number, 1924 authorized to dispense the stock albuterol: 1925 (b) requires the physician to review at least annually the dispensing practices of those 1926 authorized by the physician to dispense the stock albuterol; 1927 (c) requires those authorized by the physician to dispense the stock albuterol to make 1928 and retain a record of each dispensing, including: 1929 (i) the name of the qualified adult or qualified stock albuterol entity to whom the stock 1930 albuterol is dispensed; 1931 (ii) a description of the stock albuterol dispensed; and 1932 (iii) other relevant information; and 1933 (d) is approved by the division by administrative rule made in accordance with Title 1934 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, in collaboration with the Physicians 1935 Licensing Board created in Section 58-67-201 and the board. 1936 Section 25. Section **58-31b-502** is amended to read: 1937 58-31b-502. Unprofessional conduct. 1938 (1) "Unprofessional conduct" includes: 1939 (a) failure to safeguard a patient's right to privacy as to the patient's person, condition, 1940 diagnosis, personal effects, or any other matter about which the licensee is privileged to know 1941 because of the licensee's or person with a certification's position or practice as a nurse or 1942 practice as a medication aide certified: 1943 (b) failure to provide nursing service or service as a medication aide certified in a 1944 manner that demonstrates respect for the patient's human dignity and unique personal character

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and needs without regard to the patient's race, religion, ethnic background, socioeconomic

status, age, sex, or the nature of the patient's health problem;

(c) engaging in sexual relations with a patient during any:

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applicable; [and]

1948 (i) period when a generally recognized professional relationship exists between the 1949 person licensed or certified under this chapter and the patient; or 1950 (ii) extended period when a patient has reasonable cause to believe a professional 1951 relationship exists between the person licensed or certified under the provisions of this chapter 1952 and the patient; 1953 (d) (i) as a result of any circumstance under Subsection (1)(c), exploiting or using 1954 information about a patient or exploiting the licensee's or the person with a certification's 1955 professional relationship between the licensee or holder of a certification under this chapter and 1956 the patient; or 1957 (ii) exploiting the patient by use of the licensee's or person with a certification's 1958 knowledge of the patient obtained while acting as a nurse or a medication aide certified; 1959 (e) unlawfully obtaining, possessing, or using any prescription drug or illicit drug; 1960 (f) unauthorized taking or personal use of nursing supplies from an employer; 1961 (g) unauthorized taking or personal use of a patient's personal property; 1962 (h) unlawful or inappropriate delegation of nursing care; 1963 (i) failure to exercise appropriate supervision of persons providing patient care services 1964 under supervision of the licensed nurse; 1965 (i) employing or aiding and abetting the employment of an unqualified or unlicensed 1966 person to practice as a nurse; 1967 (k) failure to file or record any medical report as required by law, impeding or 1968 obstructing the filing or recording of such a report, or inducing another to fail to file or record 1969 such a report; 1970 (l) breach of a statutory, common law, regulatory, or ethical requirement of 1971 confidentiality with respect to a person who is a patient, unless ordered by a court; 1972 (m) failure to pay a penalty imposed by the division; 1973 (n) prescribing a Schedule II controlled substance without complying with the 1974 requirements in Section 58-31b-803, if applicable; 1975 (o) violating Section 58-31b-801;

(p) violating the dispensing requirements of Section 58-17b-309 or Chapter 17b, Part

8, Dispensing Medical Practitioner and Dispensing Medical Practitioner Clinic Pharmacy, if

1979	(q) establishing or operating a pain clinic without a consultation and referral plan for
1980	Schedule II or III controlled substances; or

- (r) falsely making an entry in, or altering, a medical record with the intent to conceal:
- (i) a wrongful or negligent act or omission of an individual licensed under this chapter or an individual under the direction or control of an individual licensed under this chapter; or
 - (ii) conduct described in Subsections (1)(a) through (q) or Subsection 58-1-501(1).
- (2) "Unprofessional conduct" does not include, in accordance with Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act, when registered as a qualified medical provider, as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102, recommending the use of medical cannabis.
- (3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the division, in consultation with the board and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, shall define unprofessional conduct for an advanced practice registered nurse described in Subsection (2).

Section 26. Section 58-55-503 is amended to read:

58-55-503. Penalty for unlawful conduct -- Citations.

- (1) (a) (i) A person who violates Subsection 58-55-308(2), Subsection 58-55-501(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (9), (10), (12), (14), (15), (16)(e), (21), (22), (23), (24), (25), (26), (27), or (28), or Subsection 58-55-504(2), or who fails to comply with a citation issued under this section after it is final, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
 - (ii) As used in this section in reference to Subsection 58-55-504(2), "person" means an individual and does not include a sole proprietorship, joint venture, corporation, limited liability company, association, or organization of any type.
 - (b) A person who violates the provisions of Subsection 58-55-501(8) may not be awarded and may not accept a contract for the performance of the work.
 - (2) A person who violates the provisions of Subsection 58-55-501(13) is guilty of an infraction unless the violator did so with the intent to deprive the person to whom money is to be paid of the money received, in which case the violator is guilty of theft, as classified in Section 76-6-412.
 - (3) Grounds for immediate suspension of a licensee's license by the division and the commission include:
- 2008 (a) the issuance of a citation for violation of Subsection 58-55-308(2), Section 58-55-501, or Subsection 58-55-504(2); and

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- 2010 (b) the failure by a licensee to make application to, report to, or notify the division with respect to any matter for which application, notification, or reporting is required under this chapter or rules adopted under this chapter, including:
 - (i) applying to the division for a new license to engage in a new specialty classification or to do business under a new form of organization or business structure;
 - (ii) filing a current financial statement with the division; and
 - (iii) notifying the division concerning loss of insurance coverage or change in qualifier.
- 2017 (4) (a) (i) If upon inspection or investigation, the division concludes that a person has 2018 violated the provisions of Subsection 58-55-308(2), Subsection 58-55-501(1), (2), (3), (9), 2019 (10), (12), (14), (16)(e), (18), (20), (21), (22), (23), (24), (25), (26), (27), or (28), Subsection 2020 58-55-504(2), or any rule or order issued with respect to these subsections, and that disciplinary 2021 action is appropriate, the director or the director's designee from within the division shall 2022 promptly issue a citation to the person according to this chapter and any pertinent rules, attempt to negotiate a stipulated settlement, or notify the person to appear before an adjudicative 2023 2024 proceeding conducted under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
- 2025 (ii) A person who is in violation of the provisions of Subsection 58-55-308(2), 2026 Subsection 58-55-501(1), (2), (3), (9), (10), (12), (14), (16)(e), (18), (20), (21), (22), (23), (24), 2027 (25), (26), (27), or (28), or Subsection 58-55-504(2), as evidenced by an uncontested citation, a 2028 stipulated settlement, or by a finding of violation in an adjudicative proceeding, may be 2029 assessed a fine pursuant to this Subsection (4) and may, in addition to or in lieu of, be ordered 2030 to cease and desist from violating Subsection 58-55-308(2), Subsection 58-55-501(1), (2), (3), 2031 (9), (10), (12), (16)(e), (18), $[\frac{(19)}{2}]$, (20), (21), (24), (25), (26), (27), or (28), or Subsection 2032 58-55-504(2).
 - (iii) Except for a cease and desist order, the licensure sanctions cited in Section 58-55-401 may not be assessed through a citation.
 - (b) (i) A citation shall be in writing and describe with particularity the nature of the violation, including a reference to the provision of the chapter, rule, or order alleged to have been violated.
- 2038 (ii) A citation shall clearly state that the recipient must notify the division in writing 2039 within 20 calendar days of service of the citation if the recipient wishes to contest the citation 2040 at a hearing conducted under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.

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2041	(iii) A citation shall clearly explain the consequences of failure to timely contest the
2042	citation or to make payment of any fines assessed by the citation within the time specified in
2043	the citation.
2044	(c) A citation issued under this section, or a copy of a citation, may be served upon a
2045	person upon whom a summons may be served:
2046	(i) in accordance with the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure;
2047	(ii) personally or upon the person's agent by a division investigator or by a person
2048	specially designated by the director; or
2049	(iii) by mail.
2050	(d) (i) If within 20 calendar days after the day on which a citation is served, the person
2051	to whom the citation was issued fails to request a hearing to contest the citation, the citation
2052	becomes the final order of the division and is not subject to further agency review.
2053	(ii) The period to contest a citation may be extended by the division for cause.
2054	(e) The division may refuse to issue or renew, suspend, revoke, or place on probation
2055	the license of a licensee who fails to comply with a citation after the citation becomes final.
2056	(f) The failure of an applicant for licensure to comply with a citation after the citation
2057	becomes final is a ground for denial of license.
2058	(g) A citation may not be issued under this section after the expiration of one year
2059	following the date on which the violation that is the subject of the citation is reported to the
2060	division.
2061	(h) (i) Except as provided in Subsections (4)(h)(ii) and (5), the director or the director
2062	designee shall assess a fine in accordance with the following:

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 - (A) for a first offense handled pursuant to Subsection (4)(a), a fine of up to \$1,000;
- 2064 (B) for a second offense handled pursuant to Subsection (4)(a), a fine of up to \$2,000; 2065 and

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- (C) for any subsequent offense handled pursuant to Subsection (4)(a), a fine of up to \$2,000 for each day of continued offense.
- (ii) Except as provided in Subsection (5), if a person violates Subsection 58-55-501(16)(e) or (28), the director or the director's designee shall assess a fine in accordance with the following:
- (A) for a first offense handled pursuant to Subsection (4)(a), a fine of up to \$2,000;

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- 2072 (B) for a second offense handled pursuant to Subsection (4)(a), a fine of up to \$4,000; and
- 2074 (C) for any subsequent offense handled pursuant to Subsection (4)(a), a fine of up to \$4,000 for each day of continued offense.
 - (i) (i) For purposes of issuing a final order under this section and assessing a fine under Subsection (4)(h), an offense constitutes a second or subsequent offense if:
- (A) the division previously issued a final order determining that a person committed a first or second offense in violation of Subsection 58-55-308(2), Subsection 58-55-501(1), (2), (3), (9), (10), (12), (14), (16)(e), (18), (23), (24), (25), (26), (27), or (28), or Subsection 58-55-504(2); or
- 2082 (B) (I) the division initiated an action for a first or second offense;
- 2083 (II) a final order has not been issued by the division in the action initiated under 2084 Subsection (4)(i)(i)(B)(I);
- (III) the division determines during an investigation that occurred after the initiation of the action under Subsection (4)(i)(i)(B)(I) that the person committed a second or subsequent violation of the provisions of Subsection 58-55-308(2), Subsection 58-55-501(1), (2), (3), (9), (10), (12), (14), (16)(e), (18), (19), (23), (24), (25), (26), (27), (28), or Subsection 58-55-504(2); and
 - (IV) after determining that the person committed a second or subsequent offense under Subsection (4)(i)(i)(B)(III), the division issues a final order on the action initiated under Subsection (4)(i)(i)(B)(I).
 - (ii) In issuing a final order for a second or subsequent offense under Subsection (4)(i)(i), the division shall comply with the requirements of this section.
 - (j) In addition to any other licensure sanction or fine imposed under this section, the division shall revoke the license of a licensee that violates Subsection 58-55-501(23) or (24) two or more times within a 12-month period, unless, with respect to a violation of Subsection 58-55-501(23), the licensee can demonstrate that the licensee successfully verified the federal legal working status of the individual who was the subject of the violation using a status verification system, as defined in Section 13-47-102.
- 2101 (k) For purposes of this Subsection (4), a violation of Subsection 58-55-501(23) or (24) for each individual is considered a separate violation.

