CONDOMINIUM AND COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION
AMENDMENTS
2023 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper
House Sponsor:

This bill amends provisions governing community associations and condominium

associations.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

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- ► amends certain provisions of the Utah Nonprofit Corporation Act that apply to community associations;
- provides that a community association rule may not prohibit low water use on lawns during drought conditions;
- requires a community association created before March 5, 2023, to adopt required rules regarding water efficient landscaping before June 30, 2023;
- provides that a community association that registers with the Department of
 Commerce is subject to the Community Association Act;
- permits certain community associations to charge an annual fee to a lot owner who owns a rental lot;
- permits certain associations of unit owners to charge an annual fee to a unit owner
 who owns a rental unit;



26	•	clarifies provisions related to charging systems for electric or hybrid electric
27	vehicles;	
28	•	clarifies provisions related to the application of regulations related to solar system
29	installation	n to attached dwellings;
30	•	requires an action against a community association board or board member for a
31	violation o	of certain provisions to be brought no later than 18 months after the
32	challenged	l board action;
33	•	defines terms; and
34	•	makes technical and conforming changes.
35	Money A _l	ppropriated in this Bill:
36	No	one
37	Other Spo	ecial Clauses:
38	No	one
39	Utah Cod	e Sections Affected:
40	AMENDS	:
41	16	-6a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 358
42	16	-6a-1602, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 300
43	57-	-8-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 398
44	57-	-8-8.2, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 439
45	57-	-8-10.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 395
46	57-	-8a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 398
47	57-	-8a-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 75
48	57-	-8a-209, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 102
49	57-	-8a-217, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 325
50	57-	-8a-218, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 439
51	57-	-8a-701, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 439
52 52	57-	-8a-802, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 439
53 54	Be it enac	ted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
55	Sec	ction 1. Section 16-6a-102 is amended to read:
56	16-	-6a-102. Definitions.

57	As used in this chapter:
58	(1) (a) "Address" means a location where mail can be delivered by the United States
59	Postal Service.
60	(b) "Address" includes:
61	(i) a post office box number;
62	(ii) a rural free delivery route number; and
63	(iii) a street name and number.
64	(2) "Affiliate" means a person that directly or indirectly through one or more
65	intermediaries controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with, the person
66	specified.
67	(3) "Articles of incorporation" include:
68	(a) amended articles of incorporation;
69	(b) restated articles of incorporation;
70	(c) articles of merger; and
71	(d) a document of a similar import to the documents described in Subsections (3)(a)
72	through (c).
73	(4) "Assumed corporate name" means a name assumed for use in this state:
74	(a) by a:
75	(i) foreign corporation pursuant to Section 16-10a-1506; or
76	(ii) a foreign nonprofit corporation pursuant to Section 16-6a-1506; and
77	(b) because the corporate name of the foreign corporation described in Subsection
78	(4)(a) is not available for use in this state.
79	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), "board of directors" means the body
80	authorized to manage the affairs of a domestic or foreign nonprofit corporation.
81	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a), a person may not be considered a member of
82	the board of directors because of a power delegated to that person pursuant to Subsection
83	16-6a-801(2).
84	(6) (a) "Bylaws" means the one or more codes of rules, other than the articles of
85	incorporation, adopted pursuant to this chapter for the regulation or management of the affairs
86	of a domestic or foreign nonprofit corporation irrespective of the one or more names by which
87	the codes of rules are designated.

88	(b) "Bylaws" includes:
89	(i) amended bylaws; and
90	(ii) restated bylaws.
91	(7) (a) "Cash" or "money" means:
92	(i) legal tender;
93	(ii) a negotiable instrument; or
94	(iii) other cash equivalent readily convertible into legal tender.
95	(b) "Cash" and "money" are used interchangeably in this chapter.
96	(8) (a) "Class" means a group of memberships that has the same right with respect to
97	voting, dissolution, redemption, transfer, or other characteristics.
98	(b) For purposes of Subsection (8)(a), a right is considered the same if it is determined
99	by a formula applied uniformly to a group of memberships.
100	(9) (a) "Conspicuous" means so written that a reasonable person against whom the
101	writing is to operate should have noticed the writing.
102	(b) "Conspicuous" includes printing or typing in:
103	(i) italics;
104	(ii) boldface;
105	(iii) contrasting color;
106	(iv) capitals; or
107	(v) underlining.
108	(10) "Control" or a "controlling interest" means the direct or indirect possession of the
109	power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of an entity by:
110	(a) the ownership of voting shares;
111	(b) contract; or
112	(c) a means other than those specified in Subsection (10)(a) or (b).
113	(11) Subject to Section 16-6a-207, "cooperative nonprofit corporation" or
114	"cooperative" means a nonprofit corporation organized or existing under this chapter.
115	(12) "Corporate name" means:
116	(a) the name of a domestic corporation as stated in the domestic corporation's articles
117	of incorporation;
118	(b) the name of a domestic nonprofit corporation as stated in the domestic nonprofit

119	corporation's articles of incorporation;
120	(c) the name of a foreign corporation as stated in the foreign corporation's:
121	(i) articles of incorporation; or
122	(ii) document of similar import to articles of incorporation; or
123	(d) the name of a foreign nonprofit corporation as stated in the foreign nonprofit
124	corporation's:
125	(i) articles of incorporation; or
126	(ii) document of similar import to articles of incorporation.
127	(13) (a) "Corporate records" means the records described in Section 16-6a-1601.
128	(b) "Corporate records" does not include correspondence, communications, notes, or
129	other similar information, regardless of format or method of storage, that are not an official
130	decision, published document, or record of the corporation.
131	[(13)] (14) "Corporation" or "domestic corporation" means a corporation for profit that
132	(a) is not a foreign corporation; and
133	(b) is incorporated under or subject to Chapter 10a, Utah Revised Business Corporation
134	Act.
135	[(14)] (15) "Delegate" means a person elected or appointed to vote in a representative
136	assembly:
137	(a) for the election of a director; or
138	(b) on matters other than the election of a director.
139	[(15)] (16) "Deliver" includes delivery by mail or another means of transmission
140	authorized by Section 16-6a-103, except that delivery to the division means actual receipt by
141	the division.
142	[(16)] (17) "Director" means a member of the board of directors.
143	[(17)] (18) (a) "Distribution" means the payment of a dividend or any part of the
144	income or profit of a nonprofit corporation to the nonprofit corporation's:
145	(i) members;
146	(ii) directors; or
147	(iii) officers.
148	(b) "Distribution" does not include a fair-value payment for:
149	(i) a good sold; or

150	(11) a service received.
151	[(18)] (19) "Division" means the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code.
152	[(19)] (20) "Effective date," when referring to a document filed by the division, means
153	the time and date determined in accordance with Section 16-6a-108.
154	[(20)] (21) "Effective date of notice" means the date notice is effective as provided in
155	Section 16-6a-103.
156	[(21)] (22) "Electronic transmission" or "electronically transmitted" means a process of
157	communication not directly involving the physical transfer of paper that is suitable for the
158	receipt, retention, retrieval, and reproduction of information by the recipient, whether by email,
159	texting, facsimile, or otherwise.
160	$\left[\frac{(22)}{(23)}\right]$ (a) "Employee" includes an officer of a nonprofit corporation.
161	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection [(22)(b)(ii)] (23)(b)(ii), "employee" does not
162	include a director of a nonprofit corporation.
163	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection [(22)(b)(i)] (23)(b)(i), a director may accept one or
164	more duties that make that director an employee of a nonprofit corporation.
165	[(23)] <u>(24)</u> "Entity" includes:
166	(a) a domestic or foreign corporation;
167	(b) a domestic or foreign nonprofit corporation;
168	(c) a limited liability company;
169	(d) a profit or nonprofit unincorporated association;
170	(e) a business trust;
171	(f) an estate;
172	(g) a partnership;
173	(h) a trust;
174	(i) two or more persons having a joint or common economic interest;
175	(j) a state;
176	(k) the United States; or
177	(l) a foreign government.
178	$\left[\frac{(24)}{(25)}\right]$ "Executive director" means the executive director of the Department of
179	Commerce.
180	[(25)] (26) "Foreign corporation" means a corporation for profit incorporated under a

181	law other than the laws of this state.
182	[(26)] (27) "Foreign nonprofit corporation" means an entity:
183	(a) incorporated under a law other than the laws of this state; and
184	(b) that would be a nonprofit corporation if formed under the laws of this state.
185	[(27)] (28) "Governmental entity" means:
186	(a) (i) the executive branch of the state;
187	(ii) the judicial branch of the state;
188	(iii) the legislative branch of the state;
189	(iv) an independent entity, as defined in Section 63E-1-102;
190	(v) a political subdivision of the state;
191	(vi) a state institution of higher education, as defined in Section 53B-3-102;
192	(vii) an entity within the state system of public education; or
193	(viii) the National Guard; or
194	(b) any of the following that is established or controlled by a governmental entity listed
195	in Subsection $[(27)(a)]$ (28)(a) to carry out the public's business:
196	(i) an office;
197	(ii) a division;
198	(iii) an agency;
199	(iv) a board;
200	(v) a bureau;
201	(vi) a committee;
202	(vii) a department;
203	(viii) an advisory board;
204	(ix) an administrative unit; or
205	(x) a commission.
206	[(28)] (29) "Governmental subdivision" means:
207	(a) a county;
208	(b) a city;
209	(c) a town; or
210	(d) another type of governmental subdivision authorized by the laws of this state.
211	[(29)] <u>(30)</u> "Individual" means:

