1	EDUCATION IMMUNIZATION MODIFICATIONS
2	2021 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Mark A. Strong
5	Senate Sponsor: Michael S. Kennedy
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7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill ensures the availability of vaccination exemptions in higher education.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 prohibits the Utah Board of Higher Education and institutions within the higher
13	education system from requiring proof of vaccination unless certain vaccination
14	exemptions are available; and
15	 prohibits higher education institutions and local education agencies that offer both
16	remote and in-person learning from requiring a vaccine-exempt student to
17	participate remotely rather than in-person.
18	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
19	None
20	Other Special Clauses:
21	None
22	Utah Code Sections Affected:
23	AMENDS:
24	53B-3-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 298
25	53G-9-303, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3
26	ENACTS:
27	53B-2-112, Utah Code Annotated 1953



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29	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
30	Section 1. Section 53B-2-112 is enacted to read:
31	53B-2-112. Vaccination requirements Exemptions.
32	(1) An institution of higher education described in Section 53B-2-101 may not require
33	proof of vaccination as a condition for enrollment or attendance unless the institution allows
34	for the following exemptions:
35	(a) a medical exemption if the student provides to the institution a statement that the
36	claimed exemption is for a medical reason; and
37	(b) a personal exemption if the student provides to the institution a statement that the
38	claimed exemption is for a personal or religious belief.
39	(2) An institution that offers both remote and in-person learning options may not deny
10	a student who is exempt from a requirement to receive a vaccine under Subsection (1) to
41	participate in an in-person learning option based upon the student's vaccination status.
12	Section 2. Section 53B-3-103 is amended to read:
13	53B-3-103. Power of board to adopt rules and enact regulations.
14	(1) The board may enact regulations governing the conduct of university and college
15	students, faculty, and employees.
16	(2) (a) The board may:
1 7	(i) enact and authorize higher education institutions to enact traffic, parking, and
18	related regulations governing all individuals on campuses and other facilities owned or
19	controlled by the institutions or the board; and
50	(ii) acknowledging that the Legislature has the authority to regulate, by law, firearms at
51	higher education institutions:
52	(A) authorize higher education institutions to establish no more than one secure area at
53	each institution as a hearing room as prescribed in Section 76-8-311.1, but not otherwise
54	restrict the lawful possession or carrying of firearms; and
55	(B) authorize a higher education institution to make a rule that allows a resident of a
56	dormitory located at the institution to request only roommates who are not licensed to carry a
57	concealed firearm under Section 53-5-704 or 53-5-705.
58	(b) In addition to the requirements and penalty prescribed in Subsections

- 59 76-8-311.1(3), (4), (5), and (6), the board shall make rules to ensure that:
 - (i) reasonable means such as mechanical, electronic, x-ray, or similar devices are used to detect firearms, ammunition, or dangerous weapons contained in the personal property of or on the person of any individual attempting to enter a secure area hearing room;
 - (ii) an individual required or requested to attend a hearing in a secure area hearing room is notified in writing of the requirements related to entering a secured area hearing room under this Subsection (2)(b) and Section 76-8-311.1;
 - (iii) the restriction of firearms, ammunition, or dangerous weapons in the secure area hearing room is in effect only during the time the secure area hearing room is in use for hearings and for a reasonable time before and after its use; and
 - (iv) reasonable space limitations are applied to the secure area hearing room as warranted by the number of individuals involved in a typical hearing.
 - (c) (i) The board may not require proof of vaccination as a condition for enrollment or attendance within the system of higher education unless the board allows for the following exemptions:
 - (A) a medical exemption if the student provides to the institution a statement that the claimed exemption is for a medical reason; and
 - (B) a personal exemption if the student provides to the institution a statement that the claimed exemption is for a personal or religious belief.
 - (ii) An institution that offers both remote and in-person learning options may not deny a student who is exempt from a requirement to receive a vaccine under Subsection (1) to participate in an in-person learning option based upon the student's vaccination status.
 - (3) The board shall enact regulations that require all testimony be given under oath during an employee grievance hearing for a non-faculty employee of an institution of higher education if the grievance hearing relates to the non-faculty employee's:
 - (a) demotion; or
 - (b) termination.
 - (4) The board and institutions may enforce these rules and regulations in any reasonable manner, including the assessment of fees, fines, and forfeitures, the collection of which may be by withholding from money owed the violator, the imposition of probation, suspension, or expulsion from the institution, the revocation of privileges, the refusal to issue

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certificates, degrees, and diplomas, through judicial process or any reasonable combination of these alternatives.

Section 3. Section **53G-9-303** is amended to read:

(1) A student is exempt from the requirement to receive a vaccine required under Section 53G-9-305 if the student qualifies for a medical or personal exemption from the vaccination under Subsection (2) or (3).

53G-9-303. Grounds for exemption from required vaccines -- Renewal.

- (2) A student qualifies for a medical exemption from a vaccination required under Section 53G-9-305 if the student's legally responsible individual provides to the student's school:
 - (a) a completed vaccination exemption form; and

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- (b) a written notice signed by a licensed health care provider stating that, due to the physical condition of the student, administration of the vaccine would endanger the student's life or health.
- (3) A student qualifies for a personal exemption from a vaccination required under Section 53G-9-305 if the student's legally responsible individual provides to the student's school a completed vaccination exemption form, stating that the student is exempt from the vaccination because of a personal or religious belief.
- (4) (a) A vaccination exemption form submitted under this section is valid for as long as the student remains at the school to which the form first is presented.
- (b) If the student changes schools before the student is old enough to enroll in kindergarten, the vaccination exemption form accepted as valid at the student's previous school is valid until the earlier of the day on which:
 - (i) the student enrolls in kindergarten; or
 - (ii) the student turns six years old.
- (c) If the student changes schools after the student is old enough to enroll in kindergarten but before the student is eligible to enroll in grade 7, the vaccination exemption form accepted as valid at the student's previous school is valid until the earlier of the day on which:
- (i) the student enrolls in grade 7; or
- 120 (ii) the student turns 12 years old.

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(d) If the student changes schools after the student is old enough to enroll in grade 7,		
the vaccination exemption form accepted as valid at the student's previous school is valid until		
the student completes grade 12.		
(e) Notwithstanding Subsections (4)(b) and (c), a vaccination exemption form obtained		
through completion of the online education module created in Section 26-7-9 is valid for at		
least two years.		
(5) An LEA that offers both remote and in-person learning options may not deny a		

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