1	STATUTORY ADJUSTMENTS RELATED TO BUDGET
2	CHANGES
3	2020 FIFTH SPECIAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Jerry W. Stevenson
6	House Sponsor: Bradley G. Last
7 8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill modifies provisions necessary to facilitate modifications made during the 2020
11	Fifth Special Session to the budgets for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2019, and
12	ending June 30, 2020, and the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30,
13	2021.
14	Highlighted Provisions:
15	This bill:
16	 to facilitate modifications made during the 2020 Fifth Special Session to the
17	budgets for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2019, and ending June 30, 2020, and
18	the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021:
19	• allows funds in the Waste Tire Recycling Fund to be used for Department of
20	Environmental Quality operational costs under certain circumstances;
21	• deletes provisions requiring the lieutenant governor to print and distribute the
22	Voter Information Pamphlet and requires the lieutenant governor to publish the
23	Voter Information Pamphlet online;
24	• repeals provisions requiring the Public Employee's Health Benefit Program to
25	provide coverage for in vitro fertilization and genetic testing and requiring
26	certain insurers to study cost savings of in vitro fertilization;
27	• deletes provisions relating to the Department of Health's increase in premium

28	subsidies under the Utah Premium Partnership for Health Insurance Program for the fiscal year
29	beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021;
30	• allows certain funds in the Hospital Provider Assessment Expendable Revenue
31	Fund to be transferred to the General Fund during the fiscal year beginning July
32	1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021;
33	allows certain funds in the Ambulance Service Provider Assessment
34	Expendable Revenue Fund to be transferred to the General Fund during the
35	fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021;
36	• modifies the purposes for which the Liquor Control Fund may be used and the
37	percentage of revenue from the sale of liquor that is credited to the Liquor
38	Control Fund;
39	• modifies the percentage of revenue from the sale of liquor that is credited to the
40	Alcoholic Beverage Control Act Enforcement Fund;
41	• modifies the percentage of revenue from the sale of liquor that is credited to the
42	Underage Drinking Prevention Media and Education Campaign Restricted
43	Account;
44	• increases the total legislative appropriations that may be made annually from the
45	Uninsured Motorist Identification Restricted Account to the Peace Officer
46	Standards and Training Division;
47	• increases the total legislative appropriations that may be made annually to the
48	Department of Health from the Tobacco Settlement Restricted Account for
49	certain child dental and health benefits;
50	• reduces the total legislative appropriations that may be made annually to the
51	Department of Health from the Tobacco Settlement Restricted Account for
52	certain drug prevention programs;
53	• allows the Division of Emergency Management to transfer a certain amount
54	from the State Disaster Recovery Restricted Account to the governor's
55	emergency appropriations during the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and
56	ending June 30, 2021;
57	• requires the Division of Finance to transfer a certain portion of sales and use tax
58	revenue allocated to the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 to the General

59	Fund;
60	• increases the total legislative appropriations that may be made annually to the
61	Department of Health from the Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine
62	Product Restricted Account for certain drug prevention programs;
63	• requires law enforcement to provide a final investigatory report regarding child
64	abuse or neglect to the Division of Child and Family Services upon request and
65	modifies provisions relating to the division's coordination with a law
66	enforcement investigation of child abuse or neglect;
67	• modifies the circumstances under which the Division of Child and Family
68	Services is required to conduct a preremoval investigation of alleged child abuse
69	or neglect;
70	• modifies the county reimbursement rate for housing a state probationary or
71	parole inmate;
72	• delays the effective date of the postpartum recovery leave program for certain
73	state employees; and
74	• modifies the circumstances under which a court may vest legal custody of a
75	minor to address the minor's ungovernable or other behavior, mental health, or
76	disability; and
77	 makes technical and conforming changes.
78	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
79	None
80	Other Special Clauses:
81	This bill provides a special effective date.
82	Utah Code Sections Affected:
83	AMENDS:
84	19-6-807, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 400
85	20A-1-309 (Repealed 08/01/20), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Third Special
86	Session, Chapter 5
87	20A-5-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 31
88	20A-7-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 327
89	20A-7-202.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 277

90	20A-7-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 277
91	20A-7-204.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 255, 275 and last
92	amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 275
93	20A-7-701, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 225
94	20A-7-702, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 31
95	26-18-3.8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 225
96	26-36d-207 , as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 455
97	26-37a-107 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 440
98	32B-2-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 329
99	32B-2-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 400
100	32B-2-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 163
101	41-12a-806, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 55
102	51-9-201 (Superseded 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 96
103	51-9-201 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 365
104	53-2a-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 396
105	59-12-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 44 and 379
106	59-14-807 (Effective 07/01/20), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 347 and last
107	amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 161
108	62A-4a-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 91
109	62A-4a-409, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 193
110	63I-2-249, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 187
111	63J-1-602.2 (Superseded 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters
112	152, 157, and 330
113	63J-1-602.2 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters
114	152, 157, 230, 330, 360, and 365
115	64-13e-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 410
116	67-19-14.7 (Superseded 07/01/20), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 402
117	67-19-14.7 (Effective 07/01/20), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 402
118	78A-6-117 (Superseded 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter
119	214 and last amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 214
120	78A-6-117 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 214,

230 and last amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 214
REPEALS:
31A-22-654, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 187
49-20-420 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 187
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 19-6-807 is amended to read:
19-6-807. Special revenue fund Creation Deposits.
(1) There is created an expendable special revenue fund entitled the "Waste Tire
Recycling Fund."
(2) The fund shall consist of:
(a) the proceeds of the fee imposed under Section 19-6-805; and
(b) penalties collected under this part.
(3) Money in the fund shall be used for:
(a) partial reimbursement of the costs of transporting, processing, recycling, or
disposing of waste tires as provided in this part; and
(b) payment of administrative costs of local health departments as provided in Section
19-6-817.
(4) The Legislature may appropriate money from the fund to pay for:
(a) the costs of the Department of Environmental Quality in administering and
enforcing this part[-]; and
(b) other operational costs of the Department of Environmental Quality, if the
Legislature estimates there is a deficit in the Department of Environmental Quality's budget for
the current or next fiscal year.
Section 2. Section 20A-1-309 (Repealed 08/01/20) is amended to read:
20A-1-309 (Repealed 08/01/20). Regular primary election, 2020 COVID-19
measures.
(1) (a) As used in this section, "mobile voting county" means a county that opts in to
drive-up voting on election day in accordance with Subsection (9).
(b) In relation to conducting the 2020 regular primary election, the Legislature takes
the action described in this section to protect the public health and safety in relation to the

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152 COVID-19 pandemic.

153 (c) If any provision of the Utah Code conflicts with a provision of this section, this 154 section prevails.

155 (2) Notwithstanding any emergency declaration issued under the authority of this state, 156 or any other restriction imposed by the governor, the Department of Health, a local 157 government, a local health department, or any other government entity of the state, and 158 consistent with the requirements of this section, the conduct of the 2020 regular primary 159 election:

160 (a) subject to the provisions of this section, is an essential service, including voting, voter registration, the mailing of ballots, the return of completed ballots, the processing of 161 162 ballots, the counting and tallying of votes, and the release of election results; and

163 (b) except as expressly provided in this section, is not prohibited or affected by the 164 emergency declaration or restriction.

165 (3) The lieutenant governor's office shall, in consultation with the county clerks and 166 consistent with the provisions of this section and other applicable requirements of law, issue 167 protocols to protect the health and safety of voters and government employees in the conduct of 168 the 2020 regular primary election, including:

169 (a) requiring poll workers to use protective gear and to wash hands regularly;

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(b) prohibiting ill poll workers from working; and

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(c) promoting, to the extent practicable, social distancing between poll workers. 172 (4) The lieutenant governor's office shall conduct a campaign to educate the public on

173 the provisions of this section, especially provisions relating to changes in the voter registration, 174 voting methods, and voting process.

175 (5) The lieutenant governor's office may make other modifications relating to 176 deadlines, locations, and methods of conducting the 2020 regular primary election to the extent 177 the modifications are necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.

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(6) For the 2020 regular primary election only:

179 (a) the entire election will be conducted by mail. except that:

180 (i) a mobile voting county may provide drive-up voting, on election day only, in 181 accordance with the requirements of this section;

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(ii) a covered voter, as defined in Section 20A-16-102, may vote in any manner

183	approved by the election officer;
184	(iii) an election officer shall:
185	(A) provide a method of accessible voting to a voter with a disability who is not able to
186	vote by mail; and
187	(B) include, on the election officer's website and with each ballot mailed, instructions
188	regarding how a voter described in Subsection (6)(a)(iii)(A) may vote;
189	(iv) a caretaker for a voter described in Subsection (6)(a)(iii) may vote at the same time
190	and place as the voter;
191	(b) except as provided in Subsection (6)(c), the notice of election shall include the
192	following statement: "To help prevent the spread of the coronavirus, for the 2020 regular
193	primary election only:
194	 the election will be conducted entirely by mail;
195	• drop boxes will be available for depositing mail-in ballots until 8 p.m. on
196	election day;
197	 there will be no polling places on election day;
198	 there will be no in person voting, including no in person early voting;
199	 there will be no in person voter registration;
200	 there will be no voter registration by provisional ballot; and
201	• the voter registration deadline is 11 days before the day of the election.
202	An individual with a disability who is not able to vote a manual ballot by mail may
203	obtain information on voting in an accessible manner from the county's website, by contacting
204	the county clerk, or by reviewing the information included with a ballot mailed to the voter.";
205	(c) the notice of election for a mobile voting county shall include the following
206	statement: "To help prevent the spread of the coronavirus, for the 2020 regular primary election
207	only:
208	 the election will be conducted primarily by mail;
209	 drop boxes will be available for depositing mail-in ballots until 8 p.m. on
210	election day;
211	• there will be no regular polling places on election day, but there will be limited
212	drive-up voting on election day, unless the county clerk cancels drive-up voting
213	based on public health concerns;

•	if drive-up voting is cancelled based on public health concerns, voters will be
required to v	ote by mail;
•	except for drive-up voting on election day only, there will be no in person
voting and n	o in person early voting;
•	there will be no in person voter registration;
•	there will be no voter registration by provisional ballot; and
•	the voter registration deadline is 11 days before the day of the election.
An ir	ndividual with a disability who is not able to vote a manual ballot by mail may
obtain inform	nation on voting in an accessible manner from the county's website, by contacting
the county cl	erk, or by reviewing the information included with a ballot mailed to the voter.";
(d) e	xcept as it relates to drive-up voting for a mobile voting county, and subject to
Subsection (9)(k), Section 20A-5-403 is not in effect;
(e) th	he election officer shall mail to each active voter who is eligible to vote in the
primary, reg	ardless of whether the voter has requested that the election officer not send a ballot
by mail to th	e voter:
(i) a	manual ballot, if the voter is affiliated with a political party for which there is a
primary elec	tion;
(ii) a	notice to each unaffiliated active voter stating that the voter may request a
primary elec	tion ballot; and
(iii)	a manual ballot to each unaffiliated active voter who requests a primary election
ballot;	
(f) e	arly voting will not take place;
(g) r	egistration by provisional ballot will not take place and Section 20A-2-207 is not
in effect;	
(h) p	provisional ballots may only be cast:
(i) b	y mail;
(ii) f	or an individual with a disability, as otherwise authorized by the election officer;
or	
(iii)	for a mobile voting county, at a drive-up voting station;
(i) th	he provisions of Section 20A-3a-205 will only be in effect to the extent they can be
completed in	accordance with Subsection (6)(h);
	An ir obtain inform the county cl (d) e Subsection (((e) th primary, rega by mail to th (i) a primary elect (ii) a primary elect (iii) ballot; (f) ea (g) r in effect; (h) p (i) by (ii) f or (iii)

245	(j) except as it relates to drive-up voting for a mobile voting county, and subject to
246	Subsection (9)(k), Subsections 11-14-202(3), (4)(a)(ii), (4)(a)(iv), (4)(b), and (6) are not in
247	effect;
248	(k) except as it relates to drive-up voting for a mobile voting county, and subject to
249	Subsection (9)(k), the portion of Subsection 11-14-202(4)(a)(iii) following the words "election
250	officer's website" is not in effect;
251	(l) except for a registration completed before April 22, 2020, in person voter
252	registration is not in effect, including registration described in Section 20A-2-201 or
253	Subsection 20A-2-304(1)(a);
254	(m) Subsection 20A-2-307(2)(a) is not in effect;
255	(n) except as it relates to drive-up voting for a mobile voting county, and subject to
256	Subsection (9)(k), Sections 20A-4-101, 20A-4-102, and 20A-4-103 are not in effect;
257	(o) Subsection 20A-4-202(2)(a) is not in effect;
258	(p) the deadline for the canvas to be completed is 21 days after the election;
259	(q) except as it relates to drive-up voting for a mobile voting county, and subject to
260	Subsection (9)(k), Subsections 20A-5-101(4)(b), (4)(c), (4)(e), and (6)(c)(iii) are not in effect;
261	(r) the statement described in Subsections $20A-5-101(4)(d)$ and $20A-7-702[(2)](1)(m)$
262	and $[(2)]$ (1)(n) shall, instead of referring to polling places, refer to:
263	(i) ballot drop boxes; and
264	(ii) for a mobile voting county, drive-up voting stations;
265	[(s) except as it relates to drive-up voting for a mobile voting county, and subject to
266	Subsection (9)(k), the portion of Subsection 20A-7-702(3)(c) following the words "upon
267	request" are not in effect;]
268	[(t)] (s) Subsection 20A-7-801(3)(c) is not in effect;
269	[(u)] (i) except as provided in Subsection (6)(u)(ii), the statement described in
270	Subsection 20A-5-101(6)(b) shall state "A [indicate election type] will be held in [indicate the
271	jurisdiction] on [indicate date of election]. Information relating to the election, including ballot
272	drop box locations, accessible options for voters with a disability, and qualifications of voters
273	may be obtained from the following sources:";
274	(ii) for a mobile voting county, the statement described in Subsection 20A-5-101(6)(b)
275	shall state "A [indicate election type] will be held in [indicate the jurisdiction] on [indicate date

f election]. Information relating to the election, including ballot drop box locations, drive-up oting locations, accessible options for voters with a disability, and qualifications of voters have be obtained from the following sources:"; $[(\tau)] (\underline{u}) \text{ except as it relates to drive-up voting for a mobile voting county, and subject of Subsection (9)(k): (i) the portion of Subsection 20A-5-102(1)(c)(xiii) following the words "date of the election" are not in effect; and (ii) Subsection 20A-5-102(2) is not in effect; [(\pi)] (\underline{v}) \text{ the election officer may modify the number of poll workers to an amount that are election officer determines is appropriate and may alter or otherwise designate the duties of foll workers in general, and of each individual poll worker; [(\pi)] (\underline{w}) \text{ the election officer may reduce the number of watchers and alter or otherwise egulate the placement and conduct of watchers as the election officer determines is appropriate; [(\pi)] (\underline{x}) \text{ in Section } 20A-6-203:$
hay be obtained from the following sources:"; $[(\forall)] (\underline{u}) \text{ except as it relates to drive-up voting for a mobile voting county, and subject of Subsection (9)(k): (i) the portion of Subsection 20A-5-102(1)(c)(xiii) following the words "date of the election" are not in effect; and (ii) Subsection 20A-5-102(2) is not in effect; [(\forall)] (\underline{v}) \text{ the election officer may modify the number of poll workers to an amount that are election officer determines is appropriate and may alter or otherwise designate the duties of foll workers in general, and of each individual poll worker; [(\forall)] (\underline{w}) the election officer may reduce the number of watchers and alter or otherwise egulate the placement and conduct of watchers as the election officer determines is appropriate;$
 [(v)] (u) except as it relates to drive-up voting for a mobile voting county, and subject o Subsection (9)(k): (i) the portion of Subsection 20A-5-102(1)(c)(xiii) following the words "date of the lection" are not in effect; and (ii) Subsection 20A-5-102(2) is not in effect; [(w)] (v) the election officer may modify the number of poll workers to an amount that the election officer determines is appropriate and may alter or otherwise designate the duties of coll workers in general, and of each individual poll worker; [(x)] (w) the election officer may reduce the number of watchers and alter or otherwise egulate the placement and conduct of watchers as the election officer determines is appropriate;
b) Subsection (9)(k): (i) the portion of Subsection 20A-5-102(1)(c)(xiii) following the words "date of the lection" are not in effect; and (ii) Subsection 20A-5-102(2) is not in effect; [(w)] (v) the election officer may modify the number of poll workers to an amount that the election officer determines is appropriate and may alter or otherwise designate the duties of coll workers in general, and of each individual poll worker; [(x)] (w) the election officer may reduce the number of watchers and alter or otherwise egulate the placement and conduct of watchers as the election officer determines is ppropriate;
(i) the portion of Subsection 20A-5-102(1)(c)(xiii) following the words "date of the lection" are not in effect; and (ii) Subsection 20A-5-102(2) is not in effect; [(w)](v) the election officer may modify the number of poll workers to an amount that the election officer determines is appropriate and may alter or otherwise designate the duties of coll workers in general, and of each individual poll worker; [(x)](w) the election officer may reduce the number of watchers and alter or otherwise egulate the placement and conduct of watchers as the election officer determines is appropriate;
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 (ii) Subsection 20A-5-102(2) is not in effect; [(w)] (v) the election officer may modify the number of poll workers to an amount that the election officer determines is appropriate and may alter or otherwise designate the duties of coll workers in general, and of each individual poll worker; [(x)] (w) the election officer may reduce the number of watchers and alter or otherwise egulate the placement and conduct of watchers as the election officer determines is appropriate;
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egulate the placement and conduct of watchers as the election officer determines is oppropriate;
opropriate;
[(y)] (x) in Section 20A-6-203:
(i) the provisions relating to voting booths are not in effect; and
(ii) except as it relates to drive-up voting for a mobile voting county, and subject to
ubsection (9)(k), the provisions relating to ballot boxes are not in effect; and
$\left[\frac{(z)}{(z)}\right]$ (y) an election officer may not release any ballot counts or any other election
esults or updates to the public before 10 p.m. on election day.
(7) For the 2020 regular primary election only, with respect to the version of the Utah
ode otherwise in effect before May 12, 2020:
(a) except as it relates to drive-up voting for a mobile voting county, and subject to
ubsection (9)(k), Subsection 20A-3-202.3(3)(b)(ii) is not in effect;
(b) except as it relates to drive-up voting for a mobile voting county, and subject to
ubsection (9)(k), Subsections 20A-3-302(2)(a)(ii) and (v) and (6)(a), (b), and (c) are not in
ffect;
[(c) Subsection 20A-3-306.5(3)(a) is not in effect;]
[(d)] (c) Chapter 3a, Part 6, Early Voting, is not in effect;
[(e)] (d) except as it relates to drive-up voting for a mobile voting county, and subject
Subsection (9)(k), Chapter 3 <u>a</u> , Part 7, Election Day Voting Center, is not in effect;

307	[(f)] (e) Subsections 20A-5-101(4)(b), (c), and (e) are not in effect;
308	$\left[\frac{(g)}{(f)}\right]$ the portion of Subsection 20A-5-101(4)(d) that follows the words "election
309	officer's website" is not in effect; and
310	[(h)] (g) except as it relates to drive-up voting for a mobile voting county, and subject
311	to Subsection (9)(k), the portion of Subsection 20A-5-101(6)(b) that states "polling places,
312	polling place hours, and" is not in effect.
313	(8) For the 2020 regular primary election only, with respect to the version of the Utah
314	Code otherwise in effect beginning on May 12, 2020:
315	(a) Subsections 20A-2-102.5(2)(a)(i), (2)(b), and (2)(c) are not in effect;
316	(b) the portion of Subsection 20A-2-202(3)(b) following the words "pending election"
317	is not in effect;
318	(c) the portion of Subsection 20A-2-204(6)(c)(iii) following the words "pending
319	election" is not in effect;
320	(d) the portion of Subsection 20A-2-205(7)(b) following the words "pending election"
321	is not in effect;
322	(e) Subsection 20A-2-206(9)(b) is not in effect;
323	(f) Section 20A-3a-105 is not in effect, except:
324	(i) as it applies to an individual with a disability; or
325	(ii) as it relates to drive-up voting for a mobile voting county, subject to Subsection
326	(9)(k);
327	(g) except as it relates to drive-up voting for a mobile voting county, and subject to
328	Subsection (9)(k), Subsections 20A-3a-201(1)(b) and (c) are not in effect;
329	(h) (i) except as it relates to drive-up voting for a mobile voting county, and subject to
330	Subsection (9)(k), Subsections 20A-3a-202(2)(a)(iv) and (v), (8)(a), (b), and (c) are not in
331	effect; and
332	(ii) Subsection 20A-3a-202(10) is not in effect;
333	(i) except as it relates to drive-up voting for a mobile voting county, and subject to
334	Subsection (9)(k), Section 20A-3a-203 is not in effect;
335	(j) the deadline for a postmark or other mark described in Subsection
336	20A-3a-204(2)(a)(i) is extended to on or before election day;
337	(k) the words "in line at" in Subsection 20A-3a-204(2)(d) are replaced with the words

338	"waiting in the vicinity of";
339	(1) except as it relates to drive-up voting for a mobile voting county, and subject to
340	Subsection (9)(k), Subsections $20A-3a-204(2)(b)(i)$, (3), (4), (7), (8), and (9) are not in effect;
341	(m) the words "enter a polling place" in Subsection 20A-3a-208(1) are replaced with
342	the word "vote";
343	(n) except as it relates to drive-up voting for a mobile voting county, and subject to
344	Subsection (9)(k), Subsections 20A-3a-209(1) and (2) are not in effect;
345	(o) Section $20A-3a-301$ is in effect only to the extent that the process can be
346	completed:
347	(i) by mail;
348	(ii) for a mobile voting county, via a drive-up voting center; or
349	(iii) if approved by the lieutenant governor's office, electronic means;
350	(p) except as it relates to drive-up voting for a mobile voting county, and subject to
351	Subsection (9)(k), Section 20A-3a-402 is not in effect;
352	(q) Chapter 3a, Part 6, Early Voting, is not in effect;
353	(r) except as it relates to drive-up voting for a mobile voting county, and subject to
354	Subsection (9)(k), Chapter 3a, Part 7, Election Day Voting Center, is not in effect;
355	(s) Subsection 20A-3a-804(1)(b) shall be completed by mail;
356	(t) except as it relates to drive-up voting for a mobile voting county, and subject to
357	Subsection (9)(k), the portion of Subsection 20A-3a-804(3)(b)(ii) following the words
358	"provisional ballot" is not in effect;
359	(u) Subsection $20A-3a-804(4)(a)$ is not in effect, and the election officer is, instead,
360	required to determine whether each challenged individual is eligible to vote before the day on
361	which the canvass is held;
362	(v) except as it relates to drive-up voting for a mobile voting county, and subject to
363	Subsection (9)(k), Section 20A-3a-805 is not in effect;
364	(w) the requirement in Subsection 20A-4-303(1)(b) regarding a public canvass may be
365	fulfilled by recording the canvass and making the recording available to the public;
366	(x) Subsection 20A-5-403.5(3)(b) is not in effect;
367	(y) except as it relates to drive-up voting for a mobile voting county, and subject to
368	Subsection (9)(k), Subsection 20A-5-205(2) is not in effect;

369	(z) except as it relates to drive-up voting for a mobile voting county, and subject to
370	Subsection (9)(k), Section 20A-5-404 is not in effect;
371	(aa) (i) Subsections 20A-5-405(1)(h)(i) and (2)(c)(ii) are not in effect; and
372	(ii) except as it relates to drive-up voting for a mobile voting county, and subject to
373	Subsection (9)(k), Subsections 20A-5-405(1)(i) and (3)(b)(ii) are not in effect;
374	(bb) except as it relates to drive-up voting for a mobile voting county, and subject to
375	Subsection (9)(k), Sections 20A-5-406 and 20A-5-407 are not in effect; and
376	(cc) the "in person" requirement in Subsection 20A-7-609.5(3)(a)(i) is not in effect.
377	(9) (a) A county is a mobile voting county if, before 5 p.m. on May 1, 2020, the county
378	clerk notifies the lieutenant governor's office that the county will be a mobile voting county.
379	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(j), a mobile voting county shall operate one or
380	more drive-up voting stations during normal polling hours on election day.
381	(c) Only a mobile voting county may operate a drive-up voting station.
382	(d) A mobile voting county may not operate a drive-up voting station at any time other
383	than during normal polling hours on election day.
384	(e) Vehicles in line at a drive-up voting station at 8 p.m. may vote at the drive-up
385	voting station.
386	(f) A mobile voting county shall:
387	(i) establish procedures and requirements to protect the health and welfare of voters
388	and poll workers at a drive-up voting station, including the use of protective gear;
389	(ii) operate the drive-up voting station in a manner that permits a voter to vote while
390	remaining in a vehicle;
391	(iii) take measures to ensure that a voter's vote is secret and secure; and
392	(iv) conduct a campaign to encourage voters to vote by mail rather than at a drive-up
393	voting station.
394	(g) Any duty of care owed by a government entity in relation to a drive-up voting
395	station is the sole responsibility of the mobile voting county, not the state.
396	(h) This section does not impose a duty of care or other legal liability not already owed
397	under the provisions of law.
398	(i) A drive-up voting station is a polling place.
399	(j) (i) The county clerk of a mobile voting county may cancel drive-up voting or close a

