

Representative Jefferson Moss proposes the following substitute bill:

DATA PRIVACY AMENDMENTS

2024 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Jefferson Moss

Senate Sponsor: _____

LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill enacts the Government Data Privacy Act.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- ▶ defines terms;
- ▶ describes governmental entity duties related to personal data privacy, including:
 - breach notification;
 - limits on data collection and use; and
 - the ability to correct and access personal data;
- ▶ creates the state data privacy policy that outlines the broad data privacy goals for the state;
- ▶ creates the Utah Privacy Governing Board to recommend changes in the state data privacy policy;
- ▶ establishes the Office of Data Privacy to coordinate implementation of privacy protections; and
- ▶ renames the Personal Privacy Oversight Commission to the Utah Privacy Commission (commission) and amends the commission's duties.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:



26 None

27 **Other Special Clauses:**

28 None

29 **Utah Code Sections Affected:**

30 AMENDS:

31 **63A-12-115**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 173

32 **63C-24-101**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 155

33 **63C-24-102**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 16

34 **63C-24-201**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 155

35 **63C-24-202**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 173

36 **67-3-13**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 16, 173 and 435

37 ENACTS:

38 **63A-19-101**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

39 **63A-19-102**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

40 **63A-19-201**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

41 **63A-19-202**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

42 **63A-19-301**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

43 **63A-19-302**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

44 **63A-19-401**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

45 **63A-19-402**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

46 **63A-19-403**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

47 **63A-19-404**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

48 **63A-19-405**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

49 **63A-19-406**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

50 **63A-19-501**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

51 **63A-19-601**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

52 REPEALS:

53 **67-1-17**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 173



55 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

56 Section 1. Section **63A-12-115** is amended to read:

57 **63A-12-115. Privacy annotation for records series -- Requirements -- Content.**

58 (1) (a) Before January 1, [~~2026~~] 2027, an executive branch agency shall, for each
59 record series that the executive branch agency collects, maintains, or uses, evaluate the record
60 series and make a privacy annotation that completely and accurately complies with Subsection
61 (2) and the rules described in Subsection [63A-12-104\(2\)\(e\)](#).

62 (b) Beginning on January 1, [~~2026~~] 2027, an executive branch agency may not collect,
63 maintain, or use personal identifying information unless the record series for which the
64 personal identifying information is collected, maintained, or used includes a privacy annotation
65 that completely and accurately complies with Subsection (2) and the rules described in
66 Subsection [63A-12-104\(2\)\(e\)](#).

67 (2) A privacy annotation shall include the following:

68 (a) if the record series does not include personal identifying information, a statement
69 indicating that the record series does not include personal identifying information; or

70 (b) if the record series includes personal identifying information:

71 (i) an inventory of the personal identifying information included in the record series;
72 and

73 (ii) for the personal identifying information described in Subsection (2)(b)(i):

74 (A) the purpose for which the executive branch agency collects, keeps, or uses the
75 personal identifying information;

76 (B) a citation to the executive branch agency's legal authority for collecting, keeping, or
77 using the personal identifying information; and

78 (C) any other information required by state archives by rule under Subsection
79 [63A-12-104\(2\)\(e\)](#).

80 Section 2. Section **63A-19-101** is enacted to read:

81 **CHAPTER 19. GOVERNMENT DATA PRIVACY ACT**

82 **Part 1. General Provisions -- State Data Privacy Policy**

83 **63A-19-101. Definitions.**

84 As used in this chapter:

85 (1) "Chief privacy officer" means the individual appointed under Section [63A-19-302](#).

86 (2) "Commission" means the Utah Privacy Commission established in Section
87 [63C-24-102](#).

88 (3) "Cyber Center" means the Utah Cyber Center created in Section 63A-16-510.

89 (4) "Data breach" means the unauthorized access, acquisition, disclosure, loss of
90 access, or destruction of:

91 (a) personal data held by a governmental entity, unless the governmental entity
92 concludes, according to standards established by the Cyber Center, that there is a low
93 probability that personal data has been compromised; or

94 (b) data that compromises the security, confidentiality, availability, or integrity of the
95 computer systems used or information maintained by the governmental entity.

96 (5) "Designated governmental entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section
97 67-3-13.

98 (6) "Governing board" means the Utah Privacy Governing Board established in Section
99 63A-19-201.

100 (7) "Governmental entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section
101 63G-2-103.

102 (8) "High risk processing activities" means a governmental entity's processing of
103 personal data that may result in a significant compromise to an individual's privacy interests,
104 based on factors that include:

105 (a) the sensitivity of the personal data processed;

106 (b) the amount of personal data being processed;

107 (c) the individual's ability to consent to the processing of personal data; and

108 (d) risks of unauthorized access or use.

109 (9) "Individual" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63G-2-103.

110 (10) "Legal guardian" means:

111 (a) the parent of a minor; or

112 (b) an individual appointed by a court to be the guardian of a minor or incapacitated
113 person and given legal authority to make decisions regarding the person or property of the
114 minor or incapacitated person.

115 (11) "Office" means the Office of Data Privacy created in Section 63A-19-301.

116 (12) "Ombudsperson" means the data privacy ombudsperson appointed under Section
117 63A-19-501.

118 (13) "Personal data" means information that is linked or can be reasonably linked to an

119 identified individual or an identifiable individual.

