## **James A. Dunnigan** proposes the following substitute bill:

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## **Insurance Modifications**

# 2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: James A. Dunnigan

Senate Sponsor: Evan J. Vickers

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#### LONG TITLE

### **4 General Description:**

This bill amends provisions relating to insurance.

## **6 Highlighted Provisions:**

- 7 This bill:
- 8 defines terms;
- 9 clarifies the circumstances under which a public agency insurance mutual or a reserve
- 10 fund is exempt from the Insurance Code;
- 11 amends provisions related to dual licensing;
- 12 amends provisions relating to money appropriated from the Captive Insurance Restricted
- 13 Account:

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- clarifies that an insurer does not need to file a certification that a non-English policy is in compliance with relevant laws;
  - aligns state law with federal rules relating to preexisting condition limitations;
- 17 limits the scope by which the Insurance Department can issue a waiver for a license;
- leading to pay a final judgment within 60 days;
- 20 adds additional reporting requirements for a licensee against whom a judgment has been 21 entered;
- 22 changes the reporting period for agency title insurance producers;
- 23 amends provisions relating to captive insurance companies;
- 24 reduces the minimum capital requirement for an association captive insurance company;
- 25 allows a captive insurance company to be formed as a not-for-profit organization;
- clarifies that officers of a captive insurance company must be separate individuals;
- 27 amends provisions relating to insurance investments;
- 28 amends requirements relating to a sponsored captive insurance company's business;

- 29 amends the grounds under which the commissioner may revoke the certificate of 30 authority of a captive insurance company; 31 modifies the requirements for a small employer stop-loss insurance contract; 32 regulates with which small employers a stop-loss insurer or reinsurer may enter stop-loss 33 insurance contracts; 34 provides a transition period for existing small employer stop-loss insurance contracts; and makes technical and conforming changes. 35 **Money Appropriated in this Bill:** 36 37 None 38 **Other Special Clauses:** 39 None 40 **Utah Code Sections Affected:** 41 AMENDS: 42 **31A-1-103**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 120 43 **31A-2-201**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 200 44 **31A-2-402**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 330 45 **31A-2-404**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 193 31A-3-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 194 46 47 **31A-21-112**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 443 **31A-21-303**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 198 48 49 **31A-22-407**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1985, Chapter 242 50 **31A-22-509**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1985, Chapter 242 51 **31A-22-511**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1985, Chapter 242 52 **31A-22-512**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1985, Chapter 242 53 **31A-22-514**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1985, Chapter 242 54 **31A-22-614**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 120 55 **31A-22-701**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 252 56 **31A-23a-105**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 120 57 **31A-23a-109**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 319
- 59 **31A-23a-119**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 120

**31A-23a-415**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 194

**31A-23a-111**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 120

- **31A-26-202**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 462
- 62 **31A-37-102**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 194

63 **31A-37-104**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 302 64 **31A-37-201**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 193 65 **31A-37-202**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 120 **31A-37-204**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 120 66 67 **31A-37-301**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 193 68 **31A-37-302**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 244 69 **31A-37-303**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 252 70 **31A-37-401**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 193 71 **31A-37-402**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 244 72 **31A-37-403**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 244 73 **31A-37-404**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 244 74 **31A-37-501**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 193 75 **31A-37-505**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 244 76 **31A-37-701**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 252 77 **31A-37a-205**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 297 78 **31A-43-301**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 244 79 **61-2g-502**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 72 80 **REPEALS AND REENACTS:** 81 **31A-2-405**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 325 82 83 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:* 84 Section 1. Section **31A-1-103** is amended to read: 85 31A-1-103. Scope and applicability of title. 86 (1) This title does not apply to: 87 (a) a retainer contract made by an attorney-at-law: 88 (i) with an individual client; and 89 (ii) under which fees are based on estimates of the nature and amount of services to 90 be provided to the specific client; 91 (b) a contract similar to a contract described in Subsection (1)(a) made with a group of 92 clients involved in the same or closely related legal matters; 93 (c) an arrangement for providing benefits that do not exceed a limited amount of 94 consultations, advice on simple legal matters, either alone or in combination with 95 referral services, or the promise of fee discounts for handling other legal matters;

(d) limited legal assistance on an informal basis involving neither an express contractual

97	obligation nor reasonable expectations, in the context of an employment,
98	membership, educational, or similar relationship;
99	(e) legal assistance by employee organizations to their members in matters relating to
100	employment;
101	(f) death, accident, health, or disability benefits provided to [a person] an individual by
102	an organization or [its] the organization's affiliate if:
103	(i) the organization is tax exempt under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue
104	Code and has had [its] the organization's principal place of business in Utah for a
105	least five years;
106	(ii) the [person] individual is not an employee of the organization; and
107	(iii)(A) substantially all the [person's] individual's time in the organization is spent
108	providing voluntary services:
109	(I) in furtherance of the organization's purposes;
110	(II) for a designated period of time; and
111	(III) for which no compensation, other than expenses, is paid; or
112	(B) the time since the service under Subsection (1)(f)(iii)(A) was completed is no
113	more than 18 months; or
114	(g) a prepaid contract of limited duration that provides for scheduled maintenance only.
115	(2)(a) This title restricts otherwise legitimate business activity.
116	(b) What this title does not prohibit is permitted unless contrary to other provisions of
117	Utah law.
118	(3) Except as otherwise expressly provided, this title does not apply to:
119	(a) those activities of an insurer where state jurisdiction is preempted by Section 514 of
120	the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended;
121	(b) ocean marine insurance;
122	(c) death, accident, health, or disability benefits provided by an organization that:
123	(i) has as the organization's principal purpose to achieve charitable, educational,
124	social, or religious objectives rather than to provide death, accident, health, or
125	disability benefits;
126	(ii) does not incur a legal obligation to pay a specified amount;
127	(iii) does not create reasonable expectations of receiving a specified amount on the
128	part of an insured person; and
129	(iv) is not a health care sharing ministry that provides that a participant make a
130	contribution to pay another participant's qualified expenses with no assumption of

131	risk or promise to pay.
132	(d) other business specified in rules adopted by the commissioner on a finding that:
133	(i) the transaction of the business in this state does not require regulation for the
134	protection of the interests of the residents of this state; or
135	(ii) it would be impracticable to require compliance with this title;
136	(e) except as provided in Subsection (4), a transaction independently procured through
137	negotiations under Section 31A-15-104;
138	(f) self-insurance;
139	(g) reinsurance;
140	(h) subject to Subsection (5), an employee or labor union group insurance policy
141	covering risks in this state or an employee or labor union blanket insurance policy
142	covering risks in this state, if:
143	(i) the policyholder exists primarily for purposes other than to procure insurance;
144	(ii) the policyholder:
145	(A) is not a resident of this state;
146	(B) is not a domestic corporation; or
147	(C) does not have the policyholder's principal office in this state;
148	(iii) no more than 25% of the certificate holders or insureds are residents of this state;
149	(iv) on request of the commissioner, the insurer files with the department a copy of
150	the policy and a copy of each form or certificate; and
151	(v)(A) the insurer agrees to pay premium taxes on the Utah portion of the insurer's
152	business, as if the insurer were authorized to do business in this state; and
153	(B) the insurer provides the commissioner with the security the commissioner
154	considers necessary for the payment of premium taxes under Title 59, Chapter
155	9, Taxation of Admitted Insurers;
156	(i) to the extent provided in Subsection (6):
157	(i) a manufacturer's or seller's warranty; and
158	(ii) a manufacturer's or seller's service contract;
159	(j) except to the extent provided in Subsection (7), a public agency insurance mutual;
160	(k) except as provided in Chapter 6b, Guaranteed Asset Protection Waiver Act, a
161	guaranteed asset protection waiver; or
162	(l) a health care sharing ministry, if the health care sharing ministry:
163	(i) provides to each participant upon enrollment and annually thereafter a written
164	statement of nationwide data from the preceding calendar year that lists the total

165	dollar amount of contributions provided to participants toward qualified expenses;
166	and
167	(ii) includes a written disclaimer, titled "Notice", on or with each application and all
168	guideline materials that states:
169	(A) the health care sharing ministry is not an insurance company;
170	(B) nothing the health care sharing ministry offers or provides is an insurance
171	policy, including the health care sharing ministry's guidelines or plan of
172	operations;
173	(C) participation in the health care sharing ministry is entirely voluntary and no
174	participant is compelled by law to contribute to another participant's expenses;
175	(D) participation in the health care sharing ministry or subscription to any of the
176	health care sharing ministry's services is not insurance; and
177	(E) each participant is always personally responsible for the participant's expenses
178	regardless of whether the participant receives payment for the expenses
179	through the health care sharing ministry or whether this health care sharing
180	ministry continues to operate.
181	(4) A transaction described in Subsection (3)(e) is subject to taxation under Section
182	31A-3-301.
183	(5)(a) After a hearing, the commissioner may order an insurer of certain group insurance
184	policies or blanket insurance policies to transfer the Utah portion of the business
185	otherwise exempted under Subsection (3)(h) to an authorized insurer if the contracts
186	have been written by an unauthorized insurer.
187	(b) If the commissioner finds that the conditions required for the exemption of a group
188	or blanket insurer are not satisfied or that adequate protection to residents of this state
189	is not provided, the commissioner may require:
190	(i) the insurer to be authorized to do business in this state; or
191	(ii) that any of the insurer's transactions be subject to this title.
192	(c) Subsection (3)(h) does not apply to a blanket insurance policy offering accident and
193	health insurance.
194	(6)(a) As used in Subsection (3)(i) and this Subsection (6):
195	(i) ["manufacturer's] "Manufacturer's or seller's service contract" means a service
196	contract:
197	(A) made available by:
198	(I) a manufacturer of a product;

199	(II) a seller of a product; or
200	(III) an affiliate of a manufacturer or seller of a product;
201	(B) made available:
202	(I) on one or more specific products; or
203	(II) on products that are components of a system; and
204	(C) under which the person described in Subsection (6)(a)(i)(A) is liable for
205	services to be provided under the service contract including, if the
206	manufacturer's or seller's service contract designates, providing parts and labor[;]
207	(ii) ["manufacturer's] "Manufacturer's or seller's warranty" means the guaranty of:
208	(A)(I) the manufacturer of a product;
209	(II) a seller of a product; or
210	(III) an affiliate of a manufacturer or seller of a product;
211	(B)(I) on one or more specific products; or
212	(II) on products that are components of a system; and
213	(C) under which the person described in Subsection (6)(a)(ii)(A) is liable for
214	services to be provided under the warranty, including, if the manufacturer's or
215	seller's warranty designates, providing parts and labor[; and].
216	(iii) ["service] "Service contract" means the same as that term is defined in Section
217	31A-6a-101.
218	(b) A manufacturer's or seller's warranty may be designated as:
219	(i) a warranty;
220	(ii) a guaranty; or
221	(iii) a term similar to a term described in Subsection (6)(b)(i) or (ii).
222	(c) This title does not apply to:
223	(i) a manufacturer's or seller's warranty;
224	(ii) a manufacturer's or seller's service contract paid for with consideration that is in
225	addition to the consideration paid for the product itself; and
226	(iii) a service contract that is not a manufacturer's or seller's warranty or
227	manufacturer's or seller's service contract if:
228	(A) the service contract is paid for with consideration that is in addition to the
229	consideration paid for the product itself;
230	(B) the service contract is for the repair or maintenance of goods;
231	(C) the purchase price of the product is \$3,700 or less;
232	(D) the product is not a motor vehicle; and

233	(E) the product is not the subject of a home warranty service contract.
234	(d) This title does not apply to a manufacturer's or seller's warranty or service contract
235	paid for with consideration that is in addition to the consideration paid for the product
236	itself regardless of whether the manufacturer's or seller's warranty or service contract
237	is sold:
238	(i) at the time of the purchase of the product; or
239	(ii) at a time other than the time of the purchase of the product.
240	(7)(a) For purposes of this Subsection (7)[-]:
241	(i) [-"public agency insurance mutual" means an entity:
242	(A) formed by two or more political subdivisions or public agencies of the state[:]
243	[(i)] _under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act; and
244	[(ii) for the purpose of providing for the political subdivisions or public agencies:]
245	[(A) subject to Subsection (7)(b), insurance coverage; or]
246	[(B) risk management.]
247	(B) that issues an insurance policy, subject to Subsection (7)(b), or provides risk
248	management, to a political subdivision or public agency in the state under Title
249	11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act.
250	(ii) "Reserve fund" means a fund established:
251	(A) to fund a loss to a political subdivision's assets; and
252	(B) by one or more political subdivision for a purpose identified in Section
253	<u>63G-7-703.</u>
254	(b) [Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a)(ii)(A), a ] A public agency insurance mutual or
255	reserve fund may not provide health insurance unless the public agency insurance
256	mutual provides the health insurance using:
257	(i) a third party administrator licensed under Chapter 25, Third Party Administrators;
258	(ii) an admitted insurer; or
259	(iii) a program authorized by Title 49, Chapter 20, Public Employees' Benefit and
260	Insurance Program Act.
261	(c) [Except for this Subsection (7), a] A public agency insurance mutual or a reserve fund
262	is exempt from this title[-] except as provided in the provisions in Sections 31A-3-301
263	and 31A-3-303 describing the surplus lines tax that are applicable to a policyholder.
264	(d) A public agency insurance mutual $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathbf{or reserve fund}} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ is considered[-to-be] a
264a	governmental entity and
265	political subdivision of the state with all of the rights, privileges, and immunities of a

266	governmental entity or political subdivision of the state including all the rights and
267	benefits of Title 63G, Chapter 7, Governmental Immunity Act of Utah.
268	Section 2. Section 31A-2-201 is amended to read:
269	31A-2-201 . General duties and powers.
270	(1) The commissioner shall administer and enforce this title.
271	(2) The commissioner has all powers specifically granted, and all further powers that are
272	reasonable and necessary to enable the commissioner to perform the duties imposed by
273	this title.
274	(3)[(a)] The commissioner may make rules to implement the provisions of this title
275	according to the procedures and requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
276	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
277	[(b) In addition to the notice requirements of Section 63G-3-301, the commissioner shall
278	provide notice under Section 31A-2-303 of hearings concerning insurance
279	department rules.]
280	(4)(a)(i) The commissioner shall issue prohibitory, mandatory, and other orders as
281	necessary to secure compliance with this title.
282	(ii) An order by the commissioner is not effective unless the order:
283	$[\underbrace{(i)}]$ (A) is in writing; and
284	[(ii)] (B) is signed by the commissioner or under the commissioner's authority.
285	(b) On request of any person [who] that would be affected by an order under Subsection
286	(4)(a), the commissioner may issue a declaratory order to clarify the person's rights or
287	duties.
288	(5)(a) The commissioner may hold informal adjudicative proceedings and public
289	meetings, for the purpose of:
290	(i) investigation;
291	(ii) ascertainment of public sentiment; or
292	(iii) informing the public.
293	(b) An effective rule or order may not result from informal hearings and meetings unless
294	the requirement of a hearing under this section is satisfied.
295	(6) The commissioner shall inquire into violations of this title and may conduct any
296	examinations and investigations of insurance matters, in addition to examinations and
297	investigations expressly authorized, that the commissioner considers proper to determine:
298	(a) whether or not any person has violated any provision of this title; or
299	(b) to secure information useful in the lawful administration of this title.

300 (7) The commissioner shall ensure that any training or certification required of a public 301 official or public employee, as those terms are defined in Section 63G-22-102, complies 302 with Title 63G, Chapter 22, State Training and Certification Requirements, if the 303 training or certification is required: 304 (a) under this title; 305 (b) by the department; or 306 (c) by an agency or division within the department. Section 3. Section 31A-2-402 is amended to read: 307 308 31A-2-402 . Definitions. 309 As used in this part: 310 (1) "Commission" means the Title and Escrow Commission created in Section 31A-2-403. 311 (2) "Concurrence" means the entities given a concurring role must jointly agree for the 312 action to be taken. 313 [(3) "Dual licensed title licensee" means a title licensee who holds: 314 [(a) an individual title insurance producer license as a title licensee; and] 315 [(b) a license or certificate under:] 316 [(i) Title 61, Chapter 2c, Utah Residential Mortgage Practices and Licensing Act;] 317 [(ii) Title 61, Chapter 2f, Real Estate Licensing and Practices Act; or] 318 [(iii) Title 61, Chapter 2g, Real Estate Appraiser Licensing and Certification Act.] 319 [(4)] (3) "Real Estate Commission" means the Real Estate Commission created in Section 320 61-2f-103. 321 [(5)] (4) "Title insurance matter" means a matter related to: 322 (a) title insurance; 323 (b) an escrow conducted by an individual title insurance producer or agency title 324 insurance producer; 325 (c) licensing, examination, and continuing education of an applicant to be a title 326 licensee: or 327 (d) conduct of a title licensee. 328 [(6)] (5) "Title licensee" means a person licensed under this title as: 329 (a) an agency title insurance producer with a title insurance line of authority; 330 (b) an individual title insurance producer with: 331 (i) a general title insurance line of authority; or 332 (ii) a specific category of authority for title insurance; or 333 (c) a title insurance adjuster.

