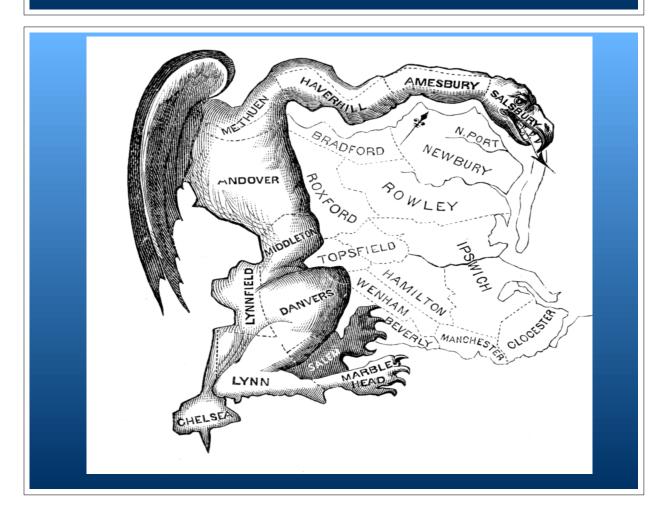
Redistricting:

The Basics

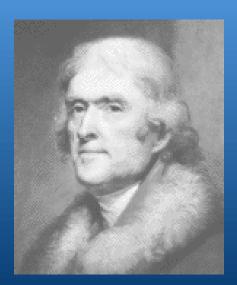
Bagels and Briefings October 20, 2010







The Census and Congressional Apportionment



Thomas Jefferson, as Secretary of State, directed the first Constitutionally prescribed decennial census in 1790. Since then the census has been taken in each year ending in zero.

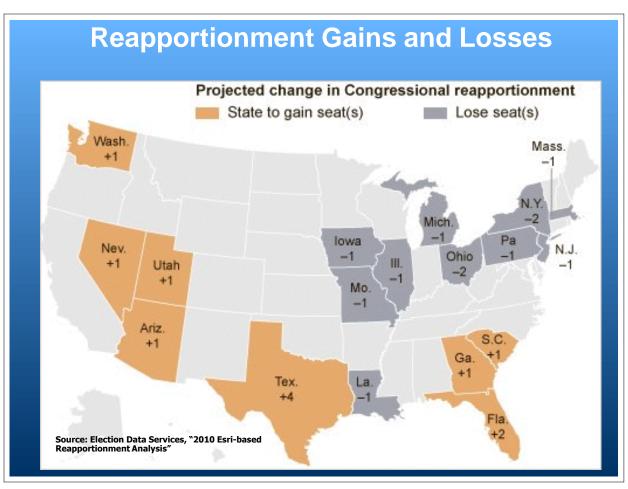
<u>SOLRGC</u>

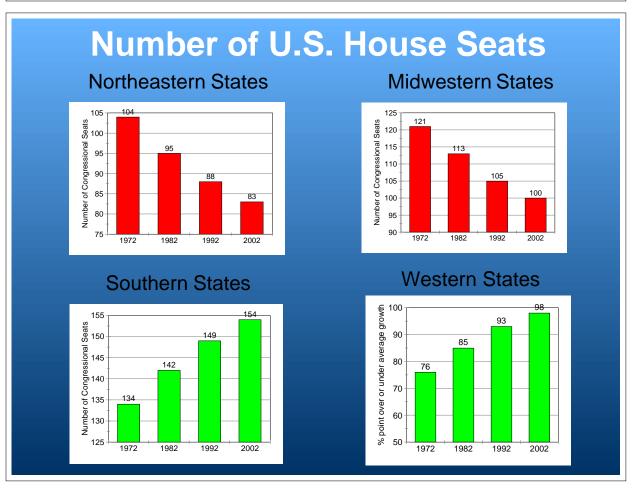
What is Reapportionment?

