1	PUBLIC NOTICE REQUIREMENTS
2	2023 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Stephanie Pitcher
5	House Sponsor: Norman K Thurston
6	T ONE TITLE
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions relating to providing public notices.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	<ul><li>defines terms;</li></ul>
13	<ul> <li>creates classifications for types of public notices where each classification requires</li> </ul>
14	notice to be provided in specific ways;
15	<ul> <li>amends public notice provisions to implement the new classification system; and</li> </ul>
16	<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li> </ul>
17	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
18	None
19	Other Special Clauses:
20	None
21	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
22	AMENDS:
23	4-17-109, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 345
24	4-25-201, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 345
25	4-25-401, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 345



26	4-30-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
27	7-1-706, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
28	7-2-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 258
29	8-5-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
30	9-8-805, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 221
31	10-2-406, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
32	10-2-407, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 355
33	10-2-415, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
34	10-2-418, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
35	10-2-419, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
36	10-2-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 355
37	10-2-502.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
38	10-2-607, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
39	10-2-703, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
40	10-2-708, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
41	10-2a-207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 112, 345, and 355
42	10-2a-210, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
43	10-2a-213, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
44	10-2a-214, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
45	10-2a-215, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
46	10-2a-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
47	10-2a-405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
48	10-2a-410, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
49	10-3-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
50	10-3-711, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
51	10-3-818, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
52	10-3c-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 210 and last amended by
53	Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 367
54	10-5-107.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
55	10-5-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
56	10-6-113, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355

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57
             10-6-135.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
             10-6-152, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
58
59
             10-7-16, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
60
             10-7-19, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
             10-8-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 307
61
62
             10-8-15, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
63
             10-9a-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 162 and 345
             10-9a-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
64
65
             10-9a-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 355
             10-9a-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
66
67
             10-18-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
68
             10-18-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
69
             10-18-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
             11-13-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
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71
             11-13-219, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
72
             11-13-509, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
73
             11-14-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
74
             11-14-315, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
75
             11-14-316, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 107
76
             11-14-318, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
             11-14a-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
77
78
             11-17-16, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 145
79
             11-27-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 145
             11-27-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 378
80
             11-30-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
81
82
             11-32-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 388
83
             11-32-11, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 388
84
             11-36a-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 344
85
             11-36a-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
86
             11-36a-504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
87
             11-39-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
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88	11-42-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345, 355, and 415
89	11-42-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
90	11-42-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
91	11-42-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
92	11-42-604, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 189
93	11-42a-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
94	11-42b-104, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 376
95	11-42b-108, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 376
96	11-42b-109, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 376
97	11-42b-110, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 376
98	11-58-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
99	11-58-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 162, 345
100	11-58-701, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 207
101	11-58-901, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 282
102	11-59-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 282
103	11-65-204, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 59
104	11-65-402, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 59
105	11-65-601, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 59
106	17-27a-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 162 and 345
107	17-27a-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
108	17-27a-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 355
109	17-27a-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
110	17-27a-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
111	17-27a-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 282, 406
112	17-36-12, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
113	17-36-26, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
114	17-41-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
115	17-41-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
116	17-41-405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 274
117	17-50-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
118	17B-1-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 162, 345, and 382

119	17B-1-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
120	17B-1-211, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
121	17B-1-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 381
122	17B-1-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 18, 381
123	17B-1-313, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
124	17B-1-413, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
125	17B-1-417, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
126	17B-1-505.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
127	17B-1-608, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 330
128	17B-1-609, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
129	17B-1-643, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
130	17B-1-1204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
131	17B-1-1307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
132	17B-2a-705, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
133	17B-2a-1007, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
134	17B-2a-1110, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
135	17C-1-207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
136	17C-1-601.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
137	17C-1-701.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
138	17C-1-804, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
139	17C-1-806, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
140	17C-1-1003, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 214
141	17C-2-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
142	17C-3-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
143	17C-4-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
144	17C-4-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
145	17C-4-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
146	17C-5-110, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
147	17C-5-113, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
148	17C-5-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
149	17D-3-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345

150	19-2-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
151	20A-1-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 167
152	<b>20A-1-512</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 77, 84 and 345
153	20A-3a-604, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
154	20A-4-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 380
155	20A-4-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 342
156	20A-5-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
157	20A-5-403.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 156
158	20A-5-405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 170
159	20A-7-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 170, 325
160	20A-7-204.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
161	20A-7-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
162	20A-9-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
163	<b>26-8a-405.3</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
164	26-61a-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 290, 415
165	52-4-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
166	52-4-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 403
167	53B-7-101.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
168	53E-4-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 377
169	53G-3-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 162 and 345
170	53G-4-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
171	53G-4-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 262, 324, and 345
172	53G-5-504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
173	54-8-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
174	54-8-16, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
175	54-8-23, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
176	<b>57-11-11</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
177	57-13a-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 274
178	59-2-919, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
179	59-2-919.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
180	59-12-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355

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and publish the [same] notice [on]:

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              59-12-1102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
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              59-12-2208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
183
              62A-5-202.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
184
              63A-5b-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
185
              63A-16-602, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 344 and
186
       last amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 344
187
              63H-1-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 274, 463
188
              63H-1-701, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 463
189
              67-3-13, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 155
190
              72-3-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
191
              72-5-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345 and 355
192
              72-6-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
193
              73-5-14, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
194
              73-10-32, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 90
195
              75-1-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84, 345
196
              76-8-809, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 355
197
              78A-7-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 276
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       ENACTS:
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              63G-28-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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              63G-28-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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202
       Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
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              Section 1. Section 4-17-109 is amended to read:
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              4-17-109. Notice of noxious weeds to be published annually in county -- Notice to
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       particular property owners to control noxious weeds -- Methods of prevention or control
206
       specified -- Failure to control noxious weeds considered public nuisance.
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              (1) Each county weed control board before May 1 of each year shall post a general
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       notice of the noxious weeds within the county [in at least three public places within the county]
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within] for the county, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least seven days;

(a) [at least three occasions in a newspaper or other publication of general circulation

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	2110 Sub. (Saimon) S.D. 45
212	and
213	(b) as required in Section 45-1-101.
214	(2) (a) If the county weed control board determines that particular property within the
215	county requires prompt and definite attention to prevent or control noxious weeds, the county
216	weed control board shall serve the owner or the person in possession of the property, personally
217	or by certified mail, a notice specifying when and what action is required to be taken on the
218	property.
219	(b) Methods of prevention or control may include definite systems of tillage, cropping,
220	use of chemicals, and use of livestock.
221	(3) An owner or person in possession of property who fails to take action to control or
222	prevent the spread of noxious weeds as specified in the notice is maintaining a public nuisance.
223	Section 2. Section <b>4-25-201</b> is amended to read:
224	4-25-201. Possession of estrays Determination and location of owner Sale
225	Disposition of proceeds Notice Title of purchaser Immunity from liability.
226	(1) (a) Except as provided in Section 4-25-202, a county shall:
227	(i) take physical possession of an estray the county finds within county boundaries;
228	(ii) attempt to determine the name and location of the estray's owner; and
229	(iii) contact the local brand inspector.
230	(b) The department shall assist a county that requests its help in determining the name
231	and location of the owner or other person responsible for the estray.
232	(c) (i) Notwithstanding the requirements of Title 67, Chapter 4a, Revised Uniform
233	Unclaimed Property Act, if the county cannot determine the estray's owner, or, if having
234	determined ownership, neither the county nor the department is able to locate the owner within
235	a reasonable period of time, the estray shall be sold at a livestock or other appropriate market.
236	(ii) The proceeds of a sale under Subsection (1)(c)(i), less the costs described in
237	Subsection (1)(c)(iii), shall be paid to the county selling the estray.
238	(iii) The livestock or other market conducting the sale under Subsection (1)(c)(i) may
239	deduct the cost of feed, transportation, and other market costs from the proceeds of the sale.

(2) A county shall publish notice of the sale of an estray[:(a) at least once 10 days

before the date of the sale; and(b) through electronic means or in a publication with general

circulation] within the county where the estray was taken into custody, as a class A notice

243 under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 10 days before the date of the sale. 244 (3) A purchaser of an estray sold under this section shall receive title to the estray free 245 and clear of all claims of the estray's owner and a person claiming title through the owner. (4) A county that complies with the provisions of this section is immune from liability 246 247 for the sale of an estray sold at a livestock or other appropriate market. 248 (5) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (1)(c), a county may employ a 249 licensed veterinarian to euthanize an estray if the licensed veterinarian determines that the 250 estray's physical condition prevents the estray from being sold. 251 Section 3. Section **4-25-401** is amended to read: 252 4-25-401. Impounded livestock -- Determination and location of owner -- Sale --Disposition of proceeds -- Notice -- Title of purchaser -- Immunity from liability. 253 254 (1) As used in this section, "impounded livestock" means the following animals seized 255 and retained in legal custody: 256 (a) cattle; 257 (b) calves; 258 (c) horses; 259 (d) mules; 260 (e) sheep; 261 (f) goats; 262 (g) hogs; or 263 (h) domesticated elk. 264 (2) (a) A county may: 265 (i) take physical possession of impounded livestock seized and retained within its 266 boundaries; and 267 (ii) attempt to determine the name and location of the impounded livestock's owner. 268 (b) The department shall assist a county who requests help in locating the name and 269 location of the owner or other person responsible for the impounded livestock. 270 (c) (i) Notwithstanding the requirements of Title 67, Chapter 4a, Revised Uniform 271 Unclaimed Property Act, if the county cannot determine ownership of the impounded livestock, 272 or, if having determined ownership, neither the county nor the department is able to locate the 273 owner within a reasonable period of time, the impounded livestock shall be sold at a livestock

or other appropriate market.

- (ii) The proceeds of a sale under Subsection (2)(c)(i), less the costs described in Subsection (2)(c)(iii), shall be paid to the State School Fund created by the Utah Constitution, Article X, Section 5, Subsection (1).
- (iii) The livestock or other market conducting the sale under Subsection (2)(c)(i) may deduct the cost of feed, transportation, and other market costs from the proceeds of the sale.
- (3) A county shall publish the intended sale of the impounded livestock[:(a) at least 10 days before the date of sale; and(b) through electronic means or in a publication with general circulation] within the county where the impounded livestock was taken into custody, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 10 days before the date of the sale.
- (4) A purchaser of impounded livestock sold under this section shall receive title to the impounded livestock free and clear of all claims of the livestock's owner or a person claiming title through the owner.
- (5) If a county complies with the provisions of this section, the county is immune from liability for the sale of impounded livestock sold at a livestock or other appropriate market.
- (6) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (2)(c), a county may employ a licensed veterinarian to euthanize an impounded livestock if the licensed veterinarian determines that the impounded livestock's physical condition prevents the impounded livestock from being sold.
  - Section 4. Section 4-30-106 is amended to read:

## 4-30-106. Hearing on license application -- Notice of hearing.

- (1) Upon the filing of an application, the department shall set a time for hearing on the application in the city or town nearest the proposed site of the livestock market and cause notice of the time and place of the hearing together with a copy of the application to be forwarded by mail, not less than 15 days before the hearing date, to the following:
  - (a) each licensed livestock market operator within the state; and
- (b) each livestock or other interested association or group of persons in the state that has filed written notice with the department requesting receipt of notice of such hearings.
- (2) Notice of the hearing shall be published <u>for</u> 14 days before the scheduled hearing date[:], as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for the city or town where the hearing is scheduled.

305	[(a) in a daily or weekly newspaper of general circulation within the city or town where
306	the hearing is scheduled; and]
307	[(b) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601.]
308	Section 5. Section <b>7-1-706</b> is amended to read:
309	7-1-706. Application to commissioner to exercise power Procedure Notice.
310	(1) Except as provided in Sections 7-1-704 and 7-1-705, by filing a request for agency
311	action with the commissioner, any person may request the commissioner to:
312	(a) issue any rule or order;
313	(b) exercise any powers granted to the commissioner under this title; or
314	(c) act on any matter that is subject to the approval of the commissioner.
315	(2) Within 10 days of receipt of the request, the commissioner shall, at the applicant's
316	expense, cause a supervisor to make a careful investigation of the facts relevant or material to
317	the request.
318	(3) (a) The supervisor shall submit written findings and recommendations to the
319	commissioner.
320	(b) The application, any additional information furnished by the applicant, and the
321	findings and recommendations of the supervisor may be inspected by any person at the office
322	of the commissioner, except those portions of the application or report that the commissioner
323	designates as confidential to prevent a clearly unwarranted invasion of privacy.
324	(4) (a) If a hearing is held concerning the request, the commissioner shall publish
325	notice of the hearing, at the applicant's expense[:], for the county where the applicant is
326	located, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for three weeks before the date of the
327	hearing.
328	[(i) in a newspaper of general circulation within the county where the applicant is
329	located at least once a week for three successive weeks before the date of the hearing; and]
330	[(ii) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for three weeks
331	before the date of the hearing.]
332	(b) The notice required by Subsection (4)(a) shall include the information required by
333	the department's rules.
334	(c) The commissioner shall act upon the request within 30 days after the close of the
335	hearing, based on the record before the commissioner.

336	(5) (a) If no hearing is held, the commissioner shall approve or disapprove the request
337	within 90 days of receipt of the request based on:
338	(i) the application;
339	(ii) additional information filed with the commissioner; and
340	(iii) the findings and recommendations of the supervisor.
341	(b) The commissioner shall act on the request by issuing findings of fact, conclusions,
342	and an order, and shall mail a copy of each to:
343	(i) the applicant;
344	(ii) all persons who have filed protests to the granting of the application; and
345	(iii) other persons that the commissioner considers should receive copies.
346	(6) The commissioner may impose any conditions or limitations on the approval or
347	disapproval of a request that the commissioner considers proper to:
348	(a) protect the interest of creditors, depositors, and other customers of an institution;
349	(b) protect its shareholders or members; and
350	(c) carry out the purposes of this title.
351	Section 6. Section <b>7-2-6</b> is amended to read:
352	7-2-6. Possession by commissioner Notice Presentation, allowance, and
353	disallowance of claims Objections to claims.
354	(1) (a) Possession of an institution by the commissioner commences when notice of
355	taking possession is:
356	(i) posted in each office of the institution located in this state; or
357	(ii) delivered to a controlling person or officer of the institution.
358	(b) All notices, records, and other information regarding possession of an institution by
359	the commissioner may be kept confidential, and all court records and proceedings relating to
360	the commissioner's possession may be sealed from public access if:
361	(i) the commissioner finds it is in the best interests of the institution and its depositors
362	not to notify the public of the possession by the commissioner;
363	(ii) the deposit and withdrawal of funds and payment to creditors of the institution is
364	not suspended, restricted, or interrupted; and
365	(iii) the court approves.
366	(2) (a) (i) Within 15 days after taking possession of an institution or other person under

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the jurisdiction of the department, the commissioner shall publish a notice to all persons who may have claims against the institution or other person to file proof of their claims with the commissioner before a date specified in the notice.

- (ii) The filing date shall be at least 90 days after the date of the first publication of the notice.
  - (iii) The notice shall be published:
- (A) <u>for at least 90 days, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for each city or county in which the institution or other person, or any subsidiary or service corporation of the institution, maintains an office; and</u>
- [(I) in a newspaper of general circulation in each city or county in which the institution or other person, or any subsidiary or service corporation of the institution, maintains an office; and]
- [(II) published again approximately 30 days and 60 days after the date of the first publication; and]
  - (B) as required in Section 45-1-101 for 60 days.
- (b) (i) Within 60 days of taking possession of a depository institution, the commissioner shall send a similar notice to all persons whose identity is reflected in the books or records of the institution as depositors or other creditors, secured or unsecured, parties to litigation involving the institution pending at the date the commissioner takes possession of the institution, and all other potential claimants against the institution whose identity is reasonably ascertainable by the commissioner from examination of the books and records of the institution. No notice is required in connection with accounts or other liabilities of the institution that will be paid in full or be fully assumed by another depository institution or trust company. The notice shall specify a filing date for claims against the institution not less than 60 days after the date of mailing. Claimants whose claims against the institution have been assumed by another depository institution or trust company pursuant to a merger or purchase and assumption agreement with the commissioner, or a federal deposit insurance agency appointed as receiver or liquidator of the institution, shall be notified of the assumption of their claims and the name and address of the assuming party within 60 days after the claim is assumed. Unless a purchase and assumption or merger agreement requires otherwise, the assuming party shall give all required notices. Notice shall be mailed to the address appearing

in the books and records of the institution.

- (ii) Inadvertent or unintentional failure to mail a notice to any person entitled to written notice under this paragraph does not impose any liability on the commissioner or any receiver or liquidator appointed by him beyond the amount the claimant would be entitled to receive if the claim had been timely filed and allowed. The commissioner or any receiver or liquidator appointed by him are not liable for failure to mail notice unless the claimant establishes that it had no knowledge of the commissioner taking possession of the institution until after all opportunity had passed for obtaining payment through filing a claim with the commissioner, receiver, or liquidator.
- (c) Upon good cause shown, the court having supervisory jurisdiction may extend the time in which the commissioner may serve any notice required by this chapter.
- (d) The commissioner has the sole power to adjudicate any claim against the institution, its property or other assets, tangible or intangible, and to settle or compromise claims within the priorities set forth in Section 7-2-15. Any action of the commissioner is subject to judicial review as provided in Subsection (9).
- (e) A receiver or liquidator of the institution appointed by the commissioner has all the duties, powers, authority, and responsibilities of the commissioner under this section. All claims against the institution shall be filed with the receiver or liquidator within the applicable time specified in this section and the receiver or liquidator shall adjudicate the claims as provided in Subsection (2)(d).
- (f) The procedure established in this section is the sole remedy of claimants against an institution or its assets in the possession of the commissioner.
- (3) With respect to a claim which appears in the books and records of an institution or other person in the possession of the commissioner as a secured claim, which, for purposes of this section is a claim that constitutes an enforceable, perfected lien, evidenced in writing, on the assets or other property of the institution:
- (a) The commissioner shall allow or disallow each secured claim filed on or before the filing date within 30 days after receipt of the claim and shall notify each secured claimant by certified mail or in person of the basis for, and any conditions imposed on, the allowance or disallowance.
  - (b) For all allowed secured claims, the commissioner shall be bound by the terms,

- covenants, and conditions relating to the assets or other property subject to the claim, as set forth in the note, bond, or other security agreement which evidences the secured claim, unless the commissioner has given notice to the claimant of his intent to abandon the assets or other property subject to the secured claim at the time the commissioner gave the notice described in Subsection (3)(a).
- (c) No petition for lifting the stay provided by Section 7-2-7 may be filed with respect to a secured claim before the claim has been filed and allowed or disallowed by the commissioner in accordance with Subsection (3)(a).
  - (4) With respect to all other claims other than secured claims:
- (a) Each claim filed on or before the filing date shall be allowed or disallowed within 180 days after the final publication of notice.
- (b) If notice of disallowance is not served upon the claimant by the commissioner within 210 days after the date of final publication of notice, the claim is considered disallowed.
- (c) The rights of claimants and the amount of a claim shall be determined as of the date the commissioner took possession of the institution under this chapter. Claims based on contractual obligations of the institution in existence on the date of possession may be allowed unless the obligation of the institution is dependent on events occurring after the date of possession, or the amount or worth of the claim cannot be determined before any distribution of assets of the institution is made to claimants having the same priority under Section 7-2-15.
- (d) (i) An unliquidated claim against the institution, including claims based on alleged torts for which the institution would have been liable on the date the commissioner took possession of the institution and any claims for a right to an equitable remedy for breach of performance by the institution, may be filed in an estimated amount. The commissioner may disallow or allow the claim in an amount determined by the commissioner, settle the claim in an amount approved by the court, or, in his discretion, refer the claim to the court designated by Section 7-2-2 for determination in accordance with procedures designated by the court. If the institution held on the date of possession by the commissioner a policy of insurance that would apply to the liability asserted by the claimant, the commissioner, or any receiver appointed by him may assign to the claimant all rights of the institution under the insurance policy in full satisfaction of the claim.
  - (ii) If the commissioner finds there are or may be issues of fact or law as to the validity

of a claim, liquidated or unliquidated, or its proper allowance or disallowance under the provisions of this chapter, he may appoint a hearing examiner to conduct a hearing and to prepare and submit recommended findings of fact and conclusions of law for final consideration by the commissioner. The hearing shall be conducted as provided in rules or regulations issued by the commissioner. The decision of the commissioner shall be based on the record before the hearing examiner and information the commissioner considers relevant and shall be subject to judicial review as provided in Subsection (9).

- (e) A claim may be disallowed if it is based on actions or documents intended to deceive the commissioner or any receiver or liquidator appointed by him.
- (f) The commissioner may defer payment of any claim filed on behalf of a person who was at any time in control of the institution within the meaning of Section 7-1-103, pending the final determination of all claims of the institution against that person.
- (g) The commissioner or any receiver appointed by him may disallow a claim that seeks a dollar amount if it is determined by the court having jurisdiction under Section 7-2-2 that the commissioner or receiver or conservator will not have any assets with which to pay the claim under the priorities established by Section 7-2-15.
- (h) The commissioner may adopt rules to establish such alternative dispute resolution processes as may be appropriate for the resolution of claims filed against an institution under this chapter.
- (i) In establishing alternative dispute resolution processes, the commissioner shall strive for procedures that are expeditious, fair, independent, and low cost. The commissioner shall seek to develop incentives for claimants to participate in the alternative dispute resolution process.
- (j) The commissioner may establish both binding and nonbinding processes, which may be conducted by any government or private party, but all parties, including the claimant and the commissioner or any receiver appointed by him, must agree to the use of the process in a particular case.
  - (5) (a) Claims filed after the filing date are disallowed, unless:
- (i) the claimant who did not file his claim timely demonstrates that he did not have notice or actual knowledge of the proceedings in time to file a timely proof of claim; and
  - (ii) proof of the claim was filed prior to the last distribution of assets. For the purpose

- of this subsection only, late filed claims may be allowed if proof was filed before the final distribution of assets of the institution to claimants of the same priority and are payable only out of the remaining assets of the institution.
  - (b) A late filed claim may be disallowed under any other provision of this section.
- (6) Debts owing to the United States or to any state or its subdivisions as a penalty or forfeiture are not allowed, except for the amount of the pecuniary loss sustained by the act, transaction, or proceeding out of which the penalty or forfeiture arose.
- (7) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection 7-2-15(1)(a), interest accruing on any claim after the commissioner has taken possession of an institution or other person under this chapter may be disallowed.
- (8) (a) A claim against an institution or its assets based on a contract or agreement may be disallowed unless the agreement:
  - (i) is in writing;
  - (ii) is otherwise a valid and enforceable contract; and
- (iii) has continuously, from the time of its execution, been an official record of the institution.
- (b) The requirements of this Subsection (8) do not apply to claims for goods sold or services rendered to an institution in the ordinary course of business by trade creditors who do not customarily use written agreements or other documents.
- (9) (a) Objection to any claim allowed or disallowed may be made by any depositor or other claimant by filing a written objection with the commissioner within 30 days after service of the notice of allowance or disallowance. The commissioner shall present the objection to the court for hearing and determination upon written notice to the claimant and to the filing party. The notice shall set forth the time and place of hearing. After the 30-day period, no objection may be filed. This Subsection (9) does not apply to secured claims allowed under Subsection (3).
- (b) The hearing shall be based on the record before the commissioner and any additional evidence the court allowed to provide the parties due process of law.
- (c) The court may not reverse or otherwise modify the determination of the commissioner with respect to the claim unless it finds the determination of the commissioner to be arbitrary, capricious, or otherwise contrary to law. The burden of proof is on the party

objecting to the determination of the commissioner.

- (d) An appeal from any final judgment of the court with respect to a claim may be taken as provided by law by the claimant, the commissioner, or any person having standing to object to the allowance or disallowance of the claim.
- (10) If a claim against the institution has been asserted in any judicial, administrative, or other proceeding pending at the time the commissioner took possession of the institution under this chapter or under Chapter 19, Acquisition of Failing Depository Institutions or Holding Companies, the claimant shall file copies of all documents of record in the pending proceeding with the commissioner within the time for filing claims as provided in Subsection (2). Such a claim shall be allowed or disallowed within 90 days of the receipt of the complete record of the proceedings. No application to lift the stay of a pending proceeding shall be filed until the claim has been allowed or disallowed. The commissioner may petition the court designated by Section 7-2-2 to lift the stay to determine whether the claim should be allowed or disallowed.
- (11) All claims allowed by the commissioner and not disallowed or otherwise modified by the court under Subsection (9), if not paid within 30 days after allowance, shall be evidenced by a certificate payable only out of the assets of the institution in the possession of the commissioner, subject to the priorities set forth in Section 7-2-15. This provision does not apply to a secured claim allowed by the commissioner under Subsection (3)(a).
  - Section 7. Section **8-5-6** is amended to read:

## 8-5-6. Alternative council or board procedures for notice -- Termination of rights -- Notice.

- (1) As an alternative to the procedures set forth in Sections 8-5-1 through 8-5-4, a municipal council or cemetery maintenance district board may pass a resolution demanding that the owner of a lot, site, or portion of the cemetery, which has been unused for burial purposes for more than 60 years, file with the county recorder, city recorder, or town clerk notice of any claim to the lot, site, or portion of the cemetery.
- (2) The municipal council or cemetery maintenance district board shall then cause a copy of the resolution to be personally served on the owner in the same manner as personal service of process in a civil action. The resolution shall notify the owner that the owner shall, within 60 days after service of the resolution on the owner, express interest in maintaining the

cemetery lot, site, or portion of the cemetery and submit satisfactory evidence of an intention to use the lot, site, or portion of the cemetery for a burial.

- (3) If the owner cannot be personally served with the resolution of the municipal council or cemetery maintenance district board as required in Subsection (2), the municipal council or cemetery maintenance district board shall:
- (a) publish [its resolution on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601] the resolution for the municipality or cemetery maintenance district, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for three weeks; and
- (b) mail a copy of the resolution within 14 days after the publication to the owner's last known address, if available.
- (4) If, for 30 days after the last date of service or publication of the municipal council's or cemetery maintenance district board's resolution, the owner or person with a legal interest in the cemetery lot fails to state a valid interest in the use of the cemetery lot, site, or portion of the cemetery for burial purposes, the owner's rights are terminated and that portion of the cemetery shall be vested in the municipality or cemetery maintenance district.
  - Section 8. Section **9-8-805** is amended to read:

## 9-8-805. Collecting institutions -- Perfecting title -- Notice.

- (1) (a) A collecting institution wishing to perfect title in any reposited materials held by it shall send, by registered mail, a notice containing the information required by Subsection (2) to the last-known address of the last-known owner of the property.
- (b) In addition to the requirements of Subsection (1)(a), a collecting institution shall publish a notice containing the information required by Subsection (2) if:
  - (i) the owner or the address of the owner of the reposited materials is unknown;
- (ii) the mailed notice is returned to the collecting institution without a forwarding address; or
- (iii) the owner does not claim the reposited materials within 90 days after the day on which the notice was mailed.
- (c) If required to publish a notice under Subsection (1)(b), the collecting institution[<del>, in</del> accordance with Section 45-1-101,] shall publish the notice for two weeks:
- (i) [at least once per week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in] for the county where the collecting institution is located, as a class A notice

364	under Section 03G-28-102, and
585	[(ii) on the public legal notice website for at least two weeks]
586	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
587	(2) Each notice required by this section shall include:
588	(a) the name, if known, and the last-known address, if any, of the last-known owner of
589	the reposited materials;
590	(b) a description of the reposited materials;
591	(c) the name of the collecting institution that has possession of the reposited materials
592	and a person within that institution whom the owner may contact; and
593	(d) a statement that if the reposited materials are not claimed within 90 days from the
594	day on which the notice is published in accordance with Subsection (1)(b), the reposited
595	materials are considered abandoned and become the property of the collecting institution.
596	(3) If no one claims reposited materials within 90 days after the day on which notice is
597	published in accordance with Subsection (1)(b), the reposited materials are considered
598	abandoned and are the property of the collecting institution.
599	Section 9. Section <b>10-2-406</b> is amended to read:
600	10-2-406. Notice of certification Providing notice of petition.
601	(1) After receipt of the notice of certification from the city recorder or town clerk under
602	Subsection 10-2-405(2)(c)(i), the municipal legislative body shall provide notice:
603	(a) [within] for the area proposed for annexation and the unincorporated area within
604	1/2 mile of the area proposed for annexation, as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102, no
605	later than 10 days after the day on which the municipal legislative body receives the notice of
606	certification[:]; and
607	[(i) by posting one notice, and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population
608	within the combined area, in places within the combined area that are most likely to give notice
609	to the residents within, and the owners of real property located within, the combined area,
610	subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or]
611	[(ii) by mailing the notice to each residence within, and to each owner of real property
612	located within, the combined area;]
613	[(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
614	63A-16-601, for three weeks, beginning no later than 10 days after the day on which the

615	municipal legislative body receives the notice of certification;]
616	[(c)] (b) within 20 days after the day on which the municipal legislative body receives
617	the notice of certification, by mailing written notice to each affected entity[; and].
618	[(d) if the municipality has a website, by posting notice on the municipality's website
619	for the period of time described in Subsection (1)(b).]
620	(2) The notice described in Subsection (1) shall:
621	(a) state that a petition has been filed with the municipality proposing the annexation of
622	an area to the municipality;
623	(b) state the date of the municipal legislative body's receipt of the notice of certification
624	under Subsection 10-2-405(2)(c)(i);
625	(c) describe the area proposed for annexation in the annexation petition;
626	(d) state that the complete annexation petition is available for inspection and copying a
627	the office of the city recorder or town clerk;
628	(e) state in conspicuous and plain terms that the municipality may grant the petition
629	and annex the area described in the petition unless, within the time required under Subsection
630	10-2-407(2)(a)(i), a written protest to the annexation petition is filed with the commission and
631	a copy of the protest delivered to the city recorder or town clerk of the proposed annexing
632	municipality;
633	(f) state the address of the commission or, if a commission has not yet been created in
634	the county, the county clerk, where a protest to the annexation petition may be filed;
635	(g) state that the area proposed for annexation to the municipality will also
636	automatically be annexed to a local district providing fire protection, paramedic, and
637	emergency services or a local district providing law enforcement service, as the case may be, as
638	provided in Section 17B-1-416, if:
639	(i) the proposed annexing municipality is entirely within the boundaries of a local
640	district:
641	(A) that provides fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services or law
642	enforcement service, respectively; and
643	(B) in the creation of which an election was not required because of Subsection
644	17B-1-214(3)(c); and
645	(ii) the area proposed to be annexed to the municipality is not already within the

646	boundaries	of the	local	district;	and

- (h) state that the area proposed for annexation to the municipality will be automatically withdrawn from a local district providing fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services or a local district providing law enforcement service, as the case may be, as provided in Subsection 17B-1-502(2), if:
- (i) the petition proposes the annexation of an area that is within the boundaries of a local district:
- (A) that provides fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services or law enforcement service, respectively; and
- (B) in the creation of which an election was not required because of Subsection 17B-1-214(3)(c); and
- (ii) the proposed annexing municipality is not within the boundaries of the local district.
- (3) (a) The statement required by Subsection (2)(e) shall state the deadline for filing a written protest in terms of the actual date rather than by reference to the statutory citation.
- (b) In addition to the requirements under Subsection (2), a notice under Subsection (1) for a proposed annexation of an area within a county of the first class shall include a statement that a protest to the annexation petition may be filed with the commission by property owners if it contains the signatures of the owners of private real property that:
- (i) is located in the unincorporated area within 1/2 mile of the area proposed for annexation;
- (ii) covers at least 25% of the private land area located in the unincorporated area within 1/2 mile of the area proposed for annexation; and
- (iii) is equal in value to at least 15% of all real property located in the unincorporated area within 1/2 mile of the area proposed for annexation.
  - Section 10. Section 10-2-407 is amended to read:
- 10-2-407. Protest to annexation petition -- Planning advisory area planning commission recommendation -- Petition requirements -- Disposition of petition if no protest filed -- Public hearing and notice.
  - (1) A protest to an annexation petition under Section 10-2-403 may only be filed by:
  - (a) the legislative body or governing board of an affected entity;

677	(b) an owner of rural real property;
678	(c) for a proposed annexation of an area within a county of the first class, an owner of
679	private real property that:
680	(i) is located in the unincorporated area within 1/2 mile of the area proposed for
681	annexation;
682	(ii) covers at least 25% of the private land area located in the unincorporated area
683	within 1/2 mile of the area proposed for annexation; and
684	(iii) is equal in value to at least 15% of all real property located in the unincorporated
685	area within 1/2 mile of the area proposed for annexation; or
686	(d) an owner of private real property located in a mining protection area.
687	(2) Each protest under Subsection (1) shall:
688	(a) be filed:
689	(i) no later than 30 days after the municipal legislative body's receipt of the notice of
690	certification under Subsection 10-2-405(2)(c)(i); and
691	(ii) (A) in a county that has already created a commission under Section 10-2-409, with
692	the commission; or
693	(B) in a county that has not yet created a commission under Section 10-2-409, with the
694	clerk of the county in which the area proposed for annexation is located;
695	(b) state each reason for the protest of the annexation petition and, if the area proposed
696	to be annexed is located in a specified county, justification for the protest under the standards
697	established in this chapter;
698	(c) if the area proposed to be annexed is located in a specified county, contain other
699	information that the commission by rule requires or that the party filing the protest considers
700	pertinent; and
701	(d) contain the name and address of a contact person who is to receive notices sent by
702	the commission with respect to the protest proceedings.
703	(3) The party filing a protest under this section shall on the same date deliver or mail a
704	copy of the protest to the city recorder or town clerk of the proposed annexing municipality.
705	(4) Each clerk who receives a protest under Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(B) shall:
706	(a) immediately notify the county legislative body of the protest; and
707	(b) deliver the protest to the boundary commission within five days after:

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described in Subsection (7)(a)(i):

- 708 (i) receipt of the protest, if the boundary commission has previously been created; or 709 (ii) creation of the boundary commission under Subsection 10-2-409(1)(b), if the 710 boundary commission has not previously been created. 711 (5) (a) If a protest is filed under this section: 712 (i) the municipal legislative body may, at its next regular meeting after expiration of 713 the deadline under Subsection (2)(a)(i), deny the annexation petition; or 714 (ii) if the municipal legislative body does not deny the annexation petition under 715 Subsection (5)(a)(i), the municipal legislative body may take no further action on the 716 annexation petition until after receipt of the commission's notice of its decision on the protest 717 under Section 10-2-416. 718 (b) If a municipal legislative body denies an annexation petition under Subsection 719 (5)(a)(i), the municipal legislative body shall, within five days after the denial, send notice of 720 the denial in writing to: 721 (i) the contact sponsor of the annexation petition; 722 (ii) the commission; and 723 (iii) each entity that filed a protest. 724 (6) If no timely protest is filed under this section, the municipal legislative body may, 725 subject to Subsection (7), approve the petition. 726 (7) Before approving an annexation petition under Subsection (6), the municipal 727 legislative body shall hold a public hearing and provide notice of the public hearing[:] by 728 publishing the notice for the municipality and the area proposed for annexation, as a class B 729 notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least seven days before the date of the public hearing. 730 [(a) (i) at least seven days before the day of the public hearing, by posting one notice, 731 and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population within the municipality and the area 732 proposed for annexation, in places within that combined area that are most likely to give notice 733 to the residents within, and the owners of real property located within, the combined area, 734 subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or 735 (ii) at least 10 days before the day of the public hearing, by mailing the notice to each
  - [(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section

residence within, and to each owner of real property located within, the combined area

739	63A-16-601, for seven days before the day of the public hearing; and
740	[(c) if the municipality has a website, by posting notice on the municipality's website
741	for seven days before the day of the public hearing.]
742	(8) (a) Subject to Subsection (8)(b), only a person or entity that is described in
743	Subsection (1) has standing to challenge an annexation in district court.
744	(b) A person or entity described in Subsection (1) may only bring an action in district
745	court to challenge an annexation if the person or entity has timely filed a protest as described in
746	Subsection (2) and exhausted the administrative remedies described in this section.
747	Section 11. Section 10-2-415 is amended to read:
748	10-2-415. Public hearing Notice.
749	(1) (a) If the results of the feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study meet the
750	requirements of Subsection 10-2-416(3) with respect to a proposed annexation of an area
751	located in a county of the first class, the commission shall hold a public hearing within 30 days
752	after the day on which the commission receives the feasibility study or supplemental feasibility
753	study results.
754	(b) At the public hearing described in Subsection (1)(a), the commission shall:
755	(i) require the feasibility consultant to present the results of the feasibility study and, if
756	applicable, the supplemental feasibility study;
757	(ii) allow those present to ask questions of the feasibility consultant regarding the study
758	results; and
759	(iii) allow those present to speak to the issue of annexation.
760	(2) The commission shall provide notice of the public hearing described in Subsection
761	(1)(a) [within] for the area proposed for annexation, the surrounding 1/2 mile of unincorporated
762	area, and the proposed annexing municipality[:], as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102,
763	for at least two weeks before the date of the public hearing.
764	[(a) (i) at least two weeks before the day of the public hearing, by posting one notice,
765	and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population within the combined area, in places
766	within the combined area that are most likely to give notice of the public hearing to the
767	residents within, and the owners of real property located within, the combined area, subject to a
768	maximum of 10 notices; or]
769	[(ii) by mailing notice to each residence within, and to each owner of real property

770	located within, the combined area;]
771	[(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
772	63A-16-601, for two weeks before the day of the public hearing;]
773	[(c) by sending written notice of the public hearing to the municipal legislative body of
774	the proposed annexing municipality, the contact sponsor on the annexation petition, each entity
775	that filed a protest, and, if a protest was filed under Subsection 10-2-407(1)(c), the contact
776	person;]
777	[(d) if the municipality has a website, by posting notice on the municipality's website
778	for two weeks before the day of the public hearing; and]
779	[(e) by posting notice on the county's website for two weeks before the day of the
780	public hearing.]
781	(3) The notice described in Subsection (2) shall:
782	(a) be entitled, "notice of annexation hearing";
783	(b) state the name of the annexing municipality;
784	(c) describe the area proposed for annexation; and
785	(d) specify the following sources where an individual may obtain a copy of the
786	feasibility study conducted in relation to the proposed annexation:
787	(i) if the municipality has a website, the municipality's website;
788	(ii) a municipality's physical address; and
789	(iii) a mailing address and telephone number.
790	(4) Within 30 days after the time under Subsection 10-2-407(2) for filing a protest has
791	expired with respect to a proposed annexation of an area located in a specified county, the
792	boundary commission shall hold a hearing on all protests that were filed with respect to the
793	proposed annexation.
794	(5) [At] For at least 14 days before the date of a hearing described in Subsection (4),
795	the commission chair shall provide notice of the hearing[:], for the area proposed for
796	annexation, as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102.
797	[(a) (i) by posting one notice, and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population
798	within the area proposed for annexation, in places within the area that are most likely to give
799	notice of the hearing to the residents within, and the owners of real property located within, the
800	area, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or

801	[(ii) by mailing notice to each resident within, and each owner of real property located
802	within, the area proposed for annexation;]
803	[(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
804	63A-16-601, for 14 days before the day of the hearing;
805	[(c) if the municipality has a website, by posting notice on the municipality's website
806	for two weeks before the day of the public hearing; and]
807	[(d) by posting notice on the county's website for two weeks before the day of the
808	public hearing.
809	(6) Each notice described in Subsection (5) shall:
810	(a) state the date, time, and place of the hearing;
811	(b) briefly summarize the nature of the protest; and
812	(c) state that a copy of the protest is on file at the commission's office.
813	(7) The commission may continue a hearing under Subsection (4) from time to time,
814	but no continued hearing may be held later than 60 days after the original hearing date.
815	(8) In considering protests, the commission shall consider whether the proposed
816	annexation:
817	(a) complies with the requirements of Sections 10-2-402 and 10-2-403 and the
818	annexation policy plan of the proposed annexing municipality;
819	(b) conflicts with the annexation policy plan of another municipality; and
820	(c) if the proposed annexation includes urban development, will have an adverse tax
821	consequence on the remaining unincorporated area of the county.
822	(9) (a) The commission shall record each hearing under this section by electronic
823	means.
824	(b) A transcription of the recording under Subsection (9)(a), the feasibility study, if
825	applicable, information received at the hearing, and the written decision of the commission
826	shall constitute the record of the hearing.
827	Section 12. Section 10-2-418 is amended to read:
828	10-2-418. Annexation of an island or peninsula without a petition Notice
829	Hearing.
830	(1) As used in Subsection (2)(b)(ii), for purposes of an annexation conducted in
831	accordance with this section of an area located within a county of the first class,

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832 "municipal-type services" does not include a service provided by a municipality pursuant to a 833 contract that the municipality has with another political subdivision as "political subdivision" is 834 defined in Section 17B-1-102. 835 (2) Notwithstanding Subsection 10-2-402(2), a municipality may annex an 836 unincorporated area under this section without an annexation petition if: 837 (a) for an unincorporated area within the expansion area of more than one municipality, 838 each municipality agrees to the annexation; and 839 (b) (i) (A) the area to be annexed consists of one or more unincorporated islands within 840 or unincorporated peninsulas contiguous to the municipality; 841 (B) the majority of each island or peninsula consists of residential or commercial 842 development; 843 (C) the area proposed for annexation requires the delivery of municipal-type services; 844 and 845 (D) the municipality has provided most or all of the municipal-type services to the area 846 for more than one year; 847 (ii) (A) the area to be annexed consists of one or more unincorporated islands within or 848 unincorporated peninsulas contiguous to the municipality, each of which has fewer than 800 849 residents: and 850 (B) the municipality has provided one or more municipal-type services to the area for 851 at least one year; 852 (iii) the area consists of: 853 (A) an unincorporated island within or an unincorporated peninsula contiguous to the 854 municipality; and 855 (B) for an area outside of the county of the first class proposed for annexation, no more 856 than 50 acres; or 857 (iv) (A) the area to be annexed consists only of one or more unincorporated islands in a 858 county of the second class; 859 (B) the area to be annexed is located in the expansion area of a municipality; and

(C) the county legislative body in which the municipality is located provides notice to

each property owner within the area to be annexed that the county legislative body will hold a

public hearing, no less than 15 days after the day on which the county legislative body provides

the notice, and may make a recommendation of annexation to the municipality whose expansion area includes the area to be annexed after the public hearing.

- (3) Notwithstanding Subsection 10-2-402(1)(b)(iii), a municipality may annex a portion of an unincorporated island or unincorporated peninsula under this section, leaving unincorporated the remainder of the unincorporated island or unincorporated peninsula, if:
- (a) in adopting the resolution under Subsection (5)(a) the municipal legislative body determines that not annexing the entire unincorporated island or unincorporated peninsula is in the municipality's best interest; and
- (b) for an annexation of one or more unincorporated islands under Subsection (2)(b), the entire island of unincorporated area, of which a portion is being annexed, complies with the requirement of Subsection (2)(b)(ii) relating to the number of residents.
- (4) (a) This Subsection (4) applies only to an annexation within a county of the first class.
- (b) A county of the first class shall agree to an annexation if the majority of private property owners within the area to be annexed give written consent to the annexation, in accordance with Subsection (4)(d), to the recorder of the annexing municipality.
- (c) For purposes of Subsection (4)(b), the majority of private property owners is property owners who own:
- (i) the majority of the total private land area within the area proposed for annexation; and
- (ii) private real property equal to at least 1/2 the value of private real property within the area proposed for annexation.
- (d) A property owner consenting to annexation shall indicate the property owner's consent on a form which includes language in substantially the following form:

"Notice: If this written consent is used to proceed with an annexation of your property in accordance with Utah Code Section 10-2-418, no public election is required by law to approve the annexation. If you sign this consent and later decide you do not want to support the annexation of your property, you may withdraw your signature by submitting a signed, written withdrawal with the recorder or clerk of [name of annexing municipality]. If you choose to withdraw your signature, you must do so no later than the close of the public hearing on the annexation conducted in accordance with Utah Code Subsection 10-2-418(4)(d)."

894 (e) A private property owner may withdraw the property owner's signature indicating 895 consent by submitting a signed, written withdrawal with the recorder or clerk no later than the 896 close of the public hearing held in accordance with Subsection (5)(b). 897 (5) The legislative body of each municipality intending to annex an area under this 898 section shall: 899 (a) adopt a resolution indicating the municipal legislative body's intent to annex the 900 area, describing the area proposed to be annexed; and 901 (b) hold a public hearing on the proposed annexation no earlier than 30 days after the 902 adoption of the resolution described in Subsection (5)(a). 903 (6) A legislative body described in Subsection (5) shall provide notice of a public 904 hearing described in Subsection (5)(b): 905 (a) [(i)] for at least three weeks before the day of the public hearing, [by posting one notice, and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population in for the municipality and the 906 907 area proposed for annexation, [in places within the combined area that are most likely to give 908 notice to the residents within, and the owners of real property located within, the combined area, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102: 909 910 and 911 (ii) at least three weeks before the day of the public hearing, by mailing notice to each 912 residence within, and each owner of real property located within, the combined area described 913 in Subsection (6)(a)(i); 914 [(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section 915 63A-16-601, for three weeks before the day of the public hearing; 916 [(c)] (b) by sending written notice to: 917 (i) the board of each local district and special service district whose boundaries contain 918 some or all of the area proposed for annexation; and 919 (ii) the legislative body of the county in which the area proposed for annexation is 920 located[; and].

(a) each notice described in Subsection (6):

for three weeks before the day of the public hearing.

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[(d) if the municipality has a website, by posting notice on the municipality's website

(7) The legislative body of the annexing municipality shall ensure that:

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925 (i) states that the municipal legislative body has adopted a resolution indicating the 926 municipality's intent to annex the area proposed for annexation; 927 (ii) states the date, time, and place of the public hearing described in Subsection (5)(b): 928 (iii) describes the area proposed for annexation; and 929 (iv) except for an annexation that meets the requirements of Subsection (8)(b) or (c), 930 states in conspicuous and plain terms that the municipal legislative body will annex the area 931 unless, at or before the public hearing described in Subsection (5)(b), written protests to the 932 annexation are filed by the owners of private real property that: 933 (A) is located within the area proposed for annexation; 934 (B) covers a majority of the total private land area within the entire area proposed for 935 annexation; and 936 (C) is equal in value to at least 1/2 the value of all private real property within the 937 entire area proposed for annexation; and 938 (b) the first publication of the notice described in Subsection (6)(a) occurs within 14 939 days after the day on which the municipal legislative body adopts a resolution under Subsection 940 (5)(a). 941 (8) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (8)(b)(i) and (8)(c)(i), upon conclusion of the 942 public hearing described in Subsection (5)(b), the municipal legislative body may adopt an 943 ordinance approving the annexation of the area proposed for annexation under this section 944 unless, at or before the hearing, written protests to the annexation have been filed with the 945 recorder or clerk of the municipality by the owners of private real property that: 946 (i) is located within the area proposed for annexation; 947 (ii) covers a majority of the total private land area within the entire area proposed for 948 annexation; and 949 (iii) is equal in value to at least 1/2 the value of all private real property within the 950 entire area proposed for annexation. 951 (b) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(a), upon conclusion of the public hearing 952 described in Subsection (5)(b), a municipality may adopt an ordinance approving the

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annexation of the area proposed for annexation under this section without allowing or

considering protests under Subsection (8)(a) if the owners of at least 75% of the total private

land area within the entire area proposed for annexation, representing at least 75% of the value

of the private real property within the entire area proposed for annexation, have consented in writing to the annexation.

- (ii) Upon the effective date under Section 10-2-425 of an annexation approved by an ordinance adopted under Subsection (8)(b)(i), the area annexed is conclusively presumed to be validly annexed.
- (c) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(a), upon conclusion of the public hearing described in Subsection (5)(b), a municipality may adopt an ordinance approving the annexation of an area that the county legislative body proposes for annexation under this section without allowing or considering protests under Subsection (8)(a) if the county legislative body has formally recommended annexation to the annexing municipality and has made a formal finding that:
- (A) the area to be annexed can be more efficiently served by the municipality than by the county;
- (B) the area to be annexed is not likely to be naturally annexed by the municipality in the future as the result of urban development;
- (C) annexation of the area is likely to facilitate the consolidation of overlapping functions of local government; and
- (D) annexation of the area is likely to result in an equitable distribution of community resources and obligations.
- (ii) The county legislative body may base the finding required in Subsection (8)(c)(i)(B) on:
  - (A) existing development in the area;
  - (B) natural or other conditions that may limit the future development of the area; or
  - (C) other factors that the county legislative body considers relevant.
- (iii) A county legislative body may make the recommendation for annexation required in Subsection (8)(c)(i) for only a portion of an unincorporated island if, as a result of information provided at the public hearing, the county legislative body makes a formal finding that it would be equitable to leave a portion of the island unincorporated.
- (iv) If a county legislative body has made a recommendation of annexation under Subsection (8)(c)(i):
  - (A) the relevant municipality is not required to proceed with the recommended

987 annexation; and

- (B) if the relevant municipality proceeds with annexation, the municipality shall annex the entire area that the county legislative body recommended for annexation.
- (v) Upon the effective date under Section 10-2-425 of an annexation approved by an ordinance adopted under Subsection (8)(c)(i), the area annexed is conclusively presumed to be validly annexed.
- (9) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (8)(b)(i) and (8)(c)(i), if protests are timely filed under Subsection (8)(a), the municipal legislative body may not adopt an ordinance approving the annexation of the area proposed for annexation, and the annexation proceedings under this section shall be considered terminated.
- (b) Subsection (9)(a) does not prohibit the municipal legislative body from excluding from a proposed annexation under Subsection (2)(b) the property within an unincorporated island regarding which protests have been filed and proceeding under Subsection (3) to annex some or all of the remaining portion of the unincorporated island.
  - Section 13. Section 10-2-419 is amended to read:

## 10-2-419. Boundary adjustment -- Notice and hearing -- Protest.

- (1) The legislative bodies of two or more municipalities having common boundaries may adjust their common boundaries as provided in this section.
- (2) The legislative body of each municipality intending to adjust a boundary that is common with another municipality shall:
- (a) adopt a resolution indicating the intent of the municipal legislative body to adjust a common boundary; and
- (b) hold a public hearing on the proposed adjustment no less than 60 days after the adoption of the resolution under Subsection (2)(a).
- (3) A legislative body described in Subsection (2) shall provide notice of a public hearing described in Subsection (2)(b):
- [(a) (i) at least three weeks before the day of the public hearing, by posting one notice, and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population of the municipality, in places within the municipality that are most likely to give notice to residents of the municipality, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or]
  - [(ii) at least three weeks before the day of the public hearing, by mailing notice to each

1018	residence in the municipality;
1019	[(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
1020	63A-16-601, for three weeks before the day of the public hearing;]
1021	(a) for the municipality, as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least three
1022	weeks before the day of the public hearing; and
1023	[(c)] (b) if the proposed boundary adjustment may cause any part of real property
1024	owned by the state to be within the geographic boundary of a different local governmental
1025	entity than before the adjustment, by providing written notice, at least 50 days before the day of
1026	the public hearing, to:
1027	(i) the title holder of any state-owned real property described in this Subsection [(3)(d)]
1028	(3)(b); and
1029	(ii) the Utah State Developmental Center Board, created under Section 62A-5-202.5, if
1030	any state-owned real property described in this Subsection $[(3)(d)]$ is associated with the
1031	Utah State Developmental Center[; and].
1032	[(d) if the municipality has a website, by posting notice on the municipality's website
1033	for three weeks before the day of the public hearing.]
1034	(4) The notice described in Subsection (3) shall:
1035	(a) state that the municipal legislative body has adopted a resolution indicating the
1036	municipal legislative body's intent to adjust a boundary that the municipality has in common
1037	with another municipality;
1038	(b) describe the area proposed to be adjusted;
1039	(c) state the date, time, and place of the public hearing described in Subsection (2)(b);
1040	(d) state in conspicuous and plain terms that the municipal legislative body will adjust
1041	the boundaries unless, at or before the public hearing described in Subsection (2)(b), a written
1042	protest to the adjustment is filed by:
1043	(i) an owner of private real property that:
1044	(A) is located within the area proposed for adjustment;
1045	(B) covers at least 25% of the total private land area within the area proposed for
1046	adjustment; and
1047	(C) is equal in value to at least 15% of the value of all private real property within the
1048	area proposed for adjustment; or

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- (ii) a title holder of state-owned real property described in Subsection [(3)(d)] (3)(b);

  (e) state that the area that is the subject of the boundary adjustment will, because of the boundary adjustment, be automatically annexed to a local district providing fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services or a local district providing law enforcement service, as the case may be, as provided in Section 17B-1-416, if:

  (i) the municipality to which the area is being added because of the boundary adjustment is entirely within the boundaries of a local district:

  (A) that provides fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services or law
  - (A) that provides fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services or law enforcement service, respectively; and
  - (B) in the creation of which an election was not required because of Subsection 17B-1-214(3)(c); and
  - (ii) the municipality from which the area is being taken because of the boundary adjustment is not within the boundaries of the local district; and
  - (f) state that the area proposed for annexation to the municipality will be automatically withdrawn from a local district providing fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services, as provided in Subsection 17B-1-502(2), if:
  - (i) the municipality to which the area is being added because of the boundary adjustment is not within the boundaries of a local district:
    - (A) that provides fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services; and
  - (B) in the creation of which an election was not required because of Subsection 17B-1-214(3)(c); and
  - (ii) the municipality from which the area is being taken because of the boundary adjustment is entirely within the boundaries of the local district.
  - (5) Upon conclusion of the public hearing described in Subsection (2)(b), the municipal legislative body may adopt an ordinance approving the adjustment of the common boundary unless, at or before the hearing described in Subsection (2)(b), a written protest to the adjustment is filed with the city recorder or town clerk by a person described in Subsection [(3)(c)(i) or (ii).] (3)(b)(i) or (ii).
  - (6) The municipal legislative body shall comply with the requirements of Section 10-2-425 as if the boundary adjustment were an annexation.
    - (7) (a) An ordinance adopted under Subsection (5) becomes effective when each

1080	municipality involved in the boundary adjustment has adopted an ordinance under Subsection
1081	(5).
1082	(b) The effective date of a boundary adjustment under this section is governed by
1083	Section 10-2-425.
1084	Section 14. Section 10-2-501 is amended to read:
1085	10-2-501. Municipal disconnection Definitions Request for disconnection
1086	Requirements upon filing request Notice.
1087	(1) As used in this part "petitioner" means:
1088	(a) one or more persons who:
1089	(i) own title to real property within the area proposed for disconnection; and
1090	(ii) sign a request for disconnection proposing to disconnect the area proposed for
1091	disconnection from the municipality; or
1092	(b) the mayor of the municipality within which the area proposed for disconnection is
1093	located who signs a request for disconnection proposing to disconnect the area proposed for
1094	disconnection from the municipality.
1095	(2) (a) A petitioner proposing to disconnect an area within and lying on the borders of a
1096	municipality shall file with that municipality's legislative body a request for disconnection.
1097	(b) Each request for disconnection shall:
1098	(i) contain the names, addresses, and signatures of the owners of more than 50% of any
1099	private real property in the area proposed for disconnection;
1100	(ii) give the reasons for the proposed disconnection;
1101	(iii) include a map or plat of the territory proposed for disconnection; and
1102	(iv) designate between one and five persons with authority to act on the petitioner's
1103	behalf in the proceedings.
1104	(3) Upon [filing the] receiving a request for disconnection, [the petitioner] a municipal
1105	<u>legislative body</u> shall publish notice of the request:
1106	[(a) (i) once a week for three consecutive weeks before the public hearing described in
1107	Section 10-2-502.5 in a newspaper of general circulation within the municipality; or]
1108	[(ii) if there is no newspaper of general circulation in the municipality, at least three
1109	weeks before the day of the public hearing described in Section 10-2-502.5, by posting one
1110	notice, and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population of the municipality, in places

1111	within the municipality that are most likely to give notice to the residents within, and the
1112	owners of real property located within, the municipality, including the residents who live in the
1113	area proposed for disconnection;]
1114	[(b) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for three weeks
1115	before the day of the public hearing described in Section 10-2-502.5;]
1116	[(c)] (a) in accordance with the legal notice requirements described in Section
1117	45-1-101, for three weeks before the day of the public hearing described in Section 10-2-502.5;
1118	<u>and</u>
1119	(b) for the area proposed to be disconnected, as a class B notice under Section
1120	63G-28-102, for at least three weeks before the day of the public hearing described in Section
1121	<u>10-2-502.5.</u>
1122	[ <del>(d) by mailing notice to each:</del> ]
1123	[(i) owner of real property located within the area proposed to be disconnected; and]
1124	[(ii) residence within the area proposed to be disconnected;]
1125	[(e) by delivering a copy of the request to the legislative body of the county in which
1126	the area proposed for disconnection is located; and]
1127	[(f) if the municipality has a website, on the municipality's website for three weeks
1128	before the day of the public hearing.]
1129	(4) A municipal legislative body may bill the petitioner for the cost of preparing,
1130	printing, and publishing the notice required under Subsection (3).
1131	Section 15. Section 10-2-502.5 is amended to read:
1132	10-2-502.5. Hearing on request for disconnection Notice Determination by
1133	municipal legislative body Petition in district court.
1134	(1) No sooner than three weeks after notice is provided under Subsection 10-2-501(3),
1135	the legislative body of the municipality in which the area proposed for disconnection is located
1136	shall hold a public hearing.
1137	(2) The municipal legislative body shall provide notice of the public hearing:
1138	(a) at least seven days before the hearing date, in writing to the petitioner and to the
1139	legislative body of the county in which the area proposed for disconnection is located; and
1140	(b) for the municipality, as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 10
1141	days before the hearing date.

1142	[(b) (i) at least seven days before the hearing date, by posting one notice, and at least
1143	one additional notice per 2,000 population of the municipality, in places within the
1144	municipality that are most likely to give notice to residents within, and the owners of real
1145	property located within, the municipality, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or]
1146	[(ii) at least 10 days before the hearing date, by mailing notice to each residence within,
1147	and each owner of real property located within, the municipality;]
1148	[(c) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
1149	63A-16-601, for seven days before the hearing date; and]
1150	[(d) if the municipality has a website, by posting notice on the municipality's website
1151	for seven days before the hearing date.]
1152	(3) In the public hearing, any person may speak and submit documents regarding the
1153	disconnection proposal.
1154	(4) Within 45 calendar days of the hearing, the municipal legislative body shall:
1155	(a) determine whether to grant the request for disconnection; and
1156	(b) if the municipality determines to grant the request, adopt an ordinance approving
1157	disconnection of the area from the municipality.
1158	(5) (a) A petition against the municipality challenging the municipal legislative body's
1159	determination under Subsection (4) may be filed in district court by:
1160	(i) the petitioner; or
1161	(ii) the county in which the area proposed for disconnection is located.
1162	(b) Each petition under Subsection (5)(a) shall include a copy of the request for
1163	disconnection.
1164	Section 16. Section 10-2-607 is amended to read:
1165	10-2-607. Notice of election.
1166	If the county legislative bodies find that the resolution or petition for consolidation and
1167	their attachments substantially conform with the requirements of this part, the county
1168	legislative bodies shall, for at least four weeks before the day of the election, publish notice of
1169	the election for consolidation [to the voters of], as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102,
1170	for each municipality that would become part of the consolidated municipality[:].
1171	[(1) (a) at least four weeks before the day of the election, by posting one notice, and at
1172	least one additional notice per 2,000 population of the municipality, in places within the

1173	municipality that are most likely to give notice to the voters in the municipality; or]
1174	[(b) at least four weeks before the day of the election, by mailing notice to each
1175	registered voter in the municipality;]
1176	[(2) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for at least four
1177	weeks before the day of the election; and]
1178	[(3) if the municipality has a website, on the municipality's website for at least four
1179	weeks before the day of the election.]
1180	Section 17. Section 10-2-703 is amended to read:
1181	10-2-703. Providing notice of election.
1182	(1) Immediately after setting the date for the election, the court shall order for notice to
1183	be provided of the:
1184	(a) petition; and
1185	(b) date the election is to be held to determine the question of dissolution.
1186	(2) The notice described in Subsection (1) shall be provided[:] for the municipality, as
1187	a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least one month before the day of the
1188	election.
1189	[(a) (i) at least four weeks before the day of the election, by posting one notice, and at
1190	least one additional notice per 2,000 population of the municipality, in places within the
1191	municipality that are most likely to give notice to the voters in the municipality, subject to a
1192	maximum of 10 notices; or]
1193	[(ii) at least one month before the day of the election, by mailing notice to each
1194	registered voter in the municipality;]
1195	[(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
1196	63A-16-601, for four weeks before the day of the election; and]
1197	[(c) if the municipality has a website, by posting notice on the municipality's website
1198	for four weeks before the day of the election.]
1199	Section 18. Section 10-2-708 is amended to read:
1200	10-2-708. Notice of disincorporation.
1201	When a municipality has been dissolved, the clerk of the court shall provide notice of
1202	the dissolution[†] for the county, as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least four
1203	weeks.

1204	[(1) (a) by posting one notice, and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population of
1205	the county in places within the county that are most likely to give notice to the residents within,
1206	and the owners of real property located within, the county, including the residents and owners
1207	within the municipality that is dissolved, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or]
1208	[(b) by mailing notice to each residence within, and each owner of real property located
1209	within, the county;]
1210	[(2) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
1211	<del>63A-16-601, for four weeks;</del> ]
1212	[(3) if the municipality has a website, by posting notice on the municipality's website
1213	for four weeks; and]
1214	[(4) by posting notice on the county's website for four weeks.]
1215	Section 19. Section 10-2a-207 is amended to read:
1216	10-2a-207. Public hearings on feasibility study results Exclusions of property
1217	from proposed municipality Notice of hearings.
1218	(1) As used in this section, "specified landowner" means the same as that term is
1219	defined in Section 10-2a-203.
1220	(2) If the results of the feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study comply with
1221	Subsection 10-2a-205(6)(a), the lieutenant governor shall, after receipt of the results of the
1222	feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study, conduct two public hearings in accordance
1223	with this section.
1224	(3) (a) If an area proposed for incorporation is approved for annexation after the
1225	feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study is conducted but before the lieutenant
1226	governor conducts the first public hearing under Subsection (4), the lieutenant governor may
1227	not conduct the first public hearing under Subsection (4) unless:
1228	(i) the sponsors of the feasibility study file a modified request for a feasibility study in
1229	accordance with Section 10-2a-206; and
1230	(ii) the results of the supplemental feasibility study comply with Subsection
1231	10-2a-205(6)(a).
1232	(b) For purposes of Subsection (3)(a), an area is approved for annexation if a condition
1233	described in Subsection 10-2a-206(1)(a)(iv) occurs.

(4) The lieutenant governor shall conduct the first public hearing:

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1235 (a) within 60 days after the day on which the lieutenant governor receives the results 1236 under Subsection (2) or (3)(a)(ii); 1237 (b) within or near the proposed municipality; 1238 (c) to allow the feasibility consultant to present the results of the feasibility study; and 1239 (d) to inform the public about the results of the feasibility study. 1240 (5) (a) Within 30 calendar days after the day on which the lieutenant governor 1241 completes the first public hearing under Subsection (4), a specified landowner may request that 1242 the lieutenant governor exclude all or part of the property owned by the specified landowner 1243 from the proposed incorporation by filing a notice of exclusion with the Office of the 1244 Lieutenant Governor that describes the property for which the specified landowner requests 1245 exclusion. 1246 (b) The lieutenant governor shall exclude the property identified by a specified 1247 landowner under Subsection (5)(a) from the proposed incorporation boundaries unless the lieutenant governor finds by clear and convincing evidence that: 1248 1249 (i) the exclusion will leave an unincorporated island within the proposed municipality; 1250 and (ii) the property receives from the county a majority of currently provided municipal 1251 1252 services. 1253 (c) (i) Within five days after the day on which the lieutenant governor determines 1254 whether to exclude property under Subsection (5)(b), the lieutenant governor shall mail or 1255 transmit written notice of whether the property is included or excluded from the proposed 1256 municipality to: 1257 (A) the specified landowner that requested the property's exclusion; and 1258 (B) the contact sponsor. 1259 (ii) If the lieutenant governor makes a determination to include a property under 1260 Subsection (5)(b), the lieutenant governor shall include, in the written notice described in 1261 Subsection (5)(c)(i), a detailed explanation of the lieutenant governor's determination. 1262 (d) (i) If the lieutenant governor excludes property from the proposed municipality 1263 under Subsection (5)(b), or if an area proposed for incorporation is approved for annexation

within the time period for a specified landowner to request an exclusion under Subsection

(5)(a), the lieutenant governor may not conduct the second public hearing under Subsection (6),

1266	unless:
1267	(A) the sponsors of the feasibility study file a modified request for a feasibility study in
1268	accordance with Section 10-2a-206; and
1269	(B) the results of the supplemental feasibility study comply with Subsection
1270	10-2a-205(6)(a).
1271	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (5)(d)(i), an area is approved for annexation if a
1272	condition described in Subsection 10-2a-206(1)(a)(iv) occurs.
1273	(6) The lieutenant governor shall conduct the second public hearing:
1274	(a) (i) within 30 days after the day on which the time period described in Subsection
1275	(5)(a) expires, if Subsection (5)(d) does not apply; or
1276	(ii) within 30 days after the day on which the lieutenant governor receives the results of
1277	the supplemental feasibility study described in Subsection (5)(d)(i)(B), if Subsection (5)(d)
1278	applies;
1279	(b) within or near the proposed municipality; and
1280	(c) to allow the feasibility consultant to present the results of and inform the public
1281	about:
1282	(i) the feasibility study presented to the public in the first public hearing under
1283	Subsection (4), if Subsection (5)(d) does not apply; or
1284	(ii) the supplemental feasibility study described in Subsection (5)(d)(i)(B), if
1285	Subsection (5)(d) applies.
1286	(7) At each public hearing required under this section, the lieutenant governor shall:
1287	(a) provide a map or plat of the boundary of the proposed municipality;
1288	(b) provide a copy of the applicable feasibility study for public review;
1289	(c) allow members of the public to express views about the proposed incorporation,
1290	including views about the proposed boundaries; and
1291	(d) allow the public to ask the feasibility consultant questions about the applicable
1292	feasibility study.
1293	(8) The lieutenant governor shall publish notice of each public hearing required under
1294	this section[‡] for the proposed municipality, as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102, for
1295	at least three weeks before the day of the public hearing.

[(a) (i) at least three weeks before the day of the public hearing, by posting one notice,

1297	and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population of the proposed municipality, in places
1298	within the proposed municipality that are most likely to give notice to the residents within, and
1299	the owners of real property located within, the proposed municipality; or]
1300	[(ii) at least three weeks before the public hearing, by mailing notice to each residence
1301	within, and each owner of real property located within, the proposed municipality;]
1302	[(b) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for three weeks
1303	before the day of the public hearing; and]
1304	[(c) on the lieutenant governor's website for three weeks before the day of the public
1305	hearing.]
1306	(9) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(b), the notice described in Subsection (8)
1307	shall:
1308	(i) include the feasibility study summary described in Subsection 10-2a-205(3)(c);
1309	(ii) indicate that a full copy of the study is available on the lieutenant governor's
1310	website and for inspection at the Office of the Lieutenant Governor; and
1311	(iii) indicate that under no circumstances may property be excluded or annexed from
1312	the proposed incorporation after the time period specified in Subsection (5)(a) has expired, if
1313	the notice is for the first public hearing under Subsection (4).
1314	(b) Instead of publishing the feasibility summary under Subsection (9)(a)(i), the
1315	lieutenant governor may publish a statement that specifies the following sources where a
1316	resident within, or the owner of real property located within, the proposed municipality, may
1317	view or obtain a copy of the feasibility study:
1318	(i) the lieutenant governor's website;
1319	(ii) the physical address of the Office of the Lieutenant Governor; and
1320	(iii) a mailing address and telephone number.
1321	Section 20. Section 10-2a-210 is amended to read:
1322	10-2a-210. Incorporation election Notice of election Voter information
1323	pamphlet.
1324	(1) (a) If the lieutenant governor certifies a petition under Subsection 10-2a-209(1)(b),
1325	the lieutenant governor shall schedule an incorporation election for the proposed municipality
1326	described in the petition to be held on the date of the next regular general election described in
1327	Section 20A-1-201, or the next municipal general election described in Section 20A-1-202, that

1328	is at least 65 days after the day on which the neutenant governor certifies the petition.
1329	(b) (i) The lieutenant governor shall direct the county legislative body of the county in
1330	which the proposed municipality is located to hold the election on the date that the lieutenant
1331	governor schedules under Subsection (1)(a).
1332	(ii) The county shall hold the election as directed by the lieutenant governor under
1333	Subsection (1)(b)(i).
1334	(2) The county clerk shall provide notice of the election[:] for the area proposed to be
1335	incorporated, as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least three weeks before the
1336	day of the election.
1337	[(a) (i) by publishing notice in a newspaper of general circulation within the area
1338	proposed to be incorporated at least once a week for three successive weeks before the
1339	election;]
1340	[(ii) at least three weeks before the day of the election, by posting one notice, and at
1341	least one additional notice per 2,000 population of the area proposed to be incorporated, in
1342	places within the area proposed to be incorporated that are most likely to give notice to the
1343	voters within the area proposed to be incorporated, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or]
1344	[(iii) at least three weeks before the day of the election, by mailing notice to each
1345	registered voter in the area proposed to be incorporated;]
1346	[(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
1347	63A-16-601, for three weeks before the day of the election;
1348	[(c) if the proposed municipality has a website, by posting notice on the proposed
1349	municipality's website for three weeks before the day of the election; and]
1350	[(d) by posting notice on the county's website for three weeks before the day of the
1351	election.]
1352	(3) (a) The notice required by Subsection (2) shall contain:
1353	(i) a statement of the contents of the petition;
1354	(ii) a description of the area proposed to be incorporated as a municipality;
1355	(iii) a statement of the date and time of the election and the location of polling places;
1356	and
1357	(iv) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), the feasibility study summary described in
1358	Subsection 10-2a-205(3)(c) and a statement that a full copy of the study is available on the

1359	lieutenant governor's website and for inspection at the Office of the Lieutenant Governor.
1360	(b) Instead of including the feasibility summary under Subsection (3)(a)(iv), the notice
1361	may include a statement that specifies the following sources where a registered voter in the area
1362	proposed to be incorporated may view or obtain a copy of the feasibility study:
1363	(i) the lieutenant governor's website;
1364	(ii) the physical address of the Office of the Lieutenant Governor; and
1365	(iii) a mailing address and telephone number.
1366	(4) (a) In addition to the notice required under Subsection (2), the county clerk shall
1367	publish and distribute, before the incorporation election is held, a voter information pamphlet:
1368	(i) in accordance with the procedures and requirements of Section 20A-7-402;
1369	(ii) in consultation with the lieutenant governor; and
1370	(iii) in a manner that the county clerk determines is adequate, subject to Subsections
1371	(4)(a)(i) and (ii).
1372	(b) The voter information pamphlet described in Subsection (4)(a):
1373	(i) shall inform the public of the proposed incorporation; and
1374	(ii) may include written statements, printed in the same font style and point size, from
1375	proponents and opponents of the proposed incorporation.
1376	(5) An individual may not vote in an incorporation election under this section unless
1377	the individual is a registered voter who resides, as defined in Section 20A-1-102, within the
1378	boundaries of the proposed municipality.
1379	(6) If a majority of those who vote in an incorporation election held under this section
1380	cast votes in favor of incorporation, the area shall incorporate.
1381	Section 21. Section 10-2a-213 is amended to read:
1382	10-2a-213. Determination of number of council members Determination of
1383	election districts Hearings and notice.
1384	(1) If the incorporation proposal passes, the petition sponsors shall, within 60 days
1385	after the day on which the county conducts the canvass of the election under Section
1386	10-2a-212:
1387	(a) for the incorporation of a city:
1388	(i) if the voters at the incorporation election choose the council-mayor form of
1389	government, determine the number of council members that will constitute the city council of

the city; and

- (ii) if the voters at the incorporation election vote to elect council members by district, determine the number of council members to be elected by district and draw the boundaries of those districts, which shall be substantially equal in population; and
  - (b) for the incorporation of any municipality:
- (i) determine the initial terms of the mayor and members of the municipal council so that:
- (A) the mayor and approximately half the members of the municipal council are elected to serve an initial term, of no less than one year, that allows the mayor's and members' successors to serve a full four-year term that coincides with the schedule established in Subsection 10-3-205(1); and
- (B) the remaining members of the municipal council are elected to serve an initial term, of no less than one year, that allows the members' successors to serve a full four-year term that coincides with the schedule established in Subsection 10-3-205(2); and
- (ii) submit in writing to the county legislative body the results of the determinations made by the sponsors under Subsections (1)(a) and (b)(i).
- (2) A newly incorporated town shall operate under the five-member council form of government as defined in Section 10-3b-102.
- (3) Before making a determination under Subsection (1)(a) or (b)(i), the petition sponsors shall hold a public hearing within the future municipality on the applicable issues described in Subsections (1)(a) and (b)(i).
- (4) The [petition sponsors shall] county clerk shall provide notice of the public hearing described in Subsection (3):
- [(a) (i) at least two weeks before the day of the public hearing, by posting one notice, and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population of the future municipality, in places within the future municipality that are most likely to give notice to the residents within, and the owners of real property located within, the future municipality, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or]
- [(ii) at least two weeks before the day of the public hearing, by mailing notice to each residence within, and each owner of real property located within, the future municipality;]
  - [(b)] (a) [by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section

1421	63A-16-601, for the future municipality, as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102, for
1422	two weeks before the day of the public hearing; and
1423	[(c)] (b) if the future municipality has a website, by posting notice on the future
1424	municipality's website for two weeks before the day of the public hearing[; and].
1425	[(d) by posting notice on the county's website for two weeks before the day of the
1426	public hearing.]
1427	(5) The county clerk may bill the petition sponsors for the cost of preparing, printing,
1428	and publishing the notice described in Subsection (4).
1429	Section 22. Section 10-2a-214 is amended to read:
1430	10-2a-214. Notice of number of commission or council members to be elected and
1431	of district boundaries Declaration of candidacy for municipal office.
1432	(1) Within 20 days after the day on which a county legislative body receives the
1433	petition sponsors' determination under Subsection 10-2a-213(1)(b)(ii), the county clerk shall
1434	provide a notice, in accordance with Subsection (2), containing:
1435	(a) the number of municipal council members to be elected for the new municipality;
1436	(b) except as provided in Subsection (3), if some or all of the municipal council
1437	members are to be elected by district, a description of the boundaries of those districts;
1438	(c) information about the deadline for an individual to file a declaration of candidacy to
1439	become a candidate for mayor or municipal council; and
1440	(d) information about the length of the initial term of each of the municipal officers.
1441	(2) The county clerk shall provide the notice described in Subsection (1)[:] for the
1442	future municipality, as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102, for two weeks.
1443	[(a) (i) by posting one notice, and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population of
1444	the future municipality, in places within the future municipality that are most likely to give
1445	notice to the residents in the future municipality, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or]
1446	[(ii) by mailing notice to each residence in the future municipality;]
1447	[(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
1448	63A-16-601, for two weeks;]
1449	[(c) if the future municipality has a website, by posting notice on the future
1450	municipality's website for two weeks; and]
1451	[(d) by posting notice on the county's website for two weeks.]

