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# Insurance Modifications 2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH Chief Sponsor: James A. Dunnigan

Senate Sponsor: Evan J. Vickers

Senate Sponsor. L'un V. Tekers
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends provisions relating to insurance.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul> <li>defines terms;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>clarifies the circumstances under which a public agency insurance mutual or a reserve</li> </ul>
fund is exempt from the Insurance Code;
<ul> <li>amends provisions related to dual licensing;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>amends provisions relating to money appropriated from the Captive Insurance Restricted</li> </ul>
Account;
• clarifies that an insurer does not need to file a certification that a non-English policy is in
compliance with relevant laws;
<ul> <li>aligns state law with federal rules relating to preexisting condition limitations;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>limits the scope by which the Insurance Department can issue a waiver for a license;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>clarifies that the commissioner may take an action against a licensee if the licensee fails</li> </ul>
to pay a final judgment within 60 days;
<ul> <li>adds additional reporting requirements for a licensee against whom a judgment has been</li> </ul>
entered;
<ul> <li>changes the reporting period for agency title insurance producers;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>amends provisions relating to captive insurance companies;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>reduces the minimum capital requirement for an association captive insurance company;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>allows a captive insurance company to be formed as a not-for-profit organization;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>clarifies that officers of a captive insurance company must be separate individuals;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>amends provisions relating to insurance investments;</li> </ul>

28	<ul> <li>amends requirements relating to a sponsored captive insurance company's business;</li> </ul>
29	<ul> <li>amends the grounds under which the commissioner may revoke the certificate of</li> </ul>
30	authority of a captive insurance company;
31	<ul> <li>modifies the requirements for a small employer stop-loss insurance contract;</li> </ul>
32	<ul> <li>regulates with which small employers a stop-loss insurer or reinsurer may enter stop-loss</li> </ul>
33	insurance contracts;
34	<ul> <li>provides a transition period for existing small employer stop-loss insurance contracts; and</li> </ul>
35	<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li> </ul>
36	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
37	None
38	Other Special Clauses:
39	This bill provides a special effective date.
40	Utah Code Sections Affected:
41	AMENDS:
42	31A-1-103 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 120
43	31A-2-201 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 200
44	<b>31A-2-402</b> (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 330
45	31A-2-404 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 193
46	31A-3-304 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 194
47	<b>31A-21-112</b> (Effective 05/07/25), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 443
48	<b>31A-21-303</b> (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 198
49	<b>31A-22-407</b> (Effective 05/07/25), as enacted by Laws of Utah 1985, Chapter 242
50	<b>31A-22-509</b> (Effective 05/07/25), as enacted by Laws of Utah 1985, Chapter 242
51	<b>31A-22-511</b> (Effective 05/07/25), as enacted by Laws of Utah 1985, Chapter 242
52	<b>31A-22-512</b> (Effective 05/07/25), as enacted by Laws of Utah 1985, Chapter 242
53	<b>31A-22-514</b> (Effective 05/07/25), as enacted by Laws of Utah 1985, Chapter 242
54	<b>31A-22-614 (Effective 05/07/25)</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 120
55	<b>31A-22-701 (Effective 05/07/25)</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 252
56	<b>31A-23a-105</b> (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 120
57	<b>31A-23a-109</b> (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 319
58	<b>31A-23a-111 (Effective 05/07/25)</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 120
59	<b>31A-23a-119</b> (Effective 05/07/25), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 120
60	<b>31A-23a-415</b> (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 194
61	31A-26-202 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 462

62	31A-37-102 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 194
63	31A-37-104 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 302
64	31A-37-201 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 193
65	31A-37-202 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 120
66	31A-37-204 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 120
67	31A-37-301 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 193
68	<b>31A-37-302</b> (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 244
69	31A-37-303 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 252
70	31A-37-401 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 193
71	31A-37-402 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 244
72	31A-37-403 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 244
73	<b>31A-37-404 (Effective 05/07/25)</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 244
74	31A-37-501 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 193
75	<b>31A-37-505 (Effective 05/07/25)</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 244
76	31A-37-701 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 252
77	31A-37a-205 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 297
78	<b>31A-43-301 (Effective 07/01/25)</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 244
79	61-2g-502 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 72
80	REPEALS AND REENACTS:
81	31A-2-405 (Effective 05/07/25), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 325
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83	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
84	Section 1. Section <b>31A-1-103</b> is amended to read:
85	<b>31A-1-103</b> (Effective 05/07/25). Scope and applicability of title.
86	(1) This title does not apply to:
87	(a) a retainer contract made by an attorney-at-law:
88	(i) with an individual client; and
89	(ii) under which fees are based on estimates of the nature and amount of services to
90	be provided to the specific client;
91	(b) a contract similar to a contract described in Subsection (1)(a) made with a group of
92	clients involved in the same or closely related legal matters;
93	(c) an arrangement for providing benefits that do not exceed a limited amount of
94	consultations, advice on simple legal matters, either alone or in combination with
95	referral services, or the promise of fee discounts for handling other legal matters;

96	(d) limited legal assistance on an informal basis involving neither an express contractual
97	obligation nor reasonable expectations, in the context of an employment,
98	membership, educational, or similar relationship;
99	(e) legal assistance by employee organizations to their members in matters relating to
100	employment;
101	(f) death, accident, health, or disability benefits provided to [a person] an individual by
102	an organization or [its] the organization's affiliate if:
103	(i) the organization is tax exempt under Section $501(c)(3)$ of the Internal Revenue
104	Code and has had [its] the organization's principal place of business in Utah for at
105	least five years;
106	(ii) the [person] individual is not an employee of the organization; and
107	(iii)(A) substantially all the [person's] individual's time in the organization is spent
108	providing voluntary services:
109	(I) in furtherance of the organization's purposes;
110	(II) for a designated period of time; and
111	(III) for which no compensation, other than expenses, is paid; or
112	(B) the time since the service under Subsection (1)(f)(iii)(A) was completed is no
113	more than 18 months; or
114	(g) a prepaid contract of limited duration that provides for scheduled maintenance only.
115	(2)(a) This title restricts otherwise legitimate business activity.
116	(b) What this title does not prohibit is permitted unless contrary to other provisions of
117	Utah law.
118	(3) Except as otherwise expressly provided, this title does not apply to:
119	(a) those activities of an insurer where state jurisdiction is preempted by Section 514 of
120	the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended;
121	(b) ocean marine insurance;
122	(c) death, accident, health, or disability benefits provided by an organization that:
123	(i) has as the organization's principal purpose to achieve charitable, educational,
124	social, or religious objectives rather than to provide death, accident, health, or
125	disability benefits;
126	(ii) does not incur a legal obligation to pay a specified amount;
127	(iii) does not create reasonable expectations of receiving a specified amount on the
128	part of an insured person; and
129	(iv) is not a health care sharing ministry that provides that a participant make a

130	contribution to pay another participant's qualified expenses with no assumption of
131	risk or promise to pay.
132	(d) other business specified in rules adopted by the commissioner on a finding that:
133	(i) the transaction of the business in this state does not require regulation for the
134	protection of the interests of the residents of this state; or
135	(ii) it would be impracticable to require compliance with this title;
136	(e) except as provided in Subsection (4), a transaction independently procured through
137	negotiations under Section 31A-15-104;
138	(f) self-insurance;
139	(g) reinsurance;
140	(h) subject to Subsection (5), an employee or labor union group insurance policy
141	covering risks in this state or an employee or labor union blanket insurance policy
142	covering risks in this state, if:
143	(i) the policyholder exists primarily for purposes other than to procure insurance;
144	(ii) the policyholder:
145	(A) is not a resident of this state;
146	(B) is not a domestic corporation; or
147	(C) does not have the policyholder's principal office in this state;
148	(iii) no more than 25% of the certificate holders or insureds are residents of this state;
149	(iv) on request of the commissioner, the insurer files with the department a copy of
150	the policy and a copy of each form or certificate; and
151	(v)(A) the insurer agrees to pay premium taxes on the Utah portion of the insurer's
152	business, as if the insurer were authorized to do business in this state; and
153	(B) the insurer provides the commissioner with the security the commissioner
154	considers necessary for the payment of premium taxes under Title 59, Chapter
155	9, Taxation of Admitted Insurers;
156	(i) to the extent provided in Subsection (6):
157	(i) a manufacturer's or seller's warranty; and
158	(ii) a manufacturer's or seller's service contract;
159	(j) except to the extent provided in Subsection (7), a public agency insurance mutual;
160	(k) except as provided in Chapter 6b, Guaranteed Asset Protection Waiver Act, a
161	guaranteed asset protection waiver; or
162	(1) a health care sharing ministry, if the health care sharing ministry:
163	(i) provides to each participant upon enrollment and annually thereafter a written

164	statement of nationwide data from the preceding calendar year that lists the total
165	dollar amount of contributions provided to participants toward qualified expenses;
166	and
167	(ii) includes a written disclaimer, titled "Notice", on or with each application and all
168	guideline materials that states:
169	(A) the health care sharing ministry is not an insurance company;
170	(B) nothing the health care sharing ministry offers or provides is an insurance
171	policy, including the health care sharing ministry's guidelines or plan of
172	operations;
173	(C) participation in the health care sharing ministry is entirely voluntary and no
174	participant is compelled by law to contribute to another participant's expenses;
175	(D) participation in the health care sharing ministry or subscription to any of the
176	health care sharing ministry's services is not insurance; and
177	(E) each participant is always personally responsible for the participant's expenses
178	regardless of whether the participant receives payment for the expenses
179	through the health care sharing ministry or whether this health care sharing
180	ministry continues to operate.
181	(4) A transaction described in Subsection (3)(e) is subject to taxation under Section
182	31A-3-301.
183	(5)(a) After a hearing, the commissioner may order an insurer of certain group insurance
184	policies or blanket insurance policies to transfer the Utah portion of the business
185	otherwise exempted under Subsection (3)(h) to an authorized insurer if the contracts
186	have been written by an unauthorized insurer.
187	(b) If the commissioner finds that the conditions required for the exemption of a group
188	or blanket insurer are not satisfied or that adequate protection to residents of this state
189	is not provided, the commissioner may require:
190	(i) the insurer to be authorized to do business in this state; or
191	(ii) that any of the insurer's transactions be subject to this title.
192	(c) Subsection (3)(h) does not apply to a blanket insurance policy offering accident and
193	health insurance.
194	(6)(a) As used in Subsection (3)(i) and this Subsection (6):
195	(i) ["manufacturer's] "Manufacturer's or seller's service contract" means a service
196	contract:
197	(A) made available by:

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198	(I) a manufacturer of a product;
199	(II) a seller of a product; or
200	(III) an affiliate of a manufacturer or seller of a product;
201	(B) made available:
202	(I) on one or more specific products; or
203	(II) on products that are components of a system; and
204	(C) under which the person described in Subsection $(6)(a)(i)(A)$ is liable for
205	services to be provided under the service contract including, if the
206	manufacturer's or seller's service contract designates, providing parts and labor[;]
207	(ii) ["manufacturer's] "Manufacturer's or seller's warranty" means the guaranty of:
208	(A)(I) the manufacturer of a product;
209	(II) a seller of a product; or
210	(III) an affiliate of a manufacturer or seller of a product;
211	(B)(I) on one or more specific products; or
212	(II) on products that are components of a system; and
213	(C) under which the person described in Subsection (6)(a)(ii)(A) is liable for
214	services to be provided under the warranty, including, if the manufacturer's or
215	seller's warranty designates, providing parts and labor[; and].
216	(iii) ["service] "Service contract" means the same as that term is defined in Section
217	31A-6a-101.
218	(b) A manufacturer's or seller's warranty may be designated as:
219	(i) a warranty;
220	(ii) a guaranty; or
221	(iii) a term similar to a term described in Subsection (6)(b)(i) or (ii).
222	(c) This title does not apply to:
223	(i) a manufacturer's or seller's warranty;
224	(ii) a manufacturer's or seller's service contract paid for with consideration that is in
225	addition to the consideration paid for the product itself; and
226	(iii) a service contract that is not a manufacturer's or seller's warranty or
227	manufacturer's or seller's service contract if:
228	(A) the service contract is paid for with consideration that is in addition to the
229	consideration paid for the product itself;
230	(B) the service contract is for the repair or maintenance of goods;
231	(C) the purchase price of the product is \$3,700 or less;

232	(D) the product is not a motor vehicle; and
233	(E) the product is not the subject of a home warranty service contract.
234	(d) This title does not apply to a manufacturer's or seller's warranty or service contract
235	paid for with consideration that is in addition to the consideration paid for the product
236	itself regardless of whether the manufacturer's or seller's warranty or service contract
237	is sold:
238	(i) at the time of the purchase of the product; or
239	(ii) at a time other than the time of the purchase of the product.
240	(7)(a) For purposes of this Subsection (7)[ <del>,</del> ] :
241	(i) [
242	(A) formed by two or more political subdivisions or public agencies of the state[:]
243	[(i)] _under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act; and
244	[(ii) for the purpose of providing for the political subdivisions or public agencies:]
245	[(A) subject to Subsection (7)(b), insurance coverage; or]
246	[(B) risk management.]
247	(B) that issues an insurance policy, subject to Subsection (7)(b), or provides risk
248	management, to a political subdivision or public agency in the state under Title
249	11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act.
250	(ii) <u>"Reserve fund" means a fund established:</u>
251	(A) to fund a loss to a political subdivision's assets; and
252	(B) by one or more political subdivisions for a purpose identified in Section
253	<u>63G-7-703.</u>
254	(b) [Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a)(ii)(A), a ] A public agency insurance mutual or
255	reserve fund may not provide health insurance unless the public agency insurance
256	mutual provides the health insurance using:
257	(i) a third party administrator licensed under Chapter 25, Third Party Administrators;
258	(ii) an admitted insurer; or
259	(iii) a program authorized by Title 49, Chapter 20, Public Employees' Benefit and
260	Insurance Program Act.
261	(c) [Except for this Subsection (7), a] A public agency insurance mutual or a reserve fund
262	is exempt from this title[-] except as provided in the provisions in Sections 31A-3-301
263	and 31A-3-303 describing the surplus lines tax that are applicable to a policyholder.
264	(d) A public agency insurance mutual or reserve fund is considered[ to be] a
265	governmental entity and political subdivision of the state with all of the rights,

266	privileges, and immunities of a governmental entity or political subdivision of the
267	state including all the rights and benefits of Title 63G, Chapter 7, Governmental
268	Immunity Act of Utah.
269	Section 2. Section <b>31A-2-201</b> is amended to read:
270	31A-2-201 (Effective 05/07/25). General duties and powers.
271	(1) The commissioner shall administer and enforce this title.
272	(2) The commissioner has all powers specifically granted, and all further powers that are
273	reasonable and necessary to enable the commissioner to perform the duties imposed by
274	this title.
275	(3) [(a)] The commissioner may make rules to implement the provisions of this title
276	according to the procedures and requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
277	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
278	[(b) In addition to the notice requirements of Section 63G-3-301, the commissioner shall
279	provide notice under Section 31A-2-303 of hearings concerning insurance
280	department rules.]
281	(4)(a)(i) The commissioner shall issue prohibitory, mandatory, and other orders as
282	necessary to secure compliance with this title.
283	(ii) An order by the commissioner is not effective unless the order:
284	[(i)] (A) is in writing; and
285	[(ii)] (B) is signed by the commissioner or under the commissioner's authority.
286	(b) On request of any person [who] that would be affected by an order under Subsection
287	(4)(a), the commissioner may issue a declaratory order to clarify the person's rights or
288	duties.
289	(5)(a) The commissioner may hold informal adjudicative proceedings and public
290	meetings, for the purpose of:
291	(i) investigation;
292	(ii) ascertainment of public sentiment; or
293	(iii) informing the public.
294	(b) An effective rule or order may not result from informal hearings and meetings unless
295	the requirement of a hearing under this section is satisfied.
296	(6) The commissioner shall inquire into violations of this title and may conduct any
297	examinations and investigations of insurance matters, in addition to examinations and
298	investigations expressly authorized, that the commissioner considers proper to determine:
299	(a) whether or not any person has violated any provision of this title; or

300	(b) to secure information useful in the lawful administration of this title.
301	(7) The commissioner shall ensure that any training or certification required of a public
302	official or public employee, as those terms are defined in Section 63G-22-102, complies
303	with Title 63G, Chapter 22, State Training and Certification Requirements, if the
304	training or certification is required:
305	(a) under this title;
306	(b) by the department; or
307	(c) by an agency or division within the department.
308	Section 3. Section <b>31A-2-402</b> is amended to read:
309	31A-2-402 (Effective 05/07/25). Definitions.
310	As used in this part:
311	(1) "Commission" means the Title and Escrow Commission created in Section 31A-2-403.
312	(2) "Concurrence" means the entities given a concurring role must jointly agree for the
313	action to be taken.
314	[(3) "Dual licensed title licensee" means a title licensee who holds:]
315	[(a) an individual title insurance producer license as a title licensee; and]
316	[(b) a license or certificate under:]
317	[(i) Title 61, Chapter 2c, Utah Residential Mortgage Practices and Licensing Act;]
318	[(ii) Title 61, Chapter 2f, Real Estate Licensing and Practices Act; or]
319	[(iii) Title 61, Chapter 2g, Real Estate Appraiser Licensing and Certification Act.]
320	[(4)] (3) "Real Estate Commission" means the Real Estate Commission created in Section
321	61-2f-103.
322	[(5)] (4) "Title insurance matter" means a matter related to:
323	(a) title insurance;
324	(b) an escrow conducted by an individual title insurance producer or agency title
325	insurance producer;
326	(c) licensing, examination, and continuing education of an applicant to be a title
327	licensee; or
328	(d) conduct of a title licensee.
329	[(6)] (5) "Title licensee" means a person licensed under this title as:
330	(a) an agency title insurance producer with a title insurance line of authority;
331	(b) an individual title insurance producer with:
332	(i) a general title insurance line of authority; or
333	(ii) a specific category of authority for title insurance; or

334	(c) a title insurance adjuster.
335	Section 4. Section <b>31A-2-404</b> is amended to read:
336	31A-2-404 (Effective 05/07/25). Duties of the commissioner and Title and Escrow
337	Commission.
338	(1)(a) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this chapter, to the extent provided in this
339	part, the commissioner shall administer and enforce the provisions in this title related
340	to a title insurance matter.
341	(b)(i) The commissioner may impose a penalty:
342	(A) under this title related to a title insurance matter;
343	(B) after investigation by the commissioner in accordance with Part 3, Procedures
344	and Enforcement; and
345	(C) that is enforced by the commissioner.
346	(ii) The commissioner shall consult with and seek concurrence of the commission in
347	a meeting subject to Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, regarding
348	the imposition of a penalty, and if concurrence cannot be reached, the
349	commissioner has final authority.
350	(c)(i) Unless a provision of this title grants specific authority to the commission, the
351	commissioner has authority over the implementation of this title related to a title
352	insurance matter.
353	(ii) When a provision requires concurrence between the commission and
354	commissioner, and concurrence cannot be reached, the commissioner has final
355	authority.
356	(d) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(e), when this title requires concurrence
357	between the commissioner and commission related to a title insurance matter:
358	(i) the commissioner shall report to and update the commission on a regular basis
359	related to that title insurance matter; and
360	(ii) the commission shall review the report submitted by the commissioner under this
361	Subsection (1)(d); and
362	(A) concur with the report $[, ]; or [:]$
363	[(A)] (B) provide a reason for not concurring with the report[;] and
364	[(B)] provide recommendations to the commissioner.
365	(e) When this title requires concurrence between the commissioner and commission
366	under Subsection (2), (3), or (4):
367	(i) the commission shall report to and update the commissioner on a regular basis

368	related to that title insurance matter; and
369	(ii) the commissioner shall review a report submitted by the commission under this
370	Subsection (1)(e) and concur with the report or:
371	(A) provide a reason for not concurring with the report; and
372	(B) provide recommendations to the commission.
373	(2) The commission shall:
374	(a) subject to Subsection (4), make rules for the administration of the provisions in this
375	title related to title insurance matters including rules related to:
376	(i) rating standards and rating methods for a title licensee, as provided in Section
377	31A-19a-209;
378	(ii) the licensing for a title licensee, including the licensing requirements of Section
379	31A-23a-204;
380	(iii) continuing education requirements of Section 31A-23a-202; and
381	(iv) standards of conduct for a title licensee;
382	(b) concur in the issuance and renewal of a license in accordance with Section
383	31A-23a-105 or 31A-26-203;
384	[(c) in accordance with Section 31A-3-103, establish, with the concurrence of the
385	commissioner, the fees imposed by this title on a title licensee;]
386	[(d) in accordance with Section 31A-23a-415 determine, after consulting with the
387	commissioner, the assessment on a title insurer as defined in Section 31A-23a-415;]
388	[(e)] (c) with the concurrence of the commissioner, approve a continuing education
389	program required by Section 31A-23a-202;
390	[(f)] (d) on a regular basis advise the commissioner of the most critical matters affecting
391	the title insurance industry and request the commissioner to direct the department's
392	investigative resources to investigate and enforce those matters;
393	$\left[\frac{(g)}{(g)}\right]$ in accordance with Section 31A-23a-204, participate in the annual license
394	testing evaluation conducted by the commissioner's test administrator;
395	[(h)] (f) advise the commissioner on matters affecting the commissioner's budget related
396	to title insurance; and
397	[(i)] (g) perform other duties as provided in this title.
398	(3) The commission may make rules establishing an examination for a license that will
399	satisfy Section 31A-23a-204:
400	(a) after consultation with the commissioner's test administrator; and
401	(b) subject to Subsection (4).

