Representative Brian S. King proposes the following substitute bill:

1	REPORTING REQUIREMENT AMENDMENTS
2	2021 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Brian S. King
5	Senate Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill addresses reporting requirements for the abuse, neglect, or exploitation of
10	certain individuals.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	 amends the reporting requirement for the suspected abuse, neglect, or exploitation
14	of a vulnerable adult;
15	 provides exceptions to the reporting requirement for suspected abuse, neglect, or
16	exploitation of a vulnerable adult;
17	 addresses civil and criminal liability for reporting, or failing to report, suspected
18	abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult to Adult Protective Services or
19	the nearest police officer or law enforcement agency;
20	 amends the reporting requirement for the suspected abuse or neglect of a child;
21	 provides exceptions to the reporting requirement for suspected abuse or neglect of a
22	child;
23	 addresses civil and criminal liability for reporting, or failing to report, suspected
24	abuse or neglect of a child to the Division of Child and Family Services or the
25	nearest police officer or law enforcement agency;

26	 makes it a crime for an individual to threaten, intimidate, or attempt to intimidate
27	certain individuals when a report is made, or an investigation is being conducted, in
28	regards to the abuse or neglect of a child;
29	 repeals a statute with a reporting requirement for abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a
30	vulnerable adult; and
31	 makes technical and conforming changes.
32	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
33	None
34	Other Special Clauses:
35	None
36	Utah Code Sections Affected:
37	AMENDS:
38	62A-3-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 328
39	62A-4a-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Fifth Special Session, Chapter 20
40	62A-4a-410, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 382 and 395
41	62A-4a-411, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 299
42	REPEALS:
43	76-5-111.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 50
44 45	
15	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
46	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah: Section 1. Section 62A-3-305 is amended to read:
46	Section 1. Section 62A-3-305 is amended to read:
46 47	Section 1. Section 62A-3-305 is amended to read: 62A-3-305. Reporting requirements Investigation Exceptions Immunity
46 47 48	Section 1. Section 62A-3-305 is amended to read: 62A-3-305. Reporting requirements Investigation Exceptions Immunity Penalties Nonmedical healing.
46 47 48 49	Section 1. Section 62A-3-305 is amended to read: 62A-3-305. Reporting requirements Investigation Exceptions Immunity Penalties Nonmedical healing. [(1) A person who has reason to believe that a vulnerable adult has been the subject of
46 47 48 49 50	Section 1. Section 62A-3-305 is amended to read: 62A-3-305. Reporting requirements Investigation Exceptions Immunity Penalties Nonmedical healing. [(1) A person who has reason to believe that a vulnerable adult has been the subject of abuse, neglect, or exploitation shall immediately notify Adult Protective Services intake or the
46 47 48 49 50 51	Section 1. Section 62A-3-305 is amended to read: 62A-3-305. Reporting requirements Investigation Exceptions Immunity Penalties Nonmedical healing. [(1) A person who has reason to believe that a vulnerable adult has been the subject of abuse, neglect, or exploitation shall immediately notify Adult Protective Services intake or the nearest law enforcement agency. When the initial report is made to law enforcement, law
46 47 48 49 50 51 52	Section 1. Section 62A-3-305 is amended to read: 62A-3-305. Reporting requirements Investigation Exceptions Immunity Penalties Nonmedical healing. [(1) A person who has reason to believe that a vulnerable adult has been the subject of abuse, neglect, or exploitation shall immediately notify Adult Protective Services intake or the nearest law enforcement agency. When the initial report is made to law enforcement, law enforcement shall immediately notify Adult Protective Services intake. Adult Protective
46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53	Section 1. Section 62A-3-305 is amended to read: 62A-3-305. Reporting requirements Investigation Exceptions Immunity Penalties Nonmedical healing. [(1) A person who has reason to believe that a vulnerable adult has been the subject of abuse, neglect, or exploitation shall immediately notify Adult Protective Services intake or the nearest law enforcement agency. When the initial report is made to law enforcement, law enforcement shall immediately notify Adult Protective Services intake. Adult Protective Services and law enforcement shall coordinate, as appropriate, their efforts to provide

