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**Utah Code Sections Affected:** 

AMENDS:

## **Kristen Chevrier** proposes the following substitute bill:

## **Automatic License Plate Reader Amendments**

## 2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

**Chief Sponsor: Kristen Chevrier** 

Senate Sponsor: Daniel McCay
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies and establishes requirements for the use of automatic license plate reader
systems.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
• defines terms;
provides for authorized uses for automatic license plate reader systems by:
law enforcement agencies; and
• other governmental entities;
• establishes reporting requirements regarding the use of automatic license plate reader
systems for:
law enforcement agencies; and
<ul> <li>other governmental entities;</li> </ul>
• creates standards for data obtained from an automatic license plate reader system,
including:
data security;
<ul> <li>retention; and</li> </ul>
• sharing; and
makes technical changes.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None

- 29 **41-6a-2002**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 251 30 **41-6a-2003**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 251 31 **41-6a-2004**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 524 32 **41-6a-2005**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 524 33 **41-6a-2006**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 524 34 **ENACTS:** 35 **41-6a-2003.1**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 36 **41-6a-2003.2**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 37 **41-6a-2003.3**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 38 **41-6a-2003.4**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 39 **41-6a-2003.5**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 40 41 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:* 42 Section 1. Section **41-6a-2002** is amended to read:
- 43 41-6a-2002 . Definitions.
  - As used in this chapter:

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- (1) "Active criminal investigation" means [an] a law enforcement officer has [documented] established reasonable articulable suspicion that a crime is being or has been committed, and believes the suspected criminal activity may be connected to a vehicle, a registered owner of a vehicle, or an occupant of a vehicle.
- (2) "Aggregated captured plate data" means de-identified captured plate data created by:
- 50 (a) combining multiple sets of captured plate data; and
  - (b) removing any information that relates to an identified or identifiable individual.
  - [(2)] (3) "Automatic license plate reader system" means a system of one or more mobile or fixed automated high-speed cameras used in combination with computer algorithms to convert an image of a license plate into computer-readable data.
  - [(3)] (4) "Captured plate data" means the global positioning system coordinates, date and time, photograph, license plate number, and any other data captured by or derived from an automatic license plate reader system operated by a governmental entity.
- (5) "Commission" means the State Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice created in 58 59 Section 63M-7-201.
- 60 (6) "Department" means the Department of Transportation created in Section 72-1-201.
- 61 (7) "Fixed automatic license plate reader system" means an automatic license plate reader 62 system that remains in a stationary location and is only able to obtain captured plate data

63	that passes within view of the automatic license plate reader system.
64	[(4)] (8)(a) "Governmental entity" means[:] the same as that term is defined in Section
65	<u>63G-2-103.</u>
66	[(i) executive department agencies of the state;]
67	[(ii) the offices of the governor, the lieutenant governor, the state auditor, the attorney
68	general, and the state treasurer;]
69	[(iii) the Board of Pardons and Parole;]
70	[(iv) the Board of Examiners;]
71	[(v) the National Guard;]
72	[(vi) the Career Service Review Office;]
73	[(vii) the State Board of Education;]
74	[(viii) the Utah Board of Higher Education;]
75	[(ix) the State Archives;]
76	[(x) the Office of the Legislative Auditor General;]
77	[(xi) the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst;]
78	[(xii) the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel;]
79	[(xiii) the Legislature;]
80	[(xiv) legislative committees, except any political party, group, caucus, or rules or
81	sifting committee of the Legislature;]
82	[(xv) courts, the Judicial Council, the Administrative Office of the Courts, and
83	similar administrative units in the judicial branch;]
84	[(xvi) any state-funded institution of higher education or public education;]
85	[(xvii) any political subdivision of the state; or]
86	[(xviii) a law enforcement agency.]
87	(b) "Governmental entity" includes[÷]
88	[(i) every office, agency, board, bureau, committee, department, advisory board, or
89	commission of an entity listed in Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (xviii) that is
90	funded or established by the government to carry out the public's business; or]
91	[(ii)] _a person acting as an agent of a governmental entity or acting on behalf of a
92	governmental entity.
93	[(5)] (9) "Government website" means the same as that term is defined in Section
94	63A-19-101.
95	(10) "Hotlist" means the compilation of license plate numbers or other identifying
96	information maintained by the Federal Bureau of Investigation's National Crime