120 (14) "Process" means any operation or set of operations performed on personal data,
121 including collection, recording, organization, structuring, storage, adaptation, alteration, access,
122 retrieval, consultation, use, disclosure by transmission, transfer, dissemination, alignment,
123 combination, restriction, erasure, or destruction.

124 (15) "Record" means the same as that term is defined in Section [63G-2-103](#).

125 (16) "Record series" means the same as that term is defined in Section [63G-2-103](#).

126 (17) "Retention schedule" means a governmental entity's schedule for the retention or
127 disposal of records that has been approved by the Records Management Committee pursuant to
128 Section [63A-12-113](#).

129 (18) (a) "Sell" means an exchange of personal data for monetary consideration by a
130 governmental entity to a third party.

131 (b) "Sell" does not include a fee:

132 (i) charged by a governmental entity for access to a record; or

133 (ii) assessed in accordance with an approved fee schedule.

134 (19) (a) "State agency" means the following entities that are under the direct
135 supervision and control of the governor or the lieutenant governor:

136 (i) a department;

137 (ii) a commission;

138 (iii) a board;

139 (iv) a council;

140 (v) an institution;

141 (vi) an officer;

142 (vii) a corporation;

143 (viii) a fund;

144 (ix) a division;

145 (x) an office;

146 (xi) a committee;

147 (xii) an authority;

148 (xiii) a laboratory;

149 (xiv) a library;

- 150 (xv) a bureau;
- 151 (xvi) a panel;
- 152 (xvii) another administrative unit of the state; or
- 153 (xviii) an agent of an entity described in Subsections (19)(a)(i) through (xvii).
- 154 (b) "State agency" does not include:
- 155 (i) the legislative branch;
- 156 (ii) the judicial branch;
- 157 (iii) an executive branch agency within the Office of the Attorney General, the state
- 158 auditor, the state treasurer, or the State Board of Education; or
- 159 (iv) an independent entity.
- 160 (c) "State privacy officer" means the individual described in Section [67-3-13](#).
- 161 Section 3. Section **63A-19-102** is enacted to read:
- 162 **63A-19-102. State data privacy policy.**
- 163 It is the policy of Utah that:
- 164 (1) an individual has a fundamental interest in and inherent expectation of privacy
- 165 regarding the personal data that the individual provides to a governmental entity;
- 166 (2) a governmental entity shall act in a manner respecting personal data provided to the
- 167 governmental entity that is consistent with the interests and expectations described in
- 168 Subsection (1);
- 169 (3) the state shall encourage innovation to enhance the ability of a governmental entity
- 170 to:
- 171 (a) protect the privacy of an individual's personal data;
- 172 (b) provide clear notice to an individual regarding the processing of the individual's
- 173 personal data;
- 174 (c) process personal data only for specified, lawful purposes and only process the
- 175 minimum amount of an individual's personal data necessary to achieve those purposes;
- 176 (d) implement appropriate consent mechanisms regarding the uses of an individual's
- 177 personal data;
- 178 (e) provide an individual with the ability to access, control, and request corrections to
- 179 the individual's personal data held by a governmental entity;
- 180 (f) maintain appropriate safeguards to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and

181 availability of personal data;

182 (g) account for compliance with privacy related laws, rules, and regulations that are
183 specific to a particular governmental entity, program, or personal data; and

184 (h) meet a governmental entity's and an individual's business and service needs;

185 (4) the state shall promote training and education programs for employees of
186 governmental entities focused on:

187 (a) data privacy best practices, obligations, and responsibilities; and

188 (b) the overlapping relationship with privacy, records management, and security; and

189 (5) the state shall promote consistent terminology in data privacy requirements across
190 governmental entities.

191 Section 4. Section **63A-19-201** is enacted to read:

192 **Part 2. Utah Privacy Governing Board**

193 **63A-19-201. Utah Privacy Governing Board.**

194 (1) There is created the Utah Privacy Governing Board.

195 (2) The governing board shall be composed of five members as follows:

196 (a) the governor, or the governor's designee;

197 (b) the president of the Senate, or the president's designee;

198 (c) the speaker of the House of Representatives, or the speaker's designee;

199 (d) the attorney general, or the attorney general's designee; and

200 (e) the state auditor, or the state auditor's designee.

201 (3) (a) A majority of the members of the governing board is a quorum.

202 (b) The action of a majority of a quorum constitutes an action of the governing board.

203 (4) The governor, or the governor's designee is chair of the governing board.

204 (5) The governing board shall meet at least two times a year.

205 (6) The governing board may recommend specific matters to the state auditor under

206 Section [63A-19-601](#).

207 (7) The office shall provide staff and support to the governing board.

208 Section 5. Section **63A-19-202** is enacted to read:

209 **63A-19-202. Governing board duties.**

210 (1) The governing board shall:

211 (a) recommend changes to the state data privacy policy;

212 (b) by July 1 of each year, approve the data privacy agenda items for the commission
213 and make recommendations for additional items for the data privacy agenda;

214 (c) hear issues raised by the ombudsperson regarding existing governmental entity
215 privacy practices;

216 (d) evaluate and recommend the appropriate:

217 (i) structure and placement for the office within state government; and

218 (ii) authority to be granted to the office, including any authority to make rules; and

219 (e) recommend funding mechanisms and strategies for governmental entities to enable
220 compliance with data privacy responsibilities, including:

221 (i) appropriations;

222 (ii) rates;

223 (iii) grants; and

224 (iv) internal service funds.