400	drive-up voting station if the county clerk determines that cancellation is necessary to protect
401	the public health and welfare.
402	(ii) If cancellation or closure occurs under Subsection $(9)(j)(i)$, the county clerk shall
403	give notice of the cancellation or closure as soon as reasonably possible, in the manner that the
404	county clerk determines is best under the circumstances, and a voter must then vote by placing
405	the ballot that the voter received by mail in a ballot box.
406	(iii) A voter who waits to vote until election day assumes the risk that a drive-up voting
407	station may close at any time to protect the public health and welfare and that the voter may be
408	required to vote by placing the ballot that the voter received by mail in a ballot box.
409	(k) A county clerk of a mobile voting county may, consistent with the provisions of
410	this section and the other requirements of law that remain in effect for the 2020 regular primary
411	election, alter requirements relating to a polling place to the extent necessary to address the
412	practical differences between drive-up voting and voting in a building.
413	(10) This section does not supercede a federal court order entered in relation to
414	elections in San Juan County.
415	Section 3. Section 20A-5-403 is amended to read:
416	20A-5-403. Polling places Booths Ballot boxes Inspections
417	Arrangements.
418	(1) Except as provided in Section 20A-7-609.5, each election officer shall:
419	(a) designate polling places for each voting precinct in the jurisdiction; and
420	(b) obtain the approval of the county or municipal legislative body or local district
421	governing board for those polling places.
422	(2) (a) For each polling place, the election officer shall provide:
423	(i) an American flag;
424	(ii) a sufficient number of voting booths or compartments;
425	(iii) the voting devices, voting booths, ballots, ballot boxes, and any other records and
426	supplies necessary to enable a voter to vote;
427	(iv) the constitutional amendment cards required by Part 1, Election Notices and
428	Instructions;
429	[(v) voter information pamphlets required by Chapter 7, Part 7, Voter Information
430	Pamphlet;]

431	[(vi)] (v) the instructions required by Section 20A-5-102; and
432	[(vii)] (vi) a sign, to be prominently displayed in the polling place, indicating that valid
433	voter identification is required for every voter before the voter may vote and listing the forms
434	of identification that constitute valid voter identification.
435	(b) Each election officer shall ensure that:
436	(i) each voting booth is at a convenient height for writing, and is arranged so that the
437	voter can prepare the voter's ballot screened from observation;
438	(ii) there are a sufficient number of voting booths or voting devices to accommodate
439	the voters at that polling place; and
440	(iii) there is at least one voting booth or voting device that is configured to
441	accommodate persons with disabilities.
442	(c) Each county clerk shall provide a ballot box for each polling place that is large
443	enough to properly receive and hold the ballots to be cast.
444	(3) (a) All polling places shall be physically inspected by each county clerk to ensure
445	access by a person with a disability.
446	(b) Any issues concerning inaccessibility to polling places by a person with a disability
447	discovered during the inspections referred to in Subsection (3)(a) or reported to the county
448	clerk shall be:
449	(i) forwarded to the Office of the Lieutenant Governor; and
450	(ii) within six months of the time of the complaint, the issue of inaccessibility shall be
451	either:
452	(A) remedied at the particular location by the county clerk;
453	(B) the county clerk shall designate an alternative accessible location for the particular
454	precinct; or
455	(C) if no practical solution can be identified, file with the Office of the Lieutenant
456	Governor a written explanation identifying the reasons compliance cannot reasonably be met.
457	(4) (a) The municipality in which the election is held shall pay the cost of conducting
458	each municipal election, including the cost of printing and supplies.
459	(b) (i) Costs assessed by a county clerk to a municipality under this section may not
460	exceed the actual costs incurred by the county clerk.
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461 (ii) The actual costs shall include:

462 (A) costs of or rental fees associated with the use of election equipment and supplies; 463 and 464 (B) reasonable and necessary administrative costs. 465 (5) The county clerk shall make detailed entries of all proceedings had under this 466 chapter. 467 (6) (a) Each county clerk shall, to the extent possible, ensure that the amount of time 468 that an individual waits in line before the individual can vote at a polling location in the county 469 does not exceed 30 minutes. 470 (b) The lieutenant governor may require a county clerk to submit a line management 471 plan before the next election if an individual waits in line at a polling location in the county 472 longer than 30 minutes before the individual can vote. 473 (c) The lieutenant governor may consider extenuating circumstances in deciding 474 whether to require the county clerk to submit a plan described in Subsection (6)(b). 475 (d) The lieutenant governor shall review each plan submitted under Subsection (6)(b) 476 and consult with the county clerk submitting the plan to ensure, to the extent possible, that the 477 amount of time an individual waits in line before the individual can vote at a polling location in 478 the county does not exceed 30 minutes. 479 Section 4. Section **20A-7-103** is amended to read: 480 20A-7-103. Constitutional amendments and other questions submitted by the 481 Legislature -- Publication -- Ballot title -- Procedures for submission to popular vote. 482 (1) The procedures contained in this section govern when the Legislature submits a 483 proposed constitutional amendment or other question to the voters. 484 (2) [In addition to the publication in the voter information pamphlet required by 485 Section 20A-7-702, the] The lieutenant governor shall, not more than 60 days or less than 14 486 days before the date of the election, publish the full text of the amendment, question, or statute 487 in at least one newspaper in every county of the state where a newspaper is published. 488 (3) The legislative general counsel shall: 489 (a) entitle each proposed constitutional amendment "Constitutional Amendment" 490 and assign it a letter according to the requirements of Section 20A-6-107; 491 (b) entitle each proposed question "Proposition Number " with the number assigned 492 to the proposition under Section 20A-6-107 placed in the blank;

493	(c) draft and designate a ballot title for each proposed amendment or question
494	submitted by the Legislature that summarizes the subject matter of the amendment or question;
495	and
496	(d) deliver each number and title to the lieutenant governor.
497	(4) The lieutenant governor shall certify the number and ballot title of each amendment
498	or question to the county clerk of each county no later than 65 days before the date of the
499	election.
500	(5) The county clerk of each county shall:
501	(a) ensure that both the number and title of each amendment and question is printed on
502	the sample ballots and official ballots; and
503	(b) publish them as provided by law.
504	Section 5. Section 20A-7-202.5 is amended to read:
505	20A-7-202.5. Initial fiscal impact estimate Preparation of estimate Challenge
506	to estimate.
507	(1) Within three working days after the day on which the lieutenant governor receives
508	an application for an initiative petition, the lieutenant governor shall submit a copy of the
509	application to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst.
510	(2) (a) The Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst shall prepare an unbiased, good
511	faith initial fiscal impact estimate of the law proposed by the initiative, not exceeding 100
512	words plus 100 words per revenue source created or impacted by the proposed law, that
513	contains:
514	(i) a description of the total estimated fiscal impact of the proposed law over the time
515	period or time periods determined by the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst to be most
516	useful in understanding the estimated fiscal impact of the proposed law;
517	(ii) if the proposed law would increase taxes, decrease taxes, or impose a new tax, a
518	dollar amount representing the total estimated increase or decrease for each type of tax affected
519	under the proposed law, a dollar amount showing the estimated amount of a new tax, and a
520	dollar amount representing the total estimated increase or decrease in taxes under the proposed
521	law;
522	(iii) if the proposed law would increase a particular tax or tax rate, the tax percentage
523	difference and the tax percentage increase for each tax or tax rate increased;

524	(iv) if the proposed law would result in the issuance or a change in the status of bonds,
525	notes, or other debt instruments, a dollar amount representing the total estimated increase or
526	decrease in public debt under the proposed law;
527	(v) a dollar amount representing the estimated cost or savings, if any, to state or local
528	government entities under the proposed law;
529	(vi) if the proposed law would increase costs to state government, a listing of all
530	sources of funding for the estimated costs; and
531	(vii) a concise description and analysis titled "Funding Source," not to exceed 100
532	words for each funding source, of the funding source information described in Subsection
533	20A-7-202(2)(d)(ii).
534	(b) If the proposed law is estimated to have no fiscal impact, the Office of the
535	Legislative Fiscal Analyst shall include a summary statement in the initial fiscal impact
536	statement in substantially the following form:
537	"The Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst estimates that the law proposed by this
538	initiative would have no significant fiscal impact and would not result in either an increase or
539	decrease in taxes or debt."
540	[(3) The Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst shall prepare an unbiased, good faith
541	estimate of the cost of printing and distributing information related to the initiative petition in:]
542	[(a) the voter information pamphlet as required by Chapter 7, Part 7, Voter Information
543	Pamphlet; or]
544	[(b) the newspaper, as required by Section 20A-7-702.]
545	[(4)] (3) Within 25 calendar days after the day on which the lieutenant governor
546	delivers a copy of the application, the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst shall:
547	(a) deliver a copy of the initial fiscal impact estimate to the lieutenant governor's
548	office; and
549	(b) mail a copy of the initial fiscal impact estimate to the first five sponsors named in
550	the initiative application.
551	[(5)] (4) (a) (i) Three or more of the sponsors of the petition may, within 20 calendar
552	days after the day on which the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst delivers the initial
553	fiscal impact estimate to the lieutenant governor's office, file a petition with the appropriate
554	court, alleging that the initial fiscal impact estimate, taken as a whole, is an inaccurate estimate

555 of the fiscal impact of the initiative.

- (ii) After receipt of the appeal, the court shall direct the lieutenant governor to sendnotice of the petition to:
- 558 (A) any person or group that has filed an argument with the lieutenant governor's office 559 for or against the measure that is the subject of the challenge; and
- (B) any political issues committee established under Section 20A-11-801 that has filed
 written or electronic notice with the lieutenant governor that identifies the name, mailing or
 email address, and telephone number of the person designated to receive notice about any
 issues relating to the initiative.
- (b) (i) There is a presumption that the initial fiscal impact estimate prepared by the
 Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst is based upon reasonable assumptions, uses reasonable
 data, and applies accepted analytical methods to present the estimated fiscal impact of the
 initiative.
- (ii) The court may not revise the contents of, or direct the revision of, the initial fiscal
 impact estimate unless the plaintiffs rebut the presumption by clear and convincing evidence
 that establishes that the initial fiscal estimate, taken as a whole, is an inaccurate statement of
 the estimated fiscal impact of the initiative.
- (iii) The court may refer an issue related to the initial fiscal impact estimate to a master
 to examine the issue and make a report in accordance with Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule
 53.
- 575 (c) The court shall certify to the lieutenant governor a fiscal impact estimate for the 576 measure that meets the requirements of this section.
- 577 Section 6. Section **20A-7-203** is amended to read:
- 578 **20A-7-203.** Form of initiative petition and signature sheets.
- 579 (1) (a) Each proposed initiative petition shall be printed in substantially the following580 form:
- 581 "INITIATIVE PETITION To the Honorable _____, Lieutenant Governor:
- We, the undersigned citizens of Utah, respectfully demand that the following proposed law be submitted to the legal voters/Legislature of Utah for their/its approval or rejection at the regular general election/session to be held/ beginning on ____(month\day\year);
- 585 Each signer says:

586	I have personally signed this petition;
587	I am registered to vote in Utah or intend to become registered to vote in Utah before the
588	certification of the petition names by the county clerk; and
589	My residence and post office address are written correctly after my name.
590	NOTICE TO SIGNERS:
591	Public hearings to discuss this petition were held at: (list dates and locations of public
592	hearings.)"
593	(b) If the initiative petition proposes a tax increase, the following statement shall
594	appear, in at least 14-point, bold type, immediately following the information described in
595	Subsection (1)(a):
596	"This initiative petition seeks to increase the current (insert name of tax) rate by (insert
597	the tax percentage difference) percent, resulting in a(n) (insert the tax percentage increase)
598	percent increase in the current tax rate."
599	(c) The sponsors of an initiative shall attach a copy of the proposed law to each
600	initiative petition.
601	(2) Each signature sheet shall:
602	(a) be printed on sheets of paper 8-1/2 inches long and 11 inches wide;
603	(b) be ruled with a horizontal line three-fourths inch from the top, with the space above
604	that line blank for the purpose of binding;
605	(c) contain the title of the initiative printed below the horizontal line, in at least
606	14-point, bold type;
607	(d) be vertically divided into columns as follows:
608	(i) the edge of the first column shall appear .5 inch from the extreme left of the sheet,
609	be.25 inch wide, and be headed, together with the second column, "For Office Use Only";
610	(ii) the second column shall be .25 inch wide;
611	(iii) the third column shall be 2.5 inches wide, headed "Registered Voter's Printed
612	Name (must be legible to be counted)";
613	(iv) the fourth column shall be 2.5 inches wide, headed "Signature of Registered
614	Voter";
615	(v) the fifth column shall be .75 inch wide, headed "Date Signed";
616	(vi) the sixth column shall be three inches wide, headed "Street Address, City, Zip

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617 Code"; and 618 (vii) the seventh column shall be .75 inch wide, headed "Birth Date or Age (Optional)"; 619 (e) be horizontally divided into rows as follows: 620 (i) the top of the first row, for the purpose of entering the information described in 621 Subsection (2)(d), shall be .5 inch high; 622 (ii) the second row shall be .15 inch high and contain the following statement printed 623 or typed in not less than 12-point type: 624 "By signing this petition, you are stating that you have read and understand the law 625 proposed by this petition."; and 626 (iii) the first and second rows shall be repeated, in order, leaving sufficient room at the 627 bottom of the sheet for the information described in Subsection (2)(f); and 628 (f) at the bottom of the sheet, contain in the following order: 629 (i) the title of the initiative, in at least 14-point, bold type: 630 (ii) except as provided in Subsection (4), the initial fiscal impact estimate's summary 631 statement issued by the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst in accordance with Subsection 632 20A-7-202.5(2)(a), including any update in accordance with Subsection 20A-7-204.1(5), [and 633 the cost estimate for printing and distributing information related to the initiative petition in 634 accordance with Subsection 20A-7-202.5(3),] in not less than 12-point, bold type; 635 (iii) the word "Warning," followed by the following statement in not less than 636 eight-point type: 637 "It is a class A misdemeanor for an individual to sign an initiative petition with a name 638 other than the individual's own name, or to knowingly sign the individual's name more than 639 once for the same measure, or to sign an initiative petition when the individual knows that the 640 individual is not a registered voter and knows that the individual does not intend to become 641 registered to vote before the certification of the petition names by the county clerk."; 642 (iv) the following statement: "Birth date or age information is not required, but it may 643 be used to verify your identity with voter registration records. If you choose not to provide it, 644 your signature may not be verified as a valid signature if you change your address before 645 petition signatures are verified or if the information you provide does not match your voter 646 registration records."; and 647 (v) if the initiative petition proposes a tax increase, spanning the bottom of the sheet,

648 horizontally, in not less than 14-point, bold type, the following statement:

- 649 "This initiative petition seeks to increase the current (insert name of tax) rate by (insert
 650 the tax percentage difference) percent, resulting in a(n) (insert the tax percentage increase)
 651 percent increase in the current tax rate."
- 652 (3) The final page of each initiative packet shall contain the following printed or typed653 statement:
- 654 "Verification
- 655 State of Utah, County of ____
- 656 I, _____, of ____, hereby state, under penalty of perjury, that:

I am a resident of Utah and am at least 18 years old;

658 All the names that appear in this packet were signed by individuals who professed to be 659 the individuals whose names appear in it, and each of the individuals signed the individual's 660 name on it in my presence;

I believe that each individual has printed and signed the individual's name and written the individual's post office address and residence correctly, that each signer has read and understands the law proposed by the initiative, and that each signer is registered to vote in Utah or intends to become registered to vote before the certification of the petition names by the county clerk.

666 Each individual who signed the packet wrote the correct date of signature next to the 667 individual's name.

I have not paid or given anything of value to any individual who signed this petition toencourage that individual to sign it.

- 670
- (7

671 (Name) (Residence Address) (Date)"
672 (4) If the initial fiscal impact estimate described in Subsection (2)(f), as updated in
673 accordance with Subsection 20A-7-204.1(5), exceeds 200 words, the Office of the Legislative
674 Fiscal Analyst shall prepare a shorter summary statement, for the purpose of inclusion on a
675 signature sheet, that does not exceed 200 words.
676 (5) If the forme described in this section are schetarticlla followed the initiation

- 676 (5) If the forms described in this section are substantially followed, the initiative677 petitions are sufficient, notwithstanding clerical and merely technical errors.
- 678 Section 7. Section **20A-7-204.1** is amended to read:

679	20A-7-204.1. Public hearings to be held before initiative petitions are circulated
680	Changes to an initiative and initial fiscal impact estimate.
681	(1) (a) After issuance of the initial fiscal impact estimate by the Office of the
682	Legislative Fiscal Analyst and before circulating initiative petitions for signature statewide,
683	sponsors of the initiative petition shall hold at least seven public hearings throughout Utah as
684	follows:
685	(i) one in the Bear River region Box Elder, Cache, or Rich County;
686	(ii) one in the Southwest region Beaver, Garfield, Iron, Kane, or Washington
687	County;
688	(iii) one in the Mountain region Summit, Utah, or Wasatch County;
689	(iv) one in the Central region Juab, Millard, Piute, Sanpete, Sevier, or Wayne
690	County;
691	(v) one in the Southeast region Carbon, Emery, Grand, or San Juan County;
692	(vi) one in the Uintah Basin region Daggett, Duchesne, or Uintah County; and
693	(vii) one in the Wasatch Front region Davis, Morgan, Salt Lake, Tooele, or Weber
694	County.
695	(b) Of the seven public hearings, the sponsors of the initiative shall hold at least two of
696	the public hearings in a first or second class county, but not in the same county.
697	(c) The sponsors may not hold a public hearing described in this section until the later
698	of:
699	(i) one day after the day on which a sponsor receives a copy of the initial fiscal impact
700	estimate under Subsection 20A-7-202.5[(4)](3)(b); or
701	(ii) if three or more sponsors file a petition challenging the accuracy of the initial fiscal
702	impact statement under Section 20A-7-202.5, the day after the day on which the action is final.
703	(2) The sponsors shall:
704	(a) before 5 p.m. at least three calendar days before the date of the public hearing,
705	provide written notice of the public hearing to:
706	(i) the lieutenant governor for posting on the state's website; and
707	(ii) each state senator, state representative, and county commission or county council
708	member who is elected in whole or in part from the region where the public hearing will be
709	held; and

710	(b) publish written notice of the public hearing, including the time, date, and location
711	of the public hearing, in each county in the region where the public hearing will be held:
712	(i) (A) at least three calendar days before the day of the public hearing, in a newspaper
713	of general circulation in the county;
714	(B) if there is no newspaper of general circulation in the county, at least three calendar
715	days before the day of the public hearing, by posting one copy of the notice, and at least one
716	additional copy of the notice per 2,000 population of the county, in places within the county
717	that are most likely to give notice to the residents of the county; or
718	(C) at least seven days before the day of the public hearing, by mailing notice to each
719	residence in the county;
720	(ii) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701, for at least three
721	calendar days before the day of the public hearing;
722	(iii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101, for at least three calendar days before the
723	day of the public hearing; and
724	(iv) on the county's website for at least three calendar days before the day of the public
725	hearing.
726	(3) If the initiative petition proposes a tax increase, the written notice described in
727	Subsection (2) shall include the following statement, in bold, in the same font and point size as
728	the largest font and point size appearing in the notice:
729	"This initiative petition seeks to increase the current (insert name of tax) rate by (insert
730	the tax percentage difference) percent, resulting in a(n) (insert the tax percentage increase)
731	percent increase in the current tax rate."
732	(4) (a) During the public hearing, the sponsors shall either:
733	(i) video tape or audio tape the public hearing and, when the hearing is complete,
734	deposit the complete audio or video tape of the meeting with the lieutenant governor; or
735	(ii) take comprehensive minutes of the public hearing, detailing the names and titles of
736	each speaker and summarizing each speaker's comments.
737	(b) The lieutenant governor shall make copies of the tapes or minutes available to the
738	public.
739	(c) For each public hearing, the sponsors shall:
740	(i) during the entire time that the public hearing is held, post a copy of the initial fiscal

741	impact statement in a conspicuous location at the entrance to the room where the sponsors hold
742	the public hearing; and
743	(ii) place at least 50 copies of the initial fiscal impact statement, for distribution to
744	public hearing attendees, in a conspicuous location at the entrance to the room where the
745	sponsors hold the public hearing.
746	(5) (a) Before 5 p.m. within 14 days after the day on which the sponsors conduct the
747	seventh public hearing described in Subsection (1)(a), and before circulating an initiative
748	petition for signatures, the sponsors of the initiative petition may change the text of the
749	proposed law if:
750	(i) a change to the text is:
751	(A) germane to the text of the proposed law filed with the lieutenant governor under
752	Section 20A-7-202; and
753	(B) consistent with the requirements of Subsection 20A-7-202(5); and
754	(ii) each sponsor signs, attested to by a notary public, an application addendum to
755	change the text of the proposed law.
756	(b) (i) Within three working days after the day on which the lieutenant governor
757	receives an application addendum to change the text of the proposed law in an initiative
758	petition, the lieutenant governor shall submit a copy of the application addendum to the Office
759	of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst.
760	(ii) The Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst shall update the initial fiscal impact
761	estimate by following the procedures and requirements of Section 20A-7-202.5 to reflect a
762	change to the text of the proposed law.
763	Section 8. Section 20A-7-701 is amended to read:
764	20A-7-701. Voter information pamphlet to be prepared.
765	(1) The lieutenant governor shall cause to be [printed] prepared a voter information
766	pamphlet designed to inform the voters of the state of the content, effect, operation, fiscal
767	impact, and the supporting and opposing arguments of any measure submitted to the voters by
768	the Legislature or by a statewide initiative or referendum petition.
769	(2) The pamphlet shall also include a separate section prepared, analyzed, and
770	submitted by the Judicial Council describing the judicial selection and retention process.
771	[(3) The lieutenant governor shall cause to be printed as many voter information

772	pamphlets as needed to comply with the provisions of this chapter.]
773	[(4)] (3) Voter information pamphlets prepared in association with a local initiative or
774	a local referendum shall be prepared in accordance with the procedures and requirements of
775	Section 20A-7-402.
776	Section 9. Section 20A-7-702 is amended to read:
777	20A-7-702. Voter information pamphlet Form Contents.
778	[(1) The lieutenant governor shall ensure that all information submitted for publication
779	in the voter information pamphlet is:]
780	[(a) printed and bound in a single pamphlet;]
781	[(b) printed in clear readable type, no less than 10 point, except that the text of any
782	measure may be set forth in eight-point type; and]
783	[(c) printed on a quality and weight of paper that best serves the voters.]
784	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(1)}\right]$ The voter information pamphlet shall contain the following items in this
785	order:
786	(a) a cover title page;
787	(b) an introduction to the pamphlet by the lieutenant governor;
788	(c) a table of contents;
789	(d) a list of all candidates for constitutional offices;
790	(e) a list of candidates for each legislative district;
791	(f) a 100-word statement of qualifications for each candidate for the office of governor,
792	lieutenant governor, attorney general, state auditor, or state treasurer, if submitted by the
793	candidate to the lieutenant governor's office before 5 p.m. on the first business day in August
794	before the date of the election;
795	(g) information pertaining to all measures to be submitted to the voters, beginning a
796	new page for each measure and containing, in the following order for each measure:
797	(i) a copy of the number and ballot title of the measure;
798	(ii) the final vote cast by the Legislature on the measure if it is a measure submitted by
799	the Legislature or by referendum;
800	(iii) the impartial analysis of the measure prepared by the Office of Legislative
801	Research and General Counsel;
802	(iv) the arguments in favor of the measure, the rebuttal to the arguments in favor of the

803	measure, the arguments against the measure, and the rebuttal to the arguments against the
804	measure, with the name and title of the authors at the end of each argument or rebuttal;
805	(v) for each constitutional amendment, a complete copy of the text of the constitutional
806	amendment, with all new language underlined, and all deleted language placed within brackets;
807	(vi) for each initiative qualified for the ballot:
808	(A) a copy of the measure as certified by the lieutenant governor and a copy of the
809	fiscal impact estimate prepared according to Section 20A-7-202.5; and
810	(B) if the initiative proposes a tax increase, the following statement in bold type:
811	"This initiative seeks to increase the current (insert name of tax) rate by (insert the tax
812	percentage difference) percent, resulting in a(n) (insert the tax percentage increase) percent
813	increase in the current tax rate."; and
814	(vii) for each referendum qualified for the ballot, a complete copy of the text of the law
815	being submitted to the voters for their approval or rejection, with all new language underlined
816	and all deleted language placed within brackets, as applicable;
817	(h) a description provided by the Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission of the
818	selection and retention process for judges, including, in the following order:
819	(i) a description of the judicial selection process;
820	(ii) a description of the judicial performance evaluation process;
821	(iii) a description of the judicial retention election process;
822	(iv) a list of the criteria of the judicial performance evaluation and the minimum
823	performance standards;
824	(v) the names of the judges standing for retention election; and
825	(vi) for each judge:
826	(A) a list of the counties in which the judge is subject to retention election;
827	(B) a short biography of professional qualifications and a recent photograph;
828	(C) a narrative concerning the judge's performance;
829	(D) for each standard of performance, a statement identifying whether or not the judge
830	met the standard and, if not, the manner in which the judge failed to meet the standard;
831	(E) a statement identifying whether or not the Judicial Performance Evaluation
832	Commission recommends the judge be retained or declines to make a recommendation and the
833	number of votes for and against the commission's recommendation;

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(F) any statement provided by a judge who is not recommended for retention by the
Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission under Section 78A-12-203;

- (G) in a bar graph, the average of responses to each survey category, displayed with an
 identification of the minimum acceptable score as set by Section 78A-12-205 and the average
 score of all judges of the same court level; and
- (H) a website address that contains the Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission's
 report on the judge's performance evaluation;

(i) for each judge, a statement provided by the Utah Supreme Court identifying the
cumulative number of informal reprimands, when consented to by the judge in accordance with
Title 78A, Chapter 11, Judicial Conduct Commission, formal reprimands, and all orders of
censure and suspension issued by the Utah Supreme Court under Utah Constitution, Article
VIII, Section 13, during the judge's current term and the immediately preceding term, and a
detailed summary of the supporting reasons for each violation of the Code of Judicial Conduct
that the judge has received;

(j) an explanation of ballot marking procedures prepared by the lieutenant governor,
indicating the ballot marking procedure used by each county and explaining how to mark the
ballot for each procedure;

(k) voter registration information, including information on how to obtain a ballot;

852

(l) a list of all county clerks' offices and phone numbers;

- 853 (m) the address of the Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website, with a 854 statement indicating that the election officer will post on the website any changes to the 855 location of a polling place and the location of any additional polling place;
- (n) a phone number that a voter may call to obtain information regarding the locationof a polling place; and
- 858 (o) on the back cover page, a printed copy of the following statement signed by the859 lieutenant governor:
- 860 "I, ______ (print name), Lieutenant Governor of Utah, certify that the
 861 measures contained in this pamphlet will be submitted to the voters of Utah at the election to
 862 be held throughout the state on _____ (date of election), and that this pamphlet is complete and
 863 correct according to law.