212	(a) a natural person,
213	(b) the estate of an incompetent individual; or
214	(c) the estate of a deceased individual.
215	[(30)] (31) "Internal Revenue Code" means the federal "Internal Revenue Code of
216	1986," as amended from time to time, or to corresponding provisions of subsequent internal
217	revenue laws of the United States of America.
218	[(31)] (32) (a) "Mail," "mailed," or "mailing" means deposit, deposited, or depositing
219	in the United States mail, properly addressed, first-class postage prepaid.
220	(b) "Mail," "mailed," or "mailing" includes registered or certified mail for which the
221	proper fee is paid.
222	[(32)] (33) (a) "Member" means one or more persons identified or otherwise appointed
223	as a member of a domestic or foreign nonprofit corporation as provided:
224	(i) in the articles of incorporation;
225	(ii) in the bylaws;
226	(iii) by a resolution of the board of directors; or
227	(iv) by a resolution of the members of the nonprofit corporation.
228	(b) "Member" includes:
229	(i) "voting member"; and
230	(ii) a shareholder in a water company.
231	[(33)] (34) "Membership" refers to the rights and obligations of a member or members.
232	[(34)] (35) "Mutual benefit corporation" means a nonprofit corporation:
233	(a) that issues shares of stock to its members evidencing a right to receive distribution
234	of water or otherwise representing property rights; or
235	(b) all of whose assets are contributed or acquired by or for the members of the
236	nonprofit corporation or their predecessors in interest to serve the mutual purposes of the
237	members.
238	[(35)] (36) "Nonprofit corporation" or "domestic nonprofit corporation" means an
239	entity that:
240	(a) is not a foreign nonprofit corporation; and
241	(b) is incorporated under or subject to this chapter.
242	[(36)] (37) "Notice" means the same as that term is defined in Section 16-6a-103.

243	[(37)] (38) "Party related to a director" means:
244	(a) the spouse of the director;
245	(b) a child of the director;
246	(c) a grandchild of the director;
247	(d) a sibling of the director;
248	(e) a parent of the director;
249	(f) the spouse of an individual described in Subsections [(37)(b)] (38)(b) through (e);
250	(g) an individual having the same home as the director;
251	(h) a trust or estate of which the director or another individual specified in this
252	Subsection $[(37)]$ (38) is a substantial beneficiary; or
253	(i) any of the following of which the director is a fiduciary:
254	(i) a trust;
255	(ii) an estate;
256	(iii) an incompetent;
257	(iv) a conservatee; or
258	(v) a minor.
259	[(38)] (39) "Person" means an:
260	(a) individual; or
261	(b) entity.
262	[(39)] <u>(40)</u> "Principal office" means:
263	(a) the office, in or out of this state, designated by a domestic or foreign nonprofit
264	corporation as its principal office in the most recent document on file with the division
265	providing that information, including:
266	(i) an annual report;
267	(ii) an application for a certificate of authority; or
268	(iii) a notice of change of principal office; or
269	(b) if no principal office can be determined, a domestic or foreign nonprofit
270	corporation's registered office.
271	[(40)] <u>(41)</u> "Proceeding" includes:
272	(a) a civil suit;
273	(b) arbitration;

274	(c) mediation;
275	(d) a criminal action;
276	(e) an administrative action; or
277	(f) an investigatory action.
278	[(41)] (42) "Receive," when used in reference to receipt of a writing or other document
279	by a domestic or foreign nonprofit corporation, means the writing or other document is actually
280	received:
281	(a) by the domestic or foreign nonprofit corporation at:
282	(i) its registered office in this state; or
283	(ii) its principal office;
284	(b) by the secretary of the domestic or foreign nonprofit corporation, wherever the
285	secretary is found; or
286	(c) by another person authorized by the bylaws or the board of directors to receive the
287	writing or other document, wherever that person is found.
288	[(42)] (43) (a) "Record date" means the date established under Part 6, Members, or Par
289	7, Member Meetings and Voting, on which a nonprofit corporation determines the identity of
290	the nonprofit corporation's members.
291	(b) The determination described in Subsection $[(42)(a)]$ $(43)(a)$ shall be made as of the
292	close of business on the record date unless another time for doing so is specified when the
293	record date is fixed.
294	[(43)] <u>(44)</u> "Registered agent" means the registered agent of:
295	(a) a domestic nonprofit corporation; or
296	(b) a foreign nonprofit corporation.
297	[(44)] (45) "Registered office" means the office within this state designated by a
298	domestic or foreign nonprofit corporation as its registered office in the most recent document
299	on file with the division providing that information, including:
300	(a) articles of incorporation;
301	(b) an application for a certificate of authority; or
302	(c) a notice of change of registered office.
303	[(45)] (46) "Secretary" means the corporate officer to whom the bylaws or the board of
304	directors delegates responsibility under Subsection 16-6a-818(3) for:

305	(a) the preparation and maintenance of:
306	(i) minutes of the meetings of:
307	(A) the board of directors; or
308	(B) the members; and
309	(ii) the other records and information required to be kept by the nonprofit corporation
310	pursuant to Section 16-6a-1601; and
311	(b) authenticating records of the nonprofit corporation.
312	[(46)] (47) "Share" means a unit of interest in a nonprofit corporation.
313	[(47)] (48) "Shareholder" means a person in whose name a share is registered in the
314	records of a nonprofit corporation.
315	[(48)] (49) "State," when referring to a part of the United States, includes:
316	(a) a state;
317	(b) a commonwealth;
318	(c) the District of Columbia;
319	(d) an agency or governmental and political subdivision of a state, commonwealth, or
320	District of Columbia;
321	(e) territory or insular possession of the United States; or
322	(f) an agency or governmental and political subdivision of a territory or insular
323	possession of the United States.
324	[(49)] <u>(50)</u> "Street address" means:
325	(a) (i) street name and number;
326	(ii) city or town; and
327	(iii) United States post office zip code designation; or
328	(b) if, by reason of rural location or otherwise, a street name, number, city, or town
329	does not exist, an appropriate description other than that described in Subsection [(49)(a)]
330	(50)(a) fixing as nearly as possible the actual physical location, but only if the information
331	includes:
332	(i) the rural free delivery route;
333	(ii) the county; and
334	(iii) the United States post office zip code designation.
335	[(50)] (51) "Tribal nonprofit corporation" means a nonprofit corporation:

336	(a) incorporated under the law of a tribe; and
337	(b) that is at least 51% owned or controlled by the tribe.
338	[(51)] (52) "Tribe" means a tribe, band, nation, pueblo, or other organized group or
339	community of Indians, including an Alaska Native village, that is legally recognized as eligible
340	for and is consistent with a special program, service, or entitlement provided by the United
341	States to Indians because of their status as Indians.
342	[(52)] (53) "United States" includes a district, authority, office, bureau, commission,
343	department, and another agency of the United States of America.
344	[(53)] <u>(54)</u> "Vote" includes authorization by:
345	(a) written ballot; and
346	(b) written consent.
347	$[\frac{(54)}{(55)}]$ (a) "Voting group" means all the members of one or more classes of
348	members or directors that, under this chapter, the articles of incorporation, or the bylaws, are
349	entitled to vote and be counted together collectively on a matter.
350	(b) All members or directors entitled by this chapter, the articles of incorporation, or
351	the bylaws to vote generally on a matter are for that purpose a single voting group.
352	[(55)] (56) (a) "Voting member" means a person entitled to vote for all matters
353	required or permitted under this chapter to be submitted to a vote of the members, except as
354	otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation or bylaws.
355	(b) A person is not a voting member solely because of:
356	(i) a right the person has as a delegate;
357	(ii) a right the person has to designate a director; or
358	(iii) a right the person has as a director.
359	(c) Except as the bylaws may otherwise provide, "voting member" includes a
360	"shareholder" if the nonprofit corporation has shareholders.
361	[(56)] <u>(57)</u> "Water company" means:
362	(a) the same as that term is defined in Subsection 16-4-102(5); or
363	(b) a mutual benefit corporation, when the stock in the mutual benefit corporation
364	represents a right to receive a distribution of water for beneficial use.
365	Section 2. Section 16-6a-1602 is amended to read:
366	16-6a-1602. Inspection of records by directors and members.