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(5) If a person violates Section 58-55-501, the division may not treat the violation as a
subsequent violation of a previous violation if the violation occurs five years or more after the
day on which the person committed the previous violation.

- (6) If, after an investigation, the division determines that a person has committed multiple of the same type of violation of Section 58-55-501, the division may treat each violation as a separate violation of Section 58-55-501 and apply a penalty under this section to each violation.
- (7) (a) A penalty imposed by the director under Subsection (4)(h) shall be deposited into the Commerce Service Account created by Section 13-1-2.
- (b) A penalty that is not paid may be collected by the director by either referring the matter to a collection agency or bringing an action in the district court of the county in which the person against whom the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office of the director is located.
- (c) A county attorney or the attorney general of the state shall provide legal assistance and advice to the director in an action to collect a penalty.
- (d) In an action brought to collect a penalty, the court shall award reasonable attorney fees and costs to the prevailing party.
- Section 27. Section **58-60-405** is amended to read:
- 2121 **58-60-405.** Qualifications for licensure.
 - (1) An applicant for licensure as a clinical mental health counselor shall:
- 2123 (a) submit an application on a form provided by the division;
- (b) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504;
- 2125 (c) produce certified transcripts evidencing completion of:
- 2126 (i) a master's or doctorate degree conferred to the applicant in:
 - (A) clinical mental health counseling, clinical rehabilitation counseling, counselor education and supervision from a program accredited by the Council for Accreditation of Counseling and Related Educational Programs; or
 - (B) clinical mental health counseling or an equivalent field from a program affiliated with an institution that has accreditation that is recognized by the Council for Higher Education Accreditation; and
- 2133 (ii) at least 60 semester credit hours or 90 quarter credit hours of coursework related to

an educational program described in Subsection (1)(d)(i);

- (d) have completed a minimum of 4,000 hours of clinical mental health counselor training as defined by division rule under Section 58-1-203:
 - (i) in not less than two years;
- (ii) under the supervision of a clinical mental health counselor, psychiatrist, psychologist, clinical social worker, registered psychiatric mental health nurse specialist, or marriage and family therapist supervisor approved by the division in collaboration with the board;
 - (iii) obtained after completion of the education requirement in Subsection (1)(c); and
- (iv) including a minimum of two hours of training in suicide prevention via a course that the division designates as approved;
- (e) document successful completion of not less than 1,000 hours of supervised training in mental health therapy obtained after completion of the education requirement in Subsection (1)(c), which training may be included as part of the 4,000 hours of training in Subsection (1)(d), and of which documented evidence demonstrates not less than 100 of the hours were obtained under the direct supervision of a mental health therapist, as defined by rule; and
- (f) pass the examination requirement established by division rule under Section 58-1-203.
- (2) (a) An applicant for licensure as an associate clinical mental health counselor shall comply with the provisions of Subsections (1)(a), (b), and (c).
- (b) Except as provided under Subsection (2)(c), an individual's licensure as an associate clinical mental health counselor is limited to the period of time necessary to complete clinical training as described in Subsections (1)(d) and (e) and extends not more than one year from the date the minimum requirement for training is completed.
- (c) The time period under Subsection (2)(b) may be extended to a maximum of two years past the date the minimum supervised clinical training requirement has been completed, if the applicant presents satisfactory evidence to the division and the appropriate board that the individual is:
- (i) making reasonable progress toward passing of the qualifying examination for that profession; or
 - (ii) otherwise on a course reasonably expected to lead to licensure.

2165	(3) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(d), an applicant [satisfied] satisfies the
2166	education requirement described in Subsection (1)(d) if the applicant submits documentation
2167	verifying:
2168	(i) satisfactory completion of a doctoral or master's degree from an educational
2169	program in rehabilitation counseling accredited by the Council for Accreditation of Counseling
2170	and Related Educational Programs;
2171	(ii) satisfactory completion of at least 60 semester credit hours or 90 quarter credit
2172	hours of coursework related to an educational program described in Subsection (1)(d)(i); and
2173	(iii) that the applicant received a passing score that is valid and in good standing on:
2174	(A) the National Counselor Examination; and
2175	(B) the National Clinical Mental Health Counseling Examination.
2176	(b) During the 2021 interim, the division shall report to the Occupational and
2177	Professional Licensure Review Committee created in Section 36-23-102 on:
2178	(i) the number of applicants who applied for licensure under this Subsection (3);
2179	(ii) the number of applicants who were approved for licensure under this Subsection
2180	(3);
2181	(iii) any changes to division rule after May 12, 2020, regarding the qualifications for
2182	licensure under this section; and
2183	(iv) recommendations for legislation or other action that the division considers
2184	necessary to carry out the provisions of this Subsection (3).
2185	Section 28. Section 59-2-1101 (Effective 01/01/21) is amended to read:
2186	59-2-1101 (Effective 01/01/21). Definitions Exemption of certain property
2187	Proportional payments for certain property Exception County legislative body
2188	authority to adopt rules or ordinances.
2189	(1) As used in this section:
2190	(a) "Charitable purposes" means:
2191	(i) for property used as a nonprofit hospital or a nursing home, the standards outlined in
2192	Howell v. County Board of Cache County ex rel. IHC Hospitals, Inc., 881 P.2d 880 (Utah
2193	1994); and
2194	(ii) for property other than property described in Subsection (1)(a)(i), providing a gift
2195	to the community.

2196 (b) (i) "Educational purposes" means purposes carried on by an educational 2197 organization that normally: 2198 (A) maintains a regular faculty and curriculum; and 2199 (B) has a regularly enrolled body of pupils and students. 2200 (ii) "Educational purposes" includes: 2201 (A) the physical or mental teaching, training, or conditioning of competitive athletes by 2202 a national governing body of sport recognized by the United States Olympic Committee that 2203 qualifies as being tax exempt under Section 501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code; and 2204 (B) an activity in support of or incidental to the teaching, training, or conditioning 2205 described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii). (c) "Exclusive use exemption" means a property tax exemption under Subsection 2206 2207 (3)(a)(iv), for property owned by a nonprofit entity used exclusively for one or more of the 2208 following purposes: 2209 (i) religious purposes; 2210 (ii) charitable purposes; or 2211 (iii) educational purposes. (d) (i) "Farm machinery and equipment" means tractors, milking equipment and 2212 2213 storage and cooling facilities, feed handling equipment, irrigation equipment, harvesters, 2214 choppers, grain drills and planters, tillage tools, scales, combines, spreaders, sprayers, having 2215 equipment, including balers and cubers, and any other machinery or equipment used primarily 2216 for agricultural purposes. 2217 (ii) "Farm machinery and equipment" does not include vehicles required to be 2218 registered with the Motor Vehicle Division or vehicles or other equipment used for business 2219 purposes other than farming. 2220 (e) "Gift to the community" means: 2221 (i) the lessening of a government burden; or 2222 (ii) (A) the provision of a significant service to others without immediate expectation 2223 of material reward: 2224 (B) the use of the property is supported to a material degree by donations and gifts 2225 including volunteer service; 2226 (C) the recipients of the charitable activities provided on the property are not required

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any person other than a nonprofit entity.

2227 to pay for the assistance received, in whole or in part, except that if in part, to a material 2228 degree; 2229 (D) the beneficiaries of the charitable activities provided on the property are 2230 unrestricted or, if restricted, the restriction bears a reasonable relationship to the charitable 2231 objectives of the nonprofit entity that owns the property; and 2232 (E) any commercial activities provided on the property are subordinate or incidental to 2233 charitable activities provided on the property. 2234 (f) "Government exemption" means a property tax exemption provided under 2235 Subsection (3)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii). 2236 (g) (i) "Nonprofit entity" means an entity: 2237 (A) that is organized on a nonprofit basis, that dedicates the entity's property to the 2238 entity's nonprofit purpose, and that makes no dividend or other form of financial benefit 2239 available to a private interest: 2240 (B) for which, upon dissolution, the entity's assets are distributable only for exempt 2241 purposes under state law or to the government for a public purpose; 2242 (C) that does not receive income from any source, including gifts, donations, or 2243 payments from recipients of products or services, that produces a profit to the entity in the 2244 sense that the income exceeds operating and long-term maintenance expenses; and 2245 (D) for which none of the net earnings or donations made to the entity inure to the 2246 benefit of private shareholders or other individuals, as the private inurement standard has been 2247 interpreted under Section 501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code. 2248 (ii) "Nonprofit entity" includes an entity: 2249 (A) if the entity is: 2250 [(1)] (A) if the entity is treated as a disregarded entity for federal income tax purposes[; 2251 and (II) and wholly owned by, and controlled under the direction of, a nonprofit entity; and 2252 (B) for which none of the net earnings and profits of the entity inure to the benefit of

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the claimant is the owner of the property as of January 1 of the year the exemption is claimed.

(h) "Tax relief" means an exemption, deferral, or abatement that is authorized by this

(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b) or (c), tax relief may be allowed only if

part, Part 18, Tax Deferral and Tax Abatement, or Part 19, Armed Forces Exemptions.

