

26	4-30-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
27	7-1-706, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
28	7-2-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 258
29	8-5-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
30	9-8-805, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 221
31	10-2-406, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
32	10-2-407, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 355
33	10-2-415, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
34	10-2-418, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
35	10-2-419, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
36	10-2-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 355
37	10-2-502.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
38	10-2-607, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
39	10-2-703, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
40	10-2-708, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
41	10-2a-207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 112, 345, and 355
42	10-2a-210, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
43	10-2a-213, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
44	10-2a-214, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
45	10-2a-215, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
46	10-2a-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
47	10-2a-405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
48	10-2a-410, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
49	10-3-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
50	10-3-711, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
51	10-3-818, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
52	10-3c-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 210 and last amended by
53	Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 367
54	10-5-107.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
55	10-5-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
56	10-6-113, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355

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57
             10-6-135.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
             10-6-152, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
58
59
             10-7-16, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
60
             10-7-19, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
             10-8-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 307
61
62
             10-8-15, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
63
             10-9a-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 162 and 345
             10-9a-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
64
65
             10-9a-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 355
66
             10-9a-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
67
             10-18-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
68
             10-18-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
69
             10-18-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
             11-13-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
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71
             11-13-219, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
72
             11-13-509, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
73
             11-14-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
74
             11-14-315, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
75
             11-14-316, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 107
76
             11-14-318, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
             11-14a-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
77
78
             11-17-16, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 145
79
             11-27-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 145
             11-27-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 378
80
             11-30-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
81
82
             11-32-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 388
83
             11-32-11, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 388
84
             11-36a-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 344
85
             11-36a-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
86
             11-36a-504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
87
             11-39-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
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88	11-42-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345, 355, and 415
89	11-42-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
90	11-42-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
91	11-42-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
92	11-42-604, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 189
93	11-42a-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
94	11-42b-104, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 376
95	11-42b-108, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 376
96	11-42b-109, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 376
97	11-42b-110, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 376
98	11-58-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
99	11-58-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 162, 345
100	11-58-701, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 207
101	11-58-901, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 282
102	11-59-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 282
103	11-65-204, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 59
104	11-65-402, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 59
105	11-65-601, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 59
106	17-27a-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 162 and 345
107	17-27a-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
108	17-27a-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 355
109	17-27a-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
110	17-27a-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
111	17-27a-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 282, 406
112	17-36-12, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
113	17-36-26, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
114	17-41-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
115	17-41-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
116	17-41-405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 274
117	17-50-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
118	17B-1-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 162, 345, and 382

17B-1-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
17B-1-211, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
17B-1-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 381
17B-1-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 18, 381
17B-1-313, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
17B-1-413, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
17B-1-417, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
17B-1-505.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
17B-1-608, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 330
17B-1-609, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
17B-1-643, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
17B-1-1204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
17B-1-1307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
17B-2a-705, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
17B-2a-1007, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
17B-2a-1110, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
17C-1-207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
17C-1-601.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
17C-1-701.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
17C-1-804, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
17C-1-806, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
17C-1-1003, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 214
17C-2-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
17C-3-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
17C-4-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
17C-4-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
17C-4-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
17C-5-110, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
17C-5-113, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
17C-5-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
17D-3-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345

150	19-2-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
151	20A-1-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 167
152	20A-1-512, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 77, 84 and 345
153	20A-3a-604, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
154	20A-4-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 380
155	20A-4-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 342
156	20A-5-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
157	20A-5-403.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 156
158	20A-5-405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 170
159	20A-7-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 170, 325
160	20A-7-204.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
161	20A-7-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
162	20A-9-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
163	26-8a-405.3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
164	26-61a-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 290, 415
165	52-4-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
166	52-4-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 403
167	53B-7-101.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
168	53E-4-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 377
169	53G-3-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 162 and 345
170	53G-4-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
171	53G-4-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 262, 324, and 345
172	53G-5-504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
173	54-8-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
174	54-8-16, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
175	54-8-23, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
176	57-11-11, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
177	57-13a-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 274
178	59-2-919, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
179	59-2-919.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
180	59-12-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355

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              59-12-1102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
182
              59-12-2208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
183
              62A-5-202.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
184
              63A-5b-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
185
              63A-16-602, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 344 and
186
       last amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 344
187
              63H-1-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 274, 463
188
              63H-1-701, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 463
189
              67-3-13, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 155
190
              72-3-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
191
              72-5-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
192
              72-6-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
193
              73-5-14, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
194
              73-10-32, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 90
195
              75-1-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
196
              76-8-809, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
197
              78A-7-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 276
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       ENACTS:
199
              63G-28-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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              63G-28-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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202
       Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
203
              Section 1. Section 4-17-109 is amended to read:
204
              4-17-109. Notice of noxious weeds to be published annually in county -- Notice to
205
       particular property owners to control noxious weeds -- Methods of prevention or control
206
       specified -- Failure to control noxious weeds considered public nuisance.
207
              (1) Each county weed control board before May 1 of each year shall post a general
208
       notice of the noxious weeds within the county [in at least three public places within the county]
209
       and publish the same notice [on]:
210
              (a) [at least three occasions in a newspaper or other publication of general circulation
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within for the county as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102; and

212	(b) as required in Section 45-1-101.
213	(2) (a) If the county weed control board determines that particular property within the
214	county requires prompt and definite attention to prevent or control noxious weeds, the county
215	weed control board shall serve the owner or the person in possession of the property, personally
216	or by certified mail, a notice specifying when and what action is required to be taken on the
217	property.
218	(b) Methods of prevention or control may include definite systems of tillage, cropping,
219	use of chemicals, and use of livestock.
220	(3) An owner or person in possession of property who fails to take action to control or
221	prevent the spread of noxious weeds as specified in the notice is maintaining a public nuisance.
222	Section 2. Section <b>4-25-201</b> is amended to read:
223	4-25-201. Possession of estrays Determination and location of owner Sale
224	Disposition of proceeds Notice Title of purchaser Immunity from liability.
225	(1) (a) Except as provided in Section 4-25-202, a county shall:
226	(i) take physical possession of an estray the county finds within county boundaries;
227	(ii) attempt to determine the name and location of the estray's owner; and
228	(iii) contact the local brand inspector.
229	(b) The department shall assist a county that requests its help in determining the name
230	and location of the owner or other person responsible for the estray.
231	(c) (i) Notwithstanding the requirements of Title 67, Chapter 4a, Revised Uniform
232	Unclaimed Property Act, if the county cannot determine the estray's owner, or, if having
233	determined ownership, neither the county nor the department is able to locate the owner within
234	a reasonable period of time, the estray shall be sold at a livestock or other appropriate market.
235	(ii) The proceeds of a sale under Subsection (1)(c)(i), less the costs described in
236	Subsection (1)(c)(iii), shall be paid to the county selling the estray.
237	(iii) The livestock or other market conducting the sale under Subsection (1)(c)(i) may
238	deduct the cost of feed, transportation, and other market costs from the proceeds of the sale.
239	(2) A county shall publish notice of the sale of an estray:
240	(a) at least once 10 days before the date of the sale; and
241	(b) [through electronic means or in a publication with general circulation within] for
242	the county where the estray was taken into custody as a class A notice under Section

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243	<u>63G-28-102</u> .
244	(3) A purchaser of an estray sold under this section shall receive title to the estray free
245	and clear of all claims of the estray's owner and a person claiming title through the owner.
246	(4) A county that complies with the provisions of this section is immune from liability
247	for the sale of an estray sold at a livestock or other appropriate market.
248	(5) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (1)(c), a county may employ a
249	licensed veterinarian to euthanize an estray if the licensed veterinarian determines that the
250	estray's physical condition prevents the estray from being sold.
251	Section 3. Section <b>4-25-401</b> is amended to read:
252	4-25-401. Impounded livestock Determination and location of owner Sale
253	Disposition of proceeds Notice Title of purchaser Immunity from liability.
254	(1) As used in this section, "impounded livestock" means the following animals seized
255	and retained in legal custody:
256	(a) cattle;
257	(b) calves;
258	(c) horses;
259	(d) mules;
260	(e) sheep;
261	(f) goats;
262	(g) hogs; or
263	(h) domesticated elk.
264	(2) (a) A county may:
265	(i) take physical possession of impounded livestock seized and retained within its
266	boundaries; and
267	(ii) attempt to determine the name and location of the impounded livestock's owner.
268	(b) The department shall assist a county who requests help in locating the name and
269	location of the owner or other person responsible for the impounded livestock.
270	(c) (i) Notwithstanding the requirements of Title 67, Chapter 4a, Revised Uniform
271	Unclaimed Property Act, if the county cannot determine ownership of the impounded livestock,

or, if having determined ownership, neither the county nor the department is able to locate the

owner within a reasonable period of time, the impounded livestock shall be sold at a livestock

or other appropriate market.

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- 275 (ii) The proceeds of a sale under Subsection (2)(c)(i), less the costs described in 276 Subsection (2)(c)(iii), shall be paid to the State School Fund created by the Utah Constitution, 277 Article X, Section 5, Subsection (1).
  - (iii) The livestock or other market conducting the sale under Subsection (2)(c)(i) may deduct the cost of feed, transportation, and other market costs from the proceeds of the sale.
    - (3) A county shall publish the intended sale of the impounded livestock:
    - (a) at least 10 days before the date of sale; and
  - (b) [through electronic means or in a publication with general circulation within] the county where the impounded livestock was taken into custody as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.
  - (4) A purchaser of impounded livestock sold under this section shall receive title to the impounded livestock free and clear of all claims of the livestock's owner or a person claiming title through the owner.
  - (5) If a county complies with the provisions of this section, the county is immune from liability for the sale of impounded livestock sold at a livestock or other appropriate market.
  - (6) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (2)(c), a county may employ a licensed veterinarian to euthanize an impounded livestock if the licensed veterinarian determines that the impounded livestock's physical condition prevents the impounded livestock from being sold.
    - Section 4. Section **4-30-106** is amended to read:

## 4-30-106. Hearing on license application -- Notice of hearing.

- (1) Upon the filing of an application, the department shall set a time for hearing on the application in the city or town nearest the proposed site of the livestock market and cause notice of the time and place of the hearing together with a copy of the application to be forwarded by mail, not less than 15 days before the hearing date, to the following:
  - (a) each licensed livestock market operator within the state; and
- (b) each livestock or other interested association or group of persons in the state that has filed written notice with the department requesting receipt of notice of such hearings.
- (2) Notice of the hearing shall be published 14 days before the scheduled hearing date[:] as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 for the city or town where the hearing is

305	scheduled.
306	[(a) in a daily or weekly newspaper of general circulation within the city or town where
307	the hearing is scheduled; and]
308	[(b) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601:]
309	Section 5. Section 7-1-706 is amended to read:
310	7-1-706. Application to commissioner to exercise power Procedure Notice.
311	(1) Except as provided in Sections 7-1-704 and 7-1-705, by filing a request for agency
312	action with the commissioner, any person may request the commissioner to:
313	(a) issue any rule or order;
314	(b) exercise any powers granted to the commissioner under this title; or
315	(c) act on any matter that is subject to the approval of the commissioner.
316	(2) Within 10 days of receipt of the request, the commissioner shall, at the applicant's
317	expense, cause a supervisor to make a careful investigation of the facts relevant or material to
318	the request.
319	(3) (a) The supervisor shall submit written findings and recommendations to the
320	commissioner.
321	(b) The application, any additional information furnished by the applicant, and the
322	findings and recommendations of the supervisor may be inspected by any person at the office
323	of the commissioner, except those portions of the application or report that the commissioner
324	designates as confidential to prevent a clearly unwarranted invasion of privacy.
325	(4) (a) If a hearing is held concerning the request, the commissioner shall publish
326	notice of the hearing, at the applicant's expense[:], for the county where the applicant is located
327	as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 for three weeks before the date of the hearing.
328	[(i) in a newspaper of general circulation within the county where the applicant is
329	located at least once a week for three successive weeks before the date of the hearing, and]
330	[(ii) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for three weeks
331	before the date of the hearing.]
332	(b) The notice required by Subsection (4)(a) shall include the information required by
333	the department's rules.
334	(c) The commissioner shall act upon the request within 30 days after the close of the
335	hearing based on the record before the commissioner

336	(5) (a) If no hearing is held, the commissioner shall approve or disapprove the request
337	within 90 days of receipt of the request based on:
338	(i) the application;
339	(ii) additional information filed with the commissioner; and
340	(iii) the findings and recommendations of the supervisor.
341	(b) The commissioner shall act on the request by issuing findings of fact, conclusions,
342	and an order, and shall mail a copy of each to:
343	(i) the applicant;
344	(ii) all persons who have filed protests to the granting of the application; and
345	(iii) other persons that the commissioner considers should receive copies.
346	(6) The commissioner may impose any conditions or limitations on the approval or
347	disapproval of a request that the commissioner considers proper to:
348	(a) protect the interest of creditors, depositors, and other customers of an institution;
349	(b) protect its shareholders or members; and
350	(c) carry out the purposes of this title.
351	Section 6. Section <b>7-2-6</b> is amended to read:
352	7-2-6. Possession by commissioner Notice Presentation, allowance, and
353	disallowance of claims Objections to claims.
354	(1) (a) Possession of an institution by the commissioner commences when notice of
355	taking possession is:
356	(i) posted in each office of the institution located in this state; or
357	(ii) delivered to a controlling person or officer of the institution.
358	(b) All notices, records, and other information regarding possession of an institution by
359	the commissioner may be kept confidential, and all court records and proceedings relating to
360	the commissioner's possession may be sealed from public access if:
361	(i) the commissioner finds it is in the best interests of the institution and its depositors
362	not to notify the public of the possession by the commissioner;
363	(ii) the deposit and withdrawal of funds and payment to creditors of the institution is
364	not suspended, restricted, or interrupted; and
365	(iii) the court approves.
366	(2) (a) (i) Within 15 days after taking possession of an institution or other person under

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the jurisdiction of the department, the commissioner shall publish a notice to all persons who may have claims against the institution or other person to file proof of their claims with the commissioner before a date specified in the notice.

- (ii) The filing date shall be at least 90 days after the date of the first publication of the notice.
  - (iii) The notice shall be published:
- (A) <u>as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102</u> for each city or county in which the <u>institution or other person</u>, or any subsidiary or service corporation of the institution, maintains an office; and
- [(I) in a newspaper of general circulation in each city or county in which the institution or other person, or any subsidiary or service corporation of the institution, maintains an office; and]
- [(II) published again approximately 30 days and 60 days after the date of the first publication; and]
  - (B) as required in Section 45-1-101 for 60 days.
- (b) (i) Within 60 days of taking possession of a depository institution, the commissioner shall send a similar notice to all persons whose identity is reflected in the books or records of the institution as depositors or other creditors, secured or unsecured, parties to litigation involving the institution pending at the date the commissioner takes possession of the institution, and all other potential claimants against the institution whose identity is reasonably ascertainable by the commissioner from examination of the books and records of the institution. No notice is required in connection with accounts or other liabilities of the institution that will be paid in full or be fully assumed by another depository institution or trust company. The notice shall specify a filing date for claims against the institution not less than 60 days after the date of mailing. Claimants whose claims against the institution have been assumed by another depository institution or trust company pursuant to a merger or purchase and assumption agreement with the commissioner, or a federal deposit insurance agency appointed as receiver or liquidator of the institution, shall be notified of the assumption of their claims and the name and address of the assuming party within 60 days after the claim is assumed. Unless a purchase and assumption or merger agreement requires otherwise, the assuming party shall give all required notices. Notice shall be mailed to the address appearing

in the books and records of the institution.

- (ii) Inadvertent or unintentional failure to mail a notice to any person entitled to written notice under this paragraph does not impose any liability on the commissioner or any receiver or liquidator appointed by him beyond the amount the claimant would be entitled to receive if the claim had been timely filed and allowed. The commissioner or any receiver or liquidator appointed by him are not liable for failure to mail notice unless the claimant establishes that it had no knowledge of the commissioner taking possession of the institution until after all opportunity had passed for obtaining payment through filing a claim with the commissioner, receiver, or liquidator.
- (c) Upon good cause shown, the court having supervisory jurisdiction may extend the time in which the commissioner may serve any notice required by this chapter.
- (d) The commissioner has the sole power to adjudicate any claim against the institution, its property or other assets, tangible or intangible, and to settle or compromise claims within the priorities set forth in Section 7-2-15. Any action of the commissioner is subject to judicial review as provided in Subsection (9).
- (e) A receiver or liquidator of the institution appointed by the commissioner has all the duties, powers, authority, and responsibilities of the commissioner under this section. All claims against the institution shall be filed with the receiver or liquidator within the applicable time specified in this section and the receiver or liquidator shall adjudicate the claims as provided in Subsection (2)(d).
- (f) The procedure established in this section is the sole remedy of claimants against an institution or its assets in the possession of the commissioner.
- (3) With respect to a claim which appears in the books and records of an institution or other person in the possession of the commissioner as a secured claim, which, for purposes of this section is a claim that constitutes an enforceable, perfected lien, evidenced in writing, on the assets or other property of the institution:
- (a) The commissioner shall allow or disallow each secured claim filed on or before the filing date within 30 days after receipt of the claim and shall notify each secured claimant by certified mail or in person of the basis for, and any conditions imposed on, the allowance or disallowance.
  - (b) For all allowed secured claims, the commissioner shall be bound by the terms,

- covenants, and conditions relating to the assets or other property subject to the claim, as set forth in the note, bond, or other security agreement which evidences the secured claim, unless the commissioner has given notice to the claimant of his intent to abandon the assets or other property subject to the secured claim at the time the commissioner gave the notice described in Subsection (3)(a).
- (c) No petition for lifting the stay provided by Section 7-2-7 may be filed with respect to a secured claim before the claim has been filed and allowed or disallowed by the commissioner in accordance with Subsection (3)(a).
  - (4) With respect to all other claims other than secured claims:
- (a) Each claim filed on or before the filing date shall be allowed or disallowed within 180 days after the final publication of notice.
- (b) If notice of disallowance is not served upon the claimant by the commissioner within 210 days after the date of final publication of notice, the claim is considered disallowed.
- (c) The rights of claimants and the amount of a claim shall be determined as of the date the commissioner took possession of the institution under this chapter. Claims based on contractual obligations of the institution in existence on the date of possession may be allowed unless the obligation of the institution is dependent on events occurring after the date of possession, or the amount or worth of the claim cannot be determined before any distribution of assets of the institution is made to claimants having the same priority under Section 7-2-15.
- (d) (i) An unliquidated claim against the institution, including claims based on alleged torts for which the institution would have been liable on the date the commissioner took possession of the institution and any claims for a right to an equitable remedy for breach of performance by the institution, may be filed in an estimated amount. The commissioner may disallow or allow the claim in an amount determined by the commissioner, settle the claim in an amount approved by the court, or, in his discretion, refer the claim to the court designated by Section 7-2-2 for determination in accordance with procedures designated by the court. If the institution held on the date of possession by the commissioner a policy of insurance that would apply to the liability asserted by the claimant, the commissioner, or any receiver appointed by him may assign to the claimant all rights of the institution under the insurance policy in full satisfaction of the claim.
  - (ii) If the commissioner finds there are or may be issues of fact or law as to the validity

- of a claim, liquidated or unliquidated, or its proper allowance or disallowance under the provisions of this chapter, he may appoint a hearing examiner to conduct a hearing and to prepare and submit recommended findings of fact and conclusions of law for final consideration by the commissioner. The hearing shall be conducted as provided in rules or regulations issued by the commissioner. The decision of the commissioner shall be based on the record before the hearing examiner and information the commissioner considers relevant and shall be subject to judicial review as provided in Subsection (9).
- (e) A claim may be disallowed if it is based on actions or documents intended to deceive the commissioner or any receiver or liquidator appointed by him.
- (f) The commissioner may defer payment of any claim filed on behalf of a person who was at any time in control of the institution within the meaning of Section 7-1-103, pending the final determination of all claims of the institution against that person.
- (g) The commissioner or any receiver appointed by him may disallow a claim that seeks a dollar amount if it is determined by the court having jurisdiction under Section 7-2-2 that the commissioner or receiver or conservator will not have any assets with which to pay the claim under the priorities established by Section 7-2-15.
- (h) The commissioner may adopt rules to establish such alternative dispute resolution processes as may be appropriate for the resolution of claims filed against an institution under this chapter.
- (i) In establishing alternative dispute resolution processes, the commissioner shall strive for procedures that are expeditious, fair, independent, and low cost. The commissioner shall seek to develop incentives for claimants to participate in the alternative dispute resolution process.
- (j) The commissioner may establish both binding and nonbinding processes, which may be conducted by any government or private party, but all parties, including the claimant and the commissioner or any receiver appointed by him, must agree to the use of the process in a particular case.
  - (5) (a) Claims filed after the filing date are disallowed, unless:
- (i) the claimant who did not file his claim timely demonstrates that he did not have notice or actual knowledge of the proceedings in time to file a timely proof of claim; and
  - (ii) proof of the claim was filed prior to the last distribution of assets. For the purpose

- of this subsection only, late filed claims may be allowed if proof was filed before the final distribution of assets of the institution to claimants of the same priority and are payable only out of the remaining assets of the institution.
  - (b) A late filed claim may be disallowed under any other provision of this section.
- (6) Debts owing to the United States or to any state or its subdivisions as a penalty or forfeiture are not allowed, except for the amount of the pecuniary loss sustained by the act, transaction, or proceeding out of which the penalty or forfeiture arose.
- (7) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection 7-2-15(1)(a), interest accruing on any claim after the commissioner has taken possession of an institution or other person under this chapter may be disallowed.
- (8) (a) A claim against an institution or its assets based on a contract or agreement may be disallowed unless the agreement:
  - (i) is in writing;
  - (ii) is otherwise a valid and enforceable contract; and
- (iii) has continuously, from the time of its execution, been an official record of the institution.
- (b) The requirements of this Subsection (8) do not apply to claims for goods sold or services rendered to an institution in the ordinary course of business by trade creditors who do not customarily use written agreements or other documents.
- (9) (a) Objection to any claim allowed or disallowed may be made by any depositor or other claimant by filing a written objection with the commissioner within 30 days after service of the notice of allowance or disallowance. The commissioner shall present the objection to the court for hearing and determination upon written notice to the claimant and to the filing party. The notice shall set forth the time and place of hearing. After the 30-day period, no objection may be filed. This Subsection (9) does not apply to secured claims allowed under Subsection (3).
- (b) The hearing shall be based on the record before the commissioner and any additional evidence the court allowed to provide the parties due process of law.
- (c) The court may not reverse or otherwise modify the determination of the commissioner with respect to the claim unless it finds the determination of the commissioner to be arbitrary, capricious, or otherwise contrary to law. The burden of proof is on the party

objecting to the determination of the commissioner.

- (d) An appeal from any final judgment of the court with respect to a claim may be taken as provided by law by the claimant, the commissioner, or any person having standing to object to the allowance or disallowance of the claim.
- (10) If a claim against the institution has been asserted in any judicial, administrative, or other proceeding pending at the time the commissioner took possession of the institution under this chapter or under Chapter 19, Acquisition of Failing Depository Institutions or Holding Companies, the claimant shall file copies of all documents of record in the pending proceeding with the commissioner within the time for filing claims as provided in Subsection (2). Such a claim shall be allowed or disallowed within 90 days of the receipt of the complete record of the proceedings. No application to lift the stay of a pending proceeding shall be filed until the claim has been allowed or disallowed. The commissioner may petition the court designated by Section 7-2-2 to lift the stay to determine whether the claim should be allowed or disallowed.
- (11) All claims allowed by the commissioner and not disallowed or otherwise modified by the court under Subsection (9), if not paid within 30 days after allowance, shall be evidenced by a certificate payable only out of the assets of the institution in the possession of the commissioner, subject to the priorities set forth in Section 7-2-15. This provision does not apply to a secured claim allowed by the commissioner under Subsection (3)(a).

Section 7. Section **8-5-6** is amended to read:

## 8-5-6. Alternative council or board procedures for notice -- Termination of rights -- Notice.

- (1) As an alternative to the procedures set forth in Sections 8-5-1 through 8-5-4, a municipal council or cemetery maintenance district board may pass a resolution demanding that the owner of a lot, site, or portion of the cemetery, which has been unused for burial purposes for more than 60 years, file with the county recorder, city recorder, or town clerk notice of any claim to the lot, site, or portion of the cemetery.
- (2) The municipal council or cemetery maintenance district board shall then cause a copy of the resolution to be personally served on the owner in the same manner as personal service of process in a civil action. The resolution shall notify the owner that the owner shall, within 60 days after service of the resolution on the owner, express interest in maintaining the

cemetery lot, site, or portion of the cemetery and submit satisfactory evidence of an intention to use the lot, site, or portion of the cemetery for a burial.

- (3) If the owner cannot be personally served with the resolution of the municipal council or cemetery maintenance district board as required in Subsection (2), the municipal council or cemetery maintenance district board shall:
- (a) publish [its resolution on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601] the resolution for the municipality or cemetery maintenance district as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 for three weeks; and
- (b) mail a copy of the resolution within 14 days after the publication to the owner's last known address, if available.
- (4) If, for 30 days after the last date of service or publication of the municipal council's or cemetery maintenance district board's resolution, the owner or person with a legal interest in the cemetery lot fails to state a valid interest in the use of the cemetery lot, site, or portion of the cemetery for burial purposes, the owner's rights are terminated and that portion of the cemetery shall be vested in the municipality or cemetery maintenance district.
  - Section 8. Section **9-8-805** is amended to read:

## 9-8-805. Collecting institutions -- Perfecting title -- Notice.

- (1) (a) A collecting institution wishing to perfect title in any reposited materials held by it shall send, by registered mail, a notice containing the information required by Subsection (2) to the last-known address of the last-known owner of the property.
- (b) In addition to the requirements of Subsection (1)(a), a collecting institution shall publish a notice containing the information required by Subsection (2) if:
  - (i) the owner or the address of the owner of the reposited materials is unknown;
- (ii) the mailed notice is returned to the collecting institution without a forwarding address; or
- (iii) the owner does not claim the reposited materials within 90 days after the day on which the notice was mailed.
- (c) If required to publish a notice under Subsection (1)(b), the collecting institution[<del>, in</del> accordance with Section 45-1-101<del>,</del>] shall publish the notice:
- (i) [at least once per week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in] for the county where the collecting institution is located as a class A notice

364	under Section 03G-28-102, and
585	(ii) [on the public legal notice website for at least two weeks] as required in Section
586	<u>45-1-101</u> .
587	(2) Each notice required by this section shall include:
588	(a) the name, if known, and the last-known address, if any, of the last-known owner of
589	the reposited materials;
590	(b) a description of the reposited materials;
591	(c) the name of the collecting institution that has possession of the reposited materials
592	and a person within that institution whom the owner may contact; and
593	(d) a statement that if the reposited materials are not claimed within 90 days from the
594	day on which the notice is published in accordance with Subsection (1)(b), the reposited
595	materials are considered abandoned and become the property of the collecting institution.
596	(3) If no one claims reposited materials within 90 days after the day on which notice is
597	published in accordance with Subsection (1)(b), the reposited materials are considered
598	abandoned and are the property of the collecting institution.
599	Section 9. Section <b>10-2-406</b> is amended to read:
600	10-2-406. Notice of certification Providing notice of petition.
601	(1) After receipt of the notice of certification from the city recorder or town clerk under
602	Subsection 10-2-405(2)(c)(i), the municipal legislative body shall provide notice:
603	(a) [within] for the area proposed for annexation and the unincorporated area within
604	1/2 mile of the area proposed for annexation, as a class C notice under Section 63G-28-102 no
605	later than 10 days after the day on which the municipal legislative body receives the notice of
606	certification[:]; and
607	[(i) by posting one notice, and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population
608	within the combined area, in places within the combined area that are most likely to give notice
609	to the residents within, and the owners of real property located within, the combined area,
610	subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or]
611	[(ii) by mailing the notice to each residence within, and to each owner of real property
612	located within, the combined area;]
613	[(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
614	63A-16-601, for three weeks, beginning no later than 10 days after the day on which the

615	municipal legislative body receives the notice of certification;]
616	[(c)] (b) within 20 days after the day on which the municipal legislative body receives
617	the notice of certification, by mailing written notice to each affected entity[; and].
618	[(d) if the municipality has a website, by posting notice on the municipality's website
619	for the period of time described in Subsection (1)(b).]
620	(2) The notice described in Subsection (1) shall:
621	(a) state that a petition has been filed with the municipality proposing the annexation of
622	an area to the municipality;
623	(b) state the date of the municipal legislative body's receipt of the notice of certification
624	under Subsection 10-2-405(2)(c)(i);
625	(c) describe the area proposed for annexation in the annexation petition;
626	(d) state that the complete annexation petition is available for inspection and copying at
627	the office of the city recorder or town clerk;
628	(e) state in conspicuous and plain terms that the municipality may grant the petition
629	and annex the area described in the petition unless, within the time required under Subsection
630	10-2-407(2)(a)(i), a written protest to the annexation petition is filed with the commission and
631	a copy of the protest delivered to the city recorder or town clerk of the proposed annexing
632	municipality;
633	(f) state the address of the commission or, if a commission has not yet been created in
634	the county, the county clerk, where a protest to the annexation petition may be filed;
635	(g) state that the area proposed for annexation to the municipality will also
636	automatically be annexed to a local district providing fire protection, paramedic, and
637	emergency services or a local district providing law enforcement service, as the case may be, as
638	provided in Section 17B-1-416, if:
639	(i) the proposed annexing municipality is entirely within the boundaries of a local
640	district:
641	(A) that provides fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services or law
642	enforcement service, respectively; and
643	(B) in the creation of which an election was not required because of Subsection
644	17B-1-214(3)(c); and

(ii) the area proposed to be annexed to the municipality is not already within the

	646	boundaries	of the	local	district;	and
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- (h) state that the area proposed for annexation to the municipality will be automatically withdrawn from a local district providing fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services or a local district providing law enforcement service, as the case may be, as provided in Subsection 17B-1-502(2), if:
- (i) the petition proposes the annexation of an area that is within the boundaries of a local district:
- (A) that provides fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services or law enforcement service, respectively; and
- (B) in the creation of which an election was not required because of Subsection 17B-1-214(3)(c); and
- (ii) the proposed annexing municipality is not within the boundaries of the local district.
- (3) (a) The statement required by Subsection (2)(e) shall state the deadline for filing a written protest in terms of the actual date rather than by reference to the statutory citation.
- (b) In addition to the requirements under Subsection (2), a notice under Subsection (1) for a proposed annexation of an area within a county of the first class shall include a statement that a protest to the annexation petition may be filed with the commission by property owners if it contains the signatures of the owners of private real property that:
- (i) is located in the unincorporated area within 1/2 mile of the area proposed for annexation;
- (ii) covers at least 25% of the private land area located in the unincorporated area within 1/2 mile of the area proposed for annexation; and
- (iii) is equal in value to at least 15% of all real property located in the unincorporated area within 1/2 mile of the area proposed for annexation.
  - Section 10. Section **10-2-407** is amended to read:
- 10-2-407. Protest to annexation petition -- Planning advisory area planning commission recommendation -- Petition requirements -- Disposition of petition if no protest filed -- Public hearing and notice.
  - (1) A protest to an annexation petition under Section 10-2-403 may only be filed by:
  - (a) the legislative body or governing board of an affected entity;

677	(b) an owner of rural real property;
678	(c) for a proposed annexation of an area within a county of the first class, an owner of
679	private real property that:
680	(i) is located in the unincorporated area within 1/2 mile of the area proposed for
681	annexation;
682	(ii) covers at least 25% of the private land area located in the unincorporated area
683	within 1/2 mile of the area proposed for annexation; and
684	(iii) is equal in value to at least 15% of all real property located in the unincorporated
685	area within 1/2 mile of the area proposed for annexation; or
686	(d) an owner of private real property located in a mining protection area.
687	(2) Each protest under Subsection (1) shall:
688	(a) be filed:
689	(i) no later than 30 days after the municipal legislative body's receipt of the notice of
690	certification under Subsection 10-2-405(2)(c)(i); and
691	(ii) (A) in a county that has already created a commission under Section 10-2-409, with
692	the commission; or
693	(B) in a county that has not yet created a commission under Section 10-2-409, with the
694	clerk of the county in which the area proposed for annexation is located;
695	(b) state each reason for the protest of the annexation petition and, if the area proposed
696	to be annexed is located in a specified county, justification for the protest under the standards
697	established in this chapter;
698	(c) if the area proposed to be annexed is located in a specified county, contain other
699	information that the commission by rule requires or that the party filing the protest considers
700	pertinent; and
701	(d) contain the name and address of a contact person who is to receive notices sent by
702	the commission with respect to the protest proceedings.
703	(3) The party filing a protest under this section shall on the same date deliver or mail a
704	copy of the protest to the city recorder or town clerk of the proposed annexing municipality.
705	(4) Each clerk who receives a protest under Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(B) shall:
706	(a) immediately notify the county legislative body of the protest; and

(b) deliver the protest to the boundary commission within five days after:

described in Subsection (7)(a)(i);]

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708 (i) receipt of the protest, if the boundary commission has previously been created; or 709 (ii) creation of the boundary commission under Subsection 10-2-409(1)(b), if the 710 boundary commission has not previously been created. 711 (5) (a) If a protest is filed under this section: 712 (i) the municipal legislative body may, at its next regular meeting after expiration of 713 the deadline under Subsection (2)(a)(i), deny the annexation petition; or 714 (ii) if the municipal legislative body does not deny the annexation petition under 715 Subsection (5)(a)(i), the municipal legislative body may take no further action on the 716 annexation petition until after receipt of the commission's notice of its decision on the protest 717 under Section 10-2-416. 718 (b) If a municipal legislative body denies an annexation petition under Subsection 719 (5)(a)(i), the municipal legislative body shall, within five days after the denial, send notice of 720 the denial in writing to: 721 (i) the contact sponsor of the annexation petition; 722 (ii) the commission; and 723 (iii) each entity that filed a protest. 724 (6) If no timely protest is filed under this section, the municipal legislative body may, 725 subject to Subsection (7), approve the petition. 726 (7) Before approving an annexation petition under Subsection (6), the municipal 727 legislative body shall hold a public hearing and provide notice of the public hearing[:] by 728 publishing the notice for the municipality and the area proposed for annexation as a class A 729 notice under Section 63G-28-102, at least seven days before the date of the public hearing. 730 [(a) (i) at least seven days before the day of the public hearing, by posting one notice, 731 and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population within the municipality and the area 732 proposed for annexation, in places within that combined area that are most likely to give notice 733 to the residents within, and the owners of real property located within, the combined area, 734 subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or 735 (ii) at least 10 days before the day of the public hearing, by mailing the notice to each 736 residence within, and to each owner of real property located within, the combined area

[(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section

739	63A-16-601, for seven days before the day of the public hearing; and
740	[(c) if the municipality has a website, by posting notice on the municipality's website
741	for seven days before the day of the public hearing.]
742	(8) (a) Subject to Subsection (8)(b), only a person or entity that is described in
743	Subsection (1) has standing to challenge an annexation in district court.
744	(b) A person or entity described in Subsection (1) may only bring an action in district
745	court to challenge an annexation if the person or entity has timely filed a protest as described in
746	Subsection (2) and exhausted the administrative remedies described in this section.
747	Section 11. Section 10-2-415 is amended to read:
748	10-2-415. Public hearing Notice.
749	(1) (a) If the results of the feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study meet the
750	requirements of Subsection 10-2-416(3) with respect to a proposed annexation of an area
751	located in a county of the first class, the commission shall hold a public hearing within 30 days
752	after the day on which the commission receives the feasibility study or supplemental feasibility
753	study results.
754	(b) At the public hearing described in Subsection (1)(a), the commission shall:
755	(i) require the feasibility consultant to present the results of the feasibility study and, if
756	applicable, the supplemental feasibility study;
757	(ii) allow those present to ask questions of the feasibility consultant regarding the study
758	results; and
759	(iii) allow those present to speak to the issue of annexation.
760	(2) The commission shall provide notice of the public hearing described in Subsection
761	(1)(a) [within] for the area proposed for annexation, the surrounding 1/2 mile of unincorporated
762	area, and the proposed annexing municipality[:], as a class C notice under Section 63G-28-102,
763	at least two weeks before the date of the public hearing.
764	[(a) (i) at least two weeks before the day of the public hearing, by posting one notice,
765	and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population within the combined area, in places
766	within the combined area that are most likely to give notice of the public hearing to the
767	residents within, and the owners of real property located within, the combined area, subject to a
768	maximum of 10 notices or

[(ii) by mailing notice to each residence within, and to each owner of real property

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771	[(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
772	63A-16-601, for two weeks before the day of the public hearing;]
773	[(c) by sending written notice of the public hearing to the municipal legislative body of
774	the proposed annexing municipality, the contact sponsor on the annexation petition, each entity
775	that filed a protest, and, if a protest was filed under Subsection 10-2-407(1)(c), the contact
776	person;]
777	[(d) if the municipality has a website, by posting notice on the municipality's website
778	for two weeks before the day of the public hearing; and]
779	[(e) by posting notice on the county's website for two weeks before the day of the
780	public hearing.]
781	(3) The notice described in Subsection (2) shall:
782	(a) be entitled, "notice of annexation hearing";
783	(b) state the name of the annexing municipality;
784	(c) describe the area proposed for annexation; and
785	(d) specify the following sources where an individual may obtain a copy of the
786	feasibility study conducted in relation to the proposed annexation:
787	(i) if the municipality has a website, the municipality's website;
788	(ii) a municipality's physical address; and
789	(iii) a mailing address and telephone number.
790	(4) Within 30 days after the time under Subsection 10-2-407(2) for filing a protest has
791	expired with respect to a proposed annexation of an area located in a specified county, the
792	boundary commission shall hold a hearing on all protests that were filed with respect to the
793	proposed annexation.
794	(5) At least 14 days before the date of a hearing described in Subsection (4), the
795	commission chair shall provide notice of the hearing[:] for the area proposed for annexation as
796	a class C notice under Section 63G-28-102.
797	[(a) (i) by posting one notice, and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population
798	within the area proposed for annexation, in places within the area that are most likely to give
799	notice of the hearing to the residents within, and the owners of real property located within, the
800	area, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or

801	[(ii) by mailing notice to each resident within, and each owner of real property located
802	within, the area proposed for annexation;]
803	[(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
804	63A-16-601, for 14 days before the day of the hearing;]
805	[(c) if the municipality has a website, by posting notice on the municipality's website
806	for two weeks before the day of the public hearing; and]
807	[(d) by posting notice on the county's website for two weeks before the day of the
808	public hearing.]
809	(6) Each notice described in Subsection (5) shall:
810	(a) state the date, time, and place of the hearing;
811	(b) briefly summarize the nature of the protest; and
812	(c) state that a copy of the protest is on file at the commission's office.
813	(7) The commission may continue a hearing under Subsection (4) from time to time,
814	but no continued hearing may be held later than 60 days after the original hearing date.
815	(8) In considering protests, the commission shall consider whether the proposed
816	annexation:
817	(a) complies with the requirements of Sections 10-2-402 and 10-2-403 and the
818	annexation policy plan of the proposed annexing municipality;
819	(b) conflicts with the annexation policy plan of another municipality; and
820	(c) if the proposed annexation includes urban development, will have an adverse tax
821	consequence on the remaining unincorporated area of the county.
822	(9) (a) The commission shall record each hearing under this section by electronic
823	means.
824	(b) A transcription of the recording under Subsection (9)(a), the feasibility study, if
825	applicable, information received at the hearing, and the written decision of the commission
826	shall constitute the record of the hearing.
827	Section 12. Section 10-2-418 is amended to read:
828	10-2-418. Annexation of an island or peninsula without a petition Notice
829	Hearing.
830	(1) As used in Subsection (2)(b)(ii), for purposes of an annexation conducted in
831	accordance with this section of an area located within a county of the first class,

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- "municipal-type services" does not include a service provided by a municipality pursuant to a contract that the municipality has with another political subdivision as "political subdivision" is defined in Section 17B-1-102.

  (2) Notwithstanding Subsection 10-2-402(2), a municipality may annex an unincorporated area under this section without an annexation petition if:
  - (a) for an unincorporated area within the expansion area of more than one municipality, each municipality agrees to the annexation; and
  - (b) (i) (A) the area to be annexed consists of one or more unincorporated islands within or unincorporated peninsulas contiguous to the municipality;
  - (B) the majority of each island or peninsula consists of residential or commercial development;
  - (C) the area proposed for annexation requires the delivery of municipal-type services; and
- 845 (D) the municipality has provided most or all of the municipal-type services to the area 846 for more than one year;
  - (ii) (A) the area to be annexed consists of one or more unincorporated islands within or unincorporated peninsulas contiguous to the municipality, each of which has fewer than 800 residents; and
  - (B) the municipality has provided one or more municipal-type services to the area for at least one year;
    - (iii) the area consists of:
  - (A) an unincorporated island within or an unincorporated peninsula contiguous to the municipality; and
  - (B) for an area outside of the county of the first class proposed for annexation, no more than 50 acres; or
  - (iv) (A) the area to be annexed consists only of one or more unincorporated islands in a county of the second class;
    - (B) the area to be annexed is located in the expansion area of a municipality; and
  - (C) the county legislative body in which the municipality is located provides notice to each property owner within the area to be annexed that the county legislative body will hold a public hearing, no less than 15 days after the day on which the county legislative body provides

the notice, and may make a recommendation of annexation to the municipality whose expansion area includes the area to be annexed after the public hearing.

- (3) Notwithstanding Subsection 10-2-402(1)(b)(iii), a municipality may annex a portion of an unincorporated island or unincorporated peninsula under this section, leaving unincorporated the remainder of the unincorporated island or unincorporated peninsula, if:
- (a) in adopting the resolution under Subsection (5)(a) the municipal legislative body determines that not annexing the entire unincorporated island or unincorporated peninsula is in the municipality's best interest; and
- (b) for an annexation of one or more unincorporated islands under Subsection (2)(b), the entire island of unincorporated area, of which a portion is being annexed, complies with the requirement of Subsection (2)(b)(ii) relating to the number of residents.
- (4) (a) This Subsection (4) applies only to an annexation within a county of the first class.
- (b) A county of the first class shall agree to an annexation if the majority of private property owners within the area to be annexed give written consent to the annexation, in accordance with Subsection (4)(d), to the recorder of the annexing municipality.
- (c) For purposes of Subsection (4)(b), the majority of private property owners is property owners who own:
- (i) the majority of the total private land area within the area proposed for annexation; and
- (ii) private real property equal to at least 1/2 the value of private real property within the area proposed for annexation.
- (d) A property owner consenting to annexation shall indicate the property owner's consent on a form which includes language in substantially the following form:

"Notice: If this written consent is used to proceed with an annexation of your property in accordance with Utah Code Section 10-2-418, no public election is required by law to approve the annexation. If you sign this consent and later decide you do not want to support the annexation of your property, you may withdraw your signature by submitting a signed, written withdrawal with the recorder or clerk of [name of annexing municipality]. If you choose to withdraw your signature, you must do so no later than the close of the public hearing on the annexation conducted in accordance with Utah Code Subsection 10-2-418(4)(d)."

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894 (e) A private property owner may withdraw the property owner's signature indicating 895 consent by submitting a signed, written withdrawal with the recorder or clerk no later than the 896 close of the public hearing held in accordance with Subsection (5)(b). 897 (5) The legislative body of each municipality intending to annex an area under this 898 section shall: 899 (a) adopt a resolution indicating the municipal legislative body's intent to annex the 900 area, describing the area proposed to be annexed; and 901 (b) hold a public hearing on the proposed annexation no earlier than 30 days after the 902 adoption of the resolution described in Subsection (5)(a). 903 (6) A legislative body described in Subsection (5) shall provide notice of a public 904 hearing described in Subsection (5)(b): 905 (a) [(i)] at least three weeks before the day of the public hearing, [by posting one 906 notice, and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population in for the municipality and the 907 area proposed for annexation, [in places within the combined area that are most likely to give 908 notice to the residents within, and the owners of real property located within, the combined area, subject to a maximum of 10 notices] as a class C notice under Section 63G-28-102; [or] 909 910 and 911 (ii) at least three weeks before the day of the public hearing, by mailing notice to each 912 residence within, and each owner of real property located within, the combined area described 913 in Subsection (6)(a)(i); 914 [(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section 915 63A-16-601, for three weeks before the day of the public hearing; 916 [(c)] (b) by sending written notice to: 917 (i) the board of each local district and special service district whose boundaries contain 918 some or all of the area proposed for annexation; and 919 (ii) the legislative body of the county in which the area proposed for annexation is 920 located[; and].

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[(d) if the municipality has a website, by posting notice on the municipality's website

(7) The legislative body of the annexing municipality shall ensure that:

for three weeks before the day of the public hearing.]

(a) each notice described in Subsection (6):

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925 (i) states that the municipal legislative body has adopted a resolution indicating the 926 municipality's intent to annex the area proposed for annexation; 927 (ii) states the date, time, and place of the public hearing described in Subsection (5)(b): 928 (iii) describes the area proposed for annexation; and 929 (iv) except for an annexation that meets the requirements of Subsection (8)(b) or (c), 930 states in conspicuous and plain terms that the municipal legislative body will annex the area 931 unless, at or before the public hearing described in Subsection (5)(b), written protests to the 932 annexation are filed by the owners of private real property that: 933 (A) is located within the area proposed for annexation; 934 (B) covers a majority of the total private land area within the entire area proposed for 935 annexation; and 936 (C) is equal in value to at least 1/2 the value of all private real property within the 937 entire area proposed for annexation; and 938 (b) the first publication of the notice described in Subsection (6)(a) occurs within 14 939 days after the day on which the municipal legislative body adopts a resolution under Subsection 940 (5)(a). 941 (8) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (8)(b)(i) and (8)(c)(i), upon conclusion of the 942 public hearing described in Subsection (5)(b), the municipal legislative body may adopt an 943 ordinance approving the annexation of the area proposed for annexation under this section 944 unless, at or before the hearing, written protests to the annexation have been filed with the 945 recorder or clerk of the municipality by the owners of private real property that: 946 (i) is located within the area proposed for annexation; 947 (ii) covers a majority of the total private land area within the entire area proposed for 948 annexation; and 949 (iii) is equal in value to at least 1/2 the value of all private real property within the 950 entire area proposed for annexation. 951 (b) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(a), upon conclusion of the public hearing 952 described in Subsection (5)(b), a municipality may adopt an ordinance approving the

annexation of the area proposed for annexation under this section without allowing or

considering protests under Subsection (8)(a) if the owners of at least 75% of the total private

land area within the entire area proposed for annexation, representing at least 75% of the value

of the private real property within the entire area proposed for annexation, have consented in writing to the annexation.

- (ii) Upon the effective date under Section 10-2-425 of an annexation approved by an ordinance adopted under Subsection (8)(b)(i), the area annexed is conclusively presumed to be validly annexed.
- (c) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(a), upon conclusion of the public hearing described in Subsection (5)(b), a municipality may adopt an ordinance approving the annexation of an area that the county legislative body proposes for annexation under this section without allowing or considering protests under Subsection (8)(a) if the county legislative body has formally recommended annexation to the annexing municipality and has made a formal finding that:
- (A) the area to be annexed can be more efficiently served by the municipality than by the county;
- (B) the area to be annexed is not likely to be naturally annexed by the municipality in the future as the result of urban development;
- (C) annexation of the area is likely to facilitate the consolidation of overlapping functions of local government; and
- (D) annexation of the area is likely to result in an equitable distribution of community resources and obligations.
- (ii) The county legislative body may base the finding required in Subsection (8)(c)(i)(B) on:
  - (A) existing development in the area;
  - (B) natural or other conditions that may limit the future development of the area; or
  - (C) other factors that the county legislative body considers relevant.
- (iii) A county legislative body may make the recommendation for annexation required in Subsection (8)(c)(i) for only a portion of an unincorporated island if, as a result of information provided at the public hearing, the county legislative body makes a formal finding that it would be equitable to leave a portion of the island unincorporated.
- (iv) If a county legislative body has made a recommendation of annexation under Subsection (8)(c)(i):
  - (A) the relevant municipality is not required to proceed with the recommended

987 annexation; and

- (B) if the relevant municipality proceeds with annexation, the municipality shall annex the entire area that the county legislative body recommended for annexation.
- (v) Upon the effective date under Section 10-2-425 of an annexation approved by an ordinance adopted under Subsection (8)(c)(i), the area annexed is conclusively presumed to be validly annexed.
- (9) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (8)(b)(i) and (8)(c)(i), if protests are timely filed under Subsection (8)(a), the municipal legislative body may not adopt an ordinance approving the annexation of the area proposed for annexation, and the annexation proceedings under this section shall be considered terminated.
- (b) Subsection (9)(a) does not prohibit the municipal legislative body from excluding from a proposed annexation under Subsection (2)(b) the property within an unincorporated island regarding which protests have been filed and proceeding under Subsection (3) to annex some or all of the remaining portion of the unincorporated island.
  - Section 13. Section 10-2-419 is amended to read:

## 10-2-419. Boundary adjustment -- Notice and hearing -- Protest.

- (1) The legislative bodies of two or more municipalities having common boundaries may adjust their common boundaries as provided in this section.
- (2) The legislative body of each municipality intending to adjust a boundary that is common with another municipality shall:
- (a) adopt a resolution indicating the intent of the municipal legislative body to adjust a common boundary; and
- (b) hold a public hearing on the proposed adjustment no less than 60 days after the adoption of the resolution under Subsection (2)(a).
- (3) A legislative body described in Subsection (2) shall provide notice of a public hearing described in Subsection (2)(b):
- [(a) (i) at least three weeks before the day of the public hearing, by posting one notice, and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population of the municipality, in places within the municipality that are most likely to give notice to residents of the municipality, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or]
  - [(ii) at least three weeks before the day of the public hearing, by mailing notice to each

1018	residence in the municipality;
1019	[(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
1020	63A-16-601, for three weeks before the day of the public hearing;]
1021	(a) for the municipality as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least three
1022	weeks before the day of the public hearing; and
1023	[(c)] (b) if the proposed boundary adjustment may cause any part of real property
1024	owned by the state to be within the geographic boundary of a different local governmental
1025	entity than before the adjustment, by providing written notice, at least 50 days before the day of
1026	the public hearing, to:
1027	(i) the title holder of any state-owned real property described in this Subsection $[\frac{(3)(d)}{(3)}]$
1028	(3)(b); and
1029	(ii) the Utah State Developmental Center Board, created under Section 62A-5-202.5, if
1030	any state-owned real property described in this Subsection $[(3)(d)]$ is associated with the
1031	Utah State Developmental Center[; and].
1032	[(d) if the municipality has a website, by posting notice on the municipality's website
1033	for three weeks before the day of the public hearing.]
1034	(4) The notice described in Subsection (3) shall:
1035	(a) state that the municipal legislative body has adopted a resolution indicating the
1036	municipal legislative body's intent to adjust a boundary that the municipality has in common
1037	with another municipality;
1038	(b) describe the area proposed to be adjusted;
1039	(c) state the date, time, and place of the public hearing described in Subsection (2)(b);
1040	(d) state in conspicuous and plain terms that the municipal legislative body will adjust
1041	the boundaries unless, at or before the public hearing described in Subsection (2)(b), a written
1042	protest to the adjustment is filed by:
1043	(i) an owner of private real property that:
1044	(A) is located within the area proposed for adjustment;
1045	(B) covers at least 25% of the total private land area within the area proposed for
1046	adjustment; and
1047	(C) is equal in value to at least 15% of the value of all private real property within the
1048	area proposed for adjustment; or

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- (ii) a title holder of state-owned real property described in Subsection [(3)(d)] (3)(b); (e) state that the area that is the subject of the boundary adjustment will, because of the boundary adjustment, be automatically annexed to a local district providing fire protection.
  - boundary adjustment, be automatically annexed to a local district providing fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services or a local district providing law enforcement service, as the case may be, as provided in Section 17B-1-416, if:
  - (i) the municipality to which the area is being added because of the boundary adjustment is entirely within the boundaries of a local district:
  - (A) that provides fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services or law enforcement service, respectively; and
  - (B) in the creation of which an election was not required because of Subsection 17B-1-214(3)(c); and
  - (ii) the municipality from which the area is being taken because of the boundary adjustment is not within the boundaries of the local district; and
  - (f) state that the area proposed for annexation to the municipality will be automatically withdrawn from a local district providing fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services, as provided in Subsection 17B-1-502(2), if:
  - (i) the municipality to which the area is being added because of the boundary adjustment is not within the boundaries of a local district:
    - (A) that provides fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services; and
  - (B) in the creation of which an election was not required because of Subsection 17B-1-214(3)(c); and
  - (ii) the municipality from which the area is being taken because of the boundary adjustment is entirely within the boundaries of the local district.
  - (5) Upon conclusion of the public hearing described in Subsection (2)(b), the municipal legislative body may adopt an ordinance approving the adjustment of the common boundary unless, at or before the hearing described in Subsection (2)(b), a written protest to the adjustment is filed with the city recorder or town clerk by a person described in Subsection [(3)(c)(i) or (ii).] (3)(b)(i) or (ii).
  - (6) The municipal legislative body shall comply with the requirements of Section 10-2-425 as if the boundary adjustment were an annexation.
    - (7) (a) An ordinance adopted under Subsection (5) becomes effective when each

1080	municipality involved in the boundary adjustment has adopted an ordinance under Subsection
1081	(5).
1082	(b) The effective date of a boundary adjustment under this section is governed by
1083	Section 10-2-425.
1084	Section 14. Section 10-2-501 is amended to read:
1085	10-2-501. Municipal disconnection Definitions Request for disconnection
1086	Requirements upon filing request Notice.
1087	(1) As used in this part "petitioner" means:
1088	(a) one or more persons who:
1089	(i) own title to real property within the area proposed for disconnection; and
1090	(ii) sign a request for disconnection proposing to disconnect the area proposed for
1091	disconnection from the municipality; or
1092	(b) the mayor of the municipality within which the area proposed for disconnection is
1093	located who signs a request for disconnection proposing to disconnect the area proposed for
1094	disconnection from the municipality.
1095	(2) (a) A petitioner proposing to disconnect an area within and lying on the borders of a
1096	municipality shall file with that municipality's legislative body a request for disconnection.
1097	(b) Each request for disconnection shall:
1098	(i) contain the names, addresses, and signatures of the owners of more than 50% of any
1099	private real property in the area proposed for disconnection;
1100	(ii) give the reasons for the proposed disconnection;
1101	(iii) include a map or plat of the territory proposed for disconnection; and
1102	(iv) designate between one and five persons with authority to act on the petitioner's
1103	behalf in the proceedings.
1104	(3) Upon [filing the] receiving a request for disconnection, [the petitioner] a municipal
1105	<u>legislative body</u> shall publish notice of the request:
1106	[(a) (i) once a week for three consecutive weeks before the public hearing described in
1107	Section 10-2-502.5 in a newspaper of general circulation within the municipality; or]
1108	[(ii) if there is no newspaper of general circulation in the municipality, at least three
1109	weeks before the day of the public hearing described in Section 10-2-502.5, by posting one
1110	notice, and at least one additional notice per 2.000 population of the municipality, in places

1111	within the municipality that are most likely to give notice to the residents within, and the
1112	owners of real property located within, the municipality, including the residents who live in the
1113	area proposed for disconnection;]
1114	[(b) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for three weeks
1115	before the day of the public hearing described in Section 10-2-502.5;]
1116	[(c)] (a) in accordance with the legal notice requirements described in Section
1117	45-1-101, for three weeks before the day of the public hearing described in Section 10-2-502.5;
1118	<u>and</u>
1119	[(d)] (b) [by mailing notice to each:] for the area proposed to be disconnected as a class
1120	C notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least three weeks before the day of the public hearing
1121	described in Section 10-2-502.5.
1122	[(i) owner of real property located within the area proposed to be disconnected; and]
1123	[(ii) residence within the area proposed to be disconnected;]
1124	[(e) by delivering a copy of the request to the legislative body of the county in which
1125	the area proposed for disconnection is located; and]
1126	[(f) if the municipality has a website, on the municipality's website for three weeks
1127	before the day of the public hearing.]
1128	(4) A municipal legislative body may bill the petitioner for the cost of preparing,
1129	printing, and publishing the notice required under Subsection (3).
1130	Section 15. Section 10-2-502.5 is amended to read:
1131	10-2-502.5. Hearing on request for disconnection Notice Determination by
1132	municipal legislative body Petition in district court.
1133	(1) No sooner than three weeks after notice is provided under Subsection 10-2-501(3),
1134	the legislative body of the municipality in which the area proposed for disconnection is located
1135	shall hold a public hearing.
1136	(2) The municipal legislative body shall provide notice of the public hearing:
1137	(a) at least seven days before the hearing date, in writing to the petitioner and to the
1138	legislative body of the county in which the area proposed for disconnection is located; and
1139	(b) for the municipality as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least 10 days
1140	before the hearing date.
1141	(b) (i) at least seven days before the hearing date, by posting one notice, and at least

1142	one additional notice per 2,000 population of the municipality, in places within the
1143	municipality that are most likely to give notice to residents within, and the owners of real
1144	property located within, the municipality, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or]
1145	[(ii) at least 10 days before the hearing date, by mailing notice to each residence within,
1146	and each owner of real property located within, the municipality;]
1147	[(c) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
1148	63A-16-601, for seven days before the hearing date; and]
1149	[(d) if the municipality has a website, by posting notice on the municipality's website
1150	for seven days before the hearing date.]
1151	(3) In the public hearing, any person may speak and submit documents regarding the
1152	disconnection proposal.
1153	(4) Within 45 calendar days of the hearing, the municipal legislative body shall:
1154	(a) determine whether to grant the request for disconnection; and
1155	(b) if the municipality determines to grant the request, adopt an ordinance approving
1156	disconnection of the area from the municipality.
1157	(5) (a) A petition against the municipality challenging the municipal legislative body's
1158	determination under Subsection (4) may be filed in district court by:
1159	(i) the petitioner; or
1160	(ii) the county in which the area proposed for disconnection is located.
1161	(b) Each petition under Subsection (5)(a) shall include a copy of the request for
1162	disconnection.
1163	Section 16. Section 10-2-607 is amended to read:
1164	10-2-607. Notice of election.
1165	If the county legislative bodies find that the resolution or petition for consolidation and
1166	their attachments substantially conform with the requirements of this part, the county
1167	legislative bodies shall, at least four weeks before the day of the election, publish notice of the
1168	election for consolidation as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102 to the voters of each
1169	municipality that would become part of the consolidated municipality[:].
1170	[(1) (a) at least four weeks before the day of the election, by posting one notice, and at
1171	least one additional notice per 2,000 population of the municipality, in places within the
1172	municipality that are most likely to give notice to the voters in the municipality or

1173	(b) at least four weeks before the day of the election, by mailing notice to each
1174	registered voter in the municipality;]
1175	[(2) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for at least four
1176	weeks before the day of the election; and]
1177	[(3) if the municipality has a website, on the municipality's website for at least four
1178	weeks before the day of the election.]
1179	Section 17. Section 10-2-703 is amended to read:
1180	10-2-703. Providing notice of election.
1181	(1) Immediately after setting the date for the election, the court shall order for notice to
1182	be provided of the:
1183	(a) petition; and
1184	(b) date the election is to be held to determine the question of dissolution.
1185	(2) The notice described in Subsection (1) shall be provided[:] for the municipality as a
1186	class B notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least one month before the day of the election.
1187	[(a) (i) at least four weeks before the day of the election, by posting one notice, and at
1188	least one additional notice per 2,000 population of the municipality, in places within the
1189	municipality that are most likely to give notice to the voters in the municipality, subject to a
1190	maximum of 10 notices; or]
1191	[(ii) at least one month before the day of the election, by mailing notice to each
1192	registered voter in the municipality;]
1193	[(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
1194	63A-16-601, for four weeks before the day of the election; and]
1195	[(c) if the municipality has a website, by posting notice on the municipality's website
1196	for four weeks before the day of the election.]
1197	Section 18. Section 10-2-708 is amended to read:
1198	10-2-708. Notice of disincorporation.
1199	When a municipality has been dissolved, the clerk of the court shall provide notice of
1200	the dissolution[:] for the county as a class C notice under Section 63G-28-102.
1201	[(1) (a) by posting one notice, and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population of
1202	the county in places within the county that are most likely to give notice to the residents within,
1203	and the owners of real property located within, the county, including the residents and owners

1204	within the municipality that is dissolved, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or]
1205	[(b) by mailing notice to each residence within, and each owner of real property located
1206	within, the county;]
1207	[(2) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
1208	63A-16-601, for four weeks;]
1209	[(3) if the municipality has a website, by posting notice on the municipality's website
1210	for four weeks; and]
1211	[(4) by posting notice on the county's website for four weeks.]
1212	Section 19. Section 10-2a-207 is amended to read:
1213	10-2a-207. Public hearings on feasibility study results Exclusions of property
1214	from proposed municipality Notice of hearings.
1215	(1) As used in this section, "specified landowner" means the same as that term is
1216	defined in Section 10-2a-203.
1217	(2) If the results of the feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study comply with
1218	Subsection 10-2a-205(6)(a), the lieutenant governor shall, after receipt of the results of the
1219	feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study, conduct two public hearings in accordance
1220	with this section.
1221	(3) (a) If an area proposed for incorporation is approved for annexation after the
1222	feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study is conducted but before the lieutenant
1223	governor conducts the first public hearing under Subsection (4), the lieutenant governor may
1224	not conduct the first public hearing under Subsection (4) unless:
1225	(i) the sponsors of the feasibility study file a modified request for a feasibility study in
1226	accordance with Section 10-2a-206; and
1227	(ii) the results of the supplemental feasibility study comply with Subsection
1228	10-2a-205(6)(a).
1229	(b) For purposes of Subsection (3)(a), an area is approved for annexation if a condition
1230	described in Subsection 10-2a-206(1)(a)(iv) occurs.
1231	(4) The lieutenant governor shall conduct the first public hearing:
1232	(a) within 60 days after the day on which the lieutenant governor receives the results
1233	under Subsection (2) or (3)(a)(ii);
1234	(b) within or near the proposed municipality:

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- 1235 (c) to allow the feasibility consultant to present the results of the feasibility study; and 1236 (d) to inform the public about the results of the feasibility study. 1237 (5) (a) Within 30 calendar days after the day on which the lieutenant governor 1238 completes the first public hearing under Subsection (4), a specified landowner may request that 1239 the lieutenant governor exclude all or part of the property owned by the specified landowner 1240 from the proposed incorporation by filing a notice of exclusion with the Office of the Lieutenant Governor that describes the property for which the specified landowner requests 1241 1242 exclusion. 1243 (b) The lieutenant governor shall exclude the property identified by a specified 1244 landowner under Subsection (5)(a) from the proposed incorporation boundaries unless the 1245 lieutenant governor finds by clear and convincing evidence that: 1246 (i) the exclusion will leave an unincorporated island within the proposed municipality;
  - (1) the exclusion will leave an unincorporated island within the proposed municipality and
    - (ii) the property receives from the county a majority of currently provided municipal services.
    - (c) (i) Within five days after the day on which the lieutenant governor determines whether to exclude property under Subsection (5)(b), the lieutenant governor shall mail or transmit written notice of whether the property is included or excluded from the proposed municipality to:
      - (A) the specified landowner that requested the property's exclusion; and
      - (B) the contact sponsor.
    - (ii) If the lieutenant governor makes a determination to include a property under Subsection (5)(b), the lieutenant governor shall include, in the written notice described in Subsection (5)(c)(i), a detailed explanation of the lieutenant governor's determination.
    - (d) (i) If the lieutenant governor excludes property from the proposed municipality under Subsection (5)(b), or if an area proposed for incorporation is approved for annexation within the time period for a specified landowner to request an exclusion under Subsection (5)(a), the lieutenant governor may not conduct the second public hearing under Subsection (6), unless:
    - (A) the sponsors of the feasibility study file a modified request for a feasibility study in accordance with Section 10-2a-206; and

1266	(B) the results of the supplemental feasibility study comply with Subsection
1267	10-2a-205(6)(a).
1268	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (5)(d)(i), an area is approved for annexation if a
1269	condition described in Subsection 10-2a-206(1)(a)(iv) occurs.
1270	(6) The lieutenant governor shall conduct the second public hearing:
1271	(a) (i) within 30 days after the day on which the time period described in Subsection
1272	(5)(a) expires, if Subsection (5)(d) does not apply; or
1273	(ii) within 30 days after the day on which the lieutenant governor receives the results of
1274	the supplemental feasibility study described in Subsection (5)(d)(i)(B), if Subsection (5)(d)
1275	applies;
1276	(b) within or near the proposed municipality; and
1277	(c) to allow the feasibility consultant to present the results of and inform the public
1278	about:
1279	(i) the feasibility study presented to the public in the first public hearing under
1280	Subsection (4), if Subsection (5)(d) does not apply; or
1281	(ii) the supplemental feasibility study described in Subsection (5)(d)(i)(B), if
1282	Subsection (5)(d) applies.
1283	(7) At each public hearing required under this section, the lieutenant governor shall:
1284	(a) provide a map or plat of the boundary of the proposed municipality;
1285	(b) provide a copy of the applicable feasibility study for public review;
1286	(c) allow members of the public to express views about the proposed incorporation,
1287	including views about the proposed boundaries; and
1288	(d) allow the public to ask the feasibility consultant questions about the applicable
1289	feasibility study.
1290	(8) The lieutenant governor shall publish notice of each public hearing required under
1291	this section[:] for the proposed municipality as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102 at
1292	least three weeks before the day of the public hearing.
1293	[(a) (i) at least three weeks before the day of the public hearing, by posting one notice,
1294	and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population of the proposed municipality, in places
1295	within the proposed municipality that are most likely to give notice to the residents within, and
1296	the owners of real property located within, the proposed municipality; or]

1297	(ii) at least three weeks before the public hearing, by mailing notice to each residence
1298	within, and each owner of real property located within, the proposed municipality;]
1299	[(b) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for three weeks
1300	before the day of the public hearing; and]
1301	[(c) on the lieutenant governor's website for three weeks before the day of the public
1302	hearing.
1303	(9) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(b), the notice described in Subsection (8)
1304	shall:
1305	(i) include the feasibility study summary described in Subsection 10-2a-205(3)(c);
1306	(ii) indicate that a full copy of the study is available on the lieutenant governor's
1307	website and for inspection at the Office of the Lieutenant Governor; and
1308	(iii) indicate that under no circumstances may property be excluded or annexed from
1309	the proposed incorporation after the time period specified in Subsection (5)(a) has expired, if
1310	the notice is for the first public hearing under Subsection (4).
1311	(b) Instead of publishing the feasibility summary under Subsection (9)(a)(i), the
1312	lieutenant governor may publish a statement that specifies the following sources where a
1313	resident within, or the owner of real property located within, the proposed municipality, may
1314	view or obtain a copy of the feasibility study:
1315	(i) the lieutenant governor's website;
1316	(ii) the physical address of the Office of the Lieutenant Governor; and
1317	(iii) a mailing address and telephone number.
1318	Section 20. Section 10-2a-210 is amended to read:
1319	10-2a-210. Incorporation election Notice of election Voter information
1320	pamphlet.
1321	(1) (a) If the lieutenant governor certifies a petition under Subsection 10-2a-209(1)(b),
1322	the lieutenant governor shall schedule an incorporation election for the proposed municipality
1323	described in the petition to be held on the date of the next regular general election described in
1324	Section 20A-1-201, or the next municipal general election described in Section 20A-1-202, that
1325	is at least 65 days after the day on which the lieutenant governor certifies the petition.
1326	(b) (i) The lieutenant governor shall direct the county legislative body of the county in
1327	which the proposed municipality is located to hold the election on the date that the lieutenant

1328	governor schedules under Subsection (1)(a).
1329	(ii) The county shall hold the election as directed by the lieutenant governor under
1330	Subsection (1)(b)(i).
1331	(2) The county clerk shall provide notice of the election[:] for the area proposed to be
1332	incorporated as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least three weeks before the day
1333	of the election.
1334	[(a) (i) by publishing notice in a newspaper of general circulation within the area
1335	proposed to be incorporated at least once a week for three successive weeks before the
1336	election;]
1337	[(ii) at least three weeks before the day of the election, by posting one notice, and at
1338	least one additional notice per 2,000 population of the area proposed to be incorporated, in
1339	places within the area proposed to be incorporated that are most likely to give notice to the
1340	voters within the area proposed to be incorporated, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or]
1341	[(iii) at least three weeks before the day of the election, by mailing notice to each
1342	registered voter in the area proposed to be incorporated;]
1343	[(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
1344	63A-16-601, for three weeks before the day of the election;]
1345	[(c) if the proposed municipality has a website, by posting notice on the proposed
1346	municipality's website for three weeks before the day of the election; and]
1347	[(d) by posting notice on the county's website for three weeks before the day of the
1348	election.]
1349	(3) (a) The notice required by Subsection (2) shall contain:
1350	(i) a statement of the contents of the petition;
1351	(ii) a description of the area proposed to be incorporated as a municipality;
1352	(iii) a statement of the date and time of the election and the location of polling places;
1353	and
1354	(iv) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), the feasibility study summary described in
1355	Subsection 10-2a-205(3)(c) and a statement that a full copy of the study is available on the
1356	lieutenant governor's website and for inspection at the Office of the Lieutenant Governor.
1357	(b) Instead of including the feasibility summary under Subsection (3)(a)(iv), the notice
1358	may include a statement that specifies the following sources where a registered voter in the area

1359	proposed to be incorporated may view or obtain a copy of the feasibility study:
1360	(i) the lieutenant governor's website;
1361	(ii) the physical address of the Office of the Lieutenant Governor; and
1362	(iii) a mailing address and telephone number.
1363	(4) (a) In addition to the notice required under Subsection (2), the county clerk shall
1364	publish and distribute, before the incorporation election is held, a voter information pamphlet:
1365	(i) in accordance with the procedures and requirements of Section 20A-7-402;
1366	(ii) in consultation with the lieutenant governor; and
1367	(iii) in a manner that the county clerk determines is adequate, subject to Subsections
1368	(4)(a)(i) and (ii).
1369	(b) The voter information pamphlet described in Subsection (4)(a):
1370	(i) shall inform the public of the proposed incorporation; and
1371	(ii) may include written statements, printed in the same font style and point size, from
1372	proponents and opponents of the proposed incorporation.
1373	(5) An individual may not vote in an incorporation election under this section unless
1374	the individual is a registered voter who resides, as defined in Section 20A-1-102, within the
1375	boundaries of the proposed municipality.
1376	(6) If a majority of those who vote in an incorporation election held under this section
1377	cast votes in favor of incorporation, the area shall incorporate.
1378	Section 21. Section <b>10-2a-213</b> is amended to read:
1379	10-2a-213. Determination of number of council members Determination of
1380	election districts Hearings and notice.
1381	(1) If the incorporation proposal passes, the petition sponsors shall, within 60 days
1382	after the day on which the county conducts the canvass of the election under Section
1383	10-2a-212:
1384	(a) for the incorporation of a city:
1385	(i) if the voters at the incorporation election choose the council-mayor form of
1386	government, determine the number of council members that will constitute the city council of
1387	the city; and
1388	(ii) if the voters at the incorporation election vote to elect council members by district,
1389	determine the number of council members to be elected by district and draw the boundaries of

1390	those districts, which shall be substantially equal in population; and
1391	(b) for the incorporation of any municipality:
1392	(i) determine the initial terms of the mayor and members of the municipal council so
1393	that:
1394	(A) the mayor and approximately half the members of the municipal council are
1395	elected to serve an initial term, of no less than one year, that allows the mayor's and members'
1396	successors to serve a full four-year term that coincides with the schedule established in
1397	Subsection 10-3-205(1); and
1398	(B) the remaining members of the municipal council are elected to serve an initial
1399	term, of no less than one year, that allows the members' successors to serve a full four-year
1400	term that coincides with the schedule established in Subsection 10-3-205(2); and
1401	(ii) submit in writing to the county legislative body the results of the determinations
1402	made by the sponsors under Subsections (1)(a) and (b)(i).
1403	(2) A newly incorporated town shall operate under the five-member council form of
1404	government as defined in Section 10-3b-102.
1405	(3) Before making a determination under Subsection (1)(a) or (b)(i), the petition
1406	sponsors shall hold a public hearing within the future municipality on the applicable issues
1407	described in Subsections (1)(a) and (b)(i).
1408	(4) The [petition sponsors shall] county clerk shall provide notice of the public hearing
1409	described in Subsection (3):
1410	[(a) (i) at least two weeks before the day of the public hearing, by posting one notice,
1411	and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population of the future municipality, in places
1412	within the future municipality that are most likely to give notice to the residents within, and the
1413	owners of real property located within, the future municipality, subject to a maximum of 10
1414	notices; or]
1415	[(ii) at least two weeks before the day of the public hearing, by mailing notice to each
1416	residence within, and each owner of real property located within, the future municipality;]
1417	[(b)] (a) [by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
1418	63A-16-601,] for the future municipality as a class C notice under Section 63G-28-102 for two
1419	weeks before the day of the public hearing; and

[(e)] (b) if the future municipality has a website, by posting notice on the future

1421	municipality's website for two weeks before the day of the public hearing[; and].
1422	[(d) by posting notice on the county's website for two weeks before the day of the
1423	public hearing.]
1424	(5) The county clerk may bill the petition sponsors for the cost of preparing, printing,
1425	and publishing the notice described in Subsection (4).
1426	Section 22. Section 10-2a-214 is amended to read:
1427	10-2a-214. Notice of number of commission or council members to be elected and
1428	of district boundaries Declaration of candidacy for municipal office.
1429	(1) Within 20 days after the day on which a county legislative body receives the
1430	petition sponsors' determination under Subsection 10-2a-213(1)(b)(ii), the county clerk shall
1431	provide a notice, in accordance with Subsection (2), containing:
1432	(a) the number of municipal council members to be elected for the new municipality;
1433	(b) except as provided in Subsection (3), if some or all of the municipal council
1434	members are to be elected by district, a description of the boundaries of those districts;
1435	(c) information about the deadline for an individual to file a declaration of candidacy to
1436	become a candidate for mayor or municipal council; and
1437	(d) information about the length of the initial term of each of the municipal officers.
1438	(2) The county clerk shall provide the notice described in Subsection (1)[:] for the
1439	future municipality as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102.
1440	[(a) (i) by posting one notice, and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population of
1441	the future municipality, in places within the future municipality that are most likely to give
1442	notice to the residents in the future municipality, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or]
1443	[(ii) by mailing notice to each residence in the future municipality;]
1444	[(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
1445	63A-16-601; for two weeks;]
1446	[(c) if the future municipality has a website, by posting notice on the future
1447	municipality's website for two weeks; and]
1448	[(d) by posting notice on the county's website for two weeks.]
1449	(3) Instead of including a description of the district boundaries under Subsection (1)(b)
1450	the notice may include a statement that specifies the following sources where a resident of the
1451	future municipality may view or obtain a copy of the district boundaries:

1452	(a) the county website;
1453	(b) the physical address of the county offices; and
1454	(c) a mailing address and telephone number.
1455	(4) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-203(3)(a), each individual seeking to become a
1456	candidate for mayor or municipal council of a municipality incorporating under this part shall
1457	file a declaration of candidacy with the clerk of the county in which the future municipality is
1458	located and in accordance with:
1459	(a) for an incorporation held on the date of a regular general election, the deadlines for
1460	filing a declaration of candidacy under Section 20A-9-202; or
1461	(b) for an incorporation held on the date of a municipal general election, the deadlines
1462	for filing a declaration of candidacy under Section 20A-9-203.
1463	Section 23. Section 10-2a-215 is amended to read:
1464	10-2a-215. Election of officers of new municipality Primary and final election
1465	dates Notice of election County clerk duties Candidate duties Occupation of
1466	office.
1467	(1) For the election of municipal officers, the county legislative body shall:
1468	(a) unless a primary election is prohibited under Subsection 20A-9-404(2), hold a
1469	primary election; and
1470	(b) unless the election may be cancelled in accordance with Section 20A-1-206, hold a
1471	final election.
1472	(2) Each election described in Subsection (1) shall be held:
1473	(a) consistent with the petition sponsors' determination of the length of each council
1474	member's initial term; and
1475	(b) for the incorporation of a city:
1476	(i) appropriate to the form of government chosen by the voters at the incorporation
1477	election;
1478	(ii) consistent with the voters' decision about whether to elect city council members by
1479	district and, if applicable, consistent with the boundaries of those districts as determined by the
1480	petition sponsors; and
1481	(iii) consistent with the sponsors' determination of the number of city council members
1482	to be elected.

