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### **JAIL PHOTO AMENDMENTS**

# 2024 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Keven J. Stratton

Senate Sponsor: Michael S. Kennedy

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#### LONG TITLE

#### 4 General Description:

5 This bill modifies provisions relating to the disclosure of an image taken during the process

6 of booking an individual into jail.

## 7 Highlighted Provisions:

- 8 This bill:
- 9 permits an alleged victim of a crime, or their representative in certain cases, to view a
- booking photo of a person who has been charged with a crime in relation to that victim; and
- 11 modifies relevant provisions in the Government Records Management and Access Act.
- 12 Money Appropriated in this Bill:
- None
- 14 Other Special Clauses:
- 15 None
- 16 Utah Code Sections Affected:
- 17 AMENDS:
- 18 **17-22-30**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 415
- 19 **63G-2-305**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 1, 16, 205, and 329

- 21 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*
- Section 1. Section 17-22-30 is amended to read:
- 23 17-22-30. Prohibition on providing copy of booking photograph -- Statement
- 24 required -- Victim access -- Criminal liability for false statement -- Remedy for failure to
- 25 remove or delete.
- 26 (1) As used in this section:
- 27 (a) "Booking photograph" means a photograph or image of an individual that is
- generated:

29	(i) for identification purposes; and
80	(ii) when the individual is booked into a county jail.
31	(b) "Publish-for-pay publication" or "publish-for-pay website" means a publication or
32	website that requires the payment of a fee or other consideration in order to remove
33	or delete a booking photograph from the publication or website.
34	(2) (a) A sheriff may not provide a copy of a booking photograph in any format to a
35	person requesting a copy of the booking photograph if:
86	[(a)] (i) the booking photograph will be placed in a publish-for-pay publication or
37	posted to a publish-for-pay website; or
88	[(b)] (ii) the booking photograph is a protected record under Subsection 63G-2-305
39	(81).
10	(b) (i) A sheriff shall display a copy of a booking photograph to a person requesting
1	to view the booking photograph if the person making the request:
12	(A) (I) is an alleged victim of a crime that resulted in the creation of the
13	booking photograph; and
14	(II) subject to Utah Rules of Evidence, Rule 617, the prosecuting agency with
15	jurisdiction consents; or
<b>l</b> 6	(B) if an alleged victim is deceased or incapacitated, is an immediate family
<b>!</b> 7	member, guardian, or conservator of an alleged victim of the crime that
18	resulted in the creation of the booking photograph.
19	(ii) A person entitled to view a booking photograph under Subsection (2)(b)(i) is not
50	permitted to:
51	(A) retain the booking photograph;
52	(B) make a copy, take a picture of, or otherwise reproduce the booking
53	photograph; or
54	(C) disseminate or distribute the booking photograph.
55	(3) (a) A person who requests a copy of a booking photograph from a sheriff shall, at the
56	time of making the request, submit a statement signed by the person affirming that
57	the booking photograph will not be placed in a publish-for-pay publication or posted
8	to a publish-for-pay website.
59	(b) A person who submits a false statement under Subsection (3)(a) is subject to criminal
60	liability as provided in Section 76-8-504.
51	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5), a publish-for-pay publication or a
52	publish-for-pay website shall remove and destroy a booking photograph of an

63 individual who submits a request for removal and destruction within 30 calendar days 64 after the day on which the individual makes the request. 65 (b) A publish-for-pay publication or publish-for-pay website described in Subsection 66 (4)(a) may not condition removal or destruction of the booking photograph on the 67 payment of a fee in an amount greater than \$50. (c) If the publish-for-pay publication or publish-for-pay website described in Subsection 68 69 (4)(a) does not remove and destroy the booking photograph in accordance with 70 Subsection (4)(a), the publish-for-pay publication or publish-for-pay website is liable 71 for: 72 (i) all costs, including reasonable attorney fees, resulting from any legal action the 73 individual brings in relation to the failure of the publish-for-pay publication or 74 publish-for-pay website to remove and destroy the booking photograph; and 75 (ii) a civil penalty of \$50 per day for each day after the 30-day deadline described in 76 Subsection (4)(a) on which the booking photograph is visible or publicly 77 accessible in the publish-for-pay publication or on the publish-for-pay website. 78 (5) (a) A publish-for-pay publication or a publish-for-pay website shall remove and 79 destroy a booking photograph of an individual who submits a request for removal and 80 destruction within seven calendar days after the day on which the individual makes 81 the request if: 82 (i) the booking photograph relates to a criminal charge: 83 (A) on which the individual was acquitted or not prosecuted; or 84 (B) that was expunged, vacated, or pardoned; and 85 (ii) the individual submits, in relation to the request, evidence of a disposition 86 described in Subsection (5)(a)(i). 87 (b) If the publish-for-pay publication or publish-for-pay website described in Subsection 88 (5)(a) does not remove and destroy the booking photograph in accordance with 89 Subsection (5)(a), the publish-for-pay publication or publish-for-pay website is liable 90 for: 91 (i) all costs, including reasonable attorney fees, resulting from any legal action that 92 the individual brings in relation to the failure of the publish-for-pay publication or 93 publish-for-pay website to remove and destroy the booking photograph; and 94 (ii) a civil penalty of \$100 per day for each day after the seven-day deadline 95 described in Subsection (5)(a) on which the booking photograph is visible or