	100 2 100 (2 11.2) 2 0 0 0 10 11.2			
2258	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), a claimant shall collect and pay a proportional			
2259	tax based upon the length of time that the property was not owned by the claimant if:			
2260	(i) the claimant is a federal, state, or political subdivision entity described in			
2261	Subsection (3)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii); or			
2262	(ii) pursuant to Subsection (3)(a)(iv):			
2263	(A) the claimant is a nonprofit entity; and			
2264	(B) the property is used exclusively for religious, charitable, or educational purposes.			
2265	(c) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to an exemption described in Part 19, Armed			
2266	Forces Exemptions.			
2267	(3) (a) The following property is exempt from taxation:			
2268	(i) property exempt under the laws of the United States;			
2269	(ii) property of:			
2270	(A) the state;			
2271	(B) school districts; and			
2272	(C) public libraries;			
2273	(iii) except as provided in Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, property of:			
2274	(A) counties;			
2275	(B) cities;			
2276	(C) towns;			
2277	(D) local districts;			
2278	(E) special service districts; and			
2279	(F) all other political subdivisions of the state;			
2280	(iv) except as provided in Subsection (6) or (7), property owned by a nonprofit entity			
2281	used exclusively for one or more of the following purposes:			
2282	(A) religious purposes;			
2283	(B) charitable purposes; or			
2284	(C) educational purposes;			
2285	(v) places of burial not held or used for private or corporate benefit;			
2286	(vi) farm machinery and equipment;			
2287	(vii) a high tunnel, as defined in Section 10-9a-525;			
2288	(viii) intangible property; and			

2289	(ix) the ownership interest of an out-of-state public agency, as defined in Section			
2290	11-13-103:			
2291	(A) if that ownership interest is in property providing additional project capacity, as			
2292	defined in Section 11-13-103; and			
2293	(B) on which a fee in lieu of ad valorem property tax is payable under Section			
2294	11-13-302.			
2295	(b) For purposes of a property tax exemption for property of school districts under			
2296	Subsection (3)(a)(ii)(B), a charter school under Title 53G, Chapter 5, Charter Schools, is			
2297	considered to be a school district.			
2298	(4) Subject to Subsection (5), if property that is allowed an exclusive use exemption or			
2299	a government exemption ceases to qualify for the exemption because of a change in the			
2300	ownership of the property:			
2301	(a) the new owner of the property shall pay a proportional tax based upon the period of			
2302	time:			
2303	(i) beginning on the day that the new owner acquired the property; and			
2304	(ii) ending on the last day of the calendar year during which the new owner acquired			
2305	the property; and			
2306	(b) the new owner of the property and the person from whom the new owner acquires			
2307	the property shall notify the county assessor, in writing, of the change in ownership of the			
2308	property within 30 days from the day that the new owner acquires the property.			
2309	(5) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), the proportional tax described in Subsection			
2310	(4)(a):			
2311	(a) is subject to any exclusive use exemption or government exemption that the			
2312	property is entitled to under the new ownership of the property; and			
2313	(b) applies only to property that is acquired after December 31, 2005.			
2314	(6) (a) A property may not receive an exemption under Subsection (3)(a)(iv) if:			
2315	(i) the nonprofit entity that owns the property participates in or intervenes in any			
2316	political campaign on behalf of or in opposition to any candidate for public office, including			
2317	the publishing or distribution of statements; or			
2318	(ii) a substantial part of the activities of the nonprofit entity that owns the property			
2319	consists of carrying on propaganda or otherwise attempting to influence legislation, except as			

2320	provided under Subsection 501(h), Internal Revenue Code.			
2321	(b) Whether a nonprofit entity is engaged in an activity described in Subsection (6)(a)			
2322	shall be determined using the standards described in Section 501, Internal Revenue Code.			
2323	(7) A property may not receive an exemption under Subsection (3)(a)(iv) if:			
2324	(a) the property is used for a purpose that is not religious, charitable, or educational;			
2325	and			
2326	(b) the use for a purpose that is not religious, charitable, or educational is more than de			
2327	minimis.			
2328	(8) A county legislative body may adopt rules or ordinances to:			
2329	(a) effectuate the exemptions, deferrals, abatements, or other relief from taxation			
2330	provided in this part, Part 18, Tax Deferral and Tax Abatement, or Part 19, Armed Forces			
2331	Exemptions; and			
2332	(b) designate one or more persons to perform the functions given the county under this			
2333	part, Part 18, Tax Deferral and Tax Abatement, or Part 19, Armed Forces Exemptions.			
2334	(9) If a person is dissatisfied with a tax relief decision made under designated			
2335	decision-making authority as described in Subsection (8)(b), that person may appeal the			
2336	decision to the commission under Section 59-2-1006.			
2337	Section 29. Section 63G-2-302 is amended to read:			
2338	63G-2-302. Private records.			
2339	(1) The following records are private:			
2340	(a) records concerning an individual's eligibility for unemployment insurance benefits,			
2341	social services, welfare benefits, or the determination of benefit levels;			
2342	(b) records containing data on individuals describing medical history, diagnosis,			
2343	condition, treatment, evaluation, or similar medical data;			
2344	(c) records of publicly funded libraries that when examined alone or with other records			
2345	identify a patron;			
2346	(d) records received by or generated by or for:			
2347	(i) the Independent Legislative Ethics Commission, except for:			
2348	(A) the commission's summary data report that is required under legislative rule; and			
2349	(B) any other document that is classified as public under legislative rule; or			
2350	(ii) a Senate or House Ethics Committee in relation to the review of ethics complaints,			

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20A-2-204(4)(b);

2351 unless the record is classified as public under legislative rule; 2352 (e) records received by, or generated by or for, the Independent Executive Branch 2353 Ethics Commission, except as otherwise expressly provided in Title 63A, Chapter 14, Review 2354 of Executive Branch Ethics Complaints; 2355 (f) records received or generated for a Senate confirmation committee concerning 2356 character, professional competence, or physical or mental health of an individual: 2357 (i) if, prior to the meeting, the chair of the committee determines release of the records: 2358 (A) reasonably could be expected to interfere with the investigation undertaken by the 2359 committee; or 2360 (B) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair proceeding or 2361 impartial hearing; and 2362 (ii) after the meeting, if the meeting was closed to the public; 2363 (g) employment records concerning a current or former employee of, or applicant for 2364 employment with, a governmental entity that would disclose that individual's home address, 2365 home telephone number, social security number, insurance coverage, marital status, or payroll 2366 deductions; (h) records or parts of records under Section 63G-2-303 that a current or former 2367 2368 employee identifies as private according to the requirements of that section: 2369 (i) that part of a record indicating a person's social security number or federal employer 2370 identification number if provided under Section 31A-23a-104, 31A-25-202, 31A-26-202, 2371 58-1-301, 58-55-302, 61-1-4, or 61-2f-203; 2372 (i) that part of a voter registration record identifying a voter's: 2373 (i) driver license or identification card number; 2374 (ii) social security number, or last four digits of the social security number; 2375 (iii) email address; or 2376 (iv) date of birth; 2377 (k) a voter registration record that is classified as a private record by the lieutenant 2378 governor or a county clerk under Subsection 20A-2-101.1(5)(a), 20A-2-104(4)(h), or

(1) a voter registration record that is withheld under Subsection 20A-2-104(7);

(m) a withholding request form described in Subsections 20A-2-104(7) and (8) and any

2382	verification submitted in support of the form;			
2383	(n) a record that:			
2384	(i) contains information about an individual;			
2385	(ii) is voluntarily provided by the individual; and			
2386	(iii) goes into an electronic database that:			
2387	(A) is designated by and administered under the authority of the Chief Information			
2388	Officer; and			
2389	(B) acts as a repository of information about the individual that can be electronically			
2390	retrieved and used to facilitate the individual's online interaction with a state agency;			
2391	(o) information provided to the Commissioner of Insurance under:			
2392	(i) Subsection 31A-23a-115(3)(a);			
2393	(ii) Subsection 31A-23a-302(4); or			
2394	(iii) Subsection 31A-26-210(4);			
2395	(p) information obtained through a criminal background check under Title 11, Chapte			
2396	40, Criminal Background Checks by Political Subdivisions Operating Water Systems;			
2397	(q) information provided by an offender that is:			
2398	(i) required by the registration requirements of Title 77, Chapter 41, Sex and Kidnap			
2399	Offender Registry or Title 77, Chapter 43, Child Abuse Offender Registry; and			
2400	(ii) not required to be made available to the public under Subsection 77-41-110(4) or			
2401	77-43-108(4);			
2402	(r) a statement and any supporting documentation filed with the attorney general in			
2403	accordance with Section 34-45-107, if the federal law or action supporting the filing involves			
2404	homeland security;			
2405	(s) electronic toll collection customer account information received or collected under			
2406	Section 72-6-118 and customer information described in Section 17B-2a-815 received or			
2407	collected by a public transit district, including contact and payment information and customer			
2408	travel data;			
2409	(t) an email address provided by a military or overseas voter under Section			
2410	20A-16-501;			
2411	(u) a completed military-overseas ballot that is electronically transmitted under Title			
2412	20A, Chapter 16, Uniform Military and Overseas Voters Act;			

2413	(v) records received by or generated by or for the Political Subdivisions Ethics Review			
2414	Commission established in Section 63A-15-201, except for:			
2415	(i) the commission's summary data report that is required in Section 63A-15-202; and			
2416	(ii) any other document that is classified as public in accordance with Title 63A,			
2417	Chapter 15, Political Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission;			
2418	(w) a record described in Section 53G-9-604 that verifies that a parent was notified of			
2419	an incident or threat;			
2420	(x) a criminal background check or credit history report conducted in accordance with			
2421	Section 63A-3-201;			
2422	(y) a record described in Subsection 53-5a-104(7);			
2423	(z) the following portions of a record maintained by a county for the purpose of			
2424	administering property taxes, an individual's:			
2425	(i) email address;			
2426	(ii) phone number; or			
2427	(iii) personal financial information related to a person's payment method; and			
2428	(aa) a record concerning an individual's eligibility for an exemption, deferral,			
2429	abatement, or relief under:			
2430	(i) Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 11, Exemptions, Deferrals, and Abatements;			
2431	(ii) Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 12, Property Tax Relief;			
2432	(iii) Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 18, Tax Deferral and Tax Abatement; or			
2433	(iv) Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 19, Armed Forces Exemptions.			
2434	(2) The following records are private if properly classified by a governmental entity:			
2435	(a) records concerning a current or former employee of, or applicant for employment			
2436	with a governmental entity, including performance evaluations and personal status information			
2437	such as race, religion, or disabilities, but not including records that are public under Subsection			
2438	63G-2-301(2)(b) or 63G-2-301(3)(o) or private under Subsection (1)(b);			
2439	(b) records describing an individual's finances, except that the following are public:			
2440	(i) records described in Subsection 63G-2-301(2);			
2441	(ii) information provided to the governmental entity for the purpose of complying with			
2442	a financial assurance requirement; or			
2443	(iii) records that must be disclosed in accordance with another statute;			