1483	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), and notwithstanding Subsection 20A-1-201.5(2),
1484	the primary election described in Subsection (1)(a) shall be held at the earliest of the next:
1485	(i) regular primary election described in Subsection 20A-1-201.5(1); or
1486	(ii) municipal primary election described in Section 20A-9-404.
1487	(b) The county shall hold the primary election, if necessary, on the next election date
1488	described in Subsection (3)(a) that is after the incorporation election conducted under Section
1489	10-2a-210.
1490	(4) (a) Subject to Subsection (4)(b), the county shall hold the final election described in
1491	Subsection (1)(b):
1492	(i) on the following election date that next follows the date of the incorporation
1493	election held under Subsection 10-2a-210(1)(a);
1494	(ii) a regular general election described in Section 20A-1-201; or
1495	(iii) a regular municipal general election under Section 20A-1-202.
1496	(b) The county shall hold the final election on the earliest of the next election date that
1497	is listed in Subsection (4)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii):
1498	(i) that is after a primary election; or
1499	(ii) if there is no primary election, that is at least:
1500	(A) 75 days after the incorporation election under Section 10-2a-210; and
1501	(B) 65 days after the candidate filing period.
1502	(5) The county clerk shall provide notice of an election under this section[:] for the
1503	future municipality as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least two weeks before the
1504	day of the election.
1505	[(a) (i) at least two weeks before the day of the election, by posting one notice, and at
1506	least one additional notice per 2,000 population of the future municipality, in places within the
1507	future municipality that are most likely to give notice to the voters within the future
1508	municipality, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or]
1509	[(ii) at least two weeks before the day of the election, by mailing notice to each
1510	registered voter within the future municipality;]
1511	[(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
1512	63A-16-601, for two weeks before the day of the election;]
1513	[(c) if the future municipality has a website, by posting notice on the future

1514	municipality's website for two weeks before the day of the election; and
1515	[(d) by posting notice on the county's website for two weeks before the day of the
1516	election.]
1517	(6) Until the municipality is incorporated, the county clerk:
1518	(a) is the election officer for all purposes related to the election of municipal officers;
1519	(b) may, as necessary, determine appropriate deadlines, procedures, and instructions
1520	related to the election of municipal officers for a new municipality that are not otherwise
1521	contrary to law;
1522	(c) shall require and determine deadlines for municipal office candidates to file
1523	campaign financial disclosures in accordance with Section 10-3-208; and
1524	(d) shall ensure that the ballot for the election includes each office that is required to be
1525	included in the election for officers of the newly incorporated municipality, including the term
1526	of each office.
1527	(7) An individual who has filed as a candidate for an office described in this section
1528	shall comply with:
1529	(a) the campaign finance disclosure requirements described in Section 10-3-208; and
1530	(b) the requirements and deadlines established by the county clerk under this section.
1531	(8) Notwithstanding Section 10-3-201, the officers elected at a final election described
1532	in Subsection (4)(a) shall take office:
1533	(a) after taking the oath of office; and
1534	(b) at noon on the first Monday following the day on which the election official
1535	transmits a certificate of nomination or election under the officer's seal to each elected
1536	candidate in accordance with Subsection 20A-4-304(4)(b).
1537	Section 24. Section 10-2a-404 is amended to read:
1538	10-2a-404. Election Notice.
1539	(1) (a) Notwithstanding Section 20A-1-203, a county of the first class shall hold a local
1540	special election on November 3, 2015, on the following ballot propositions:
1541	(i) for registered voters residing within a planning township:
1542	(A) whether the planning township shall be incorporated as a city or town, according to
1543	the classifications of Section 10-2-301, or as a metro township; and
1544	(B) if the planning township incorporates as a metro township, whether the metro

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
1545	township is included in a municipal services district; and
1546	(ii) for registered voters residing within an unincorporated island, whether the island
1547	should maintain its unincorporated status or be annexed into an eligible city.
1548	(b) (i) A metro township incorporated under this part shall be governed by the
1549	five-member council in accordance with Chapter 3b, Part 5, Metro Township Council Form of
1550	Municipal Government.
1551	(ii) A city or town incorporated under this part shall be governed by the five-member
1552	council form of government as defined in Section 10-3b-102.
1553	(2) Unless a person is a registered voter who resides, as defined in Section 20A-1-102,
1554	within the boundaries of a planning township or an unincorporated island, the person may not
1555	vote on the proposed incorporation or annexation.
1556	(3) The county clerk shall post notice of the election [on the Utah Public Notice
1557	Website, created in Section 63A-16-601,] for the planning township or unincorporated island
1558	as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 for three weeks before the election.
1559	(4) The notice required by Subsection (3) shall contain:
1560	(a) for residents of a planning township:
1561	(i) a statement that the voters will vote:
1562	(A) to incorporate as a city or town, according to the classifications of Section
1563	10-2-301, or as a metro township; and
1564	(B) if the planning township incorporates as a metro township, whether the metro
1565	township is included in a municipal services district;
1566	(ii) if applicable under Subsection 10-2a-405(5), a map showing the alteration to the
1567	planning township boundaries that would be effective upon incorporation;
1568	(iii) a statement that if the residents of the planning township elect to incorporate:
1569	(A) as a metro township, the metro township shall be governed by a five-member
1570	metro township council in accordance with Chapter 3b, Part 5, Metro Township Council Form
1571	of Municipal Government; or
1572	(B) as a city or town, the city or town shall be governed by the five-member council

form of government as defined in Section 10-3b-102; and

(b) for residents of an unincorporated island:

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(iv) a statement of the date and time of the election and the location of polling places;

1576	(i) a statement that the voters will vote either to be annexed into an eligible city or
1577	maintain unincorporated status; and
1578	(ii) a statement of the eligible city, as determined by the county legislative body in
1579	accordance with Section 10-2a-405, the unincorporated island may elect to be annexed by; and
1580	(c) a statement of the date and time of the election and the location of polling places.
1581	[(5) (a) In addition to the notice required under Subsection (3), the county clerk shall
1582	post at least one notice of the election per 1,000 population in conspicuous places within the
1583	planning township or unincorporated island that are most likely to give notice of the election to
1584	the voters of the proposed incorporation or annexation, subject to a maximum of 10 notices.]
1585	[(b) The clerk shall post the notices under Subsection (5)(a) at least seven days before
1586	the election under Subsection (1).]
1587	[6] (a) In a planning township, if a majority of those casting votes within the
1588	planning township vote to:
1589	(i) incorporate as a city or town, the planning township shall incorporate as a city or
1590	town, respectively; or
1591	(ii) incorporate as a metro township, the planning township shall incorporate as a metro
1592	township.
1593	(b) If a majority of those casting votes within the planning township vote to incorporate
1594	as a metro township, and a majority of those casting votes vote to include the metro township
1595	in a municipal services district and limit the metro township's municipal powers, the metro
1596	township shall be included in a municipal services district and have limited municipal powers.
1597	(c) In an unincorporated island, if a majority of those casting a vote within the selected
1598	unincorporated island vote to:
1599	(i) be annexed by the eligible city, the area shall be annexed by the eligible city; or
1600	(ii) remain an unincorporated area, the area shall remain unincorporated.
1601	[ <del>(7)</del> ] <u>(6)</u> The county shall, in consultation with interested parties, prepare and provide
1602	information on an annexation or incorporation subject to this part and an election held in
1603	accordance with this section.
1604	Section 25. Section 10-2a-405 is amended to read:
1605	10-2a-405. Duties of county legislative body Public hearing Notice Other
1606	election and incorporation issues Rural real property excluded.

1607	(1) The legislative body of a county of the first class shall before an election described
1608	in Section 10-2a-404:
1609	(a) in accordance with Subsection (3), provide notice of the public hearing described in
1610	Subsection (1)(b);
1611	(b) hold a public hearing; and
1612	(c) at the public hearing, adopt a resolution:
1613	(i) identifying, including a map prepared by the county surveyor, all unincorporated
1614	islands within the county;
1615	(ii) identifying each eligible city that will annex each unincorporated island, including
1616	whether the unincorporated island may be annexed by one eligible city or divided and annexed
1617	by multiple eligible cities, if approved by the residents at an election under Section 10-2a-404;
1618	and
1619	(iii) identifying, including a map prepared by the county surveyor, the planning
1620	townships within the county and any changes to the boundaries of a planning township that the
1621	county legislative body proposes under Subsection (5).
1622	(2) The county legislative body shall exclude from a resolution adopted under
1623	Subsection (1)(c) rural real property unless the owner of the rural real property provides written
1624	consent to include the property in accordance with Subsection (7).
1625	(3) (a) The county clerk shall provide notice of the public hearing described in
1626	Subsection (1)(b)[:] for the unincorporated island or planning township as a class C notice
1627	under Section 63G-28-102 at least 15 days before the day of the public hearing.
1628	[(i) by mailing notice to each owner of real property located in an unincorporated
1629	island or planning township no later than 15 days before the day of the public hearing;]
1630	[(ii) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
1631	63A-16-601, for three weeks before the day of the public hearing; and]
1632	[(iii) by posting at least one notice of the hearing per 1,000 population in conspicuous
1633	places within the selected unincorporated island, eligible city, or planning township, as
1634	applicable, that are most likely to give notice of the hearing to the residents of the
1635	unincorporated island, eligible city, or planning township, subject to a maximum of 10
1636	notices.]
1637	[(b) The clerk shall post the notices under Subsection (3)(a)(iii) at least seven days

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- [<del>(c)</del>] (b) The notice under Subsection (3)(a) shall include:
- (i) (A) for a resident of an unincorporated island, a statement that the property in the unincorporated island may be, if approved at an election under Section 10-2a-404, annexed by an eligible city, including divided and annexed by multiple cities if applicable, and the name of the eligible city or cities; or
  - (B) for residents of a planning township, a statement that the property in the planning township shall be, pending the results of the election held under Section 10-2a-404, incorporated as a city, town, or metro township;
    - (ii) the location and time of the public hearing; and
    - (iii) the county website where a map may be accessed showing:
- 1649 (A) how the unincorporated island boundaries will change if annexed by an eligible city; or
  - (B) how the planning township area boundaries will change, if applicable under Subsection (5), when the planning township incorporates as a metro township or as a city or town.
  - $[\frac{d}{d}]$  (c) The county clerk shall publish a map described in Subsection  $[\frac{3}{c}]$  (3)(b)(iii) on the county website.
    - (4) The county legislative body may, by ordinance or resolution adopted at a public meeting and in accordance with applicable law, resolve an issue that arises with an election held in accordance with this part or the incorporation and establishment of a metro township in accordance with this part.
    - (5) (a) The county legislative body may, by ordinance or resolution adopted at a public meeting, change the boundaries of a planning township.
    - (b) A change to a planning township boundary under this Subsection (5) is effective only upon the vote of the residents of the planning township at an election under Section 10-2a-404 to incorporate as a metro township or as a city or town and does not affect the boundaries of the planning township before the election.
      - (c) The county legislative body:
- 1667 (i) may alter a planning township boundary under Subsection (5)(a) only if the alteration:

1669	(A) affects less than 5% of the residents residing within the planning advisory area; and
1670	(B) does not increase the area located within the planning township's boundaries; and
1671	(ii) may not alter the boundaries of a planning township whose boundaries are entirely
1672	surrounded by one or more municipalities.
1673	(6) After November 2, 2015, and before January 1, 2017, a person may not initiate an
1674	annexation or an incorporation process that, if approved, would change the boundaries of a
1675	planning township.
1676	(7) (a) As used in this Subsection (7), "rural real property" means an area:
1677	(i) zoned primarily for manufacturing, commercial, or agricultural purposes; and
1678	(ii) that does not include residential units with a density greater than one unit per acre.
1679	(b) Unless an owner of rural real property gives written consent to a county legislative
1680	body, rural real property described in Subsection (7)(c) may not be:
1681	(i) included in a planning township identified under Subsection (1)(c); or
1682	(ii) incorporated as part of a metro township, city, or town, in accordance with this
1683	part.
1684	(c) The following rural real property is subject to an owner's written consent under
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	Subsection (7)(b):
1686	(i) rural real property that consists of 1,500 or more contiguous acres of real property
1687	consisting of one or more tax parcels;
1688	(ii) rural real property that is not contiguous to, but used in connection with, rural real
1689	property that consists of 1,500 or more contiguous acres of real property consisting of one or
1690	more tax parcels;
1691	(iii) rural real property that is owned, managed, or controlled by a person, company, or
1692	association, including a parent, subsidiary, or affiliate related to the owner of 1,500 or more
1693	contiguous acres of rural real property consisting of one or more tax parcels; or
1694	(iv) rural real property that is located in whole or in part in one of the following as
1695	defined in Section 17-41-101:
1696	(A) an agricultural protection area;
1697	(B) an industrial protection area; or
1698	(C) a mining protection area.
1699	Section 26. Section 10-2a-410 is amended to read:

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- 1700 **10-2a-410. Determination of metro township districts -- Determination of metro**1701 **township or city initial officer terms -- Adoption of proposed districts -- Notice.**1702 (1) (a) If a metro township with a population of 10,000 or more is incorporated in accordance with an election held under Section 10-2a-404:
  1704 (i) each of the five metro township council members shall be elected by district; and
  - (ii) the boundaries of the five council districts for election and the terms of office shall be designated and determined in accordance with this section.
  - (b) If a metro township with a population of less than 10,000 or a town is incorporated at an election held in accordance with Section 10-2a-404, the five council members shall be elected at-large for terms as designated and determined in accordance with this section.
    - (c) If a city is incorporated at an election held in accordance with Section 10-2a-404:
  - (i) (A) the four members of the council district who are not the mayor shall be elected by district; and
  - (B) the boundaries of the four council districts for election and the term of office shall be designated and determined in accordance with this section; and
  - (ii) the mayor shall be elected at-large for a term designated and determined in accordance with this section.
  - (2) (a) No later than 90 days after the election day on which the metro township, city, or town is successfully incorporated under this part, the legislative body of the county in which the metro township, city, or town is located shall adopt by resolution:
  - (i) subject to Subsection (2)(b), for each incorporated metro township, city, or town, the council terms for a length of time in accordance with this section; and
  - (ii) (A) for a metro township with a population of 10,000 or more, the boundaries of the five council districts; and
    - (B) for a city, the boundaries of the four council districts.
  - (b) (i) For each metro township, city, or town, the county legislative body shall set the initial terms of the members of the metro township council, city council, or town council so that:
  - (A) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b)(ii), approximately half the members of the council, including the mayor in the case of a city, are elected to serve an initial term, of no less than one year, that allows their successors to serve a full four-year term that coincides with the

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1/31	schedule established in Subsection 10-3-205(1); and
1732	(B) the remaining members of the council are elected to serve an initial term, of no less

than one year, that allows their successors to serve a full four-year term that coincides with the schedule established in Subsection 10-3-205(2).

- (ii) For a city that incorporated in a county of the first class in 2016, the term of office for the office of mayor is:
  - (A) three years for the initial term of office; and
  - (B) four years for each subsequent term of office.
- 1739 (iii) For a metro township with a population of 10,000 or more, the county legislative 1740 body shall divide the metro township into five council districts that comply with Section 1741 10-3-205.5.
- 1742 (iv) For a city, the county legislative body shall divide the city into four council districts that comply with Section 10-3-205.5.
  - (3) (a) Within 20 days of the county legislative body's adoption of a resolution under Subsection (2), the county clerk shall provide a notice, in accordance with Subsection (3)(b), containing:
    - (i) if applicable, a description of the boundaries, as designated in the resolution, of:
  - (A) for a metro township with a population of 10,000 or more, the metro township council districts; or
    - (B) the city council districts;
  - (ii) information about the deadline for filing a declaration of candidacy for those seeking to become candidates for metro township council, city council, town council, or city mayor, respectively; and
  - (iii) information about the length of the initial term of city mayor or each of the metro township, city, or town council offices, as described in the resolution.
  - (b) The county clerk shall provide the notice required under Subsection (3)(a)[:] for the future metro township as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, at least seven days before the deadline for filing a declaration of candidacy under Subsection (4).
- [(i) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section 63A-16-601, for two weeks; and]
- 1761 [(ii) by posting at least one notice per 1,000 population in conspicuous places within

1762	the future metro township, city, or town that are most likely to give notice to the residents of
1763	the future metro township, city, or town, subject to a maximum of 10 notices.]
1764	(c) The notice under Subsection [(3)(b)(ii)] (3)(b) shall contain the information
1765	required under Subsection (3)(a).
1766	[(d) The county clerk shall post the notices under Subsection (3)(b)(ii) at least seven
1767	days before the deadline for filing a declaration of candidacy under Subsection (4).
1768	(4) A person seeking to become a candidate for metro township, city, or town council
1769	or city mayor shall, in accordance with Section 20A-9-202, file a declaration of candidacy with
1770	the clerk of the county in which the metro township, city, or town is located for an election
1771	described in Section 10-2a-411.
1772	Section 27. Section 10-3-301 is amended to read:
1773	10-3-301. Notice Eligibility and residency requirements for elected municipal
1774	office Mayor and recorder limitations.
1775	(1) As used in this section:
1776	(a) "Absent" means that an elected municipal officer fails to perform official duties,
1777	including the officer's failure to attend each regularly scheduled meeting that the officer is
1778	required to attend.
1779	(b) "Principal place of residence" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1780	20A-2-105.
1781	(c) "Secondary residence" means a place where an individual resides other than the
1782	individual's principal place of residence.
1783	(2) (a) On or before May 1 in a year in which there is a municipal general election, the
1784	municipal clerk shall publish a notice that identifies:
1785	(i) the municipal offices to be voted on in the municipal general election; and
1786	(ii) the dates for filing a declaration of candidacy for the offices identified under
1787	Subsection (2)(a)(i).
1788	(b) The municipal clerk shall publish the notice described in Subsection (2)(a)[:] for
1789	the municipality as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.
1790	[(i) on the Utah Public Notice Website established by Section 63A-16-601; and]
1791	[(ii) in at least one of the following ways:]

[(A) at the principal office of the municipality;]

1793 (B) in a newsletter produced by the municipality; 1794 [(C) on a website operated by the municipality; or] 1795 (D) with a utility enterprise fund customer's bill. 1796 (3) (a) An individual who files a declaration of candidacy for a municipal office shall 1797 comply with the requirements described in Section 20A-9-203. 1798 (b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b)(ii), the city recorder or town clerk of 1799 each municipality shall maintain office hours 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. on the dates described in 1800 Subsections 20A-9-203(3)(a)(i) and (c)(i) unless the date occurs on a: 1801 (A) Saturday or Sunday; or 1802 (B) state holiday as listed in Section 63G-1-301. 1803 (ii) If on a regular basis a city recorder or town clerk maintains an office schedule that 1804 is less than 40 hours per week, the city recorder or town clerk may comply with Subsection 1805 (3)(b)(i) without maintaining office hours by: 1806 (A) posting the recorder's or clerk's contact information, including a phone number and email address, on the recorder's or clerk's office door, the main door to the municipal offices, 1807 1808 and, if available, on the municipal website; and 1809 (B) being available from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. on the dates described in Subsection (3)(b)(i), 1810 via the contact information described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii)(A). 1811 (4) An individual elected to municipal office shall be a registered voter in the 1812 municipality in which the individual is elected. 1813 (5) (a) Each elected officer of a municipality shall maintain a principal place of 1814 residence within the municipality, and within the district that the elected officer represents, 1815 during the officer's term of office. 1816 (b) Except as provided in Subsection (6), an elected municipal office is automatically 1817 vacant if the officer elected to the municipal office, during the officer's term of office: 1818 (i) establishes a principal place of residence outside the district that the elected officer 1819 represents; 1820 (ii) resides at a secondary residence outside the district that the elected officer 1821 represents for a continuous period of more than 60 days while still maintaining a principal 1822 place of residence within the district; 1823 (iii) is absent from the district that the elected officer represents for a continuous period

of more than 60 days	or
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- (iv) fails to respond to a request, within 30 days after the day on which the elected officer receives the request, from the county clerk or the lieutenant governor seeking information to determine the officer's residency.
- (6) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (5), if an elected municipal officer obtains the consent of the municipal legislative body in accordance with Subsection (6)(b) before the expiration of the 60-day period described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii) or (iii), the officer may:
- (i) reside at a secondary residence outside the district that the elected officer represents while still maintaining a principal place of residence within the district for a continuous period of up to one year during the officer's term of office; or
- (ii) be absent from the district that the elected officer represents for a continuous period of up to one year during the officer's term of office.
- (b) At a public meeting, the municipal legislative body may give the consent described in Subsection (6)(a) by majority vote after taking public comment regarding:
  - (i) whether the legislative body should give the consent; and
  - (ii) the length of time to which the legislative body should consent.
- (7) (a) The mayor of a municipality may not also serve as the municipal recorder or treasurer.
  - (b) The recorder of a municipality may not also serve as the municipal treasurer.
- (c) An individual who holds a county elected office may not, at the same time, hold a municipal elected office.
- (d) The restriction described in Subsection (7)(c) applies regardless of whether the individual is elected to the office or appointed to fill a vacancy in the office.
  - Section 28. Section 10-3-711 is amended to read:

## 10-3-711. Publication and posting of ordinances.

- (1) Before an ordinance may take effect, the legislative body of each municipality adopting an ordinance, except an ordinance enacted under Section 10-3-706, 10-3-707, 10-3-708, 10-3-709, or 10-3-710, shall:
  - (a) deposit a copy of the ordinance in the office of the municipal recorder; and
- (b) [<del>(i)</del>] publish <u>for the municipality</u> a short summary of the ordinance [<del>on the Utah</del>] 1854 Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; or as a class A notice under Section

1833	<u>03G-26-10Z.</u>
1856	[(ii) post a complete copy of the ordinance:]
1857	[(A) for a city of the first class, in nine public places within the city; or]
1858	[(B) for any other municipality, in three public places within the municipality.]
1859	(2) (a) Any ordinance, code, or book, other than the state code, relating to building or
1860	safety standards, municipal functions, administration, control, or regulations, may be adopted
1861	and shall take effect without further publication or posting, if reference is made to the code or
1862	book and at least one copy has been filed for use and examination by the public in the office of
1863	the recorder or clerk of the city or town prior to the adoption of the ordinance by the governing
1864	body.
1865	(b) Any state law relating to building or safety standards, municipal functions,
1866	administration, control, or regulations, may be adopted and shall take effect without further
1867	publication or posting if reference is made to the state code.
1868	(c) The ordinance adopting the code or book shall be published in the manner provided
1869	in this section.
1870	Section 29. Section 10-3-818 is amended to read:
1871	10-3-818. Salaries in municipalities Notice.
1872	(1) The elective and statutory officers of municipalities shall receive such
1873	compensation for their services as the governing body may fix by ordinance adopting
1874	compensation or compensation schedules enacted after public hearing.
1875	(2) Upon its own motion the governing body may review or consider the compensation
1876	of any officer or officers of the municipality or a salary schedule applicable to any officer or
1877	officers of the city for the purpose of determining whether or not it should be adopted, changed,
1878	or amended. In the event that the governing body decides that the compensation or
1879	compensation schedules should be adopted, changed, or amended, it shall set a time and place
1880	for a public hearing at which all interested persons shall be given an opportunity to be heard.
1881	(3) [(a)] Notice of the time, place, and purpose of the meeting shall be published at
1882	least seven days before the meeting by publication[:] for the municipality as a class A notice
1883	under Section 63G-28-102.
1884	[(i) at least once in a newspaper published in the county within which the municipality
1885	is situated and generally circulated in the municipality; and]

comment on the proposed tax.

1886	[(ii) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601.]
1887	[(b) If there is not a newspaper as described in Subsection (3)(a)(i), then notice shall be
1888	given by posting this notice in three public places in the municipality.]
1889	(4) After the conclusion of the public hearing, the governing body may enact an
1890	ordinance fixing, changing, or amending the compensation of any elective or appointive officer
1891	of the municipality or adopting a compensation schedule applicable to any officer or officers.
1892	(5) Any ordinance enacted before Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48, by a municipality
1893	establishing a salary or compensation schedule for its elective or appointive officers and any
1894	salary fixed prior to Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48, shall remain effective until the
1895	municipality has enacted an ordinance pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.
1896	(6) The compensation of all municipal officers shall be paid at least monthly out of the
1897	municipal treasury provided that municipalities having 1,000 or fewer population may by
1898	ordinance provide for the payment of its statutory officers less frequently. None of the
1899	provisions of this chapter shall be considered as limiting or restricting the authority to any
1900	municipality that has adopted or does adopt a charter pursuant to Utah Constitution, Article XI,
1901	Section 5, to determine the salaries of its elective and appointive officers or employees.
1902	Section 30. Section 10-3c-204 is amended to read:
1903	10-3c-204. Taxing authority limited Notice.
1904	(1) A metro township may impose:
1905	(a) a municipal energy sales and use tax in accordance with Chapter 1, Part 3,
1906	Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act; or
1907	(b) a municipal telecommunication's license tax in accordance with Chapter 1, Part 4,
1908	Municipal Telecommunications License Tax Act.
1909	(2) (a) Before a metro township enacts a tax described in Subsection (1), the metro
1910	township council shall hold a public hearing:
1911	(i) on a weekday evening other than a holiday beginning no earlier than 6:00 p.m.;
1912	(ii) that is open to the public; and
1913	(iii) to allow an individual present to comment on the proposed tax:
1914	(A) within reasonable time limits; and
1915	(B) without unreasonable restriction on the number of individuals permitted to

1917	(b) (i) A metro township council shall publish notice of the public hearing described in
1918	Subsection (2)(a)[:] for the metro township as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102 at
1919	least 14 days before the day of the public hearing.
1920	[(A) by mailing notice to each mailing address in the metro township at least 14 days
1921	before the day of the public hearing;]
1922	[(B) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section
1923	63A-16-601 for each of the 14 days before the day of the public hearing; and]
1924	[(C) if the metro township has a website, by posting notice on the metro township's
1925	website for each of the 14 days before the day of the public hearing.]
1926	(ii) The council of a metro township that is included in a municipal services district
1927	satisfies the requirement described in Subsection [(2)(b)(i)(A)] (2)(b)(i) by mailing notice, at
1928	least 14 days before the day of the public hearing, to each mailing address in the metro
1929	township, using records or information available to the municipal services district in which the
1930	metro township is included.
1931	(c) The notice described in Subsection (2)(b) shall:
1932	(i) state "NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX" at the top of the notice, in bold upper-case
1933	type no smaller than 18 point;
1934	(ii) indicate the date, time, and location of the public hearing described in Subsection
1935	(2)(a); and
1936	(iii) indicate the proposed tax rate.
1937	Section 31. Section 10-5-107.5 is amended to read:
1938	10-5-107.5. Transfer of enterprise fund money to another fund Notice.
1939	(1) As used in this section:
1940	(a) "Budget hearing" means a public hearing required under Section 10-5-108.
1941	(b) "Enterprise fund accounting data" means a detailed overview of the various
1942	enterprise funds of the town that includes:
1943	(i) a cost accounting breakdown of how money in the enterprise fund is being used to
1944	cover, as applicable:
1945	(A) administrative and overhead costs of the town attributable to the operation of the
1946	enterprise for which the enterprise fund was created; and
1947	(B) other costs not associated with the enterprise for which the enterprise fund was

1948	created; and
1949	(ii) specific enterprise fund information.
1950	(c) "Enterprise fund hearing" means the public hearing required under Subsection
1951	(3)(d).
1952	(d) "Specific enterprise fund information" means:
1953	(i) the dollar amount of transfers from an enterprise fund to another fund; and
1954	(ii) the percentage of the total enterprise fund expenditures represented by each transfer
1955	to another fund.
1956	(2) Subject to the requirements of this section, a town may transfer money in an
1957	enterprise fund to another fund to pay for a good, service, project, venture, or other purpose
1958	that is not directly related to the goods or services provided by the enterprise for which the
1959	enterprise fund was created.
1960	(3) The governing body of a town that intends to transfer money in an enterprise fund
1961	to another fund shall:
1962	(a) provide notice of the intended transfer as required under Subsection (4);
1963	(b) clearly identify in a separate section or document accompanying the town's
1964	tentative budget or, if an amendment to the town's budget includes or is based on an intended
1965	transfer, in a separate section or document accompanying the amendment to the town's budget:
1966	(i) the enterprise fund from which money is intended to be transferred; and
1967	(ii) the specific enterprise fund information for that enterprise fund;
1968	(c) provide notice of an enterprise fund hearing, as required in Subsection (4); and
1969	(d) hold an enterprise fund hearing before the adoption of the town's budget or, if
1970	applicable, the amendment to the budget.
1971	(4) (a) At least seven days before holding an enterprise fund hearing, a governing body
1972	shall[:]
1973	[(i)] provide the notice described in Subsection (4)(b) [by:] for the town as a class B
1974	notice under Section 63G-28-102.
1975	[(A) mailing a copy of the notice to users of the goods or services provided by the
1976	enterprise for which the enterprise fund was created, if the town regularly mails users a
1977	periodic billing for the goods or services;]
1978	[(B) emailing a copy of the notice to users of the goods or services provided by the

1979	enterprise for which the enterprise fund was created, if the town regularly emails users a
1980	periodic billing for the goods or services;]
1981	[(C) posting the notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section
1982	<del>63A-16-601; and</del> ]
1983	[(D) if the town has a website, prominently posting the notice on the town's website
1984	until the enterprise fund hearing is concluded; and]
1985	[(ii) if the town communicates with the public through a social media platform, publish
1986	notice of the date, time, place, and purpose of the enterprise fund hearing using the social
1987	media platform.]
1988	(b) The notice required under Subsection [(4)(a)(i)] (4)(a) shall:
1989	(i) explain the intended transfer of enterprise fund money to another fund;
1990	(ii) include specific enterprise fund information for each enterprise fund from which
1991	money is intended to be transferred;
1992	(iii) provide the date, time, and place of the enterprise fund hearing; and
1993	(iv) explain the purpose of the enterprise fund hearing.
1994	(5) (a) An enterprise fund hearing shall be separate and independent from a budget
1995	hearing and any other public hearing.
1996	(b) At an enterprise fund hearing, the governing body shall:
1997	(i) explain the intended transfer of enterprise fund money to another fund;
1998	(ii) provide enterprise fund accounting data to the public; and
1999	(iii) allow members of the public in attendance at the hearing to comment on:
2000	(A) the intended transfer of enterprise fund money to another fund; and
2001	(B) the enterprise fund accounting data.
2002	(6) (a) If a governing body adopts a budget or a budget amendment that includes or is
2003	based on a transfer of money from an enterprise fund to another fund, the governing body shall:
2004	(i) within 60 days after adopting the budget or budget amendment:
2005	(A) mail a notice to users of the goods or services provided by the enterprise for which
2006	the enterprise fund was created, if the town regularly mails users a periodic billing for the
2007	goods or services; and
2008	(B) email a notice to users of the goods or services provided by the enterprise for
2009	which the enterprise fund was created, if the town regularly emails users a periodic billing for

2010	the goods or services;
2011	(ii) within seven days after adopting the budget or budget amendment:
2012	(A) post enterprise fund accounting data on the town's website, if the town has a
2013	website;
2014	(B) using the town's social media platform, publish notice of the adoption of a budget
2015	or budget amendment that includes or is based on a transfer of money from an enterprise fund
2016	to another fund, if the town communicates with the public through a social media platform; and
2017	(iii) within 30 days after adopting the budget, submit to the state auditor the specific
2018	enterprise fund information for each enterprise fund from which money will be transferred.
2019	(b) A notice required under Subsection (6)(a)(i) shall:
2020	(i) announce the adoption of a budget or budget amendment that includes or is based
2021	on a transfer of money from an enterprise fund to another fund; and
2022	(ii) include the specific enterprise fund information.
2023	(c) The governing body shall maintain the website posting required under Subsection
2024	(6)(a)(ii)(A) continuously until another posting is required under Subsection (4)(a)[ <del>(i)(C)</del> ].
2025	Section 32. Section 10-5-108 is amended to read:
2026	10-5-108. Budget hearing Notice Adjustments.
2027	(1) Prior to the adoption of the final budget or an amendment to a budget, a town
2028	council shall hold a public hearing to receive public comment.
2029	(2) The town council shall provide notice of the place, purpose, and time of the public
2030	hearing by [posting] providing notice for the town or metro township as a class A notice under
2031	Section 63G-28-102 at least seven days before the hearing[:].
2032	[(a) in three public places at least 48 hours before the hearing;]
2033	[(b) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; and]
2034	[(c) on the home page of the website, either in full or as a link, of the town or metro
2035	township, if the town or metro township has a publicly viewable website, until the hearing
2036	takes place:]
2037	(3) After the hearing, the town council, subject to Section 10-5-110, may adjust
2038	expenditures and revenues in conformity with this chapter.
2039	Section 33. Section 10-6-113 is amended to read:
2040	10-6-113. Rudget Notice of hearing to consider adoption.

2041	At the meeting at which each tentative budget is adopted, the governing body shall
2042	establish the time and place of a public hearing to consider its adoption and shall order that
2043	notice of the public hearing be published for the city or metro township as a class A notice
2044	under Section 63G-28-102 at least seven days [prior to] before the day of the hearing[:].
2045	[(1) in three public places within the city;]
2046	[(2) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; and]
2047	[(3) on the home page of the website, either in full or as a link, of the city or metro
2048	township, if the city or metro township has a publicly viewable website, until the hearing takes
2049	place.]
2050	Section 34. Section 10-6-135.5 is amended to read:
2051	10-6-135.5. Transfer of enterprise fund money to another fund Notice.
2052	(1) As used in this section:
2053	(a) "Budget hearing" means a public hearing required under Section 10-6-114.
2054	(b) "Enterprise fund accounting data" means a detailed overview of the various
2055	enterprise funds of the city that includes:
2056	(i) a cost accounting breakdown of how money in the enterprise fund is being used to
2057	cover, as applicable:
2058	(A) administrative and overhead costs of the city attributable to the operation of the
2059	enterprise for which the enterprise fund was created; and
2060	(B) other costs not associated with the enterprise for which the enterprise fund was
2061	created; and
2062	(ii) specific enterprise fund information.
2063	(c) "Enterprise fund hearing" means the public hearing required under Subsection
2064	(3)(d).
2065	(d) "Specific enterprise fund information" means:
2066	(i) the dollar amount of transfers from an enterprise fund to another fund; and
2067	(ii) the percentage of the total enterprise fund expenditures represented by each transfer
2068	to another fund.
2069	(2) Subject to the requirements of this section, a city may transfer money in an
2070	enterprise fund to another fund to pay for a good, service, project, venture, or other purpose
2071	that is not directly related to the goods or services provided by the enterprise for which the

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- (3) The governing body of a city that intends to transfer money in an enterprise fund to another fund shall:
  - (a) provide notice of the intended transfer as required under Subsection (4);
- (b) clearly identify in a separate section or document accompanying the city's tentative budget or, if an amendment to the city's budget includes or is based on an intended transfer, in a separate section or document accompanying the amendment to the city's budget:
  - (i) the enterprise fund from which money is intended to be transferred; and
  - (ii) the specific enterprise fund information for that enterprise fund;
  - (c) provide notice of an enterprise fund hearing, as required in Subsection (4); and
- (d) hold an enterprise fund hearing before the adoption of the city's budget or, if applicable, the amendment to the budget.
- (4) (a) At least seven days before holding an enterprise fund hearing, a governing body shall[:]
- [(i)] provide the notice described in Subsection (4)(b) [by:] for the city as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102.
- [(A) mailing a copy of the notice to users of the goods or services provided by the enterprise for which the enterprise fund was created, if the city regularly mails users a periodic billing for the goods or services;]
- [(B) emailing a copy of the notice to users of the goods or services provided by the enterprise for which the enterprise fund was created, if the city regularly emails users a periodic billing for the goods or services;]
- [(C) posting the notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; and]
- [(D) if the city has a website, prominently posting the notice on the city's website until the enterprise fund hearing is concluded; and]
- [(ii) if the city communicates with the public through a social media platform, publish notice of the date, time, place, and purpose of the enterprise fund hearing using the social media platform.]
  - (b) The notice required under Subsection  $[\frac{(4)(a)(i)}{(4)(a)}]$  (4)(a) shall:
- 2102 (i) explain the intended transfer of enterprise fund money to another fund;

2103	(ii) include specific enterprise fund information for each enterprise fund from which
2104	money is intended to be transferred;
2105	(iii) provide the date, time, and place of the enterprise fund hearing; and
2106	(iv) explain the purpose of the enterprise fund hearing.
2107	(5) (a) An enterprise fund hearing shall be separate and independent from a budget
2108	hearing and any other public hearing.
2109	(b) At an enterprise fund hearing, the governing body shall:
2110	(i) explain the intended transfer of enterprise fund money to another fund;
2111	(ii) provide enterprise fund accounting data to the public; and
2112	(iii) allow members of the public in attendance at the hearing to comment on:
2113	(A) the intended transfer of enterprise fund money to another fund; and
2114	(B) the enterprise fund accounting data.
2115	(6) (a) If a governing body adopts a budget or a budget amendment that includes or is
2116	based on a transfer of money from an enterprise fund to another fund, the governing body shall:
2117	(i) within 60 days after adopting the budget or budget amendment:
2118	(A) mail a notice to users of the goods or services provided by the enterprise for which
2119	the enterprise fund was created, if the city regularly mails users a periodic billing for the goods
2120	or services; and
2121	(B) email a notice to users of the goods or services provided by the enterprise for
2122	which the enterprise fund was created, if the city regularly emails users a periodic billing for
2123	the goods or services;
2124	(ii) within seven days after adopting the budget or budget amendment:
2125	(A) post enterprise fund accounting data on the city's website, if the city has a website;
2126	(B) using the city's social media platform, publish notice of the adoption of a budget or
2127	budget amendment that includes or is based on a transfer of money from an enterprise fund to
2128	another fund, if the city communicates with the public through a social media platform; and
2129	(iii) within 30 days after adopting the budget, submit to the state auditor the specific
2130	enterprise fund information for each enterprise fund from which money will be transferred.
2131	(b) A notice required under Subsection (6)(a)(i) shall:
2132	(i) announce the adoption of a budget or budget amendment that includes or is based
2133	on a transfer of money from an enterprise fund to another fund; and

(ii) include the specific enterprise fund information.

2135	(c) The governing body shall maintain the website posting required under Subsection
2136	$(6)(a)(ii)(A)$ continuously until another posting is required under Subsection $(4)(a)[\frac{(i)(C)}{(i)(C)}]$ .
2137	Section 35. Section 10-6-152 is amended to read:
2138	10-6-152. Notice that audit completed and available for inspection.
2139	Within 10 days following the receipt of the audit report furnished by the independent
2140	auditor, the city auditor in cities having an auditor and the city recorder in all other cities shall:
2141	(1) prepare a notice to the public that the audit of the city has been completed;
2142	(2) [post] provide the notice[:] for the city or metro township as a class A notice under
2143	Section 63G-28-102; and
2144	[(a) in three public places; and]
2145	[(b) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; and]
2146	(3) make a copy of the notice described in Subsection (1) available for inspection at the
2147	office of the city auditor or recorder.
2148	Section 36. Section 10-7-16 is amended to read:
2149	10-7-16. Call for bids Notice Contents.
2150	(1) (a) Before holding an election under Subsection 10-7-15(1)(a)(ii), the municipal
2151	legislative body shall open to bid the sale or lease of the property mentioned in Section
2152	10-7-15.
2153	(b) The municipal legislative body shall [cause] publish notice of the bid process [to be
2154	given by publication] for the municipality as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 for at
2155	least three consecutive weeks [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section
2156	<del>63A-16-601</del> ].
2157	(c) The notice described in Subsection (1) shall:
2158	(i) give a general description of the property to be sold or leased;
2159	(ii) specify the time when sealed bids for the property, or for a lease on the property,
2160	will be received; and
2161	(iii) specify the time when and the place where the bids will be opened.
2162	(2) (a) As used in this section and in Section 10-7-17, "responsible bidder" means an
2163	entity with a proven history of successful operation of an electrical generation and distribution
2164	system, or an equivalent proven history.

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weeks before the day of the election.]

- 2165 (b) Subject to Subsection (2)(c), a municipal legislative body may receive or refuse to 2166 receive any bid submitted for the sale or lease of the electrical works and plant. 2167 (c) A municipal legislative body may not receive a bid unless the municipal legislative 2168 body determines that the bid is submitted by a responsible bidder. 2169 Section 37. Section 10-7-19 is amended to read: 2170 10-7-19. Election to authorize -- Notice -- Ballots. 2171 (1) Subject to Subsection (2), the board of commissioners or city council of any city, or 2172 the board of trustees of any incorporated town, may aid and encourage the building of railroads 2173 by granting to any railroad company, for depot or other railroad purposes, real property of the 2174 city or incorporated town, not necessary for municipal or public purposes, upon the limitations and conditions established by the board of commissioners, city council, or board of trustees. 2175 2176 (2) A board of commissioners, city council, or board of trustees may not grant real 2177 property under Subsection (1) unless the grant is approved by the eligible voters of the city or 2178 town at the next municipal election, or at a special election called for that purpose by the board 2179 of commissioners, city council, or board of trustees. 2180 (3) If the question is submitted at a special election, the election shall be held as nearly 2181 as practicable in conformity with the general election laws of the state. 2182 (4) The board of commissioners, city council, or board of trustees shall publish notice 2183 of an election described in Subsections (2) and (3)[:] for the city or town as a class B notice 2184 under Section 63G-28-102 at least four weeks before the day of the election. 2185 [(a) (i) at least four weeks before the day of the election, by posting one notice, and at 2186 least one additional notice per 2,000 population of the city or town, in places within the city or town that are most likely to give notice to the voters in the city or town; or 2187 2188 [(ii) at least four weeks before the day of the election, by mailing notice to each 2189 registered voter in the city or town; 2190 (b) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for four weeks 2191 before the day of the election; and
- be printed and provided to the eligible voters, which shall read: "For the proposed grant for

[(c) if the municipality has a website, on the municipality's website for at least four

(5) The board of commissioners, city council, or board of trustees shall cause ballots to

inside or outside the municipality.

2196	depot or other railroad purposes: Yes. No."
2197	(6) If a majority of the votes are cast in favor of the grant, the board of commissioners,
2198	city council, or board of trustees shall convey the real property to the railroad company.
2199	Section 38. Section 10-8-2 is amended to read:
2200	10-8-2. Appropriations Acquisition and disposal of property Municipal
2201	authority Corporate purpose Procedure Notice of intent to acquire real property.
2202	(1) (a) Subject to Section 11-41-103, a municipal legislative body may:
2203	(i) appropriate money for corporate purposes only;
2204	(ii) provide for payment of debts and expenses of the corporation;
2205	(iii) subject to Subsections (4) and (5), purchase, receive, hold, sell, lease, convey, and
2206	dispose of real and personal property for the benefit of the municipality, whether the property is
2207	within or without the municipality's corporate boundaries, if the action is in the public interest
2208	and complies with other law;
2209	(iv) improve, protect, and do any other thing in relation to this property that an
2210	individual could do; and
2211	(v) subject to Subsection (2) and after first holding a public hearing, authorize
2212	municipal services or other nonmonetary assistance to be provided to or waive fees required to
2213	be paid by a nonprofit entity, whether or not the municipality receives consideration in return.
2214	(b) A municipality may:
2215	(i) furnish all necessary local public services within the municipality;
2216	(ii) purchase, hire, construct, own, maintain and operate, or lease public utilities
2217	located and operating within and operated by the municipality; and
2218	(iii) subject to Subsection (1)(c), acquire by eminent domain, or otherwise, property
2219	located inside or outside the corporate limits of the municipality and necessary for any of the
2220	purposes stated in Subsections (1)(b)(i) and (ii), subject to restrictions imposed by Title 78B,
2221	Chapter 6, Part 5, Eminent Domain, and general law for the protection of other communities.
2222	(c) Each municipality that intends to acquire property by eminent domain under
2223	Subsection (1)(b) shall comply with the requirements of Section 78B-6-505.
2224	(d) Subsection (1)(b) may not be construed to diminish any other authority a
2225	municipality may claim to have under the law to acquire by eminent domain property located

- 2227 (2) (a) Services or assistance provided pursuant to Subsection (1)(a)(v) is not subject to the provisions of Subsection (3).
  - (b) The total amount of services or other nonmonetary assistance provided or fees waived under Subsection (1)(a)(v) in any given fiscal year may not exceed 1% of the municipality's budget for that fiscal year.
  - (3) It is considered a corporate purpose to appropriate money for any purpose that, in the judgment of the municipal legislative body, provides for the safety, health, prosperity, moral well-being, peace, order, comfort, or convenience of the inhabitants of the municipality subject to this Subsection (3).
  - (a) The net value received for any money appropriated shall be measured on a project-by-project basis over the life of the project.
  - (b) (i) A municipal legislative body shall establish the criteria for a determination under this Subsection (3).
  - (ii) A municipal legislative body's determination of value received is presumed valid unless a person can show that the determination was arbitrary, capricious, or illegal.
  - (c) The municipality may consider intangible benefits received by the municipality in determining net value received.
  - (d) (i) Before the municipal legislative body makes any decision to appropriate any funds for a corporate purpose under this section, the municipal legislative body shall hold a public hearing.
  - (ii) At least 14 days before the date of the hearing, the municipal legislative body shall publish a notice of the hearing described in Subsection (3)(d)(i) [by posting notice:] for the municipality as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.
    - [(A) in at least three conspicuous places within the municipality, and]
    - (B) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601.
  - (e) (i) Before a municipality provides notice as described in Subsection (3)(d)(ii), the municipality shall perform a study that analyzes and demonstrates the purpose for an appropriation described in this Subsection (3) in accordance with Subsection (3)(e)(iii).
  - (ii) A municipality shall make the study described in Subsection (3)(e)(i) available at the municipality for review by interested parties at least 14 days immediately before the public hearing described in Subsection (3)(d)(i).

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- 2258 (iii) A municipality shall consider the following factors when conducting the study 2259 described in Subsection (3)(e)(i):
  - (A) what identified benefit the municipality will receive in return for any money or resources appropriated;
  - (B) the municipality's purpose for the appropriation, including an analysis of the way the appropriation will be used to enhance the safety, health, prosperity, moral well-being, peace, order, comfort, or convenience of the inhabitants of the municipality; and
  - (C) whether the appropriation is necessary and appropriate to accomplish the reasonable goals and objectives of the municipality in the area of economic development, job creation, affordable housing, elimination of a development impediment, job preservation, the preservation of historic structures and property, and any other public purpose.
  - (f) (i) An appeal may be taken from a final decision of the municipal legislative body, to make an appropriation.
  - (ii) A person shall file an appeal as described in Subsection (3)(f)(i) with the district court within 30 days after the day on which the municipal legislative body makes a decision.
  - (iii) Any appeal shall be based on the record of the proceedings before the legislative body.
  - (iv) A decision of the municipal legislative body shall be presumed to be valid unless the appealing party shows that the decision was arbitrary, capricious, or illegal.
  - (g) The provisions of this Subsection (3) apply only to those appropriations made after May 6, 2002.
  - (h) This section applies only to appropriations not otherwise approved pursuant to Title 10, Chapter 5, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah Towns, or Title 10, Chapter 6, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah Cities.
  - (4) (a) Before a municipality may dispose of a significant parcel of real property, the municipality shall:
  - (i) provide [reasonable] notice of the proposed disposition for the municipality as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least 14 days before the opportunity for public comment under Subsection (4)(a)(ii); and
    - (ii) allow an opportunity for public comment on the proposed disposition.
- 2288 (b) Each municipality shall, by ordinance, define what constitutes[:]

2289	$[\frac{(1)}{(1)}]$ a significant parcel of real property for purposes of Subsection $(4)(a)[\frac{1}{(1)}]$
2290	[(ii) reasonable notice for purposes of Subsection (4)(a)(i).]
2291	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(d), each municipality intending to acquire
2292	real property for the purpose of expanding the municipality's infrastructure or other facilities
2293	used for providing services that the municipality offers or intends to offer shall provide written
2294	notice, as provided in this Subsection (5), of its intent to acquire the property if:
2295	(i) the property is located:
2296	(A) outside the boundaries of the municipality; and
2297	(B) in a county of the first or second class; and
2298	(ii) the intended use of the property is contrary to:
2299	(A) the anticipated use of the property under the general plan of the county in whose
2300	unincorporated area or the municipality in whose boundaries the property is located; or
2301	(B) the property's current zoning designation.
2302	(b) Each notice under Subsection (5)(a) shall:
2303	(i) indicate that the municipality intends to acquire real property;
2304	(ii) identify the real property; and
2305	(iii) be sent to:
2306	(A) each county in whose unincorporated area and each municipality in whose
2307	boundaries the property is located; and
2308	(B) each affected entity.
2309	(c) A notice under this Subsection (5) is a protected record as provided in Subsection
2310	63G-2-305(8).
2311	(d) (i) The notice requirement of Subsection (5)(a) does not apply if the municipality
2312	previously provided notice under Section 10-9a-203 identifying the general location within the
2313	municipality or unincorporated part of the county where the property to be acquired is located.
2314	(ii) If a municipality is not required to comply with the notice requirement of
2315	Subsection (5)(a) because of application of Subsection (5)(d)(i), the municipality shall provide
2316	the notice specified in Subsection (5)(a) as soon as practicable after its acquisition of the real
2317	property.
2318	Section 39. Section 10-8-15 is amended to read:
2319	10-8-15. Waterworks Construction Extraterritorial jurisdiction Notice.

- 2320 (1) As used in this section, "affected entity" means a:
  - (a) county that has land use authority over land subject to an ordinance or regulation described in this section;
  - (b) local health department, as that term is defined in Section 26A-1-102, that has jurisdiction pursuant to Section 26A-1-108 over land subject to an ordinance or regulation described in this section;
  - (c) municipality that has enacted or has the right to enact an ordinance or regulation described in this section over the land subject to an ordinance or regulation described in this section; and
  - (d) municipality that has land use authority over land subject to an ordinance or regulation described in this section.
  - (2) A municipality may construct or authorize the construction of waterworks within or without the municipal limits, and for the purpose of maintaining and protecting the same from injury and the water from pollution the municipality's jurisdiction shall extend over the territory occupied by such works, and over all reservoirs, streams, canals, ditches, pipes and drains used in and necessary for the construction, maintenance and operation of the same, and over the stream or other source from which the water is taken, for 15 miles above the point from which it is taken and for a distance of 300 feet on each side of such stream and over highways along such stream or watercourse within said 15 miles and said 300 feet.
  - (3) The jurisdiction of a city of the first class shall additionally be over the entire watershed within the county of origin of the city of the first class and subject to Subsection (6) provided that livestock shall be permitted to graze beyond 1,000 feet from any such stream or source; and provided further, that the city of the first class shall provide a highway in and through the city's corporate limits, and so far as the city's jurisdiction extends, which may not be closed to cattle, horses, sheep, hogs, or goats driven through the city, or through any territory adjacent thereto over which the city has jurisdiction, but the board of commissioners of the city may enact ordinances placing under police regulations the manner of driving such cattle, sheep, horses, hogs, and goats through the city, or any territory adjacent thereto over which the city has jurisdiction.
  - (4) A municipality may enact all ordinances and regulations necessary to carry the power herein conferred into effect, and is authorized and empowered to enact ordinances

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- preventing pollution or contamination of the streams or watercourses from which the municipality derives the municipality's water supply, in whole or in part, for domestic and culinary purposes, and may enact ordinances prohibiting or regulating the construction or maintenance of any closet, privy, outhouse or urinal within the area over which the municipality has jurisdiction, and provide for permits for the construction and maintenance of the same.
- (5) In granting a permit described in Subsection (4), a municipality may annex thereto such reasonable conditions and requirements for the protection of the public health as the municipality determines proper, and may, if determined advisable, require that all closets, privies and urinals along such streams shall be provided with effective septic tanks or other germ-destroying instrumentalities.
- (6) A city of the first class may only exercise extraterritorial jurisdiction outside of the city's county of origin, as described in Subsection (3), pursuant to a written agreement with all municipalities and counties that have jurisdiction over the area where the watershed is located.
- (7) (a) After July 1, 2019, a municipal legislative body that seeks to adopt an ordinance or regulation under the authority of this section shall:
  - (i) hold a public hearing on the proposed ordinance or regulation; and
- (ii) give notice of the date, place, and time of the hearing, as described in Subsection (7)(b).
- (b) At least ten days before the day on which the public hearing described in Subsection (7)(a)(i) is to be held, the notice described in Subsection (7)(a)(ii) shall be:
- 2372 (i) mailed to:
- 2373 (A) each affected entity;
  - (B) the director of the Division of Drinking Water; and
  - (C) the director of the Division of Water Quality; and
- 2376 (ii) published [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601] for the municipality as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.
  - (c) An ordinance or regulation adopted under the authority of this section may not conflict with:
    - (i) existing federal or state statutes; or
- 2381 (ii) a rule created pursuant to a federal or state statute governing drinking water or

2382	water quality.
2383	(d) A municipality that enacts an ordinance or regulation under the authority of this
2384	section shall:
2385	(i) provide a copy of the ordinance or regulation to each affected entity; and
2386	(ii) include a copy of the ordinance or regulation in the municipality's drinking water
2387	source protection plan.
2388	Section 40. Section <b>10-9a-203</b> is amended to read:
2389	10-9a-203. Notice of intent to prepare a general plan or comprehensive general
2390	plan amendments in certain municipalities.
2391	(1) Before preparing a proposed general plan or a comprehensive general plan
2392	amendment, each municipality within a county of the first or second class shall provide 10
2393	calendar days notice of the municipality's intent to prepare a proposed general plan or a
2394	comprehensive general plan amendment:
2395	(a) to each affected entity;
2396	(b) to the Utah Geospatial Resource Center created in Section 63A-16-505;
2397	(c) to the association of governments, established pursuant to an interlocal agreement
2398	under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, of which the municipality is a member;
2399	and
2400	(d) [on the Utah Public Notice Website created under Section 63A-16-601] for the
2401	municipality as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.
2402	(2) Each notice under Subsection (1) shall:
2403	(a) indicate that the municipality intends to prepare a general plan or a comprehensive
2404	general plan amendment, as the case may be;
2405	(b) describe or provide a map of the geographic area that will be affected by the general
2406	plan or amendment;
2407	(c) be sent by mail, e-mail, or other effective means;
2408	(d) invite the affected entities to provide information for the municipality to consider in
2409	the process of preparing, adopting, and implementing a general plan or amendment concerning:
2410	(i) impacts that the use of land proposed in the proposed general plan or amendment
2/11	may have; and

(ii) uses of land within the municipality that the affected entity is considering that may

2413	conflict with the proposed general plan or amendment; and
2414	(e) include the address of an Internet website, if the municipality has one, and the name
2415	and telephone number of an individual where more information can be obtained concerning the
2416	municipality's proposed general plan or amendment.
2417	Section 41. Section 10-9a-204 is amended to read:
2418	10-9a-204. Notice of public hearings and public meetings to consider general plan
2419	or modifications.
2420	(1) Each municipality shall provide:
2421	(a) notice of the date, time, and place of the first public hearing to consider the original
2422	adoption or any modification of all or any portion of a general plan; and
2423	(b) notice of each public meeting on the subject.
2424	(2) Each notice of a public hearing under Subsection (1)(a) shall be at least 10 calendar
2425	days before the public hearing and shall be:
2426	(a) published [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601] for
2427	the municipality as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102; and
2428	(b) mailed to each affected entity[; and].
2429	[ <del>(c) posted:</del> ]
2430	[(i) in at least three public locations within the municipality; or]
2431	[(ii) on the municipality's official website.]
2432	(3) Each notice of a public meeting under Subsection (1)(b) shall be at least 24 hours
2433	before the meeting and shall be[:] published for the municipality as a class A notice under
2434	Section 63G-28-102.
2435	[(a) published on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; and]
2436	[ <del>(b) posted:</del> ]
2437	[(i) in at least three public locations within the municipality; or]
2438	[(ii) on the municipality's official website.]
2439	Section 42. Section 10-9a-205 is amended to read:
2440	10-9a-205. Notice of public hearings and public meetings on adoption or
2441	modification of land use regulation.
2442	(1) Each municipality shall give:
2443	(a) notice of the date, time, and place of the first public hearing to consider the

2444	adoption or any modification of a land use regulation; and
2445	(b) notice of each public meeting on the subject.
2446	(2) Each notice of a public hearing under Subsection (1)(a) shall be:
2447	(a) mailed to each affected entity at least 10 calendar days before the public hearing;
2448	<u>and</u>
2449	(b) [posted:] provided for the municipality as a class C notice under Section
2450	63G-28-102 at least 10 calendar days before the public hearing.
2451	[(i) in at least three public locations within the municipality; or]
2452	[(ii) on the municipality's official website; and]
2453	[(c) (i) posted on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, at
2454	least 10 calendar days before the public hearing; or]
2455	[(ii) mailed at least 10 days before the public hearing to:]
2456	[(A) each property owner whose land is directly affected by the land use ordinance
2457	<del>change; and</del> ]
2458	[(B) each adjacent property owner within the parameters specified by municipal
2459	ordinance.]
2460	(3) In addition to the notice requirements described in Subsections (1) and (2), for any
2461	proposed modification to the text of a zoning code, the notice posted in accordance with
2462	Subsection (2) shall:
2463	(a) include a summary of the effect of the proposed modifications to the text of the
2464	zoning code designed to be understood by a lay person; and
2465	(b) be provided to any person upon written request.
2466	(4) Each notice of a public meeting under Subsection (1)(b) shall be [posted] provided
2467	for the municipality as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least 24 hours before the
2468	meeting[:].
2469	[(a) in at least three public locations within the municipality; or]
2470	[(b) on the municipality's official website.]
2471	(5) (a) A municipality shall send a courtesy notice to each owner of private real
2472	property whose property is located entirely or partially within a proposed zoning map
2473	enactment or amendment at least 10 days before the scheduled day of the public hearing.
2474	(b) The notice shall:

2475	(i) identify with specificity each owner of record of real property that will be affected
2476	by the proposed zoning map or map amendments;
2477	(ii) state the current zone in which the real property is located;
2478	(iii) state the proposed new zone for the real property;
2479	(iv) provide information regarding or a reference to the proposed regulations,
2480	prohibitions, and permitted uses that the property will be subject to if the zoning map or map
2481	amendment is adopted;
2482	(v) state that the owner of real property may no later than 10 days after the day of the
2483	first public hearing file a written objection to the inclusion of the owner's property in the
2484	proposed zoning map or map amendment;
2485	(vi) state the address where the property owner should file the protest;
2486	(vii) notify the property owner that each written objection filed with the municipality
2487	will be provided to the municipal legislative body; and
2488	(viii) state the location, date, and time of the public hearing described in Section
2489	10-9a-502.
2490	(c) If a municipality mails notice to a property owner in accordance with Subsection
2491	[(2)(c)(ii)] (2)(b) for a public hearing on a zoning map or map amendment, the notice required
2492	in this Subsection (5) may be included in or part of the notice described in Subsection
2493	$[\frac{(2)(c)(ii)}{2}]$ (2)(b) rather than sent separately.
2494	Section 43. Section 10-9a-208 is amended to read:
2495	10-9a-208. Hearing and notice for petition to vacate a public street.
2496	(1) For any petition to vacate some or all of a public street or municipal utility
2497	easement the legislative body shall:
2498	(a) hold a public hearing; and
2499	(b) give notice of the date, place, and time of the hearing, as provided in Subsection
2500	(2).
2501	(2) At least 10 days before the public hearing under Subsection (1)(a), the legislative
2502	body shall ensure that the notice required under Subsection (1)(b) is:
2503	(a) mailed to the record owner of each parcel that is accessed by the public street or
2504	municipal utility easement;
2505	(b) mailed to each affected entity; and

(c) [posted on or near] provided for the public street or municipal utility easement in a
manner that is calculated to alert the public[; and].
[(d) (i) published on the website of the municipality in which the land subject to the
petition is located until the public hearing concludes; and]
[(ii) published on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601.]
Section 44. Section 10-18-203 is amended to read:
10-18-203. Feasibility study on providing cable television or public
telecommunications services Public hearings Notice.
(1) If a feasibility consultant is hired under Section 10-18-202, the legislative body of
the municipality shall require the feasibility consultant to:
(a) complete the feasibility study in accordance with this section;
(b) submit to the legislative body by no later than 180 days from the date the feasibility
consultant is hired to conduct the feasibility study:
(i) the full written results of the feasibility study; and
(ii) a summary of the results that is no longer than one page in length; and
(c) attend the public hearings described in Subsection (4) to:
(i) present the feasibility study results; and
(ii) respond to questions from the public.
(2) The feasibility study described in Subsection (1) shall at a minimum consider:
(a) (i) if the municipality is proposing to provide cable television services to
subscribers, whether the municipality providing cable television services in the manner
proposed by the municipality will hinder or advance competition for cable television services
in the municipality; or
(ii) if the municipality is proposing to provide public telecommunications services to
subscribers, whether the municipality providing public telecommunications services in the
manner proposed by the municipality will hinder or advance competition for public
telecommunications services in the municipality;
(b) whether but for the municipality any person would provide the proposed:
(i) cable television services; or
(ii) public telecommunications services;
(c) the fiscal impact on the municipality of:

2537	(i) the capital investment in facilities that will be used to provide the proposed:
2538	(A) cable television services; or
2539	(B) public telecommunications services; and
2540	(ii) the expenditure of funds for labor, financing, and administering the proposed:
2541	(A) cable television services; or
2542	(B) public telecommunications services;
2543	(d) the projected growth in demand in the municipality for the proposed:
2544	(i) cable television services; or
2545	(ii) public telecommunications services;
2546	(e) the projections at the time of the feasibility study and for the next five years, of a
2547	full-cost accounting for a municipality to purchase, lease, construct, maintain, or operate the
2548	facilities necessary to provide the proposed:
2549	(i) cable television services; or
2550	(ii) public telecommunications services; and
2551	(f) the projections at the time of the feasibility study and for the next five years of the
2552	revenues to be generated from the proposed:
2553	(i) cable television services; or
2554	(ii) public telecommunications services.
2555	(3) For purposes of the financial projections required under Subsections (2)(e) and (f),
2556	the feasibility consultant shall assume that the municipality will price the proposed cable
2557	television services or public telecommunications services consistent with Subsection
2558	10-18-303(5).
2559	(4) If the results of the feasibility study satisfy the revenue requirement of Subsection
2560	10-18-202(3), the legislative body, at the next regular meeting after the legislative body
2561	receives the results of the feasibility study, shall schedule at least two public hearings to be
2562	held:
2563	(a) within 60 days of the meeting at which the public hearings are scheduled;
2564	(b) at least seven days apart; and
2565	(c) for the purpose of allowing:
2566	(i) the feasibility consultant to present the results of the feasibility study; and
2567	(ii) the public to:

2568	(A) become informed about the feasibility study results; and
2569	(B) ask questions of the feasibility consultant about the results of the feasibility study.
2570	(5) [(a)] The municipality shall provide notice of the public hearings required under
2571	Subsection (4) [by:] for the municipality as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least
2572	three weeks before the first public hearing required under Subsection (4) is held.
2573	[(i) posting the notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
2574	63A-16-601, for three weeks, at least three days before the first public hearing required under
2575	Subsection (4); and]
2576	[(ii) posting at least one notice of the hearings per 1,000 residents, in a conspicuous
2577	place within the municipality that is likely to give notice of the hearings to the greatest number
2578	of residents of the municipality, subject to a maximum of 10 notices.]
2579	[(b) The municipality shall post the notices at least seven days before the first public
2580	hearing required under Subsection (4) is held.]
2581	Section 45. Section 10-18-302 is amended to read:
2582	10-18-302. Bonding authority.
2583	(1) In accordance with Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act, the
2584	legislative body of a municipality may by resolution determine to issue one or more revenue
2585	bonds or general obligation bonds to finance the capital costs for facilities necessary to provide
2586	to subscribers:
2587	(a) a cable television service; or
2588	(b) a public telecommunications service.
2589	(2) The resolution described in Subsection (1) shall:
2590	(a) describe the purpose for which the indebtedness is to be created; and
2591	(b) specify the dollar amount of the one or more bonds proposed to be issued.
2592	(3) (a) A revenue bond issued under this section shall be secured and paid for:
2593	(i) from the revenues generated by the municipality from providing:
2594	(A) cable television services with respect to revenue bonds issued to finance facilities
2595	for the municipality's cable television services; and
2596	(B) public telecommunications services with respect to revenue bonds issued to finance
2597	facilities for the municipality's public telecommunications services; and
2598	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (3)(b) and Subsection 10-18-303(3)(a), from revenues

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- 2599 generated under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act, if:
- 2600 (A) notwithstanding Subsection 11-14-201(3) and except as provided in Subsections 2601 (4) and (5), the revenue bond is approved by the registered voters in an election held:
- 2602 (I) except as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(ii)(A)(II), pursuant to the provisions of Title 2603 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act, that govern bond elections; and
  - (II) notwithstanding Subsection 11-14-203(2), at a regular general election;
  - (B) the revenues described in this Subsection (3)(a)(ii) are pledged as security for the revenue bond; and
  - (C) the municipality or municipalities annually appropriate the revenues described in this Subsection (3)(a)(ii) to secure and pay the revenue bond issued under this section.
  - (b) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(ii), a municipality may not pay the origination, financing, or other carrying costs associated with the one or more revenue bonds issued under this section from the town or city, respectively, general funds or other enterprise funds of the municipality.
  - (4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4), "municipal entity" means an entity created pursuant to an agreement:
    - (i) under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act; and
    - (ii) to which a municipality is a party.
  - (b) The requirements of Subsection (3)(a)(ii)(A) do not apply to a municipality or municipal entity that issues revenue bonds, or to a municipality that is a member of a municipal entity that issues revenue bonds, if:
  - (i) on or before March 2, 2004, the municipality that is issuing revenue bonds or that is a member of a municipal entity that is issuing revenue bonds has published the first notice described in Subsection (4)(b)(iii);
  - (ii) on or before April 15, 2004, the municipality that is issuing revenue bonds or that is a member of a municipal entity that is issuing revenue bonds makes the decision to pledge the revenues described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) as security for the revenue bonds described in this Subsection (4)(b)(ii);
  - (iii) (A) the municipality that is issuing the revenue bonds or the municipality that is a member of the municipal entity that is issuing the revenue bonds has held a public hearing for which public notice was given by publication of the notice [on the Utah Public Notice Website

2630	created in Section 63A-16-601] for the municipality as a class A notice under Section
2631	63G-28-102, for two weeks before the public hearing; and
2632	(B) the notice identifies:
2633	(I) that the notice is given pursuant to Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding
2634	Act;
2635	(II) the purpose for the bonds to be issued;
2636	(III) the maximum amount of the revenues described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) that will
2637	be pledged in any fiscal year;
2638	(IV) the maximum number of years that the pledge will be in effect; and
2639	(V) the time, place, and location for the public hearing;
2640	(iv) the municipal entity that issues revenue bonds:
2641	(A) adopts a final financing plan; and
2642	(B) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
2643	Management Act, makes available to the public at the time the municipal entity adopts the final
2644	financing plan:
2645	(I) the final financing plan; and
2646	(II) all contracts entered into by the municipal entity, except as protected by Title 63G,
2647	Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act;
2648	(v) any municipality that is a member of a municipal entity described in Subsection
2649	(4)(b)(iv):
2650	(A) not less than 30 calendar days after the municipal entity complies with Subsection
2651	(4)(b)(iv)(B), holds a final public hearing;
2652	(B) provides notice, at the time the municipality schedules the final public hearing, to
2653	any person who has provided to the municipality a written request for notice; and
2654	(C) makes all reasonable efforts to provide fair opportunity for oral testimony by all
2655	interested parties; and
2656	(vi) except with respect to a municipality that issued bonds prior to March 1, 2004, not
2657	more than 50% of the average annual debt service of all revenue bonds described in this section
2658	to provide service throughout the municipality or municipal entity may be paid from the
2659	revenues described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii).
2660	(5) On or after July 1, 2007, the requirements of Subsection (3)(a)(ii)(A) do not apply

with:

2661	to a municipality that issues revenue bonds if:
2662	(a) (i) the municipality that is issuing the revenue bonds has held a public hearing for
2663	which public notice was given by publication of the notice [on the Utah Public Notice Website
2664	created in Section 63A-16-601] for the municipality as a class A notice under Section
2665	63G-28-102, for 14 days before the public hearing; and
2666	(ii) the notice identifies:
2667	(A) that the notice is given pursuant to Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government
2668	Bonding Act;
2669	(B) the purpose for the bonds to be issued;
2670	(C) the maximum amount of the revenues described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) that will be
2671	pledged in any fiscal year;
2672	(D) the maximum number of years that the pledge will be in effect; and
2673	(E) the time, place, and location for the public hearing; and
2674	(b) except with respect to a municipality that issued bonds prior to March 1, 2004, not
2675	more than 50% of the average annual debt service of all revenue bonds described in this section
2676	to provide service throughout the municipality or municipal entity may be paid from the
2677	revenues described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii).
2678	(6) A municipality that issues bonds pursuant to this section may not make or grant any
2679	undue or unreasonable preference or advantage to itself or to any private provider of:
2680	(a) cable television services; or
2681	(b) public telecommunications services.
2682	Section 46. Section 10-18-303 is amended to read:
2683	10-18-303. General operating limitations Notice of change to price list.
2684	A municipality that provides a cable television service or a public telecommunications
2685	service under this chapter is subject to the operating limitations of this section.
2686	(1) A municipality that provides a cable television service shall comply with:
2687	(a) the Cable Communications Policy Act of 1984, 47 U.S.C. 521, et seq.; and
2688	(b) the regulations issued by the Federal Communications Commission under the Cable
2689	Communications Policy Act of 1984, 47 U.S.C. 521, et seq.
2690	(2) A municipality that provides a public telecommunications service shall comply

2092	(a) the refeconfinding ations Act of 1996, Pub. L. 104-104,
2693	(b) the regulations issued by the Federal Communications Commission under the
2694	Telecommunications Act of 1996, Pub. L. 104-104;
2695	(c) Section 54-8b-2.2 relating to:
2696	(i) the interconnection of essential facilities; and
2697	(ii) the purchase and sale of essential services; and
2698	(d) the rules made by the Public Service Commission of Utah under Section 54-8b-2.2
2699	(3) A municipality may not cross subsidize its cable television services or its public
2700	telecommunications services with:
2701	(a) tax dollars;
2702	(b) income from other municipal or utility services;
2703	(c) below-market rate loans from the municipality; or
2704	(d) any other means.
2705	(4) (a) A municipality may not make or grant any undue or unreasonable preference or
2706	advantage to itself or to any private provider of:
2707	(i) cable television services; or
2708	(ii) public telecommunications services.
2709	(b) A municipality shall apply without discrimination as to itself and to any private
2710	provider the municipality's ordinances, rules, and policies, including those relating to:
2711	(i) obligation to serve;
2712	(ii) access to public rights of way;
2713	(iii) permitting;
2714	(iv) performance bonding;
2715	(v) reporting; and
2716	(vi) quality of service.
2717	(c) Subsections (4)(a) and (b) do not supersede the exception for a rural telephone
2718	company in Section 251 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996, Pub. L. 104-104.
2719	(5) In calculating the rates charged by a municipality for a cable television service or a
2720	public telecommunications service, the municipality:
2721	(a) shall include within its rates an amount equal to all taxes, fees, and other
2722	assessments that would be applicable to a similarly situated private provider of the same

2723	services, including:
2724	(i) federal, state, and local taxes;
2725	(ii) franchise fees;
2726	(iii) permit fees;
2727	(iv) pole attachment fees; and
2728	(v) fees similar to those described in Subsections (5)(a)(i) through (iv); and
2729	(b) may not price any cable television service or public telecommunications service at a
2730	level that is less than the sum of:
2731	(i) the actual direct costs of providing the service;
2732	(ii) the actual indirect costs of providing the service; and
2733	(iii) the amount determined under Subsection (5)(a).
2734	(6) (a) A municipality that provides cable television services or public
2735	telecommunications services shall establish and maintain a comprehensive price list of all cable
2736	television services or public telecommunications services offered by the municipality.
2737	(b) The price list required by Subsection (6)(a) shall:
2738	(i) include all terms and conditions relating to the municipality providing each cable
2739	television service or public telecommunications service offered by the municipality;
2740	(ii) be posted on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; and
2741	(iii) be available for inspection:
2742	(A) at a designated office of the municipality; and
2743	(B) during normal business hours.
2744	(c) At least five days before the date a change to a municipality's price list becomes
2745	effective, the municipality shall[:] provide notice of the change:
2746	(i) for the municipality as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102; and
2747	(ii) to any other persons requesting notification of any changes to the municipality's
2748	price list.
2749	[(i) notify the following of the change:]
2750	[(A) all subscribers to the services for which the price list is being changed; and]
2751	[(B) any other persons requesting notification of any changes to the municipality's price
2752	list; and]
2753	[(ii) publish notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601.]