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402	(4)(a) The commission may make a rule under this title only:
403	(i) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
404	(ii) with the concurrence of the commissioner, except that if concurrence cannot be
405	reached, the commissioner has final authority; and
406	(iii) if at the time the commission files [its] the commission's proposed rule and rule
407	analysis with the Office of Administrative Rules in accordance with Section
408	63G-3-301, the commission provides the Real Estate Commission that same
409	information.
410	(b) The commission may not make a rule regarding adjudicative procedures.
411	(c) In accordance with Section 31A-2-201, the commissioner may make rules regarding
412	adjudicative procedures.
413	(5)(a) The commissioner shall annually report the information described in Subsection
414	(5)(b) in writing to the commission.
415	(b) The information required to be reported under this Subsection (5):
416	(i) may not identify a person; and
417	(ii) shall include:
418	(A) the number of complaints the commissioner receives with regard to
419	transactions involving title insurance or a title licensee during the calendar year
420	immediately proceeding the report;
421	(B) the type of complaints described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A); and
422	(C) for each complaint described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A):
423	(I) any action taken by the commissioner with regard to the complaint; and
424	(II) the time-period beginning the day on which a complaint is made and
425	ending the day on which the commissioner determines it will take no further
426	action with regard to the complaint.
427	Section 5. Section <b>31A-2-405</b> is repealed and reenacted to read:
428	<u>31A-2-405</u> (Effective 05/07/25). Dual licensing.
429	An individual title licensee may not conduct the business of title insurance while
430	conducting business as a holder of a license or certificate under:
431	(1) <u>Title 61, Chapter 2c, Utah Residential Mortgage Practices and Licensing Act;</u>
432	(2) <u>Title 61, Chapter 2f, Real Estate Licensing and Practices Act; or</u>
433	(3) <u>Title 61, Chapter 2g, Real Estate Appraiser Licensing and Certification Act.</u>
434	Section 6. Section <b>31A-3-304</b> is amended to read:
435	31A-3-304 (Effective 05/07/25). Annual fees Other taxes or fees prohibited

436	Captive Insurance Restricted Account.
437	(1)(a) A captive insurance company shall pay an annual fee imposed under this section
438	to obtain or renew a certificate of authority.
439	(b) The commissioner shall:
440	(i) determine the annual fee [pursuant to] in accordance with Section 31A-3-103; and
441	(ii) consider whether the annual fee is competitive with fees imposed by other states
442	on captive insurance companies.
443	(2) A captive insurance company that fails to pay the fee required by this section is subject
444	to the relevant sanctions of this title.
445	(3)(a) A captive insurance company that pays one of the following fees is exempt from
446	Title 59, Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes, and Title 59, Chapter 9,
447	Taxation of Admitted Insurers:
448	(i) a fee under this section;
449	(ii) a fee under Chapter 37, Captive Insurance Companies Act; or
450	(iii) a fee under Chapter 37a, Special Purpose Financial Captive Insurance Company
451	Act.
452	(b) The state or a county, city, or town within the state may not levy or collect an
453	occupation tax or other fee or charge not described in Subsections (3)(a)(i) through
454	(iii) against a captive insurance company.
455	(c) The state may not levy, assess, or collect a withdrawal fee under Section 31A-4-115
456	against a captive insurance company.
457	(4) A captive insurance company shall pay the fee imposed by this section to the
458	commissioner by June 1 of each year.
459	(5)(a) [Money received pursuant to] The commissioner shall deposit money received
460	from a fee described in Subsection (3)(a) [shall be deposited ]into the Captive
461	Insurance Restricted Account.
462	(b) There is created in the General Fund a restricted account known as the "Captive
463	Insurance Restricted Account."
464	(c) The Captive Insurance Restricted Account shall consist of the fees described in
465	Subsection (3)(a).
466	(d) The commissioner shall administer the Captive Insurance Restricted Account.
467	Subject to appropriations by the Legislature, the commissioner shall use the money
468	deposited into the Captive Insurance Restricted Account to:
469	(i) administer and enforce:

470	(A) Chapter 37, Captive Insurance Companies Act; and
471	<ul><li>(R) Chapter 37, Captive Insurance Companies Act, and</li><li>(B) Chapter 37a, Special Purpose Financial Captive Insurance Company Act; and</li></ul>
472	(ii) promote the captive insurance industry in Utah.
473	(e) An appropriation from the Captive Insurance Restricted Account is nonlapsing,
474	except that at the end of each fiscal year, money received by the commissioner in
475	excess of [the following] the legislative appropriation for the fiscal year that just ended
476	shall be treated as free revenue in the General Fund:
477	[(i) for fiscal year 2018-2019 and subsequent fiscal years, in excess of \$1,600,000;]
478	[(ii) for fiscal year 2019-2020 and subsequent fiscal years, in excess of \$1,450,000;
479	and]
480	[(iii)] (i) for fiscal year [ <del>2023-2024 and subsequent fiscal years,</del> ] <u>2025</u> , in excess of
481	\$1,650,000[-] <u>; and</u>
482	(ii) for fiscal year 2026 and subsequent fiscal years, in excess of \$1,668,500.
483	Section 7. Section <b>31A-21-112</b> is amended to read:
484	31A-21-112 (Effective 05/07/25). Language other than English.
485	(1) An insurer may conduct a transaction in a language other than English through an
486	employee or agent acting as interpreter or through an interpreter provided by the
487	customer.
488	(2)(a) An insurer may provide a customer an insurance policy, endorsement, rider, or
489	explanatory or advertising material in a language other than English.[-]
490	(b) If there is a dispute or complaint regarding the insurance policy, endorsement, rider,
491	or explanatory or advertising material, the English language version of the insurance
492	coverage shall control the resolution of the dispute or complaint.
493	(3)(a) A non-English language policy delivered or issued for delivery in this state is [
494	considered to be-]in compliance with this title if the insurer certifies that the policy is
495	translated from an English language policy that complies with this title.
496	(b) An insurer is not required to file with the commissioner the certification described in
497	Subsection (3)(a).
498	(4) If an insurance policy, endorsement, or rider is provided in a language other than
499	English, [it] the insurance policy, endorsement, or rider shall be accompanied by:
500	(a) the corresponding English language version; and
501	(b) a disclaimer in both English and the other language that states that the foreign
502	language version is provided only as an accommodation or courtesy to the customer
503	and the English language version shall control the resolution of any dispute or

504	complaint.
505	(5) An insurer is not required to file with the commissioner a form in a language other than
506	English.
507	Section 8. Section <b>31A-21-303</b> is amended to read:
508	31A-21-303 (Effective 05/07/25). Cancellation, issuance, and renewal.
509	(1)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, other statutes, or by rule under
510	Subsection (1)(c), this section applies to all policies of insurance:
511	(i) except for:
512	(A) life insurance;
513	(B) accident and health insurance; and
514	(C) annuities; and
515	(ii) if the policies of insurance are issued on forms that are subject to filing under
516	Subsection 31A-21-201(1).
517	(b) A policy may provide terms more favorable to insureds than this section requires.
518	(c) The commissioner may by rule totally or partially exempt from this section classes of
519	insurance policies in which the insureds do not need protection against arbitrary or
520	unannounced termination.
521	(d) The rights provided by this section are in addition to and do not prejudice any other
522	rights the insureds may have at common law or under other statutes.
523	(2)(a) As used in this Subsection (2), "grounds" means:
524	(i) material misrepresentation;
525	(ii) substantial change in the risk assumed, unless the insurer should reasonably have
526	foreseen the change or contemplated the risk when entering into the contract;
527	(iii) substantial breaches of contractual duties, conditions, or warranties; or
528	[(iv) attainment of the age specified as the terminal age for coverage, in which case
529	the insurer may cancel by notice under Subsection (2)(c), accompanied by a
530	tender of proportional return of premium; or]
531	[(v)] (iv) in the case of motor vehicle insurance, revocation or suspension of the
532	driver's license of:
533	(A) the named insured; or
534	(B) any other [person] individual who customarily drives the motor vehicle.
535	(b)(i) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(e) or unless the conditions of Subsection
536	(2)(b)(ii) are met, an insurer may not cancel an insurance policy [may not be
537	canceled by the insurer ]before the earlier of:

538	(A) the expiration of the agreed term; or
539	(B) one year from the effective date of the policy or renewal.
540	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b)(i), an insurer may cancel an insurance policy [
541	may be canceled by the insurer ]for:
542	(A) nonpayment of a premium when due; or
543	(B) [on-]grounds[-defined in Subsection (2)(a)].
544	(c)(i) The cancellation provided by Subsection (2)(b), except cancellation for
545	nonpayment of premium, is effective no sooner than 30 days after the delivery or
546	first-class mailing of a written notice to the policyholder.
547	(ii) Cancellation for nonpayment of premium of a personal lines policy is effective no
548	sooner than 10 days after delivery or first-class mailing of a written notice to the
549	policyholder.
550	(iii) Cancellation for nonpayment of premium of a commercial lines policy is
551	effective no sooner than 10 days after delivery or first-class mailing of a written
552	notice to:
553	(A) the policyholder;
554	(B) each assignee of the policyholder, if the assignee is named in the policy; and
555	(C) each loss payee or mortgagee or lienholder under property insurance of the
556	policyholder, if the loss payee, mortgagee, or lienholder is named in the policy.
557	(iv) An insurer shall deliver or send by first-class mail a copy of the notice of
558	cancellation for nonpayment of premium described in Subsection (2)(c)(iii) to an
559	agent of record of the policyholder on or before the day on which the insurer
560	provides the notice to the policyholder.
561	(d)(i) Notice of cancellation for nonpayment of premium shall include a statement of
562	the reason for cancellation.
563	(ii) Subsection (7) applies to the notice required for grounds of cancellation other
564	than nonpayment of premium.
565	(e)(i) Subsections (2)(a) through (d) do not apply to any insurance contract that has
566	not been previously renewed if the contract has been in effect less than 60 days on
567	the day on which the written notice of cancellation is mailed or delivered.
568	(ii) A cancellation under this Subsection (2)(e) may not be effective until at least 10
569	days after the day on which a written notice of cancellation is delivered to the
570	insured.
571	(iii) If the notice required by this Subsection (2)(e) is sent by first-class mail, postage

572	prepaid, to the insured at the insured's last-known address, delivery is considered
573	accomplished after the passing, since the mailing date, of the mailing time
574	specified in the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
575	(iv) A policy cancellation subject to this Subsection (2)(e) is not subject to the
576	procedures described in Subsection (7).
577	(3) A policy may be issued for a term longer than one year or for an indefinite term if the
578	policy includes a clause providing for cancellation by the insurer by giving notice as
579	provided in Subsection (4)(b)(i) 30 days before an anniversary date.
580	(4)(a) Subject to Subsections (2), (3), and (4)(b), a policyholder has a right to have the
581	policy renewed:
582	(i) on the terms then being applied by the insurer to similar risks; and
583	(ii)(A) for an additional period of time equivalent to the expiring term if the
584	agreed term is one year or less; or
585	(B) for one year if the agreed term is longer than one year.
586	(b) Except as provided in Subsections (4)(c) and (5), the right to renewal under
587	Subsection (4)(a) is extinguished if:
588	(i) at least 30 days before the day on which the policy expires or completes an
589	anniversary, the insurer delivers or sends by first-class mail a notice of intention
590	not to renew the policy beyond the agreed expiration or anniversary date to the
591	policyholder at the policyholder's last-known address;
592	(ii) [not] no more than 45 [nor] but no less than 14 days before the day on which the
593	renewal premium is due, the insurer delivers or sends by first-class mail a notice
594	to the policyholder at the policyholder's last-known address, clearly stating:
595	(A) the renewal premium;
596	(B) how the renewal premium may be paid, including the due date for payment of
597	the renewal premium;
598	(C) that failure to pay the renewal premium extinguishes the policyholder's right
599	to renewal; and
600	(D) subject to Subsection (4)(e), that the extinguishment of the right to renew for
601	nonpayment of premium is effective no sooner than at least 10 days after
602	delivery or first-class mailing of a written notice to the policyholder that the
603	policyholder has failed to pay the premium when due;
604	(iii) the policyholder has:
605	(A) accepted replacement coverage; or

606	(B) requested or agreed to nonrenewal; or
607	(iv) the policy is expressly designated as nonrenewable.
608	(c) Unless the conditions of Subsection (4)(b)(iii) or (iv) apply, an insurer may not fail to
609	renew an insurance policy as a result of a telephone call or other inquiry that:
610	(i) references a policy coverage; and
611	(ii) does not result in the insured requesting payment of a claim.
612	(d) Failure to renew under this Subsection (4) is subject to Subsection (5).
613	(e)(i)(A) If the policy is a personal lines policy, during the period that begins
614	when an insurer delivers or sends by first-class mail the notice described in
615	Subsection (4)(b)(ii)(D) and ends when the premium is paid, coverage exists
616	and premiums are due.
617	(B) If the policy is a commercial lines policy, during the period that begins when
618	an insurer delivers or sends by first-class mail the notice described in
619	Subsection (2)(c)(iii) and ends when the premium is paid, coverage exists and
620	premiums are due.
621	(ii)(A) If after receiving the notice required by Subsection (4)(b)(ii)(D) a personal
622	lines policyholder fails to pay the renewal premium, the coverage is
623	extinguished as of the date the renewal premium is originally due.
624	(B) If after receiving the notice required under Subsection (2)(c)(iii), a
625	commercial lines policyholder fails to pay the renewal premium within the 10
626	days before the day on which cancellation for nonpayment is effective, the
627	coverage is extinguished as of the day on which the renewal premium is
628	originally due.
629	(iii) Delivery of the notice required by Subsection (2)(c)(iii), (2)(c)(iv), or
630	(4)(b)(ii)(D) includes electronic delivery in accordance with Section 31A-21-316.
631	(iv) An insurer is not subject to Subsection (4)(b)(ii)(D) if:
632	(A) the insurer provides notice of the extinguishment of the right to renew for
633	failure to pay premium at least 15 days, but no longer than 45 days, before the
634	day on which the renewal payment is due; and
635	(B) the policy is a personal lines policy.
636	(v) Subsection (4)(b)(ii)(D) does not apply to a policy that provides coverage for 30
637	days or less.
638	(5) Notwithstanding Subsection (4), an insurer may not fail to renew the following personal
639	lines insurance policies solely on the basis of:

641(i) a claim from the insured that:642(A) results from an accident in which:643(I) the insured is not at fault; and644(II) the driver of the motor vehicle that is covered by the motor vehicle645insurance policy is 21 years [ $\sigma age$ ] old or older; and646(B) is the only claim meeting the condition of Subsection (5)(a)(i)(A) within a64736-month period;648(iii) a single traffic violation by an insured that:649(A) is a violation of a speed limit under Title 41, Chapter 6a, Traffic Code;650(B) is not in excess of 10 miles per hour over the speed limit;651(C) is not a traffic violation under[:]652[(II)] Section 41-6a-601, 41-6a-604, or 41-6a-605;653[(III) Section 41-6a-605;]654[(III) Section 41-6a-605;]655(D) is not a violation by an insured driver who is younger than 21 years [ $\sigma f age$ ] old;656and657(E) is the only violation meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(ii)(A)658through (D) within a 36-month period; or659(iii) a claim for damage that:660(A) results solely from[:] wind, hail, lightming, or an earthquake;661[(IV) an earthquake;]662(B) is not preventable by the exercise of reasonable care; and663(C) is the only claim meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(ii)(A) and (B)664(IV) an earthquake;]665(B) is not preventable by the exercise of reasonable care; and666(C) is the only claim meeting the conditions of Su	640	(a) in the case of a motor vehicle insurance policy:
643(1) the insured is not at fault; and644(II) the driver of the motor vehicle that is covered by the motor vehicle645insurance policy is 21 years [of age] old or older; and646(B) is the only claim meeting the condition of Subsection (5)(a)(i)(A) within a64736-month period;648(ii) a single traffic violation by an insured that:649(A) is a violation of a speed limit under Title 41, Chapter 6a, Traffic Code;650(B) is not in excess of 10 miles per hour over the speed limit;651(C) is not a traffic violation under[:]652[(H)] Section 41-6a-604; or]653[(H) Section 41-6a-605;]655(D) is not a violation by an insured driver who is younger than 21 years [of age] old:656and657(E) is the only violation meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(ii)(A)658through (D) within a 36-month period; or659(iii) a claim for damage that:660(A) results solely from[:] wind, hail, lightning, or an earthquake;661[(H) hail;]662[(H) hail;]663[(HV) an earthquake;]664[(IV) an earthquake;]665(B) is not preventable by the exercise of reasonable care; and666(C) is the only claim meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(iii)(A) and (B)679within a 36-month period; [and] or688(b) in the case of a homeowner's insurance policy, a claim by the insured that is for699damage that:606(C) is the only claim meeting the conditions of Subsect	641	(i) a claim from the insured that:
644(II) the driver of the motor vehicle that is covered by the motor vehicle645insurance policy is 21 years [of age] $\underline{old}$ or older; and646(B) is the only claim meeting the condition of Subsection (5)(a)(i)(A) within a64736-month period;648(ii) a single traffic violation by an insured that:649(A) is a violation of a speed limit under Title 41, Chapter 6a, Traffic Code;650(B) is not in excess of 10 miles per hour over the speed limit;651(C) is not a traffic violation under[:]652[(ff)] Section 41-6a-604; or 1653[(III) Section 41-6a-604; or]654[(IIII) Section 41-6a-605;]655(D) is not a violation by an insured driver who is younger than 21 years [of-age] old:656and657(E) is the only violation meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(ii)(A)658through (D) within a 36-month period; or659(iii) a claim for damage that:660(A) results solely from[:] wind, hail, lightning, or an earthquake;661[(ff) wind;]662[(HII) hightning; or]664[(IV) an earthquake;]665(B) is not preventable by the exercise of reasonable care; and666(C) is the only claim meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(iii)(A) and (B)677within a 36-month period; [and] or688(b) in the case of a homeowner's insurance policy, a claim by the insured that is for669damage that:670(i) results solely from[:] wind, hail, or lightning;671[(A) wind	642	(A) results from an accident in which:
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64736-month period;648(ii) a single traffic violation by an insured that:649(A) is a violation of a speed limit under Title 41, Chapter 6a, Traffic Code;650(B) is not in excess of 10 miles per hour over the speed limit;651(C) is not a traffic violation under[:]652[(H)] Section 41-6a-601, 41-6a-604, or 41-6a-605;653[(H) Section 41-6a-604; or]654[(HII) Section 41-6a-605;]655(D) is not a violation by an insured driver who is younger than 21 years [of age] old;656and657(E) is the only violation meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(ii)(A)658through (D) within a 36-month period; or659(iii) a claim for damage that:660(A) results solely from[:] wind, hail, lightning, or an earthquake;661[(H) wind;]663[(III) lightning; or]664[(IV) an earthquake;]665(B) is not preventable by the exercise of reasonable care; and666(C) is the only claim meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(ii)(A) and (B)677within a 36-month period; [and] or688(b) in the case of a homeowner's insurance policy, a claim by the insured that is for699damage that:670(i) results solely from[:] wind, hail, or lightning;671[(A) wind;]672[(B) hail; or]	645	insurance policy is 21 years [of age] old or older; and
648(ii) a single traffic violation by an insured that:649(A) is a violation of a speed limit under Title 41, Chapter 6a, Traffic Code;650(B) is not in excess of 10 miles per hour over the speed limit;651(C) is not a traffic violation under[:]652[(H)] Section 41-6a-601, 41-6a-604, or 41-6a-605;653[(HI) Section 41-6a-604; or]654[(HI) Section 41-6a-605;]655(D) is not a violation by an insured driver who is younger than 21 years [of-age] old;656and657(E) is the only violation meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(ii)(A)658through (D) within a 36-month period; or659(iii) a claim for damage that:660(A) results solely from[:] wind, hail, lightning, or an earthquake;661[(H) wind:]662[(II) hail;]663[(HI) lightning; or]664[(V) an earthquake;]665(B) is not preventable by the exercise of reasonable care; and666(C) is the only claim meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(iii)(A) and (B)677within a 36-month period; [and] or668(b) in the case of a homeowner's insurance policy, a claim by the insured that is for669damage that:670(i) results solely from[:] wind, hail, or lightning;671[(A) wind;]672[(B) hail; or]	646	(B) is the only claim meeting the condition of Subsection (5)(a)(i)(A) within a
649(A) is a violation of a speed limit under Title 41, Chapter 6a, Traffic Code;650(B) is not in excess of 10 miles per hour over the speed limit;651(C) is not a traffic violation under[:]652[(I)] Section 41-6a-601, 41-6a-604, or 41-6a-605;653[(III) Section 41-6a-604; or]654[(III) Section 41-6a-605;]655(D) is not a violation by an insured driver who is younger than 21 years [of age] old;656and657(E) is the only violation meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(ii)(A)658through (D) within a 36-month period; or659(iii) a claim for damage that:660(A) results solely from[:] wind, hail, lightning, or an earthquake;661[(H) wind:]662[(HI) hail;]663[(HIV) an earthquake;]665(B) is not preventable by the exercise of reasonable care; and666(C) is the only claim meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(iii)(A) and (B)677within a 36-month period; [and] or668(b) in the case of a homeowner's insurance policy, a claim by the insured that is for669damage that:670(i) results solely from[:] wind, hail, or lightning;671[(A) wind;]672[(B) hail; or]	647	36-month period;
650       (B) is not in excess of 10 miles per hour over the speed limit;         651       (C) is not a traffic violation under[:]         652       [(f]) Section 41-6a-601, 41-6a-605;         653       [(f]) Section 41-6a-604; or]         654       [(f]] Section 41-6a-605;]         655       (D) is not a violation by an insured driver who is younger than 21 years [of age] old;         656       and         657       (E) is the only violation meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(ii)(A)         658       through (D) within a 36-month period; or         659       (iii) a claim for damage that:         660       (A) results solely from[:] wind, hail, lightning, or an earthquake;         661       [(f]] hail;]         662       [(f]] hail;]         663       [(f]] hail;]         664       [(f]] a claim meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(iii)(A) and (B)         675       (B) is not preventable by the exercise of reasonable care; and         665       (B) is not preventable by the exercise of subsections (5)(a)(iii)(A) and (B)         666       (C) is the only claim meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(iii)(A) and (B)         667       within a 36-month period; [and] or         668       (b) in the case of a homeowner's insurance policy, a claim by the insured that is for	648	(ii) a single traffic violation by an insured that:
651(C) is not a traffic violation under[:]652[(H)] _Section 41-6a-601, $41-6a-604$ , or $41-6a-605$ ;653[(H) Section 41-6a-604; or]654[(H)] Section 41-6a-605;]655(D) is not a violation by an insured driver who is younger than 21 years [of age] old;656and657(E) is the only violation meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(ii)(A)658through (D) within a 36-month period; or659(iii) a claim for damage that:660(A) results solely from[:] wind, hail, lightning, or an earthquake;661[(H) wind;]663[(HII) lightning; or]664[(FV) an earthquake;]665(B) is not preventable by the exercise of reasonable care; and666(C) is the only claim meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(ii)(A) and (B)677within a 36-month period; [and] or668(b) in the case of a homeowner's insurance policy, a claim by the insured that is for669damage that:670(i) results solely from[:] wind, hail, or lightning;671[(A) wind;]672[(H) hail; or]	649	(A) is a violation of a speed limit under Title 41, Chapter 6a, Traffic Code;
652[(f)] Section 41-6a-601, 41-6a-604, or 41-6a-605;653[(fII) Section 41-6a-604; or]654[(fIII) Section 41-6a-605;]655(D) is not a violation by an insured driver who is younger than 21 years [of age] old;656and657(E) is the only violation meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(ii)(A)658through (D) within a 36-month period; or659(iii) a claim for damage that:660(A) results solely from[:] wind, hail, lightning, or an earthquake;661[(fI) wind;]662[(fII) hail:]663[(fIII) lightning; or]664[(IV) an earthquake;]665(B) is not preventable by the exercise of reasonable care; and666(C) is the only claim meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(iii)(A) and (B)667within a 36-month period; [and] or668(b) in the case of a homeowner's insurance policy, a claim by the insured that is for669damage that:670(i) results solely from[:] wind, hail, or lightning;671[(A) wind;]672[(B) hail; or]	650	(B) is not in excess of 10 miles per hour over the speed limit;
653 $[(III)$ Section 41-6a-604; or]654 $[(III)$ Section 41-6a-605;]655(D) is not a violation by an insured driver who is younger than 21 years [of age] old;656and657(E) is the only violation meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(ii)(A)658through (D) within a 36-month period; or659(iii) a claim for damage that:660(A) results solely from[:] wind, hail, lightning, or an earthquake;661[(II) wind;]662[(III) hail;]663[(III) hightning; or]664[(IV) an earthquake;]665(B) is not preventable by the exercise of reasonable care; and666(C) is the only claim meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(iii)(A) and (B)677within a 36-month period; [and] or688(b) in the case of a homeowner's insurance policy, a claim by the insured that is for669damage that:670(i) results solely from[:] wind, hail, or lightning;671[(A) wind;]672[(B) hail; or]	651	(C) is not a traffic violation under[:]
654[(III) Section 41-6a-605;]655(D) is not a violation by an insured driver who is younger than 21 years [of age] old;656and657(E) is the only violation meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(ii)(A)658through (D) within a 36-month period; or659(iii) a claim for damage that:660(A) results solely from[:] wind, hail, lightning, or an earthquake;661[(f) wind;]662[(III) hail;]663[(III) lightning; or]664[(fV) an earthquake;]665(B) is not preventable by the exercise of reasonable care; and666(C) is the only claim meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(iii)(A) and (B)677within a 36-month period; [and] or688(b) in the case of a homeowner's insurance policy, a claim by the insured that is for669damage that:670(i) results solely from[:] wind, hail, or lightning;671[(A) wind;]672[(B) hail; or]	652	[ <del>(1)</del> ] _Section 41-6a-601 <u>, 41-6a-604</u> , or 41-6a-605;
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657(E) is the only violation meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(ii)(A)658through (D) within a 36-month period; or659(iii) a claim for damage that:660(A) results solely from[:] wind, hail, lightning, or an earthquake;661[(f) wind;]662[(III) hail;]663[(IIII) lightning; or]664[(IV) an earthquake;]665(B) is not preventable by the exercise of reasonable care; and666(C) is the only claim meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(iii)(A) and (B)667within a 36-month period; [and] or668(b) in the case of a homeowner's insurance policy, a claim by the insured that is for669damage that:670(i) results solely from[:] wind, hail, or lightning;671[(A) wind;]672[(B) hail; or]	655	(D) is not a violation by an insured driver who is younger than 21 years [of age] old;
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659(iii) a claim for damage that:660(A) results solely from[:] wind, hail, lightning, or an earthquake;661[(f) wind;]662[(ff) hail;]663[(fff) hail;]664[(fV) an earthquake;]665(B) is not preventable by the exercise of reasonable care; and666(C) is the only claim meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(iii)(A) and (B)667within a 36-month period; [and] or668(b) in the case of a homeowner's insurance policy, a claim by the insured that is for669damage that:670(i) results solely from[:] wind, hail, or lightning;671[(A) wind;]672[(B) hail; or]	657	(E) is the only violation meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(ii)(A)
660(A) results solely from[:] wind, hail, lightning, or an earthquake;661[(f) wind;]662[(fI) hail;]663[(fII) lightning; or]664[(fV) an earthquake;]665(B) is not preventable by the exercise of reasonable care; and666(C) is the only claim meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(iii)(A) and (B)667within a 36-month period; [and] or668(b) in the case of a homeowner's insurance policy, a claim by the insured that is for669damage that:670(i) results solely from[:] wind, hail, or lightning:671[(A) wind;]672[(B) hail; or]	658	through (D) within a 36-month period; or
661[{f} wind;]662[{ff} hail;]663[{fff} lightning; or]664[{ffV} an earthquake;]665(B) is not preventable by the exercise of reasonable care; and666(C) is the only claim meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(iii)(A) and (B)667within a 36-month period; [and] or668(b) in the case of a homeowner's insurance policy, a claim by the insured that is for669damage that:670(i) results solely from[:] wind, hail, or lightning;671[(A) wind;]672[(B) hail; or]	659	(iii) a claim for damage that:
662[(ff) hail;]663[(fff) hail;]664[(fV) an earthquake;]665(B) is not preventable by the exercise of reasonable care; and666(C) is the only claim meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(iii)(A) and (B)667within a 36-month period; [and] or668(b) in the case of a homeowner's insurance policy, a claim by the insured that is for669damage that:670(i) results solely from[:] wind, hail, or lightning;671[(A) wind;]672[(B) hail; or]	660	(A) results solely from[:] wind, hail, lightning, or an earthquake;
<ul> <li>[(HI) lightning; or]</li> <li>[(IV) an earthquake;]</li> <li>(B) is not preventable by the exercise of reasonable care; and</li> <li>(C) is the only claim meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(iii)(A) and (B)</li> <li>within a 36-month period; [and] or</li> <li>(b) in the case of a homeowner's insurance policy, a claim by the insured that is for</li> <li>damage that:</li> <li>(i) results solely from[:] wind, hail, or lightning;</li> <li>[(A) wind;]</li> <li>[(B) hail; or]</li> </ul>	661	[ <del>(I)</del> wind;]
664[(IV) an earthquake;]665(B) is not preventable by the exercise of reasonable care; and666(C) is the only claim meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(iii)(A) and (B)667within a 36-month period; [and] or668(b) in the case of a homeowner's insurance policy, a claim by the insured that is for669damage that:670(i) results solely from[:] wind, hail, or lightning;671[(A) wind;]672[(B) hail; or]	662	[ <del>(II)</del> hail;]
<ul> <li>(B) is not preventable by the exercise of reasonable care; and</li> <li>(C) is the only claim meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(iii)(A) and (B)</li> <li>within a 36-month period; [and] or</li> <li>(b) in the case of a homeowner's insurance policy, a claim by the insured that is for</li> <li>damage that:</li> <li>(i) results solely from[:] wind, hail, or lightning;</li> <li>[(A) wind;]</li> <li>[(B) hail; or]</li> </ul>	663	[(HI) lightning; or]
<ul> <li>(C) is the only claim meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(iii)(A) and (B)</li> <li>within a 36-month period; [and] or</li> <li>(b) in the case of a homeowner's insurance policy, a claim by the insured that is for</li> <li>damage that:</li> <li>(i) results solely from[:] wind, hail, or lightning;</li> <li>[(A) wind;]</li> <li>[(B) hail; or]</li> </ul>	664	[ <del>(IV)</del> an earthquake;]
<ul> <li>within a 36-month period; [and] or</li> <li>(b) in the case of a homeowner's insurance policy, a claim by the insured that is for</li> <li>damage that:</li> <li>(i) results solely from[:] wind, hail, or lightning;</li> <li>[(A) wind;]</li> <li>[(B) hail; or]</li> </ul>	665	(B) is not preventable by the exercise of reasonable care; and
<ul> <li>(b) in the case of a homeowner's insurance policy, a claim by the insured that is for</li> <li>damage that:</li> <li>(i) results solely from[: wind, hail, or lightning;</li> <li>[(A) wind;]</li> <li>[(B) hail; or]</li> </ul>	666	(C) is the only claim meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(a)(iii)(A) and (B)
669damage that:670(i) results solely from[:] wind, hail, or lightning;671[(A) wind;]672[(B) hail; or]	667	within a 36-month period; [and] or
<ul> <li>670 (i) results solely from[:] wind, hail, or lightning;</li> <li>671 [(A) wind;]</li> <li>672 [(B) hail; or]</li> </ul>	668	(b) in the case of a homeowner's insurance policy, a claim by the insured that is for
671 [ <del>(A) wind;</del> ] 672 [ <del>(B) hail; or</del> ]	669	damage that:
672 [ <del>(B)</del> hail; or]	670	(i) results solely from[:] wind, hail, or lightning;
	671	[ <del>(A)</del> wind;]
673 [ <del>(C)</del> lightning;]	672	[ <del>(B)</del> hail; or]
	673	[(C) lightning;]

674	(ii) is not preventable by the exercise of reasonable care; and
675	(iii) is the only claim meeting the conditions of Subsections (5)(b)(i) and (ii) within a
676	36-month period.
677	(6)(a)(i) Subject to Subsection (6)(b), if the insurer offers or purports to renew the
678	policy, but on less favorable terms or at higher rates, the new terms or rates take
679	effect on the renewal date if the insurer delivered or sent by first-class mail to the
680	policyholder notice of the new terms or rates at least 30 days before the day on
681	which the previous policy expires.
682	(ii) If the insurer did not give the prior notification described in Subsection (6)(a)(i)
683	to the policyholder, the new terms or rates do not take effect until 30 days after the
684	day on which the insurer delivers or sends by first-class mail the notice, in which
685	case the policyholder may elect to cancel the renewal policy at any time during the
686	30-day period.
687	(iii) Return premiums or additional premium charges shall be calculated
688	proportionately on the basis that the old rates apply.
689	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(c), Subsection (6)(a) does not apply if the only
690	change in terms that is adverse to the policyholder is:
691	(i) a rate increase generally applicable to the class of business to which the policy
692	belongs;
693	(ii) a rate increase resulting from a classification change based on the altered nature
694	or extent of the risk insured against; or
695	(iii) a policy form change made to make the form consistent with Utah law.
696	(c) Subsections (6)(b)(i) and (ii) do not apply to a rate increase of 25% or more on a
697	commercial policy.
698	(7)(a) If a notice of cancellation or nonrenewal under Subsection (2)(c) does not state
699	with reasonable precision the facts on which the insurer's decision is based, the
700	insurer shall send by first-class mail or deliver that information within 10 working
701	days [after receipt of] after the day on which the insurer receives a written request by
702	the policyholder.
703	(b) A notice under Subsection (2)(c) is not effective unless [it] the notice contains
704	information about the policyholder's right to make the request.
705	(8)(a) An insurer that gives a notice of nonrenewal or cancellation of insurance on a
706	motor vehicle insurance policy issued in accordance with the requirements of Chapter
707	22, Part 3, Motor Vehicle Insurance, for nonpayment of a premium shall provide

708	notice of nonrenewal or cancellation to a lienholder if the insurer has been provided
709	the name and mailing address of the lienholder.
710	(b) An insurer shall provide the notice described in Subsection (8)(a) to the lienholder by
711	first-class mail or, if agreed by the parties, any electronic means of communication.
712	(c) A lienholder shall provide a current physical address of notification or an electronic
713	address of notification to an insurer that is required to make a notification under
714	Subsection (8)(a).
715	(9) If a risk-sharing plan under Section 31A-2-214 exists for the kind of coverage provided
716	by the insurance being cancelled or nonrenewed, a notice of cancellation or nonrenewal
717	required under Subsection (2)(c) or (4)(b)(i) may not be effective unless the notice
718	contains instructions to the policyholder for applying for insurance through the available
719	risk-sharing plan.
720	(10) There is no liability on the part of, and no cause of action against, any insurer, [its] the
721	insurer's authorized representatives, agents, employees, or any other person furnishing to
722	the insurer information relating to the reasons for cancellation or nonrenewal or for any
723	statement made or information given [by them] by an insurer, the insurer's authorized
724	representative, agent, employee, or any other person in complying or enabling the
725	insurer to comply with this section unless actual malice is proved by clear and
726	convincing evidence.
727	(11) This section does not alter any common law right of contract rescission for material
728	misrepresentation.
729	(12) If a person is required to pay a premium in accordance with this section:
730	(a) the person may make the payment using:
731	(i) the United States Postal Service;
732	(ii) a delivery service the commissioner describes or designates by rule made in
733	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; or
734	(iii) electronic means; and
735	(b) the payment is [ <del>considered to be</del> ]made:
736	(i) for a payment that is mailed using the method described in Subsection (12)(a)(i),
737	on the date on which the payment is postmarked;
738	(ii) for a payment that is delivered using the method described in Subsection
739	(12)(a)(ii), on the date on which the delivery service records or marks the payment
740	as having been received by the delivery service; or
741	(iii) for a payment that is made using the method described in Subsection (12)(a)(iii),

742	on the date on which the payment is made electronically.
743	Section 9. Section <b>31A-22-407</b> is amended to read:
744	31A-22-407 (Effective 05/07/25). Reinstatement.
745	(1)(a) Except as provided under Subsection (2), [life insurance policies, other than group
746	policies,] an individual life insurance policy shall be reinstated upon written
747	application made within three years, or within two years in the case of [policies with
748	face amounts] an individual life insurance policy with a face amount under \$5,000,
749	from the date of premium default.
750	(b) [The] An applicant described in Subsection (1)(a) shall
751	(i) produce evidence of insurability satisfactory to the insurer[,];
752	(ii) pay all premiums in arrears[-;]; and
753	(iii) pay or reinstate any other indebtedness to the insurer upon the policy, all with
754	interest[ <del>,</del> ] <u>:</u>
755	(A) compounded annually, at a rate not exceeding the rate set by the policy for
756	policy loans compounded annually[-] ; or
757	(B) [If] if no rate is set in the policy, the commissioner shall adopt a rule [which]
758	that sets the rate the same as under Section 31A-22-402.
759	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply if any of these conditions exist:
760	(a) [The] the policy has been surrendered for its cash surrender value[-];
761	(b) [The] the policy's cash surrender value has been exhausted[-] ; or
762	(c) [The] the paid-up term insurance, if any, has expired.
763	Section 10. Section <b>31A-22-509</b> is amended to read:
764	31A-22-509 (Effective 05/07/25). Commissioner's authority to approve other
765	groups.
766	(1) A policy may be issued to a group other than those specified under Sections [
767	31A-22-502] 31A-22-501 through 31A-22-508, if specifically authorized by the
768	commissioner and if granting the permission is not contrary to public policy.[-]
769	(2)(a) The commissioner may not grant permission to issue these types of policies unless
770	the insurer demonstrates to the commissioner's satisfaction that the proposed group [
771	would ] will:
772	(i) be actuarially sound[,];
773	(ii) [would-]result in economies of acquisition and administration [which] that justify
774	a group rate[ <del>,</del> ] <u>;</u> and[-would]
775	(iii) not present hazards of adverse selection.