publicly accessible in the publish-for-pay publication or on the publish-for-pay

97		website.
98		(c) An act of a publish-for-pay publication or publish-for-pay website described in
99		Subsection (5)(a) that seeks to condition removal or destruction of the booking
100		photograph on the payment of any fee or amount constitutes theft by extortion under
101		Section 76-6-406.
102		Section 2. Section <b>63G-2-305</b> is amended to read:
103		63G-2-305. Protected records.
104	7	The following records are protected if properly classified by a governmental entity:
105	(1)	trade secrets as defined in Section 13-24-2 if the person submitting the trade secret has
106		provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
107	(2)	commercial information or nonindividual financial information obtained from a person
108		if:
109		(a) disclosure of the information could reasonably be expected to result in unfair
110		competitive injury to the person submitting the information or would impair the
111		ability of the governmental entity to obtain necessary information in the future;
112		(b) the person submitting the information has a greater interest in prohibiting access than
113		the public in obtaining access; and
114		(c) the person submitting the information has provided the governmental entity with the
115		information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
116	(3)	commercial or financial information acquired or prepared by a governmental entity to
117		the extent that disclosure would lead to financial speculations in currencies, securities, or
118		commodities that will interfere with a planned transaction by the governmental entity or
119		cause substantial financial injury to the governmental entity or state economy;
120	(4)	records, the disclosure of which could cause commercial injury to, or confer a
121		competitive advantage upon a potential or actual competitor of, a commercial project
122		entity as defined in Subsection 11-13-103(4);
123	(5)	test questions and answers to be used in future license, certification, registration,
124		employment, or academic examinations;
125	(6)	records, the disclosure of which would impair governmental procurement proceedings
126		or give an unfair advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contract or agreement
127		with a governmental entity, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this
128		Subsection (6) does not restrict the right of a person to have access to, after the contract
129		or grant has been awarded and signed by all parties:

(a) a bid, proposal, application, or other information submitted to or by a governmental

131	entity in response to:
132	(i) an invitation for bids;
133	(ii) a request for proposals;
134	(iii) a request for quotes;
135	(iv) a grant; or
136	(v) other similar document; or
137	(b) an unsolicited proposal, as defined in Section 63G-6a-712;
138	(7) information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to a request for
139	information, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this Subsection (7) does not
140	restrict the right of a person to have access to the information, after:
141	(a) a contract directly relating to the subject of the request for information has been
142	awarded and signed by all parties; or
143	(b) (i) a final determination is made not to enter into a contract that relates to the
144	subject of the request for information; and
145	(ii) at least two years have passed after the day on which the request for information
146	is issued;
147	(8) records that would identify real property or the appraisal or estimated value of real or
148	personal property, including intellectual property, under consideration for public
149	acquisition before any rights to the property are acquired unless:
150	(a) public interest in obtaining access to the information is greater than or equal to the
151	governmental entity's need to acquire the property on the best terms possible;
152	(b) the information has already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a
153	duty of confidentiality to the entity;
154	(c) in the case of records that would identify property, potential sellers of the described
155	property have already learned of the governmental entity's plans to acquire the
156	property;
157	(d) in the case of records that would identify the appraisal or estimated value of
158	property, the potential sellers have already learned of the governmental entity's
159	estimated value of the property; or
160	(e) the property under consideration for public acquisition is a single family residence
161	and the governmental entity seeking to acquire the property has initiated negotiations
162	to acquire the property as required under Section 78B-6-505;
163	(9) records prepared in contemplation of sale, exchange, lease, rental, or other compensated
164	transaction of real or personal property including intellectual property, which, if

