1	TAX MODIFICATIONS
2	2023 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Robert M. Spendlove
5	Senate Sponsor: Chris H. Wilson
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	Committee Note:
9	The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee recommended this bill.
10	Legislative Vote: 15 voting for 0 voting against 3 absent
11	General Description:
12	This bill modifies provisions related to tax.
13	Highlighted Provisions:
14	This bill:
15	 makes corrections to provisions related to tax, including eliminating redundant or
16	obsolete language and updating cross-references;
17	 clarifies that the State Tax Commission, not the Division of Finance, is responsible
18	for certain sales tax deposits and transfers; and
19	 repeals language related to expired income tax credits.
20	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
21	None
22	Other Special Clauses:
23	This bill provides retrospective operation.
24	Utah Code Sections Affected:
25	AMENDS:
26	17C-1-409, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 307
27	17C-1-411, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 312

28	17C-1-412, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 21
20 29	59-1-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 238
30	59-1-1420, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 273
31	59-2-109 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 377
32	59-2-201 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 239
33	59-2-1101 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 235
34	59-2-1102 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 235
35	59-2-1710, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 197
36	59-10-552, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 258
37	59-12-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 77, 106 and 433
38	59-12-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 59, 82 and 403
39	59-12-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 376
40	59-12-354, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 258, 312
41	59-12-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 258, 312
42	59-12-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 407
43	59-12-703, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 181, 422
44	59-12-802, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 427
45	59-12-804, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 422
46	59-12-1102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
47	59-12-1302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 422
48	59-12-1402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 422
49	59-12-2103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 422
50	59-12-2206 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 258, 312
51	63G-2-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 169, 334
52	ENACTS:
53	59-2-1806 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
54	59-2-1906 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
55	REPEALS:
56	59-7-613, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 135
57	59-7-614.9, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 306
58	
20	59-7-617 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 315

59-7-622, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 479
59-10-1013, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Third Special Session, Chapter 1
59-10-1040 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 479
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 17C-1-409 is amended to read:
17C-1-409. Allowable uses of agency funds.
(1) (a) An agency may use agency funds:
(i) for any purpose authorized under this title;
(ii) for administrative, overhead, legal, or other operating expenses of the agency,
including consultant fees and expenses under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(b)(ii)(B) or funding for
a business resource center;
(iii) subject to Section 11-41-103, to pay for, including financing or refinancing, all or
part of:
(A) project area development in a project area, including environmental remediation
activities occurring before or after adoption of the project area plan;
(B) housing-related expenditures, projects, or programs as described in Section
17C-1-411 or 17C-1-412;
(C) an incentive or other consideration paid to a participant under a participation
agreement;
(D) subject to Subsections (1)(c) and (4), the value of the land for and the cost of the
installation and construction of any publicly owned building, facility, structure, landscaping, or
other improvement within the project area from which the project area funds are collected; or
(E) the cost of the installation of publicly owned infrastructure and improvements
outside the project area from which the project area funds are collected if the board and the
community legislative body determine by resolution that the publicly owned infrastructure and
improvements benefit the project area;
(iv) in an urban renewal project area that includes some or all of an inactive industrial
site and subject to Subsection (1)(e), to reimburse the Department of Transportation created
under Section 72-1-201, or a public transit district created under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 8,
Public Transit District Act, for the cost of:

	H.B. 58	12-20-22 4:36 Pl
90	(A) construction of a public road	, bridge, or overpass;
91	(B) relocation of a railroad track	within the urban renewal project area; or
92	(C) relocation of a railroad facili	y within the urban renewal project area;
93	(v) subject to Subsection (5), to t	ransfer funds to a community that created the agency;
94	or	
95	(vi) subject to Subsection (1)(f),	for agency-wide project development under Part 10,
96	Agency Taxing Authority.	
97	(b) The determination of the boa	rd and the community legislative body under
98	Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(E) regarding benefit	t to the project area shall be final and conclusive.
99	(c) An agency may not use project	et area funds received from a taxing entity for the
100	purposes stated in Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(D) under an urban renewal project area plan, an
101	economic development project area plan	or a community reinvestment project area plan
102	without the community legislative body's	consent.
103	(d) (i) Subject to Subsection (1)(d)(ii), an agency may loan project area funds from a
104	project area fund to another project area	fund if:
105	(A) the board approves; and	
106	(B) the community legislative bo	dy approves.
107	(ii) An agency may not loan proj	ect area funds under Subsection (1)(d)(i) unless the
108	projections for agency funds are sufficient	t to repay the loan amount.
109	(iii) A loan described in Subsect	on (1)(d) is not subject to Title 10, Chapter 5,
110	Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah	Towns, Title 10, Chapter 6, Uniform Fiscal
111	Procedures Act for Utah Cities, Title 17,	Chapter 36, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for
112	Counties, or Title 17B, Chapter 1, Part 6	Fiscal Procedures for Local Districts.
113	(e) Before an agency may pay an	y tax increment or sales tax revenue under Subsection
114	(1)(a)(iv), the agency shall enter into an i	nterlocal agreement defining the terms of the
115	reimbursement with:	
116	(i) the Department of Transporta	tion; or
117	(ii) a public transit district.	
118	(f) Before an agency may use pro	ject area funds for agency-wide project development,
119	as defined in Section 17C-1-1001, the ag	ency shall obtain the consent of the taxing entity
120	committee or each taxing entity party to a	in interlocal agreement with the agency.

(2) (a) Sales and use tax revenue that an agency receives from a taxing entity is not
subject to the prohibition or limitations of Title 11, Chapter 41, Prohibition on Retail Facility
Incentive Payments Act.

(b) An agency may use sales and use tax revenue that the agency receives under an
 interlocal agreement under Section 17C-4-201 or 17C-5-204 for the uses authorized in the
 interlocal agreement.

(3) (a) An agency may contract with the community that created the agency or another
public entity to use agency funds to reimburse the cost of items authorized by this title to be
paid by the agency that are paid by the community or other public entity.

(b) If land is acquired or the cost of an improvement is paid by another public entity
and the land or improvement is leased to the community, an agency may contract with and
make reimbursement from agency funds to the community.

(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, an agency may not use project
area funds, project area incremental revenue as defined in Section 17C-1-1001, or property tax
revenue as defined in Section 17C-1-1001, to construct a local government building unless the
taxing entity committee or each taxing entity party to an interlocal agreement with the agency
consents.

138 (5) For the purpose of offsetting the community's annual local contribution to the139 Homeless Shelter Cities Mitigation Restricted Account, the total amount an agency transfers in

140 a calendar year to a community under Subsections (1)(a)(v), 17C-1-411(1)(d), and

141 17C-1-412(1)(a)(x) may not exceed the community's annual local contribution as defined in

142 Subsection $[\frac{59-12-205(5)}{59-12-205(4)}]$

143 Section 2. Section **17C-1-411** is amended to read:

144 17C-1-411. Use of project area funds for housing-related improvements and for
 145 relocating mobile home park residents -- Funds to be held in separate accounts.

146 (1) An agency may use project area funds:

147 (a) to pay all or part of the value of the land for and the cost of installation,

148 construction, or rehabilitation of any housing-related building, facility, structure, or other

149 housing improvement, including infrastructure improvements related to housing, located in any

- 150 project area within the agency's boundaries;
- 151 (b) outside of a project area for the purpose of:

152 (i) replacing housing units lost by project area development; or 153 (ii) increasing, improving, or preserving the affordable housing supply within the 154 boundary of the agency; 155 (c) for relocating mobile home park residents displaced by project area development, 156 whether inside or outside a project area; or 157 (d) subject to Subsection (4), to transfer funds to a community that created the agency. 158 (2) (a) Each agency shall create a housing fund and separately account for project area 159 funds allocated under this section. 160 (b) Interest earned by the housing fund described in Subsection (2)(a), and any 161 payments or repayments made to the agency for loans, advances, or grants of any kind from the 162 housing fund, shall accrue to the housing fund. 163 (c) An agency that designates a housing fund under this section shall use the housing 164 fund for the purposes set forth in this section or Section 17C-1-412. 165 (3) An agency may lend, grant, or contribute funds from the housing fund to a person, public entity, housing authority, private entity or business, or nonprofit corporation for 166 167 affordable housing or homeless assistance. 168 (4) For the purpose of offsetting the community's annual local contribution to the 169 Homeless Shelter Cities Mitigation Restricted Account, the total amount an agency transfers in 170 a calendar year to a community under Subsections (1)(d), 17C-1-409(1)(a)(v), and 171 17C-1-412(1)(a)(x) may not exceed the community's annual local contribution as defined in 172 Subsection [59-12-205(5)] 59-12-205(4). 173 Section 3. Section 17C-1-412 is amended to read: 174 17C-1-412. Use of housing allocation -- Separate accounting required -- Issuance 175 of bonds for housing -- Action to compel agency to provide housing allocation. 176 (1) (a) An agency shall use the agency's housing allocation to: 177 (i) pay part or all of the cost of land or construction of income targeted housing within 178 the boundary of the agency, if practicable in a mixed income development or area; 179 (ii) pay part or all of the cost of rehabilitation of income targeted housing within the 180 boundary of the agency; 181 (iii) lend, grant, or contribute money to a person, public entity, housing authority, 182 private entity or business, or nonprofit corporation for income targeted housing within the

H.B. 58

183 boundary of the agency; 184 (iv) plan or otherwise promote income targeted housing within the boundary of the 185 agency; 186 (v) pay part or all of the cost of land or installation, construction, or rehabilitation of 187 any building, facility, structure, or other housing improvement, including infrastructure 188 improvements, related to housing located in a project area where a board has determined that a 189 development impediment exists; 190 (vi) replace housing units lost as a result of the project area development; 191 (vii) make payments on or establish a reserve fund for bonds: 192 (A) issued by the agency, the community, or the housing authority that provides 193 income targeted housing within the community; and 194 (B) all or part of the proceeds of which are used within the community for the purposes 195 stated in Subsection (1)(a)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), or (vi); 196 (viii) if the community's fair share ratio at the time of the first adoption of the project 197 area budget is at least 1.1 to 1.0, make payments on bonds: 198 (A) that were previously issued by the agency, the community, or the housing authority 199 that provides income targeted housing within the community; and 200 (B) all or part of the proceeds of which were used within the community for the 201 purposes stated in Subsection (1)(a)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), or (vi); 202 (ix) relocate mobile home park residents displaced by project area development; 203 (x) subject to Subsection (7), transfer funds to a community that created the agency; or 204 (xi) pay for or make a contribution toward the acquisition, construction, or 205 rehabilitation of housing that: 206 (A) is located in the same county as the agency; 207 (B) is owned in whole or in part by, or is dedicated to supporting, a public nonprofit 208 college or university; and 209 (C) only students of the relevant college or university, including the students' 210 immediate families, occupy. 211 (b) As an alternative to the requirements of Subsection (1)(a), an agency may pay all or 212 any portion of the agency's housing allocation to: 213 (i) the community for use as described in Subsection (1)(a);

H.B. 58

214 (ii) a housing authority that provides income targeted housing within the community 215 for use in providing income targeted housing within the community; 216 (iii) a housing authority established by the county in which the agency is located for 217 providing: 218 (A) income targeted housing within the county; 219 (B) permanent housing, permanent supportive housing, or a transitional facility, as 220 defined in Section 35A-5-302, within the county; or 221 (C) homeless assistance within the county; 222 (iv) the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund, established under Title 35A, Chapter 8, 223 Part 5, Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund, for use in providing income targeted housing within 224 the community; 225 (v) pay for or make a contribution toward the acquisition, construction, or 226 rehabilitation of income targeted housing that is outside of the community if the housing is 227 located along or near a major transit investment corridor that services the community and the 228 related project has been approved by the community in which the housing is or will be located; 229 or 230 (vi) pay for or make a contribution toward the expansion of child care facilities within 231 the boundary of the agency, provided that any recipient of funds from the agency's housing 232 allocation reports annually to the agency on how the funds were used. 233 (2) (a) An agency may combine all or any portion of the agency's housing allocation 234 with all or any portion of one or more additional agency's housing allocations if the agencies 235 execute an interlocal agreement in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation 236 Act. 237 (b) An agency that has entered into an interlocal agreement as described in Subsection 238 (2)(a), meets the requirements of Subsection (1)(a) or (1)(b) if the use of the housing allocation 239 meets the requirements for at least one agency that is a party to the interlocal agreement. 240 (3) The agency shall create a housing fund and separately account for the agency's 241 housing allocation, together with all interest earned by the housing allocation and all payments 242 or repayments for loans, advances, or grants from the housing allocation. 243 (4) An agency may: 244 (a) issue bonds to finance a housing-related project under this section, including the

245	payment of principal and interest upon advances for surveys and plans or preliminary loans;
246	and
247	(b) issue refunding bonds for the payment or retirement of bonds under Subsection
248	(4)(a) previously issued by the agency.
249	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), an agency shall allocate money to the
250	housing fund each year in which the agency receives sufficient tax increment to make a
251	housing allocation required by the project area budget.
252	(b) Subsection (5)(a) does not apply in a year in which tax increment is insufficient.
253	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), if an agency fails to provide a housing
254	allocation in accordance with the project area budget and the housing plan adopted under
255	Subsection 17C-2-204(2), the loan fund board may bring legal action to compel the agency to
256	provide the housing allocation.
257	(b) In an action under Subsection (6)(a), the court:
258	(i) shall award the loan fund board reasonable attorney fees, unless the court finds that
259	the action was frivolous; and
260	(ii) may not award the agency the agency's attorney fees, unless the court finds that the
261	action was frivolous.
262	(7) For the purpose of offsetting the community's annual local contribution to the
263	Homeless Shelter Cities Mitigation Restricted Account, the total amount an agency transfers in
264	a calendar year to a community under Subsections (1)(a)(x), 17C-1-409(1)(a)(v), and
265	17C-1-411(1)(d) may not exceed the community's annual local contribution as defined in
266	Subsection [59-12-205(5)] <u>59-12-205(4)</u> .
267	Section 4. Section 59-1-401 is amended to read:
268	59-1-401. Definitions Offenses and penalties Rulemaking authority Statute
269	of limitations Commission authority to waive, reduce, or compromise penalty or
270	interest.
271	(1) As used in this section:
272	[(a) "Activated tax, fee, or charge" means a tax, fee, or charge with respect to which the
273	commission:]
274	[(i) has implemented the commission's GenTax system; and]
275	[(ii) at least 30 days before implementing the commission's GenTax system as

276	described in Subsection (1)(a)(i), has provided notice in a conspicuous place on the
277	commission's website stating:]
278	[(A) the date the commission will implement the GenTax system with respect to the
279	tax, fee, or charge; and]
280	[(B) that, at the time the commission implements the GenTax system with respect to
281	the tax, fee, or charge:]
282	[(I) a person that files a return after the due date as described in Subsection (2)(a) is
283	subject to the penalty described in Subsection (2)(c)(ii); and]
284	[(II) a person that fails to pay the tax, fee, or charge as described in Subsection (3)(a) is
285	subject to the penalty described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii).]
286	[(b) "Activation date for a tax, fee, or charge" means with respect to a tax, fee, or
287	charge, the later of:]
288	[(i) the date on which the commission implements the commission's GenTax system
289	with respect to the tax, fee, or charge; or]
290	[(ii) 30 days after the date the commission provides the notice described in Subsection
291	(1)(a)(ii) with respect to the tax, fee, or charge.]
292	[(c)] (a) [(i) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c)(ii), "tax] "Tax, fee, or charge"
293	means:
294	[(A)] (i) a tax, fee, or charge the commission administers under:
295	[(f)] (A) this title;
296	[(II)] (B) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 3, Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act;
297	[(III)] (C) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 4, Municipal Telecommunications License Tax Act;
298	[(HV)] (D) Section 19-6-410.5;
299	$[(\forall)]$ (E) Section 19-6-714;
300	[(VI)] (F) Section 19-6-805;
301	[(VII)] (G) Section 34A-2-202;
302	[(VIII)] (H) Section 40-6-14; or
303	[(IX)] (I) Title 69, Chapter 2, Part 4, Prepaid Wireless Telecommunications Service
304	Charges; or
305	[(B)] (ii) another amount that by statute is subject to a penalty imposed under this
306	section.

307	[(ii)] (b) "Tax, fee, or charge" does not include a tax, fee, or charge imposed under:
308	[(A)] (i) Title 41, Chapter 1a, Motor Vehicle Act, except for Section 41-1a-301;
309	[(B)] (ii) Title 41, Chapter 3, Motor Vehicle Business Regulation Act;
310	[(C)] (iii) Chapter 2, Property Tax Act, except for Section 59-2-1309;
311	[(D)] (iv) Chapter 3, Tax Equivalent Property Act; or
312	[(E)] (v) Chapter 4, Privilege Tax.
313	[(d) "Unactivated tax, fee, or charge" means a tax, fee, or charge except for an
314	activated tax, fee, or charge.]
315	(2) (a) The due date for filing a return is:
316	(i) if the person filing the return is not allowed by law an extension of time for filing
317	the return, the day on which the return is due as provided by law; or
318	(ii) if the person filing the return is allowed by law an extension of time for filing the
319	return, the earlier of:
320	(A) the date the person files the return; or
321	(B) the last day of that extension of time as allowed by law.
322	(b) A penalty in the amount described in Subsection (2)(c) is imposed if a person files a
323	return after the due date described in Subsection (2)(a).
324	(c) For purposes of Subsection (2)(b), the penalty is an amount equal to the greater of:
325	[(i) if the return described in Subsection (2)(b) is filed with respect to an unactivated
326	tax, fee, or charge:]
327	[(A) \$20; or]
328	[(B) 10% of the unpaid unactivated tax, fee, or charge due on the return; or]
329	[(ii) if the return described in Subsection (2)(b) is filed with respect to an activated tax,
330	fee, or charge, beginning on the activation date for the tax, fee, or charge:]
331	[(A)] (i) \$20; or
332	[(H)] (ii) $[(H)]$ (A) 2% of the unpaid [activated] tax, fee, or charge due on the return if
333	the return is filed no later than five days after the due date described in Subsection (2)(a);
334	[(H)] (B) 5% of the unpaid [activated] tax, fee, or charge due on the return if the return
335	is filed more than five days after the due date but no later than 15 days after the due date
336	described in Subsection (2)(a); or
337	[(HH)] (C) 10% of the unpaid [activated] tax, fee, or charge due on the return if the

338	return is filed more than 15 days after the due date described in Subsection (2)(a).
339	(d) This Subsection (2) does not apply to:
340	(i) an amended return; or
341	(ii) a return with no tax due.
342	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (15), a person is subject to a penalty for
343	failure to pay a tax, fee, or charge if:
344	(i) the person files a return on or before the due date for filing a return described in
345	Subsection (2)(a), but fails to pay the tax, fee, or charge due on the return on or before that due
346	date;
347	(ii) the person:
348	(A) is subject to a penalty under Subsection (2)(b); and
349	(B) fails to pay the tax, fee, or charge due on a return within a 90-day period after the
350	due date for filing a return described in Subsection (2)(a);
351	(iii) (A) the person is subject to a penalty under Subsection (2)(b); and
352	(B) the commission estimates an amount of tax due for that person in accordance with
353	Subsection 59-1-1406(2);
354	(iv) the person:
355	(A) is mailed a notice of deficiency; and
356	(B) within a 30-day period after the day on which the notice of deficiency described in
357	Subsection (3)(a)(iv)(A) is mailed:
358	(I) does not file a petition for redetermination or a request for agency action; and
359	(II) fails to pay the tax, fee, or charge due on a return;
360	(v) (A) the commission:
361	(I) issues an order constituting final agency action resulting from a timely filed petition
362	for redetermination or a timely filed request for agency action; or
363	(II) is considered to have denied a request for reconsideration under Subsection
364	63G-4-302(3)(b) resulting from a timely filed petition for redetermination or a timely filed
365	request for agency action; and
366	(B) the person fails to pay the tax, fee, or charge due on a return within a 30-day period
367	after the date the commission:
368	(I) issues the order constituting final agency action described in Subsection

H.B. 58

369 (3)(a)(v)(A)(I); or370 (II) is considered to have denied the request for reconsideration described in 371 Subsection (3)(a)(v)(A)(II); or 372 (vi) the person fails to pay the tax, fee, or charge within a 30-day period after the date 373 of a final judicial decision resulting from a timely filed petition for judicial review. 374 (b) For purposes of Subsection (3)(a), the penalty is an amount equal to the greater of: 375 [(i) if the failure to pay a tax, fee, or charge as described in Subsection (3)(a) is with 376 respect to an unactivated tax, fee, or charge:] 377 [(A) \$20; or] 378 [(B) 10% of the unpaid unactivated tax, fee, or charge due on the return; or] 379 [(ii) if the failure to pay a tax, fee, or charge as described in Subsection (3)(a) is with 380 respect to an activated tax, fee, or charge, beginning on the activation date:] 381 [(A)] (i) \$20; or 382 [(B)] (ii) [(I)] (A) 2% of the unpaid [activated] tax, fee, or charge due on the return if 383 the activated tax, fee, or charge due on the return is paid no later than five days after the due 384 date for filing a return described in Subsection (2)(a); 385 [(II)] (B) 5% of the unpaid [activated] tax, fee, or charge due on the return if the 386 activated tax, fee, or charge due on the return is paid more than five days after the due date for 387 filing a return described in Subsection (2)(a) but no later than 15 days after that due date; or 388 [(III)] (C) 10% of the unpaid [activated] tax, fee, or charge due on the return if the 389 activated tax, fee, or charge due on the return is paid more than 15 days after the due date for 390 filing a return described in Subsection (2)(a). 391 (4) (a) In the case of any underpayment of estimated tax or quarterly installments required by Sections 59-5-107, 59-5-207, 59-7-504, and 59-9-104, there shall be added a 392 393 penalty in an amount determined by applying the interest rate provided under Section 59-1-402 394 plus four percentage points to the amount of the underpayment for the period of the 395 underpayment. 396 (b) (i) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the amount of the underpayment shall be the 397 excess of the required installment over the amount, if any, of the installment paid on or before 398 the due date for the installment. 399 (ii) The period of the underpayment shall run from the due date for the installment to

400 whichever of the following dates is the earlier:

- 401 (A) the original due date of the tax return, without extensions, for the taxable year; or
 402 (B) with respect to any portion of the underpayment, the date on which that portion is
 403 paid.
- 404 (iii) For purposes of this Subsection (4), a payment of estimated tax shall be credited
 405 against unpaid required installments in the order in which the installments are required to be
 406 paid.
- 407 (5) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and except as provided in Subsection (6), a
 408 person allowed by law an extension of time for filing a corporate franchise or income tax return
 409 under Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes, or an individual income tax return
 410 under Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act, is subject to a penalty in the amount described in
 411 Subsection (5)(b) if, on or before the day on which the return is due as provided by law, not
 412 including the extension of time, the person fails to pay:
- 413 (i) for a person filing a corporate franchise or income tax return under Chapter 7,
 414 Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes, the payment required by Subsection 59-7-507(1)(b); or
- 415 (ii) for a person filing an individual income tax return under Chapter 10, Individual
 416 Income Tax Act, the payment required by Subsection 59-10-516(2).
- 417 (b) For purposes of Subsection (5)(a), the penalty per month during the period of the
 418 extension of time for filing the return is an amount equal to 2% of the tax due on the return,
 419 unpaid as of the day on which the return is due as provided by law.
- 420 (6) If a person does not file a return within an extension of time allowed by Section
 421 59-7-505 or 59-10-516, the person:
- 422 (a) is not subject to a penalty in the amount described in Subsection (5)(b); and
- 423 (b) is subject to a penalty in an amount equal to the sum of:
- 424 (i) a late file penalty in an amount equal to the greater of:
- 425 (A) \$20; or
- 426 (B) 10% of the tax due on the return, unpaid as of the day on which the return is due as427 provided by law, not including the extension of time; and
- 428 (ii) a late pay penalty in an amount equal to the greater of:
- 429 (A) \$20; or
- 430 (B) 10% of the unpaid tax due on the return, unpaid as of the day on which the return is

431 due as provided by law, not including the extension of time. 432 (7) (a) Additional penalties for an underpayment of a tax, fee, or charge are as provided 433 in this Subsection (7)(a). 434 (i) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c), if any portion of an underpayment of a tax, 435 fee, or charge is due to negligence, the penalty is 10% of the portion of the underpayment that 436 is due to negligence. 437 (ii) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(d), if any portion of an underpayment of a 438 tax, fee, or charge is due to intentional disregard of law or rule, the penalty is 15% of the entire 439 underpayment. 440 (iii) If any portion of an underpayment is due to an intent to evade a tax, fee, or charge, 441 the penalty is the greater of \$500 per period or 50% of the entire underpayment. 442 (iv) If any portion of an underpayment is due to fraud with intent to evade a tax, fee, or 443 charge, the penalty is the greater of \$500 per period or 100% of the entire underpayment. 444 (b) If the commission determines that a person is liable for a penalty imposed under 445 Subsection (7)(a)(ii), (iii), or (iv), the commission shall notify the person of the proposed 446 penalty. 447 (i) The notice of proposed penalty shall: 448 (A) set forth the basis of the assessment; and 449 (B) be mailed by certified mail, postage prepaid, to the person's last-known address. 450 (ii) Upon receipt of the notice of proposed penalty, the person against whom the 451 penalty is proposed may: 452 (A) pay the amount of the proposed penalty at the place and time stated in the notice; 453 or 454 (B) proceed in accordance with the review procedures of Subsection (7)(b)(iii). 455 (iii) A person against whom a penalty is proposed in accordance with this Subsection 456 (7) may contest the proposed penalty by filing a petition for an adjudicative proceeding with 457 the commission. 458 (iv) (A) If the commission determines that a person is liable for a penalty under this 459 Subsection (7), the commission shall assess the penalty and give notice and demand for 460 payment. 461 (B) The commission shall mail the notice and demand for payment described in

462	Subsection (7)(b)(iv)(A):
463	(I) to the person's last-known address; and
464	(II) in accordance with Section 59-1-1404.
465	(c) A seller that voluntarily collects a tax under Subsection 59-12-107(2)(d) is not
466	subject to the penalty under Subsection (7)(a)(i) if on or after July 1, 2001:
467	(i) a court of competent jurisdiction issues a final unappealable judgment or order
468	determining that:
469	(A) the seller meets one or more of the criteria described in Subsection $59-12-107(2)(a)$
470	or is a seller required to pay or collect and remit sales and use taxes under Subsection
471	59-12-107(2)(b) or (2)(c); and
472	(B) the commission or a county, city, or town may require the seller to collect a tax
473	under Subsections 59-12-103(2)(a) through (e); or
474	(ii) the commission issues a final unappealable administrative order determining that:
475	(A) the seller meets one or more of the criteria described in Subsection $59-12-107(2)(a)$
476	or is a seller required to pay or collect and remit sales and use taxes under Subsection
477	59-12-107(2)(b) or (2)(c); and
478	(B) the commission or a county, city, or town may require the seller to collect a tax
479	under Subsections 59-12-103(2)(a) through (e).
480	(d) A seller that voluntarily collects a tax under Subsection 59-12-107(2)(d) is not
481	subject to the penalty under Subsection (7)(a)(ii) if:
482	(i) (A) a court of competent jurisdiction issues a final unappealable judgment or order
483	determining that:
484	(I) the seller meets one or more of the criteria described in Subsection $59-12-107(2)(a)$
485	or is a seller required to pay or collect and remit sales and use taxes under Subsection
486	59-12-107(2)(b) or (2)(c); and
487	(II) the commission or a county, city, or town may require the seller to collect a tax
488	under Subsections 59-12-103(2)(a) through (e); or
489	(B) the commission issues a final unappealable administrative order determining that:
490	(I) the seller meets one or more of the criteria described in Subsection $59-12-107(2)(a)$
491	or is a seller required to pay or collect and remit sales and use taxes under Subsection
492	59-12-107(2)(b) or (2)(c); and

493 (II) the commission or a county, city, or town may require the seller to collect a tax
494 under Subsections 59-12-103(2)(a) through (e); and

(ii) the seller's intentional disregard of law or rule is warranted by existing law or by a
nonfrivolous argument for the extension, modification, or reversal of existing law or the
establishment of new law.

498 (8) (a) Subject to Subsections (8)(b) and (c), the penalty for failure to file an
499 information return, information report, or a complete supporting schedule is \$50 for each
500 information return, information report, or supporting schedule up to a maximum of \$1,000.

(b) If an employer is subject to a penalty under Subsection (13), the employer may not
be subject to a penalty under Subsection (8)(a).

(c) If an employer is subject to a penalty under this Subsection (8) for failure to file a
return in accordance with Subsection 59-10-406(3) on or before the due date described in
Subsection 59-10-406(3)(b)(ii), the commission may not impose a penalty under this
Subsection (8) unless the return is filed more than 14 days after the due date described in
Subsection 59-10-406(3)(b)(ii).

(9) If a person, in furtherance of a frivolous position, has a prima facie intent to delay
or impede administration of a law relating to a tax, fee, or charge and files a purported return
that fails to contain information from which the correctness of reported tax, fee, or charge
liability can be determined or that clearly indicates that the tax, fee, or charge liability shown is
substantially incorrect, the penalty is \$500.

513 (10) (a) A seller that fails to remit a tax, fee, or charge monthly as required by
514 Subsection 59-12-108(1)(a):

515 (i) is subject to a penalty described in Subsection (2); and

(ii) may not retain the percentage of sales and use taxes that would otherwise beallowable under Subsection 59-12-108(2).

(b) A seller that fails to remit a tax, fee, or charge by electronic funds transfer as
required by Subsection 59-12-108(1)(a)(ii)(B):

520 (i) is subject to a penalty described in Subsection (2); and

(ii) may not retain the percentage of sales and use taxes that would otherwise beallowable under Subsection 59-12-108(2).

523 (11) (a) A person is subject to the penalty provided in Subsection (11)(c) if that person:

524 (i) commits an act described in Subsection (11)(b) with respect to one or more of the 525 following documents: 526 (A) a return; 527 (B) an affidavit; 528 (C) a claim; or 529 (D) a document similar to Subsections (11)(a)(i)(A) through (C); 530 (ii) knows or has reason to believe that the document described in Subsection (11)(a)(i)531 will be used in connection with any material matter administered by the commission; and 532 (iii) knows that the document described in Subsection (11)(a)(i), if used in connection 533 with any material matter administered by the commission, would result in an understatement of 534 another person's liability for a tax, fee, or charge. 535 (b) The following acts apply to Subsection (11)(a)(i): 536 (i) preparing any portion of a document described in Subsection (11)(a)(i); (ii) presenting any portion of a document described in Subsection (11)(a)(i); 537 538 (iii) procuring any portion of a document described in Subsection (11)(a)(i); 539 (iv) advising in the preparation or presentation of any portion of a document described 540 in Subsection (11)(a)(i); 541 (v) aiding in the preparation or presentation of any portion of a document described in 542 Subsection (11)(a)(i); (vi) assisting in the preparation or presentation of any portion of a document described 543 544 in Subsection (11)(a)(i); or 545 (vii) counseling in the preparation or presentation of any portion of a document 546 described in Subsection (11)(a)(i). 547 (c) For purposes of Subsection (11)(a), the penalty: 548 (i) shall be imposed by the commission; 549 (ii) is \$500 for each document described in Subsection (11)(a)(i) with respect to which 550 the person described in Subsection (11)(a) meets the requirements of Subsection (11)(a); and 551 (iii) is in addition to any other penalty provided by law. 552 (d) The commission may seek a court order to enjoin a person from engaging in 553 conduct that is subject to a penalty under this Subsection (11). 554 (e) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the

555	commission may make rules prescribing the documents that are similar to Subsections
556	(11)(a)(i)(A) through (C).
557	(12) (a) As provided in Section 76-8-1101, criminal offenses and penalties are as
558	provided in Subsections (12)(b) through (e).
559	(b) (i) A person who is required by this title or any laws the commission administers or
560	regulates to register with or obtain a license or permit from the commission, who operates
561	without having registered or secured a license or permit, or who operates when the registration,
562	license, or permit is expired or not current, is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
563	(ii) Notwithstanding Section 76-3-301, for purposes of Subsection (12)(b)(i), the
564	penalty may not:
565	(A) be less than \$500; or
566	(B) exceed \$1,000.
567	(c) (i) With respect to a tax, fee, or charge, a person who knowingly and intentionally,
568	and without a reasonable good faith basis, fails to make, render, sign, or verify a return within
569	the time required by law or to supply information within the time required by law, or who
570	makes, renders, signs, or verifies a false or fraudulent return or statement, or who supplies false
571	or fraudulent information, is guilty of a third degree felony.
572	(ii) Notwithstanding Section 76-3-301, for purposes of Subsection (12)(c)(i), the
573	penalty may not:
574	(A) be less than \$1,000; or
575	(B) exceed \$5,000.
576	(d) (i) A person who intentionally or willfully attempts to evade or defeat a tax, fee, or
577	charge or the payment of a tax, fee, or charge is, in addition to other penalties provided by law,
578	guilty of a second degree felony.
579	(ii) Notwithstanding Section 76-3-301, for purposes of Subsection (12)(d)(i), the
580	penalty may not:
581	(A) be less than \$1,500; or
582	(B) exceed \$25,000.
583	(e) (i) A person is guilty of a second degree felony if that person commits an act:
584	(A) described in Subsection (12)(e)(ii) with respect to one or more of the following
585	documents:

H.B. 58

586	(I) a return;
587	(II) an affidavit;
588	(III) a claim; or
589	(IV) a document similar to Subsections (12)(e)(i)(A)(I) through (III); and
590	(B) subject to Subsection (12)(e)(iii), with knowledge that the document described in
591	Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A):
592	(I) is false or fraudulent as to any material matter; and
593	(II) could be used in connection with any material matter administered by the
594	commission.
595	(ii) The following acts apply to Subsection (12)(e)(i):
596	(A) preparing any portion of a document described in Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A);
597	(B) presenting any portion of a document described in Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A);
598	(C) procuring any portion of a document described in Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A);
599	(D) advising in the preparation or presentation of any portion of a document described
600	in Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A);
601	(E) aiding in the preparation or presentation of any portion of a document described in
602	Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A);
603	(F) assisting in the preparation or presentation of any portion of a document described
604	in Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A); or
605	(G) counseling in the preparation or presentation of any portion of a document
606	described in Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A).
607	(iii) This Subsection (12)(e) applies:
608	(A) regardless of whether the person for which the document described in Subsection
609	(12)(e)(i)(A) is prepared or presented:
610	(I) knew of the falsity of the document described in Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A); or
611	(II) consented to the falsity of the document described in Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A); and
612	(B) in addition to any other penalty provided by law.
613	(iv) Notwithstanding Section 76-3-301, for purposes of this Subsection (12)(e), the
614	penalty may not:
615	(A) be less than \$1,500; or
616	(B) exceed \$25,000.

617	(v) The commission may seek a court order to enjoin a person from engaging in
618	conduct that is subject to a penalty under this Subsection (12)(e).
619	(vi) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
620	the commission may make rules prescribing the documents that are similar to Subsections
621	(12)(e)(i)(A)(I) through (III).
622	(f) The statute of limitations for prosecution for a violation of this Subsection (12) is
623	the later of six years:
624	(i) from the date the tax should have been remitted; or
625	(ii) after the day on which the person commits the criminal offense.
626	(13) (a) Subject to Subsection (13)(b), an employer that is required to file a form with
627	the commission in accordance with Subsection 59-10-406(8) or (9) is subject to a penalty
628	described in Subsection (13)(b) if the employer:
629	(i) fails to file the form with the commission in an electronic format approved by the
630	commission as required by Subsection 59-10-406(8) or (9);
631	(ii) fails to file the form on or before the due date provided in Subsection 59-10-406(8)
632	or (9);
633	(iii) fails to provide accurate information on the form; or
634	(iv) fails to provide all of the information required by the Internal Revenue Service to
635	be contained on the form.
636	(b) For purposes of Subsection (13)(a), the penalty is:
637	(i) \$30 per form, not to exceed \$75,000 in a calendar year, if the employer files the
638	form in accordance with Subsection 59-10-406(8) or (9), more than 14 days after the due date
639	provided in Subsection 59-10-406(8) or (9) but no later than 30 days after the due date
640	provided in Subsection 59-10-406(8) or (9);
641	(ii) \$60 per form, not to exceed \$200,000 in a calendar year, if the employer files the
642	form in accordance with Subsection 59-10-406(8) or (9), more than 30 days after the due date
643	provided in Subsection 59-10-406(8) or (9) but on or before June 1; or
644	(iii) \$100 per form, not to exceed \$500,000 in a calendar year, if the employer:
645	(A) files the form in accordance with Subsection 59-10-406(8) or (9) after June 1; or
646	(B) fails to file the form.
647	(14) Upon making a record of the commission's actions, and upon reasonable cause

H.B. 58

648	shown, the commission may waive, reduce, or compromise any of the penalties or interest
649	imposed under this part.
650	(15) Failure to pay a tax described in Subsection 59-10-1403.2(2) shall be subject to a
651	penalty as described in Subsection (3) except that the penalty shall be:
652	(a) assessed only if the pass-through entity reports tax paid on a Utah Schedule K-1 but
653	does not pay some or all of the tax reported; and
654	(b) calculated based on the difference between the amount of tax reported and the
655	amount of tax paid.
656	Section 5. Section 59-1-1420 is amended to read:
657	59-1-1420. Administrative garnishment order for liability.
658	(1) As used in this section:
659	(a) "Administrative garnishment order" includes a continuing administrative
660	garnishment order issued under this section.
661	(b) "Disposable earnings" means the same as that term is defined in Section
662	70C-7-103.
663	(c) "Garnishee" means a person to whom the commission issues an administrative
664	garnishment order under this section.
665	(d) "Nonexempt periodic payment" means any recurring payment that, under Title 78B,
666	Chapter 5, Part 5, Utah Exemptions Act, is not exempt from the judicial process to collect an
667	unsecured debt.
668	(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (3), if a taxpayer owes a liability, the commission may
669	issue an administrative garnishment order against the taxpayer's personal property, including
670	wages, in the possession or control of a person other than the taxpayer in the same manner and
671	with the same effect as if the order were a writ of garnishment issued by a court with
672	jurisdiction.
673	(b) In addition to the underlying liability, the commission may satisfy through an
674	administrative garnishment any costs or fees incurred by the commission as a result of issuing
675	the administrative garnishment order.
676	(3) The commission may issue an administrative garnishment order to a person
677	described in Subsection (2) if:
678	(a) the commission has filed a warrant against the taxpayer for the underlying liability

679 in accordance with Section 59-1-1414; and 680 (b) the commission's executive director or the executive director's designee signs the 681 administrative garnishment order. 682 (4) An administrative garnishment order issued in accordance with this section is 683 subject to the procedures and due process protections provided by Rule 64D, Utah Rules of 684 Civil Procedure. 685 (5) The maximum portion of a taxpayer's disposable earnings subject to garnishment 686 under this section is the lesser of: (a) 25% of the taxpayer's disposable earnings; or 687 688 (b) the amount by which the taxpayer's disposable earnings for a pay period exceeds 689 the number of weeks in that pay period multiplied by 30 times the federal minimum wage as 690 provided in 29 U.S.C. Sec. 201 et seq., Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938. 691 (6) Upon agreement by the garnishee, the parties to an administrative garnishment 692 order may accept and transmit documents relating to the administrative garnishment order by 693 electronic means, including service of process, proof of service, interrogatories, answers, and 694 any other information shared between the garnishee and the commission. 695 (7) In an administrative garnishment order issued under this section, the commission 696 shall: 697 (a) identify the taxpayer, including: (i) the taxpayer's name and address; and 698 699 (ii) if known: 700 (A) the last four digits of the taxpayer's social security number, or the taxpayer's full 701 social security number, if the taxpayer's full social security number is required by federal law; 702 and 703 (B) the taxpayer's date of birth; 704 (b) contain a statement that includes: 705 (i) if known, the nature, location, account number, and estimated value of the property 706 subject to administrative garnishment: 707 (ii) if known, the name, address, and phone number of the person holding the property 708 subject to administrative garnishment; and 709 (iii) the name, address, and phone number of any person claiming an interest in the

710	property described in Subsection (7)(b)(i) or (ii);
711	(c) state whether any of the property subject to administrative garnishment consists of
712	earnings;
713	(d) state the outstanding amount owed under the warrant described in Subsection
714	(3)(a);
715	(e) state the amount of any applicable costs or fees included in the administrative
716	garnishment;
717	(f) state the manner in which the garnishee shall deliver the property to the
718	commission; and
719	(g) state that the commission shall pay the garnishee the fee described in Section
720	78A-2-216.
721	(8) As part of the administrative garnishment order, the commission shall serve on the
722	garnishee the following interrogatories:
723	(a) whether the garnishee is indebted to the taxpayer and, if so, the nature of the
724	indebtedness;
725	(b) whether the garnishee possesses or controls any property of the taxpayer, and, if so,
726	the nature, location, and estimated value of the property;
727	(c) whether the garnishee knows of any property of the taxpayer in the possession or
728	control of another person, and if so, the following information about the property:
729	(i) the nature;
730	(ii) the location; and
731	(iii) the estimated value;
732	(d) (i) whether the garnishee intends to deduct from the property a liquidated claim
733	against the taxpayer;
734	(ii) a description of any claim described in Subsection (8)(d)(i); and
735	(iii) the amount deducted, if any;
736	(e) the date and manner of the garnishee's service of the documents described in
737	Subsection (9)(c) on the taxpayer and any third party;
738	(f) the date on which the taxpayer was previously served with any continuing
739	administrative garnishment order;
740	(g) any other relevant information the commission requests, including:

741	(i) the taxpayer's position;
742	(ii) the taxpayer's rate of pay;
743	(iii) the taxpayer's compensation method;
744	(iv) the taxpayer's pay period; and
745	(v) a computation of the taxpayer's disposable earnings.
746	(9) Within seven days after the day on which an administrative garnishment order is
747	served, the garnishee shall:
748	(a) answer each interrogatory described in Subsection (8);
749	(b) serve the answers to the interrogatories on the commission;
750	(c) serve the taxpayer and any other person known to the garnishee to have an interest
751	in the property a copy of:
752	(i) the administrative garnishment order; and
753	(ii) the answers to the interrogatories described in Subsection (9)(b); and
754	(d) inform the taxpayer of the taxpayer's right to reply to the answers described in
755	Subsection (9)(b) and request a hearing in district court as provided by Rule 64D, Utah Rules
756	of Civil Procedure.
757	(10) (a) A garnishee who acts in accordance with this section and the administrative
758	garnishment order is released from liability unless an answer to an interrogatory is successfully
759	controverted.
760	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(c), if a garnishee fails to comply with the
761	administrative garnishment order without a court or final administrative order directing
762	otherwise, the garnishee is liable for an amount including:
763	(i) the lesser of the value of the property or the balance owed under the warrant
764	described in Subsection (3)(a);
765	(ii) reasonable costs and fees; and
766	(iii) attorney fees incurred by the parties as a result of the garnishee's failure.
767	(c) If a garnishee demonstrates that the garnishee took reasonable steps to secure the
768	property, the commission may excuse the garnishee of liability in whole or in part.
769	(11) If the commission files a motion [for an order to show cause] to enforce an
770	administrative garnishment order under this section, the commission shall file the motion in
771	district court and attach to the motion a statement that the commission has in good faith

772	conferred or attempted to confer with the garnishee in an effort to settle the issue without court
773	action.
774	(12) A garnishee is not liable for drawing, accepting, making, or endorsing a negotiable
775	instrument that is not in the possession or control of the garnishee at the time the administrative
776	garnishment order is served.
777	(13) A garnishee may deduct from the property any liquidated claim against the
778	taxpayer.
779	(14) (a) If a debt owed by the taxpayer to the garnishee is secured by the property
780	subject to the administrative garnishment order, the commission may apply the property to the
781	debt.
782	(b) An administrative garnishment order described in Subsection (14)(a) remains in
783	effect regardless of whether the commission applies the property to the debt.
784	(15) (a) The commission may issue a continuing administrative garnishment order
785	against any nonexempt periodic payment.
786	(b) A continuing administrative garnishment order applies to payments to the taxpayer:
787	(i) beginning on the day on which the continuing administrative garnishment order is
788	served; and
789	(ii) ending on the earlier of:
790	(A) subject to Subsection (15)(c), one year after the day on which the continuing
791	administrative garnishment order is served;
792	(B) 120 days after the day on which a second or subsequent continuing administrative
793	garnishment against the taxpayer is served;
794	(C) the day on which the last nonexempt periodic payment subject to the continuing
795	administrative garnishment order occurs;
796	(D) the day on which the warrant described in Subsection (3)(a) is stayed, vacated, or
797	satisfied in full; or
798	(E) the day on which the commission releases the continuing administrative
799	garnishment order.
800	(c) If the commission issues a continuing administrative garnishment order during the
801	term of another continuing administrative garnishment order against the same taxpayer, the
802	period described in Subsection (15)(b)(i) is tolled if the other continuing administrative