2754	(d) A municipality may not offer a cable television service or a public
2755	telecommunications service except in accordance with the prices, terms, and conditions set
2756	forth in the municipality's price list.
2757	(7) A municipality may not offer to provide or provide cable television services or
2758	public telecommunications services to a subscriber that does not reside within the geographic
2759	boundaries of the municipality.
2760	(8) (a) A municipality shall keep accurate books and records of the municipality's:
2761	(i) cable television services; and
2762	(ii) public telecommunications services.
2763	(b) The books and records required to be kept under Subsection (8)(a) are subject to
2764	legislative audit to verify the municipality's compliance with the requirements of this chapter
2765	including:
2766	(i) pricing;
2767	(ii) recordkeeping; and
2768	(iii) antidiscrimination.
2769	(9) A municipality may not receive distributions from the Universal Public
2770	Telecommunications Service Support Fund established in Section 54-8b-15.
2771	Section 47. Section 11-13-204 is amended to read:
2772	11-13-204. Powers and duties of interlocal entities Additional powers of energy
2773	services interlocal entities Length of term of agreement and interlocal entity Notice t
2774	lieutenant governor Recording requirements Public Service Commission.
2775	(1) (a) An interlocal entity:
2776	(i) shall adopt bylaws, policies, and procedures for the regulation of its affairs and the
2777	conduct of its business;
2778	(ii) may:
2779	(A) amend or repeal a bylaw, policy, or procedure;
2780	(B) sue and be sued;
2781	(C) have an official seal and alter that seal at will;
2782	(D) make and execute contracts and other instruments necessary or convenient for the
2783	performance of its duties and the exercise of its powers and functions;
2784	(E) acquire real or personal property or an undivided fractional or other interest in

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real or personal property, necessary or convenient for the purposes contemplated in the agreement creating the interlocal entity and sell, lease, or otherwise dispose of that property;

- (F) directly or by contract with another:
- (I) own and acquire facilities and improvements or an undivided, fractional, or other interest in facilities and improvements;
  - (II) construct, operate, maintain, and repair facilities and improvements; and
- (III) provide the services contemplated in the agreement creating the interlocal entity and establish, impose, and collect rates, fees, and charges for the services provided by the interlocal entity;
- (G) borrow money, incur indebtedness, and issue revenue bonds, notes, or other obligations and secure their payment by an assignment, pledge, or other conveyance of all or any part of the revenues and receipts from the facilities, improvements, or services that the interlocal entity provides;
- (H) offer, issue, and sell warrants, options, or other rights related to the bonds, notes, or other obligations issued by the interlocal entity;
- (I) sell or contract for the sale of the services, output, product, or other benefits provided by the interlocal entity to:
  - (I) public agencies inside or outside the state; and
- (II) with respect to any excess services, output, product, or benefits, any person on terms that the interlocal entity considers to be in the best interest of the public agencies that are parties to the agreement creating the interlocal entity; and
- (J) create a local disaster recovery fund in the same manner and to the same extent as authorized for a local government in accordance with Section 53-2a-605; and
  - (iii) may not levy, assess, or collect ad valorem property taxes.
- (b) An assignment, pledge, or other conveyance under Subsection (1)(a)(ii)(G) may, to the extent provided by the documents under which the assignment, pledge, or other conveyance is made, rank prior in right to any other obligation except taxes or payments in lieu of taxes payable to the state or its political subdivisions.
  - (2) An energy services interlocal entity:
- 2814 (a) except with respect to any ownership interest it has in facilities providing additional project capacity, is not subject to:

2816	(i) Part 3, Project Entity Provisions; or
2817	(ii) Title 59, Chapter 8, Gross Receipts Tax on Certain Corporations Not Required to
2818	Pay Corporate Franchise or Income Tax Act; and
2819	(b) may:
2820	(i) own, acquire, and, by itself or by contract with another, construct, operate, and
2821	maintain a facility or improvement for the generation, transmission, and transportation of
2822	electric energy or related fuel supplies;
2823	(ii) enter into a contract to obtain a supply of electric power and energy and ancillary
2824	services, transmission, and transportation services, and supplies of natural gas and fuels
2825	necessary for the operation of generation facilities;
2826	(iii) enter into a contract with public agencies, investor-owned or cooperative utilities,
2827	and others, whether located in or out of the state, for the sale of wholesale services provided by
2828	the energy services interlocal entity; and
2829	(iv) adopt and implement risk management policies and strategies and enter into
2830	transactions and agreements to manage the risks associated with the purchase and sale of
2831	energy, including forward purchase and sale contracts, hedging, tolling and swap agreements,
2832	and other instruments.
2833	(3) Notwithstanding Section 11-13-216, an agreement creating an interlocal entity or
2834	an amendment to that agreement may provide that the agreement may continue and the
2835	interlocal entity may remain in existence until the latest to occur of:
2836	(a) 50 years after the date of the agreement or amendment;
2837	(b) five years after the interlocal entity has fully paid or otherwise discharged all of its
2838	indebtedness;
2839	(c) five years after the interlocal entity has abandoned, decommissioned, or conveyed
2840	or transferred all of its interest in its facilities and improvements; or
2841	(d) five years after the facilities and improvements of the interlocal entity are no longer
2842	useful in providing the service, output, product, or other benefit of the facilities and
2843	improvements, as determined under the agreement governing the sale of the service, output,
2844	product, or other benefit.
2845	(4) (a) Upon execution of an agreement to approve the creation of an interlocal entity,

including an electric interlocal entity and an energy services interlocal entity, the governing

204/	body of a member of the interlocal entity under Section 11-13-203 shall:
2848	(i) within 30 days after the date of the agreement, jointly file with the lieutenant
2849	governor:
2850	(A) a copy of a notice of an impending boundary action, as defined in Section
2851	67-1a-6.5, that meets the requirements of Subsection 67-1a-6.5(3); and
2852	(B) if less than all of the territory of any Utah public agency that is a party to the
2853	agreement is included within the interlocal entity, a copy of an approved final local entity plat,
2854	as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5; and
2855	(ii) upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of a certificate of creation under Section
2856	67-1a-6.5:
2857	(A) if the interlocal entity is located within the boundary of a single county, submit to
2858	the recorder of that county:
2859	(I) the original:
2860	(Aa) notice of an impending boundary action;
2861	(Bb) certificate of creation; and
2862	(Cc) approved final local entity plat, if an approved final local entity plat was required
2863	to be filed with the lieutenant governor under Subsection (4)(a)(i)(B); and
2864	(II) a certified copy of the agreement approving the creation of the interlocal entity; or
2865	(B) if the interlocal entity is located within the boundaries of more than a single
2866	county:
2867	(I) submit to the recorder of one of those counties:
2868	(Aa) the original of the documents listed in Subsections (4)(a)(ii)(A)(I)(Aa), (Bb), and
2869	(Cc); and
2870	(Bb) a certified copy of the agreement approving the creation of the interlocal entity;
2871	and
2872	(II) submit to the recorder of each other county:
2873	(Aa) a certified copy of the documents listed in Subsections (4)(a)(ii)(A)(I)(Aa), (Bb),
2874	and (Cc); and
2875	(Bb) a certified copy of the agreement approving the creation of the interlocal entity.
2876	(b) Upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of a certificate of creation under Section
2877	67-1a-6.5, the interlocal entity is created.

- (c) Until the documents listed in Subsection (4)(a)(ii) are recorded in the office of the recorder of each county in which the property is located, a newly created interlocal entity may not charge or collect a fee for service provided to property within the interlocal entity.
  - (5) Nothing in this section may be construed as expanding the rights of any municipality or interlocal entity to sell or provide retail service.
    - (6) Except as provided in Subsection (7):
  - (a) nothing in this section may be construed to expand or limit the rights of a municipality to sell or provide retail electric service; and
  - (b) an energy services interlocal entity may not provide retail electric service to customers located outside the municipal boundaries of its members.
  - (7) (a) An energy services interlocal entity created before July 1, 2003, that is comprised solely of Utah municipalities and that, for a minimum of 50 years before July 1, 2010, provided retail electric service to customers outside the municipal boundaries of its members, may provide retail electric service outside the municipal boundaries of its members if:
    - (i) the energy services interlocal entity:
  - (A) enters into a written agreement with each public utility holding a certificate of public convenience and necessity issued by the Public Service Commission to provide service within an agreed upon geographic area for the energy services interlocal entity to be responsible to provide electric service in the agreed upon geographic area outside the municipal boundaries of the members of the energy services interlocal entity; and
  - (B) obtains a franchise agreement, with the legislative body of the county or other governmental entity for the geographic area in which the energy services interlocal entity provides service outside the municipal boundaries of its members; and
  - (ii) each public utility described in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A) applies for and obtains from the Public Service Commission approval of the agreement specified in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A).
  - (b) (i) The Public Service Commission shall, after a public hearing held in accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, approve an agreement described in Subsection (7)(a)(ii) if it determines that the agreement is in the public interest in that it incorporates the customer protections described in Subsection (7)(c) and the franchise agreement described in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(B) provides a reasonable mechanism using a

neutral arbiter or ombudsman for resolving potential future complaints by customers of the energy services interlocal entity.

- (ii) In approving an agreement, the Public Service Commission shall also amend the certificate of public convenience and necessity of any public utility described in Subsection (7)(a)(i) to delete from the geographic area specified in the certificate or certificates of the public utility the geographic area that the energy services interlocal entity has agreed to serve.
- (c) In providing retail electric service to customers outside of the municipal boundaries of its members, but not within the municipal boundaries of another municipality that grants a franchise agreement in accordance with Subsection (7)(a)(i)(B), an energy services interlocal entity shall comply with the following:
- (i) the rates and conditions of service for customers outside the municipal boundaries of the members shall be at least as favorable as the rates and conditions of service for similarly situated customers within the municipal boundaries of the members;
- (ii) the energy services interlocal entity shall operate as a single entity providing service both inside and outside of the municipal boundaries of its members;
- (iii) a general rebate, refund, or other payment made to customers located within the municipal boundaries of the members shall also be provided to similarly situated customers located outside the municipal boundaries of the members;
- (iv) a schedule of rates and conditions of service, or any change to the rates and conditions of service, shall be approved by the governing board of the energy services interlocal entity;
- (v) before implementation of any rate increase, the governing board of the energy services interlocal entity shall first hold a public meeting to take public comment on the proposed increase, after providing at least 20 days and not more than 60 days' advance written notice to its customers on the ordinary billing and [on the Utah Public Notice Website, created by Section 63A-16-601] as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 for the interlocal entity; and
- (vi) the energy services interlocal entity shall file with the Public Service Commission its current schedule of rates and conditions of service.
- (d) The Public Service Commission shall make the schedule of rates and conditions of service of the energy services interlocal entity available for public inspection.

2940	(e) Nothing in this section:
2941	(i) gives the Public Service Commission jurisdiction over the provision of retail
2942	electric service by an energy services interlocal entity within the municipal boundaries of its
2943	members; or
2944	(ii) makes an energy services interlocal entity a public utility under Title 54, Public
2945	Utilities.
2946	(f) Nothing in this section expands or diminishes the jurisdiction of the Public Service
2947	Commission over a municipality or an association of municipalities organized under Title 11,
2948	Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, except as specifically authorized by this section's
2949	language.
2950	(g) (i) An energy services interlocal entity described in Subsection (7)(a) retains its
2951	authority to provide electric service to the extent authorized by Sections 11-13-202 and
2952	11-13-203 and Subsections 11-13-204(1) through (5).
2953	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(g)(i), if the Public Service Commission approves
2954	the agreement described in Subsection (7)(a)(i), the energy services interlocal entity may not
2955	provide retail electric service to customers located outside the municipal boundaries of its
2956	members, except for customers located within the geographic area described in the agreement
2957	Section 48. Section 11-13-219 is amended to read:
2958	11-13-219. Publication of resolutions or agreements Contesting legality of
2959	resolution or agreement.
2960	(1) As used in this section:
2961	(a) "Enactment" means:
2962	(i) a resolution adopted or proceedings taken by a governing body under the authority
2963	of this chapter, and includes a resolution, indenture, or other instrument providing for the
2964	issuance of bonds; and
2965	(ii) an agreement or other instrument that is authorized, executed, or approved by a
2966	governing body under the authority of this chapter.
2967	(b) "Governing body" means:
2968	(i) the legislative body of a public agency; or
2969	(ii) the governing authority of an interlocal entity created under this chapter.
2970	(c) "Notice of agreement" means the notice authorized by Subsection (3)(c).

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- 2971 (d) "Notice of bonds" means the notice authorized by Subsection (3)(d).
- 2972 (2) Any enactment taken or made under the authority of this chapter is not subject to referendum.
  - (3) (a) A governing body need not publish any enactment taken or made under the authority of this chapter.
  - (b) A governing body may provide for the publication of any enactment taken or made by it under the authority of this chapter according to the publication requirements established by this section.
  - (c) (i) If the enactment is an agreement, document, or other instrument, or a resolution or other proceeding authorizing or approving an agreement, document, or other instrument, the governing body may, instead of publishing the full text of the agreement, resolution, or other proceeding, publish a notice of agreement containing:
    - (A) the names of the parties to the agreement;
    - (B) the general subject matter of the agreement;
    - (C) the term of the agreement;
  - (D) a description of the payment obligations, if any, of the parties to the agreement; and
    - (E) a statement that the resolution and agreement will be available for review at the governing body's principal place of business during regular business hours for 30 days after the publication of the notice of agreement.
    - (ii) The governing body shall make a copy of the resolution or other proceeding and a copy of the contract available at its principal place of business during regular business hours for 30 days after the publication of the notice of agreement.
    - (d) If the enactment is a resolution or other proceeding authorizing the issuance of bonds, the governing body may, instead of publishing the full text of the resolution or other proceeding and the documents pertaining to the issuance of bonds, publish a notice of bonds that contains the information described in Subsection 11-14-316(2).
    - (4) (a) If the governing body chooses to publish an enactment, notice of bonds, or notice of agreement, the governing body shall comply with the requirements of this Subsection (4).
      - (b) The governing body shall post the enactment, notice of bonds, or notice of

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proper.

3002	agreement [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601] for the
3003	governing body's geographic jurisdiction as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.
3004	(5) (a) Any person in interest may contest the legality of an enactment or any action
3005	performed or instrument issued under the authority of the enactment for 30 days after the
3006	posting of the enactment, notice of bonds, or notice of agreement.
3007	(b) After the 30 days have passed, no one may contest the regularity, formality, or
3008	legality of the enactment or any action performed or instrument issued under the authority of
3009	the enactment for any cause whatsoever.
3010	Section 49. Section 11-13-509 is amended to read:
3011	11-13-509. Hearing to consider adoption Notice.
3012	(1) At the meeting at which the tentative budget is adopted, the governing board shall:
3013	(a) establish the time and place of a public hearing to consider its adoption; and
3014	(b) except as provided in Subsection (2) [or $(5)$ ], order that notice of the hearing[: $(i)$ ]
3015	be published, at least seven days before the day of the hearing, [in at least one issue of a
3016	newspaper of general circulation in a county in which the interlocal entity provides service to
3017	the public or in which its members are located, if such a newspaper is generally circulated in
3018	the county or counties; and] for the interlocal entity's service area as a class A notice under
3019	Section 63G-28-102.
3020	[(ii) be published at least seven days before the day of the hearing on the Utah Public
3021	Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601.
3022	(2) If the budget hearing is held in conjunction with a tax increase hearing, the notice
3023	required in Subsection (1)(b):
3024	(a) may be combined with the notice required under Section 59-2-919; and
3025	(b) shall be published in accordance with the advertisement provisions of Section
3026	59-2-919.
3027	(3) Proof that notice was given in accordance with Subsection [(1)(b), (2), or (5)]
3028	(1)(b), or (2) is prima facie evidence that notice was properly given.
3029	(4) If a notice required under Subsection [(1)(b), (2), or (5)] (1)(b), or (2) is not
3030	challenged within 30 days after the day on which the hearing is held, the notice is adequate and

[(5) A governing board of an interlocal entity with an annual operating budget of less

3033	than \$250,000 may satisfy the notice requirements in Subsection (1)(0) by:
3034	[(a) mailing a written notice, postage prepaid, to each voter in an interlocal entity; and]
3035	[(b) posting the notice in three public places within the interlocal entity's service area.]
3036	Section 50. Section 11-14-202 is amended to read:
3037	11-14-202. Notice of election Voter information pamphlet option Changing
3038	or designating additional precinct polling places.
3039	(1) The governing body shall provide notice of the election[:] for the local political
3040	subdivision at least three weeks before the day of the election as a class B notice under Section
3041	<u>63G-28-102.</u>
3042	[(a) (i) at least 21 days before the day of the election, by posting one notice, and at least
3043	one additional notice per 2,000 population of the local political subdivision, in places within
3044	the local political subdivision that are most likely to give notice to the voters in the local
3045	political subdivision, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or]
3046	[(ii) at least three weeks before the day of the election, by mailing notice to each
3047	registered voter in the local political subdivision;]
3048	[(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
3049	63A-16-601, for three weeks before the day of the election; and]
3050	[(c) if the local political subdivision has a website, by posting notice on the local
3051	political subdivision's website for at least three weeks before the day of the election.]
3052	(2) When the debt service on the bonds to be issued will increase the property tax
3053	imposed upon the average value of a residence by an amount that is greater than or equal to \$15
3054	per year, the governing body shall prepare and mail either a voter information pamphlet or a
3055	notification described in Subsection (8):
3056	(a) at least 15 days, but not more than 45 days, before the bond election;
3057	(b) to each household containing a registered voter who is eligible to vote on the
3058	bonds; and
3059	(c) that includes the information required by Subsections (4) and (5).
3060	(3) The election officer may change the location of, or establish an additional:
3061	(a) voting precinct polling place, in accordance with Subsection (6);
3062	(b) early voting polling place, in accordance with Subsection 20A-3a-603(2); or
3063	(c) election day voting center, in accordance with Subsection 20A-3a-703(2).

3064	(4) The notice described in Subsection (1) and the voter information pamphlet
3065	described in Subsection (2):
3066	(a) shall include, in the following order:
3067	(i) the date of the election;
3068	(ii) the hours during which the polls will be open;
3069	(iii) the address of the Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website and, if
3070	available, the address of the election officer's website, with a statement indicating that the
3071	election officer will post on the website the location of each polling place for each voting
3072	precinct, each early voting polling place, and each election day voting center, including any
3073	changes to the location of a polling place and the location of an additional polling place;
3074	(iv) a phone number that a voter may call to obtain information regarding the location
3075	of a polling place; and
3076	(v) the title and text of the ballot proposition, including the property tax cost of the
3077	bond described in Subsection 11-14-206(2)(a); and
3078	(b) may include the location of each polling place.
3079	(5) The voter information pamphlet required by this section shall include:
3080	(a) the information required under Subsection (4); and
3081	(b) an explanation of the property tax impact, if any, of the issuance of the bonds,
3082	which may be based on information the governing body determines to be useful, including:
3083	(i) expected debt service on the bonds to be issued;
3084	(ii) a description of the purpose, remaining principal balance, and maturity date of any
3085	outstanding general obligation bonds of the issuer;
3086	(iii) funds other than property taxes available to pay debt service on general obligation
3087	bonds;
3088	(iv) timing of expenditures of bond proceeds;
3089	(v) property values; and
3090	(vi) any additional information that the governing body determines may be useful to
3091	explain the property tax impact of issuance of the bonds.
3092	(6) (a) Except as provided in Section 20A-1-308, the election officer may, after the
3093	deadlines described in Subsections (1) and (2):
3094	(i) if necessary, change the location of a voting precinct polling place; or

3095	(ii) if the election officer determines that the number of voting precinct polling places
3096	is insufficient due to the number of registered voters who are voting, designate additional
3097	voting precinct polling places.
3098	(b) Except as provided in Section 20A-1-308, if an election officer changes the
3099	location of a voting precinct polling place or designates an additional voting precinct polling
3100	place, the election officer shall, as soon as is reasonably possible, give notice of the dates,
3101	times, and location of a changed voting precinct polling place or an additional voting precinct
3102	polling place:
3103	(i) to the lieutenant governor, for posting on the Statewide Electronic Voter
3104	Information Website;
3105	(ii) by posting the information on the website of the election officer, if available; and
3106	(iii) by posting notice:
3107	(A) of a change in the location of a voting precinct polling place, at the new location
3108	and, if possible, the old location; and
3109	(B) of an additional voting precinct polling place, at the additional voting precinct
3110	polling place.
3111	(7) The governing body shall pay the costs associated with the notice required by this
3112	section.
3113	(8) (a) The governing body may mail a notice printed on a postage prepaid,
3114	preaddressed return form that a person may use to request delivery of a voter information
3115	pamphlet by mail.
3116	(b) The notice described in Subsection (8)(a) shall include:
3117	(i) the website upon which the voter information pamphlet is available; and
3118	(ii) the phone number a voter may call to request delivery of a voter information
3119	pamphlet by mail.
3120	(9) A local school board shall comply with the voter information pamphlet
3121	requirements described in Section 53G-4-603.
3122	Section 51. Section 11-14-315 is amended to read:
3123	11-14-315. Nature and validity of bonds issued Applicability of other statutory
3124	provisions Budget provision required Applicable procedures for issuance Notice.

Bonds issued under this chapter shall have all the qualities of negotiable paper, shall be

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incontestable in the hands of bona fide purchasers or holders for value and are not invalid for any irregularity or defect in the proceedings for their issuance and sale. This chapter is intended to afford an alternative method for the issuance of bonds by local political subdivisions and may not be so construed as to deprive any local political subdivision of the right to issue its bonds under authority of any other statute, but nevertheless this chapter shall constitute full authority for the issue and sale of bonds by local political subdivisions. The provisions of Section 11-1-1 are not applicable to bonds issued under this chapter. Any local political subdivision subject to the provisions of any budget law shall in its annual budget make proper provision for the payment of principal and interest currently falling due on bonds issued hereunder, but no provision need be made in any such budget prior to the issuance of the bonds for the issuance thereof or for the expenditure of the proceeds thereof. No ordinance, resolution or proceeding in respect to the issuance of bonds hereunder shall be necessary except as herein specifically required, nor shall the publication of any resolution, proceeding or notice relating to the issuance of the bonds be necessary except as herein required. Any publication made hereunder shall be made by [posting on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601] providing notice for the local political subdivision as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102. No resolution adopted or proceeding taken hereunder shall be subject to referendum petition or to an election other than as herein required. All proceedings adopted hereunder may be adopted on a single reading at any legally convened meeting of the governing body.

Section 52. Section 11-14-316 is amended to read:

## 11-14-316. Publication of notice, resolution, or other proceeding -- Contest.

- (1) The governing body of any local political subdivision may provide for the publication of any resolution or other proceeding adopted under this chapter:
- (a) [in a newspaper having general circulation in] for the local political subdivision as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102; and
  - (b) as required in Section 45-1-101.
- (2) When a resolution or other proceeding provides for the issuance of bonds, the governing body may, in lieu of publishing the entire resolution or other proceeding, publish a notice of bonds to be issued, titled as such, containing:
  - (a) the name of the issuer;

3157	(b) the purpose of the issue;
3158	(c) the type of bonds and the maximum principal amount which may be issued;
3159	(d) the maximum number of years over which the bonds may mature;
3160	(e) the maximum interest rate which the bonds may bear, if any;
3161	(f) the maximum discount from par, expressed as a percentage of principal amount, at
3162	which the bonds may be sold;
3163	(g) a general description of the security pledged for repayment of the bonds;
3164	(h) the total par amount of bonds currently outstanding that are secured by the same
3165	pledge of revenues as the proposed bonds, if any;
3166	(i) information on a method by which an individual may obtain access to more detailed
3167	information relating to the outstanding bonds of the local political subdivision;
3168	(j) the estimated total cost to the local political subdivision for the proposed bonds if
3169	the bonds are held until maturity, based on interest rates in effect at the time that the local
3170	political subdivision publishes the notice; and
3171	(k) the times and place where a copy of the resolution or other proceeding may be
3172	examined, which shall be:
3173	(i) at an office of the issuer identified in the notice, during regular business hours of the
3174	issuer as described in the notice; and
3175	(ii) for a period of at least 30 days after the publication of the notice.
3176	(3) For a period of 30 days after the publication, any person in interest may contest:
3177	(a) the legality of such resolution or proceeding;
3178	(b) any bonds which may be authorized by such resolution or proceeding; or
3179	(c) any provisions made for the security and payment of the bonds.
3180	(4) A person shall contest the matters set forth in Subsection (3) by filing a verified
3181	written complaint in the district court of the county in which he resides within the 30-day
3182	period.
3183	(5) After the 30-day period, no person may contest the regularity, formality, or legality
3184	of the resolution or proceeding for any reason.
3185	Section 53. Section 11-14-318 is amended to read:
3186	11-14-318. Public hearing required Notice.
3187	(1) Before issuing bonds authorized under this chapter, a local political subdivision

3188	shall:
3189	(a) in accordance with Subsection (2), provide public notice of the local political
3190	subdivision's intent to issue bonds; and
3191	(b) hold a public hearing:
3192	(i) if an election is required under this chapter:
3193	(A) no sooner than 30 days before the day on which the notice of election is published
3194	under Section 11-14-202; and
3195	(B) no later than five business days before the day on which the notice of election is
3196	published under Section 11-14-202; and
3197	(ii) to receive input from the public with respect to:
3198	(A) the issuance of the bonds; and
3199	(B) the potential economic impact that the improvement, facility, or property for which
3200	the bonds pay all or part of the cost will have on the private sector.
3201	(2) A local political subdivision shall:
3202	(a) publish the notice required by Subsection (1)(a) [on the Utah Public Notice
3203	Website, created under Section 63A-16-601] for the local political subdivision as a class A
3204	notice under Section 63G-28-102, no less than 14 days before the public hearing required by
3205	Subsection (1)(b); and
3206	(b) ensure that the notice:
3207	(i) identifies:
3208	(A) the purpose for the issuance of the bonds;
3209	(B) the maximum principal amount of the bonds to be issued;
3210	(C) the taxes, if any, proposed to be pledged for repayment of the bonds; and
3211	(D) the time, place, and location of the public hearing; and
3212	(ii) informs the public that the public hearing will be held for the purposes described in
3213	Subsection (1)(b)(ii).
3214	Section 54. Section 11-14a-1 is amended to read:
3215	11-14a-1. Notice of debt issuance.
3216	(1) For purposes of this chapter:
3217	(a) (i) "Debt" includes bonds, lease purchase agreements, certificates of participation,
3218	and contracts with municipal building authorities.

3219	(ii) "Debt" does not include tax and revenue anticipation notes or refunding bonds.
3220	(b) (i) "Local government entity" means a county, city, town, school district, local
3221	district, or special service district.
3222	(ii) "Local government entity" does not mean an entity created by an interlocal
3223	agreement under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act that has assets over
3224	\$10,000,000.
3225	(c) "New debt resolution" means a resolution authorizing the issuance of debt wholly
3226	or partially to fund a rejected project.
3227	(d) "Rejected Project" means a project for which a local government entity sought
3228	voter approval for general obligation bond financing and failed to receive that approval.
3229	(2) Unless a local government entity complies with the requirements of this section, it
3230	may not adopt a new debt resolution.
3231	(3) (a) Before adopting a new debt resolution, a local government entity shall[:]
3232	[(i)] advertise the local government entity's intent to issue debt by [posting] providing a
3233	notice of that intent [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601;] for
3234	the local government entity as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102 for the two weeks
3235	before the meeting at which the resolution will be considered[; or].
3236	[(ii) include notice of its intent to issue debt in a bill or other mailing sent to at least
3237	95% of the residents of the local government entity.]
3238	(b) The local government entity shall ensure that the notice:
3239	(i) except for website publication, is at least as large as the bill or other mailing that it
3240	accompanies;
3241	(ii) is entitled, in type size no smaller than 24 point, "Intent to Issue Debt"; and
3242	(iii) contains the information required by Subsection (3)(c).
3243	(c) The local government entity shall ensure that the advertisement or notice described
3244	in Subsection (3)(a):
3245	(i) identifies the local government entity;
3246	(ii) states that the entity will meet on a day, time, and place identified in the
3247	advertisement or notice to hear public comments regarding a resolution authorizing the
3248	issuance of debt by the entity and to explain to the public the reasons for the issuance of debt;
3249	(iii) contains:

3250	(A) the name of the entity that will issue the debt;
3251	(B) the purpose of the debt; and
3252	(C) that type of debt and the maximum principal amount that may be issued;
3253	(iv) invites all concerned citizens to attend the public hearing; and
3254	(v) states that some or all of the proposed debt would fund a project whose general
3255	obligation bond financing was rejected by the voters.
3256	(4) (a) The resolution considered at the hearing shall identify:
3257	(i) the type of debt proposed to be issued;
3258	(ii) the maximum principal amount that might be issued;
3259	(iii) the interest rate;
3260	(iv) the term of the debt; and
3261	(v) how the debt will be repaid.
3262	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b)(ii), the resolution considered at the
3263	hearing need not be in final form and need not be adopted or rejected at the meeting at which
3264	the public hearing is held.
3265	(ii) The local government entity may not, in the final resolution, increase the maximum
3266	principal amount of debt contained in the notice and discussed at the hearing.
3267	(c) The local government entity may adopt, amend and adopt, or reject the resolution at
3268	a later meeting without recomplying with the published notice requirements of this section.
3269	Section 55. Section 11-17-16 is amended to read:
3270	11-17-16. Publication of resolutions and notice of bonds to be issued.
3271	(1) (a) The governing body may provide for the publication of any resolution or other
3272	proceeding adopted by it under this chapter, including all resolutions providing for the sale or
3273	lease of any land by the municipality, county, or state university in connection with the
3274	establishment, acquisition, development, maintenance, and operation of an industrial park.
3275	(b) The publication shall be:
3276	(i) [The publication shall be:] a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 made:
3277	(A) [in a newspaper qualified to carry legal notices having general circulation in] for
3278	the municipality or county; or
3279	(B) in the case of a state university, [in a newspaper of general circulation in] for the
3280	county within which the principal administrative office of the state university is located; and

(a) the name of the issuer;

3281	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
3282	(2) In case of a resolution or other proceeding providing for the issuance of bonds, the
3283	governing body may, in lieu of publishing the entire resolution or other proceeding, publish a
3284	notice of bonds to be issued, titled as such, containing:
3285	(a) the name of the issuer;
3286	(b) the purpose of the issue;
3287	(c) the name of the users, if known;
3288	(d) the maximum principal amount which may be issued;
3289	(e) the maximum number of years over which the bonds may mature; and
3290	(f) the times and place where a copy of the resolution or other proceeding may be
3291	examined, which shall be at an office of the issuer, identified in the notice, during regular
3292	business hours of the issuer as described in the notice and for a period of at least 30 days after
3293	the publication of the notice.
3294	(3) For a period of 30 days after publication any person in interest may contest the
3295	legality of the resolution, proceeding, any bonds which may be authorized under them, or any
3296	provisions made for the security and payment of the bonds. After expiration of the 30-day
3297	period no person may contest the regularity, formality, or legality of the resolution,
3298	proceedings, bonds, or security provisions for any cause.
3299	Section 56. Section 11-27-4 is amended to read:
3300	11-27-4. Publication of resolution Notice of bond issue Contest of resolution
3301	or proceeding.
3302	(1) The governing body of any public body may provide for the publication of any
3303	resolution or other proceeding adopted by it under this chapter:
3304	(a) [in a newspaper having general circulation in] for the public body as a class A
3305	notice under Section 63G-28-102; and
3306	(b) as required in Section 45-1-101.
3307	(2) In case of a resolution or other proceeding providing for the issuance of refunding
3308	bonds (or for a combined issue of refunding bonds and bonds issued for any other purpose), the
3309	governing body may, instead of publishing the entire resolution or other proceeding, publish a
3310	notice of bonds to be issued, entitled accordingly, and containing:

3312 (b) the purposes of the issue;

- 3313 (c) the maximum principal amount which may be issued;
- (d) the maximum number of years over which the bonds may mature;
  - (e) the maximum interest rate which the bonds may bear;
  - (f) the maximum discount from par, expressed as a percentage of principal amount, at which the bonds may be sold;
    - (g) a general description of the security pledged for repayment of the bonds; and
    - (h) the times and place where a copy of the resolution or other proceeding authorizing the issuance of the bonds may be examined, which shall be at an office of the governing body identified in the notice, during regular business hours of the governing body as described in the notice and for a period of at least 30 days after the publication of the notice.
    - (3) For a period of 30 days after the publication, any person in interest shall have the right to contest the legality of the resolution or proceeding or any bonds which may be so authorized or any provisions made for the security and payment of these bonds; and after this time no person shall have any cause of action to contest the regularity, formality, or legality thereof for any cause.
      - Section 57. Section 11-27-5 is amended to read:
    - 11-27-5. Negotiability of bonds -- Intent and construction of chapter -- Budget for payment of bonds -- Proceedings limited to those required by chapter -- Notice -- No election required -- Application of chapter.
    - (1) Refunding bonds shall have all the qualities of negotiable paper, shall be incontestable in the hands of bona fide purchasers or holders for value, and are not invalid for any irregularity or defect in the proceedings for their issuance and sale. This chapter is intended to afford an alternative method for the issuance of refunding bonds by public bodies and may not be construed to deprive any public body of the right to issue bonds for refunding purposes under authority of any other statute, but this chapter, nevertheless, shall constitute full authority for the issue and sale of refunding bonds by public bodies. Section 11-1-1, however, is not applicable to refunding bonds.
    - (2) Any public body subject to any budget law shall in its annual budget make proper provision for the payment of principal and interest currently falling due on refunding bonds, but no provision need be made in the budget prior to the issuance of the refunding bonds for

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3343	their issuance or for the expenditure of the proceeds from them.
3344	(3) (a) No ordinance, resolution, or proceeding concerning the issuance of refunding
3345	bonds nor the publication of any resolution, proceeding, or notice relating to the issuance of the
3346	refunding bonds shall be necessary except as specifically required by this chapter.
3347	(b) A publication made under this chapter may be made:
3348	(i) [in any newspaper in which legal notices may be published under the laws of Utah,

- (i) [m any newspaper in which legal notices may be published under the laws of Otan, without regard to its designation as the official journal or newspaper of the public body] for the public body as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102; and
  - (ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
- (4) No resolution adopted or proceeding taken under this chapter shall be subject to any referendum petition or to an election other than as required by this chapter. All proceedings adopted under this chapter may be adopted on a single reading at any legally-convened meeting of the governing body. This chapter shall apply to all bonds issued and outstanding at the time this chapter takes effect as well as to bonds issued after this chapter takes effect.

Section 58. Section 11-30-5 is amended to read:

## 11-30-5. Publication of order for hearing.

- (1) Prior to the date set for hearing, the clerk of the court shall [cause] <u>publish</u> the order [to be published by posting the order on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601] for the public body's jurisdiction as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 for three weeks.
- (2) If a refunding bond is being validated, all holders of the bonds to be refunded may be made defendants to the action, in which case notice may be made, and if so made shall be considered sufficient, by mailing a copy of the order to each holder's last-known address.
- (3) By publication of the order, all defendants shall have been duly served and shall be parties to the proceedings.

Section 59. Section 11-32-10 is amended to read:

## 11-32-10. Application to other laws and proceedings -- Notice.

- (1) This chapter is supplemental to all existing laws relating to the collection of delinquent taxes by participant members.
- 3372 (2) (a) No ordinance, resolution, or proceeding in respect to any transaction authorized 3373 by this chapter is necessary except as specifically required in this chapter nor is the publication

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of any resolution, proceeding, or notice relating to any transaction authorized by this chapter necessary except as required by this chapter.

- (b) A publication made under this chapter may be made:
- (i) [in a newspaper conforming to the terms of this chapter and in which legal notices may be published under the laws of Utah, without regard to the designation of it as the official journal or newspaper of the public body] for the public body's jurisdiction as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102; and
  - (ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
- (c) No resolution adopted or proceeding taken under this chapter may be subject to referendum petition or to an election other than as permitted in this chapter.
- (d) All proceedings adopted under this chapter may be adopted on a single reading at any legally convened meeting of the governing body or bodies or the board of trustees of the authority as appropriate.
- (3) Any formal action or proceeding taken by the governing body of a county or other public body or the board of trustees of an authority under the authority of this chapter may be taken by resolution of the governing body or the board of trustees as appropriate.
- (4) This chapter shall apply to all authorities created, assignment agreements executed, and bonds issued after this chapter takes effect.
- (5) All proceedings taken before the effective date of this chapter by a county or other public body in connection with the creation and operation of a financing authority are validated, ratified, approved, and confirmed.
  - Section 60. Section 11-32-11 is amended to read:

## 11-32-11. Publication of resolutions -- Notice -- Content.

- (1) The governing body of any county, or the board of trustees of any financing authority, may provide for the publication of any resolution or other proceeding adopted by it under this chapter:
- (a) [in a newspaper having general circulation in] for the county as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102; and
  - (b) as required in Section 45-1-101.
- 3403 (2) In case of a resolution or other proceeding providing for the issuance of bonds, the 3404 board of trustees of a financing authority may, in lieu of publishing the entire resolution or

3405	other proceeding, publish a notice of bonds to be issued, titled as such, containing:
3406	(a) the name of the financing authority and the participant members;
3407	(b) the purposes of the issue;
3408	(c) the maximum principal amount which may be issued;
3409	(d) the maximum number of years over which the bonds may mature;
3410	(e) the maximum interest rate which the bonds may bear;
3411	(f) the maximum discount from par, expressed as a percentage of principal amount, at
3412	which the bonds may be sold; and
3413	(g) the time and place where a copy of the resolution or other proceedings authorizing
3414	the issuance of the bonds may be examined, which shall be at an office of the financing
3415	authority, identified in the notice, during regular business hours of the financing authority as
3416	described in the notice and for a period of at least 30 days after the publication of the notice.
3417	(3) For a period of 30 days after the publication, any person in interest may contest the
3418	legality of the resolution or proceeding or any bonds or assignment agreements which may be
3419	authorized by them or any provisions made for the security and payment of the bonds or for the
3420	security and payment of the assignment agreement. After such time no person has any cause of
3421	action to contest the regularity, formality, or legality of same for any cause.
3422	Section 61. Section 11-36a-501 is amended to read:
3423	11-36a-501. Notice of intent to prepare an impact fee facilities plan.
3424	(1) Before preparing or amending an impact fee facilities plan, a local political
3425	subdivision or private entity shall provide written notice of its intent to prepare or amend an
3426	impact fee facilities plan.
3427	(2) A notice required under Subsection (1) shall:
3428	(a) indicate that the local political subdivision or private entity intends to prepare or
3429	amend an impact fee facilities plan;
3430	(b) describe or provide a map of the geographic area where the proposed impact fee
3431	facilities will be located; and
3432	(c) subject to Subsection (3), be [posted on the Utah Public Notice Website created
3433	under Section 63A-16-601] provided for the geographic area where the proposed impact fee
3434	facilities will be located as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.

(3) For a private entity required to post notice [on the Utah Public Notice Website]

3436	under Subsection (2)(c):
3437	(a) the private entity shall give notice to the general purpose local government in which
3438	the private entity's private business office is located; and
3439	(b) the general purpose local government described in Subsection (3)(a) shall post the
3440	notice on the Utah Public Notice Website and, as available, on the general purpose local
3441	government's website.
3442	Section 62. Section 11-36a-503 is amended to read:
3443	11-36a-503. Notice of preparation of an impact fee analysis.
3444	(1) Before preparing or contracting to prepare an impact fee analysis, each local
3445	political subdivision or, subject to Subsection (2), private entity shall [post] provide a public
3446	notice [on the Utah Public Notice Website created under Section 63A-16-601] for the local
3447	political subdivision as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.
3448	(2) For a private entity required to post notice [on the Utah Public Notice Website]
3449	under Subsection (1):
3450	(a) the private entity shall give notice to the general purpose local government in which
3451	the private entity's primary business is located; and
3452	(b) the general purpose local government described in Subsection (2)(a) shall post the
3453	notice on the Utah Public Notice Website and, as available, on the general purpose local
3454	government's website.
3455	Section 63. Section 11-36a-504 is amended to read:
3456	11-36a-504. Notice of intent to adopt impact fee enactment Hearing
3457	Protections.
3458	(1) Before adopting an impact fee enactment:
3459	(a) a municipality legislative body shall:
3460	(i) comply with the notice requirements of Section 10-9a-205 as if the impact fee
3461	enactment were a land use regulation;
3462	(ii) hold a hearing in accordance with Section 10-9a-502 as if the impact fee enactment
3463	were a land use regulation; and
3464	(iii) except as provided in Subsection 11-36a-701(3)(b)(ii), receive the protections of
3465	Section 10-9a-801 as if the impact fee were a land use regulation;
3466	(b) a county legislative body shall:

3467	(i) comply with the notice requirements of Section 17-27a-205 as if the impact fee
3468	enactment were a land use regulation;
3469	(ii) hold a hearing in accordance with Section 17-27a-502 as if the impact fee
3470	enactment were a land use regulation; and
3471	(iii) except as provided in Subsection 11-36a-701(3)(b)(ii), receive the protections of
3472	Section 17-27a-801 as if the impact fee were a land use regulation;
3473	(c) a local district or special service district shall:
3474	(i) comply with the notice and hearing requirements of Section 17B-1-111; and
3475	(ii) receive the protections of Section 17B-1-111;
3476	(d) a local political subdivision shall at least 10 days before the day on which a public
3477	hearing is scheduled in accordance with this section:
3478	(i) make a copy of the impact fee enactment available to the public; and
3479	(ii) [post] provide notice of the local political subdivision's intent to enact or modify
3480	the impact fee, specifying the type of impact fee being enacted or modified, [on the Utah Public
3481	Notice Website created under Section 63A-16-601; and] for the local political subdivision as a
3482	class A notice under Section 63G-28-102; and
3483	(e) a local political subdivision shall submit a copy of the impact fee analysis and a
3484	copy of the summary of the impact fee analysis prepared in accordance with Section
3485	11-36a-303 on its website or to each public library within the local political subdivision.
3486	(2) Subsection (1)(a) or (b) may not be construed to require involvement by a planning
3487	commission in the impact fee enactment process.
3488	Section 64. Section 11-39-103 is amended to read:
3489	11-39-103. Requirements for undertaking a building improvement or public
3490	works project Request for bids Notice Authority to reject bids.
3491	(1) If the estimated cost of the building improvement or public works project exceeds
3492	the bid limit, the local entity shall, if it determines to proceed with the building improvement or
3493	public works project:
3494	(a) request bids for completion of the building improvement or public works project
3495	by[:(i) posting] providing notice for the local entity as a class A notice under Section
3496	63G-28-102 at least five days before opening the bids [in at least five public places in the local
3497	entity] and leaving the notice posted for at least three days; and

3528	designation Notice.
3527	11-42-202. Requirements applicable to a notice of a proposed assessment area
3526	Section 65. Section 11-42-202 is amended to read:
3525	appropriate.
3524	body may undertake the building improvement or public works project as it considers
3523	(1)(a), the local entity determines that no satisfactory bid has been submitted, the governing
3522	(c) If, after twice requesting bids by following the procedure provided in Subsection
3521	following the procedure provided in Subsection (1)(a).
3520	building improvement or public works project, the local entity shall again request bids by
3519	(b) If the local entity rejects all bids submitted but still intends to undertake the
3518	(3) (a) The local entity may reject any or all bids submitted.
3517	of the building improvement or public works project that results from dividing the cost.
3516	limit if the local entity complies with the requirements of this section with respect to each part
3515	building improvement or public works project that would, without dividing, exceed the bid
3514	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b)(i), a local entity may divide the cost of a
3513	(B) subjecting the local entity to the requirements of this section.
3512	(A) exceeding the bid limit; and
3511	to avoid:
3510	(b) (i) The cost of a building improvement or public works project may not be divided
3509	any or all bids submitted.
3508	(2) (a) Each notice under Subsection (1)(a) shall indicate that the local entity may reject
3507	to perform fully and in good faith the contract requirements for a design-build project.
3506	integrity, reliability, and other factors that the local entity uses to assess the ability of a bidder
3505	(B) satisfies the local entity's criteria relating to financial strength, past performance,
3504	(A) offers design-build services; and
3503	(ii) for a design-build project formulated by a local entity, a responsible bidder that:
3502	(i) the lowest responsive responsible bidder; or
3501	building improvement or public works project with:
3500	(b) except as provided in Subsection (3), enter into a contract for the completion of the
3499	at least five days before opening the bids; and]
3498	(ii) posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601;

3529 (1) Each notice required under Subsection 11-42-201(2)(a) shall: 3530 (a) state that the local entity proposes to: (i) designate one or more areas within the local entity's jurisdictional boundaries as an 3531 3532 assessment area; 3533 (ii) provide an improvement to property within the proposed assessment area; and 3534 (iii) finance some or all of the cost of improvements by an assessment on benefitted 3535 property within the assessment area; (b) describe the proposed assessment area by any reasonable method that allows an 3536 owner of property in the proposed assessment area to determine that the owner's property is 3537 3538 within the proposed assessment area; (c) describe, in a general and reasonably accurate way, the improvements to be 3539 3540 provided to the assessment area, including: 3541 (i) the nature of the improvements: and 3542 (ii) the location of the improvements, by reference to streets or portions or extensions 3543 of streets or by any other means that the governing body chooses that reasonably describes the 3544 general location of the improvements; 3545 (d) state the estimated cost of the improvements as determined by a project engineer; 3546 (e) for the [version of] notice mailed [in accordance with Subsection (4)(b)] under 3547 Subsection (4), state the estimated total assessment specific to the benefitted property for which 3548 the notice is mailed; 3549 (f) state that the local entity proposes to levy an assessment on benefitted property 3550 within the assessment area to pay some or all of the cost of the improvements according to the 3551 estimated benefits to the property from the improvements; 3552 (g) if applicable, state that an unassessed benefitted government property will receive 3553 improvements for which the cost will be allocated proportionately to the remaining benefitted 3554 properties within the proposed assessment area and that a description of each unassessed 3555 benefitted government property is available for public review at the location or website 3556 described in Subsection (6); 3557 (h) state the assessment method by which the governing body proposes to calculate the 3558 proposed assessment, including, if the local entity is a municipality or county, whether the 3559 assessment will be collected:

3560	(1) by directly billing a property owner; or
3561	(ii) by inclusion on a property tax notice issued in accordance with Section 59-2-1317
3562	and in compliance with Section 11-42-401;
3563	(i) state:
3564	(i) the date described in Section 11-42-203 and the location at which protests against
3565	designation of the proposed assessment area or of the proposed improvements are required to
3566	be filed;
3567	(ii) the method by which the governing body will determine the number of protests
3568	required to defeat the designation of the proposed assessment area or acquisition or
3569	construction of the proposed improvements; and
3570	(iii) in large, boldface, and conspicuous type that a property owner must protest the
3571	designation of the assessment area in writing if the owner objects to the area designation or
3572	being assessed for the proposed improvements, operation and maintenance costs, or economic
3573	promotion activities;
3574	(j) state the date, time, and place of the public hearing required in Section 11-42-204;
3575	(k) if the governing body elects to create and fund a reserve fund under Section
3576	11-42-702, include a description of:
3577	(i) how the reserve fund will be funded and replenished; and
3578	(ii) how remaining money in the reserve fund is to be disbursed upon full payment of
3579	the bonds;
3580	(l) if the governing body intends to designate a voluntary assessment area, include a
3581	property owner consent form that:
3582	(i) estimates the total assessment to be levied against the particular parcel of property;
3583	(ii) describes any additional benefits that the governing body expects the assessed
3584	property to receive from the improvements;
3585	(iii) designates the date and time by which the fully executed consent form is required
3586	to be submitted to the governing body; and
3587	(iv) if the governing body intends to enforce an assessment lien on the property in
3588	accordance with Subsection 11-42-502.1(2)(a)(ii)(C):
3589	(A) appoints a trustee that satisfies the requirements described in Section 57-1-21;
3590	(B) gives the trustee the power of sale:

3591	(C) is binding on the property owner and all successors; and
3592	(D) explains that if an assessment or an installment of an assessment is not paid when
3593	due, the local entity may sell the property owner's property to satisfy the amount due plus
3594	interest, penalties, and costs, in the manner described in Title 57, Chapter 1, Conveyances;
3595	(m) if the local entity intends to levy an assessment to pay operation and maintenance
3596	costs or for economic promotion activities, include:
3597	(i) a description of the operation and maintenance costs or economic promotion
3598	activities to be paid by assessments and the initial estimated annual assessment to be levied;
3599	(ii) a description of how the estimated assessment will be determined;
3600	(iii) a description of how and when the governing body will adjust the assessment to
3601	reflect the costs of:
3602	(A) in accordance with Section 11-42-406, current economic promotion activities; or
3603	(B) current operation and maintenance costs;
3604	(iv) a description of the method of assessment if different from the method of
3605	assessment to be used for financing any improvement; and
3606	(v) a statement of the maximum number of years over which the assessment will be
3607	levied for:
3608	(A) operation and maintenance costs; or
3609	(B) economic promotion activities;
3610	(n) if the governing body intends to divide the proposed assessment area into
3611	classifications under Subsection 11-42-201(1)(b), include a description of the proposed
3612	classifications;
3613	(o) if applicable, state the portion and value of the improvement that will be increased
3614	in size or capacity to serve property outside of the assessment area and how the increases will
3615	be financed; and
3616	(p) state whether the improvements will be financed with a bond and, if so, the
3617	currently estimated interest rate and term of financing, subject to Subsection (2), for which the
3618	benefitted properties within the assessment area may be obligated.
3619	(2) The estimated interest rate and term of financing in Subsection (1)(p) may not be
3620	interpreted as a limitation to the actual interest rate incurred or the actual term of financing as
3621	subject to the market rate at the time of the issuance of the bond.

- (3) A notice required under Subsection 11-42-201(2)(a) may contain other information that the governing body considers to be appropriate, including:
- (a) the amount or proportion of the cost of the improvement to be paid by the local entity or from sources other than an assessment;
- (b) the estimated total amount of each type of assessment for the various improvements to be financed according to the method of assessment that the governing body chooses; and
  - (c) provisions for any improvements described in Subsection 11-42-102(25)(a)(ii).
- (4) Each notice required under Subsection 11-42-201(2)(a) shall[:] be published for the governing body's jurisdiction as a class C notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least 20 but not more than 35 days before the day of the hearing required in Section 11-42-204.
- [(a) (i) be posted in at least three public places within the local entity's jurisdictional boundaries at least 20 but not more than 35 days before the day of the hearing required in Section 11-42-204; and]
- [(ii) be published on the Utah Public Notice Website described in Section 63A-16-601 for four weeks before the deadline for filing protests specified in the notice under Subsection (1)(i); and]
- [(b) be mailed, postage prepaid, within 10 days after the first publication or posting of the notice under Subsection (4)(a) to each owner of property to be assessed within the proposed assessment area at the property owner's mailing address.]
- (5) (a) The local entity may record the version of the notice that is published or posted in accordance with Subsection [(4)(a)] (4) with the office of the county recorder, by legal description and tax identification number as identified in county records, against the property proposed to be assessed.
- (b) The notice recorded under Subsection (5)(a) expires and is no longer valid one year after the day on which the local entity records the notice if the local entity has failed to adopt the designation ordinance or resolution under Section 11-42-201 designating the assessment area for which the notice was recorded.
- (6) A local entity shall make available on the local entity's website, or, if no website is available, at the local entity's place of business, the address and type of use of each unassessed benefitted government property described in Subsection (1)(g).
  - (7) If a governing body fails to provide actual or constructive notice under this section,

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3653	the local entity may not assess a levy against a benefitted property omitted from the notice
3654	unless:
3655	(a) the property owner gives written consent;
3656	(b) the property owner received notice under Subsection 11-42-401(2)(a)(iii) and did
3657	not object to the levy of the assessment before the final hearing of the board of equalization; or
3658	(c) the benefitted property is conveyed to a subsequent purchaser and, before the date
3659	of conveyance, the requirements of Subsections 11-42-206(3)(a)(i) and (ii), or, if applicable,
3660	Subsection 11-42-207(1)(d)(i) are met.
3661	Section 66. Section 11-42-301 is amended to read:
3662	11-42-301. Improvements made only under contract let to lowest responsive,
3663	responsible bidder Publishing notice Sealed bids Procedure Exceptions to
3664	contract requirement.
3665	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a local entity may make improvements
3666	in an assessment area only under contract let to the lowest responsive, responsible bidder for
3667	the kind of service, material, or form of construction that the local entity's governing body
3668	determines in compliance with any applicable local entity ordinances.
3669	(2) A local entity may:
3670	(a) divide improvements into parts;
3671	(b) (i) let separate contracts for each part; or
3672	(ii) combine multiple parts into the same contract; and
3673	(c) let a contract on a unit basis.
3674	(3) (a) A local entity may not let a contract until after [posting] providing notice as
3675	provided in Subsection (3)(b) [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section
3676	63A-16-601,] as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least 15 days before the date
3677	specified for receipt of bids.
3678	(b) Each notice under Subsection (3)(a) shall notify contractors that the local entity will
3679	receive sealed bids at a specified time and place for the construction of the improvements.
3680	(c) Notwithstanding a local entity's failure, through inadvertence or oversight, to

publish the notice or to publish the notice within 15 days before the date specified for receipt of

bids, the governing body may proceed to let a contract for the improvements if the local entity

receives at least three sealed and bona fide bids from contractors by the time specified for the

3084	receipt of bias.
3685	(d) A local entity may publish a notice required under this Subsection (3) at the same
3686	time as a notice under Section 11-42-202.
3687	(4) (a) A local entity may accept as a sealed bid a bid that is:
3688	(i) manually sealed and submitted; or
3689	(ii) electronically sealed and submitted.
3690	(b) The governing body or project engineer shall, at the time specified in the notice
3691	under Subsection (3), open and examine the bids.
3692	(c) In open session, the governing body:
3693	(i) shall declare the bids; and
3694	(ii) may reject any or all bids if the governing body considers the rejection to be for the
3695	public good.
3696	(d) The local entity may award the contract to the lowest responsive, responsible bidder
3697	even if the price bid by that bidder exceeds the estimated costs as determined by the project
3698	engineer.
3699	(e) A local entity may in any case:
3700	(i) refuse to award a contract;
3701	(ii) obtain new bids after giving a new notice under Subsection (3);
3702	(iii) determine to abandon the assessment area; or
3703	(iv) not make some of the improvements proposed to be made.
3704	(5) A local entity is not required to let a contract as provided in this section for:
3705	(a) an improvement or part of an improvement the cost of which or the making of
3706	which is donated or contributed;
3707	(b) an improvement that consists of furnishing utility service or maintaining
3708	improvements;
3709	(c) labor, materials, or equipment supplied by the local entity;
3710	(d) the local entity's acquisition of completed or partially completed improvements in
3711	an assessment area;
3712	(e) design, engineering, and inspection costs incurred with respect to the construction
3713	of improvements in an assessment area; or
3714	(f) additional work performed in accordance with the terms of a contract duly let to the

3715	lowest responsive, responsible bidder.
3716	(6) A local entity may itself furnish utility service and maintain improvements within
3717	an assessment area.
3718	(7) (a) A local entity may acquire completed or partially completed improvements in an
3719	assessment area, but may not pay an amount for those improvements that exceeds their fair
3720	market value.
3721	(b) Upon the local entity's payment for completed or partially completed
3722	improvements, title to the improvements shall be conveyed to the local entity or another public
3723	agency.
3724	(8) The provisions of Title 11, Chapter 39, Building Improvements and Public Works
3725	Projects, and Section 72-6-108 do not apply to improvements to be constructed in an
3726	assessment area.
3727	Section 67. Section 11-42-402 is amended to read:
3728	11-42-402. Notice of assessment and board of equalization hearing.
3729	Each notice required under Subsection 11-42-401(2)(a)(iii) shall:
3730	(1) state:
3731	(a) that an assessment list is completed and available for examination at the offices of
3732	the local entity;
3733	(b) the total estimated or actual cost of the improvements;
3734	(c) the amount of the total estimated or actual cost of the proposed improvements to be
3735	paid by the local entity;
3736	(d) the amount of the assessment to be levied against benefitted property within the
3737	assessment area;
3738	(e) the assessment method used to calculate the proposed assessment;
3739	(f) the unit cost used to calculate the assessments shown on the assessment list, based
3740	on the assessment method used to calculate the proposed assessment; and
3741	(g) the dates, times, and place of the board of equalization hearings under Subsection
3742	11-42-401(2)(b)(i); and
3743	(2) [(a)] beginning at least 20 but not more than 35 days before the day on which the
3744	first hearing of the board of equalization is held, be [posted in at least three public places

within the local entity's jurisdictional boundaries; and] published for the local entity's

3746	jurisdiction as a class C notice under Section 63G-28-102.
3747	[(b) be published on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601 for
3748	35 days immediately before the day on which the first hearing of the board of equalization is
3749	held; and]
3750	[(3) be mailed, postage prepaid, within 10 days after the first publication or posting of
3751	the notice under Subsection (2) to each owner of property to be assessed within the proposed
3752	assessment area at the property owner's mailing address.]
3753	Section 68. Section 11-42-404 is amended to read:
3754	11-42-404. Adoption of a resolution or ordinance levying an assessment Notice
3755	of the adoption Effective date of resolution or ordinance Notice of assessment
3756	interest.
3757	(1) (a) After receiving a final report from a board of equalization under Subsection
3758	11-42-403(5) or, if applicable, after the time for filing an appeal under Subsection
3759	11-42-403(6) has passed, the governing body may adopt a resolution or ordinance levying an
3760	assessment against benefitted property within the assessment area designated in accordance
3761	with Part 2, Designating an Assessment Area.
3762	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), a local entity may not levy more than one
3763	assessment under this chapter for an assessment area designated in accordance with Part 2,
3764	Designating an Assessment Area.
3765	(c) A local entity may levy more than one assessment in an assessment area designated
3766	in accordance with Part 2, Designating an Assessment Area, if:
3767	(i) the local entity has adopted a designation resolution or designation ordinance for
3768	each assessment in accordance with Section 11-42-201; and
3769	(ii) the assessment is levied to pay:
3770	(A) subject to Section 11-42-401, operation and maintenance costs;
3771	(B) subject to Section 11-42-406, the costs of economic promotion activities; or
3772	(C) the costs of environmental remediation activities.
3773	(d) An assessment resolution or ordinance adopted under Subsection (1)(a):
3774	(i) need not describe each tract, block, lot, part of block or lot, or parcel of property to
3775	be assessed;
3776	(ii) need not include the legal description or tax identification number of the parcels of

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ordinance adopted under Subsection (1).

Section 69. Section 11-42-604 is amended to read:

3777	property assessed in the assessment area; and
3778	(iii) is adequate for purposes of identifying the property to be assessed within the
3779	assessment area if the assessment resolution or ordinance incorporates by reference the
3780	corrected assessment list that describes the property assessed by legal description and tax
3781	identification number.
3782	(2) (a) A local entity that adopts an assessment resolution or ordinance shall give notice
3783	of the adoption [by:] for the local entity's jurisdiction as a class A notice under Section
3784	63G-28-100 for at least 21 days.
3785	[(i) posting a copy of the resolution or ordinance in at least three public places within
3786	the local entity's jurisdictional boundaries for at least 21 days; and]
3787	[(ii) posting a copy of the resolution or ordinance on the Utah Public Notice Website
3788	created in Section 63A-16-601 for at least 21 days.]
3789	(b) No other publication or posting of the resolution or ordinance is required.
3790	(3) Notwithstanding any other statutory provision regarding the effective date of a
3791	resolution or ordinance, each assessment resolution or ordinance takes effect:
3792	(a) on the date of publication or posting of the notice under Subsection (2); or
3793	(b) at a later date provided in the resolution or ordinance.
3794	(4) (a) The governing body of each local entity that has adopted an assessment
3795	resolution or ordinance under Subsection (1) shall, within five days after the day on which the
3796	25-day prepayment period under Subsection 11-42-411(6) has passed, file a notice of
3797	assessment interest with the recorder of the county in which the assessed property is located.
3798	(b) Each notice of assessment interest under Subsection (4)(a) shall:
3799	(i) state that the local entity has an assessment interest in the assessed property;
3800	(ii) if the assessment is to pay operation and maintenance costs or for economic
3801	promotion activities, state the maximum number of years over which an assessment will be
3802	payable; and
3803	(iii) describe the property assessed by legal description and tax identification number.
3804	(c) A local entity's failure to file a notice of assessment interest under this Subsection
3805	(4) has no affect on the validity of an assessment levied under an assessment resolution or

3809	warrants or bond anticipation notes Complaint contesting warrants or notes
3810	Prohibition against contesting warrants and notes.
3811	(1) A local entity may publish notice, as provided in Subsection (2), of a resolution or
3812	ordinance that the governing body has adopted authorizing the issuance of interim warrants or
3813	bond anticipation notes.
3814	(2) (a) If a local entity chooses to publish notice under Subsection (1), the notice shall:
3815	(i) be published:
3816	(A) [in a newspaper of general circulation within] for the local entity as a class A
3817	notice under Section 63G-28-102; and
3818	(B) as required in Section 45-1-101; and
3819	(ii) contain:
3820	(A) the name of the issuer of the interim warrants or bond anticipation notes;
3821	(B) the purpose of the issue;
3822	(C) the maximum principal amount that may be issued;
3823	(D) the maximum length of time over which the interim warrants or bond anticipation
3824	notes may mature;
3825	(E) the maximum interest rate, if there is a maximum rate; and
3826	(F) the times and place where a copy of the resolution or ordinance may be examined,
3827	as required under Subsection (2)(b).
3828	(b) The local entity shall allow examination of the resolution or ordinance authorizing
3829	the issuance of the interim warrants or bond anticipation notes at its office during regular
3830	business hours.
3831	(3) Any person may, within 30 days after publication of a notice under Subsection (1),
3832	file a verified, written complaint in the district court of the county in which the person resides,
3833	contesting the regularity, formality, or legality of the interim warrants or bond anticipation
3834	notes issued by the local entity or the proceedings relating to the issuance of the interim
3835	warrants or bond anticipation notes.
3836	(4) After the 30-day period under Subsection (3), no person may contest the regularity,
3837	formality, or legality of the interim warrants or bond anticipation notes issued by a local entity
3838	under the resolution or ordinance that was the subject of the notice under Subsection (1), or the

11-42-604. Notice regarding resolution or ordinance authorizing interim

3839	proceedings relating to the issuance of the interim warrants or bond anticipation notes.
3840	Section 70. Section 11-42a-201 is amended to read:
3841	11-42a-201. Resolution or ordinance designating an energy assessment area,
3842	levying an assessment, and issuing an energy assessment bond Notice of adoption.
3843	(1) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, and subject to the requirements of
3844	this part, at the request of a property owner on whose property or for whose benefit an
3845	improvement is being installed or being reimbursed, a governing body of a local entity may
3846	adopt an energy assessment resolution or an energy assessment ordinance that:
3847	(i) designates an energy assessment area;
3848	(ii) levies an assessment within the energy assessment area; and
3849	(iii) if applicable, authorizes the issuance of an energy assessment bond.
3850	(b) The governing body of a local entity may, by adopting a parameters resolution,
3851	delegate to an officer of the local entity, in accordance with the parameters resolution, the
3852	authority to:
3853	(i) execute an energy assessment resolution or ordinance that:
3854	(A) designates an energy assessment area;
3855	(B) levies an energy assessment lien; and
3856	(C) approves the final interest rate, price, principal amount, maturities, redemption
3857	features, and other terms of the energy assessment bonds; and
3858	(ii) approve and execute all documents related to the designation of the energy
3859	assessment area, the levying of the energy assessment lien, and the issuance of the energy
3860	assessment bonds.
3861	(c) The boundaries of a proposed energy assessment area may:
3862	(i) include property that is not intended to be assessed; and
3863	(ii) overlap, be coextensive with, or be substantially coterminous with the boundaries
3864	of any other energy assessment area or an assessment area created under Title 11, Chapter 42,
3865	Assessment Area Act.
3866	(d) The energy assessment resolution or ordinance described in Subsection (1)(a) is
3867	adequate for purposes of identifying the property to be assessed within the energy assessment
3868	area if the resolution or ordinance describes the property to be assessed by legal description and
3869	tax identification number.