97	Information Center against which captured plate data is compared to generate an alert
98	when a particular license plate is detected.
99	(11) "Identify" means to search and review captured plate data to determine potential
100	vehicles of interest in connection with:
101	(a) an active criminal investigation; or
102	(b) an authorized law enforcement use described in Section 41-6a-2003.1.
103	(12) "Known vehicle" means a vehicle for which law enforcement has specific identifying
104	information, including the license plate number or a detailed physical description of the
105	vehicle.
106	(13)(a) "Law enforcement agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section
107	<u>53-1-102.</u>
108	(b) "Law enforcement agency" includes a law enforcement officer.
109	(14) "Locate" means to use captured plate data to determine the last known location of a
110	known vehicle in connection with:
111	(a) an active criminal investigation; or
112	(b) an authorized law enforcement use described in Section 41-6a-2003.1.
113	(15) "Mobile automatic license plate reader system" means an automatic license plate
114	reader system attached to a vehicle which obtains captured plate data while the vehicle is
115	moving or stationary.
116	(16) "Nongovernmental entity" means a person that is not a governmental entity.
116a	$\hat{H} \rightarrow (17)$ "Operates" means to own the data captured by an automatic license plate
116b	<u>reader system.</u>
117	$[\underline{(17)}]$ (18) $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ "Parking enforcement entity" means a governmental entity that is
117a	primarily responsible
118	<u>for:</u>
119	(a) enforcing state and local parking or traffic laws; or
120	(b) regulating the use of a parking facility.
121	$[(6) \hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \underline{(18)}]$ $(\underline{19}) \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ "Secured area" means an area, enclosed by clear boundaries, to
121a	which access is
122	limited and not open to the public and entry is only obtainable through specific
123	access-control points.
124	$\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{(19)}] \ (\underline{20}) \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}} \ \underline{\text{"Track" means to use captured plate data to monitor and record}}$
124a	the movement of a
125	known vehicle over time in connection with:

126	(a) an active criminal investigation; or
127	(b) an authorized law enforcement use described in Section 41-6a-2003.1.
128	$\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{(20)}] \ (\underline{21}) \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ "Vehicle of interest" means a vehicle that is not a known vehicle
128a	that may have been
129	involved in a crime.
130	Section 2. Section 41-6a-2003 is amended to read:
131	41-6a-2003. Automatic license plate reader systems Restrictions.
132	[(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a governmental entity may not use an automatic
133	license plate reader system.]
134	(1) A governmental entity may use an automatic license plate reader system or process
135	captured plate data only if:
136	(a) authorized by this part; and
137	(b) not used for a purpose described in Subsection (2).
138	(2) A governmental entity may not use an automatic license plate reader system to:
139	(a) target an individual based on the individual's exercise of rights protected by the First
140	Amendment of the United States Constitution; or
141	(b) discriminate against an individual based on the individual's race, color, religion, sex,
142	national origin, age, disability, or genetic information.
143	[(2) Subject to Subsection (3), an automatic license plate reader system may be used:]
144	[(a) by a law enforcement agency to access captured license plate data:]
145	[(i) as part of an active criminal investigation;]
146	[(ii) to apprehend an individual with an outstanding warrant;]
147	[(iii) to locate a missing or endangered person; or]
148	[(iv) to locate a stolen vehicle;]
149	[(b) by a law enforcement agency to access the Utah Criminal Justice Information
150	System to:]
151	[(i) verify valid vehicle registration information;]
152	[(ii) confirm vehicle identification;]
153	[(iii) verify insurance information; or]
154	[(iv) identify a stolen vehicle;]
155	[(c) by a governmental parking enforcement entity for the purpose of enforcing state and
156	local parking laws;]
157	[(d) by a parking enforcement entity for regulating the use of a parking facility;]
158	[(e) for the purpose of controlling access to a secured area;]

