1	CONFLICT OF INTEREST DISCLOSURE MODIFICATIONS
2	2024 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4 5	LONG TITLE
6	General Description:
7	This bill modifies provisions related to conflicts of interest.
8	Highlighted Provisions:
9	This bill:
10	requires an elected official of a political subdivision and a member of a state land
11	use authority to annually file a conflict of interest disclosure on the state's conflict of
12	interest disclosure website;
13	<ul> <li>requires an elected official described above to amend the disclosure if the elected</li> </ul>
14	official has a conflict of interest that is otherwise required to be disclosed under the
15	municipal, county, or public officers' ethics acts;
16	<ul> <li>standardizes the monetary amount that triggers an elected official's disclosure</li> </ul>
17	obligation;
18	<ul> <li>clarifies provisions related to conflicts of interest; and</li> </ul>
19	<ul><li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li></ul>
20	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
21	None
22	Other Special Clauses:
23	None
24	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
25	AMENDS:
26	10-3-1303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
27	10-3-1304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 445
28	10-3-1305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 445
29	10-3-1306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 378
30	10-3-1307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter 147
31	10-3-1308, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter 147
32	10-3-1309, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 241

33	<b>10-3-1311</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 461
34	10-3-1312, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter 147
35	17-16a-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 297
36	17-16a-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapters 142, 445
37	17-16a-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 227
38	17-16a-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 297
39	17-16a-7, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1983, Chapter 46
40	<b>17-16a-8</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1983, Chapter 46
41	<b>17-16a-9</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1983, Chapter 46
42	17-16a-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 241
43	17-16a-12, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1983, Chapter 46
44	<b>20A-11-1602</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 20
45	<b>20A-11-1604</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 170
46	<b>20A-11-1605</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 20
47	67-16-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 415
48	67-16-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 196
49	67-16-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 59
50	ENACTS:
51	<b>10-3-1303.5</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
52	<b>17-16a-3.5</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
53	<b>20A-11-1603.5</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
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55	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
56	Section 1. Section 10-3-1303 is amended to read:
57	<b>10-3-1303.</b> Definitions.
58	As used in this part:
59	(1) (a) "Appointed officer" means [any person] an individual appointed to:
60	(i) [any] a statutory office or position; or
61	(ii) [any other person appointed to any] a position of employment with a city or with a
62	community reinvestment agency under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities
63	- Community Reinvestment Agency Act.

(b) [Appointed officers include, but are not limited to, persons serving on] "Appointed officer" includes an individual serving on a special, regular, or full-time [committees, agencies, or boards whether or not such persons are compensated for their committee, agency, or board, regardless of whether the individual is compensated for the individual's services. [The use of the word "officer" in this part is not intended to make appointed persons or employees "officers" of the municipality.

(c) "Appointed officer" does not include an elected officer.

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- (2) "Assist" means to act, or offer or agree to act, in such a way as to help, represent, aid, advise, furnish information to, or otherwise provide assistance to a person or business entity, believing that such action is of help, aid, advice, or assistance to such person or business entity and with the intent to assist such person or business entity.
- (3) "Business entity" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, association, joint venture, corporation, firm, trust, foundation, or other organization or entity used in carrying on a business.
- (4) "Compensation" means anything of economic value, however designated, which is paid, loaned, granted, given, donated, or transferred to [any] a person or business entity by anyone other than the governmental employer for or in consideration of personal services, materials, property, or any other thing whatsoever.
- (5) "Conflict of interest disclosure website" means the Candidate and Officeholder Conflict of Interest Disclosure Website described in Section 20A-11-1602.5.
  - [(5)] (6) "Elected officer" means [a person]:
- (a) an individual elected or appointed to fill a vacancy in the office of mayor. commissioner, or council member; or
- (b) <u>an individual</u> who is considered to be elected to the office of mayor, commissioner, or council member by a municipal legislative body in accordance with Section 20A-1-206.
- [<del>(6)</del>] (7) "Improper disclosure" means the disclosure of private, controlled, or protected information to [any] a person who does not have both the right and the need to receive the information.
- [(7)] (8) "Municipal employee" means [a person who is not an elected or appointed officer an individual who is employed on a full- or part-time basis by a municipality or by a community reinvestment agency under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities

95	- Community Reinvestment Agency Act.
96	(9) "Officer" means an appointed officer or an elected officer.
97	[(8)] (10) "Private, controlled, or protected information" means information classified
98	as private, controlled, or protected under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access
99	and Management Act, or [other] another applicable provision of law.
100	[9] (11) "Substantial interest" means the ownership, either legally or equitably, by an
101	individual, the individual's spouse, or the individual's minor children, of at least 10% of the
102	outstanding shares of a corporation or 10% interest in any other business entity.
103	Section 2. Section 10-3-1303.5 is enacted to read:
104	<u>10-3-1303.5.</u> Statutory construction.
105	The definition of appointed officer in Section 10-3-1303 does not have the effect of
106	making an appointed individual or employee an officer of the municipality.
107	Section 3. Section 10-3-1304 is amended to read:
108	10-3-1304. Use of office for personal benefit prohibited.
109	(1) As used in this section, "economic benefit tantamount to a gift" includes:
110	(a) a loan at an interest rate that is substantially lower than the commercial rate then
111	currently prevalent for similar loans; [and] or
112	(b) compensation received for [private services] a private service rendered at a rate
113	substantially exceeding the fair market value of the [services] service.
114	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (4), it is an offense for an [elected or appointed]
115	officer or municipal employee to:
116	(a) disclose or improperly use private, controlled, or protected information acquired by
117	reason of the officer's or municipal employee's official position or in the course of official
118	duties in order to further substantially the officer's or <u>municipal</u> employee's personal economic
119	interest or to secure special privileges or exemptions for the officer or <u>municipal</u> employee or
120	for others;
121	(b) use or attempt to use the officer's or <u>municipal</u> employee's official position to:
122	(i) further substantially the officer's or <u>municipal</u> employee's personal economic
123	interest; or
124	(ii) secure special privileges for the officer or <u>municipal</u> employee or for others; or
125	(c) knowingly receive, accept, take, seek, or solicit, directly or indirectly, for the officer