1452	(3) Instead of including a description of the district boundaries under Subsection (1)(b)
1453	the notice may include a statement that specifies the following sources where a resident of the
1454	future municipality may view or obtain a copy of the district boundaries:
1455	(a) the county website;
1456	(b) the physical address of the county offices; and
1457	(c) a mailing address and telephone number.
1458	(4) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-203(3)(a), each individual seeking to become a
1459	candidate for mayor or municipal council of a municipality incorporating under this part shall
1460	file a declaration of candidacy with the clerk of the county in which the future municipality is
1461	located and in accordance with:
1462	(a) for an incorporation held on the date of a regular general election, the deadlines for
1463	filing a declaration of candidacy under Section 20A-9-202; or
1464	(b) for an incorporation held on the date of a municipal general election, the deadlines
1465	for filing a declaration of candidacy under Section 20A-9-203.
1466	Section 23. Section 10-2a-215 is amended to read:
1467	10-2a-215. Election of officers of new municipality Primary and final election
1468	dates Notice of election County clerk duties Candidate duties Occupation of
1469	office.
1470	(1) For the election of municipal officers, the county legislative body shall:
1471	(a) unless a primary election is prohibited under Subsection 20A-9-404(2), hold a
1472	primary election; and
1473	(b) unless the election may be cancelled in accordance with Section 20A-1-206, hold a
1474	final election.
1475	(2) Each election described in Subsection (1) shall be held:
1476	(a) consistent with the petition sponsors' determination of the length of each council
1477	member's initial term; and
1478	(b) for the incorporation of a city:
1479	(i) appropriate to the form of government chosen by the voters at the incorporation
1480	election;
1481	(ii) consistent with the voters' decision about whether to elect city council members by
1482	district and, if applicable, consistent with the boundaries of those districts as determined by the

1483	petition sponsors; and
1484	(iii) consistent with the sponsors' determination of the number of city council members
1485	to be elected.
1486	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), and notwithstanding Subsection 20A-1-201.5(2),
1487	the primary election described in Subsection (1)(a) shall be held at the earliest of the next:
1488	(i) regular primary election described in Subsection 20A-1-201.5(1); or
1489	(ii) municipal primary election described in Section 20A-9-404.
1490	(b) The county shall hold the primary election, if necessary, on the next election date
1491	described in Subsection (3)(a) that is after the incorporation election conducted under Section
1492	10-2a-210.
1493	(4) (a) Subject to Subsection (4)(b), the county shall hold the final election described in
1494	Subsection (1)(b):
1495	(i) on the following election date that next follows the date of the incorporation
1496	election held under Subsection 10-2a-210(1)(a);
1497	(ii) a regular general election described in Section 20A-1-201; or
1498	(iii) a regular municipal general election under Section 20A-1-202.
1499	(b) The county shall hold the final election on the earliest of the next election date that
1500	is listed in Subsection (4)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii):
1501	(i) that is after a primary election; or
1502	(ii) if there is no primary election, that is at least:
1503	(A) 75 days after the incorporation election under Section 10-2a-210; and
1504	(B) 65 days after the candidate filing period.
1505	(5) The county clerk shall provide notice of an election under this section[:] for the
1506	future municipality, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least two weeks
1507	before the day of the election.
1508	[(a) (i) at least two weeks before the day of the election, by posting one notice, and at
1509	least one additional notice per 2,000 population of the future municipality, in places within the
1510	future municipality that are most likely to give notice to the voters within the future
1511	municipality, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or]
1512	[(ii) at least two weeks before the day of the election, by mailing notice to each
1513	registered voter within the future municipality;]

registered voter within the future municipality;]

[(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
63A-16-601, for two weeks before the day of the election;]
[(c) if the future municipality has a website, by posting notice on the future
municipality's website for two weeks before the day of the election; and]
[(d) by posting notice on the county's website for two weeks before the day of the
election.]
(6) Until the municipality is incorporated, the county clerk:
(a) is the election officer for all purposes related to the election of municipal officers;
(b) may, as necessary, determine appropriate deadlines, procedures, and instructions
related to the election of municipal officers for a new municipality that are not otherwise
contrary to law;
(c) shall require and determine deadlines for municipal office candidates to file
campaign financial disclosures in accordance with Section 10-3-208; and
(d) shall ensure that the ballot for the election includes each office that is required to be
included in the election for officers of the newly incorporated municipality, including the term
of each office.
(7) An individual who has filed as a candidate for an office described in this section
shall comply with:
(a) the campaign finance disclosure requirements described in Section 10-3-208; and
(b) the requirements and deadlines established by the county clerk under this section.
(8) Notwithstanding Section 10-3-201, the officers elected at a final election described
in Subsection (4)(a) shall take office:
(a) after taking the oath of office; and
(b) at noon on the first Monday following the day on which the election official
transmits a certificate of nomination or election under the officer's seal to each elected
candidate in accordance with Subsection 20A-4-304(4)(b).
Section 24. Section 10-2a-404 is amended to read:
10-2a-404. Election Notice.
(1) (a) Notwithstanding Section 20A-1-203, a county of the first class shall hold a local
special election on November 3, 2015, on the following ballot propositions:
(i) for registered voters residing within a planning township:

1545 (A) whether the planning township shall be incorporated as a city or town, according to 1546 the classifications of Section 10-2-301, or as a metro township; and 1547 (B) if the planning township incorporates as a metro township, whether the metro 1548 township is included in a municipal services district; and 1549 (ii) for registered voters residing within an unincorporated island, whether the island 1550 should maintain its unincorporated status or be annexed into an eligible city. 1551 (b) (i) A metro township incorporated under this part shall be governed by the 1552 five-member council in accordance with Chapter 3b, Part 5, Metro Township Council Form of 1553 Municipal Government. 1554 (ii) A city or town incorporated under this part shall be governed by the five-member 1555 council form of government as defined in Section 10-3b-102. 1556 (2) Unless a person is a registered voter who resides, as defined in Section 20A-1-102, 1557 within the boundaries of a planning township or an unincorporated island, the person may not vote on the proposed incorporation or annexation. 1558 1559 (3) The county clerk shall post notice of the election [on the Utah Public Notice 1560 Website, created in Section 63A-16-601, for the planning township or unincorporated island, 1561 as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for three weeks before the election date. (4) The notice required by Subsection (3) shall contain: 1562 1563 (a) for residents of a planning township: 1564 (i) a statement that the voters will vote: 1565 (A) to incorporate as a city or town, according to the classifications of Section 1566 10-2-301, or as a metro township; and 1567 (B) if the planning township incorporates as a metro township, whether the metro 1568 township is included in a municipal services district; 1569 (ii) if applicable under Subsection 10-2a-405(5), a map showing the alteration to the 1570 planning township boundaries that would be effective upon incorporation; 1571 (iii) a statement that if the residents of the planning township elect to incorporate: 1572 (A) as a metro township, the metro township shall be governed by a five-member 1573 metro township council in accordance with Chapter 3b, Part 5, Metro Township Council Form 1574 of Municipal Government; or 1575 (B) as a city or town, the city or town shall be governed by the five-member council

accordance with this section.

1576	form of government as defined in Section 10-3b-102; and
1577	(iv) a statement of the date and time of the election and the location of polling places;
1578	(b) for residents of an unincorporated island:
1579	(i) a statement that the voters will vote either to be annexed into an eligible city or
1580	maintain unincorporated status; and
1581	(ii) a statement of the eligible city, as determined by the county legislative body in
1582	accordance with Section 10-2a-405, the unincorporated island may elect to be annexed by; and
1583	(c) a statement of the date and time of the election and the location of polling places.
1584	[(5) (a) In addition to the notice required under Subsection (3), the county clerk shall
1585	post at least one notice of the election per 1,000 population in conspicuous places within the
1586	planning township or unincorporated island that are most likely to give notice of the election to
1587	the voters of the proposed incorporation or annexation, subject to a maximum of 10 notices.]
1588	[(b) The clerk shall post the notices under Subsection (5)(a) at least seven days before
1589	the election under Subsection (1).]
1590	[(6)] (5) (a) In a planning township, if a majority of those casting votes within the
1591	planning township vote to:
1592	(i) incorporate as a city or town, the planning township shall incorporate as a city or
1593	town, respectively; or
1594	(ii) incorporate as a metro township, the planning township shall incorporate as a metro
1595	township.
1596	(b) If a majority of those casting votes within the planning township vote to incorporate
1597	as a metro township, and a majority of those casting votes vote to include the metro township
1598	in a municipal services district and limit the metro township's municipal powers, the metro
1599	township shall be included in a municipal services district and have limited municipal powers.
1600	(c) In an unincorporated island, if a majority of those casting a vote within the selected
1601	unincorporated island vote to:
1602	(i) be annexed by the eligible city, the area shall be annexed by the eligible city; or
1603	(ii) remain an unincorporated area, the area shall remain unincorporated.
1604	[ <del>(7)</del> ] <u>(6)</u> The county shall, in consultation with interested parties, prepare and provide
1605	information on an annexation or incorporation subject to this part and an election held in

1607	Section 25. Section 10-2a-405 is amended to read:
1608	10-2a-405. Duties of county legislative body Public hearing Notice Other
1609	election and incorporation issues Rural real property excluded.
1610	(1) The legislative body of a county of the first class shall before an election described
1611	in Section 10-2a-404:
1612	(a) in accordance with Subsection (3), provide notice of the public hearing described in
1613	Subsection (1)(b);
1614	(b) hold a public hearing; and
1615	(c) at the public hearing, adopt a resolution:
1616	(i) identifying, including a map prepared by the county surveyor, all unincorporated
1617	islands within the county;
1618	(ii) identifying each eligible city that will annex each unincorporated island, including
1619	whether the unincorporated island may be annexed by one eligible city or divided and annexed
1620	by multiple eligible cities, if approved by the residents at an election under Section 10-2a-404;
1621	and
1622	(iii) identifying, including a map prepared by the county surveyor, the planning
1623	townships within the county and any changes to the boundaries of a planning township that the
1624	county legislative body proposes under Subsection (5).
1625	(2) The county legislative body shall exclude from a resolution adopted under
1626	Subsection (1)(c) rural real property unless the owner of the rural real property provides written
1627	consent to include the property in accordance with Subsection (7).
1628	(3) (a) The county clerk shall provide notice of the public hearing described in
1629	Subsection (1)(b)[:] for the unincorporated island or planning township, as a class B notice
1630	under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 15 days before the day of the public hearing.
1631	[(i) by mailing notice to each owner of real property located in an unincorporated
1632	island or planning township no later than 15 days before the day of the public hearing;]
1633	[(ii) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
1634	63A-16-601, for three weeks before the day of the public hearing; and]
1635	[(iii) by posting at least one notice of the hearing per 1,000 population in conspicuous
1636	places within the selected unincorporated island, eligible city, or planning township, as
1637	applicable, that are most likely to give notice of the hearing to the residents of the

1638	unincorporated island, eligible city, or planning township, subject to a maximum of 10
1639	notices.]
1640	[(b) The clerk shall post the notices under Subsection (3)(a)(iii) at least seven days
1641	before the hearing under Subsection (1)(b).]
1642	[(c)] (b) The notice under Subsection (3)(a) shall include:
1643	(i) (A) for a resident of an unincorporated island, a statement that the property in the
1644	unincorporated island may be, if approved at an election under Section 10-2a-404, annexed by
1645	an eligible city, including divided and annexed by multiple cities if applicable, and the name of
1646	the eligible city or cities; or
1647	(B) for residents of a planning township, a statement that the property in the planning
1648	township shall be, pending the results of the election held under Section 10-2a-404,
1649	incorporated as a city, town, or metro township;
1650	(ii) the location and time of the public hearing; and
1651	(iii) the county website where a map may be accessed showing:
1652	(A) how the unincorporated island boundaries will change if annexed by an eligible
1653	city; or
1654	(B) how the planning township area boundaries will change, if applicable under
1655	Subsection (5), when the planning township incorporates as a metro township or as a city or
1656	town.
1657	$[\frac{d}{d}]$ (c) The county clerk shall publish a map described in Subsection $[\frac{3}{c}]$
1658	(3)(b)(iii) on the county website.
1659	(4) The county legislative body may, by ordinance or resolution adopted at a public
1660	meeting and in accordance with applicable law, resolve an issue that arises with an election
1661	held in accordance with this part or the incorporation and establishment of a metro township in
1662	accordance with this part.
1663	(5) (a) The county legislative body may, by ordinance or resolution adopted at a public
1664	meeting, change the boundaries of a planning township.
1665	(b) A change to a planning township boundary under this Subsection (5) is effective
1666	only upon the vote of the residents of the planning township at an election under Section
1667	10-2a-404 to incorporate as a metro township or as a city or town and does not affect the

boundaries of the planning township before the election.

1669	(c) The county legislative body:
1670	(i) may alter a planning township boundary under Subsection (5)(a) only if the
1671	alteration:
1672	(A) affects less than 5% of the residents residing within the planning advisory area; and
1673	(B) does not increase the area located within the planning township's boundaries; and
1674	(ii) may not alter the boundaries of a planning township whose boundaries are entirely
1675	surrounded by one or more municipalities.
1676	(6) After November 2, 2015, and before January 1, 2017, a person may not initiate an
1677	annexation or an incorporation process that, if approved, would change the boundaries of a
1678	planning township.
1679	(7) (a) As used in this Subsection (7), "rural real property" means an area:
1680	(i) zoned primarily for manufacturing, commercial, or agricultural purposes; and
1681	(ii) that does not include residential units with a density greater than one unit per acre.
1682	(b) Unless an owner of rural real property gives written consent to a county legislative
1683	body, rural real property described in Subsection (7)(c) may not be:
1684	(i) included in a planning township identified under Subsection (1)(c); or
1685	(ii) incorporated as part of a metro township, city, or town, in accordance with this
1686	part.
1687	(c) The following rural real property is subject to an owner's written consent under
1688	Subsection (7)(b):
1689	(i) rural real property that consists of 1,500 or more contiguous acres of real property
1690	consisting of one or more tax parcels;
1691	(ii) rural real property that is not contiguous to, but used in connection with, rural real
1692	property that consists of 1,500 or more contiguous acres of real property consisting of one or
1693	more tax parcels;
1694	(iii) rural real property that is owned, managed, or controlled by a person, company, or
1695	association, including a parent, subsidiary, or affiliate related to the owner of 1,500 or more
1696	contiguous acres of rural real property consisting of one or more tax parcels; or
1697	(iv) rural real property that is located in whole or in part in one of the following as
1698	defined in Section 17-41-101:
1699	(A) an agricultural protection area;

(B) an industrial protection area; or

1701	(C) a mining protection area.
1702	Section 26. Section 10-2a-410 is amended to read:
1703	10-2a-410. Determination of metro township districts Determination of metro
1704	township or city initial officer terms Adoption of proposed districts Notice.
1705	(1) (a) If a metro township with a population of 10,000 or more is incorporated in
1706	accordance with an election held under Section 10-2a-404:
1707	(i) each of the five metro township council members shall be elected by district; and
1708	(ii) the boundaries of the five council districts for election and the terms of office shall
1709	be designated and determined in accordance with this section.
1710	(b) If a metro township with a population of less than 10,000 or a town is incorporated
1711	at an election held in accordance with Section 10-2a-404, the five council members shall be
1712	elected at-large for terms as designated and determined in accordance with this section.
1713	(c) If a city is incorporated at an election held in accordance with Section 10-2a-404:
1714	(i) (A) the four members of the council district who are not the mayor shall be elected
1715	by district; and
1716	(B) the boundaries of the four council districts for election and the term of office shall
1717	be designated and determined in accordance with this section; and
1718	(ii) the mayor shall be elected at-large for a term designated and determined in
1719	accordance with this section.
1720	(2) (a) No later than 90 days after the election day on which the metro township, city,
1721	or town is successfully incorporated under this part, the legislative body of the county in which
1722	the metro township, city, or town is located shall adopt by resolution:
1723	(i) subject to Subsection (2)(b), for each incorporated metro township, city, or town,
1724	the council terms for a length of time in accordance with this section; and
1725	(ii) (A) for a metro township with a population of 10,000 or more, the boundaries of
1726	the five council districts; and
1727	(B) for a city, the boundaries of the four council districts.
1728	(b) (i) For each metro township, city, or town, the county legislative body shall set the
1729	initial terms of the members of the metro township council, city council, or town council so
1730	that:

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- (A) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b)(ii), approximately half the members of the council, including the mayor in the case of a city, are elected to serve an initial term, of no less than one year, that allows their successors to serve a full four-year term that coincides with the schedule established in Subsection 10-3-205(1); and
- (B) the remaining members of the council are elected to serve an initial term, of no less than one year, that allows their successors to serve a full four-year term that coincides with the schedule established in Subsection 10-3-205(2).
- (ii) For a city that incorporated in a county of the first class in 2016, the term of office for the office of mayor is:
  - (A) three years for the initial term of office; and
  - (B) four years for each subsequent term of office.
- 1742 (iii) For a metro township with a population of 10,000 or more, the county legislative 1743 body shall divide the metro township into five council districts that comply with Section 1744 10-3-205.5.
  - (iv) For a city, the county legislative body shall divide the city into four council districts that comply with Section 10-3-205.5.
  - (3) (a) Within 20 days of the county legislative body's adoption of a resolution under Subsection (2), the county clerk shall provide a notice, in accordance with Subsection (3)(b), containing:
    - (i) if applicable, a description of the boundaries, as designated in the resolution, of:
  - (A) for a metro township with a population of 10,000 or more, the metro township council districts; or
    - (B) the city council districts;
  - (ii) information about the deadline for filing a declaration of candidacy for those seeking to become candidates for metro township council, city council, town council, or city mayor, respectively; and
  - (iii) information about the length of the initial term of city mayor or each of the metro township, city, or town council offices, as described in the resolution.
- (b) The county clerk shall provide the notice required under Subsection (3)(a)[:] for the future metro township, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least seven days before the deadline for filing a declaration of candidacy under Subsection (4).

1762 (i) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section 1763 63A-16-601, for two weeks; and 1764 (ii) by posting at least one notice per 1,000 population in conspicuous places within 1765 the future metro township, city, or town that are most likely to give notice to the residents of 1766 the future metro township, city, or town, subject to a maximum of 10 notices. 1767 (c) The notice under Subsection  $[\frac{(3)(b)(ii)}{(ii)}]$  (3)(b) shall contain the information 1768 required under Subsection (3)(a). 1769 [(d) The county clerk shall post the notices under Subsection (3)(b)(ii) at least seven 1770 days before the deadline for filing a declaration of candidacy under Subsection (4). (4) A person seeking to become a candidate for metro township, city, or town council 1771 1772 or city mayor shall, in accordance with Section 20A-9-202, file a declaration of candidacy with 1773 the clerk of the county in which the metro township, city, or town is located for an election 1774 described in Section 10-2a-411. 1775 Section 27. Section 10-3-301 is amended to read: 1776 10-3-301. Notice -- Eligibility and residency requirements for elected municipal office -- Mayor and recorder limitations. 1777 1778 (1) As used in this section: 1779 (a) "Absent" means that an elected municipal officer fails to perform official duties. 1780 including the officer's failure to attend each regularly scheduled meeting that the officer is 1781 required to attend. (b) "Principal place of residence" means the same as that term is defined in Section 1782 1783 20A-2-105. 1784 (c) "Secondary residence" means a place where an individual resides other than the 1785 individual's principal place of residence. 1786 (2) (a) On or before May 1 in a year in which there is a municipal general election, the 1787 municipal clerk shall publish a notice that identifies: 1788 (i) the municipal offices to be voted on in the municipal general election; and 1789 (ii) the dates for filing a declaration of candidacy for the offices identified under 1790 Subsection (2)(a)(i). 1791 (b) The municipal clerk shall publish the notice described in Subsection (2)(a)[:] for

the municipality, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least seven days.

1/93	[(1) on the Utah Public Notice Website established by Section 63A-16-601; and]
1794	[(ii) in at least one of the following ways:]
1795	[(A) at the principal office of the municipality;]
1796	[(B) in a newsletter produced by the municipality;]
1797	[(C) on a website operated by the municipality; or]
1798	[(D) with a utility enterprise fund customer's bill.]
1799	(3) (a) An individual who files a declaration of candidacy for a municipal office shall
1800	comply with the requirements described in Section 20A-9-203.
1801	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b)(ii), the city recorder or town clerk of
1802	each municipality shall maintain office hours 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. on the dates described in
1803	Subsections 20A-9-203(3)(a)(i) and (c)(i) unless the date occurs on a:
1804	(A) Saturday or Sunday; or
1805	(B) state holiday as listed in Section 63G-1-301.
1806	(ii) If on a regular basis a city recorder or town clerk maintains an office schedule that
1807	is less than 40 hours per week, the city recorder or town clerk may comply with Subsection
1808	(3)(b)(i) without maintaining office hours by:
1809	(A) posting the recorder's or clerk's contact information, including a phone number and
1810	email address, on the recorder's or clerk's office door, the main door to the municipal offices,
1811	and, if available, on the municipal website; and
1812	(B) being available from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. on the dates described in Subsection (3)(b)(i)
1813	via the contact information described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii)(A).
1814	(4) An individual elected to municipal office shall be a registered voter in the
1815	municipality in which the individual is elected.
1816	(5) (a) Each elected officer of a municipality shall maintain a principal place of
1817	residence within the municipality, and within the district that the elected officer represents,
1818	during the officer's term of office.
1819	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (6), an elected municipal office is automatically
1820	vacant if the officer elected to the municipal office, during the officer's term of office:
1821	(i) establishes a principal place of residence outside the district that the elected officer
1822	represents;

(ii) resides at a secondary residence outside the district that the elected officer

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1824	represents for a continuous period of more than 60 days while still maintaining a principal
1825	place of residence within the district;

- (iii) is absent from the district that the elected officer represents for a continuous period of more than 60 days; or
- (iv) fails to respond to a request, within 30 days after the day on which the elected officer receives the request, from the county clerk or the lieutenant governor seeking information to determine the officer's residency.
- (6) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (5), if an elected municipal officer obtains the consent of the municipal legislative body in accordance with Subsection (6)(b) before the expiration of the 60-day period described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii) or (iii), the officer may:
- (i) reside at a secondary residence outside the district that the elected officer represents while still maintaining a principal place of residence within the district for a continuous period of up to one year during the officer's term of office; or
- (ii) be absent from the district that the elected officer represents for a continuous period of up to one year during the officer's term of office.
- (b) At a public meeting, the municipal legislative body may give the consent described in Subsection (6)(a) by majority vote after taking public comment regarding:
  - (i) whether the legislative body should give the consent; and
  - (ii) the length of time to which the legislative body should consent.
- (7) (a) The mayor of a municipality may not also serve as the municipal recorder or treasurer.
  - (b) The recorder of a municipality may not also serve as the municipal treasurer.
  - (c) An individual who holds a county elected office may not, at the same time, hold a municipal elected office.
  - (d) The restriction described in Subsection (7)(c) applies regardless of whether the individual is elected to the office or appointed to fill a vacancy in the office.
    - Section 28. Section 10-3-711 is amended to read:

## 10-3-711. Publication and posting of ordinances.

1852 (1) Before an ordinance may take effect, the legislative body of each municipality 1853 adopting an ordinance, except an ordinance enacted under Section 10-3-706, 10-3-707, 1854 10-3-708, 10-3-709, or 10-3-710, shall:

1855	(a) deposit a copy of the ordinance in the office of the municipal recorder; and
1856	(b) [(i)] publish for the municipality a short summary of the ordinance [on the Utah
1857	Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; or], as a class A notice under Section
1858	<u>63G-28-102.</u>
1859	[(ii) post a complete copy of the ordinance:]
1860	[(A) for a city of the first class, in nine public places within the city; or]
1861	[(B) for any other municipality, in three public places within the municipality.]
1862	(2) (a) Any ordinance, code, or book, other than the state code, relating to building or
1863	safety standards, municipal functions, administration, control, or regulations, may be adopted
1864	and shall take effect without further publication or posting, if reference is made to the code or
1865	book and at least one copy has been filed for use and examination by the public in the office of
1866	the recorder or clerk of the city or town prior to the adoption of the ordinance by the governing
1867	body.
1868	(b) Any state law relating to building or safety standards, municipal functions,
1869	administration, control, or regulations, may be adopted and shall take effect without further
1870	publication or posting if reference is made to the state code.
1871	(c) The ordinance adopting the code or book shall be published in the manner provided
1872	in this section.
1873	Section 29. Section 10-3-818 is amended to read:
1874	10-3-818. Salaries in municipalities Notice.
1875	(1) The elective and statutory officers of municipalities shall receive such
1876	compensation for their services as the governing body may fix by ordinance adopting
1877	compensation or compensation schedules enacted after public hearing.
1878	(2) Upon its own motion the governing body may review or consider the compensation
1879	of any officer or officers of the municipality or a salary schedule applicable to any officer or
1880	officers of the city for the purpose of determining whether or not it should be adopted, changed,
1881	or amended. In the event that the governing body decides that the compensation or
1882	compensation schedules should be adopted, changed, or amended, it shall set a time and place
1883	for a public hearing at which all interested persons shall be given an opportunity to be heard.
1884	(3) [(a)] Notice of the time, place, and purpose of the meeting shall be published, for at
1885	least seven days before the day of the meeting [by publication:], for the municipality, as a class

1886	A notice under Section 63G-28-102.
1887	[(i) at least once in a newspaper published in the county within which the municipality
1888	is situated and generally circulated in the municipality; and]
1889	[(ii) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601:]
1890	[(b) If there is not a newspaper as described in Subsection (3)(a)(i), then notice shall be
1891	given by posting this notice in three public places in the municipality.]
1892	(4) After the conclusion of the public hearing, the governing body may enact an
1893	ordinance fixing, changing, or amending the compensation of any elective or appointive officer
1894	of the municipality or adopting a compensation schedule applicable to any officer or officers.
1895	(5) Any ordinance enacted before Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48, by a municipality
1896	establishing a salary or compensation schedule for its elective or appointive officers and any
1897	salary fixed prior to Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48, shall remain effective until the
1898	municipality has enacted an ordinance pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.
1899	(6) The compensation of all municipal officers shall be paid at least monthly out of the
1900	municipal treasury provided that municipalities having 1,000 or fewer population may by
1901	ordinance provide for the payment of its statutory officers less frequently. None of the
1902	provisions of this chapter shall be considered as limiting or restricting the authority to any
1903	municipality that has adopted or does adopt a charter pursuant to Utah Constitution, Article XI,
1904	Section 5, to determine the salaries of its elective and appointive officers or employees.
1905	Section 30. Section 10-3c-204 is amended to read:
1906	10-3c-204. Taxing authority limited Notice.
1907	(1) A metro township may impose:
1908	(a) a municipal energy sales and use tax in accordance with Chapter 1, Part 3,
1909	Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act; or
1910	(b) a municipal telecommunication's license tax in accordance with Chapter 1, Part 4,
1911	Municipal Telecommunications License Tax Act.
1912	(2) (a) Before a metro township enacts a tax described in Subsection (1), the metro
1913	township council shall hold a public hearing:
1914	(i) on a weekday evening other than a holiday beginning no earlier than 6:00 p.m.;
1915	(ii) that is open to the public; and
1916	(iii) to allow an individual present to comment on the proposed tax:

191/	(A) within reasonable time limits; and
1918	(B) without unreasonable restriction on the number of individuals permitted to
1919	comment on the proposed tax.
1920	(b) (i) A metro township council shall publish notice of the public hearing described in
1921	Subsection (2)(a)[:] for the metro township, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for
1922	at least 14 days before the day of the public hearing.
1923	[(A) by mailing notice to each mailing address in the metro township at least 14 days
1924	before the day of the public hearing;
1925	[(B) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section
1926	63A-16-601 for each of the 14 days before the day of the public hearing; and]
1927	[(C) if the metro township has a website, by posting notice on the metro township's
1928	website for each of the 14 days before the day of the public hearing.]
1929	(ii) The council of a metro township that is included in a municipal services district
1930	satisfies the requirement described in Subsection $[\frac{(2)(b)(i)(A)}{(2)(b)(i)}]$ by mailing notice, at
1931	least 14 days before the day of the public hearing, to each mailing address in the metro
1932	township, using records or information available to the municipal services district in which the
1933	metro township is included.
1934	(c) The notice described in Subsection (2)(b) shall:
1935	(i) state "NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX" at the top of the notice, in bold upper-case
1936	type no smaller than 18 point;
1937	(ii) indicate the date, time, and location of the public hearing described in Subsection
1938	(2)(a); and
1939	(iii) indicate the proposed tax rate.
1940	Section 31. Section 10-5-107.5 is amended to read:
1941	10-5-107.5. Transfer of enterprise fund money to another fund Notice.
1942	(1) As used in this section:
1943	(a) "Budget hearing" means a public hearing required under Section 10-5-108.
1944	(b) "Enterprise fund accounting data" means a detailed overview of the various
1945	enterprise funds of the town that includes:
1946	(i) a cost accounting breakdown of how money in the enterprise fund is being used to
1947	cover, as applicable:

1948 (A) administrative and overhead costs of the town attributable to the operation of the 1949 enterprise for which the enterprise fund was created; and 1950 (B) other costs not associated with the enterprise for which the enterprise fund was 1951 created; and 1952 (ii) specific enterprise fund information. 1953 (c) "Enterprise fund hearing" means the public hearing required under Subsection 1954 (3)(d). 1955 (d) "Specific enterprise fund information" means: 1956 (i) the dollar amount of transfers from an enterprise fund to another fund; and 1957 (ii) the percentage of the total enterprise fund expenditures represented by each transfer 1958 to another fund. 1959 (2) Subject to the requirements of this section, a town may transfer money in an 1960 enterprise fund to another fund to pay for a good, service, project, venture, or other purpose 1961 that is not directly related to the goods or services provided by the enterprise for which the 1962 enterprise fund was created. 1963 (3) The governing body of a town that intends to transfer money in an enterprise fund to another fund shall: 1964 1965 (a) provide notice of the intended transfer as required under Subsection (4): 1966 (b) clearly identify in a separate section or document accompanying the town's 1967 tentative budget or, if an amendment to the town's budget includes or is based on an intended 1968 transfer, in a separate section or document accompanying the amendment to the town's budget: 1969 (i) the enterprise fund from which money is intended to be transferred; and 1970 (ii) the specific enterprise fund information for that enterprise fund; 1971 (c) provide notice of an enterprise fund hearing, as required in Subsection (4); and 1972 (d) hold an enterprise fund hearing before the adoption of the town's budget or, if 1973 applicable, the amendment to the budget. 1974 (4) (a) At least seven days before holding an enterprise fund hearing, a governing body 1975 shall[:] 1976 [(i)] provide the notice described in Subsection (4)(b) [by:] for the town, as a class B 1977 notice under Section 63G-28-102. 1978 [(A) mailing a copy of the notice to users of the goods or services provided by the

1979	enterprise for which the enterprise fund was created, if the town regularly mails users a
1980	periodic billing for the goods or services;]
1981	[(B) emailing a copy of the notice to users of the goods or services provided by the
1982	enterprise for which the enterprise fund was created, if the town regularly emails users a
1983	periodic billing for the goods or services;]
1984	[(C) posting the notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section
1985	<del>63A-16-601; and</del> ]
1986	[(D) if the town has a website, prominently posting the notice on the town's website
1987	until the enterprise fund hearing is concluded; and]
1988	[(ii) if the town communicates with the public through a social media platform, publish
1989	notice of the date, time, place, and purpose of the enterprise fund hearing using the social
1990	media platform.]
1991	(b) The notice required under Subsection [(4)(a)(i)] (4)(a) shall:
1992	(i) explain the intended transfer of enterprise fund money to another fund;
1993	(ii) include specific enterprise fund information for each enterprise fund from which
1994	money is intended to be transferred;
1995	(iii) provide the date, time, and place of the enterprise fund hearing; and
1996	(iv) explain the purpose of the enterprise fund hearing.
1997	(5) (a) An enterprise fund hearing shall be separate and independent from a budget
1998	hearing and any other public hearing.
1999	(b) At an enterprise fund hearing, the governing body shall:
2000	(i) explain the intended transfer of enterprise fund money to another fund;
2001	(ii) provide enterprise fund accounting data to the public; and
2002	(iii) allow members of the public in attendance at the hearing to comment on:
2003	(A) the intended transfer of enterprise fund money to another fund; and
2004	(B) the enterprise fund accounting data.
2005	(6) (a) If a governing body adopts a budget or a budget amendment that includes or is
2006	based on a transfer of money from an enterprise fund to another fund, the governing body shall:
2007	(i) within 60 days after adopting the budget or budget amendment:
2008	(A) mail a notice to users of the goods or services provided by the enterprise for which
2009	the enterprise fund was created, if the town regularly mails users a periodic billing for the

takes place.]

2010	goods or services; and
2011	(B) email a notice to users of the goods or services provided by the enterprise for
2012	which the enterprise fund was created, if the town regularly emails users a periodic billing for
2013	the goods or services;
2014	(ii) within seven days after adopting the budget or budget amendment:
2015	(A) post enterprise fund accounting data on the town's website, if the town has a
2016	website;
2017	(B) using the town's social media platform, publish notice of the adoption of a budget
2018	or budget amendment that includes or is based on a transfer of money from an enterprise fund
2019	to another fund, if the town communicates with the public through a social media platform; and
2020	(iii) within 30 days after adopting the budget, submit to the state auditor the specific
2021	enterprise fund information for each enterprise fund from which money will be transferred.
2022	(b) A notice required under Subsection (6)(a)(i) shall:
2023	(i) announce the adoption of a budget or budget amendment that includes or is based
2024	on a transfer of money from an enterprise fund to another fund; and
2025	(ii) include the specific enterprise fund information.
2026	(c) The governing body shall maintain the website posting required under Subsection
2027	$(6)(a)(ii)(A)$ continuously until another posting is required under Subsection [ $\frac{(4)(a)(i)(C)}{(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)}$ ]
2028	(4)(a).
2029	Section 32. Section 10-5-108 is amended to read:
2030	10-5-108. Budget hearing Notice Adjustments.
2031	(1) Prior to the adoption of the final budget or an amendment to a budget, a town
2032	council shall hold a public hearing to receive public comment.
2033	(2) The town council shall provide notice of the place, purpose, and time of the public
2034	hearing by [posting] providing notice for the town or metro township, as a class A notice under
2035	Section 63G-28-102, for at least seven days before the hearing[:].
2036	[(a) in three public places at least 48 hours before the hearing;]
2037	[(b) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; and]
2038	(c) on the home page of the website, either in full or as a link, of the town or metro

township, if the town or metro township has a publicly viewable website, until the hearing

2041	(3) After the hearing, the town council, subject to Section 10-5-110, may adjust
2042	expenditures and revenues in conformity with this chapter.
2043	Section 33. Section 10-6-113 is amended to read:
2044	10-6-113. Budget Notice of hearing to consider adoption.
2045	At the meeting at which each tentative budget is adopted, the governing body shall
2046	establish the time and place of a public hearing to consider its adoption and shall order that
2047	notice of the public hearing be published for the city or metro township, as a class A notice
2048	under Section 63G-28-102, for at least seven days [prior to] before the day of the hearing[:].
2049	[(1) in three public places within the city;]
2050	[(2) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; and]
2051	[(3) on the home page of the website, either in full or as a link, of the city or metro
2052	township, if the city or metro township has a publicly viewable website, until the hearing takes
2053	place.]
2054	Section 34. Section 10-6-135.5 is amended to read:
2055	10-6-135.5. Transfer of enterprise fund money to another fund Notice.
2056	(1) As used in this section:
2057	(a) "Budget hearing" means a public hearing required under Section 10-6-114.
2058	(b) "Enterprise fund accounting data" means a detailed overview of the various
2059	enterprise funds of the city that includes:
2060	(i) a cost accounting breakdown of how money in the enterprise fund is being used to
2061	cover, as applicable:
2062	(A) administrative and overhead costs of the city attributable to the operation of the
2063	enterprise for which the enterprise fund was created; and
2064	(B) other costs not associated with the enterprise for which the enterprise fund was
2065	created; and
2066	(ii) specific enterprise fund information.
2067	(c) "Enterprise fund hearing" means the public hearing required under Subsection
2068	(3)(d).
2069	(d) "Specific enterprise fund information" means:
2070	(i) the dollar amount of transfers from an enterprise fund to another fund; and
2071	(ii) the percentage of the total enterprise fund expenditures represented by each transfer

to another fund.

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- (2) Subject to the requirements of this section, a city may transfer money in an enterprise fund to another fund to pay for a good, service, project, venture, or other purpose that is not directly related to the goods or services provided by the enterprise for which the enterprise fund was created.
- (3) The governing body of a city that intends to transfer money in an enterprise fund to another fund shall:
  - (a) provide notice of the intended transfer as required under Subsection (4);
- (b) clearly identify in a separate section or document accompanying the city's tentative budget or, if an amendment to the city's budget includes or is based on an intended transfer, in a separate section or document accompanying the amendment to the city's budget:
  - (i) the enterprise fund from which money is intended to be transferred; and
  - (ii) the specific enterprise fund information for that enterprise fund;
  - (c) provide notice of an enterprise fund hearing, as required in Subsection (4); and
- (d) hold an enterprise fund hearing before the adoption of the city's budget or, if applicable, the amendment to the budget.
- (4) (a) [At] For at least seven days before holding an enterprise fund hearing, a governing body shall[:(i)] provide the notice described in Subsection (4)(b) [by:] for the city, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.
- [(A) mailing a copy of the notice to users of the goods or services provided by the enterprise for which the enterprise fund was created, if the city regularly mails users a periodic billing for the goods or services;
- [(B) emailing a copy of the notice to users of the goods or services provided by the enterprise for which the enterprise fund was created, if the city regularly emails users a periodic billing for the goods or services;]
- [(C) posting the notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; and]
- [(D) if the city has a website, prominently posting the notice on the city's website until the enterprise fund hearing is concluded; and]
- [(ii) if the city communicates with the public through a social media platform, publish notice of the date, time, place, and purpose of the enterprise fund hearing using the social

2103	media platform.]
2104	(b) The notice required under Subsection [(4)(a)(i)] (4)(a) shall:
2105	(i) explain the intended transfer of enterprise fund money to another fund;
2106	(ii) include specific enterprise fund information for each enterprise fund from which
2107	money is intended to be transferred;
2108	(iii) provide the date, time, and place of the enterprise fund hearing; and
2109	(iv) explain the purpose of the enterprise fund hearing.
2110	(5) (a) An enterprise fund hearing shall be separate and independent from a budget
2111	hearing and any other public hearing.
2112	(b) At an enterprise fund hearing, the governing body shall:
2113	(i) explain the intended transfer of enterprise fund money to another fund;
2114	(ii) provide enterprise fund accounting data to the public; and
2115	(iii) allow members of the public in attendance at the hearing to comment on:
2116	(A) the intended transfer of enterprise fund money to another fund; and
2117	(B) the enterprise fund accounting data.
2118	(6) (a) If a governing body adopts a budget or a budget amendment that includes or is
2119	based on a transfer of money from an enterprise fund to another fund, the governing body shall:
2120	(i) within 60 days after adopting the budget or budget amendment:
2121	(A) mail a notice to users of the goods or services provided by the enterprise for which
2122	the enterprise fund was created, if the city regularly mails users a periodic billing for the goods
2123	or services; and
2124	(B) email a notice to users of the goods or services provided by the enterprise for
2125	which the enterprise fund was created, if the city regularly emails users a periodic billing for
2126	the goods or services;
2127	(ii) within seven days after adopting the budget or budget amendment:
2128	(A) post enterprise fund accounting data on the city's website, if the city has a website;
2129	(B) using the city's social media platform, publish notice of the adoption of a budget or
2130	budget amendment that includes or is based on a transfer of money from an enterprise fund to
2131	another fund, if the city communicates with the public through a social media platform; and
2132	(iii) within 30 days after adopting the budget, submit to the state auditor the specific
2133	enterprise fund information for each enterprise fund from which money will be transferred.

2134	(b) A notice required under Subsection (6)(a)(1) shan:
2135	(i) announce the adoption of a budget or budget amendment that includes or is based
2136	on a transfer of money from an enterprise fund to another fund; and
2137	(ii) include the specific enterprise fund information.
2138	(c) The governing body shall maintain the website posting required under Subsection
2139	$(6)(a)(ii)(A)$ continuously until another posting is required under Subsection [ $\frac{(4)(a)(i)(C)}{(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)}$ ]
2140	(4)(a).
2141	Section 35. Section 10-6-152 is amended to read:
2142	10-6-152. Notice that audit completed and available for inspection.
2143	Within 10 days following the receipt of the audit report furnished by the independent
2144	auditor, the city auditor in cities having an auditor and the city recorder in all other cities shall:
2145	(1) prepare a notice to the public that the audit of the city has been completed;
2146	(2) [post] provide the notice[:] for the city or metro township, as a class A notice under
2147	Section 63G-28-102, for at least 10 days; and
2148	[(a) in three public places; and]
2149	[(b) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; and]
2150	(3) make a copy of the notice described in Subsection (1) available for inspection at the
2151	office of the city auditor or recorder.
2152	Section 36. Section 10-7-16 is amended to read:
2153	10-7-16. Call for bids Notice Contents.
2154	(1) (a) Before holding an election under Subsection 10-7-15(1)(a)(ii), the municipal
2155	legislative body shall open to bid the sale or lease of the property mentioned in Section
2156	10-7-15.
2157	(b) The municipal legislative body shall [cause] publish notice of the bid process [to be
2158	given by publication] for the municipality, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at
2159	least three consecutive weeks [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section
2160	<del>63A-16-601</del> ].
2161	(c) The notice described in Subsection (1) shall:
2162	(i) give a general description of the property to be sold or leased;
2163	(ii) specify the time when sealed bids for the property, or for a lease on the property,
2164	will be received; and

before the day of the election; and]

2165 (iii) specify the time when and the place where the bids will be opened. (2) (a) As used in this section and in Section 10-7-17, "responsible bidder" means an 2166 2167 entity with a proven history of successful operation of an electrical generation and distribution system, or an equivalent proven history. 2168 2169 (b) Subject to Subsection (2)(c), a municipal legislative body may receive or refuse to 2170 receive any bid submitted for the sale or lease of the electrical works and plant. 2171 (c) A municipal legislative body may not receive a bid unless the municipal legislative 2172 body determines that the bid is submitted by a responsible bidder. 2173 Section 37. Section 10-7-19 is amended to read: 2174 10-7-19. Election to authorize -- Notice -- Ballots. (1) Subject to Subsection (2), the board of commissioners or city council of any city, or 2175 the board of trustees of any incorporated town, may aid and encourage the building of railroads 2176 by granting to any railroad company, for depot or other railroad purposes, real property of the 2177 2178 city or incorporated town, not necessary for municipal or public purposes, upon the limitations 2179 and conditions established by the board of commissioners, city council, or board of trustees. 2180 (2) A board of commissioners, city council, or board of trustees may not grant real property under Subsection (1) unless the grant is approved by the eligible voters of the city or 2181 2182 town at the next municipal election, or at a special election called for that purpose by the board 2183 of commissioners, city council, or board of trustees. 2184 (3) If the question is submitted at a special election, the election shall be held as nearly as practicable in conformity with the general election laws of the state. 2185 2186 (4) The board of commissioners, city council, or board of trustees shall publish notice of an election described in Subsections (2) and (3)[:] for the city or town, as a class B notice 2187 2188 under Section 63G-28-102, for at least four weeks before the day of the election. [(a) (i) at least four weeks before the day of the election, by posting one notice, and at 2189 2190 least one additional notice per 2.000 population of the city or town, in places within the city or town that are most likely to give notice to the voters in the city or town; or 2191 2192 (ii) at least four weeks before the day of the election, by mailing notice to each 2193 registered voter in the city or town; (b) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for four weeks

2196	[(c) if the municipality has a website, on the municipality's website for at least four
2197	weeks before the day of the election.]
2198	(5) The board of commissioners, city council, or board of trustees shall cause ballots to
2199	be printed and provided to the eligible voters, which shall read: "For the proposed grant for
2200	depot or other railroad purposes: Yes. No."
2201	(6) If a majority of the votes are cast in favor of the grant, the board of commissioners,
2202	city council, or board of trustees shall convey the real property to the railroad company.
2203	Section 38. Section 10-8-2 is amended to read:
2204	10-8-2. Appropriations Acquisition and disposal of property Municipal
2205	authority Corporate purpose Procedure Notice of intent to acquire real property.
2206	(1) (a) Subject to Section 11-41-103, a municipal legislative body may:
2207	(i) appropriate money for corporate purposes only;
2208	(ii) provide for payment of debts and expenses of the corporation;
2209	(iii) subject to Subsections (4) and (5), purchase, receive, hold, sell, lease, convey, and
2210	dispose of real and personal property for the benefit of the municipality, whether the property is
2211	within or without the municipality's corporate boundaries, if the action is in the public interest
2212	and complies with other law;
2213	(iv) improve, protect, and do any other thing in relation to this property that an
2214	individual could do; and
2215	(v) subject to Subsection (2) and after first holding a public hearing, authorize
2216	municipal services or other nonmonetary assistance to be provided to or waive fees required to
2217	be paid by a nonprofit entity, whether or not the municipality receives consideration in return.
2218	(b) A municipality may:
2219	(i) furnish all necessary local public services within the municipality;
2220	(ii) purchase, hire, construct, own, maintain and operate, or lease public utilities
2221	located and operating within and operated by the municipality; and
2222	(iii) subject to Subsection (1)(c), acquire by eminent domain, or otherwise, property
2223	located inside or outside the corporate limits of the municipality and necessary for any of the
2224	purposes stated in Subsections (1)(b)(i) and (ii), subject to restrictions imposed by Title 78B,
2225	Chapter 6, Part 5, Eminent Domain, and general law for the protection of other communities.
2226	(c) Each municipality that intends to acquire property by eminent domain under

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2227 Subsection (1)(b) shall comply with the requirements of Section 78B-6-505. 2228 (d) Subsection (1)(b) may not be construed to diminish any other authority a 2229 municipality may claim to have under the law to acquire by eminent domain property located 2230 inside or outside the municipality. 2231 (2) (a) Services or assistance provided pursuant to Subsection (1)(a)(v) is not subject to 2232 the provisions of Subsection (3). 2233 (b) The total amount of services or other nonmonetary assistance provided or fees 2234 waived under Subsection (1)(a)(v) in any given fiscal year may not exceed 1% of the 2235 municipality's budget for that fiscal year. 2236 (3) It is considered a corporate purpose to appropriate money for any purpose that, in 2237 the judgment of the municipal legislative body, provides for the safety, health, prosperity, 2238 moral well-being, peace, order, comfort, or convenience of the inhabitants of the municipality 2239 subject to this Subsection (3). 2240 (a) The net value received for any money appropriated shall be measured on a 2241 project-by-project basis over the life of the project. 2242 (b) (i) A municipal legislative body shall establish the criteria for a determination 2243 under this Subsection (3). (ii) A municipal legislative body's determination of value received is presumed valid 2244 2245 unless a person can show that the determination was arbitrary, capricious, or illegal. 2246 (c) The municipality may consider intangible benefits received by the municipality in 2247 determining net value received. 2248 (d) (i) Before the municipal legislative body makes any decision to appropriate any 2249 funds for a corporate purpose under this section, the municipal legislative body shall hold a 2250 public hearing. 2251 (ii) [At] For at least 14 days before the date of the hearing, the municipal legislative 2252 body shall publish a notice of the hearing described in Subsection (3)(d)(i) [by posting notice:] 2253 for the municipality, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.

(e) (i) Before a municipality provides notice as described in Subsection (3)(d)(ii), the

[(A) in at least three conspicuous places within the municipality: and]

municipality shall perform a study that analyzes and demonstrates the purpose for an

(B) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601.

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- appropriation described in this Subsection (3) in accordance with Subsection (3)(e)(iii).
- 2259 (ii) A municipality shall make the study described in Subsection (3)(e)(i) available at 2260 the municipality for review by interested parties at least 14 days immediately before the public 2261 hearing described in Subsection (3)(d)(i).
  - (iii) A municipality shall consider the following factors when conducting the study described in Subsection (3)(e)(i):
  - (A) what identified benefit the municipality will receive in return for any money or resources appropriated;
  - (B) the municipality's purpose for the appropriation, including an analysis of the way the appropriation will be used to enhance the safety, health, prosperity, moral well-being, peace, order, comfort, or convenience of the inhabitants of the municipality; and
  - (C) whether the appropriation is necessary and appropriate to accomplish the reasonable goals and objectives of the municipality in the area of economic development, job creation, affordable housing, elimination of a development impediment, job preservation, the preservation of historic structures and property, and any other public purpose.
  - (f) (i) An appeal may be taken from a final decision of the municipal legislative body, to make an appropriation.
  - (ii) A person shall file an appeal as described in Subsection (3)(f)(i) with the district court within 30 days after the day on which the municipal legislative body makes a decision.
  - (iii) Any appeal shall be based on the record of the proceedings before the legislative body.
  - (iv) A decision of the municipal legislative body shall be presumed to be valid unless the appealing party shows that the decision was arbitrary, capricious, or illegal.
  - (g) The provisions of this Subsection (3) apply only to those appropriations made after May 6, 2002.
  - (h) This section applies only to appropriations not otherwise approved pursuant to Title 10, Chapter 5, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah Towns, or Title 10, Chapter 6, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah Cities.
  - (4) (a) Before a municipality may dispose of a significant parcel of real property, the municipality shall:
    - (i) provide [reasonable] notice of the proposed disposition for the municipality, as a

2289	class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 14 days before the opportunity for public
2290	comment under Subsection (4)(a)(ii); and
2291	(ii) allow an opportunity for public comment on the proposed disposition.
2292	(b) Each municipality shall, by ordinance, define what constitutes[:]
2293	[(i)] a significant parcel of real property for purposes of Subsection (4)(a)[; and].
2294	[(ii) reasonable notice for purposes of Subsection (4)(a)(i).]
2295	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(d), each municipality intending to acquire
2296	real property for the purpose of expanding the municipality's infrastructure or other facilities
2297	used for providing services that the municipality offers or intends to offer shall provide written
2298	notice, as provided in this Subsection (5), of its intent to acquire the property if:
2299	(i) the property is located:
2300	(A) outside the boundaries of the municipality; and
2301	(B) in a county of the first or second class; and
2302	(ii) the intended use of the property is contrary to:
2303	(A) the anticipated use of the property under the general plan of the county in whose
2304	unincorporated area or the municipality in whose boundaries the property is located; or
2305	(B) the property's current zoning designation.
2306	(b) Each notice under Subsection (5)(a) shall:
2307	(i) indicate that the municipality intends to acquire real property;
2308	(ii) identify the real property; and
2309	(iii) be sent to:
2310	(A) each county in whose unincorporated area and each municipality in whose
2311	boundaries the property is located; and
2312	(B) each affected entity.
2313	(c) A notice under this Subsection (5) is a protected record as provided in Subsection
2314	63G-2-305(8).
2315	(d) (i) The notice requirement of Subsection (5)(a) does not apply if the municipality
2316	previously provided notice under Section 10-9a-203 identifying the general location within the
2317	municipality or unincorporated part of the county where the property to be acquired is located.
2318	(ii) If a municipality is not required to comply with the notice requirement of
2319	Subsection (5)(a) because of application of Subsection (5)(d)(i), the municipality shall provide

the notice specified in Subsection (5)(a) as soon as practicable after its acquisition of the real property.

Section 39. Section 10-8-15 is amended to read:

## 10-8-15. Waterworks -- Construction -- Extraterritorial jurisdiction -- Notice.

- (1) As used in this section, "affected entity" means a:
- (a) county that has land use authority over land subject to an ordinance or regulation described in this section;
- (b) local health department, as that term is defined in Section 26A-1-102, that has jurisdiction pursuant to Section 26A-1-108 over land subject to an ordinance or regulation described in this section;
- (c) municipality that has enacted or has the right to enact an ordinance or regulation described in this section over the land subject to an ordinance or regulation described in this section; and
- (d) municipality that has land use authority over land subject to an ordinance or regulation described in this section.
- (2) A municipality may construct or authorize the construction of waterworks within or without the municipal limits, and for the purpose of maintaining and protecting the same from injury and the water from pollution the municipality's jurisdiction shall extend over the territory occupied by such works, and over all reservoirs, streams, canals, ditches, pipes and drains used in and necessary for the construction, maintenance and operation of the same, and over the stream or other source from which the water is taken, for 15 miles above the point from which it is taken and for a distance of 300 feet on each side of such stream and over highways along such stream or watercourse within said 15 miles and said 300 feet.
- (3) The jurisdiction of a city of the first class shall additionally be over the entire watershed within the county of origin of the city of the first class and subject to Subsection (6) provided that livestock shall be permitted to graze beyond 1,000 feet from any such stream or source; and provided further, that the city of the first class shall provide a highway in and through the city's corporate limits, and so far as the city's jurisdiction extends, which may not be closed to cattle, horses, sheep, hogs, or goats driven through the city, or through any territory adjacent thereto over which the city has jurisdiction, but the board of commissioners of the city may enact ordinances placing under police regulations the manner of driving such

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cattle, sheep, horses, hogs, and goats through the city, or any territory adjacent thereto over which the city has jurisdiction.

- (4) A municipality may enact all ordinances and regulations necessary to carry the power herein conferred into effect, and is authorized and empowered to enact ordinances preventing pollution or contamination of the streams or watercourses from which the municipality derives the municipality's water supply, in whole or in part, for domestic and culinary purposes, and may enact ordinances prohibiting or regulating the construction or maintenance of any closet, privy, outhouse or urinal within the area over which the municipality has jurisdiction, and provide for permits for the construction and maintenance of the same.
- (5) In granting a permit described in Subsection (4), a municipality may annex thereto such reasonable conditions and requirements for the protection of the public health as the municipality determines proper, and may, if determined advisable, require that all closets, privies and urinals along such streams shall be provided with effective septic tanks or other germ-destroying instrumentalities.
- (6) A city of the first class may only exercise extraterritorial jurisdiction outside of the city's county of origin, as described in Subsection (3), pursuant to a written agreement with all municipalities and counties that have jurisdiction over the area where the watershed is located.
- (7) (a) After July 1, 2019, a municipal legislative body that seeks to adopt an ordinance or regulation under the authority of this section shall:
  - (i) hold a public hearing on the proposed ordinance or regulation; and
- (ii) give notice of the date, place, and time of the hearing, as described in Subsection (7)(b).
- (b) At least ten days before the day on which the public hearing described in Subsection (7)(a)(i) is to be held, the notice described in Subsection (7)(a)(ii) shall be:
- (i) mailed to:
- 2377 (A) each affected entity;
- 2378 (B) the director of the Division of Drinking Water; and
- 2379 (C) the director of the Division of Water Quality; and
- 2380 (ii) published [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601] for the municipality, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 10 days.

2382	(c) An ordinance or regulation adopted under the authority of this section may not
2383	conflict with:
2384	(i) existing federal or state statutes; or
2385	(ii) a rule created pursuant to a federal or state statute governing drinking water or
2386	water quality.
2387	(d) A municipality that enacts an ordinance or regulation under the authority of this
2388	section shall:
2389	(i) provide a copy of the ordinance or regulation to each affected entity; and
2390	(ii) include a copy of the ordinance or regulation in the municipality's drinking water
2391	source protection plan.
2392	Section 40. Section 10-9a-203 is amended to read:
2393	10-9a-203. Notice of intent to prepare a general plan or comprehensive general
2394	plan amendments in certain municipalities.
2395	(1) Before preparing a proposed general plan or a comprehensive general plan
2396	amendment, each municipality within a county of the first or second class shall provide 10
2397	calendar days notice of the municipality's intent to prepare a proposed general plan or a
2398	comprehensive general plan amendment:
2399	(a) to each affected entity;
2400	(b) to the Utah Geospatial Resource Center created in Section 63A-16-505;
2401	(c) to the association of governments, established pursuant to an interlocal agreement
2402	under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, of which the municipality is a member;
2403	and
2404	[(d) on the Utah Public Notice Website created under Section 63A-16-601.]
2405	(d) for the municipality, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 10
2406	days.
2407	(2) Each notice under Subsection (1) shall:
2408	(a) indicate that the municipality intends to prepare a general plan or a comprehensive
2409	general plan amendment, as the case may be;
2410	(b) describe or provide a map of the geographic area that will be affected by the general
2411	plan or amendment;
2412	(c) be sent by mail, e-mail, or other effective means:

2413	(d) invite the affected entities to provide information for the municipality to consider in
2414	the process of preparing, adopting, and implementing a general plan or amendment concerning:
2415	(i) impacts that the use of land proposed in the proposed general plan or amendment
2416	may have; and
2417	(ii) uses of land within the municipality that the affected entity is considering that may
2418	conflict with the proposed general plan or amendment; and
2419	(e) include the address of an Internet website, if the municipality has one, and the name
2420	and telephone number of an individual where more information can be obtained concerning the
2421	municipality's proposed general plan or amendment.
2422	Section 41. Section 10-9a-204 is amended to read:
2423	10-9a-204. Notice of public hearings and public meetings to consider general plan
2424	or modifications.
2425	(1) Each municipality shall provide:
2426	(a) notice of the date, time, and place of the first public hearing to consider the original
2427	adoption or any modification of all or any portion of a general plan; and
2428	(b) notice of each public meeting on the subject.
2429	(2) Each notice of a public hearing under Subsection (1)(a) shall be at least 10 calendar
2430	days before the public hearing and shall be:
2431	(a) published [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601] for
2432	the municipality, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 10 days; and
2433	(b) mailed to each affected entity[; and].
2434	[ <del>(c) posted:</del> ]
2435	[(i) in at least three public locations within the municipality; or]
2436	[(ii) on the municipality's official website.]
2437	(3) Each notice of a public meeting under Subsection (1)(b) shall be at least 24 hours
2438	before the meeting and shall be[:] published for the municipality, as a class A notice under
2439	Section 63G-28-102, for at least 24 hours.
2440	[(a) published on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; and]
2441	[ <del>(b) posted:</del> ]
2442	[(i) in at least three public locations within the municipality; or]
2443	[(ii) on the municipality's official website.]

2444	Section 42. Section 10-9a-205 is amended to read:
2445	10-9a-205. Notice of public hearings and public meetings on adoption or
2446	modification of land use regulation.
2447	(1) Each municipality shall give:
2448	(a) notice of the date, time, and place of the first public hearing to consider the
2449	adoption or any modification of a land use regulation; and
2450	(b) notice of each public meeting on the subject.
2451	(2) Each notice of a public hearing under Subsection (1)(a) shall be:
2452	(a) mailed to each affected entity at least 10 calendar days before the public hearing;
2453	<u>and</u>
2454	(b) provided for the area directly affected by the land use ordinance change, as a class
2455	B notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 10 calendar days before the day of the public
2456	hearing.
2457	[ <del>(b) posted:</del> ]
2458	[(i) in at least three public locations within the municipality; or]
2459	[(ii) on the municipality's official website; and]
2460	[(c) (i) posted on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, at
2461	least 10 calendar days before the public hearing; or]
2462	[(ii) mailed at least 10 days before the public hearing to:]
2463	[(A) each property owner whose land is directly affected by the land use ordinance
2464	change; and]
2465	[(B) each adjacent property owner within the parameters specified by municipal
2466	ordinance.]
2467	(3) In addition to the notice requirements described in Subsections (1) and (2), for any
2468	proposed modification to the text of a zoning code, the notice posted in accordance with
2469	Subsection (2) shall:
2470	(a) include a summary of the effect of the proposed modifications to the text of the
2471	zoning code designed to be understood by a lay person; and
2472	(b) be provided to any person upon written request.
2473	(4) Each notice of a public meeting under Subsection (1)(b) shall be [posted] provided
2474	for the municipality, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 24 hours before

2475	the meeting[:].
2476	[(a) in at least three public locations within the municipality; or]
2477	[(b) on the municipality's official website.]
2478	(5) (a) A municipality shall send a courtesy notice to each owner of private real
2479	property whose property is located entirely or partially within a proposed zoning map
2480	enactment or amendment at least 10 days before the scheduled day of the public hearing.
2481	(b) The notice shall:
2482	(i) identify with specificity each owner of record of real property that will be affected
2483	by the proposed zoning map or map amendments;
2484	(ii) state the current zone in which the real property is located;
2485	(iii) state the proposed new zone for the real property;
2486	(iv) provide information regarding or a reference to the proposed regulations,
2487	prohibitions, and permitted uses that the property will be subject to if the zoning map or map
2488	amendment is adopted;
2489	(v) state that the owner of real property may no later than 10 days after the day of the
2490	first public hearing file a written objection to the inclusion of the owner's property in the
2491	proposed zoning map or map amendment;
2492	(vi) state the address where the property owner should file the protest;
2493	(vii) notify the property owner that each written objection filed with the municipality
2494	will be provided to the municipal legislative body; and
2495	(viii) state the location, date, and time of the public hearing described in Section
2496	10-9a-502.
2497	(c) If a municipality mails notice to a property owner in accordance with Subsection
2498	[(2)(c)(ii)] (2)(b) for a public hearing on a zoning map or map amendment, the notice required
2499	in this Subsection (5) may be included in or part of the notice described in Subsection
2500	$\left[\frac{(2)(e)(ii)}{(2)(b)}\right]$ rather than sent separately.
2501	Section 43. Section 10-9a-208 is amended to read:
2502	10-9a-208. Hearing and notice for petition to vacate a public street.
2503	(1) For any petition to vacate some or all of a public street or municipal utility
2504	easement the legislative body shall:
2505	(a) hold a public hearing; and

2506	(b) give notice of the date, place, and time of the hearing, as provided in Subsection
2507	(2).
2508	(2) At least 10 days before the public hearing under Subsection (1)(a), the legislative
2509	body shall ensure that the notice required under Subsection (1)(b) is:
2510	(a) mailed to the record owner of each parcel that is accessed by the public street or
2511	municipal utility easement;
2512	(b) mailed to each affected entity; and
2513	(c) [posted on or near] provided for the public street or municipal utility easement [in a
2514	manner that is calculated to alert the public; and], as a class A notice under Section
2515	63G-28-102, for at least 10 days.
2516	[(d) (i) published on the website of the municipality in which the land subject to the
2517	petition is located until the public hearing concludes; and]
2518	[(ii) published on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601.]
2519	Section 44. Section 10-18-203 is amended to read:
2520	10-18-203. Feasibility study on providing cable television or public
2521	telecommunications services Public hearings Notice.
2522	(1) If a feasibility consultant is hired under Section 10-18-202, the legislative body of
2523	the municipality shall require the feasibility consultant to:
2524	(a) complete the feasibility study in accordance with this section;
2525	(b) submit to the legislative body by no later than 180 days from the date the feasibility
2526	consultant is hired to conduct the feasibility study:
2527	(i) the full written results of the feasibility study; and
2528	(ii) a summary of the results that is no longer than one page in length; and
2529	(c) attend the public hearings described in Subsection (4) to:
2530	(i) present the feasibility study results; and
2531	(ii) respond to questions from the public.
2532	(2) The feasibility study described in Subsection (1) shall at a minimum consider:
2533	(a) (i) if the municipality is proposing to provide cable television services to
2534	subscribers, whether the municipality providing cable television services in the manner
2535	proposed by the municipality will hinder or advance competition for cable television services
2536	in the municipality; or

2537	(11) If the municipality is proposing to provide public telecommunications services to
2538	subscribers, whether the municipality providing public telecommunications services in the
2539	manner proposed by the municipality will hinder or advance competition for public
2540	telecommunications services in the municipality;
2541	(b) whether but for the municipality any person would provide the proposed:
2542	(i) cable television services; or
2543	(ii) public telecommunications services;
2544	(c) the fiscal impact on the municipality of:
2545	(i) the capital investment in facilities that will be used to provide the proposed:
2546	(A) cable television services; or
2547	(B) public telecommunications services; and
2548	(ii) the expenditure of funds for labor, financing, and administering the proposed:
2549	(A) cable television services; or
2550	(B) public telecommunications services;
2551	(d) the projected growth in demand in the municipality for the proposed:
2552	(i) cable television services; or
2553	(ii) public telecommunications services;
2554	(e) the projections at the time of the feasibility study and for the next five years, of a
2555	full-cost accounting for a municipality to purchase, lease, construct, maintain, or operate the
2556	facilities necessary to provide the proposed:
2557	(i) cable television services; or
2558	(ii) public telecommunications services; and
2559	(f) the projections at the time of the feasibility study and for the next five years of the
2560	revenues to be generated from the proposed:
2561	(i) cable television services; or
2562	(ii) public telecommunications services.
2563	(3) For purposes of the financial projections required under Subsections (2)(e) and (f),
2564	the feasibility consultant shall assume that the municipality will price the proposed cable
2565	television services or public telecommunications services consistent with Subsection
2566	10-18-303(5).
2567	(4) If the results of the feasibility study satisfy the revenue requirement of Subsection

2568	10-18-202(3), the legislative body, at the next regular meeting after the legislative body
2569	receives the results of the feasibility study, shall schedule at least two public hearings to be
2570	held:
2571	(a) within 60 days of the meeting at which the public hearings are scheduled;
2572	(b) at least seven days apart; and
2573	(c) for the purpose of allowing:
2574	(i) the feasibility consultant to present the results of the feasibility study; and
2575	(ii) the public to:
2576	(A) become informed about the feasibility study results; and
2577	(B) ask questions of the feasibility consultant about the results of the feasibility study.
2578	(5) [ <del>(a)</del> ] The municipality shall provide notice of the public hearings required under
2579	Subsection (4) [by:] for the municipality, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at
2580	least three weeks before the day on which the first public hearing required under Subsection (4)
2581	is held.
2582	[(i) posting the notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
2583	63A-16-601, for three weeks, at least three days before the first public hearing required under
2584	Subsection (4); and
2585	[(ii) posting at least one notice of the hearings per 1,000 residents, in a conspicuous
2586	place within the municipality that is likely to give notice of the hearings to the greatest number
2587	of residents of the municipality, subject to a maximum of 10 notices.]
2588	[(b) The municipality shall post the notices at least seven days before the first public
2589	hearing required under Subsection (4) is held.]
2590	Section 45. Section 10-18-302 is amended to read:
2591	10-18-302. Bonding authority.
2592	(1) In accordance with Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act, the
2593	legislative body of a municipality may by resolution determine to issue one or more revenue
2594	bonds or general obligation bonds to finance the capital costs for facilities necessary to provide
2595	to subscribers:
2596	(a) a cable television service; or
2597	(b) a public telecommunications service.
2598	(2) The resolution described in Subsection (1) shall:

2599	(a) describe the purpose for which the indebtedness is to be created; and
2600	(b) specify the dollar amount of the one or more bonds proposed to be issued.
2601	(3) (a) A revenue bond issued under this section shall be secured and paid for:
2602	(i) from the revenues generated by the municipality from providing:
2603	(A) cable television services with respect to revenue bonds issued to finance facilities
2604	for the municipality's cable television services; and
2605	(B) public telecommunications services with respect to revenue bonds issued to finance
2606	facilities for the municipality's public telecommunications services; and
2607	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (3)(b) and Subsection 10-18-303(3)(a), from revenues
2608	generated under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act, if:
2609	(A) notwithstanding Subsection 11-14-201(3) and except as provided in Subsections
2610	(4) and (5), the revenue bond is approved by the registered voters in an election held:
2611	(I) except as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(ii)(A)(II), pursuant to the provisions of Title
2612	11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act, that govern bond elections; and
2613	(II) notwithstanding Subsection 11-14-203(2), at a regular general election;
2614	(B) the revenues described in this Subsection (3)(a)(ii) are pledged as security for the
2615	revenue bond; and
2616	(C) the municipality or municipalities annually appropriate the revenues described in
2617	this Subsection (3)(a)(ii) to secure and pay the revenue bond issued under this section.
2618	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(ii), a municipality may not pay the
2619	origination, financing, or other carrying costs associated with the one or more revenue bonds
2620	issued under this section from the town or city, respectively, general funds or other enterprise
2621	funds of the municipality.
2622	(4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4), "municipal entity" means an entity created
2623	pursuant to an agreement:
2624	(i) under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act; and
2625	(ii) to which a municipality is a party.
2626	(b) The requirements of Subsection (3)(a)(ii)(A) do not apply to a municipality or
2627	municipal entity that issues revenue bonds, or to a municipality that is a member of a municipal
2628	entity that issues revenue bonds, if:
2629	(i) on or before March 2, 2004, the municipality that is issuing revenue bonds or that is

(4)(b)(iv)(B), holds a final public hearing;

2630	a member of a municipal entity that is issuing revenue bonds has published the first notice
2631	described in Subsection (4)(b)(iii);
2632	(ii) on or before April 15, 2004, the municipality that is issuing revenue bonds or that
2633	is a member of a municipal entity that is issuing revenue bonds makes the decision to pledge
2634	the revenues described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) as security for the revenue bonds described in
2635	this Subsection (4)(b)(ii);
2636	(iii) (A) the municipality that is issuing the revenue bonds or the municipality that is a
2637	member of the municipal entity that is issuing the revenue bonds has held a public hearing for
2638	which public notice was given by publication of the notice [on the Utah Public Notice Website
2639	created in Section 63A-16-601] for the municipality, as a class A notice under Section
2640	63G-28-102, for two weeks before the day of the public hearing; and
2641	(B) the notice identifies:
2642	(I) that the notice is given pursuant to Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding
2643	Act;
2644	(II) the purpose for the bonds to be issued;
2645	(III) the maximum amount of the revenues described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) that will
2646	be pledged in any fiscal year;
2647	(IV) the maximum number of years that the pledge will be in effect; and
2648	(V) the time, place, and location for the public hearing;
2649	(iv) the municipal entity that issues revenue bonds:
2650	(A) adopts a final financing plan; and
2651	(B) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
2652	Management Act, makes available to the public at the time the municipal entity adopts the final
2653	financing plan:
2654	(I) the final financing plan; and
2655	(II) all contracts entered into by the municipal entity, except as protected by Title 63G,
2656	Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act;
2657	(v) any municipality that is a member of a municipal entity described in Subsection
2658	(4)(b)(iv):
2659	(A) not less than 30 calendar days after the municipal entity complies with Subsection

2661	(B) provides notice, at the time the municipality schedules the final public hearing, to
2662	any person who has provided to the municipality a written request for notice; and
2663	(C) makes all reasonable efforts to provide fair opportunity for oral testimony by all
2664	interested parties; and
2665	(vi) except with respect to a municipality that issued bonds prior to March 1, 2004, not
2666	more than 50% of the average annual debt service of all revenue bonds described in this section
2667	to provide service throughout the municipality or municipal entity may be paid from the
2668	revenues described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii).
2669	(5) On or after July 1, 2007, the requirements of Subsection (3)(a)(ii)(A) do not apply
2670	to a municipality that issues revenue bonds if:
2671	(a) (i) the municipality that is issuing the revenue bonds has held a public hearing for
2672	which public notice was given by publication of the notice [on the Utah Public Notice Website
2673	created in Section 63A-16-601] for the municipality, as a class A notice under Section
2674	63G-28-102, for 14 days before the day of the public hearing; and
2675	(ii) the notice identifies:
2676	(A) that the notice is given pursuant to Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government
2677	Bonding Act;
2678	(B) the purpose for the bonds to be issued;
2679	(C) the maximum amount of the revenues described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) that will be
2680	pledged in any fiscal year;
2681	(D) the maximum number of years that the pledge will be in effect; and
2682	(E) the time, place, and location for the public hearing; and
2683	(b) except with respect to a municipality that issued bonds prior to March 1, 2004, not
2684	more than 50% of the average annual debt service of all revenue bonds described in this section
2685	to provide service throughout the municipality or municipal entity may be paid from the
2686	revenues described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii).
2687	(6) A municipality that issues bonds pursuant to this section may not make or grant any
2688	undue or unreasonable preference or advantage to itself or to any private provider of:
2689	(a) cable television services; or
2690	(b) public telecommunications services.
2691	Section 46. Section 10-18-303 is amended to read:

2692	10-18-303. General operating limitations Notice of change to price list.
2693	A municipality that provides a cable television service or a public telecommunications
2694	service under this chapter is subject to the operating limitations of this section.
2695	(1) A municipality that provides a cable television service shall comply with:
2696	(a) the Cable Communications Policy Act of 1984, 47 U.S.C. 521, et seq.; and
2697	(b) the regulations issued by the Federal Communications Commission under the Cable
2698	Communications Policy Act of 1984, 47 U.S.C. 521, et seq.
2699	(2) A municipality that provides a public telecommunications service shall comply
2700	with:
2701	(a) the Telecommunications Act of 1996, Pub. L. 104-104;
2702	(b) the regulations issued by the Federal Communications Commission under the
2703	Telecommunications Act of 1996, Pub. L. 104-104;
2704	(c) Section 54-8b-2.2 relating to:
2705	(i) the interconnection of essential facilities; and
2706	(ii) the purchase and sale of essential services; and
2707	(d) the rules made by the Public Service Commission of Utah under Section 54-8b-2.2.
2708	(3) A municipality may not cross subsidize its cable television services or its public
2709	telecommunications services with:
2710	(a) tax dollars;
2711	(b) income from other municipal or utility services;
2712	(c) below-market rate loans from the municipality; or
2713	(d) any other means.
2714	(4) (a) A municipality may not make or grant any undue or unreasonable preference or
2715	advantage to itself or to any private provider of:
2716	(i) cable television services; or
2717	(ii) public telecommunications services.
2718	(b) A municipality shall apply without discrimination as to itself and to any private
2719	provider the municipality's ordinances, rules, and policies, including those relating to:
2720	(i) obligation to serve;
2721	(ii) access to public rights of way;
2722	(iii) permitting;

2723	(iv) performance bonding;
2724	(v) reporting; and
2725	(vi) quality of service.
2726	(c) Subsections (4)(a) and (b) do not supersede the exception for a rural telephone
2727	company in Section 251 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996, Pub. L. 104-104.
2728	(5) In calculating the rates charged by a municipality for a cable television service or a
2729	public telecommunications service, the municipality:
2730	(a) shall include within its rates an amount equal to all taxes, fees, and other
2731	assessments that would be applicable to a similarly situated private provider of the same
2732	services, including:
2733	(i) federal, state, and local taxes;
2734	(ii) franchise fees;
2735	(iii) permit fees;
2736	(iv) pole attachment fees; and
2737	(v) fees similar to those described in Subsections (5)(a)(i) through (iv); and
2738	(b) may not price any cable television service or public telecommunications service at a
2739	level that is less than the sum of:
2740	(i) the actual direct costs of providing the service;
2741	(ii) the actual indirect costs of providing the service; and
2742	(iii) the amount determined under Subsection (5)(a).
2743	(6) (a) A municipality that provides cable television services or public
2744	telecommunications services shall establish and maintain a comprehensive price list of all cable
2745	television services or public telecommunications services offered by the municipality.
2746	(b) The price list required by Subsection (6)(a) shall:
2747	(i) include all terms and conditions relating to the municipality providing each cable
2748	television service or public telecommunications service offered by the municipality;
2749	(ii) be posted on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; and
2750	(iii) be available for inspection:
2751	(A) at a designated office of the municipality; and
2752	(B) during normal business hours.
2753	(c) At least five days before the date a change to a municipality's price list becomes

2/54	effective, the municipality shall[:] provide notice of the change:
2755	(i) for the municipality, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least five
2756	days; and
2757	(ii) to any other persons requesting notification of any changes to the municipality's
2758	price list.
2759	[(i) notify the following of the change:]
2760	[(A) all subscribers to the services for which the price list is being changed; and]
2761	[(B) any other persons requesting notification of any changes to the municipality's price
2762	<del>list; and</del> ]
2763	[(ii) publish notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601.]
2764	(d) A municipality may not offer a cable television service or a public
2765	telecommunications service except in accordance with the prices, terms, and conditions set
2766	forth in the municipality's price list.
2767	(7) A municipality may not offer to provide or provide cable television services or
2768	public telecommunications services to a subscriber that does not reside within the geographic
2769	boundaries of the municipality.
2770	(8) (a) A municipality shall keep accurate books and records of the municipality's:
2771	(i) cable television services; and
2772	(ii) public telecommunications services.
2773	(b) The books and records required to be kept under Subsection (8)(a) are subject to
2774	legislative audit to verify the municipality's compliance with the requirements of this chapter
2775	including:
2776	(i) pricing;
2777	(ii) recordkeeping; and
2778	(iii) antidiscrimination.
2779	(9) A municipality may not receive distributions from the Universal Public
2780	Telecommunications Service Support Fund established in Section 54-8b-15.
2781	Section 47. Section 11-13-204 is amended to read:
2782	11-13-204. Powers and duties of interlocal entities Additional powers of energy
2783	services interlocal entities Length of term of agreement and interlocal entity Notice to
2784	lieutenant governor Recording requirements Public Service Commission.