159	[(f) for the purpose of collecting an electronic toll;]
160	[(g) for the purpose of enforcing motor carrier laws;]
161	[(h) by a public transit district for the purpose of assessing parking needs and conducting
162	a travel pattern analysis;]
163	[(i) by an institution of higher education within the state system of higher education as
164	described in Section 53B-1-102:]
165	[(i) for a purpose described in Subsections (2)(a) through (e); or]
166	[(ii) if the data collected is anonymized, for research and educational purposes;]
167	[(j) by the Utah Inland Port Authority, created in Section 11-58-201, or by a contractor
168	of the Utah Inland Port Authority with the approval of the board of the Utah Inland
169	Port Authority, if:]
170	[(i) the automatic license plate reader system is used only within a project area, as
171	defined in Section 11-58-102, of the Utah Inland Port Authority;]
172	[(ii) the purpose of using the automatic license plate reader system is to improve
173	supply chain efficiency or the efficiency of the movement of goods by analyzing
174	and researching data related to commercial vehicle traffic; and]
175	[(iii) specific license plate information is anonymized; or]
176	[(k) by an international airport owned by a governmental entity for the purpose of
177	promoting efficient regulation and implementation of traffic control and direction,
178	parking, security, and other similar operational objectives on the airport campus.]
179	[(3) A law enforcement agency may not use an automatic license plate reader system unless:
180	[(a) the law enforcement agency has a written policy regarding the use, management,
181	and auditing of the automatic license plate reader system;]
182	[(b) for any stationary device installed with the purpose of capturing license plate data of
183	vehicles traveling on a state highway, the law enforcement agency obtains a special
184	use permit as described in Section 72-1-212 from the Department of Transportation
185	before installing the device; and]
186	[(c) the policy under Subsection (3)(a) and any special use permits granted in accordance
187	with Subsection (3)(b) are:
188	[(i) posted and publicly available on the appropriate city, county, or state website; or
189	[(ii) posted on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601 if the
190	law enforcement agency does not have access to a website under Subsection
191	<del>(3)(e)(i).</del> ]
192	Section 3. Section 41-6a-2003.1 is enacted to read:

193	41-6a-2003.1 . Authorized uses by law enforcement agencies.
194	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (2) and (3), a law enforcement agency may not use
195	an automatic license plate reader system.
196	(2)(a) A law enforcement agency may use a mobile or fixed automatic license plate
197	reader system:
198	(i) as part of an active criminal investigation to:
199	(A) identify a vehicle of interest;
200	(B) locate a known vehicle; or
201	(C) track a known vehicle; or
202	(ii) to:
203	(A) apprehend an individual with an outstanding felony warrant;
204	(B) find a missing or endangered person;
205	(C) locate a stolen vehicle;
206	(D) confirm vehicle identification; or
207	(E) generate an alert by comparing captured plate data against a hotlist that meets
208	the requirements of Section 41-6a-2003.2.
209	(b) In addition to the uses authorized in Subsection (2)(a), a law enforcement agency
210	may use a mobile license plate reader to:
211	(i) verify valid vehicle registration information; or
212	(ii) verify insurance information.
213	(3) A law enforcement agency may use a fixed automatic license plate reader system on a
214	state highway only if:
215	(a) the law enforcement agency has obtained a special use permit as described in Section
216	72-1-212 from the department before installing the automatic license plate reader
217	system; and
218	(b) the special use permit is prominently posted on the law enforcement agency's
219	government website.
220	Section 4. Section 41-6a-2003.2 is enacted to read:
221	41-6a-2003.2 . Hotlist requirements.
222	(1) An automatic license plate reader system shall obtain and maintain the most current
223	version of the hotlist at least once every 24 hours.
224	(2) Before engaging an occupant of a vehicle based on a hotlist alert, a law enforcement
225	agency shall confirm that:
226	(a) the license plate on the vehicle matches the license plate on the hotlist alert; and