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3870 (2) (a) A local entity that adopts an energy assessment resolution or ordinance under 3871 Subsection (1)(a) or a parameters resolution under Subsection (1)(b) shall give notice of the 3872 adoption of the energy assessment resolution or ordinance or the parameters resolution by 3873 [posting] publishing a copy of the resolution or ordinance[:] for the local entity's jurisdiction as 3874 a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 for at least 21 days. 3875 (i) in at least three public places within the local entity's jurisdictional boundaries for 3876 at least 21 days; and] 3877 [(ii) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for at least 21 3878 days.] 3879 (b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(a), a local entity is not required to make any 3880 other publication or posting of the resolution or ordinance. 3881 (3) Notwithstanding any other statutory provision regarding the effective date of a 3882 resolution or ordinance, each energy assessment resolution or ordinance takes effect on the 3883 later of: 3884 (a) the date on which the governing body of the local entity adopts the energy 3885 assessment resolution or ordinance; 3886 (b) the date of publication or posting of the notice of adoption of either the energy 3887 assessment resolution or ordinance or the parameters resolution described in Subsection (2); or 3888 (c) at a later date as provided in the resolution or ordinance. 3889 (4) (a) The governing body of each local entity that has adopted an energy assessment 3890 resolution or ordinance under Subsection (1) shall, within five days after the effective date of 3891 the resolution or ordinance, file a notice of assessment interest with the recorder of the county 3892 in which the property to be assessed is located. 3893 (b) Each notice of assessment interest under Subsection (4)(a) shall: 3894 (i) state that the local entity has an assessment interest in the property to be assessed; 3895 and 3896 (ii) describe the property to be assessed by legal description and tax identification 3897 number.

(c) If a local entity fails to file a notice of assessment interest under this Subsection (4):

(ii) the local entity may not assess a levy against a subsequent purchaser of a benefitted

(i) the failure does not invalidate the designation of an energy assessment area; and

3901	property that lacked recorded notice unless:
3902	(A) the subsequent purchaser gives written consent;
3903	(B) the subsequent purchaser has actual notice of the assessment levy; or
3904	(C) the subsequent purchaser purchased the property after a corrected notice was filed
3905	under Subsection (4)(d).
3906	(d) The local entity may file a corrected notice if the entity fails to comply with the date
3907	or other requirements for filing a notice of assessment interest.
3908	(e) If a governing body has filed a corrected notice under Subsection (4)(d), the local
3909	entity may not retroactively collect or adjust the amount of the levy to recapture lost funds for a
3910	levy that the local entity was prohibited from collecting, if applicable, under Subsection (4)(c).
3911	Section 71. Section 11-42b-104 is amended to read:
3912	11-42b-104. Notice of proposed assessment area Requirements.
3913	(1) If the legislative body of a specified county receives a petition that meets the
3914	requirements of Section 11-42b-103, the legislative body shall give notice of the proposed
3915	assessment area.
3916	(2) The notice under Subsection (1) shall:
3917	(a) include the following information:
3918	(i) a statement that the legislative body received a petition to designate an assessment
3919	area under Section 11-42b-103;
3920	(ii) a statement that the specified county proposes to:
3921	(A) designate one or more areas within the specified county's geographic boundaries as
3922	an assessment area;
3923	(B) contract with a third party administrator to provide beneficial activities within the
3924	proposed assessment area; and
3925	(C) finance some or all of the cost of providing beneficial activities by an assessment
3926	on benefitted properties within the assessment area;
3927	(iii) a summary of the contents of the proposed management plan, including the
3928	information described in Subsection 11-42b-103(2)(a)(i);
3929	(iv) a statement explaining how an individual can access the petition described in
3930	Subsection (2)(a), including the contents of the proposed management plan;
3931	(v) a statement that contains:

3932	(A) the date described in Section 11-42b-105 and the location at which a protest under
3933	Section 11-42b-105 may be filed;
3934	(B) the method by which the legislative body will determine the number of protests
3935	required to defeat the designation of the proposed assessment area or implementation of the
3936	proposed beneficial activities, subject to Subsection 11-42b-107(1)(b); and
3937	(C) a statement in large, boldface, and conspicuous type explaining that an owner of a
3938	benefitted property must protest the designation of the assessment area in writing if the owner
3939	objects to the area designation or being assessed for the proposed beneficial activities;
3940	(vi) the date, time, and place of the public hearing required in Section 11-42b-106; and
3941	(vii) any other information the legislative body considers appropriate; and
3942	[(b) (i) be posted in at least three public places within the specified county's geographic
3943	boundaries at least 20 but not more than 35 days before the day of the hearing required in
3944	Section 11-42b-106; and]
3945	[(ii) be published on the Utah Public Notice Website described in Section 63A-16-601
3946	for four weeks before the deadline for filing protests specified in the notice under Subsection
3947	<del>(2)(a)(v); and</del> ]
3948	[(c)] (b) [be mailed, postage prepaid, within 10 days after the first publication or
3949	posting of the notice under Subsection (2)(b) to each owner of benefitted property within] be
3950	<u>published for</u> the proposed assessment area [at the owner's mailing address] as a class C notice
3951	under Section 63G-28-102 at least 20 days, but not more than 35 days, before the day of the
3952	hearing required in Section 11-42b-105.
3953	(3) (a) The legislative body may record the version of the notice that is published or
3954	posted in accordance with Subsection (2)(b) with the office of the county recorder.
3955	(b) The notice recorded under Subsection (3)(a) expires and is no longer valid one year
3956	after the day on which the legislative body records the notice if the legislative body has failed
3957	to adopt the designation ordinance or resolution under Section 11-42b-102 designating the
3958	assessment area for which the notice was recorded.
3959	Section 72. Section 11-42b-108 is amended to read:
3960	11-42b-108. Amendments to management plan Procedure Notice
3961	requirements.
3962	(1) After the legislative body adopts an ordinance or resolution approving a

3963	management plan as provided in Subsection 11-42b-107(1)(c)(ii) and contracts with a third
3964	party administrator to provide beneficial activities within the assessment area, the legislative
3965	body may amend the management plan if:
3966	(a) the third party administrator submits to the legislative body a written request for
3967	amendments;
3968	(b) subject to Subsection (2), the legislative body gives notice of the proposed
3969	amendments;
3970	(c) the legislative body holds a public meeting no more than 90 days after the day on
3971	which the legislative body gives notice under Subsection (1)(b); and
3972	(d) at the public meeting described in Subsection (1)(c), the legislative body adopts an
3973	ordinance or resolution approving the amendments to the management plan.
3974	(2) The notice described in Subsection (1)(b) shall:
3975	(a) describe the proposed amendments to the management plan;
3976	(b) state the date, time, and place of the public meeting described in Subsection (1)(c);
3977	and
3978	[(c) (i) be posted in at least three public places within the specified county's geographic
3979	boundaries at least 20 but not more than 35 days before the day of the public meeting described
3980	in Subsection (1)(c); and]
3981	[(ii) be published on the Utah Public Notice Website described in Section 63A-16-601
3982	for four weeks before the public meeting described in Subsection (1)(c); and]
3983	[(d)] (c) [be mailed, postage prepaid, within 10 days after the first publication or
3984	posting of the notice under Subsection (2)(c) to each owner of benefitted property within] be
3985	published for the assessment area [at the owner's mailing address] as a class C notice under
3986	Section 63G-28-102 at least 20 days, but not more than 35 days, before the day of the public
3987	meeting described in Subsection (1)(c).
3988	Section 73. Section 11-42b-109 is amended to read:
3989	11-42b-109. Renewal of assessment area designation Procedure Disposition
3990	of previous revenues Notice requirements.
3991	(1) Upon the expiration of an assessment area, the legislative body may, for a period
3992	not to exceed 10 years, renew the assessment area as provided in this section.
3993	(2) (a) If there are no changes to the management plan or the designation of the third

3994	party administrator, the legislative body may not renew the assessment area unless:
3995	(i) subject to Subsection (2)(c), the legislative body gives notice of the proposed
3996	renewal;
3997	(ii) the legislative body holds a public meeting no more than 90 days after the day on
3998	which the legislative body gives notice under Subsection (2)(a)(i); and
3999	(iii) at the public meeting described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii), the legislative body adopts
4000	an ordinance or resolution renewing the assessment area designation.
4001	(b) If there are changes to the management plan or the designation of the third party
4002	administrator, the legislative body may not renew the assessment area unless the legislative
4003	body:
4004	(i) gives notice of the proposed renewal in accordance with Section 11-42b-104;
4005	(ii) receives and considers all protests filed under Section 11-42b-105;
4006	(iii) holds a public hearing as provided in Section 11-42b-106;
4007	(iv) holds a public meeting as provided in Section 11-42b-107; and
4008	(v) at the public meeting described in Subsection (2)(b)(iv), adopts an ordinance or
4009	resolution renewing the assessment area.
4010	(c) The notice described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) shall:
4011	(i) state:
4012	(A) that the legislative body proposes to renew the assessment area with no changes;
4013	and
4014	(B) the date, time, and place of the public meeting described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii);
4015	<u>and</u>
4016	[(ii) (A) be posted in at least three public places within the specified county's
4017	geographic boundaries at least 20 but not more than 35 days before the day of the public
4018	meeting described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii); and]
4019	[(B) be published on the Utah Public Notice Website described in Section 63A-16-601
4020	for four weeks before the public meeting described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii); and]
4021	[(iii)] (ii) [be mailed, postage prepaid, within 10 days after the first publication or
4022	posting of the notice under Subsection (2)(c)(ii) to each owner of benefitted property within] be
4023	published for the assessment area [at the owner's mailing address] as a class C notice under

Section 63G-28-102 at least 20 days, but not more than 35 days, before the day of the public

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- (3) (a) Upon renewal of an assessment area, any remaining revenues derived from the levy of assessments, or any revenues derived from the sale of assets acquired with the revenues, shall be transferred to the renewed assessment area.
- (b) If the renewed assessment area includes a benefitted property that was not included in the previous assessment area, the third party administrator may only expend revenues described in Subsection (3)(a) on benefitted properties that were included in the previous assessment area.
- (c) If the renewed assessment area does not include a benefitted property that was included in the previous assessment area, the third party administrator shall refund to the owner of the benefitted property the revenues described in Subsection (3)(a) attributable to the benefitted property.
  - Section 74. Section 11-42b-110 is amended to read:
- 11-42b-110. Dissolution of assessment area -- Procedure -- Disposition of revenues -- Notice requirements.
- (1) The legislative body may dissolve an assessment area before the assessment area expires as provided in this section.
- (2) The legislative body may not dissolve an assessment area under Subsection (1) unless:
- (a) (i) the legislative body determines there has been a misappropriation of funds, malfeasance, or a violation of law in connection with the management of the assessment area; or
  - (ii) a petition to dissolve the assessment area:
  - (A) is signed by a qualified number of owners; and
  - (B) is submitted to the legislative body within the period described in Subsection (3);
- 4050 (b) subject to Subsection (4), the legislative body gives notice of the proposed dissolution;
  - (c) the legislative body holds a public meeting; and
- 4053 (d) at the public meeting described in Subsection (2)(c), the legislative body adopts an ordinance or resolution dissolving the assessment area.
- 4055 (3) The owners of benefitted properties may submit to the legislative body a petition

4056	described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii):
4057	(a) within a 30-day period that begins after the day on which the assessment area is
4058	designated by ordinance or resolution under Section 11-42b-107; or
4059	(b) within the same 30-day period during each subsequent year in which the assessment
4060	area exists.
4061	(4) The notice described in Subsection (2)(b) shall:
4062	(a) state:
4063	(i) the reasons for the proposed dissolution; and
4064	(ii) the date, time, and place of the public meeting described in Subsection (2)(c); and
4065	[(b) (i) be posted in at least three public places within the specified county's geographic
4066	boundaries at least 20 but not more than 35 days before the day of the public meeting described
4067	in Subsection (2)(c); and]
4068	[(ii) be published on the Utah Public Notice Website described in Section 63A-16-601
4069	for four weeks before the public meeting described in Subsection (2)(c); and]
4070	[(c)] (b) [be mailed, postage prepaid, within 10 days after the first publication or
4071	posting of the notice under Subsection (4)(b) to each owner of benefitted property within] be
4072	<u>published for</u> the assessment area [at the owner's mailing address] as a class C notice under
4073	Section 63G-28-102 at least 20 days, but not more than 35 days, before the day of the public
4074	meeting described in Subsection (2)(c).
4075	(5) Upon the dissolution of an assessment area, the third party administrator shall
4076	return to the owner of each benefitted property any remaining revenues attributable to the
4077	benefitted property.
4078	Section 75. Section 11-58-502 is amended to read:
4079	11-58-502. Public meeting to consider and discuss draft project area plan
4080	Notice Adoption of plan.
4081	(1) The board shall hold at least one public meeting to consider and discuss a draft
4082	project area plan.
4083	(2) At least 10 days before holding a public meeting under Subsection (1), the board
4084	shall give notice of the public meeting:
4085	(a) to each taxing entity;

(b) to a municipality in which the proposed project area is located or that is located

4087	within one-half mile of the proposed project area; and
4088	(c) [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601] for the
4089	proposed project area as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.
4090	(3) Following consideration and discussion of the draft project area plan, and any
4091	modification of the project area plan under Subsection 11-58-501(2)(d), the board may adopt
4092	the draft project area plan or modified draft project area plan as the project area plan.
4093	Section 76. Section 11-58-503 is amended to read:
4094	11-58-503. Notice of project area plan adoption Effective date of plan Time
4095	for challenging a project area plan or project area.
4096	(1) Upon the board's adoption of a project area plan, the board shall provide notice as
4097	provided in Subsection (2) by publishing or causing to be published legal notice:
4098	(a) [in a newspaper of general circulation within or near] for the project area as a class
4099	A notice under Section 63G-28-102; and
4100	(b) as required by Section 45-1-101.
4101	(2) (a) Each notice under Subsection (1) shall include:
4102	(i) the board resolution adopting the project area plan or a summary of the resolution;
4103	and
4104	(ii) a statement that the project area plan is available for general public inspection and
4105	the hours for inspection.
4106	(b) The statement required under Subsection (2)(a)(ii) may be included within the
4107	board resolution adopting the project area plan or within the summary of the resolution.
4108	(3) The project area plan shall become effective on the date designated in the board
4109	resolution.
4110	(4) The authority shall make the adopted project area plan available to the general
4111	public at the authority's offices during normal business hours.
4112	(5) Within 10 days after the day on which a project area plan is adopted that establishes
4113	a project area, or after an amendment to a project area plan is adopted under which the
4114	boundary of a project area is modified, the authority shall send notice of the establishment or
4115	modification of the project area and an accurate map or plat of the project area to:
4116	(a) the State Tax Commission:

(b) the Utah Geospatial Resource Center created in Section 63A-16-505; and

4118 (c) the assessor and recorder of each county where the project area is located. 4119 (6) (a) A legal action or other challenge to a project area plan or a project area 4120 described in a project area plan is barred unless brought within 30 days after the effective date 4121 of the project area plan. 4122 (b) A legal action or other challenge to a project area that consists of authority 4123 jurisdictional land is barred unless brought within 30 days after the board adopts a business 4124 plan under Subsection 11-58-202(1)(a) for the authority jurisdictional land. 4125 Section 77. Section 11-58-701 is amended to read: 4126 11-58-701. Resolution authorizing issuance of port authority bonds --4127 **Characteristics of bonds -- Notice.** 4128 (1) The authority may not issue bonds under this part unless the board first: 4129 (a) adopts a parameters resolution for the bonds that sets forth: 4130 (i) the maximum: (A) amount of bonds; 4131 (B) term; and 4132 (C) interest rate; and 4133 4134 (ii) the expected security for the bonds; and 4135 (b) submits the parameters resolution for review and recommendation to the State 4136 Finance Review Commission created in Section 63C-25-201. (2) (a) As provided in the authority resolution authorizing the issuance of bonds under 4137 4138 this part or the trust indenture under which the bonds are issued, bonds issued under this part 4139 may be issued in one or more series and may be sold at public or private sale and in the manner 4140 provided in the resolution or indenture. (b) Bonds issued under this part shall bear the date, be payable at the time, bear interest 4141 4142 at the rate, be in the denomination and in the form, carry the conversion or registration 4143 privileges, have the rank or priority, be executed in the manner, be subject to the terms of 4144 redemption or tender, with or without premium, be payable in the medium of payment and at 4145 the place, and have other characteristics as provided in the authority resolution authorizing 4146 their issuance or the trust indenture under which they are issued. (3) Upon the board's adoption of a resolution providing for the issuance of bonds, the 4147 4148 board may provide for the publication of the resolution:

4149	(a) [in a newspaper having general circulation in] for the area within the authority's
4150	boundaries as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102; and
4151	(b) as required in Section 45-1-101.
4152	(4) In lieu of publishing the entire resolution, the board may publish notice of bonds
4153	that contains the information described in Subsection 11-14-316(2).
4154	(5) For a period of 30 days after the publication, any person in interest may contest:
4155	(a) the legality of the resolution or proceeding;
4156	(b) any bonds that may be authorized by the resolution or proceeding; or
4157	(c) any provisions made for the security and payment of the bonds.
4158	(6) (a) A person may contest the matters set forth in Subsection (5) by filing a verified
4159	written complaint, within 30 days of the publication under Subsection (5), in the district court
4160	of the county in which the person resides.
4161	(b) A person may not contest the matters set forth in Subsection (5), or the regularity,
4162	formality, or legality of the resolution or proceeding, for any reason, after the 30-day period for
4163	contesting provided in Subsection (6)(a).
4164	(7) No later than 60 days after the closing day of any bonds, the authority shall report
4165	the bonds issuance, including the amount of the bonds, terms, interest rate, and security, to:
4166	(a) the Executive Appropriations Committee; and
4167	(b) the State Finance Review Commission created in Section 63C-25-201.
4168	Section 78. Section 11-58-901 is amended to read:
4169	11-58-901. Dissolution of port authority Restrictions Notice of dissolution
4170	Disposition of port authority property Port authority records Dissolution expenses.
4171	(1) The authority may not be dissolved unless the authority has no outstanding bonded
4172	indebtedness, other unpaid loans, indebtedness, or advances, and no legally binding contractual
4173	obligations with persons or entities other than the state.
4174	(2) Upon the dissolution of the authority:
4175	(a) the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity shall publish a notice of
4176	dissolution:
4177	(i) [in a newspaper of general circulation in] for the county in which the dissolved
4178	authority is located as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102; and
4179	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; and

4180	(b) all title to property owned by the authority vests in the state.
4181	(3) The books, documents, records, papers, and seal of each dissolved authority shall
4182	be deposited for safekeeping and reference with the state auditor.
4183	(4) The authority shall pay all expenses of the deactivation and dissolution.
4184	Section 79. Section 11-59-501 is amended to read:
4185	11-59-501. Dissolution of authority Restrictions Publishing notice of
4186	dissolution Authority records Dissolution expenses.
4187	(1) The authority may not be dissolved unless:
4188	(a) the authority board first receives approval from the Legislative Management
4189	Committee of the Legislature to dissolve the authority; and
4190	(b) the authority has no outstanding bonded indebtedness, other unpaid loans,
4191	indebtedness, or advances, and no legally binding contractual obligations with persons or
4192	entities other than the state.
4193	(2) To dissolve the authority, the board shall:
4194	(a) obtain the approval of the Legislative Management Committee of the Legislature;
4195	and
4196	(b) adopt a resolution dissolving the authority, to become effective as provided in the
4197	resolution.
4198	(3) Upon the dissolution of the authority:
4199	(a) the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity shall publish a notice of
4200	dissolution:
4201	(i) [in a newspaper of general circulation in] for the county in which the dissolved
4202	authority is located as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102; and
4203	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; and
4204	(b) all title to property owned by the authority vests in the Division of Facilities
4205	Construction and Management, created in Section 63A-5b-301, for the benefit of the state.
4206	(4) The board shall deposit all books, documents, records, papers, and seal of the
4207	dissolved authority with the state auditor for safekeeping and reference.
4208	(5) The authority shall pay all expenses of the deactivation and dissolution.
4209	Section 80. Section 11-65-204 is amended to read:
4210	11-65-204 Management nlan

4211	(1) (a) The board shall prepare, adopt, and, subject to Subsection (1)(b), implement a
4212	management plan.
4213	(b) The lake authority may not begin to implement a management plan until April 1,
4214	2023.
4215	(2) In preparing a management plan, the board shall:
4216	(a) consult with and seek and consider input from the legislative or governing body of
4217	each adjacent political subdivision;
4218	(b) work cooperatively with and receive input from the Division of Forestry, Fire, and
4219	State Lands; and
4220	(c) consider how the interests of adjacent political subdivisions would be affected by
4221	implementation of the management plan.
4222	(3) A management plan shall:
4223	(a) describe in general terms the lake authority's:
4224	(i) vision and plan for achieving and implementing the policies and objectives stated in
4225	Section 11-65-203; and
4226	(ii) overall plan for the management of Utah Lake, including an anticipated timetable
4227	and any anticipated phases of management;
4228	(b) accommodate and advance, without sacrificing the policies and objectives stated in
4229	Section 11-65-203, the compatible interests of adjacent political subdivisions;
4230	(c) describe in general terms how the lake authority anticipates cooperating with
4231	adjacent political subdivisions to pursue mutually beneficial goals in connection with the
4232	management of Utah Lake;
4233	(d) identify the anticipated sources of revenue for implementing the management plan;
4234	and
4235	(e) be consistent with management planning conducted by the Division of Forestry,
4236	Fire, and State Lands, to pursue the objectives of:
4237	(i) improving the clarity and quality of the water in Utah Lake;
4238	(ii) not interfering with water rights or with water storage or water supply functions of
4239	Utah Lake;
4240	(iii) removing invasive plant and animal species, including phragmites and carp, from
4241	Utah Lake;

4242	(iv) improving littoral zone and other plant communities in and around Utah Lake;
4243	(v) improving and conserving native fish and other aquatic species in Utah Lake;
4244	(vi) cooperating in the June Sucker Recovery Implementation Program;
4245	(vii) increasing the suitability of Utah Lake and Utah Lake's surrounding areas for
4246	shore birds, waterfowl, and other avian species;
4247	(viii) improving navigability of Utah Lake;
4248	(ix) enhancing and ensuring recreational access to and opportunities on Utah Lake; and
4249	(x) otherwise improving the use of Utah Lake for residents and visitors.
4250	(4) A management plan may not interfere with or impair:
4251	(a) a water right;
4252	(b) a water project; or
4253	(c) the management of Utah Lake necessary for the use or operation of a water facility
4254	associated with Utah Lake.
4255	(5) (a) Before adopting a management plan, the board shall:
4256	(i) provide a copy of the proposed management plan to:
4257	(A) the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources;
4258	(B) the executive director of the Department of Environmental Quality;
4259	(C) the state engineer; and
4260	(D) each adjacent political subdivision; and
4261	(ii) [post] provide a copy of the proposed management plan [on the Utah Public Notice
4262	Website created in Section 63A-16-601], for Utah County, as a class A notice under Section
4263	<u>63G-28-102</u> .
4264	(b) Comments or suggestions relating to the proposed management plan may be
4265	submitted to the board within the deadline established under Subsection (5)(c).
4266	(c) The board shall establish a deadline for submitting comments or suggestions to the
4267	proposed management plan that is at least 30 days after the board provides a copy of the
4268	proposed management plan under Subsection (5)(a)(i).
4269	(d) Before adopting a management plan, the board shall consider comments and
4270	suggestions that are submitted by the deadline established under Subsection (5)(c).
4271	Section 81. Section 11-65-402 is amended to read:
4272	11-65-402. Public meetings to consider and discuss draft project area plan

4273	Notice Adoption of plan.
4274	(1) The lake authority board shall hold at least two public meetings to:
4275	(a) receive public comment on the draft project area plan; and
4276	(b) consider and discuss the draft project area plan.
4277	(2) At least 10 days before holding a public meeting under Subsection (1), the lake
4278	authority board shall:
4279	(a) [(i) post] provide notice of the public meeting [on the Utah Public Notice Website
4280	ereated in Section 63A-16-601; and], for Utah County, as a class A notice under Section
4281	<u>63G-28-102;</u>
4282	[(ii) maintain the posting on the Utah Public Notice Website until the day of the public
4283	meeting;]
4284	(b) provide notice of the public meeting to a public entity that has entered into an
4285	agreement with the lake authority for sharing property tax revenue; and
4286	(c) provide email notice of the public meeting to each person who has submitted a
4287	written request to the board to receive email notice of a public meeting under this section.
4288	(3) Following consideration and discussion of the project area plan, the board may
4289	adopt the draft project area plan as the project area plan.
4290	Section 82. Section 11-65-601 is amended to read:
4291	11-65-601. Annual lake authority budget Fiscal year Public hearing required
4292	Auditor forms Requirement to file annual budget.
4293	(1) The board shall prepare and adopt for the lake authority an annual budget of
4294	revenues and expenditures for each fiscal year.
4295	(2) An annual lake authority budget shall be adopted before June 22, except that the
4296	lake authority's initial budget shall be adopted as soon as reasonably practicable after the
4297	organization of the board and the beginning of lake authority operations.
4298	(3) The lake authority's fiscal year shall be the period from July 1 to the following June
4299	30.
4300	(4) (a) Before adopting an annual budget, the board shall hold a public hearing on the
4301	annual budget.
4302	(b) The lake authority shall provide notice of the public hearing on the annual budget
4303	by publishing notice [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601], for

4304	<u>Utah County</u> , as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least one week immediately
4305	before the public hearing.
4306	(c) The lake authority shall make the annual budget available for public inspection at
4307	least three days before the date of the public hearing.
4308	(5) The state auditor shall prescribe the budget forms and the categories to be contained
4309	in each lake authority budget, including:
4310	(a) revenues and expenditures for the budget year;
4311	(b) legal fees; and
4312	(c) administrative costs, including rent, supplies, and other materials, and salaries of
4313	lake authority personnel.
4314	(6) Within 30 days after adopting an annual budget, the board shall file a copy of the
4315	annual budget with the auditor of each county in which lake authority land is located, the State
4316	Tax Commission, and the state auditor.
4317	Section 83. Section 17-27a-203 is amended to read:
4318	17-27a-203. Notice of intent to prepare a general plan or comprehensive general
4319	plan amendments in certain counties.
4320	(1) Before preparing a proposed general plan or a comprehensive general plan
4321	amendment, each county of the first or second class shall provide 10 calendar days notice of the
4322	county's intent to prepare a proposed general plan or a comprehensive general plan amendment:
4323	(a) to each affected entity;
4324	(b) to the Utah Geospatial Resource Center created in Section 63A-16-505;
4325	(c) to the association of governments, established pursuant to an interlocal agreement
4326	under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, of which the county is a member; and
4327	(d) [on the Utah Public Notice Website created under Section 63A-16-601] for the
4328	county as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.
4329	(2) Each notice under Subsection (1) shall:
4330	(a) indicate that the county intends to prepare a general plan or a comprehensive
4331	general plan amendment, as the case may be;
4332	(b) describe or provide a map of the geographic area that will be affected by the general
4333	plan or amendment;
4334	(c) be sent by mail, e-mail, or other effective means;

4335	(d) invite the affected entities to provide information for the county to consider in the
4336	process of preparing, adopting, and implementing a general plan or amendment concerning:
4337	(i) impacts that the use of land proposed in the proposed general plan or amendment
4338	may have; and
4339	(ii) uses of land within the county that the affected entity is considering that may
4340	conflict with the proposed general plan or amendment; and
4341	(e) include the address of an Internet website, if the county has one, and the name and
4342	telephone number of an individual where more information can be obtained concerning the
4343	county's proposed general plan or amendment.
4344	Section 84. Section 17-27a-204 is amended to read:
4345	17-27a-204. Notice of public hearings and public meetings to consider general
4346	plan or modifications.
4347	(1) A county shall provide:
4348	(a) notice of the date, time, and place of the first public hearing to consider the original
4349	adoption or any modification of all or any portion of a general plan; and
4350	(b) notice of each public meeting on the subject.
4351	(2) Each notice of a public hearing under Subsection (1)(a) shall be at least 10 calendar
4352	days before the public hearing and shall be:
4353	(a) published [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601] for
4354	the county as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102; and
4355	(b) mailed to each affected entity[; and].
4356	[ <del>(c) posted:</del> ]
4357	[(i) in at least three public locations within the county; or]
4358	[(ii) on the county's official website.]
4359	(3) Each notice of a public meeting under Subsection (1)(b) shall be at least 24 hours
4360	before the meeting and shall be[:] published for the county as a class A notice under Section
4361	<u>63G-28-102.</u>
4362	[(a) published on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; and]
4363	[ <del>(b) posted:</del> ]
4364	[(i) in at least three public locations within the county; or]
4365	[ <del>(ii) on the county's official website.</del> ]

4366	Section 85. Section 17-27a-205 is amended to read:
4367	17-27a-205. Notice of public hearings and public meetings on adoption or
4368	modification of land use regulation.
4369	(1) Each county shall give:
4370	(a) notice of the date, time, and place of the first public hearing to consider the
4371	adoption or modification of a land use regulation; and
4372	(b) notice of each public meeting on the subject.
4373	(2) Each notice of a public hearing under Subsection (1)(a) shall be:
4374	(a) mailed to each affected entity at least 10 calendar days before the public hearing;
4375	<u>and</u>
4376	(b) [posted:] published for the area affected by the land use ordinance changes as a
4377	class C notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least 10 calendar days before the day of the public
4378	hearing.
4379	[(i) in at least three public locations within the county; or]
4380	[(ii) on the county's official website; and]
4381	[(c) (i) posted on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, at
4382	least 10 calendar days before the public hearing; or]
4383	[(ii) mailed at least 10 days before the public hearing to:]
4384	[(A) each property owner whose land is directly affected by the land use ordinance
4385	change; and]
4386	[(B) each adjacent property owner within the parameters specified by county
4387	ordinance.]
4388	(3) In addition to the notice requirements described in Subsections (1) and (2), for any
4389	proposed modification to the text of a zoning code, the notice posted in accordance with
4390	Subsection (2) shall:
4391	(a) include a summary of the effect of the proposed modifications to the text of the
4392	zoning code designed to be understood by a lay person; and
4393	(b) be provided to any person upon written request.
4394	(4) Each notice of a public meeting under Subsection (1)(b) shall be at least 24 hours
4395	before the hearing and shall be [posted:] published for the county as a class A notice under
4396	Section 63G-28-102.

4397	[(a) in at least three public locations within the county; or]
4398	[(b) on the county's official website.]
4399	(5) (a) A county shall send a courtesy notice to each owner of private real property
4400	whose property is located entirely or partially within the proposed zoning map enactment or
4401	amendment at least 10 days before the scheduled day of the public hearing.
4402	(b) The notice shall:
4403	(i) identify with specificity each owner of record of real property that will be affected
4404	by the proposed zoning map or map amendments;
4405	(ii) state the current zone in which the real property is located;
4406	(iii) state the proposed new zone for the real property;
4407	(iv) provide information regarding or a reference to the proposed regulations,
4408	prohibitions, and permitted uses that the property will be subject to if the zoning map or map
4409	amendment is adopted;
4410	(v) state that the owner of real property may no later than 10 days after the day of the
4411	first public hearing file a written objection to the inclusion of the owner's property in the
4412	proposed zoning map or map amendment;
4413	(vi) state the address where the property owner should file the protest;
4414	(vii) notify the property owner that each written objection filed with the county will be
4415	provided to the county legislative body; and
4416	(viii) state the location, date, and time of the public hearing described in Section
4417	17-27a-502.
4418	(c) If a county mails notice to a property owner [in accordance with Subsection
4419	(2)(e)(ii)] under Subsection (2)(b) for a public hearing on a zoning map or map amendment, the
4420	notice required in this Subsection (5) may be included in or part of the notice described in
4421	Subsection $\left[\frac{(2)(e)(ii)}{(2)(b)}\right]$ rather than sent separately.
4422	Section 86. Section 17-27a-208 is amended to read:
4423	17-27a-208. Hearing and notice for petition to vacate a public street.
4424	(1) For any petition to vacate some or all of a public street or county utility easement,
4425	the legislative body shall:
4426	(a) hold a public hearing; and
4427	(b) give notice of the date, place, and time of the hearing, as provided in Subsection

4428	(2).
4429	(2) At least 10 days before the public hearing under Subsection (1)(a), the legislative
4430	body shall ensure that the notice required under Subsection (1)(b) is:
4431	(a) [mailed to the record owner of] published for the county as a class C notice under
4432	Section 63G-28-102;
4433	(b) provided to the owner of each parcel that is accessed by the public street or county
4434	utility easement; and
4435	[(b)] (c) mailed to each affected entity[;].
4436	[(c) posted on or near the public street or county utility easement in a manner that is
4437	calculated to alert the public; and]
4438	[(d) (i) published on the website of the county in which the land subject to the petition
4439	is located until the public hearing concludes; and]
4440	[(ii) published on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601.]
4441	Section 87. Section 17-27a-306 is amended to read:
4442	17-27a-306. Planning advisory areas Notice of hearings.
4443	(1) (a) A planning advisory area may be established as provided in this Subsection (1)
4444	(b) A planning advisory area may not be established unless the area to be included
4445	within the proposed planning advisory area:
4446	(i) is unincorporated;
4447	(ii) is contiguous; and
4448	(iii) (A) contains:
4449	(I) at least 20% but not more than 80% of:
4450	(Aa) the total private land area in the unincorporated county; or
4451	(Bb) the total value of locally assessed taxable property in the unincorporated county;
4452	or
4453	(II) (Aa) in a county of the second or third class, at least 5% of the total population of
4454	the unincorporated county, but not less than 300 residents; or
4455	(Bb) in a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, at least 25% of the total population
4456	of the unincorporated county; or
4457	(B) has been declared by the United States Census Bureau as a census designated
4458	place.

- (c) (i) The process to establish a planning advisory area is initiated by the filing of a petition with the clerk of the county in which the proposed planning advisory area is located.
  - (ii) A petition to establish a planning advisory area may not be filed if it proposes the establishment of a planning advisory area that includes an area within a proposed planning advisory area in a petition that has previously been certified under Subsection (1)(g), until after the canvass of an election on the proposed planning advisory area under Subsection (1)(j).
    - (d) A petition under Subsection (1)(c) to establish a planning advisory area shall:
    - (i) be signed by the owners of private real property that:
    - (A) is located within the proposed planning advisory area;
- (B) covers at least 10% of the total private land area within the proposed planning advisory area; and
- (C) is equal in value to at least 10% of the value of all private real property within the proposed planning advisory area;
- (ii) be accompanied by an accurate plat or map showing the boundary of the contiguous area proposed to be established as a planning advisory area;
- (iii) indicate the typed or printed name and current residence address of each owner signing the petition;
- (iv) designate up to five signers of the petition as petition sponsors, one of whom shall be designated as the contact sponsor, with the mailing address and telephone number of each petition sponsor;
- (v) authorize the petition sponsor or sponsors to act on behalf of all owners signing the petition for purposes of the petition; and
- (vi) request the county legislative body to provide notice of the petition and of a public hearing, hold a public hearing, and conduct an election on the proposal to establish a planning advisory area.
- (e) Subsection 10-2a-102(3) applies to a petition to establish a planning advisory area to the same extent as if it were an incorporation petition under Title 10, Chapter 2a, Municipal Incorporation.
- (f) (i) Within seven days after the filing of a petition under Subsection (1)(c) proposing the establishment of a planning advisory area in a county of the second class, the county clerk shall provide notice of the filing of the petition to:

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Subsection (1)(d):

4490 (A) each owner of real property owning more than 1% of the assessed value of all real 4491 property within the proposed planning advisory area; and 4492 (B) each owner of real property owning more than 850 acres of real property within the 4493 proposed planning advisory area. 4494 (ii) A property owner may exclude all or part of the property owner's property from a 4495 proposed planning advisory area in a county of the second class: 4496 (A) if: 4497 (I) (Aa) (Ii) the property owner owns more than 1% of the assessed value of all 4498 property within the proposed planning advisory area; 4499 (IIii) the property is nonurban; and 4500 (IIIii) the property does not or will not require municipal provision of municipal-type 4501 services; or 4502 (Bb) the property owner owns more than 850 acres of real property within the proposed 4503 planning advisory area; and 4504 (II) exclusion of the property will not leave within the planning advisory area an island 4505 of property that is not part of the planning advisory area; and 4506 (B) by filing a notice of exclusion within 10 days after receiving the clerk's notice 4507 under Subsection (1)(f)(i). 4508 (iii) (A) The county legislative body shall exclude from the proposed planning advisory 4509 area the property identified in a notice of exclusion timely filed under Subsection (1)(f)(ii)(B) if 4510 the property meets the applicable requirements of Subsection (1)(f)(ii)(A). 4511 (B) If the county legislative body excludes property from a proposed planning advisory 4512 area under Subsection (1)(f)(iii), the county legislative body shall, within five days after the 4513 exclusion, send written notice of its action to the contact sponsor. 4514 (g) (i) Within 45 days after the filing of a petition under Subsection (1)(c), the county 4515 clerk shall: 4516 (A) with the assistance of other county officers from whom the clerk requests 4517 assistance, determine whether the petition complies with the requirements of Subsection (1)(d): 4518 and

(B) (I) if the clerk determines that the petition complies with the requirements of

and

4521	(Aa) certify the petition and deliver the certified petition to the county legislative body;
4522	and
4523	(Bb) mail or deliver written notification of the certification to the contact sponsor; or
4524	(II) if the clerk determines that the petition fails to comply with any of the requirements
4525	of Subsection (1)(d), reject the petition and notify the contact sponsor in writing of the
4526	rejection and the reasons for the rejection.
4527	(ii) If the county clerk rejects a petition under Subsection (1)(g)(i)(B)(II), the petition
4528	may be amended to correct the deficiencies for which it was rejected and then refiled with the
4529	county clerk.
4530	(h) (i) Within 90 days after a petition to establish a planning advisory area is certified,
4531	the county legislative body shall hold a public hearing on the proposal to establish a planning
4532	advisory area.
4533	(ii) A public hearing under Subsection (1)(h)(i) shall be:
4534	(A) within the boundary of the proposed planning advisory area; or
4535	(B) if holding a public hearing in that area is not practicable, as close to that area as
4536	practicable.
4537	(iii) At least one week before holding a public hearing under Subsection (1)(h)(i), the
4538	county legislative body shall publish notice of the petition and the time, date, and place of the
4539	public hearing [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601] for the
4540	county as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.
4541	(i) Following the public hearing under Subsection (1)(h)(i), the county legislative body
4542	shall arrange for the proposal to establish a planning advisory area to be submitted to voters
4543	residing within the proposed planning advisory area at the next regular general election that is
4544	more than 90 days after the public hearing.
4545	(j) A planning advisory area is established at the time of the canvass of the results of an
4546	election under Subsection (1)(i) if the canvass indicates that a majority of voters voting on the
4547	proposal to establish a planning advisory area voted in favor of the proposal.
4548	(k) An area that is an established township before May 12, 2015:
4549	(i) is, as of May 12, 2015, a planning advisory area; and
4550	(ii) (A) shall change its name, if applicable, to no longer include the word "township";

advisory area.

4552 (B) may use the word "planning advisory area" in its name. 4553 (2) The county legislative body may: 4554 (a) assign to the countywide planning commission the duties established in this part that would have been assumed by a planning advisory area planning commission designated 4555 4556 under Subsection (2)(b); or 4557 (b) designate and appoint a planning commission for the planning advisory area. 4558 (3) (a) An area within the boundary of a planning advisory area may be withdrawn 4559 from the planning advisory area as provided in this Subsection (3) or in accordance with 4560 Subsection (5)(a). 4561 (b) The process to withdraw an area from a planning advisory area is initiated by the 4562 filing of a petition with the clerk of the county in which the planning advisory area is located. 4563 (c) A petition under Subsection (3)(b) shall: (i) be signed by the owners of private real property that: 4564 4565 (A) is located within the area proposed to be withdrawn from the planning advisory 4566 area; 4567 (B) covers at least 50% of the total private land area within the area proposed to be 4568 withdrawn from the planning advisory area; and 4569 (C) is equal in value to at least 33% of the value of all private real property within the 4570 area proposed to be withdrawn from the planning advisory area; 4571 (ii) state the reason or reasons for the proposed withdrawal; 4572 (iii) be accompanied by an accurate plat or map showing the boundary of the 4573 contiguous area proposed to be withdrawn from the planning advisory area; 4574 (iv) indicate the typed or printed name and current residence address of each owner 4575 signing the petition; 4576 (v) designate up to five signers of the petition as petition sponsors, one of whom shall 4577 be designated as the contact sponsor, with the mailing address and telephone number of each 4578 petition sponsor; 4579 (vi) authorize the petition sponsor or sponsors to act on behalf of all owners signing the 4580 petition for purposes of the petition; and 4581 (vii) request the county legislative body to withdraw the area from the planning

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4583	(d) Subsection 10-2a-102(3) applies to a petition to withdraw an area from a planning
4584	advisory area to the same extent as if it were an incorporation petition under Title 10, Chapter
4585	2a, Municipal Incorporation.
4586	(e) (i) Within 45 days after the filing of a petition under Subsection (3)(b), the county
4587	clerk shall:
4588	(A) with the assistance of other county officers from whom the clerk requests
4589	assistance, determine whether the petition complies with the requirements of Subsection (3)(c);
4590	and
4591	(B) (I) if the clerk determines that the petition complies with the requirements of
4592	Subsection (3)(c):
4593	(Aa) certify the petition and deliver the certified petition to the county legislative body;
4594	and
4595	(Bb) mail or deliver written notification of the certification to the contact sponsor; or
4596	(II) if the clerk determines that the petition fails to comply with any of the requirements
4597	of Subsection (3)(c), reject the petition and notify the contact sponsor in writing of the rejection
4598	and the reasons for the rejection.
4599	(ii) If the county clerk rejects a petition under Subsection (3)(e)(i)(B)(II), the petition
4600	may be amended to correct the deficiencies for which it was rejected and then refiled with the
4601	county clerk.
4602	(f) (i) Within 60 days after a petition to withdraw an area from a planning advisory area
4603	is certified, the county legislative body shall hold a public hearing on the proposal to withdraw
4604	the area from the planning advisory area.
4605	(ii) A public hearing under Subsection (3)(f)(i) shall be held:
4606	(A) within the area proposed to be withdrawn from the planning advisory area; or
4607	(B) if holding a public hearing in that area is not practicable, as close to that area as
4608	practicable.
4609	(iii) Before holding a public hearing under Subsection (3)(f)(i), the county legislative
4610	body shall[:(A)] publish notice of the petition and the time, date, and place of the public
4611	hearing [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for three

consecutive weeks; and] for the area proposed to be withdrawn as a class C notice under

Section 63G-28-102 at least three weeks before the date of the hearing.

- 1st Sub. (Green) S.B. 43 4614 [(B) mail a notice of the petition and the time, date, and place of the public hearing to 4615 each owner of private real property within the area proposed to be withdrawn.] 4616 (g) (i) Within 45 days after the public hearing under Subsection (3)(f)(i), the county 4617 legislative body shall make a written decision on the proposal to withdraw the area from the 4618 planning advisory area. 4619 (ii) In making its decision as to whether to withdraw the area from the planning 4620 advisory area, the county legislative body shall consider: 4621 (A) whether the withdrawal would leave the remaining planning advisory area in a 4622 situation where the future incorporation of an area within the planning advisory area or the 4623 annexation of an area within the planning advisory area to an adjoining municipality would be 4624 economically or practically not feasible; 4625 (B) if the withdrawal is a precursor to the incorporation or annexation of the withdrawn 4626 area: 4627 (I) whether the proposed subsequent incorporation or withdrawal: 4628 (Aa) will leave or create an unincorporated island or peninsula; or 4629 (Bb) will leave the county with an area within its unincorporated area for which the 4630 cost, requirements, or other burdens of providing municipal services would materially increase 4631 over previous years; and 4632 (II) whether the municipality to be created or the municipality into which the 4633 withdrawn area is expected to annex would be or is capable, in a cost effective manner, of 4634
  - providing service to the withdrawn area that the county will no longer provide due to the incorporation or annexation;
  - (C) the effects of a withdrawal on adjoining property owners, existing or projected county streets or other public improvements, law enforcement, and zoning and other municipal services provided by the county; and
    - (D) whether justice and equity favor the withdrawal.

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- (h) Upon the written decision of the county legislative body approving the withdrawal of an area from a planning advisory area, the area is withdrawn from the planning advisory area and the planning advisory area continues as a planning advisory area with a boundary that excludes the withdrawn area.
  - (4) (a) A planning advisory area may be dissolved as provided in this Subsection (4).

4645 (b) The process to dissolve a planning advisory area is initiated by the filing of a 4646 petition with the clerk of the county in which the planning advisory area is located. 4647 (c) A petition under Subsection (4)(b) shall: 4648 (i) be signed by registered voters within the planning advisory area equal in number to 4649 at least 25% of all votes cast by voters within the planning advisory area at the last 4650 congressional election; 4651 (ii) state the reason or reasons for the proposed dissolution; 4652 (iii) indicate the typed or printed name and current residence address of each person 4653 signing the petition; 4654 (iv) designate up to five signers of the petition as petition sponsors, one of whom shall 4655 be designated as the contact sponsor, with the mailing address and telephone number of each 4656 petition sponsor; 4657 (v) authorize the petition sponsors to act on behalf of all persons signing the petition 4658 for purposes of the petition; and 4659 (vi) request the county legislative body to provide notice of the petition and of a public 4660 hearing, hold a public hearing, and conduct an election on the proposal to dissolve the planning 4661 advisory area. 4662 (d) (i) Within 45 days after the filing of a petition under Subsection (4)(b), the county 4663 clerk shall: (A) with the assistance of other county officers from whom the clerk requests 4664 4665 assistance, determine whether the petition complies with the requirements of Subsection (4)(c); 4666 and 4667 (B) (I) if the clerk determines that the petition complies with the requirements of 4668 Subsection (4)(c): (Aa) certify the petition and deliver the certified petition to the county legislative body: 4669 4670 and 4671 (Bb) mail or deliver written notification of the certification to the contact sponsor; or 4672 (II) if the clerk determines that the petition fails to comply with any of the requirements 4673 of Subsection (4)(c), reject the petition and notify the contact sponsor in writing of the rejection and the reasons for the rejection. 4674 4675 (ii) If the county clerk rejects a petition under Subsection (4)(d)(i)(B)(II), the petition

- may be amended to correct the deficiencies for which it was rejected and then refiled with the county clerk.
  - (e) (i) Within 60 days after a petition to dissolve the planning advisory area is certified, the county legislative body shall hold a public hearing on the proposal to dissolve the planning advisory area.
    - (ii) A public hearing under Subsection (4)(e)(i) shall be held:
    - (A) within the boundary of the planning advisory area; or
  - (B) if holding a public hearing in that area is not practicable, as close to that area as practicable.
  - (iii) Before holding a public hearing under Subsection (4)(e)(i), the county legislative body shall publish notice of the petition and the time, date, and place of the public hearing [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601;] for the county as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 for three consecutive weeks immediately before the public hearing.
  - (f) Following the public hearing under Subsection (4)(e)(i), the county legislative body shall arrange for the proposal to dissolve the planning advisory area to be submitted to voters residing within the planning advisory area at the next regular general election that is more than 90 days after the public hearing.
  - (g) A planning advisory area is dissolved at the time of the canvass of the results of an election under Subsection (4)(f) if the canvass indicates that a majority of voters voting on the proposal to dissolve the planning advisory area voted in favor of the proposal.
  - (5) (a) If a portion of an area located within a planning advisory area is annexed by a municipality or incorporates, that portion is withdrawn from the planning advisory area.
  - (b) If a planning advisory area in whole is annexed by a municipality or incorporates, the planning advisory area is dissolved.
    - Section 88. Section 17-27a-404 is amended to read:
  - 17-27a-404. Public hearing by planning commission on proposed general plan or amendment -- Notice -- Revisions to general plan or amendment -- Adoption or rejection by legislative body.
- 4705 (1) (a) After completing the planning commission's recommendation for a proposed general plan, or proposal to amend the general plan, the planning commission shall schedule

and hold a public hearing on the proposed plan or amendment.

- (b) The planning commission shall provide notice of the public hearing[, as required by Section 17-27a-204.] for the county as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least 10 calendar days before the day of the public hearing.
- (c) After the public hearing, the planning commission may modify the proposed general plan or amendment.
- (2) The planning commission shall forward the proposed general plan or amendment to the legislative body.
- (3) (a) As provided by local ordinance and by Section 17-27a-204, the legislative body shall provide notice of the legislative body's intent to consider the general plan proposal.
- (b) (i) In addition to the requirements of Subsections (1), (2), and (3)(a), the legislative body shall hold a public hearing in Salt Lake City on provisions of the proposed county plan regarding Subsection 17-27a-401(4). The hearing procedure shall comply with this Subsection (3)(b).
- (ii) The hearing format shall allow adequate time for public comment at the actual public hearing, and shall also allow for public comment in writing to be submitted to the legislative body for not fewer than 90 days after the date of the public hearing.
- (c) (i) The legislative body shall give notice of the hearing in accordance with this Subsection (3) when the proposed plan provisions required by Subsection 17-27a-401(4) are complete.
- (ii) Direct notice of the hearing shall be given, in writing, to the governor, members of the state Legislature, executive director of the Department of Environmental Quality, the state planning coordinator, the Resource Development Coordinating Committee, and any other citizens or entities who specifically request notice in writing.
- (iii) Public notice shall be given [by publication on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601] for the county as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.
- (iv) The notice shall be published to allow reasonable time for interested parties and the state to evaluate the information regarding Subsection 17-27a-401(4), including publication described in Subsection (3)(c)(iii) for 180 days before the date of the hearing to be held under this Subsection (3).
- 4737 (4) (a) After the public hearing required under this section, the legislative body may

hearing takes place.]

4738	adopt, reject, or make any revisions to the proposed general plan that the legislative body
4739	considers appropriate.
4740	(b) The legislative body shall respond in writing and in a substantive manner to all
4741	those providing comments as a result of the hearing required by Subsection (3).
4742	(c) If the county legislative body rejects the proposed general plan or amendment, the
4743	legislative body may provide suggestions to the planning commission for the planning
4744	commission's review and recommendation.
4745	(5) The legislative body shall adopt:
4746	(a) a land use element as provided in Subsection 17-27a-403(2)(a)(i);
4747	(b) a transportation and traffic circulation element as provided in Subsection
4748	17-27a-403(2)(a)(ii);
4749	(c) for a specified county as defined in Section 17-27a-408, a moderate income housing
4750	element as provided in Subsection 17-27a-403(2)(a)(iii);
4751	(d) a resource management plan as provided by Subsection 17-27a-403(2)(a)(iv); and
4752	(e) on or before December 31, 2025, a water use and preservation element as provided
4753	in Subsection 17-27a-403(2)(a)(v).
4754	Section 89. Section 17-36-12 is amended to read:
4755	17-36-12. Notice of budget hearing.
4756	(1) The governing body shall determine the time and place for the public hearing on the
4757	adoption of the budget.
4758	(2) Notice of such hearing shall be published[:] for the county as a class A notice under
4759	Section 63G-28-102 at least seven days before the day of the hearing.
4760	[(a) (i) at least seven days before the hearing in at least one newspaper of general
4761	circulation within the county, if there is such a paper; or]
4762	[(ii) if there is no newspaper as described in Subsection (2)(a)(i), by posting notice in
4763	three conspicuous places within the county seven days before the hearing;]
4764	[(b) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for seven days
4765	before the hearing; and]
4766	[(c) on the home page of the county's website, either in full or as a link, if the county

has a publicly viewable website, beginning at least seven days before the hearing and until the

4769	Section 90. Section 17-36-26 is amended to read:
4770	17-36-26. Increase in budgetary fund or county general fund Public hearing
4771	Notice.
4772	(1) Before the governing body may, by resolution, increase a budget appropriation of
4773	any budgetary fund, increase the budget of the county general fund, or make an amendment to a
4774	budgetary fund or the county general fund, the governing body shall hold a public hearing
4775	giving all interested parties an opportunity to be heard.
4776	(2) Notice of the public hearing described in Subsection (1) shall be published for the
4777	county as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least five days before the day of the
4778	hearing[:].
4779	[(a) (i) in at least one issue of a newspaper generally circulated in the county; or]
4780	[(ii) if there is not a newspaper generally circulated in the county, the hearing may be
4781	published by posting notice in three conspicuous places within the county;]
4782	[(b) on the Utah Public Notice Website created under Section 63A-16-601; and]
4783	[(c) on the home page of the county's website, either in full or as a link, if the county
4784	has a publicly viewable website, until the hearing takes place.]
4785	Section 91. Section 17-41-302 is amended to read:
4786	17-41-302. Notice of proposal for creation of protection area Responses.
4787	(1) (a) An applicable legislative body shall provide notice of the proposal [by:] as a
4788	class C notice under Section 63G-28-102.
4789	[(a) posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601;]
4790	[(b) posting notice at five public places, designated by the county or municipal
4791	legislative body, within or near the proposed agriculture protection area, industrial protection
4792	area, or critical infrastructure materials protection area; and]
4793	[(c) mailing written notice to each owner of land within 1,000 feet of the land proposed
4794	for inclusion within an agriculture protection area, industrial protection area, or critical
4795	infrastructure materials protection area.]
4796	(b) A legislative body shall provide the notice described in Subsection (1)(a) for the
4797	geographic boundaries of the proposed agriculture protection area, industrial protection area, or
4798	critical infrastructure materials protection area, and the area that extends 1,000 feet beyond the
4799	geographic boundaries of the proposed agriculture protection area, industrial protection area, or

1800	critical	infrastructure	materials	protection	area

- (2) The notice shall contain:
- (a) a statement that a proposal for the creation of an agriculture protection area, industrial protection area, or critical infrastructure materials protection area has been filed with the applicable legislative body;
- (b) a statement that the proposal will be open to public inspection in the office of the applicable legislative body;
- (c) a statement that any person affected by the establishment of the area may, within 15 days of the date of the notice, file with the applicable legislative body:
  - (i) written objections to the proposal; or
- (ii) a written request to modify the proposal to exclude land from or add land to the proposed protection area;
- (d) a statement that the applicable legislative body will submit the proposal to the advisory committee and to the planning commission for review and recommendations;
- (e) a statement that the applicable legislative body will hold a public hearing to discuss and hear public comment on:
- (i) the proposal to create the agriculture protection area, industrial protection area, or critical infrastructure materials protection area;
  - (ii) the recommendations of the advisory committee and planning commission; and
- (iii) any requests for modification of the proposal and any objections to the proposal; and
  - (f) a statement indicating the date, time, and place of the public hearing.
- (3) (a) A person wishing to modify the proposal for the creation of the agriculture protection area, industrial protection area, or critical infrastructure materials protection area shall, within 15 days after the date of the notice, file a written request for modification of the proposal, which identifies specifically the land that should be added to or removed from the proposal.
- (b) A person wishing to object to the proposal for the creation of the agriculture protection area, industrial protection area, or critical infrastructure materials protection area shall, within 15 days after the date of the notice, file a written objection to the creation of the relevant protection area.

4831	Section 92. Section 17-41-304 is amended to read:
4832	17-41-304. Public hearing Notice Review and action on proposal.
4833	(1) After receipt of the written reports from the advisory committee and planning
4834	commission, or after the 45 days have expired, whichever is earlier, the county or municipal
4835	legislative body shall:
4836	(a) schedule a public hearing;
4837	(b) provide notice of the public hearing [by:] for the geographic area described in
4838	Subsection 17-41-302(1)(b) as a class C notice under Section 63G-28-102; and
4839	[(i) posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601;
4840	[(ii) posting notice at five public places, designated by the applicable legislative body,
4841	within or near the proposed agriculture protection area, industrial protection area, or critical
4842	infrastructure materials protection area; and]
4843	[(iii) mailing written notice to each owner of land within 1,000 feet of the land
4844	proposed for inclusion within an agriculture protection area, industrial protection area, or
4845	critical infrastructure materials protection area; and]
4846	(c) ensure that the notice includes:
4847	(i) the time, date, and place of the public hearing on the proposal;
4848	(ii) a description of the proposed agriculture protection area, industrial protection area
4849	or critical infrastructure materials protection area;
4850	(iii) any proposed modifications to the proposed agriculture protection area, industrial
4851	protection area, or critical infrastructure materials protection area;
4852	(iv) a summary of the recommendations of the advisory committee and planning
4853	commission; and
4854	(v) a statement that interested persons may appear at the public hearing and speak in
4855	favor of or against the proposal, any proposed modifications to the proposal, or the
4856	recommendations of the advisory committee and planning commission.
4857	(2) The applicable legislative body shall:
4858	(a) convene the public hearing at the time, date, and place specified in the notice; and
4859	(b) take oral or written testimony from interested persons.
4860	(3) (a) Within 120 days of the submission of the proposal, the applicable legislative
4861	body shall approve, modify and approve, or reject the proposal.

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(iv) the date of recording.

creation of an agriculture protection area.

4862 (b) The creation of an agriculture protection area, industrial protection area, or critical 4863 infrastructure materials protection area is effective at the earlier of: 4864 (i) the applicable legislative body's approval of a proposal or modified proposal; or 4865 (ii) 120 days after submission of a proposal complying with Subsection 17-41-301(2) if 4866 the applicable legislative body has failed to approve or reject the proposal within that time. 4867 (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(b), a critical infrastructure materials protection area 4868 is effective only if the applicable legislative body, at its discretion, approves a proposal or 4869 modified proposal. 4870 (4) (a) To give constructive notice of the existence of the agriculture protection area, 4871 industrial protection area, or critical infrastructure materials protection area to all persons who 4872 have, may acquire, or may seek to acquire an interest in land in or adjacent to the relevant 4873 protection area within 10 days of the creation of the relevant protection area, the applicable 4874 legislative body shall file an executed document containing a legal description of the relevant 4875 protection area with: 4876 (i) the county recorder of deeds; and 4877 (ii) the affected planning commission. 4878 (b) If the legal description of the property to be included in the relevant protection area 4879 is available through the county recorder's office, the applicable legislative body shall use that 4880 legal description in its executed document required in Subsection (4)(a). 4881 (5) Within 10 days of the recording of the agriculture protection area, the applicable 4882 legislative body shall: 4883 (a) send written notification to the commissioner of agriculture and food that the 4884 agriculture protection area has been created; and 4885 (b) include in the notification: 4886 (i) the number of landowners owning land within the agriculture protection area; 4887 (ii) the total acreage of the area; 4888 (iii) the date of approval of the area; and

(6) The applicable legislative body's failure to record the notice required under

Subsection (4) or to send the written notification under Subsection (5) does not invalidate the

- (7) The applicable legislative body may consider the cost of recording notice under Subsection (4) and the cost of sending notification under Subsection (5) in establishing a fee under Subsection 17-41-301(4)(b).
  - Section 93. Section 17-41-405 is amended to read:

## 17-41-405. Eminent domain restrictions -- Notice of hearing.

- (1) A political subdivision having or exercising eminent domain powers may not condemn for any purpose any land within an agriculture protection area that is being used for agricultural production, land within an industrial protection area that is being put to an industrial use, or land within a critical infrastructure materials protection area, unless the political subdivision obtains approval, according to the procedures and requirements of this section, from the applicable legislative body and the advisory board.
- (2) Any condemnor wishing to condemn property within an agriculture protection area, industrial protection area, or critical infrastructure materials protection area shall file a notice of condemnation with the applicable legislative body and the relevant protection area's advisory board at least 30 days before filing an eminent domain complaint.
  - (3) The applicable legislative body and the advisory board shall:
- (a) hold a joint public hearing on the proposed condemnation at a location within the county in which the relevant protection area is located; and
- (b) [post] <u>publish</u> notice of the time, date, place, and purpose of the public hearing[:] for the relevant protection area as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.
  - [(i) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; and]
- [(ii) in five conspicuous public places, designated by the applicable legislative body, within or near the relevant protection area.]
- (4) (a) If the condemnation is for highway purposes or for the disposal of solid or liquid waste materials, the applicable legislative body and the advisory board may approve the condemnation only if there is no reasonable and prudent alternative to the use of the land within the agriculture protection area, industrial protection area, or critical infrastructure materials protection area for the project.
- (b) If the condemnation is for any other purpose, the applicable legislative body and the advisory board may approve the condemnation only if:
  - (i) the proposed condemnation would not have an unreasonably adverse effect upon the

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4924	preservation and enhancement of:
4925	(A) agriculture within the agriculture protection area;
4926	(B) the industrial use within the industrial protection area; or
4927	(C) critical infrastructure materials operations within the critical infrastructure
4928	materials protection area; or
4929	(ii) there is no reasonable and prudent alternative to the use of the land within the
4930	relevant protection area for the project.
4931	(5) (a) Within 60 days after receipt of the notice of condemnation, the applicable
4932	legislative body and the advisory board shall approve or reject the proposed condemnation.
4933	(b) If the applicable legislative body and the advisory board fail to act within the 60
4934	days or such further time as the applicable legislative body establishes, the condemnation shall
4935	be considered rejected.
4936	(6) The applicable legislative body or the advisory board may request the county or
4937	municipal attorney to bring an action to enjoin any condemnor from violating any provisions of
4938	this section.
4939	Section 94. Section 17-50-303 is amended to read:
4940	17-50-303. County may not give or lend credit County may borrow in
4941	anticipation of revenues Assistance to nonprofit and private entities Notice
4942	requirements.
4943	(1) A county may not give or lend its credit to or in aid of any person or corporation,
4944	or, except as provided in Subsection (3), appropriate money in aid of any private enterprise.
4945	(2) (a) A county may borrow money in anticipation of the collection of taxes and other
4946	county revenues in the manner and subject to the conditions of Title 11, Chapter 14, Local
4947	Government Bonding Act.
4948	(b) A county may incur indebtedness under Subsection (2)(a) for any purpose for which
4949	funds of the county may be expended.
4950	(3) (a) A county may appropriate money to or provide nonmonetary assistance to a
4951	nonprofit entity, or waive fees required to be paid by a nonprofit entity, if, in the judgment of

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(b) A county may appropriate money to a nonprofit entity from the county's own funds

the county legislative body, the assistance contributes to the safety, health, prosperity, moral

well-being, peace, order, comfort, or convenience of county residents.

4955	or from funds the county receives from the state or any other source.
4956	(4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4):
4957	(i) "Private enterprise" means a person that engages in an activity for profit.
4958	(ii) "Project" means an activity engaged in by a private enterprise.
4959	(b) A county may appropriate money in aid of a private enterprise project if:
4960	(i) subject to Subsection (4)(c), the county receives value in return for the money
4961	appropriated; and
4962	(ii) in the judgment of the county legislative body, the private enterprise project
4963	provides for the safety, health, prosperity, moral well-being, peace, order, comfort, or
4964	convenience of the county residents.
4965	(c) The county shall measure the net value received by the county for money
4966	appropriated by the county to a private entity on a project-by-project basis over the life of the
4967	project.
4968	(d) (i) Before a county legislative body may appropriate funds in aid of a private
4969	enterprise project under this Subsection (4), the county legislative body shall:
4970	(A) adopt by ordinance criteria to determine what value, if any, the county will receive
4971	in return for money appropriated under this Subsection (4);
4972	(B) conduct a study as described in Subsection (4)(e) on the proposed appropriation
4973	and private enterprise project; and
4974	(C) post notice, subject to Subsection (4)(f), and hold a public hearing on the proposed
4975	appropriation and the private enterprise project.
4976	(ii) The county legislative body may consider an intangible benefit as a value received
4977	by the county.
4978	(e) (i) Before publishing or posting notice in accordance with Subsection (4)(f), the
4979	county shall study:
4980	(A) any value the county will receive in return for money or resources appropriated to a
4981	private entity;
4982	(B) the county's purpose for the appropriation, including an analysis of the way the
4983	appropriation will be used to enhance the safety, health, prosperity, moral well-being, peace,
4984	order, comfort, or convenience of the county residents; and

(C) whether the appropriation is necessary and appropriate to accomplish the

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ordinance was adopted.

(4)(d)(i)(A);

(v) The district court's review is limited to:

4986	reasonable goals and objectives of the county in the area of economic development, job
4987	creation, affordable housing, elimination of a development impediment, as defined in Section
4988	17C-1-102, job preservation, the preservation of historic structures, analyzing and improving
4989	county government structure or property, or any other public purpose.
4990	(ii) The county shall:
4991	(A) prepare a written report of the results of the study; and
4992	(B) make the report available to the public at least 14 days immediately prior to the
4993	scheduled day of the public hearing described in Subsection (4)(d)(i)(C).
4994	(f) The county shall publish notice of the public hearing required in Subsection
4995	(4)(d)(i)(C)[:] for the county as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least 14 days
4996	before the day of the public hearing.
4997	[(i) in a newspaper of general circulation at least 14 days before the date of the hearing
4998	or, if there is no newspaper of general circulation, by posting notice in at least three
4999	conspicuous places within the county for the same time period; and]
5000	[(ii) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, at least 14 days
5001	before the date of the hearing.]
5002	(g) (i) A person may appeal the decision of the county legislative body to appropriate
5003	funds under this Subsection (4).
5004	(ii) A person shall file an appeal with the district court within 30 days after the day on
5005	which the legislative body adopts an ordinance or approves a budget to appropriate the funds.
5006	(iii) A court shall:
5007	(A) presume that an ordinance adopted or appropriation made under this Subsection (4)
5008	is valid; and
5009	(B) determine only whether the ordinance or appropriation is arbitrary, capricious, or
5010	illegal.
5011	(iv) A determination of illegality requires a determination that the decision or
5012	ordinance violates a law, statute, or ordinance in effect at the time the decision was made or the

(A) a review of the criteria adopted by the county legislative body under Subsection

5017 (B) the record created by the county legislative body at the public hearing described in 5018 Subsection (4)(d)(i)(C); and 5019 (C) the record created by the county in preparation of the study and the study itself as 5020 described in Subsection (4)(e). 5021 (vi) If there is no record, the court may call witnesses and take evidence. 5022 (h) This section applies only to an appropriation not otherwise approved in accordance 5023 with Title 17, Chapter 36, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Counties. 5024 Section 95. Section **17B-1-106** is amended to read: 5025 17B-1-106. Notice before preparing or amending a long-range plan or acquiring 5026 certain property. 5027 (1) As used in this section: (a) (i) "Affected entity" means each county, municipality, local district under this title, 5028 5029 special service district, school district, interlocal cooperation entity established under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, and specified public utility: 5030 5031 (A) whose services or facilities are likely to require expansion or significant 5032 modification because of an intended use of land; or 5033 (B) that has filed with the local district a copy of the general or long-range plan of the 5034 county, municipality, local district, school district, interlocal cooperation entity, or specified 5035 public utility. (ii) "Affected entity" does not include the local district that is required under this 5036 5037 section to provide notice. (b) "Specified public utility" means an electrical corporation, gas corporation, or 5038 5039 telephone corporation, as those terms are defined in Section 54-2-1. 5040 (2) (a) If a local district under this title located in a county of the first or second class 5041 prepares a long-range plan regarding the local district's facilities proposed for the future or 5042 amends an already existing long-range plan, the local district shall, before preparing a 5043 long-range plan or amendments to an existing long-range plan, provide written notice, as 5044 provided in this section, of the local district's intent to prepare a long-range plan or to amend an 5045 existing long-range plan. 5046 (b) Each notice under Subsection (2)(a) shall: 5047 (i) indicate that the local district intends to prepare a long-range plan or to amend a

5048	long-range plan, as the case may be;
5049	(ii) describe or provide a map of the geographic area that will be affected by the
5050	long-range plan or amendments to a long-range plan;
5051	(iii) be:
5052	(A) sent to each county in whose unincorporated area and each municipality in whose
5053	boundaries is located the land on which the proposed long-range plan or amendments to a
5054	long-range plan are expected to indicate that the proposed facilities will be located;
5055	(B) sent to each affected entity;
5056	(C) sent to the Utah Geospatial Resource Center created in Section 63A-16-505;
5057	(D) sent to each association of governments, established pursuant to an interlocal
5058	agreement under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, of which a county or
5059	municipality described in Subsection (2)(b)(iii)(A) is a member; and
5060	(E) published for the local district as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102;
5061	[(E) (I) placed on the Utah Public Notice Website created under Section 63A-16-601, if
5062	the local district:]
5063	[(Aa) is required under Subsection 52-4-203(3) to use that website to provide public
5064	notice of a meeting; or]
5065	[(Bb) voluntarily chooses to place notice on that website despite not being required to
5066	do so under Subsection (2)(b)(iii)(E)(I)(Aa); or]
5067	[(II) the state planning coordinator appointed under Section 63J-4-401, if the local
5068	district does not provide notice on the Utah Public Notice Website under Subsection
5069	<del>(2)(b)(iii)(E)(I);</del> ]
5070	(iv) with respect to the notice to counties and municipalities described in Subsection
5071	(2)(b)(iii)(A) and affected entities, invite them to provide information for the local district to
5072	consider in the process of preparing, adopting, and implementing the long-range plan or
5073	amendments to a long-range plan concerning:
5074	(A) impacts that the use of land proposed in the proposed long-range plan or
5075	amendments to a long-range plan may have on the county, municipality, or affected entity; and
5076	(B) uses of land that the county, municipality, or affected entity is planning or
5077	considering that may conflict with the proposed long-range plan or amendments to a long-range
5078	plan; and

district shall:

5079	(v) include the address of an Internet website, if the local district has one, and the name
5080	and telephone number of an individual where more information can be obtained concerning the
5081	local district's proposed long-range plan or amendments to a long-range plan.
5082	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(d), each local district intending to acquire
5083	real property in a county of the first or second class for the purpose of expanding the local
5084	district's infrastructure or other facilities used for providing the services that the local district is
5085	authorized to provide shall provide written notice, as provided in this Subsection (3), of the
5086	local district's intent to acquire the property if the intended use of the property is contrary to:
5087	(i) the anticipated use of the property under the county or municipality's general plan;
5088	or
5089	(ii) the property's current zoning designation.
5090	(b) Each notice under Subsection (3)(a) shall:
5091	(i) indicate that the local district intends to acquire real property;
5092	(ii) identify the real property; and
5093	(iii) be sent to:
5094	(A) each county in whose unincorporated area and each municipality in whose
5095	boundaries the property is located; and
5096	(B) each affected entity.
5097	(c) A notice under this Subsection (3) is a protected record as provided in Subsection
5098	63G-2-305(8).
5099	(d) (i) The notice requirement of Subsection (3)(a) does not apply if the local district
5100	previously provided notice under Subsection (2) identifying the general location within the
5101	municipality or unincorporated part of the county where the property to be acquired is located.
5102	(ii) If a local district is not required to comply with the notice requirement of
5103	Subsection (3)(a) because of application of Subsection (3)(d)(i), the local district shall provide
5104	the notice specified in Subsection (3)(a) as soon as practicable after the local district's
5105	acquisition of the real property.
5106	Section 96. Section 17B-1-111 is amended to read:
5107	17B-1-111. Impact fee resolution Notice and hearing requirements.
5108	(1) (a) If a local district wishes to impose impact fees, the board of trustees of the local

5110	(i) prepare a proposed impact fee resolution that meets the requirements of Title 11,
5111	Chapter 36a, Impact Fees Act;
5112	(ii) make a copy of the impact fee resolution available to the public at least 14 days
5113	before the date of the public hearing and hold a public hearing on the proposed impact fee
5114	resolution; and
5115	(iii) provide reasonable notice of the public hearing for the local district as a class A
5116	notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least 14 days before the date of the hearing.
5117	(b) After the public hearing, the board of trustees may:
5118	(i) adopt the impact fee resolution as proposed;
5119	(ii) amend the impact fee resolution and adopt or reject it as amended; or
5120	(iii) reject the resolution.
5121	[(2) A local district meets the requirements of reasonable notice required by this
5122	section if it:]
5123	[(a) posts notice of the hearing or meeting in at least three public places within the
5124	<del>jurisdiction; or</del> ]
5125	[(b) gives actual notice of the hearing or meeting.]
5126	$[\frac{3}{2}]$ The local district's board of trustees may enact a resolution establishing
5127	stricter notice requirements than those required by this section.
5128	[(4)] (3) (a) Proof that [one of the two forms of] notice required by this section was
5129	given is prima facie evidence that notice was properly given.
5130	(b) If notice given under authority of this section is not challenged within 30 days from
5131	the date of the meeting for which the notice was given, the notice is considered adequate and
5132	proper.
5133	Section 97. Section 17B-1-211 is amended to read:
5134	17B-1-211. Notice of public hearings Publication of resolution.
5135	(1) Before holding a public hearing or set of public hearings under Section 17B-1-210,
5136	the legislative body of each county or municipality with which a request is filed or that adopts a
5137	resolution under Subsection 17B-1-203(1)(d) and the board of trustees of each local district
5138	that adopts a resolution under Subsection 17B-1-203(1)(e) shall[:] <u>publish notice for the</u>
5139	proposed local district as a class C notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least two weeks before
5140	the day of the hearing or the first of the set of hearings.