2785	(1) (a) An interlocal entity:
2786	(i) shall adopt bylaws, policies, and procedures for the regulation of its affairs and the
2787	conduct of its business;
2788	(ii) may:
2789	(A) amend or repeal a bylaw, policy, or procedure;
2790	(B) sue and be sued;
2791	(C) have an official seal and alter that seal at will;
2792	(D) make and execute contracts and other instruments necessary or convenient for the
2793	performance of its duties and the exercise of its powers and functions;
2794	(E) acquire real or personal property, or an undivided, fractional, or other interest in
2795	real or personal property, necessary or convenient for the purposes contemplated in the
2796	agreement creating the interlocal entity and sell, lease, or otherwise dispose of that property;
2797	(F) directly or by contract with another:
2798	(I) own and acquire facilities and improvements or an undivided, fractional, or other
2799	interest in facilities and improvements;
2800	(II) construct, operate, maintain, and repair facilities and improvements; and
2801	(III) provide the services contemplated in the agreement creating the interlocal entity
2802	and establish, impose, and collect rates, fees, and charges for the services provided by the
2803	interlocal entity;
2804	(G) borrow money, incur indebtedness, and issue revenue bonds, notes, or other
2805	obligations and secure their payment by an assignment, pledge, or other conveyance of all or
2806	any part of the revenues and receipts from the facilities, improvements, or services that the
2807	interlocal entity provides;
2808	(H) offer, issue, and sell warrants, options, or other rights related to the bonds, notes, or
2809	other obligations issued by the interlocal entity;
2810	(I) sell or contract for the sale of the services, output, product, or other benefits
2811	provided by the interlocal entity to:
2812	(I) public agencies inside or outside the state; and
2813	(II) with respect to any excess services, output, product, or benefits, any person on
2814	terms that the interlocal entity considers to be in the best interest of the public agencies that are
2815	parties to the agreement creating the interlocal entity; and

- 2816 (J) create a local disaster recovery fund in the same manner and to the same extent as 2817 authorized for a local government in accordance with Section 53-2a-605; and 2818 (iii) may not levy, assess, or collect ad valorem property taxes. 2819 (b) An assignment, pledge, or other conveyance under Subsection (1)(a)(ii)(G) may, to 2820 the extent provided by the documents under which the assignment, pledge, or other conveyance 2821 is made, rank prior in right to any other obligation except taxes or payments in lieu of taxes 2822 payable to the state or its political subdivisions. 2823 (2) An energy services interlocal entity: 2824 (a) except with respect to any ownership interest it has in facilities providing additional 2825 project capacity, is not subject to: (i) Part 3, Project Entity Provisions; or 2826 2827 (ii) Title 59, Chapter 8, Gross Receipts Tax on Certain Corporations Not Required to 2828 Pay Corporate Franchise or Income Tax Act; and 2829 (b) may: 2830 (i) own, acquire, and, by itself or by contract with another, construct, operate, and 2831 maintain a facility or improvement for the generation, transmission, and transportation of 2832 electric energy or related fuel supplies; 2833 (ii) enter into a contract to obtain a supply of electric power and energy and ancillary 2834 services, transmission, and transportation services, and supplies of natural gas and fuels 2835 necessary for the operation of generation facilities; 2836 (iii) enter into a contract with public agencies, investor-owned or cooperative utilities, 2837 and others, whether located in or out of the state, for the sale of wholesale services provided by 2838 the energy services interlocal entity; and 2839 (iv) adopt and implement risk management policies and strategies and enter into 2840 transactions and agreements to manage the risks associated with the purchase and sale of 2841 energy, including forward purchase and sale contracts, hedging, tolling and swap agreements, 2842 and other instruments. 2843 (3) Notwithstanding Section 11-13-216, an agreement creating an interlocal entity or
  - an amendment to that agreement may provide that the agreement may continue and the interlocal entity may remain in existence until the latest to occur of:
    - (a) 50 years after the date of the agreement or amendment;

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2847 (b) five years after the interlocal entity has fully paid or otherwise discharged all of its 2848 indebtedness; 2849 (c) five years after the interlocal entity has abandoned, decommissioned, or conveyed 2850 or transferred all of its interest in its facilities and improvements; or 2851 (d) five years after the facilities and improvements of the interlocal entity are no longer 2852 useful in providing the service, output, product, or other benefit of the facilities and 2853 improvements, as determined under the agreement governing the sale of the service, output, 2854 product, or other benefit. 2855 (4) (a) Upon execution of an agreement to approve the creation of an interlocal entity, 2856 including an electric interlocal entity and an energy services interlocal entity, the governing 2857 body of a member of the interlocal entity under Section 11-13-203 shall: 2858 (i) within 30 days after the date of the agreement, jointly file with the lieutenant 2859 governor: 2860 (A) a copy of a notice of an impending boundary action, as defined in Section 2861 67-1a-6.5, that meets the requirements of Subsection 67-1a-6.5(3); and 2862 (B) if less than all of the territory of any Utah public agency that is a party to the 2863 agreement is included within the interlocal entity, a copy of an approved final local entity plat, 2864 as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5; and 2865 (ii) upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of a certificate of creation under Section 2866 67-1a-6.5: (A) if the interlocal entity is located within the boundary of a single county, submit to 2867 2868 the recorder of that county: 2869 (I) the original: 2870 (Aa) notice of an impending boundary action; 2871 (Bb) certificate of creation; and 2872 (Cc) approved final local entity plat, if an approved final local entity plat was required 2873 to be filed with the lieutenant governor under Subsection (4)(a)(i)(B); and 2874 (II) a certified copy of the agreement approving the creation of the interlocal entity; or 2875 (B) if the interlocal entity is located within the boundaries of more than a single 2876 county:

(I) submit to the recorder of one of those counties:

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2878 (Aa) the original of the documents listed in Subsections (4)(a)(ii)(A)(I)(Aa), (Bb), and 2879 (Cc); and 2880 (Bb) a certified copy of the agreement approving the creation of the interlocal entity: 2881 and 2882 (II) submit to the recorder of each other county: 2883 (Aa) a certified copy of the documents listed in Subsections (4)(a)(ii)(A)(I)(Aa), (Bb), 2884 and (Cc); and 2885 (Bb) a certified copy of the agreement approving the creation of the interlocal entity. 2886 (b) Upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of a certificate of creation under Section 2887 67-1a-6.5, the interlocal entity is created. 2888 (c) Until the documents listed in Subsection (4)(a)(ii) are recorded in the office of the 2889 recorder of each county in which the property is located, a newly created interlocal entity may 2890 not charge or collect a fee for service provided to property within the interlocal entity. (5) Nothing in this section may be construed as expanding the rights of any 2891 2892 municipality or interlocal entity to sell or provide retail service. 2893 (6) Except as provided in Subsection (7): 2894 (a) nothing in this section may be construed to expand or limit the rights of a 2895 municipality to sell or provide retail electric service; and 2896 (b) an energy services interlocal entity may not provide retail electric service to 2897 customers located outside the municipal boundaries of its members. 2898 (7) (a) An energy services interlocal entity created before July 1, 2003, that is comprised solely of Utah municipalities and that, for a minimum of 50 years before July 1, 2899 2900 2010, provided retail electric service to customers outside the municipal boundaries of its 2901 members, may provide retail electric service outside the municipal boundaries of its members if: 2902 2903 (i) the energy services interlocal entity: 2904 (A) enters into a written agreement with each public utility holding a certificate of 2905 public convenience and necessity issued by the Public Service Commission to provide service 2906 within an agreed upon geographic area for the energy services interlocal entity to be

responsible to provide electric service in the agreed upon geographic area outside the municipal

boundaries of the members of the energy services interlocal entity; and

- (B) obtains a franchise agreement, with the legislative body of the county or other governmental entity for the geographic area in which the energy services interlocal entity provides service outside the municipal boundaries of its members; and
- (ii) each public utility described in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A) applies for and obtains from the Public Service Commission approval of the agreement specified in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A).
- (b) (i) The Public Service Commission shall, after a public hearing held in accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, approve an agreement described in Subsection (7)(a)(ii) if it determines that the agreement is in the public interest in that it incorporates the customer protections described in Subsection (7)(c) and the franchise agreement described in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(B) provides a reasonable mechanism using a neutral arbiter or ombudsman for resolving potential future complaints by customers of the energy services interlocal entity.
- (ii) In approving an agreement, the Public Service Commission shall also amend the certificate of public convenience and necessity of any public utility described in Subsection (7)(a)(i) to delete from the geographic area specified in the certificate or certificates of the public utility the geographic area that the energy services interlocal entity has agreed to serve.
- (c) In providing retail electric service to customers outside of the municipal boundaries of its members, but not within the municipal boundaries of another municipality that grants a franchise agreement in accordance with Subsection (7)(a)(i)(B), an energy services interlocal entity shall comply with the following:
- (i) the rates and conditions of service for customers outside the municipal boundaries of the members shall be at least as favorable as the rates and conditions of service for similarly situated customers within the municipal boundaries of the members;
- (ii) the energy services interlocal entity shall operate as a single entity providing service both inside and outside of the municipal boundaries of its members;
- (iii) a general rebate, refund, or other payment made to customers located within the municipal boundaries of the members shall also be provided to similarly situated customers located outside the municipal boundaries of the members;
- (iv) a schedule of rates and conditions of service, or any change to the rates and conditions of service, shall be approved by the governing board of the energy services interlocal entity;

2940	(v) before implementation of any rate increase, the governing board of the energy
2941	services interlocal entity shall first hold a public meeting to take public comment on the
2942	proposed increase, after providing:
2943	(A) at least 20 days and not more than 60 days' advance written notice to its customers
2944	on the ordinary billing [and on the Utah Public Notice Website, created by Section
2945	<del>63A-16-601</del> ]; and
2946	(B) notice for the interlocal entity, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at
2947	least 20 days; and
2948	(vi) the energy services interlocal entity shall file with the Public Service Commission
2949	its current schedule of rates and conditions of service.
2950	(d) The Public Service Commission shall make the schedule of rates and conditions of
2951	service of the energy services interlocal entity available for public inspection.
2952	(e) Nothing in this section:
2953	(i) gives the Public Service Commission jurisdiction over the provision of retail
2954	electric service by an energy services interlocal entity within the municipal boundaries of its
2955	members; or
2956	(ii) makes an energy services interlocal entity a public utility under Title 54, Public
2957	Utilities.
2958	(f) Nothing in this section expands or diminishes the jurisdiction of the Public Service
2959	Commission over a municipality or an association of municipalities organized under Title 11,
2960	Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, except as specifically authorized by this section's
2961	language.
2962	(g) (i) An energy services interlocal entity described in Subsection (7)(a) retains its
2963	authority to provide electric service to the extent authorized by Sections 11-13-202 and
2964	11-13-203 and Subsections 11-13-204(1) through (5).
2965	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(g)(i), if the Public Service Commission approves
2966	the agreement described in Subsection (7)(a)(i), the energy services interlocal entity may not
2967	provide retail electric service to customers located outside the municipal boundaries of its
2968	members, except for customers located within the geographic area described in the agreement.
2969	Section 48. Section 11-13-219 is amended to read:

11-13-219. Publication of resolutions or agreements -- Contesting legality of

resolution or agreement.

2972	(1) As used in this section:
2973	(a) "Enactment" means:
2974	(i) a resolution adopted or proceedings taken by a governing body under the authority
2975	of this chapter, and includes a resolution, indenture, or other instrument providing for the
2976	issuance of bonds; and
2977	(ii) an agreement or other instrument that is authorized, executed, or approved by a
2978	governing body under the authority of this chapter.
2979	(b) "Governing body" means:
2980	(i) the legislative body of a public agency; or
2981	(ii) the governing authority of an interlocal entity created under this chapter.
2982	(c) "Notice of agreement" means the notice authorized by Subsection (3)(c).
2983	(d) "Notice of bonds" means the notice authorized by Subsection (3)(d).
2984	(2) Any enactment taken or made under the authority of this chapter is not subject to
2985	referendum.
2986	(3) (a) A governing body need not publish any enactment taken or made under the
2987	authority of this chapter.
2988	(b) A governing body may provide for the publication of any enactment taken or made
2989	by it under the authority of this chapter according to the publication requirements established
2990	by this section.
2991	(c) (i) If the enactment is an agreement, document, or other instrument, or a resolution
2992	or other proceeding authorizing or approving an agreement, document, or other instrument, the
2993	governing body may, instead of publishing the full text of the agreement, resolution, or other
2994	proceeding, publish a notice of agreement containing:
2995	(A) the names of the parties to the agreement;
2996	(B) the general subject matter of the agreement;
2997	(C) the term of the agreement;
2998	(D) a description of the payment obligations, if any, of the parties to the agreement;
2999	and
3000	(E) a statement that the resolution and agreement will be available for review at the
3001	governing body's principal place of business during regular business hours for 30 days after the

3002 publication of the notice of agreement.

- (ii) The governing body shall make a copy of the resolution or other proceeding and a copy of the contract available at its principal place of business during regular business hours for 30 days after the publication of the notice of agreement.
- (d) If the enactment is a resolution or other proceeding authorizing the issuance of bonds, the governing body may, instead of publishing the full text of the resolution or other proceeding and the documents pertaining to the issuance of bonds, publish a notice of bonds that contains the information described in Subsection 11-14-316(2).
- (4) (a) If the governing body chooses to publish an enactment, notice of bonds, or notice of agreement, the governing body shall comply with the requirements of this Subsection (4).
- (b) The governing body shall post the enactment, notice of bonds, or notice of agreement [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601] for the governing body's geographic jurisdiction, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for 30 days.
- (5) (a) Any person in interest may contest the legality of an enactment or any action performed or instrument issued under the authority of the enactment for 30 days after the posting of the enactment, notice of bonds, or notice of agreement.
- (b) After the 30 days have passed, no one may contest the regularity, formality, or legality of the enactment or any action performed or instrument issued under the authority of the enactment for any cause whatsoever.
  - Section 49. Section 11-13-509 is amended to read:

## 11-13-509. Hearing to consider adoption -- Notice.

- (1) At the meeting at which the tentative budget is adopted, the governing board shall:
- (a) establish the time and place of a public hearing to consider its adoption; and
- (b) except as provided in Subsection (2) [or (5)], order that notice of the hearing[:(i)] be published, <u>for</u> at least seven days before the day of the hearing, [in at least one issue of a newspaper of general circulation in a county in which the interlocal entity provides service to the public or in which its members are located, if such a newspaper is generally circulated in the county or counties; and] <u>for the interlocal entity's service area, as a class A notice under</u> Section 63G-28-102.

3033	(11) be published at least seven days before the day of the hearing on the Utah Public
3034	Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601.]
3035	(2) If the budget hearing is held in conjunction with a tax increase hearing, the notice
3036	required in Subsection (1)(b):
3037	(a) may be combined with the notice required under Section 59-2-919; and
3038	(b) shall be published in accordance with the advertisement provisions of Section
3039	59-2-919.
3040	(3) Proof that notice was given in accordance with Subsection [(1)(b), (2), or (5)]
3041	(1)(b), or (2) is prima facie evidence that notice was properly given.
3042	(4) If a notice required under Subsection [(1)(b), (2), or (5)] (1)(b), or (2) is not
3043	challenged within 30 days after the day on which the hearing is held, the notice is adequate and
3044	proper.
3045	[(5) A governing board of an interlocal entity with an annual operating budget of less
3046	than \$250,000 may satisfy the notice requirements in Subsection (1)(b) by:]
3047	[(a) mailing a written notice, postage prepaid, to each voter in an interlocal entity; and]
3048	[(b) posting the notice in three public places within the interlocal entity's service area.]
3049	Section 50. Section 11-14-202 is amended to read:
3050	11-14-202. Notice of election Voter information pamphlet option Changing
3051	or designating additional precinct polling places.
3052	(1) The governing body shall provide notice of the election[:] for the local political
3053	subdivision for at least three weeks before the day of the election, as a class A notice under
3054	Section 63G-28-102.
3055	[(a) (i) at least 21 days before the day of the election, by posting one notice, and at least
3056	one additional notice per 2,000 population of the local political subdivision, in places within
3057	the local political subdivision that are most likely to give notice to the voters in the local
3058	political subdivision, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or]
3059	[(ii) at least three weeks before the day of the election, by mailing notice to each
3060	registered voter in the local political subdivision;]
3061	[(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
3062	63A-16-601, for three weeks before the day of the election; and]
3063	(c) if the local political subdivision has a website, by posting notice on the local

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- (2) When the debt service on the bonds to be issued will increase the property tax imposed upon the average value of a residence by an amount that is greater than or equal to \$15 per year, the governing body shall prepare and mail either a voter information pamphlet or a notification described in Subsection (8):
  - (a) at least 15 days, but not more than 45 days, before the bond election;
- (b) to each household containing a registered voter who is eligible to vote on the bonds; and
  - (c) that includes the information required by Subsections (4) and (5).
  - (3) The election officer may change the location of, or establish an additional:
  - (a) voting precinct polling place, in accordance with Subsection (6);
  - (b) early voting polling place, in accordance with Subsection 20A-3a-603(2); or
  - (c) election day voting center, in accordance with Subsection 20A-3a-703(2).
  - (4) The notice described in Subsection (1) and the voter information pamphlet described in Subsection (2):
    - (a) shall include, in the following order:
    - (i) the date of the election;
    - (ii) the hours during which the polls will be open;
  - (iii) the address of the Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website and, if available, the address of the election officer's website, with a statement indicating that the election officer will post on the website the location of each polling place for each voting precinct, each early voting polling place, and each election day voting center, including any changes to the location of a polling place and the location of an additional polling place;
  - (iv) a phone number that a voter may call to obtain information regarding the location of a polling place; and
  - (v) the title and text of the ballot proposition, including the property tax cost of the bond described in Subsection 11-14-206(2)(a); and
    - (b) may include the location of each polling place.
    - (5) The voter information pamphlet required by this section shall include:
- 3093 (a) the information required under Subsection (4); and
- 3094 (b) an explanation of the property tax impact, if any, of the issuance of the bonds,

section.

3095	which may be based on information the governing body determines to be useful, including:
3096	(i) expected debt service on the bonds to be issued;
3097	(ii) a description of the purpose, remaining principal balance, and maturity date of any
3098	outstanding general obligation bonds of the issuer;
3099	(iii) funds other than property taxes available to pay debt service on general obligation
3100	bonds;
3101	(iv) timing of expenditures of bond proceeds;
3102	(v) property values; and
3103	(vi) any additional information that the governing body determines may be useful to
3104	explain the property tax impact of issuance of the bonds.
3105	(6) (a) Except as provided in Section 20A-1-308, the election officer may, after the
3106	deadlines described in Subsections (1) and (2):
3107	(i) if necessary, change the location of a voting precinct polling place; or
3108	(ii) if the election officer determines that the number of voting precinct polling places
3109	is insufficient due to the number of registered voters who are voting, designate additional
3110	voting precinct polling places.
3111	(b) Except as provided in Section 20A-1-308, if an election officer changes the
3112	location of a voting precinct polling place or designates an additional voting precinct polling
3113	place, the election officer shall, as soon as is reasonably possible, give notice of the dates,
3114	times, and location of a changed voting precinct polling place or an additional voting precinct
3115	polling place:
3116	(i) to the lieutenant governor, for posting on the Statewide Electronic Voter
3117	Information Website;
3118	(ii) by posting the information on the website of the election officer, if available; and
3119	(iii) by posting notice:
3120	(A) of a change in the location of a voting precinct polling place, at the new location
3121	and, if possible, the old location; and
3122	(B) of an additional voting precinct polling place, at the additional voting precinct
3123	polling place.
3124	(7) The governing body shall pay the costs associated with the notice required by this

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- (8) (a) The governing body may mail a notice printed on a postage prepaid, preaddressed return form that a person may use to request delivery of a voter information pamphlet by mail.
  - (b) The notice described in Subsection (8)(a) shall include:
  - (i) the website upon which the voter information pamphlet is available; and
  - (ii) the phone number a voter may call to request delivery of a voter information pamphlet by mail.
  - (9) A local school board shall comply with the voter information pamphlet requirements described in Section 53G-4-603.
    - Section 51. Section 11-14-315 is amended to read:

## 11-14-315. Nature and validity of bonds issued -- Applicability of other statutory provisions -- Budget provision required -- Applicable procedures for issuance -- Notice.

Bonds issued under this chapter shall have all the qualities of negotiable paper, shall be incontestable in the hands of bona fide purchasers or holders for value and are not invalid for any irregularity or defect in the proceedings for their issuance and sale. This chapter is intended to afford an alternative method for the issuance of bonds by local political subdivisions and may not be so construed as to deprive any local political subdivision of the right to issue its bonds under authority of any other statute, but nevertheless this chapter shall constitute full authority for the issue and sale of bonds by local political subdivisions. The provisions of Section 11-1-1 are not applicable to bonds issued under this chapter. Any local political subdivision subject to the provisions of any budget law shall in its annual budget make proper provision for the payment of principal and interest currently falling due on bonds issued hereunder, but no provision need be made in any such budget prior to the issuance of the bonds for the issuance thereof or for the expenditure of the proceeds thereof. No ordinance, resolution or proceeding in respect to the issuance of bonds hereunder shall be necessary except as herein specifically required, nor shall the publication of any resolution, proceeding or notice relating to the issuance of the bonds be necessary except as herein required. Any publication made hereunder shall be made by [posting on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601] providing notice for the local political subdivision, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102. No resolution adopted or proceeding taken hereunder shall be subject to referendum petition or to an election other than as herein required. All proceedings

3157	adopted hereunder may be adopted on a single reading at any legally convened meeting of the
3158	governing body.
3159	Section 52. Section 11-14-316 is amended to read:
3160	11-14-316. Publication of notice, resolution, or other proceeding Contest.
3161	(1) The governing body of any local political subdivision may provide for the
3162	publication of any resolution or other proceeding adopted under this chapter:
3163	(a) [in a newspaper having general circulation in] for the local political subdivision, as
3164	a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 30 days; and
3165	(b) as required in Section 45-1-101.
3166	(2) When a resolution or other proceeding provides for the issuance of bonds, the
3167	governing body may, in lieu of publishing the entire resolution or other proceeding, publish a
3168	notice of bonds to be issued, titled as such, containing:
3169	(a) the name of the issuer;
3170	(b) the purpose of the issue;
3171	(c) the type of bonds and the maximum principal amount which may be issued;
3172	(d) the maximum number of years over which the bonds may mature;
3173	(e) the maximum interest rate which the bonds may bear, if any;
3174	(f) the maximum discount from par, expressed as a percentage of principal amount, at
3175	which the bonds may be sold;
3176	(g) a general description of the security pledged for repayment of the bonds;
3177	(h) the total par amount of bonds currently outstanding that are secured by the same
3178	pledge of revenues as the proposed bonds, if any;
3179	(i) information on a method by which an individual may obtain access to more detailed
3180	information relating to the outstanding bonds of the local political subdivision;
3181	(j) the estimated total cost to the local political subdivision for the proposed bonds if
3182	the bonds are held until maturity, based on interest rates in effect at the time that the local
3183	political subdivision publishes the notice; and
3184	(k) the times and place where a copy of the resolution or other proceeding may be
3185	examined, which shall be:
3186	(i) at an office of the issuer identified in the notice, during regular business hours of the
3187	issuer as described in the notice; and

3188	(ii) for a period of at least 30 days after the publication of the notice.
3189	(3) For a period of 30 days after the publication, any person in interest may contest:
3190	(a) the legality of such resolution or proceeding;
3191	(b) any bonds which may be authorized by such resolution or proceeding; or
3192	(c) any provisions made for the security and payment of the bonds.
3193	(4) A person shall contest the matters set forth in Subsection (3) by filing a verified
3194	written complaint in the district court of the county in which he resides within the 30-day
3195	period.
3196	(5) After the 30-day period, no person may contest the regularity, formality, or legality
3197	of the resolution or proceeding for any reason.
3198	Section 53. Section 11-14-318 is amended to read:
3199	11-14-318. Public hearing required Notice.
3200	(1) Before issuing bonds authorized under this chapter, a local political subdivision
3201	shall:
3202	(a) in accordance with Subsection (2), provide public notice of the local political
3203	subdivision's intent to issue bonds; and
3204	(b) hold a public hearing:
3205	(i) if an election is required under this chapter:
3206	(A) no sooner than 30 days before the day on which the notice of election is published
3207	under Section 11-14-202; and
3208	(B) no later than five business days before the day on which the notice of election is
3209	published under Section 11-14-202; and
3210	(ii) to receive input from the public with respect to:
3211	(A) the issuance of the bonds; and
3212	(B) the potential economic impact that the improvement, facility, or property for which
3213	the bonds pay all or part of the cost will have on the private sector.
3214	(2) A local political subdivision shall:
3215	(a) publish the notice required by Subsection (1)(a) [on the Utah Public Notice
3216	Website, created under Section 63A-16-601, for the local political subdivision, as a class A
3217	notice under Section 63G-28-102, for no less than 14 days before the day of the public hearing
3218	required by Subsection (1)(b); and

3219	(b) ensure that the notice:
3220	(i) identifies:
3221	(A) the purpose for the issuance of the bonds;
3222	(B) the maximum principal amount of the bonds to be issued;
3223	(C) the taxes, if any, proposed to be pledged for repayment of the bonds; and
3224	(D) the time, place, and location of the public hearing; and
3225	(ii) informs the public that the public hearing will be held for the purposes described in
3226	Subsection (1)(b)(ii).
3227	Section 54. Section 11-14a-1 is amended to read:
3228	11-14a-1. Notice of debt issuance.
3229	(1) For purposes of this chapter:
3230	(a) (i) "Debt" includes bonds, lease purchase agreements, certificates of participation,
3231	and contracts with municipal building authorities.
3232	(ii) "Debt" does not include tax and revenue anticipation notes or refunding bonds.
3233	(b) (i) "Local government entity" means a county, city, town, school district, local
3234	district, or special service district.
3235	(ii) "Local government entity" does not mean an entity created by an interlocal
3236	agreement under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act that has assets over
3237	\$10,000,000.
3238	(c) "New debt resolution" means a resolution authorizing the issuance of debt wholly
3239	or partially to fund a rejected project.
3240	(d) "Rejected Project" means a project for which a local government entity sought
3241	voter approval for general obligation bond financing and failed to receive that approval.
3242	(2) Unless a local government entity complies with the requirements of this section, it
3243	may not adopt a new debt resolution.
3244	(3) (a) Before adopting a new debt resolution, a local government entity shall[:]
3245	[(i)] advertise the local government entity's intent to issue debt by [posting] providing
3246	notice of that intent [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601;] for
3247	the local government entity, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for the two weeks
3248	before the meeting at which the resolution will be considered[; or].
3249	[(ii) include notice of its intent to issue debt in a bill or other mailing sent to at least

3250	95% of the residents of the local government entity.]
3251	(b) The local government entity shall ensure that the notice:
3252	(i) except for website publication, is at least as large as the bill or other mailing that it
3253	accompanies;
3254	(ii) is entitled, in type size no smaller than 24 point, "Intent to Issue Debt"; and
3255	(iii) contains the information required by Subsection (3)(c).
3256	(c) The local government entity shall ensure that the advertisement or notice described
3257	in Subsection (3)(a):
3258	(i) identifies the local government entity;
3259	(ii) states that the entity will meet on a day, time, and place identified in the
3260	advertisement or notice to hear public comments regarding a resolution authorizing the
3261	issuance of debt by the entity and to explain to the public the reasons for the issuance of debt;
3262	(iii) contains:
3263	(A) the name of the entity that will issue the debt;
3264	(B) the purpose of the debt; and
3265	(C) that type of debt and the maximum principal amount that may be issued;
3266	(iv) invites all concerned citizens to attend the public hearing; and
3267	(v) states that some or all of the proposed debt would fund a project whose general
3268	obligation bond financing was rejected by the voters.
3269	(4) (a) The resolution considered at the hearing shall identify:
3270	(i) the type of debt proposed to be issued;
3271	(ii) the maximum principal amount that might be issued;
3272	(iii) the interest rate;
3273	(iv) the term of the debt; and
3274	(v) how the debt will be repaid.
3275	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b)(ii), the resolution considered at the
3276	hearing need not be in final form and need not be adopted or rejected at the meeting at which
3277	the public hearing is held.
3278	(ii) The local government entity may not, in the final resolution, increase the maximum
3279	principal amount of debt contained in the notice and discussed at the hearing.
3280	(c) The local government entity may adopt, amend and adopt, or reject the resolution at

3281	a later meeting without recomplying with the published notice requirements of this section.
3282	Section 55. Section 11-17-16 is amended to read:
3283	11-17-16. Publication of resolutions and notice of bonds to be issued.
3284	(1) (a) The governing body may provide for the publication of any resolution or other
3285	proceeding adopted by it under this chapter, including all resolutions providing for the sale or
3286	lease of any land by the municipality, county, or state university in connection with the
3287	establishment, acquisition, development, maintenance, and operation of an industrial park.
3288	(b) The publication shall be given:
3289	(i) [The publication shall be:] as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at
3290	least seven days:
3291	(A) [in a newspaper qualified to carry legal notices having general circulation in] for
3292	the municipality or county; or
3293	(B) in the case of a state university, [in a newspaper of general circulation in] for the
3294	county within which the principal administrative office of the state university is located; and
3295	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
3296	(2) In case of a resolution or other proceeding providing for the issuance of bonds, the
3297	governing body may, in lieu of publishing the entire resolution or other proceeding, publish a
3298	notice of bonds to be issued, titled as such, containing:
3299	(a) the name of the issuer;
3300	(b) the purpose of the issue;
3301	(c) the name of the users, if known;
3302	(d) the maximum principal amount which may be issued;
3303	(e) the maximum number of years over which the bonds may mature; and
3304	(f) the times and place where a copy of the resolution or other proceeding may be
3305	examined, which shall be at an office of the issuer, identified in the notice, during regular
3306	business hours of the issuer as described in the notice and for a period of at least 30 days after
3307	the publication of the notice.
3308	(3) For a period of 30 days after publication any person in interest may contest the
3309	legality of the resolution, proceeding, any bonds which may be authorized under them, or any
3310	provisions made for the security and payment of the bonds. After expiration of the 30-day
3311	period no person may contest the regularity, formality, or legality of the resolution,

3312	proceedings, bonds, or security provisions for any cause.
3313	Section 56. Section 11-27-4 is amended to read:
3314	11-27-4. Publication of resolution Notice of bond issue Contest of resolution
3315	or proceeding.
3316	(1) The governing body of any public body may provide for the publication of any
3317	resolution or other proceeding adopted by it under this chapter:
3318	(a) [in a newspaper having general circulation in] for the public body, as a class A
3319	notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least seven days; and
3320	(b) as required in Section 45-1-101.
3321	(2) In case of a resolution or other proceeding providing for the issuance of refunding
3322	bonds (or for a combined issue of refunding bonds and bonds issued for any other purpose), the
3323	governing body may, instead of publishing the entire resolution or other proceeding, publish a
3324	notice of bonds to be issued, entitled accordingly, and containing:
3325	(a) the name of the issuer;
3326	(b) the purposes of the issue;
3327	(c) the maximum principal amount which may be issued;
3328	(d) the maximum number of years over which the bonds may mature;
3329	(e) the maximum interest rate which the bonds may bear;
3330	(f) the maximum discount from par, expressed as a percentage of principal amount, at
3331	which the bonds may be sold;
3332	(g) a general description of the security pledged for repayment of the bonds; and
3333	(h) the times and place where a copy of the resolution or other proceeding authorizing
3334	the issuance of the bonds may be examined, which shall be at an office of the governing body
3335	identified in the notice, during regular business hours of the governing body as described in the
3336	notice and for a period of at least 30 days after the publication of the notice.
3337	(3) For a period of 30 days after the publication, any person in interest shall have the
3338	right to contest the legality of the resolution or proceeding or any bonds which may be so
3339	authorized or any provisions made for the security and payment of these bonds; and after this
3340	time no person shall have any cause of action to contest the regularity, formality, or legality
3341	thereof for any cause.
3342	Section 57. Section 11-27-5 is amended to read:

- 11-27-5. Negotiability of bonds -- Intent and construction of chapter -- Budget for payment of bonds -- Proceedings limited to those required by chapter -- Notice -- No election required -- Application of chapter.
- (1) Refunding bonds shall have all the qualities of negotiable paper, shall be incontestable in the hands of bona fide purchasers or holders for value, and are not invalid for any irregularity or defect in the proceedings for their issuance and sale. This chapter is intended to afford an alternative method for the issuance of refunding bonds by public bodies and may not be construed to deprive any public body of the right to issue bonds for refunding purposes under authority of any other statute, but this chapter, nevertheless, shall constitute full authority for the issue and sale of refunding bonds by public bodies. Section 11-1-1, however, is not applicable to refunding bonds.
- (2) Any public body subject to any budget law shall in its annual budget make proper provision for the payment of principal and interest currently falling due on refunding bonds, but no provision need be made in the budget prior to the issuance of the refunding bonds for their issuance or for the expenditure of the proceeds from them.
- (3) (a) No ordinance, resolution, or proceeding concerning the issuance of refunding bonds nor the publication of any resolution, proceeding, or notice relating to the issuance of the refunding bonds shall be necessary except as specifically required by this chapter.
  - (b) A publication made under this chapter may be made:
- [(i) in any newspaper in which legal notices may be published under the laws of Utah, without regard to its designation as the official journal or newspaper of the public body; and]
  - (i) for the public body, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102; and
- 3365 (ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
  - (4) No resolution adopted or proceeding taken under this chapter shall be subject to any referendum petition or to an election other than as required by this chapter. All proceedings adopted under this chapter may be adopted on a single reading at any legally-convened meeting of the governing body. This chapter shall apply to all bonds issued and outstanding at the time this chapter takes effect as well as to bonds issued after this chapter takes effect.
    - Section 58. Section 11-30-5 is amended to read:
  - 11-30-5. Publication of order for hearing.
  - (1) Prior to the date set for hearing, the clerk of the court shall [cause] publish the order

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- 3374 [to be published by posting the order on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 3375 63A-16-601] for the public body's jurisdiction, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, 3376 for three weeks. 3377 (2) If a refunding bond is being validated, all holders of the bonds to be refunded may 3378 be made defendants to the action, in which case notice may be made, and if so made shall be 3379 considered sufficient, by mailing a copy of the order to each holder's last-known address. 3380 (3) By publication of the order, all defendants shall have been duly served and shall be 3381 parties to the proceedings. 3382 Section 59. Section 11-32-10 is amended to read: 3383 11-32-10. Application to other laws and proceedings -- Notice. 3384 (1) This chapter is supplemental to all existing laws relating to the collection of 3385 delinquent taxes by participant members. 3386 (2) (a) No ordinance, resolution, or proceeding in respect to any transaction authorized 3387 by this chapter is necessary except as specifically required in this chapter nor is the publication of any resolution, proceeding, or notice relating to any transaction authorized by this chapter 3388 3389 necessary except as required by this chapter. 3390 (b) A publication made under this chapter may be made: 3391 (i) in a newspaper conforming to the terms of this chapter and in which legal notices 3392 may be published under the laws of Utah, without regard to the designation of it as the official 3393 journal or newspaper of the public body 3394 (i) for the public body's jurisdiction, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for 3395 at least seven days; and 3396 (ii) as required in Section 45-1-101. 3397 (c) No resolution adopted or proceeding taken under this chapter may be subject to 3398 referendum petition or to an election other than as permitted in this chapter. 3399 (d) All proceedings adopted under this chapter may be adopted on a single reading at 3400 any legally convened meeting of the governing body or bodies or the board of trustees of the 3401 authority as appropriate.
  - (3) Any formal action or proceeding taken by the governing body of a county or other public body or the board of trustees of an authority under the authority of this chapter may be taken by resolution of the governing body or the board of trustees as appropriate.

3405	(4) This chapter shall apply to all authorities created, assignment agreements executed,
3406	and bonds issued after this chapter takes effect.
3407	(5) All proceedings taken before the effective date of this chapter by a county or other
3408	public body in connection with the creation and operation of a financing authority are
3409	validated, ratified, approved, and confirmed.
3410	Section 60. Section 11-32-11 is amended to read:
3411	11-32-11. Publication of resolutions Notice Content.
3412	(1) The governing body of any county, or the board of trustees of any financing
3413	authority, may provide for the publication of any resolution or other proceeding adopted by it
3414	under this chapter:
3415	(a) [in a newspaper having general circulation in] for the county, as a class A notice
3416	under Section 63G-28-102, for at least seven days; and
3417	(b) as required in Section 45-1-101.
3418	(2) In case of a resolution or other proceeding providing for the issuance of bonds, the
3419	board of trustees of a financing authority may, in lieu of publishing the entire resolution or
3420	other proceeding, publish a notice of bonds to be issued, titled as such, containing:
3421	(a) the name of the financing authority and the participant members;
3422	(b) the purposes of the issue;
3423	(c) the maximum principal amount which may be issued;
3424	(d) the maximum number of years over which the bonds may mature;
3425	(e) the maximum interest rate which the bonds may bear;
3426	(f) the maximum discount from par, expressed as a percentage of principal amount, at
3427	which the bonds may be sold; and
3428	(g) the time and place where a copy of the resolution or other proceedings authorizing
3429	the issuance of the bonds may be examined, which shall be at an office of the financing
3430	authority, identified in the notice, during regular business hours of the financing authority as
3431	described in the notice and for a period of at least 30 days after the publication of the notice.
3432	(3) For a period of 30 days after the publication, any person in interest may contest the
3433	legality of the resolution or proceeding or any bonds or assignment agreements which may be
3434	authorized by them or any provisions made for the security and payment of the bonds or for the
3435	security and payment of the assignment agreement. After such time no person has any cause of

3436	action to contest the regularity, formality, or legality of same for any cause.
3437	Section 61. Section 11-36a-501 is amended to read:
3438	11-36a-501. Notice of intent to prepare an impact fee facilities plan.
3439	(1) Before preparing or amending an impact fee facilities plan, a local political
3440	subdivision or private entity shall provide written notice of its intent to prepare or amend an
3441	impact fee facilities plan.
3442	(2) A notice required under Subsection (1) shall:
3443	(a) indicate that the local political subdivision or private entity intends to prepare or
3444	amend an impact fee facilities plan;
3445	(b) describe or provide a map of the geographic area where the proposed impact fee
3446	facilities will be located; and
3447	(c) subject to Subsection (3), be [posted on the Utah Public Notice Website created
3448	under Section 63A-16-601] provided for the geographic area where the proposed impact fee
3449	facilities will be located, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 10 days.
3450	(3) For a private entity required to post notice [on the Utah Public Notice Website]
3451	under Subsection (2)(c):
3452	(a) the private entity shall give notice to the general purpose local government in which
3453	the private entity's private business office is located; and
3454	(b) the general purpose local government described in Subsection (3)(a) shall post the
3455	notice on the Utah Public Notice Website and, as available, on the general purpose local
3456	government's website.
3457	Section 62. Section 11-36a-503 is amended to read:
3458	11-36a-503. Notice of preparation of an impact fee analysis.
3459	(1) Before preparing or contracting to prepare an impact fee analysis, each local
3460	political subdivision or, subject to Subsection (2), private entity shall [post] provide a public
3461	notice [on the Utah Public Notice Website created under Section 63A-16-601] for the local
3462	political subdivision, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 10 days.
3463	(2) For a private entity required to post notice [on the Utah Public Notice Website]
3464	under Subsection (1):
3465	(a) the private entity shall give notice to the general purpose local government in which
3466	the private entity's primary business is located; and

3467	(b) the general purpose local government described in Subsection (2)(a) shall post the
3468	notice on the Utah Public Notice Website and, as available, on the general purpose local
3469	government's website.
3470	Section 63. Section 11-36a-504 is amended to read:
3471	11-36a-504. Notice of intent to adopt impact fee enactment Hearing
3472	Protections.
3473	(1) Before adopting an impact fee enactment:
3474	(a) a municipality legislative body shall:
3475	(i) comply with the notice requirements of Section 10-9a-205 as if the impact fee
3476	enactment were a land use regulation;
3477	(ii) hold a hearing in accordance with Section 10-9a-502 as if the impact fee enactment
3478	were a land use regulation; and
3479	(iii) except as provided in Subsection 11-36a-701(3)(b)(ii), receive the protections of
3480	Section 10-9a-801 as if the impact fee were a land use regulation;
3481	(b) a county legislative body shall:
3482	(i) comply with the notice requirements of Section 17-27a-205 as if the impact fee
3483	enactment were a land use regulation;
3484	(ii) hold a hearing in accordance with Section 17-27a-502 as if the impact fee
3485	enactment were a land use regulation; and
3486	(iii) except as provided in Subsection 11-36a-701(3)(b)(ii), receive the protections of
3487	Section 17-27a-801 as if the impact fee were a land use regulation;
3488	(c) a local district or special service district shall:
3489	(i) comply with the notice and hearing requirements of Section 17B-1-111; and
3490	(ii) receive the protections of Section 17B-1-111;
3491	(d) a local political subdivision shall at least 10 days before the day on which a public
3492	hearing is scheduled in accordance with this section:
3493	(i) make a copy of the impact fee enactment available to the public; and
3494	(ii) [post] provide notice of the local political subdivision's intent to enact or modify
3495	the impact fee, specifying the type of impact fee being enacted or modified, [on the Utah Public
3496	Notice Website created under Section 63A-16-601; and] for the local political subdivision, as a
3497	class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 10 days; and

3498	(e) a local political subdivision shall submit a copy of the impact fee analysis and a
3499	copy of the summary of the impact fee analysis prepared in accordance with Section
3500	11-36a-303 on its website or to each public library within the local political subdivision.
3501	(2) Subsection (1)(a) or (b) may not be construed to require involvement by a planning
3502	commission in the impact fee enactment process.
3503	Section 64. Section 11-39-103 is amended to read:
3504	11-39-103. Requirements for undertaking a building improvement or public
3505	works project Request for bids Notice Authority to reject bids.
3506	(1) If the estimated cost of the building improvement or public works project exceeds
3507	the bid limit, the local entity shall, if it determines to proceed with the building improvement or
3508	public works project:
3509	(a) request bids for completion of the building improvement or public works project
3510	by[:(i) posting] providing notice for the local entity, as a class A notice under Section
3511	63G-28-102, for at least five days before opening the bids [in at least five public places in the
3512	local entity] and leaving the notice posted for at least three days; and
3513	[(ii) posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601,
3514	at least five days before opening the bids; and]
3515	(b) except as provided in Subsection (3), enter into a contract for the completion of the
3516	building improvement or public works project with:
3517	(i) the lowest responsive responsible bidder; or
3518	(ii) for a design-build project formulated by a local entity, a responsible bidder that:
3519	(A) offers design-build services; and
3520	(B) satisfies the local entity's criteria relating to financial strength, past performance,
3521	integrity, reliability, and other factors that the local entity uses to assess the ability of a bidder
3522	to perform fully and in good faith the contract requirements for a design-build project.
3523	(2) (a) Each notice under Subsection (1)(a) shall indicate that the local entity may rejec
3524	any or all bids submitted.
3525	(b) (i) The cost of a building improvement or public works project may not be divided
3526	to avoid:
3527	(A) exceeding the bid limit; and
3528	(B) subjecting the local entity to the requirements of this section.

3529	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b)(i), a local entity may divide the cost of a
3530	building improvement or public works project that would, without dividing, exceed the bid
3531	limit if the local entity complies with the requirements of this section with respect to each part
3532	of the building improvement or public works project that results from dividing the cost.
3533	(3) (a) The local entity may reject any or all bids submitted.
3534	(b) If the local entity rejects all bids submitted but still intends to undertake the
3535	building improvement or public works project, the local entity shall again request bids by
3536	following the procedure provided in Subsection (1)(a).
3537	(c) If, after twice requesting bids by following the procedure provided in Subsection
3538	(1)(a), the local entity determines that no satisfactory bid has been submitted, the governing
3539	body may undertake the building improvement or public works project as it considers
3540	appropriate.
3541	Section 65. Section 11-42-202 is amended to read:
3542	11-42-202. Requirements applicable to a notice of a proposed assessment area
3543	designation Notice.
3544	(1) Each notice required under Subsection 11-42-201(2)(a) shall:
3545	(a) state that the local entity proposes to:
3546	(i) designate one or more areas within the local entity's jurisdictional boundaries as an
3547	assessment area;
3548	(ii) provide an improvement to property within the proposed assessment area; and
3549	(iii) finance some or all of the cost of improvements by an assessment on benefitted
3550	property within the assessment area;
3551	(b) describe the proposed assessment area by any reasonable method that allows an
3552	owner of property in the proposed assessment area to determine that the owner's property is
3553	within the proposed assessment area;
3554	(c) describe, in a general and reasonably accurate way, the improvements to be
3555	provided to the assessment area, including:
3556	(i) the nature of the improvements; and
3557	(ii) the location of the improvements, by reference to streets or portions or extensions
3558	of streets or by any other means that the governing body chooses that reasonably describes the
3559	general location of the improvements;

- (d) state the estimated cost of the improvements as determined by a project engineer;

  (e) for the [version of] notice mailed [in accordance with] under Subsection [(4)(b)]

  (4), state the estimated total assessment specific to the benefitted property for which the notice is mailed;

  (f) state that the local entity proposes to levy an assessment on benefitted property
  - (g) if applicable, state that an unassessed benefitted government property will receive improvements for which the cost will be allocated proportionately to the remaining benefitted properties within the proposed assessment area and that a description of each unassessed benefitted government property is available for public review at the location or website described in Subsection (6);

within the assessment area to pay some or all of the cost of the improvements according to the

- (h) state the assessment method by which the governing body proposes to calculate the proposed assessment, including, if the local entity is a municipality or county, whether the assessment will be collected:
  - (i) by directly billing a property owner; or

estimated benefits to the property from the improvements;

- (ii) by inclusion on a property tax notice issued in accordance with Section 59-2-1317 and in compliance with Section 11-42-401;
  - (i) state:

- (i) the date described in Section 11-42-203 and the location at which protests against designation of the proposed assessment area or of the proposed improvements are required to be filed;
- (ii) the method by which the governing body will determine the number of protests required to defeat the designation of the proposed assessment area or acquisition or construction of the proposed improvements; and
- (iii) in large, boldface, and conspicuous type that a property owner must protest the designation of the assessment area in writing if the owner objects to the area designation or being assessed for the proposed improvements, operation and maintenance costs, or economic promotion activities;
  - (j) state the date, time, and place of the public hearing required in Section 11-42-204;
  - (k) if the governing body elects to create and fund a reserve fund under Section

3591	11-42-702, include a description of:
3592	(i) how the reserve fund will be funded and replenished; and
3593	(ii) how remaining money in the reserve fund is to be disbursed upon full payment of
3594	the bonds;
3595	(l) if the governing body intends to designate a voluntary assessment area, include a
3596	property owner consent form that:
3597	(i) estimates the total assessment to be levied against the particular parcel of property;
3598	(ii) describes any additional benefits that the governing body expects the assessed
3599	property to receive from the improvements;
3600	(iii) designates the date and time by which the fully executed consent form is required
3601	to be submitted to the governing body; and
3602	(iv) if the governing body intends to enforce an assessment lien on the property in
3603	accordance with Subsection 11-42-502.1(2)(a)(ii)(C):
3604	(A) appoints a trustee that satisfies the requirements described in Section 57-1-21;
3605	(B) gives the trustee the power of sale;
3606	(C) is binding on the property owner and all successors; and
3607	(D) explains that if an assessment or an installment of an assessment is not paid when
3608	due, the local entity may sell the property owner's property to satisfy the amount due plus
3609	interest, penalties, and costs, in the manner described in Title 57, Chapter 1, Conveyances;
3610	(m) if the local entity intends to levy an assessment to pay operation and maintenance
3611	costs or for economic promotion activities, include:
3612	(i) a description of the operation and maintenance costs or economic promotion
3613	activities to be paid by assessments and the initial estimated annual assessment to be levied;
3614	(ii) a description of how the estimated assessment will be determined;
3615	(iii) a description of how and when the governing body will adjust the assessment to
3616	reflect the costs of:
3617	(A) in accordance with Section 11-42-406, current economic promotion activities; or
3618	(B) current operation and maintenance costs;
3619	(iv) a description of the method of assessment if different from the method of
3620	assessment to be used for financing any improvement; and
3621	(v) a statement of the maximum number of years over which the assessment will be

3622	levied for:
3623	(A) operation and maintenance costs; or
3624	(B) economic promotion activities;
3625	(n) if the governing body intends to divide the proposed assessment area into
3626	classifications under Subsection 11-42-201(1)(b), include a description of the proposed
3627	classifications;
3628	(o) if applicable, state the portion and value of the improvement that will be increased
3629	in size or capacity to serve property outside of the assessment area and how the increases will
3630	be financed; and
3631	(p) state whether the improvements will be financed with a bond and, if so, the
3632	currently estimated interest rate and term of financing, subject to Subsection (2), for which the
3633	benefitted properties within the assessment area may be obligated.
3634	(2) The estimated interest rate and term of financing in Subsection (1)(p) may not be
3635	interpreted as a limitation to the actual interest rate incurred or the actual term of financing as
3636	subject to the market rate at the time of the issuance of the bond.
3637	(3) A notice required under Subsection 11-42-201(2)(a) may contain other information
3638	that the governing body considers to be appropriate, including:
3639	(a) the amount or proportion of the cost of the improvement to be paid by the local
3640	entity or from sources other than an assessment;
3641	(b) the estimated total amount of each type of assessment for the various improvements
3642	to be financed according to the method of assessment that the governing body chooses; and
3643	(c) provisions for any improvements described in Subsection 11-42-102(25)(a)(ii).
3644	(4) Each notice required under Subsection 11-42-201(2)(a) shall[:] be published for the
3645	governing body's jurisdiction, as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 20
3646	days, but not more than 35 days, before the day of the hearing required in Section 11-42-204.
3647	[(a) (i) be posted in at least three public places within the local entity's jurisdictional
3648	boundaries at least 20 but not more than 35 days before the day of the hearing required in
3649	Section 11-42-204; and]
3650	[(ii) be published on the Utah Public Notice Website described in Section 63A-16-601
3651	for four weeks before the deadline for filing protests specified in the notice under Subsection
3652	<del>(1)(i); and</del> ]

- [(b) be mailed, postage prepaid, within 10 days after the first publication or posting of the notice under Subsection (4)(a) to each owner of property to be assessed within the proposed assessment area at the property owner's mailing address.]

  (5) (a) The local entity may record the version of the notice that is published or posted in accordance with Subsection [(4)(a)] (4) with the office of the county recorder, by legal description and tax identification number as identified in county records, against the property proposed to be assessed.

  (b) The notice recorded under Subsection (5)(a) expires and is no longer valid one year
  - (b) The notice recorded under Subsection (5)(a) expires and is no longer valid one year after the day on which the local entity records the notice if the local entity has failed to adopt the designation ordinance or resolution under Section 11-42-201 designating the assessment area for which the notice was recorded.
  - (6) A local entity shall make available on the local entity's website, or, if no website is available, at the local entity's place of business, the address and type of use of each unassessed benefitted government property described in Subsection (1)(g).
  - (7) If a governing body fails to provide actual or constructive notice under this section, the local entity may not assess a levy against a benefitted property omitted from the notice unless:
    - (a) the property owner gives written consent;
  - (b) the property owner received notice under Subsection 11-42-401(2)(a)(iii) and did not object to the levy of the assessment before the final hearing of the board of equalization; or
  - (c) the benefitted property is conveyed to a subsequent purchaser and, before the date of conveyance, the requirements of Subsections 11-42-206(3)(a)(i) and (ii), or, if applicable, Subsection 11-42-207(1)(d)(i) are met.
    - Section 66. Section 11-42-301 is amended to read:
  - 11-42-301. Improvements made only under contract let to lowest responsive, responsible bidder -- Publishing notice -- Sealed bids -- Procedure -- Exceptions to contract requirement.
  - (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a local entity may make improvements in an assessment area only under contract let to the lowest responsive, responsible bidder for the kind of service, material, or form of construction that the local entity's governing body determines in compliance with any applicable local entity ordinances.

3684	(2) A local entity may:
3685	(a) divide improvements into parts;
3686	(b) (i) let separate contracts for each part; or
3687	(ii) combine multiple parts into the same contract; and
3688	(c) let a contract on a unit basis.
3689	(3) (a) A local entity may not let a contract until after [posting] providing notice as
3690	provided in Subsection (3)(b) <sub>2</sub> [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section
3691	63A-16-601;] as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 15 days before the date
3692	specified for receipt of bids.
3693	(b) Each notice under Subsection (3)(a) shall notify contractors that the local entity will
3694	receive sealed bids at a specified time and place for the construction of the improvements.
3695	(c) Notwithstanding a local entity's failure, through inadvertence or oversight, to
3696	publish the notice or to publish the notice within 15 days before the date specified for receipt of
3697	bids, the governing body may proceed to let a contract for the improvements if the local entity
3698	receives at least three sealed and bona fide bids from contractors by the time specified for the
3699	receipt of bids.
3700	(d) A local entity may publish a notice required under this Subsection (3) at the same
3701	time as a notice under Section 11-42-202.
3702	(4) (a) A local entity may accept as a sealed bid a bid that is:
3703	(i) manually sealed and submitted; or
3704	(ii) electronically sealed and submitted.
3705	(b) The governing body or project engineer shall, at the time specified in the notice
3706	under Subsection (3), open and examine the bids.
3707	(c) In open session, the governing body:
3708	(i) shall declare the bids; and
3709	(ii) may reject any or all bids if the governing body considers the rejection to be for the
3710	public good.
3711	(d) The local entity may award the contract to the lowest responsive, responsible bidder
3712	even if the price bid by that bidder exceeds the estimated costs as determined by the project
3713	engineer.

(e) A local entity may in any case:

3/15	(1) refuse to award a contract;
3716	(ii) obtain new bids after giving a new notice under Subsection (3);
3717	(iii) determine to abandon the assessment area; or
3718	(iv) not make some of the improvements proposed to be made.
3719	(5) A local entity is not required to let a contract as provided in this section for:
3720	(a) an improvement or part of an improvement the cost of which or the making of
3721	which is donated or contributed;
3722	(b) an improvement that consists of furnishing utility service or maintaining
3723	improvements;
3724	(c) labor, materials, or equipment supplied by the local entity;
3725	(d) the local entity's acquisition of completed or partially completed improvements in
3726	an assessment area;
3727	(e) design, engineering, and inspection costs incurred with respect to the construction
3728	of improvements in an assessment area; or
3729	(f) additional work performed in accordance with the terms of a contract duly let to the
3730	lowest responsive, responsible bidder.
3731	(6) A local entity may itself furnish utility service and maintain improvements within
3732	an assessment area.
3733	(7) (a) A local entity may acquire completed or partially completed improvements in ar
3734	assessment area, but may not pay an amount for those improvements that exceeds their fair
3735	market value.
3736	(b) Upon the local entity's payment for completed or partially completed
3737	improvements, title to the improvements shall be conveyed to the local entity or another public
3738	agency.
3739	(8) The provisions of Title 11, Chapter 39, Building Improvements and Public Works
3740	Projects, and Section 72-6-108 do not apply to improvements to be constructed in an
3741	assessment area.
3742	Section 67. Section 11-42-402 is amended to read:
3743	11-42-402. Notice of assessment and board of equalization hearing.
3744	Each notice required under Subsection 11-42-401(2)(a)(iii) shall:
3745	(1) state:

3746	(a) that an assessment list is completed and available for examination at the offices of
3747	the local entity;
3748	(b) the total estimated or actual cost of the improvements;
3749	(c) the amount of the total estimated or actual cost of the proposed improvements to be
3750	paid by the local entity;
3751	(d) the amount of the assessment to be levied against benefitted property within the
3752	assessment area;
3753	(e) the assessment method used to calculate the proposed assessment;
3754	(f) the unit cost used to calculate the assessments shown on the assessment list, based
3755	on the assessment method used to calculate the proposed assessment; and
3756	(g) the dates, times, and place of the board of equalization hearings under Subsection
3757	11-42-401(2)(b)(i); and
3758	(2) [(a) beginning] for at least 20, but not more than 35, days before the day on which
3759	the first hearing of the board of equalization is held, be [posted in at least three public places
3760	within the local entity's jurisdictional boundaries; and] published for the local entity's
3761	jurisdiction, as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102.
3762	[(b) be published on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601 for
3763	35 days immediately before the day on which the first hearing of the board of equalization is
3764	held; and]
3765	[(3) be mailed, postage prepaid, within 10 days after the first publication or posting of
3766	the notice under Subsection (2) to each owner of property to be assessed within the proposed
3767	assessment area at the property owner's mailing address.]
3768	Section 68. Section 11-42-404 is amended to read:
3769	11-42-404. Adoption of a resolution or ordinance levying an assessment Notice
3770	of the adoption Effective date of resolution or ordinance Notice of assessment
3771	interest.
3772	(1) (a) After receiving a final report from a board of equalization under Subsection
3773	11-42-403(5) or, if applicable, after the time for filing an appeal under Subsection
3774	11-42-403(6) has passed, the governing body may adopt a resolution or ordinance levying an
3775	assessment against benefitted property within the assessment area designated in accordance
3776	with Part 2. Designating an Assessment Area

3777	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), a local entity may not levy more than one
3778	assessment under this chapter for an assessment area designated in accordance with Part 2,
3779	Designating an Assessment Area.
3780	(c) A local entity may levy more than one assessment in an assessment area designated
3781	in accordance with Part 2, Designating an Assessment Area, if:
3782	(i) the local entity has adopted a designation resolution or designation ordinance for
3783	each assessment in accordance with Section 11-42-201; and
3784	(ii) the assessment is levied to pay:
3785	(A) subject to Section 11-42-401, operation and maintenance costs;
3786	(B) subject to Section 11-42-406, the costs of economic promotion activities; or
3787	(C) the costs of environmental remediation activities.
3788	(d) An assessment resolution or ordinance adopted under Subsection (1)(a):
3789	(i) need not describe each tract, block, lot, part of block or lot, or parcel of property to
3790	be assessed;
3791	(ii) need not include the legal description or tax identification number of the parcels of
3792	property assessed in the assessment area; and
3793	(iii) is adequate for purposes of identifying the property to be assessed within the
3794	assessment area if the assessment resolution or ordinance incorporates by reference the
3795	corrected assessment list that describes the property assessed by legal description and tax
3796	identification number.
3797	(2) (a) A local entity that adopts an assessment resolution or ordinance shall give notice
3798	of the adoption [by:] for the local entity's jurisdiction, as a class A notice under Section
3799	63G-28-102, for at least 21 days.
3800	[(i) posting a copy of the resolution or ordinance in at least three public places within
3801	the local entity's jurisdictional boundaries for at least 21 days; and]
3802	[(ii) posting a copy of the resolution or ordinance on the Utah Public Notice Website
3803	created in Section 63A-16-601 for at least 21 days.]
3804	(b) No other publication or posting of the resolution or ordinance is required.
3805	(3) Notwithstanding any other statutory provision regarding the effective date of a
3806	resolution or ordinance, each assessment resolution or ordinance takes effect:
3807	(a) on the date of publication or posting of the notice under Subsection (2); or

3808	(b) at a later date provided in the resolution or ordinance.
3809	(4) (a) The governing body of each local entity that has adopted an assessment
3810	resolution or ordinance under Subsection (1) shall, within five days after the day on which the
3811	25-day prepayment period under Subsection 11-42-411(6) has passed, file a notice of
3812	assessment interest with the recorder of the county in which the assessed property is located.
3813	(b) Each notice of assessment interest under Subsection (4)(a) shall:
3814	(i) state that the local entity has an assessment interest in the assessed property;
3815	(ii) if the assessment is to pay operation and maintenance costs or for economic
3816	promotion activities, state the maximum number of years over which an assessment will be
3817	payable; and
3818	(iii) describe the property assessed by legal description and tax identification number.
3819	(c) A local entity's failure to file a notice of assessment interest under this Subsection
3820	(4) has no affect on the validity of an assessment levied under an assessment resolution or
3821	ordinance adopted under Subsection (1).
3822	Section 69. Section 11-42-604 is amended to read:
3823	11-42-604. Notice regarding resolution or ordinance authorizing interim
3824	warrants or bond anticipation notes Complaint contesting warrants or notes
3825	Prohibition against contesting warrants and notes.
3826	(1) A local entity may publish notice, as provided in Subsection (2), of a resolution or
3827	ordinance that the governing body has adopted authorizing the issuance of interim warrants or
3828	bond anticipation notes.
3829	(2) (a) If a local entity chooses to publish notice under Subsection (1), the notice shall:
3830	(i) be published:
3831	(A) [in a newspaper of general circulation within] for the local entity, as a class A
3832	notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 30 days; and
3833	(B) as required in Section 45-1-101; and
3834	(ii) contain:
3835	(A) the name of the issuer of the interim warrants or bond anticipation notes;
3836	(B) the purpose of the issue;
3837	(C) the maximum principal amount that may be issued;
3838	(D) the maximum length of time over which the interim warrants or bond anticipation

3839	notes	may	mature;
	11000		

- (E) the maximum interest rate, if there is a maximum rate; and
- 3841 (F) the times and place where a copy of the resolution or ordinance may be examined, as required under Subsection (2)(b).
  - (b) The local entity shall allow examination of the resolution or ordinance authorizing the issuance of the interim warrants or bond anticipation notes at its office during regular business hours.
  - (3) Any person may, within 30 days after publication of a notice under Subsection (1), file a verified, written complaint in the district court of the county in which the person resides, contesting the regularity, formality, or legality of the interim warrants or bond anticipation notes issued by the local entity or the proceedings relating to the issuance of the interim warrants or bond anticipation notes.
  - (4) After the 30-day period under Subsection (3), no person may contest the regularity, formality, or legality of the interim warrants or bond anticipation notes issued by a local entity under the resolution or ordinance that was the subject of the notice under Subsection (1), or the proceedings relating to the issuance of the interim warrants or bond anticipation notes.
    - Section 70. Section 11-42a-201 is amended to read:

## 11-42a-201. Resolution or ordinance designating an energy assessment area, levying an assessment, and issuing an energy assessment bond -- Notice of adoption.

