		UTAH RETIREMENT SYSTEMS REVISIONS
		2022 GENERAL SESSION
		STATE OF UTAH
LC	DNG T	ITLE
Ge	neral I	Description:
	Th	nis bill modifies the Utah State Retirement and Insurance Benefit Act.
Hig	ghlight	ted Provisions:
	Th	nis bill:
	►	requires a participating employer to certify each employee's status for retirement
		benefits;
	►	provides the time period for which a retiree's retirement allowance is cancelled due
		to a violation of the earnings limitation for a part-time appointed or elected board
		member;
	►	aligns the time period for determining final average salary with the time period for
		calculating years of service credit;
	►	adds the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety and the executive
		director of the Department of Corrections to the definitions of public safety service
		employee;
	►	clarifies when an elected official who is initially elected to office on or after July 1,
		2011, may continue to participate in a retirement plan in which the elected official
		had previously accrued service credit;
	►	provides that a full-time Tier II employee who begins employment with an
		institution of higher education and has previously accrued service credit has a
		one-time irrevocable election to continue participation in the Utah Retirement
		Systems;
	►	provides that a member who exempts from participation in the Utah Retirement
		Systems is exempt from earning years of service credit during the period of
		exemption;
	►	permits a public safety service employee who is promoted to certain administrative
		positions to continue participation in a public safety retirement system while the
		employee remains employed with the same department;

33	 permits a fire department chief to exempt from participation in the New Public
34	Safety and Firefighters Tier II Contributory Retirement Act; and
35	 makes technical and conforming changes.
36	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
37	None
38	Other Special Clauses:
39	This bill provides a special effective date.
40	Utah Code Sections Affected:
41	AMENDS:
42	49-11-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 141
43	49-11-1207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 141
44	49-12-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 415
45	49-13-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 415
46	49-14-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 227
47	49-14-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 344
48	49-15-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 227
49	49-15-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 344
50	49-16-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 349
51	49-22-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 415
52	49-22-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 24
53	49-22-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 24 and 365
54	49-22-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 64 and 382
55	49-22-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 227
56	49-23-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 180
57	49-23-201 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 315 and 463
58	49-23-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 24
59	49-23-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 437
60	
61	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

- 62 Section 1. Section **49-11-603** is amended to read:
- 63 **49-11-603.** Participating employer to report and certify -- Time limit -- Penalties

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64	for failure to comply.
65	(1) As soon as administratively possible, but in no event later than 30 days after the
66	end of each pay period, a participating employer shall report and certify to the office:
67	(a) the eligibility for service credit accrual of:
68	(i) each current employee;
69	(ii) each new employee as the new employee begins employment; and
70	(iii) any changes to eligibility for service credit accrual of each employee;
71	(b) the compensation of each current employee eligible for service credit; and
72	(c) other factors relating to the proper administration of this title as required by the
73	executive director.
74	(2) (a) Each participating employer shall submit the reports required under Subsection
75	(1) in a format approved by the office.
76	(b) Each participating employer shall include in the reports a certification, for each
77	employee, whether the employee is:
78	(i) an eligible employee who is accruing service credit;
79	(ii) an ineligible employee who may not accrue service credit;
80	(iii) a reemployed retiree; or
81	(iv) an employee who is eligible for employer contributions to a defined contribution
82	plan administered under this title.
83	(3) A participating employer shall be liable to the office for:
84	(a) any liabilities and expenses, including administrative expenses and the cost of
85	increased benefits to employees, resulting from the participating employer's failure to correctly
86	report and certify records under this section;
87	(b) a penalty equal to the greater of:
88	(i) \$250; or
89	(ii) 50% of the total contributions for the employees for the period of the reporting
90	error; and
91	(c) attorney fees.
92	(4) The executive director may waive all or any part of the interest, penalties, expenses,
93	and fees if the executive director finds there were extenuating circumstances surrounding the
94	participating employer's failure to comply with this section.

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95	(5) The office may estimate the length of service, compensation, or age of any
96	employee, if that information is not contained in the records.
97	Section 2. Section 49-11-1207 is amended to read:
98	49-11-1207. Postretirement reemployment Violations Penalties.
99	(1) (a) If the office receives notice or learns of the reemployment of a retiree in
100	violation of Section 49-11-1204 or 49-11-1205, the office shall:
101	(i) immediately cancel the retiree's retirement allowance;
102	(ii) keep the retiree's retirement allowance cancelled for the remainder of the calendar
103	year if the reemployment with a participating employer exceeded the limitation under
104	Subsection 49-11-1205(1)(a)(iii)(A) [or], (3)(b), or (4)(b); and
105	(iii) recover any overpayment resulting from the violation in accordance with the
106	provisions of Section 49-11-607 before the allowance may be reinstated.
107	(b) Reinstatement of an allowance following cancellation for a violation under this
108	section is subject to the procedures and provisions under Section 49-11-1204.
109	(2) If a retiree or participating employer failed to report reemployment in violation of
110	Section 49-11-1206, the retiree, participating employer, or both, who are found to be
111	responsible for the failure to report, are liable to the office for the amount of any overpayment
112	resulting from the violation.
113	(3) A participating employer is liable to the office for a payment or failure to make a
114	payment in violation of this part.
115	(4) If a participating employer fails to notify the office in accordance with Section
116	49-11-1206, the participating employer is immediately subject to a compliance audit by the
117	office.
118	Section 3. Section 49-12-102 is amended to read:
119	49-12-102. Definitions.
120	As used in this chapter:
121	(1) (a) "Benefits normally provided" [: (a)] means a benefit offered by an employer,
122	including:
123	(i) a leave benefit of any kind;
124	(ii) insurance coverage of any kind if the employer pays some or all of the premium for
125	the coverage;

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126	(iii) employer contributions to a health savings account, health reimbursement account,
127	health reimbursement arrangement, or medical expense reimbursement plan; and
128	(iv) a retirement benefit of any kind if the employer pays some or all of the cost of the
129	benefit[; and] .
130	(b) <u>"Benefits normally provided"</u> does not include:
131	(i) a payment for social security;
132	(ii) workers' compensation insurance;
133	(iii) unemployment insurance;
134	(iv) a payment for Medicare;
135	(v) a payment or insurance required by federal or state law that is similar to a payment
136	or insurance listed in Subsection (1)(b)(i), (ii), (iii), or (iv);
137	(vi) any other benefit that state or federal law requires an employer to provide an
138	employee who would not otherwise be eligible to receive the benefit; or
139	(vii) any benefit that an employer provides an employee in order to avoid a penalty or
140	tax under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Pub. L. No. 111-148 and the Health
141	Care Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, Pub. L. No. 111-152, and related federal
142	regulations, including a penalty imposed by Internal Revenue Code, Section 4980H.
143	(2) (a) "Compensation" means[, except as provided in Subsection (2)(c),] the total
144	amount of payments made by a participating employer to a member of this system for services
145	rendered to the participating employer, including:
146	(i) bonuses;
147	(ii) cost-of-living adjustments;
148	(iii) other payments currently includable in gross income and that are subject to social
149	security deductions, including any payments in excess of the maximum amount subject to
150	deduction under social security law;
151	(iv) amounts that the member authorizes to be deducted or reduced for salary deferral
152	or other benefits authorized by federal law; and
153	(v) member contributions.
154	(b) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed
155	under Internal Revenue Code, Section 401(a)(17).
156	(c) "Compensation" does not include:
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157	(i) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, including a residence or use of
158	equipment;
159	(ii) the cost of any employment benefits paid for by the participating employer;
160	(iii) compensation paid to a temporary employee, an exempt employee, or an employee
161	otherwise ineligible for service credit;
162	(iv) any payments upon termination, including accumulated vacation, sick leave
163	payments, severance payments, compensatory time payments, or any other special payments;
164	(v) any allowances or payments to a member for costs or expenses paid by the
165	participating employer, including automobile costs, uniform costs, travel costs, tuition costs,
166	housing costs, insurance costs, equipment costs, and dependent care costs; or
167	(vi) a teacher salary bonus described in Section 53F-2-513.
168	(d) The executive director may determine if a payment not listed under this Subsection
169	(2) falls within the definition of compensation.
170	(3) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest
171	five years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections [(3)(a), (b), (c),
172	(d), and (e)] $(3)(b)$, (c) , (d) , (e) , and (f) .
173	[(a)] (b) Except as provided in Subsection $[(3)(b)]$ (3)(c), the percentage increase in
174	annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's
175	compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the
176	purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau
177	of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
178	[(b)] (c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation
179	to the office, the limitation in Subsection $[(3)(a)]$ (3)(b) may be exceeded if:
180	(i) the member has transferred from another agency; or
181	(ii) the member has been promoted to a new position.
182	[(c)] (d) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of
183	employment, the member is considered to have been in service at the member's last rate of pay
184	from the date of the termination of employment to the effective date of retirement for purposes
185	of computing the member's final average salary only.
186	[(d)] (e) If the member has less than five years of service credit in this system, final
187	average salary means the average annual compensation paid to the member during the full

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188	period of service credit.
189	[(e)] (f) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based
190	on[:] a period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years
191	of service credit in accordance with Subsection (7).
192	[(i) a calendar year for a member employed by a participating employer that is not an
193	educational institution; or]
194	[(ii) a contract year for a member employed by an educational institution.]
195	(4) "Participating employer" means an employer [which] that meets the participation
196	requirements of Sections 49-12-201 and 49-12-202.
197	(5) (a) "Regular full-time employee" means an employee:
198	(i) whose term of employment for a participating employer contemplates continued
199	employment during a fiscal or calendar year [and]:
200	(ii) whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours or more per week,
201	except as modified by the board[;]; and
202	(iii) who receives benefits normally provided by the participating employer.
203	(b) "Regular full-time employee" includes:
204	(i) a teacher whose term of employment for a participating employer contemplates
205	continued employment during a school year and who teaches half-time or more;
206	(ii) a classified school employee:
207	(A) who is hired before July 1, 2013; and
208	(B) whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for
209	a participating employer, regardless of benefits provided;
210	(iii) an officer, elective or appointive, who earns \$500 or more per month, indexed as
211	of January 1, 1990, as provided in Section 49-12-407;
212	(iv) a faculty member or employee of an institution of higher education who is
213	considered full-time by that institution of higher education; and
214	(v) an individual who otherwise meets the definition of this Subsection (5) who
215	performs services for a participating employer through a professional employer organization or
216	similar arrangement.
217	(c) "Regular full-time employee" does not include a classified school employee:
218	(i) (A) who is hired on or after July 1, 2013; and