5141	(a) (i) in accordance with Subsection (2), post at least one notice per 1,000 population
5142	of the applicable area and at places within the area that are most likely to provide actual notice
5143	to residents of the area; and]
5144	[(ii) publish notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601;
5145	for two weeks before the hearing or the first of the set of hearings; or]
5146	[(b) mail a notice to each registered voter residing within and each owner of real
5147	property located within the proposed local district.]
5148	(2) Each notice required under Subsection (1) shall:
5149	(a) if the hearing or set of hearings is concerning a resolution:
5150	(i) contain the entire text or an accurate summary of the resolution; and
5151	(ii) state the deadline for filing a protest against the creation of the proposed local
5152	district;
5153	(b) clearly identify each governing body involved in the hearing or set of hearings;
5154	(c) state the date, time, and place for the hearing or set of hearings and the purposes for
5155	the hearing or set of hearings; and
5156	(d) describe or include a map of the entire proposed local district.
5157	(3) County or municipal legislative bodies may jointly provide the notice required
5158	under this section if all the requirements of this section are met as to each notice.
5159	Section 98. Section 17B-1-304 is amended to read:
5160	17B-1-304. Appointment procedures for appointed members Notice of vacancy.
5161	(1) The appointing authority may, by resolution, appoint persons to serve as members
5162	of a local district board by following the procedures established by this section.
5163	(2) (a) In any calendar year when appointment of a new local district board member is
5164	required, the appointing authority shall prepare a notice of vacancy that contains:
5165	(i) the positions that are vacant that shall be filled by appointment;
5166	(ii) the qualifications required to be appointed to those positions;
5167	(iii) the procedures for appointment that the governing body will follow in making
5168	those appointments; and
5169	(iv) the person to be contacted and any deadlines that a person shall meet who wishes
5170	to be considered for appointment to those positions.
5171	(b) The appointing authority shall[:] publish the notice of vacancy for the local district

5172	as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least one month before the deadline for
5173	accepting nominees for appointment.
5174	[(i) post the notice of vacancy in four public places within the local district at least one
5175	month before the deadline for accepting nominees for appointment; and]
5176	[(ii) post the notice of vacancy on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
5177	63A-16-601, for five days before the deadline for accepting nominees for appointment.]
5178	(c) The appointing authority may bill the local district for the cost of preparing,
5179	printing, and publishing the notice.
5180	(3) (a) After the appointing authority is notified of a vacancy and has satisfied the
5181	requirements described in Subsection (2), the appointing authority shall select a person to fill
5182	the vacancy from the applicants who meet the qualifications established by law.
5183	(b) The appointing authority shall:
5184	(i) comply with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, in making the
5185	appointment;
5186	(ii) allow any interested persons to be heard; and
5187	(iii) adopt a resolution appointing a person to the local district board.
5188	(c) If no candidate for appointment to fill the vacancy receives a majority vote of the
5189	appointing authority, the appointing authority shall select the appointee from the two top
5190	candidates by lot.
5191	(4) Persons appointed to serve as members of the local district board serve four-year
5192	terms, but may be removed for cause at any time after a hearing by two-thirds vote of the
5193	appointing body.
5194	(5) (a) At the end of each board member's term, the position is considered vacant, and,
5195	after following the appointment procedures established in this section, the appointing authority
5196	may either reappoint the incumbent board member or appoint a new member.
5197	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a), a board member may continue to serve until a
5198	successor is elected or appointed and qualified in accordance with Subsection 17B-1-303(2)(b).
5199	(6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if the appointing authority
5200	appoints one of its own members and that member meets all applicable statutory board member
5201	qualifications, the appointing authority need not comply with Subsection (2) or (3).

Section 99. Section 17B-1-306 is amended to read:

5203	1/B-1-306. Local district board Election procedures Notice.
5204	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (12), each elected board member shall be selected
5205	as provided in this section.
5206	(2) (a) Each election of a local district board member shall be held:
5207	(i) at the same time as the municipal general election or the regular general election, as
5208	applicable; and
5209	(ii) at polling places designated by the local district board in consultation with the
5210	county clerk for each county in which the local district is located, which polling places shall
5211	coincide with municipal general election or regular general election polling places, as
5212	applicable, whenever feasible.
5213	(b) The local district board, in consultation with the county clerk, may consolidate two
5214	or more polling places to enable voters from more than one district to vote at one consolidated
5215	polling place.
5216	(c) (i) Subject to Subsections (5)(h) and (i), the number of polling places under
5217	Subsection (2)(a)(ii) in an election of board members of an irrigation district shall be one
5218	polling place per division of the district, designated by the district board.
5219	(ii) Each polling place designated by an irrigation district board under Subsection
5220	(2)(c)(i) shall coincide with a polling place designated by the county clerk under Subsection
5221	(2)(a)(ii).
5222	(3) The clerk of each local district with a board member position to be filled at the next
5223	municipal general election or regular general election, as applicable, shall provide notice of:
5224	(a) each elective position of the local district to be filled at the next municipal general
5225	election or regular general election, as applicable;
5226	(b) the constitutional and statutory qualifications for each position; and
5227	(c) the dates and times for filing a declaration of candidacy.
5228	(4) The clerk of the local district shall publish the notice described in Subsection (3)[:]
5229	for the local district as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least 10 days before the
5230	first day for filing a declaration of candidacy.
5231	[(a) by posting the notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section
5232	63A-16-601, for 10 days before the first day for filing a declaration of candidacy;
5233	[(b) by posting the notice in at least five public places within the local district at least

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5234 10 days before the first day for filing a declaration of candidacy; and

- [(c) if the local district has a website, on the local district's website for 10 days before the first day for filing a declaration of candidacy.]
- (5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), to become a candidate for an elective local district board position, an individual shall file a declaration of candidacy in person with an official designated by the local district within the candidate filing period for the applicable election year in which the election for the local district board is held and:
- (i) during the local district's standard office hours, if the standard office hours provide at least three consecutive office hours each day during the candidate filing period that is not a holiday or weekend; or
- (ii) if the standard office hours of a local district do not provide at least three consecutive office hours each day, a three-hour consecutive time period each day designated by the local district during the candidate filing period that is not a holiday or weekend.
- (b) When the candidate filing deadline falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday, the filing time shall be extended until the close of normal office hours on the following regular business day.
- (c) Subject to Subsection (5)(f), an individual may designate an agent to file a declaration of candidacy with the official designated by the local district if:
  - (i) the individual is located outside of the state during the entire filing period;
- (ii) the designated agent appears in person before the official designated by the local district; and
- (iii) the individual communicates with the official designated by the local district using an electronic device that allows the individual and official to see and hear each other.
- (d) (i) Before the filing officer may accept any declaration of candidacy from an individual, the filing officer shall:
- (A) read to the individual the constitutional and statutory qualification requirements for the office that the individual is seeking; and
  - (B) require the individual to state whether the individual meets those requirements.
- (ii) If the individual does not meet the qualification requirements for the office, the filing officer may not accept the individual's declaration of candidacy.
  - (iii) If it appears that the individual meets the requirements of candidacy, the filing

5265	officer shall accept the individual's declaration of candidacy.
5266	(e) The declaration of candidacy shall be in substantially the following form:
5267	"I, (print name), being first duly sworn, say that I reside at (Street)
5268	, City of, County of, state of Utah, (Zip
5269	Code), (Telephone Number, if any); that I meet the qualifications for the
5270	office of board of trustees member for (state the name of the local
5271	district); that I am a candidate for that office to be voted upon at the next election; and that, if
5272	filing via a designated agent, I will be out of the state of Utah during the entire candidate filing
5273	period, and I hereby request that my name be printed upon the official ballot for that election.
5274	(Signed)
5275	Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me by on this day
5276	of,
5277	(Signed)
5278	(Clerk or Notary Public)".
5279	(f) An agent designated under Subsection (5)(c) may not sign the form described in
5280	Subsection (5)(e).
5281	(g) Each individual wishing to become a valid write-in candidate for an elective local
5282	district board position is governed by Section 20A-9-601.
5283	(h) If at least one individual does not file a declaration of candidacy as required by this
5284	section, an individual shall be appointed to fill that board position in accordance with the
5285	appointment provisions of Section 20A-1-512.
5286	(i) If only one candidate files a declaration of candidacy and there is no write-in
5287	candidate who complies with Section 20A-9-601, the board, in accordance with Section
5288	20A-1-206, may:
5289	(i) consider the candidate to be elected to the position; and
5290	(ii) cancel the election.
5291	(6) (a) A primary election may be held if:
5292	(i) the election is authorized by the local district board; and

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5293 (ii) the number of candidates for a particular local board position or office exceeds 5294 twice the number of persons needed to fill that position or office. 5295 (b) The primary election shall be conducted: (i) on the same date as the municipal primary election or the regular primary election, 5296 5297 as applicable; and 5298 (ii) according to the procedures for primary elections provided under Title 20A, 5299 Election Code. 5300 (7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c), within one business day after the 5301 deadline for filing a declaration of candidacy, the local district clerk shall certify the candidate 5302 names to the clerk of each county in which the local district is located. 5303 (b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c) and in accordance with Section 5304 20A-6-305, the clerk of each county in which the local district is located and the local district 5305 clerk shall coordinate the placement of the name of each candidate for local district office in 5306 the nonpartisan section of the ballot with the appropriate election officer. 5307 (ii) If consolidation of the local district election ballot with the municipal general 5308 election ballot or the regular general election ballot, as applicable, is not feasible, the local 5309 district board of trustees, in consultation with the county clerk, shall provide for a separate 5310 local district election ballot to be administered by poll workers at polling places designated 5311 under Subsection (2). 5312 (c) (i) Subsections (7)(a) and (b) do not apply to an election of a member of the board 5313 of an irrigation district established under Chapter 2a, Part 5, Irrigation District Act. 5314 (ii) (A) Subject to Subsection (7)(c)(ii)(B), the board of each irrigation district shall 5315 prescribe the form of the ballot for each board member election. 5316 (B) Each ballot for an election of an irrigation district board member shall be in a 5317 nonpartisan format. 5318 (C) The name of each candidate shall be placed on the ballot in the order specified 5319 under Section 20A-6-305.

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(8) (a) Each voter at an election for a board of trustees member of a local district shall:

(B) a basic local district board of trustees member who is elected by property owners;

(i) be a registered voter within the district, except for an election of:

(A) an irrigation district board of trustees member; or

material reason.

5324	and
5325	(ii) meet the requirements to vote established by the district.
5326	(b) Each voter may vote for as many candidates as there are offices to be filled.
5327	(c) The candidates who receive the highest number of votes are elected.
5328	(9) Except as otherwise provided by this section, the election of local district board
5329	members is governed by Title 20A, Election Code.
5330	(10) (a) Except as provided in Subsection 17B-1-303(8), a person elected to serve on a
5331	local district board shall serve a four-year term, beginning at noon on the January 1 after the
5332	person's election.
5333	(b) A person elected shall be sworn in as soon as practical after January 1.
5334	(11) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (11)(b), each local district shall reimburse
5335	the county or municipality holding an election under this section for the costs of the election
5336	attributable to that local district.
5337	(b) Each irrigation district shall bear the district's own costs of each election the district
5338	holds under this section.
5339	(12) This section does not apply to an improvement district that provides electric or gas
5340	service.
5341	(13) Except as provided in Subsection 20A-3a-605(1)(b), the provisions of Title 20A,
5342	Chapter 3a, Part 6, Early Voting, do not apply to an election under this section.
5343	(14) (a) As used in this Subsection (14), "board" means:
5344	(i) a local district board; or
5345	(ii) the administrative control board of a special service district that has elected
5346	members on the board.
5347	(b) A board may hold elections for membership on the board at a regular general
5348	election instead of a municipal general election if the board submits an application to the
5349	lieutenant governor that:
5350	(i) requests permission to hold elections for membership on the board at a regular
5351	general election instead of a municipal general election; and
5352	(ii) indicates that holding elections at the time of the regular general election is
5353	beneficial, based on potential cost savings, a potential increase in voter turnout, or another

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a nomination form.

5355 (c) Upon receipt of an application described in Subsection (14)(b), the lieutenant governor may approve the application if the lieutenant governor concludes that holding the 5356 5357 elections at the regular general election is beneficial based on the criteria described in 5358 Subsection (14)(b)(ii). 5359 (d) If the lieutenant governor approves a board's application described in this section: 5360 (i) all future elections for membership on the board shall be held at the time of the regular general election; and 5361 5362 (ii) the board may not hold elections at the time of a municipal general election unless 5363 the board receives permission from the lieutenant governor to hold all future elections for 5364 membership on the board at a municipal general election instead of a regular general election, 5365 under the same procedure, and by applying the same criteria, described in this Subsection (14). 5366 (15) (a) This Subsection (15) applies to a local district if: (i) the local district's board members are elected by the owners of real property, as 5367 5368 provided in Subsection 17B-1-1402(1)(b); and 5369 (ii) the local district was created before January 1, 2020. 5370 (b) The board of a local district described in Subsection (15)(a) may conduct an election: 5371 5372 (i) to fill a board member position that expires at the end of the term for that board 5373 member's position; and (ii) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-1-512(1)(a)(i), to fill a vacancy in an unexpired 5374 5375 term of a board member. 5376 (c) An election under Subsection (15)(b) may be conducted as determined by the local 5377 district board, subject to Subsection (15)(d). 5378 (d) (i) The local district board shall provide to property owners eligible to vote at the 5379 local district election: 5380 (A) notice of the election; and 5381 (B) a form to nominate an eligible individual to be elected as a board member. 5382 (ii) (A) The local district board may establish a deadline for a property owner to submit

(B) A deadline under Subsection (15)(d)(ii)(A) may not be earlier than 15 days after

the board provides the notice and nomination form under Subsection (15)(d)(i).

5386	(iii) (A) After the deadline for submitting nomination forms, the local district board
5387	shall provide a ballot to all property owners eligible to vote at the local district election.
5388	(B) A local district board shall allow at least five days for ballots to be returned.
5389	(iv) A local district board shall certify the results of an election under this Subsection
5390	(15) during an open meeting of the board.
5391	Section 100. Section 17B-1-313 is amended to read:
5392	17B-1-313. Publication of notice of board resolution or action Contest period
5393	No contest after contest period.
5394	(1) After the board of trustees of a local district adopts a resolution or takes other
5395	action on behalf of the district, the board may provide for the publication of a notice of the
5396	resolution or other action.
5397	(2) Each notice under Subsection (1) shall:
5398	(a) include, as the case may be:
5399	(i) the language of the resolution or a summary of the resolution; or
5400	(ii) a description of the action taken by the board;
5401	(b) state that:
5402	(i) any person in interest may file an action in district court to contest the regularity,
5403	formality, or legality of the resolution or action within 30 days after the date of publication; and
5404	(ii) if the resolution or action is not contested by filing an action in district court within
5405	the 30-day period, no one may contest the regularity, formality, or legality of the resolution or
5406	action after the expiration of the 30-day period; and
5407	(c) be [posted on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601]
5408	published for the local district as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.
5409	(3) For a period of 30 days after the date of the publication, any person in interest may
5410	contest the regularity, formality, or legality of the resolution or other action by filing an action
5411	in district court.
5412	(4) After the expiration of the 30-day period under Subsection (3), no one may contest
5413	the regularity, formality, or legality of the resolution or action for any cause.
5414	Section 101. Section 17B-1-413 is amended to read:
5415	17B-1-413. Hearing, notice, and protest provisions do not apply for certain
5416	petitions.

5417	(1) Section 17B-1-412 does not apply, and, except as provided in Subsection (2)(a),
5418	Sections 17B-1-409 and 17B-1-410 do not apply:
5419	(a) if the process to annex an area to a local district was initiated by:
5420	(i) a petition under Subsection 17B-1-403(1)(a)(i);
5421	(ii) a petition under Subsection 17B-1-403(1)(a)(ii)(A) that was signed by the owners
5422	of private real property that:
5423	(A) is located within the area proposed to be annexed;
5424	(B) covers at least 75% of the total private land area within the entire area proposed to
5425	be annexed and within each applicable area; and
5426	(C) is equal in assessed value to at least 75% of the assessed value of all private real
5427	property within the entire area proposed to be annexed and within each applicable area; or
5428	(iii) a petition under Subsection 17B-1-403(1)(a)(ii)(B) that was signed by registered
5429	voters residing within the entire area proposed to be annexed and within each applicable area
5430	equal in number to at least 75% of the number of votes cast within the entire area proposed to
5431	be annexed and within each applicable area, respectively, for the office of governor at the last
5432	regular general election before the filing of the petition;
5433	(b) to an annexation under Section 17B-1-415; or
5434	(c) to a boundary adjustment under Section 17B-1-417.
5435	(2) (a) If a petition that meets the requirements of Subsection (1)(a) is certified under
5436	Section 17B-1-405, the local district board:
5437	(i) shall provide notice of the proposed annexation as provided in Subsection (2)(b);
5438	and
5439	(ii) (A) may, in the board's discretion, hold a public hearing as provided in Section
5440	17B-1-409 after giving notice of the public hearing as provided in Subsection (2)(b); and
5441	(B) shall, after giving notice of the public hearing as provided in Subsection (2)(b),
5442	hold a public hearing as provided in Section 17B-1-409 if a written request to do so is
5443	submitted, within 20 days after the local district provides notice under Subsection (2)(a)(i), to
5444	the local district board by an owner of property that is located within or a registered voter
5445	residing within the area proposed to be annexed who did not sign the annexation petition.
5446	(b) The notice required under Subsections (2)(a)(i) and (ii) shall:
5447	(i) be given:

5449	certification; or
5450	(II) for a notice of a public hearing under Subsection (2)(a)(ii), at least 10 but not more
5451	than 30 days before the public hearing; and
5452	(B) by[:] providing a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 for the area proposed to
5453	be annexed; and
5454	[(I) posting written notice at the local district's principal office and in one or more other
5455	locations within or proximate to the area proposed to be annexed as are reasonable under the
5456	circumstances, considering the number of parcels included in that area, the size of the area, the
5457	population of the area, and the contiguousness of the area; and]
5458	[(H) providing written notice:]
5459	[(Aa) to at least one newspaper of general circulation, if there is one, within the area
5460	proposed to be annexed or to a local media correspondent; and]
5461	[(Bb) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; and]
5462	(ii) contain a brief explanation of the proposed annexation and include the name of the
5463	local district, the service provided by the local district, a description or map of the area
5464	proposed to be annexed, a local district telephone number where additional information about
5465	the proposed annexation may be obtained, and, for a notice under Subsection (2)(a)(i), an
5466	explanation of the right of a property owner or registered voter to request a public hearing as
5467	provided in Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(B).
5468	(c) A notice under Subsection (2)(a)(i) may be combined with the notice that is
5469	required for a public hearing under Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(A).
5470	Section 102. Section 17B-1-417 is amended to read:
5471	17B-1-417. Boundary adjustment Notice and hearing Protest Resolution
5472	adjusting boundaries Filing of notice and plat with the lieutenant governor
5473	Recording requirements Effective date.
5474	(1) As used in this section, "affected area" means the area located within the
5475	boundaries of one local district that will be removed from that local district and included within
5476	the boundaries of another local district because of a boundary adjustment under this section.
5477	(2) The boards of trustees of two or more local districts having a common boundary
5478	and providing the same service on the same wholesale or retail basis may adjust their common

(A) (I) for a notice under Subsection (2)(a)(i), within 30 days after petition

34/9	boundary as provided in this section.
5480	(3) (a) The board of trustees of each local district intending to adjust a boundary that is
5481	common with another local district shall:
5482	(i) adopt a resolution indicating the board's intent to adjust a common boundary;
5483	(ii) hold a public hearing on the proposed boundary adjustment no less than 60 days
5484	after the adoption of the resolution under Subsection (3)(a)(i); and
5485	(iii) provide notice for the affected area as a class C notice under Section 63G-28-102
5486	at least two weeks before the day of the public hearing.
5487	[ <del>(A) post notice:</del> ]
5488	[(I) in at least four conspicuous places within the local district at least two weeks
5489	before the public hearing; and]
5490	[(II) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for two weeks;
5491	<del>or</del> ]
5492	[(B) mail a notice to each owner of property located within the affected area and to
5493	each registered voter residing within the affected area.]
5494	(b) The notice required under Subsection (3)(a)(iii) shall:
5495	(i) state that the board of trustees of the local district has adopted a resolution
5496	indicating the board's intent to adjust a boundary that the local district has in common with
5497	another local district that provides the same service as the local district;
5498	(ii) describe the affected area;
5499	(iii) state the date, time, and location of the public hearing required under Subsection
5500	(3)(a)(ii);
5501	(iv) provide a local district telephone number where additional information about the
5502	proposed boundary adjustment may be obtained;
5503	(v) explain the financial and service impacts of the boundary adjustment on property
5504	owners or residents within the affected area; and
5505	(vi) state in conspicuous and plain terms that the board of trustees may approve the
5506	adjustment of the boundaries unless, at or before the public hearing under Subsection (3)(a)(ii),
5507	written protests to the adjustment are filed with the board by:
5508	(A) the owners of private real property that:
5509	(I) is located within the affected area;

5510 (II) covers at least 50% of the total private land area within the affected area; and 5511 (III) is equal in assessed value to at least 50% of the assessed value of all private real 5512 property within the affected area; or 5513 (B) registered voters residing within the affected area equal in number to at least 50% 5514 of the votes cast in the affected area for the office of governor at the last regular general 5515 election before the filing of the protests. 5516 (c) The boards of trustees of the local districts whose boundaries are being adjusted 5517 may jointly: 5518 (i) [post or mail] provide the notice required under Subsection (3)(a)(iii); and 5519 (ii) hold the public hearing required under Subsection (3)(a)(ii). 5520 (4) After the public hearing required under Subsection (3)(a)(ii), the board of trustees 5521 may adopt a resolution approving the adjustment of the common boundary unless, at or before 5522 the public hearing, written protests to the boundary adjustment have been filed with the board 5523 by: 5524 (a) the owners of private real property that: 5525 (i) is located within the affected area; (ii) covers at least 50% of the total private land area within the affected area; and 5526 5527 (iii) is equal in assessed value to at least 50% of the assessed value of all private real 5528 property within the affected area; or 5529 (b) registered voters residing within the affected area equal in number to at least 50% 5530 of the votes cast in the affected area for the office of governor at the last regular general 5531 election before the filing of the protests. 5532 (5) A resolution adopted under Subsection (4) does not take effect until the board of 5533 each local district whose boundaries are being adjusted has adopted a resolution under 5534 Subsection (4). 5535 (6) The board of the local district whose boundaries are being adjusted to include the 5536 affected area shall: 5537 (a) within 30 days after the resolutions take effect under Subsection (5), file with the 5538 lieutenant governor: 5539 (i) a copy of a notice of an impending boundary action, as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5,

that meets the requirements of Subsection 67-1a-6.5(3); and

5541	(11) a copy of an approved final local entity plat, as defined in Section 6/-1a-6.5; and
5542	(b) upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of a certificate of boundary adjustment
5543	under Section 67-1a-6.5:
5544	(i) if the affected area is located within the boundary of a single county, submit to the
5545	recorder of that county:
5546	(A) the original:
5547	(I) notice of an impending boundary action;
5548	(II) certificate of boundary adjustment; and
5549	(III) approved final local entity plat; and
5550	(B) a certified copy of each resolution adopted under Subsection (4); or
5551	(ii) if the affected area is located within the boundaries of more than a single county:
5552	(A) submit to the recorder of one of those counties:
5553	(I) the original of the documents listed in Subsections (6)(b)(i)(A)(I), (II), and (III); and
5554	(II) a certified copy of each resolution adopted under Subsection (4); and
5555	(B) submit to the recorder of each other county:
5556	(I) a certified copy of the documents listed in Subsections (6)(b)(i)(A)(I), (II), and (III);
5557	and
5558	(II) a certified copy of each resolution adopted under Subsection (4).
5559	(7) (a) Upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of a certificate of boundary adjustment
5560	under Section 67-1a-6.5, the affected area is annexed to the local district whose boundaries are
5561	being adjusted to include the affected area, and the affected area is withdrawn from the local
5562	district whose boundaries are being adjusted to exclude the affected area.
5563	(b) (i) The effective date of a boundary adjustment under this section for purposes of
5564	assessing property within the affected area is governed by Section 59-2-305.5.
5565	(ii) Until the documents listed in Subsection (6)(b) are recorded in the office of the
5566	recorder of the county in which the property is located, a local district in whose boundary an
5567	affected area is included because of a boundary adjustment under this section may not:
5568	(A) levy or collect a property tax on property within the affected area;
5569	(B) levy or collect an assessment on property within the affected area; or
5570	(C) charge or collect a fee for service provided to property within the affected area.
5571	(iii) Subsection (7)(b)(ii)(C):

5572	(A) may not be construed to limit a local district's ability before a boundary adjustment
5573	to charge and collect a fee for service provided to property that is outside the local district's
5574	boundary; and
5575	(B) does not apply until 60 days after the effective date, under Subsection (7)(a), of the
5576	local district's boundary adjustment, with respect to a fee that the local district was charging for
5577	service provided to property within the area affected by the boundary adjustment immediately
5578	before the boundary adjustment.
5579	Section 103. Section 17B-1-505.5 is amended to read:
5580	17B-1-505.5. Feasibility study for a municipality's withdrawal from a local
5581	district providing fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services or law enforcement
5582	service Notice of hearing.
5583	(1) As used in this section:
5584	(a) "Feasibility consultant" means a person with expertise in:
5585	(i) the processes and economics of local government; and
5586	(ii) the economics of providing fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services or
5587	law enforcement service.
5588	(b) "Feasibility study" means a study to determine the functional and financial
5589	feasibility of a municipality's withdrawal from a first responder local district.
5590	(c) "First responder district" means a local district, other than a municipal services
5591	district, that provides:
5592	(i) fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services; or
5593	(ii) law enforcement service.
5594	(d) "Withdrawing municipality" means a municipality whose legislative body has
5595	adopted a resolution under Subsection 17B-1-505(3)(a) to initiate the process of the
5596	municipality's withdrawal from a first responder district.
5597	(2) This section applies and a feasibility study shall be conducted, as provided in this
5598	section, if:
5599	(a) the legislative body of a municipality has adopted a resolution under Subsection
5600	17B-1-505(3)(a) to initiate the process of the municipality's withdrawal from a first responder
5601	district;
5602	(b) the municipality and first responder district have not agreed in writing to the

5603 withdrawal; and

- (c) a feasibility study is a condition under Subsection 17B-1-505(6)(a) for an election to be held approving the withdrawal.
- (3) (a) As provided in this Subsection (3), the withdrawing municipality and first responder district shall choose and engage a feasibility consultant to conduct a feasibility study.
- (b) The withdrawing municipality and first responder district shall jointly choose and engage a feasibility consultant according to applicable municipal or local district procurement procedures.
- (c) (i) If the withdrawing municipality and first responder district cannot agree on and have not engaged a feasibility consultant under Subsection (3)(b) within 45 days after the legislative body of the withdrawing municipality submits written notice to the first responder district under Subsection 17B-1-505(3)(c), the withdrawing municipality and first responder district shall, as provided in this Subsection (3)(c), choose a feasibility consultant from a list of at least eight feasibility consultants provided by the Utah Association of Certified Public Accountants.
- (ii) A list of feasibility consultants under Subsection (3)(c)(i) may not include a feasibility consultant that has had a contract to provide services to the withdrawing municipality or first responder district at any time during the two-year period immediately preceding the date the list is provided under Subsection (3)(c)(i).
- (iii) (A) Beginning with the first responder district, the first responder district and withdrawing municipality shall alternately eliminate one feasibility consultant each from the list of feasibility consultants until one feasibility consultant remains.
- (B) Within five days after receiving the list of consultants from the Utah Association of Certified Public Accountants, the first responder district shall make the first elimination of a feasibility consultant from the list and notify the withdrawing municipality in writing of the elimination.
- (C) After the first elimination of a feasibility consultant from the list, the withdrawing municipality and first responder district shall each, within three days after receiving the written notification of the preceding elimination, notify the other in writing of the elimination of a feasibility consultant from the list.
  - (d) If a withdrawing municipality and first responder district do not engage a feasibility

consultant under Subsection (3)(b), the withdrawing municipality and first responder district shall engage the feasibility consultant that has not been eliminated from the list at the completion of the process described in Subsection (3)(c).

- (4) A feasibility consultant that conducts a feasibility study under this section shall be independent of and unaffiliated with the withdrawing municipality and first responder district.
- (5) In conducting a feasibility study under this section, the feasibility consultant shall consider:
  - (a) population and population density within the withdrawing municipality;
- (b) current and five-year projections of demographics and economic base in the withdrawing municipality, including household size and income, commercial and industrial development, and public facilities;
  - (c) projected growth in the withdrawing municipality during the next five years;
- (d) subject to Subsection (6)(a), the present and five-year projections of the cost, including overhead, of providing the same service in the withdrawing municipality as is provided by the first responder district, including:
  - (i) the estimated cost if the first responder district continues to provide service; and
  - (ii) the estimated cost if the withdrawing municipality provides service;
- (e) subject to Subsection (6)(a), the present and five-year projections of the cost, including overhead, of the first responder district providing service with:
  - (i) the municipality included in the first responder district's service area; and
- (ii) the withdrawing municipality excluded from the first responder district's service area;
- (f) a projection of any new taxes per household that may be levied within the withdrawing municipality within five years after the withdrawal;
- (g) the fiscal impact that the withdrawing municipality's withdrawal has on other municipalities and unincorporated areas served by the first responder district, including any rate increase that may become necessary to maintain required coverage ratios for the first responder district's debt;
- (h) the physical and other assets that will be required by the withdrawing municipality to provide, without interruption or diminution of service, the same service that is being provided by the first responder district;

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- (i) the physical and other assets that will no longer be required by the first responder district to continue to provide the current level of service to the remainder of the first responder district, excluding the withdrawing municipality, and could be transferred to the withdrawing municipality;
- (j) subject to Subsection (6)(b), a fair and equitable allocation of the first responder district's assets between the first responder district and the withdrawing municipality, effective upon the withdrawal of the withdrawing municipality from the first responder district;
- (k) a fair and equitable allocation of the debts, liabilities, and obligations of the first responder district and any local building authority of the first responder district, between the withdrawing municipality and the remaining first responder district, taking into consideration:
- (i) any requirement to maintain the excludability of interest from the income of the holder of the debt, liability, or obligation for federal income tax purposes; and
- (ii) any first responder district assets that have been purchased with the proceeds of bonds issued by the first responder district that the first responder district will retain and any of those assets that will be transferred to the withdrawing municipality;
- (l) the number and classification of first responder district employees who will no longer be required to serve the remaining portions of the first responder district after the withdrawing municipality withdraws from the first responder district, including the dollar amount of the wages, salaries, and benefits attributable to the employees and the estimated cost associated with termination of the employees if the withdrawing municipality does not employ the employees;
- (m) maintaining as a base, for a period of three years after withdrawal, the existing schedule of pay and benefits for first responder district employees who are transferred to the employment of the withdrawing municipality; and
- (n) any other factor that the feasibility consultant considers relevant to the question of the withdrawing municipality's withdrawal from the first responder district.
  - (6) (a) For purposes of Subsections (5)(d) and (e):
- (i) the feasibility consultant shall assume a level and quality of service to be provided in the future to the withdrawing municipality that fairly and reasonably approximates the level and quality of service that the first responder district provides to the withdrawing municipality at the time of the feasibility study;

- (ii) in determining the present value cost of a service that the first responder district
   provides, the feasibility consultant shall consider:
   (A) the cost to the withdrawing municipality of providing the service for the first five
   years after the withdrawal; and
  - (B) the first responder district's present and five-year projected cost of providing the same service within the withdrawing municipality; and
  - (iii) the feasibility consultant shall consider inflation and anticipated growth in calculating the cost of providing service.
  - (b) The feasibility consultant may not consider an allocation of first responder district assets or a transfer of first responder district employees to the extent that the allocation or transfer would impair the first responder district's ability to continue to provide the current level of service to the remainder of the first responder district without the withdrawing municipality, unless the first responder district consents to the allocation or transfer.
  - (7) A feasibility consultant may retain an architect, engineer, or other professional, as the feasibility consultant considers prudent and as provided in the agreement with the withdrawing municipality and first responder district, to assist the feasibility consultant to conduct a feasibility study.
  - (8) The withdrawing municipality and first responder district shall require the feasibility consultant to:
  - (a) complete the feasibility study within a time established by the withdrawing municipality and first responder district;
  - (b) prepare and submit a written report communicating the results of the feasibility study, including a one-page summary of the results; and
    - (c) attend all public hearings relating to the feasibility study under Subsection (14).
    - (9) A written report of the results of a feasibility study under this section shall:
  - (a) contain a recommendation concerning whether a withdrawing municipality's withdrawal from a first responder district is functionally and financially feasible for both the first responder district and the withdrawing municipality; and
  - (b) include any conditions the feasibility consultant determines need to be satisfied in order to make the withdrawal functionally and financially feasible, including:
    - (i) first responder district assets and liabilities to be allocated to the withdrawing

5727 municipality; and

- (ii) (A) first responder district employees to become employees of the withdrawing municipality; and
- (B) sick leave, vacation, and other accrued benefits and obligations relating to the first responder district employees that the withdrawing municipality needs to assume.
- (10) The withdrawing municipality and first responder district shall equally share the feasibility consultant's fees and costs, as specified in the agreement between the withdrawing municipality and first responder district and the feasibility consultant.
- (11) (a) Upon completion of the feasibility study and preparation of a written report, the feasibility consultant shall deliver a copy of the report to the withdrawing municipality and first responder district.
- (b) (i) A withdrawing municipality or first responder district that disagrees with any aspect of a feasibility study report may, within 20 business days after receiving a copy of the report under Subsection (11)(a), submit to the feasibility consultant a written objection detailing the disagreement.
- (ii) (A) A withdrawing municipality that submits a written objection under Subsection (11)(b)(i) shall simultaneously deliver a copy of the objection to the first responder district.
- (B) A first responder district that submits a written objection under Subsection (11)(b)(i) shall simultaneously deliver a copy of the objection to the withdrawing municipality.
- (iii) A withdrawing municipality or first responder district may, within 10 business days after receiving an objection under Subsection (11)(b)(ii), submit to the feasibility consultant a written response to the objection.
- (iv) (A) A withdrawing municipality that submits a response under Subsection (11)(b)(iii) shall simultaneously deliver a copy of the response to the first responder district.
- (B) A first responder district that submits a response under Subsection (11)(b)(iii) shall simultaneously deliver a copy of the response to the withdrawing municipality.
- (v) If an objection is filed under Subsection (11)(b)(i), the feasibility consultant shall, within 20 business days after the expiration of the deadline under Subsection (11)(b)(iii) for submitting a response to an objection:
- (A) modify the feasibility study report or explain in writing why the feasibility consultant is not modifying the feasibility study report; and

(ii) allow the public to:

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5758 (B) deliver the modified feasibility study report or written explanation to the 5759 withdrawing municipality and first responder local district. 5760 (12) Within seven days after the expiration of the deadline under Subsection (11)(b)(i) 5761 for submitting an objection or, if an objection is submitted, within seven days after receiving a 5762 modified feasibility study report or written explanation under Subsection (11)(b)(v), but at least 5763 30 days before a public hearing under Subsection (14), the withdrawing municipality shall: 5764 (a) make a copy of the report available to the public at the primary office of the 5765 withdrawing municipality; and 5766 (b) if the withdrawing municipality has a website, post a copy of the report on the 5767 municipality's website. 5768 (13) A feasibility study report or, if a feasibility study report is modified under 5769 Subsection (11), a modified feasibility study report may not be challenged unless the basis of 5770 the challenge is that the report results from collusion or fraud. 5771 (14) (a) Following the expiration of the deadline under Subsection (11)(b)(i) for 5772 submitting an objection, or, if an objection is submitted under Subsection (11)(b)(i), following 5773 the withdrawing municipality's receipt of the modified feasibility study report or written 5774 explanation under Subsection (11)(b)(v), the legislative body of the withdrawing municipality 5775 shall, at the legislative body's next regular meeting, schedule at least one public hearing to be 5776 held: 5777 (i) within the following 60 days; and 5778 (ii) for the purpose of allowing: 5779 (A) the feasibility consultant to present the results of the feasibility study; and 5780 (B) the public to become informed about the feasibility study results, to ask the 5781 feasibility consultant questions about the feasibility study, and to express the public's views 5782 about the proposed withdrawal. 5783 (b) At a public hearing under Subsection (14)(a), the legislative body of the 5784 withdrawing municipality shall: 5785 (i) provide a copy of the feasibility study for public review; and

(A) ask the feasibility consultant questions about the feasibility study; and

(B) express the public's views about the withdrawing municipality's proposed

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5789	withdrawal from the first responder district.
5790	(15) (a) The clerk or recorder of the withdrawing municipality shall publish notice of a
5791	hearing under Subsection (14) [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section
5792	63A-16-601;] for the withdrawing municipality as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102
5793	for three consecutive weeks immediately before the public hearing.
5794	(b) A notice under Subsection (15)(a) shall state:
5795	(i) the date, time, and location of the public hearing; and
5796	(ii) that a copy of the feasibility study report may be obtained, free of charge, at the
5797	office of the withdrawing municipality or on the withdrawing municipality's website.
5798	(16) Unless the withdrawing municipality and first responder district agree otherwise,
5799	conditions that a feasibility study report indicates are necessary to be met for a withdrawal to
5800	be functionally and financially feasible for the withdrawing municipality and first responder
5801	district are binding on the withdrawing municipality and first responder district if the
5802	withdrawal occurs.
5803	Section 104. Section 17B-1-608 is amended to read:
5804	17B-1-608. Tentative budget and data Public records Notice.
5805	(1) The tentative budget adopted by the board of trustees and all supporting schedules
5806	and data are public records.
5807	(2) At least seven days before adopting a final budget in a public meeting, the local
5808	district shall:
5809	(a) make the tentative budget available for public inspection at the local district's
5810	principal place of business during regular business hours;
5811	(b) [if the local district has a website,] publish the tentative budget [on the local
5812	district's website; and] as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.
5813	[(c) in accordance with Section 63A-16-601, do one of the following:]
5814	[(i) publish the tentative budget on the Utah Public Notice Website; or]
5815	[(ii) publish on the Utah Public Notice Website a link to a website on which the
5816	tentative budget is published.]
5817	Section 105. Section 17B-1-609 is amended to read:

(1) At the meeting at which the tentative budget is adopted, the board of trustees shall:

17B-1-609. Hearing to consider adoption -- Notice.

5820	(a) establish the time and place of a public hearing to consider its adoption; and
5821	(b) except as provided in Subsection (6), order that notice of the hearing[:] be
5822	published for the district as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least seven days
5823	before the day of the hearing.
5824	[(i) be posted in three public places within the district; and]
5825	[(ii) be published at least seven days before the hearing on the Utah Public Notice
5826	Website created in Section 63A-16-601.
5827	(2) If the budget hearing is held in conjunction with a tax increase hearing, the notice
5828	required in Subsection (1)(b):
5829	(a) may be combined with the notice required under Section 59-2-919; and
5830	(b) shall be published in accordance with the advertisement provisions of Section
5831	59-2-919.
5832	(3) If the budget hearing is to be held in conjunction with a fee increase hearing, the
5833	notice required in Subsection (1)(b):
5834	(a) may be combined with the notice required under Section 17B-1-643; and
5835	(b) shall be published or mailed in accordance with the notice provisions of Section
5836	17B-1-643.
5837	(4) Proof that notice was given in accordance with Subsection (1)(b), (2), (3), or (6) is
5838	prima facie evidence that notice was properly given.
5839	(5) If a notice required under Subsection (1)(b), (2), (3), or (6) is not challenged within
5840	30 days after the day on which the hearing is held, the notice is adequate and proper.
5841	(6) A board of trustees of a local district with an annual operating budget of less than
5842	\$250,000 may satisfy the notice requirements in Subsection (1)(b) by:
5843	(a) mailing a written notice, postage prepaid, to each voter in the local district; and
5844	(b) posting the notice in three public places within the district.
5845	Section 106. Section 17B-1-643 is amended to read:
5846	17B-1-643. Imposing or increasing a fee for service provided by local district.
5847	(1) (a) Before imposing a new fee or increasing an existing fee for a service provided
5848	by a local district, each local district board of trustees shall first hold a public hearing at which
5849	(i) the local district shall demonstrate its need to impose or increase the fee; and
5850	(ii) any interested person may speak for or against the proposal to impose a fee or to

increase an existing fee.

- (b) Each public hearing under Subsection (1)(a) shall be held in the evening beginning no earlier than 6 p.m.
- (c) A public hearing required under this Subsection (1) may be combined with a public hearing on a tentative budget required under Section 17B-1-610.
- (d) Except to the extent that this section imposes more stringent notice requirements, the local district board shall comply with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, in holding the public hearing under Subsection (1)(a).
- (2) (a) Each local district board shall give notice of a hearing under Subsection (1) as provided in Subsections (2)(b) and (c) or Subsection (2)(d).
- (b) The local district board shall[:] <u>publish the notice described in Subsection (2)(a) for</u> the local district as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.
- [(i) post the notice required under Subsection (2)(a) on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section 63A-16-601; and]
- [(ii) post at least one of the notices required under Subsection (2)(a) per 1,000 population within the local district, at places within the local district that are most likely to provide actual notice to residents within the local district, subject to a maximum of 10 notices.]
- (c) The notice described in Subsection (2)(b) shall state that the local district board intends to impose or increase a fee for a service provided by the local district and will hold a public hearing on a certain day, time, and place fixed in the notice, which shall be not less than seven days after the day the first notice is published, for the purpose of hearing comments regarding the proposed imposition or increase of a fee and to explain the reasons for the proposed imposition or increase.
- (d) (i) In lieu of providing notice under Subsection (2)(b), the local district board of trustees may give the notice required under Subsection (2)(a) by mailing the notice to those within the district who:
- (A) will be charged the fee for a district service, if the fee is being imposed for the first time; or
  - (B) are being charged a fee, if the fee is proposed to be increased.
  - (ii) Each notice under Subsection (2)(d)(i) shall comply with Subsection (2)(c).
  - (iii) A notice under Subsection (2)(d)(i) may accompany a district bill for an existing

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5883	(e) If the hearing required under this section is combined with the public hearing
5884	required under Section 17B-1-610, the notice required under this Subsection (2):
5885	(i) may be combined with the notice required under Section 17B-1-609; and
5886	(ii) shall be posted or mailed in accordance with the notice provisions of this section.
5887	(f) Proof that notice was given as provided in Subsection (2)(b) or (d) is prima facie
5888	evidence that notice was properly given.
5889	(g) If no challenge is made to the notice given of a hearing required by Subsection (1)
5890	within 30 days after the date of the hearing, the notice is considered adequate and proper.
5891	[(3)] (h) After holding a public hearing under Subsection (1), a local district board
5892	may:
5893	[(a)] (i) impose the new fee or increase the existing fee as proposed;
5894	[(b)] (ii) adjust the amount of the proposed new fee or the increase of the existing fee
5895	and then impose the new fee or increase the existing fee as adjusted; or
5896	[(c)] (iii) decline to impose the new fee or increase the existing fee.
5897	[(4)] (i) This section applies to each new fee imposed and each increase of an existing
5898	fee that occurs on or after July 1, 1998.
5899	[(5)] (i) [(a)] (i) This section does not apply to an impact fee.
5900	[(b)] (ii) The imposition or increase of an impact fee is governed by Title 11, Chapter
5901	36a, Impact Fees Act.
5902	Section 107. Section 17B-1-1204 is amended to read:
5903	17B-1-1204. Notice of the hearing on a validation petition Amended or
5904	supplemented validation petition.
5905	(1) Upon the entry of an order under Section 17B-1-1203 setting a hearing on a
5906	validation petition, the local district that filed the petition shall [post notice:] publish notice as
5907	a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least 21 days before the date set for the hearing.
5908	[(a) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for three weeks
5909	immediately before the hearing; and]
5910	[(b) in the local district's principal office at least 21 days before the date set for the
5911	hearing.]
5912	(2) Each notice under Subsection (1) shall:

5913	(a) state the date, time, and place of the hearing on the validation petition;
5914	(b) include a general description of the contents of the validation petition; and
5915	(c) if applicable, state the location where a complete copy of a contract that is the
5916	subject of the validation petition may be examined.
5917	(3) If a district amends or supplements a validation petition under Subsection
5918	17B-1-1202(3) after publishing and posting notice as required under Subsection (1), the district
5919	is not required to publish or post notice again unless required by the court.
5920	Section 108. Section 17B-1-1307 is amended to read:
5921	17B-1-1307. Notice of public hearing and of dissolution.
5922	(1) Before holding a public hearing required under Section 17B-1-1306, the
5923	administrative body shall[:]
5924	[(a) post] publish notice of the public hearing and of the proposed dissolution[:] for the
5925	local district proposed to be dissolved as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102 for 30
5926	days before the day of the public hearing.
5927	[(i) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for 30 days
5928	before the public hearing; and]
5929	[(ii) in at least four conspicuous places within the local district proposed to be
5930	dissolved, no less than five and no more than 30 days before the public hearing; or]
5931	[(b) mail a notice to each owner of property located within the local district and to each
5932	registered voter residing within the local district.]
5933	(2) Each notice required under Subsection (1) shall:
5934	(a) identify the local district proposed to be dissolved and the service it was created to
5935	provide; and
5936	(b) state the date, time, and location of the public hearing.
5937	Section 109. Section 17B-2a-705 is amended to read:
5938	17B-2a-705. Taxation Additional levy Election Notice.
5939	(1) If a mosquito abatement district board of trustees determines that the funds required
5940	during the next ensuing fiscal year will exceed the maximum amount that the district is
5941	authorized to levy under Subsection 17B-1-103(2)(g), the board of trustees may call an election
5942	on a date specified in Section 20A-1-204 and submit to district voters the question of whether
5943	the district should be authorized to impose an additional tax to raise the necessary additional

water conservancy district on assessed land.

5944	funds.
5945	(2) The board shall provide notice of the election[:] for the district as a class B notice
5946	under Section 63G-28-102 at least four weeks before the day of the election.
5947	[(a) (i) by posting one notice, and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population of
5948	the district, in places within the district that are most likely to give notice to the voters in the
5949	district, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or]
5950	[(ii) at least four weeks before the day of the election, by mailing notice to each
5951	registered voter in the district;]
5952	[(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
5953	63A-16-601, for four weeks before the day of the election; and]
5954	[(c) if the district has a website, by posting notice on the district's website for four
5955	weeks before the day of the election.]
5956	(3) No particular form of ballot is required, and no informalities in conducting the
5957	election may invalidate the election, if it is otherwise fairly conducted.
5958	(4) At the election each ballot shall contain the words, "Shall the district be authorized
5959	to impose an additional tax to raise the additional sum of \$?"
5960	(5) The board of trustees shall canvass the votes cast at the election, and, if a majority
5961	of the votes cast are in favor of the imposition of the tax, the district is authorized to impose an
5962	additional levy to raise the additional amount of money required.
5963	Section 110. Section 17B-2a-1007 is amended to read:
5964	17B-2a-1007. Contract assessments Notice.
5965	(1) As used in this section:
5966	(a) "Assessed land" means:
5967	(i) for a contract assessment under a water contract with a private water user, the land
5968	owned by the private water user that receives the beneficial use of water under the water
5969	contract; or
5970	(ii) for a contract assessment under a water contract with a public water user, the land
5971	within the boundaries of the public water user that is within the boundaries of the water
5972	conservancy district and that receives the beneficial use of water under the water contract.
5973	(b) "Contract assessment" means an assessment levied as provided in this section by a

59/5	(c) "Governing body" means:
5976	(i) for a county, city, or town, the legislative body of the county, city, or town;
5977	(ii) for a local district, the board of trustees of the local district;
5978	(iii) for a special service district:
5979	(A) the legislative body of the county, city, or town that established the special service
5980	district, if no administrative control board has been appointed under Section 17D-1-301; or
5981	(B) the administrative control board of the special service district, if an administrative
5982	control board has been appointed under Section 17D-1-301; and
5983	(iv) for any other political subdivision of the state, the person or body with authority to
5984	govern the affairs of the political subdivision.
5985	(d) "Petitioner" means a private petitioner or a public petitioner.
5986	(e) "Private petitioner" means an owner of land within a water conservancy district
5987	who submits a petition to a water conservancy district under Subsection (3) to enter into a
5988	water contract with the district.
5989	(f) "Private water user" means an owner of land within a water conservancy district
5990	who enters into a water contract with the district.
5991	(g) "Public petitioner" means a political subdivision of the state:
5992	(i) whose territory is partly or entirely within the boundaries of a water conservancy
5993	district; and
5994	(ii) that submits a petition to a water conservancy district under Subsection (3) to enter
5995	into a water contract with the district.
5996	(h) "Public water user" means a political subdivision of the state:
5997	(i) whose territory is partly or entirely within the boundaries of a water conservancy
5998	district; and
5999	(ii) that enters into a water contract with the district.
6000	(i) "Water contract" means a contract between a water conservancy district and a
6001	private water user or a public water user under which the water user purchases, leases, or
6002	otherwise acquires the beneficial use of water from the water conservancy district for the
6003	benefit of:
6004	(i) land owned by the private water user; or

(ii) land within the public water user's boundaries that is also within the boundaries of

contract assessment; and

6006	the water conservancy district.
6007	(j) "Water user" means a private water user or a public water user.
6008	(2) A water conservancy district may levy a contract assessment as provided in this
6009	section.
6010	(3) (a) The governing body of a public petitioner may authorize its chief executive
6011	officer to submit a written petition on behalf of the public petitioner to a water conservancy
6012	district requesting to enter into a water contract.
6013	(b) A private petitioner may submit a written petition to a water conservancy district
6014	requesting to enter into a water contract.
6015	(c) Each petition under this Subsection (3) shall include:
6016	(i) the petitioner's name;
6017	(ii) the quantity of water the petitioner desires to purchase or otherwise acquire;
6018	(iii) a description of the land upon which the water will be used;
6019	(iv) the price to be paid for the water;
6020	(v) the amount of any service, turnout, connection, distribution system, or other charge
6021	to be paid;
6022	(vi) whether payment will be made in cash or annual installments;
6023	(vii) a provision requiring the contract assessment to become a lien on the land for
6024	which the water is petitioned and is to be allotted; and
6025	(viii) an agreement that the petitioner is bound by the provisions of this part and the
6026	rules and regulations of the water conservancy district board of trustees.
6027	(4) (a) If the board of a water conservancy district desires to consider a petition
6028	submitted by a petitioner under Subsection (3), the board shall:
6029	(i) [post] provide notice of the petition and of the hearing required under Subsection
6030	(4)(a)(ii) [on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section 63A-16-601;] for the water
6031	conservancy district as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 for at least two successive
6032	weeks immediately before the date of the hearing; and
6033	(ii) hold a public hearing on the petition.
6034	(b) Each notice under Subsection (4)(a)(i) shall:
6035	(i) state that a petition has been filed and that the district is considering levying a

6037 (ii) give the date, time, and place of the hearing required under Subsection (4)(a)(ii). 6038 (c) (i) At each hearing required under Subsection (4)(a)(ii), the board of trustees of the 6039 water conservancy district shall: 6040 (A) allow any interested person to appear and explain why the petition should not be 6041 granted; and 6042 (B) consider each written objection to the granting of the petition that the board receives before or at the hearing. 6043 6044 (ii) The board of trustees may adjourn and reconvene the hearing as the board 6045 considers appropriate. 6046 (d) (i) Any interested person may file with the board of the water conservancy district, 6047 at or before the hearing under Subsection (4)(a)(ii), a written objection to the district's granting 6048 a petition. 6049 (ii) Each person who fails to submit a written objection within the time provided under 6050 Subsection (4)(d)(i) is considered to have consented to the district's granting the petition and 6051 levying a contract assessment. 6052 (5) After holding a public hearing as required under Subsection (4)(a)(ii), the board of 6053 trustees of a water conservancy district may: 6054 (a) deny the petition; or 6055 (b) grant the petition, if the board considers granting the petition to be in the best 6056 interests of the district. 6057 (6) The board of a water conservancy district that grants a petition under this section 6058 may: 6059 (a) make an allotment of water for the benefit of assessed land; 6060 (b) authorize any necessary construction to provide for the use of water upon the terms 6061 and conditions stated in the water contract; 6062 (c) divide the district into units and fix a different rate for water purchased or otherwise 6063 acquired and for other charges within each unit, if the rates and charges are equitable, although

not equal and uniform, for similar classes of services throughout the district; and

(d) levy a contract assessment on assessed land.

assessment under this section shall:

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6066 6067 (7) (a) The board of trustees of each water conservancy district that levies a contract

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6068	(i) cause a certified copy of the resolution, ordinance, or order levying the assessment
6069	to be recorded in the office of the recorder of each county in which assessed land is located;
6070	and
6071	(ii) on or before July 1 of each year after levying the contract assessment, certify to the
6072	auditor of each county in which assessed land is located the amount of the contract assessment.
6073	(b) Upon the recording of the resolution, ordinance, or order, in accordance with
6074	Subsection (7)(a)(i):
6075	(i) the contract assessment associated with allotting water to the assessed land under
6076	the water contract becomes a political subdivision lien, as that term is defined in Section
6077	11-60-102, on the assessed land, in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 60, Political Subdivision
6078	Lien Authority, as of the effective date of the resolution, ordinance, or order; and
6079	(ii) (A) the board of trustees of the water conservancy district shall certify the amount
6080	of the assessment to the county treasurer; and
6081	(B) the county treasurer shall include the certified amount on the property tax notice
6082	required by Section 59-2-1317 for that year.
6083	(c) (i) Each county in which assessed land is located shall collect the contract
6084	assessment in the same manner as taxes levied by the county.
6085	(ii) If the amount of a contract assessment levied under this section is not paid in full in
6086	a given year:
6087	(A) by September 15, the governing body of the water conservancy district that levies
6088	the contract assessment shall certify any unpaid amount to the treasurer of the county in which
6089	the property is located; and
6090	(B) the county treasurer shall include the certified amount on the property tax notice
6091	required by Section 59-2-1317 for that year.
6092	(8) (a) The board of trustees of each water conservancy district that levies a contract
6093	assessment under this section shall:
6094	(i) hold a public hearing, before August 8 of each year in which a contract assessment
6095	is levied, to hear and consider objections filed under Subsection (8)(b); and
6096	(ii) [post] publish a notice:

(A) [on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section 63A-16-601,] for the water

conservancy district as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 for at least the two

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consecutive weeks before the day of the public hearing; and

- (B) that contains a general description of the assessed land, the amount of the contract assessment, and the time and place of the public hearing under Subsection (8)(a)(i).
- (b) An owner of assessed land within the water conservancy district who believes that the contract assessment on the owner's land is excessive, erroneous, or illegal may, before the hearing under Subsection (8)(a)(i), file with the board of trustees a verified, written objection to the assessment, stating the grounds for the objection.
- (c) (i) At each hearing under Subsection (8)(a)(i), the board of trustees shall hear and consider the evidence and arguments supporting each objection.
- (ii) After hearing and considering the evidence and arguments supporting an objection, the board of trustees:
  - (A) shall enter a written order, stating its decision; and
  - (B) may modify the assessment.
- (d) (i) An owner of assessed land may file a petition in district court seeking review of a board of trustees' order under Subsection (8)(c)(ii)(A).
  - (ii) Each petition under Subsection (8)(d)(i) shall:
  - (A) be filed within 30 days after the board enters its written order;
  - (B) state specifically the part of the board's order for which review is sought; and
  - (C) be accompanied by a bond with good and sufficient security in an amount not exceeding \$200, as determined by the court clerk.
  - (iii) If more than one owner of assessed land seeks review, the court may, upon a showing that the reviews may be consolidated without injury to anyone's interests, consolidate the reviews and hear them together.
    - (iv) The court shall act as quickly as possible after a petition is filed.
  - (v) A court may not disturb a board of trustees' order unless the court finds that the contract assessment on the petitioner's assessed land is manifestly disproportionate to assessments imposed upon other land in the district.
  - (e) If no petition under Subsection (8)(d) is timely filed, the contract assessment is conclusively considered to have been made in proportion to the benefits conferred on the land in the district.
    - (9) Each resolution, ordinance, or order under which a water conservancy district

5130	levied a Class B, Class C, or Class D assessment before April 30, 2007, under the law in effect
6131	at the time of the levy is validated, ratified, and confirmed, and a water conservancy district
5132	may continue to levy the assessment according to the terms of the resolution, ordinance, or
5133	order.
5134	(10) A contract assessment is not a levy of an ad valorem property tax and is not
5135	subject to the limits stated in Section 17B-2a-1006.
6136	Section 111. Section 17B-2a-1110 is amended to read:
5137	17B-2a-1110. Withdrawal from a municipal services district upon incorporation
5138	Feasibility study required for city or town withdrawal Public hearing Notice
5139	Revenues transferred to municipal services district.
5140	(1) (a) A municipality may withdraw from a municipal services district in accordance
5141	with Section 17B-1-502 or 17B-1-505, as applicable, and the requirements of this section.
5142	(b) If a municipality engages a feasibility consultant to conduct a feasibility study
5143	under Subsection (2)(a), the 180 days described in Subsection 17B-1-502(3)(a)(iii)(B) is tolled
5144	from the day that the municipality engages the feasibility consultant to the day on which the
5145	municipality holds the final public hearing under Subsection (5).
5146	(2) (a) If a municipality decides to withdraw from a municipal services district, the
5147	municipal legislative body shall, before adopting a resolution under Section 17B-1-502 or
5148	17B-1-505, as applicable, engage a feasibility consultant to conduct a feasibility study.
5149	(b) The feasibility consultant shall be chosen:
5150	(i) by the municipal legislative body; and
5151	(ii) in accordance with applicable municipal procurement procedures.
5152	(3) The municipal legislative body shall require the feasibility consultant to:
5153	(a) complete the feasibility study and submit the written results to the municipal
5154	legislative body before the council adopts a resolution under Section 17B-1-502;
5155	(b) submit with the full written results of the feasibility study a summary of the results
6156	no longer than one page in length; and
5157	(c) attend the public hearings under Subsection (5).
6158	(4) (a) The feasibility study shall consider:
5159	(i) population and population density within the withdrawing municipality;
6160	(ii) current and five-year projections of demographics and economic base in the

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6161	withdrawing municipality, including household size and income, commercial and industrial
6162	development, and public facilities;
6163	(iii) projected growth in the withdrawing municipality during the next five years;
6164	(iv) subject to Subsection (4)(b), the present and five-year projections of the cost,
6165	including overhead, of municipal services in the withdrawing municipality;

- (v) assuming the same tax categories and tax rates as currently imposed by the municipal services district and all other current service providers, the present and five-year projected revenue for the withdrawing municipality;
- (vi) a projection of any new taxes per household that may be levied within the withdrawing municipality within five years of the withdrawal; and
- (vii) the fiscal impact on other municipalities serviced by the municipal services district.
- (b) (i) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a)(iv), the feasibility consultant shall assume a level and quality of municipal services to be provided to the withdrawing municipality in the future that fairly and reasonably approximates the level and quality of municipal services being provided to the withdrawing municipality at the time of the feasibility study.
- (ii) In determining the present cost of a municipal service, the feasibility consultant shall consider:
- (A) the amount it would cost the withdrawing municipality to provide municipal services for the first five years after withdrawing; and
- (B) the municipal services district's present and five-year projected cost of providing municipal services.
- (iii) The costs calculated under Subsection (4)(a)(iv) shall take into account inflation and anticipated growth.
- (5) If the results of the feasibility study meet the requirements of Subsection (4), the municipal legislative body shall, at its next regular meeting after receipt of the results of the feasibility study, schedule at least one public hearing to be held:
  - (a) within the following 60 days; and
  - (b) for the purpose of allowing:
  - (i) the feasibility consultant to present the results of the study; and
- (ii) the public to become informed about the feasibility study results, including the

6192	requirement that if the municipality withdraws from the municipal services district, the
6193	municipality must comply with Subsection (9), and to ask questions about those results of the
6194	feasibility consultant.
6195	(6) At a public hearing described in Subsection (5), the municipal legislative body
6196	shall:
6197	(a) provide a copy of the feasibility study for public review; and
6198	(b) allow the public to express its views about the proposed withdrawal from the
6199	municipal services district.
6200	(7) (a) The municipal clerk or recorder shall publish notice of the public hearings
6201	required under Subsection (5)[:] for the municipality as a class A notice under Section
6202	63G-28-102 at least three weeks before the day of the first hearing described in Subsection (5).
6203	[(i) by posting the notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section
6204	63A-16-601, for three weeks; and]
6205	[(ii) by posting at least one notice of the hearings per 1,000 population in conspicuous
6206	places within the municipality that are most likely to give notice of the hearings to the
6207	residents.]
6208	[(b) The municipal clerk or recorder shall post the notices under Subsection (7)(a)(ii) at
6209	least seven days before the first hearing under Subsection (5).]
6210	[(c)] (b) The notice under Subsection (7)(a) shall include the feasibility study summary
6211	and shall indicate that a full copy of the study is available for inspection and copying at the
6212	office of the municipal clerk or recorder.
6213	(8) At a public meeting held after the public hearing required under Subsection (5), the
6214	municipal legislative body may adopt a resolution under Section 17B-1-502 or 17B-1-505, as
6215	applicable, if the municipality is in compliance with the other requirements of that section.
6216	(9) The municipality shall pay revenues in excess of 5% to the municipal services
6217	district for 10 years beginning on the next fiscal year immediately following the municipal
6218	legislative body adoption of a resolution or an ordinance to withdraw under Section 17B-1-502
6219	or 17B-1-505 if the results of the feasibility study show that the average annual amount of
6220	revenue under Subsection (4)(a)(v) exceed the average annual amount of cost under Subsection
6221	(4)(a)(iv) by more than 5%.
6222	Section 112. Section 17C-1-207 is amended to read:

6223	17C-1-207. Public entities may assist with project area development Notice
6224	requirements.
6225	(1) In order to assist and cooperate in the planning, undertaking, construction, or
6226	operation of project area development within an area in which the public entity is authorized to
6227	act, a public entity may:
6228	(a) (i) provide or cause to be furnished:
6229	(A) parks, playgrounds, or other recreational facilities;
6230	(B) community, educational, water, sewer, or drainage facilities; or
6231	(C) any other works which the public entity is otherwise empowered to undertake;
6232	(ii) provide, furnish, dedicate, close, vacate, pave, install, grade, regrade, plan, or
6233	replan streets, roads, roadways, alleys, sidewalks, or other places;
6234	(iii) in any part of the project area:
6235	(A) (I) plan or replan any property within the project area;
6236	(II) plat or replat any property within the project area;
6237	(III) vacate a plat;
6238	(IV) amend a plat; or
6239	(V) zone or rezone any property within the project area; and
6240	(B) make any legal exceptions from building regulations and ordinances;
6241	(iv) purchase or legally invest in any of the bonds of an agency and exercise all of the
6242	rights of any holder of the bonds;
6243	(v) notwithstanding any law to the contrary, enter into an agreement for a period of
6244	time with another public entity concerning action to be taken pursuant to any of the powers
6245	granted in this title;
6246	(vi) do anything necessary to aid or cooperate in the planning or implementation of the
6247	project area development;
6248	(vii) in connection with the project area plan, become obligated to the extent
6249	authorized and funds have been made available to make required improvements or construct
6250	required structures; and
6251	(viii) lend, grant, or contribute funds to an agency for project area development or
6252	proposed project area development, including assigning revenue or taxes in support of an
6253	agency bond or obligation; and

6254	(b) for less than fair market value or for no consideration, and subject to Subsection
6255	(3):
6256	(i) purchase or otherwise acquire property from an agency;
6257	(ii) lease property from an agency;
6258	(iii) sell, grant, convey, donate, or otherwise dispose of the public entity's property to
6259	an agency; or
6260	(iv) lease the public entity's property to an agency.
6261	(2) The following are not subject to Section 10-8-2, 17-50-312, or 17-50-303:
6262	(a) project area development assistance that a public entity provides under this section;
6263	or
6264	(b) a transfer of funds or property from an agency to a public entity.
6265	(3) A public entity may provide assistance described in Subsection (1)(b) no sooner
6266	than 15 days after the day on which the public entity [posts] completes the requirements for
6267	<u>publishing</u> notice of the assistance [on:] for the public entity's jurisdiction as a class A notice
6268	under Section 63G-28-102.
6269	[(a) the Utah Public Notice Website described in Section 63A-16-601; and]
6270	[(b) the public entity's public website.]
6271	Section 113. Section 17C-1-601.5 is amended to read:
6272	17C-1-601.5. Annual agency budget Fiscal year Public hearing required
6273	Notice Auditor forms Requirement to file form.
6274	(1) Each agency shall prepare an annual budget of the agency's revenues and
6275	expenditures for each fiscal year.
6276	(2) The board shall adopt each agency budget:
6277	(a) for an agency created by a municipality, before June 30; or
6278	(b) for an agency created by a county, before December 15.
6279	(3) The agency's fiscal year shall be the same as the fiscal year of the community that
6280	created the agency.
6281	(4) (a) Before adopting an annual budget, each board shall hold a public hearing on the
6282	annual budget.
6283	(b) Each agency shall provide notice of the public hearing on the annual budget [by:]
6284	for the agency's jurisdiction as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least one week

6285	before the day of the public hearing.
6286	[(i) posting a notice of the public hearing in at least three public places within the
6287	agency boundaries; and]
6288	[(ii) publishing notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section
6289	63A-16-601, at least one week before the public hearing.]
6290	(c) Each agency shall make the annual budget available for public inspection at least
6291	three days before the date of the public hearing.
6292	(5) The state auditor shall prescribe the budget forms and the categories to be contained
6293	in each annual budget, including:
6294	(a) revenues and expenditures for the budget year;
6295	(b) legal fees; and
6296	(c) administrative costs, including rent, supplies, and other materials, and salaries of
6297	agency personnel.
6298	(6) (a) Within 90 days after adopting an annual budget, each board shall file a copy of
6299	the annual budget with the auditor of the county in which the agency is located, the State Tax
6300	Commission, the state auditor, the State Board of Education, and each taxing entity from which
6301	the agency receives project area funds.
6302	(b) The requirement of Subsection (6)(a) to file a copy of the annual budget with the
6303	state as a taxing entity is met if the agency files a copy with the State Tax Commission and the
6304	state auditor.
6305	Section 114. Section 17C-1-701.5 is amended to read:
6306	17C-1-701.5. Agency dissolution Restrictions Notice Recording
6307	requirements Agency records Dissolution expenses.
6308	(1) (a) Subject to Subsection (1)(b), the community legislative body may, by ordinance,
6309	dissolve an agency.
6310	(b) A community legislative body may adopt an ordinance described in Subsection
6311	(1)(a) only if the agency has no outstanding bonded indebtedness, other unpaid loans,
6312	indebtedness, or advances, and no legally binding contractual obligations with a person other
6313	than the community.
6314	(2) (a) The community legislative body shall:
6315	(i) within 10 days after adopting an ordinance described in Subsection (1), file with the

0310	neutenant governor a copy of a notice of an impending boundary action, as defined in Section
6317	67-1a-6.5, that meets the requirements of Subsection 67-1a-6.5(3); and
6318	(ii) upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of a certificate of dissolution under Section
6319	67-1a-6.5, submit to the recorder of the county in which the agency is located:
6320	(A) the original notice of an impending boundary action;
6321	(B) the original certificate of dissolution; and
6322	(C) a certified copy of the ordinance that dissolves the agency.
6323	(b) Upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of the certificate of dissolution under
6324	Section 67-1a-6.5, the agency is dissolved.
6325	(c) Within 10 days after receiving the certificate of dissolution from the lieutenant
6326	governor under Section 67-1a-6.5, the community legislative body shall send a copy of the
6327	certificate of dissolution and the ordinance adopted under Subsection (1) to the State Board of
6328	Education, and each taxing entity.
6329	(d) The community legislative body shall post a notice of dissolution [on the Utah
6330	Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601] for the community as a class A notice
6331	under Section 63G-28-102.
6332	(3) The books, documents, records, papers, and seal of each dissolved agency shall be
6333	deposited for safekeeping and reference with the recorder of the community that dissolved the
6334	agency.
6335	(4) The agency shall pay all expenses of the dissolution.
6336	Section 115. Section 17C-1-804 is amended to read:
6337	17C-1-804. Notice required for continued hearing.
6338	The board shall give notice of a hearing continued under Section 17C-1-803 by
6339	announcing at the hearing:
6340	(1) the date, time, and place the hearing will be resumed; or
6341	(2) (a) that the hearing is being continued to a later time; and
6342	(b) that the board will cause a notice of the continued hearing to be published [on the
6343	Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601] for the community as a class A
6344	notice under Section 63G-28-102, at least seven days before the day on which the hearing is
6345	scheduled to resume.
6346	Section 116. Section 17C-1-806 is amended to read:

6347	17C-1-806. Requirements for notice provided by agency.
6348	(1) The notice required by Section 17C-1-805 shall be given by:
6349	(a) publishing notice for the county as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 at
6350	least 14 days before the day on which the hearing is held; and
6351	[(i) posting notice at least 14 days before the day of the hearing in at least three
6352	conspicuous places within the county in which the project area or proposed project area is
6353	located; or]
6354	[(ii) posting notice, excluding the map described in Subsection (3)(b), at least 14 days
6355	before the day on which the hearing is held on:]
6356	[(A) the Utah Public Notice Website described in Section 63A-16-601; and]
6357	[(B) the public website of a community located within the boundaries of the project
6358	area; and]
6359	(b) at least 30 days before the hearing, mailing notice to:
6360	(i) each record owner of property located within the project area or proposed project
6361	area;
6362	(ii) the State Tax Commission;
6363	(iii) the assessor and auditor of the county in which the project area or proposed project
6364	area is located; and
6365	(iv) (A) if a project area is subject to a taxing entity committee, each member of the
6366	taxing entity committee and the State Board of Education; or
6367	(B) if a project area is not subject to a taxing entity committee, the legislative body or
6368	governing board of each taxing entity within the boundaries of the project area or proposed
6369	project area.
6370	(2) The mailing of the notice to record property owners required under Subsection
6371	(1)(b)(i) shall be conclusively considered to have been properly completed if:
6372	(a) the agency mails the notice to the property owners as shown in the records,
6373	including an electronic database, of the county recorder's office and at the addresses shown in
6374	those records; and
6375	(b) the county recorder's office records used by the agency in identifying owners to
6376	whom the notice is mailed and their addresses were obtained or accessed from the county
6377	recorder's office no earlier than 30 days before the mailing.