- (1) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, and subject to the requirements of this part, at the request of a property owner on whose property or for whose benefit an improvement is being installed or being reimbursed, a governing body of a local entity may adopt an energy assessment resolution or an energy assessment ordinance that:
  - (i) designates an energy assessment area;
  - (ii) levies an assessment within the energy assessment area; and
  - (iii) if applicable, authorizes the issuance of an energy assessment bond.
- (b) The governing body of a local entity may, by adopting a parameters resolution, delegate to an officer of the local entity, in accordance with the parameters resolution, the authority to:
  - (i) execute an energy assessment resolution or ordinance that:
- 3869 (A) designates an energy assessment area;

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later of:

- 3870 (B) levies an energy assessment lien; and 3871 (C) approves the final interest rate, price, principal amount, maturities, redemption 3872 features, and other terms of the energy assessment bonds; and 3873 (ii) approve and execute all documents related to the designation of the energy 3874 assessment area, the levying of the energy assessment lien, and the issuance of the energy 3875 assessment bonds. 3876 (c) The boundaries of a proposed energy assessment area may: 3877 (i) include property that is not intended to be assessed; and 3878 (ii) overlap, be coextensive with, or be substantially coterminous with the boundaries 3879 of any other energy assessment area or an assessment area created under Title 11, Chapter 42, 3880 Assessment Area Act. 3881 (d) The energy assessment resolution or ordinance described in Subsection (1)(a) is 3882 adequate for purposes of identifying the property to be assessed within the energy assessment 3883 area if the resolution or ordinance describes the property to be assessed by legal description and 3884 tax identification number. 3885 (2) (a) A local entity that adopts an energy assessment resolution or ordinance under 3886 Subsection (1)(a) or a parameters resolution under Subsection (1)(b) shall give notice of the 3887 adoption of the energy assessment resolution or ordinance or the parameters resolution by 3888 [posting] publishing a copy of the resolution or ordinance[:] for the local entity's jurisdiction, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 21 days. 3889 3890 (i) in at least three public places within the local entity's jurisdictional boundaries for 3891 at least 21 days; and] 3892 (ii) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for at least 21 3893 days.] 3894 (b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(a), a local entity is not required to make any other publication or posting of the resolution or ordinance. 3895 3896 (3) Notwithstanding any other statutory provision regarding the effective date of a
  - (a) the date on which the governing body of the local entity adopts the energy assessment resolution or ordinance;

resolution or ordinance, each energy assessment resolution or ordinance takes effect on the

3901	(b) the date of publication or posting of the notice of adoption of either the energy
3902	assessment resolution or ordinance or the parameters resolution described in Subsection (2); or
3903	(c) at a later date as provided in the resolution or ordinance.
3904	(4) (a) The governing body of each local entity that has adopted an energy assessment
3905	resolution or ordinance under Subsection (1) shall, within five days after the effective date of
3906	the resolution or ordinance, file a notice of assessment interest with the recorder of the county
3907	in which the property to be assessed is located.
3908	(b) Each notice of assessment interest under Subsection (4)(a) shall:
3909	(i) state that the local entity has an assessment interest in the property to be assessed;
3910	and
3911	(ii) describe the property to be assessed by legal description and tax identification
3912	number.
3913	(c) If a local entity fails to file a notice of assessment interest under this Subsection (4):
3914	(i) the failure does not invalidate the designation of an energy assessment area; and
3915	(ii) the local entity may not assess a levy against a subsequent purchaser of a benefitted
3916	property that lacked recorded notice unless:
3917	(A) the subsequent purchaser gives written consent;
3918	(B) the subsequent purchaser has actual notice of the assessment levy; or
3919	(C) the subsequent purchaser purchased the property after a corrected notice was filed
3920	under Subsection (4)(d).
3921	(d) The local entity may file a corrected notice if the entity fails to comply with the date
3922	or other requirements for filing a notice of assessment interest.
3923	(e) If a governing body has filed a corrected notice under Subsection (4)(d), the local
3924	entity may not retroactively collect or adjust the amount of the levy to recapture lost funds for a
3925	levy that the local entity was prohibited from collecting, if applicable, under Subsection (4)(c).
3926	Section 71. Section 11-42b-104 is amended to read:
3927	11-42b-104. Notice of proposed assessment area Requirements.
3928	(1) If the legislative body of a specified county receives a petition that meets the
3929	requirements of Section 11-42b-103, the legislative body shall give notice of the proposed
3930	assessment area.
3931	(2) The notice under Subsection (1) shall:

3932	(a) include the following information:
3933	(i) a statement that the legislative body received a petition to designate an assessment
3934	area under Section 11-42b-103;
3935	(ii) a statement that the specified county proposes to:
3936	(A) designate one or more areas within the specified county's geographic boundaries as
3937	an assessment area;
3938	(B) contract with a third party administrator to provide beneficial activities within the
3939	proposed assessment area; and
3940	(C) finance some or all of the cost of providing beneficial activities by an assessment
3941	on benefitted properties within the assessment area;
3942	(iii) a summary of the contents of the proposed management plan, including the
3943	information described in Subsection 11-42b-103(2)(a)(i);
3944	(iv) a statement explaining how an individual can access the petition described in
3945	Subsection (2)(a), including the contents of the proposed management plan;
3946	(v) a statement that contains:
3947	(A) the date described in Section 11-42b-105 and the location at which a protest under
3948	Section 11-42b-105 may be filed;
3949	(B) the method by which the legislative body will determine the number of protests
3950	required to defeat the designation of the proposed assessment area or implementation of the
3951	proposed beneficial activities, subject to Subsection 11-42b-107(1)(b); and
3952	(C) a statement in large, boldface, and conspicuous type explaining that an owner of a
3953	benefitted property must protest the designation of the assessment area in writing if the owner
3954	objects to the area designation or being assessed for the proposed beneficial activities;
3955	(vi) the date, time, and place of the public hearing required in Section 11-42b-106; and
3956	(vii) any other information the legislative body considers appropriate; and
3957	[(b) (i) be posted in at least three public places within the specified county's geographic
3958	boundaries at least 20 but not more than 35 days before the day of the hearing required in
3959	Section 11-42b-106; and]
3960	[(ii) be published on the Utah Public Notice Website described in Section 63A-16-601
3961	for four weeks before the deadline for filing protests specified in the notice under Subsection
3962	<del>(2)(a)(v); and</del> ]

3963	[(e)] (b) [be mailed, postage prepaid, within 10 days after the first publication or
3964	posting of the notice under Subsection (2)(b) to each owner of benefitted property within] be
3965	published for the proposed assessment area [at the owner's mailing address], as a class B notice
3966	under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 20 days, but not more than 35 days, before the day of
3967	the hearing required in Section 11-42b-105.
3968	(3) (a) The legislative body may record the version of the notice that is published or
3969	posted in accordance with Subsection (2)(b) with the office of the county recorder.
3970	(b) The notice recorded under Subsection (3)(a) expires and is no longer valid one year
3971	after the day on which the legislative body records the notice if the legislative body has failed
3972	to adopt the designation ordinance or resolution under Section 11-42b-102 designating the
3973	assessment area for which the notice was recorded.
3974	Section 72. Section 11-42b-108 is amended to read:
3975	11-42b-108. Amendments to management plan Procedure Notice
3976	requirements.
3977	(1) After the legislative body adopts an ordinance or resolution approving a
3978	management plan as provided in Subsection 11-42b-107(1)(c)(ii) and contracts with a third
3979	party administrator to provide beneficial activities within the assessment area, the legislative
3980	body may amend the management plan if:
3981	(a) the third party administrator submits to the legislative body a written request for
3982	amendments;
3983	(b) subject to Subsection (2), the legislative body gives notice of the proposed
3984	amendments;
3985	(c) the legislative body holds a public meeting no more than 90 days after the day on
3986	which the legislative body gives notice under Subsection (1)(b); and
3987	(d) at the public meeting described in Subsection (1)(c), the legislative body adopts an
3988	ordinance or resolution approving the amendments to the management plan.
3989	(2) The notice described in Subsection (1)(b) shall:
3990	(a) describe the proposed amendments to the management plan;
3991	(b) state the date, time, and place of the public meeting described in Subsection (1)(c);
3992	and
3993	[(c) (i) be posted in at least three public places within the specified county's geographic

3994	boundaries at least 20 but not more than 35 days before the day of the public meeting described
3995	in Subsection (1)(c); and]
3996	[(ii) be published on the Utah Public Notice Website described in Section 63A-16-601
3997	for four weeks before the public meeting described in Subsection (1)(c); and]
3998	[(d)] (c) [be mailed, postage prepaid, within 10 days after the first publication or
3999	posting of the notice under Subsection (2)(c) to each owner of benefitted property within] be
4000	published for the assessment area [at the owner's mailing address], as a class B notice under
4001	Section 63G-28-102, for at least 20 days, but not more than 35 days, before the day of the
4002	public meeting described in Subsection (1)(c).
4003	Section 73. Section 11-42b-109 is amended to read:
4004	11-42b-109. Renewal of assessment area designation Procedure Disposition
4005	of previous revenues Notice requirements.
4006	(1) Upon the expiration of an assessment area, the legislative body may, for a period
4007	not to exceed 10 years, renew the assessment area as provided in this section.
4008	(2) (a) If there are no changes to the management plan or the designation of the third
4009	party administrator, the legislative body may not renew the assessment area unless:
4010	(i) subject to Subsection (2)(c), the legislative body gives notice of the proposed
4011	renewal;
4012	(ii) the legislative body holds a public meeting no more than 90 days after the day on
4013	which the legislative body gives notice under Subsection (2)(a)(i); and
4014	(iii) at the public meeting described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii), the legislative body adopts
4015	an ordinance or resolution renewing the assessment area designation.
4016	(b) If there are changes to the management plan or the designation of the third party
4017	administrator, the legislative body may not renew the assessment area unless the legislative
4018	body:
4019	(i) gives notice of the proposed renewal in accordance with Section 11-42b-104;
4020	(ii) receives and considers all protests filed under Section 11-42b-105;
4021	(iii) holds a public hearing as provided in Section 11-42b-106;
4022	(iv) holds a public meeting as provided in Section 11-42b-107; and
4023	(v) at the public meeting described in Subsection (2)(b)(iv), adopts an ordinance or
4024	resolution renewing the assessment area.

4025	(c) The notice described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) shall:
4026	(i) state:
4027	(A) that the legislative body proposes to renew the assessment area with no changes;
4028	and
4029	(B) the date, time, and place of the public meeting described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii);
4030	<u>and</u>
4031	[(ii) (A) be posted in at least three public places within the specified county's
4032	geographic boundaries at least 20 but not more than 35 days before the day of the public
4033	meeting described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii); and]
4034	[(B) be published on the Utah Public Notice Website described in Section 63A-16-601
4035	for four weeks before the public meeting described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii); and]
4036	[(iii)] (ii) [be mailed, postage prepaid, within 10 days after the first publication or
4037	posting of the notice under Subsection (2)(e)(ii) to each owner of benefitted property within] be
4038	published for the assessment area [at the owner's mailing address], as a class B notice under
4039	Section 63G-28-102, for at least 20 days, but not more than 35 days, before the day of the
4040	public meeting described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii).
4041	(3) (a) Upon renewal of an assessment area, any remaining revenues derived from the
4042	levy of assessments, or any revenues derived from the sale of assets acquired with the revenues
4043	shall be transferred to the renewed assessment area.
4044	(b) If the renewed assessment area includes a benefitted property that was not included
4045	in the previous assessment area, the third party administrator may only expend revenues
4046	described in Subsection (3)(a) on benefitted properties that were included in the previous
4047	assessment area.
4048	(c) If the renewed assessment area does not include a benefitted property that was
4049	included in the previous assessment area, the third party administrator shall refund to the owner
4050	of the benefitted property the revenues described in Subsection (3)(a) attributable to the
4051	benefitted property.
4052	Section 74. Section 11-42b-110 is amended to read:
4053	11-42b-110. Dissolution of assessment area Procedure Disposition of
4054	revenues Notice requirements.
4055	(1) The legislative body may dissolve an assessment area before the assessment area

4056	expires as provided in this section.
4057	(2) The legislative body may not dissolve an assessment area under Subsection (1)
4058	unless:
4059	(a) (i) the legislative body determines there has been a misappropriation of funds,
4060	malfeasance, or a violation of law in connection with the management of the assessment area;
4061	or
4062	(ii) a petition to dissolve the assessment area:
4063	(A) is signed by a qualified number of owners; and
4064	(B) is submitted to the legislative body within the period described in Subsection (3);
4065	(b) subject to Subsection (4), the legislative body gives notice of the proposed
4066	dissolution;
4067	(c) the legislative body holds a public meeting; and
4068	(d) at the public meeting described in Subsection (2)(c), the legislative body adopts an
4069	ordinance or resolution dissolving the assessment area.
4070	(3) The owners of benefitted properties may submit to the legislative body a petition
4071	described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii):
4072	(a) within a 30-day period that begins after the day on which the assessment area is
4073	designated by ordinance or resolution under Section 11-42b-107; or
4074	(b) within the same 30-day period during each subsequent year in which the assessment
4075	area exists.
4076	(4) The notice described in Subsection (2)(b) shall:
4077	(a) state:
4078	(i) the reasons for the proposed dissolution; and
4079	(ii) the date, time, and place of the public meeting described in Subsection (2)(c); and
4080	[(b) (i) be posted in at least three public places within the specified county's geographic
4081	boundaries at least 20 but not more than 35 days before the day of the public meeting described
4082	in Subsection (2)(c); and]
4083	[(ii) be published on the Utah Public Notice Website described in Section 63A-16-601
4084	for four weeks before the public meeting described in Subsection (2)(c); and]
4085	[(c)] (b) [be mailed, postage prepaid, within 10 days after the first publication or
4086	posting of the notice under Subsection (4)(b) to each owner of benefitted property within] be

4087	published for the assessment area [at the owner's mailing address], as a class B notice under
4088	Section 63G-28-102, for at least 20 days, but not more than 35 days, before the day of the
4089	public meeting described in Subsection (2)(c).
4090	(5) Upon the dissolution of an assessment area, the third party administrator shall
4091	return to the owner of each benefitted property any remaining revenues attributable to the
4092	benefitted property.
4093	Section 75. Section 11-58-502 is amended to read:
4094	11-58-502. Public meeting to consider and discuss draft project area plan
4095	Notice Adoption of plan.
4096	(1) The board shall hold at least one public meeting to consider and discuss a draft
4097	project area plan.
4098	(2) At least 10 days before holding a public meeting under Subsection (1), the board
4099	shall give notice of the public meeting:
4100	(a) to each taxing entity;
4101	(b) to a municipality in which the proposed project area is located or that is located
4102	within one-half mile of the proposed project area; and
4103	[(c) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601]
4104	(c) for the proposed project area, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at
4105	<u>least 10 days</u> .
4106	(3) Following consideration and discussion of the draft project area plan, and any
4107	modification of the project area plan under Subsection 11-58-501(2)(d), the board may adopt
4108	the draft project area plan or modified draft project area plan as the project area plan.
4109	Section 76. Section 11-58-503 is amended to read:
4110	11-58-503. Notice of project area plan adoption Effective date of plan Time
4111	for challenging a project area plan or project area.
4112	(1) Upon the board's adoption of a project area plan, the board shall provide notice as
4113	provided in Subsection (2) by publishing or causing to be published legal notice:
4114	(a) [in a newspaper of general circulation within or near] for the project area, as a class
4115	A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 30 days; and
4116	(b) as required by Section 45-1-101.
4117	(2) (a) Each notice under Subsection (1) shall include:

4118	(i) the board resolution adopting the project area plan or a summary of the resolution;
4119	and
4120	(ii) a statement that the project area plan is available for general public inspection and
4121	the hours for inspection.
4122	(b) The statement required under Subsection (2)(a)(ii) may be included within the
4123	board resolution adopting the project area plan or within the summary of the resolution.
4124	(3) The project area plan shall become effective on the date designated in the board
4125	resolution.
4126	(4) The authority shall make the adopted project area plan available to the general
4127	public at the authority's offices during normal business hours.
4128	(5) Within 10 days after the day on which a project area plan is adopted that establishes
4129	a project area, or after an amendment to a project area plan is adopted under which the
4130	boundary of a project area is modified, the authority shall send notice of the establishment or
4131	modification of the project area and an accurate map or plat of the project area to:
4132	(a) the State Tax Commission;
4133	(b) the Utah Geospatial Resource Center created in Section 63A-16-505; and
4134	(c) the assessor and recorder of each county where the project area is located.
4135	(6) (a) A legal action or other challenge to a project area plan or a project area
4136	described in a project area plan is barred unless brought within 30 days after the effective date
4137	of the project area plan.
4138	(b) A legal action or other challenge to a project area that consists of authority
4139	jurisdictional land is barred unless brought within 30 days after the board adopts a business
4140	plan under Subsection 11-58-202(1)(a) for the authority jurisdictional land.
4141	Section 77. Section 11-58-701 is amended to read:
4142	11-58-701. Resolution authorizing issuance of port authority bonds
4143	Characteristics of bonds Notice.
4144	(1) The authority may not issue bonds under this part unless the board first:
4145	(a) adopts a parameters resolution for the bonds that sets forth:
4146	(i) the maximum:
4147	(A) amount of bonds;
4148	(B) term; and

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contesting provided in Subsection (6)(a).

4149 (C) interest rate; and 4150 (ii) the expected security for the bonds; and 4151 (b) submits the parameters resolution for review and recommendation to the State 4152 Finance Review Commission created in Section 63C-25-201. 4153 (2) (a) As provided in the authority resolution authorizing the issuance of bonds under 4154 this part or the trust indenture under which the bonds are issued, bonds issued under this part 4155 may be issued in one or more series and may be sold at public or private sale and in the manner 4156 provided in the resolution or indenture. 4157 (b) Bonds issued under this part shall bear the date, be payable at the time, bear interest 4158 at the rate, be in the denomination and in the form, carry the conversion or registration 4159 privileges, have the rank or priority, be executed in the manner, be subject to the terms of redemption or tender, with or without premium, be payable in the medium of payment and at 4160 4161 the place, and have other characteristics as provided in the authority resolution authorizing their issuance or the trust indenture under which they are issued. 4162 4163 (3) Upon the board's adoption of a resolution providing for the issuance of bonds, the 4164 board may provide for the publication of the resolution: 4165 (a) [in a newspaper having general circulation in] for the area within the authority's 4166 boundaries, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 30 days; and 4167 (b) as required in Section 45-1-101. 4168 (4) In lieu of publishing the entire resolution, the board may publish notice of bonds 4169 that contains the information described in Subsection 11-14-316(2). 4170 (5) For a period of 30 days after the publication, any person in interest may contest: 4171 (a) the legality of the resolution or proceeding; 4172 (b) any bonds that may be authorized by the resolution or proceeding; or 4173 (c) any provisions made for the security and payment of the bonds. 4174 (6) (a) A person may contest the matters set forth in Subsection (5) by filing a verified 4175 written complaint, within 30 days of the publication under Subsection (5), in the district court 4176 of the county in which the person resides.

(b) A person may not contest the matters set forth in Subsection (5), or the regularity,

formality, or legality of the resolution or proceeding, for any reason, after the 30-day period for

4180	(7) No later than 60 days after the closing day of any bonds, the authority shall report
4181	the bonds issuance, including the amount of the bonds, terms, interest rate, and security, to:
4182	(a) the Executive Appropriations Committee; and
4183	(b) the State Finance Review Commission created in Section 63C-25-201.
4184	Section 78. Section 11-58-901 is amended to read:
4185	11-58-901. Dissolution of port authority Restrictions Notice of dissolution
4186	Disposition of port authority property Port authority records Dissolution expenses.
4187	(1) The authority may not be dissolved unless the authority has no outstanding bonded
4188	indebtedness, other unpaid loans, indebtedness, or advances, and no legally binding contractua
4189	obligations with persons or entities other than the state.
4190	(2) Upon the dissolution of the authority:
4191	(a) the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity shall publish a notice of
4192	dissolution:
4193	(i) [in a newspaper of general circulation in] for the county in which the dissolved
4194	authority is located, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least seven days; and
4195	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; and
4196	(b) all title to property owned by the authority vests in the state.
4197	(3) The books, documents, records, papers, and seal of each dissolved authority shall
4198	be deposited for safekeeping and reference with the state auditor.
4199	(4) The authority shall pay all expenses of the deactivation and dissolution.
4200	Section 79. Section 11-59-501 is amended to read:
4201	11-59-501. Dissolution of authority Restrictions Publishing notice of
4202	dissolution Authority records Dissolution expenses.
4203	(1) The authority may not be dissolved unless:
4204	(a) the authority board first receives approval from the Legislative Management
4205	Committee of the Legislature to dissolve the authority; and
4206	(b) the authority has no outstanding bonded indebtedness, other unpaid loans,
4207	indebtedness, or advances, and no legally binding contractual obligations with persons or
4208	entities other than the state.
4209	(2) To dissolve the authority, the board shall:
4210	(a) obtain the approval of the Legislative Management Committee of the Legislature;

4211	and
4212	(b) adopt a resolution dissolving the authority, to become effective as provided in the
4213	resolution.
4214	(3) Upon the dissolution of the authority:
4215	(a) the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity shall publish a notice of
4216	dissolution:
4217	(i) [in a newspaper of general circulation in] for the county in which the dissolved
4218	authority is located, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least seven days; and
4219	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; and
4220	(b) all title to property owned by the authority vests in the Division of Facilities
4221	Construction and Management, created in Section 63A-5b-301, for the benefit of the state.
4222	(4) The board shall deposit all books, documents, records, papers, and seal of the
4223	dissolved authority with the state auditor for safekeeping and reference.
4224	(5) The authority shall pay all expenses of the deactivation and dissolution.
4225	Section 80. Section 11-65-204 is amended to read:
4226	11-65-204. Management plan.
4227	(1) (a) The board shall prepare, adopt, and, subject to Subsection (1)(b), implement a
4228	management plan.
4229	(b) The lake authority may not begin to implement a management plan until April 1,
4230	2023.
4231	(2) In preparing a management plan, the board shall:
4232	(a) consult with and seek and consider input from the legislative or governing body of
4233	each adjacent political subdivision;
4234	(b) work cooperatively with and receive input from the Division of Forestry, Fire, and
4235	State Lands; and
4236	(c) consider how the interests of adjacent political subdivisions would be affected by
4237	implementation of the management plan.
4238	(3) A management plan shall:
4239	(a) describe in general terms the lake authority's:
4240	(i) vision and plan for achieving and implementing the policies and objectives stated in
4241	Section 11-65-203; and

4242	(ii) overall plan for the management of Utah Lake, including an anticipated timetable
4243	and any anticipated phases of management;
4244	(b) accommodate and advance, without sacrificing the policies and objectives stated in
4245	Section 11-65-203, the compatible interests of adjacent political subdivisions;
4246	(c) describe in general terms how the lake authority anticipates cooperating with
4247	adjacent political subdivisions to pursue mutually beneficial goals in connection with the
4248	management of Utah Lake;
4249	(d) identify the anticipated sources of revenue for implementing the management plan;
4250	and
4251	(e) be consistent with management planning conducted by the Division of Forestry,
4252	Fire, and State Lands, to pursue the objectives of:
4253	(i) improving the clarity and quality of the water in Utah Lake;
4254	(ii) not interfering with water rights or with water storage or water supply functions of
4255	Utah Lake;
4256	(iii) removing invasive plant and animal species, including phragmites and carp, from
4257	Utah Lake;
4258	(iv) improving littoral zone and other plant communities in and around Utah Lake;
4259	(v) improving and conserving native fish and other aquatic species in Utah Lake;
4260	(vi) cooperating in the June Sucker Recovery Implementation Program;
4261	(vii) increasing the suitability of Utah Lake and Utah Lake's surrounding areas for
4262	shore birds, waterfowl, and other avian species;
4263	(viii) improving navigability of Utah Lake;
4264	(ix) enhancing and ensuring recreational access to and opportunities on Utah Lake; and
4265	(x) otherwise improving the use of Utah Lake for residents and visitors.
4266	(4) A management plan may not interfere with or impair:
4267	(a) a water right;
4268	(b) a water project; or
4269	(c) the management of Utah Lake necessary for the use or operation of a water facility
4270	associated with Utah Lake.
4271	(5) (a) Before adopting a management plan, the board shall:
4272	(i) provide a copy of the proposed management plan to:

42/3	(A) the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources,
4274	(B) the executive director of the Department of Environmental Quality;
4275	(C) the state engineer; and
4276	(D) each adjacent political subdivision; and
4277	(ii) [post] provide a copy of the proposed management plan [on the Utah Public Notice
4278	Website created in Section 63A-16-601], for Utah County, as a class A notice under Section
4279	63G-28-102, for at least 30 days.
4280	(b) Comments or suggestions relating to the proposed management plan may be
4281	submitted to the board within the deadline established under Subsection (5)(c).
4282	(c) The board shall establish a deadline for submitting comments or suggestions to the
4283	proposed management plan that is at least 30 days after the board provides a copy of the
4284	proposed management plan under Subsection (5)(a)(i).
4285	(d) Before adopting a management plan, the board shall consider comments and
4286	suggestions that are submitted by the deadline established under Subsection (5)(c).
4287	Section 81. Section 11-65-402 is amended to read:
4288	11-65-402. Public meetings to consider and discuss draft project area plan
4289	Notice Adoption of plan.
4290	(1) The lake authority board shall hold at least two public meetings to:
4291	(a) receive public comment on the draft project area plan; and
4292	(b) consider and discuss the draft project area plan.
4293	(2) At least 10 days before holding a public meeting under Subsection (1), the lake
4294	authority board shall:
4295	(a) [(i) post] provide notice of the public meeting [on the Utah Public Notice Website
4296	created in Section 63A-16-601; and(ii) maintain the posting on the Utah Public Notice
4297	Website until the day of the public meeting;], for Utah County, as a class A notice under
4298	Section 63G-28-102, for at least 10 days;
4299	(b) provide notice of the public meeting to a public entity that has entered into an
4300	agreement with the lake authority for sharing property tax revenue; and
4301	(c) provide email notice of the public meeting to each person who has submitted a
4302	written request to the board to receive email notice of a public meeting under this section.
4303	(3) Following consideration and discussion of the project area plan, the board may

4304	adopt the draft project area plan as the project area plan.
4305	Section 82. Section 11-65-601 is amended to read:
4306	11-65-601. Annual lake authority budget Fiscal year Public hearing required
4307	Auditor forms Requirement to file annual budget.
4308	(1) The board shall prepare and adopt for the lake authority an annual budget of
4309	revenues and expenditures for each fiscal year.
4310	(2) An annual lake authority budget shall be adopted before June 22, except that the
4311	lake authority's initial budget shall be adopted as soon as reasonably practicable after the
4312	organization of the board and the beginning of lake authority operations.
4313	(3) The lake authority's fiscal year shall be the period from July 1 to the following June
4314	30.
4315	(4) (a) Before adopting an annual budget, the board shall hold a public hearing on the
4316	annual budget.
4317	(b) The lake authority shall provide notice of the public hearing on the annual budget
4318	by publishing notice, [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601] for
4319	<u>Utah County</u> , as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least one week immediately
4320	before the <u>date of the</u> public hearing.
4321	(c) The lake authority shall make the annual budget available for public inspection at
4322	least three days before the date of the public hearing.
4323	(5) The state auditor shall prescribe the budget forms and the categories to be contained
4324	in each lake authority budget, including:
4325	(a) revenues and expenditures for the budget year;
4326	(b) legal fees; and
4327	(c) administrative costs, including rent, supplies, and other materials, and salaries of
4328	lake authority personnel.
4329	(6) Within 30 days after adopting an annual budget, the board shall file a copy of the
4330	annual budget with the auditor of each county in which lake authority land is located, the State
4331	Tax Commission, and the state auditor.
4332	Section 83. Section 17-27a-203 is amended to read:
4333	17-27a-203. Notice of intent to prepare a general plan or comprehensive general
4334	plan amendments in certain counties.

4335	(1) Before preparing a proposed general plan or a comprehensive general plan
4336	amendment, each county of the first or second class shall provide 10 calendar days notice of the
4337	county's intent to prepare a proposed general plan or a comprehensive general plan amendment:
4338	(a) to each affected entity;
4339	(b) to the Utah Geospatial Resource Center created in Section 63A-16-505;
4340	(c) to the association of governments, established pursuant to an interlocal agreement
4341	under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, of which the county is a member; and
4342	[(d) on the Utah Public Notice Website created under Section 63A-16-601]
4343	(d) for the county, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 10 days.
4344	(2) Each notice under Subsection (1) shall:
4345	(a) indicate that the county intends to prepare a general plan or a comprehensive
4346	general plan amendment, as the case may be;
4347	(b) describe or provide a map of the geographic area that will be affected by the general
4348	plan or amendment;
4349	(c) be sent by mail, e-mail, or other effective means;
4350	(d) invite the affected entities to provide information for the county to consider in the
4351	process of preparing, adopting, and implementing a general plan or amendment concerning:
4352	(i) impacts that the use of land proposed in the proposed general plan or amendment
4353	may have; and
4354	(ii) uses of land within the county that the affected entity is considering that may
4355	conflict with the proposed general plan or amendment; and
4356	(e) include the address of an Internet website, if the county has one, and the name and
4357	telephone number of an individual where more information can be obtained concerning the
4358	county's proposed general plan or amendment.
4359	Section 84. Section 17-27a-204 is amended to read:
4360	17-27a-204. Notice of public hearings and public meetings to consider general
4361	plan or modifications.
4362	(1) A county shall provide:
4363	(a) notice of the date, time, and place of the first public hearing to consider the original
4364	adoption or any modification of all or any portion of a general plan; and
4365	(b) notice of each public meeting on the subject.

4366	(2) Each notice of a public hearing under Subsection (1)(a) shall be at least 10 calendar
4367	days before the public hearing and shall be:
4368	(a) published [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601;] for
4369	the county, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 10 days; and
4370	(b) mailed to each affected entity[; and].
4371	[ <del>(c) posted:</del> ]
4372	[(i) in at least three public locations within the county; or]
4373	[(ii) on the county's official website.]
4374	(3) Each notice of a public meeting under Subsection (1)(b) shall be at least 24 hours
4375	before the meeting and shall be[+] published for the county, as a class A notice under Section
4376	63G-28-102, for at least 24 hours.
4377	[(a) published on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; and]
4378	[ <del>(b) posted:</del> ]
4379	[(i) in at least three public locations within the county; or]
4380	[(ii) on the county's official website.]
4381	Section 85. Section 17-27a-205 is amended to read:
4382	17-27a-205. Notice of public hearings and public meetings on adoption or
4383	modification of land use regulation.
4384	(1) Each county shall give:
4385	(a) notice of the date, time, and place of the first public hearing to consider the
4386	adoption or modification of a land use regulation; and
4387	(b) notice of each public meeting on the subject.
4388	(2) Each notice of a public hearing under Subsection (1)(a) shall be:
4389	(a) mailed to each affected entity at least 10 calendar days before the public hearing;
4390	<u>and</u>
4391	[(b) posted:]
4392	(b) published for the area affected by the land use ordinance changes, as a class B
4393	notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 10 calendar days before the day of the public
4394	<u>hearing.</u>
4395	[(i) in at least three public locations within the county; or]
4396	[(ii) on the county's official website; and]

4397	(c) (i) posted on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, at
4398	least 10 calendar days before the public hearing; or]
4399	[(ii) mailed at least 10 days before the public hearing to:]
4400	[(A) each property owner whose land is directly affected by the land use ordinance
4401	<del>change; and</del> ]
4402	[(B) each adjacent property owner within the parameters specified by county
4403	ordinance.]
4404	(3) In addition to the notice requirements described in Subsections (1) and (2), for any
4405	proposed modification to the text of a zoning code, the notice posted in accordance with
4406	Subsection (2) shall:
4407	(a) include a summary of the effect of the proposed modifications to the text of the
4408	zoning code designed to be understood by a lay person; and
4409	(b) be provided to any person upon written request.
4410	(4) Each notice of a public meeting under Subsection (1)(b) shall be at least 24 hours
4411	before the hearing and shall be [posted:] published for the county, as a class A notice under
4412	Section 63G-28-102, for at least 24 hours.
4413	[(a) in at least three public locations within the county; or]
4414	[(b) on the county's official website.]
4415	(5) (a) A county shall send a courtesy notice to each owner of private real property
4416	whose property is located entirely or partially within the proposed zoning map enactment or
4417	amendment at least 10 days before the scheduled day of the public hearing.
4418	(b) The notice shall:
4419	(i) identify with specificity each owner of record of real property that will be affected
4420	by the proposed zoning map or map amendments;
4421	(ii) state the current zone in which the real property is located;
4422	(iii) state the proposed new zone for the real property;
4423	(iv) provide information regarding or a reference to the proposed regulations,
4424	prohibitions, and permitted uses that the property will be subject to if the zoning map or map
4425	amendment is adopted;
4426	(v) state that the owner of real property may no later than 10 days after the day of the
4427	first public hearing file a written objection to the inclusion of the owner's property in the

4428	proposed zoning map or map amendment;
4429	(vi) state the address where the property owner should file the protest;
4430	(vii) notify the property owner that each written objection filed with the county will be
4431	provided to the county legislative body; and
4432	(viii) state the location, date, and time of the public hearing described in Section
4433	17-27a-502.
4434	(c) If a county mails notice to a property owner [in accordance with] under Subsection
4435	[(2)(c)(ii)] (2)(b) for a public hearing on a zoning map or map amendment, the notice required
4436	in this Subsection (5) may be included in or part of the notice described in Subsection
4437	$[\frac{(2)(c)(ii)}{2}]$ (2)(b) rather than sent separately.
4438	Section 86. Section 17-27a-208 is amended to read:
4439	17-27a-208. Hearing and notice for petition to vacate a public street.
4440	(1) For any petition to vacate some or all of a public street or county utility easement,
4441	the legislative body shall:
4442	(a) hold a public hearing; and
4443	(b) give notice of the date, place, and time of the hearing, as provided in Subsection
4444	(2).
4445	(2) At least 10 days before the public hearing under Subsection (1)(a), the legislative
4446	body shall ensure that the notice required under Subsection (1)(b) is:
4447	[(a) mailed to the record owner of]
4448	(a) published for the county, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least
4449	<u>10 days;</u>
4450	(b) provided to the owner of each parcel that is accessed by the public street or county
4451	utility easement; and
4452	[(b)] (c) mailed to each affected entity[;].
4453	[(c) posted on or near the public street or county utility easement in a manner that is
4454	calculated to alert the public; and]
4455	[(d) (i) published on the website of the county in which the land subject to the petition
4456	is located until the public hearing concludes; and]
4457	[(ii) published on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601.]
4458	Section 87. Section 17-27a-306 is amended to read:

4459	17-27a-306. Planning advisory areas Notice of hearings.
4460	(1) (a) A planning advisory area may be established as provided in this Subsection (1).
4461	(b) A planning advisory area may not be established unless the area to be included
4462	within the proposed planning advisory area:
4463	(i) is unincorporated;
4464	(ii) is contiguous; and
4465	(iii) (A) contains:
4466	(I) at least 20% but not more than 80% of:
4467	(Aa) the total private land area in the unincorporated county; or
4468	(Bb) the total value of locally assessed taxable property in the unincorporated county;
4469	or
4470	(II) (Aa) in a county of the second or third class, at least 5% of the total population of
4471	the unincorporated county, but not less than 300 residents; or
4472	(Bb) in a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, at least 25% of the total population
4473	of the unincorporated county; or
4474	(B) has been declared by the United States Census Bureau as a census designated
4475	place.
4476	(c) (i) The process to establish a planning advisory area is initiated by the filing of a
4477	petition with the clerk of the county in which the proposed planning advisory area is located.
4478	(ii) A petition to establish a planning advisory area may not be filed if it proposes the
4479	establishment of a planning advisory area that includes an area within a proposed planning
4480	advisory area in a petition that has previously been certified under Subsection (1)(g), until after
4481	the canvass of an election on the proposed planning advisory area under Subsection (1)(j).
4482	(d) A petition under Subsection (1)(c) to establish a planning advisory area shall:
4483	(i) be signed by the owners of private real property that:
4484	(A) is located within the proposed planning advisory area;
4485	(B) covers at least 10% of the total private land area within the proposed planning
4486	advisory area; and
4487	(C) is equal in value to at least 10% of the value of all private real property within the
4488	proposed planning advisory area;
4489	(ii) be accompanied by an accurate plat or map showing the boundary of the contiguou

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area proposed to be established as a planning advisory area;

- (iii) indicate the typed or printed name and current residence address of each owner signing the petition;
- (iv) designate up to five signers of the petition as petition sponsors, one of whom shall be designated as the contact sponsor, with the mailing address and telephone number of each petition sponsor;
- (v) authorize the petition sponsor or sponsors to act on behalf of all owners signing the petition for purposes of the petition; and
- (vi) request the county legislative body to provide notice of the petition and of a public hearing, hold a public hearing, and conduct an election on the proposal to establish a planning advisory area.
- (e) Subsection 10-2a-102(3) applies to a petition to establish a planning advisory area to the same extent as if it were an incorporation petition under Title 10, Chapter 2a, Municipal Incorporation.
- (f) (i) Within seven days after the filing of a petition under Subsection (1)(c) proposing the establishment of a planning advisory area in a county of the second class, the county clerk shall provide notice of the filing of the petition to:
- (A) each owner of real property owning more than 1% of the assessed value of all real property within the proposed planning advisory area; and
- (B) each owner of real property owning more than 850 acres of real property within the proposed planning advisory area.
- (ii) A property owner may exclude all or part of the property owner's property from a proposed planning advisory area in a county of the second class:
  - (A) if:
- (I) (Aa) (Ii) the property owner owns more than 1% of the assessed value of all property within the proposed planning advisory area;
  - (IIii) the property is nonurban; and
- 4517 (IIIii) the property does not or will not require municipal provision of municipal-type 4518 services; or
- 4519 (Bb) the property owner owns more than 850 acres of real property within the proposed 4520 planning advisory area; and

4521 (II) exclusion of the property will not leave within the planning advisory area an island 4522 of property that is not part of the planning advisory area; and 4523 (B) by filing a notice of exclusion within 10 days after receiving the clerk's notice 4524 under Subsection (1)(f)(i). 4525 (iii) (A) The county legislative body shall exclude from the proposed planning advisory 4526 area the property identified in a notice of exclusion timely filed under Subsection (1)(f)(ii)(B) if 4527 the property meets the applicable requirements of Subsection (1)(f)(ii)(A). 4528 (B) If the county legislative body excludes property from a proposed planning advisory 4529 area under Subsection (1)(f)(iii), the county legislative body shall, within five days after the 4530 exclusion, send written notice of its action to the contact sponsor. 4531 (g) (i) Within 45 days after the filing of a petition under Subsection (1)(c), the county 4532 clerk shall: 4533 (A) with the assistance of other county officers from whom the clerk requests 4534 assistance, determine whether the petition complies with the requirements of Subsection (1)(d); 4535 and 4536 (B) (I) if the clerk determines that the petition complies with the requirements of 4537 Subsection (1)(d): 4538 (Aa) certify the petition and deliver the certified petition to the county legislative body: 4539 and 4540 (Bb) mail or deliver written notification of the certification to the contact sponsor; or 4541 (II) if the clerk determines that the petition fails to comply with any of the requirements 4542 of Subsection (1)(d), reject the petition and notify the contact sponsor in writing of the 4543 rejection and the reasons for the rejection. 4544 (ii) If the county clerk rejects a petition under Subsection (1)(g)(i)(B)(II), the petition 4545 may be amended to correct the deficiencies for which it was rejected and then refiled with the 4546 county clerk. 4547 (h) (i) Within 90 days after a petition to establish a planning advisory area is certified, 4548 the county legislative body shall hold a public hearing on the proposal to establish a planning 4549 advisory area. 4550 (ii) A public hearing under Subsection (1)(h)(i) shall be:

(A) within the boundary of the proposed planning advisory area; or

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- 4552 (B) if holding a public hearing in that area is not practicable, as close to that area as 4553 practicable.
  - (iii) At least one week before holding a public hearing under Subsection (1)(h)(i), the county legislative body shall publish notice of the petition and the time, date, and place of the public hearing [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601] for the county, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least one week.
  - (i) Following the public hearing under Subsection (1)(h)(i), the county legislative body shall arrange for the proposal to establish a planning advisory area to be submitted to voters residing within the proposed planning advisory area at the next regular general election that is more than 90 days after the public hearing.
  - (j) A planning advisory area is established at the time of the canvass of the results of an election under Subsection (1)(i) if the canvass indicates that a majority of voters voting on the proposal to establish a planning advisory area voted in favor of the proposal.
    - (k) An area that is an established township before May 12, 2015:
    - (i) is, as of May 12, 2015, a planning advisory area; and
- 4567 (ii) (A) shall change its name, if applicable, to no longer include the word "township"; 4568 and
  - (B) may use the word "planning advisory area" in its name.
  - (2) The county legislative body may:
  - (a) assign to the countywide planning commission the duties established in this part that would have been assumed by a planning advisory area planning commission designated under Subsection (2)(b); or
    - (b) designate and appoint a planning commission for the planning advisory area.
  - (3) (a) An area within the boundary of a planning advisory area may be withdrawn from the planning advisory area as provided in this Subsection (3) or in accordance with Subsection (5)(a).
  - (b) The process to withdraw an area from a planning advisory area is initiated by the filing of a petition with the clerk of the county in which the planning advisory area is located.
    - (c) A petition under Subsection (3)(b) shall:
- 4581 (i) be signed by the owners of private real property that:
- (A) is located within the area proposed to be withdrawn from the planning advisory

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4583	area;
4584	(B) covers at least 50% of the total private land area within the area proposed to be
4585	withdrawn from the planning advisory area; and
4586	(C) is equal in value to at least 33% of the value of all private real property within the
4587	area proposed to be withdrawn from the planning advisory area;
4588	(ii) state the reason or reasons for the proposed withdrawal;
4589	(iii) be accompanied by an accurate plat or map showing the boundary of the
4590	contiguous area proposed to be withdrawn from the planning advisory area;
4591	(iv) indicate the typed or printed name and current residence address of each owner
4592	signing the petition;
4593	(v) designate up to five signers of the petition as petition sponsors, one of whom shall
4594	be designated as the contact sponsor, with the mailing address and telephone number of each
4595	petition sponsor;
4596	(vi) authorize the petition sponsor or sponsors to act on behalf of all owners signing the
4597	petition for purposes of the petition; and
4598	(vii) request the county legislative body to withdraw the area from the planning
4599	advisory area.
4600	(d) Subsection 10-2a-102(3) applies to a petition to withdraw an area from a planning
4601	advisory area to the same extent as if it were an incorporation petition under Title 10, Chapter
4602	2a, Municipal Incorporation.
4603	(e) (i) Within 45 days after the filing of a petition under Subsection (3)(b), the county
4604	clerk shall:
4605	(A) with the assistance of other county officers from whom the clerk requests
4606	assistance, determine whether the petition complies with the requirements of Subsection (3)(c);
4607	and
4608	(B) (I) if the clerk determines that the petition complies with the requirements of
4609	Subsection (3)(c):
4610	(Aa) certify the petition and deliver the certified petition to the county legislative body;
4611	and

(Bb) mail or deliver written notification of the certification to the contact sponsor; or

(II) if the clerk determines that the petition fails to comply with any of the requirements

of Subsection (3)(c), reject the petition and notify the contact sponsor in writing of the rejection and the reasons for the rejection.

- (ii) If the county clerk rejects a petition under Subsection (3)(e)(i)(B)(II), the petition may be amended to correct the deficiencies for which it was rejected and then refiled with the county clerk.
- (f) (i) Within 60 days after a petition to withdraw an area from a planning advisory area is certified, the county legislative body shall hold a public hearing on the proposal to withdraw the area from the planning advisory area.
  - (ii) A public hearing under Subsection (3)(f)(i) shall be held:
  - (A) within the area proposed to be withdrawn from the planning advisory area; or
- (B) if holding a public hearing in that area is not practicable, as close to that area as practicable.
- (iii) Before holding a public hearing under Subsection (3)(f)(i), the county legislative body shall[:(A)] publish notice of the petition and the time, date, and place of the public hearing [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for three consecutive weeks; and] for the area proposed to be withdrawn, as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least three weeks before the date of the hearing.
- [(B) mail a notice of the petition and the time, date, and place of the public hearing to each owner of private real property within the area proposed to be withdrawn.]
- (g) (i) Within 45 days after the public hearing under Subsection (3)(f)(i), the county legislative body shall make a written decision on the proposal to withdraw the area from the planning advisory area.
- (ii) In making its decision as to whether to withdraw the area from the planning advisory area, the county legislative body shall consider:
- (A) whether the withdrawal would leave the remaining planning advisory area in a situation where the future incorporation of an area within the planning advisory area or the annexation of an area within the planning advisory area to an adjoining municipality would be economically or practically not feasible:
- (B) if the withdrawal is a precursor to the incorporation or annexation of the withdrawn area:
  - (I) whether the proposed subsequent incorporation or withdrawal:

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petition sponsor;

for purposes of the petition; and

4645 (Aa) will leave or create an unincorporated island or peninsula; or 4646 (Bb) will leave the county with an area within its unincorporated area for which the 4647 cost, requirements, or other burdens of providing municipal services would materially increase 4648 over previous years; and 4649 (II) whether the municipality to be created or the municipality into which the 4650 withdrawn area is expected to annex would be or is capable, in a cost effective manner, of 4651 providing service to the withdrawn area that the county will no longer provide due to the 4652 incorporation or annexation: 4653 (C) the effects of a withdrawal on adjoining property owners, existing or projected 4654 county streets or other public improvements, law enforcement, and zoning and other municipal 4655 services provided by the county; and 4656 (D) whether justice and equity favor the withdrawal. 4657 (h) Upon the written decision of the county legislative body approving the withdrawal 4658 of an area from a planning advisory area, the area is withdrawn from the planning advisory area 4659 and the planning advisory area continues as a planning advisory area with a boundary that 4660 excludes the withdrawn area. 4661 (4) (a) A planning advisory area may be dissolved as provided in this Subsection (4). 4662 (b) The process to dissolve a planning advisory area is initiated by the filing of a 4663 petition with the clerk of the county in which the planning advisory area is located. 4664 (c) A petition under Subsection (4)(b) shall: (i) be signed by registered voters within the planning advisory area equal in number to 4665 4666 at least 25% of all votes cast by voters within the planning advisory area at the last 4667 congressional election; 4668 (ii) state the reason or reasons for the proposed dissolution; 4669 (iii) indicate the typed or printed name and current residence address of each person 4670 signing the petition; 4671 (iv) designate up to five signers of the petition as petition sponsors, one of whom shall 4672 be designated as the contact sponsor, with the mailing address and telephone number of each

(v) authorize the petition sponsors to act on behalf of all persons signing the petition

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- 4676 (vi) request the county legislative body to provide notice of the petition and of a public 4677 hearing, hold a public hearing, and conduct an election on the proposal to dissolve the planning 4678 advisory area.
  - (d) (i) Within 45 days after the filing of a petition under Subsection (4)(b), the county clerk shall:
  - (A) with the assistance of other county officers from whom the clerk requests assistance, determine whether the petition complies with the requirements of Subsection (4)(c); and
  - (B) (I) if the clerk determines that the petition complies with the requirements of Subsection (4)(c):
- 4686 (Aa) certify the petition and deliver the certified petition to the county legislative body; 4687 and
  - (Bb) mail or deliver written notification of the certification to the contact sponsor; or
  - (II) if the clerk determines that the petition fails to comply with any of the requirements of Subsection (4)(c), reject the petition and notify the contact sponsor in writing of the rejection and the reasons for the rejection.
  - (ii) If the county clerk rejects a petition under Subsection (4)(d)(i)(B)(II), the petition may be amended to correct the deficiencies for which it was rejected and then refiled with the county clerk.
  - (e) (i) Within 60 days after a petition to dissolve the planning advisory area is certified, the county legislative body shall hold a public hearing on the proposal to dissolve the planning advisory area.
    - (ii) A public hearing under Subsection (4)(e)(i) shall be held:
    - (A) within the boundary of the planning advisory area; or
  - (B) if holding a public hearing in that area is not practicable, as close to that area as practicable.
  - (iii) Before holding a public hearing under Subsection (4)(e)(i), the county legislative body shall publish notice of the petition and the time, date, and place of the public hearing [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601,] for the county, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for three consecutive weeks immediately before the public hearing.

- (f) Following the public hearing under Subsection (4)(e)(i), the county legislative body shall arrange for the proposal to dissolve the planning advisory area to be submitted to voters residing within the planning advisory area at the next regular general election that is more than 90 days after the public hearing.
  - (g) A planning advisory area is dissolved at the time of the canvass of the results of an election under Subsection (4)(f) if the canvass indicates that a majority of voters voting on the proposal to dissolve the planning advisory area voted in favor of the proposal.
  - (5) (a) If a portion of an area located within a planning advisory area is annexed by a municipality or incorporates, that portion is withdrawn from the planning advisory area.
  - (b) If a planning advisory area in whole is annexed by a municipality or incorporates, the planning advisory area is dissolved.
    - Section 88. Section 17-27a-404 is amended to read:
  - 17-27a-404. Public hearing by planning commission on proposed general plan or amendment -- Notice -- Revisions to general plan or amendment -- Adoption or rejection by legislative body.
  - (1) (a) After completing the planning commission's recommendation for a proposed general plan, or proposal to amend the general plan, the planning commission shall schedule and hold a public hearing on the proposed plan or amendment.
  - (b) The planning commission shall provide notice of the public hearing[, as required by Section 17-27a-204.] for the county, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 10 calendar days before the day of the public hearing.
  - (c) After the public hearing, the planning commission may modify the proposed general plan or amendment.
  - (2) The planning commission shall forward the proposed general plan or amendment to the legislative body.
  - (3) (a) As provided by local ordinance and by Section 17-27a-204, the legislative body shall provide notice of the legislative body's intent to consider the general plan proposal.
  - (b) (i) In addition to the requirements of Subsections (1), (2), and (3)(a), the legislative body shall hold a public hearing in Salt Lake City on provisions of the proposed county plan regarding Subsection 17-27a-401(4). The hearing procedure shall comply with this Subsection (3)(b).

- 4738 (ii) The hearing format shall allow adequate time for public comment at the actual 4739 public hearing, and shall also allow for public comment in writing to be submitted to the legislative body for not fewer than 90 days after the date of the public hearing.
  - (c) (i) The legislative body shall give notice of the hearing in accordance with this Subsection (3) when the proposed plan provisions required by Subsection 17-27a-401(4) are complete.
  - (ii) Direct notice of the hearing shall be given, in writing, to the governor, members of the state Legislature, executive director of the Department of Environmental Quality, the state planning coordinator, the Resource Development Coordinating Committee, and any other citizens or entities who specifically request notice in writing.
  - (iii) Public notice shall be given [by publication on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601] for the county, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 180 days.
  - (iv) The notice shall be published to allow reasonable time for interested parties and the state to evaluate the information regarding Subsection 17-27a-401(4), including publication described in Subsection (3)(c)(iii) for 180 days before the date of the hearing to be held under this Subsection (3).
  - (4) (a) After the public hearing required under this section, the legislative body may adopt, reject, or make any revisions to the proposed general plan that the legislative body considers appropriate.
  - (b) The legislative body shall respond in writing and in a substantive manner to all those providing comments as a result of the hearing required by Subsection (3).
  - (c) If the county legislative body rejects the proposed general plan or amendment, the legislative body may provide suggestions to the planning commission for the planning commission's review and recommendation.
    - (5) The legislative body shall adopt:
    - (a) a land use element as provided in Subsection 17-27a-403(2)(a)(i);
- 4765 (b) a transportation and traffic circulation element as provided in Subsection 4766 17-27a-403(2)(a)(ii);
- 4767 (c) for a specified county as defined in Section 17-27a-408, a moderate income housing element as provided in Subsection 17-27a-403(2)(a)(iii);

4769	(d) a resource management plan as provided by Subsection 17-27a-403(2)(a)(iv); and
4770	(e) on or before December 31, 2025, a water use and preservation element as provided
4771	in Subsection 17-27a-403(2)(a)(v).
4772	Section 89. Section 17-36-12 is amended to read:
4773	17-36-12. Notice of budget hearing.
4774	(1) The governing body shall determine the time and place for the public hearing on the
4775	adoption of the budget.
4776	(2) Notice of such hearing shall be published[:] for the county, as a class A notice
4777	under Section 63G-28-102, for at least seven days before the day of the hearing.
4778	[(a) (i) at least seven days before the hearing in at least one newspaper of general
4779	circulation within the county, if there is such a paper; or]
4780	[(ii) if there is no newspaper as described in Subsection (2)(a)(i), by posting notice in
4781	three conspicuous places within the county seven days before the hearing;]
4782	[(b) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for seven days
4783	before the hearing; and]
4784	[(c) on the home page of the county's website, either in full or as a link, if the county
4785	has a publicly viewable website, beginning at least seven days before the hearing and until the
4786	hearing takes place.]
4787	Section 90. Section 17-36-26 is amended to read:
4788	17-36-26. Increase in budgetary fund or county general fund Public hearing
4789	Notice.
4790	(1) Before the governing body may, by resolution, increase a budget appropriation of
4791	any budgetary fund, increase the budget of the county general fund, or make an amendment to a
4792	budgetary fund or the county general fund, the governing body shall hold a public hearing
4793	giving all interested parties an opportunity to be heard.
4794	(2) Notice of the public hearing described in Subsection (1) shall be published for the
4795	county, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least five days before the day of
4796	the hearing[:].
4797	[(a) (i) in at least one issue of a newspaper generally circulated in the county; or]
4798	[(ii) if there is not a newspaper generally circulated in the county, the hearing may be
4799	published by posting notice in three conspicuous places within the county;]

4800	[(b) on the Utah Public Notice Website created under Section 63A-16-601; and]
4801	[(c) on the home page of the county's website, either in full or as a link, if the county
4802	has a publicly viewable website, until the hearing takes place.]
4803	Section 91. Section 17-41-302 is amended to read:
4804	17-41-302. Notice of proposal for creation of protection area Responses.
4805	(1) (a) An applicable legislative body shall provide notice of the proposal [by:], as a
4806	class B notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 15 days.
4807	(b) A legislative body shall provide the notice described in Subsection (1)(a) for the
4808	geographic boundaries of the proposed agriculture protection area, industrial protection area, or
4809	critical infrastructure materials protection area, and the area that extends 1,000 feet beyond the
4810	geographic boundaries of the proposed agriculture protection area, industrial protection area, or
4811	critical infrastructure materials protection area.
4812	[(a) posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601;]
4813	[(b) posting notice at five public places, designated by the county or municipal
4814	legislative body, within or near the proposed agriculture protection area, industrial protection
4815	area, or critical infrastructure materials protection area; and]
4816	[(c) mailing written notice to each owner of land within 1,000 feet of the land proposed
4817	for inclusion within an agriculture protection area, industrial protection area, or critical
4818	infrastructure materials protection area.]
4819	(2) The notice shall contain:
4820	(a) a statement that a proposal for the creation of an agriculture protection area,
4821	industrial protection area, or critical infrastructure materials protection area has been filed with
4822	the applicable legislative body;
4823	(b) a statement that the proposal will be open to public inspection in the office of the
4824	applicable legislative body;
4825	(c) a statement that any person affected by the establishment of the area may, within 15
4826	days of the date of the notice, file with the applicable legislative body:
4827	(i) written objections to the proposal; or
4828	(ii) a written request to modify the proposal to exclude land from or add land to the
4829	proposed protection area;
4830	(d) a statement that the applicable legislative body will submit the proposal to the

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4831	advisory committee and to the planning commission for review and recommendations;
4832	(e) a statement that the applicable legislative body will hold a public hearing to discuss
4833	and hear public comment on:
4834	(i) the proposal to create the agriculture protection area, industrial protection area, or
4835	critical infrastructure materials protection area;
4836	(ii) the recommendations of the advisory committee and planning commission; and
4837	(iii) any requests for modification of the proposal and any objections to the proposal;
4838	and
4839	(f) a statement indicating the date, time, and place of the public hearing.
4840	(3) (a) A person wishing to modify the proposal for the creation of the agriculture
4841	protection area, industrial protection area, or critical infrastructure materials protection area
4842	shall, within 15 days after the date of the notice, file a written request for modification of the
4843	proposal, which identifies specifically the land that should be added to or removed from the
4844	proposal.
4845	(b) A person wishing to object to the proposal for the creation of the agriculture
4846	protection area, industrial protection area, or critical infrastructure materials protection area
4847	shall, within 15 days after the date of the notice, file a written objection to the creation of the
4848	relevant protection area.
4849	Section 92. Section 17-41-304 is amended to read:
4850	17-41-304. Public hearing Notice Review and action on proposal.
4851	(1) After receipt of the written reports from the advisory committee and planning
4852	commission, or after the 45 days have expired, whichever is earlier, the county or municipal
4853	legislative body shall:
4854	(a) schedule a public hearing;
4855	(b) provide notice of the public hearing [by:] for the geographic area described in
4856	Subsection 17-41-302(1)(b), as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least seven
4857	days; and
4858	[(i) posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601;]
4859	(ii) posting notice at five public places, designated by the applicable legislative body.

within or near the proposed agriculture protection area, industrial protection area, or critical

infrastructure materials protection area; and]

4862	[(iii) mailing written notice to each owner of land within 1,000 feet of the land
4863	proposed for inclusion within an agriculture protection area, industrial protection area, or
4864	critical infrastructure materials protection area; and]
4865	(c) ensure that the notice includes:
4866	(i) the time, date, and place of the public hearing on the proposal;
4867	(ii) a description of the proposed agriculture protection area, industrial protection area,
4868	or critical infrastructure materials protection area;
4869	(iii) any proposed modifications to the proposed agriculture protection area, industrial
4870	protection area, or critical infrastructure materials protection area;
4871	(iv) a summary of the recommendations of the advisory committee and planning
4872	commission; and
4873	(v) a statement that interested persons may appear at the public hearing and speak in
4874	favor of or against the proposal, any proposed modifications to the proposal, or the
4875	recommendations of the advisory committee and planning commission.
4876	(2) The applicable legislative body shall:
4877	(a) convene the public hearing at the time, date, and place specified in the notice; and
4878	(b) take oral or written testimony from interested persons.
4879	(3) (a) Within 120 days of the submission of the proposal, the applicable legislative
4880	body shall approve, modify and approve, or reject the proposal.
4881	(b) The creation of an agriculture protection area, industrial protection area, or critical
4882	infrastructure materials protection area is effective at the earlier of:
4883	(i) the applicable legislative body's approval of a proposal or modified proposal; or
4884	(ii) 120 days after submission of a proposal complying with Subsection 17-41-301(2) if
4885	the applicable legislative body has failed to approve or reject the proposal within that time.
4886	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(b), a critical infrastructure materials protection area
4887	is effective only if the applicable legislative body, at its discretion, approves a proposal or
4888	modified proposal.
4889	(4) (a) To give constructive notice of the existence of the agriculture protection area,
4890	industrial protection area, or critical infrastructure materials protection area to all persons who
4891	have, may acquire, or may seek to acquire an interest in land in or adjacent to the relevant
4892	protection area within 10 days of the creation of the relevant protection area, the applicable

4893	legislative body shall file an executed document containing a legal description of the relevant
4894	protection area with:
4895	(i) the county recorder of deeds; and
4896	(ii) the affected planning commission.
4897	(b) If the legal description of the property to be included in the relevant protection area
4898	is available through the county recorder's office, the applicable legislative body shall use that
4899	legal description in its executed document required in Subsection (4)(a).
4900	(5) Within 10 days of the recording of the agriculture protection area, the applicable
4901	legislative body shall:
4902	(a) send written notification to the commissioner of agriculture and food that the
4903	agriculture protection area has been created; and
4904	(b) include in the notification:
4905	(i) the number of landowners owning land within the agriculture protection area;
4906	(ii) the total acreage of the area;
4907	(iii) the date of approval of the area; and
4908	(iv) the date of recording.
4909	(6) The applicable legislative body's failure to record the notice required under
4910	Subsection (4) or to send the written notification under Subsection (5) does not invalidate the
4911	creation of an agriculture protection area.
4912	(7) The applicable legislative body may consider the cost of recording notice under
4913	Subsection (4) and the cost of sending notification under Subsection (5) in establishing a fee
4914	under Subsection 17-41-301(4)(b).
4915	Section 93. Section 17-41-405 is amended to read:
4916	17-41-405. Eminent domain restrictions Notice of hearing.
4917	(1) A political subdivision having or exercising eminent domain powers may not
4918	condemn for any purpose any land within an agriculture protection area that is being used for
4919	agricultural production, land within an industrial protection area that is being put to an
4920	industrial use, or land within a critical infrastructure materials protection area, unless the
4921	political subdivision obtains approval, according to the procedures and requirements of this

(2) Any condemnor wishing to condemn property within an agriculture protection area,

section, from the applicable legislative body and the advisory board.

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4924	industrial protection area, or critical infrastructure materials protection area shall file a notice
4925	of condemnation with the applicable legislative body and the relevant protection area's advisory
4926	board at least 30 days before filing an eminent domain complaint.
4927	(3) The applicable legislative body and the advisory board shall:
4928	(a) hold a joint public hearing on the proposed condemnation at a location within the
4929	county in which the relevant protection area is located; and
4930	(b) [post] publish notice of the time, date, place, and purpose of the public hearing[:]
4931	for the relevant protection area, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least
4932	seven days.
4933	[(i) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; and]
4934	[(ii) in five conspicuous public places, designated by the applicable legislative body,
4935	within or near the relevant protection area.]
4936	(4) (a) If the condemnation is for highway purposes or for the disposal of solid or
4937	liquid waste materials, the applicable legislative body and the advisory board may approve the
4938	condemnation only if there is no reasonable and prudent alternative to the use of the land
4939	within the agriculture protection area, industrial protection area, or critical infrastructure

- materials protection area for the project. (b) If the condemnation is for any other purpose, the applicable legislative body and the
- (i) the proposed condemnation would not have an unreasonably adverse effect upon the preservation and enhancement of:
  - (A) agriculture within the agriculture protection area;

advisory board may approve the condemnation only if:

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- (B) the industrial use within the industrial protection area; or
- (C) critical infrastructure materials operations within the critical infrastructure materials protection area; or
- (ii) there is no reasonable and prudent alternative to the use of the land within the relevant protection area for the project.
- (5) (a) Within 60 days after receipt of the notice of condemnation, the applicable legislative body and the advisory board shall approve or reject the proposed condemnation.
- (b) If the applicable legislative body and the advisory board fail to act within the 60 days or such further time as the applicable legislative body establishes, the condemnation shall

4955 be considered reject
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- 4956 (6) The applicable legislative body or the advisory board may request the county or 4957 municipal attorney to bring an action to enjoin any condemnor from violating any provisions of 4958 this section.
  - Section 94. Section 17-50-303 is amended to read:
  - 17-50-303. County may not give or lend credit -- County may borrow in anticipation of revenues -- Assistance to nonprofit and private entities -- Notice requirements.
  - (1) A county may not give or lend its credit to or in aid of any person or corporation, or, except as provided in Subsection (3), appropriate money in aid of any private enterprise.
  - (2) (a) A county may borrow money in anticipation of the collection of taxes and other county revenues in the manner and subject to the conditions of Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act.
  - (b) A county may incur indebtedness under Subsection (2)(a) for any purpose for which funds of the county may be expended.
  - (3) (a) A county may appropriate money to or provide nonmonetary assistance to a nonprofit entity, or waive fees required to be paid by a nonprofit entity, if, in the judgment of the county legislative body, the assistance contributes to the safety, health, prosperity, moral well-being, peace, order, comfort, or convenience of county residents.
  - (b) A county may appropriate money to a nonprofit entity from the county's own funds or from funds the county receives from the state or any other source.
    - (4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4):
    - (i) "Private enterprise" means a person that engages in an activity for profit.
    - (ii) "Project" means an activity engaged in by a private enterprise.
    - (b) A county may appropriate money in aid of a private enterprise project if:
  - (i) subject to Subsection (4)(c), the county receives value in return for the money appropriated; and
  - (ii) in the judgment of the county legislative body, the private enterprise project provides for the safety, health, prosperity, moral well-being, peace, order, comfort, or convenience of the county residents.
    - (c) The county shall measure the net value received by the county for money

appropriated by the county to a private entity on a project-by-project basis over the life of the project.

- (d) (i) Before a county legislative body may appropriate funds in aid of a private enterprise project under this Subsection (4), the county legislative body shall:
- (A) adopt by ordinance criteria to determine what value, if any, the county will receive in return for money appropriated under this Subsection (4);
- (B) conduct a study as described in Subsection (4)(e) on the proposed appropriation and private enterprise project; and
- (C) post notice, subject to Subsection (4)(f), and hold a public hearing on the proposed appropriation and the private enterprise project.
- (ii) The county legislative body may consider an intangible benefit as a value received by the county.
- (e) (i) Before publishing or posting notice in accordance with Subsection (4)(f), the county shall study:
- (A) any value the county will receive in return for money or resources appropriated to a private entity;
- (B) the county's purpose for the appropriation, including an analysis of the way the appropriation will be used to enhance the safety, health, prosperity, moral well-being, peace, order, comfort, or convenience of the county residents; and
- (C) whether the appropriation is necessary and appropriate to accomplish the reasonable goals and objectives of the county in the area of economic development, job creation, affordable housing, elimination of a development impediment, as defined in Section 17C-1-102, job preservation, the preservation of historic structures, analyzing and improving county government structure or property, or any other public purpose.
  - (ii) The county shall:
  - (A) prepare a written report of the results of the study; and
- (B) make the report available to the public at least 14 days immediately prior to the scheduled day of the public hearing described in Subsection (4)(d)(i)(C).
- (f) The county shall publish notice of the public hearing required in Subsection (4)(d)(i)(C)[:] for the county, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 14 days before the day of the public hearing.

5017	(i) in a newspaper of general circulation at least 14 days before the date of the hearing
5018	or, if there is no newspaper of general circulation, by posting notice in at least three
5019	conspicuous places within the county for the same time period; and]
5020	[(ii) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, at least 14 days
5021	before the date of the hearing.]
5022	(g) (i) A person may appeal the decision of the county legislative body to appropriate
5023	funds under this Subsection (4).
5024	(ii) A person shall file an appeal with the district court within 30 days after the day on
5025	which the legislative body adopts an ordinance or approves a budget to appropriate the funds.
5026	(iii) A court shall:
5027	(A) presume that an ordinance adopted or appropriation made under this Subsection (4)
5028	is valid; and
5029	(B) determine only whether the ordinance or appropriation is arbitrary, capricious, or
5030	illegal.
5031	(iv) A determination of illegality requires a determination that the decision or
5032	ordinance violates a law, statute, or ordinance in effect at the time the decision was made or the
5033	ordinance was adopted.
5034	(v) The district court's review is limited to:
5035	(A) a review of the criteria adopted by the county legislative body under Subsection
5036	(4)(d)(i)(A);
5037	(B) the record created by the county legislative body at the public hearing described in
5038	Subsection (4)(d)(i)(C); and
5039	(C) the record created by the county in preparation of the study and the study itself as
5040	described in Subsection (4)(e).
5041	(vi) If there is no record, the court may call witnesses and take evidence.
5042	(h) This section applies only to an appropriation not otherwise approved in accordance
5043	with Title 17, Chapter 36, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Counties.
5044	Section 95. Section 17B-1-106 is amended to read:
5045	17B-1-106. Notice before preparing or amending a long-range plan or acquiring
5046	certain property.
5047	(1) As used in this section:

- (a) (i) "Affected entity" means each county, municipality, local district under this title, special service district, school district, interlocal cooperation entity established under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, and specified public utility:
  - (A) whose services or facilities are likely to require expansion or significant modification because of an intended use of land; or
  - (B) that has filed with the local district a copy of the general or long-range plan of the county, municipality, local district, school district, interlocal cooperation entity, or specified public utility.
  - (ii) "Affected entity" does not include the local district that is required under this section to provide notice.
  - (b) "Specified public utility" means an electrical corporation, gas corporation, or telephone corporation, as those terms are defined in Section 54-2-1.
  - (2) (a) If a local district under this title located in a county of the first or second class prepares a long-range plan regarding the local district's facilities proposed for the future or amends an already existing long-range plan, the local district shall, before preparing a long-range plan or amendments to an existing long-range plan, provide written notice, as provided in this section, of the local district's intent to prepare a long-range plan or to amend an existing long-range plan.
    - (b) Each notice under Subsection (2)(a) shall:
  - (i) indicate that the local district intends to prepare a long-range plan or to amend a long-range plan, as the case may be;
  - (ii) describe or provide a map of the geographic area that will be affected by the long-range plan or amendments to a long-range plan;
    - (iii) be:
  - (A) sent to each county in whose unincorporated area and each municipality in whose boundaries is located the land on which the proposed long-range plan or amendments to a long-range plan are expected to indicate that the proposed facilities will be located;
    - (B) sent to each affected entity:
    - (C) sent to the Utah Geospatial Resource Center created in Section 63A-16-505;
- 5077 (D) sent to each association of governments, established pursuant to an interlocal agreement under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, of which a county or

50/9	municipality described in Subsection (2)(b)(iii)(A) is a member; and
5080	(E) published for the local district, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at
5081	least 14 days;
5082	[(E) (I) placed on the Utah Public Notice Website created under Section 63A-16-601, if
5083	the local district:
5084	[(Aa) is required under Subsection 52-4-203(3) to use that website to provide public
5085	notice of a meeting; or]
5086	[(Bb) voluntarily chooses to place notice on that website despite not being required to
5087	do so under Subsection (2)(b)(iii)(E)(I)(Aa); or]
5088	[(II) the state planning coordinator appointed under Section 63J-4-401, if the local
5089	district does not provide notice on the Utah Public Notice Website under Subsection
5090	<del>(2)(b)(iii)(E)(I);</del> ]
5091	(iv) with respect to the notice to counties and municipalities described in Subsection
5092	(2)(b)(iii)(A) and affected entities, invite them to provide information for the local district to
5093	consider in the process of preparing, adopting, and implementing the long-range plan or
5094	amendments to a long-range plan concerning:
5095	(A) impacts that the use of land proposed in the proposed long-range plan or
5096	amendments to a long-range plan may have on the county, municipality, or affected entity; and
5097	(B) uses of land that the county, municipality, or affected entity is planning or
5098	considering that may conflict with the proposed long-range plan or amendments to a long-range
5099	plan; and
5100	(v) include the address of an Internet website, if the local district has one, and the name
5101	and telephone number of an individual where more information can be obtained concerning the
5102	local district's proposed long-range plan or amendments to a long-range plan.
5103	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(d), each local district intending to acquire
5104	real property in a county of the first or second class for the purpose of expanding the local
5105	district's infrastructure or other facilities used for providing the services that the local district is
5106	authorized to provide shall provide written notice, as provided in this Subsection (3), of the
5107	local district's intent to acquire the property if the intended use of the property is contrary to:
5108	(i) the anticipated use of the property under the county or municipality's general plan;
5109	or

5110	(11) the property's current zoning designation.
5111	(b) Each notice under Subsection (3)(a) shall:
5112	(i) indicate that the local district intends to acquire real property;
5113	(ii) identify the real property; and
5114	(iii) be sent to:
5115	(A) each county in whose unincorporated area and each municipality in whose
5116	boundaries the property is located; and
5117	(B) each affected entity.
5118	(c) A notice under this Subsection (3) is a protected record as provided in Subsection
5119	63G-2-305(8).
5120	(d) (i) The notice requirement of Subsection (3)(a) does not apply if the local district
5121	previously provided notice under Subsection (2) identifying the general location within the
5122	municipality or unincorporated part of the county where the property to be acquired is located.
5123	(ii) If a local district is not required to comply with the notice requirement of
5124	Subsection (3)(a) because of application of Subsection (3)(d)(i), the local district shall provide
5125	the notice specified in Subsection (3)(a) as soon as practicable after the local district's
5126	acquisition of the real property.
5127	Section 96. Section 17B-1-111 is amended to read:
5128	17B-1-111. Impact fee resolution Notice and hearing requirements.
5129	(1) (a) If a local district wishes to impose impact fees, the board of trustees of the local
5130	district shall:
5131	(i) prepare a proposed impact fee resolution that meets the requirements of Title 11,
5132	Chapter 36a, Impact Fees Act;
5133	(ii) make a copy of the impact fee resolution available to the public at least $[\frac{14}{2}]$ 10
5134	days before the date of the public hearing and hold a public hearing on the proposed impact fee
5135	resolution; and
5136	(iii) provide reasonable notice of the public hearing for the local district, as a class A
5137	notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least [14] 10 days before the date of the hearing.
5138	(b) After the public hearing, the board of trustees may:
5139	(i) adopt the impact fee resolution as proposed;
5140	(ii) amend the impact fee resolution and adopt or reject it as amended; or

3141	(iii) reject the resolution.
5142	[(2) A local district meets the requirements of reasonable notice required by this
5143	section if it:]
5144	[(a) posts notice of the hearing or meeting in at least three public places within the
5145	<del>jurisdiction; or</del> ]
5146	[(b) gives actual notice of the hearing or meeting.]
5147	[(3)] (2) The local district's board of trustees may enact a resolution establishing
5148	stricter notice requirements than those required by this section.
5149	[(4)] (3) (a) Proof that [one of the two forms of] notice required by this section was
5150	given is prima facie evidence that notice was properly given.
5151	(b) If notice given under authority of this section is not challenged within 30 days from
5152	the date of the meeting for which the notice was given, the notice is considered adequate and
5153	proper.
5154	Section 97. Section 17B-1-211 is amended to read:
5155	17B-1-211. Notice of public hearings Publication of resolution.
5156	(1) Before holding a public hearing or set of public hearings under Section 17B-1-210,
5157	the legislative body of each county or municipality with which a request is filed or that adopts a
5158	resolution under Subsection 17B-1-203(1)(d) and the board of trustees of each local district
5159	that adopts a resolution under Subsection 17B-1-203(1)(e) shall[:] publish notice for the
5160	proposed local district, as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least two weeks
5161	before the day of the hearing or the day of the first of the set of hearings.
5162	[(a) (i) in accordance with Subsection (2), post at least one notice per 1,000 population
5163	of the applicable area and at places within the area that are most likely to provide actual notice
5164	to residents of the area; and]
5165	[(ii) publish notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601,
5166	for two weeks before the hearing or the first of the set of hearings; or]
5167	[(b) mail a notice to each registered voter residing within and each owner of real
5168	property located within the proposed local district.]
5169	(2) Each notice required under Subsection (1) shall:
5170	(a) if the hearing or set of hearings is concerning a resolution:
5171	(i) contain the entire text or an accurate summary of the resolution; and

5172	(ii) state the deadline for filing a protest against the creation of the proposed local
5173	district;
5174	(b) clearly identify each governing body involved in the hearing or set of hearings;
5175	(c) state the date, time, and place for the hearing or set of hearings and the purposes for
5176	the hearing or set of hearings; and
5177	(d) describe or include a map of the entire proposed local district.
5178	(3) County or municipal legislative bodies may jointly provide the notice required
5179	under this section if all the requirements of this section are met as to each notice.
5180	Section 98. Section 17B-1-304 is amended to read:
5181	17B-1-304. Appointment procedures for appointed members Notice of vacancy
5182	(1) The appointing authority may, by resolution, appoint persons to serve as members
5183	of a local district board by following the procedures established by this section.
5184	(2) (a) In any calendar year when appointment of a new local district board member is
5185	required, the appointing authority shall prepare a notice of vacancy that contains:
5186	(i) the positions that are vacant that shall be filled by appointment;
5187	(ii) the qualifications required to be appointed to those positions;
5188	(iii) the procedures for appointment that the governing body will follow in making
5189	those appointments; and
5190	(iv) the person to be contacted and any deadlines that a person shall meet who wishes
5191	to be considered for appointment to those positions.
5192	(b) The appointing authority shall[:] publish the notice of vacancy for the local district,
5193	as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least one month before the deadline for
5194	accepting nominees for appointment.
5195	[(i) post the notice of vacancy in four public places within the local district at least one
5196	month before the deadline for accepting nominees for appointment; and]
5197	[(ii) post the notice of vacancy on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
5198	63A-16-601, for five days before the deadline for accepting nominees for appointment.]
5199	(c) The appointing authority may bill the local district for the cost of preparing,
5200	printing, and publishing the notice.
5201	(3) (a) After the appointing authority is notified of a vacancy and has satisfied the
5202	requirements described in Subsection (2), the appointing authority shall select a person to fill

applicable, whenever feasible.