334	Section 4. Section <b>31A-2-404</b> is amended to read:
335	31A-2-404. Duties of the commissioner and Title and Escrow Commission.
336	(1)(a) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this chapter, to the extent provided in this
337	part, the commissioner shall administer and enforce the provisions in this title related
338	to a title insurance matter.
339	(b)(i) The commissioner may impose a penalty:
340	(A) under this title related to a title insurance matter;
341	(B) after investigation by the commissioner in accordance with Part 3, Procedures
342	and Enforcement; and
343	(C) that is enforced by the commissioner.
344	(ii) The commissioner shall consult with and seek concurrence of the commission in
345	a meeting subject to Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, regarding
346	the imposition of a penalty, and if concurrence cannot be reached, the
347	commissioner has final authority.
348	(c)(i) Unless a provision of this title grants specific authority to the commission, the
349	commissioner has authority over the implementation of this title related to a title
350	insurance matter.
351	(ii) When a provision requires concurrence between the commission and
352	commissioner, and concurrence cannot be reached, the commissioner has final
353	authority.
354	(d) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(e), when this title requires concurrence
355	between the commissioner and commission related to a title insurance matter:
356	(i) the commissioner shall report to and update the commission on a regular basis
357	related to that title insurance matter; and
358	(ii) the commission shall review the report submitted by the commissioner under this
359	Subsection (1)(d); and
360	(A) concur with the report[;]; or[:]
361	[(A)] (B) provide a reason for not concurring with the report[ $;$ ] and
362	[(B)] provide recommendations to the commissioner.
363	(e) When this title requires concurrence between the commissioner and commission
364	under Subsection (2), (3), or (4):
365	(i) the commission shall report to and update the commissioner on a regular basis
366	related to that title insurance matter; and
367	(ii) the commissioner shall review a report submitted by the commission under this

368	Subsection (1)(e) and concur with the report or:
369	(A) provide a reason for not concurring with the report; and
370	(B) provide recommendations to the commission.
371	(2) The commission shall:
372	(a) subject to Subsection (4), make rules for the administration of the provisions in this
373	title related to title insurance matters including rules related to:
374	(i) rating standards and rating methods for a title licensee, as provided in Section
375	31A-19a-209;
376	(ii) the licensing for a title licensee, including the licensing requirements of Section
377	31A-23a-204;
378	(iii) continuing education requirements of Section 31A-23a-202; and
379	(iv) standards of conduct for a title licensee;
380	(b) concur in the issuance and renewal of a license in accordance with Section
381	31A-23a-105 or 31A-26-203;
382	[(e) in accordance with Section 31A-3-103, establish, with the concurrence of the
383	commissioner, the fees imposed by this title on a title licensee;]
384	[(d) in accordance with Section 31A-23a-415 determine, after consulting with the
385	commissioner, the assessment on a title insurer as defined in Section 31A-23a-415;]
386	[(e)] (c) with the concurrence of the commissioner, approve a continuing education
387	program required by Section 31A-23a-202;
388	[(f)] (d) on a regular basis advise the commissioner of the most critical matters affecting
389	the title insurance industry and request the commissioner to direct the department's
390	investigative resources to investigate and enforce those matters;
391	[(g)] (e) in accordance with Section 31A-23a-204, participate in the annual license
392	testing evaluation conducted by the commissioner's test administrator;
393	[(h)] (f) advise the commissioner on matters affecting the commissioner's budget related
394	to title insurance; and
395	[(i)] (g) perform other duties as provided in this title.
396	(3) The commission may make rules establishing an examination for a license that will
397	satisfy Section 31A-23a-204:
398	(a) after consultation with the commissioner's test administrator; and
399	(b) subject to Subsection (4).
400	(4)(a) The commission may make a rule under this title only:
401	(i) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;

402	(ii) with the concurrence of the commissioner, except that if concurrence cannot be
403	reached, the commissioner has final authority; and
404	(iii) if at the time the commission files [its] the commission's proposed rule and rule
405	analysis with the Office of Administrative Rules in accordance with Section
406	63G-3-301, the commission provides the Real Estate Commission that same
407	information.
408	(b) The commission may not make a rule regarding adjudicative procedures.
409	(c) In accordance with Section 31A-2-201, the commissioner may make rules regarding
410	adjudicative procedures.
411	(5)(a) The commissioner shall annually report the information described in Subsection
412	(5)(b) in writing to the commission.
413	(b) The information required to be reported under this Subsection (5):
414	(i) may not identify a person; and
415	(ii) shall include:
416	(A) the number of complaints the commissioner receives with regard to
417	transactions involving title insurance or a title licensee during the calendar year
418	immediately proceeding the report;
419	(B) the type of complaints described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A); and
420	(C) for each complaint described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A):
421	(I) any action taken by the commissioner with regard to the complaint; and
422	(II) the time-period beginning the day on which a complaint is made and
423	ending the day on which the commissioner determines it will take no further
424	action with regard to the complaint.
425	Section 5. Section 31A-2-405 is repealed and reenacted to read:
426	<u>31A-2-405</u> . Dual licensing.
427	An individual title licensee may not conduct the business of title insurance while
428	conducting business as a holder of a license or certificate under:
429	(1) Title 61, Chapter 2c, Utah Residential Mortgage Practices and Licensing Act;
430	(2) Title 61, Chapter 2f, Real Estate Licensing and Practices Act; or
431	(3) Title 61, Chapter 2g, Real Estate Appraiser Licensing and Certification Act.
432	Section 6. Section <b>31A-3-304</b> is amended to read:
433	31A-3-304 . Annual fees Other taxes or fees prohibited Captive Insurance
434	Restricted Account.
435	(1)(a) A captive insurance company shall pay an annual fee imposed under this section

436	to obtain or renew a certificate of authority.
437	(b) The commissioner shall:
438	(i) determine the annual fee [pursuant to] in accordance with Section 31A-3-103; and
439	(ii) consider whether the annual fee is competitive with fees imposed by other states
440	on captive insurance companies.
441	(2) A captive insurance company that fails to pay the fee required by this section is subject
442	to the relevant sanctions of this title.
443	(3)(a) A captive insurance company that pays one of the following fees is exempt from
444	Title 59, Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes, and Title 59, Chapter 9,
445	Taxation of Admitted Insurers:
446	(i) a fee under this section;
447	(ii) a fee under Chapter 37, Captive Insurance Companies Act; or
448	(iii) a fee under Chapter 37a, Special Purpose Financial Captive Insurance Company
449	Act.
450	(b) The state or a county, city, or town within the state may not levy or collect an
451	occupation tax or other fee or charge not described in Subsections (3)(a)(i) through
452	(iii) against a captive insurance company.
453	(c) The state may not levy, assess, or collect a withdrawal fee under Section 31A-4-115
454	against a captive insurance company.
455	(4) A captive insurance company shall pay the fee imposed by this section to the
456	commissioner by June 1 of each year.
457	(5)(a) [Money received pursuant to] The commissioner shall deposit money received
458	<u>from</u> a fee described in Subsection (3)(a) [shall be deposited ]into the Captive
459	Insurance Restricted Account.
460	(b) There is created in the General Fund a restricted account known as the "Captive
461	Insurance Restricted Account."
462	(c) The Captive Insurance Restricted Account shall consist of the fees described in
463	Subsection (3)(a).
464	(d) The commissioner shall administer the Captive Insurance Restricted Account.
465	Subject to appropriations by the Legislature, the commissioner shall use the money
466	deposited into the Captive Insurance Restricted Account to:
467	(i) administer and enforce:
468	(A) Chapter 37, Captive Insurance Companies Act; and
469	(B) Chapter 37a, Special Purpose Financial Captive Insurance Company Act; and

470	(ii) promote the captive insurance industry in Utah.
471	(e) An appropriation from the Captive Insurance Restricted Account is nonlapsing,
472	except that at the end of each fiscal year, money received by the commissioner in
473	excess of [the following] the legislative appropriation for the fiscal year that just ended
474	shall be treated as free revenue in the General Fund[:] .
475	[(i) for fiscal year 2018-2019 and subsequent fiscal years, in excess of \$1,600,000;]
476	[(ii) for fiscal year 2019-2020 and subsequent fiscal years, in excess of \$1,450,000;
477	and]
478	[(iii) for fiscal year 2023-2024 and subsequent fiscal years, in excess of \$1,650,000.]
479	Section 7. Section 31A-21-112 is amended to read:
480	31A-21-112 . Language other than English.
481	(1) An insurer may conduct a transaction in a language other than English through an
482	employee or agent acting as interpreter or through an interpreter provided by the
483	customer.
484	(2)(a) An insurer may provide a customer an insurance policy, endorsement, rider, or
485	explanatory or advertising material in a language other than English.[-]
486	(b) If there is a dispute or complaint regarding the insurance policy, endorsement, rider,
487	or explanatory or advertising material, the English language version of the insurance
488	coverage shall control the resolution of the dispute or complaint.
489	(3)(a) A non-English language policy delivered or issued for delivery in this state is [
490	eonsidered to be ]in compliance with this title if the insurer certifies that the policy is
491	translated from an English language policy that complies with this title.
492	(b) An insurer is not required to file with the commissioner the certification described in
493	Subsection (3)(a).
494	(4) If an insurance policy, endorsement, or rider is provided in a language other than
495	English, [it] the insurance policy, endorsement, or rider shall be accompanied by:
496	(a) the corresponding English language version; and
497	(b) a disclaimer in both English and the other language that states that the foreign
498	language version is provided only as an accommodation or courtesy to the customer
499	and the English language version shall control the resolution of any dispute or
500	complaint.
501	(5) An insurer is not required to file with the commissioner a form in a language other than
502	English.

Section 8. Section **31A-21-303** is amended to read:

504	31A-21-303. Cancellation, issuance, and renewal.
505	(1)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, other statutes, or by rule under
506	Subsection (1)(c), this section applies to all policies of insurance:
507	(i) except for:
508	(A) life insurance;
509	(B) accident and health insurance; and
510	(C) annuities; and
511	(ii) if the policies of insurance are issued on forms that are subject to filing under
512	Subsection 31A-21-201(1).
513	(b) A policy may provide terms more favorable to insureds than this section requires.
514	(c) The commissioner may by rule totally or partially exempt from this section classes of
515	insurance policies in which the insureds do not need protection against arbitrary or
516	unannounced termination.
517	(d) The rights provided by this section are in addition to and do not prejudice any other
518	rights the insureds may have at common law or under other statutes.
519	(2)(a) As used in this Subsection (2), "grounds" means:
520	(i) material misrepresentation;
521	(ii) substantial change in the risk assumed, unless the insurer should reasonably have
522	foreseen the change or contemplated the risk when entering into the contract;
523	(iii) substantial breaches of contractual duties, conditions, or warranties; or
524	[(iv) attainment of the age specified as the terminal age for coverage, in which case
525	the insurer may cancel by notice under Subsection (2)(c), accompanied by a
526	tender of proportional return of premium; or]
527	[v] in the case of motor vehicle insurance, revocation or suspension of the
528	driver's license of:
529	(A) the named insured; or
530	(B) any other [person] individual who customarily drives the motor vehicle.
531	(b)(i) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(e) or unless the conditions of Subsection
532	(2)(b)(ii) are met, an insurer may not cancel an insurance policy [may not be
533	canceled by the insurer ]before the earlier of:
534	(A) the expiration of the agreed term; or
535	(B) one year from the effective date of the policy or renewal.
536	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b)(i), an <u>insurer may cancel an</u> insurance policy [
537	may be canceled by the insurer ]for:

538	(A) nonpayment of a premium when due; or
539	(B) [on-]grounds[-defined in Subsection (2)(a)].
540	(c)(i) The cancellation provided by Subsection (2)(b), except cancellation for
541	nonpayment of premium, is effective no sooner than 30 days after the delivery or
542	first-class mailing of a written notice to the policyholder.
543	(ii) Cancellation for nonpayment of premium of a personal lines policy is effective no
544	sooner than 10 days after delivery or first-class mailing of a written notice to the
545	policyholder.
546	(iii) Cancellation for nonpayment of premium of a commercial lines policy is
547	effective no sooner than 10 days after delivery or first-class mailing of a written
548	notice to:
549	(A) the policyholder;
550	(B) each assignee of the policyholder, if the assignee is named in the policy; and
551	(C) each loss payee or mortgagee or lienholder under property insurance of the
552	policyholder, if the loss payee, mortgagee, or lienholder is named in the policy
553	(iv) An insurer shall deliver or send by first-class mail a copy of the notice of
554	cancellation for nonpayment of premium described in Subsection (2)(c)(iii) to an
555	agent of record of the policyholder on or before the day on which the insurer
556	provides the notice to the policyholder.
557	(d)(i) Notice of cancellation for nonpayment of premium shall include a statement of
558	the reason for cancellation.
559	(ii) Subsection (7) applies to the notice required for grounds of cancellation other
560	than nonpayment of premium.
561	(e)(i) Subsections (2)(a) through (d) do not apply to any insurance contract that has
562	not been previously renewed if the contract has been in effect less than 60 days on
563	the day on which the written notice of cancellation is mailed or delivered.
564	(ii) A cancellation under this Subsection (2)(e) may not be effective until at least 10
565	days after the day on which a written notice of cancellation is delivered to the
566	insured.
567	(iii) If the notice required by this Subsection (2)(e) is sent by first-class mail, postage
568	prepaid, to the insured at the insured's last-known address, delivery is considered
569	accomplished after the passing, since the mailing date, of the mailing time
570	specified in the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
571	(iv) A policy cancellation subject to this Subsection (2)(e) is not subject to the

572	procedures described in Subsection (7).
573	(3) A policy may be issued for a term longer than one year or for an indefinite term if the
574	policy includes a clause providing for cancellation by the insurer by giving notice as
575	provided in Subsection (4)(b)(i) 30 days before an anniversary date.
576	(4)(a) Subject to Subsections (2), (3), and (4)(b), a policyholder has a right to have the
577	policy renewed:
578	(i) on the terms then being applied by the insurer to similar risks; and
579	(ii)(A) for an additional period of time equivalent to the expiring term if the
580	agreed term is one year or less; or
581	(B) for one year if the agreed term is longer than one year.
582	(b) Except as provided in Subsections (4)(c) and (5), the right to renewal under
583	Subsection (4)(a) is extinguished if:
584	(i) at least 30 days before the day on which the policy expires or completes an
585	anniversary, the insurer delivers or sends by first-class mail a notice of intention
586	not to renew the policy beyond the agreed expiration or anniversary date to the
587	policyholder at the policyholder's last-known address;
588	(ii) [not] no more than 45 [nor] but no less than 14 days before the day on which the
589	renewal premium is due, the insurer delivers or sends by first-class mail a notice
590	to the policyholder at the policyholder's last-known address, clearly stating:
591	(A) the renewal premium;
592	(B) how the renewal premium may be paid, including the due date for payment of
593	the renewal premium;
594	(C) that failure to pay the renewal premium extinguishes the policyholder's right
595	to renewal; and
596	(D) subject to Subsection (4)(e), that the extinguishment of the right to renew for
597	nonpayment of premium is effective no sooner than at least 10 days after
598	delivery or first-class mailing of a written notice to the policyholder that the
599	policyholder has failed to pay the premium when due;
600	(iii) the policyholder has:
601	(A) accepted replacement coverage; or
602	(B) requested or agreed to nonrenewal; or
603	(iv) the policy is expressly designated as nonrenewable.
604	(c) Unless the conditions of Subsection (4)(b)(iii) or (iv) apply, an insurer may not fail to
605	renew an insurance policy as a result of a telephone call or other inquiry that:

606	(i) references a policy coverage; and
607	(ii) does not result in the insured requesting payment of a claim.
608	(d) Failure to renew under this Subsection (4) is subject to Subsection (5).
609	(e)(i)(A) If the policy is a personal lines policy, during the period that begins
610	when an insurer delivers or sends by first-class mail the notice described in
611	Subsection (4)(b)(ii)(D) and ends when the premium is paid, coverage exists
612	and premiums are due.
613	(B) If the policy is a commercial lines policy, during the period that begins when
614	an insurer delivers or sends by first-class mail the notice described in
615	Subsection (2)(c)(iii) and ends when the premium is paid, coverage exists and
616	premiums are due.
617	(ii)(A) If after receiving the notice required by Subsection (4)(b)(ii)(D) a personal
618	lines policyholder fails to pay the renewal premium, the coverage is
619	extinguished as of the date the renewal premium is originally due.
620	(B) If after receiving the notice required under Subsection (2)(c)(iii), a
621	commercial lines policyholder fails to pay the renewal premium within the 10
622	days before the day on which cancellation for nonpayment is effective, the
623	coverage is extinguished as of the day on which the renewal premium is
624	originally due.
625	(iii) Delivery of the notice required by Subsection (2)(c)(iii), (2)(c)(iv), or
626	(4)(b)(ii)(D) includes electronic delivery in accordance with Section 31A-21-316.
627	(iv) An insurer is not subject to Subsection (4)(b)(ii)(D) if:
628	(A) the insurer provides notice of the extinguishment of the right to renew for
629	failure to pay premium at least 15 days, but no longer than 45 days, before the
630	day on which the renewal payment is due; and
631	(B) the policy is a personal lines policy.
632	(v) Subsection (4)(b)(ii)(D) does not apply to a policy that provides coverage for 30
633	days or less.
634	(5) Notwithstanding Subsection (4), an insurer may not fail to renew the following personal
635	lines insurance policies solely on the basis of:
636	(a) in the case of a motor vehicle insurance policy:
637	(i) a claim from the insured that:
638	(A) results from an accident in which:
639	(I) the insured is not at fault; and

640	(II) the driver of the motor vehicle that is covered by the motor vehicle
641	insurance policy is 21 years [of age] old or older; and
642	(B) is the only claim meeting the condition of Subsection (5)(a)(i)(A) within a
643	36-month period;
644	(ii) a single traffic violation by an insured that:
645	(A) is a violation of a speed limit under Title 41, Chapter 6a, Traffic Code;
646	(B) is not in excess of 10 miles per hour over the speed limit;
647	(C) is not a traffic violation under[:]
648	[ <del>(1)</del> ] Section 41-6a-601, 41-6a-604, or 41-6a-605;
649	[(II) Section 41-6a-604; or]
650	[(III) Section 41-6a-605;]
651	(D) is not a violation by an insured driver who is younger than 21 years [of age] old
652	and
653	(E) is the only violation meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(ii)(A)
654	through (D) within a 36-month period; or
655	(iii) a claim for damage that:
656	(A) results solely from [:] wind, hail, lightning, or an earthquake;
657	[ <del>(I)</del> wind;]
658	[ <del>(II) hail;</del> ]
659	[(III) lightning; or]
660	[(IV) an earthquake;]
661	(B) is not preventable by the exercise of reasonable care; and
662	(C) is the only claim meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(iii)(A) and (B)
663	within a 36-month period; [and] or
664	(b) in the case of a homeowner's insurance policy, a claim by the insured that is for
665	damage that:
666	(i) results solely from[:] wind, hail, or lightning;
667	[(A)  wind;]
668	[ <del>(B) hail; or</del> ]
669	[ <del>(C) lightning;</del> ]
670	(ii) is not preventable by the exercise of reasonable care; and
671	(iii) is the only claim meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(b)(i) and (ii) within a
672	36-month period.
673	(6)(a)(i) Subject to Subsection (6)(b), if the insurer offers or purports to renew the

policy, but on less favorable terms or at higher rates, the new terms or rates take effect on the renewal date if the insurer delivered or sent by first-class mail to the policyholder notice of the new terms or rates at least 30 days before the day on which the previous policy expires.

- (ii) If the insurer did not give the prior notification described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) to the policyholder, the new terms or rates do not take effect until 30 days after the day on which the insurer delivers or sends by first-class mail the notice, in which case the policyholder may elect to cancel the renewal policy at any time during the 30-day period.
- (iii) Return premiums or additional premium charges shall be calculated proportionately on the basis that the old rates apply.
- (b) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(c), Subsection (6)(a) does not apply if the only change in terms that is adverse to the policyholder is:
  - (i) a rate increase generally applicable to the class of business to which the policy belongs;
  - (ii) a rate increase resulting from a classification change based on the altered nature or extent of the risk insured against; or
  - (iii) a policy form change made to make the form consistent with Utah law.
- (c) Subsections (6)(b)(i) and (ii) do not apply to a rate increase of 25% or more on a commercial policy.
- (7)(a) If a notice of cancellation or nonrenewal under Subsection (2)(c) does not state with reasonable precision the facts on which the insurer's decision is based, the insurer shall send by first-class mail or deliver that information within 10 working days [after receipt of] after the day on which the insurer receives a written request by the policyholder.
  - (b) A notice under Subsection (2)(c) is not effective unless [it] the notice contains information about the policyholder's right to make the request.
- (8)(a) An insurer that gives a notice of nonrenewal or cancellation of insurance on a motor vehicle insurance policy issued in accordance with the requirements of Chapter 22, Part 3, Motor Vehicle Insurance, for nonpayment of a premium shall provide notice of nonrenewal or cancellation to a lienholder if the insurer has been provided the name and mailing address of the lienholder.
  - (b) An insurer shall provide the notice described in Subsection (8)(a) to the lienholder by first-class mail or, if agreed by the parties, any electronic means of communication.