6378	(3) The agency shall include in each notice required under Section 17C-1-805:
6379	(a) (i) a boundary description of the project area or proposed project area; or
6380	(ii) (A) a mailing address or telephone number where a person may request that a copy
6381	of the boundary description be sent at no cost to the person by mail, email, or facsimile
6382	transmission; and
6383	(B) if the agency or community has an Internet website, an Internet address where a
6384	person may gain access to an electronic, printable copy of the boundary description and other
6385	related information;
6386	(b) a map of the boundaries of the project area or proposed project area;
6387	(c) an explanation of the purpose of the hearing; and
6388	(d) a statement of the date, time, and location of the hearing.
6389	(4) The agency shall include in each notice under Subsection (1)(b):
6390	(a) a statement that property tax revenue resulting from an increase in valuation of
6391	property within the project area or proposed project area will be paid to the agency for project
6392	area development rather than to the taxing entity to which the tax revenue would otherwise
6393	have been paid if:
6394	(i) (A) the taxing entity committee consents to the project area budget; or
6395	(B) one or more taxing entities agree to share property tax revenue under an interlocal
6396	agreement; and
6397	(ii) the project area plan provides for the agency to receive tax increment; and
6398	(b) an invitation to the recipient of the notice to submit to the agency comments
6399	concerning the subject matter of the hearing before the date of the hearing.
6400	(5) An agency may include in a notice under Subsection (1) any other information the
6401	agency considers necessary or advisable, including the public purpose achieved by the project
6402	area development and any future tax benefits expected to result from the project area
6403	development.
6404	Section 117. Section 17C-1-1003 is amended to read:
6405	17C-1-1003. Interlocal agreement Notice requirements Effective date.
6406	(1) An agency that enters into an interlocal agreement under Section 17C-1-1002 shall:
6407	(a) adopt the interlocal agreement at an open and public meeting; and
6408	(b) provide a notice, in accordance with Subsections (2) and (3), titled "Authorization

6409	to Levy a Property Tax."
6410	(2) Upon the execution of an interlocal agreement, the agency shall provide, subject to
6411	Subsection (3), notice of the execution by[:] publishing the notice for the agency's jurisdiction
6412	as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.
6413	[(a) (i) publishing the notice in a newspaper of general circulation within the agency's
6414	geographic boundaries; or]
6415	[(ii) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the agency's geographic
6416	boundaries, posting the notice in at least three public places within the agency's geographic
6417	boundaries; and]
6418	[(b) posting the notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section
6419	<del>63A-16-601.</del> ]
6420	(3) A notice described in Subsection (2) shall include:
6421	(a) a summary of the interlocal agreement; and
6422	(b) a statement that the interlocal agreement:
6423	(i) is available for public inspection and the place and the hours for inspection; and
6424	(ii) authorizes the agency to:
6425	(A) receive all or a portion of a taxing entity's project area incremental revenue; and
6426	(B) levy a property tax on taxable property within the agency's boundaries.
6427	(4) An interlocal agreement described in Section 17C-1-1002 is effective the day on
6428	which the notice is published or posted in accordance with Subsections (2) and (3).
6429	(5) An eligible taxing entity that enters into an interlocal agreement under Section
6430	17C-1-1002 shall make a copy of the interlocal agreement available to the public for inspecting
6431	and copying at the eligible taxing entity's office during normal business hours.
6432	Section 118. Section 17C-2-108 is amended to read:
6433	17C-2-108. Notice of urban renewal project area plan adoption Effective date
6434	of plan Contesting the formation of the plan.
6435	(1) (a) Upon the community legislative body's adoption of an urban renewal project
6436	area plan, or an amendment to a project area plan under Section 17C-2-110, the community
6437	legislative body shall provide notice as provided in Subsection (1)(b) by[:] publishing notice
6438	for the agency's jurisdiction as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.
6439	[(i) causing a notice to be posted in at least three public places within the agency's

6440	boundaries; and]
6441	[(ii) posting a notice on the Utah Public Notice Website described in Section
6442	<del>63A-16-601.</del> ]
6443	(b) Each notice under Subsection (1)(a) shall:
6444	(i) set forth the community legislative body's ordinance adopting the project area plan
6445	or a summary of the ordinance; and
6446	(ii) include a statement that the project area plan is available for general public
6447	inspection and the hours for inspection.
6448	(2) The project area plan shall become effective on the date [of:] that the community
6449	legislative body completes the requirements for a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.
6450	[(a) if notice was published under Subsection (1)(a), publication of the notice; or]
6451	[(b) if notice was posted under Subsection (1)(a), posting of the notice.]
6452	(3) (a) For a period of 30 days after the effective date of the project area plan under
6453	Subsection (2), any person may contest the project area plan or the procedure used to adopt the
6454	project area plan if the plan or procedure fails to comply with applicable statutory
6455	requirements.
6456	(b) After the 30-day period under Subsection (3)(a) expires, a person may not contest
6457	the project area plan or procedure used to adopt the project area plan for any cause.
6458	(4) Upon adoption of the project area plan by the community legislative body, the
6459	agency may carry out the project area plan.
6460	(5) Each agency shall make the project area plan available to the general public at the
6461	agency's office during normal business hours.
6462	Section 119. Section 17C-3-107 is amended to read:
6463	17C-3-107. Notice of economic development project area plan adoption
6464	Effective date of plan Contesting the formation of the plan.
6465	(1) (a) Upon the community legislative body's adoption of an economic development
6466	project area plan, or an amendment to the project area plan under Section 17C-3-109 that
6467	requires notice, the legislative body shall provide notice as provided in Subsection (1)(b) by[:]
6468	publishing notice for the agency's jurisdiction as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.
6469	[(i) causing a notice to be posted in at least three public places within the agency's
6470	boundaries: and

6471	(ii) posting a notice on the Utah Public Notice Website described in Section
6472	<del>63A-16-601.</del> ]
6473	(b) Each notice under Subsection (1)(a) shall:
6474	(i) set forth the community legislative body's ordinance adopting the project area plan
6475	or a summary of the ordinance; and
6476	(ii) include a statement that the project area plan is available for public inspection and
6477	the hours for inspection.
6478	(2) The project area plan shall become effective on the date [of:] that the legislative
6479	body completes the requirements for a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.
6480	[(a) if notice was published under Subsection (1)(a), publication of the notice; or]
6481	[(b) if notice was posted under Subsection (1)(a), posting of the notice.]
6482	(3) (a) For a period of 30 days after the effective date of the project area plan under
6483	Subsection (2), any person may contest the project area plan or the procedure used to adopt the
6484	project area plan if the plan or procedure fails to comply with applicable statutory
6485	requirements.
6486	(b) After the 30-day period under Subsection (3)(a) expires, a person may not contest
6487	the project area plan or procedure used to adopt the project area plan for any cause.
6488	(4) Upon adoption of the economic development project area plan by the community
6489	legislative body, the agency may implement the project area plan.
6490	(5) Each agency shall make the economic development project area plan available to
6491	the general public at the agency's office during normal business hours.
6492	Section 120. Section 17C-4-106 is amended to read:
6493	17C-4-106. Notice of community development project area plan adoption
6494	Effective date of plan Contesting the formation of the plan.
6495	(1) (a) Upon the community legislative body's adoption of a community development
6496	project area plan, the community legislative body shall provide notice as provided in
6497	Subsection (1)(b) by[:] publishing notice for the agency's jurisdiction as a class A notice under
6498	Section 63G-28-102.
6499	[(i) causing a notice to be posted in at least three public places within the agency's
6500	boundaries; and]
6501	[(ii) posting a notice or causing a notice to be posted on the Utah Public Notice

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6502	Website created in Section 63A-16-601.
6503	(b) Each notice under Subsection (1)(a) shall:
6504	(i) set forth the community legislative body's ordinance adopting the community
6505	development project area plan or a summary of the ordinance; and
6506	(ii) include a statement that the project area plan is available for general public
6507	inspection and the hours for inspection.
6508	(2) The community development project area plan shall become effective on the date
6509	[of the posting of the notice under Subsection (1)(a)] that the legislative body completes the
6510	requirements for a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.
6511	(3) (a) For a period of 30 days after the effective date of the community development
6512	project area plan under Subsection (2), any person may contest the project area plan or the
6513	procedure used to adopt the project area plan if the plan or procedure fails to comply with
6514	applicable statutory requirements.
6515	(b) After the 30-day period under Subsection (3)(a) expires, a person may not contest
6516	the community development project area plan or procedure used to adopt the project area plan
6517	for any cause.
6518	(4) Upon adoption of the community development project area plan by the community
6519	legislative body, the agency may carry out the project area plan.
6520	(5) Each agency shall make the adopted project area plan available to the public at the
6521	agency's office during normal business hours.
6522	Section 121. Section 17C-4-109 is amended to read:
6523	17C-4-109. Expedited community development project area plan Notice.
6524	(1) As used in this section, "tax increment incentive" means the portion of tax
6525	increment awarded to an industry or business.
6526	(2) A community development project area plan may be adopted or amended without
6527	complying with the notice and public hearing requirements of this part and Chapter 1, Part 8,
6528	Hearing and Notice Requirements, if the following requirements are met:
6529	(a) the agency determines by resolution adopted in an open and public meeting the
6530	need to create or amend a project area plan on an expedited basis, which resolution shall

(b) a public hearing on the amendment or adoption of the project area plan is held by

include a description of why expedited action is needed;

6533	the agency;
6534	(c) notice of the public hearing is published at least 14 days before the day of the public
6535	hearing [on:] for the community that created the agency as a class A notice under Section
6536	<u>63G-28-102;</u>
6537	[(i) the website of the community that created the agency; and]
6538	[(ii) the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601;]
6539	(d) written consent to the amendment or adoption of the project area plan is given by
6540	all record property owners within the existing or proposed project area;
6541	(e) each taxing entity that will be affected by the tax increment incentive enters into or
6542	amends an interlocal agreement in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation
6543	Act, and Sections 17C-4-201, 17C-4-203, and 17C-4-204;
6544	(f) the primary market for the goods or services that will be created by the industry or
6545	business entity that will receive a tax increment incentive from the amendment or adoption of
6546	the project area plan is outside of the state;
6547	(g) the industry or business entity that will receive a tax increment incentive from the
6548	amendment or adoption of the project area plan is not primarily engaged in retail trade; and
6549	(h) a tax increment incentive is only provided to an industry or business entity:
6550	(i) on a postperformance basis as described in Subsection (3); and
6551	(ii) on an annual basis after the tax increment is received by the agency.
6552	(3) An industry or business entity may only receive a tax increment incentive under this
6553	section after entering into an agreement with the agency that sets postperformance targets that
6554	shall be met before the industry or business entity may receive the tax increment incentive,
6555	including annual targets for:
6556	(a) capital investment in the project area;
6557	(b) the increase in the taxable value of the project area;
6558	(c) the number of new jobs created in the project area;
6559	(d) the average wages of the jobs created, which shall be at least 110% of the
6560	prevailing wage of the county where the project area is located; and
6561	(e) the amount of local vendor opportunity generated by the industry or business entity.
6562	Section 122. Section 17C-4-202 is amended to read:
6563	17C-4-202. Resolution or interlocal agreement to provide project area funds for

6564	the community development project area plan Notice Effective date of resolution or
6565	interlocal agreement Time to contest resolution or interlocal agreement Availability
6566	of resolution or interlocal agreement.
6567	(1) The approval and adoption of each resolution or interlocal agreement under
6568	Subsection 17C-4-201(2) shall be in an open and public meeting.
6569	(2) (a) Upon the adoption of a resolution or interlocal agreement under Section
6570	17C-4-201, the agency shall provide notice as provided in Subsection (2)(b) by[†] publishing
6571	notice for the agency's jurisdiction as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.
6572	[(i) causing a notice to be posted in at least three public places within the agency's
6573	boundaries; and]
6574	[(ii) posting or causing to be posted a notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created
6575	<del>in Section 63A-16-601.</del> ]
6576	(b) Each notice under Subsection (2)(a) shall:
6577	(i) set forth a summary of the resolution or interlocal agreement; and
6578	(ii) include a statement that the resolution or interlocal agreement is available for
6579	public inspection and the hours of inspection.
6580	(3) The resolution or interlocal agreement shall become effective on the date [of the
6581	posting of the notice under Subsection (2)(a)] that the agency completes the requirements for a
6582	class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.
6583	(4) (a) For a period of 30 days after the effective date of the resolution or interlocal
6584	agreement under Subsection (3), any person may contest the resolution or interlocal agreement
6585	or the procedure used to adopt the resolution or interlocal agreement if the resolution or
6586	interlocal agreement or procedure fails to comply with applicable statutory requirements.
6587	(b) After the 30-day period under Subsection (4)(a) expires, a person may not contest:
6588	(i) the resolution or interlocal agreement;
6589	(ii) a distribution of tax increment to the agency under the resolution or interlocal
6590	agreement; or
6591	(iii) the agency's use of project area funds under the resolution or interlocal agreement.
6592	(5) Each agency that is to receive project area funds under a resolution or interlocal
6593	agreement under Section 17C-4-201 and each taxing entity that approves a resolution or enters
6594	into an interlocal agreement under Section 17C-4-201 shall make the resolution or interlocal

6595	agreement, as the case may be, available at the taxing entity's offices to the public for
6596	inspection and copying during normal business hours.
6597	Section 123. Section 17C-5-110 is amended to read:
6598	17C-5-110. Notice of community reinvestment project area plan adoption
6599	Effective date of plan Contesting the formation of the plan.
6600	(1) (a) Upon a community legislative body's adoption of a community reinvestment
6601	project area plan in accordance with Section 17C-5-109, or an amendment to a community
6602	reinvestment project area plan in accordance with Section 17C-5-112, the community
6603	legislative body shall provide notice of the adoption or amendment in accordance with
6604	Subsection (1)(b) by[:] publishing notice for the community as a class A notice under Section
6605	<u>63G-28-102.</u>
6606	[(i) causing a notice to be posted in at least three public places within the community;
6607	and]
6608	[(ii) posting a notice on the Utah Public Notice Website described in Section
6609	<del>63A-16-601.</del> ]
6610	(b) A notice described in Subsection (1)(a) shall include:
6611	(i) a copy of the community legislative body's ordinance, or a summary of the
6612	ordinance, that adopts the community reinvestment project area plan; and
6613	(ii) a statement that the community reinvestment project area plan is available for
6614	public inspection and the hours for inspection.
6615	(2) A community reinvestment project area plan is effective on the day on which notice
6616	of adoption is published or posted in accordance with Subsection (1)(a).
6617	(3) A community reinvestment project area is considered created the day on which the
6618	community reinvestment project area plan becomes effective as described in Subsection (2).
6619	(4) (a) Within 30 days after the day on which a community reinvestment project area
6620	plan is effective, a person may contest the community reinvestment project area plan or the
6621	procedure used to adopt the community reinvestment project area plan if the community
6622	reinvestment project area plan or the procedure fails to comply with a provision of this title.
6623	(b) After the 30-day period described in Subsection (4)(a) expires, a person may not
6624	contest the community reinvestment project area plan or the procedure used to adopt the
6625	community reinvestment project area plan.

6626	(5) Upon adoption of a community reinvestment project area plan by the community
6627	legislative body, the agency may implement the community reinvestment project area plan.
6628	(6) The agency shall make the community reinvestment project area plan available to
6629	the public at the agency's office during normal business hours.
6630	Section 124. Section 17C-5-113 is amended to read:
6631	17C-5-113. Expedited community reinvestment project area plan Hearing and
6632	notice requirements.
6633	(1) As used in this section:
6634	(a) "Qualified business entity" means a business entity that:
6635	(i) has a primary market for the qualified business entity's goods or services outside of
6636	the state; and
6637	(ii) is not primarily engaged in retail sales.
6638	(b) "Tax increment incentive" means the portion of an agency's tax increment that is
6639	paid to a qualified business entity for the purpose of implementing a community reinvestment
6640	project area plan.
6641	(2) An agency and a qualified business entity may, in accordance with Subsection (3),
6642	enter into an agreement that allows the qualified business entity to receive a tax increment
6643	incentive.
6644	(3) An agreement described in Subsection (2) shall set annual postperformance targets
6645	for:
6646	(a) capital investment within the community reinvestment project area;
6647	(b) the number of new jobs created within the community reinvestment project area;
6648	(c) the average wage of the jobs described in Subsection (3)(b) that is at least 110% of
6649	the prevailing wage of the county within which the community reinvestment project area is
6650	located; and
6651	(d) the amount of local vendor opportunity generated by the qualified business entity.
6652	(4) A qualified business entity may only receive a tax increment incentive:
6653	(a) if the qualified business entity complies with the agreement described in Subsection
6654	(3);
6655	(b) on a postperformance basis; and
6656	(c) on an annual basis after the agency receives tax increment from a taxing entity.

6657	(5) An agency may create or amend a community reinvestment project area plan for the
6658	purpose of providing a tax increment incentive without complying with the requirements
6659	described in Chapter 1, Part 8, Hearing and Notice Requirements, if:
6660	(a) the agency:
6661	(i) holds a public hearing to consider the need to create or amend a community
6662	reinvestment project area plan on an expedited basis;
6663	(ii) [posts] publishes notice for the community as a class A notice under Section
6664	63G-28-102 at least 14 days before the day on which the public hearing described in
6665	Subsection (5)(a)(i) is held [on:]; and
6666	[(A) the community's website; and]
6667	[(B) the Utah Public Notice Website as described in Section 63A-16-601; and]
6668	(iii) at the hearing described in Subsection (5)(a)(i), adopts a resolution to create or
6669	amend the community reinvestment project area plan on an expedited basis;
6670	(b) all record property owners within the existing or proposed community reinvestment
6671	project area plan give written consent; and
6672	(c) each taxing entity affected by the tax increment incentive consents and enters into
6673	an interlocal agreement with the agency authorizing the agency to pay a tax increment incentive
6674	to the qualified business entity.
6675	Section 125. Section 17C-5-205 is amended to read:
6676	17C-5-205. Interlocal agreement to provide project area funds for the community
6677	reinvestment project area subject to interlocal agreement Notice Effective date of
6678	interlocal agreement Time to contest interlocal agreement Availability of interlocal
6679	agreement.
6680	(1) An agency shall:
6681	(a) approve and adopt an interlocal agreement described in Section 17C-5-204 at an
6682	open and public meeting; and
6683	(b) provide a notice of the meeting titled "Diversion of Property Tax for a Community
6684	Reinvestment Project Area."
6685	(2) (a) Upon the execution of an interlocal agreement described in Section 17C-5-204,
6686	the agency shall provide notice of the execution by[:] publishing the notice for the agency's
6687	jurisdiction as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.

6688	[(i) causing the notice to be posted in at least three public places within the agency's
6689	boundaries; and]
6690	[(ii) posting the notice or causing the notice to be posted on the Utah Public Notice
6691	Website created in Section 63A-16-601:]
6692	(b) A notice described in Subsection (2)(a) shall include:
6693	(i) a summary of the interlocal agreement; and
6694	(ii) a statement that the interlocal agreement:
6695	(A) is available for public inspection and the hours for inspection; and
6696	(B) authorizes the agency to receive all or a portion of a taxing entity's tax increment or
6697	sales and use tax revenue.
6698	(3) An interlocal agreement described in Section 17C-5-204 is effective the day on
6699	which the notice described in Subsection (2) is posted in accordance with Subsection (2)(a).
6700	(4) (a) Within 30 days after the day on which the interlocal agreement is effective, a
6701	person may contest the interlocal agreement or the procedure used to adopt the interlocal
6702	agreement if the interlocal agreement or procedure fails to comply with a provision of this title.
6703	(b) After the 30-day period described in Subsection (4)(a) expires, a person may not
6704	contest:
6705	(i) the interlocal agreement;
6706	(ii) a distribution of tax increment to the agency under the interlocal agreement; or
6707	(iii) the agency's use of project area funds under the interlocal agreement.
6708	(5) A taxing entity that enters into an interlocal agreement under Section 17C-5-204
6709	shall make a copy of the interlocal agreement available to the public at the taxing entity's office
6710	for inspection and copying during normal business hours.
6711	Section 126. Section 17D-3-305 is amended to read:
6712	17D-3-305. Setting the date of nomination of the board of supervisors Notice
6713	requirements.
6714	(1) The commission shall set the date of the nomination of members of the board of
6715	supervisors of a conservation district.
6716	(2) The commission shall publish notice of the nomination day described in Subsection
6717	(1):
6718	[(a) (i) in a newspaper of general circulation within the conservation district at least

6719	once, no later than four weeks before the day of the nomination; or]
6720	[(ii) if there is no newspaper of general circulation in the conservation district, at least
6721	four weeks before the nomination day, by posting one notice, and at least one additional notice
6722	per 2,000 population of the conservation district, in places within the conservation district that
6723	are most likely to give notice to the residents in the conservation district;]
6724	[(b)] (a) [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601,] for the
6725	conservation district as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 for four weeks before the
6726	day of the nomination; and
6727	[(c)] (b) in accordance with Section 45-1-101, for four weeks before the day of the
6728	nomination[; and].
6729	[(d) if the conservation district has a website, on the conservation district's website for
6730	four weeks before the day of the nomination.]
6731	(3) The commissioner shall appoint the board of members by no later than six weeks
6732	after the date set by the commission for the close of nominations.
6733	(4) The notice required under Subsection (2) shall state:
6734	(a) the nomination date; and
6735	(b) the number of open board member positions for the conservation district.
6736	Section 127. Section 19-2-109 is amended to read:
6737	19-2-109. Air quality standards Hearings on adoption Notice requirements
6738	Orders of director Adoption of emission control requirements.
6739	(1) (a) The board, in adopting standards of quality for ambient air, shall conduct public
6740	hearings.
6741	(b) Notice of any public hearing for the consideration, adoption, or amendment of air
6742	quality standards shall specify the locations to which the proposed standards apply and the
6743	time, date, and place of the hearing.
6744	(c) The notice shall be:
6745	(i) [(A)] published [at least twice in any newspaper of general circulation in] for the
6746	area affected as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102; and
6747	[(B) published on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, at
6748	least 20 days before the public hearing; and]

(ii) mailed at least 20 days before the public hearing to the chief executive of each

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6750 political subdivision of the area affected and to other persons the director has reason to believe 6751 will be affected by the standards. 6752 (d) The adoption of air quality standards or any modification or changes to air quality 6753 standards shall be by order of the director following formal action of the board with respect to 6754 the standards. 6755 (e) The order shall be published: (i) [in a newspaper of general circulation in] for the area affected as a class A notice 6756 6757 under Section 63G-28-102; and 6758 (ii) as required in Section 45-1-101. 6759 (2) (a) The board may establish emission control requirements by rule that in its 6760 judgment may be necessary to prevent, abate, or control air pollution that may be statewide or 6761 may vary from area to area, taking into account varying local conditions. 6762 (b) In adopting these requirements, the board shall give notice and conduct public 6763 hearings in accordance with the requirements in Subsection (1). 6764 Section 128. Section **20A-1-206** is amended to read: 6765 20A-1-206. Cancellation of local election or local race -- Municipalities -- Local districts -- Notice. 6766 6767 (1) As used in this section: (a) "Contested race" means a race in a general election where the number of 6768 candidates, including any eligible write-in candidates, exceeds the number of offices to be 6769 6770 filled in the race. (b) "Election" means an event, run by an election officer, that includes one or more 6771 6772 races for public office or one or more ballot propositions. 6773 (c) (i) "Race" means a contest between candidates to obtain the number of votes 6774 necessary to take a particular public office. 6775 (ii) "Race," as the term relates to a contest for an at-large position, includes all open 6776 positions for the same at-large office. 6777 (iii) "Race," as the term relates to a contest for a municipal council position that is not 6778 an at-large position, includes only the contest to represent a particular district on the council.

(a) the ballot for the local election will not include any contested races or ballot

(2) A municipal legislative body may cancel a local election if:

6781	propositions; and
6782	(b) the municipal legislative body passes, no later than 20 days before the day of the
6783	scheduled election, a resolution that cancels the election and certifies that:
6784	(i) the ballot for the election would not include any contested races or ballot
6785	propositions; and
6786	(ii) the candidates who qualified for the ballot are considered elected.
6787	(3) A municipal legislative body may cancel a race in a local election if:
6788	(a) the ballot for the race will not include any contested races or ballot propositions;
6789	and
6790	(b) the municipal legislative body passes, no later than 20 days before the day of the
6791	scheduled election, a resolution that cancels the race and certifies that:
6792	(i) the ballot for the race would not include any contested races or ballot propositions;
6793	and
6794	(ii) the candidate for the race is considered elected.
6795	(4) A municipal legislative body that cancels a local election in accordance with
6796	Subsection (2) shall give notice that the election is cancelled by:
6797	(a) subject to Subsection (8), providing notice to the lieutenant governor's office to be
6798	posted on the Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website described in Section 20A-7-801,
6799	for 15 consecutive days before the day of the scheduled election; and
6800	(b) providing notice for the municipality as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102
6801	at least 15 days before the day of the scheduled election.
6802	[(b) if the municipality has a public website, posting notice on the municipality's public
6803	website for 15 days before the day of the scheduled election;]
6804	[(c) if the elected officials or departments of the municipality regularly publish a
6805	printed or electronic newsletter or other periodical, publishing notice in the next scheduled
6806	newsletter or other periodical published before the day of the scheduled election;]
6807	[(d) (i) publishing notice at least twice in a newspaper of general circulation in the
6808	municipality before the day of the scheduled election;]
6809	[(ii) at least 10 days before the day of the scheduled election, posting one notice, and at
6810	least one additional notice per 2,000 population within the municipality, in places within the

municipality that are most likely to give notice to the voters in the municipality, subject to a

6812	maximum of 10 notices; or
6813	[(iii) at least 10 days before the day of the scheduled election, mailing notice to each
6814	registered voter in the municipality; and]
6815	[(e) posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section 63A-16-601,
6816	for at least 10 days before the day of the scheduled election.]
6817	(5) A local district board may cancel a local election if:
6818	(a) the ballot for the local election will not include any contested races or ballot
6819	propositions; and
6820	(b) the local district board passes, no later than 20 days before the day of the scheduled
6821	election, a resolution that cancels the election and certifies that:
6822	(i) the ballot for the election would not include any contested races or ballot
6823	propositions; and
6824	(ii) the candidates who qualified for the ballot are considered elected.
6825	(6) A local district board may cancel a local district race if:
6826	(a) the race is uncontested; and
6827	(b) the local district board passes, no later than 20 days before the day of the scheduled
6828	election, a resolution that cancels the race and certifies that the candidate who qualified for the
6829	ballot for that race is considered elected.
6830	(7) A local district that cancels a local election in accordance with Subsection (5) shall
6831	provide notice that the election is cancelled:
6832	(a) subject to Subsection (8), by posting notice on the Statewide Electronic Voter
6833	Information Website described in Section 20A-7-801, for 15 consecutive days before the day of
6834	the scheduled election; and
6835	(b) as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least 15 days before the day of the
6836	scheduled election.
6837	[(b) if the local district has a public website, by posting notice on the local district's
6838	public website for 15 days before the day of the scheduled election;]
6839	[(c) if the local district publishes a newsletter or other periodical, by publishing notice
6840	in the next scheduled newsletter or other periodical published before the day of the scheduled
6841	election;]
6842	[(d) (i) by publishing notice at least twice in a newspaper of general circulation in the

6843	local district before the scheduled election;]
6844	[(ii) at least 10 days before the day of the scheduled election, by posting one notice,
6845	and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population of the local district, in places within the
6846	local district that are most likely to give notice to the voters in the local district, subject to a
6847	maximum of 10 notices; or]
6848	[(iii) at least 10 days before the day of the scheduled election, by mailing notice to each
6849	registered voter in the local district; and]
6850	[(e) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
6851	63A-16-601, for at least 10 days before the day of the scheduled election.]
6852	(8) A municipal legislative body that posts a notice in accordance with Subsection
6853	(4)(a) or a local district that posts a notice in accordance with Subsection (7)(a) is not liable for
6854	a notice that fails to post due to technical or other error by the publisher of the Statewide
6855	Electronic Voter Information Website.
6856	Section 129. Section 20A-1-512 is amended to read:
6857	20A-1-512. Midterm vacancies on local district boards Notice.
6858	(1) (a) When a vacancy occurs on any local district board for any reason, the following
6859	shall appoint a replacement to serve out the unexpired term in accordance with this section:
6860	(i) the local district board, if the person vacating the position was elected; or
6861	(ii) the appointing authority, as that term is defined in Section 17B-1-102, if the
6862	appointing authority appointed the person vacating the position.
6863	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c) or (d), before acting to fill the vacancy, the
6864	local district board or appointing authority shall:
6865	(i) give public notice of the vacancy at least two weeks before the local district board
6866	or appointing authority meets to fill the vacancy by[:] publishing a class A notice under Section
6867	63G-28-102 for the local district; and
6868	[(A) if there is a newspaper of general circulation, as that term is defined in Section
6869	45-1-201, within the district, publishing the notice in the newspaper of general circulation;]
6870	[(B) posting the notice in three public places within the local district; and]
6871	[(C) posting on the Utah Public Notice Website created under Section 63A-16-601;
6872	and]
6873	(ii) identify, in the notice:

6874	(A) the date, time, and place of the meeting where the vacancy will be filled;
6875	(B) the individual to whom an individual who is interested in an appointment to fill the
6876	vacancy may submit the individual's name for consideration; and
6877	(C) any submission deadline.
6878	(c) An appointing authority is not subject to Subsection (1)(b) if:
6879	(i) the appointing authority appoints one of the appointing authority's own members;
6880	and
6881	(ii) that member meets all applicable statutory board member qualifications.
6882	(d) When a vacancy occurs on the board of a water conservancy district located in
6883	more than one county:
6884	(i) the board shall give notice of the vacancy to the county legislative bodies that
6885	nominated the vacating trustee as provided in Section 17B-2a-1005;
6886	(ii) the county legislative bodies described in Subsection (1)(d)(i) shall collectively
6887	compile a list of three nominees to fill the vacancy; and
6888	(iii) the governor shall, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint an
6889	individual to fill the vacancy from nominees submitted as provided in Subsection
6890	17B-2a-1005(2)(c).
6891	(2) If the local district board fails to appoint an individual to complete an elected board
6892	member's term within 90 days, the legislative body of the county or municipality that created
6893	the local district shall fill the vacancy in accordance with the procedure for a local district
6894	described in Subsection (1)(b).
6895	Section 130. Section <b>20A-3a-604</b> is amended to read:
6896	20A-3a-604. Notice of time and place of early voting.
6897	(1) Except as provided in Section 20A-1-308 or Subsection 20A-3a-603(2), the
6898	election officer shall, at least 19 days before the date of the election, provide notice of the
6899	dates, times, and locations of early voting[+] by publishing notice for the county as a class B
6900	notice under Section 63G-28-102.
6901	[(a) (i) by publishing notice in at least one issue of a newspaper of general circulation
6902	in the county;]
6903	[(ii) by posting one notice, and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population of
6904	the county, in places within the county that are most likely to give notice to the residents in the

6905	county, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or
6906	[(iii) by mailing notice to each registered voter in the county;]
6907	[(b) by posting notice at each early voting polling place;]
6908	[(c) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
6909	63A-16-601, for 19 days before the day of the election; and]
6910	[(d) by posting notice on the county's website for 19 days before the day of the
6911	election.]
6912	(2) Instead of specifying all dates, times, and locations of early voting, a notice
6913	required under Subsection (1) may specify the following sources where a voter may view or
6914	obtain a copy of all dates, times, and locations of early voting:
6915	(a) the county's website;
6916	(b) the physical address of the county's offices; and
6917	(c) a mailing address and telephone number.
6918	(3) The election officer shall include in the notice described in Subsection (1):
6919	(a) the address of the Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website and, if available
6920	the address of the election officer's website, with a statement indicating that the election officer
6921	will post on the website the location of each early voting polling place, including any changes
6922	to the location of an early voting polling place and the location of additional early voting
6923	polling places; and
6924	(b) a phone number that a voter may call to obtain information regarding the location
6925	of an early voting polling place.
6926	Section 131. Section 20A-4-104 is amended to read:
6927	20A-4-104. Counting ballots electronically Notice of testing tabulating
6928	equipment.
6929	(1) (a) Before beginning to count ballots using automatic tabulating equipment, the
6930	election officer shall test the automatic tabulating equipment to ensure that it will accurately
6931	count the votes cast for all offices and all measures.
6932	(b) The election officer shall provide public notice of the time and place of the test[÷]
6933	by publishing a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102 for the county, municipality, or
6934	jurisdiction where the equipment is used at least four weeks before the day of the test.
6935	[(i) (A) by publishing notice at least 48 hours before the test in a newspaper of general

persons.

6936	circulation in the county, municipality, or jurisdiction where the equipment is used;]
6937	[(B) at least 10 days before the day of the test, by posting one notice, and at least one
6938	additional notice per 2,000 population of the county, municipality, or jurisdiction, in places
6939	within the county, municipality, or jurisdiction that are most likely to give notice to the voters
6940	in the county, municipality, or jurisdiction, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or]
6941	[(C) at least 10 days before the day of the test, by mailing notice to each registered
6942	voter in the county, municipality, or jurisdiction where the equipment is used;]
6943	[(ii) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
6944	63A-16-601, for four weeks before the day of the test; and]
6945	[(iii) if the county, municipality, or jurisdiction has a website, by posting notice on the
6946	website for four weeks before the day of the test.]
6947	(c) The election officer shall conduct the test by processing a preaudited group of
6948	ballots.
6949	(d) The election officer shall ensure that:
6950	(i) a predetermined number of valid votes for each candidate and measure are recorded
6951	on the ballots;
6952	(ii) for each office, one or more ballots have votes in excess of the number allowed by
6953	law in order to test the ability of the automatic tabulating equipment to reject those votes; and
6954	(iii) a different number of valid votes are assigned to each candidate for an office, and
6955	for and against each measure.
6956	(e) If any error is detected, the election officer shall determine the cause of the error
6957	and correct it.
6958	(f) The election officer shall ensure that:
6959	(i) the automatic tabulating equipment produces an errorless count before beginning
6960	the actual counting; and
6961	(ii) the automatic tabulating equipment passes the same test at the end of the count
6962	before the election returns are approved as official.
6963	(2) (a) The election officer or the election officer's designee shall supervise and direct
6964	all proceedings at the counting center.
6965	(b) (i) Proceedings at the counting center are public and may be observed by interested

ballots.

6967	(ii) Only those persons authorized to participate in the count may touch any ballot or
6968	return.
6969	(c) The election officer shall deputize and administer an oath or affirmation to all
6970	persons who are engaged in processing and counting the ballots that they will faithfully
6971	perform their assigned duties.
6972	(3) (a) If any ballot is damaged or defective so that it cannot properly be counted by the
6973	automatic tabulating equipment, the election officer shall ensure that two counting judges
6974	jointly:
6975	(i) make a true replication of the ballot with an identifying serial number;
6976	(ii) substitute the replicated ballot for the damaged or defective ballot;
6977	(iii) label the replicated ballot "replicated"; and
6978	(iv) record the replicated ballot's serial number on the damaged or defective ballot.
6979	(b) The lieutenant governor shall provide to each election officer a standard form on
6980	which the election officer shall maintain a log of all replicated ballots, that includes, for each
6981	ballot:
6982	(i) the serial number described in Subsection (3)(a);
6983	(ii) the identification of the individuals who replicated the ballot;
6984	(iii) the reason for the replication; and
6985	(iv) any other information required by the lieutenant governor.
6986	(c) An election officer shall:
6987	(i) maintain the log described in Subsection (3)(b) in a complete and legible manner, as
6988	ballots are replicated;
6989	(ii) at the end of each day during which one or more ballots are replicated, make an
6990	electronic copy of the log; and
6991	(iii) keep each electronic copy made under Subsection (3)(c)(ii) for at least 22 months.
6992	(4) The election officer may:
6993	(a) conduct an unofficial count before conducting the official count in order to provide
6994	early unofficial returns to the public;
6995	(b) release unofficial returns from time to time after the polls close; and
6996	(c) report the progress of the count for each candidate during the actual counting of

(b) declare:

6998	(5) Beginning on the day after the date of the election, if an election officer releases
6999	early unofficial returns or reports the progress of the count for each candidate under Subsection
7000	(4), the election officer shall, with each release or report, disclose an estimate of the total
7001	number of voted ballots in the election officer's custody that have not yet been counted.
7002	(6) The election officer shall review and evaluate the provisional ballot envelopes and
7003	prepare any valid provisional ballots for counting as provided in Section 20A-4-107.
7004	(7) (a) The election officer or the election officer's designee shall:
7005	(i) separate, count, and tabulate any ballots containing valid write-in votes; and
7006	(ii) complete the standard form provided by the clerk for recording valid write-in votes.
7007	(b) In counting the write-in votes, if, by casting a valid write-in vote, a voter has cast
7008	more votes for an office than that voter is entitled to vote for that office, the poll workers shall
7009	count the valid write-in vote as being the obvious intent of the voter.
7010	(8) (a) The election officer shall certify the return printed by the automatic tabulating
7011	equipment, to which have been added write-in and absentee votes, as the official return of each
7012	voting precinct.
7013	(b) Upon completion of the count, the election officer shall make official returns open
7014	to the public.
7015	(9) If for any reason it becomes impracticable to count all or a part of the ballots with
7016	tabulating equipment, the election officer may direct that they be counted manually according
7017	to the procedures and requirements of this part.
7018	(10) After the count is completed, the election officer shall seal and retain the
7019	programs, test materials, and ballots as provided in Section 20A-4-202.
7020	Section 132. Section 20A-4-304 is amended to read:
7021	20A-4-304. Declaration of results Canvassers' report.
7022	(1) Each board of canvassers shall:
7023	(a) except as provided in Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project,
7024	declare "elected" or "nominated" those persons who:
7025	(i) had the highest number of votes; and
7026	(ii) sought election or nomination to an office completely within the board's
7027	jurisdiction;

7029	(i) "approved" those ballot propositions that:
7030	(A) had more "yes" votes than "no" votes; and
7031	(B) were submitted only to the voters within the board's jurisdiction; or
7032	(ii) "rejected" those ballot propositions that:
7033	(A) had more "no" votes than "yes" votes or an equal number of "no" votes and "yes"
7034	votes; and
7035	(B) were submitted only to the voters within the board's jurisdiction;
7036	(c) certify the vote totals for persons and for and against ballot propositions that were
7037	submitted to voters within and beyond the board's jurisdiction and transmit those vote totals to
7038	the lieutenant governor; and
7039	(d) if applicable, certify the results of each local district election to the local district
7040	clerk.
7041	(2) As soon as the result is declared, the election officer shall prepare a report of the
7042	result, which shall contain:
7043	(a) the total number of votes cast in the board's jurisdiction;
7044	(b) the names of each candidate whose name appeared on the ballot;
7045	(c) the title of each ballot proposition that appeared on the ballot;
7046	(d) each office that appeared on the ballot;
7047	(e) from each voting precinct:
7048	(i) the number of votes for each candidate;
7049	(ii) for each race conducted by instant runoff voting under Part 6, Municipal Alternate
7050	Voting Methods Pilot Project, the number of valid votes cast for each candidate for each
7051	potential ballot-counting phase and the name of the candidate excluded in each ballot-counting
7052	phase; and
7053	(iii) the number of votes for and against each ballot proposition;
7054	(f) the total number of votes given in the board's jurisdiction to each candidate, and for
7055	and against each ballot proposition;
7056	(g) the number of ballots that were rejected; and
7057	(h) a statement certifying that the information contained in the report is accurate.
7058	(3) The election officer and the board of canvassers shall:
7059	(a) review the report to ensure that it is correct; and

/060	(b) sign the report.
7061	(4) The election officer shall:
7062	(a) record or file the certified report in a book kept for that purpose;
7063	(b) prepare and transmit a certificate of nomination or election under the officer's seal
7064	to each nominated or elected candidate;
7065	(c) publish a copy of the certified report in accordance with Subsection (5); and
7066	(d) file a copy of the certified report with the lieutenant governor.
7067	(5) Except as provided in Subsection (6), the election officer shall, no later than seven
7068	days after the day on which the board of canvassers declares the election results, publicize the
7069	certified report described in Subsection (2)[:] for the jurisdiction as a class A notice under
7070	Section 63G-28-102.
7071	[(a) (i) by publishing notice at least once in a newspaper of general circulation within
7072	the jurisdiction;]
7073	[(ii) by posting one notice, and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population of
7074	the jurisdiction, in places within the jurisdiction that are most likely to give notice to the
7075	residents of the jurisdiction, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or]
7076	[(iii) by mailing notice to each residence within the jurisdiction;]
7077	[(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
7078	63A-16-601, for one week; and]
7079	[(c) if the jurisdiction has a website, by posting notice on the jurisdiction's website for
7080	one week.]
7081	(6) Instead of including a copy of the entire certified report, a notice required under
7082	Subsection (5) may contain a statement that:
7083	(a) includes the following: "The Board of Canvassers for [indicate name of
7084	jurisdiction] has prepared a report of the election results for the [indicate type and date of
7085	election]."; and
7086	(b) specifies the following sources where an individual may view or obtain a copy of
7087	the entire certified report:
7088	(i) if the jurisdiction has a website, the jurisdiction's website;
7089	(ii) the physical address for the jurisdiction; and
7090	(iii) a mailing address and telephone number.

- (7) When there has been a regular general or a statewide special election for statewide officers, for officers that appear on the ballot in more than one county, or for a statewide or two or more county ballot proposition, each board of canvassers shall:
  - (a) prepare a separate report detailing the number of votes for each candidate and the number of votes for and against each ballot proposition; and
    - (b) transmit the separate report by registered mail to the lieutenant governor.
  - (8) In each county election, municipal election, school election, local district election, and local special election, the election officer shall transmit the reports to the lieutenant governor within 14 days after the date of the election.
  - (9) In a regular primary election and in a presidential primary election, the board shall transmit to the lieutenant governor:
  - (a) the county totals for multi-county races, to be telephoned or faxed to the lieutenant governor not later than the second Tuesday after the election; and
  - (b) a complete tabulation showing voting totals for all primary races, precinct by precinct, to be mailed to the lieutenant governor on or before the third Friday following the primary election.
    - Section 133. Section **20A-5-101** is amended to read:

## 20A-5-101. Notice of election.

- (1) On or before November 15 in the year before each regular general election year, the lieutenant governor shall prepare and transmit a written notice to each county clerk that:
  - (a) designates the offices to be filled at the next year's regular general election;
- (b) identifies the dates for filing a declaration of candidacy, and for submitting and certifying nomination petition signatures, as applicable, under Sections 20A-9-403, 20A-9-407, and 20A-9-408 for those offices; and
- (c) contains a description of any ballot propositions to be decided by the voters that have qualified for the ballot as of that date.
- (2) (a) No later than seven business days after the day on which the lieutenant governor transmits the written notice described in Subsection (1), each county clerk shall provide notice for the county as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102, for seven days before the day of the election and in accordance with Subsection (3)[:].
- 7121 [(i) by posting notice in a conspicuous place most likely to give notice of the election

to the voters in each voting precinct within the county;]

7123	[(ii) (A) by publishing notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the county;]
7124	[(B) by posting one notice, and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population of
7125	the county, in places within the county that are most likely to give notice of the election to the
7126	voters in the county, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or]
7127	[(C) by mailing notice to each registered voter in the county;]
7128	[(iii) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
7129	63A-16-601, for seven days before the day of the election; and]
7130	[(iv) by posting notice on the county's website for seven days before the day of the
7131	election.]
7132	(b) The county clerk shall prepare an affidavit of the posting under Subsection
7133	$[\frac{(2)(a)(i)}{2}]$ (2)(a), showing a copy of the notice and the places where the notice was posted.
7134	(3) The notice described in Subsection (2) shall:
7135	(a) designate the offices to be voted on in that election; and
7136	(b) identify the dates for filing a declaration of candidacy for those offices.
7137	(4) Except as provided in Subsection (6), before each election, the election officer shall
7138	give printed notice of the following information:
7139	(a) the date of election;
7140	(b) the hours during which the polls will be open;
7141	(c) the polling places for each voting precinct, early voting polling place, and election
7142	day voting center;
7143	(d) the address of the Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website and, if available,
7144	the address of the election officer's website, with a statement indicating that the election officer
7145	will post on the website any changes to the location of a polling place and the location of any
7146	additional polling place;
7147	(e) a phone number that a voter may call to obtain information regarding the location of
7148	a polling place; and
7149	(f) the qualifications for persons to vote in the election.
7150	(5) The election officer shall provide the notice described in Subsection (4)[:] for the
7151	jurisdiction as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least five days before the day of
7152	the election.

7153	[(a) (i) by publishing the notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction
7154	to which the election pertains, at least two days before the day of the election;]
7155	[(ii) at least two days before the day of the election, by posting one notice, and at least
7156	one additional notice per 2,000 population of the jurisdiction, in places within the jurisdiction
7157	that are most likely to give notice of the election to the voters in the jurisdiction, subject to a
7158	maximum of 10 notices; or]
7159	[(iii) by mailing the notice to each registered voter who resides in the jurisdiction to
7160	which the election pertains at least five days before the day of the election;]
7161	[(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
7162	63A-16-601, for two days before the day of the election; and]
7163	[(c) if the jurisdiction has a website, by posting notice on the jurisdiction's website for
7164	two days before the day of the election.]
7165	(6) Instead of including the information described in Subsection (4) in the notice, the
7166	election officer may give printed notice that:
7167	(a) is entitled "Notice of Election";
7168	(b) includes the following: "A [indicate election type] will be held in [indicate the
7169	jurisdiction] on [indicate date of election]. Information relating to the election, including
7170	polling places, polling place hours, and qualifications of voters may be obtained from the
7171	following sources:"; and
7172	(c) specifies the following sources where an individual may view or obtain the
7173	information described in Subsection (4):
7174	(i) if the jurisdiction has a website, the jurisdiction's website;
7175	(ii) the physical address of the jurisdiction offices; and
7176	(iii) a mailing address and telephone number.
7177	Section 134. Section <b>20A-5-403.5</b> is amended to read:
7178	20A-5-403.5. Ballot drop boxes Notice.
7179	(1) An election officer:
7180	(a) shall designate at least one ballot drop box in each municipality and reservation
7181	located in the jurisdiction to which the election relates;
7182	(b) may designate additional ballot drop boxes for the election officer's jurisdiction;
7183	(c) shall clearly mark each ballot drop box as an official ballot drop box for the election

7184	officer's	juris	sdic	tion	1

- (d) shall provide 24-hour video surveillance of each unattended ballot drop box; and
- (e) shall post a sign on or near each unattended ballot drop box indicating that the ballot drop box is under 24-hour video surveillance.
- (2) Except as provided in Section 20A-1-308 or Subsection (5), the election officer shall, at least 19 days before the date of the election, provide notice of the location of each ballot drop box designated under Subsection (1)[:] by publishing notice for the jurisdiction holding the election as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least 19 days before the day of the election.
- [(a) (i) by publishing notice in at least one issue of a newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction holding the election;]
- [(ii) by posting one notice, and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population of the jurisdiction holding the election, in places within the jurisdiction that are most likely to give notice to the residents in the jurisdiction, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or]
  - [(iii) by mailing notice to each registered voter in the jurisdiction holding the election;]
- [(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section 63A-16-601, for 19 days before the day of the election; and]
- [(c) by posting notice on the jurisdiction's website for 19 days before the day of the election.]
- (3) Instead of including the location of ballot drop boxes, a notice required under Subsection (2) may specify the following sources where a voter may view or obtain a copy of all ballot drop box locations:
  - (a) the jurisdiction's website;
  - (b) the physical address of the jurisdiction's offices; and
  - (c) a mailing address and telephone number.
  - (4) The election officer shall include in the notice described in Subsection (2):
- (a) the address of the Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website and, if available, the address of the election officer's website, with a statement indicating that the election officer will post on the website the location of each ballot drop box, including any changes to the location of a ballot drop box and the location of additional ballot drop boxes; and
- 7214 (b) a phone number that a voter may call to obtain information regarding the location

7215	of a	ballot	drop	box.

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- (5) (a) Except as provided in Section 20A-1-308, the election officer may, after the deadline described in Subsection (2):
  - (i) if necessary, change the location of a ballot drop box; or
- 7219 (ii) if the election officer determines that the number of ballot drop boxes is 7220 insufficient due to the number of registered voters who are voting, designate additional ballot 7221 drop boxes.
  - (b) Except as provided in Section 20A-1-308, if an election officer changes the location of a ballot box or designates an additional ballot drop box location, the election officer shall, as soon as is reasonably possible, give notice of the changed ballot drop box location or the additional ballot drop box location:
    - (i) to the lieutenant governor, for posting on the Statewide Voter Information Website;
    - (ii) by posting the information on the website of the election officer, if available; and
    - (iii) by posting notice:
  - (A) for a change in the location of a ballot drop box, at the new location and, if possible, the old location; and
  - (B) for an additional ballot drop box location, at the additional ballot drop box location.
  - (6) An election officer may, at any time, authorize two or more poll workers to remove a ballot drop box from a location, or to remove ballots from a ballot drop box for processing.
  - (7) (a) At least two poll workers must be present when a poll worker collects ballots from a ballot drop box and delivers the ballots to the location where the ballots will be opened and counted.
  - (b) An election officer shall ensure that the chain of custody of ballots placed in a ballot box are recorded and tracked from the time the ballots are removed from the ballot box until the ballots are delivered to the location where the ballots will be opened and counted.
- Section 135. Section **20A-5-405** is amended to read:
- 7242 **20A-5-405.** Election officer to provide ballots -- Notice of sample ballot.
- 7243 (1) An election officer shall:
- 7244 (a) provide ballots for every election of public officers in which the voters, or any of 7245 the voters, within the election officer's jurisdiction participate;

7246 (b) cause the name of every candidate whose nomination has been certified to or filed 7247 with the election officer in the manner provided by law to be included on each ballot; 7248 (c) cause any ballot proposition that has qualified for the ballot as provided by law to 7249 be included on each ballot; 7250 (d) ensure that the ballots are prepared and in the possession of the election officer 7251 before commencement of voting; 7252 (e) allow candidates and their agents and the sponsors of ballot propositions that have 7253 qualified for the official ballot to inspect the ballots: 7254 (f) no later than 45 days before the day of the election, make sample ballots available for inspection, in the same form as official ballots and that contain the same information as 7255 7256 official ballots, by: 7257 (i) posting a copy of the sample ballot in the election officer's office; 7258 (ii) sending a copy of the sample ballot to: (A) each candidate listed on the ballot; and 7259 7260 (B) the lieutenant governor; and 7261 (iii) providing a copy of the sample ballot for the jurisdiction holding the election as a 7262 class B notice under Section 63G-28-102; 7263 (fiii) (A) posting one copy of the sample ballot, and at least one additional copy of the 7264 sample ballot per 2,000 population of the jurisdiction, in places within the jurisdiction that are 7265 most likely to give notice to the voters in the jurisdiction, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; 7266 or] 7267 (B) mailing a copy of the sample ballot to each registered voter who resides in the jurisdiction holding the election; 7268 7269 (iv) posting a copy of the sample ballot on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in 7270 Section 63A-16-601; and 7271 (v) if the jurisdiction has a website, posting a copy of the sample ballot on the 7272 jurisdiction's website; 7273 (g) deliver a copy of the sample ballot to poll workers for each polling place and direct 7274 the poll workers to post the sample ballot as required by Section 20A-5-102; and 7275 (h) print and deliver, at the expense of the jurisdiction conducting the election, enough 7276 ballots, sample ballots, and instructions to meet the voting demands of the qualified voters in

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omission.

7277	each voting precinct.
7278	(2) Instead of posting the entire sample ballot under Subsection [(1)(f)(iii)(A)]
7279	(1)(f)(iii), the election officer may post a statement that:
7280	(a) is entitled, "sample ballot";
7281	(b) includes the following: "A sample ballot for [indicate name of jurisdiction] for the
7282	upcoming [indicate type and date of election] may be obtained from the following sources:";
7283	and
7284	(c) specifies the following sources where an individual may view or obtain a copy of
7285	the sample ballot:
7286	(i) if the jurisdiction has a website, the jurisdiction's website;
7287	(ii) the physical address of the jurisdiction's offices; and
7288	(iii) a mailing address and telephone number.
7289	(3) (a) Each election officer shall, without delay, correct any error discovered in any
7290	ballot, if the correction can be made without interfering with the timely distribution of the
7291	ballots.
7292	(b) (i) If the election officer discovers an error or omission in a manual ballot, and it is
7293	not possible to correct the error or omission, the election officer shall direct the poll workers to
7294	make the necessary corrections on the manual ballots before the ballots are distributed.
7295	(ii) If the election officer discovers an error or omission in an electronic ballot and it is
7296	not possible to correct the error or omission by revising the electronic ballot, the election
7297	officer shall direct the poll workers to post notice of each error or omission with instructions on
7298	how to correct each error or omission in a prominent position at each polling booth.
7299	(4) (a) If the election officer refuses or fails to correct an error or omission in a ballot, a
7300	candidate or a candidate's agent may file a verified petition with the district court asserting that:
7301	(i) an error or omission has occurred in:
7302	(A) the publication of the name or description of a candidate;
7303	(B) the preparation or display of an electronic ballot; or
7304	(C) the posting of sample ballots or the printing of official manual ballots; and

(b) The district court shall issue an order requiring correction of any error in a ballot or

(ii) the election officer has failed to correct or provide for the correction of the error or

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7308	an order to show cause why the error should not be corrected if it appears to the court that the
7309	error or omission has occurred and the election officer has failed to correct or provide for the
7310	correction of the error or omission.
7311	(c) A party aggrieved by the district court's decision may appeal the matter to the Utah
7312	Supreme Court within five days after the day on which the district court enters the decision.
7313	Section 136. Section 20A-7-103 is amended to read:
7314	20A-7-103. Constitutional amendments and other questions submitted by the
7315	Legislature Publication Ballot title Procedures for submission to popular vote.
7316	(1) The procedures contained in this section govern when the Legislature submits a
7317	proposed constitutional amendment or other question to the voters.
7318	(2) The lieutenant governor shall, not more than 60 days or less than 14 days before the
7319	date of the election, publish the full text of the amendment, question, or statute [in at least one
7320	newspaper in every county of the state where a newspaper is published] for the state as a class
7321	A notice under Section 63G-28-102.
7322	(3) The legislative general counsel shall:
7323	(a) entitle each proposed constitutional amendment "Constitutional Amendment"
7324	and assign it a letter according to the requirements of Section 20A-6-107;
7325	(b) entitle each proposed question "Proposition Number" with the number assigned
7326	to the proposition under Section 20A-6-107 placed in the blank;
7327	(c) draft and designate a ballot title for each proposed amendment or question
7328	submitted by the Legislature that:
7329	(i) summarizes the subject matter of the amendment or question; and
7330	(ii) for a proposed constitutional amendment, summarizes any legislation that is
7331	enacted and will become effective upon the voters' adoption of the proposed constitutional
7332	amendment; and
7333	(d) deliver each letter or number and ballot title to the lieutenant governor.
7334	(4) The lieutenant governor shall certify the letter or number and ballot title of each
7335	amendment or question to the county clerk of each county no later than 65 days before the date
7336	of the election.

(a) ensure that the letter or number and the ballot title of each amendment and question

(5) The county clerk of each county shall:

7339	prepared in accordance with this section are included in the sample ballots and official ballots;
7340	and
7341	(b) publish the sample ballots and official ballots as provided by law.
7342	Section 137. Section 20A-7-204.1 is amended to read:
7343	20A-7-204.1. Public hearings to be held before initiative petitions are circulated -
7344	Changes to an initiative and initial fiscal impact estimate.
7345	(1) (a) After issuance of the initial fiscal impact estimate by the Office of the
7346	Legislative Fiscal Analyst and before circulating initiative petitions for signature statewide,
7347	sponsors of the initiative petition shall hold at least seven public hearings throughout Utah as
7348	follows:
7349	(i) one in the Bear River region Box Elder, Cache, or Rich County;
7350	(ii) one in the Southwest region Beaver, Garfield, Iron, Kane, or Washington
7351	County;
7352	(iii) one in the Mountain region Summit, Utah, or Wasatch County;
7353	(iv) one in the Central region Juab, Millard, Piute, Sanpete, Sevier, or Wayne
7354	County;
7355	(v) one in the Southeast region Carbon, Emery, Grand, or San Juan County;
7356	(vi) one in the Uintah Basin region Daggett, Duchesne, or Uintah County; and
7357	(vii) one in the Wasatch Front region Davis, Morgan, Salt Lake, Tooele, or Weber
7358	County.
7359	(b) Of the seven public hearings, the sponsors of the initiative shall hold at least two of
7360	the public hearings in a first or second class county, but not in the same county.
7361	(c) The sponsors may not hold a public hearing described in this section until the later
7362	of:
7363	(i) one day after the day on which a sponsor receives a copy of the initial fiscal impact
7364	estimate under Subsection 20A-7-202.5(3)(b); or
7365	(ii) if three or more sponsors file a petition challenging the accuracy of the initial fiscal
7366	impact statement under Section 20A-7-202.5, the day after the day on which the action is final.
7367	(2) (a) The sponsors shall[:],
7368	[(a)] before 5 p.m. at least [three] seven calendar days before the date of the public
7369	hearing, provide written notice of the public hearing, including the time, date, and location of

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7370	the public hearing, to:
7371	(i) the lieutenant governor for posting on the state's website; [and]
7372	(ii) each state senator, state representative, and county commission or county council
7373	member who is elected in whole or in part from the region where the public hearing will be
7374	held; and
7375	(iii) each county clerk from the region where the public hearing will be held.
7376	(b) A county clerk who receives a notice from a sponsor under Subsection (2)(a) shall
7377	publish written notice of the public hearing[, including the time, date, and location of the
7378	public hearing, in each county in the region where the public hearing will be held:] for the
7379	county as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least three calendar days before the day
7380	of the public hearing.
7381	(c) A county clerk may bill the sponsors of the initiative petition for the cost of
7382	preparing, printing, and publishing the notice required under Subsection (2)(b).
7383	[(i) (A) at least three calendar days before the day of the public hearing, in a newspaper
7384	of general circulation in the county;]
7385	[(B) if there is no newspaper of general circulation in the county, at least three calendar
7386	days before the day of the public hearing, by posting one copy of the notice, and at least one
7387	additional copy of the notice per 2,000 population of the county, in places within the county
7388	that are most likely to give notice to the residents of the county; or]
7389	[(C) at least seven days before the day of the public hearing, by mailing notice to each
7390	residence in the county;]
7391	[(ii) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for at least
7392	three calendar days before the day of the public hearing;]
7393	[(iii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101, for at least three calendar days before the
7394	day of the public hearing; and]
7395	[(iv) on the county's website for at least three calendar days before the day of the public
7396	hearing.]

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(3) If the initiative petition proposes a tax increase, the written notice described in

"This initiative petition seeks to increase the current (insert name of tax) rate by (insert

Subsection (2) shall include the following statement, in bold, in the same font and point size as

the largest font and point size appearing in the notice:

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- the tax percentage difference) percent, resulting in a(n) (insert the tax percentage increase)
  percent increase in the current tax rate."
  - (4) (a) During the public hearing, the sponsors shall either:
- 7404 (i) video tape or audio tape the public hearing and, when the hearing is complete, 7405 deposit the complete audio or video tape of the meeting with the lieutenant governor; or
  - (ii) take comprehensive minutes of the public hearing, detailing the names and titles of each speaker and summarizing each speaker's comments.
  - (b) The lieutenant governor shall make copies of the tapes or minutes available to the public.
    - (c) For each public hearing, the sponsors shall:
  - (i) during the entire time that the public hearing is held, post a copy of the initial fiscal impact statement in a conspicuous location at the entrance to the room where the sponsors hold the public hearing; and
  - (ii) place at least 50 copies of the initial fiscal impact statement, for distribution to public hearing attendees, in a conspicuous location at the entrance to the room where the sponsors hold the public hearing.
  - (5) (a) Before 5 p.m. within 14 days after the day on which the sponsors conduct the seventh public hearing described in Subsection (1)(a), and before circulating an initiative petition for signatures, the sponsors of the initiative petition may change the text of the proposed law if:
    - (i) a change to the text is:
  - (A) germane to the text of the proposed law filed with the lieutenant governor under Section 20A-7-202; and
    - (B) consistent with the requirements of Subsection 20A-7-202(5); and
  - (ii) each sponsor signs, attested to by a notary public, an application addendum to change the text of the proposed law.
  - (b) (i) Within three working days after the day on which the lieutenant governor receives an application addendum to change the text of the proposed law in an initiative petition, the lieutenant governor shall submit a copy of the application addendum to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst.
    - (ii) The Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst shall update the initial fiscal impact

7432	estimate by following the procedures and requirements of Section 20A-7-202.5 to reflect a
7433	change to the text of the proposed law.
7434	Section 138. Section 20A-7-402 is amended to read:
7435	20A-7-402. Local voter information pamphlet Notice Contents Limitations
7436	Preparation Statement on front cover.
7437	(1) The county or municipality that is subject to a ballot proposition shall prepare a
7438	local voter information pamphlet that complies with the requirements of this part.
7439	(2) (a) Within the time requirements described in Subsection (2)(c)(i), a municipality
7440	that is subject to a special local ballot proposition shall provide a notice that complies with the
7441	requirements of Subsection (2)(c)(ii) to the municipality's residents by[:] publishing the notice
7442	for the municipality as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102.
7443	[(i) if the municipality regularly mails a newsletter, utility bill, or other material to the
7444	municipality's residents, including the notice with a newsletter, utility bill, or other material;]
7445	[(ii) posting the notice, until after the deadline described in Subsection (2)(d) has
7446	passed, on:]
7447	[(A) the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; and]
7448	[(B) the home page of the municipality's website, if the municipality has a website;
7449	and]
7450	[(iii) sending the notice electronically to each individual in the municipality for whom
7451	the municipality has an email address.]
7452	(b) A county that is subject to a special local ballot proposition shall[:] <u>publish a notice</u>
7453	that complies with the requirements of Subsection (2)(c)(ii) for the county as a class B notice
7454	under Section 63G-28-102.
7455	[(i) send an electronic notice that complies with the requirements of Subsection
7456	(2)(c)(ii) to each individual in the county for whom the county has an email address; or]
7457	[(ii) until after the deadline described in Subsection (2)(d) has passed, post a notice that
7458	complies with the requirements of Subsection (2)(c)(ii) on:]
7459	[(A) the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; and]
7460	[(B) the home page of the county's website.]
7461	(c) A municipality or county that [mails, sends, or posts] publishes a notice under
7462	Subsection (2)(a) or (b) shall:

against the special local ballot proposition.

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- 7463 (i) [mail, send, or post] publish the notice: 7464 (A) not less than 90 days before the date of the election at which a special local ballot 7465 proposition will be voted upon; or 7466 (B) if the requirements of Subsection (2)(c)(i)(A) cannot be met, as soon as practicable 7467 after the special local ballot proposition is approved to be voted upon in an election; and 7468 (ii) ensure that the notice contains: 7469 (A) the ballot title for the special local ballot proposition; 7470 (B) instructions on how to file a request under Subsection (2)(d); and 7471 (C) the deadline described in Subsection (2)(d). 7472 (d) To prepare a written argument for or against a special local ballot proposition, an 7473 eligible voter shall file a request with the election officer before 5 p.m. no later than 64 days 7474 before the day of the election at which the special local ballot proposition is to be voted on. 7475 (e) If more than one eligible voter requests the opportunity to prepare a written argument for or against a special local ballot proposition, the election officer shall make the 7476 7477 final designation in accordance with the following order of priority: 7478 (i) sponsors have priority in preparing an argument regarding a special local ballot 7479 proposition; and 7480 (ii) members of the local legislative body have priority over others if a majority of the 7481 local legislative body supports the written argument. 7482 (f) The election officer shall grant a request described in Subsection (2)(d) or (e) no 7483 later than 60 days before the day of the election at which the ballot proposition is to be voted 7484 on. 7485 (g) (i) A sponsor of a special local ballot proposition may prepare a written argument in 7486 favor of the special local ballot proposition. 7487 (ii) Subject to Subsection (2)(e), an eligible voter opposed to the special local ballot 7488 proposition who submits a request under Subsection (2)(d) may prepare a written argument
  - special local ballot proposition shall:

    (i) ensure that the written argument does not exceed 500 words in length, not counting

(h) An eligible voter who submits a written argument under this section in relation to a

(i) ensure that the written argument does not exceed 500 words in length, not counting the information described in Subsection (2)(h)(ii) or (iv);

- 7494 (ii) list, at the end of the argument, at least one, but no more than five, names as
  7495 sponsors;
  7496 (iii) submit the written argument to the election officer before 5 p.m. no later than 55
  7497 days before the election day on which the ballot proposition will be submitted to the voters;
  - (iv) list in the argument, immediately after the eligible voter's name, the eligible voter's residential address; and
  - (v) submit with the written argument the eligible voter's name, residential address, postal address, email address if available, and phone number.
  - (i) An election officer shall refuse to accept and publish an argument submitted after the deadline described in Subsection (2)(h)(iii).
  - (3) (a) An election officer who timely receives the written arguments in favor of and against a special local ballot proposition shall, within one business day after the day on which the election office receives both written arguments, send, via mail or email:
  - (i) a copy of the written argument in favor of the special local ballot proposition to the eligible voter who submitted the written argument against the special local ballot proposition; and
  - (ii) a copy of the written argument against the special local ballot proposition to the eligible voter who submitted the written argument in favor of the special local ballot proposition.
  - (b) The eligible voter who submitted a timely written argument in favor of the special local ballot proposition:
  - (i) may submit to the election officer a written rebuttal argument of the written argument against the special local ballot proposition;
  - (ii) shall ensure that the written rebuttal argument does not exceed 250 words in length, not counting the information described in Subsection (2)(h)(ii) or (iv); and
  - (iii) shall submit the written rebuttal argument before 5 p.m. no later than 45 days before the election day on which the special local ballot proposition will be submitted to the voters.
  - (c) The eligible voter who submitted a timely written argument against the special local ballot proposition:
    - (i) may submit to the election officer a written rebuttal argument of the written

argument in favor of the special local ballot proposition;

- (ii) shall ensure that the written rebuttal argument does not exceed 250 words in length, not counting the information described in Subsection (2)(h)(ii) or (iv); and
- (iii) shall submit the written rebuttal argument before 5 p.m. no later than 45 days before the election day on which the special local ballot proposition will be submitted to the voters.
- (d) An election officer shall refuse to accept and publish a written rebuttal argument in relation to a special local ballot proposition that is submitted after the deadline described in Subsection (3)(b)(iii) or (3)(c)(iii).
- (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), in relation to a special local ballot proposition:
- (i) an eligible voter may not modify a written argument or a written rebuttal argument after the eligible voter submits the written argument or written rebuttal argument to the election officer; and
- (ii) a person other than the eligible voter described in Subsection (4)(a)(i) may not modify a written argument or a written rebuttal argument.
- (b) The election officer, and the eligible voter who submits a written argument or written rebuttal argument in relation to a special local ballot proposition, may jointly agree to modify a written argument or written rebuttal argument in order to:
  - (i) correct factual, grammatical, or spelling errors; and
- (ii) reduce the number of words to come into compliance with the requirements of this section.
- (c) An election officer shall refuse to accept and publish a written argument or written rebuttal argument in relation to a special local ballot proposition if the eligible voter who submits the written argument or written rebuttal argument fails to negotiate, in good faith, to modify the written argument or written rebuttal argument in accordance with Subsection (4)(b).
- (5) In relation to a special local ballot proposition, an election officer may designate another eligible voter to take the place of an eligible voter described in this section if the original eligible voter is, due to injury, illness, death, or another circumstance, unable to continue to fulfill the duties of an eligible voter described in this section.
  - (6) Sponsors whose written argument in favor of a standard local ballot proposition is

7556 included in a proposition information pamphlet under Section 20A-7-401.5:

- (a) may, if a written argument against the standard local ballot proposition is included in the proposition information pamphlet, submit a written rebuttal argument to the election officer;
- (b) shall ensure that the written rebuttal argument does not exceed 250 words in length; and
- (c) shall submit the written rebuttal argument no later than 45 days before the election day on which the standard local ballot proposition will be submitted to the voters.
- (7) (a) A county or municipality that submitted a written argument against a standard local ballot proposition that is included in a proposition information pamphlet under Section 20A-7-401.5:
- (i) may, if a written argument in favor of the standard local ballot proposition is included in the proposition information pamphlet, submit a written rebuttal argument to the election officer;
- (ii) shall ensure that the written rebuttal argument does not exceed 250 words in length; and
- (iii) shall submit the written rebuttal argument no later than 45 days before the election day on which the ballot proposition will be submitted to the voters.
- (b) If a county or municipality submits more than one written rebuttal argument under Subsection (7)(a)(i), the election officer shall select one of the written rebuttal arguments, giving preference to a written rebuttal argument submitted by a member of a local legislative body.
- (8) (a) An election officer shall refuse to accept and publish a written rebuttal argument that is submitted after the deadline described in Subsection (6)(c) or (7)(a)(iii).
- (b) Before an election officer publishes a local voter information pamphlet under this section, a written rebuttal argument is a draft for purposes of Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
- (c) An election officer who receives a written rebuttal argument described in this section may not, before publishing the local voter information pamphlet described in this section, disclose the written rebuttal argument, or any information contained in the written rebuttal argument, to any person who may in any way be involved in preparing an opposing

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- (9) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(b), a person may not modify a written rebuttal argument after the written rebuttal argument is submitted to the election officer.
- (b) The election officer, and the person who submits a written rebuttal argument, may jointly agree to modify a written rebuttal argument in order to:
  - (i) correct factual, grammatical, or spelling errors; or
- 7593 (ii) reduce the number of words to come into compliance with the requirements of this section.
  - (c) An election officer shall refuse to accept and publish a written rebuttal argument if the person who submits the written rebuttal argument:
  - (i) fails to negotiate, in good faith, to modify the written rebuttal argument in accordance with Subsection (9)(b); or
    - (ii) does not timely submit the written rebuttal argument to the election officer.
  - (d) An election officer shall make a good faith effort to negotiate a modification described in Subsection (9)(b) in an expedited manner.
  - (10) An election officer may designate another person to take the place of a person who submits a written rebuttal argument in relation to a standard local ballot proposition if the person is, due to injury, illness, death, or another circumstance, unable to continue to fulfill the person's duties.
  - (11) (a) The local voter information pamphlet shall include a copy of the initial fiscal impact estimate and the legal impact statement prepared for each initiative under Section 20A-7-502.5.
  - (b) If the initiative proposes a tax increase, the local voter information pamphlet shall include the following statement in bold type:

"This initiative seeks to increase the current (insert name of tax) rate by (insert the tax percentage difference) percent, resulting in a(n) (insert the tax percentage increase) percent increase in the current tax rate."