803	garnishment order:
804	(i) is in effect at the time the commission serves the subsequent continuing
805	administrative garnishment order; and
806	(ii) requires payments greater than or equal to the maximum portion of disposable
807	earnings described in Subsection (5).
808	(d) For each periodic payment period, no later than seven days after the day on which
809	the periodic payment period ends, the garnishee shall:
810	(i) answer each interrogatory described in Subsection (8);
811	(ii) serve the answers to the interrogatories on the commission, the taxpayer, and any
812	other person known to the garnishee to have an interest in the property; and
813	(iii) deliver the property to the commission in the manner specified in the continuing
814	administrative garnishment order.
815	(16) (a) The commission may not name more than one garnishee in an administrative
816	garnishment order.
817	(b) Priority among garnishments is according to the order of service on the garnishee.
818	(c) An administrative garnishment order applies to earnings accruing during the pay
819	period in which the order is effective.
820	(17) This section is subject to Title 78B, Chapter 5, Part 5, Utah Exemptions Act.
821	Section 6. Section 59-2-109 is amended to read:
822	59-2-109. Burden of proof.
823	(1) As used in this section:
824	(a) "Final assessed value" means:
825	(i) for real property for which the taxpayer appealed the valuation or equalization to the
826	county board of equalization in accordance with Section 59-2-1004, the value given to the real
827	property by the county board of equalization, including a value based on a stipulation of the
828	parties;
829	(ii) for real property for which the taxpayer or a county assessor appealed the valuation
830	or equalization to the commission in accordance with Section 59-2-1006, the value given to the
831	real property by:
832	(A) the commission, if the commission has issued a decision in the appeal or the
833	parties have entered a stipulation; or

- 27 -

834	(B) a county board of equalization, if the commission has not yet issued a decision in
835	the appeal and the parties have not entered a stipulation; or
836	(iii) for real property for which the taxpayer or a county assessor sought judicial review
837	of the valuation or equalization in accordance with Section 59-1-602 or Title 63G, Chapter 4,
838	Part 4, Judicial Review, the value given the real property by the commission.
839	(b) "Inflation adjusted value" means the same as that term is defined in Section
840	59-2-1004.
841	(c) "Qualified real property" means real property:
842	(i) that is assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment;
843	(ii) for which:
844	(A) the taxpayer or a county assessor appealed the valuation or equalization for the
845	previous taxable year to the county board of equalization in accordance with Section 59-2-1004
846	or the commission in accordance with Section 59-2-1006;
847	(B) the appeal described in Subsection (1)(c)(ii)(A) resulted in a final assessed value
848	that was lower than the assessed value; and
849	(C) the assessed value for the current taxable year is higher than the inflation adjusted
850	value; and
851	(iii) that, on or after January 1 of the previous taxable year and before January 1 of the
852	current taxable year, has not had a qualifying change.
853	(d) "Qualifying change" means one of the following changes to real property that
854	occurs on or after January 1 of the previous taxable year and before January 1 of the current
855	taxable year:
856	(i) a physical improvement if, solely as a result of the physical improvement, the fair
857	market value of the physical improvement equals or exceeds the greater of 10% of fair market
858	value of the real property or \$20,000;
859	(ii) a zoning change, if the fair market value of the real property increases solely as a
860	result of the zoning change; or
861	(iii) a change in the legal description of the real property, if the fair market value of the
862	real property increases solely as a result of the change in the legal description of the real
863	property.
864	(2) For an appeal involving the valuation of real property to the county board of

865	equalization or the commission, the party carrying the burden of proof shall demonstrate:
866	(a) substantial error in:
867	(i) for an appeal not involving qualified real property:
868	(A) if Subsection (3) does not apply and the appeal is to the county board of
869	equalization, the original assessed value;
870	(B) if Subsection (3) does not apply and the appeal is to the commission, the value
871	given to the property by the county board of equalization; or
872	(C) if Subsection (3) applies, the original assessed value; or
873	(ii) for an appeal involving qualified real property, the inflation adjusted value; and
874	(b) a sound evidentiary basis upon which the county board of equalization or the
875	commission could adopt a different valuation.
876	(3) (a) The party described in Subsection (3)(b) shall carry the burden of proof before a
877	county board of equalization or the commission, in an action appealing the value of property:
878	(i) that is not qualified real property; and
879	(ii) for which a county assessor, a county board of equalization, or the commission
880	asserts that the fair market value of the assessed property is greater than the original assessed
881	value for that calendar year.
882	(b) For purposes of Subsection (3)(a), the following have the burden of proof:
883	(i) for property assessed under Part 3, County Assessment:
884	(A) the county assessor, if the county assessor is a party to the appeal that asserts that
885	the fair market value of the assessed property is greater than the original assessed value for that
886	calendar year; or
887	(B) the county board of equalization, if the county board of equalization is a party to
888	the appeal that asserts that the fair market value of the assessed property is greater than the
889	original assessed value for that calendar year; or
890	(ii) for property assessed under Part 2, Assessment of Property, the commission, if the
891	commission is a party to the appeal that asserts that the fair market value of the assessed
892	property is greater than the original assessed value for that calendar year.
893	(c) For purposes of this Subsection (3) only, if a county assessor, county board of
894	equalization, or the commission asserts that the fair market value of the assessed property is
895	
0))	greater than the original assessed value for that calendar year:

- 896 (i) the original assessed value shall lose the presumption of correctness;
- 897 (ii) a preponderance of the evidence shall suffice to sustain the burden for all parties; 898 and
- 899 (iii) the county board of equalization or the commission shall be free to consider all 900 evidence allowed by law in determining fair market value, including the original assessed 901 value.
- 902 (4) (a) The party described in Subsection (4)(b) shall carry the burden of proof before a 903 county board of equalization or the commission in an action appealing the value of qualified 904 real property if at least one party presents evidence of or otherwise asserts a value other than 905 inflation adjusted value.
- 906 (b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a):
- 907 (i) the county assessor or the county board of equalization that is a party to the appeal 908 has the burden of proof if the county assessor or county board of equalization presents evidence 909 of or otherwise asserts a value that is greater than [or equal to] the inflation adjusted value; or
- 910 (ii) the taxpayer that is a party to the appeal has the burden of proof if the taxpayer 911 presents evidence of or otherwise asserts a value that is less than the inflation adjusted value.
- 912 (c) The burdens of proof described in Subsection (4)(b) apply before a county board of 913 equalization or the commission even if the previous year's valuation is:
- 914 (i) pending an appeal requested in accordance with Section 59-2-1006 or judicial 915 review requested in accordance with Section 59-1-602 or Title 63G, Chapter 4, Part 4, Judicial Review; or 916
- 917 (ii) overturned by the commission as a result of an appeal requested in accordance with 918 Section 59-2-1006 or by a court of competent jurisdiction as a result of judicial review 919 requested in accordance with Section 59-1-602 or Title 63G, Chapter 4, Part 4, Judicial 920 Review.
- 921

Section 7. Section **59-2-201** is amended to read:

922 59-2-201. Assessment by commission -- Determination of value of mining 923 property -- Determination of value of aircraft -- Notification of assessment -- Local 924 assessment of property assessed by the unitary method -- Commission may consult with 925 county.

```
926
```

(1) (a) By May 1 of each year, the following property, unless otherwise exempt under

927 the Utah Constitution or under [Part 11, Exemptions, Deferrals, and Abatements] Part 11,

928 Exemptions, shall be assessed by the commission at 100% of fair market value, as valued on

- January 1, in accordance with this chapter:
- (i) except as provided in Subsection (2), all property that operates as a unit acrosscounty lines, if the values must be apportioned among more than one county or state;
- 932 (ii) all property of public utilities;
- 933 (iii) all operating property of an airline, air charter service, and air contract service;
- 934 (iv) all geothermal fluids and geothermal resources;
- (v) all mines and mining claims except in cases, as determined by the commission,
 where the mining claims are used for other than mining purposes, in which case the value of
 mining claims used for other than mining purposes shall be assessed by the assessor of the
 county in which the mining claims are located; and
- 939 (vi) all machinery used in mining, all property or surface improvements upon or 940 appurtenant to mines or mining claims. For the purposes of assessment and taxation, all
- 941 processing plants, mills, reduction works, and smelters that are primarily used by the owner of
- 942 a mine or mining claim for processing, reducing, or smelting minerals taken from a mine or
- 943 mining claim shall be considered appurtenant to that mine or mining claim, regardless of actual944 location.
- 945 (b) (i) For purposes of Subsection (1)(a)(iii), operating property of an air charter 946 service does not include an aircraft that is:
- 947 (A) used by the air charter service for air charter; and
- 948 (B) owned by a person other than the air charter service.
- 949 (ii) For purposes of this Subsection (1)(b):
- 950 (A) "person" means a natural person, individual, corporation, organization, or other951 legal entity; and
- 952 (B) a person does not qualify as a person other than the air charter service as described
 953 in Subsection (1)(b)(i)(B) if the person is:
- 954 (I) a principal, owner, or member of the air charter service; or
- 955 (II) a legal entity that has a principal, owner, or member of the air charter service as a956 principal, owner, or member of the legal entity.
- 957 (2) (a) The commission may not assess property owned by a telecommunications

H.B. 58

958 service provider.

(b) The commission shall assess and collect property tax on state-assessed commercialvehicles at the time of original registration or annual renewal.

961 (i) The commission shall assess and collect property tax annually on state-assessed
962 commercial vehicles that are registered pursuant to Section 41-1a-222 or 41-1a-228.

963 (ii) State-assessed commercial vehicles brought into the state that are required to be
964 registered in Utah shall, as a condition of registration, be subject to ad valorem tax unless all
965 property taxes or fees imposed by the state of origin have been paid for the current calendar
966 year.

967 (iii) Real property, improvements, equipment, fixtures, or other personal property in968 this state owned by the company shall be assessed separately by the local county assessor.

(iv) The commission shall adjust the value of state-assessed commercial vehicles as
necessary to comply with 49 U.S.C. Sec. 14502, and the commission shall direct the county
assessor to apply the same adjustment to any personal property, real property, or improvements
owned by the company and used directly and exclusively in their commercial vehicle activities.

973 (3) (a) The method for determining the fair market value of productive mining property
974 is the capitalized net revenue method or any other valuation method the commission believes,
975 or the taxpayer demonstrates to the commission's satisfaction, to be reasonably determinative
976 of the fair market value of the mining property.

977 (b) The commission shall determine the rate of capitalization applicable to mines,
978 consistent with a fair rate of return expected by an investor in light of that industry's current
979 market, financial, and economic conditions.

(c) In no event may the fair market value of the mining property be less than the fair
market value of the land, improvements, and tangible personal property upon or appurtenant to
the mining property.

(4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4), "aircraft pricing guide" means a nationally
recognized publication that assigns value estimates for individual commercial aircraft that are:

985

(i) identified by year, make, and model; and

986 (ii) in average condition typical for the aircraft's type and vintage.

987 (b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(d), the commission shall use an aircraft
988 pricing guide, adjusted as provided in Subsection (4)(c), to determine the fair market value of

- 32 -

989 aircraft assessed under this part.

(ii) The commission shall use the Airliner Price Guide as the aircraft pricing guide,except that:

(A) if the Airliner Price Guide is no longer published or the commission determines
 that another aircraft pricing guide more reasonably reflects the fair market value of aircraft, the
 commission, after consulting with the airlines operating in the state, shall select an alternative
 aircraft pricing guide;

996 997 (B) if an aircraft is not listed in the Airliner Price Guide, the commission shall use the Aircraft Bluebook Price Digest as the aircraft pricing guide; and

(C) if the Aircraft Bluebook Price Digest is no longer published or the commission
 determines that another aircraft pricing guide more reasonably reflects the fair market value of
 aircraft, the commission, after consulting with the airlines operating in the state, shall select an
 alternative aircraft pricing guide.

(c) (i) To reflect the value of an aircraft fleet that is used as part of the operating
property of an airline, air charter service, or air contract service, the fair market value of the
aircraft shall include a fleet adjustment as provided in this Subsection (4)(c).

(ii) If the aircraft pricing guide provides a method for making a fleet adjustment, thecommission shall use the method described in the aircraft pricing guide.

(iii) If the aircraft pricing guide does not provide a method for making a fleet
adjustment, the commission shall make a fleet adjustment by reducing the aircraft pricing guide
value of each aircraft in the fleet by .5% for each aircraft over three aircraft up to a maximum
20% reduction.

1011 (d) The commission may use an alternative method for valuing aircraft of an airline, air1012 charter service, or air contract service if the commission:

(i) has clear and convincing evidence that the aircraft values reflected in the aircraftpricing guide do not reasonably reflect fair market value of the aircraft; and

(ii) cannot identify an alternative aircraft pricing guide from which the commissionmay determine aircraft value.

1017 (5) Immediately following the assessment, the commission shall send, by certified
1018 mail, notice of the assessment to the owner or operator of the assessed property and the
1019 assessor of the county in which the property is located.

1020	(6) The commission may consult with a county in valuing property in accordance with
1021	this part.
1022	(7) The local county assessor shall separately assess property that is assessed by the
1023	unitary method if the commission determines that the property:
1024	(a) is not necessary to the conduct of the business; and
1025	(b) does not contribute to the income of the business.
1026	Section 8. Section 59-2-1101 is amended to read:
1027	Part 11. Exemptions
1028	59-2-1101. Definitions Exemption of certain property Proportional payments
1029	for certain property Exception County legislative body authority to adopt rules or
1030	ordinances.
1031	(1) As used in this section:
1032	(a) "Charitable purposes" means:
1033	(i) for property used as a nonprofit hospital or a nursing home, the standards outlined in
1034	Howell v. County Board of Cache County ex rel. IHC Hospitals, Inc., 881 P.2d 880 (Utah
1035	1994); and
1036	(ii) for property other than property described in Subsection (1)(a)(i), providing a gift
1037	to the community.
1038	(b) (i) "Educational purposes" means purposes carried on by an educational
1039	organization that normally:
1040	(A) maintains a regular faculty and curriculum; and
1041	(B) has a regularly enrolled body of pupils and students.
1042	(ii) "Educational purposes" includes:
1043	(A) the physical or mental teaching, training, or conditioning of competitive athletes by
1044	a national governing body of sport recognized by the United States Olympic Committee that
1045	qualifies as being tax exempt under Section 501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code; and
1046	(B) an activity in support of or incidental to the teaching, training, or conditioning
1047	described in this Subsection (1)(b)(ii).
1048	(c) "Exclusive use exemption" means a property tax exemption under Subsection
1049	(3)(a)(iv), for property owned by a nonprofit entity used exclusively for one or more of the
1050	following purposes:

12-20-22 4:36 PM (i) religious purposes; (ii) charitable purposes; or (iii) educational purposes. (d) (i) "Farm machinery and equipment" means tractors, milking equipment and storage and cooling facilities, feed handling equipment, irrigation equipment, harvesters, choppers, grain drills and planters, tillage tools, scales, combines, spreaders, sprayers, having equipment, including balers and cubers, and any other machinery or equipment used primarily for agricultural purposes. (ii) "Farm machinery and equipment" does not include vehicles required to be registered with the Motor Vehicle Division or vehicles or other equipment used for business purposes other than farming. (e) "Gift to the community" means: (i) the lessening of a government burden; or (ii) (A) the provision of a significant service to others without immediate expectation of material reward; (B) the use of the property is supported to a material degree by donations and gifts including volunteer service; (C) the recipients of the charitable activities provided on the property are not required to pay for the assistance received, in whole or in part, except that if in part, to a material degree; (D) the beneficiaries of the charitable activities provided on the property are unrestricted or, if restricted, the restriction bears a reasonable relationship to the charitable objectives of the nonprofit entity that owns the property; and (E) any commercial activities provided on the property are subordinate or incidental to charitable activities provided on the property. (f) "Government exemption" means a property tax exemption provided under Subsection (3)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii). (g) (i) "Nonprofit entity" means an entity: (A) that is organized on a nonprofit basis, that dedicates the entity's property to the entity's nonprofit purpose, and that makes no dividend or other form of financial benefit available to a private interest;

1051

1052

1053

1054

1055

1056

1057

1058

1059

1060

1061

1062

1063

1064

1065

1066

1067 1068

1069

1070

1071

1072

1073

1074

1075

1076

1077

1078

1079

1080

1081

H.B. 58

1082	(B) for which, upon dissolution, the entity's assets are distributable only for exempt
1083	purposes under state law or to the government for a public purpose; and
1084	(C) for which none of the net earnings or donations made to the entity inure to the
1085	benefit of private shareholders or other individuals, as the private inurement standard has been
1086	interpreted under Section 501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code.
1087	(ii) "Nonprofit entity" includes an entity:
1088	(A) if the entity is treated as a disregarded entity for federal income tax purposes and
1089	wholly owned by, and controlled under the direction of, a nonprofit entity; and
1090	(B) for which none of the net earnings and profits of the entity inure to the benefit of
1091	any person other than a nonprofit entity.
1092	[(h) "Tax relief" means an exemption, deferral, or abatement that is authorized by this
1093	part, Part 18, Tax Deferral and Tax Abatement, or Part 19, Armed Forces Exemptions.]
1094	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b) or (c), [tax relief] an exemption under
1095	this part may be allowed only if the claimant is the owner of the property as of January 1 of the
1096	year the exemption is claimed.
1097	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), a claimant shall collect and pay a proportional
1098	tax based upon the length of time that the property was not owned by the claimant if:
1099	(i) the claimant is a federal, state, or political subdivision entity described in
1100	Subsection (3)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii); or
1101	(ii) pursuant to Subsection (3)(a)(iv):
1102	(A) the claimant is a nonprofit entity; and
1103	(B) the property is used exclusively for religious, charitable, or educational purposes.
1104	(c) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to an exemption described in Part 19, Armed
1105	Forces Exemptions .
1106	(3) (a) The following property is exempt from taxation:
1107	(i) property exempt under the laws of the United States;
1108	(ii) property of:
1109	(A) the state;
1110	(B) school districts; and
1111	(C) public libraries;
1112	(iii) except as provided in Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, property of:

1113	(A) counties;
1114	(B) cities;
1115	(C) towns;
1116	(D) local districts;
1117	(E) special service districts; and
1118	(F) all other political subdivisions of the state;
1119	(iv) except as provided in Subsection (6) or (7), property owned by a nonprofit entity
1120	used exclusively for one or more of the following purposes:
1121	(A) religious purposes;
1122	(B) charitable purposes; or
1123	(C) educational purposes;
1124	(v) places of burial not held or used for private or corporate benefit;
1125	(vi) farm machinery and equipment;
1126	(vii) a high tunnel, as defined in Section 10-9a-525;
1127	(viii) intangible property; and
1128	(ix) the ownership interest of an out-of-state public agency, as defined in Section
1129	11-13-103:
1130	(A) if that ownership interest is in property providing additional project capacity, as
1131	defined in Section 11-13-103; and
1132	(B) on which a fee in lieu of ad valorem property tax is payable under Section
1133	11-13-302.
1134	(b) For purposes of a property tax exemption for property of school districts under
1135	Subsection (3)(a)(ii)(B), a charter school under Title 53G, Chapter 5, Charter Schools, is
1136	considered to be a school district.
1137	(4) Subject to Subsection (5), if property that is allowed an exclusive use exemption or
1138	a government exemption ceases to qualify for the exemption because of a change in the
1139	ownership of the property:
1140	(a) the new owner of the property shall pay a proportional tax based upon the period of
1141	time:
1142	(i) beginning on the day that the new owner acquired the property; and
1143	(ii) ending on the last day of the calendar year during which the new owner acquired

1144	the property; and
1145	(b) the new owner of the property and the person from whom the new owner acquires
1146	the property shall notify the county assessor, in writing, of the change in ownership of the
1147	property within 30 days from the day that the new owner acquires the property.
1148	(5) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), the proportional tax described in Subsection
1149	(4)(a):
1150	(a) is subject to any exclusive use exemption or government exemption that the
1151	property is entitled to under the new ownership of the property; and
1152	(b) applies only to property that is acquired after December 31, 2005.
1153	(6) (a) A property may not receive an exemption under Subsection $(3)(a)(iv)$ if:
1154	(i) the nonprofit entity that owns the property participates in or intervenes in any
1155	political campaign on behalf of or in opposition to any candidate for public office, including
1156	the publishing or distribution of statements; or
1157	(ii) a substantial part of the activities of the nonprofit entity that owns the property
1158	consists of carrying on propaganda or otherwise attempting to influence legislation, except as
1159	provided under Subsection 501(h), Internal Revenue Code.
1160	(b) Whether a nonprofit entity is engaged in an activity described in Subsection (6)(a)
1161	shall be determined using the standards described in Section 501, Internal Revenue Code.
1162	(7) A property may not receive an exemption under Subsection $(3)(a)(iv)$ if:
1163	(a) the property is used for a purpose that is not religious, charitable, or educational;
1164	and
1165	(b) the use for a purpose that is not religious, charitable, or educational is more than de
1166	minimis.
1167	(8) A county legislative body may adopt rules or ordinances to:
1168	(a) effectuate [the exemptions, deferrals, abatements, or other relief from taxation
1169	provided in this part, Part 18, Tax Deferral and Tax Abatement, or Part 19, Armed Forces
1170	Exemptions; and] an exemption under this part; and
1171	(b) designate one or more persons to perform the functions given to the county under
1172	this part[, Part 18, Tax Deferral and Tax Abatement, or Part 19, Armed Forces Exemptions].
1173	(9) If a person is dissatisfied with [a tax relief] an exemption decision made under
1174	designated decision-making authority as described in Subsection (8)(b), that person may appeal

1175	the decision to the commission under Section 59-2-1006.
1176	Section 9. Section 59-2-1102 is amended to read:
1177	59-2-1102. Determination of exemptions by board of equalization Appeal
1178	Application for exemption Annual statement Exceptions.
1179	(1) (a) For property assessed under Part 3, County Assessment, the county board of
1180	equalization may, after giving notice in a manner prescribed by rule, determine whether certain
1181	property within the county is exempt from taxation.
1182	(b) The decision of the county board of equalization described in Subsection (1)(a)
1183	shall:
1184	(i) be in writing; and
1185	(ii) include:
1186	(A) a statement of facts; and
1187	(B) the statutory basis for its decision.
1188	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(a), a copy of the decision described in
1189	Subsection (1)(a) shall be sent on or before May 15 to the person applying for the exemption.
1190	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (7) and subject to Subsection (8), a reduction in
1191	the value of property may not be made under this part [or Part 18, Tax Deferral and Tax
1192	Abatement, and an exemption may not be granted under this part or Part 19, Armed Forces
1193	Exemptions], unless the person affected or the person's agent:
1194	(a) submits a written application to the county board of equalization; and
1195	(b) verifies the application by signed statement.
1196	(3) (a) The county board of equalization may require a person making an application
1197	for exemption or reduction to appear before the county board of equalization and be examined
1198	under oath.
1199	(b) If the county board of equalization requires a person making an application for
1200	exemption or reduction to appear before the county board of equalization, a reduction may not
1201	be made or exemption granted unless the person appears and answers all questions pertinent to
1202	the inquiry.
1203	(4) For the hearing on the application, the county board of equalization may subpoena
1204	any witnesses, and hear and take any evidence in relation to the pending application.
1205	(5) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(b), the county board of equalization shall

1206	hold hearings and render a written decision to determine any exemption on or before May 1 in
1207	each year.
1208	(6) Any property owner dissatisfied with the decision of the county board of
1209	equalization regarding any reduction or exemption may appeal to the commission under
1210	Section 59-2-1006.
1211	(7) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), a county board of equalization may not require an
1212	owner of property to file an application in accordance with this section in order to claim an
1213	exemption for the property under the following:
1214	(a) Subsections $59-2-1101(3)(a)(i)$ through (iii);
1215	(b) Subsection 59-2-1101(3)(a)(vi) or (viii);
1216	(c) Section 59-2-1110;
1217	(d) Section 59-2-1111;
1218	(e) Section 59-2-1112;
1219	(f) Section 59-2-1113; or
1220	(g) Section 59-2-1114.
1221	(8) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(b), for property described in Subsection
1222	59-2-1101(3)(a)(iv) or (v), a county board of equalization shall, consistent with Subsection (9),
1223	require an owner of that property to file an application in accordance with this section in order
1224	to claim an exemption for that property.
1225	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(a), a county board of equalization may not require
1226	an owner of property described in Subsection 59-2-1101(3)(a)(iv) or (v) to file an application
1227	under Subsection (8)(a) if:
1228	(i) the owner filed an application under Subsection (8)(a);
1229	(ii) the county board of equalization determines that the owner may claim an
1230	exemption for that property; and
1231	(iii) the exemption described in Subsection (8)(b)(ii) is in effect.
1232	(c) (i) For the time period that an owner is granted an exemption in accordance with
1233	this section for property described in Subsection 59-2-1101(3)(a)(iv) or (v), a county board of
1234	equalization shall require the owner to file an annual statement on or before March 1 on a form
1235	prescribed by the commission establishing that the property continues to be eligible for the
1236	exemption.