864 SEAL

865	Witness my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at Salt Lake City, Utah this day
866	of (month), (year)
867	(signed)
868	Lieutenant Governor"
869	$\left[\frac{(3)}{(2)}\right]$ No earlier than 75 days, and no later than 15 days, before the day on which
870	voting commences, the lieutenant governor shall[:] make all information provided in the voter
871	information pamphlet available on the Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website
872	Program described in Section 20A-7-801.
873	[(a) (i) distribute one copy of the voter information pamphlet to each household within
874	the state;]
875	[(ii) distribute to each household within the state a notice:]
876	[(A) printed on a postage prepaid, preaddressed return form that a person may use to
877	request delivery of a voter information pamphlet by mail;]
878	[(B) that states the address of the Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website
879	authorized by Section 20A-7-801; and]
880	[(C) that states the phone number a voter may call to request delivery of a voter
881	information pamphlet by mail; or]
882	[(iii) ensure that one copy of the voter information pamphlet is placed in one issue of
883	every newspaper of general circulation in the state;]
884	[(b) ensure that a sufficient number of printed voter information pamphlets are
885	available for distribution as required by this section;]
886	[(c) provide voter information pamphlets to each county clerk for free distribution upon
887	request and for placement at polling places; and]
888	[(d) ensure that the distribution of the voter information pamphlets is completed 15
889	days before the election.]
890	[(4)] (3) The lieutenant governor may distribute a voter information pamphlet at a
891	location frequented by a person who cannot easily access the Statewide Electronic Voter
892	Information Website authorized by Section 20A-7-801.
893	Section 10. Section 26-18-3.8 is amended to read:
894	26-18-3.8. Maximizing use of premium assistance programs Utah's Premium
895	Partnership for Health Insurance.

896	(1) (a) The department shall seek to maximize the use of Medicaid and Children's
897	Health Insurance Program funds for assistance in the purchase of private health insurance
898	coverage for Medicaid-eligible and non-Medicaid-eligible individuals.
899	(b) The department's efforts to expand the use of premium assistance shall:
900	(i) include, as necessary, seeking federal approval under all Medicaid and Children's
901	Health Insurance Program premium assistance provisions of federal law, including provisions
902	of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148;
903	(ii) give priority to, but not be limited to, expanding the state's Utah Premium
904	Partnership for Health Insurance Program, including as required under Subsection (2); and
905	(iii) encourage the enrollment of all individuals within a household in the same plan,
906	where possible, including enrollment in a plan that allows individuals within the household
907	transitioning out of Medicaid to retain the same network and benefits they had while enrolled
908	in Medicaid.
909	(2) The department shall seek federal approval of an amendment to the state's Utah
910	Premium Partnership for Health Insurance program to adjust the eligibility determination for
911	single adults and parents who have an offer of employer sponsored insurance. The amendment
912	shall:
913	(a) be within existing appropriations for the Utah Premium Partnership for Health
914	Insurance program; and
915	(b) provide that adults who are up to 200% of the federal poverty level are eligible for
916	premium subsidies in the Utah Premium Partnership for Health Insurance program.
917	[(3) For fiscal year 2021-22, the department shall seek authority to increase the
918	maximum premium subsidy per month for adults under the Utah Premium Partnership for
919	Health Insurance program to \$300.]
920	[(4) Beginning with fiscal year 2021-22, and in each subsequent year, the department
921	may increase premium subsidies for single adults and parents who have an offer of
922	employer-sponsored insurance to keep pace with the increase in insurance premium costs
923	subject to appropriation of additional funding.]
924	Section 11. Section 26-36d-207 is amended to read:
925	26-36d-207. Hospital Provider Assessment Expendable Revenue Fund.
926	(1) There is created an expendable special revenue fund known as the "Hospital

927	Provider Assessment Expendable Revenue Fund."
928	(2) The fund shall consist of:
929	(a) the assessments collected by the department under this chapter;
930	(b) any interest and penalties levied with the administration of this chapter; and
931	(c) any other funds received as donations for the fund and appropriations from other
932	sources.
933	(3) Money in the fund shall be used:
934	(a) to support capitated rates consistent with Subsection 26-36d-203(1)(d) for
935	accountable care organizations; and
936	(b) to reimburse money collected by the division from a hospital through a mistake
937	made under this chapter.
938	(4) (a) Subject to Subsection (4)(b), for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and
939	ending July 1, 2021, any fund balance in excess of the amount necessary to pay for the costs
940	described in Subsection (3) shall be deposited into the General Fund.
941	(b) Subsection (4)(a) applies only to funds that were appropriated by the Legislature
942	from the General Fund to the fund.
943	Section 12. Section 26-37a-107 is amended to read:
944	26-37a-107. Ambulance Service Provider Assessment Expendable Revenue Fund.
945	(1) There is created an expendable special revenue fund known as the "Ambulance
946	Service Provider Assessment Expendable Revenue Fund."
947	(2) The fund shall consist of:
948	(a) the assessments collected by the division under this chapter;
949	(b) the penalties collected by the division under this chapter;
950	(c) donations to the fund; and
951	(d) appropriations by the Legislature.
952	(3) Money in the fund shall be used:
953	(a) to support fee-for-service rates; and
954	(b) to reimburse money to an ambulance service provider that is collected by the
955	division from the ambulance service provider through a mistake made under this chapter.
956	(4) (a) Subject to Subsection (4)(b), for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and
957	ending July 1, 2021, any fund balance in excess of the amount necessary to pay for the costs

958	described in Subsection (3) shall be deposited into the General Fund.
959	(b) Subsection (4)(a) applies only to funds that were appropriated by the Legislature
960	from the General Fund to the fund.
961	Section 13. Section 32B-2-301 is amended to read:
962	32B-2-301. State property Liquor Control Fund Money to be retained by
963	department Department building process.
964	(1) The following are property of the state:
965	(a) the money received in the administration of this title, except as otherwise provided;
966	and
967	(b) property acquired, administered, possessed, or received by the department.
968	(2) (a) There is created an enterprise fund known as the "Liquor Control Fund."
969	(b) Except as provided in Section 32B-2-304, the department shall deposit the
970	following into the Liquor Control Fund:
971	(i) money received in the administration of this title; [and]
972	(ii) money received from the markup described in Section 32B-2-304[.]; and
973	(iii) money credited under Subsection (3).
974	(c) The department may draw from the Liquor Control Fund only to the extent
975	appropriated by the Legislature or provided by statute.
976	(d) The net position of the Liquor Control Fund may not fall below zero.
977	(3) (a) The department shall deposit 0.125% of the total gross revenue from the sale of
978	liquor with the state treasurer to be credited to the Liquor Control Fund.
979	(b) The department shall deposit 0.27% of the total gross revenue from the sale of
980	liquor with the state treasurer, as determined by the total gross revenue collected for the fiscal
981	year two years preceding the fiscal year for which the deposit is made, to be credited to the
982	Liquor Control Fund.
983	$\left[\frac{(3)}{(4)}\right]$ (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(c), the department may draw by warrant
984	from the Liquor Control Fund without an appropriation for an expenditure that is directly
985	incurred by the department:
986	(i) to purchase an alcoholic product;
987	(ii) to transport an alcoholic product from the supplier to a warehouse of the
988	department; or

989	(iii) for variances related to an alcoholic product, including breakage or theft.
990	(b) If the balance of the Liquor Control Fund is not adequate to cover a warrant that the
991	department draws against the Liquor Control Fund, to the extent necessary to cover the
992	warrant, the cash resources of the General Fund may be used.
993	[(4)] (5) (a) As used in this Subsection $[(4)]$ (5), "base budget" means the same as that
994	term is defined in legislative rule.
995	(b) The department's base budget shall include as an appropriation from the Liquor
996	Control Fund:
997	(i) credit card related fees paid by the department;
998	(ii) package agency compensation; and
999	(iii) the department's costs of shipping and warehousing alcoholic products.
1000	[(5)] (a) The Division of Finance shall transfer annually from the Liquor Control
1001	Fund to the General Fund a sum equal to the amount of net profit earned from the sale of liquor
1002	since the preceding transfer of money under this Subsection $[(5)]$ (6).
1003	(b) After each fiscal year, the Division of Finance shall calculate the amount for the
1004	transfer on or before September 1 and the Division of Finance shall make the transfer on or
1005	before September 30.
1006	(c) The Division of Finance may make year-end closing entries in the Liquor Control
1007	Fund to comply with Subsection 51-5-6(2).
1008	[(6)] (7) (a) By the end of each day, the department shall:
1009	(i) make a deposit to a qualified depository, as defined in Section $51-7-3$; and
1010	(ii) report the deposit to the state treasurer.
1011	(b) A commissioner or department employee is not personally liable for a loss caused
1012	by the default or failure of a qualified depository.
1013	(c) Money deposited in a qualified depository is entitled to the same priority of
1014	payment as other public funds of the state.
1015	[(7)] (8) Before the Division of Finance makes the transfer described in Subsection
1016	[(5)] (6), the department may retain each fiscal year from the Liquor Control Fund \$1,000,000
1017	that the department may use for:
1018	(a) capital equipment purchases;
1019	(b) salary increases for department employees;

1020	(c) performance awards for department employees; or
1021	(d) information technology enhancements because of changes or trends in technology.
1022	Section 14. Section 32B-2-305 is amended to read:
1023	32B-2-305. Alcoholic Beverage Control Act Enforcement Fund.
1024	(1) As used in this section:
1025	(a) "Alcohol-related law enforcement officer" is as defined in Section 32B-1-201.
1026	(b) "Enforcement ratio" is as defined in Section 32B-1-201.
1027	(c) "Fund" means the Alcoholic Beverage Control Act Enforcement Fund created in
1028	this section.
1029	(2) There is created an expendable special revenue fund known as the "Alcoholic
1030	Beverage Control Act Enforcement Fund."
1031	(3) (a) The fund consists of:
1032	(i) deposits made under Subsection (4); and
1033	(ii) interest earned on the fund.
1034	(b) The fund shall earn interest. Interest on the fund shall be deposited into the fund.
1035	(4) After the deposit made under Section $32B-2-304$ for the school lunch program, the
1036	department shall deposit $[1\%]$ 0.875% of the total gross revenue from the sale of liquor with
1037	the state treasurer to be credited to the fund to be used by the Department of Public Safety as
1038	provided in Subsection (5).
1039	(5) (a) The Department of Public Safety shall expend money from the fund to
1040	supplement appropriations by the Legislature so that the Department of Public Safety maintains
1041	a sufficient number of alcohol-related law enforcement officers such that beginning on July 1,
1042	2012, each year the enforcement ratio as of July 1 is equal to or less than the number specified
1043	in Section 32B-1-201.
1044	(b) Beginning July 1, 2012, four alcohol-related law enforcement officers shall have as
1045	a primary focus the enforcement of this title in relationship to restaurants.
1046	Section 15. Section 32B-2-306 is amended to read:
1047	32B-2-306. Underage drinking prevention media and education campaign.
1048	(1) As used in this section:
1049	(a) "Advisory council" means the Utah Substance Use and Mental Health Advisory
1050	Council created in Section 63M-7-301.

1051	(b) "Restricted account" means the Underage Drinking Prevention Media and
1052	Education Campaign Restricted Account created in this section.
1053	(2) (a) There is created a restricted account within the General Fund known as the
1054	"Underage Drinking Prevention Media and Education Campaign Restricted Account."
1055	(b) The restricted account consists of:
1056	(i) deposits made under Subsection (3); and
1057	(ii) interest earned on the restricted account.
1058	(3) The department shall deposit $[0.6\%]$ <u>0.468%</u> of the total gross revenue from sales
1059	of liquor with the state treasurer, as determined by the total gross revenue collected for the
1060	fiscal year two years preceding the fiscal year for which the deposit is made, to be credited to
1061	the restricted account and to be used by the department as provided in Subsection (5).
1062	(4) The advisory council shall:
1063	(a) provide ongoing oversight of a media and education campaign funded under this
1064	section;
1065	(b) create an underage drinking prevention workgroup consistent with guidelines
1066	proposed by the advisory council related to the membership and duties of the underage
1067	drinking prevention workgroup;
1068	(c) create guidelines for how money appropriated for a media and education campaign
1069	can be used;
1070	(d) include in the guidelines established pursuant to this Subsection (4) that a media
1071	and education campaign funded under this section is carefully researched and developed, and
1072	appropriate for target groups; and
1073	(e) approve plans submitted by the department in accordance with Subsection (5).
1074	(5) (a) Subject to appropriation from the Legislature, the department shall expend
1075	money from the restricted account to direct and fund one or more media and education
1076	campaigns designed to reduce underage drinking in cooperation with the advisory council.
1077	(b) The department shall:
1078	(i) in cooperation with the underage drinking prevention workgroup created under
1079	Subsection (4), prepare and submit a plan to the advisory council detailing the intended use of
1080	the money appropriated under this section;
1081	(ii) upon approval of the plan by the advisory council, conduct the media and education

1082 campaign in accordance with the guidelines made by the advisory council; and 1083 (iii) submit to the advisory council annually by no later than October 1, a written report 1084 detailing the use of the money for the media and education campaigns conducted under this 1085 Subsection (5) and the impact and results of the use of the money during the prior fiscal year 1086 ending June 30. 1087 Section 16. Section **41-12a-806** is amended to read: 1088 41-12a-806. Restricted account -- Creation -- Funding -- Interest -- Purposes. 1089 (1) There is created within the Transportation Fund a restricted account known as the 1090 "Uninsured Motorist Identification Restricted Account." 1091 (2) The account consists of money generated from the following revenue sources: 1092 (a) money received by the state under Section 41-1a-1218, the uninsured motorist 1093 identification fee; 1094 (b) money received by the state under Section 41-1a-1220, the registration 1095 reinstatement fee; and 1096 (c) appropriations made to the account by the Legislature. 1097 (3) (a) The account shall earn interest. 1098 (b) All interest earned on account money shall be deposited into the account. 1099 (4) The Legislature shall appropriate money from the account to: 1100 (a) the department to fund the contract with the designated agent; 1101 (b) the department to offset the costs to state and local law enforcement agencies of 1102 using the information for the purposes authorized under this part; 1103 (c) the Tax Commission to offset the costs to the Motor Vehicle Division for revoking 1104 and reinstating vehicle registrations under Subsection 41-1a-110(2)(a)(ii); and 1105 (d) the department to reimburse a person for the costs of towing and storing the 1106 person's vehicle if: 1107 (i) the person's vehicle was impounded in accordance with Subsection 41-1a-1101(2): 1108 (ii) the impounded vehicle had owner's or operator's security in effect for the vehicle at 1109 the time of the impoundment; 1110 (iii) the database indicated that owner's or operator's security was not in effect for the 1111 impounded vehicle; and

1112 (iv) the department determines that the person's vehicle was wrongfully impounded.

1113	(5) The Legislature may appropriate not more than [\$1,000,000] <u>\$1,500,000</u> annually
1114	from the account to the Peace Officer Standards and Training Division, created under Section
1115	53-6-103, for use in law enforcement training, including training on the use of the Uninsured
1116	Motorist Identification Database Program created under Title 41, Chapter 12a, Part 8,
1117	Uninsured Motorist Identification Database Program.
1118	(6) (a) By following the procedures in Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures
1119	Act, the department shall hold a hearing to determine whether a person's vehicle was
1120	wrongfully impounded under Subsection 41-1a-1101(2).
1121	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1122	division shall make rules establishing procedures for a person to apply for a reimbursement
1123	under Subsection (4)(d).
1124	(c) A person is not eligible for a reimbursement under Subsection (4)(d) unless the
1125	person applies for the reimbursement within six months from the date that the motor vehicle
1126	was impounded.
1127	Section 17. Section 51-9-201 (Superseded 07/01/20) is amended to read:
1128	51-9-201 (Superseded 07/01/20). Creation of Tobacco Settlement Restricted
1129	Account.
1130	(1) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the
1131	"Tobacco Settlement Restricted Account."
1132	(2) The account shall earn interest.
1133	(3) The account shall consist of:
1134	(a) on and after July 1, 2007, 60% of all funds of every kind that are received by the
1135	state that are related to the settlement agreement that the state entered into with leading tobacco
1136	manufacturers on November 23, 1998; and
1137	(b) interest earned on the account.
1138	(4) To the extent that funds will be available for appropriation in a given fiscal year,
1139	those funds shall be appropriated from the account in the following order:
1140	(a) \$66,600 to the Office of the Attorney General for ongoing enforcement and defense
1141	of the Tobacco Settlement Agreement;
1142	(b) \$18,500 to the State Tax Commission for ongoing enforcement of business
1143	compliance with the Tobacco Tax Settlement Agreement;

1144	(c) [\$10,452,900] <u>\$11,022,900</u> to the Department of Health for:
1145	(i) children in the Medicaid program created in Title 26, Chapter 18, Medical
1146	Assistance Act, and the Children's Health Insurance Program created in Section 26-40-103; and
1147	(ii) for restoration of dental benefits in the Children's Health Insurance Program;
1148	(d) $[\$3,847,100]$ $\$3,277,100$ to the Department of Health for alcohol, tobacco, and
1149	other drug prevention, reduction, cessation, and control programs that promote unified
1150	messages and make use of media outlets, including radio, newspaper, billboards, and
1151	television, and with a preference in funding given to tobacco-related programs;
1152	(e) \$193,700 to the Administrative Office of the Courts and \$2,325,400 to the
1153	Department of Human Services for the statewide expansion of the drug court program;
1154	(f) \$4,000,000 to the State Board of Regents for the University of Utah Health Sciences
1155	Center to benefit the health and well-being of Utah citizens through in-state research,
1156	treatment, and educational activities; and
1157	(g) any remaining funds as directed by the Legislature through appropriation.
1158	Section 18. Section 51-9-201 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:
1159	51-9-201 (Effective 07/01/20). Creation of Tobacco Settlement Restricted
1160	Account.
1161	(1) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the
1162	"Tobacco Settlement Restricted Account."
1163	(2) The account shall earn interest.
1164	(3) The account shall consist of:
1165	(a) on and after July 1, 2007, 60% of all funds of every kind that are received by the
1166	state that are related to the settlement agreement that the state entered into with leading tobacco
1167	manufacturers on November 23, 1998; and
1168	(b) interest earned on the account.
1169	(4) To the extent that funds will be available for appropriation in a given fiscal year,
1170	those funds shall be appropriated from the account in the following order:
1171	(a) \$66,600 to the Office of the Attorney General for ongoing enforcement and defense
1172	of the Tobacco Settlement Agreement;
1173	(b) \$18,500 to the State Tax Commission for ongoing enforcement of business
1174	compliance with the Tobacco Tax Settlement Agreement;

1175	(c) $[\$10,452,900]$ $\$11,022,900$ to the Department of Health for:
1176	(i) children in the Medicaid program created in Title 26, Chapter 18, Medical
1177	Assistance Act, and the Children's Health Insurance Program created in Section 26-40-103; and
1178	(ii) for restoration of dental benefits in the Children's Health Insurance Program;
1179	(d) $[\$3,847,100]$ $\$3,277,100$ to the Department of Health for alcohol, tobacco, and
1180	other drug prevention, reduction, cessation, and control programs that promote unified
1181	messages and make use of media outlets, including radio, newspaper, billboards, and
1182	television, and with a preference in funding given to tobacco-related programs;
1183	(e) \$193,700 to the Administrative Office of the Courts and \$2,325,400 to the
1184	Department of Human Services for the statewide expansion of the drug court program;
1185	(f) \$4,000,000 to the Utah Board of Higher Education for the University of Utah
1186	Health Sciences Center to benefit the health and well-being of Utah citizens through in-state
1187	research, treatment, and educational activities; and
1188	(g) any remaining funds as directed by the Legislature through appropriation.
1189	Section 19. Section 53-2a-603 is amended to read:
1190	53-2a-603. State Disaster Recovery Restricted Account.
1191	(1) (a) There is created a restricted account in the General Fund known as the "State
1192	Disaster Recovery Restricted Account."
1193	(b) The disaster recovery account consists of:
1194	(i) money deposited into the disaster recovery account in accordance with Section
1195	63J-1-314;
1196	(ii) money appropriated to the disaster recovery account by the Legislature; and
1197	(iii) any other public or private money received by the division that is:
1198	(A) given to the division for purposes consistent with this section; and
1199	(B) deposited into the disaster recovery account at the request of:
1200	(I) the division; or
1201	(II) the person or entity giving the money.
1202	(c) The Division of Finance shall deposit interest or other earnings derived from
1203	investment of account money into the General Fund.
1204	(2) Subject to being appropriated by the Legislature, money in the disaster recovery
1205	account may only be expended or committed to be expended as follows:

1206	(a) (i) subject to Section $53-2a-606$, in any fiscal year the division may expend or
1207	commit to expend an amount that does not exceed \$500,000, in accordance with Section
1208	53-2a-604, to fund costs to the state of emergency disaster services in response to a declared
1209	disaster;
1210	(ii) subject to Section 53-2a-606, in any fiscal year the division may expend or commit
1211	to expend an amount that exceeds \$500,000, but does not exceed \$3,000,000, in accordance
1212	with Section 53-2a-604, to fund costs to the state of emergency disaster services in response to
1213	a declared disaster if the division:
1214	(A) before making the expenditure or commitment to expend, obtains approval for the
1215	expenditure or commitment to expend from the governor;
1216	(B) subject to Subsection (5), provides written notice of the expenditure or
1217	commitment to expend to the speaker of the House of Representatives, the president of the
1218	Senate, the Division of Finance, the Executive Offices and Criminal Justice Appropriations
1219	Subcommittee, the Legislative Management Committee, and the Office of the Legislative
1220	Fiscal Analyst no later than 72 hours after making the expenditure or commitment to expend;
1221	and
1222	(C) makes the report required by Subsection 53-2a-606(2);
1223	(iii) subject to Section 53-2a-606, in any fiscal year the division may expend or commit
1224	to expend an amount that exceeds \$3,000,000, but does not exceed \$5,000,000, in accordance
1225	with Section 53-2a-604, to fund costs to the state of emergency disaster services in response to
1226	a declared disaster if, before making the expenditure or commitment to expend, the division:
1227	(A) obtains approval for the expenditure or commitment to expend from the governor;
1228	and
1229	(B) submits the expenditure or commitment to expend to the Executive Appropriations
1230	Committee in accordance with Subsection 53-2a-606(3); and
1231	(iv) in any fiscal year the division may expend or commit to expend an amount that
1232	does not exceed \$150,000 to fund expenses incurred by the National Guard if:
1233	(A) in accordance with Section 39-1-5, the governor orders into active service the
1234	National Guard in response to a declared disaster; and
1235	(B) the money is not used for expenses that qualify for payment as emergency disaster
1236	services;