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- 219 (B) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer 220 even if the employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for a 221 participating employer; 222 (ii) (A) who is hired before July 1, 2013; 223 (B) who did not qualify as a regular full-time employee before July 1, 2013; 224 (C) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer; 225 and 226 (D) whose employment hours are increased on or after July 1, 2013, to require an 227 average of 20 hours per week or more for a participating employer; or 228 (iii) who is a person working on a contract: 229 (A) for the purposes of vocational rehabilitation and the employment and training of 230 people with significant disabilities; and 231 (B) that has been set aside from procurement requirements by the state pursuant to 232 Section 63G-6a-805 or the federal government pursuant to 41 U.S.C. Sec. 8501 et seq. 233 (6) "System" means the Public Employees' Contributory Retirement System created 234 under this chapter. 235 (7) "Years of service credit" means: 236 (a) a period consisting of 12 full months as determined by the board; 237 (b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a 238 regular full-time employee performed services for a participating employer, including any time 239 the regular full-time employee was absent on a paid leave of absence granted by a participating 240 employer or was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty as 241 provided by this chapter; or 242 (c) the regular school year consisting of not less than eight months of full-time service 243 for a regular full-time employee of an educational institution. 244 Section 4. Section 49-13-102 is amended to read: 245 49-13-102. Definitions. 246 As used in this chapter: 247 (1) "Benefits normally provided" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that 248 term is defined in Section 49-12-102.
- 249 (2) (a) [Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), "compensation"] "Compensation"

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250	means the total amount of payments made by a participating employer to a member of this
251	system for services rendered to the participating employer, including:
252	(i) bonuses;
253	(ii) cost-of-living adjustments;
254	(iii) other payments currently includable in gross income and that are subject to social
255	security deductions, including any payments in excess of the maximum amount subject to
256	deduction under social security law; and
257	(iv) amounts that the member authorizes to be deducted or reduced for salary deferral
258	or other benefits authorized by federal law.
259	(b) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed
260	under Internal Revenue Code, Section 401(a)(17).
261	(c) "Compensation" does not include:
262	(i) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, including a residence or use of
263	equipment;
264	(ii) the cost of any employment benefits paid for by the participating employer;
265	(iii) compensation paid to a temporary employee, an exempt employee, or an employee
266	otherwise ineligible for service credit;
267	(iv) any payments upon termination, including accumulated vacation, sick leave
268	payments, severance payments, compensatory time payments, or any other special payments;
269	(v) any allowances or payments to a member for costs or expenses paid by the
270	participating employer, including automobile costs, uniform costs, travel costs, tuition costs,
271	housing costs, insurance costs, equipment costs, and dependent care costs; or
272	(vi) a teacher salary bonus described in Section 53F-2-513.
273	(d) The executive director may determine if a payment not listed under this Subsection
274	(2) falls within the definition of compensation.
275	(3) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest
276	three years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections [(3)(a), (b), (c),
277	and (d)] (3)(b), (c), (d), and (e).
278	[(a)] (b) Except as provided in Subsection [(3)(b)] (3)(c), the percentage increase in
279	annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's
280	compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the

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281	purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau
282	of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
283	[(b)] (c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation
284	to the office, the limitation in Subsection $\left[\frac{(3)(a)}{(3)(b)}\right]$ may be exceeded if:
285	(i) the member has transferred from another agency; or
286	(ii) the member has been promoted to a new position.
287	[(c)] (d) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of
288	employment and for purposes of computing the member's final average salary only, the
289	member is considered to have been in service at the member's last rate of pay from the date of
290	the termination of employment to the effective date of retirement.
291	[(d)] (e) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based
292	on[:] a period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years
293	of service credit in accordance with Subsection (7).
294	[(i) a calendar year for a member employed by a participating employer that is not an
295	educational institution; or]
296	[(ii) a contract year for a member employed by an educational institution.]
297	(4) "Participating employer" means an employer [which] that meets the participation
298	requirements of Sections 49-13-201 and 49-13-202.
299	(5) (a) "Regular full-time employee" means an employee:
300	(i) whose term of employment for a participating employer contemplates continued
301	employment during a fiscal or calendar year [and]:
302	(ii) whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours or more per week,
303	except as modified by the board[,]; and
304	(iii) who receives benefits normally provided by the participating employer.
305	(b) "Regular full-time employee" includes:
306	(i) a teacher whose term of employment for a participating employer contemplates
307	continued employment during a school year and who teaches half time or more;
308	(ii) a classified school employee:
309	(A) who is hired before July 1, 2013; and
310	(B) whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for
311	a participating employer, regardless of benefits provided;

312	(iii) an officer, elective or appointive, who earns \$500 or more per month, indexed as
313	of January 1, 1990, as provided in Section 49-13-407;
314	(iv) a faculty member or employee of an institution of higher education who is
315	considered full time by that institution of higher education; and
316	(v) an individual who otherwise meets the definition of this Subsection (5) who
317	performs services for a participating employer through a professional employer organization or
318	similar arrangement.
319	(c) "Regular full-time employee" does not include a classified school employee:
320	(i) (A) who is hired on or after July 1, 2013; and
321	(B) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer
322	even if the employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for a
323	participating employer;
324	(ii) (A) who is hired before July 1, 2013;
325	(B) who did not qualify as a regular full-time employee before July 1, 2013;
326	(C) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer;
327	and
328	(D) whose employment hours are increased on or after July 1, 2013, to require an
329	average of 20 hours per week or more for a participating employer; or
330	(iii) who is a person working on a contract:
331	(A) for the purposes of vocational rehabilitation and the employment and training of
332	people with significant disabilities; and
333	(B) that has been set aside from procurement requirements by the state pursuant to
334	Section 63G-6a-805 or the federal government pursuant to 41 U.S.C. Sec. 8501 et seq.
335	(6) "System" means the Public Employees' Noncontributory Retirement System.
336	(7) "Years of service credit" means:
337	(a) a period consisting of 12 full months as determined by the board;
338	(b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a
339	regular full-time employee performed services for a participating employer, including any time
340	the regular full-time employee was absent on a paid leave of absence granted by a participating
341	employer or was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty as
342	provided by this chapter; or

343	(c) the regular school year consisting of not less than eight months of full-time service
344	for a regular full-time employee of an educational institution.
345	Section 5. Section 49-14-102 is amended to read:
346	49-14-102. Definitions.
347	As used in this chapter:
348	(1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable in
349	gross income [which are] received by a public safety service employee as base income for the
350	regularly scheduled work period. The participating employer shall establish the regularly
351	scheduled work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the deduction of member
352	contributions or any amounts the public safety service employee authorizes to be deducted for
353	salary deferral or other benefits authorized by federal law.
354	(b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living
355	adjustments.
356	(c) "Compensation" does not include:
357	(i) overtime;
358	(ii) sick pay incentives;
359	(iii) retirement pay incentives;
360	(iv) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, including a residence, use of
361	equipment or uniform, travel, or similar payments;
362	(v) a lump-sum payment or special payments covering accumulated leave; and
363	(vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any
364	other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of
365	a member or participant.
366	(d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed
367	under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17).
368	(2) "Dispatcher" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-6-102.
369	(3) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest
370	three years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections [(3)(a), (b), and
371	(c)] (3)(b), (c), and (d).
372	[(a)] (b) Except as provided in Subsection $[(3)(b)]$ (3)(c), the percentage increase in
373	annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's

374	compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the
375	purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau
376	of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
377	[(b)] (c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation
378	to the office, the limitation in Subsection $[(3)(a)] (3)(b)$ may be exceeded if:
379	(i) the public safety service employee has transferred from another agency; or
380	(ii) the public safety service employee has been promoted to a new position.
381	[(c)] (d) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based
382	on[:] a period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years
383	of service credit in accordance with Subsection (10).
384	[(i) a calendar year for a member employed by a participating employer that is not an
385	educational institution; or]
386	[(ii) a contract year for a member employed by an educational institution.]
387	(4) (a) "Line-of-duty death" means a death resulting from:
388	(i) external force, violence, or disease occasioned by an act of duty as a public safety
389	service employee; or
390	(ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous
391	training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a public safety service
392	employee.
393	(b) "Line-of-duty death" does not include a death that:
394	(i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a public safety service
395	employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity that is clerical,
396	administrative, or of a nonmanual nature;
397	(ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee;
398	(iii) the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether prescribed or
399	nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death; or
400	(iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (4)(a).
401	(5) "Participating employer" means an employer [which] that meets the participation
402	requirements of Section 49-14-201.
403	(6) (a) "Public safety service" means employment normally requiring an average of
404	2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year rendered by a member who is [a]:

405 (i) a law enforcement officer in accordance with Section 53-13-103; 406 (ii) a correctional officer in accordance with Section 53-13-104; 407 (iii) a special function officer approved in accordance with Sections 49-14-201 and 408 53-13-105: 409 (iv) a dispatcher who is certified in accordance with Section 53-6-303; [or] 410 (v) a full-time member of the Board of Pardons and Parole created under Section 411 77-27-2[.]; 412 (vi) the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety; or 413 (vii) the executive director of the Department of Corrections. 414 (b) Except [as provided under Subsections (6)(a)(iv) and (v)] for a position described 415 in Subsection (6)(a)(iv), (v), (vi), or (vii), "public safety service" also requires that, in the 416 course of employment, the employee's life or personal safety is at risk. 417 (c) Except for the minimum hour requirement, Subsections (6)(a) and (b) do not apply 418 to any person who was eligible for service credit in this system before January 1, 1984. 419 (7) "Public safety service employee" means an employee of a participating employer 420 who performs public safety service under this chapter. 421 (8) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or 422 vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service, 423 physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity. 424 (b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned 425 and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity. 426 (9) "System" means the Public Safety Contributory Retirement System created under 427 this chapter. 428 (10) "Years of service credit" means the number of periods, each to consist of 12 full 429 months as determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a public safety 430 service employee was employed by a participating employer, including time the public safety 431 service employee was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty. 432 Section 6. Section 49-14-201 is amended to read: 433 49-14-201. System membership -- Eligibility. (1) Except as provided in Section 49-15-201, a public safety service employee of a 434 participating employer participating in this system is eligible for service credit in this system at 435