165 disclosed prior to completion of the transaction, would reveal the appraisal or estimated 166 value of the subject property, unless: 167 (a) the public interest in access is greater than or equal to the interests in restricting access, including the governmental entity's interest in maximizing the financial 168 169 benefit of the transaction; or 170 (b) when prepared by or on behalf of a governmental entity, appraisals or estimates of 171 the value of the subject property have already been disclosed to persons not 172 employed by or under a duty of confidentiality to the entity; 173 (10) records created or maintained for civil, criminal, or administrative enforcement 174 purposes or audit purposes, or for discipline, licensing, certification, or registration 175 purposes, if release of the records: 176 (a) reasonably could be expected to interfere with investigations undertaken for 177 enforcement, discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes; 178 (b) reasonably could be expected to interfere with audits, disciplinary, or enforcement 179 proceedings; 180 (c) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair trial or impartial 181 hearing; 182 (d) reasonably could be expected to disclose the identity of a source who is not generally 183 known outside of government and, in the case of a record compiled in the course of 184 an investigation, disclose information furnished by a source not generally known 185 outside of government if disclosure would compromise the source; or 186 (e) reasonably could be expected to disclose investigative or audit techniques, 187 procedures, policies, or orders not generally known outside of government if disclosure would interfere with enforcement or audit efforts; 188 189 (11) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the life or safety of an individual; 190 (12) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the security of governmental 191 property, governmental programs, or governmental recordkeeping systems from 192 damage, theft, or other appropriation or use contrary to law or public policy; 193 (13) records that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security or safety of a correctional 194 facility, or records relating to incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole, that would 195 interfere with the control and supervision of an offender's incarceration, treatment, 196 probation, or parole; 197 (14) records that, if disclosed, would reveal recommendations made to the Board of 198 Pardons and Parole by an employee of or contractor for the Department of Corrections,

199	the Board of Pardons and Parole, or the Department of Health and Human Services that
200	are based on the employee's or contractor's supervision, diagnosis, or treatment of any
201	person within the board's jurisdiction;
202	(15) records and audit workpapers that identify audit, collection, and operational procedures
203	and methods used by the State Tax Commission, if disclosure would interfere with
204	audits or collections;
205	(16) records of a governmental audit agency relating to an ongoing or planned audit until
206	the final audit is released;
207	(17) records that are subject to the attorney client privilege;
208	(18) records prepared for or by an attorney, consultant, surety, indemnitor, insurer,
209	employee, or agent of a governmental entity for, or in anticipation of, litigation or a
210	judicial, quasi-judicial, or administrative proceeding;
211	(19) (a) (i) personal files of a state legislator, including personal correspondence to or
212	from a member of the Legislature; and
213	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(a)(i), correspondence that gives notice of
214	legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;
215	and
216	(b) (i) an internal communication that is part of the deliberative process in connection
217	with the preparation of legislation between:
218	(A) members of a legislative body;
219	(B) a member of a legislative body and a member of the legislative body's staff; or
220	(C) members of a legislative body's staff; and
221	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(b)(i), a communication that gives notice of
222	legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;
223	(20) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Research and
224	General Counsel, that, if disclosed, would reveal a particular legislator's
225	contemplated legislation or contemplated course of action before the legislator has
226	elected to support the legislation or course of action, or made the legislation or course
227	of action public; and
228	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (20)(a), the form to request legislation submitted to the
229	Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel is a public document unless a
230	legislator asks that the records requesting the legislation be maintained as protected
231	records until such time as the legislator elects to make the legislation or course of
232	action public;