126 or municipal employee or for another, a gift of substantial value or a substantial economic 127 benefit tantamount to a gift that: 128 (i) would tend improperly to influence a reasonable person in the person's position to 129 depart from the faithful and impartial discharge of the person's public duties; or 130 (ii) the person knows or that a reasonable person in that position should know under 131 the circumstances is primarily for the purpose of rewarding the person for official action taken. 132 (3) Subsection (2)(c) does not apply to: (a) an occasional nonpecuniary gift having a value of less than \$50: 133 134 (b) an award publicly presented in recognition of public services; 135 (c) any bona fide loan made in the ordinary course of business; or 136 (d) a political campaign contribution. (4) This section does not apply to an [elected or appointed] officer or municipal 137 138 employee who engages in conduct that constitutes a violation of this section to the extent that 139 the [elected or appointed] officer or municipal employee is chargeable, for the same conduct, under Section 76-8-105. 140 141 Section 4. Section 10-3-1305 is amended to read: 142 10-3-1305. Compensation for assistance in transaction involving municipality --143 Public disclosure and filing required. 144 (1) As used in this section, "municipal body" means any public board, commission, 145 committee, or other public group organized to make public policy decisions or to advise 146 persons who make public policy decisions. 147 (2) Except as provided in Subsection (6), it is an offense for an [elected officer, or an 148 appointed officer, officer who is a member of a [public] municipal body to receive or agree to 149 receive compensation for assisting [any] a person or business entity in [any] a transaction 150 involving the [municipality in which the member is an officer unless the member] municipality 151 of which the officer is elected or appointed unless the officer: 152 (a) files with the mayor a sworn statement [giving the information required by this section disclosing the information described in Subsection (5); [and] 153 154 (b) discloses the information [required by] described in Subsection (5) in an open 155 meeting to the members of the municipal body of which the officer is a member immediately 156 before the discussion[-]; and

157	(c) for an officer who is an elected officer, discloses the information described in
158	Subsection (5) on the conflict of interest disclosure website.
159	(3) It is an offense for an appointed officer who is not a member of a [public]
160	municipal body or a municipal employee to receive or agree to receive compensation for
161	assisting [any] a person or business entity in [any] a transaction involving the municipality by
162	which the [person is employed] the appointed officer or municipal employee is employed
163	unless the <u>appointed</u> officer or employee:
164	(a) files with the mayor a sworn statement [giving the information required by this
165	section] disclosing information described in Subsection (5); and
166	(b) discloses the information [required by] described in Subsection (5) to:
167	(i) the [officer] appointed officer's or municipal employee's immediate supervisor; and
168	(ii) any other municipal officer or employee who may rely [upon the employee's] on the
169	appointed officer's or municipal employee's representations in evaluating or approving the
170	transaction.
171	(4) (a) [The officer or employee shall file the statement required to be filed by this
172	section] An officer or municipal employee shall file the sworn statement described in
173	Subsections (2)(a) and (3)(a), as applicable, on or before the earlier of:
174	(i) 10 days before the date [of any agreement between the elected or appointed officer
175	or municipal employee and the person or business entity being assisted or] on which the officer
176	or municipal employee and the person or business entity being assisted enter into an agreement
177	<u>or</u>
178	(ii) 10 days before [the receipt of compensation by the officer or employee, whichever
179	is earlier] the date on which the officer or municipal employee receives compensation.
180	(b) An elected officer shall make the website disclosure described in Subsection (2)(c)
181	on or before the earlier of the deadlines described in Subsections (4)(a)(i) and (ii).
182	[(b)] (c) The [statement] sworn statement described in Subsections (2)(a) and (3)(a) is
183	public information and shall be available for examination by the public.
184	(5) The [statement and disclosure] disclosures described in Subsections (2) and (3)
185	shall contain:
186	(a) the name and address of the officer or municipal employee;
187	(b) the name and address of the person or business entity being or to be assisted or in

188 which the [appointed or elected official or municipal employee] officer or municipal employee 189 has a substantial interest; and 190 (c) a brief description of the transaction as to which service is rendered or is to be 191 rendered and of the nature of the service performed or to be performed. 192 (6) This section does not apply to an [elected officer, or an appointed officer,] officer 193 who is a member of a [public] municipal body and who engages in conduct that constitutes a 194 violation of this section to the extent that the [elected officer or appointed] officer is 195 chargeable, for the same conduct, under Section 76-8-105. 196 Section 5. Section 10-3-1306 is amended to read: 197 10-3-1306. Interest in business entity regulated by municipality -- Disclosure 198 statement required. 199 (1) [Every appointed or elected officer or] An officer under this part, or a municipal 200 employee, who is an officer, director, agent, or employee or the owner of a substantial interest 201 in [any] a business entity [which] that is subject to the regulation of the municipality [in which] 202 he is an elected or appointed officer or municipal employee] in which the officer or municipal 203 employee is elected, appointed, or employed, shall disclose the position held and the nature and 204 value of [his] the officer's or employee's interest: 205 (a) upon first becoming appointed, elected, or employed by the municipality[7]; and 206 (b) [again at any time thereafter if the elected or appointed officer's or municipal 207 employee's position in the business entity has changed significantly or if the value of his 208 interest in the entity has increased significantly since the last disclosure when the officer's or 209 municipal employee's position in the business entity changes significantly or when the value of 210 the officer's or municipal employee's interest in the entity significantly increases above the 211 officer's or municipal employee's most recent disclosure. 212 (2) [The disclosure shall be made] An officer or municipal employee shall make the 213 disclosure: 214 (a) in a sworn statement filed with the mayor[-]; and 215 (b) for an officer who is an elected officer, on the conflict of interest disclosure 216 website. 217 (3) The mayor shall: 218 (a) report the substance of [all such disclosure statements] the sworn statement to the

219	members of the governing body[ <del>,</del> ]; or
220	(b) [may provide to the members of the governing body copies of the disclosure
221	statement within 30 days after the statement is received by him] provide a copy of the sworn
222	statement to the members of the governing body no later than 30 days after the date on which
223	the mayor receives the statement.
224	[(3)] (4) (a) This section does not apply to [instances] an instance where the value of
225	the interest does not exceed $[\$2,000]$ $\$5,000$ .
226	(b) [Life insurance policies and annuities] A life insurance policy or an annuity may
227	not be considered in determining the value of [any such] the interest.
228	Section 6. Section 10-3-1307 is amended to read:
229	10-3-1307. Interest in business entity doing business with municipality
230	Disclosure.
231	(1) [Every appointed or elected officer] An officer under this part, or municipal
232	employee, who is an officer, director, agent, employee, or owner of a substantial interest in
233	[any] a business entity [which] that does or anticipates doing business with the municipality in
234	which [he is an appointed or elected officer or municipal employee,] the officer or municipal
235	employee is appointed, elected, or employed, shall:
236	(a) publicly disclose to the members of the body of which [he] the officer is a member
237	or by which [he] the municipal employee is employed, immediately [prior to] before any
238	discussion by [such] the municipal body concerning matters relating to [such] the business
239	entity, the nature of [his] the officer's or municipal employee's interest in [that] the business
240	entity[ <del>-</del> ]; and
241	(b) for an officer who is an elected officer, disclose the conflict described in this
242	Subsection (1) on the conflict of interest disclosure website.
243	(2) The [disclosure statement] public disclosure described in Subsection (1)(a) shall b
244	entered in the minutes of the meeting.
245	(3) Disclosure by a municipal employee under this section is satisfied if the municipal
246	employee makes the disclosure in the manner [required by Sections] described in Section
247	10-3-1305 [and] or Section 10-3-1306.
248	Section 7. Section 10-3-1308 is amended to read:
249	10-3-1308. Investment creating conflict of interest with duties Disclosure.