57	shall immediately report the suspected abuse, neglect, or exploitation to Adult Protective
58	Services or to the nearest peace officer or law enforcement agency.
59	(2) (a) If a peace officer or a law enforcement agency receives a report under
60	Subsection (1), the peace officer of the law enforcement agency shall immediately notify Adult
61	Protective Services.
62	(b) Adult Protective Services and the peace officer or the law enforcement agency shall
63	coordinate, as appropriate, efforts to investigate the report under Subsection (1) and to provide
64	protection to the vulnerable adult.
65	[(2)] (3) When [the initial report or] a report under Subsection (1), or a subsequent
66	investigation by Adult Protective Services, indicates that a criminal offense may have occurred
67	against a vulnerable adult:
68	(a) Adult Protective Services shall notify the nearest local law enforcement agency
69	regarding the potential offense; and
70	(b) the law enforcement agency [may] shall initiate an investigation in cooperation
71	with Adult Protective Services.
72	[(3) A person who in good faith makes a report or otherwise notifies a law enforcement
73	agency or Adult Protective Services of suspected abuse, neglect, or exploitation is immune
74	from civil and criminal liability in connection with the report or other notification.]
75	[(4) (a) A person who willfully fails to report suspected abuse, neglect, or exploitation
76	of a vulnerable adult is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.]
77	[(b) A covered provider or covered contractor, as defined in Section 26-21-201, that
78	knowingly fails to report suspected abuse or neglect, as required by this section, is subject to a
79	private right of action and liability for the abuse or neglect of another person that is committed
80	by the individual who was not reported to Adult Protective Services in accordance with this
81	section.]
82	(4) Subject to Subsection (5), the reporting requirement described in Subsection (1)
83	does not apply to:
84	(a) a member of the clergy, with regard to any confession made to the member of the
85	clergy while functioning in the ministerial capacity of the member of the clergy and without the
86	consent of the individual making the confession, if:
87	(i) the perpetrator made the confession directly to the member of the clergy; and

88	(ii) the member of the clergy is, under canon law or church doctrine or practice, bound
89	to maintain the confidentiality of that confession;
90	(b) an attorney, or an individual employed by the attorney, if knowledge of the
91	suspected abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult arises from the representation of
92	a client, unless the attorney is permitted to reveal the suspected abuse, neglect, or exploitation
93	of the vulnerable adult to prevent reasonably certain death or substantial bodily harm in
94	accordance with Utah Rules of Professional Conduct, Rule 1.6; or
95	(c) an individual who reasonably believes that reporting the suspected abuse, neglect,
96	or exploitation of the vulnerable adult places the individual, or another individual, in danger.
97	(5) (a) When a member of the clergy receives information about abuse, neglect, or
98	exploitation of a vulnerable adult from any source other than confession of the perpetrator, the
99	member of the clergy is required to report that information even though the member of the
100	clergy may have also received information about abuse or neglect from the confession of the
101	perpetrator.
102	(b) Exemption of the reporting requirement for an individual described in Subsection
103	(4) does not exempt the individual from any other efforts required by law to prevent further
104	abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult by the perpetrator.
105	(c) The physician-patient privilege does not constitute grounds for excluding evidence
106	regarding a vulnerable adult's injuries, or the cause of the vulnerable adult's injuries, in any
107	judicial or administrative proceeding resulting from a report under Subsection (1).
108	(6) (a) An individual who in good faith makes a report under Subsection (1), or who
109	otherwise notifies Adult Protective Services or a peace officer or law enforcement agency, is
110	immune from civil and criminal liability in connection with the report or notification.
111	(b) A covered provider or covered contractor, as defined in Section 26-21-201, that
112	knowingly fails to report suspected abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult to
113	Adult Protective Services, or to the nearest peace officer or law enforcement agency, under
114	Subsection (1), is subject to a private right of action and liability for the abuse, neglect, or
115	exploitation of a vulnerable adult that is committed by the individual who was not reported to
116	Adult Protective Services or to the nearest peace officer or law enforcement agency.
117	(c) This Subsection (6) does not provide immunity with respect to acts or omissions of
118	a governmental employee except as provided in Title 63G, Chapter 7, Governmental Immunity

119	Act of Utah.
120	(7) If Adult Protective Services has substantial grounds to believe that an individual
121	has knowingly failed to report suspected abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult in
122	accordance with this section, Adult Protective Services shall file a complaint with:
123	(a) the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing if the individual is a health
124	care provider, as defined in Section 62A-4a-404, or a mental health therapist, as defined in
125	Section <u>58-6-102;</u>
126	(b) the appropriate law enforcement agency if the individual is a law enforcement
127	officer, as defined in Section 53-13-103;
128	(c) the State Board of Education if the individual is an educator, as defined in Section
129	<u>53E-6-102; and</u>
130	(d) the individual's employer.
131	(8) (a) An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual willfully fails
132	to report suspected abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult to Adult Protective
133	Services, or to the nearest peace officer or law enforcement agency under Subsection (1).
134	(b) If an individual is convicted under Subsection (8)(a), the court may order the
135	individual, in addition to any other sentence the court imposes, to:
136	(i) complete community service hours; or
137	(ii) complete a program on preventing abuse, neglect, and exploitation of vulnerable
138	adults.
139	(c) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, a prosecuting attorney may not use
140	an individual's violation of Subsection (8)(a) as the basis for charging the individual with
141	another offense.
142	(d) A prosecution for failure to report under Subsection (8)(a) shall be commenced
143	within four years from the date that the individual had knowledge of the offense and willfully
144	failed to report.
145	$\left[\frac{(5)}{(9)}\right]$ Under circumstances not amounting to a violation of Section 76-8-508, $\left[\frac{1}{(9)}\right]$
146	person who] an individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual threatens,
147	intimidates, or attempts to intimidate a vulnerable adult who is the subject of a report[, a
148	witness, the person who made the report] under Subsection (1), the individual who made the
149	report under Subsection (1), a witness, or any other person cooperating with an investigation