776	(b) The policyholders shall pay the premiums for the policy [shall be paid by the
777	policyholder, either from the policyholder's funds or ]from funds contributed by:
778	(i) the policyholder;
779	(ii) [by-]the covered [persons, or from both.] person; or
780	(iii) both the policyholder and the covered person.
781	(c) Premiums for the policy and any contributions by or on behalf of the insured persons
782	shall be reasonable in relation to the benefits provided.
783	Section 11. Section <b>31A-22-511</b> is amended to read:
784	31A-22-511 (Effective 05/07/25). Dependents' coverage.
785	(1) [Any] A group life policy issued under Sections 31A-22-502 through 31A-22-505
786	or Section 31A-22-509 may insure [the employees or members against loss due to the
787	death of their spouses and dependent children, or any classes of the employees or
788	members] any class of employee or member and the spouse and dependent children of an
789	employee or member against loss due to death.
790	(2) The policyholder shall pay the premiums for the insurance [shall be paid by the
791	policyholder ] from funds contributed by [ the person to whom the policy has been issued,
792	from funds contributed by the covered persons, or from both.]:
793	(a) the policyholder;
794	(b) the covered person; or
795	(c) both the policyholder and the covered person.
796	(3) Except as provided under Section 31A-22-512, a policy on which no part of the
797	premium for the [dependent's] dependent coverage is contributed by the covered [persons]
798	person shall insure [all insured persons] each eligible person, including [their spouses-]
799	the covered person's spouse and dependent or minor children.
800	Section 12. Section <b>31A-22-512</b> is amended to read:
801	31A-22-512 (Effective 05/07/25). Individual insurability.
802	(1) An insurer may exclude or limit the coverage under a group life insurance policy on any
803	person, including a group member's dependent, as to whom the evidence of individual
804	insurability is not satisfactory to the insurer.
805	(2) The group life insurance policy shall contain a provision setting forth the conditions, if
806	any, under which the insurer reserves the right to require a person eligible for insurance
807	to furnish satisfactory evidence to the insurer of the individual insurability as a condition
808	to part or all of [his] the person's coverage.
809	Section 13. Section <b>31A-22-514</b> is amended to read:

810	31A-22-514 (Effective 05/07/25). Incontestability.
811	(1) [The] A group life insurance policy shall contain a provision that the validity of the
812	policy may not be contested, except for nonpayment of premiums, after [it] the policy
813	has been in force for two years from its date of issue.
814	(2) [This] The provision described in Subsection (1) shall [also-]state that no statement made
815	by [any] a person insured under the policy relating to [his] the person's insurability may
816	be used:
817	(a) in contesting the validity of the insurance with respect to which the statement was
818	made after the insurance has been in force, prior to the contest, for a period of two
819	years during the person's lifetime[, nor may the statement be used] ; or
820	(b) unless [it] the statement is [contained in a written instrument signed by him.] in
821	writing and signed by the person.
822	(3) [This type of provision does not preclude] Nothing in this section precludes the assertion
823	of defenses based upon provisions in the policy which relate to eligibility for coverage.
824	Section 14. Section <b>31A-22-614</b> is amended to read:
825	31A-22-614 (Effective 05/07/25). Claims under accident and health policies.
826	(1) Section 31A-21-312 applies generally to claims under accident and health policies.
827	(2)(a) Subject to Subsection (1), an accident and health insurance policy may not contain
828	a claim notice requirement less favorable to the insured, or an insured's network
829	provider, than one which requires written notice of the claim within 20 days after the
830	occurrence or commencement of any loss covered by the policy. The policy shall
831	specify to whom claim notices may be given.
832	(b) If a loss of time benefit under a policy may be paid for a period of at least two years,
833	an insurer may require periodic notices that the insured continues to have a disability,
834	unless the insured is legally incapacitated. The insured's, or the insured's network
835	provider's, delay in giving that notice does not impair the insured's, the insured's
836	network provider's, or beneficiary's right to any indemnity which would otherwise
837	have accrued during the six months preceding the date on which that notice is
838	actually given.
839	(3) An accident and health insurance policy may not contain a time limit on proof of loss
840	which is more restrictive to the insured, or the insured's network provider, than a
841	provision requiring written proof of loss, delivered to the insurer, within the following
842	time:
843	(a) for a claim where periodic payments are contingent upon continuing loss, within $[120]$

844	<u>180</u> days after the termination of the period for which the insurer is liable; or
845	(b) for any other claim, within $[120]$ <u>180</u> days after the date of the loss.
846	(4)(a)(i) Section 31A-26-301 applies generally to the payment of claims.
847	(ii) Indemnity for loss of life is paid in accordance with the beneficiary designation
848	effective at the time of payment. If no valid beneficiary designation exists, the
849	indemnity is paid to the insured's estate. Any other accrued indemnities unpaid at
850	the insured's death are paid to the insured's estate.
851	(b) Reasonable facility of payment clauses, specified by the commissioner by rule or in
852	approving the policy form, are permitted. Payment made in good faith and in
853	accordance with those clauses discharges the insurer's obligation to pay those claims.
854	(c) All or a portion of any indemnities provided under an accident and health policy on
855	account of hospital, nursing, medical, or surgical services may, at the insurer's option,
856	be paid directly to the hospital or person rendering the services.
857	Section 15. Section <b>31A-22-701</b> is amended to read:
858	31A-22-701 (Effective 05/07/25). Groups eligible for group or blanket insurance.
859	(1) A group insurance policy offering accident and health insurance may be issued to:
860	(a) a group:
861	(i) to which a group life insurance policy may be issued under Section 31A-22-502,
862	31A-22-503, 31A-22-504, 31A-22-505, 31A-22-506, [or-]31A-22-507,
863	<u>31A-22-508, or 31A-22-509;</u> and
864	(ii) that is formed and maintained in good faith for a purpose other than obtaining
865	insurance;
866	(b) a group specifically authorized by the commissioner, upon a finding that:
867	(i) authorization is not contrary to the public interest;
868	(ii) the group is actuarially sound;
869	(iii) formation of the proposed group may result in economies of scale in acquisition,
870	administrative, marketing, and brokerage costs;
871	(iv) the insurance policy, insurance certificate, or other indicia of coverage that will
872	be offered to the proposed group is substantially equivalent to insurance policies
873	that are otherwise available to similar groups;
874	(v) the group would not present hazards of adverse selection;
875	(vi) the premiums for the insurance policy and any contributions by or on behalf of
876	the insured persons are reasonable in relation to the benefits provided; and
877	(vii) the group is formed and maintained in good faith for a purpose other than

878	obtaining insurance; or
879	(c) a postsecondary educational institution covering students, upon a finding that:
880	(i) the policy provides standards for financial soundness;
881	(ii) the policy protects the students covered;
882	(iii) the policy provides for the establishment of a financially viable alternative to
883	traditional health care plans;
884	(iv) authorization is not contrary to the public interest;
885	(v) the policy would not present hazards of adverse selection; and
886	(vi) the premiums for the policy and any contributions by or on behalf of the insured
887	persons are reasonable in relation to the benefits provided.
888	(2) A blanket insurance policy offering accident and health insurance:
889	(a) covers a defined class of persons;
890	(b) may not be offered or underwritten on an individual basis;
891	(c) shall cover only a group that is:
892	(i) actuarially sound; and
893	(ii) formed and maintained in good faith for a purpose other than obtaining insurance;
894	and
895	(d) may be issued only to:
896	(i) a common carrier or an operator, owner, or lessee of a means of transportation, as
897	policyholder, covering persons who may become passengers as defined by
898	reference to the person's travel status;
899	(ii) an employer, as policyholder, covering any group of employees, dependents, or
900	guests, as defined by reference to specified hazards incident to any activities of the
901	policyholder;
902	(iii) an institution of learning, including a school district, a school jurisdictional unit,
903	or the head, principal, or governing board of a school jurisdictional unit, as
904	policyholder, covering students, teachers, or employees;
905	(iv) a religious, charitable, recreational, educational, or civic organization, or branch
906	of one of those organizations, as policyholder, covering a group of members or
907	participants as defined by reference to specified hazards incident to the activities
908	sponsored or supervised by the policyholder;
909	(v) a sports team, camp, or sponsor of a sports team or camp, as policyholder,
910	covering members, campers, employees, officials, or supervisors;
911	(vi) a volunteer fire department, first aid, civil defense, or other similar volunteer

912	organization, as policyholder, covering a group of members or participants as
913	defined by reference to specified hazards incident to activities sponsored,
914	supervised, or participated in by the policyholder;
915	(vii) a newspaper or other publisher, as policyholder, covering [its] a newspaper's or
916	<u>publisher's</u> carriers;
917	(viii) a labor union, as a policyholder, covering a group of members or participants as
918	defined by reference to specified hazards incident to the activities or operations
919	sponsored or supervised by the policyholder;
920	(ix) an association that has a constitution and bylaws covering a group of members or
921	participants as defined by reference to specified hazards incident to the activities
922	or operations sponsored or supervised by the policyholder; or
923	(x) any other class of risks that, in the judgment of the commissioner, may be
924	properly eligible for a blanket insurance policy offering accident and health
925	insurance.
926	(3) The judgment of the commissioner may be exercised on the basis of:
927	(a) individual risks;
928	(b) a class of risks; or
929	(c) both <u>risks described in Subsections(3)(a)</u> and (b).
930	(4) A group insurance policy offering accident and health insurance issued to a group
931	authorized under Subsection 31A-22-504(1)(b)(ii) is subject to the provisions of Section
932	31A-22-602.
933	Section 16. Section <b>31A-23a-105</b> is amended to read:
934	31A-23a-105 (Effective 05/07/25). General requirements for individual and
935	agency license issuance and renewal.
936	(1)(a) The commissioner shall issue or renew a license to a person described in
937	Subsection (1)(b) to act as:
938	(i) a producer;
939	(ii) a surplus lines producer;
940	(iii) a limited line producer;
941	(iv) a consultant;
942	(v) a managing general agent; or
943	(vi) a reinsurance intermediary.
944	(b) The commissioner shall issue or renew a license [under] described in Subsection
945	(1)(a) to a person who, as to the license type and line of authority classification

946	applied for under Section 31A-23a-106:
947	(i) satisfies the application requirements under Section 31A-23a-104;
948	(ii) satisfies the character requirements under Section 31A-23a-107;
949	(iii) satisfies applicable continuing education requirements under Section
950	31A-23a-202;
951	(iv) satisfies applicable examination requirements under Section 31A-23a-108;
952	(v) satisfies applicable training period requirements under Section 31A-23a-203;
953	(vi) if an applicant for a resident individual producer license, certifies that, to the
954	extent applicable, the applicant:
955	(A) is in compliance with Section 31A-23a-203.5; and
956	(B) will maintain compliance with Section 31A-23a-203.5 during the period for
957	which the license is issued or renewed;
958	(vii) has not committed an act that is a ground for denial, suspension, or revocation as
959	provided in Section 31A-23a-111;
960	(viii) if a nonresident:
961	(A) complies with Section 31A-23a-109; and
962	(B) holds an active similar license in that person's home state;
963	(ix) if an applicant for an individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance
964	producer license, satisfies the requirements of Section 31A-23a-204;
965	(x) if an applicant for a license to act as a life settlement provider or life settlement
966	producer, satisfies the requirements of Section 31A-23a-117; and
967	(xi) pays the applicable fees under Section 31A-3-103.
968	(2)(a) This Subsection (2) applies to the following persons:
969	(i) an applicant for a pending:
970	(A) individual or agency producer license;
971	(B) surplus lines producer license;
972	(C) limited line producer license;
973	(D) consultant license;
974	(E) managing general agent license; or
975	(F) reinsurance intermediary license; or
976	(ii) a licensed:
977	(A) individual or agency producer;
978	(B) surplus lines producer;
979	(C) limited line producer;

980	(D) consultant;
981	(E) managing general agent; or
982	(F) reinsurance intermediary.
983	(b) A person described in Subsection (2)(a) shall report to the commissioner:
984	(i) an administrative action taken against the person, including a denial of a new or
985	renewal license application:
986	(A) in another jurisdiction; or
987	(B) by another regulatory agency in this state;
988	(ii) a criminal prosecution taken against the person in any jurisdiction; and
989	(iii) a civil action filed against the person in any jurisdiction if the action involves
990	conduct related to a professional or occupational license, certification,
991	authorization, or registration, regardless of whether the person held the license,
992	certification, authorization, or registration.
993	(c) The report required by Subsection (2)(b) shall:
994	(i) be filed:
995	(A) at the time the person files the application for an individual or agency license;
996	and
997	(B) for an action or prosecution that occurs on or after the day on which the
998	person files the application:
999	(I) for an administrative action, within 30 days of the final disposition of the
1000	administrative action; or
1001	(II) for a criminal prosecution or civil action, within 30 days of the initial
1002	appearance before a court; and
1003	(ii) include a copy of the complaint or other relevant legal documents related to the
1004	action or prosecution described in Subsection (2)(b).
1005	(3)(a) The department may require [a person] an individual applying for a license or for
1006	consent to engage in the business of insurance to submit to a criminal background
1007	check as a condition of receiving a license or consent.
1008	(b) A person, if required to submit to a criminal background check under Subsection
1009	(3)(a), shall:
1010	(i) submit a fingerprint card in a form acceptable to the department; and
1011	(ii) consent to a fingerprint background check by:
1012	(A) the Utah Bureau of Criminal Identification; and
1013	(B) the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

1014	(c) For [a person] an individual who submits a fingerprint card and consents to a
1015	fingerprint background check under Subsection (3)(b), the department may request:
1016	(i) criminal background information maintained pursuant to Title 53, Chapter 10, Part
1017	2, Bureau of Criminal Identification, from the Bureau of Criminal Identification;
1018	and
1019	(ii) complete Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal background checks through
1020	the national criminal history system.
1021	(d) [Information] The department shall use information obtained by the department from
1022	the review of criminal history records received under this Subsection (3) [shall be
1023	used by the department ] for the purposes of:
1024	(i) determining if [a person] an individual satisfies the character requirements under
1025	Section 31A-23a-107 for issuance or renewal of a license;
1026	(ii) determining if [a person] an individual has failed to maintain the character
1027	requirements under Section 31A-23a-107; and
1028	(iii) preventing [a person] an individual who violates the federal Violent Crime
1029	Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033, from engaging
1030	in the business of insurance in the state.
1031	(e) If the department requests the criminal background information, the department shall:
1032	(i) pay to the Department of Public Safety the costs incurred by the Department of
1033	Public Safety in providing the department criminal background information under
1034	Subsection (3)(c)(i);
1035	(ii) pay to the Federal Bureau of Investigation the costs incurred by the Federal
1036	Bureau of Investigation in providing the department criminal background
1037	information under Subsection (3)(c)(ii); and
1038	(iii) charge the [person] individual applying for a license or for consent to engage in
1039	the business of insurance a fee equal to the aggregate of Subsections (3)(e)(i) and
1040	(ii).
1041	(4) To become a resident licensee in accordance with Section 31A-23a-104 and this section,
1042	a person licensed as one of the following in another state who moves to this state shall
1043	apply within 90 days of establishing legal residence in this state:
1044	(a) insurance producer;
1045	(b) surplus lines producer;
1046	(c) limited line producer;
1047	(d) consultant;

(e) managing general agent; or
(f) reinsurance intermediary.
(5)(a) The commissioner may deny a license application for a license listed in
Subsection (5)(b) if the person applying for the license, as to the license type and line
of authority classification applied for under Section 31A-23a-106:
(i) fails to satisfy the requirements as set forth in this section; or
(ii) commits an act that is grounds for denial, suspension, or revocation as set forth in
Section 31A-23a-111.
(b) This Subsection (5) applies to the following licenses:
(i) producer;
(ii) surplus lines producer;
(iii) limited line producer;
(iv) consultant;
(v) managing general agent; or
(vi) reinsurance intermediary.
[(6) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this section, the commissioner may:]
[(a) issue a license to an applicant for a license for a title insurance line of authority only
with the concurrence of the Title and Escrow Commission; and]
[(b) renew a license for a title insurance line of authority only with the concurrence of
the Title and Escrow Commission.]
Section 17. Section <b>31A-23a-109</b> is amended to read:
31A-23a-109 (Effective 05/07/25). Nonresident jurisdictional agreement.
(1)(a) If a nonresident license applicant has a valid producer, surplus lines producer,
limited line producer, consultant, managing general agent, or reinsurance
intermediary license from the nonresident license applicant's home state or
designated home state and the conditions of Subsection (1)(b) are met, the
commissioner shall:
(i) waive the license requirements for a license under this [chapter] section; and
(ii) issue the nonresident license applicant a nonresident license.
(b) Subsection (1)(a) applies if:
(i) the nonresident license applicant:
(A) is licensed in the nonresident license applicant's home state or designated
home state at the time the nonresident license applicant applies for a
nonresident producer, surplus lines producer, limited line producer, consultant,

1082	managing general agent, or reinsurance intermediary license;
1083	(B) has submitted the proper request for licensure;
1084	(C) has submitted to the commissioner:
1085	(I) the application for licensure that the nonresident license applicant submitted
1086	to the applicant's home state or designated home state; or
1087	(II) a completed uniform application; and
1088	(D) has paid the applicable fees under Section 31A-3-103; and
1089	(ii) the nonresident license applicant's license in the applicant's home state or
1090	designated home state is in good standing.
1091	(2) A nonresident applicant applying under Subsection (1) shall in addition to complying
1092	with all license requirements for a license under this chapter execute, in a form
1093	acceptable to the commissioner, an agreement to be subject to the jurisdiction of the
1094	Utah commissioner and courts on any matter related to the applicant's insurance
1095	activities in this state, on the basis of:
1096	(a) service of process under Sections 31A-2-309 and 31A-2-310; or
1097	(b) service authorized:
1098	(i) in the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure; or
1099	(ii) under Section 78B-3-206.
1100	(3) The commissioner may verify a producer's licensing status through the producer
1101	database maintained by:
1102	(a) the National Association of Insurance Commissioners; or
1103	(b) an affiliate or subsidiary of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners.
1104	(4) The commissioner may not assess a greater fee for an insurance license or related
1105	service to a person not residing in this state solely on the fact that the person does not
1106	reside in this state.
1107	Section 18. Section <b>31A-23a-111</b> is amended to read:
1108	31A-23a-111 (Effective 05/07/25). Revoking, suspending, surrendering, lapsing,
1109	limiting, or otherwise terminating a license Forfeiture Rulemaking for renewal or
1110	reinstatement.
1111	(1) A license type issued under this chapter remains in force until:
1112	(a) revoked or suspended under Subsection (5);
1113	(b) surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of
1114	administrative action;
1115	(c) the licensee dies or is adjudicated incompetent as defined under:

1116	(i) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 3, Guardians of Incapacitated Persons; or
1117	(ii) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 4, Protection of Property of Persons Under Disability and
1118	Minors;
1119	(d) lapsed under Section 31A-23a-113; or
1120	(e) voluntarily surrendered.
1121	(2) The following may be reinstated within one year after the day on which the license is no
1122	longer in force:
1123	(a) a lapsed license; or
1124	(b) a voluntarily surrendered license, except that a voluntarily surrendered license may
1125	not be reinstated after the license period in which the license is voluntarily
1126	surrendered.
1127	(3) Unless otherwise stated in a written agreement for the voluntary surrender of a license,
1128	submission and acceptance of a voluntary surrender of a license does not prevent the
1129	department from pursuing additional disciplinary or other action authorized under:
1130	(a) this title; or
1131	(b) rules made under this title in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1132	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
1133	(4) A line of authority issued under this chapter remains in force until:
1134	(a) the qualifications pertaining to a line of authority are no longer met by the licensee;
1135	(b) the supporting license type:
1136	(i) is revoked or suspended under Subsection (5);
1137	(ii) is surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of
1138	administrative action;
1139	(iii) lapses under Section 31A-23a-113; or
1140	(iv) is voluntarily surrendered; or
1141	(c) the licensee dies or is adjudicated incompetent as defined under:
1142	(i) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 3, Guardians of Incapacitated Persons; or
1143	(ii) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 4, Protection of Property of Persons Under Disability and
1144	Minors.
1145	(5)(a) If the commissioner makes a finding under Subsection (5)(b), as part of an
1146	adjudicative proceeding under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act,
1147	the commissioner may:
1148	(i) revoke:
1149	(A) a license; or

1150	(B) a line of authority;
1151	(ii) suspend for a specified period of 12 months or less:
1152	(A) a license; or
1153	(B) a line of authority;
1154	(iii) limit in whole or in part:
1155	(A) a license; or
1156	(B) a line of authority;
1157	(iv) deny a license application;
1158	(v) assess a forfeiture under Subsection 31A-2-308(1)(b)(i) or (1)(c)(i); or
1159	(vi) take a combination of actions under Subsections (5)(a)(i) through (iv) and
1160	Subsection (5)(a)(v).
1161	(b) The commissioner may take an action described in Subsection (5)(a) if the
1162	commissioner finds that the licensee or license applicant:
1163	(i) is unqualified for a license or line of authority under Section 31A-23a-104,
1164	31A-23a-105, or 31A-23a-107;
1165	(ii) violates:
1166	(A) an insurance statute;
1167	(B) a rule that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(3); or
1168	(C) an order that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(4);
1169	(iii) is insolvent or the subject of receivership, conservatorship, rehabilitation, or
1170	other delinquency proceedings in any state;
1171	(iv) is more than 60 days past due on $[an enforceable] \underline{a}$ final judgment;
1172	(v) fails to meet the same good faith obligations in claims settlement that is required
1173	of admitted insurers;
1174	(vi) is affiliated with and under the same general management or interlocking
1175	directorate or ownership as another insurance producer that transacts business in
1176	this state without a license;
1177	(vii) refuses:
1178	(A) to be examined; or
1179	(B) to produce [its] the licensee's or license applicant's accounts, records, and files
1180	for examination;
1181	(viii) has an officer who refuses to:
1182	(A) give information with respect to the insurance producer's affairs; or
1183	(B) perform any other legal obligation as to an examination;

