Karianne Lisonbee proposes the following substitute bill:

1

State Custody Amendments

2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Karianne Lisonbee

Senate Sponsor: Derrin R. Owens

2

LONG TITLE

4 General Description:

5 This bill amends provisions related to individuals in state custody.

6 Highlighted Provisions:

- 7 This bill:
- 8 defines terms;
- 9 enacts provisions related to treatments government entities may provide to individuals in
- 10 state custody;
- 11 amends housing provisions related to youth juvenile detention and secure care facilities;
- 12 amends criminal laws related to improper relationships with individuals in state custody;
- 13 and
- 14 makes technical changes.

15 Money Appropriated in this Bill:

- None None
- 17 Other Special Clauses:
- None None
- 19 **Utah Code Sections Affected:**
- 20 AMENDS:
- 21 **17-22-8**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 119, 420
- 22 **76-5-413**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 240
- 23 **80-5-102**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 240
- 24 **80-5-501**, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 261
- 80-5-503, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 261
- 26 ENACTS:
- 27 **17-22-8.2**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 28 **26B-4-901**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

29	26B-4-903 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
30	80-5-209 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
31	RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:
32	26B-4-902, (Renumbered from 26B-4-325, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
33	Chapter 266)
34	
35	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
36	Section 19. Section 17-22-8 is amended to read:
37	17-22-8. Care of prisoners Funding of services Private contractor.
38	(1) As used in this section, "medication assisted treatment plan" means a prescription plan
39	to use buprenorphine, methadone, or naltrexone to treat substance use withdrawal
40	symptoms or an opioid use disorder.
41	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (7), a sheriff shall:
42	(a) receive each individual committed to jail by competent authority;
43	(b) provide each prisoner with necessary food, clothing, and bedding in the manner
44	prescribed by the county legislative body;
45	(c) subject to Section 17-22-8.2, provide each prisoner medical care when:
46	(i) the prisoner's symptoms evidence a serious disease or injury;
47	(ii) the prisoner's disease or injury is curable or may be substantially alleviated; and
48	(iii) the potential for harm to the person by reason of delay or the denial of medical
49	care would be substantial;
50	(d) provide each prisoner, as part of the intake process, with the option of continuing any
51	of the following medically prescribed methods of contraception:
52	(i) an oral contraceptive;
53	(ii) an injectable contraceptive;
54	(iii) a patch;
55	(iv) a vaginal ring; or
56	(v) an intrauterine device, if the prisoner was prescribed the intrauterine device
57	because the prisoner experiences serious and persistent adverse effects when using
58	the methods of contraception described in Subsections (2)(d)(i) and (ii); and
59	(e) cooperate with medical personnel to continue a medication assisted treatment plan
60	for an inmate if the inmate was an active client before arrest and commitment.
61	(3) A sheriff may provide the generic form of a contraceptive described in Subsection
62	(2)(d)(i) or (ii).

63	(4) A sheriff shall follow the provisions of Section 64-13-46 if a prisoner is pregnant or in
64	postpartum recovery, including the reporting requirements in Subsection 64-13-45(2)(c).

- 65 (5)(a) Except as provided in Section 17-22-10 and Subsection (5)(b), the expense
- incurred in providing the services required by this section to prisoners shall be paid
- from the county treasury.
- 68 (b) The expense incurred in providing the services described in Subsection (2)(d) to prisoners shall be paid by the Department of Health and Human Services.
- 70 (6) A medication used for a medication assisted treatment plan under Subsection (2)(e):
- 71 (a) shall be administered to an inmate in accordance with the inmate's prescription under 72 the direction of the sheriff:
- 73 (b) may be paid for by a county; and
- 74 (c) may be left or stored at a jail at the discretion of the sheriff.
- 75 (7) If the county executive contracts with a private contractor to provide the services
- required by this section, the sheriff shall provide only those services required of the
- sheriff by the contract between the county and the private contractor.
- 78 Section 21. Section **17-22-8.2** is enacted to read:
- 79 **17-22-8.2** . Jail health care.
- 80 (1) As used in this section:
- 81 (a) "Cross-sex hormone treatment" means the same as that term is defined in Section 82 26B-4-901.
- 83 (b) "Primary sex characteristic surgical procedure" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26B-4-901.
- 85 (c) "Secondary sex characteristic surgical procedure" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26B-4-901.
- 87 (2) A sheriff may not initiate any of the following procedures or treatments for a prisoner:
- 88 (a) a cross-sex hormone treatment;
- 89 (b) a primary sex characteristic surgical procedure; or
- 90 (c) a secondary sex characteristic surgical procedure.
- 91 (3) Subject to Subsection (1) and Section 17-22-5, to treat a prisoner's gender dysphoria and
- any co-occurring mental health disorder, the sheriff may provide psychotherapy, mental
- healthcare, or any other necessary and appropriate treatment.
- 94 Section 1. Section **26B-4-901** is enacted to read:
- 95 Part 9. Inmate Health
- 96 **26B-4-901** . **Definitions**.