233	(21) research requests from legislators to the Office of Legislative Research and General
234	Counsel or the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst and research findings prepared in
235	response to these requests;
236	(22) drafts, unless otherwise classified as public;
237	(23) records concerning a governmental entity's strategy about:
238	(a) collective bargaining; or
239	(b) imminent or pending litigation;
240	(24) records of investigations of loss occurrences and analyses of loss occurrences that may
241	be covered by the Risk Management Fund, the Employers' Reinsurance Fund, the
242	Uninsured Employers' Fund, or similar divisions in other governmental entities;
243	(25) records, other than personnel evaluations, that contain a personal recommendation
244	concerning an individual if disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion
245	of personal privacy, or disclosure is not in the public interest;
246	(26) records that reveal the location of historic, prehistoric, paleontological, or biological
247	resources that if known would jeopardize the security of those resources or of valuable
248	historic, scientific, educational, or cultural information;
249	(27) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of the records would conflict
250	with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;
251	(28) records of an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section
252	53B-1-102 regarding tenure evaluations, appointments, applications for admissions,
253	retention decisions, and promotions, which could be properly discussed in a meeting
254	closed in accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, provided
255	that records of the final decisions about tenure, appointments, retention, promotions, or
256	those students admitted, may not be classified as protected under this section;
257	(29) records of the governor's office, including budget recommendations, legislative
258	proposals, and policy statements, that if disclosed would reveal the governor's
259	contemplated policies or contemplated courses of action before the governor has
260	implemented or rejected those policies or courses of action or made them public;
261	(30) records of the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst relating to budget analysis,
262	revenue estimates, and fiscal notes of proposed legislation before issuance of the final
263	recommendations in these areas;
264	(31) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state that
265	are given to the governmental entity with a requirement that they be managed as
266	protected records if the providing entity certifies that the record would not be subject to

267	public disclosure if retained by it;
268	(32) transcripts, minutes, recordings, or reports of the closed portion of a meeting of a
269	public body except as provided in Section 52-4-206;
270	(33) records that would reveal the contents of settlement negotiations but not including final
271	settlements or empirical data to the extent that they are not otherwise exempt from
272	disclosure;
273	(34) memoranda prepared by staff and used in the decision-making process by an
274	administrative law judge, a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole, or a member of
275	any other body charged by law with performing a quasi-judicial function;
276	(35) records that would reveal negotiations regarding assistance or incentives offered by or
277	requested from a governmental entity for the purpose of encouraging a person to expand
278	or locate a business in Utah, but only if disclosure would result in actual economic harm
279	to the person or place the governmental entity at a competitive disadvantage, but this
280	section may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract;
281	(36) materials to which access must be limited for purposes of securing or maintaining the
282	governmental entity's proprietary protection of intellectual property rights including
283	patents, copyrights, and trade secrets;
284	(37) the name of a donor or a prospective donor to a governmental entity, including an
285	institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, and
286	other information concerning the donation that could reasonably be expected to reveal
287	the identity of the donor, provided that:
288	(a) the donor requests anonymity in writing;
289	(b) any terms, conditions, restrictions, or privileges relating to the donation may not be
290	classified protected by the governmental entity under this Subsection (37); and
291	(c) except for an institution within the state system of higher education defined in
292	Section 53B-1-102, the governmental unit to which the donation is made is primarily
293	engaged in educational, charitable, or artistic endeavors, and has no regulatory or
294	legislative authority over the donor, a member of the donor's immediate family, or
295	any entity owned or controlled by the donor or the donor's immediate family;
296	(38) accident reports, except as provided in Sections 41-6a-404, 41-12a-202, and 73-18-13;
297	(39) a notification of workers' compensation insurance coverage described in Section
298	34A-2-205;
299	(40) (a) the following records of an institution within the state system of higher
300	education defined in Section 53B-1-102, which have been developed, discovered,

301	disclosed to, or received by or on behalf of faculty, staff, employees, or students of
302	the institution:
303	(i) unpublished lecture notes;
304	(ii) unpublished notes, data, and information:
305	(A) relating to research; and
306	(B) of:
307	(I) the institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section
308	53B-1-102; or
309	(II) a sponsor of sponsored research;
310	(iii) unpublished manuscripts;
311	(iv) creative works in process;
312	(v) scholarly correspondence; and
313	(vi) confidential information contained in research proposals;
314	(b) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to prohibit disclosure of public information
315	required pursuant to Subsection 53B-16-302(2)(a) or (b); and
316	(c) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to affect the ownership of a record;
317	(41) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of the Legislative Auditor
318	General that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a
319	legislative audit prior to the date that audit is completed and made public; and
320	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (41)(a), a request for a legislative audit submitted to the
321	Office of the Legislative Auditor General is a public document unless the legislator
322	asks that the records in the custody or control of the Office of the Legislative Auditor
323	General that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a
324	legislative audit be maintained as protected records until the audit is completed and
325	made public;
326	(42) records that provide detail as to the location of an explosive, including a map or other
327	document that indicates the location of:
328	(a) a production facility; or
329	(b) a magazine;
330	(43) information contained in the statewide database of the Division of Aging and Adult
331	Services created by Section 26B-6-210;
332	(44) information contained in the Licensing Information System described in Title 80,
333	Chapter 2, Child Welfare Services;
334	(45) information regarding National Guard operations or activities in support of the