708	(c) A lienholder shall provide a current physical address of notification or an electronic
709	address of notification to an insurer that is required to make a notification under
710	Subsection (8)(a).
711	(9) If a risk-sharing plan under Section 31A-2-214 exists for the kind of coverage provided
712	by the insurance being cancelled or nonrenewed, a notice of cancellation or nonrenewal
713	required under Subsection (2)(c) or (4)(b)(i) may not be effective unless the notice
714	contains instructions to the policyholder for applying for insurance through the available
715	risk-sharing plan.
716	(10) There is no liability on the part of, and no cause of action against, any insurer, [its] the
717	insurer's authorized representatives, agents, employees, or any other person furnishing to
718	the insurer information relating to the reasons for cancellation or nonrenewal or for any
719	statement made or information given [by them] by an insurer, the insurer's authorized
720	representative, agent, employee, or any other person in complying or enabling the
721	insurer to comply with this section unless actual malice is proved by clear and
722	convincing evidence.
723	(11) This section does not alter any common law right of contract rescission for material
724	misrepresentation.
725	(12) If a person is required to pay a premium in accordance with this section:
726	(a) the person may make the payment using:
727	(i) the United States Postal Service;
728	(ii) a delivery service the commissioner describes or designates by rule made in
729	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; or
730	(iii) electronic means; and
731	(b) the payment is [eonsidered to be ]made:
732	(i) for a payment that is mailed using the method described in Subsection (12)(a)(i),
733	on the date on which the payment is postmarked;
734	(ii) for a payment that is delivered using the method described in Subsection
735	(12)(a)(ii), on the date on which the delivery service records or marks the payment
736	as having been received by the delivery service; or
737	(iii) for a payment that is made using the method described in Subsection (12)(a)(iii),
738	on the date on which the payment is made electronically.
739	Section 9. Section <b>31A-22-407</b> is amended to read:
740	31A-22-407 . Reinstatement.
741	(1)(a) Except as provided under Subsection (2), [life insurance policies, other than group

742	policies, an individual life insurance policy shall be reinstated upon written
743	application made within three years, or within two years in the case of [policies] an
744	individual life insurance policy with [face amounts] a face amount under \$5,000, from
745	the date of premium default.
746	(b) [The] An applicant described in Subsection (1)(a) shall
747	(i) produce evidence of insurability satisfactory to the insurer[-,];
748	(ii) pay all premiums in arrears[-,]; and
749	(iii) pay or reinstate any other indebtedness to the insurer upon the policy, all with
750	interest[ <del>,</del> ] <u>:</u>
751	(A) compounded annually, at a rate not exceeding the rate set by the policy for
752	policy loans compounded annually[-] ; or
753	(B) [H] if no rate is set in the policy, the commissioner shall adopt a rule [which]
754	that sets the rate the same as under Section 31A-22-402.
755	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply if any of these conditions exist:
756	(a) [The] the policy has been surrendered for its cash surrender value[-];
757	(b) [The] the policy's cash surrender value has been exhausted[-]; or
758	(c) [The] the paid-up term insurance, if any, has expired.
759	Section 10. Section 31A-22-509 is amended to read:
760	31A-22-509. Commissioner's authority to approve other groups.
761	(1) A policy may be issued to a group other than those specified under Sections [
762	31A-22-502] 31A-22-501 through 31A-22-508, if specifically authorized by the
763	commissioner and if granting the permission is not contrary to public policy.[-]
764	(2)(a) The commissioner may not grant permission to issue these types of policies unless
765	the insurer demonstrates to the commissioner's satisfaction that the proposed group [
766	would-] will:
767	(i) be actuarially sound[-];
768	(ii) [would] result in economies of acquisition and administration [which] that justify
769	a group rate[-]; and[-would]
770	(iii) not present hazards of adverse selection.
771	(b) The policyholders shall pay the premiums for the policy [shall be paid by the
772	policyholder, either from the policyholder's funds or ]from funds contributed by:
773	(i) the policyholder;
774	(ii) [by-]the covered [persons,] person; or[-from both]
775	(iii) both the policyholder and the covered person.

- 776 (c) Premiums for the policy and any contributions by or on behalf of the insured persons 777 shall be reasonable in relation to the benefits provided.
- 778 Section 11. Section **31A-22-511** is amended to read:
- 779 **31A-22-511** . **Dependents' coverage**.
- 780 (1) [Any] A group life policy issued under Sections 31A-22-502 through 31A-22-505
- or Section 31A-22-509 may insure [the employees or members against loss due to the
- death of their spouses and dependent children, or any classes of the employees or
- 783 members] any class of employee or member and the spouse and dependent children of an
- 784 employee or member against loss due to death.
- 785 (2) The policyholder shall pay the premiums for the insurance [shall be paid by the
- 786 policyholder from funds contributed by the person to whom the policy has been issued,
- from funds contributed by the covered persons, or from both.]:
- 788 (a) the policyholder;
- 789 (b) the covered person; or
- 790 (c) both the policyholder and the covered person.
- 791 (3) Except as provided under Section 31A-22-512, a policy on which no part of the
- premium for the [dependent's] dependent coverage is contributed by the covered [persons]
- 793 <u>person</u> shall insure [all insured persons] <u>each eligible person</u>, including [their spouses]
- 794 <u>the covered person's spouse</u> and dependent or minor children.
- 795 Section 12. Section **31A-22-512** is amended to read:
- 796 **31A-22-512** . Individual insurability.
- 797 (1) An insurer may exclude or limit the coverage under a group life insurance policy on any
- person, including a group member's dependent, as to whom the evidence of individual
- insurability is not satisfactory to the insurer.
- 800 (2) The group life insurance policy shall contain a provision setting forth the conditions, if
- any, under which the insurer reserves the right to require a person eligible for insurance
- to furnish satisfactory evidence to the insurer of the individual insurability as a condition
- to part or all of [his] the person's coverage.
- Section 13. Section **31A-22-514** is amended to read:
- 805 31A-22-514. Incontestability.
- 806 (1) [The] A group life insurance policy shall contain a provision that the validity of the
- 807 policy may not be contested, except for nonpayment of premiums, after [it] the policy
- has been in force for two years from its date of issue.
- 809 (2) [This] The provision described in Subsection (1) shall [also] state that no statement made

810	by [any] a person insured under the policy relating to [his] the person's insurability may
811	be used:
812	(a) in contesting the validity of the insurance with respect to which the statement was
813	made after the insurance has been in force, prior to the contest, for a period of two
814	years during the person's lifetime[, nor may the statement be used] ; or
815	(b) unless [it] the statement is [contained in a written instrument signed by him.] in
816	writing and signed by the person.
817	(3) [This type of provision does not preclude] Nothing in this section precludes the assertion
818	of defenses based upon provisions in the policy which relate to eligibility for coverage.
819	Section 14. Section 31A-22-614 is amended to read:
820	31A-22-614. Claims under accident and health policies.
821	(1) Section 31A-21-312 applies generally to claims under accident and health policies.
822	(2)(a) Subject to Subsection (1), an accident and health insurance policy may not contain
823	a claim notice requirement less favorable to the insured, or an insured's network
824	provider, than one which requires written notice of the claim within 20 days after the
825	occurrence or commencement of any loss covered by the policy. The policy shall
826	specify to whom claim notices may be given.
827	(b) If a loss of time benefit under a policy may be paid for a period of at least two years,
828	an insurer may require periodic notices that the insured continues to have a disability,
829	unless the insured is legally incapacitated. The insured's, or the insured's network
830	provider's, delay in giving that notice does not impair the insured's, the insured's
831	network provider's, or beneficiary's right to any indemnity which would otherwise
832	have accrued during the six months preceding the date on which that notice is
833	actually given.
834	(3) An accident and health insurance policy may not contain a time limit on proof of loss
835	which is more restrictive to the insured, or the insured's network provider, than a
836	provision requiring written proof of loss, delivered to the insurer, within the following
837	time:
838	(a) for a claim where periodic payments are contingent upon continuing loss, within [120]
839	180 days after the termination of the period for which the insurer is liable; or
840	(b) for any other claim, within [120] 180 days after the date of the loss.
841	(4)(a)(i) Section 31A-26-301 applies generally to the payment of claims.
842	(ii) Indemnity for loss of life is paid in accordance with the beneficiary designation
843	effective at the time of payment. If no valid beneficiary designation exists, the

844	indemnity is paid to the insured's estate. Any other accrued indemnities unpaid at
845	the insured's death are paid to the insured's estate.
846	(b) Reasonable facility of payment clauses, specified by the commissioner by rule or in
847	approving the policy form, are permitted. Payment made in good faith and in
848	accordance with those clauses discharges the insurer's obligation to pay those claims.
849	(c) All or a portion of any indemnities provided under an accident and health policy on
850	account of hospital, nursing, medical, or surgical services may, at the insurer's option,
851	be paid directly to the hospital or person rendering the services.
852	Section 15. Section <b>31A-22-701</b> is amended to read:
853	31A-22-701. Groups eligible for group or blanket insurance.
854	(1) A group insurance policy offering accident and health insurance may be issued to:
855	(a) a group:
856	(i) to which a group life insurance policy may be issued under Section 31A-22-502,
857	31A-22-503, 31A-22-504, 31A-22-505, 31A-22-506, [or-]31A-22-507,
858	31A-22-508, or 31A-22-509; and
859	(ii) that is formed and maintained in good faith for a purpose other than obtaining
860	insurance;
861	(b) a group specifically authorized by the commissioner, upon a finding that:
862	(i) authorization is not contrary to the public interest;
863	(ii) the group is actuarially sound;
864	(iii) formation of the proposed group may result in economies of scale in acquisition,
865	administrative, marketing, and brokerage costs;
866	(iv) the insurance policy, insurance certificate, or other indicia of coverage that will
867	be offered to the proposed group is substantially equivalent to insurance policies
868	that are otherwise available to similar groups;
869	(v) the group would not present hazards of adverse selection;
870	(vi) the premiums for the insurance policy and any contributions by or on behalf of
871	the insured persons are reasonable in relation to the benefits provided; and
872	(vii) the group is formed and maintained in good faith for a purpose other than
873	obtaining insurance; or
874	(c) a postsecondary educational institution covering students, upon a finding that:
875	(i) the policy provides standards for financial soundness;
876	(ii) the policy protects the students covered;
877	(iii) the policy provides for the establishment of a financially viable alternative to

878	traditional health care plans;
879	(iv) authorization is not contrary to the public interest;
880	(v) the policy would not present hazards of adverse selection; and
881	(vi) the premiums for the policy and any contributions by or on behalf of the insured
882	persons are reasonable in relation to the benefits provided.
883	(2) A blanket insurance policy offering accident and health insurance:
884	(a) covers a defined class of persons;
885	(b) may not be offered or underwritten on an individual basis;
886	(c) shall cover only a group that is:
887	(i) actuarially sound; and
888	(ii) formed and maintained in good faith for a purpose other than obtaining insurance;
889	and
890	(d) may be issued only to:
891	(i) a common carrier or an operator, owner, or lessee of a means of transportation, as
892	policyholder, covering persons who may become passengers as defined by
893	reference to the person's travel status;
894	(ii) an employer, as policyholder, covering any group of employees, dependents, or
895	guests, as defined by reference to specified hazards incident to any activities of the
896	policyholder;
897	(iii) an institution of learning, including a school district, a school jurisdictional unit,
898	or the head, principal, or governing board of a school jurisdictional unit, as
899	policyholder, covering students, teachers, or employees;
900	(iv) a religious, charitable, recreational, educational, or civic organization, or branch
901	of one of those organizations, as policyholder, covering a group of members or
902	participants as defined by reference to specified hazards incident to the activities
903	sponsored or supervised by the policyholder;
904	(v) a sports team, camp, or sponsor of a sports team or camp, as policyholder,
905	covering members, campers, employees, officials, or supervisors;
906	(vi) a volunteer fire department, first aid, civil defense, or other similar volunteer
907	organization, as policyholder, covering a group of members or participants as
908	defined by reference to specified hazards incident to activities sponsored,
909	supervised, or participated in by the policyholder;
910	(vii) a newspaper or other publisher, as policyholder, covering [its] a newspaper's or
911	<u>publisher's</u> carriers;

912	(viii) a labor union, as a policyholder, covering a group of members or participants as
913	defined by reference to specified hazards incident to the activities or operations
914	sponsored or supervised by the policyholder;
915	(ix) an association that has a constitution and bylaws covering a group of members or
916	participants as defined by reference to specified hazards incident to the activities
917	or operations sponsored or supervised by the policyholder; or
918	(x) any other class of risks that, in the judgment of the commissioner, may be
919	properly eligible for a blanket insurance policy offering accident and health
920	insurance.
921	(3) The judgment of the commissioner may be exercised on the basis of:
922	(a) individual risks;
923	(b) a class of risks; or
924	(c) both <u>risks described in Subsections(3)(a)</u> and (b).
925	(4) A group insurance policy offering accident and health insurance issued to a group
926	authorized under Subsection 31A-22-504(1)(b)(ii) is subject to the provisions of Section
927	31A-22-602.
928	Section 16. Section 31A-23a-105 is amended to read:
020	
929	31A-23a-105. General requirements for individual and agency license issuance
930	and renewal.
930	and renewal.
930 931	<ul><li>and renewal.</li><li>(1)(a) The commissioner shall issue or renew a license to a person described in</li></ul>
<ul><li>930</li><li>931</li><li>932</li></ul>	<ul><li>and renewal.</li><li>(1)(a) The commissioner shall issue or renew a license to a person described in Subsection (1)(b) to act as:</li></ul>
<ul><li>930</li><li>931</li><li>932</li><li>933</li></ul>	<ul> <li>and renewal.</li> <li>(1)(a) The commissioner shall issue or renew a license to a person described in Subsection (1)(b) to act as:</li> <li>(i) a producer;</li> </ul>
<ul><li>930</li><li>931</li><li>932</li><li>933</li><li>934</li></ul>	<ul> <li>and renewal.</li> <li>(1)(a) The commissioner shall issue or renew a license to a person described in Subsection (1)(b) to act as: <ul> <li>(i) a producer;</li> <li>(ii) a surplus lines producer;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
930 931 932 933 934 935	<ul> <li>and renewal.</li> <li>(1)(a) The commissioner shall issue or renew a license to a person described in Subsection (1)(b) to act as: <ul> <li>(i) a producer;</li> <li>(ii) a surplus lines producer;</li> <li>(iii) a limited line producer;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
930 931 932 933 934 935 936	<ul> <li>and renewal.</li> <li>(1)(a) The commissioner shall issue or renew a license to a person described in Subsection (1)(b) to act as: <ul> <li>(i) a producer;</li> <li>(ii) a surplus lines producer;</li> <li>(iii) a limited line producer;</li> <li>(iv) a consultant;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
930 931 932 933 934 935 936 937	<ul> <li>and renewal.</li> <li>(1)(a) The commissioner shall issue or renew a license to a person described in Subsection (1)(b) to act as: <ul> <li>(i) a producer;</li> <li>(ii) a surplus lines producer;</li> <li>(iii) a limited line producer;</li> <li>(iv) a consultant;</li> <li>(v) a managing general agent; or</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
930 931 932 933 934 935 936 937	<ul> <li>and renewal.</li> <li>(1)(a) The commissioner shall issue or renew a license to a person described in Subsection (1)(b) to act as: <ul> <li>(i) a producer;</li> <li>(ii) a surplus lines producer;</li> <li>(iii) a limited line producer;</li> <li>(iv) a consultant;</li> <li>(v) a managing general agent; or</li> <li>(vi) a reinsurance intermediary.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
930 931 932 933 934 935 936 937 938	<ul> <li>and renewal.</li> <li>(1)(a) The commissioner shall issue or renew a license to a person described in Subsection (1)(b) to act as: <ul> <li>(i) a producer;</li> <li>(ii) a surplus lines producer;</li> <li>(iii) a limited line producer;</li> <li>(iv) a consultant;</li> <li>(v) a managing general agent; or</li> <li>(vi) a reinsurance intermediary.</li> </ul> </li> <li>(b) The commissioner shall issue or renew a license [under] described in Subsection</li> </ul>
930 931 932 933 934 935 936 937 938 939	<ul> <li>and renewal.</li> <li>(1)(a) The commissioner shall issue or renew a license to a person described in Subsection (1)(b) to act as: <ul> <li>(i) a producer;</li> <li>(ii) a surplus lines producer;</li> <li>(iii) a limited line producer;</li> <li>(iv) a consultant;</li> <li>(v) a managing general agent; or</li> <li>(vi) a reinsurance intermediary.</li> </ul> </li> <li>(b) The commissioner shall issue or renew a license [under] described in Subsection (1)(a) to a person who, as to the license type and line of authority classification</li> </ul>
930 931 932 933 934 935 936 937 938 939 940	<ul> <li>and renewal.</li> <li>(1)(a) The commissioner shall issue or renew a license to a person described in Subsection (1)(b) to act as: <ul> <li>(i) a producer;</li> <li>(ii) a surplus lines producer;</li> <li>(iii) a limited line producer;</li> <li>(iv) a consultant;</li> <li>(v) a managing general agent; or</li> <li>(vi) a reinsurance intermediary.</li> </ul> </li> <li>(b) The commissioner shall issue or renew a license [under] described in Subsection (1)(a) to a person who, as to the license type and line of authority classification applied for under Section 31A-23a-106:</li> </ul>
930 931 932 933 934 935 936 937 938 939 940 941	<ul> <li>and renewal.</li> <li>(1)(a) The commissioner shall issue or renew a license to a person described in Subsection (1)(b) to act as: <ol> <li>(i) a producer;</li> <li>(ii) a surplus lines producer;</li> <li>(iii) a limited line producer;</li> <li>(iv) a consultant;</li> <li>(v) a managing general agent; or</li> <li>(vi) a reinsurance intermediary.</li> </ol> </li> <li>(b) The commissioner shall issue or renew a license [under] described in Subsection <ol> <li>(1)(a) to a person who, as to the license type and line of authority classification applied for under Section 31A-23a-106:</li> <li>(i) satisfies the application requirements under Section 31A-23a-104;</li> </ol> </li> </ul>