225 (2) In fulfilling the duties under this part, the governing board may receive and request
226 input from:

227 (a) governmental entities;

228 (b) elected officials;

229 (c) subject matter experts; and

230 (d) other stakeholders.

231 Section 6. Section **63A-19-301** is enacted to read:

232 **Part 3. Office of Data Privacy**

233 **63A-19-301. Office of Data Privacy.**

234 (1) There is created within the department the Office of Data Privacy.

235 (2) The office shall coordinate with the governing board and the commission to
236 perform the duties in this section.

237 (3) The office shall:

238 (a) create and maintain a strategic data privacy plan to:

239 (i) assist state agencies to implement effective and efficient privacy practices, tools,
240 and systems that:

241 (A) protect the privacy of personal data;

242 (B) comply with laws and regulations specific to the entity, program, or data;

- 243 (C) empower individuals to protect and control their personal data; and
244 (D) enable information sharing among entities, as allowed by law; and
245 (ii) account for differences in state agency resources, capabilities, populations served,
246 data types, and maturity levels regarding privacy practices;
247 (b) review statutory provisions related to governmental data privacy and records
248 management to:
249 (i) identify conflicts and gaps in data privacy law;
250 (ii) standardize language used for similar privacy processes; and
251 (iii) consult impacted agencies and the attorney general regarding findings and
252 proposed amendments;
253 (c) work with state agencies to study, research, and identify:
254 (i) additional privacy requirements that are feasible for state agencies;
255 (ii) potential remedies and accountability mechanisms for non-compliance of a state
256 agency;
257 (iii) ways to expand individual control and rights with respect to personal data held by
258 state agencies; and
259 (iv) resources needed to develop, implement, and improve privacy programs;
260 (d) monitor high-risk data processing activities within state agencies;
261 (e) receive information from state agencies regarding the sale, sharing, and processing
262 of personal data;
263 (f) coordinate with the Cyber Center to develop an incident response plan for data
264 breaches affecting governmental entities;
265 (g) coordinate with the state archivist to incorporate data privacy practices into records
266 management;
267 (h) coordinate with the state archivist to incorporate data privacy training into the
268 trainings described in Section [63A-12-110](#); and
269 (i) create a data privacy training program for employees of governmental entities.
270 (4) The data privacy training program described in Subsection (3)(i) shall be made
271 available to all governmental entities, and shall be designed to provide instruction regarding:
272 (a) data privacy best practices, obligations, and responsibilities; and
273 (b) the relationship between privacy, records management, and security.

274 (5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), an employee of a state agency shall
275 complete the data privacy training program described in Subsection (3)(i):

276 (i) within 30 days of beginning employment; and

277 (ii) at least once in each calendar year.

278 (b) An employee of a state agency that does not have access to personal data as part of
279 the employee's work duties is not required to participate in the data privacy training program
280 described in Subsection (3)(i).

281 (c) Each state agency is responsible for monitoring completion of data privacy training
282 by the state agency's employees.

283 (6) To the extent that resources permit, the office may provide expertise and assistance
284 to governmental entities for high risk data processing activities.

285 Section 7. Section **63A-19-302** is enacted to read:

286 **63A-19-302. Chief privacy officer -- Appointment -- Powers -- Reporting.**

287 (1) The governor shall, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint a chief
288 privacy officer.

289 (2) The chief privacy officer is the director of the office.

290 (3) The chief privacy officer:

291 (a) shall exercise all powers given to and perform all duties imposed on the office;

292 (b) has administrative authority over the office;

293 (c) may make changes in office personnel and service functions under the chief privacy
294 officer's administrative authority;

295 (d) may authorize a designee to assist with the chief privacy officer's responsibilities;

296 and

297 (e) shall report annually, on or before October 1, to the Judiciary Interim Committee
298 regarding:

299 (i) recommendations for legislation to address data privacy concerns; and

300 (ii) reports received from state agencies regarding the sale or sharing of personal data
301 provided under Subsection [63A-19-401](#)(2)(f)(ii).

302 Section 8. Section **63A-19-401** is enacted to read:

303 **Part 4. Duties of Governmental Entities**

304 **63A-19-401. Duties of governmental entities.**

305 (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (1)(b) and (c), a governmental entity shall
306 comply with the requirements of this part.

307 (b) (i) If a governmental entity is subject to a more restrictive or specific provision of
308 law than found in this part, the governmental entity shall comply with the more restrictive or
309 specific provision of law.

310 (ii) For purposes of Subsection (1)(b)(i), Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records
311 Access and Management Act, is a more restrictive and specific provision of law.

312 (c) A governmental entity that is exempt under Section [63G-2-702](#), [63G-2-703](#), or
313 [63G-2-704](#) from complying with the requirements in Title 63G, Chapter 2, Part 6, Collection of
314 Information and Accuracy of Records, is exempt from complying with the requirements in
315 Sections [63A-10-402](#), [63A-10-403](#), and [63A-10-404](#).