97	As used in this part:
98	(1) "Correctional facility" means a facility operated to house inmates in a secure or
99	nonsecure setting:
100	(a) by the Department of Corrections; or
101	(b) under a contract with the Department of Corrections.
102	(2) "Cross-sex hormone treatment" means administering, prescribing, or supplying for
103	effectuating or facilitating an individual's attempted sex change:
104	(a) to an individual whose biological sex at birth is female, a dose of testosterone or
105	other androgens at levels above those normally found in an individual whose
106	biological sex at birth is female; or
107	(b) to an individual whose biological sex at birth is male, a dose of estrogen or a
108	synthetic compound with estrogenic activity or effect at levels above those normally
109	found in an individual whose biological sex at birth is male.
110	(3) "Health care facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26B-2-201.
111	(4) "Inmate" means an individual who is:
112	(a) committed to the custody of the Department of Corrections; and
113	(b) housed at a correctional facility or at a county jail at the request of the Department of
114	Corrections.
115	(5) "Medical monitoring technology" means a device, application, or other technology that
116	can be used to improve health outcomes and the experience of care for patients,
117	including evidence-based clinically evaluated software and devices that can be used to
118	monitor and treat diseases and disorders.
119	(6)(a) "Primary sex characteristic surgical procedure" means any of the following if
120	done for the purpose of effectuating or facilitating an individual's attempted sex
121	<u>change:</u>
122	(i) for an individual whose biological sex at birth is male, castration, orchiectomy,
123	penectomy, vaginoplasty, or vulvoplasty;
124	(ii) for an individual whose biological sex at birth is female, hysterectomy,
125	oophorectomy, metoidioplasty, or phalloplasty; or
126	(iii) any surgical procedure that is related to or necessary for a procedure described in
127	Subsection (6)(a)(i) or (ii), that would result in the sterilization of an individual
128	who is not sterile.
129	(b) "Primary sex characteristic surgical procedure" does not include:
130	(i) surgery or other procedures or treatments performed on an individual who:

131	(A) is born with external biological sex characteristics that are irresolvably
132	ambiguous;
133	(B) is born with 46, XX chromosomes with virilization;
134	(C) is born with 46, XY chromosomes with undervirilization;
135	(D) has both ovarian and testicular tissue; or
136	(E) has been diagnosed by a physician, based on genetic or biochemical testing,
137	with a sex development disorder characterized by abnormal sex chromosome
138	structure, sex steroid hormone production, or sex steroid hormone action for a
139	male or female; or
140	(ii) removing a body part:
141	(A) because the body part is cancerous or diseased; or
142	(B) for a reason that is medically necessary, other than to effectuate or facilitate an
143	individual's attempted sex change.
144	(7)(a) "Secondary sex characteristic surgical procedure" means any of the following if
145	done for the purpose of effectuating or facilitating an individual's attempted sex
146	change:
147	(i) for an individual whose biological sex at birth is male, breast augmentation
148	surgery, chest feminization surgery, or facial feminization surgery; or
149	(ii) for an individual whose biological sex at birth is female, mastectomy, breast
150	reduction surgery, chest masculinization surgery, or facial masculinization surgery.
151	(b) "Secondary sex characteristic surgical procedure" does not include:
152	(i) surgery or other procedures or treatments performed on an individual who:
153	(A) is born with external biological sex characteristics that are irresolvably
154	ambiguous;
155	(B) is born with 46, XX chromosomes with virilization;
156	(C) is born with 46, XY chromosomes with undervirilization;
157	(D) has both ovarian and testicular tissue; or
158	(E) has been diagnosed by a physician, based on genetic or biochemical testing,
159	with a sex development disorder characterized by abnormal sex chromosome
160	structure, sex steroid hormone production, or sex steroid hormone action for a
161	male or female; or
162	(ii) removing a body part:
163	(A) because the body part is cancerous or diseased; or
164	(B) for a reason that is medically necessary, other than to effectuate or facilitate an