- (c) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of those records would conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;
 - (d) other records containing data on individuals the disclosure of which constitutes a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
 - (e) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state that are given with the requirement that the records be managed as private records, if the providing entity states in writing that the record would not be subject to public disclosure if retained by it;
 - (f) any portion of a record in the custody of the Division of Aging and Adult Services, created in Section 62A-3-102, that may disclose, or lead to the discovery of, the identity of a person who made a report of alleged abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult; and
 - (g) audio and video recordings created by a body-worn camera, as defined in Section 77-7a-103, that record sound or images inside a home or residence except for recordings that:
 - (i) depict the commission of an alleged crime;
 - (ii) record any encounter between a law enforcement officer and a person that results in death or bodily injury, or includes an instance when an officer fires a weapon;
 - (iii) record any encounter that is the subject of a complaint or a legal proceeding against a law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency;
 - (iv) contain an officer involved critical incident as defined in Subsection 76-2-408(1)(f); or
 - (v) have been requested for reclassification as a public record by a subject or authorized agent of a subject featured in the recording.
 - (3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "medical records" means medical reports, records, statements, history, diagnosis, condition, treatment, and evaluation.
 - (b) Medical records in the possession of the University of Utah Hospital, its clinics, doctors, or affiliated entities are not private records or controlled records under Section 63G-2-304 when the records are sought:
 - (i) in connection with any legal or administrative proceeding in which the patient's physical, mental, or emotional condition is an element of any claim or defense; or
- 2473 (ii) after a patient's death, in any legal or administrative proceeding in which any party 2474 relies upon the condition as an element of the claim or defense.

2475	(c) Medical records are subject to production in a legal or administrative proceeding			
2476	according to state or federal statutes or rules of procedure and evidence as if the medical			
2477	records were in the possession of a nongovernmental medical care provider.			
2478	Section 30. Section 63G-7-701 is amended to read:			
2479	63G-7-701. Payment of claim or judgment against state Presentment for			
2480	payment.			
2481	(1) Each claim[, as defined by Subsection 63G-7-102(1),] that is approved by the state			
2482	or any final judgment obtained against the state shall be presented for payment to:			
2483	(a) the state risk manager; or			
2484	(b) the office, agency, institution, or other instrumentality involved, if payment by that			
2485	instrumentality is otherwise permitted by law.			
2486	(2) If payment of the claim is not authorized by law, the judgment or claim shall be			
2487	presented to the board of examiners for action as provided in Section 63G-9-301.			
2488	(3) If a judgment against the state is reduced by the operation of Section 63G-7-604,			
2489	the claimant may submit the excess claim to the board of examiners.			
2490	Section 31. Section 63I-2-215 is amended to read:			
2491	63I-2-215. Repeal dates Title 15A.			
2492	[Subsection 15A-1-203(13), which addresses mass timber products, is repealed			
2493	December 31, 2019.]			
2494	Section 32. Section 63J-1-602.1 (Effective 10/15/20) is amended to read:			
2495	63J-1-602.1 (Effective 10/15/20). List of nonlapsing appropriations from accounts			
2496	and funds.			
2497	Appropriations made from the following accounts or funds are nonlapsing:			
2498	(1) The Utah Intracurricular Student Organization Support for Agricultural Education			
2499	and Leadership Restricted Account created in Section 4-42-102.			
2500	(2) The Native American Repatriation Restricted Account created in Section 9-9-407.			
2501	(3) The Martin Luther King, Jr. Civil Rights Support Restricted Account created in			
2502	Section 9-18-102.			
2503	(4) The National Professional Men's Soccer Team Support of Building Communities			
2504	Restricted Account created in Section 9-19-102.			
2505	(5) Funds collected for directing and administering the C-PACE district created in			

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Account created in Section 32B-2-306.

2506 Section [11-42a-302] 11-42a-106. 2507 (6) Money received by the Utah Inland Port Authority, as provided in Section 2508 11-58-105. 2509 (7) The "Latino Community Support Restricted Account" created in Section 13-1-16. 2510 (8) The Clean Air Support Restricted Account created in Section 19-1-109. 2511 (9) The "Support for State-Owned Shooting Ranges Restricted Account" created in 2512 Section 23-14-13.5. 2513 (10) Award money under the State Asset Forfeiture Grant Program, as provided under 2514 Section 24-4-117. 2515 (11) Funds collected from the program fund for local health department expenses 2516 incurred in responding to a local health emergency under Section 26-1-38. 2517 (12) The Children with Cancer Support Restricted Account created in Section 2518 26-21a-304. 2519 (13) State funds for matching federal funds in the Children's Health Insurance Program 2520 as provided in Section 26-40-108. 2521 (14) The Children with Heart Disease Support Restricted Account created in Section 2522 26-58-102. 2523 (15) The Nurse Home Visiting Restricted Account created in Section 26-63-601. 2524 (16) The Technology Development Restricted Account created in Section 31A-3-104. 2525 (17) The Criminal Background Check Restricted Account created in Section 2526 31A-3-105. 2527 (18) The Captive Insurance Restricted Account created in Section 31A-3-304, except 2528 to the extent that Section 31A-3-304 makes the money received under that section free revenue. 2529 (19) The Title Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account created in Section 2530 31A-23a-415. 2531 (20) The Health Insurance Actuarial Review Restricted Account created in Section 2532 31A-30-115. 2533 (21) The Insurance Fraud Investigation Restricted Account created in Section 2534 31A-31-108.

(22) The Underage Drinking Prevention Media and Education Campaign Restricted

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- 2537 (23) The School Readiness Restricted Account created in Section 35A-15-203. 2538 (24) Money received by the Utah State Office of Rehabilitation for the sale of certain 2539 products or services, as provided in Section 35A-13-202. 2540 (25) The Oil and Gas Administrative Penalties Account created in Section 40-6-11. 2541 (26) The Oil and Gas Conservation Account created in Section 40-6-14.5. 2542 (27) The Electronic Payment Fee Restricted Account created by Section 41-1a-121 to 2543 the Motor Vehicle Division. 2544 (28) The Motor Vehicle Enforcement Division Temporary Permit Restricted Account 2545 created by Section 41-3-110 to the State Tax Commission. 2546 (29) The Utah Law Enforcement Memorial Support Restricted Account created in 2547 Section 53-1-120. 2548 (30) The State Disaster Recovery Restricted Account to the Division of Emergency 2549 Management, as provided in Section 53-2a-603. 2550 (31) The Department of Public Safety Restricted Account to the Department of Public 2551 Safety, as provided in Section 53-3-106. 2552 (32) The Utah Highway Patrol Aero Bureau Restricted Account created in Section 53-8-303. 2553 2554 (33) The DNA Specimen Restricted Account created in Section 53-10-407. 2555 (34) The Canine Body Armor Restricted Account created in Section 53-16-201. 2556 (35) The Technical Colleges Capital Projects Fund created in Section 53B-2a-118. 2557 (36) The Higher Education Capital Projects Fund created in Section 53B-22-202. 2558 (37) A certain portion of money collected for administrative costs under the School 2559 Institutional Trust Lands Management Act, as provided under Section 53C-3-202. 2560 (38) The Public Utility Regulatory Restricted Account created in Section 54-5-1.5, 2561 subject to Subsection 54-5-1.5(4)(d). 2562 (39) Funds collected from a surcharge fee to provide certain licensees with access to an 2563 electronic reference library, as provided in Section 58-3a-105. 2564 (40) Certain fines collected by the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing
 - (41) Funds collected from a surcharge fee to provide certain licensees with access to an

for violation of unlawful or unprofessional conduct that are used for education and enforcement

purposes, as provided in Section 58-17b-505.

- electronic reference library, as provided in Section 58-22-104.
- 2569 (42) Funds collected from a surcharge fee to provide certain licensees with access to an electronic reference library, as provided in Section 58-55-106.
- 2571 (43) Funds collected from a surcharge fee to provide certain licensees with access to an electronic reference library, as provided in Section 58-56-3.5.
- 2573 (44) Certain fines collected by the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing 2574 for use in education and enforcement of the Security Personnel Licensing Act, as provided in 2575 Section 58-63-103.
 - (45) The Relative Value Study Restricted Account created in Section 59-9-105.
- 2577 (46) The Cigarette Tax Restricted Account created in Section 59-14-204.
- 2578 (47) Funds paid to the Division of Real Estate for the cost of a criminal background check for a mortgage loan license, as provided in Section 61-2c-202.
- 2580 (48) Funds paid to the Division of Real Estate for the cost of a criminal background 2581 check for principal broker, associate broker, and sales agent licenses, as provided in Section 2582 61-2f-204.
- 2583 (49) Certain funds donated to the Department of Human Services, as provided in Section 62A-1-111.
- 2585 (50) The National Professional Men's Basketball Team Support of Women and Children Issues Restricted Account created in Section 62A-1-202.
- 2587 (51) Certain funds donated to the Division of Child and Family Services, as provided in Section 62A-4a-110.
- 2589 (52) The Choose Life Adoption Support Restricted Account created in Section 2590 62A-4a-608.
- 2591 (53) Funds collected by the Office of Administrative Rules for publishing, as provided in Section 63G-3-402.
- 2593 (54) The Immigration Act Restricted Account created in Section 63G-12-103.
- 2594 (55) Money received by the military installation development authority, as provided in Section 63H-1-504.
- 2596 (56) The Computer Aided Dispatch Restricted Account created in Section 63H-7a-303.
- 2597 (57) The Unified Statewide 911 Emergency Service Account created in Section 2598 63H-7a-304.

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79-4-403.