1237	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1238	commission shall make rules providing:
1239	(A) the form for the annual statement required by Subsection (8)(c)(i);
1240	(B) the contents of the form for the annual statement required by Subsection (8)(c)(i);
1241	and
1242	(C) procedures and requirements for making the annual statement required by
1243	Subsection (8)(c)(i).
1244	(iii) The commission shall make the form described in Subsection (8)(c)(ii)(A)
1245	available to counties.
1246	(d) On or before April 1, a county board of equalization shall notify each property
1247	owner who fails to timely file an annual statement in accordance with Subsection (8)(c) of the
1248	county board of equalization's intent to revoke the exemption.
1249	(e) An owner of exempt property described in Subsection 59-2-1101(3)(a)(iv) may file
1250	the annual statement described in Subsection (8)(c) after March 1 if the property owner:
1251	(i) files the annual statement on or before March 31; and
1252	(ii) includes a statement of facts establishing that the property owner was unable to file
1253	the annual statement on or before March 1 due to one of the following conditions and no other
1254	responsible party was capable of filing the annual statement:
1255	(A) a medical emergency of the property owner, an immediate family member of the
1256	property owner, or the property owner's agent;
1257	(B) the death of the property owner, an immediate family member of the property
1258	owner, or the property owner's agent; or
1259	(C) other extraordinary and unanticipated circumstances.
1260	(9) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (9), "exclusive use exemption" [is as] means the
1261	same as that term is defined in Section 59-2-1101.
1262	(b) For purposes of Subsection $(1)(a)$, when a person acquires property on or after
1263	January 1 that qualifies for an exclusive use exemption, that person may apply for the exclusive
1264	use exemption on or before the later of:
1265	(i) the day set by rule as the deadline for filing a property tax exemption application; or
1266	(ii) 120 days after the day on which the property is acquired.
1267	(10) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(c), if an application for an exemption is filed

1268	under Subsection (9), a county board of equalization shall send a copy of the decision described
1269	in Subsection (1)(c) to the person applying for the exemption on or before the later of:
1270	(i) May 15; or
1270	(i) 45 days after the day on which the application for the exemption is filed.
1271	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (5), if an application for an exemption is filed under
1272	Subsection (9), a county board of equalization shall hold the hearing and render the decision
1273	described in Subsection (5) on or before the later of:
1275	(i) May 1; or (ii) 20 down often the day on which the application for the exemption is filed
1276	(ii) 30 days after the day on which the application for the exemption is filed.
1277	Section 10. Section 59-2-1710 is amended to read:
1278	59-2-1710. Acquisition of land by governmental entity Requirements
1279	Rollback tax One-time in lieu fee payment Passage of title.
1280	(1) For purposes of this section, "governmental entity" means:
1281	(a) the United States;
1282	(b) the state;
1283	(c) a political subdivision of the state, including a county, city, town, school district,
1284	local district, or special service district; or
1285	(d) an entity created by the state or the United States, including an agency, board,
1286	bureau, commission, committee, department, division, institution, instrumentality, or office.
1287	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (4), land acquired by a governmental
1288	entity is subject to the rollback tax imposed by this part if:
1289	(i) before the governmental entity acquires the land, the land is assessed under this
1290	part; and
1291	(ii) after the governmental entity acquires the land, the land does not meet the
1292	requirements of Section 59-2-1703 for assessment under this part.
1293	(b) A person dedicating a public right-of-way to a governmental entity shall pay the
1294	rollback tax imposed by this part if:
1295	(i) a portion of the public right-of-way is located within a subdivision as defined in
1296	Section 10-9a-103; or
1297	(ii) in exchange for the dedication, the person dedicating the public right-of-way
1298	receives money or other consideration.

1299	(3) (a) Land acquired by a governmental entity is not subject to the rollback tax
1300	imposed by this part, but is subject to a one-time in lieu fee payment as provided in Subsection
1301	(3)(b), if:
1302	(i) the governmental entity acquires the land by eminent domain;
1303	(ii) (A) the land is under the threat or imminence of eminent domain proceedings; and
1304	(B) the governmental entity provides written notice of the proceedings to the owner; or
1305	(iii) the land is donated to the governmental entity.
1306	(b) (i) If a governmental entity acquires land under Subsection (3)(a)(iii), the
1307	governmental entity shall make a one-time in lieu fee payment:
1308	(A) to the county treasurer of the county in which the land is located; and
1309	(B) in an amount equal to the amount of rollback tax calculated under Section
1310	59-2-1705.
1311	(ii) A governmental entity that acquires land under Subsection (3)(a)(i) or (ii) shall
1312	make a one-time in lieu fee payment to the county treasurer of the county in which the land is
1313	located:
1314	(A) if the land remaining after the acquisition by the governmental entity meets the
1315	requirements of Section 59-2-1703, in an amount equal to the rollback tax under Section
1316	59-2-1705 on the land acquired by the governmental entity; or
1317	(B) if the land remaining after the acquisition by the governmental entity is less than
1318	[two acres] one acre, in an amount equal to the rollback tax under Section 59-2-1705 on the
1319	land acquired by the governmental entity and the land remaining after the acquisition by the
1320	governmental entity.
1321	(c) A county receiving an in lieu fee payment under Subsection (3)(b) shall distribute
1322	the revenues collected from the payment:
1323	(i) to the taxing entities in which the land is located; and
1324	(ii) in the same proportion as the revenue from real property taxes is distributed.
1325	(4) If a governmental entity acquires land subject to assessment under this part, title to
1326	the land may not pass to the governmental entity until any tax, one-time in lieu fee payment,
1327	and applicable interest due under this part are paid to the county treasurer.
1328	Section 11. Section 59-2-1806 is enacted to read:
1329	59-2-1806. County legislative body authority to adopt rules or ordinances.

1330	A county legislative body may adopt rules or ordinances to:
1331	(1) effectuate an abatement or exemption; or
1332	(2) designate one or more persons to perform the functions given to the county under
1333	this part.
1334	Section 12. Section 59-2-1906 is enacted to read:
1335	59-2-1906. County legislative body authority to adopt rules or ordinances.
1336	A county legislative body may adopt rules or ordinances to:
1337	(1) effectuate an exemption under this part; or
1338	(2) designate one or more persons to perform the functions given to the county under
1339	this part.
1340	Section 13. Section 59-10-552 is amended to read:
1341	59-10-552. Carry forward of expired or repealed tax credit.
1342	When a nonrefundable individual income tax credit, under Part 10, Nonrefundable Tax
1343	Credit Act, expires or is repealed, the commission shall allow a claimant, estate, or trust to
1344	carry forward any amount of the tax credit that remains for the period of time described in the
1345	tax credit for the taxable year in which the [estate, claimant, or estate] claimant, estate, or trust
1346	first claimed the tax credit.
1347	Section 14. Section 59-12-103 is amended to read:
1348	59-12-103. Sales and use tax base Rates Effective dates Use of sales and use
1349	tax revenues.
1350	(1) A tax is imposed on the purchaser as provided in this part on the purchase price or
1351	sales price for amounts paid or charged for the following transactions:
1352	(a) retail sales of tangible personal property made within the state;
1353	(b) amounts paid for:
1354	(i) telecommunications service, other than mobile telecommunications service, that
1355	originates and terminates within the boundaries of this state;
1356	
	(ii) mobile telecommunications service that originates and terminates within the
1357	(ii) mobile telecommunications service that originates and terminates within the boundaries of one state only to the extent permitted by the Mobile Telecommunications
1357 1358	
	boundaries of one state only to the extent permitted by the Mobile Telecommunications
1358	boundaries of one state only to the extent permitted by the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 116 et seq.; or

1361	(B) mobile telecommunications service described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii);
1362	(c) sales of the following for commercial use:
1363	(i) gas;
1364	(ii) electricity;
1365	(iii) heat;
1366	(iv) coal;
1367	(v) fuel oil; or
1368	(vi) other fuels;
1369	(d) sales of the following for residential use:
1370	(i) gas;
1371	(ii) electricity;
1372	(iii) heat;
1373	(iv) coal;
1374	(v) fuel oil; or
1375	(vi) other fuels;
1376	(e) sales of prepared food;
1377	(f) except as provided in Section 59-12-104, amounts paid or charged as admission or
1378	user fees for theaters, movies, operas, museums, planetariums, shows of any type or nature,
1379	exhibitions, concerts, carnivals, amusement parks, amusement rides, circuses, menageries,
1380	fairs, races, contests, sporting events, dances, boxing matches, wrestling matches, closed circuit
1381	television broadcasts, billiard parlors, pool parlors, bowling lanes, golf, miniature golf, golf
1382	driving ranges, batting cages, skating rinks, ski lifts, ski runs, ski trails, snowmobile trails,
1383	tennis courts, swimming pools, water slides, river runs, jeep tours, boat tours, scenic cruises,
1384	horseback rides, sports activities, or any other amusement, entertainment, recreation,
1385	exhibition, cultural, or athletic activity;
1386	(g) amounts paid or charged for services for repairs or renovations of tangible personal
1387	property, unless Section 59-12-104 provides for an exemption from sales and use tax for:
1388	(i) the tangible personal property; and
1389	(ii) parts used in the repairs or renovations of the tangible personal property described
1390	in Subsection (1)(g)(i), regardless of whether:
1391	(A) any parts are actually used in the repairs or renovations of that tangible personal

1392	property; or
1393	(B) the particular parts used in the repairs or renovations of that tangible personal
1394	property are exempt from a tax under this chapter;
1395	(h) except as provided in Subsection 59-12-104(7), amounts paid or charged for
1396	assisted cleaning or washing of tangible personal property;
1397	(i) amounts paid or charged for tourist home, hotel, motel, or trailer court
1398	accommodations and services that are regularly rented for less than 30 consecutive days;
1399	(j) amounts paid or charged for laundry or dry cleaning services;
1400	(k) amounts paid or charged for leases or rentals of tangible personal property if within
1401	this state the tangible personal property is:
1402	(i) stored;
1403	(ii) used; or
1404	(iii) otherwise consumed;
1405	(l) amounts paid or charged for tangible personal property if within this state the
1406	tangible personal property is:
1407	(i) stored;
1408	(ii) used; or
1409	(iii) consumed; and
1410	(m) amounts paid or charged for a sale:
1411	(i) (A) of a product transferred electronically; or
1412	(B) of a repair or renovation of a product transferred electronically, and
1413	(ii) regardless of whether the sale provides:
1414	(A) a right of permanent use of the product; or
1415	(B) a right to use the product that is less than a permanent use, including a right:
1416	(I) for a definite or specified length of time; and
1417	(II) that terminates upon the occurrence of a condition.
1418	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (2)(b) through (f), a state tax and a local tax
1419	are imposed on a transaction described in Subsection (1) equal to the sum of:
1420	(i) a state tax imposed on the transaction at a tax rate equal to the sum of:
1421	(A) 4.70% plus the rate specified in Subsection $[(12)(a)] (11)(a)$; and
1422	(B) (I) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 18, Additional State Sales

- 1423and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-2111424through 59-12-215 is in a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 18, Additional1425State Sales and Use Tax Act; and1426(II) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 20, Supplemental State Sales1427and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-2111428through 59-12-215 is in a city, town, or the unincorporated area of a county in which the state1429imposes the tax under Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
- (ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on thetransaction under this chapter other than this part.
- (b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(e) or (f) and subject to Subsection (2)(k), a
 state tax and a local tax are imposed on a transaction described in Subsection (1)(d) equal to
 the sum of:
- 1435 (i) a state tax imposed on the transaction at a tax rate of 2%; and
- (ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on thetransaction under this chapter other than this part.
- 1438 (c) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(e) or (f), a state tax and a local tax are 1439 imposed on amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients equal to the sum of:
- (i) a state tax imposed on the amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients ata tax rate of 1.75%; and
- (ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on theamounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients under this chapter other than this part.
- (d) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(e) or (f), a state tax is imposed on amounts
 paid or charged for fuel to a common carrier that is a railroad for use in a locomotive engine at
 a rate of 4.85%.
- (e) (i) For a bundled transaction that is attributable to food and food ingredients and
 tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients, a state tax and a local tax is
 imposed on the entire bundled transaction equal to the sum of:
- 1450 (A) a state tax imposed on the entire bundled transaction equal to the sum of:
- 1451 (I) the tax rate described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); and
- (II) (Aa) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 18, Additional State
 Sales and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections

1454 59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 18, 1455 Additional State Sales and Use Tax Act; and 1456 (Bb) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 20, Supplemental State 1457 Sales and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 1458 59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in a city, town, or the unincorporated area of a county in which 1459 the state imposes the tax under Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act; and 1460 (B) a local tax imposed on the entire bundled transaction at the sum of the tax rates 1461 described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii). 1462 (ii) If an optional computer software maintenance contract is a bundled transaction that 1463 consists of taxable and nontaxable products that are not separately itemized on an invoice or 1464 similar billing document, the purchase of the optional computer software maintenance contract 1465 is 40% taxable under this chapter and 60% nontaxable under this chapter. (iii) Subject to Subsection (2)(e)(iv), for a bundled transaction other than a bundled 1466 1467 transaction described in Subsection (2)(e)(i) or (ii): 1468 (A) if the sales price of the bundled transaction is attributable to tangible personal 1469 property, a product, or a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter and tangible 1470 personal property, a product, or service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter, the 1471 entire bundled transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter unless: 1472 (I) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible 1473 personal property, product, or service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter from the 1474 books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business; or 1475 (II) state or federal law provides otherwise; or 1476 (B) if the sales price of a bundled transaction is attributable to two or more items of 1477 tangible personal property, products, or services that are subject to taxation under this chapter 1478 at different rates, the entire bundled transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter at the 1479 higher tax rate unless: 1480 (I) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible 1481 personal property, product, or service that is subject to taxation under this chapter at the lower 1482 tax rate from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business; or 1483 (II) state or federal law provides otherwise. 1484 (iv) For purposes of Subsection (2)(e)(iii), books and records that a seller keeps in the

seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the regularcourse of business for nontax purposes.

(f) (i) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter and subject to Subsections (2)(f)(ii)
and (iii), if a transaction consists of the sale, lease, or rental of tangible personal property, a
product, or a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter, and the sale, lease, or rental
of tangible personal property, other property, a product, or a service that is not subject to
taxation under this chapter, the entire transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter unless
the seller, at the time of the transaction:

(A) separately states the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation underthis chapter on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser; or

(B) is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards, from the books and
records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business, the portion of the transaction
that is not subject to taxation under this chapter.

1498

(ii) A purchaser and a seller may correct the taxability of a transaction if:

(A) after the transaction occurs, the purchaser and the seller discover that the portion of
the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter was not separately stated on an
invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser because of an error or
ignorance of the law; and

(B) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards, from the books
and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business, the portion of the
transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter.

(iii) For purposes of Subsections (2)(f)(i) and (ii), books and records that a seller keeps
in the seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the
regular course of business for nontax purposes.

(g) (i) If the sales price of a transaction is attributable to two or more items of tangible
personal property, products, or services that are subject to taxation under this chapter at
different rates, the entire purchase is subject to taxation under this chapter at the higher tax rate
unless the seller, at the time of the transaction:

(A) separately states the items subject to taxation under this chapter at each of the
different rates on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser; or
(B) is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible personal

1516	property, product, or service that is subject to taxation under this chapter at the lower tax rate
1517	from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business.
1518	(ii) For purposes of Subsection $(2)(g)(i)$, books and records that a seller keeps in the
1519	seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the regular
1520	course of business for nontax purposes.
1521	(h) Subject to Subsections (2)(i) and (j), a tax rate repeal or tax rate change for a tax
1522	rate imposed under the following shall take effect on the first day of a calendar quarter:
1523	(i) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
1524	(ii) Subsection (2)(b)(i);
1525	(iii) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
1526	(iv) Subsection $(2)(e)(i)(A)(I)$.
1527	(i) (i) A tax rate increase takes effect on the first day of the first billing period that
1528	begins on or after the effective date of the tax rate increase if the billing period for the
1529	transaction begins before the effective date of a tax rate increase imposed under:
1530	(A) Subsection $(2)(a)(i)(A)$;
1531	(B) Subsection (2)(b)(i);
1532	(C) Subsection $(2)(c)(i)$; or
1533	(D) Subsection $(2)(e)(i)(A)(I)$.
1534	(ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease applies to a billing period if the billing
1535	statement for the billing period is rendered on or after the effective date of the repeal of the tax
1536	or the tax rate decrease imposed under:
1537	(A) Subsection $(2)(a)(i)(A)$;
1538	(B) Subsection $(2)(b)(i)$;
1539	(C) Subsection $(2)(c)(i)$; or
1540	(D) Subsection $(2)(e)(i)(A)(I)$.
1541	(j) (i) For a tax rate described in Subsection (2)(j)(ii), if a tax due on a catalogue sale is
1542	computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, a tax rate repeal or
1543	change in a tax rate takes effect:
1544	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
1545	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the tax rate repeal or tax rate change.
1546	(ii) Subsection (2)(j)(i) applies to the tax rates described in the following:

1547	(A) Subsection $(2)(a)(i)(A)$;
1548	(B) Subsection (2)(b)(i);
1549	(C) Subsection $(2)(c)(i)$; or
1550	(D) Subsection $(2)(e)(i)(A)(I)$.
1551	(iii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
1552	the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
1553	(k) (i) For a location described in Subsection (2)(k)(ii), the commission shall determine
1554	the taxable status of a sale of gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other fuel based on the
1555	predominant use of the gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other fuel at the location.
1556	(ii) Subsection (2)(k)(i) applies to a location where gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil,
1557	or other fuel is furnished through a single meter for two or more of the following uses:
1558	(A) a commercial use;
1559	(B) an industrial use; or
1560	(C) a residential use.
1561	(3) (a) The following state taxes shall be deposited into the General Fund:
1562	(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
1563	(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
1564	(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
1565	(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(e)(i)(A)(I).
1566	(b) The following local taxes shall be distributed to a county, city, or town as provided
1567	in this chapter:
1568	(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(ii);
1569	(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(ii);
1570	(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(ii); and
1571	(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(e)(i)(B).
1572	(c) The state tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d) shall be deposited into the General
1573	Fund.
1574	(4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1,
1575	2003, the lesser of the following amounts shall be expended as provided in Subsections (4)(b)
1576	through (g):
1577	(i) for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of tax revenue generated:

1578 (A) by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and 1579 (B) for the fiscal year; or 1580 (ii) \$17,500,000. (b) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 14% of the amount 1581 1582 described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be transferred each year as designated sales and use tax 1583 revenue to the Department of Natural Resources to: 1584 (A) implement the measures described in Subsections 79-2-303(3)(a) through (d) to 1585 protect sensitive plant and animal species: or 1586 (B) award grants, up to the amount authorized by the Legislature in an appropriations 1587 act, to political subdivisions of the state to implement the measures described in Subsections 1588 79-2-303(3)(a) through (d) to protect sensitive plant and animal species. 1589 (ii) Money transferred to the Department of Natural Resources under Subsection 1590 (4)(b)(i) may not be used to assist the United States Fish and Wildlife Service or any other 1591 person to list or attempt to have listed a species as threatened or endangered under the 1592 Endangered Species Act of 1973, 16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq. 1593 (iii) At the end of each fiscal year: (A) 50% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to the 1594 Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24; 1595 1596 (B) 25% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to the 1597 Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5; and 1598 (C) 25% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to the 1599 Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5. 1600 (c) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 3% of the amount described in 1601 Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited each year in the Agriculture Resource Development Fund 1602 created in Section 4-18-106. 1603 (d) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 1% of the amount described 1604 in Subsection (4)(a) shall be transferred each year as designated sales and use tax revenue to the Division of Water Rights to cover the costs incurred in hiring legal and technical staff for 1605 1606 the adjudication of water rights. 1607 (ii) At the end of each fiscal year: 1608 (A) 50% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to the