	[Any personal interest or investment by a municipal employee or by any elected or
appoin	nted official of a municipality which creates a conflict between the employee's or
officia	al's personal interests and his public duties shall be disclosed in open meeting to the
memb	ers of the body in the manner required by Section 10-3-1306] An officer or municipal
emplo	yee who has a personal interest or investment that creates a conflict between the officer's
or mu	nicipal employee's personal interests and the officer's or employee's public duties shall
disclo	se the conflict in the manner described in Subsection 10-3-1306.
	Section 8. Section 10-3-1309 is amended to read:
	10-3-1309. Inducing officer or employee to violate part prohibited.
	It is a class A misdemeanor for any person to induce or seek to induce [any appointed or
electe	d officer or a municipal employee to violate any of the provisions of this
part.	
	Section 9. Section 10-3-1311 is amended to read:
	10-3-1311. Municipal ethics commission Complaints charging violations.
	(1) A municipality may establish by ordinance an ethics commission to review a
comp	aint against an officer or a municipal employee subject to this part for a violation of a
provis	sion of this part.
	(2) (a) A person filing a complaint for a violation of this part shall file the complaint:
	(i) with the municipal ethics commission, if a municipality has established a municipal
ethics	commission in accordance with Subsection (1); or
	(ii) with the Political Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission in accordance with
Title 6	63A, Chapter 15, Political Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission, if the municipality
has no	ot established a municipal ethics commission.
	(b) A municipality that receives a complaint described in Subsection (2)(a) may:
	(i) accept the complaint if the municipality has established a municipal ethics
comm	ission in accordance with Subsection (1); or
	(ii) forward the complaint to the Political Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission
establ	ished in Section 63A-15-201:
	(A) regardless of whether the municipality has established a municipal ethics
comm	ission; or
	(B) if the municipality has not established a municipal ethics commission.

281	(3) If the alleged ethics complaint is against a person who is a member of the municipal
282	ethics commission, the complaint shall be filed with or forwarded to the Political Subdivisions
283	Ethics Review Commission.
284	Section 10. Section 10-3-1312 is amended to read:
285	10-3-1312. Violation of disclosure requirements Penalties Rescission of
286	prohibited transaction.
287	If [any] a transaction is entered into in connection with a violation of Section
288	10-3-1305, 10-3-1306, 10-3-1307, or 10-3-1308, the municipality:
289	(1) shall dismiss or remove the [appointed or elected] officer or municipal employee
290	who knowingly and intentionally violates this part from employment or office; and
291	(2) may rescind or void [any] a contract or subcontract entered into pursuant to that
292	transaction without returning any part of the consideration received by the municipality.
293	Section 11. Section 17-16a-3 is amended to read:
294	17-16a-3. Definitions.
295	As used in this part:
296	(1) (a) "Appointed officer" means [any person] an individual appointed to:
297	(i) [any] a statutory office or position; or
298	(ii) [any other person appointed to any position of employment with a county, except
299	special employees] a position of employment with a county, except a special employee.
300	(b) [Appointed officers include, but are not limited to persons serving on] "Appointed
301	officer" includes an individual serving on a special, regular or full-time [committees, agencies,
302	or boards whether or not such persons are compensated for their] committee, agency, or board,
303	regardless of whether the individual is compensated for the individual's services. [The use of
304	the word "officer" in this part is not intended to make appointed persons or employees
305	"officers" of the county.]
306	(c) "Appointed officer" does not include an elected officer.
307	(2) "Assist" means to act, or offer or agree to act, in such a way as to help, represent,
308	aid, advise, furnish information to, or otherwise provide assistance to a person or business
309	entity, believing that such action is of help, aid, advice, or assistance to such person or business
310	entity and with the intent to so assist such person or business entity.
311	(3) "Business entity" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, association, joint

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312	venture, corporation, firm, trust, foundation, or other organization or entity used in carrying on
313	a business.
314	(4) "Compensation" means anything of economic value, however designated, which is
315	paid, loaned, granted, given, donated or transferred to any person or business entity for or in
316	consideration of personal services, materials, property, or any other thing whatsoever.
317	(5) "Conflict of interest disclosure website" means the Candidate and Officeholder
318	Conflict of Interest Disclosure Website described in Section 20A-11-1602.5
319	[(5)] (6) "Elected officer" means [any person] an individual elected or appointed to
320	[any] an office in the county.
321	[6] [7] "Governmental action" means $[any]$ and action on the part of a county
322	including:
323	(a) [any] a decision, determination, finding, ruling, or order; [and]
324	(b) [any] a grant, payment, award, license, contract, subcontract, transaction, decision,
325	sanction, or approval[ <del>, or</del> ]; or
326	(c) [the denial thereof, or the failure to act in respect to] the denial of, or failure to act
327	upon, a matter described in Subsection (7)(a) or (b).
328	(8) "Officer" means an appointed officer or an elected officer.
329	[ <del>(7)</del> ] (9) "Special employee" means [any person] an individual hired on the basis of a
330	contract to perform a special service for the county pursuant to an award of a contract
331	following a public bid.
332	[8] (10) "Substantial interest" means the ownership, either legally or equitably, by an
333	individual, the individual's spouse, and the individual's minor children, of at least 10% of the
334	outstanding shares of a corporation or 10% interest in any other business entity.
335	Section 12. Section 17-16a-3.5 is enacted to read:
336	<u>17-16a-3.5.</u> Statutory construction.
337	The definition of appointed officer in Section 17-16a-3 does not have the effect of
338	making an appointed individual or employee an officer of the county.
339	Section 13. Section 17-16a-4 is amended to read:
340	17-16a-4. Prohibited use of official position Exception.
341	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3) or (5), it is an offense for an [elected or
3/12	annointed officer to:

343 (a) disclose confidential information acquired by reason of the officer's official position 344 or use that information to secure special privileges or exemptions for [himself] the officer or 345 others: 346 (b) use or attempt to use the officer's official position to secure special privileges for 347 the officer or for others; or 348 (c) knowingly receive, accept, take, seek or solicit, directly or indirectly, any gift or 349 loan for the officer or for another, if the gift or loan tends to influence the officer in the 350 discharge of the officer's official duties. 351 (2) This section [is inapplicable] does not apply to: 352 (a) an occasional nonpecuniary gift having a value of less than \$50; 353 (b) an award publicly presented; 354 (c) any bona fide loan made in the ordinary course of business; or 355 (d) political campaign contributions subject to Section 17-16-6.5. 356 (3) A member of a county legislative body who is also a member of the governing board of a provider of mental health or substance abuse services under contract with the county 357 358 does not commit an offense under Subsection (1)(a) or (b) by discharging, in good faith, the 359 duties and responsibilities of each position, if the county legislative body member does not 360 participate in the process of selecting the mental health or substance abuse service provider. 361 (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, a county or county official may 362 encourage support from a public or private individual or institution, whether in financial 363 contributions or by other means, on behalf of an organization or activity that benefits the 364 community. 365 (5) This section does not apply to an [elected or appointed] officer who engages in 366 conduct that constitutes a violation of this section to the extent that the [elected or appointed] 367 officer is chargeable, for the same conduct, under Section 76-8-105. 368 Section 14. Section 17-16a-5 is amended to read: 369 17-16a-5. Compensation for assistance in transaction involving county -- Public 370 disclosure and filing required. 371 (1) [No elected or appointed officer may] An officer may not receive or agree to 372 receive compensation for assisting [any] a person or business entity in [any] a transaction 373 involving the county in which [he is an officer unless he] the officer is elected or appointed

374	unless the officer:
375	(a) [files with the county legislative body a sworn statement giving the information
376	required by this section, and] files with the county legislative body a sworn statement
377	disclosing the information described in Subsection (5);
378	(b) discloses in open meeting to the members of the body of which [he] the officer is a
379	member, immediately [prior to] before the discussion, the information [required by Subsection
380	(3).] described in Subsection (5); and
381	(c) for an officer who is an elected officer, discloses the information described in
382	Subsection (5) on the conflict of interest disclosure website.
383	(2) [The statement required to be filed by this section shall be filed] An officer shall
384	file the sworn statement described in Subsection (1)(a) on or before the earlier of:
385	(a) 10 days [prior to the date of any agreement between the elected or appointed officer
386	and the person or business entity being assisted or] before the date on which the officer and the
387	person or business entity being assisted enter into an agreement; or
388	(b) 10 days [prior to the receipt of compensation by the business entity] before the date
389	on which the officer receives compensation.
390	(3) An officer shall make the website disclosure described in Subsection (1)(c) on or
391	before the earlier of the deadlines described in Subsections (2)(a) and (b).
392	(4) The [statement] sworn statement described in Subsection (1)(a) is public
393	information and is available for examination by the public.
394	[(3)] (5) The [statement and disclosure] disclosures described in Subsection (1) shall
395	contain the following information:
396	(a) the name and address of the officer;
397	(b) the name and address of the person or business entity being or to be assisted, or in
398	which the [appointed or elected official] officer has a substantial interest; and
399	(c) a brief description of the transaction as to which service is rendered or is to be
400	rendered and of the nature of the service performed or to be performed.
401	Section 15. Section 17-16a-6 is amended to read:
402	17-16a-6. Interest in business entity regulated by county Disclosure.
403	(1) [Every appointed or elected officer] An officer under this part who is an officer,
404	director, agent, or employee or the owner of a substantial interest in any business entity [which

405	that is subject to the regulation of the county [in which the officer is an elected or appointed
406	officer] in which the officer is appointed or elected shall disclose the position held and the
407	precise nature and value of the officer's interest:
408	(a) upon first becoming appointed or elected[5]; and
409	(b) [again] during January of each year [thereafter] during which the officer continues
410	to be an appointed or elected officer.
411	(2) [The disclosure shall be made] An officer shall make the disclosure:
412	(a) in a sworn statement filed with the county legislative body[-]; and
413	(b) if the officer is an elected officer, on the conflict of interest disclosure website
414	described in Section 20A-11-1602.5.
415	(3) The commission shall:
416	(a) report the substance of [all such disclosure statements] the sworn statement to the
417	members of the governing body; or
418	(b) [may provide to the members of the governing body, copies of the disclosure
419	statement within 30 days after the statement is received] provide a copy of the sworn statement
420	to the members of the governing body no later than 30 days after the day on which the
421	commission receives the statement.
422	(4) (a) This section does not apply to instances where the value of the interest does not
423	exceed [ <del>\$2,000, and</del> ] <u>\$5,000.</u>
424	(b) A life insurance [policies and annuities] policy or an annuity may not be considered
425	in determining the value of the interest.
426	Section 16. Section 17-16a-7 is amended to read:
427	17-16a-7. Interest in business entity doing business with county Disclosure.
428	(1) [Every appointed or elected officer] An officer under this part who is an officer,
429	director, agent, or employee, or owner of a substantial interest in [any] a business entity
430	[which] that does or anticipates doing business with the county [in which he is an appointed or
431	elected officer,] in which the officer is appointed or elected shall:
432	(a) publicly disclose to the members of the body [on which he] of which the officer is a
433	member, immediately [prior to any] before a discussion by [such] the body on matters relating
434	to [such] the business entity, the nature of [his] the officer's interest in [that] the business
435	entity[-]; and