- (12) (a) In preparing the local voter information pamphlet, the election officer shall:
- (i) ensure that the written arguments are printed on the same sheet of paper upon which the ballot proposition is also printed;
  - (ii) ensure that the following statement is printed on the front cover or the heading of

7618	the first page of the printed written arguments:
7619	"The arguments for or against a ballot proposition are the opinions of the authors.";
7620	(iii) pay for the printing and binding of the local voter information pamphlet; and
7621	(iv) not less than 15 days before, but not more than 45 days before, the election at
7622	which the ballot proposition will be voted on, distribute, by mail or carrier, to each registered
7623	voter entitled to vote on the ballot proposition:
7624	(A) a voter information pamphlet; or
7625	(B) the notice described in Subsection (12)(c).
7626	(b) (i) If the language of the ballot proposition exceeds 500 words in length, the
7627	election officer may summarize the ballot proposition in 500 words or less.
7628	(ii) The summary shall state where a complete copy of the ballot proposition is
7629	available for public review.
7630	(c) (i) The election officer may distribute a notice printed on a postage prepaid,
7631	preaddressed return form that a person may use to request delivery of a voter information
7632	pamphlet by mail.
7633	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (12)(c)(i) shall include:
7634	(A) the address of the Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website authorized by
7635	Section 20A-7-801; and
7636	(B) the phone number a voter may call to request delivery of a voter information
7637	pamphlet by mail or carrier.
7638	Section 139. Section <b>20A-9-203</b> is amended to read:
7639	20A-9-203. Declarations of candidacy Municipal general elections Notice of
7640	candidates.
7641	(1) An individual may become a candidate for any municipal office if:
7642	(a) the individual is a registered voter; and
7643	(b) (i) the individual has resided within the municipality in which the individual seeks
7644	to hold elective office for the 12 consecutive months immediately before the date of the
7645	election; or
7646	(ii) the territory in which the individual resides was annexed into the municipality, the
7647	individual has resided within the annexed territory or the municipality the 12 consecutive
7648	months immediately before the date of the election.

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- 7649 (2) (a) For purposes of determining whether an individual meets the residency 7650 requirement of Subsection (1)(b)(i) in a municipality that was incorporated less than 12 months 7651 before the election, the municipality is considered to have been incorporated 12 months before 7652 the date of the election.
  - (b) In addition to the requirements of Subsection (1), each candidate for a municipal council position shall, if elected from a district, be a resident of the council district from which the candidate is elected.
  - (c) In accordance with Utah Constitution, Article IV, Section 6, a mentally incompetent individual, an individual convicted of a felony, or an individual convicted of treason or a crime against the elective franchise may not hold office in this state until the right to hold elective office is restored under Section 20A-2-101.3 or 20A-2-101.5.
  - (3) (a) An individual seeking to become a candidate for a municipal office shall, regardless of the nomination method by which the individual is seeking to become a candidate:
  - (i) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b) or Title 20A, Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, and subject to Subsection 20A-9-404(3)(e), file a declaration of candidacy, in person with the city recorder or town clerk, during the office hours described in Section 10-3-301 and not later than the close of those office hours, between June 1 and June 7 of any odd-numbered year; and
    - (ii) pay the filing fee, if one is required by municipal ordinance.
  - (b) Subject to Subsection (5)(b), an individual may designate an agent to file a declaration of candidacy with the city recorder or town clerk if:
    - (i) the individual is located outside of the state during the entire filing period;
    - (ii) the designated agent appears in person before the city recorder or town clerk;
  - (iii) the individual communicates with the city recorder or town clerk using an electronic device that allows the individual and city recorder or town clerk to see and hear each other; and
  - (iv) the individual provides the city recorder or town clerk with an email address to which the city recorder or town clerk may send the individual the copies described in Subsection (4).
    - (c) Any resident of a municipality may nominate a candidate for a municipal office by:
  - (i) except as provided in Title 20A, Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting

- 01-19-23 7:50 PM 7680 Methods Pilot Project, filing a nomination petition with the city recorder or town clerk during 7681 the office hours described in Section 10-3-301 and not later than the close of those office 7682 hours, between June 1 and June 7 of any odd-numbered year that includes signatures in support 7683 of the nomination petition of the lesser of at least: 7684 (A) 25 registered voters who reside in the municipality; or 7685 (B) 20% of the registered voters who reside in the municipality; and (ii) paying the filing fee, if one is required by municipal ordinance. 7686 7687 (4) (a) Before the filing officer may accept any declaration of candidacy or nomination petition, the filing officer shall: 7688 7689 (i) read to the prospective candidate or individual filing the petition the constitutional 7690 and statutory qualification requirements for the office that the candidate is seeking; 7691 (ii) require the candidate or individual filing the petition to state whether the candidate 7692 meets the requirements described in Subsection (4)(a)(i); and 7693 (iii) inform the candidate or the individual filing the petition that an individual who 7694 holds a municipal elected office may not, at the same time, hold a county elected office. 7695 (b) If the prospective candidate does not meet the qualification requirements for the 7696 office, the filing officer may not accept the declaration of candidacy or nomination petition. 7697 (c) If it appears that the prospective candidate meets the requirements of candidacy, the
  - filing officer shall:
  - (i) inform the candidate that the candidate's name will appear on the ballot as it is written on the declaration of candidacy;
  - (ii) provide the candidate with a copy of the current campaign financial disclosure laws for the office the candidate is seeking and inform the candidate that failure to comply will result in disqualification as a candidate and removal of the candidate's name from the ballot;
  - (iii) provide the candidate with a copy of Section 20A-7-801 regarding the Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website Program and inform the candidate of the submission deadline under Subsection 20A-7-801(4)(a);
  - (iv) provide the candidate with a copy of the pledge of fair campaign practices described under Section 20A-9-206 and inform the candidate that:
    - (A) signing the pledge is voluntary; and

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7710 (B) signed pledges shall be filed with the filing officer; and

//11	(v) accept the declaration of candidacy or nomination petition.
7712	(d) If the candidate elects to sign the pledge of fair campaign practices, the filing
7713	officer shall:
7714	(i) accept the candidate's pledge; and
7715	(ii) if the candidate has filed for a partisan office, provide a certified copy of the
7716	candidate's pledge to the chair of the county or state political party of which the candidate is a
7717	member.
7718	(5) (a) The declaration of candidacy shall be in substantially the following form:
7719	"I, (print name), being first sworn and under penalty of perjury, say that I reside at
7720	Street, City of, County of, state of Utah, Zip Code, Telephone Number
7721	(if any); that I am a registered voter; and that I am a candidate for the office of
7722	(stating the term). I will meet the legal qualifications required of candidates for this office. If
7723	filing via a designated agent, I attest that I will be out of the state of Utah during the entire
7724	candidate filing period. I will file all campaign financial disclosure reports as required by law
7725	and I understand that failure to do so will result in my disqualification as a candidate for this
7726	office and removal of my name from the ballot. I request that my name be printed upon the
7727	applicable official ballots. (Signed)
7728	Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me by on this
7729	(month\day\year).
7730	(Signed) (Clerk or other officer qualified to administer oath)."
7731	(b) An agent designated under Subsection (3)(b) to file a declaration of candidacy may
7732	not sign the form described in Subsection (5)(a).
7733	(c) (i) A nomination petition shall be in substantially the following form:
7734	"NOMINATION PETITION
7735	The undersigned residents of (name of municipality), being registered voters, nominate
7736	(name of nominee) for the office of (name of office) for the (length of term of office)."
7737	(ii) The remainder of the petition shall contain lines and columns for the signatures of
7738	individuals signing the petition and each individual's address and phone number.
7739	(6) If the declaration of candidacy or nomination petition fails to state whether the
7740	nomination is for the two-year or four-year term, the clerk shall consider the nomination to be

- 7741 for the four-year term. 7742 (7) (a) The clerk shall verify with the county clerk that all candidates are registered 7743 voters. 7744 (b) Any candidate who is not registered to vote is disqualified and the clerk may not 7745 print the candidate's name on the ballot. 7746 (8) Immediately after expiration of the period for filing a declaration of candidacy, the 7747 clerk shall: 7748 (a) publicize a list of the names of the candidates as they will appear on the ballot[:] by 7749 publishing the list for the municipality as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102 for seven 7750 days; and 7751 (i) (A) by publishing the list in at least two successive publications of a newspaper of 7752 general circulation in the municipality; 7753 (B) by posting one copy of the list, and at least one additional copy of the list per 7754 2,000 population of the municipality, in places within the municipality that are most likely to 7755 give notice to the voters in the municipality, subject to a maximum of 10 lists; or 7756 [(C) by mailing the list to each registered voter in the municipality;] 7757 [(ii) by posting the list on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section 7758 63A-16-601, for seven days; and 7759 [(iii) if the municipality has a website, by posting the list on the municipality's website 7760 for seven days; and] 7761 (b) notify the lieutenant governor of the names of the candidates as they will appear on 7762 the ballot. 7763 (9) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(c), an individual may not amend a 7764 declaration of candidacy or nomination petition filed under this section after the candidate 7765 filing period ends. 7766 (10) (a) A declaration of candidacy or nomination petition that an individual files under 7767 this section is valid unless a person files a written objection with the clerk before 5 p.m. within
  - (b) If a person files an objection, the clerk shall:

10 days after the last day for filing.

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7770 (i) mail or personally deliver notice of the objection to the affected candidate 7771 immediately; and

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- 7772 (ii) decide any objection within 48 hours after the objection is filed.
  - (c) If the clerk sustains the objection, the candidate may, before 5 p.m. within three days after the day on which the clerk sustains the objection, correct the problem for which the objection is sustained by amending the candidate's declaration of candidacy or nomination petition, or by filing a new declaration of candidacy.
    - (d) (i) The clerk's decision upon objections to form is final.
  - (ii) The clerk's decision upon substantive matters is reviewable by a district court if prompt application is made to the district court.
  - (iii) The decision of the district court is final unless the Supreme Court, in the exercise of its discretion, agrees to review the lower court decision.
  - (11) A candidate who qualifies for the ballot under this section may withdraw as a candidate by filing a written affidavit with the municipal clerk.
    - Section 140. Section 26-8a-405.3 is amended to read:
- 7785 **26-8a-405.3.** Use of competitive sealed proposals -- Procedure -- Notice -- Appeal rights.
  - (1) (a) Competitive sealed proposals for paramedic or 911 ambulance services under Section 26-8a-405.2, or for non-911 services under Section 26-8a-405.4, shall be solicited through a request for proposal and the provisions of this section.
  - (b) The governing body of the political subdivision shall approve the request for proposal prior to the notice of the request for proposals under Subsection (1)(c).
  - (c) [Notice] The governing body of the political subdivision shall publish notice of the request for proposals [shall be published:] for the political subdivision as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 for at least 20 days.
- [(i) by posting the notice for at least 20 days in at least five public places in the county;
  and
- 7797 [(ii) by posting the notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section 7798 63A-16-601, for at least 20 days.]
  - (2) (a) Proposals shall be opened so as to avoid disclosure of contents to competing offerors during the process of negotiations.
- 7801 (b) (i) Subsequent to the published notice, and prior to selecting an applicant, the political subdivision shall hold a presubmission conference with interested applicants for the

purpose of assuring full understanding of, and responsiveness to, solicitation requirements.

- (ii) A political subdivision shall allow at least 90 days from the presubmission conference for the proposers to submit proposals.
- (c) Subsequent to the presubmission conference, the political subdivision may issue addenda to the request for proposals. An addenda to a request for proposal shall be finalized and posted by the political subdivision at least 45 days before the day on which the proposal must be submitted.
- (d) Offerors to the request for proposals shall be accorded fair and equal treatment with respect to any opportunity for discussion and revisions of proposals, and revisions may be permitted after submission and before a contract is awarded for the purpose of obtaining best and final offers.
- (e) In conducting discussions, there shall be no disclosures of any information derived from proposals submitted by competing offerors.
- (3) (a) (i) A political subdivision may select an applicant approved by the department under Section 26-8a-404 to provide 911 ambulance or paramedic services by contract to the most responsible offeror as defined in Section 63G-6a-103.
- (ii) An award under Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall be made to the responsible offeror whose proposal is determined in writing to be the most advantageous to the political subdivision, taking into consideration price and the evaluation factors set forth in the request for proposal.
- (b) The applicants who are approved under Section 26-8a-405 and who are selected under this section may be the political subdivision issuing the request for competitive sealed proposals, or any other public entity or entities, any private person or entity, or any combination thereof.
  - (c) A political subdivision may reject all of the competitive proposals.
- (4) In seeking competitive sealed proposals and awarding contracts under this section, a political subdivision:
- (a) shall apply the public convenience and necessity factors listed in Subsections 26-8a-408(2) through (6);
- (b) shall require the applicant responding to the proposal to disclose how the applicant will meet performance standards in the request for proposal;
  - (c) may not require or restrict an applicant to a certain method of meeting the

7834	performance standards, including:
7835	(i) requiring ambulance medical personnel to also be a firefighter; or
7836	(ii) mandating that offerors use fire stations or dispatch services of the political
7837	subdivision;
7838	(d) shall require an applicant to submit the proposal:
7839	(i) based on full cost accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting
7840	principals; and
7841	(ii) if the applicant is a governmental entity, in addition to the requirements of
7842	Subsection (4)(e)(i), in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards and
7843	in compliance with the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide; and
7844	(e) shall set forth in the request for proposal:
7845	(i) the method for determining full cost accounting in accordance with generally
7846	accepted accounting principles, and require an applicant to submit the proposal based on such
7847	full cost accounting principles;
7848	(ii) guidelines established to further competition and provider accountability; and
7849	(iii) a list of the factors that will be considered by the political subdivision in the award
7850	of the contract, including by percentage, the relative weight of the factors established under this
7851	Subsection (4)(e), which may include such things as:
7852	(A) response times;
7853	(B) staging locations;
7854	(C) experience;
7855	(D) quality of care; and
7856	(E) cost, consistent with the cost accounting method in Subsection (4)(e)(i).
7857	(5) (a) Notwithstanding any provision of Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement
7858	Code, to the contrary, the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, apply
7859	to the procurement process required by this section, except as provided in Subsection (5)(c).
7860	(b) A procurement appeals panel described in Section 63G-6a-1702 shall have
7861	jurisdiction to review and determine an appeal of an offeror under this section.
7862	(c) (i) An offeror may appeal the solicitation or award as provided by the political
7863	subdivision's procedures. After all political subdivision appeal rights are exhausted, the offeron
7864	may appeal under the provisions of Subsections (5)(a) and (b).

7865	(ii) A procurement appeals panel described in Section 63G-6a-1702 shall determine
7866	whether the solicitation or award was made in accordance with the procedures set forth in this
7867	section and Section 26-8a-405.2.
7868	(d) The determination of an issue of fact by the appeals board shall be final and
7869	conclusive unless arbitrary and capricious or clearly erroneous as provided in Section
7870	63G-6a-1705.
7871	Section 141. Section 26-61a-303 is amended to read:
7872	26-61a-303. Renewal Notice of available license.
7873	(1) The department shall renew a license under this part every year if, at the time of
7874	renewal:
7875	(a) the licensee meets the requirements of Section 26-61a-301;
7876	(b) the licensee pays the department a license renewal fee in an amount that, subject to
7877	Subsection 26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and
7878	(c) if the medical cannabis pharmacy changes the operating plan described in Section
7879	26-61a-304 that the department approved under Subsection 26-61a-301(2)(b)(iv), the
7880	department approves the new operating plan.
7881	(2) (a) If a licensed medical cannabis pharmacy abandons the medical cannabis
7882	pharmacy's license, the department shall publish notice of an available license[:], for the
7883	geographic area in which the medical cannabis pharmacy license is available, as a class A
7884	notice under Section 63G-28-102.
7885	[(i) in a newspaper of general circulation for the geographic area in which the medical
7886	cannabis pharmacy license is available; or]
7887	[(ii) on the Utah Public Notice Website established in Section 63A-16-601.]
7888	(b) The department may establish criteria, in collaboration with the Division of
7889	Professional Licensing and the Board of Pharmacy and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter
7890	3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to identify the medical cannabis pharmacy actions that
7891	constitute abandonment of a medical cannabis pharmacy license.
7892	(3) If the department has not completed the necessary processes to make a
7893	determination on a license renewal under Subsections (1)(a) and (c) before the expiration of a
7894	license, the department may issue a conditional medical cannabis pharmacy license to a
7895	licensed medical cannabis pharmacy that has applied for license renewal under this section and

/896	paid the fee described in Subsection (1)(b).
7897	Section 142. Section <b>52-4-202</b> is amended to read:
7898	52-4-202. Public notice of meetings Emergency meetings.
7899	(1) (a) (i) A public body shall give not less than 24 hours' public notice of each
7900	meeting.
7901	(ii) A specified body shall give not less than 24 hours' public notice of each meeting
7902	that the specified body holds on the capitol hill complex.
7903	(b) The public notice required under Subsection (1)(a) shall include the meeting:
7904	(i) agenda;
7905	(ii) date;
7906	(iii) time; and
7907	(iv) place.
7908	(2) (a) In addition to the requirements under Subsection (1), a public body which holds
7909	regular meetings that are scheduled in advance over the course of a year shall give public
7910	notice at least once each year of its annual meeting schedule as provided in this section.
7911	(b) The public notice under Subsection (2)(a) shall specify the date, time, and place of
7912	the scheduled meetings.
7913	(3) (a) A public body or specified body satisfies a requirement for public notice by[:]
7914	publishing the notice for the public body's jurisdiction as a class A notice under Section
7915	<u>63G-28-102.</u>
7916	[(i) posting written notice:]
7917	[(A) except for an electronic meeting held without an anchor location under Subsection
7918	52-4-207(4), at the principal office of the public body or specified body, or if no principal
7919	office exists, at the building where the meeting is to be held; and]
7920	[(B) on the Utah Public Notice Website created under Section 63A-16-601; and]
7921	[(ii) providing notice to:]
7922	[(A) at least one newspaper of general circulation within the geographic jurisdiction of
7923	the public body; or]
7924	[(B) a local media correspondent.]
7925	[(b) A public body or specified body is in compliance with the provisions of
7926	Subsection (3)(a)(ii) by providing notice to a newspaper or local media correspondent under

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7927	the provisions of Subsection 63A-16-601(4)(d).
7928	[(c)] (b) A public body whose limited resources make compliance with Subsection
7929	(3)(a)(i)(B) difficult may request the Division of Archives and Records Service, created in
7930	Section 63A-12-101, to provide technical assistance to help the public body in its effort to
7931	comply.
7932	(4) A public body and a specified body are encouraged to develop and use additional
7933	electronic means to provide notice of their meetings under Subsection (3).
7934	(5) (a) The notice requirement of Subsection (1) may be disregarded if:
7935	(i) because of unforeseen circumstances it is necessary for a public body or specified
7936	body to hold an emergency meeting to consider matters of an emergency or urgent nature; and
7937	(ii) the public body or specified body gives the best notice practicable of:
7938	(A) the time and place of the emergency meeting; and
7939	(B) the topics to be considered at the emergency meeting.
7940	(b) An emergency meeting of a public body may not be held unless:
7941	(i) an attempt has been made to notify all the members of the public body; and
7942	(ii) a majority of the members of the public body approve the meeting.
7943	(6) (a) A public notice that is required to include an agenda under Subsection (1) shall
7944	provide reasonable specificity to notify the public as to the topics to be considered at the
7945	meeting. Each topic shall be listed under an agenda item on the meeting agenda.
7946	(b) Subject to the provisions of Subsection (6)(c), and at the discretion of the presiding
7947	member of the public body, a topic raised by the public may be discussed during an open
7948	meeting, even if the topic raised by the public was not included in the agenda or advance public
7949	notice for the meeting.
7950	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (5), relating to emergency meetings, a public
7951	body may not take final action on a topic in an open meeting unless the topic is:
7952	(i) listed under an agenda item as required by Subsection (6)(a); and
7953	(ii) included with the advance public notice required by this section.
7954	(7) Except as provided in this section, this chapter does not apply to a specified body.
7955	Section 143. Section <b>52-4-302</b> is amended to read:

(1) (a) Any final action taken in violation of Section 52-4-201, 52-4-202, 52-4-207, or

52-4-302. Suit to void final action -- Limitation -- Exceptions.

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- 7958 52-4-209 is voidable by a court of competent jurisdiction. 7959 (b) A court may not void a final action taken by a public body for failure to comply 7960 with the posting written notice requirements under Subsection [52-4-202(3)(a)(i)(B)] 7961 52-4-202(3)(a) if: 7962 (i) the posting is made for a meeting that is held before April 1, 2009; or 7963 (ii) (A) the public body otherwise complies with the provisions of Section 52-4-202; 7964 and 7965 (B) the failure was a result of unforeseen Internet hosting or communication 7966 technology failure. 7967 (2) Except as provided under Subsection (3), a suit to void final action shall be 7968 commenced within 90 days after the date of the action. 7969 (3) A suit to void final action concerning the issuance of bonds, notes, or other 7970 evidences of indebtedness shall be commenced within 30 days after the date of the action. 7971 Section 144. Section **53B-7-101.5** is amended to read: 7972 53B-7-101.5. Proposed tuition increases -- Notice -- Hearings. 7973 (1) If an institution within the State System of Higher Education listed in Section 7974 53B-1-102 considers increasing tuition rates for undergraduate students in the process of 7975 preparing or implementing its budget, it shall hold a meeting to receive public input and 7976 response on the issue. 7977 (2) The institution shall advertise the hearing required under Subsection (1) using the 7978 following procedure: 7979 (a) [The] the institution shall advertise [its] the institution's intent to consider an 7980 increase in student tuition rates: 7981 (i) in the institution's student newspaper twice during a period of 10 days [prior to] 7982 before the meeting; and 7983 (ii) for each county where the institution has a campus, as a class A notice under 7984 Section 63G-28-102 at least 10 days before the meeting; and 7985 [(ii) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for 10 days 7986 immediately before the meeting.]

(b) [The] the advertisement shall state that the institution will meet on a certain day,

time, and place fixed in the advertisement, which shall not be less than seven days after the day

7989	the [second] advertisement is published, for the purpose of hearing comments regarding the
7990	proposed increase and to explain the reasons for the proposed increase.
7991	(3) The form and content of the notice shall be substantially as follows:
7992	"NOTICE OF PROPOSED TUITION INCREASE
7993	The (name of the higher education institution) is proposing to increase student tuition
7994	rates. This would be an increase of %, which is an increase of \$ per semester
7995	for a full-time resident undergraduate student. All concerned students and citizens are invited
7996	to a public hearing on the proposed increase to be held at (meeting place) on (date) at (time)."
7997	(4) (a) The institution shall provide the following information to those in attendance at
7998	the meeting required under Subsection (1):
7999	(i) the current year's student enrollment for:
8000	(A) the State System of Higher Education, if a systemwide increase is being
8001	considered; or
8002	(B) the institution, if an increase is being considered for just a single institution;
8003	(ii) total tuition revenues for the current school year;
8004	(iii) projected student enrollment growth for the next school year and projected tuition
8005	revenue increases from that anticipated growth; and
8006	(iv) a detailed accounting of how and where the increased tuition revenues would be
8007	spent.
8008	(b) The enrollment and revenue data required under Subsection (4)(a) shall be broken
8009	down into majors or departments if the proposed tuition increases are department or major
8010	specific.
8011	(5) If the institution does not make a final decision on the proposed tuition increase at
8012	the meeting, it shall announce the date, time, and place of the meeting where that determination
8013	shall be made.
8014	Section 145. Section 53E-4-202 is amended to read:
8015	53E-4-202. Core standards for Utah public schools Notice and hearing
8016	requirements.
8017	(1) (a) In establishing minimum standards related to curriculum and instruction
8018	requirements under Section 53E-3-501, the state board shall, in consultation with local school
8019	boards, school superintendents, teachers, employers, and parents implement core standards for

8020	Utah public schools that will enable students to, among other objectives:
8021	(i) communicate effectively, both verbally and through written communication;
8022	(ii) apply mathematics; and
8023	(iii) access, analyze, and apply information.
8024	(b) Except as provided in this public education code, the state board may recommend
8025	but may not require a local school board or charter school governing board to use:
8026	(i) a particular curriculum or instructional material; or
8027	(ii) a model curriculum or instructional material.
8028	(2) The state board shall, in establishing the core standards for Utah public schools:
8029	(a) identify the basic knowledge, skills, and competencies each student is expected to
8030	acquire or master as the student advances through the public education system; and
8031	(b) align with each other the core standards for Utah public schools and the
8032	assessments described in Section 53E-4-303.
8033	(3) The basic knowledge, skills, and competencies identified pursuant to Subsection
8034	(2)(a) shall increase in depth and complexity from year to year and focus on consistent and
8035	continual progress within and between grade levels and courses in the basic academic areas of:
8036	(a) English, including explicit phonics, spelling, grammar, reading, writing,
8037	vocabulary, speech, and listening; and
8038	(b) mathematics, including basic computational skills.
8039	(4) Before adopting core standards for Utah public schools, the state board shall:
8040	(a) publicize draft core standards for Utah public schools [on the state board's website
8041	and the Utah Public Notice website created under Section 63A-16-601] for the state as a class
8042	A notice under Section 63G-28-102;
8043	(b) invite public comment on the draft core standards for Utah public schools for a
8044	period of not less than 90 days; and
8045	(c) conduct three public hearings that are held in different regions of the state on the
8046	draft core standards for Utah public schools.
8047	(5) LEA governing boards shall design their school programs, that are supported by
8048	generally accepted scientific standards of evidence, to focus on the core standards for Utah
8049	public schools with the expectation that each program will enhance or help achieve mastery of
8050	the core standards for Utah public schools.

- 8051 (6) Except as provided in Sections 53G-10-103 and 53G-10-402, each school may 8052 select instructional materials and methods of teaching, that are supported by generally accepted 8053 scientific standards of evidence, that the school considers most appropriate to meet the core 8054 standards for Utah public schools. 8055 (7) The state may exit any agreement, contract, memorandum of understanding, or 8056 consortium that cedes control of the core standards for Utah public schools to any other entity, 8057 including a federal agency or consortium, for any reason, including: 8058 (a) the cost of developing or implementing the core standards for Utah public schools: 8059 (b) the proposed core standards for Utah public schools are inconsistent with 8060 community values; or 8061 (c) the agreement, contract, memorandum of understanding, or consortium: 8062 (i) was entered into in violation of Chapter 3, Part 8, Implementing Federal or National Education Programs, or Title 63J, Chapter 5, Federal Funds Procedures Act; 8063 8064 (ii) conflicts with Utah law; 8065 (iii) requires Utah student data to be included in a national or multi-state database; 8066 (iv) requires records of teacher performance to be included in a national or multi-state 8067 database; or 8068 (v) imposes curriculum, assessment, or data tracking requirements on home school or 8069 private school students. 8070 (8) The state board shall submit a report in accordance with Section 53E-1-203 on the 8071 development and implementation of the core standards for Utah public schools, including the 8072 time line established for the review of the core standards for Utah public schools by a standards 8073 review committee and the recommendations of a standards review committee established under 8074 Section 53E-4-203. 8075 Section 146. Section 53G-3-204 is amended to read: 8076 53G-3-204. Notice before preparing or amending a long-range plan or acquiring 8077 certain property.
- 8078 (1) As used in this section:

8080 8081 (a) "Affected entity" means each county, municipality, local district under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Local Districts, special service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, interlocal cooperation entity established

under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, and specified public utility:

- (i) whose services or facilities are likely to require expansion or significant modification because of an intended use of land; or
- (ii) that has filed with the school district a copy of the general or long-range plan of the county, municipality, local district, special service district, school district, interlocal cooperation entity, or specified public utility.
- (b) "Specified public utility" means an electrical corporation, gas corporation, or telephone corporation, as those terms are defined in Section 54-2-1.
- (2) (a) If a school district located in a county of the first or second class prepares a long-range plan regarding the school district's facilities proposed for the future or amends an already existing long-range plan, the school district shall, before preparing a long-range plan or amendments to an existing long-range plan, provide written notice, as provided in this section, of the school district's intent to prepare a long-range plan or to amend an existing long-range plan.
  - (b) Each notice under Subsection (2)(a) shall:
- (i) indicate that the school district intends to prepare a long-range plan or to amend a long-range plan, as the case may be;
- (ii) describe or provide a map of the geographic area that will be affected by the long-range plan or amendments to a long-range plan;
  - (iii) be:
- (A) sent to each county in whose unincorporated area and each municipality in whose boundaries is located the land on which the proposed long-range plan or amendments to a long-range plan are expected to indicate that the proposed facilities will be located;
  - (B) sent to each affected entity;
  - (C) sent to the Utah Geospatial Resource Center created in Section 63A-16-505;
- (D) sent to each association of governments, established pursuant to an interlocal agreement under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, of which a county or municipality described in Subsection (2)(b)(iii)(A) is a member; and
- (E) [placed on the Utah Public Notice Website created under Section 63A-16-601] published for the geographic area that will be affected by the proposed long-range plan, or amendments to a long-range plan, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102;

8113	(iv) with respect to the notice to counties and municipalities described in Subsection
8114	(2)(b)(iii)(A) and affected entities, invite them to provide information for the school district to
8115	consider in the process of preparing, adopting, and implementing the long-range plan or
8116	amendments to a long-range plan concerning:
8117	(A) impacts that the use of land proposed in the proposed long-range plan or
8118	amendments to a long-range plan may have on the county, municipality, or affected entity; and
8119	(B) uses of land that the county, municipality, or affected entity is planning or
8120	considering that may conflict with the proposed long-range plan or amendments to a long-range
8121	plan; and
8122	(v) include the address of an Internet website, if the school district has one, and the
8123	name and telephone number of an individual where more information can be obtained
8124	concerning the school district's proposed long-range plan or amendments to a long-range plan.
8125	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(d), each school district intending to
8126	acquire real property in a county of the first or second class for the purpose of expanding the
8127	district's infrastructure or other facilities shall provide written notice, as provided in this
8128	Subsection (3), of the school district's intent to acquire the property if the intended use of the
8129	property is contrary to:
8130	(i) the anticipated use of the property under the county or municipality's general plan;
8131	or
8132	(ii) the property's current zoning designation.
8133	(b) Each notice under Subsection (3)(a) shall:
8134	(i) indicate that the school district intends to acquire real property;
8135	(ii) identify the real property; and
8136	(iii) be sent to:
8137	(A) each county in whose unincorporated area and each municipality in whose
8138	boundaries the property is located; and
8139	(B) each affected entity.
8140	(c) A notice under this Subsection (3) is a protected record as provided in Subsection
8141	63G-2-305(8).
8142	(d) (i) The notice requirement of Subsection (3)(a) does not apply if the school district

previously provided notice under Subsection (2) identifying the general location within the

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local school board approval.

8144	municipality or unincorporated part of the county where the property to be acquired is located.
8145	(ii) If a school district is not required to comply with the notice requirement of
8146	Subsection (3)(a) because of application of Subsection (3)(d)(i), the school district shall
8147	provide the notice specified in Subsection (3)(a) as soon as practicable after the school district's
8148	acquisition of the real property.
8149	Section 147. Section <b>53G-4-204</b> is amended to read:
8150	53G-4-204. Compensation for services Additional per diem Notice of meeting
8151	Approval of expenses.
8152	(1) Each member of a local school board, except the student member, shall receive
8153	compensation for services and for necessary expenses in accordance with compensation
8154	schedules adopted by the local school board in accordance with the provisions of this section.
8155	(2) Beginning on July 1, 2007, if a local school board decides to adopt or amend its
8156	compensation schedules, the local school board shall set a time and place for a public hearing
8157	at which all interested persons shall be given an opportunity to be heard.
8158	(3) Notice of the time, place, and purpose of the meeting shall be provided at least
8159	seven days prior to the meeting by[:] publishing a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 for
8160	the school district.
8161	[(a) (i) publication at least once in a newspaper published in the county where the
8162	school district is situated and generally circulated within the school district; and]
8163	[(ii) publication on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601;
8164	and]
8165	[(b) posting a notice:]
8166	[(i) at each school within the school district;]
8167	[(ii) in at least three other public places within the school district; and]
8168	[(iii) on the Internet in a manner that is easily accessible to citizens that use the
8169	Internet.]
8170	(4) After the conclusion of the public hearing, the local school board may adopt or
8171	amend its compensation schedules.
8172	(5) Each member shall submit an itemized account of necessary travel expenses for

(6) A local school board may, without following the procedures described in

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8175	Subsections (2) and (3), continue to use the compensation schedule that was in effect prior to
8176	July 1, 2007, until, at the discretion of the local school board, the compensation schedule is
8177	amended or a new compensation schedule is adopted.
8178	Section 148. Section <b>53G-4-402</b> is amended to read:
8179	53G-4-402. Powers and duties generally.
8180	(1) A local school board shall:
8181	(a) implement the core standards for Utah public schools using instructional materials
8182	that best correlate to the core standards for Utah public schools and graduation requirements;
8183	(b) administer tests, required by the state board, which measure the progress of each
8184	student, and coordinate with the state superintendent and state board to assess results and create
8185	plans to improve the student's progress, which shall be submitted to the state board for
8186	approval;
8187	(c) use progress-based assessments as part of a plan to identify schools, teachers, and
8188	students that need remediation and determine the type and amount of federal, state, and local
8189	resources to implement remediation;
8190	(d) for each grading period and for each course in which a student is enrolled, issue a
8191	grade or performance report to the student:
8192	(i) that reflects the student's work, including the student's progress based on mastery.

- (i) that reflects the student's work, including the student's progress based on mastery, for the grading period; and
- (ii) in accordance with the local school board's adopted grading or performance standards and criteria;

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- (e) develop early warning systems for students or classes failing to make progress;
- (f) work with the state board to establish a library of documented best practices, consistent with state and federal regulations, for use by the local districts;
- (g) implement training programs for school administrators, including basic management training, best practices in instructional methods, budget training, staff management, managing for learning results and continuous improvement, and how to help every child achieve optimal learning in basic academic subjects; and
- (h) ensure that the local school board meets the data collection and reporting standards described in Section 53E-3-501.
  - (2) Local school boards shall spend Minimum School Program funds for programs and

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- activities for which the state board has established minimum standards or rules under Section 53E-3-501.

  (3) (a) A local school board may purchase, sell, and make improvements on school sites, buildings, and equipment and construct, erect, and furnish school buildings.
  - (b) School sites or buildings may only be conveyed or sold on local school board resolution affirmed by at least two-thirds of the members.
  - (4) (a) A local school board may participate in the joint construction or operation of a school attended by children residing within the district and children residing in other districts either within or outside the state.
    - (b) Any agreement for the joint operation or construction of a school shall:
    - (i) be signed by the president of the local school board of each participating district;
    - (ii) include a mutually agreed upon pro rata cost; and
    - (iii) be filed with the state board.
  - (5) A local school board may establish, locate, and maintain elementary, secondary, and applied technology schools.
  - (6) Except as provided in Section 53E-3-905, a local school board may enroll children in school who are at least five years old before September 2 of the year in which admission is sought.
    - (7) A local school board may establish and support school libraries.
  - (8) A local school board may collect damages for the loss, injury, or destruction of school property.
    - (9) A local school board may authorize guidance and counseling services for children and their parents before, during, or following enrollment of the children in schools.
    - (10) (a) A local school board shall administer and implement federal educational programs in accordance with Title 53E, Chapter 3, Part 8, Implementing Federal or National Education Programs.
  - (b) Federal funds are not considered funds within the school district budget under Chapter 7, Part 3, Budgets.
- 8234 (11) (a) A local school board may organize school safety patrols and adopt policies 8235 under which the patrols promote student safety.
- (b) A student appointed to a safety patrol shall be at least 10 years old and have written

8237	parental consent for the appointment.
8238	(c) Safety patrol members may not direct vehicular traffic or be stationed in a portion
8239	of a highway intended for vehicular traffic use.
8240	(d) Liability may not attach to a school district, its employees, officers, or agents or to a
8241	safety patrol member, a parent of a safety patrol member, or an authorized volunteer assisting
8242	the program by virtue of the organization, maintenance, or operation of a school safety patrol.
8243	(12) (a) A local school board may on its own behalf, or on behalf of an educational
8244	institution for which the local school board is the direct governing body, accept private grants,
8245	loans, gifts, endowments, devises, or bequests that are made for educational purposes.
8246	(b) These contributions are not subject to appropriation by the Legislature.
8247	(13) (a) A local school board may appoint and fix the compensation of a compliance
8248	officer to issue citations for violations of Subsection 76-10-105(2)(b).
8249	(b) A person may not be appointed to serve as a compliance officer without the
8250	person's consent.
8251	(c) A teacher or student may not be appointed as a compliance officer.
8252	(14) A local school board shall adopt bylaws and policies for the local school board's
8253	own procedures.
8254	(15) (a) A local school board shall make and enforce policies necessary for the control
8255	and management of the district schools.
8256	(b) Local school board policies shall be in writing, filed, and referenced for public
8257	access.
8258	(16) A local school board may hold school on legal holidays other than Sundays.
8259	(17) (a) A local school board shall establish for each school year a school traffic safety
8260	committee to implement this Subsection (17).
8261	(b) The committee shall be composed of one representative of:
8262	(i) the schools within the district;
8263	(ii) the Parent Teachers' Association of the schools within the district;
8264	(iii) the municipality or county;

(iv) state or local law enforcement; and

(c) The committee shall:

(v) state or local traffic safety engineering.

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- (i) receive suggestions from school community councils, parents, teachers, and others and recommend school traffic safety improvements, boundary changes to enhance safety, and school traffic safety program measures;
- (ii) review and submit annually to the Department of Transportation and affected municipalities and counties a child access routing plan for each elementary, middle, and junior high school within the district;
- (iii) consult the Utah Safety Council and the Division of Family Health Services and provide training to all school children in kindergarten through grade 6, within the district, on school crossing safety and use; and
- (iv) help ensure the district's compliance with rules made by the Department of Transportation under Section 41-6a-303.
- (d) The committee may establish subcommittees as needed to assist in accomplishing the committee's duties under Subsection (17)(c).
- (18) (a) A local school board shall adopt and implement a comprehensive emergency response plan to prevent and combat violence in the local school board's public schools, on school grounds, on its school vehicles, and in connection with school-related activities or events.
  - (b) The plan shall:
  - (i) include prevention, intervention, and response components;
- (ii) be consistent with the student conduct and discipline policies required for school districts under Chapter 11, Part 2, Miscellaneous Requirements;
- (iii) require professional learning for all district and school building staff on what their roles are in the emergency response plan;
- (iv) provide for coordination with local law enforcement and other public safety representatives in preventing, intervening, and responding to violence in the areas and activities referred to in Subsection (18)(a); and
- (v) include procedures to notify a student, to the extent practicable, who is off campus at the time of a school violence emergency because the student is:
  - (A) participating in a school-related activity; or
- 8297 (B) excused from school for a period of time during the regular school day to participate in religious instruction at the request of the student's parent.

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board shall:

8299 (c) The state board, through the state superintendent, shall develop comprehensive 8300 emergency response plan models that local school boards may use, where appropriate, to 8301 comply with Subsection (18)(a). 8302 (d) A local school board shall, by July 1 of each year, certify to the state board that its 8303 plan has been practiced at the school level and presented to and reviewed by its teachers, 8304 administrators, students, and their parents and local law enforcement and public safety 8305 representatives. (19) (a) A local school board may adopt an emergency response plan for the treatment 8306 8307 of sports-related injuries that occur during school sports practices and events. 8308 (b) The plan may be implemented by each secondary school in the district that has a 8309 sports program for students. 8310 (c) The plan may: 8311 (i) include emergency personnel, emergency communication, and emergency 8312 equipment components; 8313 (ii) require professional learning on the emergency response plan for school personnel 8314 who are involved in sports programs in the district's secondary schools; and (iii) provide for coordination with individuals and agency representatives who: 8315 8316 (A) are not employees of the school district; and 8317 (B) would be involved in providing emergency services to students injured while 8318 participating in sports events. 8319 (d) The local school board, in collaboration with the schools referred to in Subsection 8320 (19)(b), may review the plan each year and make revisions when required to improve or 8321 enhance the plan. 8322 (e) The state board, through the state superintendent, shall provide local school boards with an emergency plan response model that local school boards may use to comply with the 8323 8324 requirements of this Subsection (19). 8325 (20) A local school board shall do all other things necessary for the maintenance,

prosperity, and success of the schools and the promotion of education.

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(21) (a) Before closing a school or changing the boundaries of a school, a local school

(i) at least 120 days before approving the school closure or school boundary change,

3330	provide notice to the following that the local school board is considering the closure or
3331	boundary change:
3332	(A) parents of students enrolled in the school, using the same form of communication
3333	the local school board regularly uses to communicate with parents;
3334	(B) parents of students enrolled in other schools within the school district that may be
3335	affected by the closure or boundary change, using the same form of communication the local
3336	school board regularly uses to communicate with parents; and
3337	(C) the governing council and the mayor of the municipality in which the school is
3338	located;
3339	(ii) provide an opportunity for public comment on the proposed school closure or
3340	school boundary change during at least two public local school board meetings; and
3341	(iii) hold a public hearing as defined in Section 10-9a-103 and provide public notice of
3342	the public hearing as described in Subsection (21)(b).
8343	(b) The notice of a public hearing required under Subsection (21)(a)(iii) shall:
3344	(i) indicate the:
3345	(A) school or schools under consideration for closure or boundary change; and
8346	(B) the date, time, and location of the public hearing;
3347	(ii) at least 10 days before the public hearing, be[:] published for the school district in
8348	which the school is located as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102; and
3349	[ <del>(A) published:</del> ]
3350	[(I) in a newspaper of general circulation in the area; and]
3351	[(II) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; and]
3352	[(B) posted in at least three public locations within the municipality in which the
3353	school is located on the school district's official website, and prominently at the school; and]
3354	(iii) at least 30 days before the public hearing described in Subsection (21)(a)(iii), be
3355	provided as described in Subsections (21)(a)(i)(A), (B), and (C).
3356	(22) A local school board may implement a facility energy efficiency program
3357	established under Title 11, Chapter 44, Performance Efficiency Act.
8358	(23) A local school board may establish or partner with a certified youth court in
8359	accordance with Section 80-6-902 or establish or partner with a comparable restorative justice
3360	program, in coordination with schools in that district. A school may refer a student to a youth

8361	court or a comparable restorative justice program in accordance with Section 53G-8-211.
8362	(24) A local school board shall:
8363	(a) make curriculum that the school district uses readily accessible and available for a
8364	parent to view;
8365	(b) annually notify a parent of a student enrolled in the school district of how to access
8366	the information described in Subsection (24)(a); and
8367	(c) include on the school district's website information about how to access the
8368	information described in Subsection (24)(a).
8369	Section 149. Section <b>53G-5-504</b> is amended to read:
8370	53G-5-504. Charter school closure.
8371	(1) As used in this section, "receiving charter school" means a charter school that an
8372	authorizer permits under Subsection (13)(a), to accept enrollment applications from students of
8373	a closing charter school.
8374	(2) If a charter school is closed for any reason, including the termination of a charter
8375	agreement in accordance with Section 53G-5-503 or the conversion of a charter school to a
8376	private school, the provisions of this section apply.
8377	(3) A decision to close a charter school is made:
8378	(a) when a charter school authorizer approves a motion to terminate described in
8379	Subsection 53G-5-503(2)(c);
8380	(b) when the state board takes final action described in Subsection 53G-5-503(2)(d)(ii);
8381	or
8382	(c) when a charter school provides notice to the charter school's authorizer that the
8383	charter school is relinquishing the charter school's charter.
8384	(4) (a) No later than 10 days after the day on which a decision to close a charter school
8385	is made, the charter school shall:
8386	(i) provide notice to the following, in writing, of the decision:
8387	(A) if the charter school made the decision to close, the charter school's authorizer;
8388	(B) the State Charter School Board;
8389	(C) if the state board did not make the decision to close, the state board;
8390	(D) parents of students enrolled at the charter school;
8391	(E) the charter school's creditors;

8392	(F) the charter school's lease holders;
8393	(G) the charter school's bond issuers;
8394	(H) other entities that may have a claim to the charter school's assets;
8395	(I) the school district in which the charter school is located and other charter schools
8396	located in that school district; and
8397	(J) any other person that the charter school determines to be appropriate; and
8398	(ii) [post] publish notice of the decision [on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in
8399	Section 63A-16-601] for the school district in which the charter school is located as a class A
8400	notice under Section 63G-28-102.
8401	(b) The notice described in Subsection (4)(a) shall include:
8402	(i) the proposed date of the charter school closure;
8403	(ii) the charter school's plans to help students identify and transition into a new school;
8404	and
8405	(iii) contact information for the charter school during the transition.
8406	(5) No later than 10 days after the day on which a decision to close a charter school is
8407	made, the closing charter school shall:
8408	(a) designate a custodian for the protection of student files and school business records
8409	(b) designate a base of operation that will be maintained throughout the charter school
8410	closing, including:
8411	(i) an office;
8412	(ii) hours of operation;
8413	(iii) operational telephone service with voice messaging stating the hours of operation;
8414	and
8415	(iv) a designated individual to respond to questions or requests during the hours of
8416	operation;
8417	(c) assure that the charter school will maintain private insurance coverage or risk
8418	management coverage for covered claims that arise before closure, throughout the transition to
8419	closure and for a period following closure of the charter school as specified by the charter
8420	school's authorizer;
8421	(d) assure that the charter school will complete by the set deadlines for all fiscal years
8422	in which funds are received or expended by the charter school a financial audit and any other

8423	procedure required by state board rule;
8424	(e) inventory all assets of the charter school; and
8425	(f) list all creditors of the charter school and specifically identify secured creditors and
8426	assets that are security interests.
8427	(6) The closing charter school's authorizer shall oversee the closing charter school's
8428	compliance with Subsection (5).
8429	(7) (a) A closing charter school shall return any assets remaining, after all liabilities
8430	and obligations of the closing charter school are paid or discharged, to the closing charter
8431	school's authorizer.
8432	(b) The closing charter school's authorizer shall liquidate assets at fair market value or
8433	assign the assets to another public school.
8434	(8) The closing charter school's authorizer shall oversee liquidation of assets and
8435	payment of debt in accordance with state board rule.
8436	(9) The closing charter school shall:
8437	(a) comply with all state and federal reporting requirements; and
8438	(b) submit all documentation and complete all state and federal reports required by the
8439	closing charter school's authorizer or the state board, including documents to verify the closing
8440	charter school's compliance with procedural requirements and satisfaction of all financial
8441	issues.
8442	(10) When the closing charter school's financial affairs are closed out and dissolution is
8443	complete, the authorizer shall ensure that a final audit of the charter school is completed.
8444	(11) On or before January 1, 2017, the state board shall, in accordance with Title 63G,
8445	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, and after considering suggestions from
8446	charter school authorizers, make rules that:
8447	(a) provide additional closure procedures for charter schools; and
8448	(b) establish a charter school closure process.
8449	(12) (a) Upon termination of the charter school's charter agreement:
8450	(i) notwithstanding provisions to the contrary in Title 16, Chapter 6a, Part 14,
8451	Dissolution, the nonprofit corporation under which the charter school is organized and
8452	managed may be unilaterally dissolved by the authorizer; and
8453	(ii) the net assets of the charter school shall revert to the authorizer as described in

8454	Subsection (7).
8455	(b) The charter school and the authorizer shall mutually agree in writing on the
8456	effective date and time of the dissolution described in Subsection (12)(a).
8457	(c) The effective date and time of dissolution described in Subsection (12)(b) may not
8458	exceed five years after the date of the termination of the charter agreement.
8459	(13) Notwithstanding the provisions of Chapter 6, Part 5, Charter School Enrollment:
8460	(a) an authorizer may permit a specified number of students from a closing charter
8461	school to be enrolled in another charter school, if the receiving charter school:
8462	(i) (A) is authorized by the same authorizer as the closing charter school; or
8463	(B) is authorized by a different authorizer and the authorizer of the receiving charter
8464	school approves the increase in enrollment; and
8465	(ii) agrees to accept enrollment applications from students of the closing charter
8466	school;
8467	(b) a receiving charter school shall give new enrollment preference to applications
8468	from students of the closing charter school in the first school year in which the closing charter
8469	school is not operational; and
8470	(c) a receiving charter school's enrollment capacity is increased by the number of
8471	students enrolled in the receiving charter school from the closing charter school under this
8472	Subsection (13).
8473	(14) A member of the governing board or staff of the receiving charter school that is
8474	also a member of the governing board of the receiving charter school's authorizer, shall recuse
8475	himself or herself from a decision regarding the enrollment of students from a closing charter
8476	school as described in Subsection (13).
8477	Section 150. Section <b>54-8-10</b> is amended to read:
8478	54-8-10. Public hearing Notice Publication.
8479	(1) [Such notice shall be:] The governing body shall provide notice of a public hearing
8480	on the proposed improvement for the proposed district as a class C notice under Section
8481	<u>63G-28-102.</u>
8482	[(a) published on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; and]

[(2) A copy of the notice shall be mailed by certified mail to the last known address of

[(b) posted in not less than three public places in the district.]

8485	each owner of land within the proposed district whose property will be assessed for the cost of
8486	the improvement.]
8487	[(3)] (2) The [address] addresses to be used for [that purpose] the purpose of mailing
8488	notice as required by Subsection 63G-28-102(4)(b)(i) shall be:
8489	(a) [that] the last address appearing on the real property assessment rolls of the county
8490	[in which the property is located.] for each owner of real property whose property will be
8491	assessed for the cost of the improvement; and
8492	[(4)] (b) [In addition, a copy of the notice shall be addressed to "Owner" and shall be
8493	so mailed addressed to] the street number of each piece of improved property to be affected by
8494	the assessment.
8495	[(5)] (3) Mailed notices and the published notice shall state where a copy of the
8496	resolution creating the district will be available for inspection by any interested parties.
8497	Section 151. Section <b>54-8-16</b> is amended to read:
8498	54-8-16. Notice of assessment Publication.
8499	(1) (a) After the preparation of a resolution under Section 54-8-14, the governing body
8500	shall give notice of a public hearing on the proposed assessments [shall be given].
8501	(2) (a) The governing body shall provide the notice described in Subsection (1) [shall
8502	be:] for the district as a class C notice under Section 63G-28-102 no less than 20 days before
8503	the date of the hearing.
8504	(b) The addresses to be used for the purpose of mailing notice as required by
8505	Subsection 63G-28-102(4)(b)(i) are:
8506	(i) the last address appearing on the real property assessment rolls of the county for
8507	each owner of real property whose property will be assessed for part of the cost of the
8508	improvement; and
8509	(ii) the street number of each piece of improved property to be affected by the proposed
8510	assessment.
8511	[(a) published on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for at
8512	least 20 days before the date fixed for the hearing; and]
8513	[(b) mailed by certified mail not less than 15 days prior to the date fixed for such
8514	hearing to each owner of real property whose property will be assessed for part of the cost of
8515	the improvement at the last known address of such owner using for such purpose the names

and addresses appearing on the last completed real property assessment rolls of the county wherein said affected property is located.]

- [(3) In addition, a copy of such notice shall be addressed to "Owner" and shall be so mailed addressed to the street number of each piece of improved property to be affected by such assessment.
- [(4)] (3) Each notice shall state that at the specified time and place, the governing body will hold a public hearing upon the proposed assessments and shall state that any owner of any property to be assessed pursuant to the resolution will be heard on the question of whether [his] the owner's property will be benefited by the proposed improvement to the amount of the proposed assessment against [his] the owner's property and whether the amount assessed against [his] the owner's property constitutes more than [his] the owner's proper proportional share of the total cost of the improvement.
- [(5)] (4) The notice shall further state where a copy of the resolution proposed to be adopted levying the assessments against all real property in the district will be on file for public inspection, and that subject to such changes and corrections therein as may be made by the governing body, it is proposed to adopt the resolution at the conclusion of the hearing.
- [<del>(6)</del>] (5) A published notice shall describe the boundaries or area of the district with sufficient particularity to permit each owner of real property therein to ascertain that [his] the owner's property lies in the district.
- [<del>(7)</del>] <u>(6)</u> The mailed notice may refer to the district by name and date of creation and shall state the amount of the assessment proposed to be levied against the real property of the person to whom the notice is mailed.
  - Section 152. Section **54-8-23** is amended to read:
- 54-8-23. Objection to amount of assessment -- Civil action -- Litigation to question or attack proceedings or legality of bonds -- Notice.
- (1) No special assessment levied under this chapter shall be declared void, nor shall any such assessment or part thereof be set aside in consequence of any error or irregularity permitted or appearing in any of the proceedings under this chapter, but any party feeling aggrieved by any such special assessment or proceeding may bring a civil action to cause such grievance to be adjudicated if such action is commenced prior to the expiration of the period specified in this section.

- (2) The burden of proof to show that such special assessment or part thereof is invalid, inequitable or unjust shall rest upon the party who brings such suit.
  - (3) Any such litigation shall not be regarded as an appeal within the meaning of the prohibition contained in Section 54-8-18.
  - (4) Every person whose property is subject to such special assessment and who fails to appear during the public hearings on said assessments to raise his objection to such tax shall be deemed to have waived all objections to such levy except the objection that the governing body lacks jurisdiction to levy such tax.
  - (5) For a period of 20 days after the governing body has adopted the enactment authorizing the assessment, any taxpayer in the district shall have the right to institute litigation for the purpose of questioning or attacking the proceedings pursuant to which the assessments have been authorized subject to the provisions of the preceding paragraph.
  - (6) Whenever any enactment authorizing the issuance of any bonds pursuant to the improvement contemplated shall have been adopted such resolution shall be [posted on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601] provided for the district as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.
  - (7) For a period of 20 days thereafter, any person whose property shall have been assessed and any taxpayer in the district shall have the right to institute litigation for the purpose of questioning or attacking the legality of such bonds.
  - (8) After the expiration of such 20-day period, all proceedings theretofore had by the governing body, the bonds to be issued pursuant thereto, and the special assessments from which such bonds are to be paid, shall become incontestable, and no suit attacking or questioning the legality thereof may be instituted in this state, and no court shall have the authority to inquire into such matters.
    - Section 153. Section 57-11-11 is amended to read:
  - 57-11-11. Rules of division -- Notice and hearing requirements -- Filing advertising material -- Injunctions -- Intervention by division in suits -- General powers of division.
  - (1) (a) The division shall prescribe reasonable rules which shall be adopted, amended, or repealed only after a public hearing.
    - (b) The division shall:

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- 8578 (i) publish notice of the public hearing described in Subsection (1)(a)[:] for the state as 8579 a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least 20 days before the day of the hearing; and 8580 (A) once in a newspaper or newspapers with statewide circulation and at least 20 days 8581 before the hearing; and] 8582 (B) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for at least 20 8583 days before the hearing; and] 8584 (ii) send a notice to a nonprofit organization which files a written request for notice 8585 with the division at least 20 days [prior to] before the day of the hearing. 8586 (2) The rules shall include but need not be limited to: 8587 (a) provisions for advertising standards to assure full and fair disclosure; and 8588 (b) provisions for escrow or trust agreements, performance bonds, or other means 8589 reasonably necessary to assure that all improvements referred to in the application for 8590 registration and advertising will be completed and that purchasers will receive the interest in 8591 land contracted for. 8592 (3) These provisions, however, shall not be required if the city or county in which the 8593 subdivision is located requires similar means of assurance of a nature and in an amount no less 8594 adequate than is required under said rules: 8595 (a) provisions for operating procedures: 8596 (b) provisions for a shortened form of registration in cases where the division 8597 determines that the purposes of this act do not require a subdivision to be registered pursuant to 8598 an application containing all the information required by Section 57-11-6 or do not require that the public offering statement contain all the information required by Section 57-11-7; and 8599 8600 (c) other rules necessary and proper to accomplish the purpose of this chapter. 8601 (4) The division by rule or order, after reasonable notice, may require the filing of 8602 advertising material relating to subdivided lands prior to its distribution, provided that the 8603 division must approve or reject any advertising material within 15 days from the receipt thereof 8604 or the material shall be considered approved.
  - (5) If it appears that a person has engaged or is about to engage in an act or practice constituting a violation of a provision of this chapter or a rule or order hereunder, the agency, with or without prior administrative proceedings, may bring an action in the district court of the district where said person maintains his residence or a place of business or where said act or

practice has occurred or is about to occur, to enjoin the acts or practices and to enforce compliance with this chapter or any rule or order hereunder. Upon proper showing, injunctive relief or temporary restraining orders shall be granted, and a receiver or conservator may be appointed. The division shall not be required to post a bond in any court proceedings.

- (6) The division shall be allowed to intervene in a suit involving subdivided lands, either as a party or as an amicus curiae, where it appears that the interpretation or constitutionality of any provision of law will be called into question. In any suit by or against a subdivider involving subdivided lands, the subdivider promptly shall furnish the agency notice of the suit and copies of all pleadings. Failure to do so may, in the discretion of the division, constitute grounds for the division withholding any approval required by this chapter.
  - (7) The division may:
  - (a) accept registrations filed in other states or with the federal government;
- (b) contract with public agencies or qualified private persons in this state or other jurisdictions to perform investigative functions; and
  - (c) accept grants-in-aid from any source.
- (8) The division shall cooperate with similar agencies in other jurisdictions to establish uniform filing procedures and forms, uniform public offering statements, advertising standards, rules, and common administrative practices.
  - Section 154. Section 57-13a-104 is amended to read:

## 57-13a-104. Abandonment of prescriptive easement for water conveyance.

- (1) A holder of a prescriptive easement for a water conveyance established under Section 57-13a-102 may, in accordance with this section, abandon all or part of the easement.
- (2) (a) A holder of a prescriptive easement for a water conveyance established under Section 57-13a-102 who seeks to abandon the easement or part of the easement shall[:], in each county where the easement or part of the easement is located, file in the office of the county recorder a notice of intent to abandon the prescriptive easement that describes the easement or part of the easement to be abandoned.
- (b) A county recorder who receives a notice of intent to abandon a prescriptive easement shall:
- (i) publish copies of the notice for the area generally served by the water conveyance that utilizes the easement as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102; and

8640 [(a) in each county where the easement or part of the easement is located, file in the 8641 office of the county recorder a notice of intent to abandon the prescriptive easement that 8642 describes the easement or part of the easement to be abandoned; 8643 (b) post copies of the notice of intent to abandon the prescriptive easement in three 8644 public places located within the area generally served by the water conveyance that utilizes the 8645 easement; 8646 [(c)] (ii) mail a copy of the notice of intent to abandon the prescriptive easement to 8647 each municipal and county government where the easement or part of the easement is located[:] 8648 8649 (d) post a copy of the notice of intent to abandon the prescriptive easement on the 8650 Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; and 8651 [(e)] (3) [after] After meeting the requirements of [Subsections (2)(a), (b), (c), and (d)] 8652 Subsection (2)(a) and at least 45 days after the last day on which the [holder of the easement] county recorder posts the notice of intent to abandon the prescriptive easement in accordance 8653 8654 with Subsection (2)(b), the holder of the prescriptive easement shall file in the office of the 8655 county recorder for each county where the easement or part of the easement is located a notice 8656 of abandonment that contains the same description required by Subsection (2)(a). 8657 [<del>(3)</del>] (4) (a) Upon completion of the requirements described in Subsection (2) [by the 8658 holder of a prescriptive easement for a water conveyance established under Section 8659 <del>57-13a-102</del>]: 8660 (i) all interest to the easement or part of the easement abandoned by the holder of the 8661 easement is extinguished; and 8662 (ii) subject to each legal right that exists as described in Subsection  $\left[\frac{(3)(b)}{(3)(b)}\right]$  (4)(b), the 8663 owner of a servient estate whose land was encumbered by the easement or part of the easement 8664 abandoned may reclaim the land area occupied by the former easement or part of the easement 8665 and resume full utilization of the land without liability to the former holder of the easement. 8666 (b) Abandonment of a prescriptive easement under this section does not affect a legal 8667 right to have water delivered or discharged through the water conveyance and easement 8668 established by a person other than the holder of the easement who abandons an easement as 8669 provided in this section.

(5) A county recorder may bill the holder of the prescriptive easement for the cost of

8671	preparing, printing, and publishing the notice required under Subsection (2)(b).
8672	Section 155. Section <b>59-2-919</b> is amended to read:
8673	59-2-919. Notice and public hearing requirements for certain tax increases
8674	Exceptions.
8675	(1) As used in this section:
8676	(a) "Additional ad valorem tax revenue" means ad valorem property tax revenue
8677	generated by the portion of the tax rate that exceeds the taxing entity's certified tax rate.
8678	(b) "Ad valorem tax revenue" means ad valorem property tax revenue not including
8679	revenue from:
8680	(i) eligible new growth as defined in Section 59-2-924; or
8681	(ii) personal property that is:
8682	(A) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
8683	(B) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.
8684	(c) "Calendar year taxing entity" means a taxing entity that operates under a fiscal year
8685	that begins on January 1 and ends on December 31.
8686	(d) "County executive calendar year taxing entity" means a calendar year taxing entity
8687	that operates under the county executive-council form of government described in Section
8688	17-52a-203.
8689	(e) "Current calendar year" means the calendar year immediately preceding the
8690	calendar year for which a calendar year taxing entity seeks to levy a tax rate that exceeds the
8691	calendar year taxing entity's certified tax rate.
8692	(f) "Fiscal year taxing entity" means a taxing entity that operates under a fiscal year that
8693	begins on July 1 and ends on June 30.
8694	(g) "Last year's property tax budgeted revenue" does not include revenue received by a
8695	taxing entity from a debt service levy voted on by the public.
8696	(2) A taxing entity may not levy a tax rate that exceeds the taxing entity's certified tax
8697	rate unless the taxing entity meets:
8698	(a) the requirements of this section that apply to the taxing entity; and
8699	(b) all other requirements as may be required by law.
8700	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b) and except as provided in Subsection (5), a
8701	calendar year taxing entity may levy a tax rate that exceeds the calendar year taxing entity's

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8702	certified	tax rate	if the	calendar	year	taxing	entity

- (i) 14 or more days before the date of the regular general election or municipal general election held in the current calendar year, states at a public meeting:
- (A) that the calendar year taxing entity intends to levy a tax rate that exceeds the calendar year taxing entity's certified tax rate;
- (B) the dollar amount of and purpose for additional ad valorem tax revenue that would be generated by the proposed increase in the certified tax rate; and
- (C) the approximate percentage increase in ad valorem tax revenue for the taxing entity based on the proposed increase described in Subsection (3)(a)(i)(B);
- (ii) provides notice for the public meeting described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) in accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, including providing a separate item on the meeting agenda that notifies the public that the calendar year taxing entity intends to make the statement described in Subsection (3)(a)(i);
- (iii) meets the advertisement requirements of Subsections (6) and (7) before the calendar year taxing entity conducts the public hearing required by Subsection (3)(a)(v);
  - (iv) provides notice by mail:
- (A) seven or more days before the regular general election or municipal general election held in the current calendar year; and
  - (B) as provided in Subsection (3)(c); and
  - (v) conducts a public hearing that is held:
  - (A) in accordance with Subsections (8) and (9); and
  - (B) in conjunction with the public hearing required by Section 17-36-13 or 17B-1-610.
- (b) (i) For a county executive calendar year taxing entity, the statement described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall be made by the:
  - (A) county council;
- 8727 (B) county executive; or
- (C) both the county council and county executive.
- (ii) If the county council makes the statement described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) or the county council states a dollar amount of additional ad valorem tax revenue that is greater than the amount of additional ad valorem tax revenue previously stated by the county executive in accordance with Subsection (3)(a)(i), the county executive calendar year taxing entity shall:

8733	(A) make the statement described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) 14 or more days before the
8734	county executive calendar year taxing entity conducts the public hearing under Subsection
8735	(3)(a)(v); and
8736	(B) provide the notice required by Subsection (3)(a)(iv) 14 or more days before the
8737	county executive calendar year taxing entity conducts the public hearing required by
8738	Subsection (3)(a)(v).
8739	(c) The notice described in Subsection (3)(a)(iv):
8740	(i) shall be mailed to each owner of property:
8741	(A) within the calendar year taxing entity; and
8742	(B) listed on the assessment roll;
8743	(ii) shall be printed on a separate form that:
8744	(A) is developed by the commission;
8745	(B) states at the top of the form, in bold upper-case type no smaller than 18 point
8746	"NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX INCREASE"; and
8747	(C) may be mailed with the notice required by Section 59-2-1317;
8748	(iii) shall contain for each property described in Subsection (3)(c)(i):
8749	(A) the value of the property for the current calendar year;
8750	(B) the tax on the property for the current calendar year; and
8751	(C) subject to Subsection (3)(d), for the calendar year for which the calendar year
8752	taxing entity seeks to levy a tax rate that exceeds the calendar year taxing entity's certified tax
8753	rate, the estimated tax on the property;
8754	(iv) shall contain the following statement:
8755	"[Insert name of taxing entity] is proposing a tax increase for [insert applicable calendar
8756	year]. This notice contains estimates of the tax on your property and the proposed tax increase
8757	on your property as a result of this tax increase. These estimates are calculated on the basis of
8758	[insert previous applicable calendar year] data. The actual tax on your property and proposed
8759	tax increase on your property may vary from this estimate.";
8760	(v) shall state the date, time, and place of the public hearing described in Subsection
8761	(3)(a)(v); and
8762	(vi) may contain other property tax information approved by the commission.
8763	(d) For purposes of Subsection (3)(c)(iii)(C), a calendar year taxing entity shall

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8764	calculate the estimated tax on property on the basis of:
8765	(i) data for the current calendar year; and
8766	(ii) the amount of additional ad valorem tax revenue stated in accordance with this
8767	section.
8768	(4) Except as provided in Subsection (5), a fiscal year taxing entity may levy a tax rate
8769	that exceeds the fiscal year taxing entity's certified tax rate if the fiscal year taxing entity:
8770	(a) provides notice by meeting the advertisement requirements of Subsections (6) and
8771	(7) before the fiscal year taxing entity conducts the public meeting at which the fiscal year
8772	taxing entity's annual budget is adopted; and
8773	(b) conducts a public hearing in accordance with Subsections (8) and (9) before the
8774	fiscal year taxing entity's annual budget is adopted.
8775	(5) (a) A taxing entity is not required to meet the notice or public hearing requirements
8776	of Subsection (3) or (4) if the taxing entity is expressly exempted by law from complying with
8777	the requirements of this section.
8778	(b) A taxing entity is not required to meet the notice requirements of Subsection (3) or
8779	(4) if:
8780	(i) Section 53F-8-301 allows the taxing entity to levy a tax rate that exceeds that
8781	certified tax rate without having to comply with the notice provisions of this section; or
8782	(ii) the taxing entity:
8783	(A) budgeted less than \$20,000 in ad valorem tax revenue for the previous fiscal year;
8784	and
8785	(B) sets a budget during the current fiscal year of less than \$20,000 of ad valorem tax
8786	revenue.
8787	(6) (a) Subject to Subsections (6)(d) and (7)(b), the advertisement described in this
8788	section shall be published:
8789	(i) subject to Section 45-1-101, in a newspaper or combination of newspapers of
8790	general circulation in the taxing entity;

(b) The advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) shall:

(ii) electronically in accordance with Section 45-1-101; and

entity as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.

(iii) [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601] for the taxing

8795 (i) be no less than 1/4 page in size; 8796 (ii) use type no smaller than 18 point; and (iii) be surrounded by a 1/4-inch border. 8797 8798 (c) The advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) may not be placed in that 8799 portion of the newspaper where legal notices and classified advertisements appear. 8800 (d) It is the intent of the Legislature that: 8801 (i) whenever possible, the advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) appear in a 8802 newspaper that is published at least one day per week; and 8803 (ii) the newspaper or combination of newspapers selected: 8804 (A) be of general interest and readership in the taxing entity; and 8805 (B) not be of limited subject matter. 8806 (e) (i) The advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) shall: 8807 (A) except as provided in Subsection (6)(f), be run once each week for the two weeks 8808 before a taxing entity conducts a public hearing described under Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b); 8809 and 8810 (B) state that the taxing entity will meet on a certain day, time, and place fixed in the 8811 advertisement, which shall be seven or more days after the day the first advertisement is 8812 published, for the purpose of hearing comments regarding any proposed increase and to explain 8813 the reasons for the proposed increase. 8814 (ii) The advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(ii) shall: 8815 (A) be published two weeks before a taxing entity conducts a public hearing described 8816 in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b); and 8817 (B) state that the taxing entity will meet on a certain day, time, and place fixed in the 8818 advertisement, which shall be seven or more days after the day the first advertisement is 8819 published, for the purpose of hearing comments regarding any proposed increase and to explain 8820 the reasons for the proposed increase. 8821 (f) If a fiscal year taxing entity's public hearing information is published by the county 8822 auditor in accordance with Section 59-2-919.2, the fiscal year taxing entity is not subject to the 8823 requirement to run the advertisement twice, as required by Subsection (6)(e)(i), but shall run 8824 the advertisement once during the week before the fiscal year taxing entity conducts a public 8825 hearing at which the taxing entity's annual budget is discussed.

8826	(g) For purposes of Subsection (3)(a)(iii) or (4)(a), the form and content of an			
8827	advertisement shall be substantially as follows:			
8828	ARTICLE			
8829	"NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX INCREASE			
8830	(NAME OF TAXING ENTITY)			
8831	The (name of the taxing entity) is proposing to increase its property tax revenue.			
8832	• The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the average value of a residence			
8833	in the taxing entity rounded to the nearest thousand dollars) residence would increase from			
8834	\$ to \$, which is \$ per year.			
8835	• The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the value of a business having			
8836	the same value as the average value of a residence in the taxing entity) business would increase			
8837	from \$ to \$, which is \$ per year.			
8838	• If the proposed budget is approved, (name of the taxing entity) would increase			
8839	its property tax budgeted revenue by% above last year's property tax budgeted revenue			
8840	excluding eligible new growth.			
8841	All concerned citizens are invited to a public hearing on the tax increase.			
8842	PUBLIC HEARING			
8843	Date/Time: (date) (time)			
8844	Location: (name of meeting place and address of meeting place)			
8845	To obtain more information regarding the tax increase, citizens may contact the (name			
8846	of the taxing entity) at (phone number of taxing entity)."			
8847	(7) The commission:			
8848	(a) shall adopt rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative			
8849	Rulemaking Act, governing the joint use of one advertisement described in Subsection (6) by			
8850	two or more taxing entities; and			
8851	(b) subject to Section 45-1-101, may authorize:			
8852	(i) the use of a weekly newspaper:			
8853	(A) in a county having both daily and weekly newspapers if the weekly newspaper			
8854	would provide equal or greater notice to the taxpayer; and			
8855	(B) if the county petitions the commission for the use of the weekly newspaper; or			
8856	(ii) the use by a taxing entity of a commission approved direct notice to each taxpayer			

if:

- (A) the cost of the advertisement would cause undue hardship;
- 8859 (B) the direct notice is different and separate from that provided for in Section 8860 59-2-919.1; and
  - (C) the taxing entity petitions the commission for the use of a commission approved direct notice.
    - (8) (a) (i) (A) A fiscal year taxing entity shall, on or before March 1, notify the county legislative body in which the fiscal year taxing entity is located of the date, time, and place of the first public hearing at which the fiscal year taxing entity's annual budget will be discussed.
    - (B) A county that receives notice from a fiscal year taxing entity under Subsection (8)(a)(i)(A) shall include on the notice required by Section 59-2-919.1 the date, time, and place of the public hearing described in Subsection (8)(a)(i)(A).
    - (ii) A calendar year taxing entity shall, on or before October 1 of the current calendar year, notify the county legislative body in which the calendar year taxing entity is located of the date, time, and place of the first public hearing at which the calendar year taxing entity's annual budget will be discussed.
      - (b) (i) A public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b) shall be:
  - (A) open to the public; and
  - (B) held at a meeting of the taxing entity with no items on the agenda other than discussion and action on the taxing entity's intent to levy a tax rate that exceeds the taxing entity's certified tax rate, the taxing entity's budget, a local district's or special service district's fee implementation or increase, or a combination of these items.
  - (ii) The governing body of a taxing entity conducting a public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b) shall provide an interested party desiring to be heard an opportunity to present oral testimony:
    - (A) within reasonable time limits; and
  - (B) without unreasonable restriction on the number of individuals allowed to make public comment.
  - (c) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(c)(ii), a taxing entity may not schedule a public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b) at the same time as the public hearing of another overlapping taxing entity in the same county.