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436 the earliest of: 437 (a) July 1, 1969, if the public safety service employee was employed by the 438 participating employer on July 1, 1969, and the participating employer was participating in this 439 system on that date; 440 (b) the date the participating employer begins participating in this system if the public 441 safety service employee was employed by the participating employer on that date; or 442 (c) the date the public safety service employee is employed by the participating 443 employer and is eligible to perform public safety service, except that a public safety service 444 employee initially entering employment with a participating employer on or after July 1, 2011, 445 who does not have service credit accrued before July 1, 2011, in a Tier I system or plan 446 administered by the board, may not participate in this system. 447 (2) (a) (i) A participating employer that has public safety service and firefighter service 448 employees that require cross-training and duty shall enroll those dual purpose employees in the 449 system in which the greatest amount of time is actually worked. 450 (ii) The employees shall either be full-time public safety service or full-time firefighter 451 service employees of the participating employer. 452 (b) (i) [Prior to] Before transferring a dual purpose employee from one system to 453 another, the participating employer shall receive written permission from the office. 454 (ii) The office may request documentation to verify the appropriateness of the transfer. 455 (3) The board may combine or segregate the actuarial experience of participating 456 employers in this system for the purpose of setting contribution rates. 457 (4) (a) (i) Each participating employer participating in this system shall annually 458 submit to the office a schedule indicating the positions to be covered under this system in 459 accordance with this chapter. 460 (ii) The office may require documentation to justify the inclusion of any position under 461 this system. 462 (b) If there is a dispute between the office and a participating employer or employee 463 over any position to be covered, the disputed position shall be submitted to the Peace Officer 464 Standards and Training Council established under Section 53-6-106 for determination. 465 (c) (i) The Peace Officer Standards and Training Council's authority to decide 466 eligibility for public safety service credit is limited to claims for coverage under this system for

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467 time periods after July 1, 1989. 468 (ii) A decision of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council may not be applied 469 to service credit earned in another system [prior to] before July 1, 1989. 470 (iii) Except as provided under Subsection (4)(c)(iv), a decision of the Peace Officer 471 Standards and Training Council granting a position coverage under this system may only be 472 applied prospectively from the date of that decision. 473 (iv) A decision of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council granting a position 474 coverage under this system may be applied retroactively only if: (A) the participating employer covered other similarly situated positions under this 475 476 system during the time period in question; and 477 (B) the position otherwise meets all eligibility requirements for receiving service credit 478 in this system during the period for which service credit is to be granted. 479 (5) The Peace Officer Standards and Training Council may use a subcommittee to 480 provide a recommendation to the council in determining disputes between the office and a 481 participating employer or employee over a position to be covered under this system. 482 (6) The Peace Officer Standards and Training Council shall comply with Title 63G, 483 Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, in resolving coverage disputes in this system. 484 (7) A public safety employee who is transferred or promoted to an administration 485 position requiring the performance of duties that consist primarily of management or 486 supervision of public safety service employees shall continue to earn public safety service 487 credit in this system [as long as] during the period in which the employee remains employed in 488 the same department. 489 (8) An employee of the Department of Corrections shall continue to earn public safety 490 service credit in this system if: 491 (a) the employee's position is no longer covered under this system for new employees 492 hired on or after July 1, 2015; and 493 (b) the employee: 494 (i) remains employed by the Department of Corrections; 495 (ii) meets the eligibility requirements of this system; 496 (iii) was hired into a position covered by this system [prior to] before July 1, 2015; and 497 (iv) has not had a break in service on or after July 1, 2015.

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498	(9) An employee who is reassigned to the Division of Technology Services or to the
499	Division of Human Resource Management, and who was a member of this system, is entitled
500	to remain a member of this system.
501	(10) (a) To determine that a position is covered under this system, the office and, if a
502	coverage dispute arises, the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council shall find that the
503	position requires the employee to:
504	(i) except for a dispatcher, place the employee's life or personal safety at risk; and
505	(ii) complete training as provided in Section 53-6-303, 53-13-103, 53-13-104, or
506	53-13-105.
507	(b) If a position satisfies the requirements of Subsection (10)(a), the office and the
508	Peace Officer Standards and Training Council shall consider whether or not the position
509	requires the employee to:
510	(i) perform duties that consist primarily of actively preventing or detecting crime and
511	enforcing criminal statutes or ordinances of this state or any of its political subdivisions;
512	(ii) perform duties that consist primarily of providing community protection; and
513	(iii) respond to situations involving threats to public safety and make emergency
514	decisions affecting the lives and health of others.
515	(11) If a subcommittee is used to recommend the determination of disputes to the
516	Peace Officer Standards and Training Council, the subcommittee shall comply with the
517	requirements of Subsection (10) in making [its] the subcommittee's recommendation.
518	(12) A final order of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council regarding a
519	dispute is a final agency action for purposes of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative
520	Procedures Act.
521	(13) Except as provided under Subsection (14), if a participating employer's public
522	safety service employees are not covered by this system or under Chapter 15, Public Safety
523	Noncontributory Retirement Act, as of January 1, 1998, those public safety service employees
524	who may otherwise qualify for membership in this system shall, at the discretion of the
525	participating employer, remain in their current retirement system.
526	(14) (a) A public safety service employee employed by an airport police department,
527	which elects to cover [its] the airport police department's public safety service employees under
528	the Public Safety Noncontributory Retirement System under Subsection (13), may elect to

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529 remain in the public safety service employee's current retirement system.

(b) The public safety service employee's election to remain in the current retirementsystem under Subsection (14)(a):

(i) shall be made at the time the employer elects to move [its] the employer's public
safety service employees to a public safety retirement system;

534 (ii) documented by written notice to the participating employer; and

535 (iii) is irrevocable.

(15) (a) Subject to Subsection (16), beginning July 1, 2015, a public safety service
employee who is a dispatcher employed by:

538 (i) the state shall be eligible for service credit in this system; and

539 (ii) a participating employer other than the state shall be eligible for service credit in

this system if the dispatcher's participating employer elects to cover [its] the participating
 employer's dispatchers under this system.

(b) A participating employer's election to cover [its] the participating employer's
dispatchers under this system under Subsection (15)(a)(ii) is irrevocable and shall be
documented by a resolution adopted by the governing body of the participating employer in
accordance with rules made by the office.

(c) A dispatcher's service before July 1, 2015, or before a date specified by resolution
of a participating employer under Subsection (15)(b), is not eligible for service credit in this
system.

(16) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a person initially entering
employment with a participating employer on or after July 1, 2011, who does not have service
credit accrued before July 1, 2011, in a Tier I system or plan administered by the board, may
not participate in this system.

553

Section 7. Section **49-15-102** is amended to read:

554

49-15-102. Definitions.

555 As used in this chapter:

(1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable in gross income received by a public safety service employee as base income for the regularly scheduled work period. The participating employer shall establish the regularly scheduled work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the deduction of any amounts the

560 public safety service employee authorizes to be deducted for salary deferral or other benefits

- authorized by federal law.
- (b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-livingadjustments.
- 564 (c) "Compensation" does not include:
- 565 (i) overtime;
- 566 (ii) sick pay incentives;
- 567 (iii) retirement pay incentives;

(iv) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, as in a residence, use ofequipment or uniform, travel, or similar payments;

- 570 (v) a lump-sum payment or special payment covering accumulated leave; and
- (vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any
 other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of
- a member or participant.
- (d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowedunder Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17).
- 576 (2) "Dispatcher" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-6-102.
- 577 (3) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest 578 three years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections [(3)(a), (b), and 579 (c)] (3)(b), (c), and (d).
- 580 [(a)] (b) Except as provided in Subsection [(3)(b)] (3)(c), the percentage increase in 581 annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's 582 compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the 583 purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau 584 of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
- 585 [(b)] (c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation 586 to the office, the limitation in Subsection [(3)(a)] (3)(b) may be exceeded if:
- 587 (i) the public safety service employee has transferred from another agency; or
- 588 (ii) the public safety service employee has been promoted to a new position.
- 589 [(c)] (d) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based
- 590 on[:] a period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years

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591 of service credit in accordance with Subsection (10). 592 (i) a calendar year for a member employed by a participating employer that is not an 593 educational institution; or] 594 [(ii) a contract year for a member employed by an educational institution.] 595 (4) (a) "Line-of-duty death" means a death resulting from: 596 (i) external force, violence, or disease occasioned by an act of duty as a public safety 597 service employee; or 598 (ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous 599 training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a public safety service 600 employee. 601 (b) "Line-of-duty death" does not include a death that: 602 (i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a public safety service 603 employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity that is clerical, 604 administrative, or of a nonmanual nature; 605 (ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee; 606 (iii) the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether prescribed or 607 nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death; or 608 (iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (4)(a). 609 (5) "Participating employer" means an employer [which] that meets the participation 610 requirements of Section 49-15-201. 611 (6) (a) "Public safety service" means employment normally requiring an average of 612 2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year rendered by a member who is [a]: 613 (i) a law enforcement officer in accordance with Section 53-13-103; 614 (ii) <u>a</u> correctional officer in accordance with Section 53-13-104; 615 (iii) a special function officer approved in accordance with Sections 49-15-201 and 616 53-13-105: 617 (iv) a dispatcher who is certified in accordance with Section 53-6-303; or 618 (v) a full-time member of the Board of Pardons and Parole created under Section 619 77-27-2[.]; 620 (vi) the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety; or 621 (vii) the executive director of the Department of Corrections.