1237	(b) money not described in Subsections (2)(a)(i), (ii), and (iii) may be expended or
1238	committed to be expended to fund costs to the state directly related to a declared disaster that
1239	are not costs related to:
1240	(i) emergency disaster services;
1241	(ii) emergency preparedness; or
1242	(iii) notwithstanding whether a county participates in the Wildland Fire Suppression
1243	Fund created in Section 65A-8-204, any fire suppression or presuppression costs that may be
1244	paid for from the Wildland Fire Suppression Fund if the county participates in the Wildland
1245	Fire Suppression Fund;
1246	(c) to fund the Local Government Emergency Response Loan Fund created in Section
1247	53-2a-607;
1248	(d) the division may provide advanced funding from the disaster recovery account to
1249	recognized agents of the state when:
1250	(i) Utah has agreed, through the division, to enact the Emergency Management
1251	Assistance Compact with another member state that has requested assistance during a declared
1252	disaster;
1253	(ii) Utah agrees to provide resources to the requesting member state;
1254	(iii) the agent of the state who represents the requested resource has no other funding
1255	source available at the time of the Emergency Management Assistance Compact request; and
1256	(iv) the disaster recovery account has a balance of funds available to be utilized while
1257	maintaining a minimum balance of \$10,000,000; [and]
1258	(e) the division may expend up to \$3,200,000 during fiscal year 2019 to fund
1259	operational costs incurred by the division during fiscal year 2019[-]; and
1260	(f) in the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, the division
1261	may expend or commit to expend up to \$100,000 to fund the governor's emergency
1262	appropriations described in Subsection 63J-1-217(4).
1263	(3) All funding provided in advance to an agent of the state and subsequently
1264	reimbursed shall be credited to the account.
1265	(4) The state treasurer shall invest money in the disaster recovery account according to
1266	Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act.
1267	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (1) and (2), the money in the disaster

1268	recovery account may not be diverted, appropriated, expended, or committed to be expended
1269	for a purpose that is not listed in this section.
1270	(b) Notwithstanding Section 63J-1-410, the Legislature may not appropriate money
1271	from the disaster recovery account to eliminate or otherwise reduce an operating deficit if the
1272	money appropriated from the disaster recovery account is expended or committed to be
1273	expended for a purpose other than one listed in this section.
1274	(c) The Legislature may not amend the purposes for which money in the disaster
1275	recovery account may be expended or committed to be expended except by the affirmative vote
1276	of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house.
1277	(6) The division:
1278	(a) shall provide the notice required by Subsection (2)(a)(ii) using the best available
1279	method under the circumstances as determined by the division; and
1280	(b) may provide the notice required by Subsection (2)(a)(ii) in electronic format.
1281	Section 20. Section 59-12-103 is amended to read:
1282	59-12-103. Sales and use tax base Rates Effective dates Use of sales and use
1283	tax revenues.
1284	(1) A tax is imposed on the purchaser as provided in this part on the purchase price or
1285	sales price for amounts paid or charged for the following transactions:
1286	(a) retail sales of tangible personal property made within the state;
1287	(b) amounts paid for:
1288	(i) telecommunications service, other than mobile telecommunications service, that
1289	originates and terminates within the boundaries of this state;
1290	(ii) mobile telecommunications service that originates and terminates within the
1291	boundaries of one state only to the extent permitted by the Mobile Telecommunications
1292	Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 116 et seq.; or
1293	(iii) an ancillary service associated with a:
1294	(A) telecommunications service described in Subsection (1)(b)(i); or
1295	(B) mobile telecommunications service described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii);
1296	
1290	(c) sales of the following for commercial use:
1290	(c) sales of the following for commercial use:(i) gas;

1299	(iii) heat;
1300	(iv) coal;
1301	(v) fuel oil; or
1302	(vi) other fuels;
1303	(d) sales of the following for residential use:
1304	(i) gas;
1305	(ii) electricity;
1306	(iii) heat;
1307	(iv) coal;
1308	(v) fuel oil; or
1309	(vi) other fuels;
1310	(e) sales of prepared food;
1311	(f) except as provided in Section 59-12-104, amounts paid or charged as admission or
1312	user fees for theaters, movies, operas, museums, planetariums, shows of any type or nature,
1313	exhibitions, concerts, carnivals, amusement parks, amusement rides, circuses, menageries,
1314	fairs, races, contests, sporting events, dances, boxing matches, wrestling matches, closed circuit
1315	television broadcasts, billiard parlors, pool parlors, bowling lanes, golf, miniature golf, golf
1316	driving ranges, batting cages, skating rinks, ski lifts, ski runs, ski trails, snowmobile trails,
1317	tennis courts, swimming pools, water slides, river runs, jeep tours, boat tours, scenic cruises,
1318	horseback rides, sports activities, or any other amusement, entertainment, recreation,
1319	exhibition, cultural, or athletic activity;
1320	(g) amounts paid or charged for services for repairs or renovations of tangible personal
1321	property, unless Section 59-12-104 provides for an exemption from sales and use tax for:
1322	(i) the tangible personal property; and
1323	(ii) parts used in the repairs or renovations of the tangible personal property described
1324	in Subsection (1)(g)(i), regardless of whether:
1325	(A) any parts are actually used in the repairs or renovations of that tangible personal
1326	property; or
1327	(B) the particular parts used in the repairs or renovations of that tangible personal
1328	property are exempt from a tax under this chapter;
1329	(h) except as provided in Subsection 59-12-104(7), amounts paid or charged for

1330	assisted cleaning or washing of tangible personal property;
1331	(i) amounts paid or charged for tourist home, hotel, motel, or trailer court
1332	accommodations and services that are regularly rented for less than 30 consecutive days;
1333	(j) amounts paid or charged for laundry or dry cleaning services;
1334	(k) amounts paid or charged for leases or rentals of tangible personal property if within
1335	this state the tangible personal property is:
1336	(i) stored;
1337	(ii) used; or
1338	(iii) otherwise consumed;
1339	(1) amounts paid or charged for tangible personal property if within this state the
1340	tangible personal property is:
1341	(i) stored;
1342	(ii) used; or
1343	(iii) consumed; and
1344	(m) amounts paid or charged for a sale:
1345	(i) (A) of a product transferred electronically; or
1346	(B) of a repair or renovation of a product transferred electronically, and
1347	(ii) regardless of whether the sale provides:
1348	(A) a right of permanent use of the product; or
1349	(B) a right to use the product that is less than a permanent use, including a right:
1350	(I) for a definite or specified length of time; and
1351	(II) that terminates upon the occurrence of a condition.
1352	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (2)(b) through (e), a state tax and a local tax
1353	are imposed on a transaction described in Subsection (1) equal to the sum of:
1354	(i) a state tax imposed on the transaction at a tax rate equal to the sum of:
1355	(A) (I) through March 31, 2019, 4.70%; and
1356	(II) beginning on April 1, 2019, 4.70% plus the rate specified in Subsection (13)(a);
1357	and
1358	(B) (I) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 18, Additional State Sales
1359	and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211
1360	through 59-12-215 is in a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 18, Additional

1361	State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
1362	(II) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 20, Supplemental State Sales
1363	and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211
1364	through 59-12-215 is in a city, town, or the unincorporated area of a county in which the state
1365	imposes the tax under Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
1366	(ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the
1367	transaction under this chapter other than this part.
1368	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d) or (e) and subject to Subsection (2)(j), a
1369	state tax and a local tax are imposed on a transaction described in Subsection (1)(d) equal to
1370	the sum of:
1371	(i) a state tax imposed on the transaction at a tax rate of 2%; and
1372	(ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the
1373	transaction under this chapter other than this part.
1374	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d) or (e), a state tax and a local tax are
1375	imposed on amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients equal to the sum of:
1376	(i) a state tax imposed on the amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients at
1377	a tax rate of 1.75%; and
1378	(ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the
1379	amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients under this chapter other than this part.
1380	(d) (i) For a bundled transaction that is attributable to food and food ingredients and
1381	tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients, a state tax and a local tax is
1382	imposed on the entire bundled transaction equal to the sum of:
1383	(A) a state tax imposed on the entire bundled transaction equal to the sum of:
1384	(I) the tax rate described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); and
1385	(II) (Aa) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 18, Additional State
1386	Sales and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections
1387	59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 18,
1388	Additional State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
1389	(Bb) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 20, Supplemental State
1390	Sales and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections
1391	59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in a city, town, or the unincorporated area of a county in which

the state imposes the tax under Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act; and

(B) a local tax imposed on the entire bundled transaction at the sum of the tax ratesdescribed in Subsection (2)(a)(ii).

(ii) If an optional computer software maintenance contract is a bundled transaction that
consists of taxable and nontaxable products that are not separately itemized on an invoice or
similar billing document, the purchase of the optional computer software maintenance contract
is 40% taxable under this chapter and 60% nontaxable under this chapter.

(iii) Subject to Subsection (2)(d)(iv), for a bundled transaction other than a bundled
transaction described in Subsection (2)(d)(i) or (ii):

(A) if the sales price of the bundled transaction is attributable to tangible personal
property, a product, or a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter and tangible
personal property, a product, or service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter, the
entire bundled transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter unless:

(I) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible
personal property, product, or service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter from the
books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business; or

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(II) state or federal law provides otherwise; or

(B) if the sales price of a bundled transaction is attributable to two or more items of
tangible personal property, products, or services that are subject to taxation under this chapter
at different rates, the entire bundled transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter at the
higher tax rate unless:

(I) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible
personal property, product, or service that is subject to taxation under this chapter at the lower
tax rate from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business; or

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(II) state or federal law provides otherwise.

(iv) For purposes of Subsection (2)(d)(iii), books and records that a seller keeps in the
seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the regular
course of business for nontax purposes.

(e) (i) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter and subject to Subsections (2)(e)(ii)
and (iii), if a transaction consists of the sale, lease, or rental of tangible personal property, a
product, or a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter, and the sale, lease, or rental

of tangible personal property, other property, a product, or a service that is not subject to
taxation under this chapter, the entire transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter unless
the seller, at the time of the transaction:

(A) separately states the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation underthis chapter on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser; or

(B) is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards, from the books and
records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business, the portion of the transaction
that is not subject to taxation under this chapter.

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(ii) A purchaser and a seller may correct the taxability of a transaction if:

(A) after the transaction occurs, the purchaser and the seller discover that the portion of
the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter was not separately stated on an
invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser because of an error or
ignorance of the law; and

(B) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards, from the books
and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business, the portion of the
transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter.

(iii) For purposes of Subsections (2)(e)(i) and (ii), books and records that a seller keeps
in the seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the
regular course of business for nontax purposes.

(f) (i) If the sales price of a transaction is attributable to two or more items of tangible
personal property, products, or services that are subject to taxation under this chapter at
different rates, the entire purchase is subject to taxation under this chapter at the higher tax rate
unless the seller, at the time of the transaction:

1446 (A) separately states the items subject to taxation under this chapter at each of the 1447 different rates on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser; or

(B) is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible personal
property, product, or service that is subject to taxation under this chapter at the lower tax rate
from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business.

(ii) For purposes of Subsection (2)(f)(i), books and records that a seller keeps in the
seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the regular
course of business for nontax purposes.

1454	(g) Subject to Subsections (2)(h) and (i), a tax rate repeal or tax rate change for a tax
1455	rate imposed under the following shall take effect on the first day of a calendar quarter:
1456	(i) Subsection $(2)(a)(i)(A)$;
1457	(ii) Subsection (2)(b)(i);
1458	(iii) Subsection $(2)(c)(i)$; or
1459	(iv) Subsection $(2)(d)(i)(A)(I)$.
1460	(h) (i) A tax rate increase takes effect on the first day of the first billing period that
1461	begins on or after the effective date of the tax rate increase if the billing period for the
1462	transaction begins before the effective date of a tax rate increase imposed under:
1463	(A) Subsection $(2)(a)(i)(A)$;
1464	(B) Subsection $(2)(b)(i)$;
1465	(C) Subsection $(2)(c)(i)$; or
1466	(D) Subsection $(2)(d)(i)(A)(I)$.
1467	(ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease applies to a billing period if the billing
1468	statement for the billing period is rendered on or after the effective date of the repeal of the tax
1469	or the tax rate decrease imposed under:
1470	(A) Subsection $(2)(a)(i)(A)$;
1471	(B) Subsection (2)(b)(i);
1472	(C) Subsection $(2)(c)(i)$; or
1473	(D) Subsection $(2)(d)(i)(A)(I)$.
1474	(i) (i) For a tax rate described in Subsection (2)(i)(ii), if a tax due on a catalogue sale is
1475	computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, a tax rate repeal or
1476	change in a tax rate takes effect:
1477	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
1478	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the tax rate repeal or tax rate change.
1479	(ii) Subsection $(2)(i)(i)$ applies to the tax rates described in the following:
1480	(A) Subsection $(2)(a)(i)(A)$;
1481	(B) Subsection $(2)(b)(i)$;
1482	(C) Subsection $(2)(c)(i)$; or
1483	(D) Subsection $(2)(d)(i)(A)(I)$.
1484	(iii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,

1485	the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
1486	(j) (i) For a location described in Subsection (2)(j)(ii), the commission shall determine
1487	the taxable status of a sale of gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other fuel based on the
1488	predominant use of the gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other fuel at the location.
1489	(ii) Subsection $(2)(j)(i)$ applies to a location where gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil,
1490	or other fuel is furnished through a single meter for two or more of the following uses:
1491	(A) a commercial use;
1492	(B) an industrial use; or
1493	(C) a residential use.
1494	(3) (a) The following state taxes shall be deposited into the General Fund:
1495	(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
1496	(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
1497	(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
1498	(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A)(I).
1499	(b) The following local taxes shall be distributed to a county, city, or town as provided
1500	in this chapter:
1501	(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(ii);
1502	(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(ii);
1503	(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(ii); and
1504	(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d)(i)(B).
1505	(4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1,
1506	2003, the lesser of the following amounts shall be expended as provided in Subsections (4)(b)
1507	through (g):
1508	(i) for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of tax revenue generated:
1509	(A) by a $1/16\%$ tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and
1510	(B) for the fiscal year; or
1511	(ii) \$17,500,000.
1512	(b) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 14% of the amount
1513	described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be transferred each year as dedicated credits to the
1514	Department of Natural Resources to:
1515	(A) implement the measures described in Subsections 79-2-303(3)(a) through (d) to

1516	protect sensitive plant and animal species; or
1517	(B) award grants, up to the amount authorized by the Legislature in an appropriations
1518	act, to political subdivisions of the state to implement the measures described in Subsections
1519	79-2-303(3)(a) through (d) to protect sensitive plant and animal species.
1520	(ii) Money transferred to the Department of Natural Resources under Subsection
1520	(4)(b)(i) may not be used to assist the United States Fish and Wildlife Service or any other
1522	person to list or attempt to have listed a species as threatened or endangered under the
1522	Endangered Species Act of 1973, 16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq.
1525	(iii) At the end of each fiscal year:
1525	(A) 50% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Water Resources
1526	Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24;
1527	(B) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Utah Wastewater Loan
1528	Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5; and
1529	(C) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Drinking Water Loan
1530	Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5.
1531	(c) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 3% of the amount described in
1532	Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited each year in the Agriculture Resource Development Fund
1533	created in Section 4-18-106.
1534	(d) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 1% of the amount described
1535	in Subsection (4)(a) shall be transferred each year as dedicated credits to the Division of Water
1536	Rights to cover the costs incurred in hiring legal and technical staff for the adjudication of
1537	water rights.
1538	(ii) At the end of each fiscal year:
1539	(A) 50% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Water Resources
1540	Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24;
1541	(B) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Utah Wastewater Loan
1542	Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5; and
1543	(C) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Drinking Water Loan
1544	Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5.
1545	(e) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 41% of the amount described
1546	in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited into the Water Resources Conservation and

1547	Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24 for use by the Division of Water Resources.
1548	(ii) In addition to the uses allowed of the Water Resources Conservation and
1549	Development Fund under Section 73-10-24, the Water Resources Conservation and
1550	Development Fund may also be used to:
1551	(A) conduct hydrologic and geotechnical investigations by the Division of Water
1552	Resources in a cooperative effort with other state, federal, or local entities, for the purpose of
1553	quantifying surface and ground water resources and describing the hydrologic systems of an
1554	area in sufficient detail so as to enable local and state resource managers to plan for and
1555	accommodate growth in water use without jeopardizing the resource;
1556	(B) fund state required dam safety improvements; and
1557	(C) protect the state's interest in interstate water compact allocations, including the
1558	hiring of technical and legal staff.
1559	(f) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 20.5% of the amount described
1560	in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited into the Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount
1561	created in Section 73-10c-5 for use by the Water Quality Board to fund wastewater projects.
1562	(g) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 20.5% of the amount described
1563	in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited into the Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount
1564	created in Section 73-10c-5 for use by the Division of Drinking Water to:
1565	(i) provide for the installation and repair of collection, treatment, storage, and
1566	distribution facilities for any public water system, as defined in Section 19-4-102;
1567	(ii) develop underground sources of water, including springs and wells; and
1568	(iii) develop surface water sources.
1569	(5) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection $(3)(a)$, for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1,
1570	2006, the difference between the following amounts shall be expended as provided in this
1571	Subsection (5), if that difference is greater than \$1:
1572	(i) for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of tax revenue generated for the
1573	fiscal year by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and
1574	(ii) \$17,500,000.
1575	(b) (i) The first \$500,000 of the difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be:
1576	(A) transferred each fiscal year to the Department of Natural Resources as dedicated
1577	credits; and

1578	(B) expended by the Department of Natural Resources for watershed rehabilitation or
1579	restoration.
1580	(ii) At the end of each fiscal year, 100% of any unexpended dedicated credits described
1581	in Subsection (5)(b)(i) shall lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund
1582	created in Section 73-10-24.
1583	(c) (i) After making the transfer required by Subsection (5)(b)(i), \$150,000 of the
1584	remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be:
1585	(A) transferred each fiscal year to the Division of Water Resources as dedicated
1586	credits; and
1587	(B) expended by the Division of Water Resources for cloud-seeding projects
1588	authorized by Title 73, Chapter 15, Modification of Weather.
1589	(ii) At the end of each fiscal year, 100% of any unexpended dedicated credits described
1590	in Subsection (5)(c)(i) shall lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund
1591	created in Section 73-10-24.
1592	(d) After making the transfers required by Subsections (5)(b) and (c), 85% of the
1593	remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be deposited into the Water
1594	Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24 for use by the
1595	Division of Water Resources for:
1596	(i) preconstruction costs:
1597	(A) as defined in Subsection 73-26-103(6) for projects authorized by Title 73, Chapter
1598	26, Bear River Development Act; and
1599	(B) as defined in Subsection 73-28-103(8) for the Lake Powell Pipeline project
1600	authorized by Title 73, Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline Development Act;
1601	(ii) the cost of employing a civil engineer to oversee any project authorized by Title 73,
1602	Chapter 26, Bear River Development Act;
1603	(iii) the cost of employing a civil engineer to oversee the Lake Powell Pipeline project
1604	authorized by Title 73, Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline Development Act; and
1605	(iv) other uses authorized under Sections 73-10-24, 73-10-25.1, and 73-10-30, and
1606	Subsection (4)(e)(ii) after funding the uses specified in Subsections (5)(d)(i) through (iii).
1607	(e) After making the transfers required by Subsections (5)(b) and (c) and subject to
1608	Subsection (5)(f), 15% of the remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be

1609	transferred each year as dedicated credits to the Division of Water Rights to cover the costs
1610	incurred for employing additional technical staff for the administration of water rights.
1611	(f) At the end of each fiscal year, any unexpended dedicated credits described in
1612	Subsection (5)(e) over \$150,000 lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development
1613	Fund created in Section 73-10-24.
1614	(6) Notwithstanding Subsection $(3)(a)$ and for taxes listed under Subsection $(3)(a)$, the
1615	amount of revenue generated by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection
1616	(1) for the fiscal year shall be deposited as follows:
1617	(a) for fiscal year 2016-17 only, 100% of the revenue described in this Subsection (6)
1618	shall be deposited into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section
1619	72-2-124;
1620	(b) for fiscal year 2017-18 only:
1621	(i) 80% of the revenue described in this Subsection (6) shall be deposited into the
1622	Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124; and
1623	(ii) 20% of the revenue described in this Subsection (6) shall be deposited into the
1624	Water Infrastructure Restricted Account created by Section 73-10g-103;
1625	(c) for fiscal year 2018-19 only:
1626	(i) 60% of the revenue described in this Subsection (6) shall be deposited into the
1627	Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124; and
1628	(ii) 40% of the revenue described in this Subsection (6) shall be deposited into the
1629	Water Infrastructure Restricted Account created by Section 73-10g-103;
1630	(d) for fiscal year 2019-20 only:
1631	(i) 40% of the revenue described in this Subsection (6) shall be deposited into the
1632	Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124; and
1633	(ii) 60% of the revenue described in this Subsection (6) shall be deposited into the
1634	Water Infrastructure Restricted Account created by Section 73-10g-103;
1635	(e) for fiscal year 2020-21 only:
1636	(i) 20% of the revenue described in this Subsection (6) shall be deposited into the
1637	Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124; and
1638	(ii) 80% of the revenue described in this Subsection (6) shall be deposited into the
1639	Water Infrastructure Restricted Account created by Section 73-10g-103; and

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1640 (f) for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2021, 100% of the revenue described 1641 in this Subsection (6) shall be deposited into the Water Infrastructure Restricted Account 1642 created by Section 73-10g-103. (7) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), in addition to the amounts deposited in 1643 1644 Subsection (6), and subject to Subsection (7)(b), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 1645 2012, the Division of Finance shall deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 1646 created by Section 72-2-124: 1647 (i) a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) in an amount equal to 8.3% of 1648 the revenues collected from the following taxes, which represents a portion of the 1649 approximately 17% of sales and use tax revenues generated annually by the sales and use tax on vehicles and vehicle-related products: 1650 1651 (A) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate; 1652 (B) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i): 1653 (C) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and 1654 (D) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A)(I); plus 1655 (ii) an amount equal to 30% of the growth in the amount of revenues collected in the current fiscal year from the sales and use taxes described in Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through 1656 1657 (D) that exceeds the amount collected from the sales and use taxes described in Subsections 1658 (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D) in the 2010-11 fiscal year. 1659 (b) (i) Subject to Subsections (7)(b)(ii) and (iii), in any fiscal year that the portion of the sales and use taxes deposited under Subsection (7)(a) represents an amount that is a total 1660 1661 lower percentage of the sales and use taxes described in Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D) 1662 generated in the current fiscal year than the total percentage of sales and use taxes deposited in 1663 the previous fiscal year, the Division of Finance shall deposit an amount under Subsection 1664 (7)(a) equal to the product of: 1665 (A) the total percentage of sales and use taxes deposited under Subsection (7)(a) in the 1666 previous fiscal year; and (B) the total sales and use tax revenue generated by the taxes described in Subsections 1667 1668 (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D) in the current fiscal year. 1669 (ii) In any fiscal year in which the portion of the sales and use taxes deposited under 1670 Subsection (7)(a) would exceed 17% of the revenues collected from the sales and use taxes

1671 described in Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D) in the current fiscal year, the Division of 1672 Finance shall deposit 17% of the revenues collected from the sales and use taxes described in 1673 Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D) for the current fiscal year under Subsection (7)(a). 1674 (iii) In all subsequent fiscal years after a year in which 17% of the revenues collected 1675 from the sales and use taxes described in Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D) was deposited 1676 under Subsection (7)(a), the Division of Finance shall annually deposit 17% of the revenues 1677 collected from the sales and use taxes described in Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D) in the 1678 current fiscal vear under Subsection (7)(a). 1679 (8) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), and in addition to the amounts deposited 1680 under Subsections (6) and (7), for the 2016-17 fiscal year only, the Division of Finance shall 1681 deposit \$64,000,000 of the revenues generated by the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) into 1682 the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124. 1683 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), and in addition to the amounts deposited under Subsections (6) and (7), for the 2017-18 fiscal year only, the Division of Finance shall deposit 1684 1685 \$63,000,000 of the revenues generated by the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) into the 1686 Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124. 1687 (c) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), in addition to the amounts deposited under 1688 Subsections (6) and (7), and subject to Subsection (8)(c)(i), for a fiscal year beginning on or 1689 after July 1, 2018, the commission shall annually deposit into the Transportation Investment 1690 Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124 a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) 1691 in an amount equal to 3.68% of the revenues collected from the following taxes:

- 1692 (A) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate;
- 1693 (B) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
- 1694 (C) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
- 1695 (D) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A)(I).
- (ii) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2019, the commission shall annually
 reduce the deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 under Subsection (8)(c)(i)
 by an amount that is equal to 35% of the amount of revenue generated in the current fiscal year
 by the portion of the tax imposed on motor and special fuel that is sold, used, or received for
 sale or use in this state that exceeds 29.4 cents per gallon.
- 1701

(iii) The commission shall annually deposit the amount described in Subsection

1702	(8)(c)(ii) into the Transit and Transportation Investment Fund created in Section 72-2-124.
1703	(9) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year
1704	2009-10, \$533,750 shall be deposited into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund
1705	created by Section 35A-8-1009 and expended as provided in Section 35A-8-1009.
1706	(10) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), except as provided in Subsection (10)(c),
1707	in addition to any amounts deposited under Subsections (6), (7), and (8), and for the 2016-17
1708	fiscal year only, the Division of Finance shall deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund
1709	of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124 the amount of tax revenue generated by a .05% tax rate on
1710	the transactions described in Subsection (1).
1711	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), except as provided in Subsection (10)(c), and in
1712	addition to any amounts deposited under Subsections (6), (7), and (8), the Division of Finance
1713	shall deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124 the
1714	amount of revenue described as follows:
1715	(i) for fiscal year 2017-18 only, 83.33% of the amount of revenue generated by a .05%
1716	tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1);
1717	(ii) for fiscal year 2018-19 only, 66.67% of the amount of revenue generated by a .05%
1718	tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1);
1719	(iii) for fiscal year 2019-20 only, 50% of the amount of revenue generated by a .05%
1720	tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1);
1721	(iv) for fiscal year 2020-21 only, 33.33% of the amount of revenue generated by a
1722	.05% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and
1723	(v) for fiscal year 2021-22 only, 16.67% of the amount of revenue generated by a .05%
1724	tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1).
1725	(c) For purposes of Subsections (10)(a) and (b), the Division of Finance may not
1726	deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 any tax revenue generated by amounts
1727	paid or charged for food and food ingredients, except for tax revenue generated by a bundled
1728	transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than
1729	food and food ingredients described in Subsection (2)(d).
1730	(11) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), beginning the second fiscal year after the
1731	fiscal year during which the Division of Finance receives notice under Section 63N-2-510 that
1732	construction on a qualified hotel, as defined in Section 63N-2-502, has begun, the Division of

1733	Finance shall, for two consecutive fiscal years, annually deposit \$1,900,000 of the revenue
1734	generated by the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) into the Hotel Impact Mitigation Fund,
1735	created in Section $63N-2-512$.
1736	
	(12) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for the 2016-17 fiscal year only, the Division of Figure shall denote $\$26,000,000$ of the reserves to the the target lists d
1737	Division of Finance shall deposit \$26,000,000 of the revenues generated by the taxes listed
1738	under Subsection (3)(a) into the Throughput Infrastructure Fund created by Section 35A-8-308.
1739	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for the 2017-18 fiscal year only, the Division of
1740	Finance shall deposit \$27,000,000 of the revenues generated by the taxes listed under
1741	Subsection (3)(a) into the Throughput Infrastructure Fund created by Section 35A-8-308.
1742	(13) (a) The rate specified in this subsection is 0.15%.
1743	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the Division of Finance shall:
1744	(i) on or before September 30, 2019, transfer the amount of revenue collected from the
1745	rate described in Subsection (13)(a) beginning on April 1, 2019, and ending on June 30, 2019,
1746	on the transactions that are subject to the sales and use tax under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) into
1747	the Medicaid Expansion Fund created in Section 26-36b-208; and
1748	(ii) for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2019, annually transfer the amount of
1749	revenue collected from the rate described in Subsection (13)(a) on the transactions that are
1750	subject to the sales and use tax under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) into the Medicaid Expansion
1751	Fund created in Section 26-36b-208.
1752	(14) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year
1753	2020-21, the Division of Finance shall deposit \$200,000 into the General Fund as a dedicated
1754	credit solely for use of the Search and Rescue Financial Assistance Program created in, and
1755	expended in accordance with, Title 53, Chapter 2a, Part 11, Search and Rescue Act.
1756	(15) (a) For each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2020-21, the Division of
1757	Finance shall annually transfer \$1,813,400 of the revenue deposited into the Transportation
1758	Investment Fund of 2005 under Subsections (6) through (8) to the General Fund.
1759	(b) If the total revenue deposited into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005
1760	under Subsections (6) through (8) is less than \$1,813,400 for a fiscal year, the Division of
1761	Finance shall transfer the total revenue deposited into the Transportation Investment Fund of
1762	2005 during the fiscal year to the General Fund.
1763	Section 21. Section 59-14-807 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:

1764	59-14-807 (Effective 07/01/20). Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine
1765	Product Tax Restricted Account.
1766	(1) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the
1767	"Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Tax Restricted Account."
1768	(2) The Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Tax Restricted Account
1769	consists of:
1770	(a) revenues collected from the tax imposed by Section 59-14-804; and
1771	(b) amounts appropriated by the Legislature.
1772	(3) For each fiscal year, beginning with fiscal year 2021, and subject to appropriation
1773	by the Legislature, the Division of Finance shall distribute from the Electronic Cigarette
1774	Substance and Nicotine Product Tax Restricted Account:
1775	(a) \$2,000,000 which shall be allocated to the local health departments by the
1776	Department of Health using the formula created in accordance with Section 26A-1-116;
1777	(b) \$2,000,000 to the Department of Health for statewide cessation programs and
1778	prevention education;
1779	(c) \$1,180,000 to the Department of Public Safety for law enforcement officers aimed
1780	at disrupting organizations and networks that provide tobacco products, electronic cigarette
1781	products, nicotine products, and other illegal controlled substances to minors;
1782	(d) \$3,000,000 which shall be allocated to the local health departments by the
1783	Department of Health using the formula created in accordance with Section 26A-1-116; [and]
1784	(e) \$5,084,200 to the State Board of Education for school-based prevention
1785	programs[-]; and
1786	(f) \$2,000,000 to the Department of Health for alcohol, tobacco, and other drug
1787	prevention, reduction, cessation, and control programs that promote unified messages and
1788	make use of media outlets, including radio, newspaper, billboards, and television.
1789	(4) (a) The local health departments shall use the money received in accordance with
1790	Subsection (3)(a) for enforcing:
1791	(i) the regulation provisions described in Section 26-57-103;
1792	(ii) the labeling requirement described in Section 26-57-104; and
1793	(iii) the penalty provisions described in Section 26-62-305.
1794	(b) The Department of Health shall use the money received in accordance with

1795	Subsection (3)(b) for the Youth Electronic Cigarette, Marijuana, and Other Drug Prevention
1796	Program created in Section 26-7-10.
1797	(c) The local health departments shall use the money received in accordance with
1798	Subsection (3)(d) to issue grants under the Electronic Cigarette, Marijuana, and Other Drug
1799	Prevention Grant Program created in Section 26A-1-129.
1800	(d) The State Board of Education shall use the money received in accordance with
1801	Subsection (3)(e) to distribute to local education agencies to pay for:
1802	(i) stipends for positive behaviors specialists as described in Subsection
1803	53G-10-407(4)(a)(i);
1804	(ii) the cost of administering the positive behaviors plan as described in Subsection
1805	53G-10-407(4)(a)(ii); and
1806	(iii) the cost of implementing an Underage Drinking and Substance Abuse Prevention
1807	Program in grade 4 or 5, as described in Subsection 53G-10-406(3)(b).
1808	(5) (a) The fund shall earn interest.
1809	(b) All interest earned on fund money shall be deposited into the fund.
1810	(6) Subject to legislative appropriations, funds remaining in the Electronic Cigarette
1811	Substance and Nicotine Product Tax Restricted Account after the distribution described in
1812	Subsection (3) may only be used for programs and activities related to the prevention and
1813	cessation of electronic cigarette, nicotine products, marijuana, and other drug use.
1814	Section 22. Section 62A-4a-403 is amended to read:
1815	62A-4a-403. Reporting requirements.
1816	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2), when any individual, including an
1817	individual licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act, or Title 58, Chapter 67,
1818	Utah Medical Practice Act, has reason to believe that a child has been subjected to abuse or
1819	neglect, or observes a child being subjected to conditions or circumstances that would
1820	reasonably result in abuse or neglect, that individual shall immediately report the alleged abuse
1821	or neglect to the nearest peace officer, law enforcement agency, or office of the division.
1822	(b) (i) Upon receipt of a report described in Subsection (1)(a), the peace officer or law
1823	enforcement agency shall immediately notify the nearest office of the division.
1824	(ii) If an initial report of abuse or neglect is made to the division, the division shall
1825	immediately notify the appropriate local law enforcement agency.

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1826 (c) (i) The division shall, in addition to [its] the division's own investigation[, comply 1827 with and lend support to] in accordance with Section 62A-4a-409, coordinate with law 1828 enforcement on investigations by law enforcement undertaken to investigate a report described 1829 in Subsection (1)(a). 1830 (ii) If law enforcement undertakes an investigation of a report described in Subsection 1831 (1)(a), the law enforcement agency undertaking the investigation shall provide a final 1832 investigatory report to the division upon request. 1833 (2) Subject to Subjection (3), the notification requirement described in Subjection 1834 (1)(a) does not apply to a member of the clergy, with regard to any confession made to the member of the clergy while functioning in the ministerial capacity of the member of the clergy 1835 1836 and without the consent of the individual making the confession, if: 1837 (a) the perpetrator made the confession directly to the member of the clergy; and 1838 (b) the member of the clergy is, under canon law or church doctrine or practice, bound 1839 to maintain the confidentiality of that confession. 1840 (3) (a) When a member of the clergy receives information about abuse or neglect from 1841 any source other than confession of the perpetrator, the member of the clergy is required to 1842 report that information even though the member of the clergy may have also received 1843 information about abuse or neglect from the confession of the perpetrator. 1844 (b) Exemption of the reporting requirement for a member of the clergy does not 1845 exempt the member of the clergy from any other efforts required by law to prevent further 1846 abuse or neglect by the perpetrator. 1847 Section 23. Section 62A-4a-409 is amended to read: 62A-4a-409. Investigation by division -- Temporary protective custody --1848 1849 Preremoval interviews of children. 1850 (1) (a) [The] Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), the division shall [make] conduct 1851 a thorough preremoval investigation upon receiving either an oral or written report of alleged 1852 abuse or neglect, or an oral or written report under Subsection 62A-4a-404(2), when there is 1853 reasonable cause to suspect that a situation of abuse, neglect, or the circumstances described 1854 under Subsection 62A-4a-404(2) exist. (b) The primary purpose of the investigation described in Subsection (1)(a) shall be 1855 1856 protection of the child.

1857	(c) The division is not required to conduct an investigation under Subsection (1)(a) if	
1858	the division determines the person responsible for the child's care:	
1859	(i) is not the alleged perpetrator; and	
1860	(ii) is willing and able to ensure the alleged perpetrator does not have access to the	
1861	child.	
1862	(2) The preremoval investigation described in Subsection (1)(a) shall include the same	
1863	investigative requirements described in Section 62A-4a-202.3.	
1864	(3) The division shall make a written report of its investigation that shall include a	
1865	determination regarding whether the alleged abuse or neglect is supported, unsupported, or	
1866	without merit.	
1867	(4) (a) The division shall use an interdisciplinary approach when appropriate in dealing	
1868	with reports made under this part.	
1869	(b) The division shall convene a child protection team to assist the division in the	
1870	division's protective, diagnostic, assessment, treatment, and coordination services.	
1871	(c) The division may include members of a child protection unit in the division's	
1872	protective, diagnostic, assessment, treatment, and coordination services.	
1873	(d) A representative of the division shall serve as the team's coordinator and chair.	
1874	Members of the team shall serve at the coordinator's invitation. Whenever possible, the team	
1875	shall include representatives of:	
1876	(i) health, mental health, education, and law enforcement agencies;	
1877	(ii) the child;	
1878	(iii) parent and family support groups unless the parent is alleged to be the perpetrator;	
1879	and	
1880	(iv) other appropriate agencies or individuals.	
1881	(5) If a report of neglect is based upon or includes an allegation of educational neglect,	
1882	the division shall immediately consult with school authorities to verify the child's status in	
1883	accordance with Sections 53G-6-201 through 53G-6-206.	
1884	(6) When the division completes the division's initial investigation under this part, the	
1885	division shall give notice of that completion to the person who made the initial report.	
1886	(7) Division workers or other child protection team members have authority to enter	
1887	upon public or private premises, using appropriate legal processes, to investigate reports of	

1888	alleged abuse or neglect, upon notice to parents of their rights under the Child Abuse	
1889	Prevention and Treatment Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 5106, or any successor thereof.	
1890	(8) With regard to any interview of a child prior to removal of that child from the	
1891	child's home:	
1892	(a) except as provided in Subsection (8)(b) or (c), the division shall inform a parent of	
1893	the child prior to the interview of:	
1894	(i) the specific allegations concerning the child; and	
1895	(ii) the time and place of the interview;	
1896	(b) if a child's parent or stepparent, or a parent's paramour has been identified as the	
1897	alleged perpetrator, the division is not required to comply with Subsection (8)(a);	
1898	(c) if the perpetrator is unknown, or if the perpetrator's relationship to the child's family	
1899	is unknown, the division may conduct a minimal interview or conversation, not to exceed 15	
1900	minutes, with the child prior to complying with Subsection (8)(a);	
1901	(d) in all cases described in Subsection (8)(b) or (c), a parent of the child shall be	
1902	notified as soon as practicable after the child has been interviewed, but in no case later than 24	
1903	hours after the interview has taken place;	
1904	(e) a child's parents shall be notified of the time and place of all subsequent interviews	
1905	with the child; and	
1906	(f) the child shall be allowed to have a support person of the child's choice present,	
1907	who:	
1908	(i) may include:	
1909	(A) a school teacher;	
1910	(B) an administrator;	
1911	(C) a guidance counselor;	
1912	(D) a child care provider;	
1913	(E) a family member;	
1914	(F) a family advocate; or	
1915	(G) a member of the clergy; and	
1916	(ii) may not be an individual who is alleged to be, or potentially may be, the	
1917	perpetrator.	
1010		

1918 (9) In accordance with the procedures and requirements of Sections 62A-4a-202.1

1919	through 62A-4a-202.3, a division worker or child protection team member may take a child
1920	into protective custody and deliver the child to a law enforcement officer, or place the child in
1921	an emergency shelter facility approved by the juvenile court, at the earliest opportunity
1922	subsequent to the child's removal from the child's original environment. Control and
1923	jurisdiction over the child is determined by the provisions of Title 78A, Chapter 6, Juvenile
1924	Court Act, and as otherwise provided by law.
1925	(10) With regard to cases in which law enforcement has or is conducting an
1926	investigation of alleged abuse or neglect of a child:
1927	(a) the division shall coordinate with law enforcement to ensure that there is an
1928	adequate safety plan to protect the child from further abuse or neglect; and
1929	(b) the division is not required to duplicate an aspect of the investigation that, in the
1930	division's determination, has been satisfactorily completed by law enforcement.
1931	(11) With regard to a mutual case in which a child protection unit was involved in the
1932	investigation of alleged abuse or neglect of a child, the division shall consult with the child
1933	protection unit before closing the case.
1934	Section 24. Section 63I-2-249 is amended to read:
1935	63I-2-249. Repeal dates Title 49.
1936	(1) Section 49-20-106 is repealed January 1, 2021.
1937	(2) Subsection 49-20-417(5)(b) is repealed January 1, 2020.
1938	[(3) Subsection 49-20-420(3), regarding a requirement to report to the Legislature, is
1939	repealed January 1, 2030.]
1940	Section 25. Section 63J-1-602.2 (Superseded 07/01/20) is amended to read:
1941	63J-1-602.2 (Superseded 07/01/20). List of nonlapsing appropriations to
1942	programs.
1943	Appropriations made to the following programs are nonlapsing:
1944	(1) The Legislature and its committees.
1945	(2) The Percent-for-Art Program created in Section 9-6-404.
1946	(3) The LeRay McAllister Critical Land Conservation Program created in Section
1947	11-38-301.
1948	(4) Dedicated credits accrued to the Utah Marriage Commission as provided under
1949	Subsection 17-16-21(2)(d)(ii).

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1950	(5) The Trip Reduction Program created in Section 19-2a-104.
1951	(6) The Division of Wildlife Resources for the appraisal and purchase of lands under
1952	the Pelican Management Act, as provided in Section 23-21a-6.
1953	(7) The primary care grant program created in Section 26-10b-102.
1954	(8) Sanctions collected as dedicated credits from Medicaid provider under Subsection
1955	26-18-3(7).
1956	(9) The Utah Health Care Workforce Financial Assistance Program created in Section
1957	26-46-102.
1958	(10) The Rural Physician Loan Repayment Program created in Section 26-46a-103.
1959	(11) The Opiate Overdose Outreach Pilot Program created in Section 26-55-107.
1960	(12) Funds that the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control retains in accordance
1961	with Subsection $32B-2-301[(7)](8)(a)$ or (b).
1962	(13) The General Assistance program administered by the Department of Workforce
1963	Services, as provided in Section 35A-3-401.
1964	(14) A new program or agency that is designated as nonlapsing under Section
1965	36-24-101.
1966	(15) The Utah National Guard, created in Title 39, Militia and Armories.
1967	(16) The State Tax Commission under Section 41-1a-1201 for the:
1968	(a) purchase and distribution of license plates and decals; and
1969	(b) administration and enforcement of motor vehicle registration requirements.
1970	(17) The Search and Rescue Financial Assistance Program, as provided in Section
1971	53-2a-1102.
1972	(18) The Motorcycle Rider Education Program, as provided in Section 53-3-905.
1973	(19) The State Board of Regents for teacher preparation programs, as provided in
1974	Section 53B-6-104.
1975	(20) The Medical Education Program administered by the Medical Education Council,
1976	as provided in Section 53B-24-202.
1977	(21) The State Board of Education, as provided in Section 53F-2-205.
1978	(22) The Division of Services for People with Disabilities, as provided in Section
1978 1979	(22) The Division of Services for People with Disabilities, as provided in Section 62A-5-102.

1981	storage tanks under Section 63A-9-401.
1982	(24) The Utah Seismic Safety Commission, as provided in Section 63C-6-104.
1983	(25) Appropriations to the Department of Technology Services for technology
1984	innovation as provided under Section 63F-4-202.
1985	(26) The Office of Administrative Rules for publishing, as provided in Section
1986	63G-3-402.
1987	(27) The Utah Science Technology and Research Initiative created in Section
1988	63M-2-301.
1989	(28) The Governor's Office of Economic Development to fund the Enterprise Zone
1990	Act, as provided in Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part 2, Enterprise Zone Act.
1991	(29) Appropriations to fund the Governor's Office of Economic Development's Rural
1992	Employment Expansion Program, as described in Title 63N, Chapter 4, Part 4, Rural
1993	Employment Expansion Program.
1994	(30) Appropriations to fund programs for the Jordan River Recreation Area as
1995	described in Section 65A-2-8.
1996	(31) The Department of Human Resource Management user training program, as
1997	provided in Section 67-19-6.
1998	(32) A public safety answering point's emergency telecommunications service fund, as
1999	provided in Section 69-2-301.
2000	(33) The Traffic Noise Abatement Program created in Section 72-6-112.
2001	(34) The Judicial Council for compensation for special prosecutors, as provided in
2002	Section 77-10a-19.
2003	(35) A state rehabilitative employment program, as provided in Section 78A-6-210.
2004	(36) The Utah Geological Survey, as provided in Section 79-3-401.
2005	(37) The Bonneville Shoreline Trail Program created under Section 79-5-503.
2006	(38) Adoption document access as provided in Sections 78B-6-141, 78B-6-144, and
2007	78B-6-144.5.
2008	(39) Indigent defense as provided in Title 78B, Chapter 22, Part 4, Utah Indigent
2009	Defense Commission.
2010	(40) The program established by the Division of Facilities Construction and
2011	Management under Section 63A-5b-703 under which state agencies receive an appropriation

2012	and pay lease payments for the use and occupancy of buildings owned by the Division of
2013	Facilities Construction and Management.
2014	Section 26. Section 63J-1-602.2 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:
2015	63J-1-602.2 (Effective 07/01/20). List of nonlapsing appropriations to programs.
2016	Appropriations made to the following programs are nonlapsing:
2017	(1) The Legislature and the Legislature's committees.
2018	(2) The State Board of Education, including all appropriations to agencies, line items,
2019	and programs under the jurisdiction of the State Board of Education, in accordance with
2020	Section 53F-9-103.
2021	(3) The Percent-for-Art Program created in Section 9-6-404.
2022	(4) The LeRay McAllister Critical Land Conservation Program created in Section
2023	11-38-301.
2024	(5) Dedicated credits accrued to the Utah Marriage Commission as provided under
2025	Subsection 17-16-21(2)(d)(ii).
2026	(6) The Trip Reduction Program created in Section 19-2a-104.
2027	(7) The Division of Wildlife Resources for the appraisal and purchase of lands under
2028	the Pelican Management Act, as provided in Section 23-21a-6.
2029	(8) The emergency medical services grant program in Section 26-8a-207.
2030	(9) The primary care grant program created in Section 26-10b-102.
2031	(10) Sanctions collected as dedicated credits from Medicaid provider under Subsection
2032	26-18-3(7).
2033	(11) The Utah Health Care Workforce Financial Assistance Program created in Section
2034	26-46-102.
2035	(12) The Rural Physician Loan Repayment Program created in Section 26-46a-103.
2036	(13) The Opiate Overdose Outreach Pilot Program created in Section 26-55-107.
2037	(14) Funds that the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control retains in accordance
2038	with Subsection $32B-2-301[(7)](8)(a)$ or (b).
2039	(15) The General Assistance program administered by the Department of Workforce
2040	Services, as provided in Section 35A-3-401.
2041	(16) A new program or agency that is designated as nonlapsing under Section
2042	36-24-101.

2043	(17) The Utah National Guard, created in Title 39, Militia and Armories.
2044	(18) The State Tax Commission under Section 41-1a-1201 for the:
2045	(a) purchase and distribution of license plates and decals; and
2046	(b) administration and enforcement of motor vehicle registration requirements.
2047	(19) The Search and Rescue Financial Assistance Program, as provided in Section
2048	53-2a-1102.
2049	(20) The Motorcycle Rider Education Program, as provided in Section 53-3-905.
2050	(21) The Utah Board of Higher Education for teacher preparation programs, as
2051	provided in Section 53B-6-104.
2052	(22) The Medical Education Program administered by the Medical Education Council,
2053	as provided in Section 53B-24-202.
2054	(23) The Division of Services for People with Disabilities, as provided in Section
2055	62A-5-102.
2056	(24) The Division of Fleet Operations for the purpose of upgrading underground
2057	storage tanks under Section 63A-9-401.
2058	(25) The Utah Seismic Safety Commission, as provided in Section 63C-6-104.
2059	(26) Appropriations to the Department of Technology Services for technology
2060	innovation as provided under Section 63F-4-202.
2061	(27) The Office of Administrative Rules for publishing, as provided in Section
2062	63G-3-402.
2063	(28) The Governor's Office of Economic Development to fund the Enterprise Zone
2064	Act, as provided in Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part 2, Enterprise Zone Act.
2065	(29) Appropriations to fund the Governor's Office of Economic Development's Rural
2066	Employment Expansion Program, as described in Title 63N, Chapter 4, Part 4, Rural
2067	Employment Expansion Program.
2068	(30) Appropriations to fund programs for the Jordan River Recreation Area as
2069	described in Section 65A-2-8.
2070	(31) The Department of Human Resource Management user training program, as
2071	provided in Section 67-19-6.
2072	(32) A public safety answering point's emergency telecommunications service fund, as
2073	provided in Section 69-2-301.