946	(iv) satisfies applicable examination requirements under Section 31A-23a-108;
947	(v) satisfies applicable training period requirements under Section 31A-23a-203;
948	(vi) if an applicant for a resident individual producer license, certifies that, to the
949	extent applicable, the applicant:
950	(A) is in compliance with Section 31A-23a-203.5; and
951	(B) will maintain compliance with Section 31A-23a-203.5 during the period for
952	which the license is issued or renewed;
953	(vii) has not committed an act that is a ground for denial, suspension, or revocation a
954	provided in Section 31A-23a-111;
955	(viii) if a nonresident:
956	(A) complies with Section 31A-23a-109; and
957	(B) holds an active similar license in that person's home state;
958	(ix) if an applicant for an individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance
959	producer license, satisfies the requirements of Section 31A-23a-204;
960	(x) if an applicant for a license to act as a life settlement provider or life settlement
961	producer, satisfies the requirements of Section 31A-23a-117; and
962	(xi) pays the applicable fees under Section 31A-3-103.
963	(2)(a) This Subsection (2) applies to the following persons:
964	(i) an applicant for a pending:
965	(A) individual or agency producer license;
966	(B) surplus lines producer license;
967	(C) limited line producer license;
968	(D) consultant license;
969	(E) managing general agent license; or
970	(F) reinsurance intermediary license; or
971	(ii) a licensed:
972	(A) individual or agency producer;
973	(B) surplus lines producer;
974	(C) limited line producer;
975	(D) consultant;
976	(E) managing general agent; or
977	(F) reinsurance intermediary.
978	(b) A person described in Subsection (2)(a) shall report to the commissioner:
979	(i) an administrative action taken against the person, including a denial of a new or

980	renewal license application:
981	(A) in another jurisdiction; or
982	(B) by another regulatory agency in this state;
983	(ii) a criminal prosecution taken against the person in any jurisdiction; and
984	(iii) a civil action filed against the person in any jurisdiction if the action involves
985	conduct related to a professional or occupational license, certification,
986	authorization, or registration, regardless of whether the person held the license,
987	certification, authorization, or registration.
988	(c) The report required by Subsection (2)(b) shall:
989	(i) be filed:
990	(A) at the time the person files the application for an individual or agency license;
991	and
992	(B) for an action or prosecution that occurs on or after the day on which the
993	person files the application:
994	(I) for an administrative action, within 30 days of the final disposition of the
995	administrative action; or
996	(II) for a criminal prosecution or civil action, within 30 days of the initial
997	appearance before a court; and
998	(ii) include a copy of the complaint or other relevant legal documents related to the
999	action or prosecution described in Subsection (2)(b).
1000	(3)(a) The department may require [a person] an individual applying for a license or for
1001	consent to engage in the business of insurance to submit to a criminal background
1002	check as a condition of receiving a license or consent.
1003	(b) A person, if required to submit to a criminal background check under Subsection
1004	(3)(a), shall:
1005	(i) submit a fingerprint card in a form acceptable to the department; and
1006	(ii) consent to a fingerprint background check by:
1007	(A) the Utah Bureau of Criminal Identification; and
1008	(B) the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
1009	(c) For [a person] an individual who submits a fingerprint card and consents to a
1010	fingerprint background check under Subsection (3)(b), the department may request:
1011	(i) criminal background information maintained pursuant to Title 53, Chapter 10, Part
1012	2, Bureau of Criminal Identification, from the Bureau of Criminal Identification;
1013	and

1014	(ii) complete Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal background checks through
1015	the national criminal history system.
1016	(d) [Information] The department shall use information obtained by the department from
1017	the review of criminal history records received under this Subsection (3) [shall be
1018	used by the department ]for the purposes of:
1019	(i) determining if [a person] an individual satisfies the character requirements under
1020	Section 31A-23a-107 for issuance or renewal of a license;
1021	(ii) determining if [a person] an individual has failed to maintain the character
1022	requirements under Section 31A-23a-107; and
1023	(iii) preventing [a person] an individual who violates the federal Violent Crime
1024	Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033, from engaging
1025	in the business of insurance in the state.
1026	(e) If the department requests the criminal background information, the department shall:
1027	(i) pay to the Department of Public Safety the costs incurred by the Department of
1028	Public Safety in providing the department criminal background information under
1029	Subsection $(3)(c)(i)$ ;
1030	(ii) pay to the Federal Bureau of Investigation the costs incurred by the Federal
1031	Bureau of Investigation in providing the department criminal background
1032	information under Subsection (3)(c)(ii); and
1033	(iii) charge the [person] individual applying for a license or for consent to engage in
1034	the business of insurance a fee equal to the aggregate of Subsections (3)(e)(i) and
1035	(ii).
1036	(4) To become a resident licensee in accordance with Section 31A-23a-104 and this section,
1037	a person licensed as one of the following in another state who moves to this state shall
1038	apply within 90 days of establishing legal residence in this state:
1039	(a) insurance producer;
1040	(b) surplus lines producer;
1041	(c) limited line producer;
1042	(d) consultant;
1043	(e) managing general agent; or
1044	(f) reinsurance intermediary.
1045	(5)(a) The commissioner may deny a license application for a license listed in
1046	Subsection (5)(b) if the person applying for the license, as to the license type and line
1047	of authority classification applied for under Section 31A-23a-106:

1048	(i) fails to satisfy the requirements as set forth in this section; or
1049	(ii) commits an act that is grounds for denial, suspension, or revocation as set forth in
1050	Section 31A-23a-111.
1051	(b) This Subsection (5) applies to the following licenses:
1052	(i) producer;
1053	(ii) surplus lines producer;
1054	(iii) limited line producer;
1055	(iv) consultant;
1056	(v) managing general agent; or
1057	(vi) reinsurance intermediary.
1058	[(6) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this section, the commissioner may:]
1059	[(a) issue a license to an applicant for a license for a title insurance line of authority only
1060	with the concurrence of the Title and Escrow Commission; and]
1061	[(b) renew a license for a title insurance line of authority only with the concurrence of
1062	the Title and Escrow Commission.]
1063	Section 17. Section 31A-23a-109 is amended to read:
1064	31A-23a-109 . Nonresident jurisdictional agreement.
1065	(1)(a) If a nonresident license applicant has a valid producer, surplus lines producer,
1066	limited line producer, consultant, managing general agent, or reinsurance
1067	intermediary license from the nonresident license applicant's home state or
1068	designated home state and the conditions of Subsection (1)(b) are met, the
1069	commissioner shall:
1070	(i) waive the license requirements for a license under this [chapter] section; and
1071	(ii) issue the nonresident license applicant a nonresident license.
1072	(b) Subsection (1)(a) applies if:
1073	(i) the nonresident license applicant:
1074	(A) is licensed in the nonresident license applicant's home state or designated
1075	home state at the time the nonresident license applicant applies for a
1076	nonresident producer, surplus lines producer, limited line producer, consultant,
1077	managing general agent, or reinsurance intermediary license;
1078	(B) has submitted the proper request for licensure;
1079	(C) has submitted to the commissioner:
1080	(I) the application for licensure that the nonresident license applicant submitted
1081	to the applicant's home state or designated home state; or

1082	(II) a completed uniform application; and
1083	(D) has paid the applicable fees under Section 31A-3-103; and
1084	(ii) the nonresident license applicant's license in the applicant's home state or
1085	designated home state is in good standing.
1086	(2) A nonresident applicant applying under Subsection (1) shall in addition to complying
1087	with all license requirements for a license under this chapter execute, in a form
1088	acceptable to the commissioner, an agreement to be subject to the jurisdiction of the
1089	Utah commissioner and courts on any matter related to the applicant's insurance
1090	activities in this state, on the basis of:
1091	(a) service of process under Sections 31A-2-309 and 31A-2-310; or
1092	(b) service authorized:
1093	(i) in the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure; or
1094	(ii) under Section 78B-3-206.
1095	(3) The commissioner may verify a producer's licensing status through the producer
1096	database maintained by:
1097	(a) the National Association of Insurance Commissioners; or
1098	(b) an affiliate or subsidiary of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners.
1099	(4) The commissioner may not assess a greater fee for an insurance license or related
1100	service to a person not residing in this state solely on the fact that the person does not
1101	reside in this state.
1102	Section 18. Section 31A-23a-111 is amended to read:
1103	31A-23a-111 . Revoking, suspending, surrendering, lapsing, limiting, or
1104	otherwise terminating a license Forfeiture Rulemaking for renewal or reinstatement.
1105	(1) A license type issued under this chapter remains in force until:
1106	(a) revoked or suspended under Subsection (5);
1107	(b) surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of
1108	administrative action;
1109	(c) the licensee dies or is adjudicated incompetent as defined under:
1110	(i) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 3, Guardians of Incapacitated Persons; or
1111	(ii) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 4, Protection of Property of Persons Under Disability and
1112	Minors;
1113	(d) lapsed under Section 31A-23a-113; or
1114	(e) voluntarily surrendered.
1115	(2) The following may be reinstated within one year after the day on which the license is no

1116	longer in force:
1117	(a) a lapsed license; or
1118	(b) a voluntarily surrendered license, except that a voluntarily surrendered license may
1119	not be reinstated after the license period in which the license is voluntarily
1120	surrendered.
1121	(3) Unless otherwise stated in a written agreement for the voluntary surrender of a license,
1122	submission and acceptance of a voluntary surrender of a license does not prevent the
1123	department from pursuing additional disciplinary or other action authorized under:
1124	(a) this title; or
1125	(b) rules made under this title in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1126	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
1127	(4) A line of authority issued under this chapter remains in force until:
1128	(a) the qualifications pertaining to a line of authority are no longer met by the licensee;
1129	(b) the supporting license type:
1130	(i) is revoked or suspended under Subsection (5);
1131	(ii) is surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of
1132	administrative action;
1133	(iii) lapses under Section 31A-23a-113; or
1134	(iv) is voluntarily surrendered; or
1135	(c) the licensee dies or is adjudicated incompetent as defined under:
1136	(i) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 3, Guardians of Incapacitated Persons; or
1137	(ii) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 4, Protection of Property of Persons Under Disability and
1138	Minors.
1139	(5)(a) If the commissioner makes a finding under Subsection (5)(b), as part of an
1140	adjudicative proceeding under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act,
1141	the commissioner may:
1142	(i) revoke:
1143	(A) a license; or
1144	(B) a line of authority;
1145	(ii) suspend for a specified period of 12 months or less:
1146	(A) a license; or
1147	(B) a line of authority;
1148	(iii) limit in whole or in part:
1149	(A) a license; or

1150	(B) a line of authority;
1151	(iv) deny a license application;
1152	(v) assess a forfeiture under Subsection 31A-2-308(1)(b)(i) or (1)(c)(i); or
1153	(vi) take a combination of actions under Subsections (5)(a)(i) through (iv) and
1154	Subsection $(5)(a)(v)$ .
1155	(b) The commissioner may take an action described in Subsection (5)(a) if the
1156	commissioner finds that the licensee or license applicant:
1157	(i) is unqualified for a license or line of authority under Section 31A-23a-104,
1158	31A-23a-105, or 31A-23a-107;
1159	(ii) violates:
1160	(A) an insurance statute;
1161	(B) a rule that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(3); or
1162	(C) an order that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(4);
1163	(iii) is insolvent or the subject of receivership, conservatorship, rehabilitation, or
1164	other delinquency proceedings in any state;
1165	(iv) is more than 60 days past due on [an enforceable] a final judgment;
1166	(v) fails to meet the same good faith obligations in claims settlement that is required
1167	of admitted insurers;
1168	(vi) is affiliated with and under the same general management or interlocking
1169	directorate or ownership as another insurance producer that transacts business in
1170	this state without a license;
1171	(vii) refuses:
1172	(A) to be examined; or
1173	(B) to produce [its] the licensee's or license applicant's accounts, records, and files
1174	for examination;
1175	(viii) has an officer who refuses to:
1176	(A) give information with respect to the insurance producer's affairs; or
1177	(B) perform any other legal obligation as to an examination;
1178	(ix) provides information in the license application that is:
1179	(A) incorrect;
1180	(B) misleading;
1181	(C) incomplete; or
1182	(D) materially untrue;
1183	(x) violates an insurance law, valid rule, or valid order of another regulatory agency

1184	in any jurisdiction;
1185	(xi) obtains or attempts to obtain a license through misrepresentation or fraud;
1186	(xii) improperly withholds, misappropriates, or converts money or properties
1187	received in the course of doing insurance business;
1188	(xiii) intentionally misrepresents the terms of an actual or proposed:
1189	(A) insurance contract;
1190	(B) application for insurance; or
1191	(C) life settlement;
1192	(xiv) has been convicted of, or has entered a plea in abeyance as defined in Section
1193	77-2a-1 to:
1194	(A) a felony; or
1195	(B) a misdemeanor involving fraud, misrepresentation, theft, or dishonesty;
1196	(xv) admits or is found to have committed an [insurance-]unfair trade practice or
1197	fraud;
1198	(xvi) in the conduct of business in this state or elsewhere:
1199	(A) uses fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices; or
1200	(B) demonstrates incompetence, untrustworthiness, or financial irresponsibility;
1201	(xvii) has had an insurance license or other professional or occupational license, or ar
1202	equivalent to an insurance license or registration, or other professional or
1203	occupational license or registration:
1204	(A) denied;
1205	(B) suspended;
1206	(C) revoked; or
1207	(D) surrendered to resolve an administrative action;
1208	(xviii) forges another's name to:
1209	(A) an application for insurance; or
1210	(B) a document related to an insurance transaction;
1211	(xix) improperly uses notes or another reference material to complete an examination
1212	for an insurance license;
1213	(xx) knowingly accepts insurance business from an individual who is not licensed;
1214	(xxi) fails to comply with an administrative or court order imposing a child support
1215	obligation;
1216	(xxii) fails to[÷]
1217	[(A) pay state income tax; or]

1218	[(B)] comply with an administrative or court order directing payment of state
1219	income tax;
1220	(xxiii) has been convicted of violating the federal Violent Crime Control and Law
1221	Enforcement Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 and has not obtained written
1222	consent to engage in the business of insurance or participate in such business as
1223	required by 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033;
1224	(xxiv) engages in a method or practice in the conduct of business that endangers the
1225	legitimate interests of customers and the public; or
1226	(xxv) has been convicted of any criminal felony involving dishonesty or breach of
1227	trust and has not obtained written consent to engage in the business of insurance
1228	or participate in such business as required by 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033.
1229	(c) For purposes of this section, if a license is held by an agency, both the agency itself
1230	and any individual designated under the license are considered to be the holders of
1231	the license.
1232	(d) If an individual designated under the agency license commits an act or fails to
1233	perform a duty that is a ground for suspending, revoking, or limiting the individual's
1234	license, the commissioner may suspend, revoke, or limit the license of:
1235	(i) the individual;
1236	(ii) the agency, if the agency:
1237	(A) is reckless or negligent in its supervision of the individual; or
1238	(B) knowingly participates in the act or failure to act that is the ground for
1239	suspending, revoking, or limiting the license; or
1240	(iii)(A) the individual; and
1241	(B) the agency if the agency meets the requirements of Subsection (5)(d)(ii).
1242	(6) A licensee under this chapter is subject to the penalties for acting as a licensee without a
1243	license if:
1244	(a) the licensee's license is:
1245	(i) revoked;
1246	(ii) suspended;
1247	(iii) limited;
1248	(iv) surrendered in lieu of administrative action;
1249	(v) lapsed; or
1250	(vi) voluntarily surrendered; and
1251	(b) the licensee:

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1252
                  (i) continues to act as a licensee; or
1253
                  (ii) violates the terms of the license limitation.
1254
         (7) A licensee under this chapter shall immediately report to the commissioner:
1255
              (a) a revocation, suspension, or limitation of the person's license in another state, the
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                  District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States;
1257
              (b) the imposition of a disciplinary sanction imposed on that person by another state, the
1258
                  District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States; or
1259
              (c) a judgment or injunction entered against that person on the basis of conduct
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                  involving:
1261
                  (i) fraud;
1262
                  (ii) deceit;
1263
                  (iii) misrepresentation; [or]
1264
                  (iv) a violation of an insurance law or rule[-]; or
1265
                  (v) payment of money.
1266
         (8)(a) An order revoking a license under Subsection (5) or an agreement to surrender a
              license in lieu of administrative action may specify a time, not to exceed five years,
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1268
              within which the former licensee may not apply for a new license.
1269
              (b) If no time is specified in an order or agreement described in Subsection (8)(a), the
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                  former licensee may not apply for a new license for five years from the day on which
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                  the order or agreement is made without the express approval by the commissioner.
1272
         (9) The commissioner shall promptly withhold, suspend, restrict, or reinstate the use of a
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              license issued under this part if [-so] ordered by a court.
1274
         (10) The commissioner shall [by rule prescribe] provide the license renewal and
1275
              reinstatement procedures by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1276
              Administrative Rulemaking Act.
1277
                Section 19. Section 31A-23a-119 is amended to read:
1278
                31A-23a-119. Special requirements for agency title insurance producers.
1279
         (1) As used in this section:
1280
              (a) "Applicable percentage" means:
1281
                  (i) on [February] January 1, 2024, through [January] December 31, \hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [2025]
1281a
                      2024 ←\hat{\mathbf{H}}, 2.5%;
1282
                  (ii) on [February] January 1, 2025, through [January] December 31, \hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [2026]
1282a
                      2025 ←Ĥ, 3%;
1283
                  (iii) on [February] January 1, 2026, through [January] December 31, \hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [2027]
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1283a	2026 ← <b>Ĥ</b> , 3.5%;
1284	(iv) on [February] January 1, 2027, through [January] December 31, $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [2028]$
1284a	2027 ← <b>Ĥ</b> , 4%; and
1285	(v) on [February] January 1, 2028, through [January] December 31, $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [2029]$
1285a	2028 ← <b>Ĥ</b> , 4.5%.
1286	(b) "Sufficient capital and net worth" means:
1287	(i) for a new title entity:
1288	(A) \$100,000 for the first five years after becoming a new agency title insurance
1289	producer; or
1290	(B) after the first five years after becoming a new agency title insurance producer,
1291	the greater of \$50,000, or on [February] January 1 of each year, an amount
1292	equal to 5% of the title entity's average annual gross revenue over the
1293	preceding two calendar years, up to \$150,000; or
1294	(ii) for a title entity licensed before May 14, 2019:
1295	(A) for the time period beginning on [February] January 1, 2020, and ending on [
1296	January] December 31, 2029, the lesser of an amount equal to the applicable
1297	percentage of the title entity's average annual gross revenue over the two
1298	calendar years immediately preceding the [February] January 1 on which the
1299	applicable percentage applies or \$150,000; and
1300	(B) beginning on [February] January 1, 2029, the greater of \$50,000 or an amount
1301	equal to 5% of the title entity's average annual gross revenue over the
1302	preceding two calendar years, up to \$150,000.
1303	(2) Before May 1 of each year, each agency title insurance producer shall submit a report to
1304	the commissioner containing proof satisfactory to the commissioner that the agency title
1305	insurance producer had sufficient capital and net worth for the preceding calendar year.
1306	Section 20. Section 31A-23a-415 is amended to read:
1307	31A-23a-415 . Assessment on agency title insurance producers or title insurers
1308	Account created.
1309	(1) For purposes of this section:
1310	(a) "Premium" is as described in Subsection 59-9-101(3).
1311	(b) "Title insurer" means a person:
1312	(i) making any contract or policy of title insurance as:
1313	(A) insurer;
1314	(B) guarantor; or

1315	(C) surety;
1316	(ii) proposing to make any contract or policy of title insurance as:
1317	(A) insurer;
1318	(B) guarantor; or
1319	(C) surety; or
1320	(iii) transacting or proposing to transact any phase of title insurance, including:
1321	(A) soliciting;
1322	(B) negotiating preliminary to execution;
1323	(C) executing of a contract of title insurance;
1324	(D) insuring; and
1325	(E) transacting matters subsequent to the execution of the contract and arising out
1326	of the contract.
1327	(c) "Utah risks" means insuring, guaranteeing, or indemnifying with regard to real or
1328	personal property located in Utah, an owner of real or personal property, the holders
1329	of liens or encumbrances on that property, or others interested in the property against
1330	loss or damage suffered by reason of:
1331	(i) liens or encumbrances upon, defects in, or the unmarketability of the title to the
1332	property; or
1333	(ii) invalidity or unenforceability of any liens or encumbrances on the property.
1334	(2)(a) The commissioner may assess each title insurer, each individual title insurance
1335	producer who is not an employee of a title insurer or who is not designated by an
1336	agency title insurance producer, and each agency title insurance producer an annual
1337	assessment:
1338	[(i) determined by the Title and Escrow Commission:]
1339	[(A) after consultation with the commissioner; and]
1340	[(B)] (i) in accordance with this Subsection (2); and
1341	(ii) to be used for the purposes described in Subsection (3).
1342	(b) An agency title insurance producer and individual title insurance producer who is not
1343	an employee of a title insurer or who is not designated by an agency title insurance
1344	producer shall be assessed up to:
1345	(i) \$250 for the first office in each county in which the agency title insurance
1346	producer or individual title insurance producer maintains an office; and
1347	(ii) \$150 for each additional office the agency title insurance producer or individual
1348	title insurance producer maintains in the county described in Subsection (2)(b)(i).