165	individual's attempted sex change.
166	(8) "Terminally ill" means the same as that term is defined in Section 31A-36-102.
167	Section 5. Section 26B-4-902, which is renumbered from Section 26B-4-325 is renumbered
168	and amended to read:
169	[26B-4-325] 26B-4-902 . Medical care for inmates Reporting of statistics.
170	[As used in this section:]
171	[(1) "Correctional facility" means a facility operated to house inmates in a secure or
172	nonsecure setting:]
173	[(a) by the Department of Corrections; or]
174	[(b) under a contract with the Department of Corrections.]
175	[(2) "Health care facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26B-2-201.]
176	[(3) "Inmate" means an individual who is:]
177	[(a) committed to the custody of the Department of Corrections; and]
178	[(b) housed at a correctional facility or at a county jail at the request of the Department
179	of Corrections.]
180	[(4) "Medical monitoring technology" means a device, application, or other technology that
181	can be used to improve health outcomes and the experience of care for patients,
182	including evidence-based clinically evaluated software and devices that can be used to
183	monitor and treat diseases and disorders.]
184	[(5) "Terminally ill" means the same as that term is defined in Section 31A-36-102.]
185	[(6)] <u>(1)</u> The department shall:
186	(a) for each health care facility owned or operated by the Department of Corrections,
187	assist the Department of Corrections in complying with Section 64-13-39;
188	(b) in coordination with the Department of Corrections, and as the Department of
189	Correction's agent:
190	(i) create policies and procedures for providing comprehensive health care to inmates;
191	(ii) provide inmates with comprehensive health care; and
192	(iii) develop standard population indicators and performance measures relating to the
193	health of inmates; and
194	(c) collaborate with the Department of Corrections to comply with Section 64-13-25.1.
195	[(7)] (2) In providing the comprehensive health care described in Subsection $[(6)(b)(ii)]$
196	(1)(b)(ii), the department may not, without entering into an agreement with the
197	Department of Corrections, provide, operate, or manage any treatment plans for inmates
198	that are:

199	(a) required to be provided, operated, or managed by the Department of Corrections in
200	accordance with Section 64-13-6; and
201	(b) not related to the comprehensive health care provided by the department.
202	[(8)] (3) Beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2024, the department shall:
203	(a) evaluate and study the use of medical monitoring technology and create a plan for a
204	pilot program that identifies:
205	(i) the types of medical monitoring technology that will be used during the pilot
206	program; and
207	(ii) eligibility for participation in the pilot program; and
208	(b) make the indicators and performance measures described in Subsection [(6)(b)(iii)]
209	(1)(b)(iii) available to the public through the Department of Corrections and the
210	department websites.
211	[(9)] (4) Beginning July 1, 2024, and ending June 30, 2029, the department shall implement
212	the pilot program.
213	[(10)] (5) The department shall submit to the Health and Human Services Interim
214	Committee and the Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim Committee:
215	(a) a report on or before October 1 of each year regarding the costs and benefits of the
216	pilot program;
217	(b) a report that summarizes the indicators and performance measures described in
218	Subsection [(6)(b)(iii)] (1)(b)(iii) on or before October 1, 2024; and
219	(c) an updated report before October 1 of each year that compares the indicators and
220	population measures of the most recent year to the initial report described in
221	Subsection $\left[\frac{(10)(b)}{(5)(b)}\right]$ $\left(\frac{5}{(b)}\right)$.
222	[(11)] (6) An inmate receiving comprehensive health care from the department remains in
223	the custody of the Department of Corrections.
224	Section 2. Section 26B-4-903 is enacted to read:
225	26B-4-903. Requirements for certain treatments for inmates.
226	(1) The department may not initiate any of the following procedures or treatments for an
227	inmate:
228	(a) a cross-sex hormone treatment;
229	(b) a primary sex characteristic surgical procedure; or
230	(c) a secondary sex characteristic surgical procedure.
231	(2) Subject to Subsection (1) and Section 63-14-45, to treat an inmate's gender dysphoria
232	and any co-occurring mental health disorder, the department may provide