367	(1) A director or member is entitled to inspect and copy any of the records of the
368	nonprofit corporation described in Subsection 16-6a-1601(5):
369	(a) during regular business hours;
370	(b) at the nonprofit corporation's principal office; and
371	(c) if the director or member gives the nonprofit corporation written demand, at least
372	five business days before the date on which the member wishes to inspect and copy the records.
373	(2) In addition to the rights set forth in Subsection (1), a director or member is entitled
374	to inspect and copy any of the other records of the nonprofit corporation described in
375	<u>Subsections 16-6a-1601(2) through (5)</u> :
376	(a) during regular business hours;
377	(b) at a reasonable location specified by the nonprofit corporation; and
378	(c) at least five business days before the date on which the member wishes to inspect
379	and copy the records, if the director or member:
380	(i) meets the requirements of Subsection (3); and
381	(ii) gives the nonprofit corporation written demand.
382	(3) A director or member may inspect and copy the records described in Subsection (2)
383	only if:
384	(a) the demand is made:
385	(i) in good faith; and
386	(ii) for a proper purpose;
387	(b) the director or member describes with reasonable particularity the purpose and the
388	records the director or member desires to inspect; and
389	(c) the records are directly connected with the described purpose.
390	(4) Notwithstanding Section 16-6a-102, for purposes of this section:
391	(a) "member" includes:
392	(i) a beneficial owner whose membership interest is held in a voting trust; and
393	(ii) any other beneficial owner of a membership interest who establishes beneficial
394	ownership; and
395	(b) "proper purpose" means a purpose reasonably related to the demanding member's or
396	director's interest as a member or director.
397	(5) The right of inspection granted by this section may not be abolished or limited by

398	the articles of incorporation of bylaws.
399	(6) This section does not affect:
400	(a) the right of a director or member to inspect records under Section 16-6a-710;
401	(b) the right of a member to inspect records to the same extent as any other litigant if
402	the member is in litigation with the nonprofit corporation; or
403	(c) the power of a court, independent of this chapter, to compel the production of
404	corporate records for examination.
405	(7) A director or member may not use any information obtained through the inspection
406	or copying of records permitted by Subsection (2) for any purposes other than those set forth in
407	a demand made under Subsection (3).
408	Section 3. Section 57-8-3 is amended to read:
409	57-8-3. Definitions.
410	As used in this chapter:
411	(1) "Assessment" means any charge imposed by the association, including:
412	(a) common expenses on or against a unit owner pursuant to the provisions of the
413	declaration, bylaws, or this chapter; and
414	(b) an amount that an association of unit owners assesses to a unit owner under
415	Subsection 57-8-43(9)(g).
416	(2) "Association of unit owners" or "association" means all of the unit owners:
417	(a) acting as a group in accordance with the declaration and bylaws; or
418	(b) organized as a legal entity in accordance with the declaration.
419	(3) "Building" means a building, containing units, and comprising a part of the
420	property.
421	(4) "Commercial condominium project" means a condominium project that has no
422	residential units within the project.
423	(5) "Common areas and facilities" unless otherwise provided in the declaration or
424	lawful amendments to the declaration means:
425	(a) the land included within the condominium project, whether leasehold or in fee
426	simple;
427	(b) the foundations, columns, girders, beams, supports, main walls, roofs, halls,
428	corridors, lobbies, stairs, stairways, fire escapes, entrances, and exits of the building;

429 (c) the basements, yards, gardens, parking areas, and storage spaces; 430 (d) the premises for lodging of janitors or persons in charge of the property; 431 (e) installations of central services such as power, light, gas, hot and cold water, 432 heating, refrigeration, air conditioning, and incinerating; 433 (f) the elevators, tanks, pumps, motors, fans, compressors, ducts, and in general all 434 apparatus and installations existing for common use; 435 (g) such community and commercial facilities as may be provided for in the 436 declaration: and 437 (h) all other parts of the property necessary or convenient to its existence, maintenance, 438 and safety, or normally in common use. 439 (6) "Common expenses" means: 440 (a) all sums lawfully assessed against the unit owners; 441 (b) expenses of administration, maintenance, repair, or replacement of the common 442 areas and facilities; 443 (c) expenses agreed upon as common expenses by the association of unit owners; and 444 (d) expenses declared common expenses by this chapter, or by the declaration or the 445 bylaws. 446 (7) "Common profits." unless otherwise provided in the declaration or lawful 447 amendments to the declaration, means the balance of all income, rents, profits, and revenues 448 from the common areas and facilities remaining after the deduction of the common expenses. 449 (8) "Condominium" means the ownership of a single unit in a multiunit project 450 together with an undivided interest in common in the common areas and facilities of the 451 property. 452 (9) "Condominium plat" means a plat or plats of survey of land and units prepared in 453 accordance with Section 57-8-13. 454 (10) "Condominium project" means a real estate condominium project; a plan or 455 project whereby two or more units, whether contained in existing or proposed apartments, 456 commercial or industrial buildings or structures, or otherwise, are separately offered or 457 proposed to be offered for sale. Condominium project also means the property when the 458 context so requires. 459 (11) "Condominium unit" means a unit together with the undivided interest in the

common areas and facilities appertaining to that unit. Any reference in this chapter to a condominium unit includes both a physical unit together with its appurtenant undivided interest in the common areas and facilities and a time period unit together with its appurtenant undivided interest, unless the reference is specifically limited to a time period unit.

- (12) "Contractible condominium" means a condominium project from which one or more portions of the land within the project may be withdrawn in accordance with provisions of the declaration and of this chapter. If the withdrawal can occur only by the expiration or termination of one or more leases, then the condominium project is not a contractible condominium within the meaning of this chapter.
- (13) "Convertible land" means a building site which is a portion of the common areas and facilities, described by metes and bounds, within which additional units or limited common areas and facilities may be created in accordance with this chapter.
- (14) "Convertible space" means a portion of the structure within the condominium project, which portion may be converted into one or more units or common areas and facilities, including limited common areas and facilities in accordance with this chapter.
- (15) "Declarant" means all persons who execute the declaration or on whose behalf the declaration is executed. From the time of the recordation of any amendment to the declaration expanding an expandable condominium, all persons who execute that amendment or on whose behalf that amendment is executed shall also come within this definition. Any successors of the persons referred to in this subsection who come to stand in the same relation to the condominium project as their predecessors also come within this definition.
- (16) "Declaration" means the instrument by which the property is submitted to the provisions of this act, as it from time to time may be lawfully amended.
 - (17) "Electrical corporation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 54-2-1.
- (18) "Expandable condominium" means a condominium project to which additional land or an interest in it may be added in accordance with the declaration and this chapter.
 - (19) "Gas corporation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 54-2-1.
 - (20) "Governing documents":
 - (a) means a written instrument by which an association of unit owners may:
- (i) exercise powers; or
- 490 (ii) manage, maintain, or otherwise affect the property under the jurisdiction of the

491	association of unit owners; and
492	(b) includes:
493	(i) articles of incorporation;
494	(ii) bylaws;
495	(iii) a plat;
496	(iv) a declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions; and
497	(v) rules of the association of unit owners.
498	(21) "Independent third party" means a person that:
499	(a) is not related to the unit owner;
500	(b) shares no pecuniary interests with the unit owner; and
501	(c) purchases the unit in good faith and without the intent to defraud a current or future
502	lienholder.
503	(22) "Judicial foreclosure" means a foreclosure of a unit:
504	(a) for the nonpayment of an assessment;
505	(b) in the manner provided by law for the foreclosure of a mortgage on real property;
506	and
507	(c) as provided in this chapter.
508	(23) "Leasehold condominium" means a condominium project in all or any portion of
509	which each unit owner owns an estate for years in his unit, or in the land upon which that unit
510	is situated, or both, with all those leasehold interests to expire naturally at the same time. A
511	condominium project including leased land, or an interest in the land, upon which no units are
512	situated or to be situated is not a leasehold condominium within the meaning of this chapter.
513	(24) "Limited common areas and facilities" means those common areas and facilities
514	designated in the declaration as reserved for use of a certain unit or units to the exclusion of the
515	other units.
516	(25) "Majority" or "majority of the unit owners," unless otherwise provided in the
517	declaration or lawful amendments to the declaration, means the owners of more than 50% in
518	the aggregate in interest of the undivided ownership of the common areas and facilities.
519	(26) "Management committee" means the committee as provided in the declaration
520	charged with and having the responsibility and authority to make and to enforce all of the
521	reasonable rules covering the operation and maintenance of the property.

522	(27) "Management committee meeting" means a gathering of a management
523	committee, whether in person or by means of electronic communication, at which the
524	management committee can take binding action.
525	(28) (a) "Means of electronic communication" means an electronic system that allows
526	individuals to communicate orally in real time.
527	(b) "Means of electronic communication" includes:
528	(i) web conferencing;
529	(ii) video conferencing; and
530	(iii) telephone conferencing.
531	(29) "Mixed-use condominium project" means a condominium project that has both
532	residential and commercial units in the condominium project.
533	(30) "Nonjudicial foreclosure" means the sale of a unit:
534	(a) for the nonpayment of an assessment;
535	(b) in the same manner as the sale of trust property under Sections 57-1-19 through
536	57-1-34; and
537	(c) as provided in this chapter.
538	(31) "Par value" means a number of dollars or points assigned to each unit by the
539	declaration. Substantially identical units shall be assigned the same par value, but units located
540	at substantially different heights above the ground, or having substantially different views, or
541	having substantially different amenities or other characteristics that might result in differences
542	in market value, may be considered substantially identical within the meaning of this
543	subsection. If par value is stated in terms of dollars, that statement may not be considered to
544	reflect or control the sales price or fair market value of any unit, and no opinion, appraisal, or
545	fair market transaction at a different figure may affect the par value of any unit, or any
546	undivided interest in the common areas and facilities, voting rights in the unit owners'
547	association, liability for common expenses, or right to common profits, assigned on the basis
548	thereof.
549	(32) "Period of administrative control" means the period of control described in
550	Subsection 57-8-16.5(1).
551	(33) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, association, trustee, or
552	other legal entity.

