	MEDICAL CANNABIS PATIENT PROTECTION AMENDMENTS	
	2022 GENERAL SESSION	
	STATE OF UTAH	
LO	NG TITLE	
Gei	neral Description:	
	This bill amends protections for medical cannabis patients.	
Hig	hlighted Provisions:	
	This bill:	
	• amends protections for medical cannabis patients, including public employees, to	
	protect the holding of a medical cannabis card and medical cannabis	
	recommendations; and	
	 makes technical and conforming changes. 	
Mo	ney Appropriated in this Bill:	
	None	
Oth	ner Special Clauses:	
	None	
Uta	h Code Sections Affected:	
AM	IENDS:	
	26-61a-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 344	
	78A-2-231, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 260 and 337	
	80-3-110, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 38, 337 and renumbered	
	and amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 261 and last amended by	
	Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 261	
Be	it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:	
	Section 1. Section 26-61a-111 is amended to read:	
	26-61a-111. Nondiscrimination for medical care or government employment -	
Not	ice to prospective and current public employees No effect on private employers.	
	(1) For purposes of medical care, including an organ or tissue transplant, a patient's	
use,	, in accordance with this chapter, of cannabis in a medicinal dosage form or a cannabis	
pro	duct in a medicinal dosage form:	

2022FL-0831/002

11-15-21 DRAFT

(a) is considered the equivalent of the authorized use of any other medication used at 33 34 the discretion of a physician; and 35 (b) does not constitute the use of an illicit substance or otherwise disqualify an 36 individual from needed medical care. 37 (2) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and except as provided in 38 Subsection (2)(b), the state or any political subdivision shall treat: 39 (i) an employee's use of medical cannabis in accordance with this chapter or Section 40 58-37-3.7 in the same way the state or political subdivision treats employee use of any 41 prescribed controlled substance[-]; and 42 (ii) an employee's status as a medical cannabis cardholder or an employee's medical 43 cannabis recommendation from a qualified medical provider or limited provider in the same 44 way the state or political subdivision treats an employees prescriptions for any prescribed 45 controlled substance. (b) A state or political subdivision employee who has a valid medical cannabis card is 46 47 not subject to adverse action, as that term is defined in Section 67-21-2, for failing a drug test 48 due to marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol without evidence that the employee was impaired or otherwise adversely affected in the employee's job performance due to the use of medical 49 50 cannabis. 51 (c) Subsections (2)(a) and (b) do not apply where the application of Subsection (2)(a) 52 or (b) would jeopardize federal funding, a federal security clearance, or any other federal 53 background determination required for the employee's position, or if the employee's position is 54 dependent on a license that is subject to federal regulations. 55 (3) (a) (i) A state employer or a political subdivision employer shall take the action 56 described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) before: 57 (A) giving to a current employee an assignment or duty that arises from or directly 58 relates to an obligation under this chapter; or 59 (B) hiring a prospective employee whose assignments or duties would include an 60 assignment or duty that arises from or directly relates to an obligation under this chapter. 61 (ii) The employer described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall give the employee or 62 prospective employee described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) a written notice that notifies the 63 employee or prospective employee:

- 2 -

11-15-21 DRAFT

2022FL-0831/002

64 (A) that the employee's or prospective employee's job duties may require the employee 65 or prospective employee to engage in conduct which is in violation of the criminal laws of the 66 United States; and 67 (B) that in accepting a job or undertaking a duty described in Subsection (3)(a)(i), 68 although the employee or prospective employee is entitled to the protections of Title 67, 69 Chapter 21, Utah Protection of Public Employees Act, the employee may not object or refuse to 70 carry out an assignment or duty that may be a violation of the criminal laws of the United 71 States with respect to the manufacture, sale, or distribution of cannabis. 72 (b) The Division of Human Resource Management shall create, revise, and publish the 73 form of the notice described in Subsection (3)(a). 74 (c) Notwithstanding Subsection 67-21-3(3), an employee who has signed the notice 75 described in Subsection (3)(a) may not: 76 (i) claim in good faith that the employee's actions violate or potentially violate the laws 77 of the United States with respect to the manufacture, sale, or distribution of cannabis; or 78 (ii) refuse to carry out a directive that the employee reasonably believes violates the 79 criminal laws of the United States with respect to the manufacture, sale, or distribution of 80 cannabis. 81 (d) An employer may not take retaliatory action as defined in Section 67-19a-101 82 against a current employee who refuses to sign the notice described in Subsection (3)(a). 83 (4) Nothing in this section requires a private employer to accommodate the use of 84 medical cannabis or affects the ability of a private employer to have policies restricting the use 85 of medical cannabis by applicants or employees. 86 Section 2. Section **78A-2-231** is amended to read: 87 78A-2-231. Consideration of lawful use or possession of medical cannabis. 88 (1) As used in this section: 89 (a) "Cannabis product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102. 90 (b) "Directions of use" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102. 91 (c) "Dosing guidelines" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102. (d) "Medical cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102. 92 93 (e) "Medical cannabis card" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102. 94