233	psychotherapy, mental healthcare, or any other necessary and appropriate treatment.
234	Section 15. Section 76-5-413 is amended to read:
235	76-5-413. Custodial sexual relations with youth receiving state services
236	Penalties Defenses and limitations.
237	(1)(a) As used in this section:
238	(i) "Actor" means:
239	(A) an individual employed by the Department of Health and Human Services
240	created in Section 26B-1-201, or an employee of a private provider or
241	contractor; or
242	(B) an individual employed by the juvenile court of the state, or an employee of a
243	private provider or contractor.
244	(ii) "Department" means the Department of Health and Human Services created in
245	Section 26B-1-201.
246	(iii) "Juvenile court" means the juvenile court of the state created in Section
247	78A-6-102.
248	(iv) "Private provider or contractor" means a person that contracts with the:
249	(A) department to provide services or functions that are part of the operation of
250	the department; or
251	(B) juvenile court to provide services or functions that are part of the operation of
252	the juvenile court.
253	(v) "Youth receiving state services" means an individual:
254	(A) younger than 18 years old, except as provided under Subsection (1)(a)(v)(B),
255	who is:
256	(I) in the custody of the department under Section 80-6-703; or
257	(II) receiving services from any division of the department if any portion of the
258	costs of these services is covered by public money; or
259	(B) younger than [21] 25 years old:
260	(I) who is in the custody of the Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth
261	Services, or the Division of Child and Family Services; or
262	(II) whose case is under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court.
263	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
264	(2)(a) Under circumstances not amounting to an offense listed in Subsection (4), an actor
265	commits custodial sexual relations with a youth receiving state services if:
266	(i) the actor commits any of the acts described in Subsection (2)(b): and

267	(11)(A) the actor knows that the individual is a youth receiving state services; or
268	(B) a reasonable person in the actor's position should have known under the
269	circumstances that the individual was a youth receiving state services.
270	(b) Acts referred to in Subsection (2)(a)(i) are:
271	(i) having sexual intercourse with a youth receiving state services;
272	(ii) engaging in any sexual act with a youth receiving state services involving the
273	genitals of one individual and the mouth or anus of another individual; or
274	(iii)(A) causing the penetration, however slight, of the genital or anal opening of a
275	youth receiving state services by any foreign object, substance, instrument, or
276	device, including a part of the human body; and
277	(B) with the intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any individual
278	or with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any individual.
279	(c) Any touching, even if accomplished through clothing, is sufficient to constitute the
280	relevant element of a violation of Subsection (2)(a).
281	(3)(a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a third degree felony.
282	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), if the youth receiving state services is younger
283	than 18 years old, a violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree felony.
284	(c) If the act committed under Subsection (2) amounts to an offense subject to a greater
285	penalty under another provision of state law than is provided under this Subsection
286	(3), this Subsection (3) does not prohibit prosecution and sentencing for the more
287	serious offense.
288	(4) The offenses referred to in Subsection (2) are:
289	(a) unlawful sexual activity with a minor, in violation of Section 76-5-401;
290	(b) rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402;
291	(c) rape of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-402.1;
292	(d) object rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402.2;
293	(e) object rape of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-402.3;
294	(f) forcible sodomy, in violation of Section 76-5-403;
295	(g) sodomy on a child, in violation of Section 76-5-403.1;
296	(h) forcible sexual abuse, in violation of Section 76-5-404;
297	(i) sexual abuse of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-404.1;
298	(j) aggravated sexual abuse of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-404.3;
299	(k) aggravated sexual assault, in violation of Section 76-5-405; or
300	(1) an attempt to commit an offense listed in Subsections (4)(a) through (4)(k)

