# Still Solvent Utah's Unemployment Insurance Trust Fund



#### **Presentation Outline**

Selected Federal and
State Unemployment Statistics

Background: Federal/State
Unemployment Insurance Trust
Fund Systems

Solvency of Utah's Fund

**NOTE**: for the Unemployment Insurance portion of the presentation, I am indebted to Bill Starks, Utah's Unemployment Insurance Director, for his kind and willing assistance in Providing UI data and responding to my questions.

#### **Defining Terms**

- Unemployment Rate (UR)
  - % of the total civilian labor force that is currently out of work
- Labor Participation Rate (LPR)
  - % of those currently out of work that are actively seeking work
- Civilian Labor Force
  - Sum of employed and unemployed
- Discourated Worker
  - Eligible and willing to work but unemployed and not attempting to find work during the previous four weeks
- Marginally Attached Worker
  - Willing and able to work and either held a job or searched for a job in the past year, but not actively seeking employment

### Participation and Unemployment Rates of Civilian Population

TINEMN KATE ITIKI NV AGE SEX		Not Seasonally Adjusted			Seasonally Adjusted						
		Aug 2009	July 2010	Aug 2010	Aug 2009	April 2010	May 2010	June 2010	July 2010	Aug 2010	
	LPR – Total Civilian Labor Force	65.6	65.3	65.0	65.4	65.2	65.0	64.7	64.6	64.7	
	UR – Total Civilian Labor Force	9.6	9.7	9.5	9.7	9.9	9.7	9.5	9.5	9.6	
	LPR – Men 16 Years and Over	72.4	72.1	71.7	72.2	71.8	71.5	71.3	71.1	71.4	
	UR – Men 16 Years and Over	10.1	10.0	9.8	11.0	10.8	10.5	10.5	10.4	10.6	
	LPR – Men 20 Years and Over	74.9	74.4	74.4	75.0	74.7	74.5	74.3	74.1	74.3	
	UR – Men 20 Years and Over	9.4	9.2	9.1	10.2	10.1	9.8	9.9	9.7	9.8	
	LPR – Women 16 Years and Over	59.3	58.8	58.6	59.1	59.0	58.9	58.5	58.4	58.5	
	UR – Women 16 Years and Over	8.9	9.4	9.3	8.3	8.8	8.8	8.3	8.5	8.6	
	LPR – Women 20 Years and Over	60.7	60.1	60.1	60.7	60.7	60.6	60.3	60.1	60.1	
	UR – Women 20 Years and Over	8.3	8.6	8.6	7.7	8.2	8.1	7.8	7.9	8.0	
	LPR – Both Sexes, 16-19 Years	40.7	42.6	38.5	37.5	35.9	35.6	34.1	34.6	35.2	
	UR – Both Sexes, 16-19 Years	24.2	26.5	25.1	25.7	25.4	26.4	25.7	26.1	26.3	

Data Source for these slides: United States Bureau of Labor Statistics, September 3, 2010

### Unemployed by Duration of Unemployment (numbers in thousands)

5 to 14 Weeks  15 Weeks and Over  15 to 26 Weeks		Seasor Adjuste	•	Seasonally Adjusted						
	Aug 2009	July 2010	Aug 2010	Aug 2009	April 2010	May 2010	June 2010	July 2010	Aug 2010	
	Less than 5 Weeks	2,867	3,111	2,632	2,992	2,682	2,752	2,769	2,839	2,760
	5 to 14 Weeks	4,322	3,507	3,939	4,093	2,991	3,019	3,121	3,060	3,635
	15 Weeks and Over	7,633	8,519	8,189	7,849	8,969	8,924	8,959	8,722	8,484
	15 to 26 Weeks	2,572	1,978	1,916	2,825	2,253	2,161	2,208	2,151	2,235
	27 Weeks and Over	5,061	6,541	6,273	5,024	6,716	6,763	6,751	6,572	6,249
	Av. (Mean )Duration in Wks	25.1	32.6	33.1	25.2	33.0	34.4	35.2	34.2	33.6
	Median Duration in Weeks	15.5	20.3	19.6	15.5	21.6	23.2	25.5	22.2	19.9
	Percent Distribution									
	Loss than F Wooks	40.0	00.6	4= 0		40.0	40 =	40.6	40.4	40.