5203	the vacancy from the applicants who meet the qualifications established by law.
5204	(b) The appointing authority shall:
5205	(i) comply with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, in making the
5206	appointment;
5207	(ii) allow any interested persons to be heard; and
5208	(iii) adopt a resolution appointing a person to the local district board.
5209	(c) If no candidate for appointment to fill the vacancy receives a majority vote of the
5210	appointing authority, the appointing authority shall select the appointee from the two top
5211	candidates by lot.
5212	(4) Persons appointed to serve as members of the local district board serve four-year
5213	terms, but may be removed for cause at any time after a hearing by two-thirds vote of the
5214	appointing body.
5215	(5) (a) At the end of each board member's term, the position is considered vacant, and,
5216	after following the appointment procedures established in this section, the appointing authority
5217	may either reappoint the incumbent board member or appoint a new member.
5218	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a), a board member may continue to serve until a
5219	successor is elected or appointed and qualified in accordance with Subsection 17B-1-303(2)(b).
5220	(6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if the appointing authority
5221	appoints one of its own members and that member meets all applicable statutory board member
5222	qualifications, the appointing authority need not comply with Subsection (2) or (3).
5223	Section 99. Section 17B-1-306 is amended to read:
5224	17B-1-306. Local district board Election procedures Notice.
5225	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (12), each elected board member shall be selected
5226	as provided in this section.
5227	(2) (a) Each election of a local district board member shall be held:
5228	(i) at the same time as the municipal general election or the regular general election, as
5229	applicable; and
5230	(ii) at polling places designated by the local district board in consultation with the
5231	county clerk for each county in which the local district is located, which polling places shall
5232	coincide with municipal general election or regular general election polling places, as

5234 (b) The local district board, in consultation with the county clerk, may consolidate two 5235 or more polling places to enable voters from more than one district to vote at one consolidated 5236 polling place. 5237 (c) (i) Subject to Subsections (5)(h) and (i), the number of polling places under 5238 Subsection (2)(a)(ii) in an election of board members of an irrigation district shall be one 5239 polling place per division of the district, designated by the district board. 5240 (ii) Each polling place designated by an irrigation district board under Subsection 5241 (2)(c)(i) shall coincide with a polling place designated by the county clerk under Subsection 5242 (2)(a)(ii). 5243 (3) The clerk of each local district with a board member position to be filled at the next 5244 municipal general election or regular general election, as applicable, shall provide notice of: 5245 (a) each elective position of the local district to be filled at the next municipal general 5246 election or regular general election, as applicable: 5247 (b) the constitutional and statutory qualifications for each position; and (c) the dates and times for filing a declaration of candidacy. 5248 5249 (4) The clerk of the local district shall publish the notice described in Subsection (3)[:] 5250 for the local district, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 10 days before 5251 the first day for filing a declaration of candidacy. 5252 (a) by posting the notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 5253 63A-16-601, for 10 days before the first day for filing a declaration of candidacy; 5254 (b) by posting the notice in at least five public places within the local district at least 5255 10 days before the first day for filing a declaration of candidacy; and 5256 [(c) if the local district has a website, on the local district's website for 10 days before 5257 the first day for filing a declaration of candidacy. 5258 (5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), to become a candidate for an elective 5259 local district board position, an individual shall file a declaration of candidacy in person with 5260 an official designated by the local district within the candidate filing period for the applicable 5261 election year in which the election for the local district board is held and:

holiday or weekend; or

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(i) during the local district's standard office hours, if the standard office hours provide

at least three consecutive office hours each day during the candidate filing period that is not a

5265	(ii) if the standard office hours of a local district do not provide at least three	
5266	consecutive office hours each day, a three-hour consecutive time period each day designate	
5267	the local district during the candidate filing period that is not a holiday or weekend.	
5268	(b) When the candidate filing deadline falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday, the	
5269	filing time shall be extended until the close of normal office hours on the following regular	
5270	business day.	
5271	(c) Subject to Subsection (5)(f), an individual may designate an agent to file a	
5272	declaration of candidacy with the official designated by the local district if:	
5273	(i) the individual is located outside of the state during the entire filing period;	
5274	(ii) the designated agent appears in person before the official designated by the local	
5275	district; and	
5276	(iii) the individual communicates with the official designated by the local district using	
5277	an electronic device that allows the individual and official to see and hear each other.	
5278	(d) (i) Before the filing officer may accept any declaration of candidacy from an	
5279	individual, the filing officer shall:	
5280	(A) read to the individual the constitutional and statutory qualification requirements for	
5281	the office that the individual is seeking; and	
5282	(B) require the individual to state whether the individual meets those requirements.	
5283	(ii) If the individual does not meet the qualification requirements for the office, the	
5284	filing officer may not accept the individual's declaration of candidacy.	
5285	(iii) If it appears that the individual meets the requirements of candidacy, the filing	
5286	officer shall accept the individual's declaration of candidacy.	
5287	(e) The declaration of candidacy shall be in substantially the following form:	
5288	"I, (print name), being first duly sworn, say that I reside at (Street)	
5289	, City of, County of, state of Utah, (Zip	
5290	Code), (Telephone Number, if any); that I meet the qualifications for the	
5291	office of board of trustees member for (state the name of the local	
5292	district); that I am a candidate for that office to be voted upon at the next election; and that, if	
5293	filing via a designated agent, I will be out of the state of Utah during the entire candidate filing	

period, and I hereby request that my name be printed upon the official ballot for that election.

	(Signed)		
	Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me by	on this	day
of_	··		
	(Signed)		
	(Clerk or Notary Public)".		
	(f) An agent designated under Subsection (5)(c) may not sign	n the form described	l in
Sub	osection (5)(e).		
	(g) Each individual wishing to become a valid write-in cand	idate for an elective	local
dist	trict board position is governed by Section 20A-9-601.		
	(h) If at least one individual does not file a declaration of car	ndidacy as required	by this
sec	tion, an individual shall be appointed to fill that board position in	accordance with th	e
app	pointment provisions of Section 20A-1-512.		
	(i) If only one candidate files a declaration of candidacy and	there is no write-in	
can	didate who complies with Section 20A-9-601, the board, in according	rdance with Section	
<b>20</b> A	A-1-206, may:		
	(i) consider the candidate to be elected to the position; and		
	(ii) cancel the election.		
	(6) (a) A primary election may be held if:		
	(i) the election is authorized by the local district board; and		
	(ii) the number of candidates for a particular local board pos	ition or office excee	eds
twi	ce the number of persons needed to fill that position or office.		
	(b) The primary election shall be conducted:		
	(i) on the same date as the municipal primary election or the	regular primary ele	ction,
as a	applicable; and		
	(ii) according to the procedures for primary elections provide	ed under Title 20A,	
Ele	ction Code.		
	(7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c), within one b	ousiness day after the	e
dea	dline for filing a declaration of candidacy, the local district clerk	shall certify the can	didate
nan	nes to the clerk of each county in which the local district is locate	ed.	

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person's election.

5324 (b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c) and in accordance with Section 20A-6-305, the clerk of each county in which the local district is located and the local district 5325 5326 clerk shall coordinate the placement of the name of each candidate for local district office in 5327 the nonpartisan section of the ballot with the appropriate election officer. 5328 (ii) If consolidation of the local district election ballot with the municipal general 5329 election ballot or the regular general election ballot, as applicable, is not feasible, the local 5330 district board of trustees, in consultation with the county clerk, shall provide for a separate 5331 local district election ballot to be administered by poll workers at polling places designated 5332 under Subsection (2). 5333 (c) (i) Subsections (7)(a) and (b) do not apply to an election of a member of the board 5334 of an irrigation district established under Chapter 2a, Part 5, Irrigation District Act. 5335 (ii) (A) Subject to Subsection (7)(c)(ii)(B), the board of each irrigation district shall prescribe the form of the ballot for each board member election. 5336 5337 (B) Each ballot for an election of an irrigation district board member shall be in a 5338 nonpartisan format. 5339 (C) The name of each candidate shall be placed on the ballot in the order specified 5340 under Section 20A-6-305. 5341 (8) (a) Each voter at an election for a board of trustees member of a local district shall: 5342 (i) be a registered voter within the district, except for an election of: 5343 (A) an irrigation district board of trustees member; or 5344 (B) a basic local district board of trustees member who is elected by property owners; 5345 and (ii) meet the requirements to vote established by the district. 5346 5347 (b) Each voter may vote for as many candidates as there are offices to be filled. 5348 (c) The candidates who receive the highest number of votes are elected. 5349 (9) Except as otherwise provided by this section, the election of local district board 5350 members is governed by Title 20A, Election Code. 5351 (10) (a) Except as provided in Subsection 17B-1-303(8), a person elected to serve on a 5352 local district board shall serve a four-year term, beginning at noon on the January 1 after the

(b) A person elected shall be sworn in as soon as practical after January 1.

- 5355 (11) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (11)(b), each local district shall reimburse 5356 the county or municipality holding an election under this section for the costs of the election 5357 attributable to that local district. 5358 (b) Each irrigation district shall bear the district's own costs of each election the district 5359 holds under this section. 5360 (12) This section does not apply to an improvement district that provides electric or gas 5361 service.
  - (13) Except as provided in Subsection 20A-3a-605(1)(b), the provisions of Title 20A, Chapter 3a, Part 6, Early Voting, do not apply to an election under this section.
    - (14) (a) As used in this Subsection (14), "board" means:
    - (i) a local district board; or

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- (ii) the administrative control board of a special service district that has elected members on the board.
- (b) A board may hold elections for membership on the board at a regular general election instead of a municipal general election if the board submits an application to the lieutenant governor that:
- (i) requests permission to hold elections for membership on the board at a regular general election instead of a municipal general election; and
- (ii) indicates that holding elections at the time of the regular general election is beneficial, based on potential cost savings, a potential increase in voter turnout, or another material reason.
- (c) Upon receipt of an application described in Subsection (14)(b), the lieutenant governor may approve the application if the lieutenant governor concludes that holding the elections at the regular general election is beneficial based on the criteria described in Subsection (14)(b)(ii).
  - (d) If the lieutenant governor approves a board's application described in this section:
- (i) all future elections for membership on the board shall be held at the time of the regular general election; and
- (ii) the board may not hold elections at the time of a municipal general election unless the board receives permission from the lieutenant governor to hold all future elections for membership on the board at a municipal general election instead of a regular general election,

5386	under the same procedure, and by applying the same criteria, described in this Subsection (14).
5387	(15) (a) This Subsection (15) applies to a local district if:
5388	(i) the local district's board members are elected by the owners of real property, as
5389	provided in Subsection 17B-1-1402(1)(b); and
5390	(ii) the local district was created before January 1, 2020.
5391	(b) The board of a local district described in Subsection (15)(a) may conduct an
5392	election:
5393	(i) to fill a board member position that expires at the end of the term for that board
5394	member's position; and
5395	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-1-512(1)(a)(i), to fill a vacancy in an unexpired
5396	term of a board member.
5397	(c) An election under Subsection (15)(b) may be conducted as determined by the local
5398	district board, subject to Subsection (15)(d).
5399	(d) (i) The local district board shall provide to property owners eligible to vote at the
5400	local district election:
5401	(A) notice of the election; and
5402	(B) a form to nominate an eligible individual to be elected as a board member.
5403	(ii) (A) The local district board may establish a deadline for a property owner to submit
5404	a nomination form.
5405	(B) A deadline under Subsection (15)(d)(ii)(A) may not be earlier than 15 days after
5406	the board provides the notice and nomination form under Subsection (15)(d)(i).
5407	(iii) (A) After the deadline for submitting nomination forms, the local district board
5408	shall provide a ballot to all property owners eligible to vote at the local district election.
5409	(B) A local district board shall allow at least five days for ballots to be returned.
5410	(iv) A local district board shall certify the results of an election under this Subsection
5411	(15) during an open meeting of the board.
5412	Section 100. Section 17B-1-313 is amended to read:
5413	17B-1-313. Publication of notice of board resolution or action Contest period
5414	No contest after contest period.
5415	(1) After the board of trustees of a local district adopts a resolution or takes other
5416	action on behalf of the district, the board may provide for the publication of a notice of the

541/	resolution or other action.
5418	(2) Each notice under Subsection (1) shall:
5419	(a) include, as the case may be:
5420	(i) the language of the resolution or a summary of the resolution; or
5421	(ii) a description of the action taken by the board;
5422	(b) state that:
5423	(i) any person in interest may file an action in district court to contest the regularity,
5424	formality, or legality of the resolution or action within 30 days after the date of publication; and
5425	(ii) if the resolution or action is not contested by filing an action in district court within
5426	the 30-day period, no one may contest the regularity, formality, or legality of the resolution or
5427	action after the expiration of the 30-day period; and
5428	(c) be [posted on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601]
5429	published for the local district, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 30
5430	<u>days</u> .
5431	(3) For a period of 30 days after the date of the publication, any person in interest may
5432	contest the regularity, formality, or legality of the resolution or other action by filing an action
5433	in district court.
5434	(4) After the expiration of the 30-day period under Subsection (3), no one may contest
5435	the regularity, formality, or legality of the resolution or action for any cause.
5436	Section 101. Section 17B-1-413 is amended to read:
5437	17B-1-413. Hearing, notice, and protest provisions do not apply for certain
5438	petitions.
5439	(1) Section 17B-1-412 does not apply, and, except as provided in Subsection (2)(a),
5440	Sections 17B-1-409 and 17B-1-410 do not apply:
5441	(a) if the process to annex an area to a local district was initiated by:
5442	(i) a petition under Subsection 17B-1-403(1)(a)(i);
5443	(ii) a petition under Subsection 17B-1-403(1)(a)(ii)(A) that was signed by the owners
5444	of private real property that:
5445	(A) is located within the area proposed to be annexed;
5446	(B) covers at least 75% of the total private land area within the entire area proposed to
5447	be annexed and within each applicable area; and

5448	(C) is equal in assessed value to at least 75% of the assessed value of all private real
5449	property within the entire area proposed to be annexed and within each applicable area; or
5450	(iii) a petition under Subsection 17B-1-403(1)(a)(ii)(B) that was signed by registered
5451	voters residing within the entire area proposed to be annexed and within each applicable area
5452	equal in number to at least 75% of the number of votes cast within the entire area proposed to
5453	be annexed and within each applicable area, respectively, for the office of governor at the last
5454	regular general election before the filing of the petition;
5455	(b) to an annexation under Section 17B-1-415; or
5456	(c) to a boundary adjustment under Section 17B-1-417.
5457	(2) (a) If a petition that meets the requirements of Subsection (1)(a) is certified under
5458	Section 17B-1-405, the local district board:
5459	(i) shall provide notice of the proposed annexation as provided in Subsection (2)(b);
5460	and
5461	(ii) (A) may, in the board's discretion, hold a public hearing as provided in Section
5462	17B-1-409 after giving notice of the public hearing as provided in Subsection (2)(b); and
5463	(B) shall, after giving notice of the public hearing as provided in Subsection (2)(b),
5464	hold a public hearing as provided in Section 17B-1-409 if a written request to do so is
5465	submitted, within 20 days after the local district provides notice under Subsection (2)(a)(i), to
5466	the local district board by an owner of property that is located within or a registered voter
5467	residing within the area proposed to be annexed who did not sign the annexation petition.
5468	(b) The notice required under Subsections (2)(a)(i) and (ii) shall:
5469	(i) be given:
5470	(A) (I) for a notice under Subsection (2)(a)(i), within 30 days after petition
5471	certification; or
5472	(II) for a notice of a public hearing under Subsection (2)(a)(ii), at least 10 but not more
5473	than 30 days before the public hearing; and
5474	(B) by[:] providing notice, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for the area
5475	proposed to be annexed, through the day of the public hearing; and
5476	[(I) posting written notice at the local district's principal office and in one or more other
5477	locations within or proximate to the area proposed to be annexed as are reasonable under the
5478	circumstances, considering the number of parcels included in that area, the size of the area, the

54/9	population of the area, and the contiguousness of the area; and
5480	[(II) providing written notice:]
5481	[(Aa) to at least one newspaper of general circulation, if there is one, within the area
5482	proposed to be annexed or to a local media correspondent; and]
5483	[(Bb) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; and]
5484	(ii) contain a brief explanation of the proposed annexation and include the name of the
5485	local district, the service provided by the local district, a description or map of the area
5486	proposed to be annexed, a local district telephone number where additional information about
5487	the proposed annexation may be obtained, and, for a notice under Subsection (2)(a)(i), an
5488	explanation of the right of a property owner or registered voter to request a public hearing as
5489	provided in Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(B).
5490	(c) A notice under Subsection (2)(a)(i) may be combined with the notice that is
5491	required for a public hearing under Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(A).
5492	Section 102. Section 17B-1-417 is amended to read:
5493	17B-1-417. Boundary adjustment Notice and hearing Protest Resolution
5494	adjusting boundaries Filing of notice and plat with the lieutenant governor
5495	Recording requirements Effective date.
5496	(1) As used in this section, "affected area" means the area located within the
5497	boundaries of one local district that will be removed from that local district and included within
5498	the boundaries of another local district because of a boundary adjustment under this section.
5499	(2) The boards of trustees of two or more local districts having a common boundary
5500	and providing the same service on the same wholesale or retail basis may adjust their common
5501	boundary as provided in this section.
5502	(3) (a) The board of trustees of each local district intending to adjust a boundary that is
5503	common with another local district shall:
5504	(i) adopt a resolution indicating the board's intent to adjust a common boundary;
5505	(ii) hold a public hearing on the proposed boundary adjustment no less than 60 days
5506	after the adoption of the resolution under Subsection (3)(a)(i); and
5507	(iii) provide notice for the affected area, as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102,
5508	for at least two weeks before the day of the public hearing.
5509	[ <del>(A) post notice:</del> ]

5510	(1) in at least four conspicuous places within the local district at least two weeks
5511	before the public hearing; and]
5512	[(II) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for two weeks;
5513	or]
5514	[(B) mail a notice to each owner of property located within the affected area and to
5515	each registered voter residing within the affected area.]
5516	(b) The notice required under Subsection (3)(a)(iii) shall:
5517	(i) state that the board of trustees of the local district has adopted a resolution
5518	indicating the board's intent to adjust a boundary that the local district has in common with
5519	another local district that provides the same service as the local district;
5520	(ii) describe the affected area;
5521	(iii) state the date, time, and location of the public hearing required under Subsection
5522	(3)(a)(ii);
5523	(iv) provide a local district telephone number where additional information about the
5524	proposed boundary adjustment may be obtained;
5525	(v) explain the financial and service impacts of the boundary adjustment on property
5526	owners or residents within the affected area; and
5527	(vi) state in conspicuous and plain terms that the board of trustees may approve the
5528	adjustment of the boundaries unless, at or before the public hearing under Subsection (3)(a)(ii),
5529	written protests to the adjustment are filed with the board by:
5530	(A) the owners of private real property that:
5531	(I) is located within the affected area;
5532	(II) covers at least 50% of the total private land area within the affected area; and
5533	(III) is equal in assessed value to at least 50% of the assessed value of all private real
5534	property within the affected area; or
5535	(B) registered voters residing within the affected area equal in number to at least 50%
5536	of the votes cast in the affected area for the office of governor at the last regular general
5537	election before the filing of the protests.
5538	(c) The boards of trustees of the local districts whose boundaries are being adjusted
5539	may jointly:
5540	(i) [post or mail] provide the notice required under Subsection (3)(a)(iii); and

5541	(ii) hold the public hearing required under Subsection (3)(a)(ii).
5542	(4) After the public hearing required under Subsection (3)(a)(ii), the board of trustees
5543	may adopt a resolution approving the adjustment of the common boundary unless, at or before
5544	the public hearing, written protests to the boundary adjustment have been filed with the board
5545	by:
5546	(a) the owners of private real property that:
5547	(i) is located within the affected area;
5548	(ii) covers at least 50% of the total private land area within the affected area; and
5549	(iii) is equal in assessed value to at least 50% of the assessed value of all private real
5550	property within the affected area; or
5551	(b) registered voters residing within the affected area equal in number to at least 50%
5552	of the votes cast in the affected area for the office of governor at the last regular general
5553	election before the filing of the protests.
5554	(5) A resolution adopted under Subsection (4) does not take effect until the board of
5555	each local district whose boundaries are being adjusted has adopted a resolution under
5556	Subsection (4).
5557	(6) The board of the local district whose boundaries are being adjusted to include the
5558	affected area shall:
5559	(a) within 30 days after the resolutions take effect under Subsection (5), file with the
5560	lieutenant governor:
5561	(i) a copy of a notice of an impending boundary action, as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5
5562	that meets the requirements of Subsection 67-1a-6.5(3); and
5563	(ii) a copy of an approved final local entity plat, as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5; and
5564	(b) upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of a certificate of boundary adjustment
5565	under Section 67-1a-6.5:
5566	(i) if the affected area is located within the boundary of a single county, submit to the
5567	recorder of that county:
5568	(A) the original:
5569	(I) notice of an impending boundary action;
5570	(II) certificate of boundary adjustment; and
5571	(III) approved final local entity plat; and

5572	(B) a certified copy of each resolution adopted under Subsection (4); or
5573	(ii) if the affected area is located within the boundaries of more than a single county:
5574	(A) submit to the recorder of one of those counties:
5575	(I) the original of the documents listed in Subsections (6)(b)(i)(A)(I), (II), and (III); and
5576	(II) a certified copy of each resolution adopted under Subsection (4); and
5577	(B) submit to the recorder of each other county:
5578	(I) a certified copy of the documents listed in Subsections (6)(b)(i)(A)(I), (II), and (III);
5579	and
5580	(II) a certified copy of each resolution adopted under Subsection (4).
5581	(7) (a) Upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of a certificate of boundary adjustment
5582	under Section 67-1a-6.5, the affected area is annexed to the local district whose boundaries are
5583	being adjusted to include the affected area, and the affected area is withdrawn from the local
5584	district whose boundaries are being adjusted to exclude the affected area.
5585	(b) (i) The effective date of a boundary adjustment under this section for purposes of
5586	assessing property within the affected area is governed by Section 59-2-305.5.
5587	(ii) Until the documents listed in Subsection (6)(b) are recorded in the office of the
5588	recorder of the county in which the property is located, a local district in whose boundary an
5589	affected area is included because of a boundary adjustment under this section may not:
5590	(A) levy or collect a property tax on property within the affected area;
5591	(B) levy or collect an assessment on property within the affected area; or
5592	(C) charge or collect a fee for service provided to property within the affected area.
5593	(iii) Subsection (7)(b)(ii)(C):
5594	(A) may not be construed to limit a local district's ability before a boundary adjustment
5595	to charge and collect a fee for service provided to property that is outside the local district's
5596	boundary; and
5597	(B) does not apply until 60 days after the effective date, under Subsection (7)(a), of the
5598	local district's boundary adjustment, with respect to a fee that the local district was charging for
5599	service provided to property within the area affected by the boundary adjustment immediately
5600	before the boundary adjustment.
5601	Section 103. Section 17B-1-505.5 is amended to read:
5602	17B-1-505.5. Feasibility study for a municipality's withdrawal from a local

5603	district providing fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services or law enforcement
5604	service Notice of hearing.
5605	(1) As used in this section:
5606	(a) "Feasibility consultant" means a person with expertise in:
5607	(i) the processes and economics of local government; and
5608	(ii) the economics of providing fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services or
5609	law enforcement service.
5610	(b) "Feasibility study" means a study to determine the functional and financial
5611	feasibility of a municipality's withdrawal from a first responder local district.
5612	(c) "First responder district" means a local district, other than a municipal services
5613	district, that provides:
5614	(i) fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services; or
5615	(ii) law enforcement service.
5616	(d) "Withdrawing municipality" means a municipality whose legislative body has
5617	adopted a resolution under Subsection 17B-1-505(3)(a) to initiate the process of the
5618	municipality's withdrawal from a first responder district.
5619	(2) This section applies and a feasibility study shall be conducted, as provided in this
5620	section, if:
5621	(a) the legislative body of a municipality has adopted a resolution under Subsection
5622	17B-1-505(3)(a) to initiate the process of the municipality's withdrawal from a first responder
5623	district;
5624	(b) the municipality and first responder district have not agreed in writing to the
5625	withdrawal; and
5626	(c) a feasibility study is a condition under Subsection 17B-1-505(6)(a) for an election
5627	to be held approving the withdrawal.
5628	(3) (a) As provided in this Subsection (3), the withdrawing municipality and first
5629	responder district shall choose and engage a feasibility consultant to conduct a feasibility study
5630	(b) The withdrawing municipality and first responder district shall jointly choose and
5631	engage a feasibility consultant according to applicable municipal or local district procurement
5632	procedures.

(c) (i) If the withdrawing municipality and first responder district cannot agree on and

have not engaged a feasibility consultant under Subsection (3)(b) within 45 days after the legislative body of the withdrawing municipality submits written notice to the first responder district under Subsection 17B-1-505(3)(c), the withdrawing municipality and first responder district shall, as provided in this Subsection (3)(c), choose a feasibility consultant from a list of at least eight feasibility consultants provided by the Utah Association of Certified Public Accountants.

- (ii) A list of feasibility consultants under Subsection (3)(c)(i) may not include a feasibility consultant that has had a contract to provide services to the withdrawing municipality or first responder district at any time during the two-year period immediately preceding the date the list is provided under Subsection (3)(c)(i).
- (iii) (A) Beginning with the first responder district, the first responder district and withdrawing municipality shall alternately eliminate one feasibility consultant each from the list of feasibility consultants until one feasibility consultant remains.
- (B) Within five days after receiving the list of consultants from the Utah Association of Certified Public Accountants, the first responder district shall make the first elimination of a feasibility consultant from the list and notify the withdrawing municipality in writing of the elimination.
- (C) After the first elimination of a feasibility consultant from the list, the withdrawing municipality and first responder district shall each, within three days after receiving the written notification of the preceding elimination, notify the other in writing of the elimination of a feasibility consultant from the list.
- (d) If a withdrawing municipality and first responder district do not engage a feasibility consultant under Subsection (3)(b), the withdrawing municipality and first responder district shall engage the feasibility consultant that has not been eliminated from the list at the completion of the process described in Subsection (3)(c).
- (4) A feasibility consultant that conducts a feasibility study under this section shall be independent of and unaffiliated with the withdrawing municipality and first responder district.
- (5) In conducting a feasibility study under this section, the feasibility consultant shall consider:
  - (a) population and population density within the withdrawing municipality;
  - (b) current and five-year projections of demographics and economic base in the

withdrawing municipality, including household size and income, commercial and industrial development, and public facilities;

- (c) projected growth in the withdrawing municipality during the next five years;
- (d) subject to Subsection (6)(a), the present and five-year projections of the cost, including overhead, of providing the same service in the withdrawing municipality as is provided by the first responder district, including:
  - (i) the estimated cost if the first responder district continues to provide service; and
  - (ii) the estimated cost if the withdrawing municipality provides service;
- (e) subject to Subsection (6)(a), the present and five-year projections of the cost, including overhead, of the first responder district providing service with:
  - (i) the municipality included in the first responder district's service area; and
- (ii) the withdrawing municipality excluded from the first responder district's service area;
- (f) a projection of any new taxes per household that may be levied within the withdrawing municipality within five years after the withdrawal;
- (g) the fiscal impact that the withdrawing municipality's withdrawal has on other municipalities and unincorporated areas served by the first responder district, including any rate increase that may become necessary to maintain required coverage ratios for the first responder district's debt;
- (h) the physical and other assets that will be required by the withdrawing municipality to provide, without interruption or diminution of service, the same service that is being provided by the first responder district;
- (i) the physical and other assets that will no longer be required by the first responder district to continue to provide the current level of service to the remainder of the first responder district, excluding the withdrawing municipality, and could be transferred to the withdrawing municipality;
- (j) subject to Subsection (6)(b), a fair and equitable allocation of the first responder district's assets between the first responder district and the withdrawing municipality, effective upon the withdrawal of the withdrawing municipality from the first responder district;
- (k) a fair and equitable allocation of the debts, liabilities, and obligations of the first responder district and any local building authority of the first responder district, between the

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withdrawing municipality and the remaining first responder district, taking into consideration:

- (i) any requirement to maintain the excludability of interest from the income of the holder of the debt, liability, or obligation for federal income tax purposes; and
- (ii) any first responder district assets that have been purchased with the proceeds of bonds issued by the first responder district that the first responder district will retain and any of those assets that will be transferred to the withdrawing municipality;
- (1) the number and classification of first responder district employees who will no longer be required to serve the remaining portions of the first responder district after the withdrawing municipality withdraws from the first responder district, including the dollar amount of the wages, salaries, and benefits attributable to the employees and the estimated cost associated with termination of the employees if the withdrawing municipality does not employ the employees;
- (m) maintaining as a base, for a period of three years after withdrawal, the existing schedule of pay and benefits for first responder district employees who are transferred to the employment of the withdrawing municipality; and
- (n) any other factor that the feasibility consultant considers relevant to the question of the withdrawing municipality's withdrawal from the first responder district.
  - (6) (a) For purposes of Subsections (5)(d) and (e):
- (i) the feasibility consultant shall assume a level and quality of service to be provided in the future to the withdrawing municipality that fairly and reasonably approximates the level and quality of service that the first responder district provides to the withdrawing municipality at the time of the feasibility study;
- (ii) in determining the present value cost of a service that the first responder district provides, the feasibility consultant shall consider:
- (A) the cost to the withdrawing municipality of providing the service for the first five years after the withdrawal; and
- (B) the first responder district's present and five-year projected cost of providing the same service within the withdrawing municipality; and
- (iii) the feasibility consultant shall consider inflation and anticipated growth in calculating the cost of providing service.
  - (b) The feasibility consultant may not consider an allocation of first responder district

assets or a transfer of first responder district employees to the extent that the allocation or transfer would impair the first responder district's ability to continue to provide the current level of service to the remainder of the first responder district without the withdrawing municipality, unless the first responder district consents to the allocation or transfer.

- (7) A feasibility consultant may retain an architect, engineer, or other professional, as the feasibility consultant considers prudent and as provided in the agreement with the withdrawing municipality and first responder district, to assist the feasibility consultant to conduct a feasibility study.
- (8) The withdrawing municipality and first responder district shall require the feasibility consultant to:
- (a) complete the feasibility study within a time established by the withdrawing municipality and first responder district;
- (b) prepare and submit a written report communicating the results of the feasibility study, including a one-page summary of the results; and
  - (c) attend all public hearings relating to the feasibility study under Subsection (14).
  - (9) A written report of the results of a feasibility study under this section shall:
- (a) contain a recommendation concerning whether a withdrawing municipality's withdrawal from a first responder district is functionally and financially feasible for both the first responder district and the withdrawing municipality; and
- (b) include any conditions the feasibility consultant determines need to be satisfied in order to make the withdrawal functionally and financially feasible, including:
- (i) first responder district assets and liabilities to be allocated to the withdrawing municipality; and
- (ii) (A) first responder district employees to become employees of the withdrawing municipality; and
- (B) sick leave, vacation, and other accrued benefits and obligations relating to the first responder district employees that the withdrawing municipality needs to assume.
- (10) The withdrawing municipality and first responder district shall equally share the feasibility consultant's fees and costs, as specified in the agreement between the withdrawing municipality and first responder district and the feasibility consultant.
  - (11) (a) Upon completion of the feasibility study and preparation of a written report,

the feasibility consultant shall deliver a copy of the report to the withdrawing municipality and first responder district.

- (b) (i) A withdrawing municipality or first responder district that disagrees with any aspect of a feasibility study report may, within 20 business days after receiving a copy of the report under Subsection (11)(a), submit to the feasibility consultant a written objection detailing the disagreement.
- (ii) (A) A withdrawing municipality that submits a written objection under Subsection (11)(b)(i) shall simultaneously deliver a copy of the objection to the first responder district.
- (B) A first responder district that submits a written objection under Subsection (11)(b)(i) shall simultaneously deliver a copy of the objection to the withdrawing municipality.
- (iii) A withdrawing municipality or first responder district may, within 10 business days after receiving an objection under Subsection (11)(b)(ii), submit to the feasibility consultant a written response to the objection.
- (iv) (A) A withdrawing municipality that submits a response under Subsection (11)(b)(iii) shall simultaneously deliver a copy of the response to the first responder district.
- (B) A first responder district that submits a response under Subsection (11)(b)(iii) shall simultaneously deliver a copy of the response to the withdrawing municipality.
- (v) If an objection is filed under Subsection (11)(b)(i), the feasibility consultant shall, within 20 business days after the expiration of the deadline under Subsection (11)(b)(iii) for submitting a response to an objection:
- (A) modify the feasibility study report or explain in writing why the feasibility consultant is not modifying the feasibility study report; and
- (B) deliver the modified feasibility study report or written explanation to the withdrawing municipality and first responder local district.
- (12) Within seven days after the expiration of the deadline under Subsection (11)(b)(i) for submitting an objection or, if an objection is submitted, within seven days after receiving a modified feasibility study report or written explanation under Subsection (11)(b)(v), but at least 30 days before a public hearing under Subsection (14), the withdrawing municipality shall:
- (a) make a copy of the report available to the public at the primary office of the withdrawing municipality; and
  - (b) if the withdrawing municipality has a website, post a copy of the report on the

5789 municipality's website.

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- (13) A feasibility study report or, if a feasibility study report is modified under Subsection (11), a modified feasibility study report may not be challenged unless the basis of the challenge is that the report results from collusion or fraud.
- (14) (a) Following the expiration of the deadline under Subsection (11)(b)(i) for submitting an objection, or, if an objection is submitted under Subsection (11)(b)(i), following the withdrawing municipality's receipt of the modified feasibility study report or written explanation under Subsection (11)(b)(v), the legislative body of the withdrawing municipality shall, at the legislative body's next regular meeting, schedule at least one public hearing to be held:
- 5799 (i) within the following 60 days; and
  - (ii) for the purpose of allowing:
  - (A) the feasibility consultant to present the results of the feasibility study; and
  - (B) the public to become informed about the feasibility study results, to ask the feasibility consultant questions about the feasibility study, and to express the public's views about the proposed withdrawal.
  - (b) At a public hearing under Subsection (14)(a), the legislative body of the withdrawing municipality shall:
    - (i) provide a copy of the feasibility study for public review; and
- 5808 (ii) allow the public to:
  - (A) ask the feasibility consultant questions about the feasibility study; and
  - (B) express the public's views about the withdrawing municipality's proposed withdrawal from the first responder district.
  - (15) (a) The clerk or recorder of the withdrawing municipality shall publish notice of a hearing under Subsection (14) [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601;] for the withdrawing municipality, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for three consecutive weeks immediately before the public hearing.
    - (b) A notice under Subsection (15)(a) shall state:
    - (i) the date, time, and location of the public hearing; and
- 5818 (ii) that a copy of the feasibility study report may be obtained, free of charge, at the office of the withdrawing municipality or on the withdrawing municipality's website.

5820	(16) Unless the withdrawing municipality and first responder district agree otherwise,
5821	conditions that a feasibility study report indicates are necessary to be met for a withdrawal to
5822	be functionally and financially feasible for the withdrawing municipality and first responder
5823	district are binding on the withdrawing municipality and first responder district if the
5824	withdrawal occurs.
5825	Section 104. Section 17B-1-608 is amended to read:
5826	17B-1-608. Tentative budget and data Public records Notice.
5827	(1) The tentative budget adopted by the board of trustees and all supporting schedules
5828	and data are public records.
5829	(2) At least seven days before adopting a final budget in a public meeting, the local
5830	district shall:
5831	(a) make the tentative budget available for public inspection at the local district's
5832	principal place of business during regular business hours;
5833	(b) [if the local district has a website,] publish the tentative budget [on the local
5834	district's website; and], as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least seven days.
5835	[(c) in accordance with Section 63A-16-601, do one of the following:]
5836	[(i) publish the tentative budget on the Utah Public Notice Website; or]
5837	[(ii) publish on the Utah Public Notice Website a link to a website on which the
5838	tentative budget is published.]
5839	Section 105. Section 17B-1-609 is amended to read:
5840	17B-1-609. Hearing to consider adoption Notice.
5841	(1) At the meeting at which the tentative budget is adopted, the board of trustees shall:
5842	(a) establish the time and place of a public hearing to consider its adoption; and
5843	(b) except as provided in Subsection (6), order that notice of the hearing[:] be
5844	published for the district, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least seven days
5845	before the day of the hearing.
5846	[(i) be posted in three public places within the district; and]
5847	[(ii) be published at least seven days before the hearing on the Utah Public Notice
5848	Website created in Section 63A-16-601.]
5849	(2) If the budget hearing is held in conjunction with a tax increase hearing, the notice
5850	required in Subsection (1)(b):

5851	(a) may be combined with the notice required under Section 59-2-919; and
5852	(b) shall be published in accordance with the advertisement provisions of Section
5853	59-2-919.
5854	(3) If the budget hearing is to be held in conjunction with a fee increase hearing, the
5855	notice required in Subsection (1)(b):
5856	(a) may be combined with the notice required under Section 17B-1-643; and
5857	(b) shall be published or mailed in accordance with the notice provisions of Section
5858	17B-1-643.
5859	(4) Proof that notice was given in accordance with Subsection (1)(b), (2), (3), or (6) is
5860	prima facie evidence that notice was properly given.
5861	(5) If a notice required under Subsection (1)(b), (2), (3), or (6) is not challenged within
5862	30 days after the day on which the hearing is held, the notice is adequate and proper.
5863	(6) A board of trustees of a local district with an annual operating budget of less than
5864	\$250,000 may satisfy the notice requirements in Subsection (1)(b) by:
5865	(a) mailing a written notice, postage prepaid, to each voter in the local district; and
5866	(b) posting the notice in three public places within the district.
5867	Section 106. Section 17B-1-643 is amended to read:
5868	17B-1-643. Imposing or increasing a fee for service provided by local district.
5869	(1) (a) Before imposing a new fee or increasing an existing fee for a service provided
5870	by a local district, each local district board of trustees shall first hold a public hearing at which
5871	(i) the local district shall demonstrate its need to impose or increase the fee; and
5872	(ii) any interested person may speak for or against the proposal to impose a fee or to
5873	increase an existing fee.
5874	(b) Each public hearing under Subsection (1)(a) shall be held in the evening beginning
5875	no earlier than 6 p.m.
5876	(c) A public hearing required under this Subsection (1) may be combined with a public
5877	hearing on a tentative budget required under Section 17B-1-610.
5878	(d) Except to the extent that this section imposes more stringent notice requirements,
5879	the local district board shall comply with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act,
5880	in holding the public hearing under Subsection (1)(a).
5881	(2) (a) Each local district board shall give notice of a hearing under Subsection (1) as

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evidence that notice was properly given.

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5882	provided in Subsections (2)(b) and (c) or Subsection (2)(d).
5883	(b) The local district board shall[:] publish the notice described in Subsection (2)(a) for
5884	the local district, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 30 days.
5885	[(i) post the notice required under Subsection (2)(a) on the Utah Public Notice
5886	Website, created in Section 63A-16-601; and]
5887	[(ii) post at least one of the notices required under Subsection (2)(a) per 1,000
5888	population within the local district, at places within the local district that are most likely to
5889	provide actual notice to residents within the local district, subject to a maximum of 10 notices.]
5890	(c) The notice described in Subsection (2)(b) shall state that the local district board
5891	intends to impose or increase a fee for a service provided by the local district and will hold a
5892	public hearing on a certain day, time, and place fixed in the notice, which shall be not less than
5893	seven days after the day the first notice is published, for the purpose of hearing comments
5894	regarding the proposed imposition or increase of a fee and to explain the reasons for the
5895	proposed imposition or increase.
5896	(d) (i) In lieu of providing notice under Subsection (2)(b), the local district board of
5897	trustees may give the notice required under Subsection (2)(a) by mailing the notice to those
5898	within the district who:
5899	(A) will be charged the fee for a district service, if the fee is being imposed for the first
5900	time; or
5901	(B) are being charged a fee, if the fee is proposed to be increased.
5902	(ii) Each notice under Subsection (2)(d)(i) shall comply with Subsection (2)(c).
5903	(iii) A notice under Subsection (2)(d)(i) may accompany a district bill for an existing
5904	fee.
5905	(e) If the hearing required under this section is combined with the public hearing
5906	required under Section 17B-1-610, the notice required under this Subsection (2):
5907	(i) may be combined with the notice required under Section 17B-1-609; and
5908	(ii) shall be posted or mailed in accordance with the notice provisions of this section.

(g) If no challenge is made to the notice given of a hearing required by Subsection (1) within 30 days after the date of the hearing, the notice is considered adequate and proper.

(f) Proof that notice was given as provided in Subsection (2)(b) or (d) is prima facie

5913	$\left[\frac{(3)}{(1)}\right]$ After holding a public hearing under Subsection (1), a local district board
5914	may:
5915	[(a)] (i) impose the new fee or increase the existing fee as proposed;
5916	[(b)] (ii) adjust the amount of the proposed new fee or the increase of the existing fee
5917	and then impose the new fee or increase the existing fee as adjusted; or
5918	[(c)] (iii) decline to impose the new fee or increase the existing fee.
5919	[(4)] (i) This section applies to each new fee imposed and each increase of an existing
5920	fee that occurs on or after July 1, 1998.
5921	[(5)] (j) [(a)] (i) This section does not apply to an impact fee.
5922	[(b)] (ii) The imposition or increase of an impact fee is governed by Title 11, Chapter
5923	36a, Impact Fees Act.
5924	Section 107. Section 17B-1-1204 is amended to read:
5925	17B-1-1204. Notice of the hearing on a validation petition Amended or
5926	supplemented validation petition.
5927	(1) Upon the entry of an order under Section 17B-1-1203 setting a hearing on a
5928	validation petition, the local district that filed the petition shall [post notice:] publish notice, as
5929	a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 21 days before the date of the hearing.
5930	[(a) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for three weeks
5931	immediately before the hearing; and]
5932	[(b) in the local district's principal office at least 21 days before the date set for the
5933	hearing.]
5934	(2) Each notice under Subsection (1) shall:
5935	(a) state the date, time, and place of the hearing on the validation petition;
5936	(b) include a general description of the contents of the validation petition; and
5937	(c) if applicable, state the location where a complete copy of a contract that is the
5938	subject of the validation petition may be examined.
5939	(3) If a district amends or supplements a validation petition under Subsection
5940	17B-1-1202(3) after publishing and posting notice as required under Subsection (1), the district
5941	is not required to publish or post notice again unless required by the court.
5942	Section 108. Section 17B-1-1307 is amended to read:
5943	17B-1-1307. Notice of public hearing and of dissolution.

5944	(1) Before holding a public hearing required under Section 17B-1-1306, the
5945	administrative body shall[:(a) post] publish notice of the public hearing and of the proposed
5946	dissolution[+] for the local district proposed to be dissolved, as a class B notice under Section
5947	63G-28-102, for 30 days before the day of the public hearing.
5948	[(i) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for 30 days
5949	before the public hearing; and]
5950	[(ii) in at least four conspicuous places within the local district proposed to be
5951	dissolved, no less than five and no more than 30 days before the public hearing; or]
5952	[(b) mail a notice to each owner of property located within the local district and to each
5953	registered voter residing within the local district.]
5954	(2) Each notice required under Subsection (1) shall:
5955	(a) identify the local district proposed to be dissolved and the service it was created to
5956	provide; and
5957	(b) state the date, time, and location of the public hearing.
5958	Section 109. Section 17B-2a-705 is amended to read:
5959	17B-2a-705. Taxation Additional levy Election Notice.
5960	(1) If a mosquito abatement district board of trustees determines that the funds required
5961	during the next ensuing fiscal year will exceed the maximum amount that the district is
5962	authorized to levy under Subsection 17B-1-103(2)(g), the board of trustees may call an election
5963	on a date specified in Section 20A-1-204 and submit to district voters the question of whether
5964	the district should be authorized to impose an additional tax to raise the necessary additional
5965	funds.
5966	(2) The board shall provide notice of the election[:] for the district, as a class A notice
5967	under Section 63G-28-102, for at least four weeks before the day of the election.
5968	[(a) (i) by posting one notice, and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population of
5969	the district, in places within the district that are most likely to give notice to the voters in the
5970	district, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or]
5971	[(ii) at least four weeks before the day of the election, by mailing notice to each
5972	registered voter in the district;]
5973	[(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
5974	63A-16-601, for four weeks before the day of the election; and]

5975	(c) if the district has a website, by posting notice on the district's website for four
5976	weeks before the day of the election.]
5977	(3) No particular form of ballot is required, and no informalities in conducting the
5978	election may invalidate the election, if it is otherwise fairly conducted.
5979	(4) At the election each ballot shall contain the words, "Shall the district be authorized
5980	to impose an additional tax to raise the additional sum of \$?"
5981	(5) The board of trustees shall canvass the votes cast at the election, and, if a majority
5982	of the votes cast are in favor of the imposition of the tax, the district is authorized to impose an
5983	additional levy to raise the additional amount of money required.
5984	Section 110. Section 17B-2a-1007 is amended to read:
5985	17B-2a-1007. Contract assessments Notice.
5986	(1) As used in this section:
5987	(a) "Assessed land" means:
5988	(i) for a contract assessment under a water contract with a private water user, the land
5989	owned by the private water user that receives the beneficial use of water under the water
5990	contract; or
5991	(ii) for a contract assessment under a water contract with a public water user, the land
5992	within the boundaries of the public water user that is within the boundaries of the water
5993	conservancy district and that receives the beneficial use of water under the water contract.
5994	(b) "Contract assessment" means an assessment levied as provided in this section by a
5995	water conservancy district on assessed land.
5996	(c) "Governing body" means:
5997	(i) for a county, city, or town, the legislative body of the county, city, or town;
5998	(ii) for a local district, the board of trustees of the local district;
5999	(iii) for a special service district:
6000	(A) the legislative body of the county, city, or town that established the special service
6001	district, if no administrative control board has been appointed under Section 17D-1-301; or
6002	(B) the administrative control board of the special service district, if an administrative
6003	control board has been appointed under Section 17D-1-301; and
6004	(iv) for any other political subdivision of the state, the person or body with authority to
6005	govern the affairs of the political subdivision.

6006 (d) "Petitioner" means a private petitioner or a public petitioner. (e) "Private petitioner" means an owner of land within a water conservancy district 6007 6008 who submits a petition to a water conservancy district under Subsection (3) to enter into a 6009 water contract with the district. 6010 (f) "Private water user" means an owner of land within a water conservancy district 6011 who enters into a water contract with the district. 6012 (g) "Public petitioner" means a political subdivision of the state: 6013 (i) whose territory is partly or entirely within the boundaries of a water conservancy 6014 district; and 6015 (ii) that submits a petition to a water conservancy district under Subsection (3) to enter 6016 into a water contract with the district. 6017 (h) "Public water user" means a political subdivision of the state: (i) whose territory is partly or entirely within the boundaries of a water conservancy 6018 6019 district; and 6020 (ii) that enters into a water contract with the district. 6021 (i) "Water contract" means a contract between a water conservancy district and a 6022 private water user or a public water user under which the water user purchases, leases, or 6023 otherwise acquires the beneficial use of water from the water conservancy district for the 6024 benefit of: 6025 (i) land owned by the private water user; or (ii) land within the public water user's boundaries that is also within the boundaries of 6026 6027 the water conservancy district. (i) "Water user" means a private water user or a public water user. 6028 6029 (2) A water conservancy district may levy a contract assessment as provided in this 6030 section. 6031 (3) (a) The governing body of a public petitioner may authorize its chief executive 6032 officer to submit a written petition on behalf of the public petitioner to a water conservancy 6033 district requesting to enter into a water contract. 6034 (b) A private petitioner may submit a written petition to a water conservancy district 6035 requesting to enter into a water contract.

(c) Each petition under this Subsection (3) shall include:

6037	(i) the petitioner's name;
6038	(ii) the quantity of water the petitioner desires to purchase or otherwise acquire;
6039	(iii) a description of the land upon which the water will be used;
6040	(iv) the price to be paid for the water;
6041	(v) the amount of any service, turnout, connection, distribution system, or other charge
6042	to be paid;
6043	(vi) whether payment will be made in cash or annual installments;
6044	(vii) a provision requiring the contract assessment to become a lien on the land for
6045	which the water is petitioned and is to be allotted; and
6046	(viii) an agreement that the petitioner is bound by the provisions of this part and the
6047	rules and regulations of the water conservancy district board of trustees.
6048	(4) (a) If the board of a water conservancy district desires to consider a petition
6049	submitted by a petitioner under Subsection (3), the board shall:
6050	(i) [post] provide notice of the petition and of the hearing required under Subsection
6051	(4)(a)(ii) [on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section 63A-16-601,] for the water
6052	conservancy district, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least two successive
6053	weeks immediately before the date of the hearing; and
6054	(ii) hold a public hearing on the petition.
6055	(b) Each notice under Subsection (4)(a)(i) shall:
6056	(i) state that a petition has been filed and that the district is considering levying a
6057	contract assessment; and
6058	(ii) give the date, time, and place of the hearing required under Subsection (4)(a)(ii).
6059	(c) (i) At each hearing required under Subsection (4)(a)(ii), the board of trustees of the
6060	water conservancy district shall:
6061	(A) allow any interested person to appear and explain why the petition should not be
6062	granted; and
6063	(B) consider each written objection to the granting of the petition that the board
6064	receives before or at the hearing.
6065	(ii) The board of trustees may adjourn and reconvene the hearing as the board
6066	considers appropriate.
6067	(d) (i) Any interested person may file with the board of the water conservancy district,

levying a contract assessment.

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- at or before the hearing under Subsection (4)(a)(ii), a written objection to the district's granting a petition.

  (ii) Each person who fails to submit a written objection within the time provided under Subsection (4)(d)(i) is considered to have consented to the district's granting the petition and
  - (5) After holding a public hearing as required under Subsection (4)(a)(ii), the board of trustees of a water conservancy district may:
    - (a) deny the petition; or
  - (b) grant the petition, if the board considers granting the petition to be in the best interests of the district.
  - (6) The board of a water conservancy district that grants a petition under this section may:
    - (a) make an allotment of water for the benefit of assessed land;
  - (b) authorize any necessary construction to provide for the use of water upon the terms and conditions stated in the water contract;
  - (c) divide the district into units and fix a different rate for water purchased or otherwise acquired and for other charges within each unit, if the rates and charges are equitable, although not equal and uniform, for similar classes of services throughout the district; and
    - (d) levy a contract assessment on assessed land.
  - (7) (a) The board of trustees of each water conservancy district that levies a contract assessment under this section shall:
  - (i) cause a certified copy of the resolution, ordinance, or order levying the assessment to be recorded in the office of the recorder of each county in which assessed land is located; and
  - (ii) on or before July 1 of each year after levying the contract assessment, certify to the auditor of each county in which assessed land is located the amount of the contract assessment.
  - (b) Upon the recording of the resolution, ordinance, or order, in accordance with Subsection (7)(a)(i):
  - (i) the contract assessment associated with allotting water to the assessed land under the water contract becomes a political subdivision lien, as that term is defined in Section 11-60-102, on the assessed land, in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 60, Political Subdivision

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- Lien Authority, as of the effective date of the resolution, ordinance, or order; and
  - (ii) (A) the board of trustees of the water conservancy district shall certify the amount of the assessment to the county treasurer; and
  - (B) the county treasurer shall include the certified amount on the property tax notice required by Section 59-2-1317 for that year.
  - (c) (i) Each county in which assessed land is located shall collect the contract assessment in the same manner as taxes levied by the county.
  - (ii) If the amount of a contract assessment levied under this section is not paid in full in a given year:
  - (A) by September 15, the governing body of the water conservancy district that levies the contract assessment shall certify any unpaid amount to the treasurer of the county in which the property is located; and
  - (B) the county treasurer shall include the certified amount on the property tax notice required by Section 59-2-1317 for that year.
  - (8) (a) The board of trustees of each water conservancy district that levies a contract assessment under this section shall:
  - (i) hold a public hearing, before August 8 of each year in which a contract assessment is levied, to hear and consider objections filed under Subsection (8)(b); and
    - (ii) [post] publish a notice:
  - (A) [on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section 63A-16-601,] for the water conservancy district, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least the two consecutive weeks before the day of the public hearing; and
  - (B) that contains a general description of the assessed land, the amount of the contract assessment, and the time and place of the public hearing under Subsection (8)(a)(i).
  - (b) An owner of assessed land within the water conservancy district who believes that the contract assessment on the owner's land is excessive, erroneous, or illegal may, before the hearing under Subsection (8)(a)(i), file with the board of trustees a verified, written objection to the assessment, stating the grounds for the objection.
  - (c) (i) At each hearing under Subsection (8)(a)(i), the board of trustees shall hear and consider the evidence and arguments supporting each objection.
    - (ii) After hearing and considering the evidence and arguments supporting an objection,

0130	the board of trustees:
6131	(A) shall enter a written order, stating its decision; and
6132	(B) may modify the assessment.
6133	(d) (i) An owner of assessed land may file a petition in district court seeking review of
6134	a board of trustees' order under Subsection (8)(c)(ii)(A).
6135	(ii) Each petition under Subsection (8)(d)(i) shall:
6136	(A) be filed within 30 days after the board enters its written order;
6137	(B) state specifically the part of the board's order for which review is sought; and
6138	(C) be accompanied by a bond with good and sufficient security in an amount not
6139	exceeding \$200, as determined by the court clerk.
6140	(iii) If more than one owner of assessed land seeks review, the court may, upon a
6141	showing that the reviews may be consolidated without injury to anyone's interests, consolidate
6142	the reviews and hear them together.
6143	(iv) The court shall act as quickly as possible after a petition is filed.
6144	(v) A court may not disturb a board of trustees' order unless the court finds that the
6145	contract assessment on the petitioner's assessed land is manifestly disproportionate to
6146	assessments imposed upon other land in the district.
6147	(e) If no petition under Subsection (8)(d) is timely filed, the contract assessment is
6148	conclusively considered to have been made in proportion to the benefits conferred on the land
6149	in the district.
6150	(9) Each resolution, ordinance, or order under which a water conservancy district
6151	levied a Class B, Class C, or Class D assessment before April 30, 2007, under the law in effect
6152	at the time of the levy is validated, ratified, and confirmed, and a water conservancy district
6153	may continue to levy the assessment according to the terms of the resolution, ordinance, or
6154	order.
6155	(10) A contract assessment is not a levy of an ad valorem property tax and is not
6156	subject to the limits stated in Section 17B-2a-1006.
6157	Section 111. Section 17B-2a-1110 is amended to read:
6158	17B-2a-1110. Withdrawal from a municipal services district upon incorporation
6159	Feasibility study required for city or town withdrawal Public hearing Notice
6160	Revenues transferred to municipal services district.

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- 6161 (1) (a) A municipality may withdraw from a municipal services district in accordance with Section 17B-1-502 or 17B-1-505, as applicable, and the requirements of this section. 6162 6163 (b) If a municipality engages a feasibility consultant to conduct a feasibility study 6164 under Subsection (2)(a), the 180 days described in Subsection 17B-1-502(3)(a)(iii)(B) is tolled 6165 from the day that the municipality engages the feasibility consultant to the day on which the 6166 municipality holds the final public hearing under Subsection (5). 6167 (2) (a) If a municipality decides to withdraw from a municipal services district, the 6168 municipal legislative body shall, before adopting a resolution under Section 17B-1-502 or 6169 17B-1-505, as applicable, engage a feasibility consultant to conduct a feasibility study. 6170 (b) The feasibility consultant shall be chosen: 6171 (i) by the municipal legislative body; and 6172 (ii) in accordance with applicable municipal procurement procedures. 6173 (3) The municipal legislative body shall require the feasibility consultant to: 6174 (a) complete the feasibility study and submit the written results to the municipal 6175 legislative body before the council adopts a resolution under Section 17B-1-502; 6176 (b) submit with the full written results of the feasibility study a summary of the results 6177 no longer than one page in length; and 6178 (c) attend the public hearings under Subsection (5). 6179 (4) (a) The feasibility study shall consider: 6180 (i) population and population density within the withdrawing municipality; 6181 (ii) current and five-year projections of demographics and economic base in the 6182 withdrawing municipality, including household size and income, commercial and industrial 6183 development, and public facilities; 6184 (iii) projected growth in the withdrawing municipality during the next five years; 6185 (iv) subject to Subsection (4)(b), the present and five-year projections of the cost, 6186 including overhead, of municipal services in the withdrawing municipality; 6187 (v) assuming the same tax categories and tax rates as currently imposed by the 6188 municipal services district and all other current service providers, the present and five-year
  - (vi) a projection of any new taxes per household that may be levied within the withdrawing municipality within five years of the withdrawal; and

projected revenue for the withdrawing municipality;

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6192 (vii) the fiscal impact on other municipalities serviced by the municipal services 6193 district. 6194 (b) (i) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a)(iv), the feasibility consultant shall assume a 6195 level and quality of municipal services to be provided to the withdrawing municipality in the 6196 future that fairly and reasonably approximates the level and quality of municipal services being 6197 provided to the withdrawing municipality at the time of the feasibility study. 6198 (ii) In determining the present cost of a municipal service, the feasibility consultant 6199 shall consider: 6200 (A) the amount it would cost the withdrawing municipality to provide municipal 6201 services for the first five years after withdrawing; and 6202 (B) the municipal services district's present and five-year projected cost of providing 6203 municipal services. 6204 (iii) The costs calculated under Subsection (4)(a)(iv) shall take into account inflation 6205 and anticipated growth. 6206 (5) If the results of the feasibility study meet the requirements of Subsection (4), the 6207 municipal legislative body shall, at its next regular meeting after receipt of the results of the 6208 feasibility study, schedule at least one public hearing to be held: 6209 (a) within the following 60 days; and 6210 (b) for the purpose of allowing: (i) the feasibility consultant to present the results of the study; and 6211 6212 (ii) the public to become informed about the feasibility study results, including the 6213 requirement that if the municipality withdraws from the municipal services district, the 6214 municipality must comply with Subsection (9), and to ask questions about those results of the 6215 feasibility consultant. (6) At a public hearing described in Subsection (5), the municipal legislative body 6216 6217 shall: 6218 (a) provide a copy of the feasibility study for public review; and 6219 (b) allow the public to express its views about the proposed withdrawal from the 6220 municipal services district.

(7) (a) The municipal clerk or recorder shall publish notice of the public hearings

required under Subsection (5)[:] for the municipality, as a class A notice under Section

6223	63G-28-102, for at least three weeks before the day of the first hearing described in Subsection
6224	<u>(5).</u>
6225	[(i) by posting the notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section
6226	63A-16-601, for three weeks; and]
6227	[(ii) by posting at least one notice of the hearings per 1,000 population in conspicuous
6228	places within the municipality that are most likely to give notice of the hearings to the
6229	residents.]
6230	[(b) The municipal clerk or recorder shall post the notices under Subsection (7)(a)(ii) at
6231	least seven days before the first hearing under Subsection (5).]
6232	[(c)] (b) The notice under Subsection (7)(a) shall include the feasibility study summary
6233	and shall indicate that a full copy of the study is available for inspection and copying at the
6234	office of the municipal clerk or recorder.
6235	(8) At a public meeting held after the public hearing required under Subsection (5), the
6236	municipal legislative body may adopt a resolution under Section 17B-1-502 or 17B-1-505, as
6237	applicable, if the municipality is in compliance with the other requirements of that section.
6238	(9) The municipality shall pay revenues in excess of 5% to the municipal services
6239	district for 10 years beginning on the next fiscal year immediately following the municipal
6240	legislative body adoption of a resolution or an ordinance to withdraw under Section 17B-1-502
6241	or 17B-1-505 if the results of the feasibility study show that the average annual amount of
6242	revenue under Subsection (4)(a)(v) exceed the average annual amount of cost under Subsection
6243	(4)(a)(iv) by more than 5%.
6244	Section 112. Section 17C-1-207 is amended to read:
6245	17C-1-207. Public entities may assist with project area development Notice
6246	requirements.
6247	(1) In order to assist and cooperate in the planning, undertaking, construction, or
6248	operation of project area development within an area in which the public entity is authorized to
6249	act, a public entity may:
6250	(a) (i) provide or cause to be furnished:
6251	(A) parks, playgrounds, or other recreational facilities;
6252	(B) community, educational, water, sewer, or drainage facilities; or
6253	(C) any other works which the public entity is otherwise empowered to undertake;

6254	(ii) provide, furnish, dedicate, close, vacate, pave, install, grade, regrade, plan, or
6255	replan streets, roads, roadways, alleys, sidewalks, or other places;
6256	(iii) in any part of the project area:
6257	(A) (I) plan or replan any property within the project area;
6258	(II) plat or replat any property within the project area;
6259	(III) vacate a plat;
6260	(IV) amend a plat; or
6261	(V) zone or rezone any property within the project area; and
6262	(B) make any legal exceptions from building regulations and ordinances;
6263	(iv) purchase or legally invest in any of the bonds of an agency and exercise all of the
6264	rights of any holder of the bonds;
6265	(v) notwithstanding any law to the contrary, enter into an agreement for a period of
6266	time with another public entity concerning action to be taken pursuant to any of the powers
6267	granted in this title;
6268	(vi) do anything necessary to aid or cooperate in the planning or implementation of the
6269	project area development;
6270	(vii) in connection with the project area plan, become obligated to the extent
6271	authorized and funds have been made available to make required improvements or construct
6272	required structures; and
6273	(viii) lend, grant, or contribute funds to an agency for project area development or
6274	proposed project area development, including assigning revenue or taxes in support of an
6275	agency bond or obligation; and
6276	(b) for less than fair market value or for no consideration, and subject to Subsection
6277	(3):
6278	(i) purchase or otherwise acquire property from an agency;
6279	(ii) lease property from an agency;
6280	(iii) sell, grant, convey, donate, or otherwise dispose of the public entity's property to
6281	an agency; or
6282	(iv) lease the public entity's property to an agency.
6283	(2) The following are not subject to Section 10-8-2, 17-50-312, or 17-50-303:
6284	(a) project area development assistance that a public entity provides under this section;

6285	or
6286	(b) a transfer of funds or property from an agency to a public entity.
6287	(3) A public entity may provide assistance described in Subsection (1)(b) no sooner
6288	than 15 days after the day on which the public entity [posts] completes the requirements for
6289	publishing notice of the assistance [on:] for the public entity's jurisdiction, as a class A notice
6290	under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 15 days.
6291	[(a) the Utah Public Notice Website described in Section 63A-16-601; and]
6292	[(b) the public entity's public website.]
6293	Section 113. Section 17C-1-601.5 is amended to read:
6294	17C-1-601.5. Annual agency budget Fiscal year Public hearing required
6295	Notice Auditor forms Requirement to file form.
6296	(1) Each agency shall prepare an annual budget of the agency's revenues and
6297	expenditures for each fiscal year.
6298	(2) The board shall adopt each agency budget:
6299	(a) for an agency created by a municipality, before June 30; or
6300	(b) for an agency created by a county, before December 15.
6301	(3) The agency's fiscal year shall be the same as the fiscal year of the community that
6302	created the agency.
6303	(4) (a) Before adopting an annual budget, each board shall hold a public hearing on the
6304	annual budget.
6305	(b) Each agency shall provide notice of the public hearing on the annual budget [by:]
6306	for the agency's jurisdiction, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least one
6307	week before the day of the public hearing.
6308	[(i) posting a notice of the public hearing in at least three public places within the
6309	agency boundaries; and]
6310	[(ii) publishing notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section
6311	63A-16-601, at least one week before the public hearing.]
6312	(c) Each agency shall make the annual budget available for public inspection at least
6313	three days before the date of the public hearing.
6314	(5) The state auditor shall prescribe the budget forms and the categories to be contained
6315	in each annual budget, including:

6316	(a) revenues and expenditures for the budget year;
6317	(b) legal fees; and
6318	(c) administrative costs, including rent, supplies, and other materials, and salaries of
6319	agency personnel.
6320	(6) (a) Within 90 days after adopting an annual budget, each board shall file a copy of
6321	the annual budget with the auditor of the county in which the agency is located, the State Tax
6322	Commission, the state auditor, the State Board of Education, and each taxing entity from which
6323	the agency receives project area funds.
6324	(b) The requirement of Subsection (6)(a) to file a copy of the annual budget with the
6325	state as a taxing entity is met if the agency files a copy with the State Tax Commission and the
6326	state auditor.
6327	Section 114. Section 17C-1-701.5 is amended to read:
6328	17C-1-701.5. Agency dissolution Restrictions Notice Recording
6329	requirements Agency records Dissolution expenses.
6330	(1) (a) Subject to Subsection (1)(b), the community legislative body may, by ordinance
6331	dissolve an agency.
6332	(b) A community legislative body may adopt an ordinance described in Subsection
6333	(1)(a) only if the agency has no outstanding bonded indebtedness, other unpaid loans,
6334	indebtedness, or advances, and no legally binding contractual obligations with a person other
6335	than the community.
6336	(2) (a) The community legislative body shall:
6337	(i) within 10 days after adopting an ordinance described in Subsection (1), file with the
6338	lieutenant governor a copy of a notice of an impending boundary action, as defined in Section
6339	67-1a-6.5, that meets the requirements of Subsection 67-1a-6.5(3); and
6340	(ii) upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of a certificate of dissolution under Section
6341	67-1a-6.5, submit to the recorder of the county in which the agency is located:
6342	(A) the original notice of an impending boundary action;
6343	(B) the original certificate of dissolution; and
6344	(C) a certified copy of the ordinance that dissolves the agency.
6345	(b) Upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of the certificate of dissolution under
6346	Section 67-1a-6.5, the agency is dissolved.