1184	(ix) provides information in the license application that is:
1185	(A) incorrect;
1186	(B) misleading;
1187	(C) incomplete; or
1188	(D) materially untrue;
1189	(x) violates an insurance law, valid rule, or valid order of another regulatory agency
1190	in any jurisdiction;
1191	(xi) obtains or attempts to obtain a license through misrepresentation or fraud;
1192	(xii) improperly withholds, misappropriates, or converts money or properties
1193	received in the course of doing insurance business;
1194	(xiii) intentionally misrepresents the terms of an actual or proposed:
1195	(A) insurance contract;
1196	(B) application for insurance; or
1197	(C) life settlement;
1198	(xiv) has been convicted of, or has entered a plea in abeyance as defined in Section
1199	77-2a-1 to:
1200	(A) a felony; or
1201	(B) a misdemeanor involving fraud, misrepresentation, theft, or dishonesty;
1202	(xv) admits or is found to have committed an [insurance-]unfair trade practice or
1203	fraud;
1204	(xvi) in the conduct of business in this state or elsewhere:
1205	(A) uses fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices; or
1206	(B) demonstrates incompetence, untrustworthiness, or financial irresponsibility;
1207	(xvii) has had an insurance license or other professional or occupational license, or an
1208	equivalent to an insurance license or registration, or other professional or
1209	occupational license or registration:
1210	(A) denied;
1211	(B) suspended;
1212	(C) revoked; or
1213	(D) surrendered to resolve an administrative action;
1214	(xviii) forges another's name to:
1215	(A) an application for insurance; or
1216	(B) a document related to an insurance transaction;
1217	(xix) improperly uses notes or another reference material to complete an examination

1218	for an insurance license;
1219	(xx) knowingly accepts insurance business from an individual who is not licensed;
1220	(xxi) fails to comply with an administrative or court order imposing a child support
1221	obligation;
1222	(xxii) fails to[ <del>:</del> ]
1223	[(A) pay state income tax; or]
1224	[(B)] _comply with an administrative or court order directing payment of state
1225	income tax;
1226	(xxiii) has been convicted of violating the federal Violent Crime Control and Law
1227	Enforcement Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 and has not obtained written
1228	consent to engage in the business of insurance or participate in such business as
1229	required by 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033;
1230	(xxiv) engages in a method or practice in the conduct of business that endangers the
1231	legitimate interests of customers and the public; or
1232	(xxv) has been convicted of any criminal felony involving dishonesty or breach of
1233	trust and has not obtained written consent to engage in the business of insurance
1234	or participate in such business as required by 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033.
1235	(c) For purposes of this section, if a license is held by an agency, both the agency itself
1236	and any individual designated under the license are considered to be the holders of
1237	the license.
1238	(d) If an individual designated under the agency license commits an act or fails to
1239	perform a duty that is a ground for suspending, revoking, or limiting the individual's
1240	license, the commissioner may suspend, revoke, or limit the license of:
1241	(i) the individual;
1242	(ii) the agency, if the agency:
1243	(A) is reckless or negligent in its supervision of the individual; or
1244	(B) knowingly participates in the act or failure to act that is the ground for
1245	suspending, revoking, or limiting the license; or
1246	(iii)(A) the individual; and
1247	(B) the agency if the agency meets the requirements of Subsection (5)(d)(ii).
1248	(6) A licensee under this chapter is subject to the penalties for acting as a licensee without a
1249	license if:
1250	(a) the licensee's license is:
1251	(i) revoked;

1252	(ii) suspended;
1253	(iii) limited;
1254	(iv) surrendered in lieu of administrative action;
1255	(v) lapsed; or
1256	(vi) voluntarily surrendered; and
1257	(b) the licensee:
1258	(i) continues to act as a licensee; or
1259	(ii) violates the terms of the license limitation.
1260	(7) A licensee under this chapter shall immediately report to the commissioner:
1261	(a) a revocation, suspension, or limitation of the person's license in another state, the
1262	District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States;
1263	(b) the imposition of a disciplinary sanction imposed on that person by another state, the
1264	District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States; or
1265	(c) a judgment or injunction entered against that person on the basis of conduct
1266	involving:
1267	(i) fraud;
1268	(ii) deceit;
1269	(iii) misrepresentation;[-or]
1270	(iv) a violation of an insurance law or rule[-] : or
1271	(v) payment of money.
1272	(8)(a) An order revoking a license under Subsection (5) or an agreement to surrender a
1273	license in lieu of administrative action may specify a time, not to exceed five years,
1274	within which the former licensee may not apply for a new license.
1275	(b) If no time is specified in an order or agreement described in Subsection (8)(a), the
1276	former licensee may not apply for a new license for five years from the day on which
1277	the order or agreement is made without the express approval by the commissioner.
1278	(9) The commissioner shall promptly withhold, suspend, restrict, or reinstate the use of a
1279	license issued under this part if[-so] ordered by a court.
1280	(10) The commissioner shall [by rule prescribe] provide the license renewal and
1281	reinstatement procedures by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1282	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
1283	Section 19. Section <b>31A-23a-119</b> is amended to read:
1284	31A-23a-119 (Effective 05/07/25). Special requirements for agency title
1285	insurance producers.

1286	(1) As used in this section:
1287	(a) "Applicable percentage" means:
1288	(i) on [February] January 1, 2024, through [January] December 31, [2025] 2024, 2.5%;
1289	(ii) on [February] January 1, 2025, through [January] December 31, [2026] 2025, 3%;
1290	(iii) on [February] January 1, 2026, through [January] December 31, [2027] 2026,
1291	3.5%;
1292	(iv) on [February] January 1, 2027, through [January] December 31, [2028] 2027, 4%;
1293	and
1294	(v) on [February] January 1, 2028, through [January] December 31, [2029] 2028, 4.5%.
1295	(b) "Sufficient capital and net worth" means:
1296	(i) for a new title entity:
1297	(A) \$100,000 for the first five years after becoming a new agency title insurance
1298	producer; or
1299	(B) after the first five years after becoming a new agency title insurance producer,
1300	the greater of \$50,000, or on [February] January 1 of each year, an amount
1301	equal to 5% of the title entity's average annual gross revenue over the
1302	preceding two calendar years, up to \$150,000; or
1303	(ii) for a title entity licensed before May 14, 2019:
1304	(A) for the time period beginning on [February] January 1, 2020, and ending on [
1305	January] December 31, 2029, the lesser of an amount equal to the applicable
1306	percentage of the title entity's average annual gross revenue over the two
1307	calendar years immediately preceding the [February] January 1 on which the
1308	applicable percentage applies or \$150,000; and
1309	(B) beginning on [February] January 1, 2029, the greater of \$50,000 or an amount
1310	equal to 5% of the title entity's average annual gross revenue over the
1311	preceding two calendar years, up to \$150,000.
1312	(2) Before May 1 of each year, each agency title insurance producer shall submit a report to
1313	the commissioner containing proof satisfactory to the commissioner that the agency title
1314	insurance producer had sufficient capital and net worth for the preceding calendar year.
1315	Section 20. Section <b>31A-23a-415</b> is amended to read:
1316	31A-23a-415 (Effective 05/07/25). Assessment on agency title insurance
1317	producers or title insurers Account created.
1318	(1) For purposes of this section:
1319	(a) "Premium" is as described in Subsection 59-9-101(3).

1320	(b) "Title insurer" means a person:
1321	(i) making any contract or policy of title insurance as:
1322	(A) insurer;
1323	(B) guarantor; or
1324	(C) surety;
1325	(ii) proposing to make any contract or policy of title insurance as:
1326	(A) insurer;
1327	(B) guarantor; or
1328	(C) surety; or
1329	(iii) transacting or proposing to transact any phase of title insurance, including:
1330	(A) soliciting;
1331	(B) negotiating preliminary to execution;
1332	(C) executing of a contract of title insurance;
1333	(D) insuring; and
1334	(E) transacting matters subsequent to the execution of the contract and arising out
1335	of the contract.
1336	(c) "Utah risks" means insuring, guaranteeing, or indemnifying with regard to real or
1337	personal property located in Utah, an owner of real or personal property, the holders
1338	of liens or encumbrances on that property, or others interested in the property against
1339	loss or damage suffered by reason of:
1340	(i) liens or encumbrances upon, defects in, or the unmarketability of the title to the
1341	property; or
1342	(ii) invalidity or unenforceability of any liens or encumbrances on the property.
1343	(2)(a) The commissioner may assess each title insurer, each individual title insurance
1344	producer who is not an employee of a title insurer or who is not designated by an
1345	agency title insurance producer, and each agency title insurance producer an annual
1346	assessment:
1347	[(i) determined by the Title and Escrow Commission:]
1348	[(A) after consultation with the commissioner; and]
1349	[(B)] (i) in accordance with this Subsection (2); and
1350	(ii) to be used for the purposes described in Subsection (3).
1351	(b) An agency title insurance producer and individual title insurance producer who is not
1352	an employee of a title insurer or who is not designated by an agency title insurance
1353	producer shall be assessed up to:

1354	(i) \$250 for the first office in each county in which the agency title insurance
1355	producer or individual title insurance producer maintains an office; and
1356	(ii) \$150 for each additional office the agency title insurance producer or individual
1357	title insurance producer maintains in the county described in Subsection (2)(b)(i).
1358	(c) A title insurer shall be assessed up to:
1359	(i) \$250 for the first office in each county in which the title insurer maintains an
1360	office;
1361	(ii) \$150 for each additional office the title insurer maintains in the county described
1362	in Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
1363	(iii) an amount calculated by:
1364	(A) aggregating the assessments imposed on:
1365	(I) agency title insurance producers and individual title insurance producers
1366	under Subsection (2)(b); and
1367	(II) title insurers under Subsections (2)(c)(i) and (2)(c)(ii);
1368	(B) subtracting the amount determined under Subsection (2)(c)(iii)(A) from the
1369	total costs and expenses determined under Subsection (2)(d); and
1370	(C) multiplying:
1371	(I) the amount calculated under Subsection (2)(c)(iii)(B); and
1372	(II) the percentage of total premiums for title insurance on Utah risk that are
1373	premiums of the title insurer.
1374	(d) Notwithstanding Section 31A-3-103 and subject to Section 31A-2-404, during the
1375	first quarter of each fiscal year the Title and Escrow Commission shall approve the
1376	amount of costs and expenses described under Subsection (3) for the prior fiscal year
1377	that will be covered by the assessment.
1378	(e)(i) An individual licensed to practice law in Utah is exempt from the requirements
1379	of this Subsection (2) if that person issues 12 or less policies during a 12-month
1380	period.
1381	(ii) In determining the number of policies issued by an individual licensed to practice
1382	law in Utah for purposes of Subsection (2)(e)(i), if the individual issues a policy to
1383	more than one party to the same closing, the individual is considered to have
1384	issued only one policy.
1385	(3)(a) Money received by the state under this section shall be deposited into the Title
1386	Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account.
1387	(b) There is created in the General Fund a restricted account known as the "Title

1388	Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account."
1389	(c) The Title Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account shall consist of the money
1390	received by the state under this section.
1391	(d) The commissioner shall administer the Title Licensee Enforcement Restricted
1392	Account. Subject to appropriations by the Legislature, the commissioner shall use
1393	the money deposited into the Title Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account only to
1394	pay for a cost or expense incurred by the department in the administration,
1395	investigation, and enforcement of laws governing individual title insurance
1396	producers, agency title insurance producers, or title insurers.
1397	(e) An appropriation from the Title Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account is
1398	nonlapsing.
1399	(4) The assessment imposed by this section shall be in addition to any premium assessment
1400	imposed under Subsection 59-9-101(3).
1401	Section 21. Section <b>31A-26-202</b> is amended to read:
1402	31A-26-202 (Effective 05/07/25). Application for license.
1403	(1)(a) The application for a license as an independent adjuster or public adjuster shall be:
1404	(i) made to the commissioner on forms and in a manner the commissioner [prescribes]
1405	requires; and
1406	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (4), accompanied by the applicable fee, which is
1407	not refunded if the application is denied.
1408	(b) The application shall provide:
1409	(i) information about the applicant's identity, including:
1410	(A) the applicant's:
1411	(I) Social Security number; or
1412	(II) federal employer identification number;
1413	(B) the applicant's personal history, experience, education, and business record;
1414	(C) if the applicant is a natural person, whether the applicant is 18 years [of age]
1415	old or older; and
1416	(D) whether the applicant has committed an act that is a ground for denial,
1417	suspension, or revocation as set forth in Section [31A-25-208] 31A-26-213; and
1418	(ii) any other information as the commissioner reasonably requires.
1419	(2) The commissioner may require documents reasonably necessary to verify the
1420	information contained in the application.
1421	(3) An applicant's Social Security number contained in an application filed under this

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1422	section is a private record under Section 63G-2-302.
1423	(4) The following individuals are exempt from paying a license fee:
1424	(a) an individual serving in the armed forces of the United States while the individual is
1425	stationed within this state, if:
1426	(i) the individual holds a valid license to practice the regulated occupation or
1427	profession issued by any other state or jurisdiction recognized by the department;
1428	and
1429	(ii) the license is current and the individual is in good standing in the state or
1430	jurisdiction of licensure; and
1431	(b) the spouse of an individual serving in the armed forces of the United States while the
1432	individual is stationed within this state, if:
1433	(i) the spouse holds a valid license to practice the regulated occupation or profession
1434	issued by any other state or jurisdiction recognized by the department; and
1435	(ii) the license is current and the spouse is in good standing in the state or jurisdiction
1436	of licensure.
1437	Section 22. Section <b>31A-37-102</b> is amended to read:
1438	31A-37-102 (Effective 05/07/25). Definitions.
1439	As used in this chapter:
1440	(1)(a) "Affiliated company" means a business entity that because of common ownership,
1441	control, operation, or management is in the same corporate or limited liability
1442	company system as:
1443	(i) a parent;
1444	(ii) an industrial insured; or
1445	(iii) a member organization.
1446	(b) "Affiliated company" does not include a business entity for which the commissioner
1447	issues an order finding that the business entity is not an affiliated company.
1448	(2) "Agency captive" means a captive insurer that:
1449	(a) is owned by one or more business entities that are licensed in any state as insurance
1450	producers or managing general agents; and
1451	(b) only insures risks on policies placed through the captive insurer's owners.
1452	[(2)] (3) "Alien captive insurance company" means an insurer:
1453	(a) formed to write insurance business for a parent or affiliate of the insurer; and
1454	(b) licensed pursuant to the laws of an alien or foreign jurisdiction that imposes statutory
1455	or regulatory standards:

1456	(i) on a business entity transacting the business of insurance in the alien or foreign
1457	jurisdiction; and
1458	(ii) in a form acceptable to the commissioner.
1459	[(3)] (4) "Applicant captive insurance company" means an entity that has submitted an
1460	application for a certificate of authority for a captive insurance company, unless the
1461	application has been denied or withdrawn.
1462	[(4)] (5) "Association" means a legal association of two or more persons that meets the
1463	following requirements:
1464	(a) the persons are exposed to similar or related liability because of related, similar, or
1465	common business trade, products, services, premises, or operations; and
1466	(b)(i) the association or the association's member organizations:
1467	(A) own, control, or hold [with-]power to vote all of the outstanding voting
1468	securities of an association captive insurance company incorporated as a stock
1469	insurer;
1470	(B) have complete voting control over an association captive insurance company
1471	incorporated as a mutual insurer; or
1472	(C) have complete voting control over an association captive insurance company
1473	formed as a limited liability company; or
1474	(ii) the association's member organizations collectively constitute all of the
1475	subscribers of an association captive insurance company formed as a reciprocal
1476	insurer.
1477	[(5)] (6) "Association captive insurance company" means a business entity that insures risks
1478	of:
1479	(a) a member organization of the association;
1480	(b) an affiliate of a member organization of the association; and
1481	(c) the association.
1482	[(6)] (7) "Branch business" means an insurance business transacted by a branch captive
1483	insurance company in this state.
1484	[(7)] (8) "Branch captive insurance company" means an alien captive insurance company
1485	that has a certificate of authority from the commissioner to transact the business of
1486	insurance in this state through a captive insurance company that is domiciled outside of
1487	this state.
1488	[(8)] (9) "Branch operation" means a business operation of a branch captive insurance
1489	company in this state.

1490	[(9)] (10)(a) "Captive insurance company" means the same as that term is defined in
1490	Section 31A-1-301.
1492	(b) "Captive insurance company" includes any of the following formed or holding a
1492	
	certificate of authority under this chapter:
1494	(i) an agency captive insurance company;
1495	[(i)] (ii) a branch captive insurance company;
1496	(iii) a pooling captive insurance company;
1497	[(ii)] (iv) a pure captive insurance company;
1498	[(iii)] (v) an association captive insurance company;
1499	[(iv)] (vi) a sponsored captive insurance company;
1500	$\left[\frac{(v)}{(v)}\right]$ an industrial insured captive insurance company, including an industrial
1501	insured captive insurance company formed as a risk retention group captive in this
1502	state pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Liability Risk Retention Act of
1503	1986;
1504	[(vii)] (viii) a special purpose captive insurance company; or
1505	[(vii)] (ix) a special purpose financial captive insurance company.
1506	(11)(a) "Cell" means a separate account for one or more participants formed and
1507	operating under the authority of a sponsored captive insurance company to write
1508	insurance coverage as described in this title.
1509	(b) <u>"Cell" includes an account formed as either:</u>
1510	(i) an incorporated cell; or
1511	(ii) a protected cell.
1512	[(10)] (12) "Commissioner" means Utah's Insurance Commissioner or the commissioner's
1513	designee.
1514	[(11)] (13) "Common ownership and control" means that two or more captive insurance
1515	companies are owned or controlled by the same person or group of persons as follows:
1516	(a) in the case of a captive insurance company that is a stock corporation, the direct or
1517	indirect ownership of 80% or more of the outstanding voting stock of the stock
1518	corporation;
1519	(b) in the case of a captive insurance company that is a mutual corporation, the direct or
1520	indirect ownership of 80% or more of the surplus and the voting power of the mutual
1521	corporation;
1522	(c) in the case of a captive insurance company that is a limited liability company, the
1523	direct or indirect ownership by the same member or members of 80% or more of the

1524	membership interests in the limited liability company; or
1525	(d) in the case of a sponsored captive insurance company, a [protected-]cell is a separate
1526	captive insurance company owned and controlled by the [protected-]cell's participant,
1527	only if:
1528	(i) the participant is the only participant with respect to the [protected ]cell; and
1529	(ii) the participant is the sponsor or is affiliated with the sponsor of the sponsored
1530	captive insurance company through common ownership and control.
1531	[(12)] (14) "Consolidated debt to total capital ratio" means the ratio of Subsection $[(12)(a)]$
1532	<u>(14)(a)</u> to (b).
1533	(a) This Subsection $[(12)(a)]$ (14)(a) is an amount equal to the sum of all debts and
1534	hybrid capital instruments including:
1535	(i) all borrowings from depository institutions;
1536	(ii) all senior debt;
1537	(iii) all subordinated debts;
1538	(iv) all trust preferred shares; and
1539	(v) all other hybrid capital instruments that are not included in the determination of
1540	consolidated GAAP net worth issued and outstanding.
1541	(b) This Subsection $[(12)(b)] (14)(b)$ is an amount equal to the sum of:
1542	(i) total capital consisting of all debts and hybrid capital instruments as described in
1543	Subsection $[(12)(a)] ((14)(a);$ and
1544	(ii) shareholders' equity determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting
1545	principles for reporting to the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.
1546	[(13)] (15) "Consolidated GAAP net worth" means the consolidated shareholders' or
1547	members' equity determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting
1548	principles for reporting to the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.
1549	[(14)] (16) "Controlled unaffiliated business" means a business entity:
1550	(a)(i) in the case of a pure captive insurance company, that is not in the corporate or
1551	limited liability company system of a parent or the parent's affiliate; or
1552	(ii) in the case of an industrial insured captive insurance company, that is not in the
1553	corporate or limited liability company system of an industrial insured or an
1554	affiliated company of the industrial insured;
1555	(b)(i) in the case of a pure captive insurance company, that has a contractual
1556	relationship with a parent or affiliate; or
1557	(ii) in the case of an industrial insured captive insurance company, that has a