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- 8888 (ii) The taxing entities in which the power to set tax levies is vested in the same 8889 governing board or authority may consolidate the public hearings described in Subsection 8890 (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b) into one public hearing.
  - (d) A county legislative body shall resolve any conflict in public hearing dates and times after consultation with each affected taxing entity.
  - (e) (i) A taxing entity shall hold a public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b) beginning at or after 6 p.m.
  - (ii) If a taxing entity holds a public meeting for the purpose of addressing general business of the taxing entity on the same date as a public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b), the public meeting addressing general business items shall conclude before the beginning of the public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b).
  - (f) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(f)(ii), a taxing entity may not hold the public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b) on the same date as another public hearing of the taxing entity.
  - (ii) A taxing entity may hold the following hearings on the same date as a public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b):
    - (A) a budget hearing;
  - (B) if the taxing entity is a local district or a special service district, a fee hearing described in Section 17B-1-643;
  - (C) if the taxing entity is a town, an enterprise fund hearing described in Section 10-5-107.5; or
- 8909 (D) if the taxing entity is a city, an enterprise fund hearing described in Section 8910 10-6-135.5.
  - (9) (a) If a taxing entity does not make a final decision on budgeting additional ad valorem tax revenue at a public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b), the taxing entity shall:
  - (i) announce at that public hearing the scheduled time and place of the next public meeting at which the taxing entity will consider budgeting the additional ad valorem tax revenue; and
- 8917 (ii) if the taxing entity is a fiscal year taxing entity, hold the public meeting described in Subsection (9)(a)(i) before September 1.

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8919 (b) A calendar year taxing entity may not adopt a final budget that budgets an amount 8920 of additional ad valorem tax revenue that exceeds the largest amount of additional ad valorem 8921 tax revenue stated at a public meeting under Subsection (3)(a)(i). 8922 (c) A public hearing on levying a tax rate that exceeds a fiscal year taxing entity's 8923 certified tax rate may coincide with a public hearing on the fiscal year taxing entity's proposed 8924 annual budget. 8925 Section 156. Section **59-2-919.2** is amended to read: 8926 59-2-919.2. Consolidated advertisement of public hearings. 8927 (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), on the same day on which a taxing 8928 entity provides the notice to the county required under Subsection 59-2-919(8)(a)(i), the taxing 8929 entity shall provide to the county auditor the information required by Subsection 8930 59-2-919(8)(a)(i). 8931 (b) A taxing entity is not required to notify the county auditor of the taxing entity's 8932 public hearing in accordance with Subsection (1)(a) if the taxing entity is exempt from the 8933 notice requirements of Section 59-2-919. 8934 (2) If as of July 22, two or more taxing entities notify the county auditor under 8935 Subsection (1), the county auditor shall by no later than July 22 of each year: 8936 (a) compile a list of the taxing entities that notify the county auditor under Subsection 8937 (1);8938 (b) include on the list described in Subsection (2)(a), the following information for 8939 each taxing entity on the list: 8940 (i) the name of the taxing entity; 8941 (ii) the date, time, and location of the public hearing described in Subsection 8942 59-2-919(8)(a)(i); 8943 (iii) the average dollar increase on a residence in the taxing entity that the proposed tax 8944 increase would generate; and 8945 (iv) the average dollar increase on a business in the taxing entity that the proposed tax 8946 increase would generate; 8947 (c) provide a copy of the list described in Subsection (2)(a) to each taxing entity that

(d) in addition to the requirements of Subsection (3), if the county has a webpage,

notifies the county auditor under Subsection (1); and

8950	publish a copy of the list described in Subsection (2)(a) on the county's webpage until
8951	December 31.
8952	(3) (a) At least two weeks before any public hearing included in the list under
8953	Subsection (2) is held, the county auditor shall publish:
8954	(i) the list compiled under Subsection (2); and
8955	(ii) a statement that:
8956	(A) the list is for informational purposes only;
8957	(B) the list should not be relied on to determine a person's tax liability under this
8958	chapter; and
8959	(C) for specific information related to the tax liability of a taxpayer, the taxpayer
8960	should review the taxpayer's tax notice received under Section 59-2-919.1.
8961	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(d)(ii), the information described in Subsection
8962	(3)(a) shall be published:
8963	(i) in no less than 1/4 page in size;
8964	(ii) in type no smaller than 18 point; and
8965	(iii) surrounded by a 1/4-inch border.
8966	(c) The published information described in Subsection (3)(a) and published in
8967	accordance with Subsection (3)(d)(i) may not be placed in the portion of a newspaper where a
8968	legal notice or classified advertisement appears.
8969	(d) A county auditor shall publish the information described in Subsection (3)(a):
8970	(i) (A) in a newspaper or combination of newspapers that are:
8971	(I) published at least one day per week;
8972	(II) of general interest and readership in the county; and
8973	(III) not of limited subject matter; and
8974	(B) once each week for the two weeks preceding the first hearing included in the list
8975	compiled under Subsection (2); and
8976	(ii) for two weeks preceding the first hearing included in the list compiled under
8977	Subsection (2):
8978	(A) as required in Section 45-1-101; and
8979	(B) [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601] for the county
8980	as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.

8981 (4) A taxing entity that notifies the county auditor under Subsection (1) shall provide 8982 the list described in Subsection (2)(c) to a person: (a) who attends the public hearing described in Subsection 59-2-919(8)(a)(i) of the 8983 8984 taxing entity; or 8985 (b) who requests a copy of the list. 8986 (5) (a) A county auditor shall by no later than 30 days from the day on which the last 8987 publication of the information required by Subsection (3)(a) is made: 8988 (i) determine the costs of compiling and publishing the list; and (ii) charge each taxing entity included on the list an amount calculated by dividing the 8989 8990 amount determined under Subsection (5)(a) by the number of taxing entities on the list. 8991 (b) A taxing entity shall pay the county auditor the amount charged under Subsection 8992 (5)(a). (6) The publication of the list under this section does not remove or change the notice 8993 8994 requirements of Section 59-2-919 for a taxing entity. 8995 (7) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 8996 commission may make rules: 8997 (a) relating to the publication of a consolidated advertisement which includes the 8998 information described in Subsection (2) for a taxing entity that overlaps two or more counties: 8999 (b) relating to the payment required in Subsection (5)(b); and (c) to oversee the administration of this section and provide for uniform 9000 9001 implementation. 9002 Section 157. Section **59-12-402** is amended to read: 9003 59-12-402. Additional resort communities sales and use tax -- Base -- Rate --9004 Collection fees -- Resolution and voter approval requirements -- Election requirements --9005 Notice requirements -- Ordinance requirements -- Prohibition of military installation 9006 development authority imposition of tax. 9007 (1) (a) Subject to Subsections (2) through (6), the governing body of a municipality in 9008 which the transient room capacity as defined in Section 59-12-405 is greater than or equal to 9009 66% of the municipality's permanent census population may, in addition to the sales tax 9010 authorized under Section 59-12-401, impose an additional resort communities sales tax in an

amount that is less than or equal to .5% on the transactions described in Subsection

- 9012 59-12-103(1) located within the municipality. 9013 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), the governing body of a municipality may not 9014 impose a tax under this section on: 9015 (i) the sale of: 9016 (A) a motor vehicle; 9017 (B) an aircraft: 9018 (C) a watercraft; 9019 (D) a modular home: 9020 (E) a manufactured home; or 9021 (F) a mobile home; 9022 (ii) the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses 9023 are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104; and 9024 (iii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d), amounts paid or charged for food and 9025 food ingredients. 9026 (c) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be 9027 determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215. 9028 (d) A municipality imposing a tax under this section shall impose the tax on the 9029 purchase price or sales price for amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients if the 9030 food and food ingredients are sold as part of a bundled transaction attributable to food and food 9031 ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients. 9032 (2) (a) An amount equal to the total of any costs incurred by the state in connection 9033 with the implementation of Subsection (1) which exceed, in any year, the revenues received by 9034 the state from its collection fees received in connection with the implementation of Subsection 9035 (1) shall be paid over to the state General Fund by the cities and towns which impose the tax 9036 provided for in Subsection (1). 9037 (b) Amounts paid under Subsection (2)(a) shall be allocated proportionally among 9038 those cities and towns according to the amount of revenue the respective cities and towns
  - (3) To impose an additional resort communities sales tax under this section, the governing body of the municipality shall:
    - (a) pass a resolution approving the tax; and

generate in that year through imposition of that tax.

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9043 (b) except as provided in Subsection (6), obtain voter approval for the tax as provided 9044 in Subsection (4). 9045 (4) To obtain voter approval for an additional resort communities sales tax under Subsection (3)(b), a municipality shall: 9046 9047 (a) hold the additional resort communities sales tax election during: 9048 (i) a regular general election; or 9049 (ii) a municipal general election; and 9050 (b) post notice of the election[:] for the municipality as a class A notice under Section 9051 63G-28-102 at least 15 days before the day on which the election is held. 9052 [(i) 15 days or more before the day on which the election is held; and] 9053 [(ii) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601.] 9054 (5) An ordinance approving an additional resort communities sales tax under this 9055 section shall provide an effective date for the tax as provided in Section 59-12-403. (6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a municipality is not subject to the 9056 9057 voter approval requirements of Subsection (3)(b) if, on or before January 1, 1996, the 9058 municipality imposed a license fee or tax on businesses based on gross receipts pursuant to 9059 Section 10-1-203. 9060 (b) The exception from the voter approval requirements in Subsection (6)(a) does not 9061 apply to a municipality that, on or before January 1, 1996, imposed a license fee or tax on only 9062 one class of businesses based on gross receipts pursuant to Section 10-1-203. 9063 (7) A military installation development authority authorized to impose a resort 9064 communities tax under Section 59-12-401 may not impose an additional resort communities 9065 sales tax under this section. 9066 Section 158. Section **59-12-1102** is amended to read: 9067 59-12-1102. Base -- Rate -- Imposition of tax -- Distribution of revenue --9068 Administration -- Administrative charge -- Commission requirement to retain an amount 9069 to be deposited into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund -- Enactment or repeal 9070 of tax -- Effective date -- Notice requirements. 9071 (1) (a) (i) Subject to Subsections (2) through (6), and in addition to any other tax 9072 authorized by this chapter, a county may impose by ordinance a county option sales and use tax 9073 of .25% upon the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1).

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- 9074 (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(i), a county may not impose a tax under this section on the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104.
  - (b) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
    - (c) The county option sales and use tax under this section shall be imposed:
  - (i) upon transactions that are located within the county, including transactions that are located within municipalities in the county; and
  - (ii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d) or (5), beginning on the first day of January:
  - (A) of the next calendar year after adoption of the ordinance imposing the tax if the ordinance is adopted on or before May 25; or
  - (B) of the second calendar year after adoption of the ordinance imposing the tax if the ordinance is adopted after May 25.
    - (d) The county option sales and use tax under this section shall be imposed:
  - (i) beginning January 1, 1998, if an ordinance adopting the tax imposed on or before September 4, 1997; or
  - (ii) beginning January 1, 1999, if an ordinance adopting the tax is imposed during 1997 but after September 4, 1997.
  - (2) (a) Before imposing a county option sales and use tax under Subsection (1), a county shall hold two public hearings on separate days in geographically diverse locations in the county.
  - (b) (i) At least one of the hearings required by Subsection (2)(a) shall have a starting time of no earlier than 6 p.m.
  - (ii) The earlier of the hearings required by Subsection (2)(a) shall be no less than seven days after the day the first advertisement required by Subsection (2)(c) is published.
  - (c) (i) Before holding the public hearings required by Subsection (2)(a), the county shall advertise:
    - (A) its intent to adopt a county option sales and use tax;
    - (B) the date, time, and location of each public hearing; and
- 9104 (C) a statement that the purpose of each public hearing is to obtain public comments

9105 regarding the proposed tax.

- (ii) The advertisement shall be published:
- (A) in a newspaper of general circulation in the county once each week for the two weeks preceding the earlier of the two public hearings; and
- (B) [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601] for the county as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for two weeks [preceding] before the [earlier of] day on which the first of the two public hearings is held.
- (iii) The advertisement described in Subsection (2)(c)(ii)(A) shall be no less than 1/8 page in size, and the type used shall be no smaller than 18 point and surrounded by a 1/4-inch border.
- (iv) The advertisement described in Subsection (2)(c)(ii)(A) may not be placed in that portion of the newspaper where legal notices and classified advertisements appear.
  - (v) In accordance with Subsection (2)(c)(ii)(A), whenever possible:
- (A) the advertisement shall appear in a newspaper that is published at least five days a week, unless the only newspaper in the county is published less than five days a week; and
- (B) the newspaper selected shall be one of general interest and readership in the community, and not one of limited subject matter.
- (d) The adoption of an ordinance imposing a county option sales and use tax is subject to a local referendum election and shall be conducted as provided in Title 20A, Chapter 7, Part 6, Local Referenda Procedures.
- (3) (a) Subject to Subsection (5), if the aggregate population of the counties imposing a county option sales and use tax under Subsection (1) is less than 75% of the state population, the tax levied under Subsection (1) shall be distributed to the county in which the tax was collected.
- (b) Subject to Subsection (5), if the aggregate population of the counties imposing a county option sales and use tax under Subsection (1) is greater than or equal to 75% of the state population:
- (i) 50% of the tax collected under Subsection (1) in each county shall be distributed to the county in which the tax was collected; and
- 9134 (ii) except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), 50% of the tax collected under Subsection 9135 (1) in each county shall be distributed proportionately among all counties imposing the tax,

9136 based on the total population of each county.

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- (c) Except as provided in Subsection (5), the amount to be distributed annually to a county under Subsection (3)(b)(ii), when combined with the amount distributed to the county under Subsection (3)(b)(i), does not equal at least \$75,000, then:
- (i) the amount to be distributed annually to that county under Subsection (3)(b)(ii) shall be increased so that, when combined with the amount distributed to the county under Subsection (3)(b)(i), the amount distributed annually to the county is \$75,000; and
- (ii) the amount to be distributed annually to all other counties under Subsection (3)(b)(ii) shall be reduced proportionately to offset the additional amount distributed under Subsection (3)(c)(i).
- (d) The commission shall establish rules to implement the distribution of the tax under Subsections (3)(a), (b), and (c).
- (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b) or (c), a tax authorized under this part shall be administered, collected, and enforced in accordance with:
  - (i) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
- 9151 (A) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
  - (B) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
- 9153 (ii) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.
- 9154 (b) A tax under this part is not subject to Subsections 59-12-205(2) through (6).
- 9155 (c) (i) Subject to Subsection (4)(c)(ii), the commission shall retain and deposit an 9156 administrative charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from the revenue the commission 9157 collects from a tax under this part.
  - (ii) Notwithstanding Section 59-1-306, the administrative charge described in Subsection (4)(c)(i) shall be calculated by taking a percentage described in Section 59-1-306 of the distribution amounts resulting after:
    - (A) the applicable distribution calculations under Subsection (3) have been made; and
    - (B) the commission retains the amount required by Subsection (5).
- 9163 (5) (a) Beginning on July 1, 2009, the commission shall calculate and retain a portion of the sales and use tax collected under this part as provided in this Subsection (5).
- 9165 (b) For a county that imposes a tax under this part, the commission shall calculate a percentage each month by dividing the sales and use tax collected under this part for that

9167	month within the boundaries of that county by the total sales and use tax collected under this
9168	part for that month within the boundaries of all of the counties that impose a tax under this part.
9169	(c) For a county that imposes a tax under this part, the commission shall retain each
9170	month an amount equal to the product of:
9171	(i) the percentage the commission determines for the month under Subsection (5)(b)
9172	for the county; and
9173	(ii) \$6,354.
9174	(d) The commission shall deposit an amount the commission retains in accordance
9175	with this Subsection (5) into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund created by Section
9176	35A-8-1009.
9177	(e) An amount the commission deposits into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies
9178	Fund shall be expended as provided in Section 35A-8-1009.
9179	(6) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (6):
9180	(i) "Annexation" means an annexation to a county under Title 17, Chapter 2, County
9181	Consolidations and Annexations.
9182	(ii) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a county.
9183	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(c) or (d), if, on or after July 1, 2004, a
9184	county enacts or repeals a tax under this part:
9185	(A) (I) the enactment shall take effect as provided in Subsection (1)(c); or
9186	(II) the repeal shall take effect on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
9187	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
9188	the requirements of Subsection (6)(b)(ii) from the county.
9189	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (6)(b)(i)(B) shall state:
9190	(A) that the county will enact or repeal a tax under this part;
9191	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A);
9192	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A); and
9193	(D) if the county enacts the tax described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A), the rate of the
9194	tax.
9195	(c) (i) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the
9196	enactment of the tax under Subsection (1), the enactment of the tax takes effect on the first day
9197	of the first billing period that begins on or after the effective date of the enactment of the tax.

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- 9198 (ii) The repeal of a tax applies to a billing period if the billing statement for the billing 9199 period is produced on or after the effective date of the repeal of the tax imposed under 9200 Subsection (1). 9201 (d) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of 9202 sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment or repeal of a tax described in 9203 Subsection (6)(b)(i) takes effect: 9204
  - (A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
  - (B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under Subsection (6)(b)(i).
  - (ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
  - (e) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(f) or (g), if, for an annexation that occurs on or after July 1, 2004, the annexation will result in the enactment or repeal of a tax under this part for an annexing area, the enactment or repeal shall take effect:
    - (A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
  - (B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting the requirements of Subsection (6)(e)(ii) from the county that annexes the annexing area.
    - (ii) The notice described in Subsection (6)(e)(i)(B) shall state:
  - (A) that the annexation described in Subsection (6)(e)(i) will result in an enactment or repeal of a tax under this part for the annexing area;
    - (B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (6)(e)(ii)(A);
    - (C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (6)(e)(ii)(A); and
    - (D) the rate of the tax described in Subsection (6)(e)(ii)(A).
  - (f) (i) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the enactment of the tax under Subsection (1), the enactment of the tax takes effect on the first day of the first billing period that begins on or after the effective date of the enactment of the tax.
  - (ii) The repeal of a tax applies to a billing period if the billing statement for the billing period is produced on or after the effective date of the repeal of the tax imposed under Subsection (1).
  - (g) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment or repeal of a tax described in

9229	Subsection (6)(e)(1) takes effect:
9230	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
9231	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under
9232	Subsection (6)(e)(i).
9233	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
9234	commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
9235	Section 159. Section 59-12-2208 is amended to read:
9236	59-12-2208. Legislative body approval requirements Notice Voter approval
9237	requirements.
9238	(1) Subject to the other provisions of this section, before imposing a sales and use tax
9239	under this part, a county, city, or town legislative body shall:
9240	(a) obtain approval to impose the sales and use tax from a majority of the members of
9241	the county, city, or town legislative body; and
9242	(b) submit an opinion question to the county's, city's, or town's registered voters voting
9243	on the imposition of the sales and use tax so that each registered voter has the opportunity to
9244	express the registered voter's opinion on whether a sales and use tax should be imposed under
9245	this section.
9246	(2) The opinion question required by this section shall state:
9247	"Shall (insert the name of the county, city, or town), Utah, be authorized to impose a
9248	(insert the tax rate of the sales and use tax) sales and use tax for (list the purposes for which the
9249	revenues collected from the sales and use tax shall be expended)?"
9250	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), the election required by this section shall be held:
9251	(i) at a regular general election conducted in accordance with the procedures and
9252	requirements of Title 20A, Election Code, governing regular general elections; or
9253	(ii) at a municipal general election conducted in accordance with the procedures and
9254	requirements of Section 20A-1-202.
9255	(b) (i) Subject to Subsection (3)(b)(ii), the county clerk of the county in which the
9256	opinion question required by this section will be submitted to registered voters shall[]:
9257	(A) provide notice for the county, city, or town as a class A notice under Section
9258	63G-28-102 no later than 15 days before the date of the election[:]; and
9259	(B) [(A) post a notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section

9260 <del>63A-16-601; or</del>]

- [(B) (I) cause a copy of the notice to be posted in a conspicuous place most likely to give notice of the election to the registered voters voting on the imposition of the sales and use tax; and]
- [(II)] prepare an affidavit of that posting, showing a copy of the notice and the places where the notice was posted.
  - (ii) The notice under Subsection (3)(b)(i) shall:
- (A) state that an opinion question will be submitted to the county's, city's, or town's registered voters voting on the imposition of a sales and use tax under this section so that each registered voter has the opportunity to express the registered voter's opinion on whether a sales and use tax should be imposed under this section; and
- (B) list the purposes for which the revenues collected from the sales and use tax shall be expended.
- (4) A county, city, or town that submits an opinion question to registered voters under this section is subject to Section 20A-11-1203.
- (5) Subject to Section 59-12-2209, if a county, city, or town legislative body determines that a majority of the county's, city's, or town's registered voters voting on the imposition of a sales and use tax under this part have voted in favor of the imposition of the sales and use tax in accordance with this section, the county, city, or town legislative body shall impose the sales and use tax.
- (6) If, after imposing a sales and use tax under this part, a county, city, or town legislative body seeks to impose a tax rate for the sales and use tax that exceeds or is less than the tax rate stated in the opinion question described in Subsection (2) or repeals the tax rate stated in the opinion question described in Subsection (2), the county, city, or town legislative body shall:
- (a) obtain approval from a majority of the members of the county, city, or town legislative body to impose a tax rate for the sales and use tax that exceeds or is less than the tax rate stated in the opinion question described in Subsection (2) or repeals the tax rate stated in the opinion question described in Subsection (2); and
- (b) in accordance with the procedures and requirements of this section, submit an opinion question to the county's, city's, or town's registered voters voting on the tax rate so that

9291	each registered voter has the opportunity to express the registered voter's opinion on whether to
9292	impose a tax rate for the sales and use tax that exceeds or is less than the tax rate stated in the
9292	opinion question described in Subsection (2) or repeal the tax rate stated in the opinion
9294	question described in Subsection (2).
9295	Section 160. Section <b>62A-5-202.5</b> is amended to read:
9296	62A-5-202.5. Utah State Developmental Center Board Creation Membership
9297	Duties Powers.
9298	(1) There is created the Utah State Developmental Center Board within the Department
9299	of Human Services.
9300	(2) The board is composed of nine members as follows:
9301	(a) the director of the division or the director's designee;
9302	(b) the superintendent of the developmental center or the superintendent's designee;
9303	(c) the executive director of the Department of Human Services or the executive
9304	director's designee;
9305	(d) a resident of the developmental center selected by the superintendent; and
9306	(e) five members appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the Senate
9307	as follows:
9308	(i) three members of the general public; and
9309	(ii) two members who are parents or guardians of individuals who receive services at
9310	the developmental center.
9311	(3) In making appointments to the board, the governor shall ensure that:
9312	(a) no more than three members have immediate family residing at the developmental
9313	center; and
9314	(b) members represent a variety of geographic areas and economic interests of the state.
9315	(4) (a) The governor shall appoint each member described in Subsection (2)(e) for a
9316	term of four years.
9317	(b) An appointed member may not serve more than two full consecutive terms unless
9318	the governor determines that an additional term is in the best interest of the state.
9319	(c) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsections (4)(a) and (b), the governor shall,
9320	at the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms

of appointed members are staggered so that approximately half of the appointed members are

9322 appointed every two years.

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- 9323 (d) Appointed members shall continue in office until the expiration of their terms and until their successors are appointed, which may not exceed 120 days after the formal expiration of a term.
  - (e) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be appointed for the unexpired term.
    - (5) (a) The director shall serve as the chair.
  - (b) The board shall appoint a member to serve as vice chair.
- 9330 (c) The board shall hold meetings quarterly or as needed.
- 9331 (d) Five members are necessary to constitute a quorum at any meeting, and, if a quorum exists, the action of the majority of members present shall be the action of the board.
- 9333 (e) The chair shall be a non-voting member except that the chair may vote to break a tie vote between the voting members.
  - (6) An appointed member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but, at the executive director's discretion, may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
- 9338 (a) Section 63A-3-106;
- 9339 (b) Section 63A-3-107; and
- 9340 (c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and 9341 63A-3-107.
- 9342 (7) (a) The board shall adopt bylaws governing the board's activities.
  - (b) Bylaws shall include procedures for removal of a member who is unable or unwilling to fulfill the requirements of the member's appointment.
    - (8) The board shall:
- 9346 (a) act for the benefit of the developmental center and the division;
- 9347 (b) advise and assist the division with the division's functions, operations, and duties 9348 related to the developmental center, described in Sections 62A-5-102, 62A-5-103, 62A-5-201, 9349 62A-5-203, and 62A-5-206:
- 9350 (c) administer the Utah State Developmental Center Miscellaneous Donation Fund, as described in Section 62A-5-206.5;
  - (d) administer the Utah State Developmental Center Land Fund, as described in

9353	Section 62A-5-206.6;
9354	(e) approve the sale, lease, or other disposition of real property or water rights
9355	associated with the developmental center, as described in Subsection 62A-5-206.6(2); and
9356	(f) within 21 days after the day on which the board receives the notice required under
9357	Subsection [ <del>10-2-419(3)(c)</del> ] <u>10-2-419(3)(b)</u> , provide a written opinion regarding the proposed
9358	boundary adjustment to:
9359	(i) the director of the Division of Facilities and Construction Management; and
9360	(ii) the Legislative Management Committee.
9361	Section 161. Section <b>63A-5b-305</b> is amended to read:
9362	63A-5b-305. Duties and authority of director.
9363	(1) The director shall:
9364	(a) administer the division's duties and responsibilities;
9365	(b) report all property acquired by the state, except property acquired by an institution
9366	of higher education or the trust lands administration, to the director of the Division of Finance
9367	for inclusion in the state's financial records;
9368	(c) after receiving the notice required under Subsection [ <del>10-2-419(3)(e)</del> ]
9369	10-2-419(3)(b), file a written protest at or before the public hearing under Subsection
9370	10-2-419(2)(b), if:
9371	(i) it is in the best interest of the state to protest the boundary adjustment; or
9372	(ii) the Legislature instructs the director to protest the boundary adjustment; and
9373	(d) take all other action that the director is required to take under this chapter or other
9374	applicable statute.
9375	(2) The director may:
9376	(a) create forms and make policies necessary for the division or director to perform the
9377	division or director's duties;
9378	(b) (i) hire or otherwise procure assistance and service, professional, skilled, or
9379	otherwise, necessary to carry out the director's duties under this chapter; and
9380	(ii) expend funds provided for the purpose described in Subsection (2)(b)(i) through
9381	annual operation budget appropriations or from other nonlapsing project funds;
9382	(c) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
9383	make rules necessary for the division or director to perform the division or director's duties;

9384	and
9385	(d) take all other action necessary for carrying out the purposes of this chapter.
9386	Section 162. Section <b>63A-16-602</b> is amended to read:
9387	63A-16-602. Notice and training by the Division of Archives and Records Service.
9388	(1) The Division of Archives and Records Service shall provide notice of the
9389	provisions and requirements of this chapter to all public bodies that are subject to the provision
9390	of Subsection [ <del>52-4-202(3)(a)(ii)</del> ] <u>52-4-202(3)(a)</u> .
9391	(2) The Division of Archives and Records Service shall, as necessary, provide periodic
9392	training on the use of the website to public bodies that are authorized to post notice on the
9393	website.
9394	Section 163. Section 63G-28-101 is enacted to read:
9395	CHAPTER 28. PUBLIC NOTICE
9396	63G-28-101. Definitions.
9397	As used in this chapter:
9398	(1) "Affected area" means the area that is designated in statute, county ordinance, or
9399	municipal ordinance as the area for which public notice must be provided.
9400	(2) "Elected official" means an individual elected to a state office, county office,
9401	municipal office, school board, school district office, local district office, or special service
9402	district office.
9403	(3) "Notice summary statement" means a statement that includes the following in
9404	relation to a public notice:
9405	(a) a title that accurately describes the purpose or subject of the public notice;
9406	(b) the name of the public body, or the name and title of the elected official, that
9407	provides the public notice;
9408	(c) a statement that clearly describes the matter for which the public notice is given;
9409	(d) a general description of the area to which the public notice relates;
9410	(e) the dates and deadlines applicable to the matter for which the public notice is given;
9411	<u>and</u>
9412	(f) information specifying where a person may obtain a copy of the complete public
9413	notice, including:
9414	(i) the web address for the Utah Public Notice Website;

9415	(ii) if the public body or elected official maintains a public website, the web address
9416	where the public notice is located;
9417	(iii) if the public body publishes the public notice through a social media platform, the
9418	name of the social media account or profile where the public notice is located;
9419	(iv) the address of a physical location where a copy of the public notice may be viewed
9420	or obtained; and
9421	(v) a telephone number that an individual may call to request a copy of the public
9422	notice.
9423	(4) "Public body" means the same as that term is defined in Section 52-4-103.
9424	(5) "Public location" means:
9425	(a) a location that is open to the general public, regardless of whether the location is
9426	owned by a public entity, a private entity, or an individual; or
9427	(b) a location that is not open to the general public, but where the notice is clearly
9428	visible to, and may easily be read by, an individual while the individual is present in a location
9429	described in Subsection (5)(a).
9430	(6) "Public notice" means a notice that is required to be provided to the public by a
9431	public body or an elected official.
9432	(7) "Utah Public Notice Website" means the Utah Public Notice Website created in
9433	Section 63A-16-601.
9434	Section 164. Section 63G-28-102 is enacted to read:
9435	63G-28-102. Public notice classifications and requirements.
9436	(1) A public body or elected official that is required to provide a class A notice shall:
9437	(a) publish the public notice on the Utah Public Notice Website;
9438	(b) if the public body or elected official has an official website, publish the public
9439	notice on the official website;
9440	(c) except as provided in Subsection (5), post the public notice in connection with the
9441	affected area as follows:
9442	(i) in a public location within or near the affected area that is reasonably likely to be
9443	seen by residents of the affected area, if the affected area is:
9444	(A) a municipality with a population of less than 2,000;
9445	(B) a proposed municipality with a population of less than 2,000; or

9446	(C) an area other than an area described in Subsection (1)(c)(i)(A), (1)(c)(i)(B), or
9447	Subsections (1)(c)(ii) through (v);
9448	(ii) in a public location within the affected area that is reasonably likely to be seen by
9449	residents of the affected area if the affected area is:
9450	(A) a county; or
9451	(B) a municipality with a population of 2,000 or more or a proposed municipality with
9452	a population of 2,000 or more;
9453	(iii) if the affected area is a public street, on or adjacent to the public street;
9454	(iv) if the affected area is an easement:
9455	(A) on or adjacent to the easement; or
9456	(B) in a public location that is reasonably likely to be seen by persons who are likely to
9457	be impacted by the easement; or
9458	(v) if the affected area is an interlocal entity, within, or as applicable, near each
9459	jurisdiction that is part of the interlocal entity, in accordance with Subsection (1)(c)(i) or (ii);
9460	<u>and</u>
9461	(d) except as provided in Subsection (5), complete at least one of the following:
9462	(i) publish the public notice or a notice summary statement in a newspaper of general
9463	circulation within the affected area;
9464	(ii) in addition to the public notice posted under Subsection (1)(c):
9465	(A) if the affected area is an interlocal entity, post within, or as applicable near, each
9466	jurisdiction that is part of the interlocal entity, in accordance with Subsection (1)(c)(i) or (ii), in
9467	public locations that are reasonably likely to be seen by residents of the jurisdiction, at least one
9468	additional copy of the public notice, or a notice summary statement, per 2,000 population
9469	within the jurisdiction, subject to a maximum of 10 total postings in each jurisdiction; or
9470	(B) if the affected area is not an interlocal entity, post within the affected area, in
9471	public locations that are reasonably likely to be seen by residents of the affected area, at least
9472	one additional copy of the public notice, or a notice summary statement, per 2,000 population
9473	within the affected area, subject to a maximum of 10 total postings;
9474	(iii) include the public notice or a notice summary statement with a newsletter,
9475	periodical, utility bill, or other material that is regularly distributed by the public body or
9476	elected official to residents of the affected area;

9477	(iv) mail or otherwise deliver a copy of the public notice or notice summary statement
9478	to each residence within the affected area;
9479	(v) if the affected area is the geographic jurisdiction of a public body, transmit the
9480	public notice or a notice summary statement by email or text to each resident of the affected
9481	area for which the public body has an email address or cell phone number; or
9482	(vi) if the affected area is the geographic jurisdiction of a public body that
9483	communicates with residents of the affected area through a social media platform, publish the
9484	public notice or a notice summary statement on the social media platform.
9485	(2) A public body or elected official that is required to provide a class B notice shall:
9486	(a) comply with Subsections (1)(a) through (c);
9487	(b) comply with Subsection (1)(d)(i) or (ii); and
9488	(c) comply with Subsection (1)(d)(iii), (iv), (v), or (vi).
9489	(3) A public body or elected official that is required to provide a class C notice shall:
9490	(a) comply with the requirements described in Subsection (1) for a class A notice;
9491	(b) if a statute, county ordinance, or municipal ordinance requires that the notice be
9492	provided for a designated geographic area, mail or otherwise deliver the public notice or a
9493	notice summary statement to each residence within, and, in accordance with Subsection (4), to
9494	each owner of real property located within, the designated geographic area; and
9495	(c) if a statute, county ordinance, or municipal ordinance requires that the notice be
9496	provided to one or more designated persons or properties, mail or otherwise deliver the public
9497	notice or a notice summary statement, in accordance with Subsection (4), to each designated
9498	person and property.
9499	(4) When providing notice to an owner of real property under Subsection (3)(b) or (c),
9500	the public body or elected official shall:
9501	(a) use the current residential or business address of the owner of the real property;
9502	(b) if the public body or elected official is not reasonably able to obtain the address
9503	described in Subsection (4)(a), use the last known address of the property owner that the public
9504	body or elected official is able to obtain via a reasonable inquiry into public records; or
9505	(c) if the public body or elected official is not reasonably able to obtain an address
9506	described in Subsection (4)(a) or (b), post the notice on the real property.
9507	(5) An elected official, a public body, or any other body that is required to post notice

9508	under Subsection (1) is not required to comply with Subsection (1)(c) or (d) if:
9509	(a) the affected area is the state;
9510	(b) the body is a specified body, as defined in Section 52-4-103;
9511	(c) the public body is the Legislature or a public body within the state legislative
9512	branch; or
9513	(d) the elected official is required to post the notice on behalf of a body described in
9514	Subsection (5)(b) or (c).
9515	Section 165. Section 63H-1-202 is amended to read:
9516	63H-1-202. Applicability of other law.
9517	(1) As used in this section:
9518	(a) "Subsidiary" means an authority subsidiary that is a public body as defined in
9519	Section 52-4-103.
9520	(b) "Subsidiary board" means the governing body of a subsidiary.
9521	(2) The authority or land within a project area is not subject to:
9522	(a) Title 10, Chapter 9a, Municipal Land Use, Development, and Management Act;
9523	(b) Title 17, Chapter 27a, County Land Use, Development, and Management Act;
9524	(c) ordinances or regulations of a county or municipality, including those relating to
9525	land use, health, business license, or franchise; or
9526	(d) the jurisdiction of a local district under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local
9527	Government Entities - Local Districts, or a special service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1,
9528	Special Service District Act.
9529	(3) The authority is subject to and governed by Sections 63E-2-106, 63E-2-107,
9530	63E-2-108, 63E-2-109, 63E-2-110, and 63E-2-111, but is not otherwise subject to or governed
9531	by Title 63E, Independent Entities Code.
9532	(4) (a) The definitions in Section 57-8-3 apply to this Subsection (4).
9533	(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of Title 57, Chapter 8, Condominium Ownership
9534	Act, or any other provision of law:
9535	(i) if the military is the owner of land in a project area on which a condominium project
9536	is constructed, the military is not required to sign, execute, or record a declaration of a
9537	condominium project; and
9538	(ii) if a condominium unit in a project area is owned by the military or owned by the

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- authority and leased to the military for \$1 or less per calendar year, not including any commoncharges that are reimbursements for actual expenses:
  - (A) the condominium unit is not subject to any liens under Title 57, Chapter 8, Condominium Ownership Act;
  - (B) condominium unit owners within the same building or commercial condominium project may agree on any method of allocation and payment of common area expenses, regardless of the size or par value of each unit; and
  - (C) the condominium project may not be dissolved without the consent of all the condominium unit owners.
  - (5) Notwithstanding any other provision, when a law requires the consent of a local government, the authority is the consenting entity for a project area.
  - (6) (a) A department, division, or other agency of the state and a political subdivision of the state shall cooperate with the authority to the fullest extent possible to provide whatever support, information, or other assistance the authority requests that is reasonably necessary to help the authority fulfill the authority's duties and responsibilities under this chapter.
  - (b) Subsection (6)(a) does not apply to a political subdivision that does not have any of a project area located within the boundary of the political subdivision.
  - (7) (a) The authority and a subsidiary are subject to Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, except that:
  - (i) notwithstanding Section 52-4-104, the timing and nature of training to authority board members or subsidiary board members on the requirements of Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, may be determined by:
    - (A) the board chair, for the authority board; or
    - (B) the subsidiary board chair, for a subsidiary board;
  - (ii) authority staff may adopt a rule governing the use of electronic meetings under Section 52-4-207, if, under Subsection 63H-1-301(3), the board delegates to authority staff the power to adopt the rule; and
  - (iii) for an electronic meeting of the authority board or subsidiary board that otherwise complies with Section 52-4-207, the authority board or subsidiary board, respectively:
    - (A) is not required to establish an anchor location; and
- 9569 (B) may convene and conduct the meeting without the written determination otherwise

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(i) the subsidiary may:

9570	required under Subsection 52-4-207(4).
9571	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c), the authority is not required to physically
9572	post notice notwithstanding any other provision of law.
9573	(c) The authority shall physically post notice in accordance with Subsection
9574	$\left[\frac{52-4-202(3)(a)(i)}{52-4-202(3)(a)}\right]$
9575	(8) The authority and a subsidiary are subject to Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government
9576	Records Access and Management Act, except that:
9577	(a) notwithstanding Section 63G-2-701:
9578	(i) the authority may establish an appeals board consisting of at least three members;
9579	(ii) an appeals board established under Subsection (8)(a)(i) shall include:
9580	(A) one of the authority board members appointed by the governor;
9581	(B) the authority board member appointed by the president of the Senate; and
9582	(C) the authority board member appointed by the speaker of the House of
9583	Representatives; and
9584	(iii) an appeal of a decision of an appeals board is to district court, as provided in
9585	Section 63G-2-404, except that the State Records Committee is not a party; and
9586	(b) a record created or retained by the authority or a subsidiary acting in the role of a
9587	facilitator under Subsection 63H-1-201(3)(v) is a protected record under Title 63G, Chapter 2,
9588	Government Records Access and Management Act.
9589	(9) The authority or a subsidiary acting in the role of a facilitator under Subsection
9590	63H-1-201(3)(v) is not prohibited from receiving a benefit from a public-private partnership
9591	that results from the facilitator's work as a facilitator.
9592	(10) (a) (i) A subsidiary created as a public infrastructure district under Title 17D,
9593	Chapter 4, Public Infrastructure District Act, may, subject to limitations of Title 17D, Chapter
9594	4, Public Infrastructure District Act, levy a property tax for the operations and maintenance of
9595	the public infrastructure district's financed infrastructure and related improvements, subject to a
9596	maximum rate of .015.
9597	(ii) A levy under Subsection (10)(a)(i) may be separate from a public infrastructure
9598	district property tax levy for a bond.

(b) If a subsidiary created as a public infrastructure district issues a bond:

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9601 (A) delay the effective date of the property tax levy for the bond until after the period 9602 of capitalized interest payments; and 9603 (B) covenant with bondholders not to reduce or impair the property tax levy; and 9604 (ii) notwithstanding a provision to the contrary in Title 17D, Chapter 4, Public 9605 Infrastructure District Act, the tax rate for the property tax levy for the bond may not exceed a 9606 rate that generates more revenue than required to pay the annual debt service of the bond plus 9607 administrative costs, subject to a maximum of .02. 9608 (c) (i) A subsidiary created as a public infrastructure district under Title 17D, Chapter 9609 4, Public Infrastructure District Act, may create tax areas, as defined in Section 59-2-102, 9610 within the public infrastructure district and apply a different property tax rate to each tax area, 9611 subject to the maximum rate limitations described in Subsections (10)(a)(i) and (10)(b)(ii). 9612 (ii) If a subsidiary created by a public infrastructure district issues bonds, the subsidiary 9613 may issue bonds secured by property taxes from: 9614 (A) the entire public infrastructure district; or 9615 (B) one or more tax areas within the public infrastructure district. 9616 (11) (a) Terms defined in Section 57-11-2 apply to this Subsection (11). 9617 (b) Title 57, Chapter 11, Utah Uniform Land Sales Practices Act, does not apply to an 9618 offer or disposition of an interest in land if the interest in land lies within the boundaries of the 9619 project area and the authority: 9620 (i) (A) has a development review committee using at least one professional planner; 9621 (B) enacts standards and guidelines that require approval of planning, land use, and 9622 plats, including the approval of plans for streets, culinary water, sanitary sewer, and flood 9623 control; and 9624 (C) will have the improvements described in Subsection (11)(b)(i)(B) plus 9625 telecommunications and electricity; and 9626 (ii) if at the time of the offer or disposition, the subdivider furnishes satisfactory 9627 assurance of completion of the improvements described in Subsection (11)(b)(i)(C). 9628 (12) (a) As used in this Subsection (12), "officer" means the same as an officer within

(b) An official act of an officer may not be invalidated for the reason that the officer

the meaning of the Utah Constitution Article IV, Section 10.

failed to take the oath of office.

the state auditor.

9632	Section 166. Section <b>63H-1-701</b> is amended to read:
9633	63H-1-701. Annual authority budget Fiscal year Public hearing required
9634	Auditor forms Requirement to file form.
9635	(1) The authority shall prepare and its board adopt an annual budget of revenues and
9636	expenditures for the authority for each fiscal year.
9637	(2) Each annual authority budget shall be adopted before June 30.
9638	(3) The authority's fiscal year shall be the period from July 1 to the following June 30.
9639	(4) (a) Before adopting an annual budget, the authority board shall hold a public
9640	hearing on the annual budget.
9641	(b) The authority shall provide notice of the public hearing on the annual budget by
9642	publishing notice[:]
9643	[(i) at least once in a newspaper of general circulation within the state, at least one
9644	week before the public hearing; and]
9645	[(ii)] on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for at least
9646	one week immediately before the public hearing.
9647	(c) The authority shall make the annual budget available for public inspection at least
9648	three days before the date of the public hearing.
9649	(5) The state auditor shall prescribe the budget forms and the categories to be contained
9650	in each authority budget, including:
9651	(a) revenues and expenditures for the budget year;
9652	(b) legal fees; and
9653	(c) administrative costs, including rent, supplies, and other materials, and salaries of
9654	authority personnel.
9655	(6) (a) Within 30 days after adopting an annual budget, the authority board shall file a
9656	copy of the annual budget with the auditor of each county in which a project area of the
9657	authority is located, the State Tax Commission, the state auditor, the State Board of Education,
9658	and each taxing entity that levies a tax on property from which the authority collects property
9659	tax allocation.
9660	(b) The requirement of Subsection (6)(a) to file a copy of the annual budget with the
9661	state as a taxing entity is met if the authority files a copy with the State Tax Commission and

9663	Section 16/. Section 6/-3-13 is amended to read:
9664	67-3-13. State privacy officer.
9665	(1) As used in this section:
9666	(a) "Designated government entity" means a government entity that is not a state
9667	agency.
9668	(b) "Independent entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63E-1-102.
9669	(c) (i) "Government entity" means the state, a county, a municipality, a higher
9670	education institution, a local district, a special service district, a school district, an independent
9671	entity, or any other political subdivision of the state or an administrative subunit of any
9672	political subdivision, including a law enforcement entity.
9673	(ii) "Government entity" includes an agent of an entity described in Subsection
9674	(1)(c)(i).
9675	(d) (i) "Personal data" means any information relating to an identified or identifiable
9676	individual.
9677	(ii) "Personal data" includes personally identifying information.
9678	(e) (i) "Privacy practice" means the acquisition, use, storage, or disposal of personal
9679	data.
9680	(ii) "Privacy practice" includes:
9681	(A) a technology use related to personal data; and
9682	(B) policies related to the protection, storage, sharing, and retention of personal data.
9683	(f) (i) "State agency" means the following entities that are under the direct supervision
9684	and control of the governor or the lieutenant governor:
9685	(A) a department;
9686	(B) a commission;
9687	(C) a board;
9688	(D) a council;
9689	(E) an institution;
9690	(F) an officer;
9691	(G) a corporation;
9692	(H) a fund;
9693	(I) a division;

9694	(J) an office;
9695	(K) a committee;
9696	(L) an authority;
9697	(M) a laboratory;
9698	(N) a library;
9699	(O) a bureau;
9700	(P) a panel;
9701	(Q) another administrative unit of the state; or
9702	(R) an agent of an entity described in Subsections (A) through (Q).
9703	(ii) "State agency" does not include:
9704	(A) the legislative branch;
9705	(B) the judicial branch;
9706	(C) an executive branch agency within the Office of the Attorney General, the state
9707	auditor, the state treasurer, or the State Board of Education; or
9708	(D) an independent entity.
9709	(2) The state privacy officer shall:
9710	(a) when completing the duties of this Subsection (2), focus on the privacy practices of
9711	designated government entities;
9712	(b) compile information about government privacy practices of designated government
9713	entities;
9714	(c) make public and maintain information about government privacy practices on the
9715	state auditor's website;
9716	(d) provide designated government entities with educational and training materials
9717	developed by the Personal Privacy Oversight Commission established in Section 63C-24-201
9718	that include the information described in Subsection 63C-24-202(1)(b);
9719	(e) implement a process to analyze and respond to requests from individuals for the
9720	state privacy officer to review a designated government entity's privacy practice;
9721	(f) identify annually which designated government entities' privacy practices pose the
9722	greatest risk to individual privacy and prioritize those privacy practices for review;
9723	(g) review each year, in as timely a manner as possible, the privacy practices that the
9724	privacy officer identifies under Subsection (2)(e) or (2)(f) as posing the greatest risk to

individuals' privacy;

9726	(h) when reviewing a designated government entity's privacy practice under Subsection
9727	(2)(g), analyze:
9728	(i) details about the technology or the policy and the technology's or the policy's
9729	application;
9730	(ii) information about the type of data being used;
9731	(iii) information about how the data is obtained, stored, shared, secured, and disposed;
9732	(iv) information about with which persons the designated government entity shares the
9733	information;
9734	(v) information about whether an individual can or should be able to opt out of the
9735	retention and sharing of the individual's data;
9736	(vi) information about how the designated government entity de-identifies or
9737	anonymizes data;
9738	(vii) a determination about the existence of alternative technology or improved
9739	practices to protect privacy; and
9740	(viii) a finding of whether the designated government entity's current privacy practice
9741	adequately protects individual privacy; and
9742	(i) after completing a review described in Subsections (2)(g) and (h), determine:
9743	(i) each designated government entity's use of personal data, including the designated
9744	government entity's practices regarding data:
9745	(A) acquisition;
9746	(B) storage;
9747	(C) disposal;
9748	(D) protection; and
9749	(E) sharing;
9750	(ii) the adequacy of the designated government entity's practices in each of the areas
9751	described in Subsection (2)(i)(i); and
9752	(iii) for each of the areas described in Subsection (2)(i)(i) that the state privacy officer
9753	determines to require reform, provide recommendations for reform to the designated
9754	government entity and the legislative body charged with regulating the designated government
9755	entity.

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9756 (3) (a) The legislative body charged with regulating a designated government entity 9757 that receives a recommendation described in Subsection (2)(i)(iii) shall hold a public hearing 9758 on the proposed reforms: 9759 (i) with a quorum of the legislative body present; and 9760 (ii) within 90 days after the day on which the legislative body receives the 9761 recommendation. 9762 (b) (i) The legislative body shall provide notice of the hearing described in Subsection 9763 (3)(a). 9764 (ii) Notice of the public hearing and the recommendations to be discussed shall be 9765 posted [on:] for the jurisdiction of the designated government entity as a class A notice under 9766 Section 63G-28-102 at least 30 days before the day on which the legislative body will hold the 9767 public hearing. 9768 [(A) the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601 for 30 days before 9769 the day on which the legislative body will hold the public hearing; and 9770 [(B) the website of the designated government entity that received a recommendation, 9771 if the designated government entity has a website, for 30 days before the day on which the 9772 legislative body will hold the public hearing. 9773 (iii) Each notice required under Subsection (3)(b)(i) shall: 9774 (A) identify the recommendations to be discussed; and 9775 (B) state the date, time, and location of the public hearing. 9776 (c) During the hearing described in Subsection (3)(a), the legislative body shall: 9777 (i) provide the public the opportunity to ask questions and obtain further information 9778 about the recommendations; and 9779 (ii) provide any interested person an opportunity to address the legislative body with 9780 concerns about the recommendations. 9781 (d) At the conclusion of the hearing, the legislative body shall determine whether the 9782 legislative body shall adopt reforms to address the recommendations and any concerns raised 9783 during the public hearing.

(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), if the government operations privacy

officer described in Section 67-1-17 is not conducting reviews of the privacy practices of state

agencies, the state privacy officer may review the privacy practices of a state agency in

9787	accordance with the processes described in this section.
9788	(b) Subsection (3) does not apply to a state agency.
9789	(5) The state privacy officer shall:
9790	(a) quarterly report, to the Personal Privacy Oversight Commission:
9791	(i) recommendations for privacy practices for the commission to review; and
9792	(ii) the information provided in Subsection (2)(i); and
9793	(b) annually, on or before October 1, report to the Judiciary Interim Committee:
9794	(i) the results of any reviews described in Subsection (2)(g), if any reviews have been
9795	completed;
9796	(ii) reforms, to the extent that the state privacy officer is aware of any reforms, that the
9797	designated government entity made in response to any reviews described in Subsection (2)(g);
9798	(iii) the information described in Subsection (2)(i); and
9799	(iv) recommendations for legislation based on any results of a review described in
9800	Subsection (2)(g).
9801	Section 168. Section 72-3-108 is amended to read:
9802	72-3-108. County roads Vacation and narrowing Notice requirements.
9803	(1) A county may, by ordinance, vacate, narrow, or change the name of a county road
9804	without petition or after petition by a property owner.
9805	(2) A county may not vacate a county road unless notice of the hearing is:
9806	(a) published[:] for the county as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least
9807	four weeks before the day of the hearing; and
9808	[(i) in a newspaper of general circulation in the county once a week for four
9809	consecutive weeks before the hearing; and]
9810	[(ii) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for four weeks
9811	before the hearing; and]
9812	[(b) posted in three public places for four consecutive weeks prior to the hearing; and]
9813	[(c)] (b) mailed to the department and all owners of property abutting the county road.
9814	(3) The right-of-way and easements, if any, of a property owner and the franchise rights
9815	of any public utility may not be impaired by vacating or narrowing a county road.
9816	(4) Except as provided in Section 72-5-305, if a county vacates a county road, the
9817	state's right-of-way interest in the county road is also vacated.

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## 72-5-105. Highways, streets, or roads once established continue until abandoned -- Temporary closure -- Notice.

- (1) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (7), all public highways, streets, or roads once established shall continue to be highways, streets, or roads until formally abandoned or vacated by written order, resolution, or ordinance resolution of a highway authority having jurisdiction or by court decree, and the written order, resolution, ordinance, or court decree has been duly recorded in the office of the recorder of the county or counties where the highway, street, or road is located.
- (2) (a) For purposes of assessment, upon the recordation of an order executed by the proper authority with the county recorder's office, title to the vacated or abandoned highway, street, or road shall vest to the adjoining record owners, with one-half of the width of the highway, street, or road assessed to each of the adjoining owners.
- (b) Provided, however, that should a description of an owner of record extend into the vacated or abandoned highway, street, or road that portion of the vacated or abandoned highway, street, or road shall vest in the record owner, with the remainder of the highway, street, or road vested as otherwise provided in this Subsection (2).
- (c) Title to a highway, street, or road that a local highway authority closes to vehicular traffic under Subsection (3) or (7) remains vested in the city.
- (3) (a) In accordance with this section, a state or local highway authority may temporarily close a class B, C, or D road, an R.S. 2477 right-of-way, or a portion of a class B, C, or D road or R.S. 2477 right-of-way.
  - (b) (i) A temporary closure authorized under this section is not an abandonment.
- (ii) The erection of a barrier or sign on a highway, street, or road once established is not an abandonment.
- (iii) An interruption of the public's continuous use of a highway, street, or road once established is not an abandonment even if the interruption is allowed to continue unabated.
- (c) A temporary closure under Subsection (3)(a) may be authorized only under the following circumstances:
- 9847 (i) when a federal authority, or other person, provides an alternate route to an R.S. 2477 right-of-way or portion of an R.S. 2477 right-of-way if the alternate route is:

9849 (A) accepted by the highway authority; and 9850 (B) formalized by a federal permit or a written agreement between the federal authority 9851 or other person and the highway authority; 9852 (ii) when a state or local highway authority determines that correction or mitigation of 9853 injury to private or public land resources is necessary on or near a class B or D road or portion 9854 of a class B or D road; or 9855 (iii) when a local highway authority makes a finding that temporary closure of all or 9856 part of a class C road is necessary to mitigate unsafe conditions. 9857 (d) (i) If a local highway authority temporarily closes all or part of a class C road under 9858 Subsection (3)(c)(iii), the local highway authority may convert the closed portion of the road to 9859 another public use or purpose related to the mitigation of the unsafe condition. 9860 (ii) If a local highway authority temporarily closes all or part of a class C road under 9861 Subsection (3)(c)(iii), and the closed portion of road is the subject of a lease agreement between the local highway authority and another entity, the local highway authority may not 9862 9863 reopen the closed portion of the road until the lease agreement terminates. 9864 (e) A highway authority shall reopen an R.S. 2477 right-of-way or portion of an R.S. 9865 2477 right-of-way temporarily closed under this section if the alternate route is closed for any 9866 reason. 9867 (f) A temporary closure authorized under Subsection (3)(c)(ii) shall: 9868 (i) be authorized annually; and 9869 (ii) not exceed two years or the time it takes to complete the correction or mitigation, whichever is less. 9870 9871 (4) To authorize a closure of a road under Subsection (3) or (7), a local highway 9872 authority shall pass an ordinance to temporarily or indefinitely close the road. 9873 (5) Before authorizing a temporary or indefinite closure as described in Subsection (4), 9874 a highway authority shall: 9875 (a) hold a hearing on the proposed temporary or indefinite closure; 9876 (b) provide notice of the hearing by mailing a notice to the Department of 9877 Transportation [and all owners of property abutting the highway]; and 9878 (c) except for a closure under Subsection (3)(c)(iii), [post the notice:] provide notice to

the owners of the properties abutting the highway as a class C notice under Section

- [(i) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for four weeks before the hearing; or]
  - [(ii) in three public places for at least four consecutive weeks before the hearing.]
- (6) The right-of-way and easements, if any, of a property owner and the franchise rights of any public utility may not be impaired by a temporary or indefinite closure authorized under this section.
- (7) (a) A local highway authority may close to vehicular travel and convert to another public use or purpose a highway, road, or street over which the local highway authority has jurisdiction, for an indefinite period of time, if the local highway authority makes a finding that:
  - (i) the closed highway, road, or street is not necessary for vehicular travel;
- (ii) the closure of the highway, road, or street is necessary to correct or mitigate injury to private or public land resources on or near the highway, road, or street; or
- (iii) the closure of the highway, road, or street is necessary to mitigate unsafe conditions.
- (b) If a local highway authority indefinitely closes all or part of a highway, road, or street under Subsection (7)(a)(iii), and the closed portion of road is the subject of a lease agreement between the local highway authority and another entity, the local highway authority may not reopen the closed portion of the road until the lease agreement terminates.
  - (c) An indefinite closure authorized under this Subsection (7) is not an abandonment. Section 170. Section 72-6-108 is amended to read:

## 72-6-108. Class B and C roads -- Improvement projects -- Notice -- Contracts -- Retainage.

- (1) A county executive for class B roads and the municipal executive for class C roads shall cause plans, specifications, and estimates to be made prior to the construction of any improvement project, as defined in Section 72-6-109, on a class B or C road if the estimated cost for any one project exceeds the bid limit as defined in Section 72-6-109 for labor, equipment, and materials.
- (2) (a) All projects in excess of the bid limit shall be performed under contract to be let to the lowest responsible bidder.

9911	(b) If the estimated cost of the improvement project exceeds the bid limit for labor,
9912	equipment, and materials, the project may not be divided to permit the construction in parts,
9913	unless each part is done by contract.
9914	(3) The advertisement on bids shall be [posted:] published for the county as a class A
9915	notice under Section 63G-28-102 for three weeks.
9916	[(a) on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section 63A-16-601, for three
9917	weeks; and]
9918	[(b) for at least 20 days in at least five public places in the county.]
9919	(4) The county or municipal executive or their designee shall receive sealed bids and
9920	open the bids at the time and place designated in the advertisement. The county or municipal
9921	executive or their designee may then award the contract but may reject any and all bids.
9922	(5) The person, firm, or corporation that is awarded a contract under this section is
9923	subject to the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
9924	(6) If any payment on a contract with a private contractor for construction or
9925	improvement of a class B or C road is retained or withheld, the payment shall be retained or
9926	withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5.
9927	Section 171. Section <b>73-5-14</b> is amended to read:
9928	73-5-14. Determination by the state engineer of watershed to which particular
9929	source is tributary Publications of notice and result Hearing Judicial review.
9930	(1) The state engineer may determine for administrative and distribution purposes the
9931	watershed to which any particular stream or source of water is tributary.
9932	(2) A determination under Subsection (1) may be made only after publication of notice
9933	to the water users.
9934	(3) Publication of notice under Subsection (2) shall be made:
9935	(a) [in a newspaper or newspapers having general circulation in] for every county in
9936	the state in which any rights might be affected[, once each week for five consecutive weeks] as
9937	a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least five weeks before the date of the hearing
9938	described in Subsection (4); and
9939	(b) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for five weeks[; and].
9940	[(c) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for five weeks.]
9941	(4) The state engineer shall fix the date and place of hearing and at the hearing any

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9942	water user shall be given an opportunity to appear and adduce evidence material to the
9943	determination of the question involved.
9944	(5) (a) The state engineer shall publish the result of the determination as provided in
9945	Subsections (3)(a) and (b), and the notice of the decision of the state engineer shall notify the
9946	public that any person aggrieved by the decision may appeal the decision as provided by
9947	Section 73-3-14.
9948	(b) The notice under Subsection (5)(a) shall be considered to have been given so as to
9949	start the time for appeal upon completion of the publication of notice.
9950	Section 172. Section 73-10-32 is amended to read:
9951	73-10-32. Definitions Water conservation plan required Notice.
9952	(1) As used in this section:
9953	(a) "Division" means the Division of Water Resources created under Section 73-10-18.
9954	(b) "Water conservancy district" means an entity formed under Title 17B, Chapter 2a,
9955	Part 10, Water Conservancy District Act.
9956	(c) "Water conservation plan" means a written document that contains existing and
9957	proposed water conservation measures describing what will be done by a water provider, and
9958	the end user of culinary water to help conserve water in the state in terms of per capita use of
9959	water provided through culinary water infrastructure owned or operated by the water provider
9960	so that adequate supplies of water are available for future needs.
9961	(d) "Water provider" means:
9962	(i) a retail water supplier, as defined in Section 19-4-102; or
9963	(ii) a water conservancy district.
9964	(2) (a) A water conservation plan shall contain:
9965	(i) (A) a clearly stated overall water use reduction goal that is consistent with
9966	Subsection (2)(d); and
9967	(B) an implementation plan for each water conservation measure a water provider
9968	chooses to use, including a timeline for action and an evaluation process to measure progress;
9969	(ii) a requirement that a notification procedure be implemented that includes the

(iii) a copy of the minutes of the meeting regarding a water conservation plan and the

delivery of the water conservation plan to the media and to the governing body of each

municipality and county served by the water provider;

9973 notification procedure required in Subsection (2)(a)(ii) that shall be added as an appendix to the 9974 water conservation plan; and 9975 (iv) for a retail water supplier, as defined in Section 19-4-102, the retail water 9976 supplier's rate structure that is: 9977 (A) adopted by the retail water supplier's governing body in accordance with Section 9978 73-10-32.5; and 9979 (B) current as of the day the retail water supplier files a water conservation plan. 9980 (b) A water conservation plan may include information regarding: 9981 (i) the installation and use of water efficient fixtures and appliances, including toilets, 9982 shower fixtures, and faucets; 9983 (ii) residential and commercial landscapes and irrigation that require less water to 9984 maintain; 9985 (iii) more water efficient industrial and commercial processes involving the use of 9986 water; 9987 (iv) water reuse systems, both potable and not potable; 9988 (v) distribution system leak repair; 9989 (vi) dissemination of public information regarding more efficient use of water, 9990 including public education programs, customer water use audits, and water saving 9991 demonstrations; 9992 (vii) water rate structures designed to encourage more efficient use of water: 9993 (viii) statutes, ordinances, codes, or regulations designed to encourage more efficient 9994 use of water by means such as water efficient fixtures and landscapes; 9995 (ix) incentives to implement water efficient techniques, including rebates to water 9996 users to encourage the implementation of more water efficient measures; and 9997 (x) other measures designed to conserve water. 9998 (c) The division may be contacted for information and technical resources regarding 9999 measures listed in Subsection (2)(b). 10000 (d) (i) The division shall adopt by rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, 10001 Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, regional water conservation goals that: 10002 (A) are developed by the division;

(B) are reevaluated by December 31, 2030, and every 10 years after December 31,

10004 2030; and

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- 10005 (C) define what constitutes "water being conserved" under a water conservation goal after considering factors such as depletion, diversion, use, consumption, or return flows.
  - (ii) As part of a water conservation plan, a water provider shall adopt one of the following:
    - (A) the regional water conservation goal applicable to the water provider;
  - (B) a water conservation goal that would result in more water being conserved than would be conserved under the regional water conservation goal; or
  - (C) a water conservation goal that would result in less water being conserved than would be conserved under the regional water conservation goal with a reasonable justification as to why the different water conservation goal is adopted and an explanation of the factors supporting the reasonable justification, such as demographics, geography, lot sizes, make up of water service classes, or availability of secondary water.
    - (3) (a) A water provider shall:
      - (i) prepare and adopt a water conservation plan; and
      - (ii) file a copy of the water conservation plan with the division.
- 10020 (b) (i) Before adopting or amending a water conservation plan, a water provider shall hold a public hearing with reasonable, advance public notice in accordance with this Subsection (3)(b).
  - (ii) The water provider shall provide public notice at least 14 days before the date of the public hearing.
  - (iii) A water provider meets the requirements of reasonable notice required by this Subsection (3)(b) if the water provider posts notice of the public hearing [in at least three public places within the service area of the water provider and]:
  - (A) [if the water provider is a public entity, posts notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section 63A-16-601] for the service area of the water provider as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102; [or] and
  - (B) if the water provider is a private entity and has a public website, [posts notice] on the water provider's public website.
- 10033 (iv) Proof that notice described in Subsection (3)(b)(iii) was given is prima facie 10034 evidence that notice was properly given.

10035 (v) If notice given under authority of this Subsection (3)(b) is not challenged within 30 10036 days from the date of the public hearing for which the notice was given, the notice is 10037 considered adequate and proper. 10038 (c) A water provider shall: 10039 (i) post the water provider's water conservation plan on a public website; or 10040 (ii) if the water provider does not have a public website, make the water provider's 10041 water conservation plan [publically] publicly available for inspection upon request. 10042 (4) (a) The division shall: 10043 (i) provide guidelines and technical resources to help water providers prepare and 10044 implement water conservation plans; 10045 (ii) assist water providers by identifying water conservation methods upon request; and 10046 (iii) provide an online submission form that allows for an electronic copy of the water conservation plan to be filed with the division under Subsection (3)(a)(ii). 10047 10048 (b) The division shall post an annual report at the end of a calendar year listing water 10049 providers in compliance with this section. 10050 (5) A water provider may only receive state funds for water development if the water 10051 provider complies with the requirements of this section. 10052 (6) A water provider specified under Subsection (3)(a) shall: 10053 (a) update the water provider's water conservation plan no less frequently than every 10054 five years; and 10055 (b) follow the procedures required under Subsection (3) when updating the water 10056 conservation plan. 10057 (7) It is the intent of the Legislature that the water conservation plans, amendments to 10058 existing water conservation plans, and the studies and report by the division be handled within 10059 the existing budgets of the respective entities or agencies. 10060 Section 173. Section **75-1-401** is amended to read: 75-1-401. Notice -- Method and time of giving. 10061 10062 (1) If notice of a hearing on any petition is required and except for specific notice 10063 requirements as otherwise provided, the petitioner shall cause notice of the time and place of

has appeared by attorney or requested that notice be sent to the person's attorney. Notice shall

hearing of any petition to be given to any interested person or the person's attorney if the person

be given by the clerk posting a copy of the notice for the 10 consecutive days immediately preceding the time set for the hearing in at least three public places in the county, one of which must be at the courthouse of the county and:

- (a) (i) by the clerk mailing a copy thereof at least 10 days before the time set for the hearing by certified, registered, or ordinary first class mail addressed to the person being notified at the post-office address given in the demand for notice, if any, or at the person's office or place of residence, if known; or
- (ii) by delivering a copy thereof to the person being notified personally at least 10 days before the time set for the hearing; and
- (b) if the address, or identity of any person is not known and cannot be ascertained with reasonable diligence, by publishing[:] for the county where the hearing is to be held as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102 at least 10 days before the day of the hearing.
- [(i) at least once a week for three consecutive weeks a copy thereof in a newspaper having general circulation in the county where the hearing is to be held, the last publication of which is to be at least 10 days before the time set for the hearing; and]
- [(ii) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for three weeks.]
- (2) The court for good cause shown may provide for a different method or time of giving notice for any hearing.
- (3) Proof of the giving of notice shall be made on or before the hearing and filed in the proceeding.

Section 174. Section 76-8-809 is amended to read:

## 76-8-809. Closing or restricting use of highways abutting defense or war facilities -- Posting of notices.

Any individual, partnership, association, corporation, municipal corporation or state or any political subdivision thereof engaged in or preparing to engage in the manufacture, transportation or storage of any product to be used in the preparation of the United States or any of the states for defense or for war or in the prosecution of war by the United States, or in the manufacture, transportation, distribution or storage of gas, oil, coal, electricity or water, or any of said natural or artificial persons operating any public utility who has property so used which he or it believes will be endangered if public use and travel is not restricted or prohibited

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on one or more highways or parts thereof upon which the property abuts, may petition the highway commissioners of any city, town, or county to close one or more of the highways or parts thereof to public use and travel or to restrict by order the use and travel upon one or more of the highways or parts thereof.

Upon receipt of the petition, the highway commissioners shall set a day for hearing and give notice of the hearing by posting a <u>class A</u> notice [on the Utah Public Notice Website, ereated in Section 63A-16-601] under Section 63G-28-102 for the city, town, or county, at least seven days [prior to the date set for] before the day of the hearing. If, after hearing, the highway commissioners determine that the public safety and the safety of the property of the petitioner so require, they shall by suitable order close to public use and travel or reasonably restrict the use of and travel upon one or more of the highways or parts thereof; provided the highway commissioners may issue written permits to travel over the highway so closed or restricted to responsible and reputable persons for a term, under conditions and in a form as the commissioners may prescribe. Appropriate notices in letters at least three inches high shall be posted conspicuously at each end of any highway so closed or restricted by an order. The highway commissioners may at any time revoke or modify any order so made.

- Section 175. Section **78A-7-202** is amended to read:
- 10114 78A-7-202. Justice court judges to be appointed -- Procedure.
- 10115 (1) As used in this section:
- 10116 (a) "Local government executive" means:
- 10117 (i) for a county:
  - (A) the chair of the county commission in a county operating under the county commission or expanded county commission form of county government;
    - (B) the county executive in a county operating under the county executive-council form of county government; and
  - (C) the county manager in a county operating under the council-manager form of county government;
- 10124 (ii) for a city or town:
- 10125 (A) the mayor of the city or town; or
- 10126 (B) the city manager, in the council-manager form of government described in
- 10127 Subsection 10-3b-103(7); and

10128	(iii) for a metro township, the chair of the metro township council.
10129	(b) "Local legislative body" means:
10130	(i) for a county, the county commission or county council; and
10131	(ii) for a city or town, the council of the city or town.
10132	(2) (a) There is created in each county a county justice court nominating commission to
10133	review applicants and make recommendations to the appointing authority for a justice court
10134	position.
10135	(b) The commission shall be convened when a new justice court judge position is
10136	created or when a vacancy in an existing court occurs for a justice court located within the
10137	county.
10138	(c) Membership of the justice court nominating commission shall be as follows:
10139	(i) one member appointed by:
10140	(A) the county commission if the county has a county commission form of
10141	government; or
10142	(B) the county executive if the county has an executive-council form of government;
10143	(ii) one member appointed by the municipalities in the counties as follows:
10144	(A) if the county has only one municipality, appointment shall be made by the
10145	governing authority of that municipality; or
10146	(B) if the county has more than one municipality, appointment shall be made by a
10147	municipal selection committee composed of the mayors of each municipality and the chairs of
10148	each metro township in the county;
10149	(iii) one member appointed by the county bar association; and
10150	(iv) two members appointed by the governing authority of the jurisdiction where the
10151	judicial office is located.
10152	(d) (i) If there is no county bar association, the member in Subsection (2)(c)(iii) shall
10153	be appointed by the regional bar association.
10154	(ii) If no regional bar association exists, the state bar association shall make the
10155	appointment.
10156	(e) Members appointed under Subsections (2)(c)(i) and (ii) may not be the appointing
10157	authority or an elected official of a county or municipality.
10158	(f) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d)(ii), the nominating commission shall

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10159 submit at least three names to the appointing authority of the jurisdiction expected to be served 10160 by the judge. 10161 (ii) If there are fewer than three applicants for a justice court vacancy, the nominating 10162 commission shall submit all qualified applicants to the appointing authority of the jurisdiction 10163 expected to be served by the judge. 10164 (iii) The local government executive shall appoint a judge from the list submitted and 10165 the appointment ratified by the local legislative body. 10166 (g) (i) The state court administrator shall provide staff to the commission. 10167 (ii) The Judicial Council shall establish rules and procedures for the conduct of the 10168 commission. 10169 (3) (a) A judicial vacancy for a justice court shall be announced: 10170 (i) as an employment opportunity on the Utah Courts' website; 10171 (ii) in an email to the members of the Utah State Bar; and 10172 (iii) [on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section 63A-16-601] for the justice 10173 court's jurisdiction as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102. 10174 (b) A judicial vacancy for a justice court may also be advertised through other 10175 appropriate means. 10176 (4) Selection of candidates shall be based on compliance with the requirements for 10177 office and competence to serve as a judge. 10178 (5) (a) Once selected, every prospective justice court judge shall attend an orientation 10179 seminar conducted under the direction of the Judicial Council. 10180 (b) Upon completion of the orientation seminar described in Subsection (5)(a), the 10181 Judicial Council shall certify the justice court judge as qualified to hold office. 10182 (6) (a) The selection of a person to fill the office of justice court judge is effective upon

certification of the judge by the Judicial Council.

(b) A justice court judge may not perform judicial duties until certified by the Judicial