2074	(33) The Traffic Noise Abatement Program created in Section 72-6-112.
2075	(34) The Judicial Council for compensation for special prosecutors, as provided in
2076	Section 77-10a-19.
2077	(35) A state rehabilitative employment program, as provided in Section 78A-6-210.
2078	(36) The Utah Geological Survey, as provided in Section 79-3-401.
2079	(37) The Bonneville Shoreline Trail Program created under Section 79-5-503.
2080	(38) Adoption document access as provided in Sections 78B-6-141, 78B-6-144, and
2081	78B-6-144.5.
2082	(39) Indigent defense as provided in Title 78B, Chapter 22, Part 4, Utah Indigent
2083	Defense Commission.
2084	(40) The program established by the Division of Facilities Construction and
2085	Management under Section 63A-5b-703 under which state agencies receive an appropriation
2086	and pay lease payments for the use and occupancy of buildings owned by the Division of
2087	Facilities Construction and Management.
2088	Section 27. Section 64-13e-104 is amended to read:
2089	64-13e-104. Housing of state probationary inmates or state parole inmates
2090	Payments.
2091	(1) (a) A county shall accept and house a state probationary inmate or a state parole
2092	inmate in a county correctional facility, subject to available resources.
2093	(b) A county may release a number of inmates from a county correctional facility, but
2094	not to exceed the number of state probationary inmates in excess of the number of inmates
2095	funded by the appropriation authorized in Subsection (2) if:
2096	(i) the state does not fully comply with the provisions of Subsection (9) for the most
2097	current fiscal year; or
2098	(ii) funds appropriated by the Legislature for this purpose are less than 50% of the
2099	actual county daily incarceration rate.
2100	(2) Within funds appropriated by the Legislature for this purpose, the Division of
2101	Finance shall pay a county that houses a state probationary inmate or a state parole inmate at a
2102	rate of [56.88%] 47.89% of the actual county daily incarceration rate.
2103	(3) Funds appropriated by the Legislature under Subsection (2):
2104	(a) are nonlapsing;

2105	(b) may only be used for the purposes described in Subsection (2) and Subsection (10);
2106	and
2107	(c) may not be used for:
2108	(i) the costs of administering the payment described in this section; or
2109	(ii) payment of contract costs under Section 64-13e-103.
2110	(4) The costs described in Subsection $(3)(c)(i)$ shall be covered by legislative
2111	appropriation.
2112	(5) (a) The Division of Finance shall administer the payment described in Subsection
2113	(2) and Subsection (10).
2114	(b) In accordance with Subsection (9), CCJJ shall, by rule made pursuant to Title 63G,
2115	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, establish procedures for collecting data from
2116	counties for the purpose of completing the calculations described in this section.
2117	(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, CCJJ shall adjust the amount
2118	of the payments described in Subsection (7)(b), on a pro rata basis, to ensure that the total
2119	amount of the payments made does not exceed the amount appropriated by the Legislature for
2120	the payments.
2121	(6) Each county that receives the payment described in Subsection (2) and Subsection
2122	(10) shall:
2123	(a) on at least a monthly basis, submit a report to CCJJ that includes:
2124	(i) the number of state probationary inmates and state parole inmates the county housed
2125	under this section;
2126	(ii) the total number of state probationary inmate days of incarceration and state parole
2127	inmate days of incarceration that were provided by the county;
2128	(iii) the total number of offenders housed pursuant to Subsection 64-13-21(2)(b); and
2129	(iv) the total number of days of incarceration of offenders housed pursuant to
2130	Subsection 64-13-21(2)(b); and
2131	(b) before September 15 of every third year beginning in 2022, calculate and inform
2132	CCJJ of the county's jail daily incarceration costs for the preceding fiscal year.
2133	(7) (a) On or before September 30 of each year, CCJJ shall:
2134	(i) compile the information from the reports described in Subsection (6)(a) that relate
2135	to the preceding state fiscal year and provide a copy of the compilation to each county that

2136	submitted a report; and
2137	(ii) calculate:
2138	(A) the actual county incarceration rate, based on the most recent year that data was
2139	reported in accordance with Subsection (6)(b); and
2140	(B) the final county incarceration rate.
2141	(b) On or before October 15 of each year, CCJJ shall inform the Division of Finance
2142	and each county of:
2143	(i) the actual county incarceration rate;
2144	(ii) the final county incarceration rate; and
2145	(iii) the exact amount of the payment described in this section that shall be made to
2146	each county.
2147	(8) On or before December 15 of each year, the Division of Finance shall distribute the
2148	payment described in Subsection (7)(b) in a single payment to each county.
2149	(9) (a) The amount paid to each county under Subsection (8) shall be calculated on a
2150	pro rata basis, based on the average number of state probationary inmate days of incarceration
2151	and the average state parole inmate days of incarceration that were provided by each county for
2152	the preceding five state fiscal years; and
2153	(b) if funds are available, the total number of days of incarceration of offenders housed
2154	pursuant to Subsection 64-13-21(2)(b).
2155	(10) If funds appropriated under Subsection (2) remain after payments are made
2156	pursuant to Subsection (8), the Division of Finance shall pay a county that houses in its jail a
2157	person convicted of a felony who is on probation or parole and who is incarcerated pursuant to
2158	Subsection 64-13-21(2)(b) on a pro rata basis not to exceed 50% of the actual county daily
2159	incarceration rate.
2160	Section 28. Section 67-19-14.7 (Superseded 07/01/20) is amended to read:
2161	67-19-14.7 (Superseded 07/01/20). Postpartum recovery leave.
2162	(1) As used in this section:
2163	(a) "Eligible employee" means an employee who:
2164	(i) is in a position that receives retirement benefits under Title 49, Utah State
2165	Retirement and Insurance Benefit Act;
2166	(ii) accrues paid leave benefits that can be used in the current and future calendar years;

2167	(iii) is not reemployed as defined in Section 49-11-1202; and
2168	(iv) gives birth to a child.
2169	(b) "Postpartum recovery leave" means leave hours a state employer provides to an
2170	eligible employee to recover from childbirth.
2171	(c) "Retaliatory action" means to do any of the following to an employee:
2172	(i) dismiss the employee;
2173	(ii) reduce the employee's compensation;
2174	(iii) fail to increase the employee's compensation by an amount that the employee is
2175	otherwise entitled to or was promised;
2176	(iv) fail to promote the employee if the employee would have otherwise been
2177	promoted; or
2178	(v) threaten to take an action described in Subsections $[(1)(f)(i)] (1)(c)(i)$ through (iv).
2179	(d) (i) "State employer" means:
2180	(A) a state executive branch agency, including the State Tax Commission, the National
2181	Guard, and the Board of Pardons and Parole;
2182	(B) the legislative branch of the state; or
2183	(C) the judicial branch of the state.
2184	(ii) "State employer" does not include:
2185	(A) an institute of higher education;
2186	(B) the [Board of Regents] Utah Board of Higher Education;
2187	(C) the State Board of Education;
2188	(D) an independent entity as defined in Section 63E-1-102;
2189	(E) the Attorney General's Office;
2190	(F) the State Auditor's Office; or
2191	(G) the State Treasurer's Office.
2192	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a state employer shall allow an eligible
2193	employee to use up to 120 hours of paid postpartum recovery leave based on a 40-hour work
2194	week for recovery from childbirth.
2195	(b) A state employer shall allow an eligible employee who is part-time or who works in
2196	excess of a 40-hour work week or its equivalent to use the amount of postpartum recovery
2197	leave available to the eligible employee under this section on a pro rata basis as adopted by rule

2198	by the department under Subsection (11).
2199	(3) (a) Postpartum recovery leave described in Subsection (2):
2200	(i) shall be used starting on the day on which the eligible employee gives birth, unless a
2201	health care provider certifies that an earlier start date is medically necessary;
2202	(ii) shall be used in a single continuous period; and
2203	(iii) runs concurrently with any leave authorized under the Family and Medical Leave
2204	Act of 1993, 29 U.S.C. Sec. 2601 et seq.
2205	(b) The amount of postpartum recovery leave authorized under Subsection (2) does not
2206	increase if an eligible employee has more than one child born from the same pregnancy.
2207	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), an eligible employee shall give the
2208	state employer notice at least 30 days before the day on which the eligible employee plans to:
2209	(i) begin using postpartum recovery leave under this section; and
2210	(ii) stop using postpartum recovery leave under this section.
2211	(b) If circumstances beyond the eligible employee's control prevent the eligible
2212	employee from giving notice in accordance with Subsection (4)(a), the eligible employee shall
2213	give each notice described in Subsection (4)(a) as soon as reasonably practicable.
2214	(5) A state employer may not charge postpartum recovery leave under this section
2215	against sick, annual, or other leave.
2216	(6) A state employer may not compensate an eligible employee for any unused
2217	postpartum recovery leave upon termination of employment.
2218	(7) (a) Following the expiration of an eligible employee's postpartum recovery leave
2219	under this section, the state employer shall ensure that the eligible employee may return to:
2220	(i) the position that the eligible employee held before using postpartum recovery leave;
2221	or
2222	(ii) a position within the state employer that is equivalent in seniority, status, benefits,
2223	and pay to the position that the eligible employee held before using postpartum recovery leave.
2224	(b) If during the time an eligible employee uses postpartum recovery leave under this
2225	section the state employer experiences a reduction in force and, as part of the reduction in
2226	force, the eligible employee would have been separated had the eligible employee not been
2227	using the postpartum recovery leave, the state employer may separate the eligible employee in
2228	accordance with any applicable process or procedure as if the eligible employee were not using

the postpartum recovery leave.

(8) During the time an eligible employee uses postpartum recovery leave under this
section, the eligible employee shall continue to receive all employment related benefits and
payments at the same level that the eligible employee received immediately before beginning
the postpartum leave, provided that the eligible employee pays any required employee
contributions.

2235 (9) A state employer may not:

(a) interfere with or otherwise restrain an eligible employee from using postpartumrecovery leave in accordance with this section; or

(b) take retaliatory action against an eligible employee for using postpartum recoveryleave in accordance with this section.

(10) A state employer shall provide each employee written information regarding aneligible employee's right to use postpartum recovery leave under this section.

(11) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
the department shall, by July 1, [2020] 2021, make rules for the use and administration of
postpartum recovery leave under this section, including a schedule that provides paid or
postpartum recovery leave for an eligible employee who is part-time or who works in excess of
a 40-hour work week on a pro rata basis.

2247 Section 29. Section **67-19-14.7** (Effective **07/01/20**) is amended to read:

- 2248 67-19-14.7 (Effective 07/01/20). Postpartum recovery leave.
- (1) As used in this section:
- 2250 (a) "Eligible employee" means an employee who:
- (i) is in a position that receives retirement benefits under Title 49, Utah State
- 2252 Retirement and Insurance Benefit Act;
- (ii) accrues paid leave benefits that can be used in the current and future calendar years;
- (iii) is not reemployed as defined in Section 49-11-1202; and
- (iv) gives birth to a child.
- (b) "Postpartum recovery leave" means leave hours a state employer provides to an
- 2257 eligible employee to recover from childbirth.
- 2258 (c) "Retaliatory action" means to do any of the following to an employee:
- (i) dismiss the employee;

2260	(ii) reduce the employee's compensation;
2260 2261	(iii) fail to increase the employee's compensation by an amount that the employee is
2262	otherwise entitled to or was promised;
2263	(iv) fail to promote the employee if the employee would have otherwise been
2264	promoted; or
2265	(v) threaten to take an action described in Subsections $[(1)(f)(i)] (1)(c)(i)$ through (iv).
2266	(d) (i) "State employer" means:
2267	(A) a state executive branch agency, including the State Tax Commission, the National
2268	Guard, and the Board of Pardons and Parole;
2269	(B) the legislative branch of the state; or
2270	(C) the judicial branch of the state.
2271	(ii) "State employer" does not include:
2272	(A) an institute of higher education;
2273	(B) the Utah Board of Higher Education;
2274	(C) the State Board of Education;
2275	(D) an independent entity as defined in Section 63E-1-102;
2276	(E) the Attorney General's Office;
2277	(F) the State Auditor's Office; or
2278	(G) the State Treasurer's Office.
2279	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a state employer shall allow an eligible
2280	employee to use up to 120 hours of paid postpartum recovery leave based on a 40-hour work
2281	week for recovery from childbirth.
2282	(b) A state employer shall allow an eligible employee who is part-time or who works in
2283	excess of a 40-hour work week or its equivalent to use the amount of postpartum recovery
2284	leave available to the eligible employee under this section on a pro rata basis as adopted by rule
2285	by the department under Subsection (11).
2286	(3) (a) Postpartum recovery leave described in Subsection (2):
2287	(i) shall be used starting on the day on which the eligible employee gives birth, unless a
2288	health care provider certifies that an earlier start date is medically necessary;
2289	(ii) shall be used in a single continuous period; and
2290	(iii) runs concurrently with any leave authorized under the Family and Medical Leave
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2291	Act of 1993, 29 U.S.C. Sec. 2601 et seq.
2292	(b) The amount of postpartum recovery leave authorized under Subsection (2) does not
2293	increase if an eligible employee has more than one child born from the same pregnancy.
2294	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), an eligible employee shall give the
2295	state employer notice at least 30 days before the day on which the eligible employee plans to:
2296	(i) begin using postpartum recovery leave under this section; and
2297	(ii) stop using postpartum recovery leave under this section.
2298	(b) If circumstances beyond the eligible employee's control prevent the eligible
2299	employee from giving notice in accordance with Subsection (4)(a), the eligible employee shall
2300	give each notice described in Subsection (4)(a) as soon as reasonably practicable.
2301	(5) A state employer may not charge postpartum recovery leave under this section
2302	against sick, annual, or other leave.
2303	(6) A state employer may not compensate an eligible employee for any unused
2304	postpartum recovery leave upon termination of employment.
2305	(7) (a) Following the expiration of an eligible employee's postpartum recovery leave
2306	under this section, the state employer shall ensure that the eligible employee may return to:
2307	(i) the position that the eligible employee held before using postpartum recovery leave;
2308	or
2309	(ii) a position within the state employer that is equivalent in seniority, status, benefits,
2310	and pay to the position that the eligible employee held before using postpartum recovery leave.
2311	(b) If during the time an eligible employee uses postpartum recovery leave under this
2312	section the state employer experiences a reduction in force and, as part of the reduction in
2313	force, the eligible employee would have been separated had the eligible employee not been
2314	using the postpartum recovery leave, the state employer may separate the eligible employee in
2315	accordance with any applicable process or procedure as if the eligible employee were not using
2316	the postpartum recovery leave.
2317	(8) During the time an eligible employee uses postpartum recovery leave under this
2318	section, the eligible employee shall continue to receive all employment related benefits and
2319	payments at the same level that the eligible employee received immediately before beginning
2320	the postpartum leave, provided that the eligible employee pays any required employee

2321 contributions.

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2322 (9) A state employer may not: 2323 (a) interfere with or otherwise restrain an eligible employee from using postpartum 2324 recovery leave in accordance with this section; or (b) take retaliatory action against an eligible employee for using postpartum recovery 2325 2326 leave in accordance with this section. 2327 (10) A state employer shall provide each employee written information regarding an eligible employee's right to use postpartum recovery leave under this section. 2328 2329 (11) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, 2330 the department shall, by July 1, [2020] 2021, make rules for the use and administration of postpartum recovery leave under this section, including a schedule that provides paid or 2331 2332 postpartum recovery leave for an eligible employee who is part-time or who works in excess of 2333 a 40-hour work week on a pro rata basis. 2334 Section 30. Section 78A-6-117 (Superseded 07/01/20) is amended to read: 2335 78A-6-117 (Superseded 07/01/20). Adjudication of jurisdiction of juvenile court --Disposition of cases -- Enumeration of possible court orders -- Considerations of court. 2336 2337 (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), when a minor is found to come within 2338 Section 78A-6-103, the court shall adjudicate the case and make findings of fact upon which 2339 the court bases the court's jurisdiction over the case. 2340 (b) For a case described in Subsection 78A-6-103(1), findings of fact are not necessary. (c) If the court adjudicates a minor for an offense of violence or an offense in violation 2341 2342 of Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 5, Weapons, the court shall order that notice of the adjudication be 2343 provided to the school superintendent of the district in which the minor resides or attends 2344 school. Notice shall be made to the district superintendent within three days of the 2345 adjudication and shall include: 2346 (i) the specific offenses for which the minor was adjudicated; and 2347 (ii) if available, whether the victim: (A) resides in the same school district as the minor; or 2348 2349 (B) attends the same school as the minor. 2350 (d) (i) An adjudicated minor shall undergo a risk screening or, if indicated, a validated 2351 risk and needs assessment. 2352 (ii) Results of the screening or assessment shall be used to inform disposition decisions

2353	and case planning. Assessment results, if available, may not be shared with the court before
2354	adjudication.
2355	(2) Upon adjudication the court may make the following dispositions by court order:
2356	(a) (i) the court may place the minor on probation or under protective supervision in
2357	the minor's own home and upon conditions determined by the court, including community or
2358	compensatory service;
2359	(ii) a condition ordered by the court under Subsection (2)(a)(i):
2360	(A) shall be individualized and address a specific risk or need;
2361	(B) shall be based on information provided to the court, including the results of a
2362	validated risk and needs assessment conducted under Subsection (1)(d);
2363	(C) if the court orders substance abuse treatment or an educational series, shall be
2364	based on a validated risk and needs assessment conducted under Subsection (1)(d); and
2365	(D) if the court orders protective supervision, may not designate the division as the
2366	provider of protective supervision unless there is a petition regarding abuse, neglect, or
2367	dependency before the court requesting that the division provide protective supervision;
2368	(iii) a court may not issue a standard order that contains control-oriented conditions;
2369	(iv) prohibitions on weapon possession, where appropriate, shall be specific to the
2370	minor and not the minor's family;
2371	(v) if the court orders probation, the court may direct that notice of the court's order be
2372	provided to designated individuals in the local law enforcement agency and the school or
2373	transferee school, if applicable, that the minor attends. The designated individuals may receive
2374	the information for purposes of the minor's supervision and student safety; and
2375	(vi) an employee of the local law enforcement agency and the school that the minor
2376	attends who discloses the court's order of probation is not:
2377	(A) civilly liable except when the disclosure constitutes fraud or willful misconduct as
2378	provided in Section 63G-7-202; and
2379	(B) civilly or criminally liable except when the disclosure constitutes a knowing
2380	violation of Section 63G-2-801.
2381	(b) The court may place the minor in the legal custody of a relative or other suitable
2382	individual, with or without probation or other court-specified child welfare services, but the
2383	juvenile court may not assume the function of developing foster home services.

2384	(c) The court shall only vest legal custody of the minor in the Division of Juvenile
2385	Justice Services and order the Division of Juvenile Justice Services to provide dispositional
2386	recommendations and services if:
2387	(i) nonresidential treatment options have been exhausted or nonresidential treatment
2388	options are not appropriate; and
2389	(ii) the minor is adjudicated under this section for a felony offense, a misdemeanor
2390	when the minor has five prior misdemeanors or felony adjudications arising from separate
2391	criminal episodes, or a misdemeanor involving the use of a dangerous weapon as defined in
2392	Section 76-1-601.
2393	(d) (i) The court may not vest legal custody of a minor in the Division of Juvenile
2394	Justice Services for:
2395	(A) contempt of court except to the extent permitted under Section 78A-6-1101;
2396	(B) a violation of probation;
2397	(C) failure to pay a fine, fee, restitution, or other financial obligation;
2398	(D) unfinished compensatory or community service hours;
2399	(E) an infraction; or
2400	(F) a status offense.
2401	(ii) (A) A minor who is 18 years old or older, but younger than 21 years old, may
2402	petition the court to express the minor's desire to be removed from the jurisdiction of the
2403	juvenile court and from the custody of the division if the minor is in the division's custody on
2404	grounds of abuse, neglect, or dependency.
2405	(B) If the minor's parent's rights have not been terminated in accordance with Part 5,
2406	Termination of Parental Rights Act, the minor's petition shall contain a statement from the
2407	minor's parent or guardian agreeing that the minor should be removed from the custody of the
2408	division.
2409	(C) The minor and the minor's parent or guardian shall sign the petition.
2410	(D) The court shall review the petition within 14 days.
2411	(E) The court shall remove the minor from the custody of the division if the minor and
2412	the minor's parent or guardian have met the requirements described in Subsections (2)(d)(ii)(B)
2413	and (C) and if the court finds, based on input from the division, the minor's guardian ad litem,
2414	and the Office of the Attorney General, that the minor does not pose an imminent threat to self

2415	or others.
2416	(F) A minor removed from custody under Subsection (2)(d)(ii)(E) may, within 90 days
2417	of the date of removal, petition the court to re-enter custody of the division.
2418	(G) Upon receiving a petition under Subsection (2)(d)(ii)(F), the court shall order the
2419	division to take custody of the minor based on the findings the court entered when the court
2420	originally vested custody in the division.
2421	(e) The court shall only commit a minor to the Division of Juvenile Justice Services for
2422	secure confinement if the court finds that:
2423	(i) (A) the minor poses a risk of harm to others; or
2424	(B) the minor's conduct resulted in the victim's death; and
2425	(ii) the minor is adjudicated under this section for:
2426	(A) a felony offense;
2427	(B) a misdemeanor if the minor has five prior misdemeanor or felony adjudications
2428	arising from separate criminal episodes; or
2429	(C) a misdemeanor involving use of a dangerous weapon as defined in Section
2430	76-1-601.
2431	(f) (i) A minor under the jurisdiction of the court solely on the ground of abuse,
2432	neglect, or dependency under Subsection 78A-6-103(1)(b) may not be committed to the
2433	Division of Juvenile Justice Services.
2434	(ii) The court may not commit a minor to the Division of Juvenile Justice Services for
2435	secure confinement for:
2436	(A) contempt of court;
2437	(B) a violation of probation;
2438	(C) failure to pay a fine, fee, restitution, or other financial obligation;
2439	(D) unfinished compensatory or community service hours;
2440	(E) an infraction; or
2441	(F) a status offense.
2442	(g) The court may order nonresidential, diagnostic assessment, including substance use
2443	disorder, mental health, psychological, or sexual behavior risk assessment.
2444	(h) (i) The court may commit a minor to a place of detention or an alternative to
2445	detention for a period not to exceed 30 cumulative days per adjudication subject to the court

2446	retaining continuing jurisdiction over the minor's case. This commitment may not be
2447	suspended upon conditions ordered by the court.
2448	(ii) This Subsection (2)(h) applies only to a minor adjudicated for:
2449	(A) an act which if committed by an adult would be a criminal offense; or
2450	(B) contempt of court under Section 78A-6-1101.
2451	(iii) The court may not commit a minor to a place of detention for:
2452	(A) contempt of court except to the extent allowed under Section 78A-6-1101;
2453	(B) a violation of probation;
2454	(C) failure to pay a fine, fee, restitution, or other financial obligation;
2455	(D) unfinished compensatory or community service hours;
2456	(E) an infraction; or
2457	(F) a status offense.
2458	(iv) (A) Time spent in detention pre-adjudication shall be credited toward the 30
2459	cumulative days eligible as a disposition under Subsection (2)(h)(i). If the minor spent more
2460	than 30 days in a place of detention before disposition, the court may not commit a minor to
2461	detention under this section.
2462	(B) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(h)(iv)(A), the court may commit a minor for a
2463	maximum of seven days while a minor is awaiting placement under Subsection (2)(c). Only the
2464	seven days under this Subsection (2)(h)(iv)(B) may be combined with a nonsecure placement.
2465	(v) Notwithstanding Subsection $(2)(v)$, no more than seven days of detention may be
2466	ordered in combination with an order under Subsection (2)(c).
2467	(i) [The] (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(i)(b), the court may vest legal
2468	custody of an abused, neglected, or dependent minor in the division or any other appropriate
2469	person in accordance with the requirements and procedures of Title 78A, Chapter 6, Part 3,
2470	Abuse, Neglect, and Dependency Proceedings.
2471	(b) The court may not vest legal custody of an abused, neglected, or dependent minor
2472	in the division to primarily address the minor's ungovernable or other behavior, mental health,
2473	or disability unless the division:
2474	(i) engages other relevant divisions within the department in conducting an assessment
2475	of the minor's and the minor's family's needs;
2476	(ii) based on the assessment described in Subsection (2)(i)(b)(i), determines that

2477	vesting custody of the minor in the division is the least restrictive intervention for the minor
2478	that meets the minor's needs; and
2479	(iii) consents to legal custody of the minor being vested in the division.
2480	(j) (i) The court may order a minor to repair, replace, or otherwise make restitution for
2481	material loss caused by the minor's wrongful act or for conduct for which the minor agrees to
2482	make restitution.
2483	(ii) A victim of an offense that involves as an element a scheme, a conspiracy, or a
2484	pattern of criminal activity, includes any person directly harmed by the minor's delinquency
2485	conduct in the course of the scheme, conspiracy, or pattern.
2486	(iii) If the victim and the minor agree to participate, the court may refer the case to a
2487	restorative justice program such as victim offender mediation to address how loss resulting
2488	from the adjudicated act may be addressed.
2489	(iv) For the purpose of determining whether and how much restitution is appropriate,
2490	the court shall consider the following:
2491	(A) restitution shall only be ordered for the victim's material loss;
2492	(B) restitution may not be ordered if the court finds that the minor is unable to pay or
2493	acquire the means to pay;
2494	(C) any amount paid by the minor to the victim in civil penalty shall be credited against
2495	restitution owed; and
2496	(D) the length of the presumptive term of supervision shall be taken into account in
2497	determining the minor's ability to satisfy the restitution order within the presumptive term.
2498	(v) Any amount paid to the victim in restitution shall be credited against liability in a
2499	civil suit.
2500	(vi) The court may also require a minor to reimburse an individual, entity, or
2501	governmental agency who offered and paid a reward to a person or persons for providing
2502	information resulting in a court adjudication that the minor is within the jurisdiction of the
2503	juvenile court due to the commission of a criminal offense.
2504	(vii) If a minor is returned to this state under the Interstate Compact on Juveniles, the
2505	court may order the minor to make restitution for costs expended by any governmental entity
2506	for the return.
2507	(viii) Within seven days after the day on which a petition is filed under Section

- 2508 78A-6-602.5, the prosecuting attorney or the court's probation department shall provide 2509 notification of the restitution process to all reasonably identifiable and locatable victims of an 2510 offense listed in the petition. 2511 (ix) A victim that receives notice under Subsection (2)(j)(viii) is responsible for 2512 providing the prosecutor with: 2513 (A) all invoices, bills, receipts, and any other evidence of the injury or out-of-pocket 2514 loss; 2515 (B) all documentation of any compensation or reimbursement from an insurance 2516 company or a local, state, or federal agency that is related to the injury or out-of-pocket loss;
- (C) if applicable, the victim's proof of identification, including the victim's date ofbirth, social security number, or driver license number; and
- 2519 (D) the victim's contact information, including the victim's current home and work 2520 address and telephone number.
- (x) A prosecutor or victim shall submit a request for restitution to the court at the timeof disposition, if feasible, otherwise within 90 days after disposition.
- (xi) The court shall order a financial disposition that prioritizes the payment ofrestitution.
- (k) The court may issue orders necessary for the collection of restitution and fines
 ordered by the court, including garnishments, wage withholdings, and executions, except for an
 order that changes the custody of the minor, including detention or other secure or nonsecure
 residential placements.
- (1) (i) The court may through the court's probation department encourage the
 development of nonresidential employment or work programs to enable a minor to fulfill the
 minor's obligations under Subsection (2)(j) and for other purposes considered desirable by the
 court.
- (ii) Consistent with the order of the court, the probation officer may permit a minor to
 participate in a program of work restitution or compensatory service in lieu of paying part or all
 of the fine imposed by the court.
- 2536 (iii) The court may order the minor to:
- 2537 (A) pay a fine, fee, restitution, or other cost; or
- 2538 (B) complete service hours.