1558	contractual relationship with an industrial insured or an affiliated company of the
1559	industrial insured; and
1560	(c) whose risks that are or will be insured by a pure captive insurance company, an
1561	industrial insured captive insurance company, or both, are managed in accordance
1562	with Subsection 31A-37-106(1)(j) by:
1563	(i)(A) a pure captive insurance company; or
1564	(B) an industrial insured captive insurance company; or
1565	(ii) a parent or affiliate of:
1566	(A) a pure captive insurance company; or
1567	(B) an industrial insured captive insurance company.
1568	[(15)] (17) "Criminal act" means an act for which a person receives a verdict or finding of
1569	guilt after a criminal trial or a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to a criminal charge.
1570	[(16)] (18) "Establisher" means a person who establishes a business entity or a trust.
1571	[(17)] (19) "Governing body" means the persons who hold the ultimate authority to direct
1572	and manage the affairs of an entity.
1573	(20) "Incorporated cell" means a separate account:
1574	(a) established and maintained by a sponsored captive insurance company for a
1575	participant; and
1576	(b) that has been organized as a corporation, a limited liability company, or a
1577	not-for-profit organization.
1578	[(18)] (21) "Industrial insured" means an insured:
1579	(a) that produces insurance:
1580	(i) by the services of a full-time employee acting as a risk manager or insurance
1581	manager; or
1582	(ii) using the services of a regularly and continuously qualified insurance consultant;
1583	(b) whose aggregate annual premiums for insurance on all risks total at least \$25,000;
1584	and
1585	(c) that has at least 25 full-time employees.
1586	[(19)] (22) "Industrial insured captive insurance company" means a business entity that:
1587	(a) insures risks of the industrial insureds that comprise the industrial insured group; and
1588	(b) may insure the risks of:
1589	(i) an affiliated company of an industrial insured; or
1590	(ii) a controlled unaffiliated business of:
1591	(A) an industrial insured; or

1592	(B) an affiliated company of an industrial insured.
1593	[ <del>(20)</del> ] <u>(23)</u> "Industrial insured group" means:
1594	(a) a group of industrial insureds that collectively:
1595	(i) own, control, or hold with power to vote all of the outstanding voting securities of
1596	an industrial insured captive insurance company incorporated or organized as a
1597	limited liability company as a stock insurer; or
1598	(ii) have complete voting control over an industrial insured captive insurance
1599	company incorporated or organized as a limited liability company as a mutual
1600	insurer;
1601	(b) a group that is:
1602	(i) created under the Product Liability Risk Retention Act of 1981, 15 U.S.C. Sec.
1603	3901 et seq., as amended, as a corporation or other limited liability association;
1604	and
1605	(ii) taxable under this title as a:
1606	(A) stock corporation; or
1607	(B) mutual insurer; or
1608	(c) a group that has complete voting control over an industrial captive insurance
1609	company formed as a limited liability company.
1610	[(21)] (24) "Member organization" means a person that belongs to an association.
1611	[(22)] (25) "Parent" means a person that directly or indirectly owns, controls, or holds with
1612	power to vote more than 50% of the outstanding securities of an organization.
1613	[(23)] (26) "Participant" means an entity that is insured by a sponsored captive insurance
1614	company:
1615	(a) if the losses of the participant are limited through a participant contract to the assets
1616	of a protected cell; and
1617	(b)(i) the entity is permitted to be a participant under Section 31A-37-403; or
1618	(ii) the entity is an affiliate of an entity permitted to be a participant under Section
1619	31A-37-403.
1620	[(24)] (27) "Participant contract" means a contract by which a sponsored captive insurance
1621	company:
1622	(a) insures the risks of a participant; and
1623	(b) limits the losses of the participant to the assets of a protected cell.
1624	(28) "Pooling captive" means a captive insurer organized for the purpose of establishing a
1625	risk-sharing arrangement between other captive insurers.

1626	[(25)] (29) "Protected cell" means a separate account:
1627	(a) established and maintained by a sponsored captive insurance company for [one] a
1628	participant[-] <u>; and</u>
1629	(b) that has not been organized as an entity including a corporation, a limited liability
1630	company, or a not-for-profit organization.
1631	[(26)] (30) "Pure captive insurance company" means a business entity that insures risks of a
1632	parent[or affiliate], affiliate, or controlled unaffiliated business of the business entity.
1633	[(27)] (31) "Special purpose financial captive insurance company" means the same as that
1634	term is defined in Section 31A-37a-102.
1635	[ <del>(28)</del> ] <u>(32)</u> "Sponsor" means an entity that:
1636	(a) meets the requirements of Section 31A-37-402; and
1637	(b) is approved by the commissioner to:
1638	(i) provide all or part of the capital and surplus in an amount:
1639	(A) required by [applicable law in an amount of not less than \$350,000, which
1640	amount the commissioner may increase by order if the commissioner considers
1641	it necessary] Section 31A-37-204; or
1642	(B) greater than the amount required by Section 31A-37-204, if, by order, the
1643	commissioner deems the increase necessary; and
1644	(ii) organize and operate a sponsored captive insurance company.
1645	[(29)] (33) "Sponsored captive insurance company" means a captive insurance company:
1646	(a) in which the minimum capital and surplus required by applicable law is provided by
1647	one or more sponsors or participants;
1648	(b) that is formed or holding a certificate of authority under this chapter;
1649	(c) that insures the risks of a separate participant through the contract; and
1650	(d) that segregates each participant's liability through one or more[-protected] cells.
1651	[(30)] (34) "Treasury rates" means the United States Treasury strip asked yield as published
1652	in the Wall Street Journal as of a balance sheet date.
1653	Section 23. Section <b>31A-37-104</b> is amended to read:
1654	31A-37-104 (Effective 05/07/25). Applicability of reorganization, receivership,
1655	and injunction authority.
1656	(1) Except as provided in Chapter 37a, Special Purpose Financial Captive Insurance
1657	Company Act, and Subsection (2), Chapter 27a, Insurer Receivership Act, applies to a
1658	captive insurance company formed or holding a certificate of authority under this
1659	chapter.

1660	(2) In the case of a sponsored captive insurance company:
1661	(a) the assets of a [protected ]cell may not be used to pay an expense or claim other than
1662	one attributable to the [protected ]cell; and
1663	(b) the capital and surplus of the sponsored captive insurance company:
1664	(i) shall at all times be available to pay:
1665	(A) an expense of the sponsored captive insurance company; or
1666	(B) a claim against the sponsored captive insurance company; and
1667	(ii) may not be used to pay an expense or claim attributable to a[-protected] cell.
1668	Section 24. Section <b>31A-37-201</b> is amended to read:
1669	31A-37-201 (Effective 05/07/25). Certificate of authority.
1670	(1) The commissioner may issue a certificate of authority to act as an insurer in this state to
1671	a captive insurance company that meets the requirements of this chapter.
1672	(2) To conduct insurance business in this state, a captive insurance company shall:
1673	(a) obtain from the commissioner a certificate of authority authorizing [it] the captive
1674	insurance company to conduct insurance business in this state;
1675	[(b) hold at least once each year in the state a meeting of the governing body;]
1676	(b)(i) hold a meeting of the governing body:
1677	(A) at least once each year;
1678	(B) at which a quorum is present;
1679	(C) in the state; and
1680	(D) at which at least one out-of-state individual is physically present; or
1681	(ii) become a member of the Utah Captive Insurance Association at the highest level
1682	of membership;
1683	(c) maintain in this state:
1684	(i) the principal place of business of the captive insurance company; or
1685	(ii) in the case of a branch captive insurance company, the principal place of business
1686	for the branch operations of the branch captive insurance company; and
1687	(d) except as provided in Subsection (3), appoint a resident registered agent to accept
1688	service of process and to otherwise act on behalf of the captive insurance company in
1689	the state.
1690	(3) In the case of a captive insurance company formed as a corporation, if the registered
1691	agent cannot with reasonable diligence be found at the registered office of the captive
1692	insurance company, the commissioner is the agent of the captive insurance company
1693	upon whom process, notice, or demand may be served.

1694	(4)(a) Before receiving a certificate of authority, an applicant captive insurance company
1695	shall file with the commissioner:
1696	(i) a certified copy of the captive insurance company's organizational charter;
1697	(ii) a statement under oath of the captive insurance company's president and secretary
1698	or their equivalents showing the captive insurance company's financial condition;
1699	and
1700	(iii) any other statement or document required by the commissioner under Section
1701	31A-37-106.
1702	(b) In addition to the information required under Subsection (4)(a), an applicant captive
1703	insurance company shall file with the commissioner evidence of:
1704	(i) the amount and liquidity of the assets of the applicant captive insurance company
1705	relative to the risks to be assumed by the applicant captive insurance company;
1706	(ii) the adequacy of the expertise, experience, and character of the person who will
1707	manage the applicant captive insurance company;
1708	(iii) the overall soundness of the plan of operation of the applicant captive insurance
1709	company;
1710	(iv) the adequacy of the loss prevention programs for the prospective insureds of the
1711	applicant captive insurance company as the commissioner deems necessary; and
1712	(v) any other factor the commissioner:
1713	(A) adopts by rule under Section 31A-37-106; and
1714	(B) considers relevant in ascertaining whether the applicant captive insurance
1715	company will be able to meet the policy obligations of the applicant captive
1716	insurance company.
1717	(c) In addition to the information required by Subsections (4)(a) and (b), an applicant
1718	sponsored captive insurance company shall file with the commissioner:
1719	(i) a business plan at the level of detail required by the commissioner under Section
1720	31A-37-106 demonstrating:
1721	(A) the manner in which the applicant sponsored captive insurance company will
1722	account for the losses and expenses of each [protected ]cell; and
1723	(B) the manner in which the applicant sponsored captive insurance company will
1724	report to the commissioner the financial history, including losses and expenses,
1725	of each [ <del>protected</del> ]cell;
1726	(ii) a statement acknowledging that the applicant sponsored captive insurance
1727	company will make all financial records of the applicant sponsored captive

1728	insurance company, including records pertaining to a [protected-]cell, available for
1729	inspection or examination by the commissioner;
1730	(iii) a contract or sample contract between the applicant sponsored captive insurance
1731	company and a participant; and
1732	(iv) evidence that expenses will be allocated to each [protected]cell in an equitable
1733	manner.
1734	(5)(a) Information submitted [pursuant to] in accordance with this section is classified as
1735	a protected record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
1736	Management Act.
1737	(b) Notwithstanding Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
1738	Management Act, the commissioner may disclose information submitted [pursuant to]
1739	in accordance with this section to a public official having jurisdiction over the
1740	regulation of insurance in another state if:
1741	(i) the public official receiving the information agrees in writing to maintain the
1742	confidentiality of the information; and
1743	(ii) the laws of the state in which the public official serves require the information to
1744	be confidential.
1745	(c) This Subsection (5) does not apply to information provided by an industrial insured
1746	captive insurance company insuring the risks of an industrial insured group.
1747	(6)(a) A captive insurance company shall pay to the department the following
1748	nonrefundable fees established by the department under Sections 31A-3-103,
1749	31A-3-304, and 63J-1-504:
1750	(i) a fee for examining, investigating, and processing, by a department employee, of
1751	an application for a certificate of authority made by an applicant captive insurance
1752	company;
1753	(ii) a fee for obtaining a certificate of authority for the year the captive insurance
1754	company is issued a certificate of authority by the department; and
1755	(iii) a certificate of authority renewal fee, assessed annually.
1756	(b) The commissioner may:
1757	(i) assign a department employee or retain legal, financial, or examination services
1758	from outside the department to perform the services described in:
1759	(A) Subsection (6)(a); and
1760	(B) Section 31A-37-502; and
1761	(ii) charge the reasonable cost of services described in Subsection (6)(b)(i) to the

1762	applicant captive insurance company.
1762	(7) If the commissioner is satisfied that the documents and statements filed by the applicant
1764	
	captive insurance company comply with this chapter, the commissioner may grant a
1765	certificate of authority authorizing the company to do insurance business in this state.
1766	(8) A certificate of authority granted under this section expires annually and shall be
1767	renewed by July 1 of each year.
1768	Section 25. Section <b>31A-37-202</b> is amended to read:
1769	31A-37-202 (Effective 05/07/25). Permissive areas of insurance.
1770	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (2) and (3), a captive insurance company may not
1771	directly insure a risk other than the risk of the captive insurance company's parent or
1772	affiliated company.
1773	(2) In addition to the risks described in Subsection (1), an association captive insurance
1774	company may insure the risk of:
1775	(a) a member organization of the association captive insurance company's association; or
1776	(b) an affiliate of a member organization of the association captive insurance company's
1777	association.
1778	(3) The following may insure a risk of a controlled unaffiliated business:
1779	(a) an industrial insured captive insurance company;
1780	(b) [a protected cell] an association captive insurance company;
1781	(c) a pure captive insurance company; or
1782	(d) a sponsored captive insurance company and the sponsored captive insurance
1783	company's cells.
1784	(4) To the extent allowed by a captive insurance company's organizational charter, a captive
1785	insurance company may provide any type of insurance described in this title, except:
1786	(a) workers' compensation insurance;
1787	(b) personal motor vehicle insurance;
1788	(c) homeowners' insurance; and
1789	(d) any component of the types of insurance described in Subsections (4)(a) through (c).
1790	(5) A captive insurance company may not provide coverage for:
1791	(a) a wager or gaming risk;
1792	(b) loss of an election; or
1793	(c) the [penal] <u>punitive</u> consequences of a crime.
1794	(6) Unless the punitive damages award arises out of a criminal act of an insured, a captive
1795	insurance company may provide coverage for punitive damages awarded, including

1796	through adjudication or compromise, against the captive insurance company's:
1797	(a) parent; or
1798	(b) affiliated company.
1799	(7) Notwithstanding Subsection (4), if approved by the commissioner:
1800	(a) a captive insurance company may insure as a reimbursement a limited layer or
1801	deductible of workers' compensation coverage; and
1802	(b) an association captive insurance company that satisfies the requirements of this
1803	chapter may provide homeowners' insurance.
1804	Section 26. Section <b>31A-37-204</b> is amended to read:
1805	31A-37-204 (Effective 05/07/25). Paid-in capital Other capital.
1806	(1) For purposes of this section, "marketable securities" means:
1807	(a) a bond or other evidence of indebtedness of a governmental unit in the United States
1808	or Canada or any instrumentality of the United States or Canada; or
1809	(b) securities:
1810	(i) traded on one or more of the following exchanges in the United States:
1811	(A) New York;
1812	(B) American; or
1813	(C) $\underline{NASDAQ};$
1814	(ii) when no particular security, or a substantially related security, applied toward the
1815	required minimum capital and surplus requirement of Subsection (2) represents
1816	more than 50% of the minimum capital and surplus requirement; and
1817	(iii) when no group of up to four particular securities, consolidating substantially
1818	related securities, applied toward the required minimum capital and surplus
1819	requirement of Subsection (2) represents more than 90% of the minimum capital
1820	and surplus requirement.
1821	[(1)] (2)(a) The commissioner may not issue a certificate of authority to a company
1822	described in Subsection [(1)(c)] (2)(c) unless the company possesses and [thereafter]
1823	maintains unimpaired paid-in capital and unimpaired paid-in surplus of:
1824	(i) in the case of a pure captive insurance company:
1825	(A) except as provided in Subsection $[(1)(a)(i)(B)] (2)(a)(i)(B)$ , not less than
1826	\$250,000; or
1827	(B) if the pure captive insurance company is not acting as a pool that facilitates
1828	risk distribution for other captive insurers, an amount that is the greater of:
1829	(I) not less than 20% of the company's total aggregate risk; or

1830	(II) \$50,000;
1831	(ii) in the case of an association captive insurance company, not less than [\$750,000]
1832	<u>\$500,000;</u>
1833	(iii) in the case of an industrial insured captive insurance company incorporated as a
1834	stock insurer, not less than \$700,000;
1835	(iv) in the case of a sponsored captive insurance company, not less than \$250,000 of
1836	which a minimum of \$50,000 is provided by the sponsor; or
1837	(v) in the case of a special purpose captive insurance company, an amount
1838	determined by the commissioner after giving due consideration to the company's
1839	business plan, feasibility study, and pro-formas, including the nature of the risks
1840	to be insured.
1841	(b) The paid-in capital and surplus required under this Subsection $[(1)]$ (2) may be in the
1842	form of:
1843	(i)(A) cash; or
1844	(B) cash equivalent;
1845	(ii) an irrevocable letter of credit:
1846	(A) issued by:
1847	(I) a bank chartered by this state;
1848	(II) a member bank of the Federal Reserve System; or
1849	(III) a member bank of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation;
1850	(B) approved by the commissioner;
1851	(iii) marketable securities as determined by Subsection $[(5)]$ (1); or
1852	(iv) some other thing of value approved by the commissioner, for a period not to
1853	exceed 45 days, to facilitate the formation of a captive insurance company in this
1854	state pursuant to an approved plan of liquidation and reorganization of another
1855	captive insurance company or alien captive insurance company in another
1856	jurisdiction.
1857	(c) This Subsection $[(1)]$ (2) applies to:
1858	(i) a pure captive insurance company;
1859	(ii) a sponsored captive insurance company;
1860	(iii) a special purpose captive insurance company;
1861	(iv) an association captive insurance company; or
1862	(v) an industrial insured captive insurance company.
1863	[(2)] (3)(a) The commissioner may, under Section 31A-37-106, prescribe additional

1864	capital based on the type, volume, and nature of insurance business transacted.
1865	(b) The capital prescribed by the commissioner under this Subsection [(2)] (3) may be in
1866	the form of:
1867	(i) cash;
1868	(ii) an irrevocable letter of credit issued by:
1869	(A) a bank chartered by this state; or
1870	(B) a member bank of the Federal Reserve System; or
1871	(iii) marketable securities as determined by Subsection $[(5)]$ (1).
1872	[(3)] (4)(a) Except as provided in Subsection $[(3)(c)]$ (4)(c), a branch captive insurance
1873	company, as security for the payment of liabilities attributable to branch operations,
1874	shall, through [its] the branch captive insurance company's branch operations,
1875	establish and maintain a trust fund:
1876	(i) funded by an irrevocable letter of credit or other acceptable asset; and
1877	(ii) in the United States for the benefit of:
1878	(A) United States policyholders; and
1879	(B) United States ceding insurers under:
1880	(I) insurance policies issued; or
1881	(II) reinsurance contracts issued or assumed.
1882	(b) The amount of the security required under this Subsection $[(3)]$ (4) shall be no less
1883	than:
1884	(i) the capital and surplus required by this chapter; and
1885	(ii) the reserves on the insurance policies or reinsurance contracts, including:
1886	(A) reserves for losses;
1887	(B) allocated loss adjustment expenses;
1888	(C) incurred but not reported losses; and
1889	(D) unearned premiums with regard to business written through branch operations.
1890	(c) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Subsection $[(3)]$ (4):
1891	(i) the commissioner may permit a branch captive insurance company that is required
1892	to post security for loss reserves on branch business by [its] the branch captive
1893	insurance company's reinsurer to reduce the funds in the trust account required by
1894	this section by the same amount as the security posted if the security remains
1895	posted with the reinsurer; and
1896	(ii) a branch captive insurance company that is the result of the licensure of an alien
1897	captive insurance company that is not formed in an alien jurisdiction is not subject