136	(b) for an officer who is an elected officer, disclose the conflict described in Subsection
137	(1) on the conflict of interest disclosure website.
438	(2) The [disclosure statement] public disclosure described in Subsection (1)(a) shall be
139	entered in the minutes of the meeting.
140	Section 17. Section 17-16a-8 is amended to read:
141	17-16a-8. Investment creating conflict of interest with duties Disclosure.
142	[Any personal interest of or investment by any elected or appointed official of a county
143	which creates a potential or actual conflict between the official's personal interests and his
144	public duties shall be disclosed in open meeting to the members of the body in the manner
145	required by Section 17-16a-6] An officer who has a personal interest or investment that creates
146	a potential or actual conflict between the officer's personal interests and the officer's public
147	duties shall disclose the conflict in the manner described in Subsection 10-3-1306.
148	Section 18. Section 17-16a-9 is amended to read:
149	17-16a-9. Inducing officer to violate provisions prohibited.
450	No person shall induce or seek to induce [any appointed or elected] an officer to violate
451	any of the provisions of this part.
452	Section 19. Section 17-16a-10 is amended to read:
453	17-16a-10. Violation a misdemeanor Removal from office.
154	In addition to any penalty contained in any other provision of law, [any] a person who
455	knowingly and intentionally violates this part is guilty of a class A misdemeanor and shall be
456	dismissed from employment or removed from office.
157	Section 20. Section 17-16a-12 is amended to read:
458	17-16a-12. Rescission of prohibited transaction.
159	If [any] <u>a</u> transaction is entered into in connection with a violation of Section 17-16a-6,
460	the county may rescind or void $[any]$ $\underline{a}$ contract or subcontract entered into pursuant to that
461	transaction without returning any part of the consideration received by the county.
162	Section 21. Section <b>20A-11-1602</b> is amended to read:
463	20A-11-1602. Definitions.
164	As used in this part:
465	(1) "Conflict of interest" means an action that is taken by a regulated officeholder that

the officeholder reasonably believes may cause direct financial benefit or detriment to the officeholder, a member of the officeholder's immediate family, or an individual or entity that the officeholder is required to disclose under the provisions of this section, if that benefit or detriment is distinguishable from the effects of that action on the public or on the officeholder's profession, occupation, or association generally.

- (2) "Conflict of interest disclosure" means a disclosure, on the website, of all information required under Section 20A-11-1604.
- (3) "Entity" means a corporation, a partnership, a limited liability company, a limited partnership, a sole proprietorship, an association, a cooperative, a trust, an organization, a joint venture, a governmental entity, an unincorporated organization, or any other legal entity, regardless of whether it is established primarily for the purpose of gain or economic profit.
- (4) "Filing officer" means:

- 478 (a) the lieutenant governor, for the office of a state constitutional officer or State Board 479 of Education member; [or]
  - (b) the lieutenant governor or the county clerk in the county of the candidate's residence, for a state legislative office[-];
    - (c) the county clerk, for a local official who is a member of a county legislative body;
  - (d) the city recorder or town clerk, for a local official who is a member of a municipal legislative body;
  - (e) the special district clerk, for a local official who is a member of the governing body of a special district;
  - (f) the school district administrator, for a local official is a member of a local school board; or
    - (g) the administrator or clerk of a state land use authority, for a state board member.
  - (5) "Immediate family" means the regulated officeholder's spouse, a child living in the regulated officeholder's immediate household, or an individual claimed as a dependent for state or federal income tax purposes by the regulated officeholder.
  - (6) "Income" means earnings, compensation, or any other payment made to an individual for gain, regardless of source, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, pay, bonus, severance pay, incentive pay, contract payment, interest, per diem, expenses, reimbursement, dividends, or otherwise.

497	(7) (a) "Local official" means an individual who holds an office on the legislative body
498	of a political subdivision.
499	(b) "Local official" includes an individual who:
500	(i) is elected to an office described in Subsection (7)(a);
501	(ii) is appointed to fill a vacancy in an office described in Subsection (7)(a); or
502	(iii) is appointed to serve as a member of the governing body of a special district.
503	[(7)] (8) (a) "Owner or officer" means an individual who owns an ownership interest in
504	an entity or holds a position where the person has authority to manage, direct, control, or make
505	decisions for:
506	(i) the entity or a portion of the entity; or
507	(ii) an employee, agent, or independent contractor of the entity.
508	(b) "Owner or officer" includes:
509	(i) a member of a board of directors or other governing body of an entity; or
510	(ii) a partner in any type of partnership.
511	(9) "Political subdivision" means a county, city, town, metro township, school district,
512	or special district.
513	[8] (10) "Preceding year" means the year immediately preceding the day on which the
514	regulated officeholder makes a conflict of interest disclosure.
515	[(9)] (11) "Regulated officeholder" means an individual who is required to make a
516	conflict of interest disclosure under the provisions of this part.
517	(12) (a) "State board member" means an individual appointed to the board of a state
518	land use authority.
519	(b) "State board member" includes a nonvoting member of a board described in
520	Subsection (12)(a).
521	[(10)] (13) "State constitutional officer" means the governor, the lieutenant governor,
522	the state auditor, the state treasurer, or the attorney general.
523	(14) "State land use authority" means:
524	(a) the Utah Inland Port Authority created in Section 11-58-201;
525	(b) the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority created in Section 11-59-201; or
526	(c) the Military Installation Development Authority created in Section 63H-1-201.
527	[(11)] (15) "Website" means the Candidate and Officeholder Conflict of Interest

528	Disclosure Website described in Section 20A-11-1602.5.
529	Section 22. Section <b>20A-11-1603.5</b> is enacted to read:
530	20A-11-1603.5. Conflict of interest disclosure - Required after election or
531	appointment of local official or state board member Public availability.
532	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a local official shall make the local official's
533	first conflict of interest disclosure on the website no sooner than January 1, and before January
534	11, the year after the year in which the local official is appointed or elected.
535	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (5), a state board member shall make the state
536	board member's first conflict of interest disclosure on the website no sooner than January 1,
537	and before January 11, the year after the year in which the state board member is appointed.
538	(3) A local official is not required to comply with Subsection (1) if, during the time
539	period the local official would otherwise make the conflict of interest disclosure under
540	Subsection (1):
541	(a) (i) the local official is a state board member; and
542	(ii) the local official makes a complete conflict of interest disclosure on the website in
543	the local official's capacity as a state board member, in accordance with Section 20A-11-1604;
544	<u>or</u>
545	(b) (i) the local official holds an office on the legislative body of a political subdivision
546	that is different from the legislative body to which the local official was appointed or elected;
547	<u>and</u>
548	(ii) the local official makes a complete conflict of interest disclosure on the website in
549	the local official's capacity as a member of the other legislative body, in accordance with
550	Section 20A-11-1604.
551	(4) A local official who is elected or appointed to more than one legislative body of a
552	political subdivision in the same year complies with Subsection (1) by making one complete
553	conflict of interest disclosure on the website during the time period described in Subsection (1)
554	(5) A state board member is not required to comply with Subsection (2) if:
555	(a) (i) on the day the state board member is appointed, the state board member holds
556	the office of state legislator or State Board of Education member;
557	(ii) the state board member already, that same year, filed the conflict of interest
558	disclosure for an office described in Subsection (5)(a)(i), in accordance with Section