316 (2) A governmental entity:

317 (a) shall implement and maintain a privacy program that includes the governmental
318 entity's policies, practices, and procedures for processing personal data;

319 (b) shall provide notice to an individual or the legal guardian of an individual, if the
320 individual's personal data is affected by a data breach, in accordance with Section [63A-19-405](#);

321 (c) shall obtain and process only the minimum amount of personal data reasonably
322 necessary to efficiently achieve a specified purpose;

323 (d) shall meet the requirements of this part for all processing activities implemented by
324 a governmental entity after May 1, 2024;

325 (e) shall, for any processing activity implemented before May 1, 2024, that the
326 governmental entity identifies as non-compliant with the requirements of this part:

327 (i) document the non-compliant processing activity; and

328 (ii) prepare a strategy for bringing the processing activity into compliance with this
329 part;

330 (f) may not establish, maintain, or use undisclosed or covert surveillance of individuals
331 unless permitted by law;

332 (g) may not sell personal data unless expressly required by law;

333 (h) may not share personal data unless permitted by law;

334 (i) (i) that is a designated governmental entity, shall annually report to the state privacy
335 officer:

336 (A) the types of personal data the designated governmental entity currently shares or
337 sells;

338 (B) the basis for sharing or selling the personal data; and

339 (C) the classes of persons and the governmental entities that receive the personal data
340 from the designated governmental entity; and

341 (ii) that is a state agency, shall annually report to the chief privacy officer:

342 (A) the types of personal data the state agency currently shares or sells;

343 (B) the basis for sharing or selling the personal data; and

344 (C) the classes of persons and the governmental entities that receive the personal data
345 from the state agency; and

346 (j) (i) except as provided in Subsection (3), an employee of a governmental entity shall
347 complete a data privacy training program:

348 (A) within 30 days after beginning employment; and

349 (B) at least once in each calendar year; and

350 (k) is responsible for monitoring completion of data privacy training by the
351 governmental entity's employees.

352 (3) An employee of a governmental entity that does not have access to personal data of
353 individuals as part of the employee's work duties is not required to complete a data privacy
354 training program described in Subsection (2)(j)(i).

355 (4) (a) A person that enters into an agreement with a governmental entity and processes
356 or has access to personal data as a part of the person's duties under the agreement, is subject to
357 the requirements of this chapter with regard to the personal data processed or accessed by the
358 person to the same extent as required of the governmental entity.

359 (b) An agreement under Subsection (4)(a) shall require the person to comply with the
360 requirements of this chapter to the same extent as the governmental entity.

361 (c) The requirements under Subsections (4)(a) and (b) are in addition to and do not
362 replace any other requirements or liability that may be imposed for the person's violation of
363 other laws protecting privacy rights or government records.

364 Section 9. Section **63A-19-402** is enacted to read:

365 **63A-19-402. General governmental privacy requirements -- Personal data request**
366 **notice.**

367 (1) A governmental entity shall provide a personal data request notice to an individual,
368 or the legal guardian of an individual, from whom the governmental entity requests or collects
369 personal data.

370 (2) The personal data request notice described in Subsection (1) shall include:

371 (a) the reasons the individual is asked to provide the personal data;

372 (b) the intended purposes and uses of the personal data;

373 (c) the consequences for refusing to provide the personal data;

374 (d) the classes of persons and entities that:

375 (i) share the personal data with the governmental entity; or

376 (ii) receive the personal data from the governmental entity on a regular or contractual
377 basis; and

378 (e) the record series in which the personal data is or will be included, if applicable.

379 (3) The governmental entity shall provide the personal data request notice by:

380 (a) posting the personal data request notice in a prominent place where the

381 governmental entity collects the personal data;

382 (b) including the personal data request notice as part of any document or form used by
383 the governmental entity to collect the personal data; or

384 (c) conspicuously linking to or displaying a QR code linked to an electronic version of
385 the personal data request notice as part of any document or form used by the governmental
386 entity to collect the personal data.

387 (4) The personal data request notice required by this section is in addition to, and does
388 not supersede, any other notice requirement otherwise applicable to the governmental entity.

389 (5) The governmental entity shall, upon request, provide the personal data request
390 notice to an individual, or the legal guardian of an individual, regarding personal data
391 previously furnished by that individual.

392 (6) The governmental entity may only use personal data furnished by an individual for
393 the purposes identified in the personal data request notice provided to that individual.

394 Section 10. Section **63A-19-403** is enacted to read:

395 **63A-19-403. Process to request amendment or correction of personal data.**

396 (1) A governmental entity that collects personal data shall provide a process by which
397 an individual or legal guardian of an individual may request an amendment or correction of

398 personal data that has been furnished to the governmental entity.

399 (2) The process by which an individual or legal guardian of an individual may request
400 an amendment or correction shall comply with all applicable laws and regulations to which the
401 personal data at issue and to which the governmental entity is subject.

402 (3) The process to request an amendment or correction described in this section does
403 not obligate the governmental entity to make the requested amendment or correction.

404 Section 11. Section **63A-19-404** is enacted to read:

405 **63A-19-404. Retention and disposition of personal data.**

406 (1) A governmental entity that collects personal data shall retain and dispose of the
407 personal data in accordance with a documented record retention schedule.

408 (2) Compliance with Subsection (1) does not exempt a governmental entity from
409 complying with other applicable laws or regulations related to retention or disposition of
410 specific personal data held by that governmental entity.

411 Section 12. Section **63A-19-405** is enacted to read:

412 **63A-19-405. Data breach notification to the Cyber Center and the Office of the**
413 **Attorney General.**

414 (1) (a) A governmental entity that identifies a data breach affecting 500 or more
415 individuals shall notify the Cyber Center and the attorney general of the data breach.

416 (b) In addition to the notification required by Subsection (1)(a), a governmental entity
417 that identifies the unauthorized access, acquisition, disclosure, loss of access, or destruction of
418 data that compromises the security, confidentiality, availability, or integrity of the computer
419 systems used or information maintained by the governmental entity shall notify the Cyber
420 Center.