Utah Indigent Defense Commission.

- 2599 (58) The Utah Statewide Radio System Restricted Account created in Section 2600 63H-7a-403. 2601 (59) The Employability to Careers Program Restricted Account created in Section 2602 63J-4-703. 2603 (60) The Motion Picture Incentive Account created in Section 63N-8-103. 2604 (61) Certain money payable for expenses of the Pete Suazo Utah Athletic Commission, 2605 as provided under Section 63N-10-301. 2606 (62) Funds collected by the housing of state probationary inmates or state parole 2607 inmates, as provided in Subsection 64-13e-104(2). 2608 (63) Certain forestry and fire control funds utilized by the Division of Forestry, Fire, 2609 and State Lands, as provided in Section 65A-8-103. 2610 (64) The Transportation of Veterans to Memorials Support Restricted Account created 2611 in Section 71-14-102. 2612 (65) The Amusement Ride Safety Restricted Account, as provided in Section 2613 72-16-204. 2614 (66) Certain funds received by the Office of the State Engineer for well drilling fines or bonds, as provided in Section 73-3-25. 2615 2616 (67) The Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund, as provided in 2617 Section 73-23-2. 2618 (68) Funds donated or paid to a juvenile court by private sources, as provided in 2619 Subsection 78A-6-203(1)(c). 2620 (69) Fees for certificate of admission created under Section 78A-9-102. 2621 (70) Funds collected for adoption document access as provided in Sections 78B-6-141, 2622 78B-6-144, and 78B-6-144.5. 2623 (71) Funds collected for indigent defense as provided in Title 78B, Chapter 22, Part 4,
- 2628 (73) Certain funds received by the Division of Parks and Recreation from the sale or disposal of buffalo, as provided under Section 79-4-1001.

Park, Jordan River State Park, and Green River State Park, as provided under Section

(72) Revenue for golf user fees at the Wasatch Mountain State Park, Palisades State

2630	(74) The Drinking While Pregnant Prevention Media and Education Campaign			
2631	Restricted Account created in Section 32B-2-308.			
2632	Section 33. Section 63J-1-602.1 (Effective 07/01/20) (Sup 10/15/20) is amended to			
2633	read:			
2634	63J-1-602.1 (Effective 07/01/20) (Sup 10/15/20). List of nonlapsing appropriations			
2635	from accounts and funds.			
2636	Appropriations made from the following accounts or funds are nonlapsing:			
2637	(1) The Utah Intracurricular Student Organization Support for Agricultural Education			
2638	and Leadership Restricted Account created in Section 4-42-102.			
2639	(2) The Native American Repatriation Restricted Account created in Section 9-9-407.			
2640	(3) The Martin Luther King, Jr. Civil Rights Support Restricted Account created in			
2641	Section 9-18-102.			
2642	(4) The National Professional Men's Soccer Team Support of Building Communities			
2643	Restricted Account created in Section 9-19-102.			
2644	(5) Funds collected for directing and administering the C-PACE district created in			
2645	Section [11-42a-302] <u>11-42a-106</u> .			
2646	(6) Money received by the Utah Inland Port Authority, as provided in Section			
2647	11-58-105.			
2648	(7) The "Support for State-Owned Shooting Ranges Restricted Account" created in			
2649	Section 23-14-13.5.			
2650	(8) Award money under the State Asset Forfeiture Grant Program, as provided under			
2651	Section 24-4-117.			
2652	(9) Funds collected from the program fund for local health department expenses			
2653	incurred in responding to a local health emergency under Section 26-1-38.			
2654	(10) The Children with Cancer Support Restricted Account created in Section			
2655	26-21a-304.			
2656	(11) State funds for matching federal funds in the Children's Health Insurance Program			
2657	as provided in Section 26-40-108.			
2658	(12) The Children with Heart Disease Support Restricted Account created in Section			
2659	26-58-102.			
2660	(13) The Nurse Home Visiting Restricted Account created in Section 26-63-601.			

- 2661 (14) The Technology Development Restricted Account created in Section 31A-3-104.
- 2662 (15) The Criminal Background Check Restricted Account created in Section
- 2663 31A-3-105.
- 2664 (16) The Captive Insurance Restricted Account created in Section 31A-3-304, except
- 2665 to the extent that Section 31A-3-304 makes the money received under that section free revenue.
- 2666 (17) The Title Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account created in Section
- 2667 31A-23a-415.
- 2668 (18) The Health Insurance Actuarial Review Restricted Account created in Section
- 2669 31A-30-115.
- 2670 (19) The Insurance Fraud Investigation Restricted Account created in Section
- 2671 31A-31-108.
- 2672 (20) The Underage Drinking Prevention Media and Education Campaign Restricted
- 2673 Account created in Section 32B-2-306.
- 2674 (21) The School Readiness Restricted Account created in Section 35A-15-203.
- 2675 (22) Money received by the Utah State Office of Rehabilitation for the sale of certain
- products or services, as provided in Section 35A-13-202.
- 2677 (23) The Oil and Gas Administrative Penalties Account created in Section 40-6-11.
- 2678 (24) The Oil and Gas Conservation Account created in Section 40-6-14.5.
- 2679 (25) The Electronic Payment Fee Restricted Account created by Section 41-1a-121 to
- the Motor Vehicle Division.
- 2681 (26) The Motor Vehicle Enforcement Division Temporary Permit Restricted Account
- created by Section 41-3-110 to the State Tax Commission.
- 2683 (27) The Utah Law Enforcement Memorial Support Restricted Account created in
- 2684 Section 53-1-120.
- 2685 (28) The State Disaster Recovery Restricted Account to the Division of Emergency
- 2686 Management, as provided in Section 53-2a-603.
- 2687 (29) The Department of Public Safety Restricted Account to the Department of Public
- 2688 Safety, as provided in Section 53-3-106.
- 2689 (30) The Utah Highway Patrol Aero Bureau Restricted Account created in Section
- 2690 53-8-303.
- 2691 (31) The DNA Specimen Restricted Account created in Section 53-10-407.

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- 2692 (32) The Canine Body Armor Restricted Account created in Section 53-16-201.
- 2693 (33) The Technical Colleges Capital Projects Fund created in Section 53B-2a-118.
- 2694 (34) The Higher Education Capital Projects Fund created in Section 53B-22-202.
- 2695 (35) A certain portion of money collected for administrative costs under the School Institutional Trust Lands Management Act, as provided under Section 53C-3-202.
- 2697 (36) The Public Utility Regulatory Restricted Account created in Section 54-5-1.5, subject to Subsection 54-5-1.5(4)(d).
 - (37) Funds collected from a surcharge fee to provide certain licensees with access to an electronic reference library, as provided in Section 58-3a-105.
 - (38) Certain fines collected by the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing for violation of unlawful or unprofessional conduct that are used for education and enforcement purposes, as provided in Section 58-17b-505.
 - (39) Funds collected from a surcharge fee to provide certain licensees with access to an electronic reference library, as provided in Section 58-22-104.
 - (40) Funds collected from a surcharge fee to provide certain licensees with access to an electronic reference library, as provided in Section 58-55-106.
 - (41) Funds collected from a surcharge fee to provide certain licensees with access to an electronic reference library, as provided in Section 58-56-3.5.
 - (42) Certain fines collected by the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing for use in education and enforcement of the Security Personnel Licensing Act, as provided in Section 58-63-103.
 - (43) The Relative Value Study Restricted Account created in Section 59-9-105.
- 2714 (44) The Cigarette Tax Restricted Account created in Section 59-14-204.
 - (45) Funds paid to the Division of Real Estate for the cost of a criminal background check for a mortgage loan license, as provided in Section 61-2c-202.
 - (46) Funds paid to the Division of Real Estate for the cost of a criminal background check for principal broker, associate broker, and sales agent licenses, as provided in Section 61-2f-204.
- 2720 (47) Certain funds donated to the Department of Human Services, as provided in Section 62A-1-111.
- 2722 (48) The National Professional Men's Basketball Team Support of Women and

- 2723 Children Issues Restricted Account created in Section 62A-1-202.
- 2724 (49) Certain funds donated to the Division of Child and Family Services, as provided
- 2725 in Section 62A-4a-110.
- 2726 (50) The Choose Life Adoption Support Restricted Account created in Section
- 2727 62A-4a-608.
- 2728 (51) Funds collected by the Office of Administrative Rules for publishing, as provided
- 2729 in Section 63G-3-402.
- 2730 (52) The Immigration Act Restricted Account created in Section 63G-12-103.
- 2731 (53) Money received by the military installation development authority, as provided in
- 2732 Section 63H-1-504.
- 2733 (54) The Computer Aided Dispatch Restricted Account created in Section 63H-7a-303.
- 2734 (55) The Unified Statewide 911 Emergency Service Account created in Section
- 2735 63H-7a-304.
- 2736 (56) The Utah Statewide Radio System Restricted Account created in Section
- 2737 63H-7a-403.
- 2738 (57) The Employability to Careers Program Restricted Account created in Section
- 2739 63J-4-703.
- 2740 (58) The Motion Picture Incentive Account created in Section 63N-8-103.
- 2741 (59) Certain money payable for expenses of the Pete Suazo Utah Athletic Commission,
- as provided under Section 63N-10-301.
- 2743 (60) Funds collected by the housing of state probationary inmates or state parole
- inmates, as provided in Subsection 64-13e-104(2).
- 2745 (61) Certain forestry and fire control funds utilized by the Division of Forestry, Fire,
- and State Lands, as provided in Section 65A-8-103.
- 2747 (62) The Transportation of Veterans to Memorials Support Restricted Account created
- 2748 in Section 71-14-102.
- 2749 (63) The Amusement Ride Safety Restricted Account, as provided in Section
- 2750 72-16-204.
- 2751 (64) Certain funds received by the Office of the State Engineer for well drilling fines or
- bonds, as provided in Section 73-3-25.
- 2753 (65) The Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund, as provided in

airport operator shall:

2754	Section 73-23-2.			
2755	(66) Funds donated or paid to a juvenile court by private sources, as provided in			
2756	Subsection 78A-6-203(1)(c).			
2757	(67) Fees for certificate of admission created under Section 78A-9-102.			
2758	(68) Funds collected for adoption document access as provided in Sections 78B-6-141,			
2759	78B-6-144, and 78B-6-144.5.			
2760	(69) Funds collected for indigent defense as provided in Title 78B, Chapter 22, Part 4,			
2761	Utah Indigent Defense Commission.			
2762	(70) Revenue for golf user fees at the Wasatch Mountain State Park, Palisades State			
2763	Park, Jordan River State Park, and Green River State Park, as provided under Section			
2764	79-4-403.			
2765	(71) Certain funds received by the Division of Parks and Recreation from the sale or			
2766	disposal of buffalo, as provided under Section 79-4-1001.			
2767	(72) The Drinking While Pregnant Prevention Media and Education Campaign			
2768	Restricted Account created in Section 32B-2-308.			
2769	Section 34. Section 72-10-205.5 is amended to read:			
2770	72-10-205.5. Abandoned aircraft on airport property Seizure and disposal.			
2771	(1) (a) As used in this section, "abandoned aircraft" means an aircraft that:			
2772	(i) remains in an idle state on airport property for 45 consecutive calendar days;			
2773	(ii) is in a wrecked, inoperative, derelict, or partially dismantled condition; and			
2774	(iii) is not in the process of actively being repaired.			
2775	(b) "Abandoned aircraft" does not include an aircraft:			
2776	(i) that has current FAA registration;			
2777	(ii) that has current state registration; or			
2778	(iii) for which evidence is shown indicating repairs are in process, including:			
2779	(A) receipts for parts and labor; or			
2780	(B) a statement from a mechanic making the repairs.			
2781	(2) An airport operator may take possession and dispose of an abandoned aircraft in			
2782	accordance with Subsections (3) through (5).			
2783	(3) Upon determining that an aircraft located on airport property is abandoned, the			

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2785	(a) send, by registered mail, a notice containing the information described in			
2786	Subsection (4) to the last known address of the last registered owner of the aircraft; and			
2787	(b) publish a notice containing the information described in Subsection (4) in a			
2788	newspaper of general circulation in the county where the airport is located if:			
2789	(i) the owner or the address of the owner of the aircraft is unknown; or			
2790	(ii) the mailed notice is returned to the airport operator without a forwarding address.			
2791	(4) The notice described in Subsection (3) shall include:			
2792	(a) the name, if known, and the last known address, if any, of the last registered owner			
2793	of the aircraft;			
2794	(b) a description of the aircraft, including the identification number, the location of the			
2795	aircraft, and the date the aircraft is determined abandoned;			
2796	(c) a statement describing the specific grounds for the determination that the aircraft is			
2797	abandoned;			
2798	(d) the amount of any accrued or unpaid airport charges; and			
2799	(e) a statement indicating that the airport operator intends to take possession and			
2800	dispose of the aircraft if the owner of the aircraft fails to remove the aircraft from airport			
2801	property, after payment in full of any charges described in Subsection (4)(d), within the later			
2802	of:			
2803	(i) 30 days after the day on which the notice is sent in accordance with Subsection			
2804	(3)(a); or			
2805	(ii) 30 days after the day on which the notice is published in accordance with			
2806	Subsection (3)(b), if applicable.			
2807	(5) If the owner of the abandoned aircraft fails to remove the aircraft from airport			
2808	property, after payment in full of any charges described in Subsection (4)(d), within the time			
2809	specified in Subsection (4)(e):			
2810	(a) the abandoned aircraft becomes the property of the airport operator; and			
2811	(b) the airport operator may dispose of the abandoned aircraft:			
2812	(i) in the manner provided in Title 63A, Chapter 2, Part 4, Surplus Property Service; or			
2813	(ii) in accordance with any other lawful method or procedure established by rule or			
2814	ordinance adopted by the airport operator.			

(6) If an airport operator complies with the provisions of this section, the airport

2816	operator is immune from liability for the seizure and disposal of an abandoned aircraft in			
2817	accordance with this section.			
2818	Section 35. Section 73-10g-202 is amended to read:			
2819	73-10g-202. Agricultural Water Optimization Task Force.			
2820	(1) There is created the Agricultural Water Optimization Task Force, consisting of:			
2821	(a) the following voting members:			
2822	(i) one individual representing the Department of Agriculture and Food;			
2823	(ii) one individual representing the board or division;			
2824	(iii) one individual representing the Division of Water Rights;			
2825	(iv) one individual representing the Division of Water Quality;			
2826	(v) one individual representing the interests of the agriculture industry;			
2827	(vi) one individual representing environmental interests;			
2828	(vii) one individual representing water conservancy districts; and			
2829	(viii) three individuals whose primary source of income comes from the production of			
2830	agricultural commodities; and			
2831	(b) one nonvoting member from the higher education community with a background in			
2832	research.			
2833	(2) (a) The commissioner of the Department of Agriculture and Food shall appoint the			
2834	members described in Subsections (1)(a)(i), (v), (vii), and (viii).			
2835	(b) The executive director of the Department of Natural Resources shall appoint the			
2836	members described in Subsections (1)(a)(ii), (iii), and (vi).			
2837	(c) The governor shall appoint the members described in Subsections (1)(a)(iv) and			
2838	(1)(b).			
2839	(3) The division shall provide administrative support to the task force.			
2840	(4) The task force shall select a chair from among its membership.			
2841	(5) Six voting members present constitutes a quorum of the task force. Action by a			
2842	majority of voting members when a quorum is present is an action of the task force.			
2843	(6) Service on the task force is voluntary and a member may not receive compensation			
2844	or benefits for the member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in			
2845	accordance with:			
2846	(a) Section 63A-3-106:			

2847	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and			
2848	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and			
2849	63A-3-107.			
2850	Section 36. Section 73-31-202 is amended to read:			
2851	73-31-202. Statutory water bank application.			
2852	(1) A record holder, other than the United States or an agency of the United States, of a			
2853	perfected water right or a valid diligence claim may request approval for a proposed statutory			
2854	water bank if the place of use and point of diversion for the applicant's water right are			
2855	encompassed within the proposed service area of the proposed statutory water bank and the			
2856	applicant files an application with the board that includes the following:			
2857	(a) the name of the statutory water bank;			
2858	(b) the mailing address for the statutory water bank;			
2859	(c) the type of legal entity recognized under Utah law that constitutes the statutory			
2860	water bank;			
2861	(d) a proposed service area map for the statutory water bank;			
2862	(e) whether the statutory water bank will accept deposits of surface water rights or			
2863	groundwater rights, provided that:			
2864	(i) a statutory water bank may not accept deposits of both surface water rights and			
2865	groundwater rights; and			
2866	(ii) the applicant's perfected water right or valid diligence claim is of the type accepted			
2867	by the statutory water bank;			
2868	(f) a copy of the statutory water bank's governing documents that specify:			
2869	(i) the number of members of the governing body, which may not be an even number;			
2870	(ii) the qualifications for governing members, including terms and election or			
2871	appointment procedures; and			
2872	(iii) the initial governing members' names, telephone numbers, and post office			
2873	addresses;			
2874	(g) a confirmation that the applicant satisfies the criteria listed in Subsection (1)(e)(ii);			
2875	(h) procedures that describe how the statutory water bank will:			
2876	(i) determine and fund the water bank's administrative costs;			
2877	(ii) design, facilitate, and conduct transactions between borrowers and depositors for			

the use of a banked water right; and

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- 2879 (iii) accept, reject, and manage banked water rights, including:
 - (A) what information a depositor shall provide to inform the statutory water bank, the state engineer, or any other distributing entity regarding the feasibility of using the water right within the statutory water bank's designated service area;
 - (B) how a potential depositor is to work with the statutory water bank to jointly file a change application seeking authorization from the state engineer to deposit a water right within the statutory water bank;
 - (C) conditions for depositing a water right with the statutory water bank;
 - (D) how payments to depositors are determined; and
 - (E) under what conditions a depositor may use a water right at the heretofore place of use pursuant to Subsection 73-31-501(4);
 - (iv) accept, review, and approve delivery requests, including:
 - (A) deadlines for submitting a delivery request to the statutory water bank;
 - (B) a cost or fee associated with submitting a delivery request and how that cost or fee is to be applied or used by the statutory water bank;
 - (C) what information a borrower is to include on a delivery request to sufficiently inform the statutory water bank, state engineer, or another distributing entity whether the delivery request is feasible within the statutory water bank's designated service area;
 - (D) any notice and comment procedures for notifying other water users of the delivery request;
 - (E) the criteria the statutory water bank will use to evaluate delivery requests;
 - (F) how the statutory water bank will inform water users who have submitted a delivery request if the delivery request is approved or denied, the reasons for denial if denied, and any applicable conditions if approved;
 - (G) appeal or grievance procedures, if any, for a borrower seeking to challenge a denial of a delivery request, including identifying who has the burden in an appeal and the standards of review:
 - (H) how the statutory water bank will determine prices for the use of loaned water rights; and
- 2908 (I) how the statutory water bank will coordinate with the state engineer to facilitate

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2909	distribution	of approved	delivery requests:
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- (v) how the statutory water bank will ensure that the aggregate amount of loaned water rights during a calendar year does not exceed the total sum of the banked water rights within the statutory water bank; and
- (vi) how the statutory water bank will resolve complaints regarding the statutory water bank's operations;
- (i) the process that the statutory water bank will follow if the statutory water bank terminates, dissolves, or if the board revokes the statutory water bank's permission to operate pursuant to this chapter, including how the statutory water bank will return banked water rights to depositors and how the [statute] statutory water bank will return any amounts owing to depositors; and
- (j) a signed declaration or affidavit from at least two governing members of the statutory water bank affirming that:
 - (i) the information submitted is correct;
- (ii) as a condition for permission to operate, the statutory water bank may not discriminate between the nature of use, depositors, or borrowers;
- (iii) the statutory water bank shall comply with the conditions of an approved changed application for a banked water right; and
- (iv) the statutory water bank shall report to the state engineer known violations of approved change applications.
- (2) The board may prepare a form or online application for an applicant to use in submitting an application to the board under this part.
- Section 37. Section **76-7-305** is amended to read:

2932 76-7-305. Informed consent requirements for abortion -- 72-hour wait mandatory -- Exceptions.

- (1) A person may not perform an abortion, unless, before performing the abortion, the physician who will perform the abortion obtains from the woman on whom the abortion is to be performed a voluntary and informed written consent that is consistent with:
- (a) Section 8.08 of the American Medical Association's Code of Medical Ethics, Current Opinions; and
- 2939 (b) the provisions of this section.