553	(34) "Political sign" means any sign or document that advocates:
554	(a) the election or defeat of a candidate for public office; or
555	(b) the approval or defeat of a ballot proposition.
556	[(34)] (35) "Property" means the land, whether leasehold or in fee simple, the building,
557	if any, all improvements and structures thereon, all easements, rights, and appurtenances
558	belonging thereto, and all articles of personal property intended for use in connection
559	therewith.
560	[(35)] (36) "Record," "recording," "recorded," and "recorder" have the meaning stated
561	in Chapter 3, Recording of Documents.
562	[(36)] (37) "Rentals" or "rental unit" means:
563	(a) a unit that:
564	(i) is not owned by an entity or trust; and
565	(ii) is occupied by an individual while the unit owner is not occupying the unit as the
566	unit owner's primary residence; or
567	(b) an occupied unit owned by an entity or trust, regardless of who occupies the unit.
568	[(37)] (38) "Size" means the number of cubic feet, or the number of square feet of
569	ground or floor space, within each unit as computed by reference to the record of survey map
570	and rounded off to a whole number. Certain spaces within the units including attic, basement,
571	or garage space may be omitted from the calculation or be partially discounted by the use of a
572	ratio, if the same basis of calculation is employed for all units in the condominium project and
573	if that basis is described in the declaration.
574	[(38)] (39) "Time period unit" means an annually recurring part or parts of a year
575	specified in the declaration as a period for which a unit is separately owned and includes a
576	timeshare estate as defined in Section 57-19-2.
577	[(39)] <u>(40)</u> "Unconstructed unit" means a unit that:
578	(a) is intended, as depicted in the condominium plat, to be fully or partially contained
579	in a building; and
580	(b) is not constructed.
581	[(40)] (41) (a) "Unit" means a separate part of the property intended for any type of
582	independent use, which is created by the recording of a declaration and a condominium plat
583	that describes the unit boundaries.

584	(b) "Unit" includes one or more rooms or spaces located in one or more floors or a
585	portion of a floor in a building.
586	(c) "Unit" includes a convertible space, in accordance with Subsection 57-8-13.4(3).
587	[41) (42) "Unit number" means the number, letter, or combination of numbers and
588	letters designating the unit in the declaration and in the record of survey map.
589	$\left[\frac{(42)}{(43)}\right]$ "Unit owner" means the person or persons owning a unit in fee simple and
590	an undivided interest in the fee simple estate of the common areas and facilities in the
591	percentage specified and established in the declaration or, in the case of a leasehold
592	condominium project, the person or persons whose leasehold interest or interests in the
593	condominium unit extend for the entire balance of the unexpired term or terms.
594	Section 4. Section 57-8-8.2 is amended to read:
595	57-8-8.2. Electric vehicle charging systems Restrictions Responsibilities.
596	(1) As used in this section:
597	(a) "Charging system" means a device that is:
598	(i) used to provide electricity to an electric or hybrid electric vehicle; and
599	(ii) designed to ensure a safe connection between the electric grid and the vehicle.
600	(b) "General electrical contractor" means the same as that term is defined in Section
601	58-55-102.
602	(c) "Residential electrical contractor" means the same as that term is defined in Section
603	58-55-102.
604	(2) Notwithstanding any provision in an association's governing documents to the
605	contrary, an association may not prohibit a unit owner from installing or using a charging
606	system in:
607	(a) a parking space:
608	(i) assigned to the unit owner's unit; and
609	(ii) used for the parking or storage of a vehicle or equipment; or
610	(b) a limited common area parking space designated for the unit owner's exclusive use.
611	(3) An association may:
612	(a) require a unit owner to submit an application for approval of the installation of a
613	charging system;
614	(b) require the unit owner to agree in writing to:

615 (i) hire a general electrical contractor or residential electrical contractor to install the charging system; or 616 617 (ii) if a charging system is installed in a common area, provide reimbursement to the 618 association for the actual cost of the increase in the association's insurance premium 619 attributable to the installation or use of the charging system; 620 (c) require a charging system to comply with: 621 (i) the association's reasonable design criteria governing the dimensions, placement, or 622 external appearance of the charging system; or 623 (ii) applicable building codes; 624 (d) impose a reasonable charge to cover costs associated with the review and 625 permitting of a charging [station] system; 626 (e) impose a reasonable restriction on the installation and use of a charging [station] 627 system that does not significantly: 628 (i) increase the cost of the charging [station] system; or 629 (ii) decrease the efficiency or performance of the charging [station] system; or 630 (f) require a unit owner to pay the costs associated with installation, metering, and use 631 of the charging [station] system, including the cost of: 632 (i) electricity associated with the charging [station] system; and 633 (ii) damage to a general common area, a limited common area, or an area subject to the 634 exclusive use of another unit owner that results from the installation, use, maintenance, repair, 635 removal, or replacement of the charging [station] system. 636 (4) A unit owner who installs a charging system shall disclose to a prospective buyer of 637 the unit: 638 (a) the existence of the charging [station] system; and 639 (b) the unit owner's related responsibilities under this section. 640 (5) Unless the unit owner and the association or the declarant otherwise agree: 641 (a) a charging [station] system installed under this section is the personal property of 642 the unit owner of the unit with which the charging station is associated; and 643 (b) a unit owner who installs a charging [station] system shall, before transferring ownership of the owner's unit, unless the prospective buyer of the unit accepts ownership and 644 645 all rights and responsibilities that apply to the charging station under this section:

646	(i) remove the charging [station] system; and
647	(ii) restore the premises to the condition before installation of the charging [station]
648	system.
649	Section 5. Section 57-8-10.1 is amended to read:
650	57-8-10.1. Rental restrictions.
651	(1) (a) Subject to Subsections (1)(b), (5), and (6), an association of unit owners may:
652	(i) create restrictions on the number and term of rentals in a condominium project; or
653	(ii) prohibit rentals in the condominium project.
654	(b) An association of unit owners that creates a rental restriction or prohibition in
655	accordance with Subsection (1)(a) shall create the rental restriction or prohibition in a
656	declaration or by amending the declaration.
657	(2) If an association of unit owners prohibits or imposes restrictions on the number and
658	term of rentals, the restrictions shall include:
659	(a) a provision that requires a condominium project to exempt from the rental
660	restrictions the following unit owner and the unit owner's unit:
661	(i) a unit owner in the military for the period of the unit owner's deployment;
662	(ii) a unit occupied by a unit owner's parent, child, or sibling;
663	(iii) a unit owner whose employer has relocated the unit owner for two years or less;
664	(iv) a unit owned by an entity that is occupied by an individual who:
665	(A) has voting rights under the entity's organizing documents; and
666	(B) has a 25% or greater share of ownership, control, and right to profits and losses of
667	the entity; or
668	(v) a unit owned by a trust or other entity created for estate planning purposes if the
669	trust or other estate planning entity was created for the estate of:
670	(A) a current resident of the unit; or
671	(B) the parent, child, or sibling of the current resident of the unit;
672	(b) a provision that allows a unit owner who has a rental in the condominium project
673	before the time the rental restriction described in Subsection (1)(a) is recorded with the county
674	recorder of the county in which the condominium project is located to continue renting until:
675	(i) the unit owner occupies the unit;
676	(ii) an officer, owner, member, trustee, beneficiary, director, or person holding a

677	similar position of ownership or control of an entity or trust that holds an ownership interest in
678	the unit, occupies the unit; or
679	(iii) the unit is transferred; and
680	(c) a requirement that the association of unit owners create, by rule or resolution,
681	procedures to:
682	(i) determine and track the number of rentals and units in the condominium project
683	subject to the provisions described in Subsections (2)(a) and (b); and
684	(ii) ensure consistent administration and enforcement of the rental restrictions.
685	(3) For purposes of Subsection (2)(b)(iii), a transfer occurs when one or more of the
686	following occur:
687	(a) the conveyance, sale, or other transfer of a unit by deed;
688	(b) the granting of a life estate in the unit; or
689	(c) if the unit is owned by a limited liability company, corporation, partnership, or
690	other business entity, the sale or transfer of more than 75% of the business entity's share, stock,
691	membership interests, or partnership interests in a 12-month period.
692	(4) This section does not limit or affect residency age requirements for an association
693	of unit owners that complies with the requirements of the Housing for Older Persons Act, 42
694	U.S.C. Sec. 3607.
695	(5) A declaration or amendment to a declaration recorded before transfer of the first
696	unit from the initial declarant may prohibit or restrict rentals without providing for the
697	exceptions, provisions, and procedures required under Subsection (2).
698	(6) (a) Subsections (1) through (5) do not apply to:
699	(i) a condominium project that contains a time period unit as defined in Section 57-8-3;
700	(ii) any other form of timeshare interest as defined in Section 57-19-2; or
701	(iii) subject to Subsection (6)(b), a condominium project in which the initial
702	declaration is recorded before May 12, 2009, unless, on or after May 12, 2015, the association
703	of unit owners:
704	(A) adopts a rental restriction or prohibition; or
705	(B) amends an existing rental restriction or prohibition.
706	(b) An association that adopts a rental restriction or amends an existing rental

restriction or prohibition before May 9, 2017, is not required to include the exemption