227	(b) the hotlist alert relates to an authorized law enforcement use described in Section
228	<u>41-6a-2003.1.</u>
229	Section 5. Section 41-6a-2003.3 is enacted to read:
230	41-6a-2003.3 . Law enforcement agency reporting requirements.
231	(1) An automatic license plate reader system used by a law enforcement agency shall:
232	(a) provide automated logging capabilities that record:
233	(i) the total number of vehicles from which captured plate data was obtained;
234	(ii) the total number of hotlist alerts;
235	(iii) the total number of searches and queries of captured plate data performed by a
236	law enforcement agency; and
237	(iv) for each search or query by a law enforcement agency:
238	(A) the date and time of the search or query;
239	(B) the vehicle or individual of interest, if applicable;
240	(C) the law enforcement agency's case number associated with the search or
241	query; and
242	(D) the name of the law enforcement officer who performed the search or query;
243	<u>and</u>
244	(b) maintain an unalterable record of system access and use.
245	(2) Beginning July 1, 2025, a law enforcement agency that uses an automatic license plate
246	reader system shall:
247	(a) maintain a log of the information described in Subsection (1)(a);
248	(b) create an annual report for the previous calendar year containing:
249	(i) data from the log described in Subsection (2)(a);
250	(ii) the number of automatic license plate reader systems operated by the law
251	enforcement agency, including the number of:
252	(A) fixed automatic license plate reader systems by zip code; and
253	(B) mobile automatic license plate reader systems;
254	(iii) case numbers associated with hotlist alerts and any search or query; and
255	(iv) total number of law enforcement actions resulting from a hotlist alert;
256	(c) conduct an annual internal audit to ensure compliance with this part; and
257	(d) on or before March 1 of each year, beginning March 1, 2026, submit to the
258	commission:
259	(i) the annual report described in Subsection (2)(b); and
260	(ii) key findings from the audit described in Subsection (2)(c)

261	(3) A law enforcement agency shall:
262	(a) retain any records created under this section for a minimum of five years from the
263	date the records were created;
264	(b) dispose of the records in accordance with the appropriate records' retention schedule.
265	(4) A law enforcement agency shall compile the report described in Subsection (2)(d) in a
266	standardized format developed by the commission under Subsection (5).
267	(5) The commission shall:
268	(a) develop a standardized format for a law enforcement agency to report the
269	information described in Subsection (2)(d);
270	(b) compile the information received from law enforcement agencies pursuant to
271	Subsection (2)(d);
272	(c) publish on the commission's website on or before July 1 of each year a compilation
273	of the information received pursuant to Subsection (2)(d); and
274	(d) provide to the Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim Committee on or
275	before September 30 of each year a report that includes:
276	(i) a summary of the information received pursuant to Subsection (2)(d);
277	(ii) recommended legislation;
278	(iii) suggested items for further study; and
279	(iv) recommendations for improving data collection under this section.
280	Section 6. Section 41-6a-2003.4 is enacted to read:
281	41-6a-2003.4 . Authorized use for governmental entities Reporting
282	requirements.
283	(1) Except as provided in this section, a governmental entity that is not a law enforcement
284	agency may not use an automatic license plate reader system.
285	(2) An automatic license plate reader system may be used by:
286	(a) a parking enforcement entity for the purpose of:
287	(i) enforcing state and local parking or traffic laws; or
288	(ii) regulating a parking facility;
289	(b) a governmental entity that maintains a secured area for the purpose of controlling
290	access to the secured area; and
291	(c) the department for the purpose of:
292	(i) collecting an electronic toll on a highway; or
293	(ii) enforcing motor carrier laws.
294	(3) Aggregated captured plate data may be used by:

295	(a) a public transit district, as defined in Section 17B-2a-802, for the purpose of
296	assessing parking needs or conducting a travel pattern analysis;
297	(b) an educational institution within the Utah System of Higher Education described in
298	Section 53B-1-102 for research and educational purposes;
299	(c) the Utah Inland Port Authority created in Section 11-58-201, or a contractor of the
300	Utah Inland Port Authority, for the purpose of improving supply chain efficiency or
301	the efficiency of the movement of goods by analyzing and researching data related to
302	commercial vehicle traffic if the:
303	(i) Utah Inland Port Authority's board, created in Section 11-58-301, has approved
304	the use of an automatic license plate reader system; and
305	(ii) the automatic license plate reader system is only used within a project area of the
306	Inland Port Authority; and
307	(d) an international airport for the purpose of:
308	(i) promoting efficient regulation; and
309	(ii) implementing traffic control and direction, parking, security, and other similar
310	operational objectives.
311	(4) An automatic license plate reader system used by a governmental entity authorized
312	under this section shall:
313	(a) provide automated logging capabilities that record:
314	(i) the total number of vehicles from which captured plate data was obtained;
315	(ii) the total number of searches and queries of captured plate data performed by the
316	governmental entity; and
317	(iii) for each search or query by the governmental entity:
318	(A) the date and time of the search or query; and
319	(B) the name of the governmental entity employee who performed the search or
320	query; and
321	(b) maintain an unalterable record of system access and use.
322	(5) Beginning July 1, 2025, a governmental entity that uses an automatic license plate
323	reader system under this section shall:
324	(a) maintain a log of the information described in Subsection (4)(a); and
325	(b) create an annual report for the previous calendar year containing:
326	(i) the number of automatic license plate reader systems operated by the
327	governmental entity, including the number of:
328	(A) fixed automatic license plate reader systems by zip code; and

329	(B) mobile automatic license plate reader systems;
330	(ii) the type of captured plate data obtained by an automatic license plate reader
331	system used by the governmental entity;
332	(iii) how the governmental entity used the captured plate data;
333	(iv) the type of aggregated captured plate data used by the governmental entity;
334	(v) how the governmental entity used the aggregated captured plate data; and
335	(vi) an attestation from the governmental entity's chief administrative officer that the
336	governmental entity is in compliance with this part.
337	(6) A governmental entity shall retain the records created under this section for five years
338	from the date the records were created.
339	Section 7. Section 41-6a-2003.5 is enacted to read:
340	$\underline{41-6a-2003.5}$ . Duties of governmental entities.
341	A governmental entity authorized to use an automatic license plate reader system under
342	this part shall:
343	(1) ensure that all captured plate data is encrypted or otherwise rendered unusable,
344	unreadable, or indecipherable to an unauthorized individual through a security
345	technology or methodology generally accepted in the field of information security;
346	(2) require all employees of the governmental entity who use an automatic license plate
347	reader system or captured plate data to receive training on:
348	(a) the requirements of this part; and
349	(b) the governmental entity's policies regarding the use of an automatic license plate
350	reader system or captured plate data;
351	(3) only use the minimum amount of captured plate data necessary to effectuate a purpose
352	authorized by this part; and
353	(4) prominently post on the governmental entity's government website a public notice
354	which describes:
355	(a) the purpose for which the governmental entity uses an automatic license plate reader
356	system;
357	(b) what captured plate data is collected by any automatic license plate reader system
358	used by the governmental entity;
359	(c) how the governmental entity uses captured plate data;
360	(d) the legal authority which establishes the governmental entity's eligibility to use an
361	automatic license plate reader system; and
362	(e) the record series in which the captured plate data is included.

363	Section 8. Section 41-6a-2004 is amended to read:
364	41-6a-2004 . Captured plate data Retention.
365	[(1) Captured plate data obtained for the purposes described in Section 41-6a-2003:]
366	[(a) in accordance with Section 63G-2-305, is a protected record under Title 63G,
367	Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act, if the captured plate
368	data is maintained by a governmental entity;]
369	[(b) may not be used or shared for any purpose other than the purposes described in
370	Section 41-6a-2003;]
371	[(e) except as provided in Subsection (3), may not be preserved for more than nine
372	months by a governmental entity except pursuant to:]
373	[(i) a preservation request under Section 41-6a-2005;]
374	[(ii) a disclosure order under Subsection 41-6a-2005(2); or]
375	[(iii) a warrant issued under the Utah Rules of Criminal Procedure or an equivalent
376	federal warrant; and]
377	[(d) may only be disclosed:]
378	[(i) in accordance with the disclosure requirements for a protected record under
379	<del>Section 63G-2-202;</del> ]
380	[(ii) pursuant to a disclosure order under Subsection 41-6a-2005(2); or]
381	[(iii) pursuant to a warrant issued under the Utah Rules of Criminal Procedure or an
382	equivalent federal warrant.]
383	[(2)(a) A governmental entity that is authorized to use an automatic license plate reader
384	system under this part may not sell captured plate data for any purpose.]
385	[(b) A governmental entity that is authorized to use an automatic license plate reader
386	system under this part may not share or use captured plate data for a purpose not
387	authorized under Subsection 41-6a-2003(2).]
388	[(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, a governmental entity may preserve
389	and disclose aggregate captured plate data for planning and statistical purposes if the
390	information identifying a specific license plate is not preserved or disclosed.]
391	[(3) Plate data collected in accordance with Section 72-6-118 may be preserved so long as
392	necessary to collect the payment of a toll or penalty imposed in accordance with Section
393	72-6-118 and the nine-month preservation limitation described in Subsection (1)(c) shall
394	not apply.]
395	[(4)(a) Except as provided in Subsections (1)(c)(i) through (1)(c)(iii), a governmental
396	entity shall destroy as soon as reasonably possible, in an unrecoverable manner, plate