1349	(c) A title insurer shall be assessed up to:
1350	(i) \$250 for the first office in each county in which the title insurer maintains an
1351	office;
1352	(ii) \$150 for each additional office the title insurer maintains in the county described
1353	in Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
1354	(iii) an amount calculated by:
1355	(A) aggregating the assessments imposed on:
1356	(I) agency title insurance producers and individual title insurance producers
1357	under Subsection (2)(b); and
1358	(II) title insurers under Subsections (2)(c)(i) and (2)(c)(ii);
1359	(B) subtracting the amount determined under Subsection (2)(c)(iii)(A) from the
1360	total costs and expenses determined under Subsection (2)(d); and
1361	(C) multiplying:
1362	(I) the amount calculated under Subsection (2)(c)(iii)(B); and
1363	(II) the percentage of total premiums for title insurance on Utah risk that are
1364	premiums of the title insurer.
1365	(d) Notwithstanding Section 31A-3-103 and subject to Section 31A-2-404, during the
1366	first quarter of each fiscal year the Title and Escrow Commission shall approve the
1367	amount of costs and expenses described under Subsection (3) for the prior fiscal year
1368	that will be covered by the assessment.
1369	(e)(i) An individual licensed to practice law in Utah is exempt from the requirements
1370	of this Subsection (2) if that person issues 12 or less policies during a 12-month
1371	period.
1372	(ii) In determining the number of policies issued by an individual licensed to practice
1373	law in Utah for purposes of Subsection (2)(e)(i), if the individual issues a policy to
1374	more than one party to the same closing, the individual is considered to have
1375	issued only one policy.
1376	(3)(a) Money received by the state under this section shall be deposited into the Title
1377	Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account.
1378	(b) There is created in the General Fund a restricted account known as the "Title
1379	Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account."
1380	(c) The Title Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account shall consist of the money
1381	received by the state under this section.
1382	(d) The commissioner shall administer the Title Licensee Enforcement Restricted

1383	Account. Subject to appropriations by the Legislature, the commissioner shall use
1384	the money deposited into the Title Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account only to
1385	pay for a cost or expense incurred by the department in the administration,
1386	investigation, and enforcement of laws governing individual title insurance
1387	producers, agency title insurance producers, or title insurers.
1388	(e) An appropriation from the Title Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account is
1389	nonlapsing.
1390	(4) The assessment imposed by this section shall be in addition to any premium assessment
1391	imposed under Subsection 59-9-101(3).
1392	Section 21. Section 31A-26-202 is amended to read:
1393	31A-26-202 . Application for license.
1394	(1)(a) The application for a license as an independent adjuster or public adjuster shall be:
1395	(i) made to the commissioner on forms and in a manner the commissioner [prescribes]
1396	requires; and
1397	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (4), accompanied by the applicable fee, which is
1398	not refunded if the application is denied.
1399	(b) The application shall provide:
1400	(i) information about the applicant's identity, including:
1401	(A) the applicant's:
1402	(I) Social Security number; or
1403	(II) federal employer identification number;
1404	(B) the applicant's personal history, experience, education, and business record;
1405	(C) if the applicant is a natural person, whether the applicant is 18 years [of age]
1406	old or older; and
1407	(D) whether the applicant has committed an act that is a ground for denial,
1408	suspension, or revocation as set forth in Section [31A-25-208] 31A-26-213; and
1409	(ii) any other information as the commissioner reasonably requires.
1410	(2) The commissioner may require documents reasonably necessary to verify the
1411	information contained in the application.
1412	(3) An applicant's Social Security number contained in an application filed under this
1413	section is a private record under Section 63G-2-302.
1414	(4) The following individuals are exempt from paying a license fee:
1415	(a) an individual serving in the armed forces of the United States while the individual is
1416	stationed within this state, if:

1417	(i) the individual holds a valid license to practice the regulated occupation or
1418	profession issued by any other state or jurisdiction recognized by the department;
1419	and
1420	(ii) the license is current and the individual is in good standing in the state or
1421	jurisdiction of licensure; and
1422	(b) the spouse of an individual serving in the armed forces of the United States while the
1423	individual is stationed within this state, if:
1424	(i) the spouse holds a valid license to practice the regulated occupation or profession
1425	issued by any other state or jurisdiction recognized by the department; and
1426	(ii) the license is current and the spouse is in good standing in the state or jurisdiction
1427	of licensure.
1428	Section 22. Section <b>31A-37-102</b> is amended to read:
1429	31A-37-102 . Definitions.
1430	As used in this chapter:
1431	(1)(a) "Affiliated company" means a business entity that because of common ownership,
1432	control, operation, or management is in the same corporate or limited liability
1433	company system as:
1434	(i) a parent;
1435	(ii) an industrial insured; or
1436	(iii) a member organization.
1437	(b) "Affiliated company" does not include a business entity for which the commissioner
1438	issues an order finding that the business entity is not an affiliated company.
1439	(2) "Agency captive" means a captive insurer that:
1440	(a) is owned by one or more business entities that are licensed in any state as insurance
1441	producers or managing general agents; and
1442	(b) only insures risks on policies placed through the captive insurer's owners.
1443	[(2)] (3) "Alien captive insurance company" means an insurer:
1444	(a) formed to write insurance business for a parent or affiliate of the insurer; and
1445	(b) licensed pursuant to the laws of an alien or foreign jurisdiction that imposes statutory
1446	or regulatory standards:
1447	(i) on a business entity transacting the business of insurance in the alien or foreign
1448	jurisdiction; and
1449	(ii) in a form acceptable to the commissioner.
1450	[(3)] (4) "Applicant captive insurance company" means an entity that has submitted an

1451	application for a certificate of authority for a captive insurance company, unless the
1452	application has been denied or withdrawn.
1453	[(4)] (5) "Association" means a legal association of two or more persons that meets the
1454	following requirements:
1455	(a) the persons are exposed to similar or related liability because of related, similar, or
1456	common business trade, products, services, premises, or operations; and
1457	(b)(i) the association or the association's member organizations:
1458	(A) own, control, or hold [with-]power to vote all of the outstanding voting
1459	securities of an association captive insurance company incorporated as a stock
1460	insurer;
1461	(B) have complete voting control over an association captive insurance company
1462	incorporated as a mutual insurer; or
1463	(C) have complete voting control over an association captive insurance company
1464	formed as a limited liability company; or
1465	(ii) the association's member organizations collectively constitute all of the
1466	subscribers of an association captive insurance company formed as a reciprocal
1467	insurer.
1468	[(5)] (6) "Association captive insurance company" means a business entity that insures risks
1469	of:
1470	(a) a member organization of the association;
1471	(b) an affiliate of a member organization of the association; and
1472	(c) the association.
1473	[(6)] (7) "Branch business" means an insurance business transacted by a branch captive
1474	insurance company in this state.
1475	[(7)] (8) "Branch captive insurance company" means an alien captive insurance company
1476	that has a certificate of authority from the commissioner to transact the business of
1477	insurance in this state through a captive insurance company that is domiciled outside of
1478	this state.
1479	[(8)] (9) "Branch operation" means a business operation of a branch captive insurance
1480	company in this state.
1481	[(9)] (10)(a) "Captive insurance company" means the same as that term is defined in
1482	Section 31A-1-301.
1483	(b) "Captive insurance company" includes any of the following formed or holding a
1484	certificate of authority under this chapter:

1485	(i) an agency captive insurance company;
1486	[(i)] (ii) a branch captive insurance company;
1487	(iii) a pooling captive insurance company;
1488	[(ii)] (iv) a pure captive insurance company;
1489	[(iii)] (v) an association captive insurance company;
1490	[(iv)] (vi) a sponsored captive insurance company;
1491	[(v)] (vii) an industrial insured captive insurance company, including an industrial
1492	insured captive insurance company formed as a risk retention group captive in this
1493	state pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Liability Risk Retention Act of
1494	1986;
1495	[(vii)] (viii) a special purpose captive insurance company; or
1496	[(vii)] (ix) a special purpose financial captive insurance company.
1497	(11)(a) "Cell" means a separate account for one or more participants formed and
1498	operating under the authority of a sponsored captive insurance company to write
1499	insurance coverage as described in this title.
1500	(b) "Cell" includes an account formed as either:
1501	(i) an incorporated cell; or
1502	(ii) a protected cell.
1503	[(10)] (12) "Commissioner" means Utah's Insurance Commissioner or the commissioner's
1504	designee.
1505	[(11)] (13) "Common ownership and control" means that two or more captive insurance
1506	companies are owned or controlled by the same person or group of persons as follows:
1507	(a) in the case of a captive insurance company that is a stock corporation, the direct or
1508	indirect ownership of 80% or more of the outstanding voting stock of the stock
1509	corporation;
1510	(b) in the case of a captive insurance company that is a mutual corporation, the direct or
1511	indirect ownership of 80% or more of the surplus and the voting power of the mutual
1512	corporation;
1513	(c) in the case of a captive insurance company that is a limited liability company, the
1514	direct or indirect ownership by the same member or members of 80% or more of the
1515	membership interests in the limited liability company; or
1516	(d) in the case of a sponsored captive insurance company, a [protected-]cell is a separate
1517	captive insurance company owned and controlled by the [protected-]cell's participant,
1518	only if:

1519	(i) the participant is the only participant with respect to the [protected ]cell; and
1520	(ii) the participant is the sponsor or is affiliated with the sponsor of the sponsored
1521	captive insurance company through common ownership and control.
1522	[(12)] (14) "Consolidated debt to total capital ratio" means the ratio of Subsection $[(12)(a)]$
1523	(14)(a) to (b).
1524	(a) This Subsection $[(12)(a)]$ $(14)(a)$ is an amount equal to the sum of all debts and
1525	hybrid capital instruments including:
1526	(i) all borrowings from depository institutions;
1527	(ii) all senior debt;
1528	(iii) all subordinated debts;
1529	(iv) all trust preferred shares; and
1530	(v) all other hybrid capital instruments that are not included in the determination of
1531	consolidated GAAP net worth issued and outstanding.
1532	(b) This Subsection $[(12)(b)]$ $(14)(b)$ is an amount equal to the sum of:
1533	(i) total capital consisting of all debts and hybrid capital instruments as described in
1534	Subsection $[(12)(a)]$ $(14)(a)$ ; and
1535	(ii) shareholders' equity determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting
1536	principles for reporting to the United States Securities and Exchange Commission
1537	[(13)] (15) "Consolidated GAAP net worth" means the consolidated shareholders' or
1538	members' equity determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting
1539	principles for reporting to the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.
1540	[(14)] (16) "Controlled unaffiliated business" means a business entity:
1541	(a)(i) in the case of a pure captive insurance company, that is not in the corporate or
1542	limited liability company system of a parent or the parent's affiliate; or
1543	(ii) in the case of an industrial insured captive insurance company, that is not in the
1544	corporate or limited liability company system of an industrial insured or an
1545	affiliated company of the industrial insured;
1546	(b)(i) in the case of a pure captive insurance company, that has a contractual
1547	relationship with a parent or affiliate; or
1548	(ii) in the case of an industrial insured captive insurance company, that has a
1549	contractual relationship with an industrial insured or an affiliated company of the
1550	industrial insured; and
1551	(c) whose risks that are or will be insured by a pure captive insurance company, an
1552	industrial insured captive insurance company, or both, are managed in accordance

1553	with Subsection 31A-37-106(1)(j) by:
1554	(i)(A) a pure captive insurance company; or
1555	(B) an industrial insured captive insurance company; or
1556	(ii) a parent or affiliate of:
1557	(A) a pure captive insurance company; or
1558	(B) an industrial insured captive insurance company.
1559	[(15)] (17) "Criminal act" means an act for which a person receives a verdict or finding of
1560	guilt after a criminal trial or a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to a criminal charge.
1561	[(16)] (18) "Establisher" means a person who establishes a business entity or a trust.
1562	[(17)] (19) "Governing body" means the persons who hold the ultimate authority to direct
1563	and manage the affairs of an entity.
1564	(20) "Incorporated cell" means a separate account:
1565	(a) established and maintained by a sponsored captive insurance company for a
1566	participant; and
1567	(b) that has been organized as a corporation, a limited liability company, or a
1568	not-for-profit organization.
1569	[(18)] (21) "Industrial insured" means an insured:
1570	(a) that produces insurance:
1571	(i) by the services of a full-time employee acting as a risk manager or insurance
1572	manager; or
1573	(ii) using the services of a regularly and continuously qualified insurance consultant;
1574	(b) whose aggregate annual premiums for insurance on all risks total at least \$25,000;
1575	and
1576	(c) that has at least 25 full-time employees.
1577	[(19)] (22) "Industrial insured captive insurance company" means a business entity that:
1578	(a) insures risks of the industrial insureds that comprise the industrial insured group; and
1579	(b) may insure the risks of:
1580	(i) an affiliated company of an industrial insured; or
1581	(ii) a controlled unaffiliated business of:
1582	(A) an industrial insured; or
1583	(B) an affiliated company of an industrial insured.
1584	[(20)] (23) "Industrial insured group" means:
1585	(a) a group of industrial insureds that collectively:
1586	(i) own, control, or hold with power to vote all of the outstanding voting securities of

1587	an industrial insured captive insurance company incorporated or organized as a
1588	limited liability company as a stock insurer; or
1589	(ii) have complete voting control over an industrial insured captive insurance
1590	company incorporated or organized as a limited liability company as a mutual
1591	insurer;
1592	(b) a group that is:
1593	(i) created under the Product Liability Risk Retention Act of 1981, 15 U.S.C. Sec.
1594	3901 et seq., as amended, as a corporation or other limited liability association;
1595	and
1596	(ii) taxable under this title as a:
1597	(A) stock corporation; or
1598	(B) mutual insurer; or
1599	(c) a group that has complete voting control over an industrial captive insurance
1600	company formed as a limited liability company.
1601	[(21)] (24) "Member organization" means a person that belongs to an association.
1602	[(22)] (25) "Parent" means a person that directly or indirectly owns, controls, or holds with
1603	power to vote more than 50% of the outstanding securities of an organization.
1604	[(23)] (26) "Participant" means an entity that is insured by a sponsored captive insurance
1605	company:
1606	(a) if the losses of the participant are limited through a participant contract to the assets
1607	of a protected cell; and
1608	(b)(i) the entity is permitted to be a participant under Section 31A-37-403; or
1609	(ii) the entity is an affiliate of an entity permitted to be a participant under Section
1610	31A-37-403.
1611	[(24)] (27) "Participant contract" means a contract by which a sponsored captive insurance
1612	company:
1613	(a) insures the risks of a participant; and
1614	(b) limits the losses of the participant to the assets of a protected cell.
1615	(28) "Pooling captive" means a captive insurer organized for the purpose of establishing a
1616	risk-sharing arrangement between other captive insurers.
1617	[(25)] (29) "Protected cell" means a separate account:
1618	$\underline{(a)}$ established and maintained by a sponsored captive insurance company for $\underline{[one]}$ $\underline{a}$
1619	participant[-] ; and
1620	(b) that has not been organized as an entity including a corporation, a limited liability