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- (2) Except as provided in Subsection (8), consent to an abortion is voluntary and informed only if, at least 72 hours before the abortion:
 - (a) a staff member of an abortion clinic or hospital, physician, registered nurse, nurse practitioner, advanced practice registered nurse, certified nurse midwife, genetic counselor, or physician's assistant presents the information module to the pregnant woman;
 - (b) the pregnant woman views the entire information module and presents evidence to the individual described in Subsection (2)(a) that the pregnant woman viewed the entire information module;
 - (c) after receiving the evidence described in Subsection (2)(b), the individual described in Subsection (2)(a):
 - (i) documents that the pregnant woman viewed the entire information module;
 - (ii) gives the pregnant woman, upon her request, a copy of the documentation described in Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
 - (iii) provides a copy of the statement described in Subsection (2)(c)(i) to the physician who is to perform the abortion, upon request of that physician or the pregnant woman;
 - (d) after the pregnant woman views the entire information module, the physician who is to perform the abortion, the referring physician, a physician, a registered nurse, nurse practitioner, advanced practice registered nurse, certified nurse midwife, genetic counselor, or physician's assistant, in a face-to-face consultation in any location in the state, orally informs the woman of:
 - (i) the nature of the proposed abortion procedure;
 - (ii) specifically how the procedure described in Subsection (2)(d)(i) will affect the fetus;
 - (iii) the risks and alternatives to the abortion procedure or treatment;
 - (iv) the options and consequences of aborting a medication-induced abortion, if the proposed abortion procedure is a medication-induced abortion;
 - (v) the probable gestational age and a description of the development of the unborn child at the time the abortion would be performed;
 - (vi) the medical risks associated with carrying her child to term;
- 2969 (vii) the right to view an ultrasound of the unborn child, at no expense to the pregnant woman, upon her request; and

(viii) when the result of a prenatal screening or diagnostic test indicates that the unborn
child has or may have Down syndrome, the Department of Health website containing the
information described in Section 26-10-14, including the information on the informational
support sheet; and

- (e) after the pregnant woman views the entire information module, a staff member of the abortion clinic or hospital provides to the pregnant woman:
 - (i) on a document that the pregnant woman may take home:
 - (A) the address for the department's website described in Section 76-7-305.5; and
- (B) a statement that the woman may request, from a staff member of the abortion clinic or hospital where the woman viewed the information module, a printed copy of the material on the department's website;
- (ii) a printed copy of the material on the department's website described in Section 76-7-305.5, if requested by the pregnant woman; and
- (iii) a copy of the form described in Subsection 26-21-33(3)(a)(i) regarding the disposition of the aborted fetus.
 - (3) Before performing an abortion, the physician who is to perform the abortion shall:
- (a) in a face-to-face consultation, provide the information described in Subsection (2)(d), unless the attending physician or referring physician is the individual who provided the information required under Subsection (2)(d); and
- (b) (i) obtain from the pregnant woman a written certification that the information required to be provided under Subsection (2) and this Subsection (3) was provided in accordance with the requirements of Subsection (2) and this Subsection (3);
 - (ii) obtain a copy of the statement described in Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
 - (iii) ensure that:
- (A) [described in Subsections 26-21-33(3) and (4),] the woman has received the information described in Subsections 26-21-33(3) and (4); and
- (B) if the woman has a preference for the disposition of the aborted fetus, the woman has informed the health care facility of the woman's decision regarding the disposition of the aborted fetus.
- (4) When a serious medical emergency compels the performance of an abortion, the physician shall inform the woman prior to the abortion, if possible, of the medical indications

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and

the provisions of this section:

3002	supporting the physician's judgment that an abortion is necessary.
3003	(5) If an ultrasound is performed on a woman before an abortion is performed, the
3004	individual who performs the ultrasound, or another qualified individual, shall:
3005	(a) inform the woman that the ultrasound images will be simultaneously displayed in a
3006	manner to permit her to:
3007	(i) view the images, if she chooses to view the images; or
3008	(ii) not view the images, if she chooses not to view the images;
3009	(b) simultaneously display the ultrasound images in order to permit the woman to:
3010	(i) view the images, if she chooses to view the images; or
3011	(ii) not view the images, if she chooses not to view the images;
3012	(c) inform the woman that, if she desires, the person performing the ultrasound, or
3013	another qualified person shall provide a detailed description of the ultrasound images,
3014	including:
3015	(i) the dimensions of the unborn child;
3016	(ii) the presence of cardiac activity in the unborn child, if present and viewable; and
3017	(iii) the presence of external body parts or internal organs, if present and viewable; and
3018	(d) provide the detailed description described in Subsection (5)(c), if the woman
3019	requests it.
3020	(6) The information described in Subsections (2), (3), and (5) is not required to be
3021	provided to a pregnant woman under this section if the abortion is performed for a reason
3022	described in:
3023	(a) Subsection 76-7-302(3)(b)(i), if the treating physician and one other physician
3024	concur, in writing, that the abortion is necessary to avert:
3025	(i) the death of the woman on whom the abortion is performed; or
3026	(ii) a serious risk of substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function
3027	of the woman on whom the abortion is performed; or
3028	(b) Subsection 76-7-302(3)(b)(ii).

(7) In addition to the criminal penalties described in this part, a physician who violates

(a) is guilty of unprofessional conduct as defined in Section 58-67-102 or 58-68-102;

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where:

3033	(b) shall be subject to:
3034	(i) suspension or revocation of the physician's license for the practice of medicine and
3035	surgery in accordance with Section 58-67-401 or 58-68-401; and
3036	(ii) administrative penalties in accordance with Section 58-67-402 or 58-68-402.
3037	(8) A physician is not guilty of violating this section for failure to furnish any of the
3038	information described in Subsection (2) or (3), or for failing to comply with Subsection (5), if:
3039	(a) the physician can demonstrate by a preponderance of the evidence that the
3040	physician reasonably believed that furnishing the information would have resulted in a severely
3041	adverse effect on the physical or mental health of the pregnant woman;
3042	(b) in the physician's professional judgment, the abortion was necessary to avert:
3043	(i) the death of the woman on whom the abortion is performed; or
3044	(ii) a serious risk of substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function
3045	of the woman on whom the abortion is performed;
3046	(c) the pregnancy was the result of rape or rape of a child, as defined in Sections
3047	76-5-402 and 76-5-402.1;
3048	(d) the pregnancy was the result of incest, as defined in Subsection 76-5-406(2)(j) and
3049	Section 76-7-102; or
3050	(e) at the time of the abortion, the pregnant woman was 14 years of age or younger.
3051	(9) A physician who complies with the provisions of this section and Section
3052	76-7-304.5 may not be held civilly liable to the physician's patient for failure to obtain
3053	informed consent under Section 78B-3-406.
3054	(10) (a) The department shall provide an ultrasound, in accordance with the provisions
3055	of Subsection (5)(b), at no expense to the pregnant woman.
3056	(b) A local health department shall refer a pregnant woman who requests an ultrasound
3057	described in Subsection (10)(a) to the department.
3058	(11) A physician is not guilty of violating this section if:
3059	(a) the information described in Subsection (2) is provided less than 72 hours before
3060	the physician performs the abortion; and
3061	(b) in the physician's professional judgment, the abortion was necessary in a case

(i) a ruptured membrane, documented by the attending or referring physician, will

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3064	cause a	a serious	infection;	or

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- 3065 (ii) a serious infection, documented by the attending or referring physician, will cause a ruptured membrane.
 - Section 38. Section **78A-6-602** is amended to read:

78A-6-602. Referrals -- Nonjudicial adjustments.

- (1) As used in this section, "referral" means a formal referral, a referral to the court under Section 53G-8-211 or Subsection 78A-6-601(2)(b), or a citation issued to a minor for which the court receives notice under Section 78A-6-603.
- (2) (a) A peace officer, or a public official of the state, a county, city, or town charged with the enforcement of the laws of the state or local jurisdiction, shall file a formal referral with the court within 10 days of a minor's arrest.
- (b) If the arrested minor is taken to a detention facility, the peace officer, or public official, shall file the formal referral with the court within 24 hours.
- (c) A peace officer, public official, school district, or school may only make a referral to the court under Section 53G-8-211 for an offense that is subject to referral under Section 53G-8-211.
- (3) If the court receives a referral for a minor who is, or appears to be, within the court's jurisdiction, the court's probation department shall make a preliminary inquiry in accordance with Subsections (5), (6), and (7) to determine whether the minor is eligible to enter into a nonjudicial adjustment.
- (4) If a minor is referred to the court for multiple offenses arising from a single criminal episode, and the minor is eligible under this section for a nonjudicial adjustment, the court's probation department shall offer the minor one nonjudicial adjustment for all offenses arising from the single criminal episode.
 - (5) (a) The court's probation department may:
 - (i) conduct a validated risk and needs assessment; and
- 3090 (ii) request that a prosecuting attorney review a referral in accordance with Subsection 3091 (11) if:
- 3092 (A) the results of the validated risk and needs assessment indicate the minor is high 3093 risk; or
- 3094 (B) the results of the validated risk and needs assessment indicate the minor is

3095 moderate risk and the referral is for a class A misdemeanor violation under Title 76, Chapter 5, 3096 Offenses Against the Person, or Title 76, Chapter 9, Part 7, Miscellaneous Provisions. 3097 (b) If a minor violates Section 41-6a-502, the minor shall: 3098 (i) undergo a drug and alcohol screening; 3099 (ii) if found appropriate by the screening, participate in an assessment; and 3100 (iii) if warranted by the screening and assessment, follow the recommendations of the 3101 assessment. 3102 (6) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), the probation department shall request that 3103 a prosecuting attorney review a referral in accordance with Subsection (11) if: 3104 (a) the referral involves: 3105 (i) a felony offense; or 3106 (ii) a violation of: (A) Section 41-6a-502, driving under the influence; 3107 3108 (B) Section 76-5-112, reckless endangerment creating a substantial risk of death or 3109 serious bodily injury; 3110 (C) Section 76-5-206, negligent homicide; (D) Section 76-9-702.1, sexual battery; 3111 3112 (E) Section 76-10-505.5, possession of a dangerous weapon, firearm, or short barreled 3113 shotgun on or about school premises; or 3114 (F) Section 76-10-509, possession of a dangerous weapon by minor, but only if the 3115 dangerous weapon is a firearm; 3116 (b) the minor has a current suspended order for custody under Subsection 3117 78A-6-117(5)(a); or 3118 (c) the referral involves an offense alleged to have occurred before an individual was 3119 12 years old and the offense is a felony violation of: 3120 (i) Section 76-5-103, aggravated assault resulting in serious bodily injury to another; 3121 (ii) Section 76-5-202, aggravated murder or attempted aggravated murder; 3122 (iii) Section 76-5-203, murder or attempted murder; 3123 (iv) Section 76-5-302, aggravated kidnapping; 3124 (v) Section 76-5-405, aggravated sexual assault; 3125 (vi) Section 76-6-103, aggravated arson;