2539	(iv) If the court orders a minor to pay a fine, fee, restitution, or other cost, or to
2540	complete service hours, those dispositions shall be considered collectively to ensure that the
2541	order:
2542	(A) is reasonable;
2543	(B) prioritizes restitution; and
2544	(C) takes into account the minor's ability to satisfy the order within the presumptive
2545	term of supervision.
2546	(v) If the court orders a minor to pay a fine, fee, or other cost, or complete service
2547	hours, the cumulative order shall be limited per criminal episode as follows:
2548	(A) for a minor younger than 16 years old at adjudication, the court may impose up to
2549	\$180 or up to 24 hours of service; and
2550	(B) for a minor 16 years old or older at adjudication, the court may impose up to \$270
2551	or up to 36 hours of service.
2552	(vi) The cumulative order under Subsection $(2)(1)(v)$ does not include restitution.
2553	(vii) If the court converts a fine, fee, or restitution amount to service hours, the rate of
2554	conversion shall be no less than the minimum wage.
2555	(m) (i) In violations of traffic laws within the court's jurisdiction, when the court finds
2556	that as part of the commission of the violation the minor was in actual physical control of a
2557	motor vehicle, the court may, in addition to any other disposition authorized by this section:
2558	(A) restrain the minor from driving for periods of time the court considers necessary;
2559	and
2560	(B) take possession of the minor's driver license.
2561	(ii) (A) The court may enter any other eligible disposition under Subsection (2)(m)(i)
2562	except for a disposition under Subsection (2)(c), (d), (e), or (f).
2563	(B) The suspension of driving privileges for an offense under Section 78A-6-606 is
2564	governed only by Section 78A-6-606.
2565	(n) (i) The court may order a minor to complete community or compensatory service
2566	hours in accordance with Subsections (2)(l)(iv) and (v).
2567	(ii) When community service is ordered, the presumptive service order shall include
2568	between five and 10 hours of service.
2569	(iii) Satisfactory completion of an approved substance use disorder prevention or

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2570 treatment program or other court-ordered condition may be credited by the court as 2571 compensatory service hours. 2572 (iv) When a minor commits an offense involving the use of graffiti under Section 2573 76-6-106 or 76-6-206, the court may order the minor to clean up graffiti created by the minor 2574 or any other individual at a time and place within the jurisdiction of the court. Compensatory 2575 service ordered under this section may be performed in the presence and under the direct supervision of the minor's parent or legal guardian. The parent or legal guardian shall report 2576 2577 completion of the order to the court. The court may also require the minor to perform other 2578 alternative forms of restitution or repair to the damaged property pursuant to Subsection (2)(j). 2579 (o) (i) Subject to Subsection (2)(0)(iii), the court may order that a minor: 2580 (A) be examined or treated by a physician, surgeon, psychiatrist, or psychologist; or 2581 (B) receive other special care. 2582 (ii) For purposes of receiving the examination, treatment, or care described in 2583 Subsection (2)(0)(i), the court may place the minor in a hospital or other suitable facility that is 2584 not a secure facility or secure detention. 2585 (iii) In determining whether to order the examination, treatment, or care described in Subsection (2)(0)(i), the court shall consider: 2586 2587 (A) the desires of the minor; 2588 (B) if the minor is younger than 18 years old, the desires of the parents or guardian of 2589 the minor; and 2590 (C) whether the potential benefits of the examination, treatment, or care outweigh the 2591 potential risks and side-effects, including behavioral disturbances, suicidal ideation, brain 2592 function impairment, or emotional or physical harm resulting from the compulsory nature of 2593 the examination, treatment, or care. 2594 (iv) The division shall: 2595 (A) take reasonable measures to notify a parent or guardian of any non-emergency 2596 health treatment or care scheduled for a child; 2597 (B) include the parent or guardian as fully as possible in making health care decisions 2598 for the child; and 2599 (C) defer to the parent's or guardian's reasonable and informed decisions regarding the 2600 child's health care to the extent that the child's health and well being are not unreasonably

2601 compromised by the parent's or guardian's decision.

- 2602 (v) The division shall notify the parent or guardian of a child within five business days 2603 after a child in the custody of the division receives emergency health care or treatment.
- 2604 (vi) The division shall use the least restrictive means to accomplish a compelling 2605 interest in the care and treatment of a child described in this Subsection (2)(0).
- 2606 (p) (i) The court may appoint a guardian for the minor if it appears necessary in the 2607 interest of the minor, and may appoint as guardian a public or private institution or agency, but 2608 not a nonsecure residential placement provider, in which legal custody of the minor is vested.
- 2609 (ii) In placing a minor under the guardianship or legal custody of an individual or of a private agency or institution, the court shall give primary consideration to the welfare of the 2610 2611 minor. When practicable, the court may take into consideration the religious preferences of the 2612 minor and of a child's parents.
- 2613 (q) (i) In support of a decree under Section 78A-6-103, the court may order reasonable conditions to be complied with by a minor's parents or guardian, a minor's custodian, or any 2614 other person who has been made a party to the proceedings. Conditions may include: 2615
- 2616 (A) parent-time by the parents or one parent;
- 2617 (B) restrictions on the minor's associates:
- 2618 (C) restrictions on the minor's occupation and other activities: and
- 2619
- (D) requirements to be observed by the parents or custodian.
- 2620 (ii) A minor whose parents or guardians successfully complete a family or other 2621 counseling program may be credited by the court for detention, confinement, or probation time.
- 2622 (r) The court may order the child to be committed to the physical custody of a local 2623 mental health authority, in accordance with the procedures and requirements of Title 62A, 2624 Chapter 15, Part 7, Commitment of Persons Under Age 18 to Division of Substance Abuse and 2625 Mental Health.
- 2626 (s) (i) The court may make an order committing a minor within the court's jurisdiction 2627 to the Utah State Developmental Center if the minor has an intellectual disability in accordance 2628 with Title 62A, Chapter 5, Part 3, Admission to an Intermediate Care Facility for People with 2629 an Intellectual Disability.
- 2630 (ii) The court shall follow the procedure applicable in the district courts with respect to 2631 judicial commitments to the Utah State Developmental Center when ordering a commitment

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2632 under Subsection (2)(s)(i).

- (t) The court may terminate all parental rights upon a finding of compliance with Title
 78A, Chapter 6, Part 5, Termination of Parental Rights Act.
- (u) The court may make other reasonable orders for the best interest of the minor and
 as required for the protection of the public, except that a child may not be committed to jail,
 prison, secure detention, or the custody of the Division of Juvenile Justice Services under
 Subsections (2)(c), (d), (e), and (f).
- (v) The court may combine the dispositions listed in this section if it is permissible andthey are compatible.
- (w) Before depriving any parent of custody, the court shall give due consideration to
 the rights of parents concerning their child. [The] Except as provided in Subsection (2)(i)(b),
 the court may transfer custody of a minor to another individual, agency, or institution in
 accordance with the requirements and procedures of Title 78A, Chapter 6, Part 3, Abuse,
 Neglect, and Dependency Proceedings.
- (x) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(z)(i), an order under this section for probation
 or placement of a minor with an individual or an agency shall include a date certain for a
 review and presumptive termination of the case by the court in accordance with Subsection (6)
 and Section 62A-7-404.5. A new date shall be set upon each review.
- 2650 (y) In reviewing foster home placements, special attention shall be given to making2651 adoptable children available for adoption without delay.
- (z) (i) The juvenile court may enter an order of permanent custody and guardianship
 with an individual or relative of a child where the court has previously acquired jurisdiction as
 a result of an adjudication of abuse, neglect, or dependency. The juvenile court may enter an
 order for child support on behalf of the child against the natural or adoptive parents of the
 child.
- 2657 (ii) Orders under Subsection (2)(z)(i):
- 2658 (A) shall remain in effect until the child reaches majority;
- 2659 (B) are not subject to review under Section 78A-6-118; and
- 2660 (C) may be modified by petition or motion as provided in Section 78A-6-1103.
- (iii) Orders permanently terminating the rights of a parent, guardian, or custodian andpermanent orders of custody and guardianship do not expire with a termination of jurisdiction

2663 of the juvenile court.

(3) If a court adjudicates a minor for an offense, the minor may be given a choice by
the court to serve in the National Guard in lieu of other sanctions described in Subsection (2)
if:

(a) the minor meets the current entrance qualifications for service in the NationalGuard as determined by a recruiter, whose determination is final;

(b) the offense:

2670 (i) would be a felony if committed by an adult;

2671 (ii) is a violation of Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act; or

2672 (iii) was committed with a weapon; and

(c) the court retains jurisdiction over the minor's case under conditions set by the court
and agreed upon by the recruiter or the unit commander to which the minor is eventually
assigned.

(4) (a) A DNA specimen shall be obtained from a minor who is under the jurisdiction
of the court as described in Subsection 53-10-403(3). The specimen shall be obtained by
designated employees of the court or, if the minor is in the legal custody of the Division of
Juvenile Justice Services, then by designated employees of the division under Subsection
53-10-404(5)(b).

(b) The responsible agency shall ensure that an employee designated to collect the
saliva DNA specimens receives appropriate training and that the specimens are obtained in
accordance with accepted protocol.

(c) Reimbursements paid under Subsection 53-10-404(2)(a) shall be placed in the DNA
Specimen Restricted Account created in Section 53-10-407.

(d) Payment of the reimbursement is second in priority to payments the minor isordered to make for restitution under this section and treatment under Section 78A-6-321.

2688 (5) (a) A disposition made by the court in accordance with this section may not be2689 suspended, except for the following:

(i) If a minor qualifies for commitment to the Division of Juvenile Justice Services
under Subsection (2)(e), the court may suspend a custody order in accordance with Subsection
(2)(c) in lieu of immediate commitment, upon the condition that the minor commit no new
misdemeanor or felony offense during the three months following the day of disposition.

2694	(ii) The duration of a suspended custody order made under Subsection $(5)(a)(i)$ may not
2695	exceed three months post-disposition and may not be extended under any circumstance.
2696	(iii) The court may only impose a custody order suspended under Subsection (5)(a)(i):
2697	(A) following adjudication of a new misdemeanor or felony offense committed by the
2698	minor during the period of suspension set out under Subsection (5)(a)(ii);
2699	(B) if a new assessment or evaluation has been completed and recommends that a
2700	higher level of care is needed and nonresidential treatment options have been exhausted or
2701	nonresidential treatment options are not appropriate; or
2702	(C) if, after a notice and a hearing, the court finds a new or previous evaluation
2703	recommends a higher level of treatment, and the minor willfully failed to comply with a lower
2704	level of treatment and has been unsuccessfully discharged from treatment.
2705	(iv) A suspended custody order may not be imposed without notice to the minor, notice
2706	to counsel, and a hearing.
2707	(b) The court in accordance with Subsection (5)(a) shall terminate continuing
2708	jurisdiction over a minor's case at the end of the presumptive time frame unless at least one the
2709	following circumstances exists:
2710	(i) termination in accordance with Subsection (6)(a)(ii) would interrupt the completion
2711	of a program determined to be necessary by the results of a validated risk and needs assessment
2712	with completion found by the court after considering the recommendation of a licensed service
2713	provider on the basis of the minor completing the goals of the necessary treatment program;
2714	(ii) the minor commits a new misdemeanor or felony offense;
2715	(iii) service hours have not been completed; or
2716	(iv) there is an outstanding fine.
2717	(6) When the court places a minor on probation under Subsection (2)(a) or vests legal
2718	custody of the minor in the Division of Juvenile Justice Services under Subsection (2)(c), the
2719	court shall do so for a defined period of time in accordance with this section.
2720	(a) In placing a minor on probation under Subsection (2)(a), the court shall establish a
2721	presumptive term of probation as specified in this Subsection (6):
2722	(i) the presumptive length of intake probation may not exceed three months; and
2723	(ii) the presumptive length of formal probation may not exceed four to six months.
2724	(b) In vesting legal custody of the minor in the Division of Juvenile Justice Services

under Subsection (2)(c) or (d), the court shall establish a maximum term of custody and a
maximum term of aftercare as specified in this Subsection (6):

(i) the presumptive length of out-of-home placement may not exceed three to sixmonths; and

(ii) the presumptive length of aftercare supervision, for those previously placed
out-of-home, may not exceed three to four months, and minors may serve the term of aftercare
in the home of a qualifying relative or guardian or at an independent living program contracted
or operated by the Division of Juvenile Justice Services.

(c) The court in accordance with Subsections (6)(a) and (b), and the Youth Parole
Authority in accordance with Subsection (6)(b), shall terminate continuing jurisdiction over a
minor's case at the end of the presumptive time frame unless at least one of the following
circumstances exists:

(i) termination pursuant to Subsection (6)(a)(ii) would interrupt the completion of a
court ordered program determined to be necessary by the results of a validated assessment, with
completion found by the court after considering the recommendations of a licensed service
provider or facilitator of court ordered treatment or intervention program on the basis of the
minor completing the goals of the necessary treatment program;

(ii) termination pursuant to Subsection (6)(a)(i) or (6)(b) would interrupt the
completion of a program determined to be necessary by the results of a validated assessment,
with completion determined on the basis of whether the minor has regularly and consistently
attended the treatment program and completed the goals of the necessary treatment program as
determined by the court or Youth Parole Authority after considering the recommendation of a
licensed service provider or facilitator of court ordered treatment or intervention program;

- 2748 (iii) the minor commits a new misdemeanor or felony offense;
- (iv) service hours have not been completed;
- 2750 (v) there is an outstanding fine; or
- (vi) there is a failure to pay restitution in full.

(d) (i) Subject to Subsection (6)(g), if one of the circumstances under Subsection (6)(c)
exists, the court may extend jurisdiction for the time needed to address the specific
circumstance.

2755

(ii) Subject to Subsection (6)(g), if one of the circumstances under Subsection (6)(c)

2756	exists, and the Youth Parole Authority has jurisdiction, the Youth Parole Authority may extend
2757	jurisdiction for the time needed to address the specific circumstance.
2758	(e) If the circumstance under Subsection (6)(c)(iv) exists, the court, or the Youth
2759	Parole Authority if the Youth Parole Authority has jurisdiction, may extend jurisdiction one
2760	time for up to three months.
2761	(f) Grounds for extension of the presumptive length of supervision or placement and
2762	the length of any extension shall be recorded in the court record or records of the Youth Parole
2763	Authority if the Youth Parole Authority has jurisdiction, and tracked in the data system used by
2764	the Administrative Office of the Courts and the Division of Juvenile Justice Services.
2765	(g) (i) For a minor who is under the supervision of the juvenile court and whose
2766	supervision is extended under Subsection (6)(c)(iv), (v), or (vi), jurisdiction may only be
2767	continued under the supervision of intake probation.
2768	(ii) For a minor who is under the jurisdiction of the Youth Parole Authority whose
2769	supervision is extended under Subsection (6)(c)(iv), (v), or (vi), jurisdiction may only be
2770	continued on parole and not in secure confinement.
2771	(h) In the event of an unauthorized leave lasting more than 24 hours, the supervision
2772	period shall toll until the minor returns.
2773	(7) Subsection (6) does not apply to any minor adjudicated under this section for:
2774	(a) Section 76-5-103, aggravated assault resulting in serious bodily injury to another;
2775	(b) Section 76-5-202, aggravated murder or attempted aggravated murder;
2776	(c) Section 76-5-203, murder or attempted murder;
2777	(d) Section 76-5-205, manslaughter;
2778	(e) Section 76-5-206, negligent homicide;
2779	(f) Section 76-5-207, automobile homicide;
2780	(g) Section 76-5-207.5, automobile homicide involving handheld wireless
2781	communication device;
2782	(h) Section 76-5-208, child abuse homicide;
2783	(i) Section 76-5-209, homicide by assault;
2784	(j) Section 76-5-302, aggravated kidnapping;
2785	(k) Section 76-5-405, aggravated sexual assault;
2786	(1) a felony violation of Section 76-6-103, aggravated arson;

2787	(m) Section 76-6-203, aggravated burglary;
2788	(n) Section 76-6-302, aggravated robbery;
2789	(o) Section 76-10-508.1, felony discharge of a firearm;
2790	(p) (i) an offense other than an offense listed in Subsections (7)(a) through (o)
2791	involving the use of a dangerous weapon, as defined in Section 76-1-601, that is a felony; and
2792	(ii) the minor has been previously adjudicated or convicted of an offense involving the
2793	use of a dangerous weapon; or
2794	(q) a felony offense other than an offense listed in Subsections (7)(a) through (p) and
2795	the minor has been previously committed to the custody of the Division of Juvenile Justice
2796	Services for secure confinement.
2797	Section 31. Section 78A-6-117 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:
2798	78A-6-117 (Effective 07/01/20). Adjudication of jurisdiction of juvenile court
2799	Disposition of cases Enumeration of possible court orders Considerations of court.
2800	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), when a minor is found to come within
2801	Section 78A-6-103, the court shall adjudicate the case and make findings of fact upon which
2802	the court bases the court's jurisdiction over the case.
2803	(b) For a case described in Subsection 78A-6-103(1), findings of fact are not necessary.
2804	(c) If the court adjudicates a minor for an offense of violence or an offense in violation
2805	of Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 5, Weapons, the court shall order that notice of the adjudication be
2806	provided to the school superintendent of the district in which the minor resides or attends
2807	school. Notice shall be made to the district superintendent within three days of the
2808	adjudication and shall include:
2809	(i) the specific offenses for which the minor was adjudicated; and
2810	(ii) if available, whether the victim:
2811	(A) resides in the same school district as the minor; or
2812	(B) attends the same school as the minor.
2813	(d) (i) An adjudicated minor shall undergo a risk screening or, if indicated, a validated
2814	risk and needs assessment.
2815	(ii) Results of the screening or assessment shall be used to inform disposition decisions
2816	and case planning. Assessment results, if available, may not be shared with the court before
2817	adjudication.

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2818 (2) Upon adjudication the court may make the following dispositions by court order: 2819 (a) (i) the court may place the minor on probation or under protective supervision in 2820 the minor's own home and upon conditions determined by the court, including community or 2821 compensatory service; 2822 (ii) a condition ordered by the court under Subsection (2)(a)(i): 2823 (A) shall be individualized and address a specific risk or need; (B) shall be based on information provided to the court, including the results of a 2824 2825 validated risk and needs assessment conducted under Subsection (1)(d): (C) if the court orders substance abuse treatment or an educational series, shall be 2826 2827 based on a validated risk and needs assessment conducted under Subsection (1)(d); and 2828 (D) if the court orders protective supervision, may not designate the division as the 2829 provider of protective supervision unless there is a petition regarding abuse, neglect, or 2830 dependency before the court requesting that the division provide protective supervision: 2831 (iii) a court may not issue a standard order that contains control-oriented conditions; 2832 (iv) prohibitions on weapon possession, where appropriate, shall be specific to the 2833 minor and not the minor's family; 2834 (v) if the court orders probation, the court may direct that notice of the court's order be 2835 provided to designated individuals in the local law enforcement agency and the school or 2836 transferee school, if applicable, that the minor attends. The designated individuals may receive 2837 the information for purposes of the minor's supervision and student safety; and 2838 (vi) an employee of the local law enforcement agency and the school that the minor 2839 attends who discloses the court's order of probation is not: 2840 (A) civilly liable except when the disclosure constitutes fraud or willful misconduct as 2841 provided in Section 63G-7-202; and 2842 (B) civilly or criminally liable except when the disclosure constitutes a knowing 2843 violation of Section 63G-2-801. 2844 (b) The court may place the minor in the legal custody of a relative or other suitable 2845 individual, with or without probation or other court-specified child welfare services, but the 2846 juvenile court may not assume the function of developing foster home services. 2847 (c) The court shall only vest legal custody of the minor in the Division of Juvenile 2848 Justice Services and order the Division of Juvenile Justice Services to provide dispositional

(i) nonresidential treatment options have been exhausted or nonresidential treatment
options are not appropriate; and
(ii) the minor is adjudicated under this section for a felony offense, a misdemeanor
when the minor has five prior misdemeanors or felony adjudications arising from separate
criminal episodes, or a misdemeanor involving the use of a dangerous weapon as defined in
Section 76-1-601.
(d) (i) The court may not vest legal custody of a minor in the Division of Juvenile
Justice Services for:
(A) contempt of court except to the extent permitted under Section 78A-6-1101;
(B) a violation of probation;
(C) failure to pay a fine, fee, restitution, or other financial obligation;
(D) unfinished compensatory or community service hours;
(E) an infraction; or
(F) a status offense.
(ii) (A) A minor who is 18 years old or older, but younger than 21 years old, may
petition the court to express the minor's desire to be removed from the jurisdiction of the
juvenile court and from the custody of the division if the minor is in the division's custody on
grounds of abuse, neglect, or dependency.
(B) If the minor's parent's rights have not been terminated in accordance with Part 5,
Termination of Parental Rights Act, the minor's petition shall contain a statement from the
minor's parent or guardian agreeing that the minor should be removed from the custody of the
division.
(C) The minor and the minor's parent or guardian shall sign the petition.
(D) The court shall review the petition within 14 days.
(E) The court shall remove the minor from the custody of the division if the minor and
the minor's parent or guardian have met the requirements described in Subsections (2)(d)(ii)(B)
and (C) and if the court finds, based on input from the division, the minor's guardian ad litem,
and the Office of the Attorney General, that the minor does not pose an imminent threat to self
or others.
(F) A minor removed from custody under Subsection (2)(d)(ii)(E) may, within 90 days

2880	of the date of removal, petition the court to re-enter custody of the division.
2881	(G) Upon receiving a petition under Subsection (2)(d)(ii)(F), the court shall order the
2882	division to take custody of the minor based on the findings the court entered when the court
2883	originally vested custody in the division.
2884	(e) The court shall only commit a minor to the Division of Juvenile Justice Services for
2885	secure confinement if the court finds that:
2886	(i) (A) the minor poses a risk of harm to others; or
2887	(B) the minor's conduct resulted in the victim's death; and
2888	(ii) the minor is adjudicated under this section for:
2889	(A) a felony offense;
2890	(B) a misdemeanor if the minor has five prior misdemeanor or felony adjudications
2891	arising from separate criminal episodes; or
2892	(C) a misdemeanor involving use of a dangerous weapon as defined in Section
2893	76-1-601.
2894	(f) (i) A minor under the jurisdiction of the court solely on the ground of abuse,
2895	neglect, or dependency under Subsection 78A-6-103(1)(b) may not be committed to the
2896	Division of Juvenile Justice Services.
2897	(ii) The court may not commit a minor to the Division of Juvenile Justice Services for
2898	secure confinement for:
2899	(A) contempt of court;
2900	(B) a violation of probation;
2901	(C) failure to pay a fine, fee, restitution, or other financial obligation;
2902	(D) unfinished compensatory or community service hours;
2903	(E) an infraction; or
2904	(F) a status offense.
2905	(g) The court may order nonresidential, diagnostic assessment, including substance use
2906	disorder, mental health, psychological, or sexual behavior risk assessment.
2907	(h) (i) The court may commit a minor to a place of detention or an alternative to
2908	detention for a period not to exceed 30 cumulative days per adjudication subject to the court
2909	retaining continuing jurisdiction over the minor's case. This commitment may not be
2910	suspended upon conditions ordered by the court.