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622 (b) Except [as provided under Subsections (6)(a)(iv) and (v)] for a position described 623 in Subsection (6)(a)(iv), (v), (vi), or (vii), "public safety service" also requires that, in the 624 course of employment, the employee's life or personal safety is at risk. 625 (7) "Public safety service employee" means an employee of a participating employer 626 who performs public safety service under this chapter. 627 (8) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or 628 vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service, 629 physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity. 630 (b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned 631 and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity. 632 (9) "System" means the Public Safety Noncontributory Retirement System created under this chapter. 633 634 (10) "Years of service credit" means the number of periods, each to consist of 12 full 635 months as determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a public safety 636 service employee was employed by a participating employer, including time the public safety 637 service employee was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty. 638 Section 8. Section 49-15-201 is amended to read: 639 49-15-201. System membership -- Eligibility. 640 (1) (a) A public safety service employee employed by the state after July 1, 1989, but 641 before July 1, 2011, is eligible for service credit in this system. 642 (b) A public safety service employee employed by the state [prior to] before July 1, 643 1989, may either elect to receive service credit in this system or continue to receive service 644 credit under the system established under Chapter 14, Public Safety Contributory Retirement 645 Act, by following the procedures established by the board under this chapter. 646 (2) (a) Public safety service employees of a participating employer other than the state 647 that elected on or before July 1, 1989, to remain in the Public Safety Contributory Retirement 648 System shall be eligible only for service credit in that system. 649 (b) (i) A participating employer other than the state that elected on or before July 1, 650 1989, to participate in this system shall, have allowed, [prior to] before July 1, 1989, a public 651 safety service employee to elect to participate in either this system or the Public Safety 652 Contributory Retirement System.

653 (ii) Except as expressly allowed by this title, the election of the public safety service 654 employee is final and may not be changed. 655 (c) A public safety service employee hired by a participating employer other than the 656 state after July 1, 1989, but before July 1, 2011, shall become a member in this system. 657 (d) A public safety service employee of a participating employer other than the state 658 who began participation in this system after July 1, 1989, but before July 1, 2011, is only 659 eligible for service credit in this system. 660 (e) A person initially entering employment with a participating employer on or after 661 July 1, 2011, who does not have service credit accrued before July 1, 2011, in a Tier I system 662 or plan administered by the board, may not participate in this system. 663 (3) (a) (i) A participating employer that has public safety service and firefighter service 664 employees that require cross-training and duty shall enroll those dual purpose employees in the 665 system in which the greatest amount of time is actually worked. 666 (ii) The employees shall either be full-time public safety service or full-time firefighter 667 service employees of the participating employer. 668 (b) (i) [Prior to] Before transferring a dual purpose employee from one system to 669 another, the participating employer shall receive written permission from the office. 670 (ii) The office may request documentation to verify the appropriateness of the transfer. 671 (4) The board may combine or segregate the actuarial experience of participating 672 employers in this system for the purpose of setting contribution rates. 673 (5) (a) (i) Each participating employer participating in this system shall annually 674 submit to the office a schedule indicating the positions to be covered under this system in 675 accordance with this chapter. 676 (ii) The office may require documentation to justify the inclusion of any position under 677 this system. 678 (b) If there is a dispute between the office and a participating employer or employee 679 over any position to be covered, the disputed position shall be submitted to the Peace Officer 680 Standards and Training Council established under Section 53-6-106 for determination. 681 (c) (i) The Peace Officer Standards and Training Council's authority to decide 682 eligibility for public safety service credit is limited to claims for coverage under this system for 683 time periods after July 1, 1989.

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684	(ii) A decision of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council may not be applied
685	to service credit earned in another system [prior to] before July 1, 1989.
686	(iii) Except as provided under Subsection (5)(c)(iv), a decision of the Peace Officer
687	Standards and Training Council granting a position coverage under this system may only be
688	applied prospectively from the date of that decision.
689	(iv) A decision of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council granting a position
690	coverage under this system may be applied retroactively only if:
691	(A) the participating employer covered other similarly situated positions under this
692	system during the time period in question; and
693	(B) the position otherwise meets all eligibility requirements for receiving service credit
694	in this system during the period for which service credit is to be granted.
695	(6) The Peace Officer Standards and Training Council may use a subcommittee to
696	provide a recommendation to the council in determining disputes between the office and a
697	participating employer or employee over a position to be covered under this system.
698	(7) The Peace Officer Standards and Training Council shall comply with Title 63G,
699	Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, in resolving coverage disputes in this system.
700	(8) A public safety service employee who is transferred or promoted to an
701	administration position requiring the performance of duties that consist primarily of
702	management or supervision of public safety service employees shall continue to earn public
703	safety service credit in this system [as long as] during the period in which the employee
704	remains employed in the same department.
705	(9) An employee of the Department of Corrections shall continue to earn public safety
706	service credit in this system if:
707	(a) the employee's position is no longer covered under this system for new employees
708	hired on or after July 1, 2015; and
709	(b) the employee:
710	(i) remains employed by the Department of Corrections;
711	(ii) meets the eligibility requirements of this system;
712	(iii) was hired into a position covered by this system [prior to] before July 1, 2015; and
713	(iv) has not had a break in service on or after July 1, 2015.
714	(10) Any employee who is reassigned to the Division of Technology Services or to the

715 Division of Human Resource Management, and who was a member in this system, shall be 716 entitled to remain a member in this system. 717 (11) (a) To determine that a position is covered under this system, the office and, if a 718 coverage dispute arises, the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council shall find that the 719 position requires the employee to: 720 (i) except for a dispatcher, place the employee's life or personal safety at risk; and 721 (ii) complete training as provided in Section 53-6-303, 53-13-103, 53-13-104, or 722 53-13-105. 723 (b) If a position satisfies the requirements of Subsection (11)(a), the office and Peace 724 Officer Standards and Training Council shall consider whether the position requires the 725 employee to: 726 (i) perform duties that consist primarily of actively preventing or detecting crime and 727 enforcing criminal statutes or ordinances of this state or any of its political subdivisions; 728 (ii) perform duties that consist primarily of providing community protection; and 729 (iii) respond to situations involving threats to public safety and make emergency 730 decisions affecting the lives and health of others. 731 (12) If a subcommittee is used to recommend the determination of disputes to the 732 Peace Officer Standards and Training Council, the subcommittee shall comply with the 733 requirements of Subsection (11) in making [its] the subcommittee's recommendation. 734 (13) A final order of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council regarding a 735 dispute is a final agency action for purposes of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative 736 Procedures Act. 737 (14) Except as provided under Subsection (15), if a participating employer's public 738 safety service employees are not covered by this system or under Chapter 14, Public Safety 739 Contributory Retirement Act, as of January 1, 1998, those public safety service employees who 740 may otherwise qualify for membership in this system shall, at the discretion of the participating 741 employer, remain in their current retirement system. 742 (15) (a) A public safety service employee employed by an airport police department, 743 which elects to cover [its] the airport police department's public safety service employees under 744 the Public Safety Noncontributory Retirement System under Subsection (14), may elect to

remain in the public safety service employee's current retirement system.

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746 (b) The public safety service employee's election to remain in the current retirement 747 system under Subsection (15)(a): 748 (i) shall be made at the time the employer elects to move [its] the employer's public 749 safety service employees to a public safety retirement system; 750 (ii) shall be documented by written notice to the participating employer; and 751 (iii) is irrevocable. 752 (16) (a) Subject to Subsection (17), beginning July 1, 2015, a public safety service 753 employee who is a dispatcher employed by: 754 (i) the state shall be eligible for service credit in this system; and 755 (ii) a participating employer other than the state shall be eligible for service credit in 756 this system if the dispatcher's participating employer elects to cover [its] the participating 757 employer's dispatchers under this system. 758 (b) A participating employer's election to cover [its] the participating employer's 759 dispatchers under this system under Subsection (16)(a)(ii) is irrevocable and shall be 760 documented by a resolution adopted by the governing body of the participating employer in 761 accordance with rules made by the office. 762 (c) A dispatcher's service before July 1, 2015, or before a date specified by resolution 763 of a participating employer under Subsection (16)(b), is not eligible for service credit in this 764 system. 765 (17) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a person initially entering 766 employment with a participating employer on or after July 1, 2011, who does not have service 767 credit accrued before July 1, 2011, in a Tier I system or plan administered by the board, may 768 not participate in this system. 769 Section 9. Section 49-16-102 is amended to read: 770 49-16-102. Definitions. 771 As used in this chapter: 772 (1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable as gross income [which are] received by a firefighter service employee as base income for the 773 774 regularly scheduled work period. The participating employer shall establish the regularly 775 scheduled work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the deduction of member 776 contributions or any amounts the firefighter service employee authorizes to be deducted for

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salary deferral or other benefits authorized by federal law.

(b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living

- adjustments.
- 780 (c) "Compensation" does not include:
- 781 (i) overtime;
- 782 (ii) sick pay incentives;
- 783 (iii) retirement pay incentives;

(iv) remuneration paid in kind such as a residence, use of equipment, uniforms, travel,
or similar payments;

786 (v) a lump-sum payment or special payments covering accumulated leave; and

(vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any
other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of
a member or participant.

(d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed
under Section 401(a)(17), Internal Revenue Code.

(2) (a) "Disability" means the complete inability, due to objective medical impairment,
whether physical or mental, to perform firefighter service.

(b) "Disability" does not include the inability to meet an employer's required standards
or tests relating to fitness, physical ability, or agility that is not a result of a disability as defined
under Subsection (2)(a).

797 (3) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest 798 three years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections [(3)(a), (b), and 799 (c)] (3)(b), (c), and (d).

[(a)] (b) Except as provided in Subsection [(3)(b)] (3)(c), the percentage increase in
annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's
compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the
purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau
of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.