Less than 5 Weeks	19.3	20.6	17.8	20.0	18.3	18.7	18.6	19.4	18.5
5 to 14 Weeks	29.2	23.2	26.7	27.4	20.4	20.5	21.0	20.9	24.4
15 Weeks and Over	51.5	56.3	55.5	52.6	61.3	60.7	60.3	59.7	57.0
15 to 26 Weeks	17.4	13.1	13.0	18.9	15.4	14.7	14.9	14.7	15.0
27 Weeks and Over	34.1	43.2	42.5	33.6	45.9	46.0	45.5	44.9	42.0

Unemployed by In	dustry and Class o	of Worker
(not seas	sonally adjusted)	
	Unemployed (in thousands)	Unemployn
stry and Class of Worker		

August 2010

10.0

8.6

9.3

7.3

9.7

6.7

10.5

6.7

10.8

8.3

7.9

6.0

6.1

13.0

9.7

8.8

9.8

10.7

6.0

11.0

6.0

12.0

8.2

13.1

5.1

5.3

(not seasonally adjusted)								
	Unemployed	(in thousands)	Unemployn	ment Rates				
Industry and Class of Worker	August 2009	August 2010	August 2009	August 20				
Total, 16 years and Over	14, 823	14,759	9.6	9.5				
Nonagricultural Private Wage and Salary Workers	11,729	11,285	9.8	9.4				
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	93	93	11.8	10.9				
Construction	1,542	1,483	16.5	17.0				
Manufacturing	1,866	1,463	11.8	9.5				