335	National Guard's federal mission;
336	(46) records provided by any pawn or secondhand business to a law enforcement agency or
337	to the central database in compliance with Title 13, Chapter 32a, Pawnshop, Secondhand
338	Merchandise, and Catalytic Converter Transaction Information Act;
339	(47) information regarding food security, risk, and vulnerability assessments performed by
340	the Department of Agriculture and Food;
341	(48) except to the extent that the record is exempt from this chapter pursuant to Section
342	63G-2-106, records related to an emergency plan or program, a copy of which is
343	provided to or prepared or maintained by the Division of Emergency Management, and
344	the disclosure of which would jeopardize:
345	(a) the safety of the general public; or
346	(b) the security of:
347	(i) governmental property;
348	(ii) governmental programs; or
349	(iii) the property of a private person who provides the Division of Emergency
350	Management information;
351	(49) records of the Department of Agriculture and Food that provides for the identification,
352	tracing, or control of livestock diseases, including any program established under Title
353	4, Chapter 24, Utah Livestock Brand and Anti-Theft Act, or Title 4, Chapter 31, Control
354	of Animal Disease;
355	(50) as provided in Section 26B-2-408:
356	(a) information or records held by the Department of Health and Human Services related
357	to a complaint regarding a child care program or residential child care which the
358	department is unable to substantiate; and
359	(b) information or records related to a complaint received by the Department of Health
360	and Human Services from an anonymous complainant regarding a child care program
361	or residential child care;
362	(51) unless otherwise classified as public under Section 63G-2-301 and except as provided
363	under Section 41-1a-116, an individual's home address, home telephone number, or
364	personal mobile phone number, if:
365	(a) the individual is required to provide the information in order to comply with a law,
366	ordinance, rule, or order of a government entity; and
367	(b) the subject of the record has a reasonable expectation that this information will be
368	kept confidential due to:

369	(1) the nature of the law, ordinance, rule, or order; and
370	(ii) the individual complying with the law, ordinance, rule, or order;
371	(52) the portion of the following documents that contains a candidate's residential or
372	mailing address, if the candidate provides to the filing officer another address or phone
373	number where the candidate may be contacted:
374	(a) a declaration of candidacy, a nomination petition, or a certificate of nomination,
375	described in Section 20A-9-201, 20A-9-202, 20A-9-203, 20A-9-404, 20A-9-405,
376	20A-9-408, 20A-9-408.5, 20A-9-502, or 20A-9-601;
377	(b) an affidavit of impecuniosity, described in Section 20A-9-201; or
378	(c) a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy, described in Section 20A-9-408;
379	(53) the name, home address, work addresses, and telephone numbers of an individual that
380	is engaged in, or that provides goods or services for, medical or scientific research that is:
381	(a) conducted within the state system of higher education, as defined in Section
382	53B-1-102; and
383	(b) conducted using animals;
384	(54) in accordance with Section 78A-12-203, any record of the Judicial Performance
385	Evaluation Commission concerning an individual commissioner's vote, in relation to
386	whether a judge meets or exceeds minimum performance standards under Subsection
387	78A-12-203(4), and information disclosed under Subsection 78A-12-203(5)(e);
388	(55) information collected and a report prepared by the Judicial Performance Evaluation
389	Commission concerning a judge, unless Section 20A-7-702 or Title 78A, Chapter 12,
390	Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission Act, requires disclosure of, or makes
391	public, the information or report;
392	(56) records provided or received by the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office in
393	furtherance of any contract or other agreement made in accordance with Section
394	63L-11-202;
395	(57) information requested by and provided to the 911 Division under Section 63H-7a-302;
396	(58) in accordance with Section 73-10-33:
397	(a) a management plan for a water conveyance facility in the possession of the Division
398	of Water Resources or the Board of Water Resources; or
399	(b) an outline of an emergency response plan in possession of the state or a county or
400	municipality;
401	(59) the following records in the custody or control of the Office of Inspector General of
402	Medicaid Services, created in Section 63A-13-201