805 [(b)] (c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation 806 to the office the limitation in Subsection (3)(a) may be exceeded if:

807 (i) the member has transferred from another agency; or

808	(ii) the member has been promoted to a new position.
809	[(c)] (d) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based
810	on[:] a period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years
811	of service credit in accordance with Subsection (13).
812	[(i) a calendar year for a member employed by a participating employer that is not an
813	educational institution; or]
814	[(ii) a contract year for a member employed by an educational institution.]
815	(4) (a) "Firefighter service" means employment normally requiring an average of 2,080
816	hours of regularly scheduled employment per year rendered by a member who is:
817	(i) a firefighter service employee trained in firefighter techniques and assigned to a
818	position of hazardous duty with a regularly constituted fire department; or
819	(ii) the state fire marshal appointed under Section 53-7-103 or a deputy state fire
820	marshal.
821	(b) "Firefighter service" does not include secretarial staff or other similar employees.
822	(5) (a) "Firefighter service employee" means an employee of a participating employer
823	who provides firefighter service under this chapter. [An]
824	(b) "Firefighter service employee" does not include an employee of a regularly
825	constituted fire department who does not perform firefighter service [is not a firefighter service
826	employee].
827	(6) (a) "Line-of-duty death or disability" means a death or disability resulting from:
828	(i) external force, violence, or disease directly resulting from firefighter service; or
829	(ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous
830	training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a firefighter service
831	employee.
832	(b) "Line-of-duty death or disability" does not include a death or disability that:
833	(i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a firefighter service
834	employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity that is clerical,
835	administrative, or of a nonmanual nature;
836	(ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee;
837	(iii) occurs when the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether
838	prescribed or nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death or disability; or

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(iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (6)(a).

(c) "Line-of-duty death or disability" includes the death or disability of a paid
firefighter resulting from heart disease, lung disease, or a respiratory tract condition if the paid
firefighter has five years of firefighter service credit.

(7) "Objective medical impairment" means an impairment resulting from an injury or
illness [which] that is diagnosed by a physician or physician assistant and [which] that is based
on accepted objective medical tests or findings rather than subjective complaints.

846 (8) "Participating employer" means an employer [which] <u>that</u> meets the participation
847 requirements of Section 49-16-201.

848 (9) "Regularly constituted fire department" means a fire department that employs a fire
849 chief who performs firefighter service for at least 2,080 hours of regularly scheduled paid
850 employment per year.

851 (10) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or
852 vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service,
853 physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity.

(b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned
and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.

856 (11) "System" means the Firefighters' Retirement System created under this chapter.

857 (12) (a) "Volunteer firefighter" means any individual [that] who is not regularly
858 employed as a firefighter service employee, but who:

(i) has been trained in firefighter techniques and skills;

860 (ii) continues to receive regular firefighter training; and

861 (iii) is on the rolls of a legally organized volunteer fire department [which] that
862 provides ongoing training and serves a political subdivision of the state.

(b) [An individual that] <u>"Volunteer firefighter" does not include an individual who</u>
volunteers assistance but does not meet the requirements of Subsection (12)(a) [is not a
volunteer firefighter for purposes of this chapter].

866 (13) "Years of service credit" means the number of periods, each to consist of 12 full
867 months as determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a firefighter
868 service employee was employed by a participating employer or received full-time pay while on
869 sick leave, including any time the firefighter service employee was absent in the service of the

870	United States on military duty.
871	Section 10. Section 49-22-102 is amended to read:
872	49-22-102. Definitions.
873	As used in this chapter:
874	(1) "Benefits normally provided" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that
875	term is defined in Section 49-12-102.
876	(2) (a) "Compensation" means[, except as provided in Subsection (2)(c),] the total
877	amount of payments made by a participating employer to a member of this system for services
878	rendered to the participating employer, including:
879	(i) bonuses;
880	(ii) cost-of-living adjustments;
881	(iii) other payments currently includable in gross income and that are subject to social
882	security deductions, including any payments in excess of the maximum amount subject to
883	deduction under social security law;
884	(iv) amounts that the member authorizes to be deducted or reduced for salary deferral
885	or other benefits authorized by federal law; and
886	(v) member contributions.
887	(b) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed
888	under Internal Revenue Code, Section 401(a)(17).
889	(c) "Compensation" does not include:
890	(i) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, including a residence or use of
891	equipment;
892	(ii) the cost of any employment benefits paid for by the participating employer;
893	(iii) compensation paid to a temporary employee or an employee otherwise ineligible
894	for service credit;
895	(iv) any payments upon termination, including accumulated vacation, sick leave
896	payments, severance payments, compensatory time payments, or any other special payments;
897	(v) any allowances or payments to a member for costs or expenses paid by the
898	participating employer, including automobile costs, uniform costs, travel costs, tuition costs,
899	housing costs, insurance costs, equipment costs, and dependent care costs; or
900	(vi) a teacher salary bonus described in Section 53F-2-513.

901	(d) The executive director may determine if a payment not listed under this Subsection
902	(2) falls within the definition of compensation.
903	(3) "Corresponding Tier I system" means the system or plan that would have covered
904	the member if the member had initially entered employment before July 1, 2011.
905	(4) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest
906	five years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections [(4)(a), (b), (c),
907	(d), and (e)] (4)(b), (c), (d), (e), and (f).
908	[(a)] (b) Except as provided in Subsection $[(4)(b)]$ (4)(c), the percentage increase in
909	annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's
910	compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the
911	purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau
912	of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
913	[(b)] (c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation
914	to the office, the limitation in Subsection $[(4)(a)]$ (4)(b) may be exceeded if:
915	[(i)] (i) the member has transferred from another agency; or
916	[(ii)] (ii) the member has been promoted to a new position.
917	[(c)] (d) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of
918	employment, the member is considered to have been in service at the member's last rate of pay
919	from the date of the termination of employment to the effective date of retirement for purposes
920	of computing the member's final average salary only.
921	[(d)] (e) If the member has less than five years of service credit in this system, final
922	average salary means the average annual compensation paid to the member during the full
923	period of service credit.
924	[(e)] (f) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based
925	on[:] a period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years
926	of service credit in accordance with Subsection (8).
927	[(i) a calendar year for a member employed by a participating employer that is not an
928	educational institution; or]
929	[(ii) a contract year for a member employed by an educational institution.]
930	(5) "Participating employer" means an employer [which] that meets the participation

931 requirements of:

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022	(a) Sections 10, 12, 201 and 10, 12, 202.
932	(a) Sections 49-12-201 and 49-12-202;
933	(b) Sections 49-13-201 and 49-13-202;
934	(c) Section 49-19-201; or
935	(d) Section 49-22-201 or 49-22-202.
936	(6) (a) "Regular full-time employee" means an employee:
937	(i) whose term of employment for a participating employer contemplates continued
938	employment during a fiscal or calendar year [and];
939	(ii) whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours or more per week,
940	except as modified by the board[,]; and
941	(iii) who receives benefits normally provided by the participating employer.
942	(b) "Regular full-time employee" includes:
943	(i) a teacher whose term of employment for a participating employer contemplates
944	continued employment during a school year and who teaches half time or more;
945	(ii) a classified school employee:
946	(A) who is hired before July 1, 2013; and
947	(B) whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for
948	a participating employer, regardless of benefits provided;
949	(iii) an appointive officer whose appointed position is full time as certified by the
950	participating employer;
951	(iv) the governor, the lieutenant governor, the state auditor, the state treasurer, the
952	attorney general, and a state legislator;
953	(v) an elected official not included under Subsection (6)(b)(iv) whose elected position
954	is full time as certified by the participating employer;
955	(vi) a faculty member or employee of an institution of higher education who is
956	considered full time by that institution of higher education; and
957	(vii) an individual who otherwise meets the definition of this Subsection (6) who
958	performs services for a participating employer through a professional employer organization or
959	similar arrangement.
960	(c) "Regular full-time employee" does not include:
961	(i) a firefighter service employee as defined in Section 49-23-102;
962	(ii) a public safety service employee as defined in Section 49-23-102;

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963	(iii) a classified school employee:
964	(A) who is hired on or after July 1, 2013; and
965	(B) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer
966	even if the employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for a
967	participating employer;
968	(iv) a classified school employee:
969	(A) who is hired before July 1, 2013;
970	(B) who did not qualify as a regular full-time employee before July 1, 2013;
971	(C) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer;
972	and
973	(D) whose employment hours are increased on or after July 1, 2013, to require an
974	average of 20 hours per week or more for a participating employer; or
975	(E) who is a person working on a contract:
976	(I) for the purposes of vocational rehabilitation and the employment and training of
977	people with significant disabilities; and
978	(II) that has been set aside from procurement requirements by the state pursuant to
979	Section 63G-6a-805 or the federal government pursuant to 41 U.S.C. Sec. 8501 et seq.
980	(7) "System" means the New Public Employees' Tier II Contributory Retirement
981	System created under this chapter.
982	(8) "Years of service credit" means:
983	(a) a period consisting of 12 full months as determined by the board;
984	(b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a
985	regular full-time employee performed services for a participating employer, including any time
986	the regular full-time employee was absent on a paid leave of absence granted by a participating
987	employer or was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty as
988	provided by this chapter; or
989	(c) the regular school year consisting of not less than eight months of full-time service
990	for a regular full-time employee of an educational institution.
991	Section 11. Section 49-22-201 is amended to read:
992	49-22-201. System membership Eligibility.
993	(1) Beginning July 1, 2011, a participating employer shall participate in this system.