1621	company, or a not-for-profit organization.
1622	[(26)] (30) "Pure captive insurance company" means a business entity that insures risks of a
1623	parent [or affiliate], affiliate, or controlled unaffiliated business of the business entity.
1624	[(27)] (31) "Special purpose financial captive insurance company" means the same as that
1625	term is defined in Section 31A-37a-102.
1626	[(28)] (32) "Sponsor" means an entity that:
1627	(a) meets the requirements of Section 31A-37-402; and
1628	(b) is approved by the commissioner to:
1629	(i) provide all or part of the capital and surplus in an amount:
1630	(A) required by [applicable law in an amount of not less than \$350,000, which
1631	amount the commissioner may increase by order if the commissioner considers
1632	it necessary] Section 31A-37-204; or
1633	(B) greater than the amount required by Section 31A-37-204, if, by order, the
1634	commissioner deems the increase necessary; and
1635	(ii) organize and operate a sponsored captive insurance company.
1636	[(29)] (33) "Sponsored captive insurance company" means a captive insurance company:
1637	(a) in which the minimum capital and surplus required by applicable law is provided by
1638	one or more sponsors or participants;
1639	(b) that is formed or holding a certificate of authority under this chapter;
1640	(c) that insures the risks of a separate participant through the contract; and
1641	(d) that segregates each participant's liability through one or more[protected] cells.
1642	[(30)] (34) "Treasury rates" means the United States Treasury strip asked yield as published
1643	in the Wall Street Journal as of a balance sheet date.
1644	Section 23. Section <b>31A-37-104</b> is amended to read:
1645	31A-37-104. Applicability of reorganization, receivership, and injunction
1646	authority.
1647	(1) Except as provided in Chapter 37a, Special Purpose Financial Captive Insurance
1648	Company Act, and Subsection (2), Chapter 27a, Insurer Receivership Act, applies to a
1649	captive insurance company formed or holding a certificate of authority under this
1650	chapter.
1651	(2) In the case of a sponsored captive insurance company:
1652	(a) the assets of a [protected-]cell may not be used to pay an expense or claim other than
1653	one attributable to the [ <del>protected</del> -]cell; and
1654	(b) the capital and surplus of the sponsored captive insurance company:

1655	(i) shall at all times be available to pay:
1656	(A) an expense of the sponsored captive insurance company; or
1657	(B) a claim against the sponsored captive insurance company; and
1658	(ii) may not be used to pay an expense or claim attributable to a[-protected] cell.
1659	Section 24. Section 31A-37-201 is amended to read:
1660	31A-37-201 . Certificate of authority.
1661	(1) The commissioner may issue a certificate of authority to act as an insurer in this state to
1662	a captive insurance company that meets the requirements of this chapter.
1663	(2) To conduct insurance business in this state, a captive insurance company shall:
1664	(a) obtain from the commissioner a certificate of authority authorizing [it] the captive
1665	insurance company to conduct insurance business in this state;
1666	(b) [hold at least once each year in the state a meeting of the governing body;]
1667	(i) hold a meeting of the governing body:
1668	(A) at least once each year;
1669	(B) at which a quorum is present;
1670	(C) in the state; and
1671	(D) at which at least one out-of-state individual is physically present; or
1672	(ii) become a member of the Utah Captive Insurance Association at the highest level
1673	of membership;
1674	(c) maintain in this state:
1675	(i) the principal place of business of the captive insurance company; or
1676	(ii) in the case of a branch captive insurance company, the principal place of business
1677	for the branch operations of the branch captive insurance company; and
1678	(d) except as provided in Subsection (3), appoint a resident registered agent to accept
1679	service of process and to otherwise act on behalf of the captive insurance company in
1680	the state.
1681	(3) In the case of a captive insurance company formed as a corporation, if the registered
1682	agent cannot with reasonable diligence be found at the registered office of the captive
1683	insurance company, the commissioner is the agent of the captive insurance company
1684	upon whom process, notice, or demand may be served.
1685	(4)(a) Before receiving a certificate of authority, an applicant captive insurance company
1686	shall file with the commissioner:
1687	(i) a certified copy of the captive insurance company's organizational charter;
1688	(ii) a statement under oath of the captive insurance company's president and secretary

1689	or their equivalents showing the captive insurance company's financial condition;
1690	and
1691	(iii) any other statement or document required by the commissioner under Section
1692	31A-37-106.
1693	(b) In addition to the information required under Subsection (4)(a), an applicant captive
1694	insurance company shall file with the commissioner evidence of:
1695	(i) the amount and liquidity of the assets of the applicant captive insurance company
1696	relative to the risks to be assumed by the applicant captive insurance company;
1697	(ii) the adequacy of the expertise, experience, and character of the person who will
1698	manage the applicant captive insurance company;
1699	(iii) the overall soundness of the plan of operation of the applicant captive insurance
1700	company;
1701	(iv) the adequacy of the loss prevention programs for the prospective insureds of the
1702	applicant captive insurance company as the commissioner deems necessary; and
1703	(v) any other factor the commissioner:
1704	(A) adopts by rule under Section 31A-37-106; and
1705	(B) considers relevant in ascertaining whether the applicant captive insurance
1706	company will be able to meet the policy obligations of the applicant captive
1707	insurance company.
1708	(c) In addition to the information required by Subsections (4)(a) and (b), an applicant
1709	sponsored captive insurance company shall file with the commissioner:
1710	(i) a business plan at the level of detail required by the commissioner under Section
1711	31A-37-106 demonstrating:
1712	(A) the manner in which the applicant sponsored captive insurance company will
1713	account for the losses and expenses of each [protected-]cell; and
1714	(B) the manner in which the applicant sponsored captive insurance company will
1715	report to the commissioner the financial history, including losses and expenses
1716	of each [ <del>protected</del> -]cell;
1717	(ii) a statement acknowledging that the applicant sponsored captive insurance
1718	company will make all financial records of the applicant sponsored captive
1719	insurance company, including records pertaining to a [protected-]cell, available for
1720	inspection or examination by the commissioner;
1721	(iii) a contract or sample contract between the applicant sponsored captive insurance
1722	company and a participant; and

1723	(iv) evidence that expenses will be allocated to each [protected-]cell in an equitable
1724	manner.
1725	(5)(a) Information submitted [pursuant to] in accordance with this section is classified as
1726	a protected record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
1727	Management Act.
1728	(b) Notwithstanding Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
1729	Management Act, the commissioner may disclose information submitted [pursuant to]
1730	in accordance with this section to a public official having jurisdiction over the
1731	regulation of insurance in another state if:
1732	(i) the public official receiving the information agrees in writing to maintain the
1733	confidentiality of the information; and
1734	(ii) the laws of the state in which the public official serves require the information to
1735	be confidential.
1736	(c) This Subsection (5) does not apply to information provided by an industrial insured
1737	captive insurance company insuring the risks of an industrial insured group.
1738	(6)(a) A captive insurance company shall pay to the department the following
1739	nonrefundable fees established by the department under Sections 31A-3-103,
1740	31A-3-304, and 63J-1-504:
1741	(i) a fee for examining, investigating, and processing, by a department employee, of
1742	an application for a certificate of authority made by an applicant captive insurance
1743	company;
1744	(ii) a fee for obtaining a certificate of authority for the year the captive insurance
1745	company is issued a certificate of authority by the department; and
1746	(iii) a certificate of authority renewal fee, assessed annually.
1747	(b) The commissioner may:
1748	(i) assign a department employee or retain legal, financial, or examination services
1749	from outside the department to perform the services described in:
1750	(A) Subsection (6)(a); and
1751	(B) Section 31A-37-502; and
1752	(ii) charge the reasonable cost of services described in Subsection (6)(b)(i) to the
1753	applicant captive insurance company.
1754	(7) If the commissioner is satisfied that the documents and statements filed by the applicant
1755	captive insurance company comply with this chapter, the commissioner may grant a
1756	certificate of authority authorizing the company to do insurance business in this state.

1759

- 1757 (8) A certificate of authority granted under this section expires annually and shall be 1758 renewed by July 1 of each year.
- Section 25. Section 31A-37-202 is amended to read:
- 31A-37-202. Permissive areas of insurance. 1760
- 1761 (1) Except as provided in Subsections (2) and (3), a captive insurance company may not
- 1762 directly insure a risk other than the risk of the captive insurance company's parent or
- 1763 affiliated company.
- 1764 (2) In addition to the risks described in Subsection (1), an association captive insurance
- 1765 company may insure the risk of:
- 1766 (a) a member organization of the association captive insurance company's association; or
- 1767 (b) an affiliate of a member organization of the association captive insurance company's 1768 association.
- 1769 (3) The following may insure a risk of a controlled unaffiliated business:
- 1770 (a) an industrial insured captive insurance company;
- 1771 (b) [a protected cell] an association captive insurance company;
- 1772 (c) a pure captive insurance company; or
- 1773 (d) a sponsored captive insurance company and the sponsored captive insurance 1774 company's cells.
- 1775 (4) To the extent allowed by a captive insurance company's organizational charter, a captive
- 1776 insurance company may provide any type of insurance described in this title, except:
- 1777 (a) workers' compensation insurance;
- 1778 (b) personal motor vehicle insurance;
- 1779 (c) homeowners' insurance; and
- 1780 (d) any component of the types of insurance described in Subsections (4)(a) through (c).
- 1781 (5) A captive insurance company may not provide coverage for:
- 1782 (a) a wager or gaming risk;
- 1783 (b) loss of an election; or
- 1784 (c) the [penal] punitive consequences of a crime.
- 1785 (6) Unless the punitive damages award arises out of a criminal act of an insured, a captive
- 1786 insurance company may provide coverage for punitive damages awarded, including
- 1787 through adjudication or compromise, against the captive insurance company's:
- 1788 (a) parent; or
- 1789 (b) affiliated company.
- 1790 (7) Notwithstanding Subsection (4), if approved by the commissioner:

1791	(a) a captive insurance company may insure as a reimbursement a limited layer or
1792	deductible of workers' compensation coverage; and
1793	(b) an association captive insurance company that satisfies the requirements of this
1794	chapter may provide homeowners' insurance.
1795	Section 26. Section 31A-37-204 is amended to read:
1796	31A-37-204 . Paid-in capital Other capital.
1797	(1) For purposes of this section, "marketable securities" means:
1798	(a) a bond or other evidence of indebtedness of a governmental unit in the United States
1799	or Canada or any instrumentality of the United States or Canada; or
1800	(b) securities:
1801	(i) traded on one or more of the following exchanges in the United States:
1802	(A) New York;
1803	(B) American; or
1804	(C) NASDAQ;
1805	(ii) when no particular security, or a substantially related security, applied toward the
1806	required minimum capital and surplus requirement of Subsection (2) represents
1807	more than 50% of the minimum capital and surplus requirement; and
1808	(iii) when no group of up to four particular securities, consolidating substantially
1809	related securities, applied toward the required minimum capital and surplus
1810	requirement of Subsection (2) represents more than 90% of the minimum capital
1811	and surplus requirement.
1812	[(1)] (2)(a) The commissioner may not issue a certificate of authority to a company
1813	described in Subsection $[(1)(c)]$ $(2)(c)$ unless the company possesses and $[thereafter-]$
1814	maintains unimpaired paid-in capital and unimpaired paid-in surplus of:
1815	(i) in the case of a pure captive insurance company:
1816	(A) except as provided in Subsection $[(1)(a)(i)(B)]$ $(2)(a)(i)(B)$ , not less than
1817	\$250,000; or
1818	(B) if the pure captive insurance company is not acting as a pool that facilitates
1819	risk distribution for other captive insurers, an amount that is the greater of:
1820	(I) not less than 20% of the company's total aggregate risk; or
1821	(II) \$50,000;
1822	(ii) in the case of an association captive insurance company, not less than [\$750,000]
1823	\$500,000;
1824	(iii) in the case of an industrial insured captive insurance company incorporated as a

1825		stock insurer, not less than \$700,000;
1826		(iv) in the case of a sponsored captive insurance company, not less than \$250,000 of
1827		which a minimum of \$50,000 is provided by the sponsor; or
1828		(v) in the case of a special purpose captive insurance company, an amount
1829		determined by the commissioner after giving due consideration to the company's
1830		business plan, feasibility study, and pro-formas, including the nature of the risks
1831		to be insured.
1832	(b)	The paid-in capital and surplus required under this Subsection [(1)] (2) may be in the
1833		form of:
1834		(i)(A) cash; or
1835		(B) cash equivalent;
1836		(ii) an irrevocable letter of credit:
1837		(A) issued by:
1838		(I) a bank chartered by this state;
1839		(II) a member bank of the Federal Reserve System; or
1840		(III) a member bank of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation;
1841		(B) approved by the commissioner;
1842		(iii) marketable securities as determined by Subsection [(5)] (1); or
1843		(iv) some other thing of value approved by the commissioner, for a period not to
1844		exceed 45 days, to facilitate the formation of a captive insurance company in this
1845		state pursuant to an approved plan of liquidation and reorganization of another
1846		captive insurance company or alien captive insurance company in another
1847		jurisdiction.
1848	(c)	This Subsection $[(1)]$ (2) applies to:
1849		(i) a pure captive insurance company;
1850		(ii) a sponsored captive insurance company;
1851		(iii) a special purpose captive insurance company;
1852		(iv) an association captive insurance company; or
1853		(v) an industrial insured captive insurance company.
1854	[ <del>(2)</del> ] <u>(3</u>	(a) The commissioner may, under Section 31A-37-106, prescribe additional
1855	cap	sital based on the type, volume, and nature of insurance business transacted.
1856	(b)	The capital prescribed by the commissioner under this Subsection $[(2)]$ (3) may be in
1857		the form of:
1858		(i) cash:

1859	(ii) an irrevocable letter of credit issued by:
1860	(A) a bank chartered by this state; or
1861	(B) a member bank of the Federal Reserve System; or
1862	(iii) marketable securities as determined by Subsection $[(5)]$ (1).
1863	[ $(3)$ ] $(4)$ (a) Except as provided in Subsection [ $(3)$ (c)] $(4)$ (c), a branch captive insurance
1864	company, as security for the payment of liabilities attributable to branch operations,
1865	shall, through [its] the branch captive insurance company's branch operations,
1866	establish and maintain a trust fund:
1867	(i) funded by an irrevocable letter of credit or other acceptable asset; and
1868	(ii) in the United States for the benefit of:
1869	(A) United States policyholders; and
1870	(B) United States ceding insurers under:
1871	(I) insurance policies issued; or
1872	(II) reinsurance contracts issued or assumed.
1873	(b) The amount of the security required under this Subsection [(3)] (4) shall be no less
1874	than:
1875	(i) the capital and surplus required by this chapter; and
1876	(ii) the reserves on the insurance policies or reinsurance contracts, including:
1877	(A) reserves for losses;
1878	(B) allocated loss adjustment expenses;
1879	(C) incurred but not reported losses; and
1880	(D) unearned premiums with regard to business written through branch operations
1881	(c) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Subsection [(3)] (4):
1882	(i) the commissioner may permit a branch captive insurance company that is required
1883	to post security for loss reserves on branch business by [its] the branch captive
1884	insurance company's reinsurer to reduce the funds in the trust account required by
1885	this section by the same amount as the security posted if the security remains
1886	posted with the reinsurer; and
1887	(ii) a branch captive insurance company that is the result of the licensure of an alien
1888	captive insurance company that is not formed in an alien jurisdiction is not subject
1889	to the requirements of this Subsection $[(3)]$ $(4)$ .
1890	[(4)] (5)(a) A captive insurance company may not pay the following without the prior
1891	approval of the commissioner:
1892	(i) a dividend out of capital or surplus in excess of the limits under Section

1893	<del>16-10a-640</del> ]; or
1894	(ii) a distribution with respect to capital or surplus[in excess of the limits under
1895	Section 16-10a-640].
1896	(b) The commissioner shall condition approval of an ongoing plan for the payment of
1897	dividends or other distributions on the retention, at the time of each payment, of
1898	capital or surplus[ <del>in excess of:</del> ].
1899	[(i) amounts specified by the commissioner under Section 31A-37-106; or]
1900	[(ii) determined in accordance with formulas approved by the commissioner under
1901	Section 31A-37-106.]
1902	[(5) For purposes of this section, marketable securities means:]
1903	[(a) a bond or other evidence of indebtedness of a governmental unit in the United States
1904	or Canada or any instrumentality of the United States or Canada; or]
1905	[ <del>(b)</del> securities:]
1906	[(i) traded on one or more of the following exchanges in the United States:]
1907	[(A) New York;]
1908	[(B) American; or]
1909	[ <del>(C)</del> NASDAQ;]
1910	[(ii) when no particular security, or a substantially related security, applied toward
1911	the required minimum capital and surplus requirement of Subsection (1)
1912	represents more than 50% of the minimum capital and surplus requirement; and]
1913	[(iii) when no group of up to four particular securities, consolidating substantially
1914	related securities, applied toward the required minimum capital and surplus
1915	requirement of Subsection (1) represents more than 90% of the minimum capital
1916	and surplus requirement.]
1917	(6) Notwithstanding Subsection [(5)] (1), to protect the solvency and liquidity of a captive
1918	insurance company, the commissioner may reject the application of specific assets or
1919	amounts of specific assets to satisfying the requirement of Subsection [(1)] (2).
1920	Section 27. Section <b>31A-37-301</b> is amended to read:
1921	31A-37-301 . Formation.
1922	(1) A captive insurance company, other than a branch captive insurance company, may [be
1923	formed] form as a corporation[-or], a limited liability company[-], or a not-for-profit
1924	organization.
1925	(2) The capital of a captive insurance company shall be held by:
1926	(a) the interest holders of the captive insurance company; or

1927	(b) a governing body elected by:
1928	(i) the insureds;
1929	(ii) one or more affiliates; or
1930	(iii) a combination of the persons described in Subsections (2)(b)(i) and (ii).
1931	(3) A captive insurance company formed in this state shall have at least one establisher who
1932	is an individual and a resident of the state.
1933	(4)(a) An applicant captive insurance company's establishers shall obtain a certificate of
1934	public good from the commissioner before filing [its] the applicant captive insurance
1935	company's governing documents with the Division of Corporations and Commercial
1936	Code.
1937	(b) In considering a request for a certificate under Subsection (4)(a), the commissioner
1938	shall consider:
1939	(i) the character, reputation, financial standing, and purposes of the establishers;
1940	(ii) the character, reputation, financial responsibility, insurance experience, and
1941	business qualifications of the principal officers or members of the governing body;
1942	(iii) any information in:
1943	(A) the application for a certificate of authority; or
1944	(B) the department's files; and
1945	(iv) other aspects that the commissioner considers advisable.
1946	(5)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this title, the governing body of a captive
1947	insurance company shall consist of at least three individuals as members, at least one
1948	of whom is a resident of the state.
1949	(b) One-third of the members of the governing body of a captive insurance company
1950	constitutes a quorum of the governing body.
1951	(6) A captive insurance company shall have at least three separate individuals as principal
1952	officers with duties comparable to those of president, treasurer, and secretary.
1953	(7)(a)(i) A captive insurance company formed as a corporation is subject to the
1954	provisions of Title 16, Chapter 10a, Utah Revised Business Corporation Act, and
1955	this chapter.
1956	(ii) If a conflict exists between a provision of Title 16, Chapter 10a, Utah Revised
1957	Business Corporation Act, and a provision of this chapter, this chapter controls.
1958	(b) A captive insurance company formed as a limited liability company is subject to the
1959	provisions of Title 48, Chapter 3a, Utah Revised Uniform Limited Liability Company
1960	Act, and this chapter. If a conflict exists between a provision of Title 48, Chapter 3a,