397	data obtained pursuant to this chapter that is not specifically necessary to achieve the
398	authorized objectives under Subsection 41-6a-2003(2).]
399	[(b) Subsection (4)(a) applies to data a governmental entity obtains:]
400	[(i) from a nongovernmental entity pursuant to a warrant; or]
401	[(ii) from an automatic license plate reader system owned or operated by a
402	governmental entity.]
403	(1) A governmental entity that obtains captured plate data from an automatic license plate
404	reader system shall:
405	(a) retain the captured plate data for at least 14 days from the date of capture; and
406	(b) except as provided in Subsections (2) and (3), delete or destroy the captured plate
407	data within 90 days from the date of capture in a manner that makes the data
408	unrecoverable.
409	(2) A governmental entity may retain captured plate data beyond 90 days:
410	(a) for criminal matters, if the captured plate data:
411	(i) is intended to be used as evidence in an ongoing criminal investigation or
412	prosecution; and
413	(ii) is retained in accordance with Title 77, Chapter 11c, Retention of Evidence; or
414	(b) for civil matters, if the captured plate data is:
415	(i) related to an ongoing civil enforcement action; and
416	(ii) retained pursuant to the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
417	(3) For captured plate data collected by a governmental entity in accordance with Section
418	<u>72-6-118:</u>
419	(a) the data:
420	(i) may be preserved for as long as necessary to collect the payment of a toll or
421	penalty imposed in accordance with Section 72-6-118; and
422	(ii) is exempt from:
423	(A) the 14-day minimum retention requirement described in Subsection (1)(a); and
424	(B) the 90-day preservation requirement described in Subsection (1)(b); and
425	(b) except as provided in Subsection (3)(a), a governmental entity shall destroy the
426	captured plate data, as soon as reasonably possible, in an unrecoverable manner.
427	(4) A governmental entity may retain aggregated captured plate data:
428	(a) to comply with the auditing and reporting requirements described in Sections
429	41-6a-2003.2 and 41-6a-2003.3; and
430	(b) for planning and statistical purposes.

431	Section 9. Section 41-6a-2005 is amended to read:
432	41-6a-2005 . Disclosure of captured plate data.
433	[(1) A person or governmental entity using an automatic license plate reader system shall
434	take all steps necessary to preserve captured plate data in its possession for 14 days after
435	the date the data is captured pending the issuance of a court order requiring the
436	disclosure of the captured plate data if a governmental entity or defendant in a criminal
437	ease requesting the captured plate data submits a written statement to the person or
438	governmental entity using an automatic license plate reader system:]
439	[(a) requesting the person or governmental entity to preserve the captured plate data;]
440	[(b) identifying:]
441	[(i) the camera or cameras for which captured plate data shall be preserved;]
442	[(ii) the license plate for which captured plate data shall be preserved; or]
443	[(iii) the dates and time frames for which captured plate data shall be preserved; and]
444	[(e) notifying the person or governmental entity maintaining the captured plate data that
445	the governmental entity or defendant in a criminal case is applying for a court order
446	for disclosure of the captured plate data.]
447	(1) Captured plate data:
448	(a) is a protected record in accordance with Section 63G-2-305; and
449	(b) may not be shared or disclosed for any purpose other than the purposes specifically
450	described in this part.
451	(2) Captured plate data captured by a law enforcement agency may only be shared with
452	another law enforcement agency:
453	(a) under the sharing provisions in Section 63G-2-206; and
454	(b) pursuant to a data sharing agreement which requires the requesting law enforcement
455	agency to comply with all requirements of this part.
456	(3) A governmental entity authorized to use an automatic license plate reader system under
457	this part may not sell captured plate data for any reason.
458	[(2)] (4)(a) A governmental entity or defendant in a criminal case may apply for a court
459	order for the disclosure of captured plate data possessed by a governmental entity.
460	(b) A court [that is a court of competent jurisdiction ]shall issue [a court] an order
461	requiring the disclosure of captured plate data if the governmental entity or defendant
462	in a criminal case offers specific and articulable facts showing that there are
463	reasonable grounds to believe that the captured plate data is relevant and material to
464	an ongoing criminal or missing person investigation.