994	(2) (a) A person initially entering regular full-time employment with a participating
995	employer on or after July 1, 2011, who does not have service credit accrued before July 1,
996	2011, in a Tier I system or plan administered by the board, is eligible:
997	(i) as a member for service credit and defined contributions under the Tier II hybrid
998	retirement system established by Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System; or
999	(ii) as a participant for defined contributions under the Tier II defined contribution plan
1000	established by Part 4, Tier II Defined Contribution Plan.
1001	(b) A person initially entering regular full-time employment with a participating
1002	employer on or after July 1, 2011, shall:
1003	(i) make an election to participate in the system created under this chapter:
1004	(A) as a member for service credit and defined contributions under the Tier II hybrid
1005	retirement system established by Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System; or
1006	(B) as a participant for defined contributions under the Tier II defined contribution plan
1007	established by Part 4, Tier II Defined Contribution Plan; and
1008	(ii) electronically submit to the office notification of the member's election under
1009	Subsection (2)(b)(i) in a manner approved by the office.
1010	(c) An election made by a person initially entering regular full-time employment with a
1011	participating employer under this Subsection (2) is irrevocable beginning one year from the
1012	date of eligibility for accrual of benefits.
1013	(d) If no election is made under Subsection (2)(b)(i), the person shall become a
1014	member eligible for service credit and defined contributions under the Tier II hybrid retirement
1015	system established by Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System.
1016	(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section and except as provided in Subsection
1017	(4), an elected official initially entering office on or after July 1, 2011:
1018	(a) is only eligible to participate in the Tier II defined contribution plan established
1019	under Part 4, Tier II Defined Contribution Plan;
1020	(b) is not eligible to participate in the Tier II hybrid retirement system established
1021	under Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System; and
1022	(c) is vested immediately in the elected official's benefit and the benefit is
1023	nonforfeitable, including the total amount contributed by the participating employer and the
1024	total amount contributed by the member in the Tier II defined contribution plan.

- 1025 (4) [Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection (3), a] <u>A</u> legislator or full-time
 1026 elected official initially entering office on or after July 1, 2011, who has previously accrued
 1027 service credit:
- (a) in a Tier I retirement system or plan administered by the board shall continue in the
 Tier I system or plan for which the legislator or full-time elected official is eligible; or
- (b) in a Tier II hybrid retirement system shall continue in the Tier II system for which
 the [legislator or] full-time elected official is eligible.
- 1032

Section 12. Section **49-22-204** is amended to read:

49-22-204. Higher education employees' eligibility requirements -- Election
between different retirement plans -- Classification requirements -- Transfer between
systems.

(1) (a) A regular full-time employee of an institution of higher education who is
eligible to participate in either this system or in a retirement annuity contract with a public or
private system, organization, or company, designated as described in Subsection (1)(c) or (d),
shall, not later than January 1, 1979, elect to participate exclusively in this system or in an
annuity contract allowed under this Subsection (1).

1041 (b) The election is final, and no right exists to make any further election.

(c) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(d), the Utah Board of Higher Education shall
designate the public or private retirement systems, organizations, or companies that a regular
full-time employee of an institution of higher education is eligible to participate in under
Subsection (1)(a).

(d) The technical college board of trustees of each technical college shall designate the
public or private retirement systems, organizations, or companies that a regular full-time
employee of each technical college is eligible to participate in under Subsection (1)(a).

(2) (a) A regular full-time employee hired by an institution of higher education after
January 1, 1979, may participate only in the retirement plan [which attaches to] designated for
the person's employment classification.

(b) Each institution of higher education shall prepare or amend existing employment
classifications, under the direction of the Utah Board of Higher Education, or the technical
college board of trustees of each technical college for each technical college, so that each
classification is assigned with either:

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1056	(i) this system; or
1057	(ii) a public or private system, organization, or company designated by:
1058	(A) except as provided under Subsection (2)(b)(ii)(B), the Utah Board of Higher
1059	Education; or
1060	(B) the technical college board of trustees of each technical college for regular
1061	full-time employees of each technical college.
1062	(c) Notwithstanding a person's employment classification assignment under Subsection
1063	(2)(b), a regular full-time employee who begins employment with an institution of higher
1064	education has a one-time irrevocable election to continue participation in this system if the
1065	employee:
1066	(i) has service credit in this system before the date of employment with the institution
1067	of higher education; and
1068	(ii) makes the election before participating in the system described in Subsection
1069	<u>(2)(b)(ii).</u>
1070	(3) A regular full-time employee hired by an institution of higher education on or after
1071	July 1, 2011, whose employment classification requires participation in this system may elect
1072	to continue participation in this system upon change to an employment classification [which]
1073	that requires participation in a public or private system, organization, or company designated
1074	by:
1075	(a) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), the Utah Board of Higher Education; or
1076	(b) the technical college board of trustees of each technical college for regular full-time
1077	employees of each technical college.
1078	(4) A regular full-time employee hired by an institution of higher education on or after
1079	July 1, 2011, whose employment classification requires participation in this system shall
1080	participate in this system.
1081	(5) An employee's participation or election described in this section:
1082	(a) shall be made in accordance with this section; and
1083	(b) is subject to requirements under federal law and rules made by the board.
1084	Section 13. Section 49-22-205 is amended to read:
1085	49-22-205. Exemptions from participation in system.
1086	(1) Upon filing a written request for exemption with the office, the following

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1087 employees are exempt from participation in the system as provided in this section:

- 1088 (a) an executive department head of the state;
- 1089 (b) a member of the State Tax Commission;
- 1090 (c) a member of the Public Service Commission;
- 1091 (d) a member of a full-time or part-time board or commission;
- (e) an employee of the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget;
- 1093 (f) an employee of the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity;
- 1094 (g) an employee of the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice;
- 1095 (h) an employee of the Governor's Office;
- 1096 (i) an employee of the State Auditor's Office;
- 1097 (j) an employee of the State Treasurer's Office;
- 1098 (k) any other member who is permitted to make an election under Section 49-11-406;

(1) a person appointed as a city manager or appointed as a city administrator or anotherat-will employee of a municipality, county, or other political subdivision;

- 1101 (m) an employee of an interlocal cooperative agency created under Title 11, Chapter
- 1102 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, who is engaged in a specialized trade customarily provided
- 1103 through membership in a labor organization that provides retirement benefits to its members;
- 1104 and
- (n) an employee serving as an exchange employee from outside the state for an
 employer who has elected to make all of the employer's exchange employees eligible for
 service credit in this system.
- (2) (a) A participating employer shall prepare and maintain a list designating thosepositions eligible for exemption under Subsection (1).
- (b) An employee may not be exempted unless the employee is employed in a positiondesignated by the participating employer under Subsection (1).
- (3) (a) In accordance with this section, Section 49-12-203, and Section 49-13-203, a
 municipality, county, or political subdivision may not exempt a total of more than 50 positions
 or a number equal to 10% of the eligible employees of the municipality, county, or political
 subdivision, whichever is less.

(b) A municipality, county, or political subdivision may exempt at least one regularfull-time employee.

1118	(4) Each participating employer shall:
1119	(a) maintain a list of employee exemptions; and
1120	(b) update an employee exemption in the event of any change.
1121	(5) Beginning on the effective date of the exemption for an employee who elects to be
1122	exempt in accordance with Subsection (1):
1123	(a) for a member of the Tier II defined contribution plan:
1124	(i) the participating employer shall contribute the nonelective contribution and the
1125	amortization rate described in Section 49-22-401, except that the nonelective contribution is
1126	exempt from the vesting requirements of Subsection 49-22-401(3)(a); [and]
1127	(ii) the member may make voluntary deferrals as provided in Section 49-22-401; and
1128	(iii) the member is not eligible for additional service credit in the plan for the period of
1129	exempt employment; and
1130	(b) for a member of the Tier II hybrid retirement system:
1131	(i) the participating employer shall contribute the nonelective contribution and the
1132	amortization rate described in Section 49-22-401, except that the contribution is exempt from
1133	the vesting requirements of Subsection 49-22-401(3)(a);
1134	(ii) the member may make voluntary deferrals as provided in Section 49-22-401; and
1135	(iii) the member is not eligible for additional service credit in the system for the period
1136	of exempt employment.
1137	(6) If an employee who is a member of the Tier II hybrid retirement system
1138	subsequently revokes the election of exemption made under Subsection (1), the provisions
1139	described in Subsection (5)(b) shall no longer be applicable and the coverage for the employee
1140	shall be effective prospectively as provided in Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System.
1141	(7) (a) All employer contributions made on behalf of an employee shall be invested in
1142	accordance with Subsection 49-22-303(3)(a) or 49-22-401(4)(a) until the one-year election
1143	period under Subsection 49-22-201(2)(c) is expired if the employee:
1144	(i) elects to be exempt in accordance with Subsection (1); and
1145	(ii) continues employment with the participating employer through the one-year
1146	election period under Subsection 49-22-201(2)(c).
1147	(b) An employee is entitled to receive a distribution of the employer contributions
1148	made on behalf of the employee and all associated investment gains and losses if the employee:

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1149	(i) elects to be exempt in accordance with Subsection (1); and
1150	(ii) terminates employment prior to the one-year election period under Subsection
1151	49-22-201(2)(c).
1152	(8) (a) The office shall make rules to implement this section.
1153	(b) The rules made under this Subsection (8) shall include provisions to allow the
1154	exemption provided under Subsection (1) to apply to all contributions made beginning on or
1155	after July 1, 2011, on behalf of an exempted employee who began the employment before May
1156	8, 2012.
1157	(9) An employee's exemption, participation, or election described in this section:
1158	(a) shall be made in accordance with this section; and
1159	(b) is subject to requirements under federal law and rules made by the board.
1160	Section 14. Section 49-22-401 is amended to read:
1161	49-22-401. Contributions Rates.
1162	(1) Up to the amount allowed by federal law, the participating employer shall make a
1163	nonelective contribution of 10% of the participant's compensation to a defined contribution
1164	plan.
1165	(2) (a) The participating employer shall contribute the 10% nonelective contribution
1166	described in Subsection (1) to a defined contribution plan qualified under Section 401(k) of the
1167	Internal Revenue Code [which] that:
1168	(i) is sponsored by the board; and
1169	(ii) has been grandfathered under Section 1116 of the Federal Tax Reform Act of 1986.
1170	(b) The member may make voluntary deferrals to:
1171	(i) the qualified $401(k)$ plan [which] <u>that</u> receives the employer contribution described
1172	in this Subsection (2); or
1173	(ii) at the member's option, another defined contribution plan established by the
1174	participating employer.
1175	(c) In addition to the percent specified under Subsection (2)(a), the participating
1176	employer shall pay the corresponding Tier I system amortization rate of the employee's
1177	compensation to the office to be applied to the employer's corresponding Tier I system liability.
1178	(3) (a) Except as provided under Subsection $(3)(c)$, the total amount contributed by the
1179	participating employer under Subsection (2)(a) vests to the member upon accruing four years of

1180 employment as a regular full-time employee under this title.