	708	described	in Subsection	(2)(a)(iv)
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- (7) Notwithstanding this section, an association of unit owners may restrict or prohibit rentals without an exception described in Subsection (2) if:
 - (a) the restriction or prohibition receives unanimous approval by all unit owners; and
- (b) when the restriction or prohibition requires an amendment to the association of unit owners' declaration, the association of unit owners fulfills all other requirements for amending the declaration described in the association of unit owners' governing documents.
- (8) Except as provided in Subsection (9), an association of unit owners may not require a unit owner who owns a rental unit to:
 - (a) obtain the association of unit owners' approval of a prospective renter;
 - (b) give the association of unit owners:
 - (i) a copy of a rental application;
 - (ii) a copy of a renter's or prospective renter's credit information or credit report;
 - (iii) a copy of a renter's or prospective renter's background check; or
 - (iv) documentation to verify the renter's age; or
 - (c) pay an additional assessment, fine, or fee because the unit is a rental unit.
- (9) (a) A unit owner who owns a rental unit shall give an association of unit owners the documents described in Subsection (8)(b) if the unit owner is required to provide the documents by court order or as part of discovery under the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
- (b) If an association of unit owners' declaration lawfully prohibits or restricts occupancy of the units by a certain class of individuals, the association of unit owners may require a unit owner who owns a rental unit to give the association of unit owners the information described in Subsection (8)(b), if:
- (i) the information helps the association of unit owners determine whether the renter's occupancy of the unit complies with the association of unit owners' declaration; and
- (ii) the association of unit owners uses the information to determine whether the renter's occupancy of the unit complies with the association of unit owners' declaration.
- (c) An association that permits at least 35% of the units in the association to be rental units may charge a unit owner who owns a rental unit an annual fee of up to \$250 to defray the association's additional administrative expenses directly related to a unit that is a rental unit.
 - (10) The provisions of Subsections (8) and (9) apply to an association of unit owners

739 regardless of when the association of unit owners is created. 740 Section 6. Section **57-8a-102** is amended to read: 741 **57-8a-102. Definitions.** 742 As used in this chapter: 743 (1) (a) "Assessment" means a charge imposed or levied: 744 (i) by the association: 745 (ii) on or against a lot or a lot owner; and 746 (iii) pursuant to a governing document recorded with the county recorder. 747 (b) "Assessment" includes: 748 (i) a common expense; and 749 (ii) an amount assessed against a lot owner under Subsection 57-8a-405(7). 750 (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), "association" means a corporation or 751 other legal entity, any member of which: 752 (i) is an owner of a residential lot located within the jurisdiction of the association, as 753 described in the governing documents; and 754 (ii) by virtue of membership or ownership of a residential lot is obligated to pay: 755 (A) real property taxes; 756 (B) insurance premiums; 757 (C) maintenance costs; or 758 (D) for improvement of real property not owned by the member. 759 (b) "Association" or "homeowner association" does not include an association created 760 under [Title 57, Chapter 8, Condominium Ownership Act] Chapter 8, Condominium 761 Ownership Act. 762 (3) "Board meeting" means a gathering of a board, whether in person or by means of 763 electronic communication, at which the board can take binding action. 764 (4) "Board of directors" or "board" means the entity, regardless of name, with primary 765 authority to manage the affairs of the association. 766 (5) "Common areas" means property that the association: 767 (a) owns; 768 (b) maintains; 769 (c) repairs; or

770	(d) administers.
771	(6) "Common expense" means costs incurred by the association to exercise any of the
772	powers provided for in the association's governing documents.
773	(7) "Declarant":
774	(a) means the person who executes a declaration and submits it for recording in the
775	office of the recorder of the county in which the property described in the declaration is
776	located; and
777	(b) includes the person's successor and assign.
778	(8) "Electrical corporation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 54-2-1.
779	(9) "Gas corporation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 54-2-1.
780	(10) (a) "Governing documents" means a written instrument by which the association
781	may:
782	(i) exercise powers; or
783	(ii) manage, maintain, or otherwise affect the property under the jurisdiction of the
784	association.
785	(b) "Governing documents" includes:
786	(i) articles of incorporation;
787	(ii) bylaws;
788	(iii) a plat;
789	(iv) a declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions; and
790	(v) rules of the association.
791	(11) "Independent third party" means a person that:
792	(a) is not related to the owner of the residential lot;
793	(b) shares no pecuniary interests with the owner of the residential lot; and
794	(c) purchases the residential lot in good faith and without the intent to defraud a curren
795	or future lienholder.
796	(12) "Judicial foreclosure" means a foreclosure of a lot:
797	(a) for the nonpayment of an assessment;
798	(b) in the manner provided by law for the foreclosure of a mortgage on real property;
799	and
800	(c) as provided in Part 3, Collection of Assessments.

801	(13) "Lease" or "leasing" means regular, exclusive occupancy of a lot:
802	(a) by a person or persons other than the owner; and
803	(b) for which the owner receives a consideration or benefit, including a fee, service,
804	gratuity, or emolument.
805	(14) "Limited common areas" means common areas described in the declaration and
806	allocated for the exclusive use of one or more lot owners.
807	(15) "Lot" means:
808	(a) a lot, parcel, plot, or other division of land:
809	(i) designated for separate ownership or occupancy; and
810	(ii) (A) shown on a recorded subdivision plat; or
811	(B) the boundaries of which are described in a recorded governing document; or
812	(b) (i) a unit in a condominium association if the condominium association is a part of
813	a development; or
814	(ii) a unit in a real estate cooperative if the real estate cooperative is part of a
815	development.
816	(16) (a) "Means of electronic communication" means an electronic system that allows
817	individuals to communicate orally in real time.
818	(b) "Means of electronic communication" includes:
819	(i) web conferencing;
820	(ii) video conferencing; and
821	(iii) telephone conferencing.
822	(17) "Mixed-use project" means a project under this chapter that has both residential
823	and commercial lots in the project.
824	(18) "Nonjudicial foreclosure" means the sale of a lot:
825	(a) for the nonpayment of an assessment;
826	(b) in the same manner as the sale of trust property under Sections 57-1-19 through
827	57-1-34; and
828	(c) as provided in Part 3, Collection of Assessments.
829	(19) "Period of administrative control" means the period during which the person who
830	filed the association's governing documents or the person's successor in interest retains
831	authority to:

332	(a) appoint or remove members of the association's board of directors; or
333	(b) exercise power or authority assigned to the association under the association's
334	governing documents.
335	(20) "Political sign" means any sign or document that advocates:
336	(a) the election or defeat of a candidate for public office; or
337	(b) the approval or defeat of a ballot proposition.
338	[(20)] (21) "Rentals" or "rental lot" means:
339	(a) a lot that:
340	(i) is not owned by an entity or trust; and
341	(ii) is occupied by an individual while the lot owner is not occupying the lot as the lot
342	owner's primary residence; or
343	(b) an occupied lot owned by an entity or trust, regardless of who occupies the lot.
344	[(21)] (22) "Residential lot" means a lot, the use of which is limited by law, covenant
345	or otherwise to primarily residential or recreational purposes.
846	(23) (a) "Rule" means a policy, guideline, restriction, procedure, or regulation of an
347	association that:
348	(i) is not set forth in a contract, easement, article of incorporation, bylaw, or
349	declaration; and
350	(ii) governs:
351	(A) the conduct of persons; or
352	(B) the use, quality, type, design, or appearance of real property or personal property.
353	(b) "Rule" does not include the internal business operating procedures of a board.
354	[(22)] <u>(24)</u> "Solar energy system" means:
355	(a) a system that is used to produce electric energy from sunlight; and
356	(b) the components of the system described in Subsection $[\frac{(22)(a)}{a}]$ (24)(a).
357	Section 7. Section 57-8a-105 is amended to read:
358	57-8a-105. Registration with Department of Commerce Department
359	publication of educational materials.
360	(1) As used in this section, "department" means the Department of Commerce created
361	in Section 13-1-2.
362	(2) (a) No later than 90 days after the recording of a declaration of covenants,

conditions, and restrictions establishing an association, the association shall register with the department in the manner established by the department.