1961	Utah Revised Uniform Limited Liability Company Act, and a provision of this
1962	chapter, this chapter controls.
1963	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(d), the provisions of this title that govern a
1964	merger, consolidation, conversion, mutualization, and redomestication apply to a
1965	captive insurance company in carrying out any of the transactions described in those
1966	provisions.
1967	(d) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(c), the commissioner may waive or modify the
1968	requirements for public notice and hearing in accordance with rules adopted under
1969	Section 31A-37-106.
1970	(e) If a notice of public hearing is required, but no one requests a hearing, the
1971	commissioner may cancel the public hearing.
1972	Section 28. Section 31A-37-302 is amended to read:
1973	31A-37-302 . Investment requirements.
1974	(1)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), [an association] a captive insurance
1975	company[, a sponsored captive insurance company,] and an industrial insured [group]
1976	captive insurance company shall comply with the investment requirements contained
1977	in this title.
1978	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a) and any other provision of this title, the
1979	commissioner may approve the use of alternative reliable methods of valuation and
1980	rating under Section 31A-37-106 for[:]
1981	[(i) an association captive insurance company;]
1982	[(ii) a sponsored captive insurance company; or]
1983	[(iii) an industrial insured group] a captive insurance company or an industrial
1984	insured captive insurance company.
1985	(2)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), a pure captive insurance company or
1986	industrial insured captive insurance company is not subject to any restrictions on
1987	allowable investments [contained in this title] described in Section 31A-18-108.
1988	(b) [Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), the commissioner may, under Section
1989	31A-37-106, Junder Section 31A-37-106, the commissioner may prohibit or limit an
1990	investment that threatens the solvency or liquidity of[:]
1991	[(i) a pure captive insurance company; or]
1992	[(ii) an industrial insured captive insurance company] a captive insurance company or
1993	industrial insured captive insurance company.
1994	(3)(a)(i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(ii), a captive insurance company

1995	may not make loans to:
1996	(A) the parent company of the captive insurance company; or
1997	(B) an affiliate of the captive insurance company.
1998	(ii) [Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a)(i), a] A pure captive insurance company and
1999	an incorporated cell of a sponsored captive insurance company may make loans to:
2000	(A) the parent company of the pure captive insurance company or incorporated
2001	cell of a sponsored captive insurance company; or
2002	(B) an affiliate of the pure captive insurance company or incorporated cell of a
2003	sponsored captive insurance company.
2004	(b) A loan under Subsection (3)(a):
2005	(i) may be made only on the prior written approval of the commissioner and, when
2006	applicable, the sponsor for an incorporated cell; and
2007	(ii) shall be evidenced by a note in a form approved by the commissioner and, when
2008	applicable, the sponsor for an incorporated cell.
2009	(c) A pure captive insurance company may not make a loan from the paid-in capital
2010	required under Subsection [31A-37-204(1)] 31A-37-204(2).
2011	(4) If a captive insurer has excess surplus above the minimum capital required by Section
2012	31A-37-204, the captive insurer may invest the captive insurer's excess surplus in a
2013	manner inconsistent with the authorized classes of investments described in Section
2014	<u>31A-18-110.</u>
2015	(5) Nothing in this section empowers a captive insurer to make an investment that is illegal
2016	or otherwise prohibited by this title.
2017	Section 29. Section <b>31A-37-303</b> is amended to read:
2018	31A-37-303 . Reinsurance.
2019	(1)(a) A captive insurance company may cede risks to any insurance company approved
2020	by the commissioner.
2021	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), a captive insurance company may provide
2022	reinsurance on risks ceded by any other insurer with prior approval of the
2023	commissioner.
2024	(c) A captive insurance company may not provide reinsurance on a punitive damages
2025	risk ceded by an insurer, unless the punitive damages risk is the risk of the captive
2026	insurance company's:
2027	(i) parent;
2028	(ii) affiliated company; or

2029	(iii) controlled unaffiliated business.
2030	(2) To facilitate the risk distribution of captive insurance companies participating in a
2031	pooling arrangement, a captive insurance company licensed to operate as a pooling
2032	captive insurance company may directly insure a risk that any pooling participant's
2033	captive insurance company could otherwise directly insure in accordance with Section
2034	<u>31A-37-202.</u>
2035	[(2)] (3)(a) A captive insurance company may take credit for reserves on risks or portions
2036	of risks ceded to reinsurers if the captive insurance company complies with:
2037	(i) Section 31A-17-404, 31A-17-404.1, 31A-17-404.3, or 31A-17-404.4; or
2038	(ii) other requirements as the commissioner may establish by rule made in
2039	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2040	(b) Unless the reinsurer is in compliance with Section 31A-17-404, 31A-17-404.1,
2041	31A-17-404.3, or 31A-17-404.4 or a rule adopted under Subsection [ <del>(2)(a)(ii)</del> ]
2042	(3)(a)(ii), a captive insurance company may not take credit for:
2043	(i) reserves on risks ceded to a reinsurer; or
2044	(ii) portions of risks ceded to a reinsurer.
2045	Section 30. Section 31A-37-401 is amended to read:
2046	31A-37-401 . Sponsored captive insurance companies Formation.
2047	(1) One or more sponsors may form a sponsored captive insurance company under this
2048	chapter.
2049	(2) A sponsored captive insurance company formed under this chapter may establish and
2050	maintain, [a protected cell] with prior approval of the commissioner, a combination of
2051	incorporated cells and protected cells to insure risks of a participant if:
2052	(a) the interest holders of a sponsored captive insurance company are limited to:
2053	(i) the participants of the sponsored captive insurance company; and
2054	(ii) the sponsors of the sponsored captive insurance company;
2055	(b) each [protected-]cell is accounted for separately on the books and records of the
2056	sponsored cell captive insurance company to reflect:
2057	(i) the financial condition of each [individual protected-]cell;
2058	(ii) the results of operations of each [individual protected-]cell;
2059	(iii) the net income or loss of each [individual protected-]cell;
2060	(iv) the dividends or other distributions to participants of each [individual protected-]
2061	cell; and
2062	(v) other factors that may be:

2063	(A) provided in the participant contract; or
2064	(B) required by the commissioner;
2065	(c) the assets of a [protected ]cell are not chargeable with liabilities arising out of any
2066	other insurance business the sponsored captive insurance company may conduct;
2067	(d) a sale, exchange, or other transfer of assets is not made by the sponsored captive
2068	insurance company between or among any of the [protected-]cells of the sponsored
2069	captive insurance company without the consent of the [protected-]cells;
2070	(e) a sale, exchange, transfer of assets, dividend, or distribution is not made from a [
2071	protected-]cell to a sponsor or participant without the commissioner's approval, which
2072	may not be given if the sale, exchange, transfer, dividend, or distribution would result
2073	in insolvency or impairment with respect to a [protected-]cell;
2074	(f) a sponsored captive insurance company annually files with the commissioner
2075	financial reports the commissioner requires under Section 31A-37-106, including
2076	accounting statements detailing the financial experience of each [protected-]cell;
2077	(g) a sponsored captive insurance company notifies the commissioner in writing within
2078	10 business days of a [protected-]cell that is insolvent or otherwise unable to meet the
2079	claim or expense obligations of the [protected-]cell;
2080	(h) a participant contract does not take effect without the commissioner's prior written
2081	approval; <u>and</u>
2082	(i) the addition of each new [protected-]cell and withdrawal of a participant of any
2083	existing [protected-]cell does not take effect without the commissioner's prior written
2084	approval[ <del>; and</del> ] <u>.</u>
2085	[(j)] (3)[(i) a protected] A cell of a sponsored captive insurance company shall pay to
2086	the department the following nonrefundable fees established by the department
2087	under Sections 31A-3-103, 31A-3-304, and 63J-1-504:
2088	[(A)] (a) a fee for examining, investigating, and processing [by a department employee of
2089	an application [for a certificate of authority] made by a [protected-]cell to insure risks
2090	under the certificate of authority of a sponsored captive insurance company;
2091	[(B)] (b) a fee for obtaining a certificate to insure risks under the certificate of authority
2092	of a sponsored captive insurance company for the year the [protected-]cell of the
2093	sponsored captive insurance company is issued a certificate[of authority] by the
2094	department; and
2095	[(C)] (c) a certificate of authority renewal fee[; and].
2096	[(ii)] (4) [a protected] A sponsor may create a cell [may be created by the sponsor ]or [the

2097	sponsor may create ] a pooling insurance arrangement for the sponsor's cell participants
2098	to provide for pooling of risks to allow for risk distribution upon written approval from
2099	every[-protected] cell under the sponsor and written approval of the commissioner.
2100	Section 31. Section 31A-37-402 is amended to read:
2101	31A-37-402 . Sponsored captive insurance companies Certificate of authority
2102	mandatory.
2103	(1) A sponsor of a sponsored captive insurance company shall be:
2104	(a) an insurer authorized or approved under the laws of a state;
2105	(b) a reinsurer authorized or approved under the laws of a state;
2106	(c) a captive insurance company holding a certificate of authority under this chapter;
2107	(d) an insurance holding company that:
2108	(i) controls an insurer licensed pursuant to the laws of a state; and
2109	(ii) is subject to registration pursuant to the holding company system of laws of the
2110	state of domicile of the insurer described in Subsection (1)(d)(i);
2111	(e) an approved captive management firm in Utah or its affiliates; or
2112	(f) another person approved by the commissioner after finding that the approval of the
2113	person as a sponsor is not inconsistent with the purposes of this chapter.
2114	(2)(a) The business written by a sponsored captive insurance company with respect to a
2115	protected cell shall be fronted by the [sponsor] sponsored captive insurance company
2116	through a controlled unaffiliated contract or an insurer that is:
2117	(i) authorized or approved:
2118	(A) under the laws of a state; or
2119	(B) under any jurisdiction if the insurance company is a wholly owned subsidiary
2120	of an insurance company licensed pursuant to the laws of a state;
2121	(ii) reinsured by a reinsurer authorized or approved by this state; or
2122	(iii) subject to Subsection (2)(b), secured by a trust fund:
2123	(A) in the United States;
2124	(B) for the benefit of policyholders and claimants;
2125	(C) funded by an irrevocable letter of credit or other asset acceptable to the
2126	commissioner; and
2127	(D) held by the sponsor as provided in Subsection 31A-17-404(1).
2128	(b)(i) The amount of security provided by the trust fund described in Subsection
2129	(2)(a)(iii) may not be less than the reserves associated with the liabilities of the
2130	trust fund, including:

2131	(A) reserves for losses;
2132	(B) allocated loss adjustment expenses;
2133	(C) incurred but unreported losses; and
2134	(D) unearned premiums for business written through the participant's protected
2135	cell.
2136	(ii) The commissioner may require the sponsored captive insurance company to
2137	increase the funding of a trust established pursuant to this Subsection (2).
2138	(iii) If the form of security in the trust described in Subsection (2)(a)(iii) is a letter of
2139	credit, the letter of credit shall be established, issued, or confirmed by a bank that
2140	is:
2141	(A) chartered in this state;
2142	(B) a member of the federal reserve system; or
2143	(C) chartered by another state if that state-chartered bank is acceptable to the
2144	commissioner.
2145	(iv) A trust and trust instrument maintained pursuant to this Subsection (2) shall be in
2146	a form and upon terms approved by the commissioner.
2147	(3) The business written by a sponsored captive insurance company with respect to an
2148	incorporated cell may be:
2149	(a) fronted by the sponsored captive insurance company in accordance with Subsection
2150	(2)(a); or
2151	(b) with prior approval of the sponsored captive insurance company, written directly by
2152	the incorporated cell.
2153	[(3)] (4) A risk retention group may not be either a sponsor or a participant of a sponsored
2154	captive insurance company.
2155	Section 32. Section 31A-37-403 is amended to read:
2156	31A-37-403. Participants in sponsored captive insurance companies.
2157	(1) Any of the following may be a participant in a sponsored captive insurance company
2158	holding a certificate of authority under this chapter:
2159	(a) an association;
2160	(b) a corporation that is for profit or nonprofit;
2161	(c) a limited liability company;
2162	(d) a partnership;
2163	(e) a trust; or
2164	(f) any other business entity.

2165	(2) A sponsor may be a participant in a sponsored captive insurance company.
2166	(3) A participant need not be:
2167	(a) a shareholder of the sponsored captive insurance company; or
2168	(b) an affiliate of the sponsored captive insurance company.
2169	[(4) A participant shall insure only the participant's own risks through a sponsored captive
2170	insurance company unless otherwise approved by the commissioner.]
2171	Section 33. Section 31A-37-404 is amended to read:
2172	31A-37-404 . Sponsored captive insurance companies Reserves opinion and
2173	discounting.
2174	(1) A sponsored captive insurance company may discount [its] the sponsored captive
2175	insurance company's loss and loss adjustment expense reserves at treasury rates applied
2176	to the applicable payments projected through the use of the expected payment pattern
2177	associated with the reserves.
2178	(2)(a) A sponsored captive insurance company shall annually file with the department an
2179	actuarial opinion provided by an independent actuary on loss and loss adjustment
2180	expense reserves.
2181	(b) The independent actuary described in Subsection (2)(a) may not be an employee of:
2182	(i) the company filing the actuarial opinion; or
2183	(ii) an affiliate of the company filing the actuarial opinion.
2184	(3) The commissioner may disallow the discounting of reserves by a sponsored captive
2185	insurance company if the sponsored captive insurance company violates this title.
2186	Section 34. Section 31A-37-501 is amended to read:
2187	31A-37-501 . Reports to commissioner.
2188	(1) A captive insurance company is not required to make a report except those provided in
2189	this chapter.
2190	(2)(a) Before March 1 of each year, a captive insurance company shall submit to the
2191	commissioner a report of the financial condition of the captive insurance company,
2192	verified by oath of at least two individuals who are executive officers of the captive
2193	insurance company.
2194	(b) Except as provided in Section 31A-37-204, a captive insurance company shall report:
2195	(i) using generally accepted accounting principles, except to the extent that the
2196	commissioner requires, approves, or accepts the use of a statutory accounting
2197	principle;
2198	(ii) using a useful or necessary modification or adaptation to an accounting principle

2199	that is required, approved, or accepted by the commissioner for the type of
2200	insurance and kind of insurer to be reported upon; and
2201	(iii) supplemental or additional information required by the commissioner.
2202	(c) Except as otherwise provided:
2203	(i) a licensed captive insurance company shall file the report required by Section
2204	31A-4-113; and
2205	(ii) an industrial insured group shall comply with Section 31A-4-113.5.
2206	(3)(a) A pure captive insurance company may make written application to file the
2207	required report on a fiscal year end that is consistent with the fiscal year of the parent
2208	company of the pure captive insurance company.
2209	(b) If the commissioner grants an alternative reporting date for a pure captive insurance
2210	company requested under Subsection (3)(a), the annual report is due 60 days after the
2211	fiscal year end.
2212	(4)(a) Sixty days after the fiscal year end, a branch captive insurance company shall file
2213	with the commissioner a copy of the reports and statements required to be filed under
2214	the laws of the jurisdiction in which the alien captive insurance company is formed,
2215	verified by oath by two of the alien captive insurance company's executive officers.
2216	(b) If the commissioner is satisfied that the annual report filed by the alien captive
2217	insurance company in the jurisdiction in which the alien captive insurance company
2218	is formed provides adequate information concerning the financial condition of the
2219	alien captive insurance company, the commissioner may waive the requirement for
2220	completion of the annual statement required for a captive insurance company under
2221	this section with respect to business written in the alien or foreign jurisdiction.
2222	(c) A waiver by the commissioner under Subsection (4)(b):
2223	(i) shall be in writing; and
2224	(ii) is subject to public inspection.
2225	(5) Before March 1 of each year, a sponsored [eell-]captive insurance company shall submit
2226	to the commissioner a consolidated report of the financial condition of each [individual
2227	protected-]cell, including a financial statement for each[-protected] cell.
2228	(6)(a) A captive insurance company shall notify the commissioner in writing if there is:
2229	(i) a material change to the captive insurance company's most recently filed report of
2230	financial condition; or
2231	(ii) an adverse material change in the financial condition of a captive insurance
2232	company since the captive insurance company's most recently filed report of

2233	financial condition.
2234	(b) A captive insurance company shall submit a notification described in this subsection
2235	within 20 days after the day on which the captive insurance company learns of the
2236	material change.
2237	Section 35. Section 31A-37-505 is amended to read:
2238	31A-37-505 . Suspension or revocation Grounds.
2239	(1) The commissioner may suspend or revoke the certificate of authority of a captive
2240	insurance company to conduct an insurance business in this state for:
2241	(a) insolvency or impairment of capital or surplus;
2242	(b) failure to meet the requirements of Section 31A-37-204;
2243	(c) refusal or failure to submit:
2244	(i) an annual report required by Section 31A-37-501; or
2245	(ii) any other report or statement required by law or by lawful order of the
2246	commissioner;
2247	(d) failure to comply with the charter, bylaws, or other organizational document of the
2248	captive insurance company;
2249	(e) failure to submit to:
2250	(i) an examination under Section 31A-37-502; or
2251	(ii) any legal obligation relative to an examination under Section 31A-37-502;
2252	(f) refusal or failure to pay[-the cost of examination under Section 31A-37-502;] :
2253	(i) an annual fee described in Section 31A-3-304;
2254	(ii) the cost of examination described in Section 31A-37-502; or
2255	(iii) any other fee prescribed by this title;
2256	(g) use of methods that, although not otherwise specifically prohibited by law, render:
2257	(i) the operation of the captive insurance company detrimental to the public or the
2258	policyholders of the captive insurance company; or
2259	(ii) the condition of the captive insurance company unsound with respect to the
2260	public or to the policyholders of the captive insurance company; or
2261	(h) failure otherwise to comply with laws of this state.
2262	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, if the commissioner finds, upon
2263	examination, hearing, or other evidence, that a captive insurance company has
2264	committed any of the acts specified in Subsection (1), the commissioner may suspend or
2265	revoke the certificate of authority of the captive insurance company if the commissioner
2266	considers it in the best interest of the public and the policyholders of the captive