6347	(c) Within 10 days after receiving the certificate of dissolution from the lieutenant
6348	governor under Section 67-1a-6.5, the community legislative body shall send a copy of the
6349	certificate of dissolution and the ordinance adopted under Subsection (1) to the State Board of
6350	Education, and each taxing entity.
6351	(d) The community legislative body shall post a notice of dissolution [on the Utah
6352	Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601] for the community, as a class A notice
6353	under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 10 days.
6354	(3) The books, documents, records, papers, and seal of each dissolved agency shall be
6355	deposited for safekeeping and reference with the recorder of the community that dissolved the
6356	agency.
6357	(4) The agency shall pay all expenses of the dissolution.
6358	Section 115. Section 17C-1-804 is amended to read:
6359	17C-1-804. Notice required for continued hearing.
6360	The board shall give notice of a hearing continued under Section 17C-1-803 by
6361	announcing at the hearing:
6362	(1) the date, time, and place the hearing will be resumed; or
6363	(2) (a) that the hearing is being continued to a later time; and
6364	(b) that the board will cause a notice of the continued hearing to be published [on the
6365	Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601,] for the community, as a class A
6366	notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least seven days before the day on which the hearing is
6367	scheduled to resume.
6368	Section 116. Section 17C-1-806 is amended to read:
6369	17C-1-806. Requirements for notice provided by agency.
6370	(1) The notice required by Section 17C-1-805 shall be given by:
6371	(a) publishing notice for the county, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for
6372	at least 14 days before the day on which the hearing is held; and
6373	[(a) (i) posting notice at least 14 days before the day of the hearing in at least three
6374	conspicuous places within the county in which the project area or proposed project area is
6375	located; or]
6376	[(ii) posting notice, excluding the map described in Subsection (3)(b), at least 14 days
6377	before the day on which the hearing is held on:

03/8	[(A) the Otali Fublic Notice website described in Section 65A-10-001, and]
6379	[(B) the public website of a community located within the boundaries of the project
6380	area; and]
6381	(b) at least 30 days before the hearing, mailing notice to:
6382	(i) each record owner of property located within the project area or proposed project
6383	area;
6384	(ii) the State Tax Commission;
6385	(iii) the assessor and auditor of the county in which the project area or proposed project
6386	area is located; and
6387	(iv) (A) if a project area is subject to a taxing entity committee, each member of the
6388	taxing entity committee and the State Board of Education; or
6389	(B) if a project area is not subject to a taxing entity committee, the legislative body or
6390	governing board of each taxing entity within the boundaries of the project area or proposed
6391	project area.
6392	(2) The mailing of the notice to record property owners required under Subsection
6393	(1)(b)(i) shall be conclusively considered to have been properly completed if:
6394	(a) the agency mails the notice to the property owners as shown in the records,
6395	including an electronic database, of the county recorder's office and at the addresses shown in
6396	those records; and
6397	(b) the county recorder's office records used by the agency in identifying owners to
6398	whom the notice is mailed and their addresses were obtained or accessed from the county
6399	recorder's office no earlier than 30 days before the mailing.
6400	(3) The agency shall include in each notice required under Section 17C-1-805:
6401	(a) (i) a boundary description of the project area or proposed project area; or
6402	(ii) (A) a mailing address or telephone number where a person may request that a copy
6403	of the boundary description be sent at no cost to the person by mail, email, or facsimile
6404	transmission; and
6405	(B) if the agency or community has an Internet website, an Internet address where a
6406	person may gain access to an electronic, printable copy of the boundary description and other
6407	related information;
6408	(b) a map of the boundaries of the project area or proposed project area;

6409	(c) an explanation of the purpose of the hearing; and
6410	(d) a statement of the date, time, and location of the hearing.
6411	(4) The agency shall include in each notice under Subsection (1)(b):
6412	(a) a statement that property tax revenue resulting from an increase in valuation of
6413	property within the project area or proposed project area will be paid to the agency for project
6414	area development rather than to the taxing entity to which the tax revenue would otherwise
6415	have been paid if:
6416	(i) (A) the taxing entity committee consents to the project area budget; or
6417	(B) one or more taxing entities agree to share property tax revenue under an interlocal
6418	agreement; and
6419	(ii) the project area plan provides for the agency to receive tax increment; and
6420	(b) an invitation to the recipient of the notice to submit to the agency comments
6421	concerning the subject matter of the hearing before the date of the hearing.
6422	(5) An agency may include in a notice under Subsection (1) any other information the
6423	agency considers necessary or advisable, including the public purpose achieved by the project
6424	area development and any future tax benefits expected to result from the project area
6425	development.
6426	Section 117. Section 17C-1-1003 is amended to read:
6427	17C-1-1003. Interlocal agreement Notice requirements Effective date.
6428	(1) An agency that enters into an interlocal agreement under Section 17C-1-1002 shall
6429	(a) adopt the interlocal agreement at an open and public meeting; and
6430	(b) provide a notice, in accordance with Subsections (2) and (3), titled "Authorization
6431	to Levy a Property Tax."
6432	(2) Upon the execution of an interlocal agreement, the agency shall provide, subject to
6433	Subsection (3), notice of the execution by[:] publishing the notice for the agency's jurisdiction.
6434	as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 14 days.
6435	[(a) (i) publishing the notice in a newspaper of general circulation within the agency's
6436	geographic boundaries; or]
6437	[(ii) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the agency's geographic
6438	boundaries, posting the notice in at least three public places within the agency's geographic
6439	boundaries; and]

6440	(b) posting the notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section
6441	<del>63A-16-601.</del> ]
6442	(3) A notice described in Subsection (2) shall include:
6443	(a) a summary of the interlocal agreement; and
6444	(b) a statement that the interlocal agreement:
6445	(i) is available for public inspection and the place and the hours for inspection; and
6446	(ii) authorizes the agency to:
6447	(A) receive all or a portion of a taxing entity's project area incremental revenue; and
6448	(B) levy a property tax on taxable property within the agency's boundaries.
6449	(4) An interlocal agreement described in Section 17C-1-1002 is effective the day on
6450	which the notice is published or posted in accordance with Subsections (2) and (3).
6451	(5) An eligible taxing entity that enters into an interlocal agreement under Section
6452	17C-1-1002 shall make a copy of the interlocal agreement available to the public for inspecting
6453	and copying at the eligible taxing entity's office during normal business hours.
6454	Section 118. Section 17C-2-108 is amended to read:
6455	17C-2-108. Notice of urban renewal project area plan adoption Effective date
6456	of plan Contesting the formation of the plan.
6457	(1) (a) Upon the community legislative body's adoption of an urban renewal project
6458	area plan, or an amendment to a project area plan under Section 17C-2-110, the community
6459	legislative body shall provide notice as provided in Subsection (1)(b) by[†] publishing notice
6460	for the agency's jurisdiction, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 30 days.
6461	[(i) causing a notice to be posted in at least three public places within the agency's
6462	boundaries; and]
6463	[(ii) posting a notice on the Utah Public Notice Website described in Section
6464	<del>63A-16-601.</del> ]
6465	(b) Each notice under Subsection (1)(a) shall:
6466	(i) set forth the community legislative body's ordinance adopting the project area plan
6467	or a summary of the ordinance; and
6468	(ii) include a statement that the project area plan is available for general public
6469	inspection and the hours for inspection.
6470	(2) The project area plan shall become effective [on the date of:] at the end of the

04/1	30-day period described in Subsection (1)(a).
6472	[(a) if notice was published under Subsection (1)(a), publication of the notice; or]
6473	[(b) if notice was posted under Subsection (1)(a), posting of the notice.]
6474	(3) (a) For a period of 30 days after the effective date of the project area plan under
6475	Subsection (2), any person may contest the project area plan or the procedure used to adopt the
6476	project area plan if the plan or procedure fails to comply with applicable statutory
6477	requirements.
6478	(b) After the 30-day period under Subsection (3)(a) expires, a person may not contest
6479	the project area plan or procedure used to adopt the project area plan for any cause.
6480	(4) Upon adoption of the project area plan by the community legislative body, the
6481	agency may carry out the project area plan.
6482	(5) Each agency shall make the project area plan available to the general public at the
6483	agency's office during normal business hours.
6484	Section 119. Section 17C-3-107 is amended to read:
6485	17C-3-107. Notice of economic development project area plan adoption
6486	Effective date of plan Contesting the formation of the plan.
6487	(1) (a) Upon the community legislative body's adoption of an economic development
6488	project area plan, or an amendment to the project area plan under Section 17C-3-109 that
6489	requires notice, the legislative body shall provide notice as provided in Subsection (1)(b) by[:]
6490	publishing notice for the agency's jurisdiction, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102,
6491	for at least 30 days.
6492	[(i) causing a notice to be posted in at least three public places within the agency's
6493	boundaries; and]
6494	[(ii) posting a notice on the Utah Public Notice Website described in Section
6495	<del>63A-16-601.</del> ]
6496	(b) Each notice under Subsection (1)(a) shall:
6497	(i) set forth the community legislative body's ordinance adopting the project area plan
6498	or a summary of the ordinance; and
6499	(ii) include a statement that the project area plan is available for public inspection and
6500	the hours for inspection.
6501	(2) The project area plan shall become effective [on the date of:] at the end of the

0302	30-day period described in Subsection (1)(a).
6503	[(a) if notice was published under Subsection (1)(a), publication of the notice; or]
6504	[(b) if notice was posted under Subsection (1)(a), posting of the notice.]
6505	(3) (a) For a period of 30 days after the effective date of the project area plan under
6506	Subsection (2), any person may contest the project area plan or the procedure used to adopt the
6507	project area plan if the plan or procedure fails to comply with applicable statutory
6508	requirements.
6509	(b) After the 30-day period under Subsection (3)(a) expires, a person may not contest
6510	the project area plan or procedure used to adopt the project area plan for any cause.
6511	(4) Upon adoption of the economic development project area plan by the community
6512	legislative body, the agency may implement the project area plan.
6513	(5) Each agency shall make the economic development project area plan available to
6514	the general public at the agency's office during normal business hours.
6515	Section 120. Section 17C-4-106 is amended to read:
6516	17C-4-106. Notice of community development project area plan adoption
6517	Effective date of plan Contesting the formation of the plan.
6518	(1) (a) Upon the community legislative body's adoption of a community development
6519	project area plan, the community legislative body shall provide notice as provided in
6520	Subsection (1)(b) by[÷] publishing notice for the agency's jurisdiction, as a class A notice under
6521	Section 63G-28-102, for at least 30 days.
6522	[(i) causing a notice to be posted in at least three public places within the agency's
6523	boundaries; and]
6524	[(ii) posting a notice or causing a notice to be posted on the Utah Public Notice
6525	Website created in Section 63A-16-601.]
6526	(b) Each notice under Subsection (1)(a) shall:
6527	(i) set forth the community legislative body's ordinance adopting the community
6528	development project area plan or a summary of the ordinance; and
6529	(ii) include a statement that the project area plan is available for general public
6530	inspection and the hours for inspection.
6531	(2) The community development project area plan shall become effective [on the date
6532	of the posting of the notice under Subsection (1)(a) at the end of the 30-day period described

6533	in Subsection	(1)	)(a)	)
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- (3) (a) For a period of 30 days after the effective date of the community development project area plan under Subsection (2), any person may contest the project area plan or the procedure used to adopt the project area plan if the plan or procedure fails to comply with applicable statutory requirements.
- (b) After the 30-day period under Subsection (3)(a) expires, a person may not contest the community development project area plan or procedure used to adopt the project area plan for any cause.
- (4) Upon adoption of the community development project area plan by the community legislative body, the agency may carry out the project area plan.
- (5) Each agency shall make the adopted project area plan available to the public at the agency's office during normal business hours.
  - Section 121. Section 17C-4-109 is amended to read:

## 17C-4-109. Expedited community development project area plan -- Notice.

- (1) As used in this section, "tax increment incentive" means the portion of tax increment awarded to an industry or business.
- (2) A community development project area plan may be adopted or amended without complying with the notice and public hearing requirements of this part and Chapter 1, Part 8, Hearing and Notice Requirements, if the following requirements are met:
- (a) the agency determines by resolution adopted in an open and public meeting the need to create or amend a project area plan on an expedited basis, which resolution shall include a description of why expedited action is needed;
- (b) a public hearing on the amendment or adoption of the project area plan is held by the agency;
- (c) notice of the public hearing is published at least 14 days before the <u>day of the public</u> hearing [on:] for the community that created the agency, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 14 days;
  - (i) the website of the community that created the agency; and
- [(ii) the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601;]
- (d) written consent to the amendment or adoption of the project area plan is given by all record property owners within the existing or proposed project area;

6564	(e) each taxing entity that will be affected by the tax increment incentive enters into or
6565	amends an interlocal agreement in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation
6566	Act, and Sections 17C-4-201, 17C-4-203, and 17C-4-204;
6567	(f) the primary market for the goods or services that will be created by the industry or
6568	business entity that will receive a tax increment incentive from the amendment or adoption of
6569	the project area plan is outside of the state;
6570	(g) the industry or business entity that will receive a tax increment incentive from the
6571	amendment or adoption of the project area plan is not primarily engaged in retail trade; and
6572	(h) a tax increment incentive is only provided to an industry or business entity:
6573	(i) on a postperformance basis as described in Subsection (3); and
6574	(ii) on an annual basis after the tax increment is received by the agency.
6575	(3) An industry or business entity may only receive a tax increment incentive under this
6576	section after entering into an agreement with the agency that sets postperformance targets that
6577	shall be met before the industry or business entity may receive the tax increment incentive,
6578	including annual targets for:
6579	(a) capital investment in the project area;
6580	(b) the increase in the taxable value of the project area;
6581	(c) the number of new jobs created in the project area;
6582	(d) the average wages of the jobs created, which shall be at least 110% of the
6583	prevailing wage of the county where the project area is located; and
6584	(e) the amount of local vendor opportunity generated by the industry or business entity.
6585	Section 122. Section 17C-4-202 is amended to read:
6586	17C-4-202. Resolution or interlocal agreement to provide project area funds for
6587	the community development project area plan Notice Effective date of resolution or
6588	interlocal agreement Time to contest resolution or interlocal agreement Availability
6589	of resolution or interlocal agreement.
6590	(1) The approval and adoption of each resolution or interlocal agreement under
6591	Subsection 17C-4-201(2) shall be in an open and public meeting.
6592	(2) (a) Upon the adoption of a resolution or interlocal agreement under Section
6593	17C-4-201, the agency shall provide notice as provided in Subsection (2)(b) by[:] publishing
6594	notice for the agency's jurisdiction, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for 30 days.

6595	(i) causing a notice to be posted in at least three public places within the agency's
6596	boundaries; and]
6597	[(ii) posting or causing to be posted a notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created
6598	in Section 63A-16-601.]
6599	(b) Each notice under Subsection (2)(a) shall:
6600	(i) set forth a summary of the resolution or interlocal agreement; and
6601	(ii) include a statement that the resolution or interlocal agreement is available for
6602	public inspection and the hours of inspection.
6603	(3) The resolution or interlocal agreement shall become effective [on the date of the
6604	posting of the notice under Subsection (2)(a)] at the end of the 30-day period described in
6605	Subsection (2)(a).
6606	(4) (a) For a period of 30 days after the effective date of the resolution or interlocal
6607	agreement under Subsection (3), any person may contest the resolution or interlocal agreement
6608	or the procedure used to adopt the resolution or interlocal agreement if the resolution or
6609	interlocal agreement or procedure fails to comply with applicable statutory requirements.
6610	(b) After the 30-day period under Subsection (4)(a) expires, a person may not contest:
6611	(i) the resolution or interlocal agreement;
6612	(ii) a distribution of tax increment to the agency under the resolution or interlocal
6613	agreement; or
6614	(iii) the agency's use of project area funds under the resolution or interlocal agreement.
6615	(5) Each agency that is to receive project area funds under a resolution or interlocal
6616	agreement under Section 17C-4-201 and each taxing entity that approves a resolution or enters
6617	into an interlocal agreement under Section 17C-4-201 shall make the resolution or interlocal
6618	agreement, as the case may be, available at the taxing entity's offices to the public for
6619	inspection and copying during normal business hours.
6620	Section 123. Section 17C-5-110 is amended to read:
6621	17C-5-110. Notice of community reinvestment project area plan adoption
6622	Effective date of plan Contesting the formation of the plan.
6623	(1) (a) Upon a community legislative body's adoption of a community reinvestment
6624	project area plan in accordance with Section 17C-5-109, or an amendment to a community
6625	reinvestment project area plan in accordance with Section 17C-5-112, the community

6626	legislative body shall provide notice of the adoption or amendment in accordance with
6627	Subsection (1)(b) by[+] publishing notice for the community, as a class A notice under Section
6628	63G-28-102, for 30 days.
6629	[(i) causing a notice to be posted in at least three public places within the community;
6630	and]
6631	[(ii) posting a notice on the Utah Public Notice Website described in Section
6632	<del>63A-16-601.</del> ]
6633	(b) A notice described in Subsection (1)(a) shall include:
6634	(i) a copy of the community legislative body's ordinance, or a summary of the
6635	ordinance, that adopts the community reinvestment project area plan; and
6636	(ii) a statement that the community reinvestment project area plan is available for
6637	public inspection and the hours for inspection.
6638	(2) A community reinvestment project area plan is effective [on the day on which
6639	notice of adoption is published or posted in accordance with Subsection (1)(a)] at the end of the
6640	30-day period described in Subsection (1)(a).
6641	(3) A community reinvestment project area is considered created the day on which the
6642	community reinvestment project area plan becomes effective as described in Subsection (2).
6643	(4) (a) Within 30 days after the day on which a community reinvestment project area
6644	plan is effective, a person may contest the community reinvestment project area plan or the
6645	procedure used to adopt the community reinvestment project area plan if the community
6646	reinvestment project area plan or the procedure fails to comply with a provision of this title.
6647	(b) After the 30-day period described in Subsection (4)(a) expires, a person may not
6648	contest the community reinvestment project area plan or the procedure used to adopt the
6649	community reinvestment project area plan.
6650	(5) Upon adoption of a community reinvestment project area plan by the community
6651	legislative body, the agency may implement the community reinvestment project area plan.
6652	(6) The agency shall make the community reinvestment project area plan available to
6653	the public at the agency's office during normal business hours.
6654	Section 124. Section 17C-5-113 is amended to read:
6655	17C-5-113. Expedited community reinvestment project area plan Hearing and
6656	notice requirements.

6657	(1) As used in this section:
6658	(a) "Qualified business entity" means a business entity that:
6659	(i) has a primary market for the qualified business entity's goods or services outside of
6660	the state; and
6661	(ii) is not primarily engaged in retail sales.
6662	(b) "Tax increment incentive" means the portion of an agency's tax increment that is
6663	paid to a qualified business entity for the purpose of implementing a community reinvestment
6664	project area plan.
6665	(2) An agency and a qualified business entity may, in accordance with Subsection (3),
6666	enter into an agreement that allows the qualified business entity to receive a tax increment
6667	incentive.
6668	(3) An agreement described in Subsection (2) shall set annual postperformance targets
6669	for:
6670	(a) capital investment within the community reinvestment project area;
6671	(b) the number of new jobs created within the community reinvestment project area;
6672	(c) the average wage of the jobs described in Subsection (3)(b) that is at least 110% of
6673	the prevailing wage of the county within which the community reinvestment project area is
6674	located; and
6675	(d) the amount of local vendor opportunity generated by the qualified business entity.
6676	(4) A qualified business entity may only receive a tax increment incentive:
6677	(a) if the qualified business entity complies with the agreement described in Subsection
6678	(3);
6679	(b) on a postperformance basis; and
6680	(c) on an annual basis after the agency receives tax increment from a taxing entity.
6681	(5) An agency may create or amend a community reinvestment project area plan for the
6682	purpose of providing a tax increment incentive without complying with the requirements
6683	described in Chapter 1, Part 8, Hearing and Notice Requirements, if:
6684	(a) the agency:
6685	(i) holds a public hearing to consider the need to create or amend a community
6686	reinvestment project area plan on an expedited basis;
6687	(ii) [posts] publishes notice for the community, as a class A notice under Section

6688	63G-28-102, for at least 14 days before the day on which the public hearing described in
6689	Subsection (5)(a)(i) is held [on:]; and
6690	[(A) the community's website; and]
6691	[(B) the Utah Public Notice Website as described in Section 63A-16-601; and]
6692	(iii) at the hearing described in Subsection (5)(a)(i), adopts a resolution to create or
6693	amend the community reinvestment project area plan on an expedited basis;
6694	(b) all record property owners within the existing or proposed community reinvestment
6695	project area plan give written consent; and
6696	(c) each taxing entity affected by the tax increment incentive consents and enters into
6697	an interlocal agreement with the agency authorizing the agency to pay a tax increment incentive
6698	to the qualified business entity.
6699	Section 125. Section 17C-5-205 is amended to read:
6700	17C-5-205. Interlocal agreement to provide project area funds for the community
6701	reinvestment project area subject to interlocal agreement Notice Effective date of
6702	interlocal agreement Time to contest interlocal agreement Availability of interlocal
6703	agreement.
6704	(1) An agency shall:
6705	(a) approve and adopt an interlocal agreement described in Section 17C-5-204 at an
6706	open and public meeting; and
6707	(b) provide a notice of the meeting titled "Diversion of Property Tax for a Community
6708	Reinvestment Project Area."
6709	(2) (a) Upon the execution of an interlocal agreement described in Section 17C-5-204,
6710	the agency shall provide notice of the execution by[:] publishing the notice for the agency's
6711	jurisdiction, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for 30 days.
6712	[(i) causing the notice to be posted in at least three public places within the agency's
6713	boundaries; and]
6714	[(ii) posting the notice or causing the notice to be posted on the Utah Public Notice
6715	Website created in Section 63A-16-601.
6716	(b) A notice described in Subsection (2)(a) shall include:
6717	(i) a summary of the interlocal agreement; and
6718	(ii) a statement that the interlocal agreement:

6719	(A) is available for public inspection and the hours for inspection; and
6720	(B) authorizes the agency to receive all or a portion of a taxing entity's tax increment or
6721	sales and use tax revenue.
6722	(3) An interlocal agreement described in Section 17C-5-204 is effective [the day on
6723	which the notice described in Subsection (2) is posted in accordance with Subsection (2)(a)] at
6724	the end of the 30-day period described in Subsection (2)(a).
6725	(4) (a) Within 30 days after the day on which the interlocal agreement is effective, a
6726	person may contest the interlocal agreement or the procedure used to adopt the interlocal
6727	agreement if the interlocal agreement or procedure fails to comply with a provision of this title.
6728	(b) After the 30-day period described in Subsection (4)(a) expires, a person may not
6729	contest:
6730	(i) the interlocal agreement;
6731	(ii) a distribution of tax increment to the agency under the interlocal agreement; or
6732	(iii) the agency's use of project area funds under the interlocal agreement.
6733	(5) A taxing entity that enters into an interlocal agreement under Section 17C-5-204
6734	shall make a copy of the interlocal agreement available to the public at the taxing entity's office
6735	for inspection and copying during normal business hours.
6736	Section 126. Section 17D-3-305 is amended to read:
6737	17D-3-305. Setting the date of nomination of the board of supervisors Notice
6738	requirements.
6739	(1) The commission shall set the date of the nomination of members of the board of
6740	supervisors of a conservation district.
6741	(2) The commission shall publish notice of the nomination day described in Subsection
6742	(1):
6743	[(a) (i) in a newspaper of general circulation within the conservation district at least
6744	once, no later than four weeks before the day of the nomination; or]
6745	[(ii) if there is no newspaper of general circulation in the conservation district, at least
6746	four weeks before the nomination day, by posting one notice, and at least one additional notice
6747	per 2,000 population of the conservation district, in places within the conservation district that
6748	are most likely to give notice to the residents in the conservation district;]
6749	[(b)] (a) [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601,] for the

6750	conservation district, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for four weeks before the
6751	day of the nomination; and
6752	[(e)] (b) in accordance with Section 45-1-101, for four weeks before the day of the
6753	nomination[ <del>, and</del> ].
6754	[(d) if the conservation district has a website, on the conservation district's website for
6755	four weeks before the day of the nomination.]
6756	(3) The commissioner shall appoint the board of members by no later than six weeks
6757	after the date set by the commission for the close of nominations.
6758	(4) The notice required under Subsection (2) shall state:
6759	(a) the nomination date; and
6760	(b) the number of open board member positions for the conservation district.
6761	Section 127. Section 19-2-109 is amended to read:
6762	19-2-109. Air quality standards Hearings on adoption Notice requirements
6763	Orders of director Adoption of emission control requirements.
6764	(1) (a) The board, in adopting standards of quality for ambient air, shall conduct public
6765	hearings.
6766	(b) Notice of any public hearing for the consideration, adoption, or amendment of air
6767	quality standards shall specify the locations to which the proposed standards apply and the
6768	time, date, and place of the hearing.
6769	(c) The notice shall be:
6770	(i) [(A)] published [at least twice in any newspaper of general circulation in] for the
6771	area affected, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 20 days; and
6772	[(B) published on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, at
6773	least 20 days before the public hearing; and]
6774	(ii) mailed at least 20 days before the public hearing to the chief executive of each
6775	political subdivision of the area affected and to other persons the director has reason to believe
6776	will be affected by the standards.
6777	(d) The adoption of air quality standards or any modification or changes to air quality
6778	standards shall be by order of the director following formal action of the board with respect to
6779	the standards.
6780	(e) The order shall be published:

6781	(i) [in a newspaper of general circulation in] for the area affected, as a class A notice
6782	under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 20 days; and
6783	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
6784	(2) (a) The board may establish emission control requirements by rule that in its
6785	judgment may be necessary to prevent, abate, or control air pollution that may be statewide or
6786	may vary from area to area, taking into account varying local conditions.
6787	(b) In adopting these requirements, the board shall give notice and conduct public
6788	hearings in accordance with the requirements in Subsection (1).
6789	Section 128. Section <b>20A-1-206</b> is amended to read:
6790	20A-1-206. Cancellation of local election or local race Municipalities Local
6791	districts Notice.
6792	(1) As used in this section:
6793	(a) "Contested race" means a race in a general election where the number of
6794	candidates, including any eligible write-in candidates, exceeds the number of offices to be
6795	filled in the race.
6796	(b) "Election" means an event, run by an election officer, that includes one or more
6797	races for public office or one or more ballot propositions.
6798	(c) (i) "Race" means a contest between candidates to obtain the number of votes
6799	necessary to take a particular public office.
6800	(ii) "Race," as the term relates to a contest for an at-large position, includes all open
6801	positions for the same at-large office.
6802	(iii) "Race," as the term relates to a contest for a municipal council position that is not
6803	an at-large position, includes only the contest to represent a particular district on the council.
6804	(2) A municipal legislative body may cancel a local election if:
6805	(a) the ballot for the local election will not include any contested races or ballot
6806	propositions; and
6807	(b) the municipal legislative body passes, no later than 20 days before the day of the
6808	scheduled election, a resolution that cancels the election and certifies that:
6809	(i) the ballot for the election would not include any contested races or ballot
6810	propositions; and
6811	(ii) the candidates who qualified for the ballot are considered elected.

6812	(3) A municipal legislative body may cancel a race in a local election if:
6813	(a) the ballot for the race will not include any contested races or ballot propositions;
6814	and
6815	(b) the municipal legislative body passes, no later than 20 days before the day of the
6816	scheduled election, a resolution that cancels the race and certifies that:
6817	(i) the ballot for the race would not include any contested races or ballot propositions;
6818	and
6819	(ii) the candidate for the race is considered elected.
6820	(4) A municipal legislative body that cancels a local election in accordance with
6821	Subsection (2) shall give notice that the election is cancelled by:
6822	(a) subject to Subsection (8), providing notice to the lieutenant governor's office to be
6823	posted on the Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website described in Section 20A-7-801
6824	for 15 consecutive days before the day of the scheduled election; and
6825	(b) providing notice for the municipality, as a class A notice under Section
6826	63G-28-102, for at least 15 days before the day of the scheduled election.
6827	[(b) if the municipality has a public website, posting notice on the municipality's public
6828	website for 15 days before the day of the scheduled election;]
6829	[(c) if the elected officials or departments of the municipality regularly publish a
6830	printed or electronic newsletter or other periodical, publishing notice in the next scheduled
6831	newsletter or other periodical published before the day of the scheduled election;]
6832	[(d) (i) publishing notice at least twice in a newspaper of general circulation in the
6833	municipality before the day of the scheduled election;]
6834	[(ii) at least 10 days before the day of the scheduled election, posting one notice, and at
6835	least one additional notice per 2,000 population within the municipality, in places within the
6836	municipality that are most likely to give notice to the voters in the municipality, subject to a
6837	maximum of 10 notices; or]
6838	[(iii) at least 10 days before the day of the scheduled election, mailing notice to each
6839	registered voter in the municipality; and]
6840	[(e) posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section 63A-16-601,
6841	for at least 10 days before the day of the scheduled election.]
6842	(5) A local district board may cancel a local election if:

6843	(a) the ballot for the local election will not include any contested races or ballot
6844	propositions; and
6845	(b) the local district board passes, no later than 20 days before the day of the scheduled
6846	election, a resolution that cancels the election and certifies that:
6847	(i) the ballot for the election would not include any contested races or ballot
6848	propositions; and
6849	(ii) the candidates who qualified for the ballot are considered elected.
6850	(6) A local district board may cancel a local district race if:
6851	(a) the race is uncontested; and
6852	(b) the local district board passes, no later than 20 days before the day of the scheduled
6853	election, a resolution that cancels the race and certifies that the candidate who qualified for the
6854	ballot for that race is considered elected.
6855	(7) A local district that cancels a local election in accordance with Subsection (5) shall
6856	provide notice that the election is cancelled:
6857	(a) subject to Subsection (8), by posting notice on the Statewide Electronic Voter
6858	Information Website described in Section 20A-7-801, for 15 consecutive days before the day of
6859	the scheduled election; and
6860	(b) as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 15 days before the day of
6861	the scheduled election.
6862	[(b) if the local district has a public website, by posting notice on the local district's
6863	public website for 15 days before the day of the scheduled election;]
6864	[(c) if the local district publishes a newsletter or other periodical, by publishing notice
6865	in the next scheduled newsletter or other periodical published before the day of the scheduled
6866	election;]
6867	[(d) (i) by publishing notice at least twice in a newspaper of general circulation in the
6868	local district before the scheduled election;]
6869	[(ii) at least 10 days before the day of the scheduled election, by posting one notice,
6870	and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population of the local district, in places within the
6871	local district that are most likely to give notice to the voters in the local district, subject to a
6872	maximum of 10 notices; or]
6873	[(iii) at least 10 days before the day of the scheduled election, by mailing notice to each

6874	registered voter in the local district; and]
6875	[(e) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
6876	63A-16-601, for at least 10 days before the day of the scheduled election.]
6877	(8) A municipal legislative body that posts a notice in accordance with Subsection
6878	(4)(a) or a local district that posts a notice in accordance with Subsection (7)(a) is not liable for
6879	a notice that fails to post due to technical or other error by the publisher of the Statewide
6880	Electronic Voter Information Website.
6881	Section 129. Section <b>20A-1-512</b> is amended to read:
6882	20A-1-512. Midterm vacancies on local district boards Notice.
6883	(1) (a) When a vacancy occurs on any local district board for any reason, the following
6884	shall appoint a replacement to serve out the unexpired term in accordance with this section:
6885	(i) the local district board, if the person vacating the position was elected; or
6886	(ii) the appointing authority, as that term is defined in Section 17B-1-102, if the
6887	appointing authority appointed the person vacating the position.
6888	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c) or (d), before acting to fill the vacancy, the
6889	local district board or appointing authority shall:
6890	(i) give public notice of the vacancy for at least two weeks before the local district
6891	board or appointing authority meets to fill the vacancy by[:] publishing the notice, as a class A
6892	notice under Section 63G-28-102, for the local district; and
6893	[(A) if there is a newspaper of general circulation, as that term is defined in Section
6894	45-1-201, within the district, publishing the notice in the newspaper of general circulation;]
6895	[(B) posting the notice in three public places within the local district; and]
6896	[(C) posting on the Utah Public Notice Website created under Section 63A-16-601;
6897	and]
6898	(ii) identify, in the notice:
6899	(A) the date, time, and place of the meeting where the vacancy will be filled;
6900	(B) the individual to whom an individual who is interested in an appointment to fill the
6901	vacancy may submit the individual's name for consideration; and
6902	(C) any submission deadline.
6903	(c) An appointing authority is not subject to Subsection (1)(b) if:

(i) the appointing authority appoints one of the appointing authority's own members;

6905	and
6906	(ii) that member meets all applicable statutory board member qualifications.
6907	(d) When a vacancy occurs on the board of a water conservancy district located in
6908	more than one county:
6909	(i) the board shall give notice of the vacancy to the county legislative bodies that
6910	nominated the vacating trustee as provided in Section 17B-2a-1005;
6911	(ii) the county legislative bodies described in Subsection (1)(d)(i) shall collectively
6912	compile a list of three nominees to fill the vacancy; and
6913	(iii) the governor shall, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint an
6914	individual to fill the vacancy from nominees submitted as provided in Subsection
6915	17B-2a-1005(2)(c).
6916	(2) If the local district board fails to appoint an individual to complete an elected board
6917	member's term within 90 days, the legislative body of the county or municipality that created
6918	the local district shall fill the vacancy in accordance with the procedure for a local district
6919	described in Subsection (1)(b).
6920	Section 130. Section 20A-3a-604 is amended to read:
6921	20A-3a-604. Notice of time and place of early voting.
6922	(1) Except as provided in Section 20A-1-308 or Subsection 20A-3a-603(2), the
6923	election officer shall, <u>for</u> at least [19] <u>28</u> days before the date of the election, provide notice of
6924	the dates, times, and locations of early voting[:] by publishing notice for the county, as a class
6925	A notice under Section 63G-28-102.
6926	[(a) (i) by publishing notice in at least one issue of a newspaper of general circulation
6927	in the county;]
6928	[(ii) by posting one notice, and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population of
6929	the county, in places within the county that are most likely to give notice to the residents in the
6930	county, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or]
6931	[(iii) by mailing notice to each registered voter in the county;]
6932	[(b) by posting notice at each early voting polling place;]
6933	[(c) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
6934	63A-16-601, for 19 days before the day of the election; and]
6935	[(d) by posting notice on the county's website for 19 days before the day of the

- (2) Instead of specifying all dates, times, and locations of early voting, a notice required under Subsection (1) may specify the following sources where a voter may view or obtain a copy of all dates, times, and locations of early voting:
  - (a) the county's website;
  - (b) the physical address of the county's offices; and
- (c) a mailing address and telephone number.
  - (3) The election officer shall include in the notice described in Subsection (1):
- (a) the address of the Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website and, if available, the address of the election officer's website, with a statement indicating that the election officer will post on the website the location of each early voting polling place, including any changes to the location of an early voting polling place and the location of additional early voting polling places; and
- (b) a phone number that a voter may call to obtain information regarding the location of an early voting polling place.
  - Section 131. Section **20A-4-104** is amended to read:

## 20A-4-104. Counting ballots electronically -- Notice of testing tabulating equipment.

- (1) (a) Before beginning to count ballots using automatic tabulating equipment, the election officer shall test the automatic tabulating equipment to ensure that it will accurately count the votes cast for all offices and all measures.
- (b) The election officer shall provide public notice of the time and place of the test[:] by publishing the notice, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for the county, municipality, or jurisdiction where the equipment is used, for at least 10 days before the day of the test.
- [(i) (A) by publishing notice at least 48 hours before the test in a newspaper of general circulation in the county, municipality, or jurisdiction where the equipment is used;]
- [(B) at least 10 days before the day of the test, by posting one notice, and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population of the county, municipality, or jurisdiction, in places within the county, municipality, or jurisdiction that are most likely to give notice to the voters in the county, municipality, or jurisdiction, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or]

6967	[(C) at least 10 days before the day of the test, by mailing notice to each registered
6968	voter in the county, municipality, or jurisdiction where the equipment is used;]
6969	[(ii) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
6970	63A-16-601, for four weeks before the day of the test; and]
6971	[(iii) if the county, municipality, or jurisdiction has a website, by posting notice on the
6972	website for four weeks before the day of the test.]
6973	(c) The election officer shall conduct the test by processing a preaudited group of
6974	ballots.
6975	(d) The election officer shall ensure that:
6976	(i) a predetermined number of valid votes for each candidate and measure are recorded
6977	on the ballots;
6978	(ii) for each office, one or more ballots have votes in excess of the number allowed by
6979	law in order to test the ability of the automatic tabulating equipment to reject those votes; and
6980	(iii) a different number of valid votes are assigned to each candidate for an office, and
6981	for and against each measure.
6982	(e) If any error is detected, the election officer shall determine the cause of the error
6983	and correct it.
6984	(f) The election officer shall ensure that:
6985	(i) the automatic tabulating equipment produces an errorless count before beginning
6986	the actual counting; and
6987	(ii) the automatic tabulating equipment passes the same test at the end of the count
6988	before the election returns are approved as official.
6989	(2) (a) The election officer or the election officer's designee shall supervise and direct
6990	all proceedings at the counting center.
6991	(b) (i) Proceedings at the counting center are public and may be observed by interested
6992	persons.
6993	(ii) Only those persons authorized to participate in the count may touch any ballot or
6994	return.
6995	(c) The election officer shall deputize and administer an oath or affirmation to all
6996	persons who are engaged in processing and counting the ballots that they will faithfully
6997	perform their assigned duties.

6998	(3) (a) If any ballot is damaged or defective so that it cannot properly be counted by the
6999	automatic tabulating equipment, the election officer shall ensure that two counting judges
7000	jointly:
7001	(i) make a true replication of the ballot with an identifying serial number;
7002	(ii) substitute the replicated ballot for the damaged or defective ballot;
7003	(iii) label the replicated ballot "replicated"; and
7004	(iv) record the replicated ballot's serial number on the damaged or defective ballot.
7005	(b) The lieutenant governor shall provide to each election officer a standard form on
7006	which the election officer shall maintain a log of all replicated ballots, that includes, for each
7007	ballot:
7008	(i) the serial number described in Subsection (3)(a);
7009	(ii) the identification of the individuals who replicated the ballot;
7010	(iii) the reason for the replication; and
7011	(iv) any other information required by the lieutenant governor.
7012	(c) An election officer shall:
7013	(i) maintain the log described in Subsection (3)(b) in a complete and legible manner, as
7014	ballots are replicated;
7015	(ii) at the end of each day during which one or more ballots are replicated, make an
7016	electronic copy of the log; and
7017	(iii) keep each electronic copy made under Subsection (3)(c)(ii) for at least 22 months.
7018	(4) The election officer may:
7019	(a) conduct an unofficial count before conducting the official count in order to provide
7020	early unofficial returns to the public;
7021	(b) release unofficial returns from time to time after the polls close; and
7022	(c) report the progress of the count for each candidate during the actual counting of
7023	ballots.
7024	(5) Beginning on the day after the date of the election, if an election officer releases
7025	early unofficial returns or reports the progress of the count for each candidate under Subsection
7026	(4), the election officer shall, with each release or report, disclose an estimate of the total
7027	number of voted ballots in the election officer's custody that have not yet been counted.
7028	(6) The election officer shall review and evaluate the provisional ballot envelopes and

7029	prepare any valid provisional ballots for counting as provided in Section 20A-4-107.
7030	(7) (a) The election officer or the election officer's designee shall:
7031	(i) separate, count, and tabulate any ballots containing valid write-in votes; and
7032	(ii) complete the standard form provided by the clerk for recording valid write-in votes
7033	(b) In counting the write-in votes, if, by casting a valid write-in vote, a voter has cast
7034	more votes for an office than that voter is entitled to vote for that office, the poll workers shall
7035	count the valid write-in vote as being the obvious intent of the voter.
7036	(8) (a) The election officer shall certify the return printed by the automatic tabulating
7037	equipment, to which have been added write-in and absentee votes, as the official return of each
7038	voting precinct.
7039	(b) Upon completion of the count, the election officer shall make official returns open
7040	to the public.
7041	(9) If for any reason it becomes impracticable to count all or a part of the ballots with
7042	tabulating equipment, the election officer may direct that they be counted manually according
7043	to the procedures and requirements of this part.
7044	(10) After the count is completed, the election officer shall seal and retain the
7045	programs, test materials, and ballots as provided in Section 20A-4-202.
7046	Section 132. Section <b>20A-4-304</b> is amended to read:
7047	20A-4-304. Declaration of results Canvassers' report.
7048	(1) Each board of canvassers shall:
7049	(a) except as provided in Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project,
7050	declare "elected" or "nominated" those persons who:
7051	(i) had the highest number of votes; and
7052	(ii) sought election or nomination to an office completely within the board's
7053	jurisdiction;
7054	(b) declare:
7055	(i) "approved" those ballot propositions that:
7056	(A) had more "yes" votes than "no" votes; and
7057	(B) were submitted only to the voters within the board's jurisdiction; or
7058	(ii) "rejected" those ballot propositions that:
7059	(A) had more "no" votes than "yes" votes or an equal number of "no" votes and "yes"

7060	votes; and
7061	(B) were submitted only to the voters within the board's jurisdiction;
7062	(c) certify the vote totals for persons and for and against ballot propositions that were
7063	submitted to voters within and beyond the board's jurisdiction and transmit those vote totals to
7064	the lieutenant governor; and
7065	(d) if applicable, certify the results of each local district election to the local district
7066	clerk.
7067	(2) As soon as the result is declared, the election officer shall prepare a report of the
7068	result, which shall contain:
7069	(a) the total number of votes cast in the board's jurisdiction;
7070	(b) the names of each candidate whose name appeared on the ballot;
7071	(c) the title of each ballot proposition that appeared on the ballot;
7072	(d) each office that appeared on the ballot;
7073	(e) from each voting precinct:
7074	(i) the number of votes for each candidate;
7075	(ii) for each race conducted by instant runoff voting under Part 6, Municipal Alternate
7076	Voting Methods Pilot Project, the number of valid votes cast for each candidate for each
7077	potential ballot-counting phase and the name of the candidate excluded in each ballot-counting
7078	phase; and
7079	(iii) the number of votes for and against each ballot proposition;
7080	(f) the total number of votes given in the board's jurisdiction to each candidate, and for
7081	and against each ballot proposition;
7082	(g) the number of ballots that were rejected; and
7083	(h) a statement certifying that the information contained in the report is accurate.
7084	(3) The election officer and the board of canvassers shall:
7085	(a) review the report to ensure that it is correct; and
7086	(b) sign the report.
7087	(4) The election officer shall:
7088	(a) record or file the certified report in a book kept for that purpose;
7089	(b) prepare and transmit a certificate of nomination or election under the officer's seal
7090	to each nominated or elected candidate;

7091 (c) publish a copy of the certified report in accordance with Subsection (5); and 7092 (d) file a copy of the certified report with the lieutenant governor. 7093 (5) Except as provided in Subsection (6), the election officer shall, no later than seven 7094 days after the day on which the board of canvassers declares the election results, publicize the 7095 certified report described in Subsection (2)[:] for the jurisdiction, as a class A notice under 7096 Section 63G-28-102, for at least seven days. 7097 [(a) (i) by publishing notice at least once in a newspaper of general circulation within 7098 the jurisdiction; 7099 (ii) by posting one notice, and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population of 7100 the jurisdiction, in places within the jurisdiction that are most likely to give notice to the 7101 residents of the jurisdiction, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or 7102 [(iii) by mailing notice to each residence within the jurisdiction;] 7103 [(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section 7104 63A-16-601, for one week; and [(c) if the jurisdiction has a website, by posting notice on the jurisdiction's website for 7105 7106 one week.] 7107 (6) Instead of including a copy of the entire certified report, a notice required under 7108 Subsection (5) may contain a statement that: 7109 (a) includes the following: "The Board of Canvassers for [indicate name of jurisdiction] has prepared a report of the election results for the [indicate type and date of 7110 7111 election]."; and 7112 (b) specifies the following sources where an individual may view or obtain a copy of 7113 the entire certified report: 7114 (i) if the jurisdiction has a website, the jurisdiction's website; 7115 (ii) the physical address for the jurisdiction; and 7116 (iii) a mailing address and telephone number. 7117 (7) When there has been a regular general or a statewide special election for statewide 7118 officers, for officers that appear on the ballot in more than one county, or for a statewide or two 7119 or more county ballot proposition, each board of canvassers shall: 7120 (a) prepare a separate report detailing the number of votes for each candidate and the

number of votes for and against each ballot proposition; and

7122	(b) transmit the separate report by registered mail to the lieutenant governor.
7123	(8) In each county election, municipal election, school election, local district election,
7124	and local special election, the election officer shall transmit the reports to the lieutenant
7125	governor within 14 days after the date of the election.
7126	(9) In a regular primary election and in a presidential primary election, the board shall
7127	transmit to the lieutenant governor:
7128	(a) the county totals for multi-county races, to be telephoned or faxed to the lieutenant
7129	governor not later than the second Tuesday after the election; and
7130	(b) a complete tabulation showing voting totals for all primary races, precinct by
7131	precinct, to be mailed to the lieutenant governor on or before the third Friday following the
7132	primary election.
7133	Section 133. Section <b>20A-5-101</b> is amended to read:
7134	20A-5-101. Notice of election.
7135	(1) On or before November 15 in the year before each regular general election year, the
7136	lieutenant governor shall prepare and transmit a written notice to each county clerk that:
7137	(a) designates the offices to be filled at the next year's regular general election;
7138	(b) identifies the dates for filing a declaration of candidacy, and for submitting and
7139	certifying nomination petition signatures, as applicable, under Sections 20A-9-403, 20A-9-407,
7140	and 20A-9-408 for those offices; and
7141	(c) contains a description of any ballot propositions to be decided by the voters that
7142	have qualified for the ballot as of that date.
7143	(2) (a) No later than seven business days after the day on which the lieutenant governor
7144	transmits the written notice described in Subsection (1), each county clerk shall provide notice
7145	for the county, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at seven days before the day
7146	of the election and in accordance with Subsection (3)[:].
7147	[(i) by posting notice in a conspicuous place most likely to give notice of the election
7148	to the voters in each voting precinct within the county;]
7149	[(ii) (A) by publishing notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the county;]
7150	[(B) by posting one notice, and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population of
7151	the county, in places within the county that are most likely to give notice of the election to the
7152	voters in the county, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or]

7153	[(C) by mailing notice to each registered voter in the county;]
7154	[(iii) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
7155	63A-16-601, for seven days before the day of the election; and]
7156	[(iv) by posting notice on the county's website for seven days before the day of the
7157	election.]
7158	(b) The county clerk shall prepare an affidavit of the posting under Subsection
7159	[(2)(a)(i)] (2)(a), showing a copy of the notice and the places where the notice was posted.
7160	(3) The notice described in Subsection (2) shall:
7161	(a) designate the offices to be voted on in that election; and
7162	(b) identify the dates for filing a declaration of candidacy for those offices.
7163	(4) Except as provided in Subsection (6), before each election, the election officer shall
7164	give printed notice of the following information:
7165	(a) the date of election;
7166	(b) the hours during which the polls will be open;
7167	(c) the polling places for each voting precinct, early voting polling place, and election
7168	day voting center;
7169	(d) the address of the Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website and, if available,
7170	the address of the election officer's website, with a statement indicating that the election officer
7171	will post on the website any changes to the location of a polling place and the location of any
7172	additional polling place;
7173	(e) a phone number that a voter may call to obtain information regarding the location of
7174	a polling place; and
7175	(f) the qualifications for persons to vote in the election.
7176	(5) The election officer shall provide the notice described in Subsection (4)[:] for the
7177	jurisdiction, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least seven days before the
7178	day of the election.
7179	[(a) (i) by publishing the notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction
7180	to which the election pertains, at least two days before the day of the election;]
7181	[(ii) at least two days before the day of the election, by posting one notice, and at least
7182	one additional notice per 2,000 population of the jurisdiction, in places within the jurisdiction
7183	that are most likely to give notice of the election to the voters in the jurisdiction, subject to a

7184	maximum of 10 notices; or
7185	[(iii) by mailing the notice to each registered voter who resides in the jurisdiction to
7186	which the election pertains at least five days before the day of the election;]
7187	[(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
7188	63A-16-601, for two days before the day of the election; and]
7189	[(c) if the jurisdiction has a website, by posting notice on the jurisdiction's website for
7190	two days before the day of the election.]
7191	(6) Instead of including the information described in Subsection (4) in the notice, the
7192	election officer may give printed notice that:
7193	(a) is entitled "Notice of Election";
7194	(b) includes the following: "A [indicate election type] will be held in [indicate the
7195	jurisdiction] on [indicate date of election]. Information relating to the election, including
7196	polling places, polling place hours, and qualifications of voters may be obtained from the
7197	following sources:"; and
7198	(c) specifies the following sources where an individual may view or obtain the
7199	information described in Subsection (4):
7200	(i) if the jurisdiction has a website, the jurisdiction's website;
7201	(ii) the physical address of the jurisdiction offices; and
7202	(iii) a mailing address and telephone number.
7203	Section 134. Section <b>20A-5-403.5</b> is amended to read:
7204	20A-5-403.5. Ballot drop boxes Notice.
7205	(1) An election officer:
7206	(a) shall designate at least one ballot drop box in each municipality and reservation
7207	located in the jurisdiction to which the election relates;
7208	(b) may designate additional ballot drop boxes for the election officer's jurisdiction;
7209	(c) shall clearly mark each ballot drop box as an official ballot drop box for the election
7210	officer's jurisdiction;
7211	(d) shall provide 24-hour video surveillance of each unattended ballot drop box; and
7212	(e) shall post a sign on or near each unattended ballot drop box indicating that the
7213	ballot drop box is under 24-hour video surveillance.
7214	(2) Except as provided in Section 20A-1-308 or Subsection (5), the election officer

7215	shall, at least [19] 28 days before the date of the election, provide notice of the location of each
7216	ballot drop box designated under Subsection (1)[:], by publishing notice for the jurisdiction
7217	holding the election, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 28 days before
7218	the day of the election.
7219	[(a) (i) by publishing notice in at least one issue of a newspaper of general circulation
7220	in the jurisdiction holding the election;]
7221	[(ii) by posting one notice, and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population of
7222	the jurisdiction holding the election, in places within the jurisdiction that are most likely to give
7223	notice to the residents in the jurisdiction, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or]
7224	[(iii) by mailing notice to each registered voter in the jurisdiction holding the election;]
7225	[(b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
7226	63A-16-601, for 19 days before the day of the election; and]
7227	[(c) by posting notice on the jurisdiction's website for 19 days before the day of the
7228	election.]
7229	(3) Instead of including the location of ballot drop boxes, a notice required under
7230	Subsection (2) may specify the following sources where a voter may view or obtain a copy of
7231	all ballot drop box locations:
7232	(a) the jurisdiction's website;
7233	(b) the physical address of the jurisdiction's offices; and
7234	(c) a mailing address and telephone number.
7235	(4) The election officer shall include in the notice described in Subsection (2):
7236	(a) the address of the Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website and, if available,
7237	the address of the election officer's website, with a statement indicating that the election officer
7238	will post on the website the location of each ballot drop box, including any changes to the
7239	location of a ballot drop box and the location of additional ballot drop boxes; and
7240	(b) a phone number that a voter may call to obtain information regarding the location
7241	of a ballot drop box.
7242	(5) (a) Except as provided in Section 20A-1-308, the election officer may, after the
7243	deadline described in Subsection (2):
7244	(i) if necessary, change the location of a ballot drop box; or
7245	(ii) if the election officer determines that the number of ballot drop boxes is

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be included on each ballot;

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
7246	insufficient due to the number of registered voters who are voting, designate additional ballot
7247	drop boxes.
7248	(b) Except as provided in Section 20A-1-308, if an election officer changes the
7249	location of a ballot box or designates an additional ballot drop box location, the election officer
7250	shall, as soon as is reasonably possible, give notice of the changed ballot drop box location or
7251	the additional ballot drop box location:
7252	(i) to the lieutenant governor, for posting on the Statewide Voter Information Website;
7253	(ii) by posting the information on the website of the election officer, if available; and
7254	(iii) by posting notice:
7255	(A) for a change in the location of a ballot drop box, at the new location and, if
7256	possible, the old location; and
7257	(B) for an additional ballot drop box location, at the additional ballot drop box
7258	location.
7259	(6) An election officer may, at any time, authorize two or more poll workers to remove
7260	a ballot drop box from a location, or to remove ballots from a ballot drop box for processing.
7261	(7) (a) At least two poll workers must be present when a poll worker collects ballots
7262	from a ballot drop box and delivers the ballots to the location where the ballots will be opened
7263	and counted.
7264	(b) An election officer shall ensure that the chain of custody of ballots placed in a
7265	ballot box are recorded and tracked from the time the ballots are removed from the ballot box
7266	until the ballots are delivered to the location where the ballots will be opened and counted.
7267	Section 135. Section <b>20A-5-405</b> is amended to read:
7268	20A-5-405. Election officer to provide ballots Notice of sample ballot.
7269	(1) An election officer shall:
7270	(a) provide ballots for every election of public officers in which the voters, or any of
7271	the voters, within the election officer's jurisdiction participate;
7272	(b) cause the name of every candidate whose nomination has been certified to or filed
7273	with the election officer in the manner provided by law to be included on each ballot;
7274	(c) cause any ballot proposition that has qualified for the ballot as provided by law to

(d) ensure that the ballots are prepared and in the possession of the election officer

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7277	before commencement of voting;
7278	(e) allow candidates and their agents and the sponsors of ballot propositions that have
7279	qualified for the official ballot to inspect the ballots;
7280	(f) no later than 45 days before the day of the election, make sample ballots available
7281	for inspection, in the same form as official ballots and that contain the same information as
7282	official ballots, by:
7283	(i) posting a copy of the sample ballot in the election officer's office;
7284	(ii) sending a copy of the sample ballot to:
7285	(A) each candidate listed on the ballot; and
7286	(B) the lieutenant governor; and
7287	(iii) providing a copy of the sample ballot for the jurisdiction holding the election, as a
7288	class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least seven days;
7289	[(iii) (A) posting one copy of the sample ballot, and at least one additional copy of the
7290	sample ballot per 2,000 population of the jurisdiction, in places within the jurisdiction that are
7291	most likely to give notice to the voters in the jurisdiction, subject to a maximum of 10 notices;
7292	<del>or</del> ]
7293	[(B) mailing a copy of the sample ballot to each registered voter who resides in the
7294	jurisdiction holding the election;]
7295	[(iv) posting a copy of the sample ballot on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in
7296	Section 63A-16-601; and]
7297	[(v) if the jurisdiction has a website, posting a copy of the sample ballot on the
7298	jurisdiction's website;]
7299	(g) deliver a copy of the sample ballot to poll workers for each polling place and direct
7300	the poll workers to post the sample ballot as required by Section 20A-5-102; and
7301	(h) print and deliver, at the expense of the jurisdiction conducting the election, enough
7302	ballots, sample ballots, and instructions to meet the voting demands of the qualified voters in
7303	each voting precinct.

(a) is entitled, "sample ballot";

(1)(f)(iii), the election officer may post a statement that:

(2) Instead of posting the entire sample ballot under Subsection [(1)(f)(iii)(A)]

(b) includes the following: "A sample ballot for [indicate name of jurisdiction] for the

/308	upcoming [indicate type and date of election] may be obtained from the following sources: ;
7309	and
7310	(c) specifies the following sources where an individual may view or obtain a copy of
7311	the sample ballot:
7312	(i) if the jurisdiction has a website, the jurisdiction's website;
7313	(ii) the physical address of the jurisdiction's offices; and
7314	(iii) a mailing address and telephone number.
7315	(3) (a) Each election officer shall, without delay, correct any error discovered in any
7316	ballot, if the correction can be made without interfering with the timely distribution of the
7317	ballots.
7318	(b) (i) If the election officer discovers an error or omission in a manual ballot, and it is
7319	not possible to correct the error or omission, the election officer shall direct the poll workers to
7320	make the necessary corrections on the manual ballots before the ballots are distributed.
7321	(ii) If the election officer discovers an error or omission in an electronic ballot and it is
7322	not possible to correct the error or omission by revising the electronic ballot, the election
7323	officer shall direct the poll workers to post notice of each error or omission with instructions on
7324	how to correct each error or omission in a prominent position at each polling booth.
7325	(4) (a) If the election officer refuses or fails to correct an error or omission in a ballot, a
7326	candidate or a candidate's agent may file a verified petition with the district court asserting that:
7327	(i) an error or omission has occurred in:
7328	(A) the publication of the name or description of a candidate;
7329	(B) the preparation or display of an electronic ballot; or
7330	(C) the posting of sample ballots or the printing of official manual ballots; and
7331	(ii) the election officer has failed to correct or provide for the correction of the error or
7332	omission.
7333	(b) The district court shall issue an order requiring correction of any error in a ballot or
7334	an order to show cause why the error should not be corrected if it appears to the court that the
7335	error or omission has occurred and the election officer has failed to correct or provide for the
7336	correction of the error or omission.
7337	(c) A party aggrieved by the district court's decision may appeal the matter to the Utah
7338	Supreme Court within five days after the day on which the district court enters the decision.

7339	Section 136. Section <b>20A-7-103</b> is amended to read:
7340	20A-7-103. Constitutional amendments and other questions submitted by the
7341	Legislature Publication Ballot title Procedures for submission to popular vote.
7342	(1) The procedures contained in this section govern when the Legislature submits a
7343	proposed constitutional amendment or other question to the voters.
7344	(2) The lieutenant governor shall, not more than 60 days or less than 14 days before the
7345	date of the election, publish the full text of the amendment, question, or statute [in at least one
7346	newspaper in every county of the state where a newspaper is published] for the state, as a class
7347	A notice under Section 63G-28-102, through the date of the election.
7348	(3) The legislative general counsel shall:
7349	(a) entitle each proposed constitutional amendment "Constitutional Amendment"
7350	and assign it a letter according to the requirements of Section 20A-6-107;
7351	(b) entitle each proposed question "Proposition Number" with the number assigned
7352	to the proposition under Section 20A-6-107 placed in the blank;
7353	(c) draft and designate a ballot title for each proposed amendment or question
7354	submitted by the Legislature that:
7355	(i) summarizes the subject matter of the amendment or question; and
7356	(ii) for a proposed constitutional amendment, summarizes any legislation that is
7357	enacted and will become effective upon the voters' adoption of the proposed constitutional
7358	amendment; and
7359	(d) deliver each letter or number and ballot title to the lieutenant governor.
7360	(4) The lieutenant governor shall certify the letter or number and ballot title of each
7361	amendment or question to the county clerk of each county no later than 65 days before the date
7362	of the election.
7363	(5) The county clerk of each county shall:
7364	(a) ensure that the letter or number and the ballot title of each amendment and question
7365	prepared in accordance with this section are included in the sample ballots and official ballots;
7366	and
7367	(b) publish the sample ballots and official ballots as provided by law.
7368	Section 137. Section 20A-7-204.1 is amended to read:

20A-7-204.1. Public hearings to be held before initiative petitions are circulated --

7370	Changes to an initiative and initial fiscal impact estimate.
7371	(1) (a) After issuance of the initial fiscal impact estimate by the Office of the
7372	Legislative Fiscal Analyst and before circulating initiative petitions for signature statewide,
7373	sponsors of the initiative petition shall hold at least seven public hearings throughout Utah as
7374	follows:
7375	(i) one in the Bear River region Box Elder, Cache, or Rich County;
7376	(ii) one in the Southwest region Beaver, Garfield, Iron, Kane, or Washington
7377	County;
7378	(iii) one in the Mountain region Summit, Utah, or Wasatch County;
7379	(iv) one in the Central region Juab, Millard, Piute, Sanpete, Sevier, or Wayne
7380	County;
7381	(v) one in the Southeast region Carbon, Emery, Grand, or San Juan County;
7382	(vi) one in the Uintah Basin region Daggett, Duchesne, or Uintah County; and
7383	(vii) one in the Wasatch Front region Davis, Morgan, Salt Lake, Tooele, or Weber
7384	County.
7385	(b) Of the seven public hearings, the sponsors of the initiative shall hold at least two of
7386	the public hearings in a first or second class county, but not in the same county.
7387	(c) The sponsors may not hold a public hearing described in this section until the later
7388	of:
7389	(i) one day after the day on which a sponsor receives a copy of the initial fiscal impact
7390	estimate under Subsection 20A-7-202.5(3)(b); or
7391	(ii) if three or more sponsors file a petition challenging the accuracy of the initial fiscal
7392	impact statement under Section 20A-7-202.5, the day after the day on which the action is final.
7393	(2) (a) The sponsors shall [:(a)], before 5 p.m. at least [three] seven calendar days
7394	before the date of the public hearing, provide written notice of the public hearing, including the
7395	time, date, and location of the public hearing, to:
7396	(i) the lieutenant governor for posting on the state's website; [and]
7397	(ii) each state senator, state representative, and county commission or county council
7398	member who is elected in whole or in part from the region where the public hearing will be
7399	held; and
7400	(iii) each county clerk from the region where the public hearing will be held.

7401	(b) A county clerk who receives a notice from a sponsor under Subsection (2)(a) shall
7402	publish written notice of the public hearing[, including the time, date, and location of the
7403	public hearing, in each county in the region where the public hearing will be held:] for the
7404	county, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least three days before the day of
7405	the public hearing.
7406	(c) A county clerk may bill the sponsors of the initiative petition for the cost of
7407	preparing, printing, and publishing the notice required under Subsection (2)(b).
7408	[(i) (A) at least three calendar days before the day of the public hearing, in a newspaper
7409	of general circulation in the county;]
7410	[(B) if there is no newspaper of general circulation in the county, at least three calendar
7411	days before the day of the public hearing, by posting one copy of the notice, and at least one
7412	additional copy of the notice per 2,000 population of the county, in places within the county
7413	that are most likely to give notice to the residents of the county; or]
7414	[(C) at least seven days before the day of the public hearing, by mailing notice to each
7415	residence in the county;]
7416	[(ii) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for at least
7417	three calendar days before the day of the public hearing;]
7418	[(iii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101, for at least three calendar days before the
7419	day of the public hearing; and]
7420	[(iv) on the county's website for at least three calendar days before the day of the public
7421	hearing.]
7422	(3) If the initiative petition proposes a tax increase, the written notice described in
7423	Subsection (2) shall include the following statement, in bold, in the same font and point size as
7424	the largest font and point size appearing in the notice:
7425	"This initiative petition seeks to increase the current (insert name of tax) rate by (insert
7426	the tax percentage difference) percent, resulting in a(n) (insert the tax percentage increase)
7427	percent increase in the current tax rate."
7428	(4) (a) During the public hearing, the sponsors shall either:
7429	(i) video tape or audio tape the public hearing and, when the hearing is complete,
7430	deposit the complete audio or video tape of the meeting with the lieutenant governor; or
7431	(ii) take comprehensive minutes of the public hearing, detailing the names and titles of

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- each speaker and summarizing each speaker's comments.
   (b) The lieutenant governor shall make copies of the tapes or minutes available to the
- 7433 (b) The lieutenant governor shall make copies of the tapes or minutes available to the public.
  - (c) For each public hearing, the sponsors shall:
  - (i) during the entire time that the public hearing is held, post a copy of the initial fiscal impact statement in a conspicuous location at the entrance to the room where the sponsors hold the public hearing; and
  - (ii) place at least 50 copies of the initial fiscal impact statement, for distribution to public hearing attendees, in a conspicuous location at the entrance to the room where the sponsors hold the public hearing.
  - (5) (a) Before 5 p.m. within 14 days after the day on which the sponsors conduct the seventh public hearing described in Subsection (1)(a), and before circulating an initiative petition for signatures, the sponsors of the initiative petition may change the text of the proposed law if:
    - (i) a change to the text is:
  - (A) germane to the text of the proposed law filed with the lieutenant governor under Section 20A-7-202; and
    - (B) consistent with the requirements of Subsection 20A-7-202(5); and
    - (ii) each sponsor signs, attested to by a notary public, an application addendum to change the text of the proposed law.
    - (b) (i) Within three working days after the day on which the lieutenant governor receives an application addendum to change the text of the proposed law in an initiative petition, the lieutenant governor shall submit a copy of the application addendum to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst.
    - (ii) The Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst shall update the initial fiscal impact estimate by following the procedures and requirements of Section 20A-7-202.5 to reflect a change to the text of the proposed law.
- 7459 Section 138. Section **20A-7-402** is amended to read:
- 7460 20A-7-402. Local voter information pamphlet -- Notice -- Contents -- Limitations
   7461 -- Preparation -- Statement on front cover.
- 7462 (1) The county or municipality that is subject to a ballot proposition shall prepare a

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7463	local voter information pamphlet that complies with the requirements of this part.
7464	(2) (a) Within the time requirements described in Subsection (2)(c)(i), a municipality
7465	that is subject to a special local ballot proposition shall provide a notice that complies with the
7466	requirements of Subsection (2)(c)(ii) to the municipality's residents by[÷] publishing the notice
7467	for the municipality, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for the time period set
7468	under Subsection (2)(c)(i).
7469	[(i) if the municipality regularly mails a newsletter, utility bill, or other material to the
7470	municipality's residents, including the notice with a newsletter, utility bill, or other material;]
7471	[(ii) posting the notice, until after the deadline described in Subsection (2)(d) has
7472	<del>passed, on:</del> ]
7473	[(A) the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; and]
7474	[(B) the home page of the municipality's website, if the municipality has a website;
7475	and]
7476	[(iii) sending the notice electronically to each individual in the municipality for whom
7477	the municipality has an email address.]
7478	(b) A county that is subject to a special local ballot proposition shall[:] publish a notice
7479	that complies with the requirements of Subsection (2)(c)(ii) for the county, as a class A notice
7480	under Section 63G-28-102.
7481	[(i) send an electronic notice that complies with the requirements of Subsection
7482	(2)(c)(ii) to each individual in the county for whom the county has an email address; or]
7483	[(ii) until after the deadline described in Subsection (2)(d) has passed, post a notice that
7484	complies with the requirements of Subsection (2)(c)(ii) on:]
7485	[(A) the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; and]
7486	[(B) the home page of the county's website.]
7487	(c) A municipality or county that [mails, sends, or posts] publishes a notice under
7488	Subsection (2)(a) or (b) shall:
7489	(i) [mail, send, or post] publish the notice:
7490	(A) not less than 90 days before the date of the election at which a special local ballot
7491	proposition will be voted upon; or

(B) if the requirements of Subsection (2)(c)(i)(A) cannot be met, as soon as practicable

after the special local ballot proposition is approved to be voted upon in an election; and

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7494 (ii) ensure that the notice contains: 7495 (A) the ballot title for the special local ballot proposition; 7496 (B) instructions on how to file a request under Subsection (2)(d); and 7497 (C) the deadline described in Subsection (2)(d). 7498 (d) To prepare a written argument for or against a special local ballot proposition, an 7499 eligible voter shall file a request with the election officer before 5 p.m. no later than 64 days 7500 before the day of the election at which the special local ballot proposition is to be voted on. 7501 (e) If more than one eligible voter requests the opportunity to prepare a written 7502 argument for or against a special local ballot proposition, the election officer shall make the 7503 final designation in accordance with the following order of priority: 7504 (i) sponsors have priority in preparing an argument regarding a special local ballot 7505 proposition; and 7506 (ii) members of the local legislative body have priority over others if a majority of the 7507 local legislative body supports the written argument. 7508 (f) The election officer shall grant a request described in Subsection (2)(d) or (e) no 7509 later than 60 days before the day of the election at which the ballot proposition is to be voted 7510 on. 7511 (g) (i) A sponsor of a special local ballot proposition may prepare a written argument in 7512 favor of the special local ballot proposition. 7513 (ii) Subject to Subsection (2)(e), an eligible voter opposed to the special local ballot 7514 proposition who submits a request under Subsection (2)(d) may prepare a written argument 7515 against the special local ballot proposition. 7516 (h) An eligible voter who submits a written argument under this section in relation to a 7517 special local ballot proposition shall: 7518 (i) ensure that the written argument does not exceed 500 words in length, not counting 7519 the information described in Subsection (2)(h)(ii) or (iv); 7520 (ii) list, at the end of the argument, at least one, but no more than five, names as 7521 sponsors; 7522 (iii) submit the written argument to the election officer before 5 p.m. no later than 55

days before the election day on which the ballot proposition will be submitted to the voters;

(iv) list in the argument, immediately after the eligible voter's name, the eligible voter's

7525 residential address; and

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- 7526 (v) submit with the written argument the eligible voter's name, residential address, 7527 postal address, email address if available, and phone number.
  - (i) An election officer shall refuse to accept and publish an argument submitted after the deadline described in Subsection (2)(h)(iii).
  - (3) (a) An election officer who timely receives the written arguments in favor of and against a special local ballot proposition shall, within one business day after the day on which the election office receives both written arguments, send, via mail or email:
  - (i) a copy of the written argument in favor of the special local ballot proposition to the eligible voter who submitted the written argument against the special local ballot proposition; and
- 7536 (ii) a copy of the written argument against the special local ballot proposition to the eligible voter who submitted the written argument in favor of the special local ballot proposition.
  - (b) The eligible voter who submitted a timely written argument in favor of the special local ballot proposition:
  - (i) may submit to the election officer a written rebuttal argument of the written argument against the special local ballot proposition;
  - (ii) shall ensure that the written rebuttal argument does not exceed 250 words in length, not counting the information described in Subsection (2)(h)(ii) or (iv); and
  - (iii) shall submit the written rebuttal argument before 5 p.m. no later than 45 days before the election day on which the special local ballot proposition will be submitted to the voters.
  - (c) The eligible voter who submitted a timely written argument against the special local ballot proposition:
  - (i) may submit to the election officer a written rebuttal argument of the written argument in favor of the special local ballot proposition;
  - (ii) shall ensure that the written rebuttal argument does not exceed 250 words in length, not counting the information described in Subsection (2)(h)(ii) or (iv); and
  - (iii) shall submit the written rebuttal argument before 5 p.m. no later than 45 days before the election day on which the special local ballot proposition will be submitted to the

7556 voters.

- (d) An election officer shall refuse to accept and publish a written rebuttal argument in relation to a special local ballot proposition that is submitted after the deadline described in Subsection (3)(b)(iii) or (3)(c)(iii).
- (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), in relation to a special local ballot proposition:
- (i) an eligible voter may not modify a written argument or a written rebuttal argument after the eligible voter submits the written argument or written rebuttal argument to the election officer; and
- (ii) a person other than the eligible voter described in Subsection (4)(a)(i) may not modify a written argument or a written rebuttal argument.
- (b) The election officer, and the eligible voter who submits a written argument or written rebuttal argument in relation to a special local ballot proposition, may jointly agree to modify a written argument or written rebuttal argument in order to:
  - (i) correct factual, grammatical, or spelling errors; and
- (ii) reduce the number of words to come into compliance with the requirements of this section.
- (c) An election officer shall refuse to accept and publish a written argument or written rebuttal argument in relation to a special local ballot proposition if the eligible voter who submits the written argument or written rebuttal argument fails to negotiate, in good faith, to modify the written argument or written rebuttal argument in accordance with Subsection (4)(b).
- (5) In relation to a special local ballot proposition, an election officer may designate another eligible voter to take the place of an eligible voter described in this section if the original eligible voter is, due to injury, illness, death, or another circumstance, unable to continue to fulfill the duties of an eligible voter described in this section.
- (6) Sponsors whose written argument in favor of a standard local ballot proposition is included in a proposition information pamphlet under Section 20A-7-401.5:
- (a) may, if a written argument against the standard local ballot proposition is included in the proposition information pamphlet, submit a written rebuttal argument to the election officer;
  - (b) shall ensure that the written rebuttal argument does not exceed 250 words in length;

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- 7588 (c) shall submit the written rebuttal argument no later than 45 days before the election day on which the standard local ballot proposition will be submitted to the voters.
  - (7) (a) A county or municipality that submitted a written argument against a standard local ballot proposition that is included in a proposition information pamphlet under Section 20A-7-401.5:
  - (i) may, if a written argument in favor of the standard local ballot proposition is included in the proposition information pamphlet, submit a written rebuttal argument to the election officer;
- 7596 (ii) shall ensure that the written rebuttal argument does not exceed 250 words in length; 7597 and
  - (iii) shall submit the written rebuttal argument no later than 45 days before the election day on which the ballot proposition will be submitted to the voters.
  - (b) If a county or municipality submits more than one written rebuttal argument under Subsection (7)(a)(i), the election officer shall select one of the written rebuttal arguments, giving preference to a written rebuttal argument submitted by a member of a local legislative body.
  - (8) (a) An election officer shall refuse to accept and publish a written rebuttal argument that is submitted after the deadline described in Subsection (6)(c) or (7)(a)(iii).
  - (b) Before an election officer publishes a local voter information pamphlet under this section, a written rebuttal argument is a draft for purposes of Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
  - (c) An election officer who receives a written rebuttal argument described in this section may not, before publishing the local voter information pamphlet described in this section, disclose the written rebuttal argument, or any information contained in the written rebuttal argument, to any person who may in any way be involved in preparing an opposing rebuttal argument.
  - (9) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(b), a person may not modify a written rebuttal argument after the written rebuttal argument is submitted to the election officer.
- 7616 (b) The election officer, and the person who submits a written rebuttal argument, may 7617 jointly agree to modify a written rebuttal argument in order to:

7618	(i) correct factual, grammatical, or spelling errors; or
7619	(ii) reduce the number of words to come into compliance with the requirements of this
7620	section.
7621	(c) An election officer shall refuse to accept and publish a written rebuttal argument if
7622	the person who submits the written rebuttal argument:
7623	(i) fails to negotiate, in good faith, to modify the written rebuttal argument in
7624	accordance with Subsection (9)(b); or
7625	(ii) does not timely submit the written rebuttal argument to the election officer.
7626	(d) An election officer shall make a good faith effort to negotiate a modification
7627	described in Subsection (9)(b) in an expedited manner.
7628	(10) An election officer may designate another person to take the place of a person who
7629	submits a written rebuttal argument in relation to a standard local ballot proposition if the
7630	person is, due to injury, illness, death, or another circumstance, unable to continue to fulfill the
7631	person's duties.
7632	(11) (a) The local voter information pamphlet shall include a copy of the initial fiscal
7633	impact estimate and the legal impact statement prepared for each initiative under Section
7634	20A-7-502.5.
7635	(b) If the initiative proposes a tax increase, the local voter information pamphlet shall
7636	include the following statement in bold type:
7637	"This initiative seeks to increase the current (insert name of tax) rate by (insert the tax
7638	percentage difference) percent, resulting in a(n) (insert the tax percentage increase) percent
7639	increase in the current tax rate."
7640	(12) (a) In preparing the local voter information pamphlet, the election officer shall:
7641	(i) ensure that the written arguments are printed on the same sheet of paper upon which
7642	the ballot proposition is also printed;
7643	(ii) ensure that the following statement is printed on the front cover or the heading of
7644	the first page of the printed written arguments:
7645	"The arguments for or against a ballot proposition are the opinions of the authors.";
7646	(iii) pay for the printing and binding of the local voter information pamphlet; and
7647	(iv) not less than 15 days before, but not more than 45 days before, the election at

which the ballot proposition will be voted on, distribute, by mail or carrier, to each registered

7649	voter entitled to vote on the ballot proposition:
7650	(A) a voter information pamphlet; or
7651	(B) the notice described in Subsection (12)(c).
7652	(b) (i) If the language of the ballot proposition exceeds 500 words in length, the
7653	election officer may summarize the ballot proposition in 500 words or less.
7654	(ii) The summary shall state where a complete copy of the ballot proposition is
7655	available for public review.
7656	(c) (i) The election officer may distribute a notice printed on a postage prepaid,
7657	preaddressed return form that a person may use to request delivery of a voter information
7658	pamphlet by mail.
7659	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (12)(c)(i) shall include:
7660	(A) the address of the Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website authorized by
7661	Section 20A-7-801; and
7662	(B) the phone number a voter may call to request delivery of a voter information
7663	pamphlet by mail or carrier.
7664	Section 139. Section 20A-9-203 is amended to read:
7665	20A-9-203. Declarations of candidacy Municipal general elections Notice of
7666	candidates.
7667	(1) An individual may become a candidate for any municipal office if:
7668	(a) the individual is a registered voter; and
7669	(b) (i) the individual has resided within the municipality in which the individual seeks
7670	to hold elective office for the 12 consecutive months immediately before the date of the
7671	election; or
7672	(ii) the territory in which the individual resides was annexed into the municipality, the
7673	individual has resided within the annexed territory or the municipality the 12 consecutive
7674	months immediately before the date of the election.
7675	(2) (a) For purposes of determining whether an individual meets the residency
7676	requirement of Subsection (1)(b)(i) in a municipality that was incorporated less than 12 months
7677	before the election, the municipality is considered to have been incorporated 12 months before
7678	the date of the election.