421 (2) The notification under Subsection (1) shall:

422 (a) be made without unreasonable delay, but no later than five days from the discovery
423 of the data breach; and

424 (b) include the following information:

425 (i) the date and time the data breach occurred;

426 (ii) the date the data breach was discovered;

427 (iii) the total number of people affected by the data breach, including the total number
428 of Utah residents affected;

429 (iv) the type of personal data involved in the data breach;
430 (v) a short description of the data breach that occurred;
431 (vi) the means by which access was gained to the system, computer, or network, if
432 known;

433 (vii) the individual or entity who perpetrated the data breach, if known;
434 (viii) steps the governmental entity is or has taken to mitigate the impact of the data
435 breach; and
436 (ix) any other details requested by the Cyber Center.

437 (3) If the data breach involves personal data affecting 500 or more individuals under
438 Subsection (1)(a), the governmental entity shall provide the following information to the Cyber
439 Center and the attorney general in addition to the information required under Subsection (1)(b):

440 (a) the total number of people affected by the data breach, including the total number
441 of Utah residents affected; and
442 (b) the type of personal data involved in the data breach.

443 (4) If the information required by Subsection (2)(b) is not available within five days of
444 discovering the breach, the governmental entity shall provide as much of the information
445 required under Subsection (2)(b) as is available and supplement the notification with additional
446 information as soon as the information becomes available.

447 (5) (a) A governmental entity that experiences a data breach affecting fewer than 500
448 individuals shall create an internal incident report containing the information in Subsection
449 (2)(b) as soon as practicable and shall provide additional information as the information
450 becomes available.

451 (b) A governmental entity shall provide to the Cyber Center:
452 (i) an internal incident report described in Subsection (5)(a) upon request of the Cyber
453 Center; and
454 (ii) an annual report logging all of the governmental entity's data breach incidents
455 affecting fewer than 500 individuals.

456 Section 13. Section **63A-19-406** is enacted to read:

457 **63A-19-406. Data breach notice to individuals affected by data breach.**

458 (1) A governmental entity shall provide a data breach notice to an individual or legal
459 guardian of an individual affected by the data breach:

- 460 (a) after determining the scope of the data breach;
- 461 (b) after restoring the reasonable integrity of the affected system, if necessary; and
- 462 (c) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), without unreasonable delay.
- 463 (2) A governmental entity shall delay providing notification under Subsection (1) at the
- 464 request of a law enforcement agency that determines that notification may impede a criminal
- 465 investigation, until such time as the law enforcement agency informs the governmental entity
- 466 that notification will no longer impede the criminal investigation.
- 467 (3) The data breach notice to an affected individual shall include:
- 468 (a) a description of the data breach;
- 469 (b) the individual's personal data that was accessed or may have been accessed;
- 470 (c) steps the governmental entity is taking or has taken to mitigate the impact of the
- 471 data breach;
- 472 (d) recommendations to the individual on how to protect themselves from identity theft
- 473 and other financial losses; and
- 474 (e) any other language required by the Cyber Center.
- 475 (4) Unless the governmental entity reasonably believes that providing notification
- 476 would pose a threat to the safety of an individual, or unless an individual has designated to the
- 477 governmental entity a preferred method of communication, a governmental entity shall provide
- 478 notice by:
- 479 (a) email or mail; and
- 480 (b) one of the following methods, if the individual's contact information is reasonably
- 481 available and the method is allowed by law:
- 482 (i) text message with a summary of the data breach notice and instructions for
- 483 accessing the full notice; or
- 484 (ii) telephone message with a summary of the data breach notice and instructions for
- 485 accessing the full data breach notice.
- 486 (5) A governmental entity shall also provide a data breach notice in a manner that is
- 487 reasonably calculated to have the best chance of being received by the affected individual or
- 488 the legal guardian of an individual, such as through a press release, posting on appropriate
- 489 social media accounts, or publishing notice in a newspaper of general circulation when:
- 490 (a) a data breach affects more than 500 individuals; and

491 (b) a governmental entity is unable to obtain an individual's contact information to
492 provide notice for any method listed in Subsection (4).

493 Section 14. Section **63A-19-501** is enacted to read:

494 **Part 5. Data Privacy Ombudsperson**

495 **63A-19-501. Data privacy ombudsperson.**

496 (1) The governor shall appoint a data privacy ombudsperson with the advice of the
497 governing board.

498 (2) The ombudsperson shall:

499 (a) be familiar with the provisions of:

500 (i) this chapter;

501 (ii) Chapter 12, Division of Archives and Records Service and Management of
502 Government Records; and

503 (iii) Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act; and

504 (b) serve as a resource for an individual who is making or responding to a complaint
505 about a governmental entity's data privacy practice.

506 (3) The ombudsperson may, upon request by a governmental entity or individual,
507 mediate data privacy disputes between individuals and governmental entities.

508 (4) After consultation with the chief privacy officer or the state privacy officer, the
509 ombudsperson may raise issues and questions before the governing board regarding serious and
510 repeated violations of data privacy from:

511 (a) a specific governmental entity; or

512 (b) widespread governmental entity data privacy practices.

513 Section 15. Section **63A-19-601** is enacted to read:

514 **Part 6. Remedies**

515 **63A-19-601. Enforcement.**

516 (1) Upon instruction by the board, the state auditor shall:

517 (a) investigate alleged violations of this chapter by a governmental entity;

518 (b) provide notice to the relevant governmental entity of an alleged violation of this
519 chapter; and

520 (c) for a violation that the state auditor substantiates, provide an opportunity for the
521 governmental entity to cure the violation within 30 days.