2267	insurance company to revoke the certificate of authority.
2268	Section 36. Section 31A-37-701 is amended to read:
2269	31A-37-701 . Certificate of dormancy.
2270	(1) In accordance with the provisions of this section, a captive insurance company, other
2271	than a risk retention group, may apply, without fee, to the commissioner for a certificate
2272	of dormancy.
2273	(2)(a) A captive insurance company, other than [a risk retention group] an industrial
2274	insured captive insurance company or a cell of a sponsored captive insurance
2275	company, is eligible for a certificate of dormancy if the [-captive insurance] company:
2276	(i) has ceased transacting the business of insurance, including the issuance of
2277	insurance policies; and
2278	(ii) has no remaining insurance liabilities or obligations associated with insurance
2279	business transactions or insurance policies.
2280	(b) For purposes of Subsection (2)(a)(ii), the commissioner may disregard liabilities or
2281	obligations for which the captive insurance company has withheld sufficient funds or
2282	that are otherwise sufficiently secured.
2283	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (4), a captive insurance company that holds a
2284	certificate of dormancy is subject to all requirements of this chapter.
2285	(4) A captive insurance company that holds a certificate of dormancy:
2286	(a) shall possess and maintain unimpaired paid-in capital and unimpaired paid-in surplus
2287	of:
2288	(i) in the case of a pure captive insurance company or a special purpose captive
2289	insurance company, not less than \$25,000;
2290	(ii) in the case of an association captive insurance company, not less than \$75,000; or
2291	(iii) in the case of a sponsored captive insurance company, not less than \$50,000, of
2292	which the sponsor provides at least \$20,000; and
2293	(b) is not required to:
2294	(i) subject to Subsection (5), submit an annual audit or statement of actuarial opinion;
2295	(ii) maintain an active agreement with an independent auditor or actuary; or
2296	(iii) hold an annual meeting of the captive insurance company in the state.
2297	(5) The commissioner may require a captive insurance company that holds a certificate of
2298	dormancy to submit an annual audit if the commissioner determines that there are
2299	concerns regarding the captive insurance company's solvency or liquidity.
2300	(6) To maintain a certificate of dormancy and in lieu of a certificate of authority renewal

2301	fee, no later than July 1 of each year, a captive insurance company shall pay an annual
2302	dormancy renewal fee that is equal to 50% of the captive insurance's company's
2303	certificate of authority renewal fee.
2304	[(7) A captive insurance company may consecutively renew a certificate of dormancy no
2305	more than five times.]
2306	Section 37. Section 31A-37a-205 is amended to read:
2307	31A-37a-205 . Sponsored captives.
2308	(1) In addition to the other provisions of this chapter, this section applies to a
2309	sponsored captive insurance company under Chapter 37, Captive Insurance Companies
2310	Act, that has a certificate of authority as a special purpose financial captive insurance
2311	company [pursuant to] in accordance with this chapter.
2312	[(1)] (2) A sponsored captive insurance company may have a certificate of authority as a
2313	special purpose financial captive insurance company under this chapter.
2314	[(2)] (3)(a) For purposes of a sponsored captive insurance company having a certificate
2315	of authority as a special purpose financial captive insurance company, "general
2316	account" means the assets and liabilities of the sponsored captive insurance company
2317	not attributable to a [ <del>protected</del> ]cell.
2318	(b) For purposes of applying Chapter 27a, Insurer Receivership Act, to a sponsored
2319	captive insurance company having a certificate of authority as a special purpose
2320	financial captive insurance company, the definition of "insolvency" and "insolvent"
2321	in Section 31A-37a-102 shall be applied separately to:
2322	(i) each [ <del>protected</del> -]cell; and
2323	(ii) the special purpose financial captive insurance company's general account.
2324	[(3)] (4)(a) A participant in a sponsored captive insurance company having a certificate
2325	of authority as a special purpose financial captive insurance company shall be a
2326	ceding insurer, unless approved by the commissioner before a person becomes a
2327	participant.
2328	(b) A change in a participant in a sponsored captive insurance company having a
2329	certificate of authority as a special purpose financial captive insurance company is
2330	subject to prior approval by the commissioner.
2331	[(4)] (5) Notwithstanding Section 31A-37-401, a special purpose financial captive insurance
2332	company that is a sponsored captive insurance company may issue a security to a person
2333	not described in Section 31A-37-401 if the issuance to that person is approved by the
2334	commissioner before the issuance of the security.

2335	[(5)] (6) Notwithstanding Section 31A-37a-302, a sponsored captive insurance company
2336	having a certificate of authority as a special purpose financial captive insurance
2337	company shall:
2338	(a) at the time of initial application for a certificate of authority as a special purpose
2339	financial captive insurance company, possess unimpaired paid-in capital and surplus
2340	of not less than \$500,000; and
2341	(b) maintain at least \$500,000 of unimpaired paid-in capital and surplus of not less than
2342	\$500,000 during the time that it holds a certificate of authority under this chapter.
2343	[(6)] (7)(a) For purposes of a sponsored captive insurance company having a certificate
2344	of authority as a special purpose financial captive insurance company, this
2345	Subsection [ <del>(6)</del> ] <del>(7)</del> applies to:
2346	(i) a security issued by the special purpose financial captive insurance company with
2347	respect to a [ <del>protected</del> -]cell; or
2348	(ii) a contract or obligation of the special purpose financial captive insurance
2349	company with respect to a [protected-]cell.
2350	(b) A sponsored captive insurance company having a certificate of authority as a special
2351	purpose financial captive insurance company shall include with a security, contract,
2352	or obligation described in Subsection $[(6)(a)]$ $(7)(a)$ :
2353	(i) the designation of the [ <del>protected</del> -]cell; and
2354	(ii) a disclosure in a form and content satisfactory to the commissioner to the effect
2355	that the holder of the security or a counterparty to the contract or obligation has no
2356	right or recourse against the special purpose financial captive insurance company
2357	and its assets other than against an asset properly attributable to the [protected-]
2358	cell.
2359	(c) Notwithstanding the requirements of this Subsection [(6)] (7) and subject to other
2360	statutes or rules including this chapter and Chapter 37, Captive Insurance Companies
2361	Act, a creditor, ceding insurer, or another person may not use a failure to include a
2362	disclosure described in Subsection [ $(6)(b)$ ] $(7)(b)$ , in whole or part, as the sole basis to
2363	have recourse against:
2364	(i) the general account of the special purpose financial captive insurance company; or
2365	(ii) the assets of another [protected-]cell of the special financial captive insurance
2366	company.
2367	[ <del>(7)</del> ] (8) In addition to Section 31A-37-401, a sponsored captive insurance company having
2368	a certificate of authority as a special purpose financial captive insurance company is

2369	subject to the following with respect to a [ <del>protected</del> -]cell:
2370	(a)(i) A sponsored captive insurance company having a certificate of authority as a
2371	special purpose financial captive insurance company shall establish a [protected-]
2372	cell only for the purpose of insuring or reinsuring risks of one or more reinsurance
2373	contracts with a ceding insurer with the intent of facilitating an insurance
2374	securitization.
2375	(ii) Subject to Subsection [(7)(a)(iii)] (8)(a)(iii), a sponsored captive insurance
2376	company having a certificate of authority as a special purpose financial captive
2377	insurance company shall establish a separate [protected-]cell with respect to a
2378	ceding insurer described in Subsection $[\frac{(7)(a)(i)}{(8)(a)}]$ (8)(a).
2379	(iii) A sponsored captive insurance company having a certificate of authority as a
2380	special purpose financial captive insurance company shall establish a separate [
2381	protected-]cell with respect to each reinsurance contract that is funded in whole or
2382	in part by a separate insurance securitization transaction.
2383	(b) A sponsored captive insurance company having a certificate of authority as a special
2384	purpose financial captive insurance company may not sale, exchange, or transfer an
2385	asset by, between, or among any of [its protected] the sponsored captive insurance
2386	company's cells without the prior approval of the commissioner.
2387	[(8)] (9)(a) A sponsored captive insurance company having a certificate of authority as a
2388	special purpose financial captive insurance company shall attribute an asset or
2389	liability to a [protected-]cell and to the general account in accordance with the plan of
2390	operation approved by the commissioner.
2391	(b) Except as provided by Subsection [(8)(a)] (9)(a), a sponsored captive insurance
2392	company having a certificate of authority as a special purpose financial captive
2393	insurance company may not attribute an asset or liability between:
2394	(i) [its] the sponsored captive insurance company's general account and a [protected-]
2395	cell; or
2396	(ii) [its protected] the sponsored captive insurance company's cells.
2397	(c) A sponsored captive insurance company having a certificate of authority as a special
2398	purpose financial captive insurance company shall attribute:
2399	(i) an insurance obligation, asset, or liability relating to a reinsurance contract entered
2400	into with respect to a [protected-]cell; and
2401	(ii) an insurance securitization transaction related to the obligation, asset, or liability
2402	described in Subsection $[(8)(c)(i)]$ $(9)(c)(i)$ , including a security issued by the

2403	special purpose financial captive insurance company as part of the insurance
2404	securitization, to the [protected]cell.
2405	(d) The following shall reflect an insurance obligation, asset, or liability relating to a
2406	reinsurance contract and the insurance securitization transaction that are attributed to
2407	a [ <del>protected</del> -]cell:
2408	(i) a right, benefit, obligation, or a liability of a security attributable to a [protected-]
2409	cell described in Subsection $[(8)(e)]$ $(9)(c)$ ;
2410	(ii) the performance under a reinsurance contract and the related insurance
2411	securitization transaction; and
2412	(iii) a tax benefit, loss, refund, or credit allocated pursuant to a tax allocation
2413	agreement to which the special purpose financial captive insurance company is a
2414	party, including a payment made by or due to be made to the special purpose
2415	financial captive insurance company pursuant to the terms of the tax allocation
2416	agreement.
2417	[ <del>(9)</del> ] <u>(10)</u> In addition to Section 31A-37a-502:
2418	(a) Chapter 27a, Insurer Receivership Act, applies to each [protected-]cell of a sponsored
2419	captive insurance company having a certificate of authority as a special purpose
2420	financial captive insurance company.
2421	(b) A proceeding or action taken by the commissioner pursuant to Chapter 27a, Insurer
2422	Receivership Act, with respect to a [protected-]cell of a sponsored captive insurance
2423	company having a certificate of authority as a special purpose financial captive
2424	insurance company may not be the sole basis for a proceeding pursuant to Chapter
2425	27a, Insurer Receivership Act, with respect to:
2426	(i) another [protected-]cell of the special purpose financial captive insurance
2427	company; or
2428	(ii) the special purpose financial captive insurance company's general account.
2429	(c)(i) Except as provided in Subsection $[\frac{(9)(c)(ii)}{(ii)}]$ $(10)(c)(ii)$ , the receiver of a special
2430	purpose financial captive insurance company shall ensure that the assets
2431	attributable to one [protected-]cell are not applied to the liabilities attributable to:
2432	(A) another [ <del>protected</del> -]cell; or
2433	(B) the special purpose financial captive insurance company's general account.
2434	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection $[(9)(c)(i)]$ $(10)(c)(i)$ , if an asset or liability is
2435	attributable to more than one [protected-]cell, the receiver shall deal with the asset
2436	or liability in accordance with the terms of a relevant governing instrument or

2437	contract.
2438	(d) The insolvency of a [protected ]cell of a sponsored captive insurance company
2439	having a certificate of authority as a special purpose financial captive insurance
2440	company may not be the sole basis for the commissioner to prohibit:
2441	(i) a payment by the special purpose financial captive insurance company made
2442	pursuant to a special purpose financial captive insurance company security or
2443	reinsurance contract with respect to another [protected-]cell; or
2444	(ii) an action required to make a payment described in Subsection [(9)(d)(i)] (10)(d)(i).
2445	Section 38. Section 31A-43-301 is amended to read:
2446	31A-43-301 . Stop-loss insurance standards.
2447	(1) A small employer stop-loss insurance contract shall:
2448	(a) be issued to the small employer to provide insurance to the group health benefit plan,
2449	not the employees of the small employer;
2450	(b) have a contract term with guaranteed rates for at least 12 months, without
2451	adjustment, unless there is a change in the benefits provided under the small
2452	employer's health plan during the contract period;
2453	(c) include both a specific attachment point and an aggregate attachment point in a
2454	contract;
2455	(d) align stop-loss plan benefit limitations and exclusions with a small employer's health
2456	plan benefit limitations and exclusions, including any annual or lifetime limits in the
2457	employer's health plan;
2458	(e) <u>subject to Subsection (4):</u>
2459	(i) have an annual specific attachment point that is at least [\$10,000] \$30,000; and
2460	[(f)] (ii) have an annual aggregate attachment point that may not be less than [85%]
2461	90% of expected claims;
2462	[ <del>(g)</del> ] <u>(f)</u> pay stop-loss claims:
2463	(i) incurred during the contract period; and
2464	(ii) paid within 12 months after the expiration date of the contract; and
2465	[(h)] (g) include provisions to cover incurred and unpaid stop-loss claims when the small
2466	employer's stop-loss plan terminates.
2467	(2) A small employer stop-loss <u>insurance</u> contract [shall] <u>may</u> not:
2468	(a) include lasering; and
2469	(b) pay claims directly to an individual employee, member, or participant.
2470	(3) A stop-loss insurer or reinsurer:

2471	(a) may enter into a small employer stop-loss insurance contract with a small employer
2472	with 15 or more enrolled employees; and
2473	(b) may not enter into a small employer stop-loss insurance contract with a small
2474	employer with less than 15 enrolled employees.
2475	(4) A small employer stop-loss insurance contract issued before July 1, 2025, that is
2476	renewed with the same stop-loss insurer or reinsurer that executed that small employer
2477	stop-loss insurance contract shall comply with Subsection (1)(e) by no later than July 1,
2478	<u>2027.</u>
2479	Section 39. Section <b>61-2g-502</b> is amended to read:
2480	61-2g-502 . Disciplinary action Grounds.
2481	(1)(a) The board may order disciplinary action, with the concurrence of the division,
2482	against a person:
2483	(i) registered, licensed, or certified under this chapter; or
2484	(ii) required to be registered, licensed, or certified under this chapter.
2485	(b) On the basis of a ground listed in Subsection (2) for disciplinary action, board action
2486	may include:
2487	(i) revoking, suspending, or placing a person's registration, license, or certification or
2488	probation;
2489	(ii) denying a person's original registration, license, or certification;
2490	(iii) denying a person's renewal license, certification, or registration;
2491	(iv) in the case of denial or revocation of a registration, license, or certification,
2492	setting a waiting period for an applicant to apply for a registration, license, or
2493	certification under this chapter;
2494	(v) ordering remedial education;
2495	(vi) imposing a civil penalty upon a person not to exceed the greater of:
2496	(A) \$5,000 for each violation; or
2497	(B) the amount of any gain or economic benefit from a violation;
2498	(vii) issuing a cease and desist order;
2499	(viii) modifying an action described in Subsections (1)(b)(i) through (vii) if the
2500	board, with the concurrence of the division, finds that the person complies with
2501	court ordered restitution; or
2502	(ix) doing any combination of Subsections (1)(b)(i) through (viii).
2503	(c)(i) If the board or division issues an order that orders a fine or educational
2504	requirements as part of the disciplinary action against a person, including a

2505	stipulation and order, the board or division shall state in the order the deadline by
2506	which the person shall comply with the fine or educational requirements.
2507	(ii) If a person fails to comply with a stated deadline:
2508	(A) the person's license, certificate, or registration is automatically suspended:
2509	(I) beginning on the day specified in the order as the deadline for compliance;
2510	and
2511	(II) ending the day on which the person complies in full with the order; and
2512	(B) if the person fails to pay a fine required by an order, the division may begin a
2513	collection process:
2514	(I) established by the division by rule made in accordance with Title 63G,
2515	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
2516	(II) subject to Title 63A, Chapter 3, Part 5, Office of State Debt Collection.
2517	(2) The following are grounds for disciplinary action under this section:
2518	(a) procuring or attempting to procure a registration, license, or certification under this
2519	chapter:
2520	(i) by fraud; or
2521	(ii) by making a false statement, submitting false information, or making a material
2522	misrepresentation in an application filed with the division;
2523	(b) paying money or attempting to pay money other than a fee provided for by this
2524	chapter to a member or employee of the division to procure a registration, license, or
2525	certification under this chapter;
2526	(c) an act or omission in the practice of real estate appraising that constitutes dishonesty,
2527	fraud, or misrepresentation;
2528	(d) entry of a judgment against a registrant, licensee, or certificate holder on grounds of
2529	fraud, misrepresentation, or deceit in the making of an appraisal of real estate;
2530	(e) regardless of whether the crime is related to the appraisal business, to:
2531	(i) be convicted of a felony;
2532	(ii) be convicted of any of the following involving fraud, misrepresentation, theft, or
2533	dishonesty:
2534	(A) a class A misdemeanor:
2535	(B) a class B misdemeanor; or
2536	(C) a criminal offense comparable to a class A or class B misdemeanor;
2537	(iii) plead guilty or nolo contendere to a felony;
2538	(iv) plead guilty or nolo contendere to any of the following involving fraud,

2539	misrepresentation, theft, or dishonesty:
2540	(A) a class A misdemeanor:
2541	(B) a class B misdemeanor; or
2542	(C) a criminal offense comparable to a class A or class B misdemeanor;
2543	(v) enter into a plea in abeyance agreement involving a felony; or
2544	(vi) enter into a plea in abeyance agreement involving any of the following involving
2545	fraud, misrepresentation, theft, or dishonesty:
2546	(A) a class A misdemeanor:
2547	(B) a class B misdemeanor; or
2548	(C) a criminal offense comparable to a class A or class B misdemeanor;
2549	(f) engaging in the business of real estate appraising under an assumed or fictitious name
2550	not properly registered in this state;
2551	(g) paying a finder's fee or a referral fee to a person not licensed or certified under this
2552	chapter in connection with an appraisal of real estate or real property in this state;
2553	(h) making a false or misleading statement in:
2554	(i) that portion of a written appraisal report that deals with professional
2555	qualifications; or
2556	(ii) testimony concerning professional qualifications;
2557	(i) violating or disregarding:
2558	(i) this chapter;
2559	(ii) an order of:
2560	(A) the board; or
2561	(B) the division, in a case when the board delegates to the division the authority to
2562	make a decision on behalf of the board; or
2563	(iii) a rule issued under this chapter;
2564	(j) violating the confidential nature of governmental records to which a person
2565	registered, licensed, or certified under this chapter gained access through
2566	employment or engagement as an appraiser by a governmental agency;
2567	(k) accepting a contingent fee for performing an appraisal if in fact the fee is or was
2568	contingent upon:
2569	(i) the appraiser reporting a predetermined analysis, opinion, or conclusion;
2570	(ii) the analysis, opinion, conclusion, or valuation reached; or
2571	(iii) the consequences resulting from the appraisal assignment;
2572	(l) unprofessional conduct as defined by statute or rule; or

2573	[(m) in the case of a dual licensed title licensee as defined in Section 31A-2-402:]
2574	[(i) providing a title insurance product or service without the approval required by
2575	Section 31A-2-405; or]
2576	[(ii) knowingly providing false or misleading information in the statement required
2577	by Subsection 31A-2-405(2); or]
2578	[(n)] (m) other conduct that constitutes dishonest dealing.
2579	(3) A person previously licensed, certified, or registered under this chapter remains
2580	responsible for, and is subject to disciplinary action for, an act that the person
2581	committed, while the person was licensed, certified, or registered, in violation of this
2582	chapter or an administrative rule in effect at the time that the person committed the act,
2583	regardless of whether the person is currently licensed, certified, or registered.
2584	Section 40. Effective Date.
2585	This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.