403 (a) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal 404 misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a person if the information 405 or allegation cannot be corroborated by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid 406 Services through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to the 407 allegation are not relied upon by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid 408 Services in preparing a final investigation report or final audit report; 409 (b) records and audit workpapers to the extent they would disclose the identity of a 410 person who, during the course of an investigation or audit, communicated the 411 existence of any Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse, or a violation or suspected 412 violation of a law, rule, or regulation adopted under the laws of this state, a political 413 subdivision of the state, or any recognized entity of the United States, if the 414 information was disclosed on the condition that the identity of the person be 415 protected; 416 (c) before the time that an investigation or audit is completed and the final investigation 417 or final audit report is released, records or drafts circulated to a person who is not an 418 employee or head of a governmental entity for the person's response or information; 419 (d) records that would disclose an outline or part of any investigation, audit survey plan, 420 or audit program; or 421 (e) requests for an investigation or audit, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an 422 investigation or audit: 423 (60) records that reveal methods used by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid 424 Services, the fraud unit, or the Department of Health and Human Services, to discover 425 Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse; 426 (61) information provided to the Department of Health and Human Services or the Division 427 of Professional Licensing under Subsections 58-67-304(3) and (4) and Subsections 428 58-68-304(3) and (4); 429 (62) a record described in Section 63G-12-210; 430 (63) captured plate data that is obtained through an automatic license plate reader system 431 used by a governmental entity as authorized in Section 41-6a-2003; 432 (64) any record in the custody of the Utah Office for Victims of Crime relating to a victim, 433 including: 434 (a) a victim's application or request for benefits; 435 (b) a victim's receipt or denial of benefits; and

(c) any administrative notes or records made or created for the purpose of, or used to,

437	evaluate or communicate a victim's eligibility for or denial of benefits from the Crime
438	Victim Reparations Fund;
439	(65) an audio or video recording created by a body-worn camera, as that term is defined in
440	Section 77-7a-103, that records sound or images inside a hospital or health care facility
441	as those terms are defined in Section 78B-3-403, inside a clinic of a health care provider,
442	as that term is defined in Section 78B-3-403, or inside a human service program as that
443	term is defined in Section 26B-2-101, except for recordings that:
444	(a) depict the commission of an alleged crime;
445	(b) record any encounter between a law enforcement officer and a person that results in
446	death or bodily injury, or includes an instance when an officer fires a weapon;
447	(c) record any encounter that is the subject of a complaint or a legal proceeding against a
448	law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency;
449	(d) contain an officer involved critical incident as defined in Subsection 76-2-408(1)(f);
450	or
451	(e) have been requested for reclassification as a public record by a subject or authorized
452	agent of a subject featured in the recording;
453	(66) a record pertaining to the search process for a president of an institution of higher
454	education described in Section 53B-2-102, except for application materials for a publicly
455	announced finalist;
456	(67) an audio recording that is:
457	(a) produced by an audio recording device that is used in conjunction with a device or
458	piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an individual or for treating
459	an individual with a life-threatening condition;
460	(b) produced during an emergency event when an individual employed to provide law
461	enforcement, fire protection, paramedic, emergency medical, or other first responder
462	service:
463	(i) is responding to an individual needing resuscitation or with a life-threatening
464	condition; and
465	(ii) uses a device or piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an
466	individual or for treating an individual with a life-threatening condition; and
467	(c) intended and used for purposes of training emergency responders how to improve
468	their response to an emergency situation;
469	(68) records submitted by or prepared in relation to an applicant seeking a recommendation
470	by the Research and General Counsel Subcommittee, the Budget Subcommittee, or the

Audit Subcommittee, established under Section 36-12-8, for an employment position