2911	(ii) This Subsection (2)(h) applies only to a minor adjudicated for:
2912	(A) an act which if committed by an adult would be a criminal offense; or
2913	(B) contempt of court under Section 78A-6-1101.
2914	(iii) The court may not commit a minor to a place of detention for:
2915	(A) contempt of court except to the extent allowed under Section 78A-6-1101;
2916	(B) a violation of probation;
2917	(C) failure to pay a fine, fee, restitution, or other financial obligation;
2918	(D) unfinished compensatory or community service hours;
2919	(E) an infraction; or
2920	(F) a status offense.
2921	(iv) (A) Time spent in detention pre-adjudication shall be credited toward the 30
2922	cumulative days eligible as a disposition under Subsection (2)(h)(i). If the minor spent more
2923	than 30 days in a place of detention before disposition, the court may not commit a minor to
2924	detention under this section.
2925	(B) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(h)(iv)(A), the court may commit a minor for a
2926	maximum of seven days while a minor is awaiting placement under Subsection (2)(c). Only the
2927	seven days under this Subsection (2)(h)(iv)(B) may be combined with a nonsecure placement.
2928	(v) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(v), no more than seven days of detention may be
2929	ordered in combination with an order under Subsection (2)(c).
2930	(i) [The] (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(i)(b), the court may vest legal
2931	custody of an abused, neglected, or dependent minor in the division or any other appropriate
2932	person in accordance with the requirements and procedures of Title 78A, Chapter 6, Part 3,
2933	Abuse, Neglect, and Dependency Proceedings.
2934	(b) The court may not vest legal custody of an abused, neglected, or dependent minor
2935	in the division to primarily address the minor's ungovernable or other behavior, mental health,
2936	or disability unless the division:
2937	(i) engages other relevant divisions within the department in conducting an assessment
2938	of the minor's and the minor's family's needs;
2939	(ii) based on the assessment described in Subsection (2)(i)(b)(i), determines that
2940	vesting custody of the minor in the division is the least restrictive intervention for the minor
2941	that meets the minor's needs; and

2942 (iii) consents to legal custody of the minor being vested in the division.

- 2943 (j) (i) The court may order a minor to repair, replace, or otherwise make restitution for 2944 material loss caused by the minor's wrongful act or for conduct for which the minor agrees to 2945 make restitution.
- (ii) A victim of an offense that involves as an element a scheme, a conspiracy, or a
 pattern of criminal activity, includes any person directly harmed by the minor's delinquency
 conduct in the course of the scheme, conspiracy, or pattern.
- (iii) If the victim and the minor agree to participate, the court may refer the case to a
 restorative justice program such as victim offender mediation to address how loss resulting
 from the adjudicated act may be addressed.
- (iv) For the purpose of determining whether and how much restitution is appropriate,the court shall consider the following:
- (A) restitution shall only be ordered for the victim's material loss;
- (B) restitution may not be ordered if the court finds that the minor is unable to pay oracquire the means to pay;
- (C) any amount paid by the minor to the victim in civil penalty shall be credited againstrestitution owed; and
- 2959 (D) the length of the presumptive term of supervision shall be taken into account in 2960 determining the minor's ability to satisfy the restitution order within the presumptive term.
- (v) Any amount paid to the victim in restitution shall be credited against liability in acivil suit.
- (vi) The court may also require a minor to reimburse an individual, entity, or
 governmental agency who offered and paid a reward to a person or persons for providing
 information resulting in a court adjudication that the minor is within the jurisdiction of the
 juvenile court due to the commission of a criminal offense.
- (vii) If a minor is returned to this state under the Interstate Compact on Juveniles, the
 court may order the minor to make restitution for costs expended by any governmental entity
 for the return.
- (viii) Within seven days after the day on which a petition is filed under Section
 78A-6-602.5, the prosecuting attorney or the court's probation department shall provide
 notification of the restitution process to all reasonably identifiable and locatable victims of an

2973 offense listed in the petition.

(ix) A victim that receives notice under Subsection (2)(j)(viii) is responsible for
 providing the prosecutor with:

2976 (A) all invoices, bills, receipts, and any other evidence of the injury or out-of-pocket2977 loss;

(B) all documentation of any compensation or reimbursement from an insurancecompany or a local, state, or federal agency that is related to the injury or out-of-pocket loss;

2980 (C) if applicable, the victim's proof of identification, including the victim's date of 2981 birth, social security number, or driver license number; and

2982 (D) the victim's contact information, including the victim's current home and work 2983 address and telephone number.

(x) A prosecutor or victim shall submit a request for restitution to the court at the timeof disposition, if feasible, otherwise within 90 days after disposition.

(xi) The court shall order a financial disposition that prioritizes the payment ofrestitution.

(k) The court may issue orders necessary for the collection of restitution and fines
ordered by the court, including garnishments, wage withholdings, and executions, except for an
order that changes the custody of the minor, including detention or other secure or nonsecure
residential placements.

(1) (i) The court may through the court's probation department encourage the
development of nonresidential employment or work programs to enable a minor to fulfill the
minor's obligations under Subsection (2)(j) and for other purposes considered desirable by the
court.

(ii) Consistent with the order of the court, the probation officer may permit a minor to
participate in a program of work restitution or compensatory service in lieu of paying part or all
of the fine imposed by the court.

- 2999 (iii) The court may order the minor to:
- 3000 (A) pay a fine, fee, restitution, or other cost; or
- 3001 (B) complete service hours.

(iv) If the court orders a minor to pay a fine, fee, restitution, or other cost, or tocomplete service hours, those dispositions shall be considered collectively to ensure that the

3004	order:
3005	(A) is reasonable;
3006	(B) prioritizes restitution; and
3007	(C) takes into account the minor's ability to satisfy the order within the presumptive
3008	term of supervision.
3009	(v) If the court orders a minor to pay a fine, fee, or other cost, or complete service
3010	hours, the cumulative order shall be limited per criminal episode as follows:
3011	(A) for a minor younger than 16 years old at adjudication, the court may impose up to
3012	\$190 or up to 24 hours of service; and
3013	(B) for a minor 16 years old or older at adjudication, the court may impose up to \$280
3014	or up to 36 hours of service.
3015	(vi) The cumulative order under Subsection $(2)(1)(v)$ does not include restitution.
3016	(vii) If the court converts a fine, fee, or restitution amount to service hours, the rate of
3017	conversion shall be no less than the minimum wage.
3018	(m) (i) In violations of traffic laws within the court's jurisdiction, when the court finds
3019	that as part of the commission of the violation the minor was in actual physical control of a
3020	motor vehicle, the court may, in addition to any other disposition authorized by this section:
3021	(A) restrain the minor from driving for periods of time the court considers necessary;
3022	and
3023	(B) take possession of the minor's driver license.
3024	(ii) (A) The court may enter any other eligible disposition under Subsection (2)(m)(i)
3025	except for a disposition under Subsection (2)(c), (d), (e), or (f).
3026	(B) The suspension of driving privileges for an offense under Section 78A-6-606 is
3027	governed only by Section 78A-6-606.
3028	(n) (i) The court may order a minor to complete community or compensatory service
3029	hours in accordance with Subsections (2)(l)(iv) and (v).
3030	(ii) When community service is ordered, the presumptive service order shall include
3031	between five and 10 hours of service.
3032	(iii) Satisfactory completion of an approved substance use disorder prevention or
3033	treatment program or other court-ordered condition may be credited by the court as
3034	compensatory service hours.

3035	(iv) When a minor commits an offense involving the use of graffiti under Section
3036	76-6-106 or 76-6-206, the court may order the minor to clean up graffiti created by the minor
3037	or any other individual at a time and place within the jurisdiction of the court. Compensatory
3038	service ordered under this section may be performed in the presence and under the direct
3039	supervision of the minor's parent or legal guardian. The parent or legal guardian shall report
3040	completion of the order to the court. The court may also require the minor to perform other
3041	alternative forms of restitution or repair to the damaged property pursuant to Subsection (2)(j).
3042	(o) (i) Subject to Subsection (2)(o)(iii), the court may order that a minor:
3043	(A) be examined or treated by a physician, surgeon, psychiatrist, or psychologist; or
3044	(B) receive other special care.
3045	(ii) For purposes of receiving the examination, treatment, or care described in
3046	Subsection (2)(0)(i), the court may place the minor in a hospital or other suitable facility that is
3047	not a secure facility or secure detention.
3048	(iii) In determining whether to order the examination, treatment, or care described in
3049	Subsection (2)(0)(i), the court shall consider:
3050	(A) the desires of the minor;
3051	(B) if the minor is younger than 18 years old, the desires of the parents or guardian of
3052	the minor; and
3053	(C) whether the potential benefits of the examination, treatment, or care outweigh the
3054	potential risks and side-effects, including behavioral disturbances, suicidal ideation, brain
3055	function impairment, or emotional or physical harm resulting from the compulsory nature of
3056	the examination, treatment, or care.
3057	(iv) The division shall:
3058	(A) take reasonable measures to notify a parent or guardian of any non-emergency
3059	health treatment or care scheduled for a child;
3060	(B) include the parent or guardian as fully as possible in making health care decisions
3061	for the child; and
3062	(C) defer to the parent's or guardian's reasonable and informed decisions regarding the
3063	child's health care to the extent that the child's health and well being are not unreasonably
3064	compromised by the parent's or guardian's decision.
3065	(v) The division shall notify the parent or guardian of a child within five business days

3066 after a child in the custody of the division receives emergency health care or treatment.

- 3067 (vi) The division shall use the least restrictive means to accomplish a compelling
 3068 interest in the care and treatment of a child described in this Subsection (2)(o).
- (p) (i) The court may appoint a guardian for the minor if it appears necessary in the
 interest of the minor, and may appoint as guardian a public or private institution or agency, but
 not a nonsecure residential placement provider, in which legal custody of the minor is vested.
- (ii) In placing a minor under the guardianship or legal custody of an individual or of a
 private agency or institution, the court shall give primary consideration to the welfare of the
 minor. When practicable, the court may take into consideration the religious preferences of the
 minor and of a child's parents.
- 3076 (q) (i) In support of a decree under Section 78A-6-103, the court may order reasonable
 3077 conditions to be complied with by a minor's parents or guardian, a minor's custodian, or any
 3078 other person who has been made a party to the proceedings. Conditions may include:
- 3079 (A) parent-time by the parents or one parent;
- 3080 (B) restrictions on the minor's associates;
- 3081 (C) restrictions on the minor's occupation and other activities; and
- 3082 (D) requirements to be observed by the parents or custodian.
- 3083 (ii) A minor whose parents or guardians successfully complete a family or other
 3084 counseling program may be credited by the court for detention, confinement, or probation time.
- 3085 (r) The court may order the child to be committed to the physical custody of a local
 3086 mental health authority, in accordance with the procedures and requirements of Title 62A,
 3087 Chapter 15, Part 7, Commitment of Persons Under Age 18 to Division of Substance Abuse and
 3088 Mental Health.
- (s) (i) The court may make an order committing a minor within the court's jurisdiction
 to the Utah State Developmental Center if the minor has an intellectual disability in accordance
 with Title 62A, Chapter 5, Part 3, Admission to an Intermediate Care Facility for People with
 an Intellectual Disability.
- 3093 (ii) The court shall follow the procedure applicable in the district courts with respect to
 3094 judicial commitments to the Utah State Developmental Center when ordering a commitment
 3095 under Subsection (2)(s)(i).
- 3096

(t) The court may terminate all parental rights upon a finding of compliance with Title

3097 78A, Chapter 6, Part 5, Termination of Parental Rights Act.

- 3098 (u) The court may make other reasonable orders for the best interest of the minor and 3099 as required for the protection of the public, except that a child may not be committed to jail, 3100 prison, secure detention, or the custody of the Division of Juvenile Justice Services under 3101 Subsections (2)(c), (d), (e), and (f).
- (v) The court may combine the dispositions listed in this section if it is permissible andthey are compatible.
- (w) Before depriving any parent of custody, the court shall give due consideration to
 the rights of parents concerning their child. [The] Except as provided in Subsection (2)(i)(b),
 the court may transfer custody of a minor to another individual, agency, or institution in
 accordance with the requirements and procedures of Title 78A, Chapter 6, Part 3, Abuse,
 Neglect, and Dependency Proceedings.
- 3109 (x) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(z)(i), an order under this section for probation
 3110 or placement of a minor with an individual or an agency shall include a date certain for a
 3111 review and presumptive termination of the case by the court in accordance with Subsection (6)
 3112 and Section 62A-7-404.5. A new date shall be set upon each review.
- 3113 (y) In reviewing foster home placements, special attention shall be given to making3114 adoptable children available for adoption without delay.
- 3115 (z) (i) The juvenile court may enter an order of permanent custody and guardianship 3116 with an individual or relative of a child where the court has previously acquired jurisdiction as 3117 a result of an adjudication of abuse, neglect, or dependency. The juvenile court may enter an 3118 order for child support on behalf of the child against the natural or adoptive parents of the 3119 child.
- 3120 (ii) Orders under Subsection (2)(z)(i):
- 3121 (A) shall remain in effect until the child reaches majority;
- 3122 (B) are not subject to review under Section 78A-6-118; and
- 3123 (C) may be modified by petition or motion as provided in Section 78A-6-1103.
- (iii) Orders permanently terminating the rights of a parent, guardian, or custodian and
 permanent orders of custody and guardianship do not expire with a termination of jurisdiction
 of the juvenile court.
- 3127
- (3) If a court adjudicates a minor for an offense, the minor may be given a choice by the

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3128 court to serve in the National Guard in lieu of other sanctions described in Subsection (2) if: 3129 (a) the minor meets the current entrance qualifications for service in the National 3130 Guard as determined by a recruiter, whose determination is final: 3131 (b) the offense: 3132 (i) would be a felony if committed by an adult; 3133 (ii) is a violation of Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act; or (iii) was committed with a weapon; and 3134 3135 (c) the court retains jurisdiction over the minor's case under conditions set by the court 3136 and agreed upon by the recruiter or the unit commander to which the minor is eventually 3137 assigned. 3138 (4) (a) A DNA specimen shall be obtained from a minor who is under the jurisdiction 3139 of the court as described in Subsection 53-10-403(3). The specimen shall be obtained by 3140 designated employees of the court or, if the minor is in the legal custody of the Division of 3141 Juvenile Justice Services, then by designated employees of the division under Subsection 3142 53-10-404(5)(b). 3143 (b) The responsible agency shall ensure that an employee designated to collect the 3144 saliva DNA specimens receives appropriate training and that the specimens are obtained in 3145 accordance with accepted protocol. 3146 (c) Reimbursements paid under Subsection 53-10-404(2)(a) shall be placed in the DNA 3147 Specimen Restricted Account created in Section 53-10-407. 3148 (d) Payment of the reimbursement is second in priority to payments the minor is 3149 ordered to make for restitution under this section and treatment under Section 78A-6-321. 3150 (5) (a) A disposition made by the court in accordance with this section may not be 3151 suspended, except for the following: 3152 (i) If a minor qualifies for commitment to the Division of Juvenile Justice Services 3153 under Subsection (2)(e), the court may suspend a custody order in accordance with Subsection 3154 (2)(c) in lieu of immediate commitment, upon the condition that the minor commit no new 3155 misdemeanor or felony offense during the three months following the day of disposition. 3156 (ii) The duration of a suspended custody order made under Subsection (5)(a)(i) may not 3157 exceed three months post-disposition and may not be extended under any circumstance. 3158 (iii) The court may only impose a custody order suspended under Subsection (5)(a)(i):

3159	(A) following adjudication of a new misdemeanor or felony offense committed by the
3160	minor during the period of suspension set out under Subsection (5)(a)(ii);
3161	(B) if a new assessment or evaluation has been completed and recommends that a
3162	higher level of care is needed and nonresidential treatment options have been exhausted or
3163	nonresidential treatment options are not appropriate; or
3164	(C) if, after a notice and a hearing, the court finds a new or previous evaluation
3165	recommends a higher level of treatment, and the minor willfully failed to comply with a lower
3166	level of treatment and has been unsuccessfully discharged from treatment.
3167	(iv) A suspended custody order may not be imposed without notice to the minor, notice
3168	to counsel, and a hearing.
3169	(b) The court in accordance with Subsection (5)(a) shall terminate continuing
3170	jurisdiction over a minor's case at the end of the presumptive time frame unless at least one the
3171	following circumstances exists:
3172	(i) termination in accordance with Subsection (6)(a)(ii) would interrupt the completion
3173	of a program determined to be necessary by the results of a validated risk and needs assessment
3174	with completion found by the court after considering the recommendation of a licensed service
3175	provider on the basis of the minor completing the goals of the necessary treatment program;
3176	(ii) the minor commits a new misdemeanor or felony offense;
3177	(iii) service hours have not been completed; or
3178	(iv) there is an outstanding fine.
3179	(6) When the court places a minor on probation under Subsection (2)(a) or vests legal
3180	custody of the minor in the Division of Juvenile Justice Services under Subsection (2)(c), the
3181	court shall do so for a defined period of time in accordance with this section.
3182	(a) In placing a minor on probation under Subsection (2)(a), the court shall establish a
3183	presumptive term of probation as specified in this Subsection (6):
3184	(i) the presumptive length of intake probation may not exceed three months; and
3185	(ii) the presumptive length of formal probation may not exceed four to six months.
3186	(b) In vesting legal custody of the minor in the Division of Juvenile Justice Services
3187	under Subsection (2)(c) or (d), the court shall establish a maximum term of custody and a
3188	maximum term of aftercare as specified in this Subsection (6):
3189	(i) the presumptive length of out-of-home placement may not exceed three to six

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3190 months; and

(ii) the presumptive length of aftercare supervision, for those previously placed
out-of-home, may not exceed three to four months, and minors may serve the term of aftercare
in the home of a qualifying relative or guardian or at an independent living program contracted
or operated by the Division of Juvenile Justice Services.

3195 (c) The court in accordance with Subsections (6)(a) and (b), and the Youth Parole
3196 Authority in accordance with Subsection (6)(b), shall terminate continuing jurisdiction over a
3197 minor's case at the end of the presumptive time frame unless at least one of the following
3198 circumstances exists:

(i) termination pursuant to Subsection (6)(a)(ii) would interrupt the completion of a
court ordered program determined to be necessary by the results of a validated assessment, with
completion found by the court after considering the recommendations of a licensed service
provider or facilitator of court ordered treatment or intervention program on the basis of the
minor completing the goals of the necessary treatment program;

(ii) termination pursuant to Subsection (6)(a)(i) or (6)(b) would interrupt the
completion of a program determined to be necessary by the results of a validated assessment,
with completion determined on the basis of whether the minor has regularly and consistently
attended the treatment program and completed the goals of the necessary treatment program as
determined by the court or Youth Parole Authority after considering the recommendation of a
licensed service provider or facilitator of court ordered treatment or intervention program;

3210 (iii) the minor commits a new misdemeanor or felony offense;

3211 (iv) service hours have not been completed;

3212 (v) there is an outstanding fine; or

3213 (vi) there is a failure to pay restitution in full.

3214 (d) (i) Subject to Subsection (6)(g), if one of the circumstances under Subsection (6)(c)
3215 exists, the court may extend jurisdiction for the time needed to address the specific
3216 circumstance.

3217 (ii) Subject to Subsection (6)(g), if one of the circumstances under Subsection (6)(c)
3218 exists, and the Youth Parole Authority has jurisdiction, the Youth Parole Authority may extend
3219 jurisdiction for the time needed to address the specific circumstance.

3220 (e) If the circumstance under Subsection (6)(c)(iv) exists, the court, or the Youth

3221	Parole Authority if the Youth Parole Authority has jurisdiction, may extend jurisdiction one
3222	time for up to three months.
3223	(f) Grounds for extension of the presumptive length of supervision or placement and
3224	the length of any extension shall be recorded in the court record or records of the Youth Parole
3225	Authority if the Youth Parole Authority has jurisdiction, and tracked in the data system used by
3226	the Administrative Office of the Courts and the Division of Juvenile Justice Services.
3227	(g) (i) For a minor who is under the supervision of the juvenile court and whose
3228	supervision is extended under Subsection (6)(c)(iv), (v), or (vi), jurisdiction may only be
3229	continued under the supervision of intake probation.
3230	(ii) For a minor who is under the jurisdiction of the Youth Parole Authority whose
3231	supervision is extended under Subsection (6)(c)(iv), (v), or (vi), jurisdiction may only be
3232	continued on parole and not in secure confinement.
3233	(h) In the event of an unauthorized leave lasting more than 24 hours, the supervision
3234	period shall toll until the minor returns.
3235	(7) Subsection (6) does not apply to any minor adjudicated under this section for:
3236	(a) Section 76-5-103, aggravated assault resulting in serious bodily injury to another;
3237	(b) Section 76-5-202, aggravated murder or attempted aggravated murder;
3238	(c) Section 76-5-203, murder or attempted murder;
3239	(d) Section 76-5-205, manslaughter;
3240	(e) Section 76-5-206, negligent homicide;
3241	(f) Section 76-5-207, automobile homicide;
3242	(g) Section 76-5-207.5, automobile homicide involving handheld wireless
3243	communication device;
3244	(h) Section 76-5-208, child abuse homicide;
3245	(i) Section 76-5-209, homicide by assault;
3246	(j) Section 76-5-302, aggravated kidnapping;
3247	(k) Section 76-5-405, aggravated sexual assault;
3248	(l) a felony violation of Section 76-6-103, aggravated arson;
3249	(m) Section 76-6-203, aggravated burglary;
3250	(n) Section 76-6-302, aggravated robbery;
3251	(o) Section 76-10-508.1, felony discharge of a firearm;

3252	(p) (i) an offense other than an offense listed in Subsections (7)(a) through (o)
3253	involving the use of a dangerous weapon, as defined in Section 76-1-601, that is a felony; and
3254	(ii) the minor has been previously adjudicated or convicted of an offense involving the
3255	use of a dangerous weapon; or
3256	(q) a felony offense other than an offense listed in Subsections (7)(a) through (p) and
3257	the minor has been previously committed to the custody of the Division of Juvenile Justice
3258	Services for secure confinement.
3259	Section 32. Repealer.
3260	This bill repeals:
3261	Section 31A-22-654, Study of coverage for in vitro fertilization and genetic testing
3262	Reporting Coverage requirements.
3263	Section 49-20-420, Coverage for in vitro fertilization and genetic testing.
3264	Section 33. Effective date.
3265	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (2) and (3), if approved by two-thirds of all the
3266	members elected to each house, this bill takes effect upon approval by the governor, or the day
3267	following the constitutional time limit of Utah Constitution, Article VII, Section 8, without the
3268	governor's signature, or in the case of a veto, the date of veto override.
3269	(2) If approved by two-thirds of all members elected to each house, the changes to the
3270	following sections take effect on July 1, 2020:
3271	(a) Section <u>51-9-201</u> (Effective 07/01/20);
3272	(b) Section <u>59-14-807</u> (Effective 07/01/20);
3273	(c) Section <u>63J-1-602.2</u> (Effective 07/01/20);
3274	(d) Section 67-19-14.7 (Superseded 7/1/2020); and
3275	(e) Section 78A-6-117 (Effective 07/01/20).

3276 (3) Section <u>67-19-14.7</u> (Effective 7/1/2020), takes effect on July 1, 2021.