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## **Animal Composting Amendments**

## 2025 GENERAL SESSION

## STATE OF UTAH

# Chief Sponsor: Michael L. Kohler

Senate Sponsor: Derrin R. Owens

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3	LONG TITLE
4	General Description:
5	This bill addresses farm or ranch operations that relate to animal composting.
6	Highlighted Provisions:
7	This bill:
8	<ul> <li>modifies the definition of a commercial nonhazardous solid waste treatment, storage, or</li> </ul>
9	disposal facility to exclude certain farm or ranch operations; and
10	<ul> <li>makes technical changes.</li> </ul>
11	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
12	None
13	Other Special Clauses:
14	None
15	Utah Code Sections Affected:
16	AMENDS:
17	19-6-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 206
18 19	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
20	Section 1. Section <b>19-6-102</b> is amended to read:
21	19-6-102 . Definitions.
22	As used in this part:
23	(1) "Board" means the Waste Management and Radiation Control Board created in Section
24	19-1-106.
25	(2) "Closure plan" means a plan under Section 19-6-108 to close a facility or site at which
26	the owner or operator has disposed of nonhazardous solid waste or has treated, stored, or
27	disposed of hazardous waste including, if applicable, a plan to provide postclosure care
28	at the facility or site.
29	(3)(a) "Commercial nonhazardous solid waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility"
30	means a facility that receives, for profit, nonhazardous solid waste for treatment,

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31	storage, or disposal.
32	(b) "Commercial nonhazardous solid waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility" does
33	not include a commercial facility that:
34	(i) receives waste for recycling;
35	(ii) receives waste to be used as fuel, in compliance with federal and state
36	requirements;
37	(iii) is solely under contract with a local government within the state to dispose of
38	nonhazardous solid waste generated within the boundaries of the local
39	government; [ <del>or</del> ]
40	(iv) receives only waste from the exploration and production of oil and gas[-] ; or
41	(v) is a farm or ranch operation that receives animal mortality or animal offal waste:
42	(A) for the purpose of composting or beneficial reuse; and
43	(B) from a facility that processes $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{\text{the animal}}]$ one or more
43a	<b>animals</b> $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ supplied by the farm or ranch
44	operation.
45	(4) "Construction waste or demolition waste":
46	(a) means waste from building materials, packaging, and rubble resulting from
47	construction, demolition, remodeling, and repair of pavements, houses, commercial
48	buildings, and other structures, and from road building and land clearing; and
49	(b) does not include:
50	(i) asbestos;
51	(ii) contaminated soils or tanks resulting from remediation or cleanup at a release or
52	spill;
53	(iii) waste paints;
54	(iv) solvents;
55	(v) sealers;
56	(vi) adhesives; or
57	(vii) hazardous or potentially hazardous materials similar to that described in
58	Subsections (4)(b)(i) through (vi).
59	(5) "Director" means the director of the Division of Waste Management and Radiation
60	Control.
61	(6) "Disposal" means the discharge, deposit, injection, dumping, spilling, leaking, or
62	placing of any solid or hazardous waste into or on land or water so that the waste or any
63	constituent of the waste may enter the environment, be emitted into the air, or

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64	discharged into any waters, including groundwaters.
65	(7) "Division" means the Division of Waste Management and Radiation Control, created in
66	Subsection 19-1-105(1)(d).
67	(8) "Generation" or "generated" means the act or process of producing nonhazardous solid
68	or hazardous waste.
69	(9)(a) "Hazardous waste" means a solid waste or combination of solid wastes other than
70	household waste that, because of its quantity, concentration, or physical, chemical, or
71	infectious characteristics may cause or significantly contribute to an increase in
72	mortality or an increase in serious irreversible or incapacitating reversible illness or
73	may pose a substantial present or potential hazard to human health or the
74	environment when improperly treated, stored, transported, disposed of, or otherwise
75	managed.
76	(b) "Hazardous waste" does not include those wastes listed in 40 C.F.R. Sec. 261.4(b).
77	(10) "Health facility" means a:
78	(a) hospital;
79	(b) psychiatric hospital;
80	(c) home health agency;
81	(d) hospice;
82	(e) skilled nursing facility;
83	(f) intermediate care facility;
84	(g) intermediate care facility for people with an intellectual disability;
85	(h) residential health care facility;
86	(i) maternity home or birthing center;
87	(j) free standing ambulatory surgical center;
88	(k) facility owned or operated by a health maintenance organization;
89	(1) state renal disease treatment center, including a free standing hemodialysis unit;
90	(m) the office of a private physician or dentist whether for individual or private practice;
91	(n) veterinary clinic; or
92	(o) mortuary.
93	(11) "Household waste" means any waste material, including garbage, trash, and sanitary
94	wastes in septic tanks, derived from households, including single-family and
95	multiple-family residences, hotels and motels, bunk houses, ranger stations, crew
96	quarters, campgrounds, picnic grounds, and day-use recreation areas.
97	(12) "Infectious waste" means a solid waste that contains or may reasonably be expected to