559	<u>20A-11-1604;</u>
660	(iii) the state board member is seeking reelection to an office described in Subsection
561	(5)(a)(i); and
562	(iv) at the time the state board member files the declaration of candidacy for an office
563	described in Subsection (5)(a)(i), the state board member indicates, in writing, that the conflict
564	of interest disclosure described in Subsection (5)(a)(ii) is updated and accurate as of the date of
565	filing the declaration of candidacy; or
566	(b) (i) during the time period the state board member would otherwise make the
567	conflict of interest disclosure under Subsection (2), the state board member holds the office of
568	state legislator, State Board of Education member, or a local official; and
569	(ii) the state board member makes a complete conflict of interest disclosure on the
570	website in the state board member's capacity as a state legislator, State Board of Education
571	member, or a local official, in accordance with Section 20A-11-1604.
572	(6) A state board member who is appointed to a state land use authority in the same
573	year the state board member is appointed or elected to the legislative body of a political
574	subdivision complies with Subsection (2) by making one complete conflict of interest
575	disclosure on the website during the time period described in Subsection (2).
576	(7) If a local official or state board member fails to comply with Subsection (1) or (2),
577	as applicable, the filing officer shall, no later than 21 days after the deadline described in
578	Subsection (1) or (2), as applicable, provide electronic notice to the local official or state board
579	member that the local official or state board member has not made a complete conflict of
580	interest disclosure on the website.
581	(8) The conflict of interest disclosure described in Subsections (1) and (2) shall contain
582	the same information and shall be in the same format as the conflict of interest disclosure
583	described in Section 20A-11-1604.
584	(9) The lieutenant governor shall make the complete conflict of interest disclosure
585	made by each local official or state board member available for public inspection on the
586	website.
587	Section 23. Section <b>20A-11-1604</b> is amended to read:
588	20A-11-1604. Failure to disclose conflict of interest Failure to comply with
589	reporting requirements.

(1) (a) Before or during the execution of any order, settlement, declaration, contract, or any other official act of office in which a state constitutional officer has actual knowledge that the state constitutional officer has a conflict of interest that is not stated in the conflict of interest disclosure, the state constitutional officer shall publicly declare that the state constitutional officer may have a conflict of interest and what that conflict of interest is.

- (b) Before or during any vote on legislation or any legislative matter in which a legislator or local official has actual knowledge that the legislator or local official has a conflict of interest that is not stated in the conflict of interest disclosure, the legislator or local official shall orally declare to the committee or body before which the matter is pending that the legislator or local official may have a conflict of interest and what that conflict is.
- (c) Before or during any vote on any rule, resolution, order, or any other board matter in which a member of the State Board of Education has actual knowledge that the member has a conflict of interest that is not stated in the conflict of interest disclosure, the member shall orally declare to the board that the member may have a conflict of interest and what that conflict of interest is.
- (d) Before or during any vote on any board matter in which a state board member has actual knowledge that the state board member has a conflict of interest that is not stated in the conflict of interest disclosure, the state board member shall orally declare to the board that the member may have a conflict of interest and what that conflict of interest is.
- (2) Any public declaration of a conflict of interest that is made under Subsection (1) shall be noted:
  - (a) on the official record of the action taken, for a state constitutional officer;
- (b) in the minutes of the committee meeting or in the Senate or House Journal, as applicable, for a legislator; [or]
- 614 (c) in the minutes of the meeting or on the official record of the action taken, for a <u>local</u>
  615 <u>official, a state board member, or a member of the State Board of Education.</u>
  - (3) A state constitutional officer shall make a complete conflict of interest disclosure on the website:
    - (a) (i) no sooner than January 1 each year, and before January 11 each year; or
  - (ii) if the state constitutional officer takes office after January 10, within 10 days after the day on which the state constitutional officer takes office; and

621	(b) each time the state constitutional officer changes employment.
622	(4) A legislator shall make a complete conflict of interest disclosure on the website:
623	(a) (i) no sooner than January 1 each year, and before January 11 each year; or
624	(ii) if the legislator takes office after January 10, within 10 days after the day on which
625	the legislator takes office; and
626	(b) each time the legislator changes employment.
627	(5) A member of the State Board of Education shall make a complete conflict of
628	interest disclosure on the website:
629	(a) (i) no sooner than January 1 each year, and before January 11 each year; or
630	(ii) if the member takes office after January 10, within 10 days after the day on which
631	the member takes office; and
632	(b) each time the member changes employment.
633	(6) A local official shall make a successive conflict of interest disclosure on the
634	website:
635	(a) no sooner than January 1 each year, and before January 11 each year; and
636	(b) each time the local official changes employment.
637	(7) A state board member shall make a successive conflict of interest disclosure on the
638	website:
639	(a) no sooner than January 1 each year, and before January 11 each year; and
640	(b) each time the state board member changes employment.
641	(8) (a) A local official who holds an office on more than one legislative body of a
642	political subdivision complies with Subsection (6) by making one complete conflict of interest
643	disclosure on the website during the time period described in Subsection (6)(a) or (b), as
644	applicable.
645	(b) A state board member who holds an office on the legislative body of a political
646	subdivision complies with Subsection (7) by making one complete conflict of interest
647	disclosure on the website during the time period described Subsection (7)(a) or (b), as
648	applicable.
649	[(6)] (9) A conflict of interest disclosure described in [Subsection (3), (4), or (5)]
650	Subsections (3) through (7) shall include:
651	(a) the regulated officeholder's name;

652 (b) the name and address of each of the regulated officeholder's current employers and 653 each of the regulated officeholder's employers during the preceding year; 654 (c) for each employer described in Subsection [(6)(b)] (9)(b), a brief description of the 655 employment, including the regulated officeholder's occupation and, as applicable, job title; 656 (d) for each entity in which the regulated officeholder is an owner or officer, or was an 657 owner or officer during the preceding year: 658 (i) the name of the entity; 659 (ii) a brief description of the type of business or activity conducted by the entity; and 660 (iii) the regulated officeholder's position in the entity; 661 (e) in accordance with Subsection [<del>(7)</del>] (10), for each individual from whom, or entity 662 from which, the regulated officeholder has received \$5,000 or more in income during the 663 preceding year: 664 (i) the name of the individual or entity; and 665 (ii) a brief description of the type of business or activity conducted by the individual or 666 entity; 667 (f) for each entity in which the regulated officeholder holds any stocks or bonds having 668 a fair market value of \$5,000 or more as of the date of the disclosure form or during the 669 preceding year, but excluding funds that are managed by a third party, including blind trusts, 670 managed investment accounts, and mutual funds: 671 (i) the name of the entity; and 672 (ii) a brief description of the type of business or activity conducted by the entity; 673 (g) for each entity not listed in Subsections  $\left[\frac{(6)(d)}{(6)(d)}\right]$  (9)(d) through (f) in which the 674 regulated officeholder currently serves, or served in the preceding year, in a paid leadership 675 capacity or in a paid or unpaid position on a board of directors: 676 (i) the name of the entity or organization; 677 (ii) a brief description of the type of business or activity conducted by the entity; and 678 (iii) the type of position held by the regulated officeholder; 679 (h) at the option of the regulated officeholder, a description of any real property in 680 which the regulated officeholder holds an ownership or other financial interest that the 681 regulated officeholder believes may constitute a conflict of interest, including a description of the type of interest held by the regulated officeholder in the property; 682