- (b) An association existing under a declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions recorded before May 10, 2011, shall, no later than July 1, 2011, register with the department in the manner established by the department.
- (3) The department shall require an association registering as required in this section to provide with each registration:
 - (a) the name and address of the association;
- (b) the name, address, telephone number, and, if applicable, email address of the chair of the association board;
 - (c) contact information for the manager;
- (d) the name, address, telephone number, and, if the contact person wishes to use email or facsimile transmission for communicating payoff information, the email address or facsimile number, as applicable, of a primary contact person who has association payoff information that a closing agent needs in connection with the closing of a lot owner's financing, refinancing, or sale of the owner's lot; and
 - (e) a registration fee not to exceed \$37.
- (4) An association that has registered under Subsection (2) shall submit to the department an updated registration, in the manner established by the department, within 90 days after a change in any of the information provided under Subsection (3).
- (5) (a) During any period of noncompliance with the registration requirement described in Subsection (2) or the requirement for an updated registration described in Subsection (4):
 - (i) a lien may not arise under Section 57-8a-301; and
 - (ii) an association may not enforce an existing lien that arose under Section 57-8a-301.
- (b) A period of noncompliance with the registration requirement of Subsection (2) or with the updated registration requirement of Subsection (4) does not begin until after the expiration of the 90-day period specified in Subsection (2) or (4), respectively.
- (c) An association that is not in compliance with the registration requirement described in Subsection (2) may end the period of noncompliance by registering with the department in the manner established by the department under Subsection (2).
 - (d) An association that is not in compliance with the updated registration requirement

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894	described in Subsection (4) may end the period of noncompliance by submitting to the
895	department an updated registration in the manner established by the department under
896	Subsection (4).
897	(e) Except as described in Subsection (5)(f), beginning on the date an association ends
898	a period of noncompliance:
899	(i) a lien may arise under Section 57-8a-301 for any event that:
900	(A) occurred during the period of noncompliance; and
901	(B) would have given rise to a lien under Section 57-8a-301 had the association been in
902	compliance with the registration requirements described in this section; and
903	(ii) an association may enforce a lien described in this Subsection (5)(e) or a lien that
904	existed before the period of noncompliance.
905	(f) If an owner's residential lot is conveyed to an independent third party during a
906	period of noncompliance described in this Subsection (5):
907	(i) a lien that arose under Section 57-8a-301 before the conveyance of the residential
908	lot became final is extinguished when the conveyance of the residential lot becomes final; and
909	(ii) an event that occurred before the conveyance of the residential lot became final,
910	and that would have given rise to a lien under Section 57-8a-301 had the association been in
911	compliance with the registration requirements of this section, may not give rise to a lien under
912	Section 57-8a-301 if the conveyance of the residential lot becomes final before the association
913	ends the period of noncompliance.
914	(6) The department shall publish educational materials on the department's website
915	providing, in simple and easy to understand language, a brief overview of state law governing
916	associations, including:
917	(a) a description of the rights and responsibilities provided in this chapter to any party
918	under the jurisdiction of an association; and
919	(b) instructions regarding how an association may be organized and dismantled in
920	accordance with this chapter.

923 Section 8. Section **57-8a-209** is amended to read:

registers with the department under this section.

57-8a-209. Rental restrictions.

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(7) Unless otherwise expressly exempted, this chapter applies to an association that

925 (1) (a) Subject to Subsections (1)(b), (5), (6), and (10), an association may: 926 (i) create restrictions on the number and term of rentals in an association; or 927 (ii) prohibit rentals in the association. 928 (b) An association that creates a rental restriction or prohibition in accordance with 929 Subsection (1)(a) shall create the rental restriction or prohibition in a recorded declaration of 930 covenants, conditions, and restrictions, or by amending the recorded declaration of covenants, 931 conditions, and restrictions. 932 (2) If an association prohibits or imposes restrictions on the number and term of 933 rentals, the restrictions shall include: 934 (a) a provision that requires the association to exempt from the rental restrictions the 935 following lot owner and the lot owner's lot: 936 (i) a lot owner in the military for the period of the lot owner's deployment; 937 (ii) a lot occupied by a lot owner's parent, child, or sibling: (iii) a lot owner whose employer has relocated the lot owner for two years or less; 938 939 (iv) a lot owned by an entity that is occupied by an individual who: 940 (A) has voting rights under the entity's organizing documents; and 941 (B) has a 25% or greater share of ownership, control, and right to profits and losses of 942 the entity: or 943 (v) a lot owned by a trust or other entity created for estate planning purposes if the trust 944 or other estate planning entity was created for: 945 (A) the estate of a current resident of the lot; or 946 (B) the parent, child, or sibling of the current resident of the lot; 947 (b) a provision that allows a lot owner who has a rental in the association before the 948 time the rental restriction described in Subsection (1)(a) is recorded with the county recorder of 949 the county in which the association is located to continue renting until: 950 (i) the lot owner occupies the lot; 951 (ii) an officer, owner, member, trustee, beneficiary, director, or person holding a 952 similar position of ownership or control of an entity or trust that holds an ownership interest in 953 the lot, occupies the lot; or 954 (iii) the lot is transferred; and

(c) a requirement that the association create, by rule or resolution, procedures to:

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an exception described in Subsection (2) if:

956 (i) determine and track the number of rentals and lots in the association subject to the 957 provisions described in Subsections (2)(a) and (b); and 958 (ii) ensure consistent administration and enforcement of the rental restrictions. 959 (3) For purposes of Subsection (2)(b)(iii), a transfer occurs when one or more of the 960 following occur: 961 (a) the conveyance, sale, or other transfer of a lot by deed; 962 (b) the granting of a life estate in the lot; or 963 (c) if the lot is owned by a limited liability company, corporation, partnership, or other 964 business entity, the sale or transfer of more than 75% of the business entity's share, stock, 965 membership interests, or partnership interests in a 12-month period. 966 (4) This section does not limit or affect residency age requirements for an association 967 that complies with the requirements of the Housing for Older Persons Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 968 3607. 969 (5) A declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions or amendments to the 970 declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions recorded before the transfer of the first lot 971 from the initial declarant may prohibit or restrict rentals without providing for the exceptions, 972 provisions, and procedures required under Subsection (2). 973 (6) (a) Subsections (1) through (5) do not apply to: 974 (i) an association that contains a time period unit as defined in Section 57-8-3; 975 (ii) any other form of timeshare interest as defined in Section 57-19-2; or 976 (iii) subject to Subsection (6)(b), an association that is formed before May 12, 2009, 977 unless, on or after May 12, 2015, the association: 978 (A) adopts a rental restriction or prohibition; or 979 (B) amends an existing rental restriction or prohibition. 980 (b) An association that adopts a rental restriction or amends an existing rental 981 restriction or prohibition before May 9, 2017, is not required to include the exemption 982 described in Subsection (2)(a)(iv). 983 (7) Notwithstanding this section, an association may restrict or prohibit rentals without

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(a) the restriction or prohibition receives unanimous approval by all lot owners; and

(b) when the restriction or prohibition requires an amendment to the association's

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recorded declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions, the association fulfills all other requirements for amending the recorded declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions described in the association's governing documents.

- (8) Except as provided in Subsection (9), an association may not require a lot owner who owns a rental lot to:
 - (a) obtain the association's approval of a prospective renter;
 - (b) give the association:
 - (i) a copy of a rental application;
 - (ii) a copy of a renter's or prospective renter's credit information or credit report;
 - (iii) a copy of a renter's or prospective renter's background check; or
 - (iv) documentation to verify the renter's age; or
 - (c) pay an additional assessment, fine, or fee because the lot is a rental lot.
- (9) (a) A lot owner who owns a rental lot shall give an association the documents described in Subsection (8)(b) if the lot owner is required to provide the documents by court order or as part of discovery under the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
- (b) If an association's declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions lawfully prohibits or restricts occupancy of the lots by a certain class of individuals, the association may require a lot owner who owns a rental lot to give the association the information described in Subsection (8)(b), if:
- (i) the information helps the association determine whether the renter's occupancy of the lot complies with the association's declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions;
 and
- (ii) the association uses the information to determine whether the renter's occupancy of the lot complies with the association's declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions.
- (c) An association that permits at least 35% of the lots in the association to be rental lots may charge a lot owner who owns a rental lot an annual fee of up to \$250 to defray the association's additional administrative expenses directly related to a lot that is a rental lot.
- (10) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), an association may not restrict or prohibit the rental of an internal accessory dwelling unit, as defined in Section 10-9a-530, constructed within a lot owner's residential lot, if the internal accessory dwelling unit complies with all applicable:

1018	(a) land use ordinances;
1019	(b) building codes;
1020	(c) health codes; and
1021	(d) fire codes.
1022	(11) The provisions of Subsections (8) through (10) apply to an association regardless
1023	of when the association is created.
1024	Section 9. Section 57-8a-217 is amended to read:
1025	57-8a-217. Association rules, including design criteria Requirements and
1026	limitations relating to board's action on rules and design criteria Vote of disapproval.
1027	(1) (a) Subject to Subsection (1)(b), a board may adopt, amend, modify, cancel, limit,
1028	create exceptions to, or expand[, or enforce] the rules [and design criteria] of the association.
1029	(b) A board's action under Subsection (1)(a) is subject to:
1030	(i) this section;
1031	(ii) any limitation that the declaration imposes on the authority stated in Subsection
1032	(1)(a);
1033	(iii) the limitation on rules in Sections 57-8a-218 and 57-8a-219;
1034	(iv) the board's duty to exercise business judgment on behalf of:
1035	(A) the association; and
1036	(B) the lot owners in the association; [and]
1037	(v) the right of the lot owners or declarant to disapprove the action under Subsection
1038	(4)[-]; and
1039	(vi) Subsection (7).
1040	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), before adopting, amending, modifying,
1041	canceling, limiting, creating exceptions to, or expanding the rules [and design criteria] of the
1042	association, the board shall:
1043	(a) at least 15 days before the board will meet to consider a change to a rule or design
1044	criterion, deliver notice to lot owners, as provided in Section 57-8a-214, that the board is
1045	considering a change to a rule or design criterion;
1046	(b) provide an open forum at the board meeting giving lot owners an opportunity to be
1047	heard at the board meeting before the board takes action under Subsection (1)(a); and
1048	(c) deliver a copy of the change in the rules or design criteria approved by the board to