98	contain pathogens of sufficient virulence and quantity that exposure to the waste by a
99	susceptible host could result in an infectious disease.
100	(13) "Manifest" means the form used for identifying the quantity, composition, origin,
101	routing, and destination of hazardous waste during its transportation from the point of
102	generation to the point of disposal, treatment, or storage.
103	(14) "Mixed waste" means material that is a hazardous waste as defined in this chapter and
104	is also radioactive as defined in Section 19-3-102.
105	(15) "Modification request" means a request under Section 19-6-108 to modify a permitted
106	facility or site for the purpose of disposing of nonhazardous solid waste or treating,
107	storing, or disposing of hazardous waste.
108	(16) "Operation plan" or "nonhazardous solid or hazardous waste operation plan" means a
109	plan or approval under Section 19-6-108, including:
110	(a) a plan to own, construct, or operate a facility or site for the purpose of transferring,
111	treating, or disposing of nonhazardous solid waste or treating, storing, or disposing of
112	hazardous waste;
113	(b) a closure plan;
114	(c) a modification request; or
115	(d) an approval that the director is authorized to issue.
116	(17) "Permit" includes an operation plan.
117	(18) "Permittee" means a person who is obligated under an operation plan.
118	(19)(a) "Solid waste" means garbage, refuse, sludge, including sludge from a waste
119	treatment plant, water supply treatment plant, or air pollution control facility, or other
120	discarded material, including solid, liquid, semi-solid, or contained gaseous material
121	resulting from industrial, commercial, mining, or agricultural operations and from
122	community activities.
123	(b) "Solid waste" does not include solid or dissolved materials in domestic sewage or in
124	irrigation return flows or discharges for which a permit is required under Title 19,
125	Chapter 5, Water Quality Act, or under the Water Pollution Control Act, 33 U.S.C.
126	Sec. 1251 et seq.
127	(c) "Solid waste" does not include metal that is:
128	(i) purchased as a valuable commercial commodity; and
129	(ii) not otherwise hazardous waste or subject to conditions of the federal hazardous
130	waste regulations, including the requirements for recyclable materials found at 40
131	C.F.R. 261.6.

132	(d) "Solid waste" does not include post-use polymers or recovered feedstock, as those
133	terms are defined in Section 19-6-502, converted or held at an advanced recycling
134	facility.
135	(20) "Solid waste management facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section
136	19-6-502.
137	(21) "Storage" means the actual or intended containment of solid or hazardous waste either
138	on a temporary basis or for a period of years in such a manner as not to constitute
139	disposal of the waste.
140	(22)(a) "Transfer" means the collection of nonhazardous solid waste from a permanent,
141	fixed, supplemental collection facility for movement to a vehicle for movement to an
142	offsite nonhazardous solid waste storage or disposal facility.
143	(b) "Transfer" does not mean:
144	(i) the act of moving nonhazardous solid waste from one location to another location
145	on the site where the nonhazardous solid waste is generated; or
146	(ii) placement of nonhazardous solid waste on the site where the nonhazardous solid
147	waste is generated in preparation for movement off that site.
148	(23) "Transportation" means the off-site movement of solid or hazardous waste to any
149	intermediate point or to any point of storage, treatment, or disposal.
150	(24) "Treatment" means a method, technique, or process designed to change the physical,
151	chemical, or biological character or composition of any solid or hazardous waste so as to
152	neutralize the waste or render the waste nonhazardous, safer for transport, amenable for
153	recovery, amenable to storage, or reduced in volume.
154	(25) "Underground storage tank" means a tank that is regulated under Subtitle I of the
155	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 6991 et seq.
156	Section 2. Effective Date.

157 <u>This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.</u>