- 3 -

2022FL-0831/002

- 95 (f) "Medical cannabis device" means the same as that term is defined in Section 96 26-61a-102. 97 (g) "Recommending medical provider" means the same as that term is defined in 98 Section 26-61a-102. 99 (2) In any judicial proceeding in which a judge, panel, jury, or court commissioner 100 makes a finding, determination, or otherwise considers an individual's medical cannabis card, 101 medical cannabis recommendation from a recommending medical provider, or possession or 102 use of medical cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical cannabis device, the judge, panel, 103 jury, or court commissioner may not consider or treat the individual's card, recommendation, 104 possession, or use any differently than the lawful possession or use of any prescribed controlled 105 substance if: 106 (a) the individual's possession complies with Title 4, Chapter 41a, Cannabis Production 107 Establishments; 108 (b) the individual's possession or use complies with Subsection 58-37-3.7(2) or (3); or 109 (c) (i) the individual's possession or use complies with Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah 110 Medical Cannabis Act; and (ii) the individual reasonably complies with the directions of use and dosing guidelines 111 112 determined by the individual's recommending medical provider or through a consultation 113 described in Subsection 26-61a-502(4) or (5). 114 (3) Notwithstanding Sections 77-18-105 and 77-2a-3, for probation, release, a plea in 115 abeyance agreement, a diversion agreement, or a tendered admission under Utah Rules of 116 Juvenile Procedure, Rule 25, a term or condition may not require that an individual abstain 117 from the use or possession of medical cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical cannabis 118 device, either directly or through a general prohibition on violating federal law, without an 119 exception related to medical cannabis use, if the individual's use or possession complies with: 120 (a) Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act; or 121 (b) Subsection 58-37-3.7(2) or (3). 122 Section 3. Section 80-3-110 is amended to read: 123 80-3-110. Consideration of cannabis during proceedings -- Drug testing. 124
- 125 (1) As used in this section:

- 4 -

11-15-21 DRAFT

2022FL-0831/002

126	(a) "Cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102.
127	(b) "Cannabis product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102.
128	(c) (i) "Chronic" means repeated or patterned.
129	(ii) "Chronic" does not mean an isolated incident.
130	(d) "Directions of use" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102.
131	(e) "Dosing guidelines" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102.
132	(f) "Medical cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102.
133	(g) "Medical cannabis cardholder" means the same as that term is defined in Section
134	26-61a-102.
135	(h) "Recommending medical provider" means the same as that term is defined in
136	Section 26-61a-102.
137	(2) In a proceeding under this chapter, in which the juvenile court makes a finding,
138	determination, or otherwise considers an individual's medical cannabis card, medical cannabis
139	recommendation from a recommending medical provider, or possession or use of medical
140	cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical cannabis device, the juvenile court may not consider
141	or treat the individual's medical cannabis card, recommendation, possession, or use any
142	differently than the lawful possession or use of any prescribed controlled substance if:
143	(a) the individual's possession or use complies with Title 4, Chapter 41a, Cannabis
144	Production Establishments;
145	(b) the individual's possession or use complies with Subsection $58-37-3.7(2)$ or (3); or
146	(c) (i) the individual's possession or use complies with Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah
147	Medical Cannabis Act; and
148	(ii) the individual reasonably complies with the directions of use and dosing guidelines
149	determined by the individual's recommending medical provider or through a consultation
150	described in Subsection 26-61a-502(4) or (5).
151	(3) In a proceeding under this chapter, a child's parent's or guardian's use of cannabis or
152	a cannabis product is not abuse or neglect of the child unless there is evidence showing that:
153	(a) the child is harmed because of the child's inhalation or ingestion of cannabis, or
154	because of cannabis being introduced to the child's body in another manner; or
155	(b) the child is at an unreasonable risk of harm because of chronic inhalation or
156	ingestion of cannabis or chronic introduction of cannabis to the child's body in another manner.

- 5 -

2022FL-0831/002

11-15-21 DRAFT

(4) Unless there is harm or an unreasonable risk of harm to the child as described in
Subsection (3), in a child welfare proceeding under this chapter, a child's parent's or guardian's
use of medical cannabis or a cannabis product is not contrary to the best interests of the child
if:

(a) for a medical cannabis cardholder after January 1, 2021, the parent's or guardian's
possession or use complies with Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act, and there
is no evidence that the parent's or guardian's use of medical cannabis unreasonably deviates
from the directions of use and dosing guidelines determined by the parent's or guardian's
recommending medical provider or through a consultation described in Subsection
26-61a-502(4) or (5); or

(b) before January 1, 2021, the parent's or guardian's possession or use complies with
Subsection 58-37-3.7(2) or (3).

(5) Subsection (3) does not prohibit a finding of abuse or neglect of a child, and
Subsection (3) does not prohibit a finding that a parent's or guardian's use of medical cannabis
or a cannabis product is contrary to the best interests of a child, if there is evidence showing a
nexus between the parent's or guardian's use of cannabis or a cannabis product and behavior
that would separately constitute abuse or neglect of the child.

(6) If an individual, who is party to a proceeding under this chapter, is ordered by the
juvenile court to submit to drug testing, or is referred by the division or a guardian ad litem for
drug testing, the individual may not be ordered or referred for drug testing by means of a hair
or fingernail test that is administered to detect the presence of drugs.