- (5)(a) It is not a defense to the commission of, or an attempt to commit, the offense described in Subsection (2) if the youth receiving state services is younger than 18 years old, that the actor:
 (i) mistakenly believed the youth receiving state services to be 18 years old or older at the time of the alleged offense; or
- 306 (ii) was unaware of the true age of the youth receiving state services.
- 307 (b) Consent of the youth receiving state services is not a defense to any violation or attempted violation of Subsection (2).
- 309 (6) It is a defense that the commission by the actor of an act under Subsection (2) is the result of compulsion, as the defense is described in Subsection 76-2-302(1).
- Section 6. Section **80-5-102** is amended to read:
- 312 **80-5-102** . Definitions.
- 313 As used in this chapter:
- 314 (1) "Account" means the Juvenile Justice Reinvestment Restricted Account created in Section 80-5-302.
- 316 (2)(a) "Adult" means an individual who is 18 years old or older.
- 317 (b) "Adult" does not include a juvenile offender.
- 318 (3) "Aftercare services" means the same as the term "aftercare" is defined in 45 C.F.R.
- 319 1351.1.
- 320 (4) "Authority" means the Youth Parole Authority created in Section 80-5-701.
- 321 (5) "Control" means the authority to detain, restrict, and supervise a juvenile offender in a
- manner consistent with public safety and the well-being of the juvenile offender and
- 323 division employees.
- 324 (6) "Cross-sex hormone treatment" means the same as that term is defined in Section
- 325 26B-4-901.
- 326 [(6)] (7) "Director" means the director of the Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth
- 327 Services.
- 328 [(7)] (8) "Discharge" means the same as that term is defined in Section 80-6-102.
- 329 [(8)] (9) "Division" means the Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth Services created in
- 330 Section 80-5-103.
- 331 [(9)] (10) "Homeless youth" means a child, other than an emancipated minor:
- 332 (a) who is a runaway; or
- 333 (b) who is:
- (i) not accompanied by the child's parent or guardian; and

359

335	(ii) without care, as defined in Section 80-5-602.
336	(11) "Housing unit" means an area with secured entrances, minor rooms, and common area
337	space.
338	(12) "Minor room" means a secured room where an individual sleeps and uses restroom
339	facilities.
340	[(10)] (13) "Observation and assessment program" means a nonresidential service program
341	operated or purchased by the division that is responsible only for diagnostic assessment
342	of minors, including for substance use disorder, mental health, psychological, and sexual
343	behavior risk assessments.
344	[(11)] (14) "Performance based contracting" means a system of contracting with service
345	providers for the provision of residential or nonresidential services that:
346	(a) provides incentives for the implementation of evidence-based juvenile justice
347	programs or programs rated as effective for reducing recidivism by a standardized
348	tool in accordance with Section 63M-7-208; and
349	(b) provides a premium rate allocation for a minor who receives the evidence-based
350	dosage of treatment and successfully completes the program within three months.
350a	$\hat{H} \rightarrow (15)$ "Puberty inhibition drug treatment" means administering, prescribing, or
350b	supplying for effectuating or facilitating an individual's attempted sex change, any of the
350c	following alone or in combination with aromatase inhibitors:
350d	(a) gonadotropin-releasing hormone agonists; or
350e	(b) androgen receptor inhibitors.
351	$[\underline{(15)}]$ (16) $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ "Primary sex characteristic surgical procedure" means the same as that term is
351a	defined
352	in Section 26B-4-901.
353	$[(12) \hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \underline{(16)}] (\underline{17}) \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ "Rescission" means the same as that term is defined in Section 80-6-102.
354	$[(13) \hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \underline{(17)}]$ $\underline{(18)} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ "Restitution" means the same as that term is defined in Section 80-6-102.
355	$[(14) \hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow (18)]$ (19) $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ "Revocation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 80-6-102.
356	$\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{(19)}] \ (\underline{20}) \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ "Secondary sex characteristic surgical procedure" means the same as that term is
357	defined in Section 26B-4-901.
358	$[(15) \hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \underline{(20)}]$ (21) $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ "Temporary custody" means the same as that term is defined in Section
358a	80-6-102.

360 (a) provides temporary shelter to homeless youth; and

 $[\underbrace{(16)} \; \hat{\textbf{H}} \rightarrow \underbrace{(21)}] \; \underbrace{(22)} \leftarrow \hat{\textbf{H}} \quad \text{"Temporary homeless youth shelter" means a facility that:}$