- (b) The total amount contributed by the member under Subsection (2)(b) vests to themember's benefit immediately and is nonforfeitable.
- (c) (i) Upon filing a written request for exemption with the office, an eligible employee
 is exempt from the vesting requirements of Subsection (3)(a) in accordance with Section
- 1185 49-22-205.
- 1186 (ii) An employee who is exempt under this Subsection (3)(c) is not eligible for
 1187 additional service credit in the plan for the period of exempt employment.
- (d) (i) Years of employment under Subsection (3)(a) includes any fraction of a year towhich the member may be entitled.
- (ii) At the time of vesting, if a member's years of service credit is within one-tenth of
 one year of the total years required for vesting, the member shall be considered to have the total
 years of employment required for vesting.
- (4) (a) Contributions made by a participating employer under Subsection (2)(a) shall be
 invested in a default option selected by the board until the member is vested in accordance with
 Subsection (3)(a).
- (b) A member may direct the investment of contributions including associated
 investment gains and losses made by a participating employer under Subsection (2)(a) only
 after the contributions have vested in accordance with Subsection (3)(a).
- (c) A member may direct the investment of contributions made by the member underSubsection (3)(b).
- 1201 (5) No loans shall be available from contributions made by a participating employer1202 under Subsection (2)(a).
- 1203 (6) No hardship distributions shall be available from contributions made by a1204 participating employer under Subsection (2)(a).
- (7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), if a member terminates employment
 with a participating employer prior to the vesting period described in Subsection (3)(a), all
 contributions made by a participating employer on behalf of the member including associated
 investment gains and losses under Subsection (2)(a) are subject to forfeiture.
- (b) If a member who terminates employment with a participating employer prior to thevesting period described in Subsection (3)(a) subsequently enters employment with the same or

1211 another participating employer within 10 years of the termination date of the previous 1212 employment: 1213 (i) all contributions made by the previous participating employer on behalf of the 1214 member including associated investment gains and losses shall be reinstated upon the member's 1215 employment as a regular full-time employee; and 1216 (ii) the length of time that the member worked with the previous employer shall be 1217 included in determining whether the member has completed the vesting period under 1218 Subsection (3)(a). 1219 (c) The office shall establish a forfeiture account and shall specify the uses of the 1220 forfeiture account, which may include an offset against administrative costs or employer 1221 contributions made under this section. 1222 (8) The office may request from any other $\left[\frac{1}{2}\right]$ plan under Subsection 1223 (2)(b)(ii) any relevant information pertaining to the maintenance of [its] the plan's tax 1224 qualification under the Internal Revenue Code. (9) The office may take any action [which in its] that in the office's judgment is 1225 1226 necessary to maintain the tax-qualified status of [its] the office's 401(k) defined contribution 1227 plan under federal law. 1228 Section 15. Section 49-23-102 is amended to read: 1229 49-23-102. Definitions. 1230 As used in this chapter: 1231 (1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable in 1232 gross income received by a public safety service employee or a firefighter service employee as 1233 base income for the regularly scheduled work period. The participating employer shall 1234 establish the regularly scheduled work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the 1235 deduction of any amounts the public safety service employee or firefighter service employee 1236 authorizes to be deducted for salary deferral or other benefits authorized by federal law. 1237 (b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living 1238 adjustments. 1239 (c) "Compensation" does not include: 1240 (i) overtime;

1241 (ii) sick pay incentives;

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1242	(iii) retirement pay incentives;
1243	(iv) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, as in a residence, use of
1244	equipment or uniform, travel, or similar payments;
1245	(v) a lump-sum payment or special payment covering accumulated leave; and
1246	(vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any
1247	other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of
1248	a member or participant.
1249	(d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed
1250	under Section 401(a)(17), Internal Revenue Code.
1251	(2) "Corresponding Tier I system" means the system or plan that would have covered
1252	the member if the member had initially entered employment before July 1, 2011.
1253	(3) "Dispatcher" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-6-102.
1254	(4) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest
1255	five years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections [(4)(a), (b), (c),
1256	(d), and (e)] (4)(b), (c), (d), (e), and (f).
1257	[(a)] (b) Except as provided in Subsection $[(4)(b)]$ (4)(c), the percentage increase in
1258	annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's
1259	compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the
1260	purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau
1261	of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
1262	[(b)] (c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation
1263	to the office, the limitation in Subsection $[(4)(a)]$ (4)(b) may be exceeded if:
1264	(i) the member has transferred from another agency; or
1265	(ii) the member has been promoted to a new position.
1266	[(c)] (d) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of
1267	employment, the member is considered to have been in service at the member's last rate of pay
1268	from the date of the termination of employment to the effective date of retirement for purposes
1269	of computing the member's final average salary only.
1270	[(d)] (e) If the member has less than five years of service credit in this system, final
1071	avarage selective means the avarage enquel compensation noid to the member during the full

average salary means the average annual compensation paid to the member during the fullperiod of service credit.

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1273 [(e)] (f) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based 1274 on[:] a period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years 1275 of service credit in accordance with Subsection (14). 1276 [(i) a calendar year for a member employed by a participating employer that is not an 1277 educational institution; or] 1278 [(ii) a contract year for a member employed by an educational institution.] 1279 (5) (a) "Firefighter service" means employment normally requiring an average of 2,080 1280 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year rendered by a member who is: 1281 (i) a firefighter service employee trained in firefighter techniques and assigned to a 1282 position of hazardous duty with a regularly constituted fire department; 1283 (ii) the state fire marshal appointed under Section 53-7-103 or a deputy state fire 1284 marshal; or 1285 (iii) a firefighter service employee who is: 1286 (A) hired on or after July 1, 2021; 1287 (B) trained in firefighter techniques; 1288 (C) assigned to a position of hazardous duty; and 1289 (D) employed by the state as a participating employer. 1290 (b) "Firefighter service" does not include secretarial staff or other similar employees. 1291 (6) (a) "Firefighter service employee" means an employee of a participating employer 1292 who provides firefighter service under this chapter. 1293 (b) "Firefighter service employee" does not include an employee of a regularly 1294 constituted fire department who does not perform firefighter service. 1295 (7) (a) "Line-of-duty death" means a death resulting from: 1296 (i) external force, violence, or disease occasioned by an act of duty as a public safety 1297 service or firefighter service employee; or 1298 (ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous 1299 training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a public safety service or 1300 firefighter service employee. 1301 (b) "Line-of-duty death" does not include a death that: 1302 (i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a public safety service or firefighter service employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity 1303

1304	that is clerical, administrative, or of a nonmanual nature;
1305	(ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee;
1306	(iii) the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether prescribed or
1307	nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death; or
1308	(iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (7)(a).
1309	(8) "Participating employer" means an employer [which] that meets the participation
1310	requirements of:
1311	(a) Sections 49-14-201 and 49-14-202;
1312	(b) Sections 49-15-201 and 49-15-202;
1313	(c) Sections 49-16-201 and 49-16-202; or
1314	(d) Sections 49-23-201 and 49-23-202.
1315	(9) (a) "Public safety service" means employment normally requiring an average of
1316	2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year rendered by a member who is [a]:
1317	(i) <u>a</u> law enforcement officer in accordance with Section 53-13-103;
1318	(ii) <u>a</u> correctional officer in accordance with Section 53-13-104;
1319	(iii) <u>a</u> special function officer approved in accordance with Sections 49-15-201 and
1320	53-13-105;
1321	(iv) <u>a</u> dispatcher who is certified in accordance with Section 53-6-303; [and]
1322	(v) <u>a</u> full-time member of the Board of Pardons and Parole created under Section
1323	77-27-2[-];
1324	(vi) the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety; or
1325	(vii) the executive director of the Department of Corrections.
1326	(b) Except [as provided under Subsections (9)(a)(iv) and (v)] for a position described
1327	in Subsection (9)(a)(iv), (v), (vi), or (vii), "public safety service" also requires that, in the
1328	course of employment, the employee's life or personal safety is at risk.
1329	(10) "Public safety service employee" means an employee of a participating employer
1330	who performs public safety service under this chapter.
1331	(11) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or
1332	vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service,
1333	physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity
1334	(b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned

1335 and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.

- 1336 (12) "System" means the New Public Safety and Firefighter Tier II Contributory 1337 Retirement System created under this chapter.
- 1338 (13) (a) "Volunteer firefighter" means any individual [that] who is not regularly 1339 employed as a firefighter service employee, but who:
- 1340 (i) has been trained in firefighter techniques and skills;
- 1341 (ii) continues to receive regular firefighter training; and
- 1342 (iii) is on the rolls of a legally organized volunteer fire department [which] that 1343 provides ongoing training and serves a political subdivision of the state.
- 1344 (b) An individual that volunteers assistance but does not meet the requirements of 1345 Subsection (13)(a) is not a volunteer firefighter for purposes of this chapter.
- 1346

(14) "Years of service credit" means:

1347 (a) a period, consisting of 12 full months as determined by the board; or

1348 (b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a 1349 regular full-time employee performed services for a participating employer, including any time 1350 the regular full-time employee was absent on a paid leave of absence granted by a participating 1351 employer or was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty as 1352

provided by this chapter.