150 conducted [pursuant to] in accordance with this chapter [is guilty of a class B misdemeanor]. [(6)] (10) An adult is not considered abused, neglected, or a vulnerable adult for the 151 152 reason that the adult has chosen to rely solely upon religious, nonmedical forms of healing in 153 lieu of medical care. 154 Section 2. Section 62A-4a-403 is amended to read: 155 62A-4a-403. Reporting requirements -- Exceptions. [(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2), when any individual, including an 156 157 individual licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act, or Title 58, Chapter 67, 158 Utah Medical Practice Act, has reason to believe that a child has been subjected to abuse or 159 neglect, or observes a child being subjected to conditions or circumstances that would reasonably result in abuse or neglect, that individual shall immediately report the alleged abuse 160 or neglect to the nearest peace officer, law enforcement agency, or office of the division.] 161 [(b) (i) Upon receipt of a report described in Subsection (1)(a)] 162 163 (1) Except as provided in Subsections (3), if an individual, including an individual 164 licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act, or Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical 165 Practice Act, has reason to believe that a child is, or has been, the subject of abuse or neglect. or observes a child being subjected to conditions or circumstances that would reasonably result 166 in abuse or neglect, the individual shall immediately report the suspected abuse or neglect to 167 168 the division or to the nearest peace office or law enforcement agency. (2) (a) (i) If a peace officer or a law enforcement agency receives a report under 169 Subsection (1), the peace officer or law enforcement agency shall immediately notify the 170 171 nearest office of the division. 172 (ii) [If an initial report of abuse or neglect is made to the division] If the division 173 receives a report under Subsection (1), the division shall immediately notify the appropriate 174 local law enforcement agency. 175 [(c)] (b) (i) The division shall, in addition to the division's own investigation in accordance with Section 62A-4a-409, coordinate with law enforcement on investigations by 176 177 law enforcement undertaken to investigate [a report described in Subsection (1)(a)] the report 178 of abuse or neglect under Subsection (1). 179 (ii) If law enforcement undertakes an investigation of a [report described in Subsection (1)(a)] report under Subsection (1), the law enforcement agency undertaking the investigation 180

181	shall provide a final investigatory report to the division upon request.
182	[(2)] (3) Subject to Subsection $[(3)]$ (4), the [notification] reporting requirement
183	described in Subsection [(1)(a)] (1) does not apply to:
184	(a) a member of the clergy, with regard to any confession made to the member of the
185	clergy while functioning in the ministerial capacity of the member of the clergy and without the
186	consent of the individual making the confession, if:
187	$\left[\frac{(a)}{(a)}\right]$ the perpetrator made the confession directly to the member of the clergy; and
188	[(b)] (ii) the member of the clergy is, under canon law or church doctrine or practice,
189	bound to maintain the confidentiality of that confession[-];
190	(b) an attorney, or an individual employed by the attorney, if the knowledge or belief of
191	the suspected abuse or neglect of a child arises from the representation of a client, unless the
192	attorney is permitted to reveal the suspected abuse or neglect of the child to prevent reasonably
193	certain death or substantial bodily harm in accordance with Utah Rules of Professional
194	Conduct, Rule 1.6; or
195	(c) an individual who reasonably believes that reporting the suspected abuse or neglect
196	of the child places the individual, or another individual, in danger.
197	$\left[\frac{(3)}{(4)}\right]$ (a) When a member of the clergy receives information about abuse or neglect
198	from any source other than confession of the perpetrator, the member of the clergy is required
199	to report that information even though the member of the clergy may have also received
200	information about abuse or neglect from the confession of the perpetrator.
201	(b) Exemption of the reporting requirement for [a member of the clergy] an individual
202	described in Subsection (3) does not exempt the [member of the clergy] individual from any
203	other efforts required by law to prevent further abuse or neglect by the perpetrator.
204	Section 3. Section 62A-4a-410 is amended to read:
205	62A-4a-410. Immunity from liability Exception.
206	(1) (a) Any person who in good faith makes a report under Section 62A-4a-403,
207	62A-4a-404, or 62A-4a-405, or who otherwise notifies the division or a peace officer or law
208	enforcement agency of suspected abuse or neglect of a child, is immune from civil and criminal
209	liability in connection with the report or notification.
210	[(1)] (b) Except as provided in Subsection (3), any person, official, or institution
211	[participating in good faith in making a report,] taking photographs or X-rays, assisting an