- (b) is licensed by the Department of Health and Human Services, created in Section
 26B-1-201, as a residential support program.
- 363 $[(17) \hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow (22)]$ (23) $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ "Termination" means the same as that term is defined in Section 80-6-102.
- $[(18) \hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow (23)] (24) \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ "Victim" means the same as that term is defined in Section 80-6-102.
- 365 $[(19) \hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow (24)]$ $(25) \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ "Work program" means a nonresidential public or private service work
- 365a project
- established and administered by the division for juvenile offenders for the purpose of
- rehabilitation, education, and restitution to victims.
- 368 $[(20) \hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow (25)] (26) \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ (a) "Youth services" means services provided in an effort to resolve
- 368a family
 - 369 conflict:
 - 370 (i) for families in crisis when a minor is ungovernable or a runaway; or
 - 371 (ii) involving a minor and the minor's parent or guardian.
- 372 (b) "Youth services" include efforts to:
- 373 (i) resolve family conflict;
- (ii) maintain or reunite minors with the minors' families; and
- 375 (iii) divert minors from entering or escalating in the juvenile justice system.
- 376 (c) "Youth services" may provide:
- 377 (i) crisis intervention;
- 378 (ii) short-term shelter;
- 379 (iii) time-out placement; and
- 380 (iv) family counseling.
- 381 $[(21) \hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow (26)]$ $(27) \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ "Youth services center" means a center established by, or under contract
- 381a with,
- the division to provide youth services.
- Section 26. Section **80-5-209** is enacted to read:
- 384 **80-5-209** . Health care for minors in custody.
- 385 (1) The division may not initiate any of the following procedures or treatments for a minor:
- 386 (a) $\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{Puberty inhibition drug treatment}$
- 386a (b) $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{h}}$ a cross-sex hormone treatment;
- 387 $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [(\mathbf{b})]$ (c) $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ a primary sex characteristic surgical procedure; or
- 388 $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [(\mathbf{c})] (\mathbf{d}) \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ a secondary sex characteristic surgical procedure.
- 389 (2) Subject to Subsection (1) and Sections 80-5-501 and 80-5-503 regarding housing a

390	minor, to treat a minor's gender dysphoria and any co-occurring mental health disorder,
391	the division may provide psychotherapy, mental health care, or any other necessary and
392	appropriate treatment.
393	Section 7. Section 80-5-501 is amended to read:
394	80-5-501 . Detention facilities and services.
395	(1) The division shall provide detention facilities and services in each county, or group of
396	counties, as the population demands, in accordance with this chapter.
397	(2)(a) The division is responsible for development, implementation, and administration
398	of home detention services available in every judicial district.
399	(b) The division shall establish criteria for placement in home detention.
400	(3) The division shall provide training regarding implementation of the rules made under
401	Subsection 80-5-202(1)(a) to law enforcement agencies, division employees, juvenile
402	court employees, and other affected agencies and individuals upon their request.
403	(4) The division may not allow a male individual and female individual to share a minor
404	room in a detention facility.
405	Section 8. Section 80-5-503 is amended to read:
406	80-5-503 . Secure care facilities.
407	(1) The division shall maintain and operate secure care facilities for the custody and
408	rehabilitation of juvenile offenders:
409	(a) who pose a danger of serious bodily harm to others;
410	(b) who cannot be controlled in a less secure setting; or
411	(c) who have engaged in a pattern of conduct characterized by persistent and serious
412	criminal offenses that, as demonstrated through the use of other alternatives, cannot
413	be controlled in a less secure setting.
414	(2)(a) The director shall appoint an administrator for each secure care facility.
415	(b) An administrator of a secure care facility shall have experience in social work, law,
416	criminology, corrections, or a related field, and in administration.
417	(3)(a)(i) The division, in cooperation with the State Board of Education, shall provide
418	instruction, or make instruction available, to juvenile offenders in secure care
419	facilities.
420	(ii) The instruction shall be appropriate to the age, needs, and range of abilities of the
421	juvenile offender.
422	(b) A secure care facility shall:
423	(i) assess each invenile offender to determine the invenile offender's abilities

424	possible learning disabilities, interests, attitudes, and other attributes related to
425	appropriate educational programs; and
426	(ii) provide prevocational education to juvenile offenders to acquaint juvenile
427	offenders with vocations, and vocational requirements and opportunities.
428	(4)(a) The division shall place juvenile offenders who have been committed to the
429	division for secure care in a secure care facility, operated by the division or by a
430	private entity, that is appropriate to ensure that humane care and rehabilitation
431	opportunities are afforded to the juvenile offender.
432	(b) The division shall have separate housing units for male individuals and female
433	individuals in secure care facilities.
434	(5) The division shall adopt standards, policies, and procedures for the regulation and
435	operation of secure care facilities, consistent with state and federal law.
436	Section 27. Effective Date.
437	This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.