(b) In addition to the requirements of Subsection (1), each candidate for a municipal

council position shall, if elected from a district, be a resident of the council district from which the candidate is elected.

- (c) In accordance with Utah Constitution, Article IV, Section 6, a mentally incompetent individual, an individual convicted of a felony, or an individual convicted of treason or a crime against the elective franchise may not hold office in this state until the right to hold elective office is restored under Section 20A-2-101.3 or 20A-2-101.5.
- (3) (a) An individual seeking to become a candidate for a municipal office shall, regardless of the nomination method by which the individual is seeking to become a candidate:
- (i) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b) or Title 20A, Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, and subject to Subsection 20A-9-404(3)(e), file a declaration of candidacy, in person with the city recorder or town clerk, during the office hours described in Section 10-3-301 and not later than the close of those office hours, between June 1 and June 7 of any odd-numbered year; and
  - (ii) pay the filing fee, if one is required by municipal ordinance.
- (b) Subject to Subsection (5)(b), an individual may designate an agent to file a declaration of candidacy with the city recorder or town clerk if:
  - (i) the individual is located outside of the state during the entire filing period;
  - (ii) the designated agent appears in person before the city recorder or town clerk;
- (iii) the individual communicates with the city recorder or town clerk using an electronic device that allows the individual and city recorder or town clerk to see and hear each other; and
- (iv) the individual provides the city recorder or town clerk with an email address to which the city recorder or town clerk may send the individual the copies described in Subsection (4).
  - (c) Any resident of a municipality may nominate a candidate for a municipal office by:
- (i) except as provided in Title 20A, Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, filing a nomination petition with the city recorder or town clerk during the office hours described in Section 10-3-301 and not later than the close of those office hours, between June 1 and June 7 of any odd-numbered year that includes signatures in support of the nomination petition of the lesser of at least:
  - (A) 25 registered voters who reside in the municipality; or

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officer shall:

(i) accept the candidate's pledge; and

7711 (B) 20% of the registered voters who reside in the municipality; and 7712 (ii) paying the filing fee, if one is required by municipal ordinance. 7713 (4) (a) Before the filing officer may accept any declaration of candidacy or nomination 7714 petition, the filing officer shall: 7715 (i) read to the prospective candidate or individual filing the petition the constitutional 7716 and statutory qualification requirements for the office that the candidate is seeking; 7717 (ii) require the candidate or individual filing the petition to state whether the candidate 7718 meets the requirements described in Subsection (4)(a)(i): and 7719 (iii) inform the candidate or the individual filing the petition that an individual who 7720 holds a municipal elected office may not, at the same time, hold a county elected office. 7721 (b) If the prospective candidate does not meet the qualification requirements for the 7722 office, the filing officer may not accept the declaration of candidacy or nomination petition. 7723 (c) If it appears that the prospective candidate meets the requirements of candidacy, the 7724 filing officer shall: 7725 (i) inform the candidate that the candidate's name will appear on the ballot as it is 7726 written on the declaration of candidacy; 7727 (ii) provide the candidate with a copy of the current campaign financial disclosure laws 7728 for the office the candidate is seeking and inform the candidate that failure to comply will 7729 result in disqualification as a candidate and removal of the candidate's name from the ballot; 7730 (iii) provide the candidate with a copy of Section 20A-7-801 regarding the Statewide 7731 Electronic Voter Information Website Program and inform the candidate of the submission 7732 deadline under Subsection 20A-7-801(4)(a); 7733 (iv) provide the candidate with a copy of the pledge of fair campaign practices 7734 described under Section 20A-9-206 and inform the candidate that: 7735 (A) signing the pledge is voluntary; and 7736 (B) signed pledges shall be filed with the filing officer; and 7737 (v) accept the declaration of candidacy or nomination petition.

(d) If the candidate elects to sign the pledge of fair campaign practices, the filing

(ii) if the candidate has filed for a partisan office, provide a certified copy of the

7742	candidate's pledge to the chair of the county or state political party of which the candidate is a
7743	member.
7744	(5) (a) The declaration of candidacy shall be in substantially the following form:
7745	"I, (print name), being first sworn and under penalty of perjury, say that I reside at
7746	Street, City of, County of, state of Utah, Zip Code, Telephone Number
7747	(if any); that I am a registered voter; and that I am a candidate for the office of
7748	(stating the term). I will meet the legal qualifications required of candidates for this office. If
7749	filing via a designated agent, I attest that I will be out of the state of Utah during the entire
7750	candidate filing period. I will file all campaign financial disclosure reports as required by law
7751	and I understand that failure to do so will result in my disqualification as a candidate for this
7752	office and removal of my name from the ballot. I request that my name be printed upon the
7753	applicable official ballots. (Signed)
7754	Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me by on this
7755	(month\day\year).
7756	(Clark or other officer qualified to administer eath) "
7756	(Signed) (Clerk or other officer qualified to administer oath)."
7757	(b) An agent designated under Subsection (3)(b) to file a declaration of candidacy may
7758	not sign the form described in Subsection (5)(a).
7759	(c) (i) A nomination petition shall be in substantially the following form:
7760	"NOMINATION PETITION
7761	The undersigned residents of (name of municipality), being registered voters, nominate
7762	(name of nominee) for the office of (name of office) for the (length of term of office)."
7763	(ii) The remainder of the petition shall contain lines and columns for the signatures of
7764	individuals signing the petition and each individual's address and phone number.
7765	(6) If the declaration of candidacy or nomination petition fails to state whether the
7766	nomination is for the two-year or four-year term, the clerk shall consider the nomination to be
7767	for the four-year term.
7768	(7) (a) The clerk shall verify with the county clerk that all candidates are registered
7769	voters.
7770	(b) Any candidate who is not registered to vote is disqualified and the clerk may not
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- 7772 (8) Immediately after expiration of the period for filing a declaration of candidacy, the clerk shall:
  - (a) publicize a list of the names of the candidates as they will appear on the ballot[:] by publishing the list for the municipality, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for seven days; and
    - [(i) (A) by publishing the list in at least two successive publications of a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality;]
    - [(B) by posting one copy of the list, and at least one additional copy of the list per 2,000 population of the municipality, in places within the municipality that are most likely to give notice to the voters in the municipality, subject to a maximum of 10 lists; or]
      - [(C) by mailing the list to each registered voter in the municipality;]
- 7783 [(ii) by posting the list on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section 7784 63A-16-601, for seven days; and]
  - [(iii) if the municipality has a website, by posting the list on the municipality's website for seven days; and]
  - (b) notify the lieutenant governor of the names of the candidates as they will appear on the ballot.
  - (9) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(c), an individual may not amend a declaration of candidacy or nomination petition filed under this section after the candidate filing period ends.
  - (10) (a) A declaration of candidacy or nomination petition that an individual files under this section is valid unless a person files a written objection with the clerk before 5 p.m. within 10 days after the last day for filing.
    - (b) If a person files an objection, the clerk shall:
  - (i) mail or personally deliver notice of the objection to the affected candidate immediately; and
    - (ii) decide any objection within 48 hours after the objection is filed.
- (c) If the clerk sustains the objection, the candidate may, before 5 p.m. within three days after the day on which the clerk sustains the objection, correct the problem for which the objection is sustained by amending the candidate's declaration of candidacy or nomination petition, or by filing a new declaration of candidacy.

7803 (d) (i) The clerk's decision upon objections to form is final. 7804 (ii) The clerk's decision upon substantive matters is reviewable by a district court if 7805 prompt application is made to the district court. 7806 (iii) The decision of the district court is final unless the Supreme Court, in the exercise 7807 of its discretion, agrees to review the lower court decision. 7808 (11) A candidate who qualifies for the ballot under this section may withdraw as a 7809 candidate by filing a written affidavit with the municipal clerk. 7810 Section 140. Section **26-8a-405.3** is amended to read: 7811 26-8a-405.3. Use of competitive sealed proposals -- Procedure -- Notice -- Appeal 7812 rights. 7813 (1) (a) Competitive sealed proposals for paramedic or 911 ambulance services under Section 26-8a-405.2, or for non-911 services under Section 26-8a-405.4, shall be solicited 7814 7815 through a request for proposal and the provisions of this section. 7816 (b) The governing body of the political subdivision shall approve the request for proposal prior to the notice of the request for proposals under Subsection (1)(c). 7817 7818 (c) [Notice] The governing body of the political subdivision shall publish notice of the 7819 request for proposals [shall be published:] for the political subdivision, as a class A notice 7820 under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 20 days. 7821 (i) by posting the notice for at least 20 days in at least five public places in the county; 7822 and] 7823 (ii) by posting the notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section 7824 63A-16-601, for at least 20 days. 7825 (2) (a) Proposals shall be opened so as to avoid disclosure of contents to competing 7826 offerors during the process of negotiations. 7827 (b) (i) Subsequent to the published notice, and prior to selecting an applicant, the 7828 political subdivision shall hold a presubmission conference with interested applicants for the 7829 purpose of assuring full understanding of, and responsiveness to, solicitation requirements. (ii) A political subdivision shall allow at least 90 days from the presubmission 7830 7831 conference for the proposers to submit proposals. 7832 (c) Subsequent to the presubmission conference, the political subdivision may issue

addenda to the request for proposals. An addenda to a request for proposal shall be finalized

and posted by the political subdivision at least 45 days before the day on which the proposal must be submitted.

- (d) Offerors to the request for proposals shall be accorded fair and equal treatment with respect to any opportunity for discussion and revisions of proposals, and revisions may be permitted after submission and before a contract is awarded for the purpose of obtaining best and final offers.
- (e) In conducting discussions, there shall be no disclosures of any information derived from proposals submitted by competing offerors.
- (3) (a) (i) A political subdivision may select an applicant approved by the department under Section 26-8a-404 to provide 911 ambulance or paramedic services by contract to the most responsible offeror as defined in Section 63G-6a-103.
- (ii) An award under Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall be made to the responsible offeror whose proposal is determined in writing to be the most advantageous to the political subdivision, taking into consideration price and the evaluation factors set forth in the request for proposal.
- (b) The applicants who are approved under Section 26-8a-405 and who are selected under this section may be the political subdivision issuing the request for competitive sealed proposals, or any other public entity or entities, any private person or entity, or any combination thereof.
  - (c) A political subdivision may reject all of the competitive proposals.
- (4) In seeking competitive sealed proposals and awarding contracts under this section, a political subdivision:
- (a) shall apply the public convenience and necessity factors listed in Subsections 26-8a-408(2) through (6);
- (b) shall require the applicant responding to the proposal to disclose how the applicant will meet performance standards in the request for proposal;
- (c) may not require or restrict an applicant to a certain method of meeting the performance standards, including:
  - (i) requiring ambulance medical personnel to also be a firefighter; or
- 7862 (ii) mandating that offerors use fire stations or dispatch services of the political subdivision;
  - (d) shall require an applicant to submit the proposal:

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section and Section 26-8a-405.2.

- 7865 (i) based on full cost accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting 7866 principals; and 7867 (ii) if the applicant is a governmental entity, in addition to the requirements of 7868 Subsection (4)(e)(i), in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards and 7869 in compliance with the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide; and 7870 (e) shall set forth in the request for proposal: (i) the method for determining full cost accounting in accordance with generally 7871 7872 accepted accounting principles, and require an applicant to submit the proposal based on such 7873 full cost accounting principles; 7874 (ii) guidelines established to further competition and provider accountability; and 7875 (iii) a list of the factors that will be considered by the political subdivision in the award 7876 of the contract, including by percentage, the relative weight of the factors established under this 7877 Subsection (4)(e), which may include such things as: 7878 (A) response times; (B) staging locations; 7879 7880 (C) experience; 7881 (D) quality of care; and 7882 (E) cost, consistent with the cost accounting method in Subsection (4)(e)(i). 7883 (5) (a) Notwithstanding any provision of Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement 7884 Code, to the contrary, the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, apply 7885 to the procurement process required by this section, except as provided in Subsection (5)(c). 7886 (b) A procurement appeals panel described in Section 63G-6a-1702 shall have 7887 jurisdiction to review and determine an appeal of an offeror under this section. 7888 (c) (i) An offeror may appeal the solicitation or award as provided by the political 7889 subdivision's procedures. After all political subdivision appeal rights are exhausted, the offeror 7890 may appeal under the provisions of Subsections (5)(a) and (b). 7891 (ii) A procurement appeals panel described in Section 63G-6a-1702 shall determine
  - (d) The determination of an issue of fact by the appeals board shall be final and conclusive unless arbitrary and capricious or clearly erroneous as provided in Section

whether the solicitation or award was made in accordance with the procedures set forth in this

7896	63G-6a-1705.
7897	Section 141. Section 26-61a-303 is amended to read:
7898	26-61a-303. Renewal Notice of available license.
7899	(1) The department shall renew a license under this part every year if, at the time of
7900	renewal:
7901	(a) the licensee meets the requirements of Section 26-61a-301;
7902	(b) the licensee pays the department a license renewal fee in an amount that, subject to
7903	Subsection 26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and
7904	(c) if the medical cannabis pharmacy changes the operating plan described in Section
7905	26-61a-304 that the department approved under Subsection 26-61a-301(2)(b)(iv), the
7906	department approves the new operating plan.
7907	(2) (a) If a licensed medical cannabis pharmacy abandons the medical cannabis
7908	pharmacy's license, the department shall publish notice of an available license[:], for the
7909	geographic area in which the medical cannabis pharmacy license is available, as a class A
7910	notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least seven days.
7911	[(i) in a newspaper of general circulation for the geographic area in which the medical
7912	cannabis pharmacy license is available; or]
7913	[(ii) on the Utah Public Notice Website established in Section 63A-16-601.]
7914	(b) The department may establish criteria, in collaboration with the Division of
7915	Professional Licensing and the Board of Pharmacy and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter
7916	3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to identify the medical cannabis pharmacy actions that
7917	constitute abandonment of a medical cannabis pharmacy license.
7918	(3) If the department has not completed the necessary processes to make a
7919	determination on a license renewal under Subsections (1)(a) and (c) before the expiration of a
7920	license, the department may issue a conditional medical cannabis pharmacy license to a
7921	licensed medical cannabis pharmacy that has applied for license renewal under this section and
7922	paid the fee described in Subsection (1)(b).
7923	Section 142. Section <b>52-4-202</b> is amended to read:
7924	52-4-202. Public notice of meetings Emergency meetings.
7925	(1) (a) (i) A public body shall give not less than 24 hours' public notice of each
7926	meeting.

1921	(11) A specified body shall give not less than 24 hours' public notice of each meeting
7928	that the specified body holds on the capitol hill complex.
7929	(b) The public notice required under Subsection (1)(a) shall include the meeting:
7930	(i) agenda;
7931	(ii) date;
7932	(iii) time; and
7933	(iv) place.
7934	(2) (a) In addition to the requirements under Subsection (1), a public body which holds
7935	regular meetings that are scheduled in advance over the course of a year shall give public
7936	notice at least once each year of its annual meeting schedule as provided in this section.
7937	(b) The public notice under Subsection (2)(a) shall specify the date, time, and place of
7938	the scheduled meetings.
7939	(3) (a) A public body or specified body satisfies a requirement for public notice by[:]
7940	publishing the notice for the public body's jurisdiction, as a class A notice under Section
7941	63G-28-102, for at least 24 hours.
7942	[(i) posting written notice:]
7943	[(A) except for an electronic meeting held without an anchor location under Subsection
7944	52-4-207(4), at the principal office of the public body or specified body, or if no principal
7945	office exists, at the building where the meeting is to be held; and]
7946	[(B) on the Utah Public Notice Website created under Section 63A-16-601; and]
7947	[(ii) providing notice to:]
7948	[(A) at least one newspaper of general circulation within the geographic jurisdiction of
7949	the public body; or]
7950	[(B) a local media correspondent.]
7951	[(b) A public body or specified body is in compliance with the provisions of
7952	Subsection (3)(a)(ii) by providing notice to a newspaper or local media correspondent under
7953	the provisions of Subsection 63A-16-601(4)(d).
7954	[(c)] (b) A public body whose limited resources make compliance with Subsection
7955	(3)(a)(i)(B) difficult may request the Division of Archives and Records Service, created in
7956	Section 63A-12-101, to provide technical assistance to help the public body in its effort to
7957	comply.

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52-4-202(3)(a) if:

7958 (4) A public body and a specified body are encouraged to develop and use additional 7959 electronic means to provide notice of their meetings under Subsection (3). 7960 (5) (a) The notice requirement of Subsection (1) may be disregarded if: 7961 (i) because of unforeseen circumstances it is necessary for a public body or specified 7962 body to hold an emergency meeting to consider matters of an emergency or urgent nature; and 7963 (ii) the public body or specified body gives the best notice practicable of: 7964 (A) the time and place of the emergency meeting; and 7965 (B) the topics to be considered at the emergency meeting. 7966 (b) An emergency meeting of a public body may not be held unless: 7967 (i) an attempt has been made to notify all the members of the public body; and 7968 (ii) a majority of the members of the public body approve the meeting. 7969 (6) (a) A public notice that is required to include an agenda under Subsection (1) shall 7970 provide reasonable specificity to notify the public as to the topics to be considered at the 7971 meeting. Each topic shall be listed under an agenda item on the meeting agenda. 7972 (b) Subject to the provisions of Subsection (6)(c), and at the discretion of the presiding 7973 member of the public body, a topic raised by the public may be discussed during an open 7974 meeting, even if the topic raised by the public was not included in the agenda or advance public 7975 notice for the meeting. 7976 (c) Except as provided in Subsection (5), relating to emergency meetings, a public 7977 body may not take final action on a topic in an open meeting unless the topic is: 7978 (i) listed under an agenda item as required by Subsection (6)(a); and 7979 (ii) included with the advance public notice required by this section. 7980 (7) Except as provided in this section, this chapter does not apply to a specified body. 7981 Section 143. Section **52-4-302** is amended to read: 7982 52-4-302. Suit to void final action -- Limitation -- Exceptions. 7983 (1) (a) Any final action taken in violation of Section 52-4-201, 52-4-202, 52-4-207, or 7984 52-4-209 is voidable by a court of competent jurisdiction. 7985 (b) A court may not void a final action taken by a public body for failure to comply 7986 with the posting written notice requirements under Subsection  $[\frac{52-4-202(3)(a)(i)(B)}{2}]$ 

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(i) the posting is made for a meeting that is held before April 1, 2009; or

7989	(ii) (A) the public body otherwise complies with the provisions of Section 52-4-202;
7990	and
7991	(B) the failure was a result of unforeseen Internet hosting or communication
7992	technology failure.
7993	(2) Except as provided under Subsection (3), a suit to void final action shall be
7994	commenced within 90 days after the date of the action.
7995	(3) A suit to void final action concerning the issuance of bonds, notes, or other
7996	evidences of indebtedness shall be commenced within 30 days after the date of the action.
7997	Section 144. Section <b>53B-7-101.5</b> is amended to read:
7998	53B-7-101.5. Proposed tuition increases Notice Hearings.
7999	(1) If an institution within the State System of Higher Education listed in Section
8000	53B-1-102 considers increasing tuition rates for undergraduate students in the process of
8001	preparing or implementing its budget, it shall hold a meeting to receive public input and
8002	response on the issue.
8003	(2) The institution shall advertise the hearing required under Subsection (1) using the
8004	following procedure:
8005	(a) [The] the institution shall advertise [its] the institution's intent to consider an
8006	increase in student tuition rates:
8007	(i) in the institution's student newspaper twice during a period of 10 days [prior to]
8008	before the meeting; and
8009	(ii) for each county where the institution has a campus, as a class A notice under
8010	Section 63G-28-102, for at least 10 days before the meeting; and
8011	[(ii) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for 10 days
8012	immediately before the meeting.
8013	(b) [The] the advertisement shall state that the institution will meet on a certain day,
8014	time, and place fixed in the advertisement, which shall not be less than seven days after the day
8015	the [second] advertisement is published, for the purpose of hearing comments regarding the
8016	proposed increase and to explain the reasons for the proposed increase.
8017	(3) The form and content of the notice shall be substantially as follows:
8018	"NOTICE OF PROPOSED TUITION INCREASE
8019	The (name of the higher education institution) is proposing to increase student tuition

8020	rates. This would be an increase of %, which is an increase of \$ per semester
8021	for a full-time resident undergraduate student. All concerned students and citizens are invited
8022	to a public hearing on the proposed increase to be held at (meeting place) on (date) at (time)."
8023	(4) (a) The institution shall provide the following information to those in attendance at
8024	the meeting required under Subsection (1):
8025	(i) the current year's student enrollment for:
8026	(A) the State System of Higher Education, if a systemwide increase is being
8027	considered; or
8028	(B) the institution, if an increase is being considered for just a single institution;
8029	(ii) total tuition revenues for the current school year;
8030	(iii) projected student enrollment growth for the next school year and projected tuition
8031	revenue increases from that anticipated growth; and
8032	(iv) a detailed accounting of how and where the increased tuition revenues would be
8033	spent.
8034	(b) The enrollment and revenue data required under Subsection (4)(a) shall be broken
8035	down into majors or departments if the proposed tuition increases are department or major
8036	specific.
8037	(5) If the institution does not make a final decision on the proposed tuition increase at
8038	the meeting, it shall announce the date, time, and place of the meeting where that determination
8039	shall be made.
8040	Section 145. Section 53E-4-202 is amended to read:
8041	53E-4-202. Core standards for Utah public schools Notice and hearing
8042	requirements.
8043	(1) (a) In establishing minimum standards related to curriculum and instruction
8044	requirements under Section 53E-3-501, the state board shall, in consultation with local school
8045	boards, school superintendents, teachers, employers, and parents implement core standards for
8046	Utah public schools that will enable students to, among other objectives:
8047	(i) communicate effectively, both verbally and through written communication;
8048	(ii) apply mathematics; and
8049	(iii) access, analyze, and apply information.
8050	(b) Except as provided in this public education code, the state board may recommend

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standards for Utah public schools.

8051	but may not require a local school board or charter school governing board to use:
8052	(i) a particular curriculum or instructional material; or
8053	(ii) a model curriculum or instructional material.
8054	(2) The state board shall, in establishing the core standards for Utah public schools:
8055	(a) identify the basic knowledge, skills, and competencies each student is expected to
8056	acquire or master as the student advances through the public education system; and
8057	(b) align with each other the core standards for Utah public schools and the
8058	assessments described in Section 53E-4-303.
8059	(3) The basic knowledge, skills, and competencies identified pursuant to Subsection
8060	(2)(a) shall increase in depth and complexity from year to year and focus on consistent and
8061	continual progress within and between grade levels and courses in the basic academic areas of
8062	(a) English, including explicit phonics, spelling, grammar, reading, writing,
8063	vocabulary, speech, and listening; and
8064	(b) mathematics, including basic computational skills.
8065	(4) Before adopting core standards for Utah public schools, the state board shall:
8066	(a) publicize draft core standards for Utah public schools [on the state board's website
8067	and the Utah Public Notice website created under Section 63A-16-601] for the state, as a class
8068	A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 90 days;
8069	(b) invite public comment on the draft core standards for Utah public schools for a
8070	period of not less than 90 days; and
8071	(c) conduct three public hearings that are held in different regions of the state on the
8072	draft core standards for Utah public schools.
8073	(5) LEA governing boards shall design their school programs, that are supported by
8074	generally accepted scientific standards of evidence, to focus on the core standards for Utah
8075	public schools with the expectation that each program will enhance or help achieve mastery of
8076	the core standards for Utah public schools.
8077	(6) Except as provided in Sections 53G-10-103 and 53G-10-402, each school may
8078	select instructional materials and methods of teaching, that are supported by generally accepted
8079	scientific standards of evidence, that the school considers most appropriate to meet the core

(7) The state may exit any agreement, contract, memorandum of understanding, or

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8082	consortium that cedes control of the core standards for Utah public schools to any other entity,
8083	including a federal agency or consortium, for any reason, including:
8084	(a) the cost of developing or implementing the core standards for Utah public schools;
8085	(b) the proposed core standards for Utah public schools are inconsistent with
8086	community values; or
8087	(c) the agreement, contract, memorandum of understanding, or consortium:
8088	(i) was entered into in violation of Chapter 3, Part 8, Implementing Federal or National
8089	Education Programs, or Title 63J, Chapter 5, Federal Funds Procedures Act;
8090	(ii) conflicts with Utah law;
8091	(iii) requires Utah student data to be included in a national or multi-state database;
8092	(iv) requires records of teacher performance to be included in a national or multi-state
8093	database; or
8094	(v) imposes curriculum, assessment, or data tracking requirements on home school or
8095	private school students.
8096	(8) The state board shall submit a report in accordance with Section 53E-1-203 on the
8097	development and implementation of the core standards for Utah public schools, including the
8098	time line established for the review of the core standards for Utah public schools by a standards
8099	review committee and the recommendations of a standards review committee established under
8100	Section 53E-4-203.
8101	Section 146. Section 53G-3-204 is amended to read:
8102	53G-3-204. Notice before preparing or amending a long-range plan or acquiring
8103	certain property.
8104	(1) As used in this section:
8105	(a) "Affected entity" means each county, municipality, local district under Title 17B,
8106	Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Local Districts, special service district under
8107	Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, interlocal cooperation entity established
8108	under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, and specified public utility:

(ii) that has filed with the school district a copy of the general or long-range plan of the county, municipality, local district, special service district, school district, interlocal

(i) whose services or facilities are likely to require expansion or significant

modification because of an intended use of land; or

8113 cooperation entity, or specified public utility.

- (b) "Specified public utility" means an electrical corporation, gas corporation, or telephone corporation, as those terms are defined in Section 54-2-1.
- (2) (a) If a school district located in a county of the first or second class prepares a long-range plan regarding the school district's facilities proposed for the future or amends an already existing long-range plan, the school district shall, before preparing a long-range plan or amendments to an existing long-range plan, provide written notice, as provided in this section, of the school district's intent to prepare a long-range plan or to amend an existing long-range plan.
  - (b) Each notice under Subsection (2)(a) shall:
- (i) indicate that the school district intends to prepare a long-range plan or to amend a long-range plan, as the case may be;
- (ii) describe or provide a map of the geographic area that will be affected by the long-range plan or amendments to a long-range plan;
  - (iii) be:
- (A) sent to each county in whose unincorporated area and each municipality in whose boundaries is located the land on which the proposed long-range plan or amendments to a long-range plan are expected to indicate that the proposed facilities will be located;
  - (B) sent to each affected entity;
  - (C) sent to the Utah Geospatial Resource Center created in Section 63A-16-505;
- (D) sent to each association of governments, established pursuant to an interlocal agreement under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, of which a county or municipality described in Subsection (2)(b)(iii)(A) is a member; and
  - [(E) placed on the Utah Public Notice Website created under Section 63A-16-601]
- (E) published for the geographic area that will be affected by the proposed long-range plan, or amendments to a long-range plan, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 30 days;
- (iv) with respect to the notice to counties and municipalities described in Subsection (2)(b)(iii)(A) and affected entities, invite them to provide information for the school district to consider in the process of preparing, adopting, and implementing the long-range plan or amendments to a long-range plan concerning:

8144 (A) impacts that the use of land proposed in the proposed long-range plan or 8145 amendments to a long-range plan may have on the county, municipality, or affected entity; and 8146 (B) uses of land that the county, municipality, or affected entity is planning or 8147 considering that may conflict with the proposed long-range plan or amendments to a long-range 8148 plan; and 8149 (v) include the address of an Internet website, if the school district has one, and the 8150 name and telephone number of an individual where more information can be obtained 8151 concerning the school district's proposed long-range plan or amendments to a long-range plan. 8152 (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(d), each school district intending to 8153 acquire real property in a county of the first or second class for the purpose of expanding the 8154 district's infrastructure or other facilities shall provide written notice, as provided in this 8155 Subsection (3), of the school district's intent to acquire the property if the intended use of the 8156 property is contrary to: 8157 (i) the anticipated use of the property under the county or municipality's general plan; 8158 or 8159 (ii) the property's current zoning designation. 8160 (b) Each notice under Subsection (3)(a) shall: 8161 (i) indicate that the school district intends to acquire real property: 8162 (ii) identify the real property; and 8163 (iii) be sent to: 8164 (A) each county in whose unincorporated area and each municipality in whose 8165 boundaries the property is located; and 8166 (B) each affected entity. 8167 (c) A notice under this Subsection (3) is a protected record as provided in Subsection 8168 63G-2-305(8). 8169 (d) (i) The notice requirement of Subsection (3)(a) does not apply if the school district 8170 previously provided notice under Subsection (2) identifying the general location within the 8171 municipality or unincorporated part of the county where the property to be acquired is located. 8172 (ii) If a school district is not required to comply with the notice requirement of 8173 Subsection (3)(a) because of application of Subsection (3)(d)(i), the school district shall 8174 provide the notice specified in Subsection (3)(a) as soon as practicable after the school district's

8175	acquisition of the real property.
8176	Section 147. Section 53G-4-204 is amended to read:
8177	53G-4-204. Compensation for services Additional per diem Notice of meeting
8178	Approval of expenses.
8179	(1) Each member of a local school board, except the student member, shall receive
8180	compensation for services and for necessary expenses in accordance with compensation
8181	schedules adopted by the local school board in accordance with the provisions of this section.
8182	(2) Beginning on July 1, 2007, if a local school board decides to adopt or amend its
8183	compensation schedules, the local school board shall set a time and place for a public hearing
8184	at which all interested persons shall be given an opportunity to be heard.
8185	(3) Notice of the time, place, and purpose of the meeting shall be provided <u>for</u> at least
8186	seven days [prior to] before the day of the meeting by[:] publishing the notice, as a class A
8187	notice under Section 63G-28-102, for the school district.
8188	[(a) (i) publication at least once in a newspaper published in the county where the
8189	school district is situated and generally circulated within the school district; and]
8190	[(ii) publication on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601;
8191	and]
8192	[(b) posting a notice:]
8193	[(i) at each school within the school district;]
8194	[(ii) in at least three other public places within the school district; and]
8195	[(iii) on the Internet in a manner that is easily accessible to citizens that use the
8196	Internet.]
8197	(4) After the conclusion of the public hearing, the local school board may adopt or
8198	amend its compensation schedules.
8199	(5) Each member shall submit an itemized account of necessary travel expenses for
8200	local school board approval.
8201	(6) A local school board may, without following the procedures described in
8202	Subsections (2) and (3), continue to use the compensation schedule that was in effect prior to
8203	July 1, 2007, until, at the discretion of the local school board, the compensation schedule is
8204	amended or a new compensation schedule is adopted.
8205	Section 148. Section <b>53G-4-402</b> is amended to read:

## 8206 53G-4-402. Powers and duties generally.

- (1) A local school board shall:
- (a) implement the core standards for Utah public schools using instructional materials that best correlate to the core standards for Utah public schools and graduation requirements;
- (b) administer tests, required by the state board, which measure the progress of each student, and coordinate with the state superintendent and state board to assess results and create plans to improve the student's progress, which shall be submitted to the state board for approval;
- (c) use progress-based assessments as part of a plan to identify schools, teachers, and students that need remediation and determine the type and amount of federal, state, and local resources to implement remediation;
- (d) for each grading period and for each course in which a student is enrolled, issue a grade or performance report to the student:
- (i) that reflects the student's work, including the student's progress based on mastery, for the grading period; and
- (ii) in accordance with the local school board's adopted grading or performance standards and criteria;
  - (e) develop early warning systems for students or classes failing to make progress;
- (f) work with the state board to establish a library of documented best practices, consistent with state and federal regulations, for use by the local districts;
- (g) implement training programs for school administrators, including basic management training, best practices in instructional methods, budget training, staff management, managing for learning results and continuous improvement, and how to help every child achieve optimal learning in basic academic subjects; and
- (h) ensure that the local school board meets the data collection and reporting standards described in Section 53E-3-501.
- (2) Local school boards shall spend Minimum School Program funds for programs and activities for which the state board has established minimum standards or rules under Section 53E-3-501.
- 8235 (3) (a) A local school board may purchase, sell, and make improvements on school sites, buildings, and equipment and construct, erect, and furnish school buildings.

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8237 (b) School sites or buildings may only be conveyed or sold on local school board 8238 resolution affirmed by at least two-thirds of the members. 8239 (4) (a) A local school board may participate in the joint construction or operation of a 8240 school attended by children residing within the district and children residing in other districts 8241 either within or outside the state. 8242 (b) Any agreement for the joint operation or construction of a school shall: 8243 (i) be signed by the president of the local school board of each participating district; 8244 (ii) include a mutually agreed upon pro rata cost; and 8245 (iii) be filed with the state board. 8246 (5) A local school board may establish, locate, and maintain elementary, secondary, 8247 and applied technology schools. 8248 (6) Except as provided in Section 53E-3-905, a local school board may enroll children 8249 in school who are at least five years old before September 2 of the year in which admission is 8250 sought. 8251 (7) A local school board may establish and support school libraries. 8252 (8) A local school board may collect damages for the loss, injury, or destruction of 8253 school property. 8254 (9) A local school board may authorize guidance and counseling services for children 8255 and their parents before, during, or following enrollment of the children in schools. 8256 (10) (a) A local school board shall administer and implement federal educational 8257 programs in accordance with Title 53E, Chapter 3, Part 8, Implementing Federal or National 8258 Education Programs. 8259 (b) Federal funds are not considered funds within the school district budget under Chapter 7, Part 3, Budgets. 8260 8261 (11) (a) A local school board may organize school safety patrols and adopt policies 8262 under which the patrols promote student safety. 8263 (b) A student appointed to a safety patrol shall be at least 10 years old and have written 8264 parental consent for the appointment.

(d) Liability may not attach to a school district, its employees, officers, or agents or to a

(c) Safety patrol members may not direct vehicular traffic or be stationed in a portion

of a highway intended for vehicular traffic use.

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- safety patrol member, a parent of a safety patrol member, or an authorized volunteer assisting the program by virtue of the organization, maintenance, or operation of a school safety patrol. (12) (a) A local school board may on its own behalf, or on behalf of an educational
  - (12) (a) A local school board may on its own behalf, or on behalf of an educational institution for which the local school board is the direct governing body, accept private grants, loans, gifts, endowments, devises, or bequests that are made for educational purposes.
    - (b) These contributions are not subject to appropriation by the Legislature.
  - (13) (a) A local school board may appoint and fix the compensation of a compliance officer to issue citations for violations of Subsection 76-10-105(2)(b).
  - (b) A person may not be appointed to serve as a compliance officer without the person's consent.
    - (c) A teacher or student may not be appointed as a compliance officer.
  - (14) A local school board shall adopt bylaws and policies for the local school board's own procedures.
  - (15) (a) A local school board shall make and enforce policies necessary for the control and management of the district schools.
  - (b) Local school board policies shall be in writing, filed, and referenced for public access.
    - (16) A local school board may hold school on legal holidays other than Sundays.
  - (17) (a) A local school board shall establish for each school year a school traffic safety committee to implement this Subsection (17).
    - (b) The committee shall be composed of one representative of:
- 8289 (i) the schools within the district;
  - (ii) the Parent Teachers' Association of the schools within the district;
- 8291 (iii) the municipality or county;
- (iv) state or local law enforcement; and
- (v) state or local traffic safety engineering.
- 8294 (c) The committee shall:
- 8295 (i) receive suggestions from school community councils, parents, teachers, and others 8296 and recommend school traffic safety improvements, boundary changes to enhance safety, and 8297 school traffic safety program measures;
- 8298 (ii) review and submit annually to the Department of Transportation and affected

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comply with Subsection (18)(a).

- 8299 municipalities and counties a child access routing plan for each elementary, middle, and junior 8300 high school within the district; 8301 (iii) consult the Utah Safety Council and the Division of Family Health Services and provide training to all school children in kindergarten through grade 6, within the district, on 8302 8303 school crossing safety and use; and 8304 (iv) help ensure the district's compliance with rules made by the Department of 8305 Transportation under Section 41-6a-303. (d) The committee may establish subcommittees as needed to assist in accomplishing 8306 8307 the committee's duties under Subsection (17)(c). 8308 (18) (a) A local school board shall adopt and implement a comprehensive emergency 8309 response plan to prevent and combat violence in the local school board's public schools, on 8310 school grounds, on its school vehicles, and in connection with school-related activities or 8311 events. 8312 (b) The plan shall: 8313 (i) include prevention, intervention, and response components; 8314 (ii) be consistent with the student conduct and discipline policies required for school 8315 districts under Chapter 11, Part 2, Miscellaneous Requirements; 8316 (iii) require professional learning for all district and school building staff on what their 8317 roles are in the emergency response plan; 8318 (iv) provide for coordination with local law enforcement and other public safety 8319 representatives in preventing, intervening, and responding to violence in the areas and activities 8320 referred to in Subsection (18)(a); and 8321 (v) include procedures to notify a student, to the extent practicable, who is off campus 8322 at the time of a school violence emergency because the student is: 8323 (A) participating in a school-related activity; or 8324 (B) excused from school for a period of time during the regular school day to 8325 participate in religious instruction at the request of the student's parent.
  - (d) A local school board shall, by July 1 of each year, certify to the state board that its

(c) The state board, through the state superintendent, shall develop comprehensive

emergency response plan models that local school boards may use, where appropriate, to

boundary change:

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8330	plan has been practiced at the school level and presented to and reviewed by its teachers,
8331	administrators, students, and their parents and local law enforcement and public safety
8332	representatives.
8333	(19) (a) A local school board may adopt an emergency response plan for the treatment
8334	of sports-related injuries that occur during school sports practices and events.
8335	(b) The plan may be implemented by each secondary school in the district that has a
8336	sports program for students.
8337	(c) The plan may:
8338	(i) include emergency personnel, emergency communication, and emergency
8339	equipment components;
8340	(ii) require professional learning on the emergency response plan for school personnel
8341	who are involved in sports programs in the district's secondary schools; and
8342	(iii) provide for coordination with individuals and agency representatives who:
8343	(A) are not employees of the school district; and
8344	(B) would be involved in providing emergency services to students injured while
8345	participating in sports events.
8346	(d) The local school board, in collaboration with the schools referred to in Subsection
8347	(19)(b), may review the plan each year and make revisions when required to improve or
8348	enhance the plan.
8349	(e) The state board, through the state superintendent, shall provide local school boards
8350	with an emergency plan response model that local school boards may use to comply with the
8351	requirements of this Subsection (19).
8352	(20) A local school board shall do all other things necessary for the maintenance,
8353	prosperity, and success of the schools and the promotion of education.
8354	(21) (a) Before closing a school or changing the boundaries of a school, a local school
8355	board shall:
8356	(i) at least 120 days before approving the school closure or school boundary change,
8357	provide notice to the following that the local school board is considering the closure or

(A) parents of students enrolled in the school, using the same form of communication

the local school board regularly uses to communicate with parents;

8361	(B) parents of students enrolled in other schools within the school district that may be
8362	affected by the closure or boundary change, using the same form of communication the local
8363	school board regularly uses to communicate with parents; and
8364	(C) the governing council and the mayor of the municipality in which the school is
8365	located;
8366	(ii) provide an opportunity for public comment on the proposed school closure or
8367	school boundary change during at least two public local school board meetings; and
8368	(iii) hold a public hearing as defined in Section 10-9a-103 and provide public notice of
8369	the public hearing as described in Subsection (21)(b).
8370	(b) The notice of a public hearing required under Subsection (21)(a)(iii) shall:
8371	(i) indicate the:
8372	(A) school or schools under consideration for closure or boundary change; and
8373	(B) the date, time, and location of the public hearing;
8374	(ii) for at least 10 days before the day of the public hearing, be[:] published for the
8375	school district in which the school is located, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102;
8376	<u>and</u>
8377	[(A) published:]
8378	[(I) in a newspaper of general circulation in the area; and]
8379	[(II) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; and]
8380	[(B) posted in at least three public locations within the municipality in which the
8381	school is located on the school district's official website, and prominently at the school; and]
8382	(iii) at least 30 days before the public hearing described in Subsection (21)(a)(iii), be
8383	provided as described in Subsections (21)(a)(i)(A), (B), and (C).
8384	(22) A local school board may implement a facility energy efficiency program
8385	established under Title 11, Chapter 44, Performance Efficiency Act.
8386	(23) A local school board may establish or partner with a certified youth court in
8387	accordance with Section 80-6-902 or establish or partner with a comparable restorative justice
8388	program, in coordination with schools in that district. A school may refer a student to a youth
8389	court or a comparable restorative justice program in accordance with Section 53G-8-211.
8390	(24) A local school board shall:
8391	(a) make curriculum that the school district uses readily accessible and available for a

8392	parent to view;
8393	(b) annually notify a parent of a student enrolled in the school district of how to access
8394	the information described in Subsection (24)(a); and
8395	(c) include on the school district's website information about how to access the
8396	information described in Subsection (24)(a).
8397	Section 149. Section <b>53G-5-504</b> is amended to read:
8398	53G-5-504. Charter school closure.
8399	(1) As used in this section, "receiving charter school" means a charter school that an
8400	authorizer permits under Subsection (13)(a), to accept enrollment applications from students of
8401	a closing charter school.
8402	(2) If a charter school is closed for any reason, including the termination of a charter
8403	agreement in accordance with Section 53G-5-503 or the conversion of a charter school to a
8404	private school, the provisions of this section apply.
8405	(3) A decision to close a charter school is made:
8406	(a) when a charter school authorizer approves a motion to terminate described in
8407	Subsection 53G-5-503(2)(c);
8408	(b) when the state board takes final action described in Subsection 53G-5-503(2)(d)(ii);
8409	or
8410	(c) when a charter school provides notice to the charter school's authorizer that the
8411	charter school is relinquishing the charter school's charter.
8412	(4) (a) No later than 10 days after the day on which a decision to close a charter school
8413	is made, the charter school shall:
8414	(i) provide notice to the following, in writing, of the decision:
8415	(A) if the charter school made the decision to close, the charter school's authorizer;
8416	(B) the State Charter School Board;
8417	(C) if the state board did not make the decision to close, the state board;
8418	(D) parents of students enrolled at the charter school;
8419	(E) the charter school's creditors;
8420	(F) the charter school's lease holders;
8421	(G) the charter school's bond issuers;
8422	(H) other entities that may have a claim to the charter school's assets;

8423	(I) the school district in which the charter school is located and other charter schools
8424	located in that school district; and
8425	(J) any other person that the charter school determines to be appropriate; and
8426	(ii) [post] publish notice of the decision [on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in
8427	Section 63A-16-601] for the school district in which the charter school is located, as a class A
8428	notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 30 days.
8429	(b) The notice described in Subsection (4)(a) shall include:
8430	(i) the proposed date of the charter school closure;
8431	(ii) the charter school's plans to help students identify and transition into a new school;
8432	and
8433	(iii) contact information for the charter school during the transition.
8434	(5) No later than 10 days after the day on which a decision to close a charter school is
8435	made, the closing charter school shall:
8436	(a) designate a custodian for the protection of student files and school business records
8437	(b) designate a base of operation that will be maintained throughout the charter school
8438	closing, including:
8439	(i) an office;
8440	(ii) hours of operation;
8441	(iii) operational telephone service with voice messaging stating the hours of operation;
8442	and
8443	(iv) a designated individual to respond to questions or requests during the hours of
8444	operation;
8445	(c) assure that the charter school will maintain private insurance coverage or risk
8446	management coverage for covered claims that arise before closure, throughout the transition to
8447	closure and for a period following closure of the charter school as specified by the charter
8448	school's authorizer;
8449	(d) assure that the charter school will complete by the set deadlines for all fiscal years
8450	in which funds are received or expended by the charter school a financial audit and any other
8451	procedure required by state board rule;
8452	(e) inventory all assets of the charter school; and
8453	(f) list all creditors of the charter school and specifically identify secured creditors and

assets that are security interests.

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- (6) The closing charter school's authorizer shall oversee the closing charter school's compliance with Subsection (5).
- (7) (a) A closing charter school shall return any assets remaining, after all liabilities and obligations of the closing charter school are paid or discharged, to the closing charter school's authorizer.
- (b) The closing charter school's authorizer shall liquidate assets at fair market value or assign the assets to another public school.
- (8) The closing charter school's authorizer shall oversee liquidation of assets and payment of debt in accordance with state board rule.
  - (9) The closing charter school shall:
  - (a) comply with all state and federal reporting requirements; and
- (b) submit all documentation and complete all state and federal reports required by the closing charter school's authorizer or the state board, including documents to verify the closing charter school's compliance with procedural requirements and satisfaction of all financial issues.
- (10) When the closing charter school's financial affairs are closed out and dissolution is complete, the authorizer shall ensure that a final audit of the charter school is completed.
- (11) On or before January 1, 2017, the state board shall, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, and after considering suggestions from charter school authorizers, make rules that:
  - (a) provide additional closure procedures for charter schools; and
  - (b) establish a charter school closure process.
  - (12) (a) Upon termination of the charter school's charter agreement:
- 8478 (i) notwithstanding provisions to the contrary in Title 16, Chapter 6a, Part 14, 8479 Dissolution, the nonprofit corporation under which the charter school is organized and 8480 managed may be unilaterally dissolved by the authorizer; and
- 8481 (ii) the net assets of the charter school shall revert to the authorizer as described in 8482 Subsection (7).
- 8483 (b) The charter school and the authorizer shall mutually agree in writing on the effective date and time of the dissolution described in Subsection (12)(a).

8485	(c) The effective date and time of dissolution described in Subsection (12)(b) may not
8486	exceed five years after the date of the termination of the charter agreement.
8487	(13) Notwithstanding the provisions of Chapter 6, Part 5, Charter School Enrollment:
8488	(a) an authorizer may permit a specified number of students from a closing charter
8489	school to be enrolled in another charter school, if the receiving charter school:
8490	(i) (A) is authorized by the same authorizer as the closing charter school; or
8491	(B) is authorized by a different authorizer and the authorizer of the receiving charter
8492	school approves the increase in enrollment; and
8493	(ii) agrees to accept enrollment applications from students of the closing charter
8494	school;
8495	(b) a receiving charter school shall give new enrollment preference to applications
8496	from students of the closing charter school in the first school year in which the closing charter
8497	school is not operational; and
8498	(c) a receiving charter school's enrollment capacity is increased by the number of
8499	students enrolled in the receiving charter school from the closing charter school under this
8500	Subsection (13).
8501	(14) A member of the governing board or staff of the receiving charter school that is
8502	also a member of the governing board of the receiving charter school's authorizer, shall recuse
8503	himself or herself from a decision regarding the enrollment of students from a closing charter
8504	school as described in Subsection (13).
8505	Section 150. Section <b>54-8-10</b> is amended to read:
8506	54-8-10. Public hearing Notice Publication.
8507	(1) The governing body shall provide notice of a public hearing on the proposed
8508	improvement for the proposed district, as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at
8509	least 14 days.
8510	[(1) Such notice shall be:]
8511	[(a) published on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; and]
8512	[(b) posted in not less than three public places in the district.]
8513	[(2) A copy of the notice shall be mailed by certified mail to the last known address of
8514	each owner of land within the proposed district whose property will be assessed for the cost of
8515	the improvement.]

8516	[ <del>(3)</del> ] <u>(2)</u> The [address] addresses to be used for [that purpose] the purpose of mailing
8517	notice as required by Subsection 63G-28-102(4)(b)(i) shall be:
8518	(a) [that] the last address appearing on the real property assessment rolls of the county
8519	[in which the property is located.] for each owner of real property whose property will be
8520	assessed for the cost of the improvement; and
8521	[(4)] (b) [In addition, a copy of the notice shall be addressed to "Owner" and shall be
8522	so mailed addressed to] the street number of each piece of improved property to be affected by
8523	the assessment.
8524	[(5)] (3) Mailed notices and the published notice shall state where a copy of the
8525	resolution creating the district will be available for inspection by any interested parties.
8526	Section 151. Section <b>54-8-16</b> is amended to read:
8527	54-8-16. Notice of assessment Publication.
8528	(1) After the preparation of a resolution under Section 54-8-14, the governing body
8529	shall give notice of a public hearing on the proposed assessments [shall be given].
8530	(2) (a) The governing body shall provide the notice described in Subsection (1) [shall
8531	be:] for the district, as a class B notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 20 days before
8532	the date of the hearing.
8533	(b) The addresses to be used for the purpose of mailing notice as required by
8534	Subsection 63G-28-102(4)(b)(i) are:
8535	(i) the last address appearing on the real property assessment rolls of the county for
8536	each owner of real property whose property will be assessed for part of the cost of the
8537	improvement; and
8538	(ii) the street number of each piece of improved property to be affected by the proposed
8539	assessment.
8540	[(a) published on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for at
8541	least 20 days before the date fixed for the hearing; and]
8542	[(b) mailed by certified mail not less than 15 days prior to the date fixed for such
8543	hearing to each owner of real property whose property will be assessed for part of the cost of
8544	the improvement at the last known address of such owner using for such purpose the names
8545	and addresses appearing on the last completed real property assessment rolls of the county
8546	wherein said affected property is located.]

- [(3) In addition, a copy of such notice shall be addressed to "Owner" and shall be so mailed addressed to the street number of each piece of improved property to be affected by such assessment.]
- [(4)] (3) Each notice shall state that at the specified time and place, the governing body will hold a public hearing upon the proposed assessments and shall state that any owner of any property to be assessed pursuant to the resolution will be heard on the question of whether [his] the owner's property will be benefited by the proposed improvement to the amount of the proposed assessment against [his] the owner's property and whether the amount assessed against [his] the owner's property constitutes more than [his] the owner's proper proportional share of the total cost of the improvement.
- [(5)] (4) The notice shall further state where a copy of the resolution proposed to be adopted levying the assessments against all real property in the district will be on file for public inspection, and that subject to such changes and corrections therein as may be made by the governing body, it is proposed to adopt the resolution at the conclusion of the hearing.
- [(6)] (5) A published notice shall describe the boundaries or area of the district with sufficient particularity to permit each owner of real property therein to ascertain that [his] the owner's property lies in the district.
- [<del>(7)</del>] <u>(6)</u> The mailed notice may refer to the district by name and date of creation and shall state the amount of the assessment proposed to be levied against the real property of the person to whom the notice is mailed.
  - Section 152. Section **54-8-23** is amended to read:

## 54-8-23. Objection to amount of assessment -- Civil action -- Litigation to question or attack proceedings or legality of bonds -- Notice.

- (1) No special assessment levied under this chapter shall be declared void, nor shall any such assessment or part thereof be set aside in consequence of any error or irregularity permitted or appearing in any of the proceedings under this chapter, but any party feeling aggrieved by any such special assessment or proceeding may bring a civil action to cause such grievance to be adjudicated if such action is commenced prior to the expiration of the period specified in this section.
- (2) The burden of proof to show that such special assessment or part thereof is invalid, inequitable or unjust shall rest upon the party who brings such suit.

- (3) Any such litigation shall not be regarded as an appeal within the meaning of the prohibition contained in Section 54-8-18.
  - (4) Every person whose property is subject to such special assessment and who fails to appear during the public hearings on said assessments to raise his objection to such tax shall be deemed to have waived all objections to such levy except the objection that the governing body lacks jurisdiction to levy such tax.
  - (5) For a period of 20 days after the governing body has adopted the enactment authorizing the assessment, any taxpayer in the district shall have the right to institute litigation for the purpose of questioning or attacking the proceedings pursuant to which the assessments have been authorized subject to the provisions of the preceding paragraph.
  - (6) Whenever any enactment authorizing the issuance of any bonds pursuant to the improvement contemplated shall have been adopted such resolution shall be [posted on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601] provided for the district, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for 20 days.
  - (7) For a period of 20 days thereafter, any person whose property shall have been assessed and any taxpayer in the district shall have the right to institute litigation for the purpose of questioning or attacking the legality of such bonds.
  - (8) After the expiration of such 20-day period, all proceedings theretofore had by the governing body, the bonds to be issued pursuant thereto, and the special assessments from which such bonds are to be paid, shall become incontestable, and no suit attacking or questioning the legality thereof may be instituted in this state, and no court shall have the authority to inquire into such matters.
    - Section 153. Section 57-11-11 is amended to read:
  - 57-11-11. Rules of division -- Notice and hearing requirements -- Filing advertising material -- Injunctions -- Intervention by division in suits -- General powers of division.
  - (1) (a) The division shall prescribe reasonable rules which shall be adopted, amended, or repealed only after a public hearing.
    - (b) The division shall:
- 8607 (i) publish notice of the public hearing described in Subsection (1)(a)[:] for the state, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 20 days before the day of the hearing;

and

- [(A) once in a newspaper or newspapers with statewide circulation and at least 20 days before the hearing; and
  - [(B) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for at least 20 days before the hearing; and]
  - (ii) send a notice to a nonprofit organization which files a written request for notice with the division at least 20 days [prior to] before the day of the hearing.
    - (2) The rules shall include but need not be limited to:
    - (a) provisions for advertising standards to assure full and fair disclosure; and
  - (b) provisions for escrow or trust agreements, performance bonds, or other means reasonably necessary to assure that all improvements referred to in the application for registration and advertising will be completed and that purchasers will receive the interest in land contracted for.
  - (3) These provisions, however, shall not be required if the city or county in which the subdivision is located requires similar means of assurance of a nature and in an amount no less adequate than is required under said rules:
    - (a) provisions for operating procedures;
  - (b) provisions for a shortened form of registration in cases where the division determines that the purposes of this act do not require a subdivision to be registered pursuant to an application containing all the information required by Section 57-11-6 or do not require that the public offering statement contain all the information required by Section 57-11-7; and
    - (c) other rules necessary and proper to accomplish the purpose of this chapter.
  - (4) The division by rule or order, after reasonable notice, may require the filing of advertising material relating to subdivided lands prior to its distribution, provided that the division must approve or reject any advertising material within 15 days from the receipt thereof or the material shall be considered approved.
  - (5) If it appears that a person has engaged or is about to engage in an act or practice constituting a violation of a provision of this chapter or a rule or order hereunder, the agency, with or without prior administrative proceedings, may bring an action in the district court of the district where said person maintains his residence or a place of business or where said act or practice has occurred or is about to occur, to enjoin the acts or practices and to enforce

compliance with this chapter or any rule or order hereunder. Upon proper showing, injunctive relief or temporary restraining orders shall be granted, and a receiver or conservator may be appointed. The division shall not be required to post a bond in any court proceedings.

- (6) The division shall be allowed to intervene in a suit involving subdivided lands, either as a party or as an amicus curiae, where it appears that the interpretation or constitutionality of any provision of law will be called into question. In any suit by or against a subdivider involving subdivided lands, the subdivider promptly shall furnish the agency notice of the suit and copies of all pleadings. Failure to do so may, in the discretion of the division, constitute grounds for the division withholding any approval required by this chapter.
  - (7) The division may:
  - (a) accept registrations filed in other states or with the federal government;
- (b) contract with public agencies or qualified private persons in this state or other jurisdictions to perform investigative functions; and
  - (c) accept grants-in-aid from any source.
- (8) The division shall cooperate with similar agencies in other jurisdictions to establish uniform filing procedures and forms, uniform public offering statements, advertising standards, rules, and common administrative practices.
  - Section 154. Section 57-13a-104 is amended to read:

## 57-13a-104. Abandonment of prescriptive easement for water conveyance.

- (1) A holder of a prescriptive easement for a water conveyance established under Section 57-13a-102 may, in accordance with this section, abandon all or part of the easement.
- (2) (a) A holder of a prescriptive easement for a water conveyance established under Section 57-13a-102 who seeks to abandon the easement or part of the easement shall[:], in each county where the easement or part of the easement is located, file in the office of the county recorder a notice of intent to abandon the prescriptive easement that describes the easement or part of the easement to be abandoned.
- (b) A county recorder who receives a notice of intent to abandon a prescriptive easement shall:
- (i) publish copies of the notice for the area generally served by the water conveyance
   that utilizes the easement, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 45 days;
   and

8671	(a) in each county where the easement or part of the easement is located, file in the
8672	office of the county recorder a notice of intent to abandon the prescriptive easement that
8673	describes the easement or part of the easement to be abandoned;]
8674	[(b) post copies of the notice of intent to abandon the prescriptive easement in three
8675	public places located within the area generally served by the water conveyance that utilizes the
8676	easement;]
8677	[(c)] (ii) mail a copy of the notice of intent to abandon the prescriptive easement to
8678	each municipal and county government where the easement or part of the easement is located[;
8679	<u>.</u>
8680	[(d) post a copy of the notice of intent to abandon the prescriptive easement on the
8681	Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601; and]
8682	[(e)] (3) [after] After meeting the requirements of [Subsections (2)(a), (b), (c), and (d)]
8683	Subsection (2)(a) and at least 45 days after the last day on which the [holder of the easement]
8684	county recorder posts the notice of intent to abandon the prescriptive easement in accordance
8685	with Subsection (2)(b), the holder of the prescriptive easement shall file in the office of the
8686	county recorder for each county where the easement or part of the easement is located a notice
8687	of abandonment that contains the same description required by Subsection (2)(a).
8688	[(3)] (4) (a) Upon completion of the requirements described in Subsection (2) [by the
8689	holder of a prescriptive easement for a water conveyance established under Section
8690	<del>57-13a-102</del> ]:
8691	(i) all interest to the easement or part of the easement abandoned by the holder of the
8692	easement is extinguished; and
8693	(ii) subject to each legal right that exists as described in Subsection [(3)(b)] (4)(b), the
8694	owner of a servient estate whose land was encumbered by the easement or part of the easement
8695	abandoned may reclaim the land area occupied by the former easement or part of the easement
8696	and resume full utilization of the land without liability to the former holder of the easement.
8697	(b) Abandonment of a prescriptive easement under this section does not affect a legal
8698	right to have water delivered or discharged through the water conveyance and easement
8699	established by a person other than the holder of the easement who abandons an easement as
8700	provided in this section.
8701	(5) A county recorder may bill the holder of the prescriptive easement for the cost of

8702	preparing, printing, and publishing the notice required under Subsection (2)(b).	
8703	Section 155. Section 59-2-919 is amended to read:	
8704	59-2-919. Notice and public hearing requirements for certain tax increases	
8705	Exceptions.	
8706	(1) As used in this section:	
8707	(a) "Additional ad valorem tax revenue" means ad valorem property tax revenue	
8708	generated by the portion of the tax rate that exceeds the taxing entity's certified tax rate.	
8709	(b) "Ad valorem tax revenue" means ad valorem property tax revenue not including	
8710	revenue from:	
8711	(i) eligible new growth as defined in Section 59-2-924; or	
8712	(ii) personal property that is:	
8713	(A) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and	
8714	(B) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.	
8715	(c) "Calendar year taxing entity" means a taxing entity that operates under a fiscal year	
8716	that begins on January 1 and ends on December 31.	
8717	(d) "County executive calendar year taxing entity" means a calendar year taxing entity	
8718	that operates under the county executive-council form of government described in Section	
8719	17-52a-203.	
8720	(e) "Current calendar year" means the calendar year immediately preceding the	
8721	calendar year for which a calendar year taxing entity seeks to levy a tax rate that exceeds the	
8722	calendar year taxing entity's certified tax rate.	
8723	(f) "Fiscal year taxing entity" means a taxing entity that operates under a fiscal year that	
8724	begins on July 1 and ends on June 30.	
8725	(g) "Last year's property tax budgeted revenue" does not include revenue received by a	
8726	taxing entity from a debt service levy voted on by the public.	
8727	(2) A taxing entity may not levy a tax rate that exceeds the taxing entity's certified tax	
8728	rate unless the taxing entity meets:	
8729	(a) the requirements of this section that apply to the taxing entity; and	
8730	(b) all other requirements as may be required by law.	
8731	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b) and except as provided in Subsection (5), a	
8732	calendar year taxing entity may levy a tax rate that exceeds the calendar year taxing entity's	

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8733	certified tax rate if the calendar year taxing entity:
8734	(i) 14 or more days before the date of the regular general election or municipal general
8735	election held in the current calendar year, states at a public meeting:
8736	(A) that the calendar year taxing entity intends to levy a tax rate that exceeds the
8737	calendar year taxing entity's certified tax rate;
8738	(B) the dollar amount of and purpose for additional ad valorem tax revenue that would
8739	be generated by the proposed increase in the certified tax rate; and
8740	(C) the approximate percentage increase in ad valorem tax revenue for the taxing entity
8741	based on the proposed increase described in Subsection (3)(a)(i)(B);
8742	(ii) provides notice for the public meeting described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) in
8743	accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, including providing a
8744	separate item on the meeting agenda that notifies the public that the calendar year taxing entity
8745	intends to make the statement described in Subsection (3)(a)(i);
8746	(iii) meets the advertisement requirements of Subsections (6) and (7) before the
8747	calendar year taxing entity conducts the public hearing required by Subsection (3)(a)(v);
8748	(iv) provides notice by mail:
8749	(A) seven or more days before the regular general election or municipal general
8750	election held in the current calendar year; and
8751	(B) as provided in Subsection (3)(c); and
8752	(v) conducts a public hearing that is held:
8753	(A) in accordance with Subsections (8) and (9); and
8754	(B) in conjunction with the public hearing required by Section 17-36-13 or 17B-1-610.
8755	(b) (i) For a county executive calendar year taxing entity, the statement described in
8756	Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall be made by the:
8757	(A) county council;
8758	(B) county executive; or
8759	(C) both the county council and county executive.

(ii) If the county council makes the statement described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) or the county council states a dollar amount of additional ad valorem tax revenue that is greater than the amount of additional ad valorem tax revenue previously stated by the county executive in accordance with Subsection (3)(a)(i), the county executive calendar year taxing entity shall:

8764	(A) make the statement described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) 14 or more days before the
8765	county executive calendar year taxing entity conducts the public hearing under Subsection
8766	(3)(a)(v); and
8767	(B) provide the notice required by Subsection (3)(a)(iv) 14 or more days before the
8768	county executive calendar year taxing entity conducts the public hearing required by
8769	Subsection (3)(a)(v).
8770	(c) The notice described in Subsection (3)(a)(iv):
8771	(i) shall be mailed to each owner of property:
8772	(A) within the calendar year taxing entity; and
8773	(B) listed on the assessment roll;
8774	(ii) shall be printed on a separate form that:
8775	(A) is developed by the commission;
8776	(B) states at the top of the form, in bold upper-case type no smaller than 18 point
8777	"NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX INCREASE"; and
8778	(C) may be mailed with the notice required by Section 59-2-1317;
8779	(iii) shall contain for each property described in Subsection (3)(c)(i):
8780	(A) the value of the property for the current calendar year;
8781	(B) the tax on the property for the current calendar year; and
8782	(C) subject to Subsection (3)(d), for the calendar year for which the calendar year
8783	taxing entity seeks to levy a tax rate that exceeds the calendar year taxing entity's certified tax
8784	rate, the estimated tax on the property;
8785	(iv) shall contain the following statement:
8786	"[Insert name of taxing entity] is proposing a tax increase for [insert applicable calendar
8787	year]. This notice contains estimates of the tax on your property and the proposed tax increase
8788	on your property as a result of this tax increase. These estimates are calculated on the basis of
8789	[insert previous applicable calendar year] data. The actual tax on your property and proposed
8790	tax increase on your property may vary from this estimate.";
8791	(v) shall state the date, time, and place of the public hearing described in Subsection
8792	(3)(a)(v); and
8793	(vi) may contain other property tax information approved by the commission.
8794	(d) For purposes of Subsection (3)(c)(iii)(C), a calendar year taxing entity shall

days.

8795	calculate the estimated tax on property on the basis of:		
8796	(i) data for the current calendar year; and		
8797	(ii) the amount of additional ad valorem tax revenue stated in accordance with this		
8798	section.		
8799	(4) Except as provided in Subsection (5), a fiscal year taxing entity may levy a tax rate		
8800	that exceeds the fiscal year taxing entity's certified tax rate if the fiscal year taxing entity:		
8801	(a) provides notice by meeting the advertisement requirements of Subsections (6) and		
8802	(7) before the fiscal year taxing entity conducts the public meeting at which the fiscal year		
8803	taxing entity's annual budget is adopted; and		
8804	(b) conducts a public hearing in accordance with Subsections (8) and (9) before the		
8805	fiscal year taxing entity's annual budget is adopted.		
8806	(5) (a) A taxing entity is not required to meet the notice or public hearing requirements		
8807	of Subsection (3) or (4) if the taxing entity is expressly exempted by law from complying with		
8808	the requirements of this section.		
8809	(b) A taxing entity is not required to meet the notice requirements of Subsection (3) or		
8810	(4) if:		
8811	(i) Section 53F-8-301 allows the taxing entity to levy a tax rate that exceeds that		
8812	certified tax rate without having to comply with the notice provisions of this section; or		
8813	(ii) the taxing entity:		
8814	(A) budgeted less than \$20,000 in ad valorem tax revenue for the previous fiscal year;		
8815	and		
8816	(B) sets a budget during the current fiscal year of less than \$20,000 of ad valorem tax		
8817	revenue.		
8818	(6) (a) Subject to Subsections (6)(d) and (7)(b), the advertisement described in this		
8819	section shall be published:		
8820	(i) subject to Section 45-1-101, in a newspaper or combination of newspapers of		
8821	general circulation in the taxing entity;		
8822	(ii) electronically in accordance with Section 45-1-101; and		
8823	[(iii) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601]		
8824	(iii) for the taxing entity, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 14		

8826	(b) The advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) shall:
8827	(i) be no less than 1/4 page in size;
8828	(ii) use type no smaller than 18 point; and
8829	(iii) be surrounded by a 1/4-inch border.
8830	(c) The advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) may not be placed in that
8831	portion of the newspaper where legal notices and classified advertisements appear.
8832	(d) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
8833	(i) whenever possible, the advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) appear in a
8834	newspaper that is published at least one day per week; and
8835	(ii) the newspaper or combination of newspapers selected:
8836	(A) be of general interest and readership in the taxing entity; and
8837	(B) not be of limited subject matter.
8838	(e) (i) The advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) shall:
8839	(A) except as provided in Subsection (6)(f), be run once each week for the two weeks
8840	before a taxing entity conducts a public hearing described under Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b);
8841	and
8842	(B) state that the taxing entity will meet on a certain day, time, and place fixed in the
8843	advertisement, which shall be seven or more days after the day the first advertisement is
8844	published, for the purpose of hearing comments regarding any proposed increase and to explain
8845	the reasons for the proposed increase.
8846	(ii) The advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(ii) shall:
8847	(A) be published two weeks before a taxing entity conducts a public hearing described
8848	in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b); and
8849	(B) state that the taxing entity will meet on a certain day, time, and place fixed in the
8850	advertisement, which shall be seven or more days after the day the first advertisement is
8851	published, for the purpose of hearing comments regarding any proposed increase and to explain
8852	the reasons for the proposed increase.
8853	(f) If a fiscal year taxing entity's public hearing information is published by the county
8854	auditor in accordance with Section 59-2-919.2, the fiscal year taxing entity is not subject to the
8855	requirement to run the advertisement twice, as required by Subsection (6)(e)(i), but shall run
8856	the advertisement once during the week before the fiscal year taxing entity conducts a public

8857	hearing at which the taxing entity's annual budget is discussed.		
8858	(g) For purposes of Subsection (3)(a)(iii) or (4)(a), the form and content of an		
8859	advertisement shall be substantially as follows:		
8860	"NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX INCREASE		
8861	(NAME OF TAXING ENTITY)		
8862	The (name of the taxing entity) is proposing to increase its property tax revenue.		
8863	• The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the average value of a residence		
8864	in the taxing entity rounded to the nearest thousand dollars) residence would increase from		
8865	\$ to \$, which is \$ per year.		
8866	• The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the value of a business having		
8867	the same value as the average value of a residence in the taxing entity) business would increase		
8868	from \$ to \$, which is \$ per year.		
8869	• If the proposed budget is approved, (name of the taxing entity) would increase		
8870	its property tax budgeted revenue by% above last year's property tax budgeted revenue		
8871	excluding eligible new growth.		
8872	All concerned citizens are invited to a public hearing on the tax increase.		
8873	PUBLIC HEARING		
8874	Date/Time: (date) (time)		
8875	Location: (name of meeting place and address of meeting place)		
8876	To obtain more information regarding the tax increase, citizens may contact the (name		
8877	of the taxing entity) at (phone number of taxing entity)."		
8878	(7) The commission:		
8879	(a) shall adopt rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative		
8880	Rulemaking Act, governing the joint use of one advertisement described in Subsection (6) by		
8881	two or more taxing entities; and		
8882	(b) subject to Section 45-1-101, may authorize:		
8883	(i) the use of a weekly newspaper:		
8884	(A) in a county having both daily and weekly newspapers if the weekly newspaper		
8885	would provide equal or greater notice to the taxpayer; and		
8886	(B) if the county petitions the commission for the use of the weekly newspaper; or		
8887	(ii) the use by a taxing entity of a commission approved direct notice to each taxpayer		

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- (A) the cost of the advertisement would cause undue hardship;
- 8890 (B) the direct notice is different and separate from that provided for in Section 8891 59-2-919.1; and
- (C) the taxing entity petitions the commission for the use of a commission approved direct notice.
  - (8) (a) (i) (A) A fiscal year taxing entity shall, on or before March 1, notify the county legislative body in which the fiscal year taxing entity is located of the date, time, and place of the first public hearing at which the fiscal year taxing entity's annual budget will be discussed.
  - (B) A county that receives notice from a fiscal year taxing entity under Subsection (8)(a)(i)(A) shall include on the notice required by Section 59-2-919.1 the date, time, and place of the public hearing described in Subsection (8)(a)(i)(A).
  - (ii) A calendar year taxing entity shall, on or before October 1 of the current calendar year, notify the county legislative body in which the calendar year taxing entity is located of the date, time, and place of the first public hearing at which the calendar year taxing entity's annual budget will be discussed.
    - (b) (i) A public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b) shall be:
    - (A) open to the public; and
  - (B) held at a meeting of the taxing entity with no items on the agenda other than discussion and action on the taxing entity's intent to levy a tax rate that exceeds the taxing entity's certified tax rate, the taxing entity's budget, a local district's or special service district's fee implementation or increase, or a combination of these items.
  - (ii) The governing body of a taxing entity conducting a public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b) shall provide an interested party desiring to be heard an opportunity to present oral testimony:
    - (A) within reasonable time limits; and
- 8914 (B) without unreasonable restriction on the number of individuals allowed to make public comment.
- 8916 (c) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(c)(ii), a taxing entity may not schedule a 8917 public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b) at the same time as the public hearing 8918 of another overlapping taxing entity in the same county.

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- (ii) The taxing entities in which the power to set tax levies is vested in the same governing board or authority may consolidate the public hearings described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b) into one public hearing.