1898	to the requirements of this Subsection $[(3)]$ (4).
1899	[(4)] (5)(a) A captive insurance company may not pay the following without the prior
1900	approval of the commissioner:
1901	(i) a dividend out of capital or surplus[-in excess of the limits under Section
1902	<del>16-10a-640</del> ]; or
1903	(ii) a distribution with respect to capital or surplus[ in excess of the limits under
1904	Section 16-10a-640].
1905	(b) The commissioner shall condition approval of an ongoing plan for the payment of
1906	dividends or other distributions on the retention, at the time of each payment, of
1907	capital or surplus[ in excess of:] .
1908	[(i) amounts specified by the commissioner under Section 31A-37-106; or]
1909	[(ii) determined in accordance with formulas approved by the commissioner under
1910	Section 31A-37-106.]
1911	[(5) For purposes of this section, marketable securities means:]
1912	[(a) a bond or other evidence of indebtedness of a governmental unit in the United States
1913	or Canada or any instrumentality of the United States or Canada; or]
1914	[(b) securities:]
1915	[(i) traded on one or more of the following exchanges in the United States:]
1916	[ <del>(A)</del> New York;]
1917	[(B) American; or]
1918	[ <del>(C)</del> NASDAQ;]
1919	[(ii) when no particular security, or a substantially related security, applied toward
1920	the required minimum capital and surplus requirement of Subsection (1)
1921	represents more than 50% of the minimum capital and surplus requirement; and]
1922	[(iii) when no group of up to four particular securities, consolidating substantially
1923	related securities, applied toward the required minimum capital and surplus
1924	requirement of Subsection (1) represents more than 90% of the minimum capital
1925	and surplus requirement.]
1926	(6) Notwithstanding Subsection [(5)] (1), to protect the solvency and liquidity of a captive
1927	insurance company, the commissioner may reject the application of specific assets or
1928	amounts of specific assets to satisfying the requirement of Subsection [(1)] (2).
1929	Section 27. Section <b>31A-37-301</b> is amended to read:
1930	31A-37-301 (Effective 05/07/25). Formation.
1931	(1) A captive insurance company, other than a branch captive insurance company, may [be

1932	formed] form as a corporation[-or], a limited liability company[.], or a not-for-profit
1933	organization.
1934	(2) The capital of a captive insurance company shall be held by:
1935	(a) the interest holders of the captive insurance company; or
1936	(b) a governing body elected by:
1937	(i) the insureds;
1938	(ii) one or more affiliates; or
1939	(iii) a combination of the persons described in Subsections (2)(b)(i) and (ii).
1940	(3) A captive insurance company formed in this state shall have at least one establisher who
1941	is an individual and a resident of the state.
1942	(4)(a) An applicant captive insurance company's establishers shall obtain a certificate of
1943	public good from the commissioner before filing [its] the applicant captive insurance
1944	company's governing documents with the Division of Corporations and Commercial
1945	Code.
1946	(b) In considering a request for a certificate under Subsection (4)(a), the commissioner
1947	shall consider:
1948	(i) the character, reputation, financial standing, and purposes of the establishers;
1949	(ii) the character, reputation, financial responsibility, insurance experience, and
1950	business qualifications of the principal officers or members of the governing body;
1951	(iii) any information in:
1952	(A) the application for a certificate of authority; or
1953	(B) the department's files; and
1954	(iv) other aspects that the commissioner considers advisable.
1955	(5)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this title, the governing body of a captive
1956	insurance company shall consist of at least three individuals as members, at least one
1957	of whom is a resident of the state.
1958	(b) One-third of the members of the governing body of a captive insurance company
1959	constitutes a quorum of the governing body.
1960	(6) A captive insurance company shall have at least three separate individuals as principal
1961	officers with duties comparable to those of president, treasurer, and secretary.
1962	(7)(a)(i) A captive insurance company formed as a corporation is subject to the
1963	provisions of Title 16, Chapter 10a, Utah Revised Business Corporation Act, and
1964	this chapter.
1965	(ii) If a conflict exists between a provision of Title 16, Chapter 10a, Utah Revised

1966	Business Corporation Act, and a provision of this chapter, this chapter controls.
1967	(b) A captive insurance company formed as a limited liability company is subject to the
1968	provisions of Title 48, Chapter 3a, Utah Revised Uniform Limited Liability Company
1969	Act, and this chapter. If a conflict exists between a provision of Title 48, Chapter 3a,
1970	Utah Revised Uniform Limited Liability Company Act, and a provision of this
1971	chapter, this chapter controls.
1972	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(d), the provisions of this title that govern a
1973	merger, consolidation, conversion, mutualization, and redomestication apply to a
1974	captive insurance company in carrying out any of the transactions described in those
1975	provisions.
1976	(d) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(c), the commissioner may waive or modify the
1977	requirements for public notice and hearing in accordance with rules adopted under
1978	Section 31A-37-106.
1979	(e) If a notice of public hearing is required, but no one requests a hearing, the
1980	commissioner may cancel the public hearing.
1981	Section 28. Section <b>31A-37-302</b> is amended to read:
1982	31A-37-302 (Effective 05/07/25). Investment requirements.
1983	(1)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), [an association] <u>a</u> captive insurance
1984	company[ <del>, a sponsored captive insurance company,</del> ] and an industrial insured [group]
1985	captive insurance company shall comply with the investment requirements contained
1986	in this title.
1987	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a) and any other provision of this title, the
1988	commissioner may approve the use of alternative reliable methods of valuation and
1989	rating under Section 31A-37-106 for[:]
1990	[(i) an association captive insurance company;]
1991	[(ii) a sponsored captive insurance company; or]
1992	[(iii) an industrial insured group] a captive insurance company or an industrial
1993	insured captive insurance company.
1994	(2)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), a pure captive insurance company or
1995	industrial insured captive insurance company is not subject to any restrictions on
1996	allowable investments [contained in this title] described in Section 31A-18-108.
1997	(b) [Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), the commissioner may, under Section
1998	<del>31A-37-106,</del> ] <u>Under Section 31A-37-106, the commissioner may prohibit or limit an</u>
1999	investment that threatens the solvency or liquidity of[:]

• • • • •	
2000	[(i) a pure captive insurance company; or]
2001	[(ii) an industrial insured captive insurance company] a captive insurance company or
2002	industrial insured captive insurance company.
2003	(3)(a)(i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(ii), a captive insurance company
2004	may not make loans to:
2005	(A) the parent company of the captive insurance company; or
2006	(B) an affiliate of the captive insurance company.
2007	(ii) [Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a)(i), a] A pure captive insurance company and
2008	an incorporated cell of a sponsored captive insurance company may make loans to:
2009	(A) the parent company of the pure captive insurance company or incorporated
2010	cell of a sponsored captive insurance company; or
2011	(B) an affiliate of the pure captive insurance company or incorporated cell of a
2012	sponsored captive insurance company.
2013	(b) A loan under Subsection (3)(a):
2014	(i) may be made only on the prior written approval of the commissioner and, when
2015	applicable, the sponsor for an incorporated cell; and
2016	(ii) shall be evidenced by a note in a form approved by the commissioner and, when
2017	applicable, the sponsor for an incorporated cell.
2018	(c) A pure captive insurance company may not make a loan from the paid-in capital
2019	required under Subsection [31A-37-204(1)] <u>31A-37-204(2)</u> .
2020	(4) If a captive insurer has excess surplus above the minimum capital required by Section
2021	31A-37-204, the captive insurer may invest the captive insurer's excess surplus in a
2022	manner inconsistent with the authorized classes of investments described in Section
2023	<u>31A-18-110.</u>
2024	(5) Nothing in this section empowers a captive insurer to make an investment that is illegal
2025	or otherwise prohibited by this title.
2026	Section 29. Section <b>31A-37-303</b> is amended to read:
2027	31A-37-303 (Effective 05/07/25). Reinsurance.
2028	(1)(a) A captive insurance company may cede risks to any insurance company approved
2029	by the commissioner.
2030	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), a captive insurance company may provide
2031	reinsurance on risks ceded by any other insurer with prior approval of the
2032	commissioner.
2033	(c) A captive insurance company may not provide reinsurance on a punitive damages

2034	risk ceded by an insurer, unless the punitive damages risk is the risk of the captive
2035	insurance company's:
2036	(i) parent;
2037	(ii) affiliated company; or
2038	(iii) controlled unaffiliated business.
2039	(2) To facilitate the risk distribution of captive insurance companies participating in a
2040	pooling arrangement, a captive insurance company licensed to operate as a pooling
2041	captive insurance company may directly insure a risk that any pooling participant's
2042	captive insurance company could otherwise directly insure in accordance with Section
2043	<u>31A-37-202.</u>
2044	[(2)] (3)(a) A captive insurance company may take credit for reserves on risks or portions
2045	of risks ceded to reinsurers if the captive insurance company complies with:
2046	(i) Section 31A-17-404, 31A-17-404.1, 31A-17-404.3, or 31A-17-404.4; or
2047	(ii) other requirements as the commissioner may establish by rule made in
2048	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2049	(b) Unless the reinsurer is in compliance with Section 31A-17-404, 31A-17-404.1,
2050	31A-17-404.3, or 31A-17-404.4 or a rule adopted under Subsection [ <del>(2)(a)(ii)</del> ]
2051	(3)(a)(ii), a captive insurance company may not take credit for:
2052	(i) reserves on risks ceded to a reinsurer; or
2053	(ii) portions of risks ceded to a reinsurer.
2054	Section 30. Section <b>31A-37-401</b> is amended to read:
2055	31A-37-401 (Effective 05/07/25). Sponsored captive insurance companies
2056	Formation.
2057	(1) One or more sponsors may form a sponsored captive insurance company under this
2058	chapter.
2059	(2) A sponsored captive insurance company formed under this chapter may establish and
2060	maintain[ a protected cell], with prior approval of the commissioner, a combination of
2061	incorporated cells and protected cells to insure risks of a participant if:
2062	(a) the interest holders of a sponsored captive insurance company are limited to:
2063	(i) the participants of the sponsored captive insurance company; and
2064	(ii) the sponsors of the sponsored captive insurance company;
2065	(b) each [protected ]cell is accounted for separately on the books and records of the
2066	sponsored cell captive insurance company to reflect:
2067	(i) the financial condition of each [individual protected ]cell;

2068	(ii) the results of operations of each [individual protected ]cell;
2069	(iii) the net income or loss of each [individual protected ]cell;
2070	(iv) the dividends or other distributions to participants of each [individual protected]
2071	cell; and
2072	(v) other factors that may be:
2073	(A) provided in the participant contract; or
2074	(B) required by the commissioner;
2075	(c) the assets of a [protected-]cell are not chargeable with liabilities arising out of any
2076	other insurance business the sponsored captive insurance company may conduct;
2077	(d) a sale, exchange, or other transfer of assets is not made by the sponsored captive
2078	insurance company between or among any of the [protected ]cells of the sponsored
2079	captive insurance company without the consent of the [protected-]cells;
2080	(e) a sale, exchange, transfer of assets, dividend, or distribution is not made from a [
2081	protected ]cell to a sponsor or participant without the commissioner's approval, which
2082	may not be given if the sale, exchange, transfer, dividend, or distribution would result
2083	in insolvency or impairment with respect to a [protected ]cell;
2084	(f) a sponsored captive insurance company annually files with the commissioner
2085	financial reports the commissioner requires under Section 31A-37-106, including
2086	accounting statements detailing the financial experience of each [protected ]cell;
2087	(g) a sponsored captive insurance company notifies the commissioner in writing within
2088	10 business days of a [protected-]cell that is insolvent or otherwise unable to meet the
2089	claim or expense obligations of the [protected-]cell;
2090	(h) a participant contract does not take effect without the commissioner's prior written
2091	approval <u>; and</u>
2092	(i) the addition of each new [protected-]cell and withdrawal of a participant of any
2093	existing [protected-]cell does not take effect without the commissioner's prior written
2094	approval[ <del>; and</del> ] <u>.</u>
2095	[(j)] (3)[(i) a protected] A cell of a sponsored captive insurance company shall pay to
2096	the department the following nonrefundable fees established by the department
2097	under Sections 31A-3-103, 31A-3-304, and 63J-1-504:
2098	[(A)] (a) a fee for examining, investigating, and processing [by a department employee of ]
2099	an application [for a certificate of authority ]made by a [protected ]cell to insure risks
2100	under the certificate of authority of a sponsored captive insurance company;
2101	[(B)] (b) a fee for obtaining a certificate to insure risks under the certificate of authority

2102	of a sponsored captive insurance company for the year the [protected ]cell of the
2103	sponsored captive insurance company is issued a certificate[-of authority] by the
2104	department; and
2105	[(C)] (c) a certificate of authority renewal fee[; and].
2106	[(ii)] (4) [a protected] A sponsor may create a cell [may be created by the sponsor ]or [the
2107	sponsor may create-]a pooling insurance arrangement for the sponsor's cell participants
2108	to provide for pooling of risks to allow for risk distribution upon written approval from
2109	every[-protected] cell under the sponsor and written approval of the commissioner.
2110	Section 31. Section <b>31A-37-402</b> is amended to read:
2111	31A-37-402 (Effective 05/07/25). Sponsored captive insurance companies
2112	Certificate of authority mandatory.
2113	(1) A sponsor of a sponsored captive insurance company shall be:
2114	(a) an insurer authorized or approved under the laws of a state;
2115	(b) a reinsurer authorized or approved under the laws of a state;
2116	(c) a captive insurance company holding a certificate of authority under this chapter;
2117	(d) an insurance holding company that:
2118	(i) controls an insurer licensed pursuant to the laws of a state; and
2119	(ii) is subject to registration pursuant to the holding company system of laws of the
2120	state of domicile of the insurer described in Subsection (1)(d)(i);
2121	(e) an approved captive management firm in Utah or its affiliates; or
2122	(f) another person approved by the commissioner after finding that the approval of the
2123	person as a sponsor is not inconsistent with the purposes of this chapter.
2124	(2)(a) The business written by a sponsored captive insurance company with respect to a
2125	protected cell shall be fronted by the [sponsor] sponsored captive insurance company
2126	through a controlled unaffiliated contract or an insurer that is:
2127	(i) authorized or approved:
2128	(A) under the laws of a state; or
2129	(B) under any jurisdiction if the insurance company is a wholly owned subsidiary
2130	of an insurance company licensed pursuant to the laws of a state;
2131	(ii) reinsured by a reinsurer authorized or approved by this state; or
2132	(iii) subject to Subsection (2)(b), secured by a trust fund:
2133	(A) in the United States;
2134	(B) for the benefit of policyholders and claimants;
2135	(C) funded by an irrevocable letter of credit or other asset acceptable to the

2136	commissioner; and
2137	(D) held by the sponsor as provided in Subsection 31A-17-404(1).
2138	(b)(i) The amount of security provided by the trust fund described in Subsection
2139	(2)(a)(iii) may not be less than the reserves associated with the liabilities of the
2140	trust fund, including:
2141	(A) reserves for losses;
2142	(B) allocated loss adjustment expenses;
2143	(C) incurred but unreported losses; and
2144	(D) unearned premiums for business written through the participant's protected
2145	cell.
2146	(ii) The commissioner may require the sponsored captive insurance company to
2147	increase the funding of a trust established pursuant to this Subsection (2).
2148	(iii) If the form of security in the trust described in Subsection (2)(a)(iii) is a letter of
2149	credit, the letter of credit shall be established, issued, or confirmed by a bank that
2150	is:
2151	(A) chartered in this state;
2152	(B) a member of the federal reserve system; or
2153	(C) chartered by another state if that state-chartered bank is acceptable to the
2154	commissioner.
2155	(iv) A trust and trust instrument maintained pursuant to this Subsection (2) shall be in
2156	a form and upon terms approved by the commissioner.
2157	(3) The business written by a sponsored captive insurance company with respect to an
2158	incorporated cell may be:
2159	(a) fronted by the sponsored captive insurance company in accordance with Subsection
2160	<u>(2)(a); or</u>
2161	(b) with prior approval of the sponsored captive insurance company, written directly by
2162	the incorporated cell.
2163	[(3)] (4) A risk retention group may not be either a sponsor or a participant of a sponsored
2164	captive insurance company.
2165	Section 32. Section <b>31A-37-403</b> is amended to read:
2166	31A-37-403 (Effective 05/07/25). Participants in sponsored captive insurance
2167	companies.
2168	(1) Any of the following may be a participant in a sponsored captive insurance company
2169	holding a certificate of authority under this chapter:

2170	(a) an association;
2171	(b) a corporation that is for profit or nonprofit;
2172	(c) a limited liability company;
2173	(d) a partnership;
2174	(e) a trust; or
2175	(f) any other business entity.
2176	(2) A sponsor may be a participant in a sponsored captive insurance company.
2177	(3) A participant need not be:
2178	(a) a shareholder of the sponsored captive insurance company; or
2179	(b) an affiliate of the sponsored captive insurance company.
2180	[(4) A participant shall insure only the participant's own risks through a sponsored captive
2181	insurance company unless otherwise approved by the commissioner.]
2182	Section 33. Section <b>31A-37-404</b> is amended to read:
2183	31A-37-404 (Effective 05/07/25). Sponsored captive insurance companies
2184	Reserves opinion and discounting.
2185	(1) A sponsored captive insurance company may discount [its] the sponsored captive
2186	insurance company's loss and loss adjustment expense reserves at treasury rates applied
2187	to the applicable payments projected through the use of the expected payment pattern
2188	associated with the reserves.
2189	(2)(a) A sponsored captive insurance company shall annually file with the department an
2190	actuarial opinion provided by an independent actuary on loss and loss adjustment
2191	expense reserves.
2192	(b) The independent actuary described in Subsection (2)(a) may not be an employee of:
2193	(i) the company filing the actuarial opinion; or
2194	(ii) an affiliate of the company filing the actuarial opinion.
2195	(3) The commissioner may disallow the discounting of reserves by a sponsored captive
2196	insurance company if the sponsored captive insurance company violates this title.
2197	Section 34. Section <b>31A-37-501</b> is amended to read:
2198	31A-37-501 (Effective 05/07/25). Reports to commissioner.
2199	(1) A captive insurance company is not required to make a report except those provided in
2200	this chapter.
2201	(2)(a) Before March 1 of each year, a captive insurance company shall submit to the
2202	commissioner a report of the financial condition of the captive insurance company,
2203	verified by oath of at least two individuals who are executive officers of the captive

2204	insurance company.
2205	(b) Except as provided in Section 31A-37-204, a captive insurance company shall report:
2206	(i) using generally accepted accounting principles, except to the extent that the
2207	commissioner requires, approves, or accepts the use of a statutory accounting
2208	principle;
2209	(ii) using a useful or necessary modification or adaptation to an accounting principle
2210	that is required, approved, or accepted by the commissioner for the type of
2211	insurance and kind of insurer to be reported upon; and
2212	(iii) supplemental or additional information required by the commissioner.
2213	(c) Except as otherwise provided:
2214	(i) a licensed captive insurance company shall file the report required by Section
2215	31A-4-113; and
2216	(ii) an industrial insured group shall comply with Section 31A-4-113.5.
2217	(3)(a) A pure captive insurance company may make written application to file the
2218	required report on a fiscal year end that is consistent with the fiscal year of the parent
2219	company of the pure captive insurance company.
2220	(b) If the commissioner grants an alternative reporting date for a pure captive insurance
2221	company requested under Subsection (3)(a), the annual report is due 60 days after the
2222	fiscal year end.
2223	(4)(a) Sixty days after the fiscal year end, a branch captive insurance company shall file
2224	with the commissioner a copy of the reports and statements required to be filed under
2225	the laws of the jurisdiction in which the alien captive insurance company is formed,
2226	verified by oath by two of the alien captive insurance company's executive officers.
2227	(b) If the commissioner is satisfied that the annual report filed by the alien captive
2228	insurance company in the jurisdiction in which the alien captive insurance company
2229	is formed provides adequate information concerning the financial condition of the
2230	alien captive insurance company, the commissioner may waive the requirement for
2231	completion of the annual statement required for a captive insurance company under
2232	this section with respect to business written in the alien or foreign jurisdiction.
2233	(c) A waiver by the commissioner under Subsection (4)(b):
2234	(i) shall be in writing; and
2235	(ii) is subject to public inspection.
2236	(5) Before March 1 of each year, a sponsored [cell-]captive insurance company shall submit
2237	to the commissioner a consolidated report of the financial condition of each [individual