465	[(3) Captured plate data that is the subject of an application for a disclosure order under
466	Subsection (2) may be destroyed at the later of:]
467	[(a) the date that an application for an order under Subsection (2) is denied and any
468	appeal exhausted;]
469	[(b) the end of 14 days, if the person or governmental entity does not otherwise preserve
470	the captured plate data; or]
471	[(e) the end of the period described in Subsection 41-6a-2004(1)(e).]
472	[(4) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), a governmental entity may enter into a memorandum
473	of understanding with another governmental entity to share access to an automatic
474	license plate reader system or captured plate data otherwise authorized by this part.]
475	(5) Ĥ→ Except as provided in Subsection (6), a [A governmental entity]
475a	<u>law enforcement agency</u> $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ may obtain, receive, or use [ <u>eaptured plate data from</u> ] <u>data</u>
476	captured from an automatic license plate reader system operated by a nongovernmental
477	entity only:
478	(a)(i) $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathbf{to}} \ \underline{\mathbf{identify}} \ \mathbf{a} \ \underline{\mathbf{vehicle}} \ \mathbf{of} \ \underline{\mathbf{interest}}, \underline{\mathbf{if}} :$
478a	(A) the nongovernmental entity that operates the automatic license plate reader
478b	system consents to provide the data; and
478c	(B) the law enforcement agency has reasonable suspicion that the
478d	nongovernmental entity's automatic license plate reader contains data that may
478e	identify a vehicle of interest;
478f	(ii) to locate a known vehicle, or track a known vehicle only ← Ĥ pursuant to a
478g	warrant issued using the procedures described in the Utah Rules
479	of Criminal Procedure or an equivalent federal warrant; or
480	$\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [(ii)]$ (iii) $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ using the procedure described in Subsection [(2)] (4); and
481	(b) for the [purposes] uses authorized in [Subsection 41-6a-2003(2)] Section $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [$
481a	$41-6a-2003.4$ ] $41-6a-2003.1 \leftarrow \hat{H}$ .
481b	$\hat{H} \rightarrow (6)$ A law enforcement agency may obtain, receive, or use data captured from an
481c	automatic license plate reader system operated by a nongovernmental entity without
481d	meeting the requirements of Subsection (5) under exigent circumstances. $\leftarrow \hat{H}$
482	[(6)(a) A law enforcement agency shall preserve a record of:]
483	[(i) the number of times a search of captured license plate data is conducted by the
484	agency or the agency's employees or agents; and]
485	[(ii) the crime type and incident number associated with each search of captured

486	license plate data.]
487	[(b) A law enforcement agency shall preserve a record identified in Subsection (6)(a) for
488	at least five years.]
489	Section 10. Section 41-6a-2006 is amended to read:
490	41-6a-2006 . Penalties.
491	[A person-]
492	(1) An individual who knowingly or intentionally uses[, obtains, or discloses-] an automatic
493	license plate reader system or captured license plate data in violation of this part is guilty
494	of a class B misdemeanor.
495	(2) A governmental entity may take disciplinary action, which may include suspension or
496	discharge, against any employee of the governmental entity who intentionally violates
497	any provision of this part.
498	Section 11. Effective Date.
499	This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.