1609 Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24; 1610 (B) 25% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to the 1611 Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5: and 1612 (C) 25% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to the 1613 Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5. 1614 (e) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 41% of the amount described 1615 in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited into the Water Resources Conservation and 1616 Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24 for use by the Division of Water Resources. 1617 (ii) In addition to the uses allowed of the Water Resources Conservation and 1618 Development Fund under Section 73-10-24, the Water Resources Conservation and 1619 Development Fund may also be used to: 1620 (A) conduct hydrologic and geotechnical investigations by the Division of Water Resources in a cooperative effort with other state, federal, or local entities, for the purpose of 1621 1622 quantifying surface and ground water resources and describing the hydrologic systems of an area in sufficient detail so as to enable local and state resource managers to plan for and 1623 1624 accommodate growth in water use without jeopardizing the resource; 1625 (B) fund state required dam safety improvements; and 1626 (C) protect the state's interest in interstate water compact allocations, including the 1627 hiring of technical and legal staff. 1628 (f) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 20.5% of the amount described 1629 in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited into the Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount 1630 created in Section 73-10c-5 for use by the Water Quality Board to fund wastewater projects. 1631 (g) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 20.5% of the amount described 1632 in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited into the Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount 1633 created in Section 73-10c-5 for use by the Division of Drinking Water to: 1634 (i) provide for the installation and repair of collection, treatment, storage, and 1635 distribution facilities for any public water system, as defined in Section 19-4-102; 1636 (ii) develop underground sources of water, including springs and wells; and 1637 (iii) develop surface water sources. 1638 (5) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 1639 2006, the difference between the following amounts shall be expended as provided in this

1640	Subsection (5), if that difference is greater than \$1:
1641	(i) for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of tax revenue generated for the
1642	fiscal year by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and
1643	(ii) \$17,500,000.
1644	(b) (i) The first \$500,000 of the difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be:
1645	(A) transferred each fiscal year to the Department of Natural Resources as designated
1646	sales and use tax revenue; and
1647	(B) expended by the Department of Natural Resources for watershed rehabilitation or
1648	restoration.
1649	(ii) At the end of each fiscal year, 100% of any unexpended designated sales and use
1650	tax revenue described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) shall lapse to the Water Resources Conservation
1651	and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24.
1652	(c) (i) After making the transfer required by Subsection (5)(b)(i), \$150,000 of the
1653	remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be:
1654	(A) transferred each fiscal year to the Division of Water Resources as designated sales
1655	and use tax revenue; and
1656	(B) expended by the Division of Water Resources for cloud-seeding projects
1657	authorized by Title 73, Chapter 15, Modification of Weather.
1658	(ii) At the end of each fiscal year, 100% of any unexpended designated sales and use
1659	tax revenue described in Subsection (5)(c)(i) shall lapse to the Water Resources Conservation
1660	and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24.
1661	(d) After making the transfers required by Subsections (5)(b) and (c), 85% of the
1662	remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be deposited into the Water
1663	Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24 for use by the
1664	Division of Water Resources for:
1665	(i) preconstruction costs:
1666	(A) as defined in Subsection 73-26-103(6) for projects authorized by Title 73, Chapter
1667	26, Bear River Development Act; and
1668	(B) as defined in Subsection 73-28-103(8) for the Lake Powell Pipeline project
1669	authorized by Title 73, Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline Development Act;
1670	(ii) the cost of employing a civil engineer to oversee any project authorized by Title 73,

1671	Chapter 26, Bear River Development Act;
1672	(iii) the cost of employing a civil engineer to oversee the Lake Powell Pipeline project
1673	authorized by Title 73, Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline Development Act; and
1674	(iv) other uses authorized under Sections 73-10-24, 73-10-25.1, and 73-10-30, and
1675	Subsection (4)(e)(ii) after funding the uses specified in Subsections (5)(d)(i) through (iii).
1676	(e) After making the transfers required by Subsections (5)(b) and (c), 15% of the
1677	remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be deposited each year into the Water
1678	Rights Restricted Account created by Section 73-2-1.6.
1679	(6) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a),
1680	each fiscal year, the commission shall deposit into the Water Infrastructure Restricted Account
1681	created in Section 73-10g-103 the amount of revenue generated by a 1/16% tax rate on the
1682	transactions described in Subsection (1) for the fiscal year [shall be deposited as follows:].
1683	[(a) for fiscal year 2020-21 only:]
1684	[(i) 20% of the revenue described in this Subsection (6) shall be deposited into the
1685	Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124; and]
1686	[(ii) 80% of the revenue described in this Subsection (6) shall be deposited into the
1687	Water Infrastructure Restricted Account created by Section 73-10g-103; and]
1688	[(b) for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2021, 100% of the revenue described
1689	in this Subsection (6) shall be deposited into the Water Infrastructure Restricted Account
1690	created by Section 73-10g-103.]
1691	(7) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a)[, in addition to the amounts deposited in
1692	Subsection (6), and subject to Subsection (7)(b)] and subject to Subsection (7)(b), for a fiscal
1693	year beginning on or after July 1, [2012] 2023, the [Division of Finance] commission shall
1694	deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124[:]
1695	[(i) a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) in an amount equal to 8.3% of
1696	the revenues collected from the following taxes, which represents a portion of the
1697	approximately 17% of sales and use tax revenues generated annually by the sales and use tax
1698	on vehicles and vehicle-related products] a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a)
1699	equal to 17% of the revenue collected from the following sales and use taxes:
1700	[(A)] (i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate;
1701	[(B)] (ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);

1702	[(C)] (iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
1703	[(D)] (iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(e)(i)(A)(I)[; plus].
1704	[(ii) an amount equal to 30% of the growth in the amount of revenues collected in the
1705	current fiscal year from the sales and use taxes described in Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through
1706	(D) that exceeds the amount collected from the sales and use taxes described in Subsections
1707	(7)(a)(i)(A) through (D) in the 2010-11 fiscal year.]
1708	[(b) (i) Subject to Subsections (7)(b)(ii) and (iii), in any fiscal year that the portion of
1709	the sales and use taxes deposited under Subsection (7)(a) represents an amount that is a total
1710	lower percentage of the sales and use taxes described in Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D)
1711	generated in the current fiscal year than the total percentage of sales and use taxes deposited in
1712	the previous fiscal year, the Division of Finance shall deposit an amount under Subsection
1713	(7)(a) equal to the product of:]
1714	[(A) the total percentage of sales and use taxes deposited under Subsection (7)(a) in the
1715	previous fiscal year; and]
1716	[(B) the total sales and use tax revenue generated by the taxes described in Subsections
1717	(7)(a)(i)(A) through (D) in the current fiscal year.]
1718	[(ii) In any fiscal year in which the portion of the sales and use taxes deposited under
1719	Subsection (7)(a) would exceed 17% of the revenues collected from the sales and use taxes
1720	described in Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D) in the current fiscal year, the Division of
1721	Finance shall deposit 17% of the revenues collected from the sales and use taxes described in
1722	Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D) for the current fiscal year under Subsection (7)(a).]
1723	[(iii) Subject to Subsection (7)(b)(iv)(E), in all subsequent fiscal years after a year in
1724	which 17% of the revenues collected from the sales and use taxes described in Subsections
1725	(7)(a)(i)(A) through (D) was deposited under Subsection (7)(a), the Division of Finance shall
1726	annually deposit 17% of the revenues collected from the sales and use taxes described in
1727	Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D) in the current fiscal year under Subsection (7)(a).]
1728	(b) [(iv)] (i) As used in this Subsection (7)(b):
1729	(A) [As used in this Subsection (7)(b)(iv),] "additional growth revenue" means the
1730	amount of relevant revenue collected in the current fiscal year that exceeds by more than 3%
1731	the relevant revenue collected in the previous fiscal year[-];
1732	(B) [As used in this Subsection (7)(b)(iv),] "combined amount" means the combined

- 1733 total amount of money deposited into the Cottonwood Canyons fund under Subsections 1734 $\left[\frac{(7)(b)(iv)(F)}{(2m)}\right]$ and $\left(\frac{8}{(2m)}\right]$ (7)(b)(iii) and (8)(d)(iii) in any single fiscal year[-]; 1735 (C) [As used in this Subsection (7)(b)(iv),] "Cottonwood Canyons fund" means the 1736 Cottonwood Canyons Transportation Investment Fund created in Subsection 72-2-124(10)[-]; 1737 and 1738 (D) [As used in this Subsection (7)(b)(iv),] "relevant revenue" means the portion of 1739 taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) that equals 17% of the revenue collected from taxes 1740 described in Subsections [(7)(a)(i)(A) through (D)] (7)(a)(i) through (iv). 1741 [(E)] (ii) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2020, the commission shall 1742 annually reduce the deposit under Subsection $\left[\frac{(7)(b)(iii)}{(7)(a)}\right]$ (7)(a) into the Transportation 1743 Investment Fund of 2005 by an amount equal to the amount of the deposit under this 1744 Subsection $\left[\frac{(7)(b)(iv)}{(1+c)}\right]$ (7)(b) to the Cottonwood Canvons fund in the previous fiscal year plus 1745 25% of additional growth revenue, subject to the limit in Subsection $\left[\frac{(7)(b)(iv)(F)}{(r)(F)}\right]$ (7)(b)(iii). 1746 [(F)] (iii) The commission shall annually deposit the amount described in Subsection 1747 $\left[\frac{(7)(b)(iv)(E)}{(2m)}\right]$ (7)(b)(ii) into the Cottonwood Canvons fund, subject to an annual maximum 1748 combined amount for any single fiscal year of \$20,000,000. [(G)] (iv) If the amount of relevant revenue declines in a fiscal year compared to the 1749 1750 previous fiscal year, the commission shall decrease the amount of the contribution to the 1751 Cottonwood Canyons fund under this Subsection $\left[\frac{7}{b}\right]$ (7)(b) in the same proportion as 1752 the decline in relevant revenue. 1753 (8) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), in addition to the amounts deposited under 1754 [Subsections (6) and] Subsection (7), and subject to Subsections (8)(b) and $\left[\frac{d}{d}\right]$ (d)(ii), for a 1755 fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2018, the commission shall annually deposit into the 1756 Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124 a portion of the taxes 1757 listed under Subsection (3)(a) in an amount equal to 3.68% of the revenues collected from the 1758 following taxes: 1759 (i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate; 1760 (ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i); 1761 (iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and 1762 (iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(e)(i)(A)(I).
 - 1763 (b) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2019, the commission shall annually

H.B. 58

reduce the deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 under Subsection (8)(a) by an amount that is equal to 35% of the amount of revenue generated in the current fiscal year by the portion of the tax imposed on motor and special fuel that is sold, used, or received for sale or use in this state that exceeds 29.4 cents per gallon.

- (c) The commission shall annually deposit the amount described in Subsection (8)(b)
 into the Transit Transportation Investment Fund created in Section 72-2-124.
- 1770

(d) (i) As used in this Subsection (8)(d)[;]:

(A) ["additional] "Additional growth revenue" means the amount of relevant revenue
collected in the current fiscal year that exceeds by more than 3% the relevant revenue collected
in the previous fiscal year.

[(ii)] (B) [As used in this Subsection (8)(d), "combined] "Combined amount" means
the combined total amount of money deposited into the Cottonwood Canyons fund under
Subsections [(7)(b)(iv)(F) and (8)(d)(vi)] (7)(b)(iii) and (8)(d)(iii) in any single fiscal year.

[(iii)] (C) [As used in this Subsection (8)(d),] "Cottonwood Canyons fund" means the
 Cottonwood Canyons Transportation Investment Fund created in Subsection 72-2-124(10).

[(iv)] (D) [As used in this Subsection (8)(d), "relevant] "Relevant revenue" means the
portion of taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) that equals 3.68% of the revenue collected from
taxes described in Subsections (8)(a)(i) through (iv).

1782[(v)] (ii)For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2020, the commission shall1783annually reduce the deposit under Subsection (8)(a) into the Transportation Investment Fund of17842005 by an amount equal to the amount of the deposit under this Subsection (8)(d) to the1785Cottonwood Canyons fund in the previous fiscal year plus 25% of additional growth revenue,1786subject to the limit in Subsection [(8)(d)(vi)] (8)(d)(iii).

[(vi)] (iii) The commission shall annually deposit the amount described in Subsection
 [(8)(d)(v)] (8)(d)(ii) into the Cottonwood Canyons fund, subject to an annual maximum
 combined amount for any single fiscal year of \$20,000,000.

[(vii)] (iv) If the amount of relevant revenue declines in a fiscal year compared to the
previous fiscal year, the commission shall decrease the amount of the contribution to the
Cottonwood Canyons fund under this Subsection (8)(d) in the same proportion as the decline in
relevant revenue.



(9) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year

- 2009-10, \$533,750 shall be deposited into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund
 created by Section 35A-8-1009 and expended as provided in Section 35A-8-1009.
- 1797 [(10) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), except as provided in Subsection (10)(b),
- and in addition to any amounts deposited under Subsections (6), (7), and (8), the Division of
- 1799 Finance shall deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section
- 1800 72-2-124 the amount of revenue described as follows:
- 1801 [(i) for fiscal year 2020-21 only, 33.33% of the amount of revenue generated by a .05%
 1802 tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and]
- 1803 [(ii) for fiscal year 2021-22 only, 16.67% of the amount of revenue generated by a
 1804 .05% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1).]
- 1805 [(b) For purposes of Subsection (10)(a), the Division of Finance may not deposit into
 1806 the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 any tax revenue generated by amounts paid or
 1807 charged for food and food ingredients, except for tax revenue generated by a bundled
 1808 transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than
 1809 food and food ingredients described in Subsection (2)(e).]
- [(11)] (10) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), beginning the second fiscal year after
 the fiscal year during which the [Division of Finance] commission receives notice under
 Section 63N-2-510 that construction on a qualified hotel, as defined in Section 63N-2-502, has
 begun, the [Division of Finance] commission shall, for two consecutive fiscal years, annually
 deposit \$1,900,000 of the revenue generated by the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) into the
 Hotel Impact Mitigation Fund, created in Section 63N-2-512.
- 1816

[(12)] (11) (a) The rate specified in this subsection is 0.15%.

- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the [Division of Finance] commission shall, for
 a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2019, annually transfer the amount of revenue
 collected from the rate described in Subsection [(12)(a)] (11)(a) on the transactions that are
 subject to the sales and use tax under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) into the Medicaid Expansion
 Fund created in Section 26-36b-208.
- [(13)] (12) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for each fiscal year beginning with
 fiscal year 2020-21, the [Division of Finance] commission shall deposit \$200,000 into the
 General Fund as a dedicated credit solely for use of the Search and Rescue Financial Assistance
 Program created in, and expended in accordance with, Title 53, Chapter 2a, Part 11, Search and

1826 Rescue Act.

- [(14)] (13) (a) For each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2020-21, the [Division of
 Finance] commission shall annually transfer \$1,813,400 of the revenue deposited into the
 Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 under Subsections [(6) through] (7) and (8) to the
 General Fund.
- (b) If the total revenue deposited into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005
 under Subsections [(6) through] (7) and (8) is less than \$1,813,400 for a fiscal year, the
 [Division of Finance] commission shall transfer the total revenue deposited into the
 Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 under Subsections [(6) through] (7) and (8) during the
 fiscal year to the General Fund.
- [(15)] (14) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), and as described in Section 63N-3-610,
 beginning the first day of the calendar quarter one year after the sales and use tax boundary for
 a housing and transit reinvestment zone is established, the commission, at least annually, shall
 transfer an amount equal to 15% of the sales and use tax increment within an established sales
 and use tax boundary, as defined in Section 63N-3-602, into the Transit Transportation
 Investment Fund created in Section 72-2-124.
- 1842[(16)] (15)Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the [Division of Finance] commission1843shall, for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2022, transfer into the Outdoor Adventure1844Infrastructure Restricted Account, created in Section 51-9-902, a portion of the taxes listed1845under Subsection (3)(a) equal to 1% of the revenues collected from the following sales and use1846taxes:
- 1847 (a) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate;
- 1848 (b) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
- 1849 (c) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
- 1850 (d) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(e)(i)(A)(I).
- 1851 Section 15. Section **59-12-205** is amended to read:

1852 59-12-205. Ordinances to conform with statutory amendments -- Distribution of
 1853 tax revenue -- Determination of population.

1854 (1) To maintain in effect sales and use tax ordinances adopted pursuant to Section
1855 59-12-204, a county, city, or town shall adopt amendments to the county's, city's, or town's
1856 sales and use tax ordinances:

1857 (a) within 30 days of the day on which the state makes an amendment to an applicable 1858 provision of Part 1, Tax Collection; and (b) as required to conform to the amendments to Part 1, Tax Collection. 1859 1860 (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsections $\left[\frac{(3) \text{ through } (5)}{(3)}\right]$ (3) and (4) and subject to 1861 Subsection $\left[\frac{(6)}{(5)}\right]$ (5): 1862 (i) 50% of each dollar collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part shall be distributed to each county, city, and town on the basis of the percentage that the population 1863 1864 of the county, city, or town bears to the total population of all counties, cities, and towns in the 1865 state; and (ii) (A) except as provided in Subsections (2)(a)(ii)(B), (C), and (D), 50% of each 1866 1867 dollar collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part shall be distributed to each 1868 county, city, and town on the basis of the location of the transaction as determined under 1869 Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215: 1870 (B) 50% of each dollar collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part 1871 within a project area described in a project area plan adopted by the military installation 1872 development authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1, Military Installation Development 1873 Authority Act, shall be distributed to the military installation development authority created in 1874 Section 63H-1-201: 1875 (C) beginning July 1, 2022, 50% of each dollar collected from the sales and use tax 1876 authorized by this part within a project area under Title 11, Chapter 58, Utah Inland Port 1877 Authority Act, shall be distributed to the Utah Inland Port Authority, created in Section 1878 11-58-201; and 1879 (D) 50% of each dollar collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part 1880 within the lake authority boundary, as defined in Section 11-65-101, shall be distributed to the 1881 Utah Lake Authority, created in Section 11-65-201, beginning the next full calendar quarter 1882 following the creation of the Utah Lake Authority. 1883 (b) Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(C) does not apply to sales and use tax revenue collected before 1884 July 1, 2022. 1885 [(3) (a) Beginning on July 1, 2017, and ending on June 30, 2022, the commission shall 1886 distribute annually to a county, city, or town the distribution required by this Subsection (3) if:] 1887 [(i) the county, city, or town is a:]

1888	[(A) county of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class;]
1889	[(B) city of the fifth class; or]
1890	[(C) town;]
1891	[(ii) the county, city, or town received a distribution under this section for the calendar
1892	year beginning on January 1, 2008, that was less than the distribution under this section that the
1893	county, city, or town received for the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2007;]
1894	[(iii) (A) for a county described in Subsection (3)(a)(i)(A), the county had located
1895	within the unincorporated area of the county for one or more days during the calendar year
1896	beginning on January 1, 2008, an establishment described in NAICS Industry Group 2121,
1897	Coal Mining, or NAICS Code 213113, Support Activities for Coal Mining, of the 2002 North
1898	American Industry Classification System of the federal Executive Office of the President,
1899	Office of Management and Budget; or]
1900	[(B) for a city described in Subsection (3)(a)(i)(B) or a town described in Subsection
1901	(3)(a)(i)(C), the city or town had located within the city or town for one or more days during
1902	the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2008, an establishment described in NAICS Industry
1903	Group 2121, Coal Mining, or NAICS Code 213113, Support Activities for Coal Mining, of the
1904	2002 North American Industry Classification System of the federal Executive Office of the
1905	President, Office of Management and Budget; and]
1906	[(iv) (A) for a county described in Subsection (3)(a)(i)(A), at least one establishment
1907	described in Subsection (3)(a)(iii)(A) located within the unincorporated area of the county for
1908	one or more days during the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2008, was not the holder of
1909	a direct payment permit under Section 59-12-107.1; or]
1910	[(B) for a city described in Subsection (3)(a)(i)(B) or a town described in Subsection
1911	(3)(a)(i)(C), at least one establishment described in Subsection (3)(a)(iii)(B) located within a
1912	city or town for one or more days during the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2008, was
1913	not the holder of a direct payment permit under Section 59-12-107.1.]
1914	[(b) The commission shall make the distribution required by this Subsection (3) to a
1915	county, city, or town described in Subsection (3)(a):]
1916	[(i) from the distribution required by Subsection (2)(a); and]
1917	[(ii) before making any other distribution required by this section.]
1918	[(c) (i) For purposes of this Subsection (3), the distribution is the amount calculated by

1919	multiplying the fraction calculated under Subsection (3)(c)(ii) by \$333,583.]
1920	[(ii) For purposes of Subsection (3)(c)(i):]
1921	[(A) the numerator of the fraction is the difference calculated by subtracting the
1922	distribution a county, city, or town described in Subsection (3)(a) received under this section
1923	for the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2008, from the distribution under this section that
1924	the county, city, or town received for the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2007; and]
1925	[(B) the denominator of the fraction is \$333,583.]
1926	[(d) A distribution required by this Subsection (3) is in addition to any other
1927	distribution required by this section.]
1928	[(4)] (3) (a) As used in this Subsection $[(4)]$ (3):
1929	(i) "Eligible county, city, or town" means a county, city, or town that:
1930	(A) for fiscal year 2012-13, received a tax revenue distribution under Subsection
1931	[(4)(b)] (3)(b) equal to the amount described in Subsection $[(4)(b)(ii)]$ (3)(b)(ii); and
1932	(B) does not impose a sales and use tax under Section 59-12-2103 on or before July 1,
1933	2016.
1934	(ii) "Minimum tax revenue distribution" means the total amount of tax revenue
1935	distributions an eligible county, city, or town received from a tax imposed in accordance with
1936	this part for fiscal year 2004-05.
1937	(b) An eligible county, city, or town shall receive a tax revenue distribution for a tax
1938	imposed in accordance with this part equal to the greater of:
1939	(i) the payment required by Subsection (2); or
1940	(ii) the minimum tax revenue distribution.
1941	$\left[\frac{(5)}{(4)}\right]$ (a) For purposes of this Subsection $\left[\frac{(5)}{(4)}\right]$
1942	(i) "Annual local contribution" means the lesser of \$200,000 or an amount equal to
1943	1.8% of the participating local government's tax revenue distribution amount under Subsection
1944	(2)(a) for the previous fiscal year.
1945	(ii) "Participating local government" means a county or municipality, as defined in
1946	Section 10-1-104, that is not an eligible municipality certified in accordance with Section
1947	35A-16-404.
1948	(b) For revenue collected from the tax authorized by this part that is distributed on or
1949	after January 1, 2019, the commission, before making a tax revenue distribution under