3126	(vii) Section 76-6-203, aggravated burglary;		
3127	(viii) Section 76-6-302, aggravated robbery; or		
3128	(ix) Section 76-10-508.1, felony discharge of a firearm.		
3129	(7) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (5) and (6), the court's probation department		
3130	shall offer a nonjudicial adjustment to a minor if the minor:		
3131	(i) is referred for an offense that is a misdemeanor, infraction, or status offense;		
3132	(ii) has no more than two prior adjudications; and		
3133	(iii) has no more than three prior unsuccessful nonjudicial adjustment attempts.		
3134	(b) If the court receives a referral for an offense that is alleged to have occurred before		
3135	an individual was 12 years old, the court's probation department shall offer a nonjudicial		
3136	adjustment to the individual, unless the referral includes an offense described in Subsection		
3137	(6)(c).		
3138	(c) (i) For purposes of determining a minor's eligibility for a nonjudicial adjustment		
3139	under this Subsection (7), the court's probation department shall treat all offenses arising out of		
3140	a single criminal episode that resulted in a nonjudicial adjustment as one prior nonjudicial		
3141	adjustment.		
3142	(ii) For purposes of determining a minor's eligibility for a nonjudicial adjustment under		
3143	this Subsection (7), the court's probation department shall treat all offenses arising out of a		
3144	single criminal episode that resulted in one or more prior adjudications as a single adjudication.		
3145	(d) Except as provided in Subsection (6), the court's probation department may offer a		
3146	nonjudicial adjustment to a minor who does not meet the criteria provided in Subsection (7)(a).		
3147	(8) For a nonjudicial adjustment, the court's probation department may require a minor		
3148	to:		
3149	(a) pay a financial penalty of no more than \$250 to the juvenile court, subject to the		
3150	terms established under Subsection (10)(c);		
3151	(b) pay restitution to any victim;		
3152	(c) complete community or compensatory service;		
3153	(d) attend counseling or treatment with an appropriate provider;		
3154	(e) attend [substantive] substance abuse treatment or counseling;		
3155	(f) comply with specified restrictions on activities or associations;		

- (g) attend victim-offender mediation if requested by the victim; and
- (h) comply with any other reasonable action that is in the interest of the minor, the community, or the victim.
- (9) (a) Within seven days of receiving a referral that appears to be eligible for a nonjudicial adjustment in accordance with Subsection (7), the court's probation department shall provide an initial notice to reasonably identifiable and locatable victims of the offense contained in the referral.
- (b) The victim shall be responsible to provide to the probation department upon request:
- (i) invoices, bills, receipts, and any other evidence of injury, loss of earnings, and out-of-pocket loss;
- (ii) documentation and evidence of compensation or reimbursement from an insurance company or an agency of the state, any other state, or the federal government received as a direct result of the crime for injury, loss of earnings, or out-of-pocket loss; and
 - (iii) proof of identification, including home and work address and telephone numbers.
- (c) The inability, failure, or refusal of the victim to provide all or part of the requested information shall result in the probation department determining restitution based on the best information available.
- (10) (a) The court's probation department may not predicate acceptance of an offer of a nonjudicial adjustment on an admission of guilt.
- (b) The court's probation department may not deny a minor an offer of <u>a</u> nonjudicial adjustment due to a minor's inability to pay a financial penalty under Subsection (8).
- (c) The court's probation department shall base a fee, fine, or the restitution for a nonjudicial adjustment under Subsection (8) upon the ability of the minor's family to pay as determined by a statewide sliding scale developed in accordance with Section 63M-7-208 on or after July 1, 2018.
- (d) A nonjudicial adjustment may not extend for more than 90 days, unless a juvenile court judge extends the nonjudicial adjustment for an additional 90 days.
- (e) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (10)(d), a juvenile court judge may extend a nonjudicial adjustment beyond the 180 days permitted under Subsection (10)(d) for a minor who is offered a nonjudicial adjustment under Subsection (7)(b) for a sexual offense under

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doubt: and

3187 Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses, or is referred under Subsection (11)(b)(ii) for a 3188 sexual offense under Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses, that the minor committed 3189 before the minor was 12 years old, if the judge determines that: 3190 (A) the nonjudicial adjustment requires specific treatment for the sexual offense; 3191 (B) the treatment cannot be completed within 180 days after the day on which the 3192 minor entered into the nonjudicial adjustment; and 3193 (C) the treatment is necessary based on a clinical assessment that is developmentally 3194 appropriate for the minor. 3195 (ii) If a juvenile court judge extends a minor's nonjudicial adjustment under Subsection 3196 (10)(e)(i), the judge may extend the nonjudicial adjustment until the minor completes the 3197 treatment under this Subsection (10)(e), but the judge may only grant each extension for 90 3198 days at a time. 3199 (f) If a minor violates Section 76-10-105, the minor may be required to pay a fine or 3200 penalty and participate in a court-approved tobacco education program with a participation fee. 3201 (11) If a prosecuting attorney is requested to review a referral in accordance with 3202 Subsection (5) or (6), a minor fails to substantially comply with a condition agreed upon as part 3203 of the nonjudicial adjustment, or a minor is not offered or declines a nonjudicial adjustment in 3204 accordance with Subsection (7), the prosecuting attorney shall: 3205 (a) review the case; and 3206 (b) (i) dismiss the case; 3207 (ii) refer the case back to the probation department for a new attempt at nonjudicial 3208 adjustment; or 3209 (iii) except as provided in Subsections (12)(b), (13), and 78A-6-602.5(2), file a petition 3210 with the court. 3211 (12) (a) A prosecuting attorney may file a petition only upon reasonable belief that:

Subsection (11)(b)(iii) if the minor has substantially complied with the other conditions agreed

(ii) admissible evidence will be sufficient to support adjudication beyond a reasonable

(b) Failure to pay a fine or fee may not serve as a basis for filing of a petition under

(i) the charges are supported by probable cause;

(iii) the decision to charge is in the interests of justice.

3218	upon in accordance with Subsection (8) or conditions imposed through any other court
3219	diversion program.
3220	(13) A prosecuting attorney may not file a petition against a minor unless:
3221	(a) the prosecuting attorney has statutory authority to file the petition under Section
3222	78A-6-602.5; and
3223	(b) (i) the minor does not qualify for a nonjudicial adjustment under Subsection (7);
3224	(ii) the minor declines <u>a</u> nonjudicial adjustment;
3225	(iii) the minor fails to substantially comply with the conditions agreed upon as part of
3226	the nonjudicial adjustment;
3227	(iv) the minor fails to respond to the probation department's inquiry regarding
3228	eligibility for or an offer of a nonjudicial adjustment after being provided with notice for
3229	preliminary inquiry; or
3230	(v) the prosecuting attorney is acting under Subsection (11).
3231	(14) If the prosecuting attorney files a petition in court or a proceeding is commenced
3232	against a minor under Section 78A-6-603, the court may refer the case to the probation
3233	department for another offer of nonjudicial adjustment.
3234	Section 39. Section 78A-6-602.5 is amended to read:
3235	78A-6-602.5. Petition for a delinquency proceeding.
3236	(1) A prosecuting attorney shall file a petition to commence a proceeding against a
3237	minor for an adjudication of an alleged offense, except as provided in:
3238	(a) Subsection (2);
3239	[(b) Subsection (3);]
3240	[(c)] <u>(b)</u> Section 78A-6-603;
3241	$[\frac{\text{(d)}}{\text{(c)}}]$ Section $[\frac{78\text{A}-6-701}{2}]$ $\frac{78\text{A}-6-703.2}{2}$; and
3242	[(e)] (d) Section $[78A-6-702]$ $78A-6-703.3$.
3243	(2) A prosecuting attorney may not file a petition under Subsection (1) against an
3244	individual for an offense alleged to have occurred before the individual was 12 years old,
3245	unless:
3246	(a) the individual is alleged to have committed a felony violation of:
3247	(i) Section 76-5-103, aggravated assault resulting in serious bodily injury to another;
3248	(ii) Section 76-5-202 aggravated murder or attempted aggravated murder:

3249	(iii) Section 76-5-203, murder or attempted murder;
3250	(iv) Section 76-5-302, aggravated kidnapping;
3251	(v) Section 76-5-405, aggravated sexual assault;
3252	(vi) Section 76-6-103, aggravated arson;
3253	(vii) Section 76-6-203, aggravated burglary;
3254	(viii) Section 76-6-302, aggravated robbery; or
3255	(ix) Section 76-10-508.1, felony discharge of a firearm; or
3256	(b) an offer for a nonjudicial adjustment is made under Section 78A-6-602 and the
3257	minor:
3258	(i) declines to accept the offer for the nonjudicial adjustment; or
3259	(ii) fails to substantially comply with the conditions agreed upon as part of the
3260	nonjudicial adjustment.
3261	Section 40. Section 78B-7-118 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:
3262	78B-7-118 (Effective 07/01/20). Construction with Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
3263	To the extent the provisions of this [part] chapter are more specific than the Utah Rules
3264	of Civil Procedure regarding a civil protective order the provisions of this chapter govern.
3265	Section 41. Effective dates.
3266	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), if approved by two-thirds of all the members
3267	elected to each house, this bill takes effect:
3268	(a) on July 1, 2020; or
3269	(b) if later than July 1, 2020, the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah
3270	Constitution, Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,
3271	the date of veto override.
3272	(2) (a) The amendments to Section 63J-1-602.1 (Effective 10/15/20) take effect on
3273	October 15, 2020.
3274	(b) The amendments to Section 59-2-1101 (Effective 01/01/21) take effect on January
3275	<u>1, 2021.</u>