1,297

1,794

547

358

566

1,560

1,239

1,636

528

195

1,118

569

569

984

479

1,909

440

302

606

1,524

1,430

1,507

530

114

1,292

638

**Durable Goods** 

Information

**Financial Activities** 

**Nondurable Goods** 

Wholesale and Retail Trade

**Transportation and Utilities** 

**Professional and Business Services** 

**Agriculture and Related Private Wage and Salary** 

**Self-Employed and Unpaid Family Workers** 

**Education and Health Services** 

**Leisure and Hospitality** 

**Other Services** 

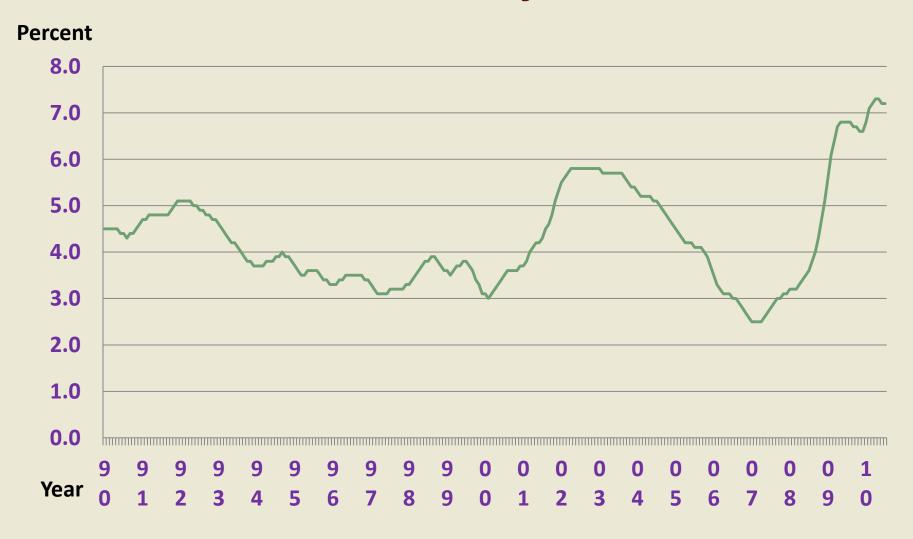
**Government Workers** 

Workers

### Household Data -- Alternative Measures of Labor Underutilization (percent)

		Seaso djuste		Seasonally Adjusted					
Measure	Aug 2009	July 2010	Aug 2010	Aug 2009	April 2010	May 2010	June 2010	July 2010	Aug 2010
Persons <b>unemployed</b> 15 weeks or longer, as % of <b>civilian</b> labor force	4.9	5.5	5.3	5.1	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.5
Job losers + persons who completed temporary jobs, as % of civilian labor force	6.0	5.8	5.7	6.4	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.9	6.0
Total unemployed as % of civilian labor force (official unemployment rate)	9.6	9.7	9.5	9.7	9.9	9.7	9.5	9.5	9.6
Total unemployed + discouraged workers as % civilian labor force + discouraged workers	10.0	10.4	10.2	10.1	10.6	10.3	10.2	10.2	10.3
Total unemployed + disc workers + all others <b>marginally</b> attached to labor force as % of civ labor force + all marginally attached	10.9	11.2	10.9	11.0	11.3	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0
Total unemployed + all marginally attached + total employed part time for econ. reasons as % of civ labor force + all marg attached	16.5	16.8	16.4	16.8	17.1	16.6	16.5	16.5	16.7

### Utah Unemployment Rate 1990 – July 2010



**Data Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services** 

### **Unemployment Insurance (UI)**Trust Fund -- Background

- Created During the Great Depression
- Purposes
  - To accumulate and hold significant funds during good economic times
  - Pay benefits during economic downturns
  - Stimulate a stagnant economy
  - Strengthen the attachment between employers and their skilled workers during temporary layoffs

### **UI Trust Fund How it Works**

- Federal Taxes levied Annually on Employers
- Higher Rate Paid by Employers with higher % of former employees receiving benefits
- State Payroll Tax
- Funds Go to Three Federal Accounts
  - state program administration
  - 50% share of the extended benefits program
  - loan fund for insolvent states

#### UI Trust Fund How it Works, cont.

- UI Programs Operated by the States
- States determine UI Eligibility, Benefit Levels, and Duration of Benefits
  - "Weekly Benefit Amount": 1/26<sup>th</sup> of the individual's total wages for work paid during the quarter of the base period in which the total wages were highest" (UCA 35A-4-401(2))
  - "Base Period" the first four of the last five completed calendar quarters of work performed (UCA 35A-4-201(1))
  - Alternative Base Period -- The last four completed quarters. This begins in January 2011 and is for individuals who have insufficient earnings in the regular base period.

### UI Trust Fund Beginning Year Balance: 1985-Present



**Data Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services** 

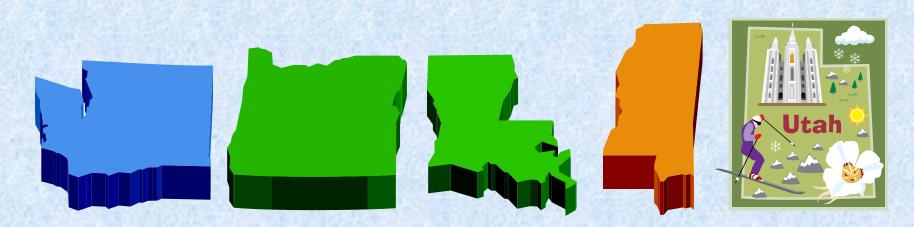
### UI Trust Fund Levels: Quarterly Since March 2008



**Data Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services** 

#### States and UI Solvency

- In the current recession, UI Trust Funds in 34 States and the Virgin Islands have gone Insolvent
- Three States have since paid off Federal Loans
- Utah: \$352 Million -- Fifth Largest UI Trust Fund Account (after Washington, Oregon, Louisiana and Mississippi)



**Source: National Conference of State Legislatures** 

## Utah UI Fund Solvency Estimates

- May 2010: Utah's UI Fund would be insolvent in Fall 2011 (Dept. of Workforce Services)
- Latest estimate: January 2013

#### Summary

- Selected Current Employment Figures
- UI Trust Fund Background, How it Works
- Utah's UI Trust Fund
  - Current Status, Trends
  - Latest Estimates of Trust Fund Levels, Solvency

#### Questions?

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