1950	Subsection (2)(a) to a participating local government, shall:
1951	(i) subtract one-twelfth of the annual local contribution for each participating local
1952	government from the participating local government's tax revenue distribution under
1953	Subsection (2)(a); and
1954	(ii) deposit the amount described in Subsection $[(5)(b)(i)] (4)(b)(i)$ into the Homeless
1955	Shelter Cities Mitigation Restricted Account created in Section 35A-16-402.
1956	(c) For a participating local government that qualifies to receive a distribution
1957	described in Subsection $(3)[-or (4)]$, the commission shall apply the provisions of this
1958	Subsection [(5)] (4) after the commission applies the provisions of [Subsections (3) and (4)]
1959	Subsection (3).
1960	[(6)] (5) (a) Population figures for purposes of this section shall be based on the most
1961	recent official census or census estimate of the United States Bureau of the Census.
1962	(b) If a needed population estimate is not available from the United States Bureau of
1963	the Census, population figures shall be derived from the estimate from the Utah Population
1964	Committee.
1965	(c) The population of a county for purposes of this section shall be determined only
1966	from the unincorporated area of the county.
1967	Section 16. Section 59-12-302 is amended to read:
1968	59-12-302. Collection of tax Administrative charge.
1969	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (2), (3), and (4), the tax authorized under this
1970	part shall be administered, collected, and enforced in accordance with:
1971	(a) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
1972	(i) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
1973	(ii) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
1974	(b) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.
1975	(2) The location of a transaction shall be determined in accordance with Sections
1976	59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
1977	(3) A tax under this part is not subject to Section 59-12-107.1 or 59-12-123 or
1978	Subsections 59-12-205(2) through $[(6)]$ (5).
1979	(4) A county auditor may make referrals to the commission to assist the commission in
1980	determining whether to require an audit of any person that is required to remit a tax authorized

1981	under this part.
1982	(5) The commission:
1983	(a) shall distribute the revenue collected from the tax to the county within which the
1984	revenue was collected; and
1985	(b) shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section
1986	59-1-306 from revenue the commission collects from a tax under this part.
1987	Section 17. Section 59-12-354 is amended to read:
1988	59-12-354. Collection of tax Administrative charge.
1989	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (2) and (3), the tax authorized under this part
1990	shall be administered, collected, and enforced in accordance with:
1991	(a) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
1992	(i) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
1993	(ii) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
1994	(b) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.
1995	(2) (a) The location of a transaction shall be determined in accordance with Sections
1996	59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
1997	(b) The commission:
1998	(i) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b)(ii), shall distribute the revenue collected
1999	from the tax to the municipality within which the revenue was collected; and
2000	(ii) shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section
2001	59-1-306 from the revenue the commission collects from a tax under this part.
2002	(3) A tax under this part is not subject to Section 59-12-107.1 or 59-12-123 or
2003	Subsections 59-12-205(2) through $[(6)]$ (5).
2004	Section 18. Section 59-12-403 is amended to read:
2005	59-12-403. Enactment or repeal of tax Tax rate change Effective date
2006	Notice requirements Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax
2007	Administrative charge.
2008	(1) For purposes of this section:
2009	(a) "Annexation" means an annexation to a city or town under Title 10, Chapter 2, Part
2010	4, Annexation.
2011	(b) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a city or town.

H.B. 58

2012 (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c) or (d), if, on or after April 1, 2008, a 2013 city or town enacts or repeals a tax or changes the rate of a tax under this part, the enactment, 2014 repeal, or change shall take effect: (i) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and 2015 2016 (ii) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting 2017 the requirements of Subsection (2)(b) from the city or town. (b) The notice described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii) shall state: 2018 2019 (i) that the city or town will enact or repeal a tax or change the rate of a tax under this 2020 part; 2021 (ii) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (2)(b)(i); 2022 (iii) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (2)(b)(i); and 2023 (iv) if the city or town enacts the tax or changes the rate of the tax described in 2024 Subsection (2)(b)(i), the rate of the tax. 2025 (c) (i) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the 2026 enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase imposed under Section 59-12-401, 59-12-402, or 2027 59-12-402.1, the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase takes effect on the first day of the 2028 first billing period that begins on or after the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the 2029 tax rate increase. 2030 (ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease applies to a billing period if the billing 2031 statement for the billing period is produced on or after the effective date of the repeal of the tax 2032 or the tax rate decrease imposed under Section 59-12-401, 59-12-402, or 59-12-402.1. 2033 (d) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of 2034 sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of 2035 a tax described in Subsection (2)(a) takes effect: 2036 (A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and 2037 (B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment, repeal, or change in the 2038 rate of the tax under Subsection (2)(a). 2039 (ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 2040 commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale." 2041 (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c) or (d), if, for an annexation that occurs 2042 on or after July 1, 2004, the annexation will result in the enactment, repeal, or change in the

2043 rate of a tax under this part for an annexing area, the enactment, repeal, or change shall take 2044 effect: 2045 (i) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and 2046 (ii) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting 2047 the requirements of Subsection (3)(b) from the city or town that annexes the annexing area. (b) The notice described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) shall state: 2048 2049 (i) that the annexation described in Subsection (3)(a) will result in an enactment, 2050 repeal, or change in the rate of a tax under this part for the annexing area: 2051 (ii) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (3)(b)(i); 2052 (iii) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (3)(b)(i); and 2053 (iv) if the city or town enacts the tax or changes the rate of the tax described in 2054 Subsection (3)(b)(i), the rate of the tax. 2055 (c) (i) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the 2056 enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase imposed under Section 59-12-401, 59-12-402, or 2057 59-12-402.1, the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase takes effect on the first day of the 2058 first billing period that begins on or after the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the 2059 tax rate increase. 2060 (ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease applies to a billing period if the billing 2061 statement for the billing period is produced on or after the effective date of the repeal of the tax 2062 or the tax rate decrease imposed under Section 59-12-401, 59-12-402, or 59-12-402.1. 2063 (d) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of 2064 sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of 2065 a tax described in Subsection (3)(a) takes effect: 2066 (A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and 2067 (B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment, repeal, or change in the 2068 rate of the tax under Subsection (3)(a). 2069 (ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 2070 commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale." 2071 (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), a tax authorized under this part shall be 2072 administered, collected, and enforced in accordance with: 2073 (i) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:

2074	(A) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
2075	(B) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
2076	(ii) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.
2077	(b) A tax under this part is not subject to Subsections $59-12-205(2)$ through [(6)] (5).
2078	(5) The commission shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance
2079	with Section 59-1-306 from the revenue the commission collects from a tax under this part.
2080	Section 19. Section 59-12-603 is amended to read:
2081	59-12-603. County tax Bases Rates Use of revenue Adoption of ordinance
2082	required Advisory board Administration Collection Administrative charge
2083	Distribution Enactment or repeal of tax or tax rate change Effective date Notice
2084	requirements.
2085	(1) (a) In addition to any other taxes, a county legislative body may, as provided in this
2086	part, impose a tax as follows:
2087	(i) (A) a county legislative body of any county may impose a tax of not to exceed 3%
2088	on all short-term rentals of motor vehicles, except for short-term rentals of motor vehicles
2089	made for the purpose of temporarily replacing a person's motor vehicle that is being repaired
2090	pursuant to a repair or an insurance agreement; and
2091	(B) a county legislative body of any county imposing a tax under Subsection
2092	(1)(a)(i)(A) may, in addition to imposing the tax under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A), impose a tax of
2093	not to exceed 4% on all short-term rentals of motor vehicles, except for short-term rentals of
2094	motor vehicles made for the purpose of temporarily replacing a person's motor vehicle that is
2095	being repaired pursuant to a repair or an insurance agreement;
2096	(ii) beginning on January 1, 2021, a county legislative body of any county may impose
2097	a tax of not to exceed 7% on all short-term rentals of off-highway vehicles and recreational
2098	vehicles;
2099	(iii) a county legislative body of any county may impose a tax of not to exceed 1% of
2100	all sales of the following that are sold by a restaurant:
2101	(A) alcoholic beverages;
2102	(B) food and food ingredients; or
2103	(C) prepared food; and
2104	(iv) a county legislative body of a county of the first class may impose a tax of not to

2105	exceed .5% on charges for the accommodations and services described in Subsection
2106	59-12-103(1)(i).
2107	(b) A tax imposed under Subsection (1)(a) is subject to the audit provisions of Section
2108	17-31-5.5.
2109	(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(b), a county may use revenue from the imposition of a
2110	tax under Subsection (1) for:
2111	(i) financing tourism promotion; and
2112	(ii) the development, operation, and maintenance of:
2113	(A) an airport facility;
2114	(B) a convention facility;
2115	(C) a cultural facility;
2116	(D) a recreation facility; or
2117	(E) a tourist facility.
2118	(b) A county of the first class shall expend at least \$450,000 each year of the revenue
2119	from the imposition of a tax authorized by Subsection (1)(a)(iv) within the county to fund a
2120	marketing and ticketing system designed to:
2121	(i) promote tourism in ski areas within the county by persons that do not reside within
2122	the state; and
2123	(ii) combine the sale of:
2124	(A) ski lift tickets; and
2125	(B) accommodations and services described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i).
2126	(3) A tax imposed under this part may be pledged as security for bonds, notes, or other
2127	evidences of indebtedness incurred by a county, city, or town under Title 11, Chapter 14, Local
2128	Government Bonding Act, or a community reinvestment agency under Title 17C, Chapter 1,
2129	Part 5, Agency Bonds, to finance:
2130	(a) an airport facility;
2131	(b) a convention facility;
2132	(c) a cultural facility;
2133	(d) a recreation facility; or
2134	(e) a tourist facility.
2135	(4) (a) To impose a tax under Subsection (1), the county legislative body shall adopt an

H.B. 58

2136 ordinance imposing the tax.

- (b) The ordinance under Subsection (4)(a) shall include provisions substantially the
 same as those contained in Part 1, Tax Collection, except that the tax shall be imposed only on
 those items and sales described in Subsection (1).
- (c) The name of the county as the taxing agency shall be substituted for that of the state
 where necessary, and an additional license is not required if one has been or is issued under
 Section 59-12-106.
- (5) To maintain in effect a tax ordinance adopted under this part, each county
 legislative body shall, within 30 days of any amendment of any applicable provisions of Part 1,
 Tax Collection, adopt amendments to the county's tax ordinance to conform with the applicable
 amendments to Part 1, Tax Collection.
- (6) (a) Regardless of whether a county of the first class creates a tourism tax advisory
 board in accordance with Section 17-31-8, the county legislative body of the county of the first
 class shall create a tax advisory board in accordance with this Subsection (6).
- 2150
- (b) The tax advisory board shall be composed of nine members appointed as follows:
- (i) four members shall be residents of a county of the first class appointed by thecounty legislative body of the county of the first class; and
- (ii) subject to Subsections (6)(c) and (d), five members shall be mayors of cities or
 towns within the county of the first class appointed by an organization representing all mayors
 of cities and towns within the county of the first class.
- 2156 (c) Five members of the tax advisory board constitute a quorum.
- 2157 (d) The county legislative body of the county of the first class shall determine:
- (i) terms of the members of the tax advisory board;
- (ii) procedures and requirements for removing a member of the tax advisory board;
- 2160 (iii) voting requirements, except that action of the tax advisory board shall be by at
- 2161 least a majority vote of a quorum of the tax advisory board;
- 2162 (iv) chairs or other officers of the tax advisory board;
- 2163 (v) how meetings are to be called and the frequency of meetings; and
- 2164 (vi) the compensation, if any, of members of the tax advisory board.
- (e) The tax advisory board under this Subsection (6) shall advise the county legislative
- 2166 body of the county of the first class on the expenditure of revenue collected within the county

2167	of the first class from the taxes described in Subsection (1)(a).
2168	(7) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(a)(ii), a tax authorized under this part
2169	shall be administered, collected, and enforced in accordance with:
2170	(A) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
2171	(I) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
2172	(II) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
2173	(B) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.
2174	(ii) A tax under this part is not subject to Section 59-12-107.1 or 59-12-123 or
2175	Subsections 59-12-205(2) through [(6)] <u>(5)</u> .
2176	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c):
2177	(i) for a tax under this part other than the tax under Subsection $(1)(a)(i)(B)$, the
2178	commission shall distribute the revenue to the county imposing the tax; and
2179	(ii) for a tax under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B), the commission shall distribute the revenue
2180	according to the distribution formula provided in Subsection (8).
2181	(c) The commission shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance
2182	with Section 59-1-306 from the revenue the commission collects from a tax under this part.
2183	(8) The commission shall distribute the revenue generated by the tax under Subsection
2184	(1)(a)(i)(B) to each county collecting a tax under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) according to the
2185	following formula:
2186	(a) the commission shall distribute 70% of the revenue based on the percentages
2187	generated by dividing the revenue collected by each county under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) by
2188	the total revenue collected by all counties under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B); and
2189	(b) the commission shall distribute 30% of the revenue based on the percentages
2190	generated by dividing the population of each county collecting a tax under Subsection
2191	(1)(a)(i)(B) by the total population of all counties collecting a tax under Subsection $(1)(a)(i)(B)$.
2192	(9) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (9):
2193	(i) "Annexation" means an annexation to a county under Title 17, Chapter 2, Part 2,
2194	County Annexation.
2195	(ii) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a county.
2196	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(c), if a county enacts or repeals a tax or
2197	changes the rate of a tax under this part, the enactment, repeal, or change shall take effect:

H.B. 58

2198 (A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and 2199 (B) after a 90-day period beginning on the day on which the commission receives 2200 notice meeting the requirements of Subsection (9)(b)(ii) from the county. 2201 (ii) The notice described in Subsection (9)(b)(i)(B) shall state: 2202 (A) that the county will enact or repeal a tax or change the rate of a tax under this part; 2203 (B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (9)(b)(ii)(A); (C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (9)(b)(ii)(A); and 2204 2205 (D) if the county enacts the tax or changes the rate of the tax described in Subsection 2206 (9)(b)(ii)(A), the rate of the tax. 2207 (c) (i) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the 2208 enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase imposed under Subsection (1), the enactment of 2209 the tax or the tax rate increase shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period that 2210 begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase. 2211 (ii) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal 2212 of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under Subsection (1), the repeal of the tax or the tax 2213 rate decrease shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period that began before the 2214 effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease. 2215 (d) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(e), if the annexation will result in the 2216 enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of a tax under this part for an annexing area, the 2217 enactment, repeal, or change shall take effect: 2218 (A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and 2219 (B) after a 90-day period beginning on the day on which the commission receives 2220 notice meeting the requirements of Subsection (9)(d)(ii) from the county that annexes the 2221 annexing area. 2222 (ii) The notice described in Subsection (9)(d)(i)(B) shall state: 2223 (A) that the annexation described in Subsection (9)(d)(i) will result in an enactment, 2224 repeal, or change in the rate of a tax under this part for the annexing area; 2225 (B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (9)(d)(ii)(A); 2226 (C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (9)(d)(ii)(A); and 2227 (D) if the county enacts the tax or changes the rate of the tax described in Subsection (9)(d)(ii)(A), the rate of the tax. 2228

(e) (i) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the
enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase imposed under Subsection (1), the enactment of
the tax or the tax rate increase shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period that
begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase.

(ii) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal
of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under Subsection (1), the repeal of the tax or the tax
rate decrease shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period that began before the
effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease.

2237

Section 20. Section **59-12-703** is amended to read:

2238 59-12-703. Opinion question election -- Base -- Rate -- Imposition of tax - 2239 Expenditure of revenues -- Administration -- Enactment or repeal of tax -- Effective date
 2240 -- Notice requirements.

(1) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a county legislative body may
submit an opinion question to the residents of that county, by majority vote of all members of
the legislative body, so that each resident of the county, except residents in municipalities that
have already imposed a sales and use tax under Part 14, City or Town Option Funding for
Botanical, Cultural, Recreational, and Zoological Organizations or Facilities, has an
opportunity to express the resident's opinion on the imposition of a local sales and use tax of
.1% on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) located within the county, to:

(i) fund cultural facilities, recreational facilities, and zoological facilities, botanical
 organizations, cultural organizations, and zoological organizations, and rural radio stations, in
 that county; or

(ii) provide funding for a botanical organization, cultural organization, or zoological
organization to pay for use of a bus or facility rental if that use of the bus or facility rental is in
furtherance of the botanical organization's, cultural organization's, or zoological organization's
primary purpose.

2255

(b) The opinion question required by this section shall state:

"Shall (insert the name of the county), Utah, be authorized to impose a .1% sales and
use tax for (list the purposes for which the revenue collected from the sales and use tax shall be
expended)?"

(c) A county legislative body may not impose a tax under this section on:

2260	(i) the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses
2261	are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104;
2262	(ii) sales and uses within a municipality that has already imposed a sales and use tax
2263	under Part 14, City or Town Option Funding for Botanical, Cultural, Recreational, and
2264	Zoological Organizations or Facilities; and
2265	(iii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(e), amounts paid or charged for food and
2266	food ingredients.
2267	(d) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be
2268	determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
2269	(e) A county legislative body imposing a tax under this section shall impose the tax on
2270	the purchase price or sales price for amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients if
2271	the food and food ingredients are sold as part of a bundled transaction attributable to food and
2272	food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients.
2273	(f) The election shall follow the procedures outlined in Title 11, Chapter 14, Local
2274	Government Bonding Act.
2275	(2) (a) If the county legislative body determines that a majority of the county's
2276	registered voters voting on the imposition of the tax have voted in favor of the imposition of
2277	the tax as prescribed in Subsection (1), the county legislative body may impose the tax by a
2278	majority vote of all members of the legislative body on the transactions:
2279	(i) described in Subsection (1); and
2280	(ii) within the county, including the cities and towns located in the county, except those
2281	cities and towns that have already imposed a sales and use tax under Part 14, City or Town
2282	Option Funding for Botanical, Cultural, Recreational, and Zoological Organizations or
2283	Facilities.
2284	(b) A county legislative body may revise county ordinances to reflect statutory changes
2285	to the distribution formula or eligible recipients of revenue generated from a tax imposed under
2286	Subsection (2)(a) without submitting an opinion question to residents of the county.
2287	(3) Subject to Section 59-12-704, revenue collected from a tax imposed under
2288	Subsection (2) shall be expended:
2289	(a) to fund cultural facilities, recreational facilities, and zoological facilities located
2290	within the county or a city or town located in the county, except a city or town that has already

2291	imposed a sales and use tax under Part 14, City or Town Option Funding for Botanical,
2292	Cultural, Recreational, and Zoological Organizations or Facilities;
2293	(b) to fund ongoing operating expenses of:
2294	(i) recreational facilities described in Subsection (3)(a);
2295	(ii) botanical organizations, cultural organizations, and zoological organizations within
2296	the county; and
2297	(iii) rural radio stations within the county; and
2298	(c) as stated in the opinion question described in Subsection (1).
2299	(4) (a) A tax authorized under this part shall be:
2300	(i) except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), administered, collected, and enforced in
2301	accordance with:
2302	(A) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
2303	(I) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
2304	(II) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
2305	(B) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies; and
2306	(ii) levied for a period of 10 years and may be reauthorized at the end of the ten-year
2307	period in accordance with this section.
2308	(b) A tax under this part is not subject to Subsections $59-12-205(2)$ through [(6)] (5).
2309	(5) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (5):
2310	(i) "Annexation" means an annexation to a county under Title 17, Chapter 2, Part 2,
2311	County Annexation.
2312	(ii) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a county.
2313	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c) or (d), if, on or after July 1, 2004, a
2314	county enacts or repeals a tax under this part, the enactment or repeal shall take effect:
2315	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
2316	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
2317	the requirements of Subsection (5)(b)(ii) from the county.
2318	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (5)(b)(i)(B) shall state:
2319	(A) that the county will enact or repeal a tax under this part;
2320	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A);
2321	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A); and

2322	(D) if the county enacts the tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A), the rate of the
2323	tax.
2324	(c) (i) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the
2325	enactment of the tax under this section, the enactment of the tax takes effect on the first day of
2326	the first billing period that begins on or after the effective date of the enactment of the tax.
2327	(ii) The repeal of a tax applies to a billing period if the billing statement for the billing
2328	period is produced on or after the effective date of the repeal of the tax imposed under this
2329	section.
2330	(d) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of
2331	sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment or repeal of a tax described in
2332	Subsection (5)(b)(i) takes effect:
2333	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
2334	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under
2335	Subsection (5)(b)(i).
2336	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2337	commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
2338	(e) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(f) or (g), if, for an annexation that occurs
2339	on or after July 1, 2004, the annexation will result in the enactment or repeal of a tax under this
2340	part for an annexing area, the enactment or repeal shall take effect:
2341	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
2342	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
2343	the requirements of Subsection (5)(e)(ii) from the county that annexes the annexing area.
2344	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (5)(e)(i)(B) shall state:
2345	(A) that the annexation described in Subsection $(5)(e)(i)$ will result in an enactment or
2346	repeal of a tax under this part for the annexing area;
2347	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (5)(e)(ii)(A);
2348	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (5)(e)(ii)(A); and
2349	(D) the rate of the tax described in Subsection (5)(e)(ii)(A).
2350	(f) (i) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the
2351	enactment of the tax under this section, the enactment of the tax takes effect on the first day of
2352	the first billing period that begins on or after the effective date of the enactment of the tax.

