1	FRAUDULENT TICKET SALES MODIFICATIONS
2	2023 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Scott D. Sandall
5	House Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill makes changes to the Ticket Website Sales Act and the Ticket Transferability
10	Act.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	 makes out-of-state online ticket resellers subject to the Ticket Website Sales Act;
14	 amends requirements for online ticket sale disclosures;
15	 prohibits the use of certain intellectual property without written authorization;
16	 adds provisions regulating the sale of speculative tickets;
17	prohibits the sale of more than one copy of the same ticket;
18	 limits the number of tickets a reseller may purchase from a primary ticket seller or
19	venue;
20	 adds requirements related to refunds for tickets sold on the secondary market online;
21	 amends provisions related to restricted tickets donated to underserved populations;
22	 prohibits the use of ticket purchasing software in certain circumstances;
23	 repeals requirements related to reporting of restricted ticket sales;
24	defines terms; and
25	 makes technical and conforming changes.
26	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
27	None



3	Other Special Clauses:
)	None
)	Utah Code Sections Affected:
1	AMENDS:
2	13-54-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 115
;	13-54-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 115
	13-54-201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 115
	13-54-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 154
	13-56-201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 423
,	ENACTS:
3	13-54-203, Utah Code Annotated 1953
))	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 13-54-102 is amended to read:
,	13-54-102. Definitions.
	(1) "Consumer" means a person who purchases a ticket for use by the person or the
	person's invitee.
	(2) "Division" means the Division of Consumer Protection in the Department of
	Commerce.
	(3) "Domain" means the portion of text in a URL that is to the left of the top-level
	domain.
	(4) "Event" means a single, specific occurrence of one of the following, that takes place
	at a venue:
	(a) a concert;
	(b) a game;
	(c) a performance;
	(d) a show; or
	(e) an occasion similar to the occasions described in Subsections (4)(a) through (d).
	(5) "Event participant" means any of the following persons who is associated with an
	event or on behalf of whom a person sells a ticket to an event:
	(a) an artist:

59	(b) a league;
60	(c) a team;
61	(d) a tour group;
62	(e) a venue; or
63	(f) any person similar to the persons described in Subsections (5)(a) through (e).
64	(6) "Person" does not include a government entity.
65	(7) "Pop-up ad" means a graphical user interface display window in the foreground of a
66	website's visual interface.
67	[(7)] (8) "Primary ticket seller" means the person who first sells a particular ticket.
68	[(8)] (9) (a) "Reseller" means a person who sells or offers for sale a ticket after it is
69	sold by a primary ticket seller.
70	(b) "Reseller" includes a person who engages in conduct described in Subsection
71	[(8)(a)] (9)(a), regardless of whether the person is also the primary ticket seller of the ticket or
72	the primary ticket seller of another ticket to the same event.
73	(c) "Reseller" does not include a person who transfers a ticket to another person
74	without reimbursement or consideration.
75	(10) "Speculative ticket" means a ticket that, at the time of the sale, is not in the
76	possession of the person offering the ticket for sale.
77	[(9)] (11) "Ticket" means evidence of an individual's right of entry to an event.
78	[(10)] (12) "Ticket aggregator" means a person who aggregates the prices for which
79	other persons offer tickets for sale or resale.
80	(13) "Ticket purchasing software" means software that is primarily designed for the
81	purpose of interfering with the sale of tickets by circumventing controls or measures on a ticket
82	website to ensure an equitable ticket buying process.
83	[(11)] <u>(14)</u> "Ticket website" means:
84	(a) with respect to a reseller, a website on which the reseller sells or offers for sale or
85	resale one or more tickets; or
86	(b) with respect to a ticket aggregator, a website on which the ticket aggregator
87	aggregates the prices for which other persons offer tickets for sale or resale.
88	[(12)] (15) "Top-level domain" includes .com, .net, and .org.
89	[(13)] (16) "URL" means the uniform resource locator for a website on the Internet.