1353

Section 16. Section 49-23-201 is amended to read:

- 1354
- 49-23-201. System membership -- Eligibility.
- 1355 (1) Beginning July 1, 2011, a participating employer that employs public safety service 1356 employees or firefighter service employees shall participate in this system.
- 1357 (2) (a) A public safety service employee or a firefighter service employee initially 1358 entering employment with a participating employer on or after July 1, 2011, who does not have 1359 service credit accrued before July 1, 2011, in a Tier I system or plan administered by the board, 1360 is eligible:
- 1361 (i) as a member for service credit and defined contributions under the Tier II hybrid 1362 retirement system established by Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System; or
- 1363 (ii) as a participant for defined contributions under the Tier II defined contributions 1364 plan established by Part 4, Tier II Defined Contribution Plan.
- (b) A public safety service employee or a firefighter service employee initially entering 1365

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1366 employment with a participating employer on or after July 1, 2011, shall: 1367 (i) make an election to participate in the system created under this chapter: 1368 (A) as a member for service credit and defined contributions under the Tier II hybrid 1369 retirement system established by Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System; or 1370 (B) as a participant for defined contributions under the Tier II defined contribution plan 1371 established by Part 4, Tier II Defined Contribution Plan; and 1372 (ii) electronically submit to the office notification of the member's election under 1373 Subsection (2)(b)(i) in a manner approved by the office. 1374 (c) An election made by a public safety service employee or firefighter service 1375 employee initially entering employment with a participating employer under this Subsection (2) 1376 is irrevocable beginning one year from the date of eligibility for accrual of benefits. 1377 (d) If no election is made under Subsection (2)(b)(i), the public safety service employee 1378 or firefighter service employee shall become a member eligible for service credit and defined 1379 contributions under the Tier II hybrid retirement system established by Part 3, Tier II Hybrid 1380 Retirement System. 1381 (3) (a) Beginning July 1, 2015, a public safety service employee who is a dispatcher 1382 employed by: 1383 (i) the state shall be eligible for service credit in this system; and 1384 (ii) a participating employer other than the state shall be eligible for service credit in 1385 this system if the dispatcher's participating employer elects to cover [its] the participating 1386 employer's dispatchers under this system. 1387 (b) A participating employer's election to cover [its] the participating employer's 1388 dispatchers under this system under Subsection (3)(a)(ii) is irrevocable and shall be 1389 documented by a resolution adopted by the governing body of the participating employer in 1390 accordance with rules made by the office. 1391 (c) A dispatcher's service before July 1, 2015, or before a date specified by resolution 1392 of a participating employer under Subsection (3)(b), is not eligible for service credit in this 1393 system. 1394 (4) A public safety service employee who is transferred or promoted to an 1395 administration position requiring the performance of duties that consist primarily of 1396 management or supervision of public safety service employees shall continue to earn public

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1397	safety service credit in this system during the period in which the employee remains employed
1398	in the same department.
1399	Section 17. Section 49-23-203 is amended to read:
1400	49-23-203. Exemptions from participation in system.
1401	(1) Upon filing a written request for exemption with the office, the following
1402	employees are exempt from participation in the system as provided in this section if the
1403	employee is a public safety service employee or firefighter service employee and is:
1404	(a) an executive department head of the state;
1405	(b) an elected or appointed sheriff of a county; [or]
1406	(c) an elected or appointed chief of police of a municipality[:]; or
1407	(d) the chief of any fire department or district.
1408	(2) (a) A participating employer shall prepare a list designating those positions eligible
1409	for exemption under Subsection (1).
1410	(b) An employee may not be exempted unless the employee is employed in a position
1411	designated by the participating employer under Subsection (1).
1412	(3) Each participating employer shall:
1413	(a) file each employee exemption annually with the office; and
1414	(b) update an employee exemption in the event of any change.
1415	(4) Beginning on the effective date of the exemption for an employee who elects to be
1416	exempt in accordance with Subsection (1):
1417	(a) for a member of the Tier II defined contribution plan:
1418	(i) the participating employer shall contribute the nonelective contribution and the
1419	amortization rate described in Section 49-23-401, except that the contribution is exempt from
1420	the vesting requirements of Subsection 49-23-401(3)(a); [and]
1421	(ii) the member may make voluntary deferrals as provided in Section 49-23-401; and
1422	(iii) the member is not eligible for additional service credit in the plan for the period of
1423	exempt employment; and
1424	(b) for a member of the Tier II hybrid retirement system:
1425	(i) the participating employer shall contribute the nonelective contribution and the
1426	amortization rate described in Section 49-23-401, except that the contribution is exempt from
1427	the vesting requirements of Subsection 49-23-401(3)(a);

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1428 (ii) the member may make voluntary deferrals as provided in Section 49-23-401; and 1429 (iii) the member is not eligible for additional service credit in the system for the period 1430 of exempt employment. 1431 (5) If an employee who is a member of the Tier II hybrid retirement system 1432 subsequently revokes the election of exemption made under Subsection (1), the provisions 1433 described in Subsection (4)(b) shall no longer be applicable and the coverage for the employee 1434 shall be effective prospectively as provided in Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System. 1435 (6) (a) All employer contributions made on behalf of an employee shall be invested in 1436 accordance with Subsection 49-23-302(3)(a) or 49-23-401(4)(a) until the one-year election 1437 period under Subsection 49-23-201(2)(c) is expired if the employee: (i) elects to be exempt in accordance with Subsection (1); and 1438 1439 (ii) continues employment with the participating employer through the one-year 1440 election period under Subsection 49-23-201(2)(c). 1441 (b) An employee is entitled to receive a distribution of the employer contributions 1442 made on behalf of the employee and all associated investment gains and losses if the employee: 1443 (i) elects to be exempt in accordance with Subsection (1); and 1444 (ii) terminates employment prior to the one-year election period under Subsection 1445 49-23-201(2)(c). 1446 (7) (a) The office shall make rules to implement this section. 1447 (b) The rules made under this Subsection (7) shall include provisions to allow the 1448 exemption provided under Subsection (1) to apply to all contributions made beginning on or 1449 after July 1, 2011, on behalf of an exempted employee who began the employment before May 1450 8, 2012. 1451 (8) An employee's exemption, participation, or election described in this section: 1452 (a) shall be made in accordance with this section; and 1453 (b) is subject to requirements under federal law and rules made by the board. 1454 Section 18. Section 49-23-401 is amended to read: 1455 49-23-401. Contributions -- Rates. 1456 (1) (a) Up to the amount allowed by federal law, the participating employer shall make 1457 a nonelective contribution of 14% of the participant's compensation to a defined contribution 1458 plan.

1459	(b) In addition to the nonelective contribution described in Subsection (1)(a), if a
1460	participating employer elects under Subsection 49-23-301(2)(c) to pay all or part of the
1461	required member contribution on behalf of the participating employer's employees that are
1462	members covered under Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System, the participating employer
1463	shall make an additional nonelective contribution to an employee that is a member covered
1464	under this part at the same percentage rate of the participant's compensation as the participating
1465	employer's election to pay required member contributions on behalf of the participating
1466	employer's employees that are members covered under Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement
1467	System.
1468	(2) (a) The participating employer shall contribute the contributions described in
1469	Subsection (1) to a defined contribution plan qualified under Section 401(k) of the Internal
1470	Revenue Code [which] that:
1471	(i) is sponsored by the board; and
1472	(ii) has been grandfathered under Section 1116 of the Federal Tax Reform Act of 1986.
1473	(b) The member may make voluntary deferrals to:
1474	(i) the qualified 401(k) plan [which] that receives the employer contribution described
1475	in this Subsection (2); or
1476	(ii) at the member's option, another defined contribution plan established by the
1477	participating employer.
1478	(c) In addition to the contributions specified under Subsection (2)(a), the participating
1479	employer shall pay the corresponding Tier I system amortization rate of the employee's
1480	compensation to the office to be applied to the employer's corresponding Tier I system liability.
1481	(3) (a) Except as provided under Subsection $(3)(c)$, the total amount contributed by the
1482	participating employer under Subsection (2)(a) vests to the member upon accruing four years of
1483	service credit under this title.
1484	(b) The total amount contributed by the member under Subsection (2)(b) vests to the
1485	member's benefit immediately and is nonforfeitable.
1486	(c) (i) Upon filing a written request for exemption with the office, an eligible employee
1487	is exempt from the vesting requirements of Subsection (3)(a) in accordance with Section
1488	49-23-203.
1489	(ii) An employee who is exempt under this Subsection (3)(c) is not eligible for

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1490 additional service credit in the plan for the period of exempt employment. 1491 (d) (i) Years of service credit under Subsection (3)(a) includes any fraction of a year to 1492 which the member may be entitled. 1493 (ii) At the time of vesting, if a member's years of service credit is within one-tenth of 1494 one year of the total years required for vesting, the member shall be considered to have the total 1495 years of service credit required for vesting. 1496 (4) (a) Contributions made by a participating employer under Subsection (2)(a) shall be invested in a default option selected by the board until the member is vested in accordance with 1497 1498 Subsection (3)(a). 1499 (b) A member may direct the investment of contributions, including associated 1500 investment gains and losses, made by a participating employer under Subsection (2)(a) only 1501 after the contributions have vested in accordance with Subsection (3)(a). 1502 (c) A member may direct the investment of contributions made by the member under 1503 Subsection (3)(b). 1504 (5) No loans shall be available from contributions made by a participating employer 1505 under Subsection (2)(a). 1506 (6) No hardship distributions shall be available from contributions made by a 1507 participating employer under Subsection (2)(a). 1508 (7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), if a member terminates employment 1509 with a participating employer prior to the vesting period described in Subsection (3)(a), all 1510 contributions made by a participating employer on behalf of the member under Subsection 1511 (2)(a), including associated investment gains and losses are subject to forfeiture. 1512 (b) If a member who terminates employment with a participating employer prior to the 1513 vesting period described in Subsection (3)(a) subsequently enters employment with the same or 1514 another participating employer within 10 years of the termination date of the previous 1515 employment: 1516 (i) all contributions made by the previous participating employer on behalf of the 1517 member, including associated investment gains and losses, shall be reinstated upon the 1518 member's employment as a regular full-time employee; and 1519 (ii) the length of time that the member worked with the previous employer shall be 1520 included in determining whether the member has completed the vesting period under

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1521 Subsection (3)(a).

(c) The office shall establish a forfeiture account and shall specify the uses of the
forfeiture account, which may include an offset against administrative costs of employer
contributions made under this section.

1525 (8) The office may request from any other [qualified 401(k)] plan under Subsection 1526 (2)(b)(ii) any relevant information pertaining to the maintenance of [its] the plan's tax

1527 qualification under the Internal Revenue Code.

1528 (9) The office may take any action [which in its] that in the office's judgment is

1529 necessary to maintain the tax-qualified status of [its] the office's 401(k) defined contribution

1530 plan under federal law.

1531 Section 19. Effective date.

1532 This bill takes effect on July 1, 2022.