683 (i) the name of the regulated officeholder's spouse and any other adult residing in the 684 regulated officeholder's household who is not related by blood or marriage, as applicable; 685 (j) for the regulated officeholder's spouse, the information that a regulated officeholder 686 is required to provide under Subsection [(6)(b)] (9)(b); 687 (k) a brief description of the employment and occupation of each adult who: 688 (i) resides in the regulated officeholder's household; and 689 (ii) is not related to the regulated officeholder by blood or marriage; 690 (l) at the option of the regulated officeholder, a description of any other matter or 691 interest that the regulated officeholder believes may constitute a conflict of interest; 692 (m) the date the form was completed; 693 (n) a statement that the regulated officeholder believes that the form is true and 694 accurate to the best of the regulated officeholder's knowledge; and 695 (o) the signature of the regulated officeholder. 696 [(7)] (10) In making the disclosure described in Subsection [(6)(e)] (9)(e), a regulated 697 officeholder who provides goods or services to multiple customers or clients as part of a 698 business or a licensed profession is only required to provide the information described in 699 Subsection  $[\frac{(6)(e)}{(9)(e)}]$  in relation to the entity or practice through which the regulated 700 officeholder provides the goods or services and is not required to provide the information 701 described in Subsection  $[\frac{(6)(e)}{(9)(e)}]$  (9)(e) in relation to the regulated officeholder's individual 702 customers or clients. 703 [<del>(8)</del>] (11) The disclosure requirements described in this section do not prohibit a 704 regulated officeholder from voting or acting on any matter. 705 [(9)] (12) A regulated officeholder may amend a conflict of interest disclosure 706 described in this part at any time. 707 [(10)] (13) A regulated officeholder, other than a regulated officeholder who is a local 708 official or a state board member, who violates the requirements of Subsection (1) is guilty of a 709 class B misdemeanor. 710 [(11)] (14) (a) A regulated officeholder, other than a regulated officeholder who is a 711 local official or a state board member, who intentionally or knowingly violates a provision of 712 this section, other than Subsection (1), is guilty of a class B misdemeanor. 713 (b) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection  $[\frac{(11)(a)}{a}]$  (14)(a), the

714 lieutenant governor shall impose a civil penalty of \$100 against a regulated officeholder, other 715 than a regulated officeholder who is a local official or a state board member, who violates a 716 provision of this section, other than Subsection (1). 717 Section 24. Section **20A-11-1605** is amended to read: 718 20A-11-1605. Failure to file -- Penalties. 719 (1) Within 60 days after the day on which a regulated officeholder, other than a 720 regulated officeholder who is a local official or state board member, is required to file a 721 conflict of interest disclosure under Subsection 20A-11-1604(3), (4) or (5), the lieutenant 722 governor shall review each filed conflict of interest disclosure to ensure that: 723 (a) each regulated officeholder described in Subsection (1) who is required to file a 724 conflict of interest disclosure has filed one; and 725 (b) each conflict of interest disclosure contains the information required under Section 726 20A-11-1604. 727 (2) The lieutenant governor shall take the action described in Subsection (3) if: 728 (a) a regulated officeholder described in Subsection (1) has failed to timely file a 729 conflict of interest disclosure; 730 (b) a filed conflict of interest disclosure does not comply with the requirements of 731 Section 20A-11-1604; or 732 (c) the lieutenant governor receives a written complaint alleging a violation of Section 733 20A-11-1604, other than Subsection 20A-11-1604(1), and after receiving the complaint and 734 giving the regulated officeholder described in Subsection (1) notice and an opportunity to be 735 heard, the lieutenant governor determines that a violation occurred. 736 (3) If a circumstance described in Subsection (2) occurs, the lieutenant governor shall, 737 within five days after the day on which the lieutenant governor determines that a violation 738 occurred, notify the regulated officeholder described in Subsection (1) of the violation and 739 direct the regulated officeholder to file an amended report correcting the problem. 740 (4) (a) It is unlawful for a regulated officeholder described in Subsection (1) to fail to 741 file or amend a conflict of interest disclosure within seven days after the day on which the 742 regulated officeholder receives the notice described in Subsection (3). 743 (b) A regulated officeholder described in Subsection (1) who violates Subsection (4)(a) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor. 744

745 (c) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection (4)(a) to the 746 attorney general. 747 (d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (4)(b), the lieutenant 748 governor shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against a regulated officeholder described in 749 Subsection (1) who violates Subsection (4)(a). 750 (5) The lieutenant governor shall deposit a fine collected under this part into the 751 General Fund as a dedicated credit to pay for the costs of administering the provisions of this 752 part. 753 Section 25. Section **67-16-3** is amended to read: 754 **67-16-3. Definitions.** 755 As used in this chapter: 756 (1) "Agency" means: 757 (a) any department, division, agency, commission, board, council, committee, 758 authority, or any other institution of the state or any of its political subdivisions; or 759 (b) an association as defined in Section 53G-7-1101. 760 (2) "Agency head" means the chief executive or administrative officer of any agency. (3) "Assist" means to act, or offer or agree to act, in such a way as to help, represent, 761 762 aid, advise, furnish information to, or otherwise provide assistance to a person or business 763 entity, believing that such action is of help, aid, advice, or assistance to such person or business 764 entity and with the intent to assist such person or business entity. 765 (4) "Business entity" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, association, joint 766 venture, corporation, firm, trust, foundation, or other organization or entity used in carrying on 767 a business. 768 (5) "Compensation" means anything of economic value, however designated, which is 769 paid, loaned, granted, given, donated, or transferred to any person or business entity by anyone other than the governmental employer for or in consideration of personal services, materials, 770 771 property, or any other thing whatsoever. 772 (6) "Conflict of interest disclosure website" means the Candidate and Officeholder 773 Conflict of Interest Disclosure Website described in Section 20A-11-1602.5. 774 [<del>(6)</del>] (7) "Controlled, private, or protected information" means information classified 775 as controlled, private, or protected in Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and