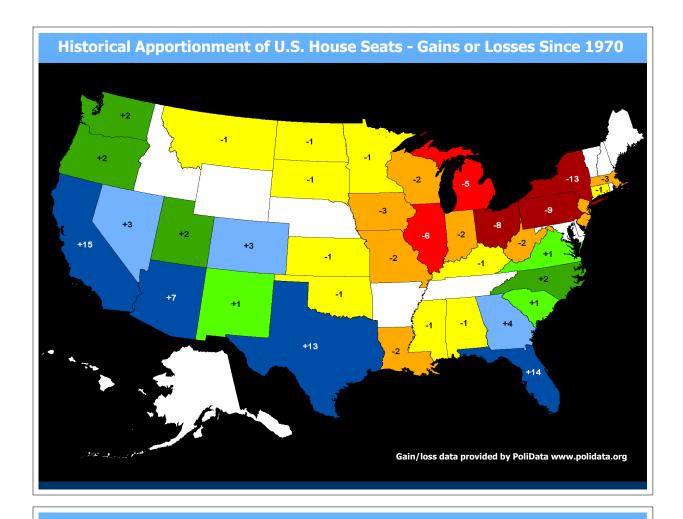
The process of dividing 435 Congressional seats among 50 states

- Total resident population
- Selected residents living outside the United States
 - U.S. Armed Forces
 - ► Federal civilian employees
- House seats divided as follows:
 - ► Each state has a minimum of 1 seat
 - ► The remaining 385 seats divided based on population









What is Redistricting?

Readjust representation to ensure

- One person, one vote
 - Congressional
 - Legislative
 - State school board

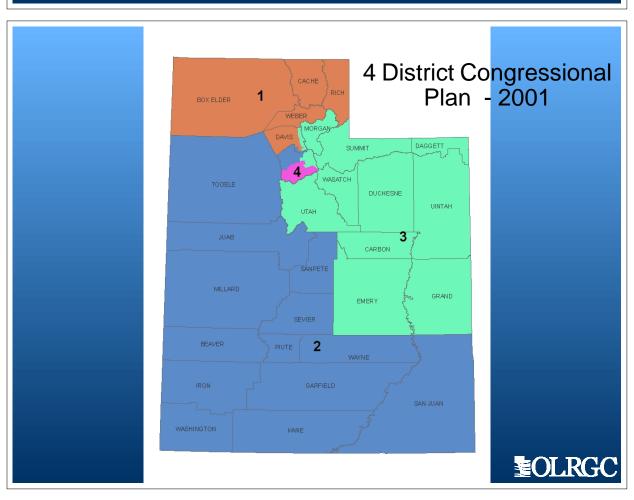


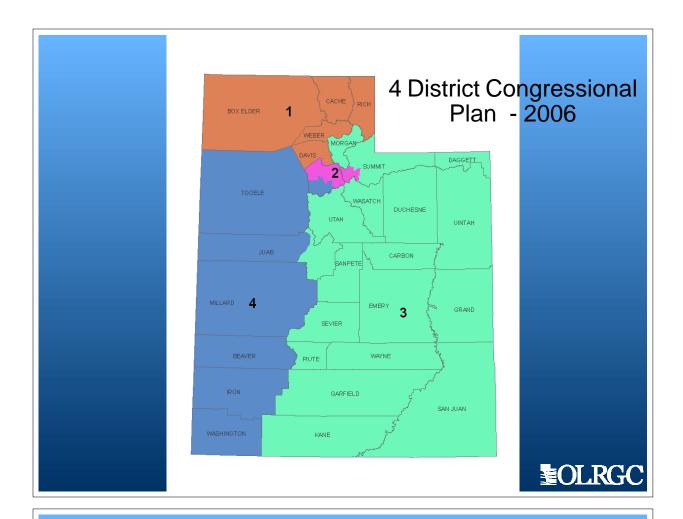
What is Redistricting?

Cont.