- with the Legislature;
- 473 (69) work papers as defined in Section 31A-2-204;
- 474 (70) a record made available to Adult Protective Services or a law enforcement agency
- 475 under Section 61-1-206;
- 476 (71) a record submitted to the Insurance Department in accordance with Section
- 477 31A-37-201;
- 478 (72) a record described in Section 31A-37-503;
- 479 (73) any record created by the Division of Professional Licensing as a result of Subsection
- 480 58-37f-304(5) or 58-37f-702(2)(a)(ii);
- 481 (74) a record described in Section 72-16-306 that relates to the reporting of an injury
- 482 involving an amusement ride;
- 483 (75) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(1), the signature of an individual on a
- political petition, or on a request to withdraw a signature from a political petition,
- including a petition or request described in the following titles:
- 486 (a) Title 10, Utah Municipal Code;
- 487 (b) Title 17, Counties;
- 488 (c) Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities Special Districts;
- (d) Title 17D, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities Other Entities; and
- 490 (e) Title 20A, Election Code;
- 491 (76) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(2), the signature of an individual in a
- voter registration record;
- 493 (77) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(3), any signature, other than a signature
- described in Subsection (75) or (76), in the custody of the lieutenant governor or a local
- 495 political subdivision collected or held under, or in relation to, Title 20A, Election Code;
- 496 (78) a Form I-918 Supplement B certification as described in Title 77, Chapter 38, Part 5,
- 497 Victims Guidelines for Prosecutors Act;
- 498 (79) a record submitted to the Insurance Department under Section 31A-48-103;
- 499 (80) personal information, as defined in Section 63G-26-102, to the extent disclosure is
- prohibited under Section 63G-26-103;
- 501 (81) an image taken of an individual during the process of booking the individual into jail,
- 502 unless:
- (a) the individual is convicted of a criminal offense based upon the conduct for which
- the individual was incarcerated at the time the image was taken;

505	(b) a law enforcement agency releases or disseminates the image:
506	(i) after determining that the individual is a fugitive or an imminent threat to an
507	individual or to public safety and releasing or disseminating the image will assist
508	in apprehending the individual or reducing or eliminating the threat; or
509	(ii) to a potential witness or other individual with direct knowledge of events relevant
510	to a criminal investigation or criminal proceeding for the purpose of identifying or
511	locating an individual in connection with the criminal investigation or criminal
512	proceeding;[-or]
513	(c) a judge orders the release or dissemination of the image based on a finding that the
514	release or dissemination is in furtherance of a legitimate law enforcement interest; or
515	(d) the image is displayed to a person who is permitted to view the image under Section
516	<u>17-22-30.</u>
517	(82) a record:
518	(a) concerning an interstate claim to the use of waters in the Colorado River system;
519	(b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a
520	representative from another state or the federal government as provided in Section
521	63M-14-205; and
522	(c) the disclosure of which would:
523	(i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the
524	Colorado River system;
525	(ii) harm the ability of the Colorado River Authority of Utah or river commissioner to
526	negotiate the best terms and conditions regarding the use of water in the Colorado
527	River system; or
528	(iii) give an advantage to another state or to the federal government in negotiations
529	regarding the use of water in the Colorado River system;
530	(83) any part of an application described in Section 63N-16-201 that the Governor's Office
531	of Economic Opportunity determines is nonpublic, confidential information that if
532	disclosed would result in actual economic harm to the applicant, but this Subsection (83)
533	may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract or approval
534	decision;
535	(84) the following records of a drinking water or wastewater facility:
536	(a) an engineering or architectural drawing of the drinking water or wastewater facility;
537	and
538	(b) except as provided in Section 63G-2-106, a record detailing tools or processes the

539	drinking water or wastewater facility uses to secure, or prohibit access to, the records
540	described in Subsection (84)(a);
541	(85) a statement that an employee of a governmental entity provides to the governmental
542	entity as part of the governmental entity's personnel or administrative investigation into
543	potential misconduct involving the employee if the governmental entity:
544	(a) requires the statement under threat of employment disciplinary action, including
545	possible termination of employment, for the employee's refusal to provide the
546	statement; and
547	(b) provides the employee assurance that the statement cannot be used against the
548	employee in any criminal proceeding;
549	(86) any part of an application for a Utah Fits All Scholarship account described in Section
550	53F-6-402 or other information identifying a scholarship student as defined in Section
551	53F-6-401; and
552	(87) a record:
553	(a) concerning a claim to the use of waters in the Great Salt Lake;
554	(b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a
555	person concerning the claim, including a representative from another state or the
556	federal government; and
557	(c) the disclosure of which would:
558	(i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the
559	Great Salt Lake;
560	(ii) harm the ability of the Great Salt Lake commissioner to negotiate the best terms
561	and conditions regarding the use of water in the Great Salt Lake; or
562	(iii) give an advantage to another person including another state or to the federal
563	government in negotiations regarding the use of water in the Great Salt Lake.
564	Section 3. Effective date.
565	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.