- 776 Management Act, or other applicable provision of law.
- 777 [(7)] (8) "Governmental action" means any action on the part of the state, a political subdivision, or an agency, including:
- 779 (a) any decision, determination, finding, ruling, or order; and
- 780 (b) any grant, payment, award, license, contract, subcontract, transaction, decision, 781 sanction, or approval, or the denial thereof, or the failure to act in respect to.
- 782 [(8)] (9) "Improper disclosure" means disclosure of controlled, private, or protected information to any person who does not have the right to receive the information.
- [(9)] (10) "Legislative employee" means any officer or employee of the Legislature, or any committee of the Legislature, who is appointed or employed to serve, either with or without compensation, for an aggregate of less than 800 hours during any period of 365 days.
- 787 "Legislative employee" does not include legislators.
- 788 [(10)] (11) "Legislator" means a member or member-elect of either house of the Legislature of the state of Utah.
- [(11)] (12) "Political subdivision" means a district, school district, or any other political subdivision of the state that is not an agency, but does not include a municipality or a county.
- 793 [(12)] (13) (a) "Public employee" means a person who is not a public officer who is 794 employed on a full-time, part-time, or contract basis by:
- 795 (i) the state;
- 796 (ii) a political subdivision of the state; or
- 797 (iii) an association as defined in Section 53G-7-1101.
- (b) "Public employee" does not include legislators or legislative employees.
- 799 [(13)] (14) (a) "Public officer" means an elected or appointed officer:
- 800 (i) (A) of the state;
- (B) of a political subdivision of the state; or
- 802 (C) an association as defined in Section 53G-7-1101; and
- 803 (ii) who occupies a policymaking post.
- (b) "Public officer" includes a special public officer.
- 805 [(b)] (c) "Public officer" does not include legislators or legislative employees.
- 806 (15) "Special public officer" means a public officer who is an elected or appointed

807	member of:
808	(a) the board of trustees of a special district;
809	(b) the administrative control board of a special service district; or
810	(c) a local school board.
811	$\left[\frac{(14)}{(16)}\right]$ "State" means the state of Utah.
812	$[\frac{(15)}{(17)}]$ "Substantial interest" means the ownership, either legally or equitably, by
813	an individual, the individual's spouse, or the individual's minor children, of at least 10% of the
814	outstanding capital stock of a corporation or a 10% interest in any other business entity.
815	Section 26. Section <b>67-16-6</b> is amended to read:
816	67-16-6. Receiving compensation for assistance in transaction involving an
817	agency Filing sworn statement.
818	(1) Except as provided in Subsection $[(5)]$ $(6)$ , it is an offense for a public officer or
819	public employee to receive or agree to receive compensation for assisting any person or
820	business entity in any transaction involving an agency unless:
821	(a) the public officer or public employee files a sworn, written statement [containing
822	the information required by] disclosing the information described in Subsection (2) with:
823	[(a)] (i) the head of the officer or employee's own agency;
824	[(b)] (ii) the agency head of the agency with which the transaction is being conducted;
825	and
826	[(c)] (iii) the state attorney general[:]; and
827	(b) for a public officer who is a special public officer, the public officer discloses the
828	information described in Subsection (2) on the conflict of interest disclosure website.
829	(2) The [statement] disclosures described in Subsection (1) shall contain:
830	(a) the name and address of the public officer or public employee involved;
831	(b) the name of the public officer's or public employee's agency;
832	(c) the name and address of the person or business entity being or to be assisted; and
833	(d) a brief description of:
834	(i) the transaction as to which service is rendered or is to be rendered; and
835	(ii) the nature of the service performed or to be performed.
836	(3) [The statement required to be filed under Subsection (1) shall be filed within] A
837	public officer or public employee shall file the sworn statement described in Subsection (1)(a)

838	on or before the earlier of:
839	(a) 10 days after the date [of any agreement between the public officer or public
840	employee and the person or business entity being assisted] on which the public officer or public
841	employee and the person or business entity being assisted enter into an agreement; or
842	(b) the [receipt of compensation, whichever is earlier] public officer's or public
843	employee's receipt of compensation.
844	(4) A public officer who is a special public officer shall make the website disclosure
845	described in Subsection (1)(b) on or before the earlier of the deadlines described in Subsections
846	(3)(a) and (b).
847	[(4)] (5) The [statement is] sworn statement described in Subsection (1)(a) is public
848	information and shall be available for examination by the public.
849	[(5)] (6) This section does not apply to a public officer or public employee who
850	engages in conduct that constitutes a violation of this section to the extent that the public
851	officer or public employee is chargeable, for the same conduct, under Section 63G-6a-2404 or
852	Section 76-8-105.
853	Section 27. Section <b>67-16-7</b> is amended to read:
854	67-16-7. Disclosure of substantial interest in regulated business Exceptions.
855	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (5), a public officer or public employee who is an
856	officer, director, agent, employee, or owner of a substantial interest in any business entity that
857	is subject to the regulation of the agency by which the public officer or public employee is
858	employed shall disclose [any] a position held in the entity and the precise nature and value of
859	the public officer's or public employee's interest in the entity:
860	(a) upon first becoming a public officer or public employee;
861	(b) whenever the public officer's or public employee's position in the business entity
862	changes significantly; and
863	(c) if the value of the public officer's or public employee's interest in the entity
864	increases significantly.
865	(2) The disclosure required under Subsection (1) shall be made:
866	(a) in a sworn statement filed with:
867	[(a)] (i) for a public officer or a public employee of the state, the attorney general;

869	governing body of the political subdivision;
870	[(c)] (iii) the head of the agency with which the public officer or public employee is
871	affiliated; and
872	[(d)] (iv) for a public employee, the public employee's immediate supervisor[:]; and
873	(b) for a public officer who is a special public officer, on the conflict of interest
874	disclosure website.
875	(3) (a) This section does not apply to instances where the total value of the substantial
876	interest does not exceed [ $\$2,000$ ] $\$5,000$ .
877	(b) A life insurance policy or an annuity is not required to be considered in determining
878	the value of a substantial interest under this section.
879	(4) A disclosure made under this section is a public record and a person with whom a
880	disclosure is filed under Subsection (2) shall make the disclosure available for public
881	inspection.
882	(5) A public officer, other than a special public officer, who is required to file a
883	<u>disclosure on the conflict of interest disclosure website</u> is not required to file $[a]$ <u>the</u> disclosure
884	under this section if the public officer files a disclosure under Section 20A-11-1604.
885	Section 28. Effective date.
886	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.