2353	(ii) The repeal of a tax applies to a billing period if the billing statement for the billing
2354	period is produced on or after the effective date of the repeal of the tax imposed under this
2355	section.
2356	(g) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of
2357	sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment or repeal of a tax described in
2358	Subsection (5)(e)(i) takes effect:
2359	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
2360	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under
2361	Subsection (5)(e)(i).
2362	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2363	commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
2364	Section 21. Section 59-12-802 is amended to read:
2365	59-12-802. Imposition of rural county health care facilities tax Expenditure of
2366	tax revenue Base Rate Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax
2367	Administrative charge.
2368	(1) (a) A county legislative body of a county of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class
2369	may impose a sales and use tax of up to 1% on the transactions described in Subsection
2370	59-12-103(1) located within the county.
2371	(b) Subject to Subsection (3), the money collected from a tax under this section may be
2372	used to fund:
2373	(i) rural emergency medical services in that county;
2374	(ii) federally qualified health centers in that county;
2375	(iii) freestanding urgent care centers in that county;
2376	(iv) rural county health care facilities in that county;
2377	(v) rural health clinics in that county; or
2378	(vi) a combination of Subsections (1)(b)(i) through (v).
2379	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a county legislative body may not impose a tax
2380	under this section on:
2381	(i) the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses
2382	are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104;
2383	(ii) a transaction to the extent a rural city hospital tax is imposed on that transaction in

2384	a city that imposes a tax under Section 59-12-804; and
2385	(iii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(e), amounts paid or charged for food and
2386	food ingredients.
2387	(d) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be
2388	determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
2389	(e) A county legislative body imposing a tax under this section shall impose the tax on
2390	the purchase price or sales price for amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients if
2391	the food and food ingredients are sold as part of a bundled transaction attributable to food and
2392	food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients.
2393	(2) (a) Before imposing a tax under Subsection (1), a county legislative body shall
2394	obtain approval to impose the tax from a majority of the:
2395	(i) members of the county's legislative body; and
2396	(ii) county's registered voters voting on the imposition of the tax.
2397	(b) The county legislative body shall conduct the election according to the procedures
2398	and requirements of Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act.
2399	(3) The money collected from a tax imposed under Subsection (1) may only be used to
2400	fund:
2401	(a) ongoing operating expenses of a center, clinic, or facility described in Subsection
2402	(1)(b) within that county;
2403	(b) the acquisition of land for a center, clinic, or facility described in Subsection (1)(b)
2404	within that county;
2405	(c) the design, construction, equipping, or furnishing of a center, clinic, or facility
2406	described in Subsection (1)(b) within that county; or
2407	(d) rural emergency medical services within that county.
2408	(4) (a) A tax under this section shall be:
2409	(i) except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), administered, collected, and enforced in
2410	accordance with:
2411	(A) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
2412	(I) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
2413	(II) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
2414	(B) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies; and

2415	(ii) levied for a period of 10 years and may be reauthorized at the end of the ten-year
2416	period by the county legislative body as provided in Subsection (1).
2417	(b) A tax under this section is not subject to Subsections $59-12-205(2)$ through [(6)]
2418	<u>(5)</u> .
2419	(c) A county legislative body shall distribute money collected from a tax under this
2420	section quarterly.
2421	(5) The commission shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance
2422	with Section 59-1-306 from the revenue the commission collects from a tax under this section.
2423	Section 22. Section 59-12-804 is amended to read:
2424	59-12-804. Imposition of rural city hospital tax Base Rate Administration,
2425	collection, and enforcement of tax Administrative charge.
2426	(1) (a) A city legislative body may impose a sales and use tax of up to 1% :
2427	(i) on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) located within the city;
2428	and
2429	(ii) to fund rural city hospitals in that city.
2430	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(i), a city legislative body may not impose a tax
2431	under this section on:
2432	(i) the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses
2433	are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104; and
2434	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d), amounts paid or charged for food and food
2435	ingredients.
2436	(c) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be
2437	determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
2438	(d) A city legislative body imposing a tax under this section shall impose the tax on the
2439	purchase price or sales price for amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients if the
2440	food and food ingredients are sold as part of a bundled transaction attributable to food and food
2441	ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients.
2442	(2) (a) Before imposing a tax under Subsection (1)(a), a city legislative body shall
2443	obtain approval to impose the tax from a majority of the:
2444	(i) members of the city legislative body; and
2445	(ii) city's registered voters voting on the imposition of the tax.

2446	(b) The city legislative body shall conduct the election according to the procedures and
2447	requirements of Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act.
2448	(3) The money collected from a tax imposed under Subsection (1) may only be used to
2449	fund:
2450	(a) ongoing operating expenses of a rural city hospital;
2451	(b) the acquisition of land for a rural city hospital; or
2452	(c) the design, construction, equipping, or furnishing of a rural city hospital.
2453	(4) (a) A tax under this section shall be:
2454	(i) except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), administered, collected, and enforced in
2455	accordance with:
2456	(A) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
2457	(I) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
2458	(II) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
2459	(B) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies; and
2460	(ii) levied for a period of 10 years and may be reauthorized at the end of the ten-year
2461	period by the city legislative body as provided in Subsection (1).
2462	(b) A tax under this section is not subject to Subsections $59-12-205(2)$ through [(6)]
2463	<u>(5)</u> .
2464	(5) The commission shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance
2465	with Section 59-1-306 from the revenue the commission collects from a tax under this section.
2466	Section 23. Section 59-12-1102 is amended to read:
2467	59-12-1102. Base Rate Imposition of tax Distribution of revenue
2468	Administration Administrative charge Commission requirement to retain an amount
2469	to be deposited into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund Enactment or repeal
2470	of tax Effective date Notice requirements.
2471	(1) (a) (i) Subject to Subsections (2) through (6), and in addition to any other tax
2472	authorized by this chapter, a county may impose by ordinance a county option sales and use tax
2473	of .25% upon the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1).
2474	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(i), a county may not impose a tax under this
2475	section on the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses are
2476	exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104.

2477	(b) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be
2478	determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
2479	(c) The county option sales and use tax under this section shall be imposed:
2480	(i) upon transactions that are located within the county, including transactions that are
2481	located within municipalities in the county; and
2482	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d) or (5), beginning on the first day of
2483	January:
2484	(A) of the next calendar year after adoption of the ordinance imposing the tax if the
2485	ordinance is adopted on or before May 25; or
2486	(B) of the second calendar year after adoption of the ordinance imposing the tax if the
2487	ordinance is adopted after May 25.
2488	(d) The county option sales and use tax under this section shall be imposed:
2489	(i) beginning January 1, 1998, if an ordinance adopting the tax imposed on or before
2490	September 4, 1997; or
2491	(ii) beginning January 1, 1999, if an ordinance adopting the tax is imposed during 1997
2492	but after September 4, 1997.
2493	(2) (a) Before imposing a county option sales and use tax under Subsection (1), a
2494	county shall hold two public hearings on separate days in geographically diverse locations in
2495	the county.
2496	(b) (i) At least one of the hearings required by Subsection (2)(a) shall have a starting
2497	time of no earlier than 6 p.m.
2498	(ii) The earlier of the hearings required by Subsection (2)(a) shall be no less than seven
2499	days after the day the first advertisement required by Subsection (2)(c) is published.
2500	(c) (i) Before holding the public hearings required by Subsection (2)(a), the county
2501	shall advertise:
2502	(A) its intent to adopt a county option sales and use tax;
2503	(B) the date, time, and location of each public hearing; and
2504	(C) a statement that the purpose of each public hearing is to obtain public comments
2505	regarding the proposed tax.
2506	(ii) The advertisement shall be published:
2507	(A) in a newspaper of general circulation in the county once each week for the two

2516

2508 weeks preceding the earlier of the two public hearings; and

(B) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for two weekspreceding the earlier of the two public hearings.

(iii) The advertisement described in Subsection (2)(c)(ii)(A) shall be no less than 1/8
page in size, and the type used shall be no smaller than 18 point and surrounded by a 1/4-inch
border.

2514 (iv) The advertisement described in Subsection (2)(c)(ii)(A) may not be placed in that 2515 portion of the newspaper where legal notices and classified advertisements appear.

(v) In accordance with Subsection (2)(c)(ii)(A), whenever possible:

(A) the advertisement shall appear in a newspaper that is published at least five days aweek, unless the only newspaper in the county is published less than five days a week; and

(B) the newspaper selected shall be one of general interest and readership in thecommunity, and not one of limited subject matter.

(d) The adoption of an ordinance imposing a county option sales and use tax is subject
to a local referendum election and shall be conducted as provided in Title 20A, Chapter 7, Part
6, Local Referenda - Procedures.

(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (5), if the aggregate population of the counties imposing a
county option sales and use tax under Subsection (1) is less than 75% of the state population,
the tax levied under Subsection (1) shall be distributed to the county in which the tax was
collected.

(b) Subject to Subsection (5), if the aggregate population of the counties imposing a
county option sales and use tax under Subsection (1) is greater than or equal to 75% of the state
population:

(i) 50% of the tax collected under Subsection (1) in each county shall be distributed tothe county in which the tax was collected; and

(ii) except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), 50% of the tax collected under Subsection
(1) in each county shall be distributed proportionately among all counties imposing the tax,
based on the total population of each county.

(c) Except as provided in Subsection (5), the amount to be distributed annually to a
county under Subsection (3)(b)(ii), when combined with the amount distributed to the county
under Subsection (3)(b)(i), does not equal at least \$75,000, then:

2539	(i) the amount to be distributed annually to that county under Subsection (3)(b)(ii) shall
2540	be increased so that, when combined with the amount distributed to the county under
2541	Subsection (3)(b)(i), the amount distributed annually to the county is \$75,000; and
2542	(ii) the amount to be distributed annually to all other counties under Subsection
2543	(3)(b)(ii) shall be reduced proportionately to offset the additional amount distributed under
2544	Subsection (3)(c)(i).
2545	(d) The commission shall establish rules to implement the distribution of the tax under
2546	Subsections (3)(a), (b), and (c).
2547	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b) or (c), a tax authorized under this part
2548	shall be administered, collected, and enforced in accordance with:
2549	(i) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
2550	(A) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
2551	(B) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
2552	(ii) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.
2553	(b) A tax under this part is not subject to Subsections $59-12-205(2)$ through [(6)] (5).
2554	(c) (i) Subject to Subsection (4)(c)(ii), the commission shall retain and deposit an
2555	administrative charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from the revenue the commission
2556	collects from a tax under this part.
2557	(ii) Notwithstanding Section 59-1-306, the administrative charge described in
2558	Subsection (4)(c)(i) shall be calculated by taking a percentage described in Section 59-1-306 of
2559	the distribution amounts resulting after:
2560	(A) the applicable distribution calculations under Subsection (3) have been made; and
2561	(B) the commission retains the amount required by Subsection (5).
2562	(5) (a) Beginning on July 1, 2009, the commission shall calculate and retain a portion
2563	of the sales and use tax collected under this part as provided in this Subsection (5).
2564	(b) For a county that imposes a tax under this part, the commission shall calculate a
2565	percentage each month by dividing the sales and use tax collected under this part for that
2566	month within the boundaries of that county by the total sales and use tax collected under this
2567	part for that month within the boundaries of all of the counties that impose a tax under this part.
2568	(c) For a county that imposes a tax under this part, the commission shall retain each
2569	month an amount equal to the product of:

- 83 -

2570	(i) the percentage the commission determines for the month under Subsection (5)(b)
2571	for the county; and
2572	(ii) \$6,354.
2573	(d) The commission shall deposit an amount the commission retains in accordance
2574	with this Subsection (5) into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund created by Section
2575	35A-8-1009.
2576	(e) An amount the commission deposits into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies
2577	Fund shall be expended as provided in Section 35A-8-1009.
2578	(6) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (6):
2579	(i) "Annexation" means an annexation to a county under Title 17, Chapter 2, County
2580	Consolidations and Annexations.
2581	(ii) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a county.
2582	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(c) or (d), if, on or after July 1, 2004, a
2583	county enacts or repeals a tax under this part:
2584	(A) (I) the enactment shall take effect as provided in Subsection (1)(c); or
2585	(II) the repeal shall take effect on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
2586	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
2587	the requirements of Subsection (6)(b)(ii) from the county.
2588	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (6)(b)(i)(B) shall state:
2589	(A) that the county will enact or repeal a tax under this part;
2590	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A);
2591	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A); and
2592	(D) if the county enacts the tax described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A), the rate of the
2593	tax.
2594	(c) (i) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the
2595	enactment of the tax under Subsection (1), the enactment of the tax takes effect on the first day
2596	of the first billing period that begins on or after the effective date of the enactment of the tax.
2597	(ii) The repeal of a tax applies to a billing period if the billing statement for the billing
2598	period is produced on or after the effective date of the repeal of the tax imposed under
2599	Subsection (1).
2600	(d) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of

2601	sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment or repeal of a tax described in
2602	Subsection (6)(b)(i) takes effect:
2603	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
2604	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under
2605	Subsection (6)(b)(i).
2606	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2607	commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
2608	(e) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(f) or (g), if, for an annexation that occurs
2609	on or after July 1, 2004, the annexation will result in the enactment or repeal of a tax under this
2610	part for an annexing area, the enactment or repeal shall take effect:
2611	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
2612	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
2613	the requirements of Subsection (6)(e)(ii) from the county that annexes the annexing area.
2614	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (6)(e)(i)(B) shall state:
2615	(A) that the annexation described in Subsection (6)(e)(i) will result in an enactment or
2616	repeal of a tax under this part for the annexing area;
2617	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (6)(e)(ii)(A);
2618	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (6)(e)(ii)(A); and
2619	(D) the rate of the tax described in Subsection (6)(e)(ii)(A).
2620	(f) (i) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the
2621	enactment of the tax under Subsection (1), the enactment of the tax takes effect on the first day
2622	of the first billing period that begins on or after the effective date of the enactment of the tax.
2623	(ii) The repeal of a tax applies to a billing period if the billing statement for the billing
2624	period is produced on or after the effective date of the repeal of the tax imposed under
2625	Subsection (1).
2626	(g) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of
2627	sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment or repeal of a tax described in
2628	Subsection (6)(e)(i) takes effect:
2629	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
2630	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under
2631	Subsection (6)(e)(i).

2632	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2633	commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
2634	Section 24. Section 59-12-1302 is amended to read:
2635	59-12-1302. Imposition of tax Base Rate Enactment or repeal of tax Tax
2636	rate change Effective date Notice requirements Administration, collection, and
2637	enforcement of tax Administrative charge.
2638	(1) Beginning on or after January 1, 1998, the governing body of a town may impose a
2639	tax as provided in this part in an amount that does not exceed 1%.
2640	(2) A town may impose a tax as provided in this part if the town imposed a license fee
2641	or tax on businesses based on gross receipts under Section 10-1-203 on or before January 1,
2642	1996.
2643	(3) A town imposing a tax under this section shall:
2644	(a) except as provided in Subsection (4), impose the tax on the transactions described
2645	in Subsection 59-12-103(1) located within the town; and
2646	(b) provide an effective date for the tax as provided in Subsection (5).
2647	(4) (a) A town may not impose a tax under this section on:
2648	(i) the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses
2649	are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104; and
2650	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), amounts paid or charged for food and food
2651	ingredients.
2652	(b) For purposes of this Subsection (4), the location of a transaction shall be
2653	determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
2654	(c) A town imposing a tax under this section shall impose the tax on the purchase price
2655	or sales price for amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients if the food and food
2656	ingredients are sold as part of a bundled transaction attributable to food and food ingredients
2657	and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients.
2658	(5) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (5):
2659	(i) "Annexation" means an annexation to a town under Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 4,
2660	Annexation.
2661	(ii) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a town.
2662	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c) or (d), if, on or after July 1, 2004, a

12-20-22 4:36 PM H.B. 58 2663 town enacts or repeals a tax or changes the rate of a tax under this part, the enactment, repeal, 2664 or change shall take effect: 2665 (A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and 2666 (B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting 2667 the requirements of Subsection (5)(b)(ii) from the town. 2668 (ii) The notice described in Subsection (5)(b)(i)(B) shall state: (A) that the town will enact or repeal a tax or change the rate of a tax under this part; 2669 2670 (B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A): 2671 (C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A); and 2672 (D) if the town enacts the tax or changes the rate of the tax described in Subsection 2673 (5)(b)(ii)(A), the rate of the tax. 2674 (c) (i) If the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the 2675 enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase imposed under Subsection (1), the enactment of 2676 the tax or the tax rate increase takes effect on the first day of the first billing period that begins on or after the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase. 2677 2678 (ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease applies to a billing period if the billing statement for the billing period is produced on or after the effective date of the repeal of the tax 2679 2680 or the tax rate decrease imposed under Subsection (1). 2681 (d) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of 2682 sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of 2683 a tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) takes effect: 2684 (A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and (B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment, repeal, or change in the 2685 2686 rate of the tax under Subsection (5)(b)(i). 2687 (ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale." 2688 2689 (e) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(f) or (g), if, for an annexation that occurs 2690 on or after July 1, 2004, the annexation will result in the enactment, repeal, or change in the 2691 rate of a tax under this part for an annexing area, the enactment, repeal, or change shall take 2692 effect: 2693 (A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

H.B. 58

2694	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
2695	the requirements of Subsection (5)(e)(ii) from the town that annexes the annexing area.
2696	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (5)(e)(i)(B) shall state:
2697	(A) that the annexation described in Subsection (5)(e)(i) will result in an enactment,
2698	repeal, or change in the rate of a tax under this part for the annexing area;
2699	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (5)(e)(ii)(A);
2700	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (5)(e)(ii)(A); and
2701	(D) if the town enacts the tax or changes the rate of the tax described in Subsection
2702	(5)(e)(ii)(A), the rate of the tax.
2703	(f) (i) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the
2704	enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase imposed under Subsection (1), the enactment of
2705	the tax or the tax rate increase takes effect on the first day of the first billing period that begins
2706	on or after the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase.
2707	(ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease applies to a billing period if the billing
2708	statement for the billing period is produced on or after the effective date of the repeal of the tax
2709	or the tax rate decrease imposed under Subsection (1).
2710	(g) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of
2711	sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of
2712	a tax described in Subsection (5)(e)(i) takes effect:
2713	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
2714	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment, repeal, or change in the
2715	rate of the tax under Subsection (5)(e)(i).
2716	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2717	commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
2718	(6) The commission shall:
2719	(a) distribute the revenue generated by the tax under this section to the town imposing
2720	the tax; and
2721	(b) except as provided in Subsection (8), administer, collect, and enforce the tax
2722	authorized under this section in accordance with:
2723	(i) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
2724	(A) Part 1, Tax Collection; or

2725	(B) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
2726	(ii) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.
2727	(7) The commission shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance
2728	with Section 59-1-306 from the revenue the commission collects from a tax under this part.
2729	(8) A tax under this section is not subject to Subsections $59-12-205(2)$ through [(6)]
2730	<u>(5)</u> .
2731	Section 25. Section 59-12-1402 is amended to read:
2732	59-12-1402. Opinion question election Base Rate Imposition of tax
2733	Expenditure of revenue Enactment or repeal of tax Effective date Notice
2734	requirements.
2735	(1) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a city or town legislative body
2736	subject to this part may submit an opinion question to the residents of that city or town, by
2737	majority vote of all members of the legislative body, so that each resident of the city or town
2738	has an opportunity to express the resident's opinion on the imposition of a local sales and use
2739	tax of .1% on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) located within the city or
2740	town, to:
2741	(i) fund cultural facilities, recreational facilities, and zoological facilities and botanical
2742	organizations, cultural organizations, and zoological organizations in that city or town; or
2743	(ii) provide funding for a botanical organization, cultural organization, or zoological
2744	organization to pay for use of a bus or facility rental if that use of the bus or facility rental is in
2745	furtherance of the botanical organization's, cultural organization's, or zoological organization's
2746	primary purpose.
2747	(b) The opinion question required by this section shall state:
2748	"Shall (insert the name of the city or town), Utah, be authorized to impose a .1% sales
2749	and use tax for (list the purposes for which the revenue collected from the sales and use tax
2750	shall be expended)?"
2751	(c) A city or town legislative body may not impose a tax under this section:
2752	(i) if the county in which the city or town is located imposes a tax under Part 7, County
2753	Option Funding for Botanical, Cultural, Recreational, and Zoological Organizations or
2754	Facilities;
2755	(ii) on the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and

12-20-22 4:36 PM

uses are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104; and

- (iii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(e), on amounts paid or charged for food andfood ingredients.
- (d) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be
 determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
- (e) A city or town legislative body imposing a tax under this section shall impose the
 tax on the purchase price or sales price for amounts paid or charged for food and food
 ingredients if the food and food ingredients are sold as part of a bundled transaction attributable
 to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food
 ingredients.
- (f) Except as provided in Subsection (6), the election shall be held at a regular general
 election or a municipal general election, as those terms are defined in Section 20A-1-102, and
 shall follow the procedures outlined in Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act.
- (2) If the city or town legislative body determines that a majority of the city's or town's
 registered voters voting on the imposition of the tax have voted in favor of the imposition of
 the tax as prescribed in Subsection (1), the city or town legislative body may impose the tax by
 a majority vote of all members of the legislative body.
- 2773 (3) Subject to Section 59-12-1403, revenue collected from a tax imposed under
 2774 Subsection (2) shall be expended:
- (a) to finance cultural facilities, recreational facilities, and zoological facilities within
 the city or town or within the geographic area of entities that are parties to an interlocal
 agreement, to which the city or town is a party, providing for cultural facilities, recreational
 facilities, or zoological facilities;
- 2779

(b) to finance ongoing operating expenses of:

(i) recreational facilities described in Subsection (3)(a) within the city or town or
within the geographic area of entities that are parties to an interlocal agreement, to which the
city or town is a party, providing for recreational facilities; or

(ii) botanical organizations, cultural organizations, and zoological organizations within
the city or town or within the geographic area of entities that are parties to an interlocal
agreement, to which the city or town is a party, providing for the support of botanical
organizations, cultural organizations, or zoological organizations; and

• • • •	
2787	(c) as stated in the opinion question described in Subsection (1).
2788	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), a tax authorized under this part shall
2789	be:
2790	(i) administered, collected, and enforced in accordance with:
2791	(A) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
2792	(I) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
2793	(II) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
2794	(B) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies; and
2795	(ii) (A) levied for a period of eight years; and
2796	(B) may be reauthorized at the end of the eight-year period in accordance with this
2797	section.
2798	(b) (i) If a tax under this part is imposed for the first time on or after July 1, 2011, the
2799	tax shall be levied for a period of 10 years.
2800	(ii) If a tax under this part is reauthorized in accordance with Subsection (4)(a) on or
2801	after July 1, 2011, the tax shall be reauthorized for a ten-year period.
2802	(c) A tax under this section is not subject to Subsections $59-12-205(2)$ through [(6)]
2803	<u>(5)</u> .
2804	(5) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (5):
2805	(i) "Annexation" means an annexation to a city or town under Title 10, Chapter 2, Part
2806	4, Annexation.
2807	(ii) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a city or town.
2808	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c) or (d), if, on or after July 1, 2004, a city
2809	or town enacts or repeals a tax under this part, the enactment or repeal shall take effect:
2810	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
2811	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
2812	the requirements of Subsection (5)(b)(ii) from the city or town.
2813	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (5)(b)(i)(B) shall state:
2814	(A) that the city or town will enact or repeal a tax under this part;
2815	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A);
2816	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A); and
2817	(D) if the city or town enacts the tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A), the rate of