  (d) A county legislative body shall resolve any conflict in public hearing dates and times after consultation with each affected taxing entity.
  - (e) (i) A taxing entity shall hold a public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b) beginning at or after 6 p.m.
  - (ii) If a taxing entity holds a public meeting for the purpose of addressing general business of the taxing entity on the same date as a public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b), the public meeting addressing general business items shall conclude before the beginning of the public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b).
  - (f) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(f)(ii), a taxing entity may not hold the public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b) on the same date as another public hearing of the taxing entity.
  - (ii) A taxing entity may hold the following hearings on the same date as a public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b):
    - (A) a budget hearing;
  - (B) if the taxing entity is a local district or a special service district, a fee hearing described in Section 17B-1-643;
- 8938 (C) if the taxing entity is a town, an enterprise fund hearing described in Section 8939 10-5-107.5; or
- 8940 (D) if the taxing entity is a city, an enterprise fund hearing described in Section 8941 10-6-135.5.
  - (9) (a) If a taxing entity does not make a final decision on budgeting additional ad valorem tax revenue at a public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b), the taxing entity shall:
  - (i) announce at that public hearing the scheduled time and place of the next public meeting at which the taxing entity will consider budgeting the additional ad valorem tax revenue; and
- 8948 (ii) if the taxing entity is a fiscal year taxing entity, hold the public meeting described in Subsection (9)(a)(i) before September 1.

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- (b) A calendar year taxing entity may not adopt a final budget that budgets an amount of additional ad valorem tax revenue that exceeds the largest amount of additional ad valorem tax revenue stated at a public meeting under Subsection (3)(a)(i).
  - (c) A public hearing on levying a tax rate that exceeds a fiscal year taxing entity's certified tax rate may coincide with a public hearing on the fiscal year taxing entity's proposed annual budget.
    - Section 156. Section **59-2-919.2** is amended to read:

## 59-2-919.2. Consolidated advertisement of public hearings.

- (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), on the same day on which a taxing entity provides the notice to the county required under Subsection 59-2-919(8)(a)(i), the taxing entity shall provide to the county auditor the information required by Subsection 59-2-919(8)(a)(i).
- (b) A taxing entity is not required to notify the county auditor of the taxing entity's public hearing in accordance with Subsection (1)(a) if the taxing entity is exempt from the notice requirements of Section 59-2-919.
- (2) If as of July 22, two or more taxing entities notify the county auditor under Subsection (1), the county auditor shall by no later than July 22 of each year:
- 8967 (a) compile a list of the taxing entities that notify the county auditor under Subsection 8968 (1);
  - (b) include on the list described in Subsection (2)(a), the following information for each taxing entity on the list:
    - (i) the name of the taxing entity;
- 8972 (ii) the date, time, and location of the public hearing described in Subsection 8973 59-2-919(8)(a)(i);
  - (iii) the average dollar increase on a residence in the taxing entity that the proposed tax increase would generate; and
  - (iv) the average dollar increase on a business in the taxing entity that the proposed tax increase would generate;
  - (c) provide a copy of the list described in Subsection (2)(a) to each taxing entity that notifies the county auditor under Subsection (1); and
    - (d) in addition to the requirements of Subsection (3), if the county has a webpage,

8981	publish a copy of the list described in Subsection (2)(a) on the county's webpage until
8982	December 31.
8983	(3) (a) At least two weeks before any public hearing included in the list under
8984	Subsection (2) is held, the county auditor shall publish:
8985	(i) the list compiled under Subsection (2); and
8986	(ii) a statement that:
8987	(A) the list is for informational purposes only;
8988	(B) the list should not be relied on to determine a person's tax liability under this
8989	chapter; and
8990	(C) for specific information related to the tax liability of a taxpayer, the taxpayer
8991	should review the taxpayer's tax notice received under Section 59-2-919.1.
8992	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(d)(ii), the information described in Subsection
8993	(3)(a) shall be published:
8994	(i) in no less than 1/4 page in size;
8995	(ii) in type no smaller than 18 point; and
8996	(iii) surrounded by a 1/4-inch border.
8997	(c) The published information described in Subsection (3)(a) and published in
8998	accordance with Subsection (3)(d)(i) may not be placed in the portion of a newspaper where a
8999	legal notice or classified advertisement appears.
9000	(d) A county auditor shall publish the information described in Subsection (3)(a):
9001	(i) (A) in a newspaper or combination of newspapers that are:
9002	(I) published at least one day per week;
9003	(II) of general interest and readership in the county; and
9004	(III) not of limited subject matter; and
9005	(B) once each week for the two weeks preceding the first hearing included in the list
9006	compiled under Subsection (2); and
9007	(ii) for two weeks preceding the the day of the first hearing included in the list
9008	compiled under Subsection (2):
9009	(A) as required in Section 45-1-101; and
9010	[(B) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601]
9011	(B) for the county, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102.

9012 (4) A taxing entity that notifies the county auditor under Subsection (1) shall provide 9013 the list described in Subsection (2)(c) to a person: (a) who attends the public hearing described in Subsection 59-2-919(8)(a)(i) of the 9014 9015 taxing entity; or 9016 (b) who requests a copy of the list. 9017 (5) (a) A county auditor shall by no later than 30 days from the day on which the last 9018 publication of the information required by Subsection (3)(a) is made: 9019 (i) determine the costs of compiling and publishing the list; and (ii) charge each taxing entity included on the list an amount calculated by dividing the 9020 9021 amount determined under Subsection (5)(a) by the number of taxing entities on the list. 9022 (b) A taxing entity shall pay the county auditor the amount charged under Subsection 9023 (5)(a). 9024 (6) The publication of the list under this section does not remove or change the notice 9025 requirements of Section 59-2-919 for a taxing entity. 9026 (7) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 9027 commission may make rules: 9028 (a) relating to the publication of a consolidated advertisement which includes the 9029 information described in Subsection (2) for a taxing entity that overlaps two or more counties: 9030 (b) relating to the payment required in Subsection (5)(b); and 9031 (c) to oversee the administration of this section and provide for uniform 9032 implementation. 9033 Section 157. Section **59-12-402** is amended to read: 9034 59-12-402. Additional resort communities sales and use tax -- Base -- Rate --9035 Collection fees -- Resolution and voter approval requirements -- Election requirements --9036 Notice requirements -- Ordinance requirements -- Prohibition of military installation 9037 development authority imposition of tax. 9038 (1) (a) Subject to Subsections (2) through (6), the governing body of a municipality in 9039 which the transient room capacity as defined in Section 59-12-405 is greater than or equal to 9040 66% of the municipality's permanent census population may, in addition to the sales tax 9041 authorized under Section 59-12-401, impose an additional resort communities sales tax in an

amount that is less than or equal to .5% on the transactions described in Subsection

- 9043 59-12-103(1) located within the municipality. 9044 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), the governing body of a municipality may not 9045 impose a tax under this section on: 9046 (i) the sale of: 9047 (A) a motor vehicle; 9048 (B) an aircraft: 9049 (C) a watercraft; 9050 (D) a modular home: 9051 (E) a manufactured home; or 9052 (F) a mobile home; 9053 (ii) the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses 9054 are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104; and 9055 (iii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d), amounts paid or charged for food and 9056 food ingredients. 9057 (c) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be 9058 determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215. 9059 (d) A municipality imposing a tax under this section shall impose the tax on the 9060 purchase price or sales price for amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients if the 9061 food and food ingredients are sold as part of a bundled transaction attributable to food and food 9062 ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients. (2) (a) An amount equal to the total of any costs incurred by the state in connection 9063 9064 with the implementation of Subsection (1) which exceed, in any year, the revenues received by 9065 the state from its collection fees received in connection with the implementation of Subsection 9066 (1) shall be paid over to the state General Fund by the cities and towns which impose the tax 9067 provided for in Subsection (1). 9068 (b) Amounts paid under Subsection (2)(a) shall be allocated proportionally among 9069 those cities and towns according to the amount of revenue the respective cities and towns 9070 generate in that year through imposition of that tax.
  - (3) To impose an additional resort communities sales tax under this section, the governing body of the municipality shall:
    - (a) pass a resolution approving the tax; and

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- 9074 (b) except as provided in Subsection (6), obtain voter approval for the tax as provided 9075 in Subsection (4). 9076 (4) To obtain voter approval for an additional resort communities sales tax under 9077 Subsection (3)(b), a municipality shall: 9078 (a) hold the additional resort communities sales tax election during: 9079 (i) a regular general election; or 9080 (ii) a municipal general election; and 9081 (b) post notice of the election[:] for the municipality, as a class A notice under Section 9082 63G-28-102, for at least 15 days before the day on which the election is held. 9083 [(i) 15 days or more before the day on which the election is held; and] 9084 [(ii) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601.] 9085 (5) An ordinance approving an additional resort communities sales tax under this 9086 section shall provide an effective date for the tax as provided in Section 59-12-403. (6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a municipality is not subject to the 9087 9088 voter approval requirements of Subsection (3)(b) if, on or before January 1, 1996, the 9089 municipality imposed a license fee or tax on businesses based on gross receipts pursuant to 9090 Section 10-1-203. 9091 (b) The exception from the voter approval requirements in Subsection (6)(a) does not 9092 apply to a municipality that, on or before January 1, 1996, imposed a license fee or tax on only 9093 one class of businesses based on gross receipts pursuant to Section 10-1-203. 9094 (7) A military installation development authority authorized to impose a resort 9095 communities tax under Section 59-12-401 may not impose an additional resort communities 9096 sales tax under this section. 9097 Section 158. Section **59-12-1102** is amended to read: 9098 59-12-1102. Base -- Rate -- Imposition of tax -- Distribution of revenue --9099 Administration -- Administrative charge -- Commission requirement to retain an amount 9100 to be deposited into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund -- Enactment or repeal 9101 of tax -- Effective date -- Notice requirements.
- 9102 (1) (a) (i) Subject to Subsections (2) through (6), and in addition to any other tax 9103 authorized by this chapter, a county may impose by ordinance a county option sales and use tax 9104 of .25% upon the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1).

9105 (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(i), a county may not impose a tax under this 9106 section on the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses are 9107 exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104. 9108 (b) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215. 9109 9110 (c) The county option sales and use tax under this section shall be imposed: 9111 (i) upon transactions that are located within the county, including transactions that are 9112 located within municipalities in the county; and 9113 (ii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d) or (5), beginning on the first day of 9114 January: 9115 (A) of the next calendar year after adoption of the ordinance imposing the tax if the 9116 ordinance is adopted on or before May 25; or 9117 (B) of the second calendar year after adoption of the ordinance imposing the tax if the 9118 ordinance is adopted after May 25. 9119 (d) The county option sales and use tax under this section shall be imposed: 9120 (i) beginning January 1, 1998, if an ordinance adopting the tax imposed on or before 9121 September 4, 1997; or 9122 (ii) beginning January 1, 1999, if an ordinance adopting the tax is imposed during 1997 9123 but after September 4, 1997. 9124 (2) (a) Before imposing a county option sales and use tax under Subsection (1), a 9125 county shall hold two public hearings on separate days in geographically diverse locations in the county. 9126 9127 (b) (i) At least one of the hearings required by Subsection (2)(a) shall have a starting 9128 time of no earlier than 6 p.m. 9129 (ii) The earlier of the hearings required by Subsection (2)(a) shall be no less than seven 9130 days after the day the first advertisement required by Subsection (2)(c) is published. 9131 (c) (i) Before holding the public hearings required by Subsection (2)(a), the county 9132 shall advertise: 9133 (A) its intent to adopt a county option sales and use tax; (B) the date, time, and location of each public hearing; and 9134

(C) a statement that the purpose of each public hearing is to obtain public comments

9136 regarding the proposed tax.

- (ii) The advertisement shall be published:
- (A) in a newspaper of general circulation in the county once each week for the two weeks preceding the earlier of the two public hearings; and
- (B) [on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601] for the county, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for two weeks [preceding] before the [earlier of] day on which the first of the two public hearings is held.
- (iii) The advertisement described in Subsection (2)(c)(ii)(A) shall be no less than 1/8 page in size, and the type used shall be no smaller than 18 point and surrounded by a 1/4-inch border.
- (iv) The advertisement described in Subsection (2)(c)(ii)(A) may not be placed in that portion of the newspaper where legal notices and classified advertisements appear.
  - (v) In accordance with Subsection (2)(c)(ii)(A), whenever possible:
- (A) the advertisement shall appear in a newspaper that is published at least five days a week, unless the only newspaper in the county is published less than five days a week; and
- (B) the newspaper selected shall be one of general interest and readership in the community, and not one of limited subject matter.
- (d) The adoption of an ordinance imposing a county option sales and use tax is subject to a local referendum election and shall be conducted as provided in Title 20A, Chapter 7, Part 6, Local Referenda Procedures.
- (3) (a) Subject to Subsection (5), if the aggregate population of the counties imposing a county option sales and use tax under Subsection (1) is less than 75% of the state population, the tax levied under Subsection (1) shall be distributed to the county in which the tax was collected.
- (b) Subject to Subsection (5), if the aggregate population of the counties imposing a county option sales and use tax under Subsection (1) is greater than or equal to 75% of the state population:
- (i) 50% of the tax collected under Subsection (1) in each county shall be distributed to the county in which the tax was collected; and
- 9165 (ii) except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), 50% of the tax collected under Subsection 9166 (1) in each county shall be distributed proportionately among all counties imposing the tax,

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- based on the total population of each county.
  - (c) Except as provided in Subsection (5), the amount to be distributed annually to a county under Subsection (3)(b)(ii), when combined with the amount distributed to the county under Subsection (3)(b)(i), does not equal at least \$75,000, then:
    - (i) the amount to be distributed annually to that county under Subsection (3)(b)(ii) shall be increased so that, when combined with the amount distributed to the county under Subsection (3)(b)(i), the amount distributed annually to the county is \$75,000; and
    - (ii) the amount to be distributed annually to all other counties under Subsection (3)(b)(ii) shall be reduced proportionately to offset the additional amount distributed under Subsection (3)(c)(i).
  - (d) The commission shall establish rules to implement the distribution of the tax under Subsections (3)(a), (b), and (c).
  - (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b) or (c), a tax authorized under this part shall be administered, collected, and enforced in accordance with:
    - (i) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
- 9182 (A) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
  - (B) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
- 9184 (ii) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.
  - (b) A tax under this part is not subject to Subsections 59-12-205(2) through (6).
    - (c) (i) Subject to Subsection (4)(c)(ii), the commission shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from the revenue the commission collects from a tax under this part.
    - (ii) Notwithstanding Section 59-1-306, the administrative charge described in Subsection (4)(c)(i) shall be calculated by taking a percentage described in Section 59-1-306 of the distribution amounts resulting after:
      - (A) the applicable distribution calculations under Subsection (3) have been made; and
      - (B) the commission retains the amount required by Subsection (5).
  - (5) (a) Beginning on July 1, 2009, the commission shall calculate and retain a portion of the sales and use tax collected under this part as provided in this Subsection (5).
- 9196 (b) For a county that imposes a tax under this part, the commission shall calculate a 9197 percentage each month by dividing the sales and use tax collected under this part for that

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9198	month within the boundaries of that county by the total sales and use tax collected under this
9199	part for that month within the boundaries of all of the counties that impose a tax under this part.
9200	(c) For a county that imposes a tax under this part, the commission shall retain each
9201	month an amount equal to the product of:
9202	(i) the percentage the commission determines for the month under Subsection (5)(b)
9203	for the county; and
9204	(ii) \$6,354.
9205	(d) The commission shall deposit an amount the commission retains in accordance
9206	with this Subsection (5) into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund created by Section
9207	35A-8-1009.
9208	(e) An amount the commission deposits into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies
9209	Fund shall be expended as provided in Section 35A-8-1009.
9210	(6) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (6):
9211	(i) "Annexation" means an annexation to a county under Title 17, Chapter 2, County
9212	Consolidations and Annexations.
9213	(ii) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a county.
9214	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(c) or (d), if, on or after July 1, 2004, a
9215	county enacts or repeals a tax under this part:
9216	(A) (I) the enactment shall take effect as provided in Subsection (1)(c); or
9217	(II) the repeal shall take effect on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
9218	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
9219	the requirements of Subsection (6)(b)(ii) from the county.
9220	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (6)(b)(i)(B) shall state:
9221	(A) that the county will enact or repeal a tax under this part;
9222	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A);
9223	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A); and
9224	(D) if the county enacts the tax described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A), the rate of the
9225	tax.

(c) (i) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the enactment of the tax under Subsection (1), the enactment of the tax takes effect on the first day of the first billing period that begins on or after the effective date of the enactment of the tax.

9229	(ii) The repeal of a tax applies to a billing period if the billing statement for the billing
9230	period is produced on or after the effective date of the repeal of the tax imposed under
9231	Subsection (1).
9232	(d) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of
9233	sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment or repeal of a tax described in
9234	Subsection (6)(b)(i) takes effect:
9235	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
9236	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under
9237	Subsection (6)(b)(i).
9238	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
9239	commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
9240	(e) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(f) or (g), if, for an annexation that occurs
9241	on or after July 1, 2004, the annexation will result in the enactment or repeal of a tax under this
9242	part for an annexing area, the enactment or repeal shall take effect:
9243	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
9244	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
9245	the requirements of Subsection (6)(e)(ii) from the county that annexes the annexing area.
9246	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (6)(e)(i)(B) shall state:
9247	(A) that the annexation described in Subsection (6)(e)(i) will result in an enactment or
9248	repeal of a tax under this part for the annexing area;
9249	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (6)(e)(ii)(A);
9250	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (6)(e)(ii)(A); and
9251	(D) the rate of the tax described in Subsection (6)(e)(ii)(A).
9252	(f) (i) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the
9253	enactment of the tax under Subsection (1), the enactment of the tax takes effect on the first day
9254	of the first billing period that begins on or after the effective date of the enactment of the tax.
9255	(ii) The repeal of a tax applies to a billing period if the billing statement for the billing
9256	period is produced on or after the effective date of the repeal of the tax imposed under
9257	Subsection (1).
9258	(g) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of
9259	sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment or repeal of a tax described in

9200	Subsection (6)(e)(1) takes effect.
9261	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
9262	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under
9263	Subsection (6)(e)(i).
9264	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
9265	commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
9266	Section 159. Section 59-12-2208 is amended to read:
9267	59-12-2208. Legislative body approval requirements Notice Voter approval
9268	requirements.
9269	(1) Subject to the other provisions of this section, before imposing a sales and use tax
9270	under this part, a county, city, or town legislative body shall:
9271	(a) obtain approval to impose the sales and use tax from a majority of the members of
9272	the county, city, or town legislative body; and
9273	(b) submit an opinion question to the county's, city's, or town's registered voters voting
9274	on the imposition of the sales and use tax so that each registered voter has the opportunity to
9275	express the registered voter's opinion on whether a sales and use tax should be imposed under
9276	this section.
9277	(2) The opinion question required by this section shall state:
9278	"Shall (insert the name of the county, city, or town), Utah, be authorized to impose a
9279	(insert the tax rate of the sales and use tax) sales and use tax for (list the purposes for which the
9280	revenues collected from the sales and use tax shall be expended)?"
9281	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), the election required by this section shall be held:
9282	(i) at a regular general election conducted in accordance with the procedures and
9283	requirements of Title 20A, Election Code, governing regular general elections; or
9284	(ii) at a municipal general election conducted in accordance with the procedures and
9285	requirements of Section 20A-1-202.
9286	(b) (i) Subject to Subsection (3)(b)(ii), the county clerk of the county in which the
9287	opinion question required by this section will be submitted to registered voters shall[, no later
9288	<del>than</del> ] <u>:</u>
9289	(A) provide notice for the county, city, or town, as a class A notice under Section
9290	63G-28-102 for at least 15 days before the date of the election[+]: and

- [(A) post a notice on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601;
  or]
  [(B) (I) cause a copy of the notice to be posted in a conspicuous place most likely to
  give notice of the election to the registered voters voting on the imposition of the sales and use
  tax; and]
  - [(H)] (B) prepare an affidavit of that posting, showing a copy of the notice and the places where the notice was posted.
    - (ii) The notice under Subsection (3)(b)(i) shall:
  - (A) state that an opinion question will be submitted to the county's, city's, or town's registered voters voting on the imposition of a sales and use tax under this section so that each registered voter has the opportunity to express the registered voter's opinion on whether a sales and use tax should be imposed under this section; and
  - (B) list the purposes for which the revenues collected from the sales and use tax shall be expended.
  - (4) A county, city, or town that submits an opinion question to registered voters under this section is subject to Section 20A-11-1203.
  - (5) Subject to Section 59-12-2209, if a county, city, or town legislative body determines that a majority of the county's, city's, or town's registered voters voting on the imposition of a sales and use tax under this part have voted in favor of the imposition of the sales and use tax in accordance with this section, the county, city, or town legislative body shall impose the sales and use tax.
  - (6) If, after imposing a sales and use tax under this part, a county, city, or town legislative body seeks to impose a tax rate for the sales and use tax that exceeds or is less than the tax rate stated in the opinion question described in Subsection (2) or repeals the tax rate stated in the opinion question described in Subsection (2), the county, city, or town legislative body shall:
  - (a) obtain approval from a majority of the members of the county, city, or town legislative body to impose a tax rate for the sales and use tax that exceeds or is less than the tax rate stated in the opinion question described in Subsection (2) or repeals the tax rate stated in the opinion question described in Subsection (2); and
    - (b) in accordance with the procedures and requirements of this section, submit an

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9322	opinion question to the county's, city's, or town's registered voters voting on the tax rate so that
9323	each registered voter has the opportunity to express the registered voter's opinion on whether to
9324	impose a tax rate for the sales and use tax that exceeds or is less than the tax rate stated in the
9325	opinion question described in Subsection (2) or repeal the tax rate stated in the opinion
9326	question described in Subsection (2).
9327	Section 160. Section <b>62A-5-202.5</b> is amended to read:
9328	62A-5-202.5. Utah State Developmental Center Board Creation Membership
9329	Duties Powers.
9330	(1) There is created the Utah State Developmental Center Board within the Department
9331	of <u>Health and</u> Human Services.
9332	(2) The board is composed of nine members as follows:
9333	(a) the director of the division or the director's designee;
9334	(b) the superintendent of the developmental center or the superintendent's designee;
9335	(c) the executive director of the Department of Health and Human Services or the
9336	executive director's designee;
9337	(d) a resident of the developmental center selected by the superintendent; and
9338	(e) five members appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the Senate
9339	as follows:
9340	(i) three members of the general public; and
9341	(ii) two members who are parents or guardians of individuals who receive services at
9342	the developmental center.
9343	(3) In making appointments to the board, the governor shall ensure that:
9344	(a) no more than three members have immediate family residing at the developmental
9345	center; and
9346	(b) members represent a variety of geographic areas and economic interests of the state
9347	(4) (a) The governor shall appoint each member described in Subsection (2)(e) for a
9348	term of four years.
9349	(b) An appointed member may not serve more than two full consecutive terms unless

the governor determines that an additional term is in the best interest of the state.

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(c) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsections (4)(a) and (b), the governor shall,

at the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms

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- of appointed members are staggered so that approximately half of the appointed members are appointed every two years.
  - (d) Appointed members shall continue in office until the expiration of their terms and until their successors are appointed, which may not exceed 120 days after the formal expiration of a term.
  - (e) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be appointed for the unexpired term.
    - (5) (a) The director shall serve as the chair.
    - (b) The board shall appoint a member to serve as vice chair.
- 9362 (c) The board shall hold meetings quarterly or as needed.
  - (d) Five members are necessary to constitute a quorum at any meeting, and, if a quorum exists, the action of the majority of members present shall be the action of the board.
  - (e) The chair shall be a non-voting member except that the chair may vote to break a tie vote between the voting members.
  - (6) An appointed member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but, at the executive director's discretion, may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
- 9370 (a) Section 63A-3-106;
- 9371 (b) Section 63A-3-107; and
- 9372 (c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and 9373 63A-3-107.
- 9374 (7) (a) The board shall adopt bylaws governing the board's activities.
- 9375 (b) Bylaws shall include procedures for removal of a member who is unable or unwilling to fulfill the requirements of the member's appointment.
  - (8) The board shall:
- 9378 (a) act for the benefit of the developmental center and the division;
- 9379 (b) advise and assist the division with the division's functions, operations, and duties 9380 related to the developmental center, described in Sections 62A-5-102, 62A-5-103, 62A-5-201, 9381 62A-5-203, and 62A-5-206;
- 9382 (c) administer the Utah State Developmental Center Miscellaneous Donation Fund, as 9383 described in Section 62A-5-206.5;

9384	(d) administer the Utah State Developmental Center Land Fund, as described in
9385	Section 62A-5-206.6;
9386	(e) approve the sale, lease, or other disposition of real property or water rights
9387	associated with the developmental center, as described in Subsection 62A-5-206.6(2); and
9388	(f) within 21 days after the day on which the board receives the notice required under
9389	Subsection [ <del>10-2-419(3)(c)</del> ] <u>10-2-419(3)(b)</u> , provide a written opinion regarding the proposed
9390	boundary adjustment to:
9391	(i) the director of the Division of Facilities and Construction Management; and
9392	(ii) the Legislative Management Committee.
9393	Section 161. Section <b>63A-5b-305</b> is amended to read:
9394	63A-5b-305. Duties and authority of director.
9395	(1) The director shall:
9396	(a) administer the division's duties and responsibilities;
9397	(b) report all property acquired by the state, except property acquired by an institution
9398	of higher education or the trust lands administration, to the director of the Division of Finance
9399	for inclusion in the state's financial records;
9400	(c) after receiving the notice required under Subsection [ <del>10-2-419(3)(c)</del> ]
9401	10-2-419(3)(b), file a written protest at or before the public hearing under Subsection
9402	10-2-419(2)(b), if:
9403	(i) it is in the best interest of the state to protest the boundary adjustment; or
9404	(ii) the Legislature instructs the director to protest the boundary adjustment; and
9405	(d) take all other action that the director is required to take under this chapter or other
9406	applicable statute.
9407	(2) The director may:
9408	(a) create forms and make policies necessary for the division or director to perform the
9409	division or director's duties;
9410	(b) (i) hire or otherwise procure assistance and service, professional, skilled, or
9411	otherwise, necessary to carry out the director's duties under this chapter; and
9412	(ii) expend funds provided for the purpose described in Subsection (2)(b)(i) through
9413	annual operation budget appropriations or from other nonlapsing project funds;
9414	(c) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,

9415	make rules necessary for the division or director to perform the division or director's duties;
9416	and
9417	(d) take all other action necessary for carrying out the purposes of this chapter.
9418	Section 162. Section <b>63A-16-602</b> is amended to read:
9419	63A-16-602. Notice and training by the Division of Archives and Records Service.
9420	(1) The Division of Archives and Records Service shall provide notice of the
9421	provisions and requirements of this chapter to all public bodies that are subject to the provision
9422	of Subsection [ <del>52-4-202(3)(a)(ii)</del> ] <u>52-4-202(3)(a)</u> .
9423	(2) The Division of Archives and Records Service shall, as necessary, provide periodic
9424	training on the use of the website to public bodies that are authorized to post notice on the
9425	website.
9426	Section 163. Section 63G-28-101 is enacted to read:
9427	CHAPTER 28. PUBLIC NOTICE
9428	<u>63G-28-101.</u> Definitions.
9429	As used in this chapter:
9430	(1) "Affected area" means:
9431	(a) the area that is designated in statute, county ordinance, or municipal ordinance as
9432	the area for which public notice must be provided;
9433	(b) in relation to a statute, if no affected area is designated in the statute, the affected
9434	area is the state;
9435	(c) in relation to a county ordinance, if no affected area is designated in the county
9436	ordinance, the affected area is the county; or
9437	(d) in relation to a municipal ordinance, if no affected area is designated in the
9438	municipal ordinance, the affected area is the municipality.
9439	(2) "Government official" means an individual elected or appointed to a state office,
9440	county office, municipal office, school board, school district office, local district office, or
9441	special service district office.
9442	(3) "Notice summary statement" means a statement that includes the following in
9443	relation to a public notice:
9444	(a) a title that accurately describes the purpose or subject of the public notice;
9445	(b) the name of the public body, or the name and title of the government official, that

9446	provides the public notice;
9447	(c) a statement that clearly describes the matter for which the public notice is given;
9448	(d) a general description of the area to which the public notice relates;
9449	(e) the dates and deadlines applicable to the matter for which the public notice is given;
9450	<u>and</u>
9451	(f) information specifying where a person may obtain a copy of the complete public
9452	notice, including:
9453	(i) the web address for the Utah Public Notice Website;
9454	(ii) if the public body or government official maintains a public website, the web
9455	address where the public notice is located;
9456	(iii) the address of a physical location where a copy of the public notice may be viewed
9457	or obtained; and
9458	(iv) a telephone number that an individual may call to request a copy of the public
9459	notice.
9460	(4) "Public body" means the same as that term is defined in Section 52-4-103.
9461	(5) "Public location" means:
9462	(a) a location that is open to the general public, regardless of whether the location is
9463	owned by a public entity, a private entity, or an individual; or
9464	(b) a location that is not open to the general public, but where the notice is clearly
9465	visible to, and may easily be read by, an individual while the individual is present in a location
9466	described in Subsection (5)(a).
9467	(6) "Public notice" means a notice that is required to be provided to the public by a
9468	public body or a government official.
9469	(7) "Utah Public Notice Website" means the Utah Public Notice Website created in
9470	Section 63A-16-601.
9471	Section 164. Section 63G-28-102 is enacted to read:
9472	63G-28-102. Public notice classifications and requirements.
9473	(1) A public body or a government official that is required to provide a class A notice:
9474	(a) shall publish the public notice on the Utah Public Notice Website;
9475	(b) shall publish the public notice on the public body's or government official's official
9476	website, if the public body or government official:

9477	(i) maintains an official website; and
9478	(ii) has an annual operating budget of \$250,000 or more; and
9479	(c) except as provided in Subsection (4), and subject to Subsection (5), post the public
9480	notice in connection with the affected area as follows:
9481	(i) if the affected area is a municipality with a population of less than 2,000, in a public
9482	location in or near the affected area that is reasonably likely to be seen by residents of the
9483	affected area;
9484	(ii) if the affected area is a proposed municipality with a population of less than 2,000,
9485	in a public location in or near the affected area that is reasonably likely to be seen by residents
9486	of the affected area;
9487	(iii) if the affected area is an area other than an area described in Subsections (1)(c)(i),
9488	(1)(c)(ii), or (1)(c)(iv) through (viii), in a public location in or near the affected area that is
9489	reasonably likely to be seen by:
9490	(A) residents of the affected area; or
9491	(B) if there are no residents within the affected area, individuals who pass through or
9492	near the affected area;
9493	(iv) if the affected area is a county, in a public location within the county that is
9494	reasonably likely to be seen by residents of the county;
9495	(v) if the affected area is a municipality with a population of 2,000 or more, or a
9496	proposed municipality with a population of 2,000 or more, in a public location within the
9497	municipality or proposed municipality that is reasonably likely to be seen by residents of the
9498	municipality or proposed municipality;
9499	(vi) if the affected area is a public street, on or adjacent to the public street;
9500	(vii) if the affected area is an easement:
9501	(A) on or adjacent to the easement; or
9502	(B) in a public location that is reasonably likely to be seen by persons who are likely to
9503	be impacted by the easement; or
9504	(viii) if the affected area is an interlocal entity, within, or as applicable near, each
9505	jurisdiction that is part of the interlocal entity, in accordance with the provisions of this
9506	Subsection (1) that apply to that jurisdiction.
9507	(2) Subject to Subsection (5), a public body or a government official that is required to

9508	provide a class B notice shall:
9509	(a) comply with the requirements described in Subsection (1) for a class A notice;
9510	(b) if a statute, county ordinance, or municipal ordinance requires that the notice be
9511	provided for a designated geographic area, mail or otherwise deliver the public notice or a
9512	notice summary statement to each residence within, and, in accordance with Subsection (3), to
9513	each owner of real property located within, the designated geographic area; and
9514	(c) if a statute, county ordinance, or municipal ordinance requires that the notice be
9515	provided to one or more designated persons or real property owners, mail or otherwise deliver
9516	the public notice or a notice summary statement, in accordance with Subsection (3), to each
9517	designated person and real property owner.
9518	(3) When providing notice to a real property owner under Subsection (2)(b) or (c), the
9519	public body or government official shall:
9520	(a) use the current residential or business address of the real property owner;
9521	(b) if the public body or government official is not reasonably able to obtain the
9522	address described in Subsection (3)(a), use the last known address of the real property owner
9523	that the public body or government official is able to obtain via a reasonable inquiry into public
9524	records; or
9525	(c) if the public body or government official is not reasonably able to obtain an address
9526	described in Subsection (3)(a) or (b), post the notice on the real property.
9527	(4) A government official, a public body, or any other body that is required to post
9528	notice under Subsection (1) is not required to comply with Subsection (1)(c) if:
9529	(a) the affected area is the state;
9530	(b) the body is a specified body, as defined in Section 52-4-103;
9531	(c) the public body is the Legislature or a public body within the state legislative
9532	branch; or
9533	(d) the government official is required to post the notice on behalf of a body described
9534	in Subsection (4)(b) or (c).
9535	(5) If a statute, ordinance, or rule requires a public body or government official to
9536	provide notice for a period of time:
9537	(a) in relation to posting the notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, the requirement
9538	is not violated due to temporary technological issues that interrupt the posting, unless the

9539	posting is interrupted for more than 25% of the required posting time;
9540	(b) in relation to posting the notice in a physical location, the requirement is fulfilled if:
9541	(i) the notice is posted at or, except to the extent prohibited by law, before the
9542	beginning of the period of time;
9543	(ii) the public body or government official does not remove the posting before the end
9544	of the period of time; and
9545	(iii) until the end of the period of time, the public body or government official:
9546	(A) periodically verifies that the notice remains in place; and
9547	(B) replaces the notice within a reasonable time after discovering that the notice has
9548	been removed or damaged; and
9549	(c) in relation to mailing, sending, or otherwise delivering notice to a person, the
9550	mailing is made at or, except to the extent prohibited by law, before, the beginning of the
9551	period of time.
9552	Section 165. Section <b>63H-1-202</b> is amended to read:
9553	63H-1-202. Applicability of other law.
9554	(1) As used in this section:
9555	(a) "Subsidiary" means an authority subsidiary that is a public body as defined in
9556	Section 52-4-103.
9557	(b) "Subsidiary board" means the governing body of a subsidiary.
9558	(2) The authority or land within a project area is not subject to:
9559	(a) Title 10, Chapter 9a, Municipal Land Use, Development, and Management Act;
9560	(b) Title 17, Chapter 27a, County Land Use, Development, and Management Act;
9561	(c) ordinances or regulations of a county or municipality, including those relating to
9562	land use, health, business license, or franchise; or
9563	(d) the jurisdiction of a local district under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local
9564	Government Entities - Local Districts, or a special service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1,
9565	Special Service District Act.
9566	(3) The authority is subject to and governed by Sections 63E-2-106, 63E-2-107,
9567	63E-2-108, 63E-2-109, 63E-2-110, and 63E-2-111, but is not otherwise subject to or governed
9568	by Title 63E, Independent Entities Code.
9569	(4) (a) The definitions in Section 57-8-3 apply to this Subsection (4).

- 9570 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of Title 57, Chapter 8, Condominium Ownership 9571 Act, or any other provision of law:
  - (i) if the military is the owner of land in a project area on which a condominium project is constructed, the military is not required to sign, execute, or record a declaration of a condominium project; and
  - (ii) if a condominium unit in a project area is owned by the military or owned by the authority and leased to the military for \$1 or less per calendar year, not including any common charges that are reimbursements for actual expenses:
  - (A) the condominium unit is not subject to any liens under Title 57, Chapter 8, Condominium Ownership Act;
  - (B) condominium unit owners within the same building or commercial condominium project may agree on any method of allocation and payment of common area expenses, regardless of the size or par value of each unit; and
  - (C) the condominium project may not be dissolved without the consent of all the condominium unit owners.
  - (5) Notwithstanding any other provision, when a law requires the consent of a local government, the authority is the consenting entity for a project area.
  - (6) (a) A department, division, or other agency of the state and a political subdivision of the state shall cooperate with the authority to the fullest extent possible to provide whatever support, information, or other assistance the authority requests that is reasonably necessary to help the authority fulfill the authority's duties and responsibilities under this chapter.
  - (b) Subsection (6)(a) does not apply to a political subdivision that does not have any of a project area located within the boundary of the political subdivision.
  - (7) (a) The authority and a subsidiary are subject to Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, except that:
  - (i) notwithstanding Section 52-4-104, the timing and nature of training to authority board members or subsidiary board members on the requirements of Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, may be determined by:
    - (A) the board chair, for the authority board; or
    - (B) the subsidiary board chair, for a subsidiary board;
- 9600 (ii) authority staff may adopt a rule governing the use of electronic meetings under

9601 Section 52-4-207, if, under Subsection 63H-1-301(3), the board delegates to authority staff the 9602 power to adopt the rule; and 9603 (iii) for an electronic meeting of the authority board or subsidiary board that otherwise 9604 complies with Section 52-4-207, the authority board or subsidiary board, respectively: 9605 (A) is not required to establish an anchor location; and 9606 (B) may convene and conduct the meeting without the written determination otherwise 9607 required under Subsection 52-4-207(4). 9608 (b) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c), the authority is not required to physically 9609 post notice notwithstanding any other provision of law. 9610 (c) The authority shall physically post notice in accordance with Subsection 9611  $\left[\frac{52-4-202(3)(a)(i)}{(2a)(a)}\right]$  52-4-202(3)(a). 9612 (8) The authority and a subsidiary are subject to Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act, except that: 9613 (a) notwithstanding Section 63G-2-701: 9614 9615 (i) the authority may establish an appeals board consisting of at least three members; 9616 (ii) an appeals board established under Subsection (8)(a)(i) shall include: 9617 (A) one of the authority board members appointed by the governor; 9618 (B) the authority board member appointed by the president of the Senate: and 9619 (C) the authority board member appointed by the speaker of the House of 9620 Representatives; and 9621 (iii) an appeal of a decision of an appeals board is to district court, as provided in 9622 Section 63G-2-404, except that the State Records Committee is not a party; and 9623 (b) a record created or retained by the authority or a subsidiary acting in the role of a 9624 facilitator under Subsection 63H-1-201(3)(v) is a protected record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, 9625 Government Records Access and Management Act. 9626 (9) The authority or a subsidiary acting in the role of a facilitator under Subsection 9627 63H-1-201(3)(v) is not prohibited from receiving a benefit from a public-private partnership 9628 that results from the facilitator's work as a facilitator. 9629 (10) (a) (i) A subsidiary created as a public infrastructure district under Title 17D, 9630 Chapter 4, Public Infrastructure District Act, may, subject to limitations of Title 17D, Chapter 9631 4, Public Infrastructure District Act, levy a property tax for the operations and maintenance of

9632	the public infrastructure district's financed infrastructure and related improvements, subject to a
9633	maximum rate of .015.
9634	(ii) A levy under Subsection (10)(a)(i) may be separate from a public infrastructure
9635	district property tax levy for a bond.
9636	(b) If a subsidiary created as a public infrastructure district issues a bond:
9637	(i) the subsidiary may:
9638	(A) delay the effective date of the property tax levy for the bond until after the period
9639	of capitalized interest payments; and
9640	(B) covenant with bondholders not to reduce or impair the property tax levy; and
9641	(ii) notwithstanding a provision to the contrary in Title 17D, Chapter 4, Public
9642	Infrastructure District Act, the tax rate for the property tax levy for the bond may not exceed a
9643	rate that generates more revenue than required to pay the annual debt service of the bond plus
9644	administrative costs, subject to a maximum of .02.
9645	(c) (i) A subsidiary created as a public infrastructure district under Title 17D, Chapter
9646	4, Public Infrastructure District Act, may create tax areas, as defined in Section 59-2-102,
9647	within the public infrastructure district and apply a different property tax rate to each tax area,
9648	subject to the maximum rate limitations described in Subsections (10)(a)(i) and (10)(b)(ii).
9649	(ii) If a subsidiary created by a public infrastructure district issues bonds, the subsidiary
9650	may issue bonds secured by property taxes from:
9651	(A) the entire public infrastructure district; or
9652	(B) one or more tax areas within the public infrastructure district.
9653	(11) (a) Terms defined in Section 57-11-2 apply to this Subsection (11).
9654	(b) Title 57, Chapter 11, Utah Uniform Land Sales Practices Act, does not apply to an
9655	offer or disposition of an interest in land if the interest in land lies within the boundaries of the
9656	project area and the authority:
9657	(i) (A) has a development review committee using at least one professional planner;
9658	(B) enacts standards and guidelines that require approval of planning, land use, and
9659	plats, including the approval of plans for streets, culinary water, sanitary sewer, and flood
9660	control; and

(C) will have the improvements described in Subsection (11)(b)(i)(B) plus

telecommunications and electricity; and

9663	(ii) if at the time of the offer or disposition, the subdivider furnishes satisfactory		
9664	assurance of completion of the improvements described in Subsection (11)(b)(i)(C).		
9665	(12) (a) As used in this Subsection (12), "officer" means the same as an officer within		
9666	the meaning of the Utah Constitution Article IV, Section 10.		
9667	(b) An official act of an officer may not be invalidated for the reason that the officer		
9668	failed to take the oath of office.		
9669	Section 166. Section 63H-1-701 is amended to read:		
9670	63H-1-701. Annual authority budget Fiscal year Public hearing required		
9671	Auditor forms Requirement to file form.		
9672	(1) The authority shall prepare and its board adopt an annual budget of revenues and		
9673	expenditures for the authority for each fiscal year.		
9674	(2) Each annual authority budget shall be adopted before June 30.		
9675	(3) The authority's fiscal year shall be the period from July 1 to the following June 30.		
9676	(4) (a) Before adopting an annual budget, the authority board shall hold a public		
9677	hearing on the annual budget.		
9678	(b) The authority shall provide notice of the public hearing on the annual budget by		
9679	publishing notice[:(i) at least once in a newspaper of general circulation within the state, at		
9680	least one week before the public hearing; and(ii) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in		
9681	Section 63A-16-601], as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least one week		
9682	immediately before the day of the public hearing.		
9683	(c) The authority shall make the annual budget available for public inspection at least		
9684	three days before the date of the public hearing.		
9685	(5) The state auditor shall prescribe the budget forms and the categories to be contained		
9686	in each authority budget, including:		
9687	(a) revenues and expenditures for the budget year;		
9688	(b) legal fees; and		
9689	(c) administrative costs, including rent, supplies, and other materials, and salaries of		
9690	authority personnel.		
9691	(6) (a) Within 30 days after adopting an annual budget, the authority board shall file a		
9692	copy of the annual budget with the auditor of each county in which a project area of the		
9693	authority is located, the State Tax Commission, the state auditor, the State Board of Education,		

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9694	and each taxing entity that levies a tax on property from which the authority collects property
9695	tax allocation.

- (b) The requirement of Subsection (6)(a) to file a copy of the annual budget with the state as a taxing entity is met if the authority files a copy with the State Tax Commission and the state auditor.
  - Section 167. Section **67-3-13** is amended to read:
- 9700 **67-3-13.** State privacy officer.
  - (1) As used in this section:
- 9702 (a) "Designated government entity" means a government entity that is not a state 9703 agency.
  - (b) "Independent entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63E-1-102.
  - (c) (i) "Government entity" means the state, a county, a municipality, a higher education institution, a local district, a special service district, a school district, an independent entity, or any other political subdivision of the state or an administrative subunit of any political subdivision, including a law enforcement entity.
- 9709 (ii) "Government entity" includes an agent of an entity described in Subsection 9710 (1)(c)(i).
- 9711 (d) (i) "Personal data" means any information relating to an identified or identifiable 9712 individual.
- 9713 (ii) "Personal data" includes personally identifying information.
- 9714 (e) (i) "Privacy practice" means the acquisition, use, storage, or disposal of personal data.
- 9716 (ii) "Privacy practice" includes:
- 9717 (A) a technology use related to personal data; and
  - (B) policies related to the protection, storage, sharing, and retention of personal data.
- 9719 (f) (i) "State agency" means the following entities that are under the direct supervision 9720 and control of the governor or the lieutenant governor:
- 9721 (A) a department;
- 9722 (B) a commission;
- 9723 (C) a board;
- 9724 (D) a council;

9725	(E) an institution;
9726	(F) an officer;
9727	(G) a corporation;
9728	(H) a fund;
9729	(I) a division;
9730	(J) an office;
9731	(K) a committee;
9732	(L) an authority;
9733	(M) a laboratory;
9734	(N) a library;
9735	(O) a bureau;
9736	(P) a panel;
9737	(Q) another administrative unit of the state; or
9738	(R) an agent of an entity described in Subsections (A) through (Q).
9739	(ii) "State agency" does not include:
9740	(A) the legislative branch;
9741	(B) the judicial branch;
9742	(C) an executive branch agency within the Office of the Attorney General, the state
9743	auditor, the state treasurer, or the State Board of Education; or
9744	(D) an independent entity.
9745	(2) The state privacy officer shall:
9746	(a) when completing the duties of this Subsection (2), focus on the privacy practices of
9747	designated government entities;
9748	(b) compile information about government privacy practices of designated government
9749	entities;
9750	(c) make public and maintain information about government privacy practices on the
9751	state auditor's website;
9752	(d) provide designated government entities with educational and training materials
9753	developed by the Personal Privacy Oversight Commission established in Section 63C-24-201
9754	that include the information described in Subsection 63C-24-202(1)(b);
9755	(e) implement a process to analyze and respond to requests from individuals for the

9756	state privacy officer to review a designated government entity's privacy practice;
9757	(f) identify annually which designated government entities' privacy practices pose the
9758	greatest risk to individual privacy and prioritize those privacy practices for review;
9759	(g) review each year, in as timely a manner as possible, the privacy practices that the
9760	privacy officer identifies under Subsection (2)(e) or (2)(f) as posing the greatest risk to
9761	individuals' privacy;
9762	(h) when reviewing a designated government entity's privacy practice under Subsection
9763	(2)(g), analyze:
9764	(i) details about the technology or the policy and the technology's or the policy's
9765	application;
9766	(ii) information about the type of data being used;
9767	(iii) information about how the data is obtained, stored, shared, secured, and disposed;
9768	(iv) information about with which persons the designated government entity shares the
9769	information;
9770	(v) information about whether an individual can or should be able to opt out of the
9771	retention and sharing of the individual's data;
9772	(vi) information about how the designated government entity de-identifies or
9773	anonymizes data;
9774	(vii) a determination about the existence of alternative technology or improved
9775	practices to protect privacy; and
9776	(viii) a finding of whether the designated government entity's current privacy practice
9777	adequately protects individual privacy; and
9778	(i) after completing a review described in Subsections (2)(g) and (h), determine:
9779	(i) each designated government entity's use of personal data, including the designated
9780	government entity's practices regarding data:
9781	(A) acquisition;
9782	(B) storage;
9783	(C) disposal;

(ii) the adequacy of the designated government entity's practices in each of the areas

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(D) protection; and

(E) sharing;

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9787	described in Subsection (2)(i)(i); and	
9788	(iii) for each of the areas described in Subsection	(2)(i)(i) that the state privacy officer
9789	determines to require reform, provide recommendations for	or reform to the designated
9790	government entity and the legislative body charged with r	egulating the designated government
9791	entity.	
9792	(3) (a) The legislative body charged with regulating	ng a designated government entity
9793	that receives a recommendation described in Subsection (	2)(i)(iii) shall hold a public hearing
9794	on the proposed reforms:	
9795	(i) with a quorum of the legislative body present;	and
9796	(ii) within 90 days after the day on which the legis	slative body receives the
9797	recommendation.	
9798	(b) (i) The legislative body shall provide notice of	the hearing described in Subsection
9799	(3)(a).	
9800	(ii) Notice of the public hearing and the recomme	ndations to be discussed shall be
9801	posted [on:] for the jurisdiction of the designated government	nent entity, as a class A notice under
9802	Section 63G-28-102, for at least 30 days before the day or	which the legislative body will hold
9803	the public hearing.	
9804	[(A) the Utah Public Notice Website created in So	ection 63A-16-601 for 30 days before
9805	the day on which the legislative body will hold the public	hearing; and]
9806	[(B) the website of the designated government en	tity that received a recommendation,
9807	if the designated government entity has a website, for 30 d	lays before the day on which the
9808	legislative body will hold the public hearing.]	

- (iii) Each notice required under Subsection (3)(b)(i) shall:
- (A) identify the recommendations to be discussed; and
- (B) state the date, time, and location of the public hearing.
- (c) During the hearing described in Subsection (3)(a), the legislative body shall:
- (i) provide the public the opportunity to ask questions and obtain further information about the recommendations; and
- (ii) provide any interested person an opportunity to address the legislative body with concerns about the recommendations.
  - (d) At the conclusion of the hearing, the legislative body shall determine whether the

9818	legislative body shall adopt reforms to address the recommendations and any concerns raised			
9819	during the public hearing.			
9820	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), if the government operations privacy			
9821	officer described in Section 67-1-17 is not conducting reviews of the privacy practices of sta			
9822	agencies, the state privacy officer may review the privacy practices of a state agency in			
9823	accordance with the processes described in this section.			
9824	(b) Subsection (3) does not apply to a state agency.			
9825	(5) The state privacy officer shall:			
9826	(a) quarterly report, to the Personal Privacy Oversight Commission:			
9827	(i) recommendations for privacy practices for the commission to review; and			
9828	(ii) the information provided in Subsection (2)(i); and			
9829	(b) annually, on or before October 1, report to the Judiciary Interim Committee:			
9830	(i) the results of any reviews described in Subsection (2)(g), if any reviews have been			
9831	completed;			
9832	(ii) reforms, to the extent that the state privacy officer is aware of any reforms, that the			
9833	designated government entity made in response to any reviews described in Subsection (2)(g);			
9834	(iii) the information described in Subsection (2)(i); and			
9835	(iv) recommendations for legislation based on any results of a review described in			
9836	Subsection (2)(g).			
9837	Section 168. Section <b>72-3-108</b> is amended to read:			
9838	72-3-108. County roads Vacation and narrowing Notice requirements.			
9839	(1) A county may, by ordinance, vacate, narrow, or change the name of a county road			
9840	without petition or after petition by a property owner.			
9841	(2) A county may not vacate a county road unless notice of the hearing is:			
9842	(a) published[:] for the county, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at			
9843	least four weeks before the day of the hearing; and			
9844	[(i) in a newspaper of general circulation in the county once a week for four			
9845	consecutive weeks before the hearing; and]			
9846	[(ii) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for four weeks			
9847	before the hearing; and]			
9848	[(b) posted in three public places for four consecutive weeks prior to the hearing; and]			

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not an abandonment.

- 9849 [(e)] (b) mailed to the department and all owners of property abutting the county road. 9850 (3) The right-of-way and easements, if any, of a property owner and the franchise rights 9851 of any public utility may not be impaired by vacating or narrowing a county road. 9852 (4) Except as provided in Section 72-5-305, if a county vacates a county road, the 9853 state's right-of-way interest in the county road is also vacated. 9854 Section 169. Section **72-5-105** is amended to read: 72-5-105. Highways, streets, or roads once established continue until abandoned 9855 9856 -- Temporary closure -- Notice. 9857 (1) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (7), all public highways, streets, or roads 9858 once established shall continue to be highways, streets, or roads until formally abandoned or 9859 vacated by written order, resolution, or ordinance resolution of a highway authority having 9860 jurisdiction or by court decree, and the written order, resolution, ordinance, or court decree has been duly recorded in the office of the recorder of the county or counties where the highway. 9861 street, or road is located. 9862 9863 (2) (a) For purposes of assessment, upon the recordation of an order executed by the 9864 proper authority with the county recorder's office, title to the vacated or abandoned highway. 9865 street, or road shall vest to the adjoining record owners, with one-half of the width of the 9866 highway, street, or road assessed to each of the adjoining owners. 9867 (b) Provided, however, that should a description of an owner of record extend into the vacated or abandoned highway, street, or road that portion of the vacated or abandoned 9868 9869 highway, street, or road shall vest in the record owner, with the remainder of the highway, 9870 street, or road vested as otherwise provided in this Subsection (2). 9871 (c) Title to a highway, street, or road that a local highway authority closes to vehicular 9872 traffic under Subsection (3) or (7) remains vested in the city. 9873 (3) (a) In accordance with this section, a state or local highway authority may 9874 temporarily close a class B, C, or D road, an R.S. 2477 right-of-way, or a portion of a class B, 9875 C, or D road or R.S. 2477 right-of-way.
  - (iii) An interruption of the public's continuous use of a highway, street, or road once

(ii) The erection of a barrier or sign on a highway, street, or road once established is

(b) (i) A temporary closure authorized under this section is not an abandonment.

9880 established is not an abandonment even if the interruption is allowed to continue unabated.

- (c) A temporary closure under Subsection (3)(a) may be authorized only under the following circumstances:
- (i) when a federal authority, or other person, provides an alternate route to an R.S. 2477 right-of-way or portion of an R.S. 2477 right-of-way if the alternate route is:
  - (A) accepted by the highway authority; and
- (B) formalized by a federal permit or a written agreement between the federal authority or other person and the highway authority;
- (ii) when a state or local highway authority determines that correction or mitigation of injury to private or public land resources is necessary on or near a class B or D road or portion of a class B or D road; or
- (iii) when a local highway authority makes a finding that temporary closure of all or part of a class C road is necessary to mitigate unsafe conditions.
- (d) (i) If a local highway authority temporarily closes all or part of a class C road under Subsection (3)(c)(iii), the local highway authority may convert the closed portion of the road to another public use or purpose related to the mitigation of the unsafe condition.
- (ii) If a local highway authority temporarily closes all or part of a class C road under Subsection (3)(c)(iii), and the closed portion of road is the subject of a lease agreement between the local highway authority and another entity, the local highway authority may not reopen the closed portion of the road until the lease agreement terminates.
- (e) A highway authority shall reopen an R.S. 2477 right-of-way or portion of an R.S. 2477 right-of-way temporarily closed under this section if the alternate route is closed for any reason.
  - (f) A temporary closure authorized under Subsection (3)(c)(ii) shall:
  - (i) be authorized annually; and
- (ii) not exceed two years or the time it takes to complete the correction or mitigation, whichever is less.
- (4) To authorize a closure of a road under Subsection (3) or (7), a local highway authority shall pass an ordinance to temporarily or indefinitely close the road.
- 9909 (5) Before authorizing a temporary or indefinite closure as described in Subsection (4), a highway authority shall:

9911	(a) hold a hearing on the proposed temporary or indefinite closure;		
9912	(b) provide notice of the hearing by mailing a notice to the Department of		
9913	Transportation [and all owners of property abutting the highway]; and		
9914	(c) except for a closure under Subsection (3)(c)(iii), [post the notice:] provide notice to		
9915	the owners of the properties abutting the highway, as a class B notice under Section		
9916	63G-28-102, for at least four weeks before the day of the hearing.		
9917	[(i) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for four weeks		
9918	before the hearing; or]		
9919	[(ii) in three public places for at least four consecutive weeks before the hearing.]		
9920	(6) The right-of-way and easements, if any, of a property owner and the franchise rights		
9921	of any public utility may not be impaired by a temporary or indefinite closure authorized under		
9922	this section.		
9923	(7) (a) A local highway authority may close to vehicular travel and convert to another		
9924	public use or purpose a highway, road, or street over which the local highway authority has		
9925	jurisdiction, for an indefinite period of time, if the local highway authority makes a finding		
9926	that:		
9927	(i) the closed highway, road, or street is not necessary for vehicular travel;		
9928	(ii) the closure of the highway, road, or street is necessary to correct or mitigate injury		
9929	to private or public land resources on or near the highway, road, or street; or		
9930	(iii) the closure of the highway, road, or street is necessary to mitigate unsafe		
9931	conditions.		
9932	(b) If a local highway authority indefinitely closes all or part of a highway, road, or		
9933	street under Subsection (7)(a)(iii), and the closed portion of road is the subject of a lease		
9934	agreement between the local highway authority and another entity, the local highway authority		
9935	may not reopen the closed portion of the road until the lease agreement terminates.		
9936	(c) An indefinite closure authorized under this Subsection (7) is not an abandonment.		
9937	Section 170. Section <b>72-6-108</b> is amended to read:		
9938	72-6-108. Class B and C roads Improvement projects Notice Contracts		
9939	Retainage.		
9940	(1) A county executive for class B roads and the municipal executive for class C roads		
9941	shall cause plans, specifications, and estimates to be made prior to the construction of any		

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- improvement project, as defined in Section 72-6-109, on a class B or C road if the estimated cost for any one project exceeds the bid limit as defined in Section 72-6-109 for labor, equipment, and materials.
  - (2) (a) All projects in excess of the bid limit shall be performed under contract to be let to the lowest responsible bidder.
  - (b) If the estimated cost of the improvement project exceeds the bid limit for labor, equipment, and materials, the project may not be divided to permit the construction in parts, unless each part is done by contract.
  - (3) The advertisement on bids shall be [posted:] published for the county, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for three weeks.
  - [(a) on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section 63A-16-601, for three weeks; and]
    - [(b) for at least 20 days in at least five public places in the county.]
  - (4) The county or municipal executive or their designee shall receive sealed bids and open the bids at the time and place designated in the advertisement. The county or municipal executive or their designee may then award the contract but may reject any and all bids.
  - (5) The person, firm, or corporation that is awarded a contract under this section is subject to the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
  - (6) If any payment on a contract with a private contractor for construction or improvement of a class B or C road is retained or withheld, the payment shall be retained or withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5.
    - Section 171. Section 73-5-14 is amended to read:
  - 73-5-14. Determination by the state engineer of watershed to which particular source is tributary -- Publications of notice and result -- Hearing -- Judicial review.
  - (1) The state engineer may determine for administrative and distribution purposes the watershed to which any particular stream or source of water is tributary.
  - (2) A determination under Subsection (1) may be made only after publication of notice to the water users.
    - (3) Publication of notice under Subsection (2) shall be made:
- 9971 (a) [in a newspaper or newspapers having general circulation in] <u>for</u> every county in the state in which any rights might be affected, [once each week for five consecutive weeks] as a

9973	class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least five weeks before the date of the hearing			
9974	described in Subsection (4); and			
9975	(b) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for five weeks[; and].			
9976	[(c) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for five weeks.]			
9977	(4) The state engineer shall fix the date and place of hearing and at the hearing any			
9978	water user shall be given an opportunity to appear and adduce evidence material to the			
9979	determination of the question involved.			
9980	(5) (a) The state engineer shall publish the result of the determination as provided in			
9981	Subsections (3)(a) and (b), and the notice of the decision of the state engineer shall notify the			
9982	public that any person aggrieved by the decision may appeal the decision as provided by			
9983	Section 73-3-14.			
9984	(b) The notice under Subsection (5)(a) shall be considered to have been given so as to			
9985	start the time for appeal upon completion of the publication of notice.			
9986	Section 172. Section <b>73-10-32</b> is amended to read:			
9987	73-10-32. Definitions Water conservation plan required Notice.			
9988	(1) As used in this section:			
9989	(a) "Division" means the Division of Water Resources created under Section 73-10-18.			
9990	(b) "Water conservancy district" means an entity formed under Title 17B, Chapter 2a,			
9991	Part 10, Water Conservancy District Act.			
9992	(c) "Water conservation plan" means a written document that contains existing and			
9993	proposed water conservation measures describing what will be done by a water provider, and			
9994	the end user of culinary water to help conserve water in the state in terms of per capita use of			
9995	water provided through culinary water infrastructure owned or operated by the water provider			
9996	so that adequate supplies of water are available for future needs.			
9997	(d) "Water provider" means:			
9998	(i) a retail water supplier, as defined in Section 19-4-102; or			
9999	(ii) a water conservancy district.			
10000	(2) (a) A water conservation plan shall contain:			
10001	(i) (A) a clearly stated overall water use reduction goal that is consistent with			
10002	Subsection (2)(d); and			
10003	(B) an implementation plan for each water conservation measure a water provider			

10004 chooses to use, including a timeline for action and an evaluation process to measure progress; 10005 (ii) a requirement that a notification procedure be implemented that includes the 10006 delivery of the water conservation plan to the media and to the governing body of each 10007 municipality and county served by the water provider: 10008 (iii) a copy of the minutes of the meeting regarding a water conservation plan and the 10009 notification procedure required in Subsection (2)(a)(ii) that shall be added as an appendix to the 10010 water conservation plan; and 10011 (iv) for a retail water supplier, as defined in Section 19-4-102, the retail water 10012 supplier's rate structure that is: 10013 (A) adopted by the retail water supplier's governing body in accordance with Section 10014 73-10-32.5; and 10015 (B) current as of the day the retail water supplier files a water conservation plan. 10016 (b) A water conservation plan may include information regarding: 10017 (i) the installation and use of water efficient fixtures and appliances, including toilets, shower fixtures, and faucets; 10018 10019 (ii) residential and commercial landscapes and irrigation that require less water to 10020 maintain; 10021 (iii) more water efficient industrial and commercial processes involving the use of 10022 water; 10023 (iv) water reuse systems, both potable and not potable; 10024 (v) distribution system leak repair; 10025 (vi) dissemination of public information regarding more efficient use of water, 10026 including public education programs, customer water use audits, and water saving 10027 demonstrations; 10028 (vii) water rate structures designed to encourage more efficient use of water; 10029

- (viii) statutes, ordinances, codes, or regulations designed to encourage more efficient use of water by means such as water efficient fixtures and landscapes;
- (ix) incentives to implement water efficient techniques, including rebates to water users to encourage the implementation of more water efficient measures; and
  - (x) other measures designed to conserve water.

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(c) The division may be contacted for information and technical resources regarding

Website, created in Section 63A-16-601; or]

10035	measures listed in Subsection (2)(b).		
10036	(d) (i) The division shall adopt by rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,		
10037	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, regional water conservation goals that:		
10038	(A) are developed by the division;		
10039	(B) are reevaluated by December 31, 2030, and every 10 years after December 31,		
10040	2030; and		
10041	(C) define what constitutes "water being conserved" under a water conservation goal		
10042	after considering factors such as depletion, diversion, use, consumption, or return flows.		
10043	(ii) As part of a water conservation plan, a water provider shall adopt one of the		
10044	following:		
10045	(A) the regional water conservation goal applicable to the water provider;		
10046	(B) a water conservation goal that would result in more water being conserved than		
10047	would be conserved under the regional water conservation goal; or		
10048	(C) a water conservation goal that would result in less water being conserved than		
10049	would be conserved under the regional water conservation goal with a reasonable justification		
10050	as to why the different water conservation goal is adopted and an explanation of the factors		
10051	supporting the reasonable justification, such as demographics, geography, lot sizes, make up of		
10052	water service classes, or availability of secondary water.		
10053	(3) (a) A water provider shall:		
10054	(i) prepare and adopt a water conservation plan; and		
10055	(ii) file a copy of the water conservation plan with the division.		
10056	(b) (i) Before adopting or amending a water conservation plan, a water provider shall		
10057	hold a public hearing with reasonable, advance public notice in accordance with this		
10058	Subsection (3)(b).		
10059	(ii) The water provider shall provide public notice at least 14 days before the date of		
10060	the public hearing.		
10061	(iii) A water provider meets the requirements of reasonable notice required by this		
10062	Subsection (3)(b) if the water provider posts notice of the public hearing [in at least three		
10063	public places within the service area of the water provider and]:		
10064	[(A) if the water provider is a public entity, posts notice on the Utah Public Notice		

- 2nd Sub. (Salmon) S.B. 43 10066 (A) for the service area of the water provider, as a class A notice under Section 10067 63G-28-102, for at least 14 days; and 10068 (B) if the water provider is a private entity and has a public website, [posts notice] on 10069 the water provider's public website. 10070 (iv) Proof that notice described in Subsection (3)(b)(iii) was given is prima facie 10071 evidence that notice was properly given. 10072 (v) If notice given under authority of this Subsection (3)(b) is not challenged within 30 10073 days from the date of the public hearing for which the notice was given, the notice is 10074 considered adequate and proper. 10075 (c) A water provider shall:
  - (i) post the water provider's water conservation plan on a public website; or
  - (ii) if the water provider does not have a public website, make the water provider's water conservation plan [publically] publicly available for inspection upon request.
    - (4) (a) The division shall:

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- (i) provide guidelines and technical resources to help water providers prepare and implement water conservation plans;
  - (ii) assist water providers by identifying water conservation methods upon request; and
  - (iii) provide an online submission form that allows for an electronic copy of the water conservation plan to be filed with the division under Subsection (3)(a)(ii).
  - (b) The division shall post an annual report at the end of a calendar year listing water providers in compliance with this section.
  - (5) A water provider may only receive state funds for water development if the water provider complies with the requirements of this section.
    - (6) A water provider specified under Subsection (3)(a) shall:
- 10090 (a) update the water provider's water conservation plan no less frequently than every 10091 five years; and
  - (b) follow the procedures required under Subsection (3) when updating the water conservation plan.
- 10094 (7) It is the intent of the Legislature that the water conservation plans, amendments to 10095 existing water conservation plans, and the studies and report by the division be handled within 10096 the existing budgets of the respective entities or agencies.

10097	Section 1/3. Section 75-1-401 is amended to read:		
10098	75-1-401. Notice Method and time of giving.		
10099	(1) If notice of a hearing on any petition is required and except for specific notice		
10100	requirements as otherwise provided, the petitioner shall cause notice of the time and place of		
10101	hearing of any petition to be given to any interested person or the person's attorney if the person		
10102	has appeared by attorney or requested that notice be sent to the person's attorney. Notice shall		
10103	be given by the clerk posting a copy of the notice for the 10 consecutive days immediately		
10104	preceding the time set for the hearing in at least three public places in the county, one of which		
10105	must be at the courthouse of the county and:		
10106	(a) (i) by the clerk mailing a copy thereof at least 10 days before the time set for the		
10107	hearing by certified, registered, or ordinary first class mail addressed to the person being		
10108	notified at the post-office address given in the demand for notice, if any, or at the person's		
10109	office or place of residence, if known; or		
10110	(ii) by delivering a copy thereof to the person being notified personally at least 10 days		
10111	before the time set for the hearing; and		
10112	(b) if the address, or identity of any person is not known and cannot be ascertained with		
10113	reasonable diligence, by publishing[:] for the county where the hearing is to be held, as a class		
10114	A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for at least 10 days before the day of the hearing.		
10115	[(i) at least once a week for three consecutive weeks a copy thereof in a newspaper		
10116	having general circulation in the county where the hearing is to be held, the last publication of		
10117	which is to be at least 10 days before the time set for the hearing; and]		
10118	[(ii) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601, for three		
10119	weeks.]		
10120	(2) The court for good cause shown may provide for a different method or time of		
10121	giving notice for any hearing.		
10122	(3) Proof of the giving of notice shall be made on or before the hearing and filed in the		
10123	proceeding.		
10124	Section 174. Section <b>76-8-809</b> is amended to read:		
10125	76-8-809. Closing or restricting use of highways abutting defense or war facilities		
10126	Posting of notices.		

Any individual, partnership, association, corporation, municipal corporation or state or

any political subdivision thereof engaged in or preparing to engage in the manufacture, transportation or storage of any product to be used in the preparation of the United States or any of the states for defense or for war or in the prosecution of war by the United States, or in the manufacture, transportation, distribution or storage of gas, oil, coal, electricity or water, or any of said natural or artificial persons operating any public utility who has property so used which he or it believes will be endangered if public use and travel is not restricted or prohibited on one or more highways or parts thereof upon which the property abuts, may petition the highway commissioners of any city, town, or county to close one or more of the highways or parts thereof.

Upon receipt of the petition, the highway commissioners shall set a day for hearing and give notice of the hearing [by posting a notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section 63A-16-601], as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, for the city, town, or county, for at least seven days [prior to the date set for] before the day of the hearing. If, after hearing, the highway commissioners determine that the public safety and the safety of the property of the petitioner so require, they shall by suitable order close to public use and travel or reasonably restrict the use of and travel upon one or more of the highways or parts thereof; provided the highway commissioners may issue written permits to travel over the highway so closed or restricted to responsible and reputable persons for a term, under conditions and in a form as the commissioners may prescribe. Appropriate notices in letters at least three inches high shall be posted conspicuously at each end of any highway so closed or restricted by an order. The highway commissioners may at any time revoke or modify any order so made.

Section 175. Section **78A-7-202** is amended to read:

## 78A-7-202. Justice court judges to be appointed -- Procedure.

- (1) As used in this section:
- (a) "Local government executive" means:
- 10154 (i) for a county:
  - (A) the chair of the county commission in a county operating under the county commission or expanded county commission form of county government;
- 10157 (B) the county executive in a county operating under the county executive-council form of county government; and

10159	(C) the county manager in a county operating under the council-manager form of
10160	county government;
10161	(ii) for a city or town:
10162	(A) the mayor of the city or town; or
10163	(B) the city manager, in the council-manager form of government described in
10164	Subsection 10-3b-103(7); and
10165	(iii) for a metro township, the chair of the metro township council.
10166	(b) "Local legislative body" means:
10167	(i) for a county, the county commission or county council; and
10168	(ii) for a city or town, the council of the city or town.
10169	(2) (a) There is created in each county a county justice court nominating commission to
10170	review applicants and make recommendations to the appointing authority for a justice court
10171	position.
10172	(b) The commission shall be convened when a new justice court judge position is
10173	created or when a vacancy in an existing court occurs for a justice court located within the
10174	county.
10175	(c) Membership of the justice court nominating commission shall be as follows:
10176	(i) one member appointed by:
10177	(A) the county commission if the county has a county commission form of
10178	government; or
10179	(B) the county executive if the county has an executive-council form of government;
10180	(ii) one member appointed by the municipalities in the counties as follows:
10181	(A) if the county has only one municipality, appointment shall be made by the
10182	governing authority of that municipality; or
10183	(B) if the county has more than one municipality, appointment shall be made by a
10184	municipal selection committee composed of the mayors of each municipality and the chairs of
10185	each metro township in the county;
10186	(iii) one member appointed by the county bar association; and
10187	(iv) two members appointed by the governing authority of the jurisdiction where the
10188	judicial office is located.
10189	(d) (i) If there is no county bar association, the member in Subsection (2)(c)(iii) shall

10190	be appointed	by the regional	bar association
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- (ii) If no regional bar association exists, the state bar association shall make the appointment.
- (e) Members appointed under Subsections (2)(c)(i) and (ii) may not be the appointing authority or an elected official of a county or municipality.
- (f) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d)(ii), the nominating commission shall submit at least three names to the appointing authority of the jurisdiction expected to be served by the judge.
- (ii) If there are fewer than three applicants for a justice court vacancy, the nominating commission shall submit all qualified applicants to the appointing authority of the jurisdiction expected to be served by the judge.
- (iii) The local government executive shall appoint a judge from the list submitted and the appointment ratified by the local legislative body.
  - (g) (i) The state court administrator shall provide staff to the commission.
- (ii) The Judicial Council shall establish rules and procedures for the conduct of the commission.
  - (3) (a) A judicial vacancy for a justice court shall be announced:
  - (i) as an employment opportunity on the Utah Courts' website;
  - (ii) in an email to the members of the Utah State Bar; and
- 10209 [(iii) on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section 63A-16-601]
- 10210 (iii) for the justice court's jurisdiction, as a class A notice under Section 63G-28-102, 10211 for at least 30 days.
  - (b) A judicial vacancy for a justice court may also be advertised through other appropriate means.
  - (4) Selection of candidates shall be based on compliance with the requirements for office and competence to serve as a judge.
  - (5) (a) Once selected, every prospective justice court judge shall attend an orientation seminar conducted under the direction of the Judicial Council.
  - (b) Upon completion of the orientation seminar described in Subsection (5)(a), the Judicial Council shall certify the justice court judge as qualified to hold office.
- 10220 (6) (a) The selection of a person to fill the office of justice court judge is effective upon

10221 certification of the judge by the Judicial Council.

10222 (b) A justice court judge may not perform judicial duties until certified by the Judicial

10223 Council.