522 (2) If a governmental entity fails to cure a violation as provided in Subsection (1)(c),
 523 the state auditor shall report the governmental entity's failure:

524 (a) for a designated governmental entity, to the attorney general for enforcement under
 525 Subsection (3); and

526 (b) for a state agency, to the Legislative Management Committee.

527 (3) After referral by the state auditor under Subsection (2)(a), the attorney general may
 528 file an action in district court to:

529 (a) enjoin a designated governmental entity from violating this chapter; or

530 (b) require a designated governmental entity to comply with this chapter.

531 Section 16. Section **63C-24-101** is amended to read:

CHAPTER 24. UTAH PRIVACY COMMISSION

Part 1. General Provisions

534 **63C-24-101. Title.**

535 This chapter is known as the [~~"Personal Privacy Oversight]~~ "Utah Privacy
 536 Commission."

537 Section 17. Section **63C-24-102** is amended to read:

538 **63C-24-102. Definitions.**

539 As used in this chapter:

540 (1) "Commission" means the [~~Personal Privacy Oversight]~~ Utah Privacy Commission
 541 created in Section 63C-24-201.

542 (2) "Governing board" means the Utah Privacy Governing Board created in Section
 543 63A-9-201.

544 (3) "Governmental entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section
 545 63G-2-103.

546 [~~(2)(a) "Government entity" [means the state, a county, a municipality, a higher~~
 547 ~~education institution, a special district, a special service district, a school district, an~~
 548 ~~independent entity, or any other political subdivision of the state or an administrative subunit of~~
 549 ~~any political subdivision, including a law enforcement entity.]~~

550 [~~(b) "Government entity" includes an agent of an entity described in Subsection (2)(a).]~~

551 [~~(3)] (4) "Independent entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section~~
 552 63E-1-102.

553 (5) "Office" means the Office of Data Privacy created in Section [63A-19-301](#).

554 [~~(4)~~] (6) [~~(a)~~] "Personal data" means [~~any information relating to an identified or~~
555 ~~identifiable individual~~] the same as that term is defined in Section [63A-19-101](#).

556 [~~(b) "Personal data" includes personally identifying information.~~]

557 [~~(5)~~] (7) (a) "Privacy practice" means the acquisition, use, storage, or disposal of
558 personal data.

559 (b) "Privacy practice" includes:

560 (i) a technology use related to personal data; and

561 (ii) policies related to the protection, storage, sharing, and retention of personal data.

562 Section 18. Section **63C-24-201** is amended to read:

563 **Part 2. Utah Privacy Commission**

564 **63C-24-201. Utah Privacy Commission created.**

565 (1) There is created the [~~Personal Privacy Oversight~~] Utah Privacy Commission.

566 (2) (a) The commission shall be composed of 12 members.

567 (b) The governor shall appoint:

568 (i) one member who, at the time of appointment provides internet technology services
569 for a county or a municipality;

570 (ii) one member with experience in cybersecurity;

571 (iii) one member representing private industry in technology;

572 (iv) one member representing law enforcement; and

573 (v) one member with experience in data privacy law.

574 (c) The state auditor shall appoint:

575 (i) one member with experience in internet technology services;

576 (ii) one member with experience in cybersecurity;

577 (iii) one member representing private industry in technology;

578 (iv) one member with experience in data privacy law; and

579 (v) one member with experience in civil liberties law or policy and with specific
580 experience in identifying the disparate impacts of the use of a technology or a policy on
581 different populations.

582 (d) The attorney general shall appoint:

583 (i) one member with experience as a prosecutor or appellate attorney and with

584 experience in data privacy or civil liberties law; and

585 (ii) one member representing law enforcement.

586 (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), a member is appointed for a term of
587 four years.

588 (b) The initial appointments of members described in Subsections (2)(b)(i) through
589 (b)(iii), (2)(c)(iv) through (c)(v), and (2)(d)(ii) shall be for two-year terms.

590 (c) When the term of a current member expires, a member shall be reappointed or a
591 new member shall be appointed in accordance with Subsection (2).

592 (4) (a) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, a replacement shall
593 be appointed in accordance with Subsection (2) for the unexpired term.

594 (b) A member whose term has expired may continue to serve until a replacement is
595 appointed.

596 (5) The commission shall select officers from the commission's members as the
597 commission finds necessary.

598 (6) (a) A majority of the members of the commission is a quorum.

599 (b) The action of a majority of a quorum constitutes an action of the commission.

600 (7) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service but
601 may receive per diem and travel expenses incurred as a member of the commission at the rates
602 established by the Division of Finance under:

603 (a) Sections [63A-3-106](#) and [63A-3-107](#); and

604 (b) rules made by the Division of Finance in accordance with Sections [63A-3-106](#) and
605 [63A-3-107](#).

606 (8) A member shall refrain from participating in a review of:

607 (a) an entity of which the member is an employee; or

608 (b) a technology in which the member has a financial interest.

609 (9) The state auditor shall provide staff and support to the commission.

610 (10) The commission shall meet up to [~~seven~~] 12 times a year to accomplish the duties
611 described in Section [63C-24-202](#).