H.B. 58

2818	the tax.
2819	(c) (i) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the
2820	enactment of the tax under this section, the enactment of the tax takes effect on the first day of
2821	the first billing period that begins on or after the effective date of the enactment of the tax.
2822	(ii) The repeal of a tax applies to a billing period if the billing statement for the billing
2823	period is produced on or after the effective date of the repeal of the tax imposed under this
2824	section.
2825	(d) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of
2826	sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment or repeal of a tax described in
2827	Subsection (5)(b)(i) takes effect:
2828	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
2829	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under
2830	Subsection (5)(b)(i).
2831	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2832	commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
2833	(e) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(f) or (g), if, for an annexation that occurs
2834	on or after July 1, 2004, the annexation will result in the enactment or repeal of a tax under this
2835	part for an annexing area, the enactment or repeal shall take effect:
2836	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
2837	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
2838	the requirements of Subsection (5)(e)(ii) from the city or town that annexes the annexing area.
2839	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (5)(e)(i)(B) shall state:
2840	(A) that the annexation described in Subsection $(5)(e)(i)$ will result in an enactment or
2841	repeal a tax under this part for the annexing area;
2842	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (5)(e)(ii)(A);
2843	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (5)(e)(ii)(A); and
2844	(D) the rate of the tax described in Subsection (5)(e)(ii)(A).
2845	(f) (i) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the
2846	enactment of the tax under this section, the enactment of the tax takes effect on the first day of
2847	the first billing period that begins on or after the effective date of the enactment of the tax.
2848	(ii) The repeal of a tax applies to a billing period if the billing statement for the billing

2849	period is produced on or after the effective date of the repeal of the tax imposed under this
2850	section.
2851	(g) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of
2852	sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment or repeal of a tax described in
2853	Subsection (5)(e)(i) takes effect:
2854	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
2855	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under
2856	Subsection (5)(e)(i).
2857	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2858	commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
2859	(6) (a) Before a city or town legislative body submits an opinion question to the
2860	residents of the city or town under Subsection (1), the city or town legislative body shall:
2861	(i) submit to the county legislative body in which the city or town is located a written
2862	notice of the intent to submit the opinion question to the residents of the city or town; and
2863	(ii) receive from the county legislative body:
2864	(A) a written resolution passed by the county legislative body stating that the county
2865	legislative body is not seeking to impose a tax under Part 7, County Option Funding for
2866	Botanical, Cultural, Recreational, and Zoological Organizations or Facilities; or
2867	(B) a written statement that in accordance with Subsection (6)(b) the results of a county
2868	opinion question submitted to the residents of the county under Part 7, County Option Funding
2869	for Botanical, Cultural, Recreational, and Zoological Organizations or Facilities, permit the city
2870	or town legislative body to submit the opinion question to the residents of the city or town in
2871	accordance with this part.
2872	(b) (i) Within 60 days after the day the county legislative body receives from a city or
2873	town legislative body described in Subsection (6)(a) the notice of the intent to submit an
2874	opinion question to the residents of the city or town, the county legislative body shall provide
2875	the city or town legislative body:
2876	(A) the written resolution described in Subsection (6)(a)(ii)(A); or
2877	(B) written notice that the county legislative body will submit an opinion question to
2878	the residents of the county under Part 7, County Option Funding for Botanical, Cultural,
2879	Recreational, and Zoological Organizations or Facilities, for the county to impose a tax under

H.B. 58

that part.

(ii) If the county legislative body provides the city or town legislative body the written
notice that the county legislative body will submit an opinion question as provided in
Subsection (6)(b)(i)(B), the county legislative body shall submit the opinion question by no
later than, from the date the county legislative body sends the written notice, the later of:

- 2885 (A) a 12-month period;
- 2886 (B) the next regular primary election; or
- 2887

(C) the next regular general election.

(iii) Within 30 days of the date of the canvass of the election at which the opinion
question under Subsection (6)(b)(ii) is voted on, the county legislative body shall provide the
city or town legislative body described in Subsection (6)(a) written results of the opinion
question submitted by the county legislative body under Part 7, County Option Funding for
Botanical, Cultural, Recreational, and Zoological Organizations or Facilities, indicating that:

(A) (I) the city or town legislative body may not impose a tax under this part because a
majority of the county's registered voters voted in favor of the county imposing the tax and the
county legislative body by a majority vote approved the imposition of the tax; or

(II) for at least 12 months from the date the written results are submitted to the city or
town legislative body, the city or town legislative body may not submit to the county legislative
body a written notice of the intent to submit an opinion question under this part because a
majority of the county's registered voters voted against the county imposing the tax and the
majority of the registered voters who are residents of the city or town described in Subsection
(6)(a) voted against the imposition of the county tax; or

(B) the city or town legislative body may submit the opinion question to the residents
of the city or town in accordance with this part because although a majority of the county's
registered voters voted against the county imposing the tax, the majority of the registered voters
who are residents of the city or town voted for the imposition of the county tax.

(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(b), at any time a county legislative body may
provide a city or town legislative body described in Subsection (6)(a) a written resolution
passed by the county legislative body stating that the county legislative body is not seeking to
impose a tax under Part 7, County Option Funding for Botanical, Cultural, Recreational, and
Zoological Organizations or Facilities, which permits the city or town legislative body to

2911 submit under Subsection (1) an opinion question to the city's or town's residents. 2912 Section 26. Section **59-12-2103** is amended to read: 2913 59-12-2103. Imposition of tax -- Base -- Rate -- Expenditure of revenue collected 2914 from the tax -- Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax by commission --2915 Administrative charge -- Enactment or repeal of tax -- Annexation -- Notice. 2916 (1) (a) As used in this section, "eligible city or town" means a city or town that 2917 imposed a tax under this part on July 1, 2016. 2918 (b) Subject to the other provisions of this section and except as provided in Subsection 2919 (2) or (3), the legislative body of an eligible city or town may impose a sales and use tax of up 2920 to .20% on the transactions: 2921 (i) described in Subsection 59-12-103(1); and 2922 (ii) within the city or town. 2923 (c) A city or town legislative body that imposes a tax under Subsection (1)(b) shall 2924 expend the revenue collected from the tax for the same purposes for which the city or town 2925 may expend the city's or town's general fund revenue. 2926 (d) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be 2927 determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215. 2928 (2) (a) A city or town legislative body may not impose a tax under this section on: 2929 (i) the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses 2930 are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104; and 2931 (ii) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), amounts paid or charged for food and food 2932 ingredients. 2933 (b) A city or town legislative body imposing a tax under this section shall impose the 2934 tax on the purchase price or sales price for amounts paid or charged for food and food 2935 ingredients if the food and food ingredients are sold as part of a bundled transaction attributable 2936 to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food 2937 ingredients. 2938 (3) An eligible city or town may impose a tax under this part until no later than June 2939 30, 2030. (4) The commission shall transmit revenue collected within a city or town from a tax 2940 2941 under this part:

2942	(a) to the city or town logislative body:
	(a) to the city or town legislative body;(b) monthly, and
2943 2044	(b) monthly; and(c) by electronic funds transfer
2944	(c) by electronic funds transfer.
2945	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), the commission shall administer,
2946	collect, and enforce a tax under this part in accordance with:
2947	(i) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
2948	(A) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
2949	(B) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
2950	(ii) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.
2951	(b) A tax under this part is not subject to Subsections $59-12-205(2)$ through [(6)] (5).
2952	(6) The commission shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance
2953	with Section 59-1-306 from the revenue the commission collects from a tax under this part.
2954	(7) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b) or (c), if, on or after January 1, 2009,
2955	a city or town enacts or repeals a tax or changes the rate of a tax under this part, the enactment,
2956	repeal, or change shall take effect:
2957	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
2958	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
2959	the requirements of Subsection (7)(a)(i) from the city or town.
2960	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(B) shall state:
2961	(A) that the city or town will enact or repeal a tax or change the rate of the tax under
2962	this part;
2963	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (7)(a)(ii)(A);
2964	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (7)(a)(ii)(A); and
2965	(D) if the city or town enacts the tax or changes the rate of the tax described in
2966	Subsection (7)(a)(ii)(A), the rate of the tax.
2967	(b) (i) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the enactment of the tax or
2968	the tax rate increase under Subsection (1), the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase takes
2969	effect on the first day of the first billing period that begins on or after the effective date of the
2970	enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase.
2971	(ii) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal
2972	of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under Subsection (1), the repeal of the tax or the tax

2973	rate decrease applies to a billing period if the billing statement for the billing period is rendered
2974	on or after the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease.
2975	(c) (i) If a tax due under this part on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of sales
2976	and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of a tax
2977	described in Subsection (7)(a)(i) takes effect:
2978	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
2979	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment, repeal, or change in the
2980	rate of the tax under Subsection (7)(a)(i).
2981	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2982	commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
2983	(d) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(e) or (f), if, for an annexation that occurs
2984	on or after January 1, 2009, the annexation will result in the enactment, repeal, or change in the
2985	rate of a tax under this part for an annexing area, the enactment, repeal, or change shall take
2986	effect:
2987	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
2988	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
2989	the requirements of Subsection (7)(d)(ii) from the city or town that annexes the annexing area.
2990	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (7)(d)(i)(B) shall state:
2991	(A) that the annexation described in Subsection $(7)(d)(i)(B)$ will result in the
2992	enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of a tax under this part for the annexing area;
2993	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (7)(d)(ii)(A);
2994	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (7)(d)(ii)(A); and
2995	(D) if the city or town enacts the tax or changes the rate of the tax described in
2996	Subsection (7)(d)(ii)(A), the rate of the tax.
2997	(e) (i) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the
2998	enactment of the tax or a tax rate increase under Subsection (1), the enactment of a tax or a tax
2999	rate increase takes effect on the first day of the first billing period that begins on or after the
3000	effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase.
3001	(ii) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal
3002	of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under Subsection (1), the repeal of the tax or the tax
3003	rate decrease applies to a billing period if the billing statement for the billing period is rendered

3004 on or after the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease.

- 3005 (f) (i) If a tax due under this part on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of sales 3006 and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of a tax 3007 described in Subsection (7)(d)(i) takes effect:
- 3008 (A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
- 3009 (B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment, repeal, or change under3010 Subsection (7)(d)(i).
- 3011 (ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the3012 commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
- 3013 Section 27. Section **59-12-2206** is amended to read:

3014 59-12-2206. Administration, collection, and enforcement of a sales and use tax

3015 under this part -- Transmission of revenue monthly by electronic funds transfer --

- 3016 **Transfer of revenue to a public transit district or eligible political subdivision.**
- 3017 (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), the commission shall administer, collect, and3018 enforce a sales and use tax imposed under this part.
- 3019 (2) The commission shall administer, collect, and enforce a sales and use tax imposed3020 under this part in accordance with:
- 3021 (a) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce a tax under:
- 3022 (i) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
- 3023 (ii) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
- 3024 (b) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.
- 3025 (3) A sales and use tax under this part is not subject to Subsections 59-12-205(2)
 3026 through [(6)] (5).
- 3027 (4) Subject to Section 59-12-2207 and except as provided in Subsection (5) or another
 3028 provision of this part, the state treasurer shall transmit revenue collected within a county, city,
 3029 or town from a sales and use tax under this part to the county, city, or town legislative body
 3030 monthly by electronic funds transfer.
- 3031 (5) (a) Subject to Section 59-12-2207, and except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), the
 3032 state treasurer shall transfer revenue collected within a county, city, or town from a sales and
 3033 use tax under this part directly to a public transit district organized under Title 17B, Chapter 2a,
 3034 Part 8, Public Transit District Act, or an eligible political subdivision as defined in Section

3035	59-12-2219, if the county, city, or town legislative body:
3036	(i) provides written notice to the commission and the state treasurer requesting the
3037	transfer; and
3038	(ii) designates the public transit district or eligible political subdivision to which the
3039	county, city, or town legislative body requests the state treasurer to transfer the revenue.
3040	(b) The commission shall transmit a portion of the revenue collected within a county,
3041	city, or town from a sales and use tax under this part that would be transferred to a public
3042	transit district or an eligible political subdivision under Subsection (5)(a) to the county, city, or
3043	town to fund public transit fixed guideway safety oversight under Section 72-1-214 if the
3044	county, city, or town legislative body:
3045	(i) provides written notice to the commission and the state treasurer requesting the
3046	transfer; and
3047	(ii) specifies the amount of revenue required to be transmitted to the county, city, or
3048	town.
3049	Section 28. Section 63G-2-302 is amended to read:
3050	63G-2-302. Private records.
3051	(1) The following records are private:
3052	(a) records concerning an individual's eligibility for unemployment insurance benefits,
3053	social services, welfare benefits, or the determination of benefit levels;
3054	(b) records containing data on individuals describing medical history, diagnosis,
3055	condition, treatment, evaluation, or similar medical data;
3056	(c) records of publicly funded libraries that when examined alone or with other records
3057	identify a patron;
3058	(d) records received by or generated by or for:
3059	(i) the Independent Legislative Ethics Commission, except for:
3060	(A) the commission's summary data report that is required under legislative rule; and
3061	(B) any other document that is classified as public under legislative rule; or
3062	(ii) a Senate or House Ethics Committee in relation to the review of ethics complaints,
3063	unless the record is classified as public under legislative rule;
3064	(e) records received by, or generated by or for, the Independent Executive Branch
3065	Ethics Commission, except as otherwise expressly provided in Title 63A, Chapter 14, Review

3066	of Executive Branch Ethics Complaints;
3067	(f) records received or generated for a Senate confirmation committee concerning
3068	character, professional competence, or physical or mental health of an individual:
3069	(i) if, prior to the meeting, the chair of the committee determines release of the records:
3070	(A) reasonably could be expected to interfere with the investigation undertaken by the
3071	committee; or
3072	(B) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair proceeding or
3073	impartial hearing; and
3074	(ii) after the meeting, if the meeting was closed to the public;
3075	(g) employment records concerning a current or former employee of, or applicant for
3076	employment with, a governmental entity that would disclose that individual's home address,
3077	home telephone number, social security number, insurance coverage, marital status, or payroll
3078	deductions;
3079	(h) records or parts of records under Section 63G-2-303 that a current or former
3080	employee identifies as private according to the requirements of that section;
3081	(i) that part of a record indicating a person's social security number or federal employer
3082	identification number if provided under Section 31A-23a-104, 31A-25-202, 31A-26-202,
3083	58-1-301, 58-55-302, 61-1-4, or 61-2f-203;
3084	(j) that part of a voter registration record identifying a voter's:
3085	(i) driver license or identification card number;
3086	(ii) social security number, or last four digits of the social security number;
3087	(iii) email address;
3088	(iv) date of birth; or
3089	(v) phone number;
3090	(k) a voter registration record that is classified as a private record by the lieutenant
3091	governor or a county clerk under Subsection 20A-2-101.1(5)(a), 20A-2-104(4)(h), or
3092	20A-2-204(4)(b);
3093	(1) a voter registration record that is withheld under Subsection 20A-2-104(7);
3094	(m) a withholding request form described in Subsections 20A-2-104(7) and (8) and any
3095	verification submitted in support of the form;
3096	(n) a record that:

3097	(i) contains information about an individual;
3098	(ii) is voluntarily provided by the individual; and
3099	(iii) goes into an electronic database that:
3100	(A) is designated by and administered under the authority of the Chief Information
3101	Officer; and
3102	(B) acts as a repository of information about the individual that can be electronically
3103	retrieved and used to facilitate the individual's online interaction with a state agency;
3104	(o) information provided to the Commissioner of Insurance under:
3105	(i) Subsection 31A-23a-115(3)(a);
3106	(ii) Subsection 31A-23a-302(4); or
3107	(iii) Subsection 31A-26-210(4);
3108	(p) information obtained through a criminal background check under Title 11, Chapter
3109	40, Criminal Background Checks by Political Subdivisions Operating Water Systems;
3110	(q) information provided by an offender that is:
3111	(i) required by the registration requirements of Title 77, Chapter 41, Sex and Kidnap
3112	Offender Registry or Title 77, Chapter 43, Child Abuse Offender Registry; and
3113	(ii) not required to be made available to the public under Subsection 77-41-110(4) or
3114	77-43-108(4);
3115	(r) a statement and any supporting documentation filed with the attorney general in
3116	accordance with Section 34-45-107, if the federal law or action supporting the filing involves
3117	homeland security;
3118	(s) electronic toll collection customer account information received or collected under
3119	Section 72-6-118 and customer information described in Section 17B-2a-815 received or
3120	collected by a public transit district, including contact and payment information and customer
3121	travel data;
3122	(t) an email address provided by a military or overseas voter under Section
3123	20A-16-501;
3124	(u) a completed military-overseas ballot that is electronically transmitted under Title
3125	20A, Chapter 16, Uniform Military and Overseas Voters Act;
3126	(v) records received by or generated by or for the Political Subdivisions Ethics Review
3127	Commission established in Section 63A-15-201, except for:

3128	(i) the commission's summary data report that is required in Section 63A-15-202; and
3129	(ii) any other document that is classified as public in accordance with Title 63A,
3130	Chapter 15, Political Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission;
3131	(w) a record described in Section 53G-9-604 that verifies that a parent was notified of
3132	an incident or threat;
3133	(x) a criminal background check or credit history report conducted in accordance with
3134	Section 63A-3-201;
3135	(y) a record described in Subsection 53-5a-104(7);
3136	(z) on a record maintained by a county for the purpose of administering property taxes,
3137	an individual's:
3138	(i) email address;
3139	(ii) phone number; or
3140	(iii) personal financial information related to a person's payment method;
3141	(aa) a record submitted by a taxpayer to establish the taxpayer's eligibility for an
3142	exemption, deferral, abatement, or relief under:
3143	(i) [Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 11, Exemptions, Deferrals, and Abatements] Title 59,
3144	Chapter 2, Part 11, Exemptions;
3145	(ii) Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 12, Property Tax Relief;
3146	(iii) Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 18, Tax Deferral and Tax Abatement; or
3147	(iv) Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 19, Armed Forces Exemptions;
3148	(bb) a record provided by the State Tax Commission in response to a request under
3149	Subsection 59-1-403(4)(y)(iii);
3150	(cc) a record of the Child Welfare Legislative Oversight Panel regarding an individual
3151	child welfare case, as described in Subsection 36-33-103(3); and
3152	(dd) a record relating to drug or alcohol testing of a state employee under Section
3153	63A-17-1004.
3154	(2) The following records are private if properly classified by a governmental entity:
3155	(a) records concerning a current or former employee of, or applicant for employment
3156	with a governmental entity, including performance evaluations and personal status information
3157	such as race, religion, or disabilities, but not including records that are public under Subsection
3158	63G-2-301(2)(b) or 63G-2-301(3)(o) or private under Subsection (1)(b);

3159	(b) records describing an individual's finances, except that the following are public:
3160	(i) records described in Subsection 63G-2-301(2);
3161	(ii) information provided to the governmental entity for the purpose of complying with
3162	a financial assurance requirement; or
3163	(iii) records that must be disclosed in accordance with another statute;
3164	(c) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of those records would
3165	conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;
3166	(d) other records containing data on individuals the disclosure of which constitutes a
3167	clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
3168	(e) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state
3169	that are given with the requirement that the records be managed as private records, if the
3170	providing entity states in writing that the record would not be subject to public disclosure if
3171	retained by it;
3172	(f) any portion of a record in the custody of the Division of Aging and Adult Services,
3173	created in Section 62A-3-102, that may disclose, or lead to the discovery of, the identity of a
3174	person who made a report of alleged abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult; and
3175	(g) audio and video recordings created by a body-worn camera, as defined in Section
3176	77-7a-103, that record sound or images inside a home or residence except for recordings that:
3177	(i) depict the commission of an alleged crime;
3178	(ii) record any encounter between a law enforcement officer and a person that results in
3179	death or bodily injury, or includes an instance when an officer fires a weapon;
3180	(iii) record any encounter that is the subject of a complaint or a legal proceeding
3181	against a law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency;
3182	(iv) contain an officer involved critical incident as defined in Subsection
3183	76-2-408(1)(f); or
3184	(v) have been requested for reclassification as a public record by a subject or
3185	authorized agent of a subject featured in the recording.
3186	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "medical records" means medical reports,
3187	records, statements, history, diagnosis, condition, treatment, and evaluation.
3188	(b) Medical records in the possession of the University of Utah Hospital, its clinics,
3189	doctors, or affiliated entities are not private records or controlled records under Section

3190	63G-2-304 when the records are sought:
3191	(i) in connection with any legal or administrative proceeding in which the patient's
3192	physical, mental, or emotional condition is an element of any claim or defense; or
3193	(ii) after a patient's death, in any legal or administrative proceeding in which any party
3194	relies upon the condition as an element of the claim or defense.
3195	(c) Medical records are subject to production in a legal or administrative proceeding
3196	according to state or federal statutes or rules of procedure and evidence as if the medical
3197	records were in the possession of a nongovernmental medical care provider.
3198	Section 29. Repealer.
3199	This bill repeals:
3200	Section 59-7-613, Tax credits for machinery, equipment, or both primarily used
3201	for conducting qualified research or basic research Carry forward Commission to
3202	report modification or repeal of certain federal provisions Revenue and Taxation
3203	Interim Committee study.
3204	Section 59-7-614.9, Nonrefundable tax credit for employing a recently deployed
3205	veteran.
3206	Section 59-7-617, Nonrefundable tax credit for employment of a person who is
3207	homeless.
3208	Section 59-7-622, Nonrefundable tax credit for small employer's participation in
3209	retirement.
3210	Section 59-10-1013, Tax credits for machinery, equipment, or both primarily used
3211	for conducting qualified research or basic research Carry forward Commission to
3212	report modification or repeal of certain federal provisions Revenue and Taxation
3213	Interim Committee study.
3214	Section 59-10-1040, Nonrefundable tax credit for small employer's participation in
3215	retirement.
3216	Section 30. Retrospective operation.
3217	(1) The changes to Section <u>59-2-1710</u> have retrospective operation to January 1, 2020.
3218	(2) The changes to Section <u>59-2-109</u> have retrospective operation to January 1, 2023.