02-15-21 4:54 PM

212	investigator from the division, serving as a member of a child protection team, or taking a child
213	into protective custody [pursuant to] in accordance with this part, is immune from [any
214	liability, civil or criminal, that otherwise might result by reason of those actions] civil or
215	criminal liability in connection with those actions.
216	(2) This section does not provide immunity with respect to acts or omissions of a
217	governmental employee except as provided in Title 63G, Chapter 7, Governmental Immunity
218	Act of Utah.
219	(3) The immunity described in Subsection $(1)(b)$ does not apply if the person, official,
220	or institution:
221	(a) acted or failed to act through fraud or willful misconduct;
222	(b) in a judicial or administrative proceeding, intentionally or knowingly gave, upon a
223	lawful oath or in any form allowed by law as a substitute for an oath, false testimony material
224	to the issue or matter of inquiry in the proceeding; or
225	(c) intentionally or knowingly:
226	(i) fabricated evidence; or
227	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (4), with a conscious disregard for the rights of
228	others, failed to disclose evidence that:
229	(A) was known to the person, official, or institution; and
230	(B) (I) was known by the person, official, or institution to be relevant to a material
231	issue or matter of inquiry in a pending judicial or administrative proceeding if the person,
232	official, or institution knew of the pending judicial or administrative proceeding; or
233	(II) was known by the person, official, or institution to be relevant to a material issue or
234	matter of inquiry in a judicial or administrative proceeding, if disclosure of the evidence was
235	requested of the employee by a party to the proceeding or counsel for a party to the proceeding.
236	(4) Immunity is not lost under Subsection (3)(c)(ii), if the person, official, or
237	institution:
238	(a) failed to disclose evidence described in Subsection (3)(c)(ii), because the person,
239	official, or institution is prohibited by law from disclosing the evidence; or
240	(b) (i) [pursuant to] in accordance with the provisions of 45 [CFR] C.F.R.
241	164.502(g)(5), refused to disclose evidence described in Subsection (3)(c)(ii) to a person who
242	requested the evidence; and

243	(ii) after refusing to disclose the evidence under Subsection (4)(b)(i), complied with or
244	responded to a valid court order or valid subpoena received by the person, official, or
245	institution to disclose the evidence described in Subsection (3)(c)(ii).
246	Section 4. Section 62A-4a-411 is amended to read:
247	62A-4a-411. Failure to report Threats and intimidation Penalties.
248	[Any person, official, or institution required to report a case of suspected abuse, neglect,
249	fetal alcohol syndrome, or fetal drug dependency, who willfully fails to do so is guilty of a
250	class B misdemeanor. Action for failure to report must be commenced within four years from
251	the date of knowledge of the offense and the willful failure to report.]
252	(1) If the division has substantial grounds to believe that an individual has knowingly
253	failed to report suspected abuse, neglect, fetal alcohol syndrome, or fetal drug dependency in
254	accordance with this part, the division shall file a complaint with:
255	(a) the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing if the individual is a health
256	care provider, as defined in Section 62A-4a-404, or a mental health therapist, as defined in
257	<u>Section 58-6-102;</u>
258	(b) the appropriate law enforcement agency if the individual is a law enforcement
259	officer, as defined in Section 53-13-103;
260	(c) the State Board of Education if the individual is an educator, as defined in Section
261	<u>53E-6-102; and</u>
262	(d) the individual's employer.
263	(2) (a) An individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual willfully fails
264	to report the suspected abuse, neglect, fetal alcohol syndrome, or fetal drug dependency in
265	accordance with this part.
266	(b) If an individual is convicted under Subsection (2)(a), the court may order the
267	individual, in addition to any other sentence the court imposes, to:
268	(i) complete community service hours; or
269	(ii) complete a program on preventing abuse and neglect of children.
270	(c) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, a prosecuting attorney may not use
271	an individual's violation of Subsection (2)(a) as the basis for charging the individual with
272	another offense.
273	(d) A prosecution for failure to report under Subsection (2)(a) shall be commenced

274	within four years from the date that the individual had knowledge of the offense and willfully
275	failed to report.
276	(3) Under circumstances not amounting to a violation of Section 76-8-508, an
277	individual is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the individual threatens, intimidates, or
278	attempts to intimidate a child who is the subject of a report under this part, the individual who
279	made the report, a witness, or any other person cooperating with an investigation conducted in
280	accordance with this chapter.
281	Section 5. Repealer.
282	This bill repeals:
283	Section 76-5-111.1, Reporting requirements Investigation Immunity
284	Violation Penalty Physician-patient privilege Nonmedical healing.