90	$[\frac{(14)}{(17)}]$ (a) "Venue" means real property located in the state where one or more
91	persons host a concert, game, performance, show, or similar occasion.
92	(b) "Venue" includes an arena, a stadium, a theater, a concert hall, an amphitheater, a
93	fairground, a club, a convention center, a public assembly facility, or a mass gathering location.
94	Section 2. Section 13-54-103 is amended to read:
95	13-54-103. Exemptions.
96	(1) This chapter does not apply to:
97	(a) an entity that is owned, controlled, operated, or maintained by a bona fide church or
98	religious organization that is exempt from property taxation under the laws of the state; or
99	(b) a consumer reselling a ticket that the consumer purchased as a consumer.
100	(2) A person who claims an exemption under this section has the burden of proving
101	that the person is entitled to the exemption.
102	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), or anything to the contrary in Utah law, the
103	following are subject to this chapter:
104	(a) a business domiciled outside of Utah, when selling tickets for events held in Utah,
105	regardless of where the buyer and seller are domiciled; and
106	(b) a reseller offering tickets via a classified advertisement on the secondary market
107	online, who is not the primary ticket seller.
108	Section 3. Section 13-54-201 is amended to read:
109	13-54-201. Disclosure requirements.
110	(1) A reseller or ticket aggregator shall clearly and conspicuously disclose on each of
111	its ticket websites [that]:
112	(a) that the website is a secondary market and is not the primary ticket seller; [and]
113	(b) that the price of a ticket on the website may be higher than face value[-];
114	(c) that the ticket buyer should visit the primary seller's ticket website to verify face
115	value, if the reseller is not the primary ticket seller;
116	(d) an estimated delivery date for the ticket; and
117	(e) the number of tickets the reseller or ticket aggregator guarantees to be adjacent,
118	including the:
119	(i) zone or section number;
120	(ii) row number; and

121	(iii) seat number.
122	(2) A reseller or ticket aggregator shall provide the disclosures described in
123	Subsections (1)(a) and (b):
124	(a) on each page of the ticket website, including during the checkout process:
125	(i) in a pop-up ad within the top 20% of each page; and
126	(ii) in a font size that is not smaller that the font size used for the majority of the text
127	on that page; and
128	(b) in paid search results.
129	(3) A disclosure described in Subsection (1)(c) shall include a conspicuous link to the
130	primary seller's ticket website.
131	(4) For a speculative ticket, a reseller shall clearly and conspicuously disclose on each
132	of the reseller's ticket websites that the reseller is not in possession of the ticket at the time of
133	sale.
134	[(2)] <u>(5)</u> During the checkout process:
135	(a) [A] a primary ticket seller and a reseller shall clearly and conspicuously disclose
136	[during the checkout process] an itemization of the total price for which the primary ticket
137	seller or reseller is offering the ticket for sale or resale, including taxes and each fee[-]; and
138	(b) a reseller shall obtain by affirmative action of the purchaser acknowledgment of the
139	following disclosures:
140	(i) the venue's state registered name;
141	(ii) the venue's city;
142	(iii) that the reseller is not the venue's ticket office or licensed ticketing agent;
143	(iv) the reseller's refund policy; and
144	(v) the reseller's contact information.
145	(6) If provided by a venue, a reseller shall provide notice to a purchaser of the
146	following related to an event for which the reseller sells a ticket:
147	(a) event safety protocols;
148	(b) event cancellations;
149	(c) rescheduled performances; or
150	(d) event entry protocols.
151	Section 4. Section 13-54-202 is amended to read:

132	13-54-202. Prombtted practices.
153	(1) (a) It is unlawful for any person who is not a primary ticket seller to represent,
154	directly or indirectly, that the person is a primary ticket seller.
155	(b) If a presiding officer or court determines appropriate after considering other
156	relevant factors, the following actions by a person who is not a primary ticket seller establish a
157	presumption that the person is representing that the person is a primary ticket seller in violation
158	of Subsection (1)(a):
159	(i) using the name of an event in the domain of the person's ticket website, unless the
160	person has written authorization from an agent of the event;
161	(ii) using the name of an event participant in the domain of the person's ticket website,
162	unless the person has written authorization from the event participant or an agent of the event
163	participant; [or]
164	(iii) using, in paid search results, the name of an event or event participant in a manner
165	described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) or (ii)[-];
166	(iv) without the written authorization of the trademark or copyright holder, using
167	anywhere on the person's ticket website or on a domain to which the website redirects, a
168	trademarked or copyrighted:
169	(A) URL;
170	(B) title;
171	(C) designation;
172	(D) image;
173	(E) mark; or
174	(F) other symbol; or
175	(v) using on the person's website or on a domain to which the website redirects any of
176	the following that individually or in combination is substantially similar to a primary ticket
177	seller's, venue's, or event's website, without written authorization:
178	<u>(A) text;</u>
179	(B) images;
180	(C) website design; or
181	(D) Internet address.
182	(2) It is unlawful for a person who lists or offers a ticket for sale to:

01-25-23 1:34 PM S.B. 138

183	(a) accept payment for the ticket; and
184	(b) fail to deliver to the consumer who purchases the ticket a ticket that reflects the
185	transaction to which the parties agreed.
186	(3) It is unlawful for a person to:
187	(a) sell more than one copy of the same ticket;
188	(b) with the intent to resell, knowingly purchase from a primary ticket seller a quantity
189	of tickets that exceeds the maximum ticket limit quantity that a primary ticket seller posts at the
190	point of sale or prints on the ticket; or
191	(c) use ticket purchasing software to circumvent any portion of the process for
192	purchasing a ticket on a ticket website, including:
193	(i) circumventing:
194	(A) security measures;
195	(B) identity validation measures; or
196	(C) an access control system; or
197	(ii) disguising the identity of a ticket purchaser for the purpose of purchasing a number
198	of tickets that exceeds the maximum number of tickets allowed for a person to purchase.
199	(4) A reseller:
200	(a) may not offer a ticket for sale on the reseller's ticket website before the primary
201	ticket seller places the ticket on sale; and
202	(b) shall, within 10 business days after the event takes place, refund to a purchaser any
203	money a purchaser paid for a speculative ticket or a deposit for a speculative ticket, if the
204	reseller fails to deliver the ticket to the purchaser.
205	(5) For a ticket with a face value over \$20, the total amount of fees that a primary ticket
206	seller or reseller collects may not exceed 25% of the face value of the ticket.
207	[(3)] (6) It is unlawful for a person to fail to comply with a provision of Section
208	13-54-201.
209	[(4)] (7) Nothing in this section prohibits a person from including the name of an event
210	or an event participant in a URL after the top-level domain.
211	Section 5. Section 13-54-203 is enacted to read:
212	13-54-203. Resale refund requirements.
213	(1) A reseller shall establish:

214	(a) a refund policy; and
215	(b) a procedure for binding resolution of consumer complaints by an independent third
216	party.
217	(2) A reseller shall maintain a consumer protection rebate fund in an amount in excess
218	<u>of \$100,000.</u>
219	(3) A reseller shall provide a refund to a ticket purchaser without charge, other than
220	reasonable delivery fees for the return of a ticket.
221	(4) A reseller shall guarantee a full refund, including handling fees, if:
222	(a) the event for which the reseller sold a ticket is canceled;
223	(b) the ticket does not grant the purchaser admission to the event;
224	(c) the ticket is counterfeit;
225	(d) the ticket fails to conform to the description that the reseller advertised to the
226	purchaser; or
227	(e) the purchaser requests cancellation of the transaction:
228	(i) within 36 hours after purchase of the ticket; and
229	(ii) less than 72 hours before the event.
230	Section 6. Section 13-56-201 is amended to read:
231	13-56-201. Limitations on ticket resale restrictions Disclosures.
232	(1) (a) As used in this section, "underserved or underrepresented community" means a
233	group of people, including a municipality, county, or American Indian tribe, that is
234	economically disadvantaged.
235	(b) As used in this section, "underserved or underrepresented community" includes an
236	economically disadvantaged community where the people of the community have limited
237	access to or demonstrated low level of use of arts and cultural programs.
238	(2) Except as provided in Subsection [(2)] (3), each ticket issued for an event shall be a
239	transferrable ticket.
240	[(2)] (a) (i) Up to 10% of the total number of tickets issued for an event may be
241	restricted tickets.
242	(ii) The total number of tickets described in Subsection $[\frac{(2)(a)(i)}{(3)(a)(i)}]$:
243	(A) includes each ticket that provides access to the event, regardless of whether the
244	ticket is made available for sale; [and]

01-25-23 1:34 PM S.B. 138

245	(B) does not include a ticket that is part of a youth basketball program associated with
246	a professional sports team where tickets are donated or issued at a reduced rate[-]; and
247	(C) does not include a ticket that is donated to an underserved or underrepresented
248	community or to an organization that serves an underserved or underrepresented community.
249	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection $[\frac{(2)(a)}{(3)(a)}]$, each calendar year, an unlimited
250	number of restricted tickets may be issued for up to 10% of the total concert and theater events
251	held at the same venue during the calendar year.
252	[(3)] (4) A person who issues a restricted ticket shall provide the purchaser a clear and
253	conspicuous written notice that states the ticket may not be resold or transferred.
254	[(4)] (5) A person may not discriminate against an individual or deny an individual
255	admission to an event solely because the individual:
256	(a) resold a ticket to the event independent of the person who issued the ticket or the
257	person's agent or operator; or
258	(b) purchased a resold ticket to the event independent of the person who issued the
259	ticket or the person's agent or operator.
260	(6) A ticket donated to an underserved or underrepresented community, or to an
261	organization that serves an underserved or underrepresented community, does not count toward
262	the total number of tickets described in Subsection (3).