612 Section 19. Section **63C-24-202** is amended to read:

613 **63C-24-202. Commission duties.**

614 (1) The commission shall:

- 615 (a) annually develop a data privacy agenda that identifies for the upcoming year:
616 (i) governmental entity privacy practices to be reviewed by the commission;
617 (ii) educational and training materials that the commission intends to develop;
618 (iii) any other items related to data privacy the commission intends to study; and
619 (iv) best practices and guiding principles that the commission plans to develop related
620 to government privacy practices;
- 621 (b) develop guiding standards and best practices with respect to government privacy
622 practices;
- 623 ~~(b)~~ (c) develop educational and training materials that include information about:
624 (i) the privacy implications and civil liberties concerns of the privacy practices of
625 government entities;
626 (ii) best practices for government collection and retention policies regarding personal
627 data; and
628 (iii) best practices for government personal data security standards; ~~and~~
629 ~~(c)~~ (d) review the privacy implications and civil liberties concerns of government
630 privacy practices[-]; and
- 631 (e) provide the data privacy agenda to the governing board by May 1 of each year.
632 (2) The commission may, in addition to the approved items in the data privacy agenda
633 prepared under Subsection (1)(a):
- 634 (a) review specific government privacy practices as referred to the commission by the
635 chief privacy officer described in Section ~~[67-1-17]~~ [63A-19-302](#) or the state privacy officer
636 described in Section [67-3-13](#); ~~and~~
- 637 (b) review a privacy practice not accounted for in the data privacy agenda only upon
638 referral by the chief privacy officer or the state privacy officer in accordance with Subsection
639 [63C-24-202](#)(2)(a);
- 640 (c) review and provide recommendations regarding consent mechanisms used by
641 governmental entities to collect personal information;
- 642 (d) develop and provide recommendations to the Legislature on how to balance
643 transparency and public access of public records against an individual's reasonable expectations
644 of privacy and data protection; and
- 645 ~~(b)~~ (e) develop recommendations for legislation regarding the guiding standards and

646 best practices the commission has developed in accordance with Subsection (1)(a).

647 (3) [~~Annually~~] At least annually, on or before October 1, the commission shall report to
648 the Judiciary Interim Committee:

649 (a) the results of any reviews the commission has conducted;

650 (b) the guiding standards and best practices described in Subsection [~~(1)(a)~~] (1)(b); and

651 (c) any recommendations for legislation the commission has developed in accordance
652 with Subsection [~~(2)(b)~~] (2)(c).

653 (4) At least annually, on or before June 1, the commission shall report to the governing
654 board regarding:

655 (a) governmental entity privacy practices the commission plans to review in the next
656 year;

657 (b) any educational and training programs the commission intends to develop in
658 relation to government data privacy best practices;

659 (c) results of the commission's data privacy practice reviews from the previous year;
660 and

661 (d) recommendations from the commission related to data privacy legislation,
662 standards, or best practices.

663 (5) The data privacy agenda detailed in Subsection (1)(a) does not add to or expand the
664 authority of the commission.

665 Section 20. Section **67-3-13** is amended to read:

666 **67-3-13. State privacy officer.**

667 (1) As used in this section:

668 (a) "Designated [~~government~~] governmental entity" means a [~~government~~]
669 governmental entity that is not a state agency.

670 (b) "Independent entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section [63E-1-102](#).

671 (c) "Governmental entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section
672 [63G-2-103](#).

673 [~~(c) (i) "Government entity" means the state, a county, a municipality, a higher~~
674 ~~education institution, a special district, a special service district, a school district, an~~
675 ~~independent entity, or any other political subdivision of the state or an administrative subunit of~~
676 ~~any political subdivision, including a law enforcement entity.]~~

- 677 ~~[(ii) "Government entity" includes an agent of an entity described in Subsection~~
678 ~~(1)(c)(i).]~~
- 679 (d) [(i)] "Personal data" means ~~[any information relating to an identified or identifiable~~
680 ~~individual.]~~ the same as that term is defined in Section [63A-19-101](#).
- 681 ~~[(ii) "Personal data" includes personally identifying information.]~~
- 682 (e) (i) "Privacy practice" means the acquisition, use, storage, or disposal of personal
683 data.
- 684 (ii) "Privacy practice" includes:
- 685 (A) a technology use related to personal data; and
- 686 (B) policies related to the protection, storage, sharing, and retention of personal data.
- 687 (f) (i) "State agency" means the following entities that are under the direct supervision
688 and control of the governor or the lieutenant governor:
- 689 (A) a department;
- 690 (B) a commission;
- 691 (C) a board;
- 692 (D) a council;
- 693 (E) an institution;
- 694 (F) an officer;
- 695 (G) a corporation;
- 696 (H) a fund;
- 697 (I) a division;
- 698 (J) an office;
- 699 (K) a committee;
- 700 (L) an authority;
- 701 (M) a laboratory;
- 702 (N) a library;
- 703 (O) a bureau;
- 704 (P) a panel;
- 705 (Q) another administrative unit of the state; or
- 706 (R) an agent of an entity described in Subsections (A) through (Q).
- 707 (ii) "State agency" does not include:

- 708 (A) the legislative branch;
- 709 (B) the judicial branch;
- 710 (C) an executive branch agency within the Office of the Attorney General, the state
- 711 auditor, the state treasurer, or the State Board of Education; or
- 712 (D) an independent entity.
- 713 (2) The state privacy officer shall:
- 714 (a) when completing the duties of this Subsection (2), focus on the privacy practices of
- 715 designated [~~government~~] governmental entities;
- 716 (b) compile information about government privacy practices of designated
- 717 [~~government~~] governmental entities;
- 718 (c) make public and maintain information about government privacy practices on the
- 719 state auditor's website;
- 720 (d) provide designated [~~government~~] governmental entities with educational and
- 721 training materials developed by the [~~Personal Privacy Oversight~~] Utah Privacy Commission
- 722 established in Section 63C-24-201 that include the information described in Subsection
- 723 63C-24-202(1)(b);
- 724 (e) implement a process to analyze and respond to requests from individuals for the
- 725 state privacy officer to review a designated [~~government~~] governmental entity's privacy
- 726 practice;
- 727 (f) identify annually which designated [~~government~~] governmental entities' privacy
- 728 practices pose the greatest risk to individual privacy and prioritize those privacy practices for
- 729 review;
- 730 (g) review each year, in as timely a manner as possible, the privacy practices that the
- 731 privacy officer identifies under Subsection (2)(e) or (2)(f) as posing the greatest risk to
- 732 individuals' privacy;
- 733 (h) when reviewing a designated [~~government~~] governmental entity's privacy practice
- 734 under Subsection (2)(g), analyze:
- 735 (i) details about the technology or the policy and the technology's or the policy's
- 736 application;
- 737 (ii) information about the type of data being used;
- 738 (iii) information about how the data is obtained, stored, shared, secured, and disposed;

739 (iv) information about with which persons the designated [~~government~~] governmental
740 entity shares the information;

741 (v) information about whether an individual can or should be able to opt out of the
742 retention and sharing of the individual's data;

743 (vi) information about how the designated [~~government~~] governmental entity
744 de-identifies or anonymizes data;

745 (vii) a determination about the existence of alternative technology or improved
746 practices to protect privacy; and

747 (viii) a finding of whether the designated [~~government~~] governmental entity's current
748 privacy practice adequately protects individual privacy; and

749 (i) after completing a review described in Subsections (2)(g) and (h), determine:

750 (i) each designated [~~government~~] governmental entity's use of personal data, including
751 the designated [~~government~~] governmental entity's practices regarding data:

752 (A) acquisition;

753 (B) storage;

754 (C) disposal;

755 (D) protection; and

756 (E) sharing;

757 (ii) the adequacy of the designated [~~government~~] governmental entity's practices in
758 each of the areas described in Subsection (2)(i)(i); and

759 (iii) for each of the areas described in Subsection (2)(i)(i) that the state privacy officer
760 determines to require reform, provide recommendations for reform to the designated
761 [~~government~~] governmental entity and the legislative body charged with regulating the
762 designated [~~government~~] governmental entity.

763 (3) (a) The legislative body charged with regulating a designated [~~government~~]
764 governmental entity that receives a recommendation described in Subsection (2)(i)(iii) shall
765 hold a public hearing on the proposed reforms:

766 (i) with a quorum of the legislative body present; and

767 (ii) within 90 days after the day on which the legislative body receives the
768 recommendation.

769 (b) (i) The legislative body shall provide notice of the hearing described in Subsection

770 (3)(a).

771 (ii) Notice of the public hearing and the recommendations to be discussed shall be
772 posted for the jurisdiction of the designated [~~government~~] governmental entity, as a class A
773 notice under Section [63G-30-102](#), for at least 30 days before the day on which the legislative
774 body will hold the public hearing.

775 (iii) Each notice required under Subsection (3)(b)(i) shall:

776 (A) identify the recommendations to be discussed; and

777 (B) state the date, time, and location of the public hearing.

778 (c) During the hearing described in Subsection (3)(a), the legislative body shall:

779 (i) provide the public the opportunity to ask questions and obtain further information
780 about the recommendations; and

781 (ii) provide any interested person an opportunity to address the legislative body with
782 concerns about the recommendations.

783 (d) At the conclusion of the hearing, the legislative body shall determine whether the
784 legislative body shall adopt reforms to address the recommendations and any concerns raised
785 during the public hearing.

786 (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), if the chief privacy officer described in
787 Section [~~67-1-17~~] [63A-19-302](#) is not conducting reviews of the privacy practices of state
788 agencies, the state privacy officer may review the privacy practices of a state agency in
789 accordance with the processes described in this section.

790 (b) Subsection (3) does not apply to a state agency.

791 (5) The state privacy officer shall:

792 (a) quarterly report, to the [~~Personal Privacy Oversight Commission~~] Utah Privacy
793 Commission:

794 (i) recommendations for privacy practices for the commission to review; and

795 (ii) the information provided in Subsection (2)(i); and

796 (b) annually, on or before October 1, report to the Judiciary Interim Committee:

797 (i) the results of any reviews described in Subsection (2)(g), if any reviews have been
798 completed;

799 (ii) reforms, to the extent that the state privacy officer is aware of any reforms, that the
800 designated [~~government~~] governmental entity made in response to any reviews described in

801 Subsection (2)(g);
802 (iii) the information described in Subsection (2)(i);
803 (iv) reports received from designated governmental entities regarding the sale or
804 sharing of personal data provided under Subsection 63A-19-401(2)(f)(i); and
805 [~~(iv)~~] (v) recommendations for legislation based on any results of a review described in
806 Subsection (2)(g).

807 Section 21. **Repealer.**

808 This bill repeals:

809 Section **67-1-17, Chief privacy officer.**

810 Section 22. **Effective date.**

811 This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.