1049	the lot owners as provided in Section 57-8a-214 within 15 days after the date of the board
1050	meeting.
1051	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), a board may adopt a rule without first giving
1052	notice to the lot owners under Subsection (2) if there is an imminent risk of harm to a commor
1053	area, a limited common area, a lot owner, an occupant of a lot, a lot, or a dwelling.
1054	(b) The board shall provide notice under Subsection (2) to the lot owners of a rule
1055	adopted under Subsection (3)(a).
1056	(4) A board action in accordance with Subsections (1), (2), and (3) is disapproved if
1057	within 60 days after the date of the board meeting where the action was taken:
1058	(a) (i) there is a vote of disapproval by at least 51% of all the allocated voting interests
1059	of the lot owners in the association; and
1060	(ii) the vote is taken at a special meeting called for that purpose by the lot owners
1061	under the declaration, articles, or bylaws; or
1062	(b) (i) the declarant delivers to the board a writing of disapproval; and
1063	(ii) (A) the declarant is within the period of administrative control; or
1064	(B) for an expandable project, the declarant has the right to add real estate to the
1065	project.
1066	(5) (a) The board has no obligation to call a meeting of the lot owners to consider
1067	disapproval, unless lot owners submit a petition, in the same manner as the declaration,
1068	articles, or bylaws provide for a special meeting, for the meeting to be held.
1069	(b) Upon the board receiving a petition under Subsection (5)(a), the effect of the
1070	board's action is:
1071	(i) stayed until after the meeting is held; and
1072	(ii) subject to the outcome of the meeting.
1073	(6) During the period of administrative control, a declarant may exempt the declarant
1074	from association rules and the rulemaking procedure under this section if the declaration
1075	reserves to the declarant the right to exempt the declarant.
1076	(7) An action against an association or member of the association's board based upon
1077	failure to comply with the requirements of Subsection (2) shall be commenced no later than 18
1078	months after the day on which the board took the challenged action under Subsection (2).

Section 10. Section **57-8a-218** is amended to read:

1080	57-8a-218. Equal treatment by rules required Limits on association rules and
1081	design criteria.
1082	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), a rule shall treat similarly situated lot
1083	owners similarly.
1084	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a rule may:
1085	(i) vary according to the level and type of service that the association provides to lot
1086	owners;
1087	(ii) differ between residential and nonresidential uses; and
1088	(iii) for a lot that an owner leases for a term of less than 30 days, impose a reasonable
1089	limit on the number of individuals who may use the common areas and facilities as guests of
1090	the lot tenant or lot owner.
1091	(2) (a) If a lot owner owns a rental lot and is in compliance with the association's
1092	governing documents and any rule that the association adopts under Subsection (4), a rule may
1093	not treat the lot owner differently because the lot owner owns a rental lot.
1094	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), a rule may:
1095	(i) limit or prohibit a rental lot owner from using the common areas for purposes other
1096	than attending an association meeting or managing the rental lot;
1097	(ii) if the rental lot owner retains the right to use the association's common areas, even
1098	occasionally:
1099	(A) charge a rental lot owner a fee to use the common areas; or
1100	(B) for a lot that an owner leases for a term of less than 30 days, impose a reasonable
1101	limit on the number of individuals who may use the common areas and facilities as guests of
1102	the lot tenant or lot owner; or
1103	(iii) include a provision in the association's governing documents that:
1104	(A) requires each tenant of a rental lot to abide by the terms of the governing
1105	documents; and
1106	(B) holds the tenant and the rental lot owner jointly and severally liable for a violation
1107	of a provision of the governing documents.
1108	(3) (a) A rule criterion may not abridge the rights of a lot owner to display a religious
1109	or holiday sign, symbol, or decoration:

(i) inside a dwelling on a lot; or

1111	(ii) outside a dwelling on:
1112	(A) a lot;
1113	(B) the exterior of the dwelling, unless the association has an ownership interest in, or
1114	a maintenance, repair, or replacement obligation for, the exterior; or
1115	(C) the front yard of the dwelling, unless the association has an ownership interest in,
1116	or a maintenance, repair, or replacement obligation for, the yard.
1117	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the association may adopt a reasonable time,
1118	place, and manner restriction with respect to a display that is:
1119	(i) outside a dwelling on:
1120	(A) a lot;
1121	(B) the exterior of the dwelling; or
1122	(C) the front yard of the dwelling; and
1123	(ii) visible from outside the lot.
1124	(4) (a) A rule may not prohibit a lot owner from displaying a political sign:
1125	(i) inside a dwelling on a lot; or
1126	(ii) outside a dwelling on:
1127	(A) a lot;
1128	(B) the exterior of the dwelling, regardless of whether the association has an ownership
1129	interest in the exterior; or
1130	(C) the front yard of the dwelling, regardless of whether the association has an
1131	ownership interest in the yard.
1132	(b) A rule may not regulate the content of a political sign.
1133	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), a rule may reasonably regulate the time, place,
1134	and manner of posting a political sign.
1135	(d) An association design provision may not establish design criteria for a political
1136	sign.
1137	(5) (a) A rule may not prohibit a lot owner from displaying a for-sale sign:
1138	(i) inside a dwelling on a lot; or
1139	(ii) outside a dwelling on:
1140	(A) a lot;
1141	(B) the exterior of the dwelling, regardless of whether the association has an ownership

1142	interest in the exterior; or
1143	(C) the front yard of the dwelling, regardless of whether the association has an
1144	ownership interest in the yard.
1145	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a), a rule may reasonably regulate the time, place
1146	and manner of posting a for-sale sign.
1147	(6) (a) A rule may not interfere with the freedom of a lot owner to determine the
1148	composition of the lot owner's household.
1149	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(a), an association may:
1150	(i) require that all occupants of a dwelling be members of a single housekeeping unit;
1151	or
1152	(ii) limit the total number of occupants permitted in each residential dwelling on the
1153	basis of the residential dwelling's:
1154	(A) size and facilities; and
1155	(B) fair use of the common areas.
1156	(7) (a) A rule may not interfere with a reasonable activity of a lot owner within the
1157	confines of a dwelling or lot, including backyard landscaping or amenities, to the extent that
1158	the activity is in compliance with local laws and ordinances, including nuisance laws and
1159	ordinances.
1160	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a), a rule may prohibit an activity within the
1161	confines of a dwelling or lot, including backyard landscaping or amenities, if the activity:
1162	(i) is not normally associated with a project restricted to residential use; or
1163	(ii) (A) creates monetary costs for the association or other lot owners;
1164	(B) creates a danger to the health or safety of occupants of other lots;
1165	(C) generates excessive noise or traffic;
1166	(D) creates unsightly conditions visible from outside the dwelling;
1167	(E) creates an unreasonable source of annoyance to persons outside the lot; or
1168	(F) if there are attached dwellings, creates the potential for smoke to enter another lot
1169	owner's dwelling, the common areas, or limited common areas.
1170	(c) If permitted by law, an association may adopt rules described in Subsection (7)(b)
1171	that affect the use of or behavior inside the dwelling.

(8) (a) A rule may not, to the detriment of a lot owner and over the lot owner's written

1173 objection to the board, alter the allocation of financial burdens among the various lots. 1174 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(a), an association may: 1175 (i) change the common areas available to a lot owner; 1176 (ii) adopt generally applicable rules for the use of common areas; or 1177 (iii) deny use privileges to a lot owner who: 1178 (A) is delinquent in paying assessments; 1179 (B) abuses the common areas; or 1180 (C) violates the governing documents. 1181 (c) This Subsection (8) does not permit a rule that: 1182 (i) alters the method of levying assessments; or 1183 (ii) increases the amount of assessments as provided in the declaration. 1184 (9) (a) Subject to Subsection (9)(b), a rule may not: (i) prohibit the transfer of a lot; or 1185 1186 (ii) require the consent of the association or board to transfer a lot. 1187 (b) Unless contrary to a declaration, a rule may require a minimum lease term. 1188 (10) (a) A rule may not require a lot owner to dispose of personal property that was in 1189 or on a lot before the adoption of the rule or design criteria if the personal property was in 1190 compliance with all rules and other governing documents previously in force. 1191 (b) The exemption in Subsection (10)(a): 1192 (i) applies during the period of the lot owner's ownership of the lot; and 1193 (ii) does not apply to a subsequent lot owner who takes title to the lot after adoption of 1194 the rule described in Subsection (10)(a). 1195 (11) A rule or action by the association or action by the board may not unreasonably 1196 impede a declarant's ability to satisfy existing development financing for community 1197 improvements and right to develop: 1198 (a) the project; or 1199 (b) other properties in the vicinity of the project. 1200 (12) A rule or association or board action may not interfere with: 1201 (a) the use or operation of an amenity that the association does not own or control; or 1202 (b) the exercise of a right associated with an easement. 1203 (13) A rule may not divest a lot owner of the right to proceed in accordance with a