- Draw lines that determine which voters are represented by each legislative seat
- Congress, State Legislature, State School Board, Local Governments

EOLRGC





Key Redistricting Dates

- April 1, 2010 Census Day
- December 31, 2010 Census Count to President
- April 1, 2011 Redistricting Data to States
- Summer/Fall 2011 Redistrict Special Session



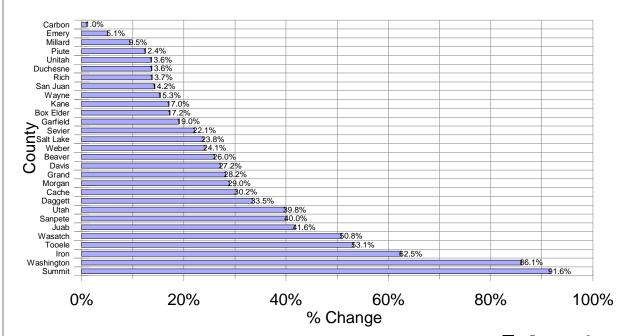
Why Redistrict?

Population Shifts Within the State

- Absolute Numbers are Less Important than Relative Numbers
- Growth Slower than Average Area Will Grow
- Growth Faster than Average Area Will Shrink

SOLRGC

Percent Change in County Growth 1990- 2000





Counties Growth Compared to State Average (29.6%) -1990-2000 Percentage over or under state average growth rate Carbon -24.5% Emery Millard -20.2% Piute -17.3% -16.1% Unitah -16.0% Duchesne Rich San Juan Wayne Kane Box Elder -12.5% Garfield -10.7% Sevier -7 5% Salt Lake -5.9% Weber -5.5% Beaver -3 6% -2.5% Davis -1 5% Grand -0.7% Morgan 0.6% Cache 3.8% Daggett Utah 10.2% 10.4% Sanpete Juab Wasatch 21.2% 23.5% Tooele 32.9% Washington 56.4% 62.0%

Who Is Responsible for Redistricting?

20%

40%

60%

80%

SOLRGC

0%

-40%

-20%

Utah Constitution Article IX, Section 1

"...the Legislature shall divide the state into congressional, legislative, and other districts...."



Traditional Redistricting Principles

Equal Population

- Congressional
 - Equal as practicable
- Legislative Districts
 - Minor deviations in population between districts

EOLRGC

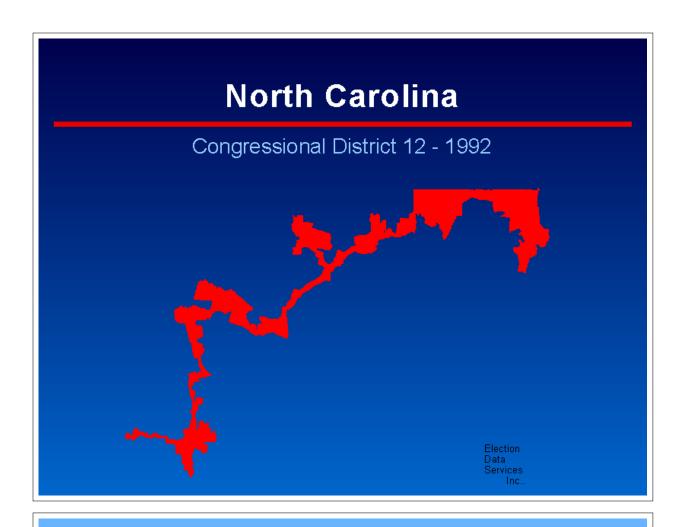
Traditional Redistricting Principles

Contiguity and Compactness

Districts shall be contiguous and reasonably compact

- Contiguity adjacency
- Compactness minimum distance between all parts of a constituency





Traditional Redistricting Principles

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS FIGURES

Official population enumeration of the U.S. Bureau of the Census

Single Member Districts



How Large Can the Utah House and Senate Be?

Utah Constitution Article IX, Section 2

"The Senate shall consist of a membership not to exceed twenty-nine...."

"...the number of representatives shall never be less than twice nor greater than three times the number of senators."

House 58-87 members

EOLRGC

Questions?

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