1204	completed application for design review, or to proceed in accordance with another approval
1205	process, under the terms of the governing documents in existence at the time the completed
1206	application was submitted by the owner for review.
1207	(14) Unless otherwise provided in the declaration, an association may by rule:
1208	(a) regulate the use, maintenance, repair, replacement, and modification of common
1209	areas;
1210	(b) impose and receive any payment, fee, or charge for:
1211	(i) the use, rental, or operation of the common areas, except limited common areas; and
1212	(ii) a service provided to a lot owner;
1213	(c) impose a charge for a late payment of an assessment; or
1214	(d) provide for the indemnification of the association's officers and board consistent
1215	with Title 16, Chapter 6a, Utah Revised Nonprofit Corporation Act.
1216	(15) A rule may not prohibit a lot owner from installing a personal security camera
1217	immediately adjacent to the entryway, window, or other outside entry point of the owner's
1218	dwelling unit.
1219	(16) (a) An association[:]
1220	[(a)] shall adopt rules supporting water-efficient landscaping, including allowance for
1221	low water use on lawns during drought conditions[; and].
1222	(b) A rule may not:
1223	(i) prohibit or restrict the conversion of a grass park strip to water-efficient
1224	landscaping[-]; or
1225	(ii) prohibit low water use on lawns during drought conditions.
1226	(c) An association subject to this chapter and formed before March 5, 2023, shall adopt
1227	rules required under Subsection (16)(a) before June 30, 2023.
1228	(17) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (17)(b), a rule may not prohibit the owner of
1229	a residential lot from constructing an internal accessory dwelling unit, as defined in Section
1230	10-9a-530, within the owner's residential lot.
1231	(b) Subsection (17)(a) does not apply if the construction would violate:
1232	(i) a local land use ordinance;
1233	(ii) a building code;
1234	(iii) a health code; or

1235	(iv) a fire code.
1236	(18) A rule shall be reasonable.
1237	(19) A declaration, or an amendment to a declaration, may vary any of the
1238	requirements of Subsections (1), (2), (6), and (8) through (14), except Subsection (1)(b)(ii).
1239	(20) A rule may not be inconsistent with a provision of the association's declaration,
1240	bylaws, or articles of incorporation.
1241	(21) This section applies to an association regardless of when the association is
1242	created.
1243	Section 11. Section 57-8a-701 is amended to read:
1244	57-8a-701. Solar energy system Prohibition or restriction in declaration or
1245	association rule.
1246	(1) As used in this section, "detached dwelling" means a detached dwelling for which
1247	the association does not have an ownership interest in the detached dwelling's roof.
1248	(2) (a) A governing document other than a declaration may not prohibit an owner of a
1249	lot with:
1250	(i) a detached dwelling from installing a solar energy system; or
1251	(ii) a dwelling attached to other dwellings from installing a solar energy system, if:
1252	(A) the association does not have an ownership interest in the dwelling's roof or
1253	building exterior;
1254	(B) the association does not have a maintenance, repair, or replacement obligation in
1255	the dwelling's roof or building exterior; and
1256	(C) all lot owners with attached dwellings in the building agree to the installation of the
1257	solar energy system.
1258	(b) A governing document other than a declaration or an association rule may not
1259	restrict an owner of a lot with:
1260	(i) a detached dwelling from installing a solar energy system on the owner's lot; or
1261	(ii) a dwelling attached to other dwellings from installing a solar energy system on the
1262	roof of the dwelling's building, if:
1263	(A) the association does not have an ownership interest in the dwelling's roof or
1264	building exterior;
1265	(B) the association does not have a maintenance, repair, or replacement obligation in

the dwelling's roof or building exterior; and

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- 1267 (C) all lot owners with attached dwellings in the building agree to the installation of the solar energy system.
 - (3) A declaration may, for a lot with a detached dwelling:
- (a) prohibit a lot owner from installing a solar energy system; or
- 1271 (b) impose a restriction other than a prohibition on a solar energy system's size, 1272 location, or manner of placement if the restriction:
- (i) decreases the solar energy system's production by 5% or less;
 - (ii) increases the solar energy system's cost of installation by 5% or less; and
- 1275 (iii) complies with Subsection (6).
 - (4) (a) If a declaration does not expressly prohibit the installation of a solar energy system on a lot with a detached dwelling, an association may not amend the declaration to impose a prohibition on the installation of a solar energy system unless the association approves the prohibition by a vote of greater than 67% of the allocated voting interests of the lot owners in the association.
 - (b) An association may amend an existing provision in a declaration that prohibits the installation of a solar energy system on a lot with a detached dwelling if the association approves the amendment by a vote of greater than 67% of the allocated voting interests of the lot owners in the association.
 - (5) An association may, by association rule, for a lot with a detached dwelling, impose a restriction other than a prohibition on a lot owner's installation of a solar energy system if the restriction:
 - (a) complies with Subsection (6);
 - (b) decreases the solar energy system's production by 5% or less; and
 - (c) increases the solar energy system's cost of installation by 5% or less.
- 1291 (6) A declaration or an association rule may require an owner of a [detached] dwelling 1292 that installs a solar energy system on the owner's lot:
- 1293 (a) to install a solar energy system that, or install the solar energy system in a manner 1294 that:
- 1295 (i) complies with applicable health, safety, and building requirements established by 1296 the state or a political subdivision of the state;

1297	(ii) if the solar energy system is used to heat water, is certified by:
1298	(A) the Solar Rating and Certification Corporation; or
1299	(B) a nationally recognized solar certification entity;
1300	(iii) if the solar energy system is used to produce electricity, complies with applicable
1301	safety and performance standards established by:
1302	(A) the National Electric Code;
1303	(B) the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers;
1304	(C) Underwriters Laboratories;
1305	(D) an accredited electrical testing laboratory; or
1306	(E) the state or a political subdivision of the state;
1307	(iv) if the solar energy system is mounted on a roof:
1308	(A) does not extend above the roof line; or
1309	(B) has panel frame, support bracket, or visible piping or wiring that has a color or
1310	texture that is similar to the roof material; or
1311	(v) if the solar energy system is mounted on the ground, is not visible from the street
1312	that a lot fronts;
1313	(b) to pay any reasonable cost or expense incurred by the association to review an
1314	application to install a solar energy system;
1315	(c) be responsible, jointly and severally with any subsequent owner of the lot while the
1316	violation of the rule or requirement occurs, for any cost or expense incurred by the association
1317	to enforce a declaration requirement or association rule; or
1318	(d) as a condition of installing a solar energy system, to record a deed restriction
1319	against the owner's lot that runs with the land that requires the current owner of the lot to
1320	indemnify or reimburse the association or a member of the association for any loss or damage
1321	caused by the installation, maintenance, or use of the solar energy system, including costs and
1322	reasonable attorney fees incurred by the association or a member of the association.
1323	Section 12. Section 57-8a-802 is amended to read:
1324	57-8a-802. Electric vehicle charging systems Restrictions Responsibilities.
1325	(1) Notwithstanding any provision in an association's governing documents to the
1326	contrary, an association may not prohibit a lot owner from installing or using a charging system
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1328	(a) a parking space:
1329	(i) on the lot owner's lot; and
1330	(ii) used for the parking or storage of a vehicle or equipment; or
1331	(b) a limited common area parking space designated for the lot owner's exclusive use.
1332	(2) An association may:
1333	(a) require a lot owner to submit an application for approval of the installation of a
1334	charging system;
1335	(b) require the lot owner to agree in writing to:
1336	(i) hire a general electrical contractor or residential electrical contractor to install the
1337	charging system; or
1338	(ii) if a charging system is installed in a common area, provide reimbursement to the
1339	association for the actual cost of the increase in the association's insurance premium
1340	attributable to the installation or use of the charging system;
1341	(c) require a charging system to comply with:
1342	(i) the association's reasonable design criteria governing the dimensions, placement, or
1343	external appearance of the charging system; or
1344	(ii) applicable building codes;
1345	(d) impose a reasonable charge to cover costs associated with the review and
1346	permitting of a charging [station] system;
1347	(e) impose a reasonable restriction on the installation and use of a charging [station]
1348	system that does not significantly:
1349	(i) increase the cost of the charging [station] system; or
1350	(ii) decrease the efficiency or performance of the charging [station] system; or
1351	(f) require a lot owner to pay the costs associated with installation, metering, and use of
1352	the charging [station] system, including the cost of:
1353	(i) electricity associated with the charging [station] system; and
1354	(ii) damage to a general common area, a limited common area, or an area subject to the
1355	exclusive use of another lot owner that results from the installation, use, maintenance, repair,
1356	removal, or replacement of the charging [station] system.
1357	(3) A lot owner who installs a charging system shall disclose to a prospective buyer of
1358	the lot:

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1st Sub. (Green) S.B. 191

1359	(a) the existence of the charging [station] system; and
1360	(b) the lot owner's related responsibilities under this section.
1361	(4) Unless the lot owner and the association or the declarant otherwise agree:
1362	(a) a charging [station] system installed under this section is the personal property of
1363	the lot owner of the lot with which the charging [station] system is associated; and
1364	(b) a lot owner who installs a charging [station] system shall, before transferring
1365	ownership of the owner's lot, unless the prospective buyer of the lot accepts ownership and all
1366	rights and responsibilities that apply to the charging [station] system under this section:
1367	(i) remove the charging [station] system; and
1368	(ii) restore the premises to the condition before installation of the charging [station]
1369	system.