2238	protected ]cell, including a financial statement for each[protected] cell.
2239	(6)(a) A captive insurance company shall notify the commissioner in writing if there is:
2240	(i) a material change to the captive insurance company's most recently filed report of
2241	financial condition; or
2242	(ii) an adverse material change in the financial condition of a captive insurance
2243	company since the captive insurance company's most recently filed report of
2244	financial condition.
2245	(b) A captive insurance company shall submit a notification described in this subsection
2246	within 20 days after the day on which the captive insurance company learns of the
2247	material change.
2248	Section 35. Section <b>31A-37-505</b> is amended to read:
2249	31A-37-505 (Effective 05/07/25). Suspension or revocation Grounds.
2250	(1) The commissioner may suspend or revoke the certificate of authority of a captive
2251	insurance company to conduct an insurance business in this state for:
2252	(a) insolvency or impairment of capital or surplus;
2253	(b) failure to meet the requirements of Section 31A-37-204;
2254	(c) refusal or failure to submit:
2255	(i) an annual report required by Section 31A-37-501; or
2256	(ii) any other report or statement required by law or by lawful order of the
2257	commissioner;
2258	(d) failure to comply with the charter, bylaws, or other organizational document of the
2259	captive insurance company;
2260	(e) failure to submit to:
2261	(i) an examination under Section 31A-37-502; or
2262	(ii) any legal obligation relative to an examination under Section 31A-37-502;
2263	(f) refusal or failure to pay[-the cost of examination under Section 31A-37-502;]:
2264	(i) an annual fee described in Section 31A-3-304;
2265	(ii) the cost of examination described in Section 31A-37-502; or
2266	(iii) any other fee prescribed by this title;
2267	(g) use of methods that, although not otherwise specifically prohibited by law, render:
2268	(i) the operation of the captive insurance company detrimental to the public or the
2269	policyholders of the captive insurance company; or
2270	(ii) the condition of the captive insurance company unsound with respect to the
2271	public or to the policyholders of the captive insurance company; or

2272	(h) failure otherwise to comply with laws of this state.
2273	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, if the commissioner finds, upon
2274	examination, hearing, or other evidence, that a captive insurance company has
2275	committed any of the acts specified in Subsection (1), the commissioner may suspend or
2276	revoke the certificate of authority of the captive insurance company if the commissioner
2277	considers it in the best interest of the public and the policyholders of the captive
2278	insurance company to revoke the certificate of authority.
2279	Section 36. Section <b>31A-37-701</b> is amended to read:
2280	31A-37-701 (Effective 05/07/25). Certificate of dormancy.
2281	(1) In accordance with the provisions of this section, a captive insurance company, other
2282	than a risk retention group, may apply, without fee, to the commissioner for a certificate
2283	of dormancy.
2284	(2)(a) A captive insurance company, other than [a risk retention group] an industrial
2285	insured captive insurance company or a cell of a sponsored captive insurance
2286	company, is eligible for a certificate of dormancy if the [captive insurance] company:
2287	(i) has ceased transacting the business of insurance, including the issuance of
2288	insurance policies; and
2289	(ii) has no remaining insurance liabilities or obligations associated with insurance
2290	business transactions or insurance policies.
2291	(b) For purposes of Subsection (2)(a)(ii), the commissioner may disregard liabilities or
2292	obligations for which the captive insurance company has withheld sufficient funds or
2293	that are otherwise sufficiently secured.
2294	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (4), a captive insurance company that holds a
2295	certificate of dormancy is subject to all requirements of this chapter.
2296	(4) A captive insurance company that holds a certificate of dormancy:
2297	(a) shall possess and maintain unimpaired paid-in capital and unimpaired paid-in surplus
2298	of:
2299	(i) in the case of a pure captive insurance company or a special purpose captive
2300	insurance company, not less than \$25,000;
2301	(ii) in the case of an association captive insurance company, not less than \$75,000; or
2302	(iii) in the case of a sponsored captive insurance company, not less than \$50,000, of
2303	which the sponsor provides at least \$20,000; and
2304	(b) is not required to:
2305	(i) subject to Subsection (5), submit an annual audit or statement of actuarial opinion;

2306	(ii) maintain an active agreement with an independent auditor or actuary; or
2307	(iii) hold an annual meeting of the captive insurance company in the state.
2308	(5) The commissioner may require a captive insurance company that holds a certificate of
2309	dormancy to submit an annual audit if the commissioner determines that there are
2310	concerns regarding the captive insurance company's solvency or liquidity.
2311	(6) To maintain a certificate of dormancy and in lieu of a certificate of authority renewal
2312	fee, no later than July 1 of each year, a captive insurance company shall pay an annual
2313	dormancy renewal fee that is equal to 50% of the captive insurance's company's
2314	certificate of authority renewal fee.
2315	[(7) A captive insurance company may consecutively renew a certificate of dormancy no
2316	more than five times.]
2317	Section 37. Section <b>31A-37a-205</b> is amended to read:
2318	31A-37a-205 (Effective 05/07/25). Sponsored captives.
2319	(1) In addition to the other provisions of this chapter, this section applies to a
2320	sponsored captive insurance company under Chapter 37, Captive Insurance Companies
2321	Act, that has a certificate of authority as a special purpose financial captive insurance
2322	company [pursuant to] in accordance with this chapter.
2323	[(1)] (2) A sponsored captive insurance company may have a certificate of authority as a
2324	special purpose financial captive insurance company under this chapter.
2325	[(2)] (3)(a) For purposes of a sponsored captive insurance company having a certificate
2326	of authority as a special purpose financial captive insurance company, "general
2327	account" means the assets and liabilities of the sponsored captive insurance company
2328	not attributable to a [ <del>protected</del> ]cell.
2329	(b) For purposes of applying Chapter 27a, Insurer Receivership Act, to a sponsored
2330	captive insurance company having a certificate of authority as a special purpose
2331	financial captive insurance company, the definition of "insolvency" and "insolvent"
2332	in Section 31A-37a-102 shall be applied separately to:
2333	(i) each [ <del>protected</del> -]cell; and
2334	(ii) the special purpose financial captive insurance company's general account.
2335	[(3)] (4)(a) A participant in a sponsored captive insurance company having a certificate
2336	of authority as a special purpose financial captive insurance company shall be a
2337	ceding insurer, unless approved by the commissioner before a person becomes a
2338	participant.
2339	(b) A change in a participant in a sponsored captive insurance company having a

2340	certificate of authority as a special purpose financial captive insurance company is
2341	subject to prior approval by the commissioner.
2342	[(4)] (5) Notwithstanding Section 31A-37-401, a special purpose financial captive insurance
2343	company that is a sponsored captive insurance company may issue a security to a person
2344	not described in Section 31A-37-401 if the issuance to that person is approved by the
2345	commissioner before the issuance of the security.
2346	[(5)] (6) Notwithstanding Section 31A-37a-302, a sponsored captive insurance company
2347	having a certificate of authority as a special purpose financial captive insurance
2348	company shall:
2349	(a) at the time of initial application for a certificate of authority as a special purpose
2350	financial captive insurance company, possess unimpaired paid-in capital and surplus
2351	of not less than \$500,000; and
2352	(b) maintain at least \$500,000 of unimpaired paid-in capital and surplus of not less than
2353	\$500,000 during the time that it holds a certificate of authority under this chapter.
2354	[(6)] (7)(a) For purposes of a sponsored captive insurance company having a certificate
2355	of authority as a special purpose financial captive insurance company, this
2356	Subsection [(6)] (7) applies to:
2357	(i) a security issued by the special purpose financial captive insurance company with
2358	respect to a [ <del>protected</del> ]cell; or
2359	(ii) a contract or obligation of the special purpose financial captive insurance
2360	company with respect to a [protected]cell.
2361	(b) A sponsored captive insurance company having a certificate of authority as a special
2362	purpose financial captive insurance company shall include with a security, contract,
2363	or obligation described in Subsection $[(6)(a)]$ (7)(a):
2364	(i) the designation of the [ <del>protected</del> -]cell; and
2365	(ii) a disclosure in a form and content satisfactory to the commissioner to the effect
2366	that the holder of the security or a counterparty to the contract or obligation has no
2367	right or recourse against the special purpose financial captive insurance company
2368	and its assets other than against an asset properly attributable to the [protected-]
2369	cell.
2370	(c) Notwithstanding the requirements of this Subsection $[(6)]$ (7) and subject to other
2371	statutes or rules including this chapter and Chapter 37, Captive Insurance Companies
2372	Act, a creditor, ceding insurer, or another person may not use a failure to include a
2373	disclosure described in Subsection [ $(6)(b)$ ] (7)(b), in whole or part, as the sole basis to

2374	have recourse against:
2375	(i) the general account of the special purpose financial captive insurance company; or
2376	(i) the assets of another [ <del>protected</del> ]cell of the special financial captive insurance
2377	company.
2378	[ <del>(7)</del> ] (8) In addition to Section 31A-37-401, a sponsored captive insurance company having
2379	a certificate of authority as a special purpose financial captive insurance company is
2380	subject to the following with respect to a [protected-]cell:
2381	(a)(i) A sponsored captive insurance company having a certificate of authority as a
2382	special purpose financial captive insurance company shall establish a [protected-]
2383	cell only for the purpose of insuring or reinsuring risks of one or more reinsurance
2384	contracts with a ceding insurer with the intent of facilitating an insurance
2385	securitization.
2386	(ii) Subject to Subsection $[(7)(a)(iii)]$ (8)(a)(iii), a sponsored captive insurance
2387	company having a certificate of authority as a special purpose financial captive
2388	insurance company shall establish a separate [protected]cell with respect to a
2389	ceding insurer described in Subsection [ <del>(7)(a)(i)</del> ] (8)(a).
2390	(iii) A sponsored captive insurance company having a certificate of authority as a
2391	special purpose financial captive insurance company shall establish a separate [
2392	protected ]cell with respect to each reinsurance contract that is funded in whole or
2393	in part by a separate insurance securitization transaction.
2394	(b) A sponsored captive insurance company having a certificate of authority as a special
2395	purpose financial captive insurance company may not sale, exchange, or transfer an
2396	asset by, between, or among any of [its protected] the sponsored captive insurance
2397	<u>company's</u> cells without the prior approval of the commissioner.
2398	[(8)] (9)(a) A sponsored captive insurance company having a certificate of authority as a
2399	special purpose financial captive insurance company shall attribute an asset or
2400	liability to a [protected ]cell and to the general account in accordance with the plan of
2401	operation approved by the commissioner.
2402	(b) Except as provided by Subsection $[(8)(a)]$ (9)(a), a sponsored captive insurance
2403	company having a certificate of authority as a special purpose financial captive
2404	insurance company may not attribute an asset or liability between:
2405	(i) [its] the sponsored captive insurance company's general account and a [protected ]
2406	cell; or
2407	(ii) [its protected] the sponsored captive insurance company's cells.

2408	(c) A sponsored captive insurance company having a certificate of authority as a special
2409	purpose financial captive insurance company shall attribute:
2410	(i) an insurance obligation, asset, or liability relating to a reinsurance contract entered
2411	into with respect to a [protected ]cell; and
2412	(ii) an insurance securitization transaction related to the obligation, asset, or liability
2412	described in Subsection [ $(8)(c)(i)$ ] (9)(c)(i), including a security issued by the
2413	special purpose financial captive insurance company as part of the insurance
2415	securitization, to the [protected-]cell.
2416	(d) The following shall reflect an insurance obligation, asset, or liability relating to a
2417	reinsurance contract and the insurance securitization transaction that are attributed to
2418	a [ <del>protected</del> ]cell:
2419	(i) a right, benefit, obligation, or a liability of a security attributable to a [ <del>protected</del> ]
2420	(i) a light, benefit, obligation, of a hability of a security attributable to a [protected ] cell described in Subsection [ <del>(8)(c)</del> ] <u>(9)(c)</u> ;
2421	(ii) the performance under a reinsurance contract and the related insurance
2422	securitization transaction; and
2423	(iii) a tax benefit, loss, refund, or credit allocated pursuant to a tax allocation
2424	agreement to which the special purpose financial captive insurance company is a
2425	party, including a payment made by or due to be made to the special purpose
2426	financial captive insurance company pursuant to the terms of the tax allocation
2427	agreement.
2428	$\left[\frac{(9)}{(10)}\right]$ In addition to Section 31A-37a-502:
2429	(a) Chapter 27a, Insurer Receivership Act, applies to each [protected ]cell of a sponsored
2430	captive insurance company having a certificate of authority as a special purpose
2431	financial captive insurance company.
2432	(b) A proceeding or action taken by the commissioner pursuant to Chapter 27a, Insurer
2433	Receivership Act, with respect to a [protected ]cell of a sponsored captive insurance
2434	company having a certificate of authority as a special purpose financial captive
2435	insurance company may not be the sole basis for a proceeding pursuant to Chapter
2436	27a, Insurer Receivership Act, with respect to:
2437	(i) another [ <del>protected</del> ]cell of the special purpose financial captive insurance
2438	company; or
2439	(ii) the special purpose financial captive insurance company's general account.
2440	(c)(i) Except as provided in Subsection [ <del>(9)(c)(ii)</del> ] <u>(10)(c)(ii)</u> , the receiver of a special
2441	purpose financial captive insurance company shall ensure that the assets

2442	attributable to one [protected ]cell are not applied to the liabilities attributable to:
2443	(A) another [ <del>protected</del> -]cell; or
2444	(B) the special purpose financial captive insurance company's general account.
2445	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection [(9)(e)(i)] (10)(c)(i), if an asset or liability is
2446	attributable to more than one [protected-]cell, the receiver shall deal with the asset
2447	or liability in accordance with the terms of a relevant governing instrument or
2448	contract.
2449	(d) The insolvency of a [protected-]cell of a sponsored captive insurance company
2450	having a certificate of authority as a special purpose financial captive insurance
2451	company may not be the sole basis for the commissioner to prohibit:
2452	(i) a payment by the special purpose financial captive insurance company made
2453	pursuant to a special purpose financial captive insurance company security or
2454	reinsurance contract with respect to another [protected]cell; or
2455	(ii) an action required to make a payment described in Subsection $\left[\frac{(9)(d)(i)}{(10)(d)(i)}\right]$
2456	Section 38. Section <b>31A-43-301</b> is amended to read:
2457	31A-43-301 (Effective 07/01/25). Stop-loss insurance standards.
2458	(1) A small employer stop-loss insurance contract shall:
2459	(a) be issued to the small employer to provide insurance to the group health benefit plan,
2460	not the employees of the small employer;
2461	(b) have a contract term with guaranteed rates for at least 12 months, without
2462	adjustment, unless there is a change in the benefits provided under the small
2463	employer's health plan during the contract period;
2464	(c) include both a specific attachment point and an aggregate attachment point in a
2465	contract;
2466	(d) align stop-loss plan benefit limitations and exclusions with a small employer's health
2467	plan benefit limitations and exclusions, including any annual or lifetime limits in the
2468	employer's health plan;
2469	(e) <u>subject to Subsection (4):</u>
2470	(i) have an annual specific attachment point that is at least [ $10,000$ ] $25,000$ ; and
2471	[(f)] (ii) have an annual aggregate attachment point that may not be less than [85%]
2472	90% of expected claims;
2473	[ <del>(g)</del> ] <u>(f)</u> pay stop-loss claims:
2474	(i) incurred during the contract period; and
2475	(ii) paid within 12 months after the expiration date of the contract; and

2476	[(h)] (g) include provisions to cover incurred and unpaid stop-loss claims when the small
2477	employer's stop-loss plan terminates.
2478	(2) A small employer stop-loss <u>insurance</u> contract [shall] <u>may</u> not:
2479	(a) include lasering; and
2480	(b) pay claims directly to an individual employee, member, or participant.
2481	(3) A stop-loss insurer or reinsurer:
2482	(a) may enter into a small employer stop-loss insurance contract with a small employer
2483	with 10 or more enrolled employees; and
2484	(b) may not enter into a small employer stop-loss insurance contract with a small
2485	employer with less than 10 enrolled employees.
2486	(4) The provisions of this section do not apply to a small employer stop-loss insurance
2487	contract entered into before July 1, 2025, unless the insurance provider changes under
2488	the small employer's health plan during the contract period.
2489	Section 39. Section 61-2g-502 is amended to read:
2490	61-2g-502 (Effective 05/07/25). Disciplinary action Grounds.
2491	(1)(a) The board may order disciplinary action, with the concurrence of the division,
2492	against a person:
2493	(i) registered, licensed, or certified under this chapter; or
2494	(ii) required to be registered, licensed, or certified under this chapter.
2495	(b) On the basis of a ground listed in Subsection (2) for disciplinary action, board action
2496	may include:
2497	(i) revoking, suspending, or placing a person's registration, license, or certification on
2498	probation;
2499	(ii) denying a person's original registration, license, or certification;
2500	(iii) denying a person's renewal license, certification, or registration;
2501	(iv) in the case of denial or revocation of a registration, license, or certification,
2502	setting a waiting period for an applicant to apply for a registration, license, or
2503	certification under this chapter;
2504	(v) ordering remedial education;
2505	(vi) imposing a civil penalty upon a person not to exceed the greater of:
2506	(A) \$5,000 for each violation; or
2507	(B) the amount of any gain or economic benefit from a violation;
2508	(vii) issuing a cease and desist order;
2509	(viii) modifying an action described in Subsections (1)(b)(i) through (vii) if the

2510	board, with the concurrence of the division, finds that the person complies with
2511	court ordered restitution; or
2512	(ix) doing any combination of Subsections (1)(b)(i) through (viii).
2513	(c)(i) If the board or division issues an order that orders a fine or educational
2514	requirements as part of the disciplinary action against a person, including a
2515	stipulation and order, the board or division shall state in the order the deadline by
2516	which the person shall comply with the fine or educational requirements.
2517	(ii) If a person fails to comply with a stated deadline:
2518	(A) the person's license, certificate, or registration is automatically suspended:
2519	(I) beginning on the day specified in the order as the deadline for compliance;
2520	and
2521	(II) ending the day on which the person complies in full with the order; and
2522	(B) if the person fails to pay a fine required by an order, the division may begin a
2523	collection process:
2524	(I) established by the division by rule made in accordance with Title 63G,
2525	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
2526	(II) subject to Title 63A, Chapter 3, Part 5, Office of State Debt Collection.
2527	(2) The following are grounds for disciplinary action under this section:
2528	(a) procuring or attempting to procure a registration, license, or certification under this
2529	chapter:
2530	(i) by fraud; or
2531	(ii) by making a false statement, submitting false information, or making a material
2532	misrepresentation in an application filed with the division;
2533	(b) paying money or attempting to pay money other than a fee provided for by this
2534	chapter to a member or employee of the division to procure a registration, license, or
2535	certification under this chapter;
2536	(c) an act or omission in the practice of real estate appraising that constitutes dishonesty,
2537	fraud, or misrepresentation;
2538	(d) entry of a judgment against a registrant, licensee, or certificate holder on grounds of
2539	fraud, misrepresentation, or deceit in the making of an appraisal of real estate;
2540	(e) regardless of whether the crime is related to the appraisal business, to:
2541	(i) be convicted of a felony;
2542	(ii) be convicted of any of the following involving fraud, misrepresentation, theft, or
2543	dishonesty:

2544	(A) a class A misdemeanor:
2545	(B) a class B misdemeanor; or
2546	(C) a criminal offense comparable to a class A or class B misdemeanor;
2547	(iii) plead guilty or nolo contendere to a felony;
2548	(iv) plead guilty or nolo contendere to any of the following involving fraud,
2549	misrepresentation, theft, or dishonesty:
2550	(A) a class A misdemeanor:
2551	(B) a class B misdemeanor; or
2552	(C) a criminal offense comparable to a class A or class B misdemeanor;
2553	(v) enter into a plea in abeyance agreement involving a felony; or
2554	(vi) enter into a plea in abeyance agreement involving any of the following involving
2555	fraud, misrepresentation, theft, or dishonesty:
2556	(A) a class A misdemeanor:
2557	(B) a class B misdemeanor; or
2558	(C) a criminal offense comparable to a class A or class B misdemeanor;
2559	(f) engaging in the business of real estate appraising under an assumed or fictitious name
2560	not properly registered in this state;
2561	(g) paying a finder's fee or a referral fee to a person not licensed or certified under this
2562	chapter in connection with an appraisal of real estate or real property in this state;
2563	(h) making a false or misleading statement in:
2564	(i) that portion of a written appraisal report that deals with professional
2565	qualifications; or
2566	(ii) testimony concerning professional qualifications;
2567	(i) violating or disregarding:
2568	(i) this chapter;
2569	(ii) an order of:
2570	(A) the board; or
2571	(B) the division, in a case when the board delegates to the division the authority to
2572	make a decision on behalf of the board; or
2573	(iii) a rule issued under this chapter;
2574	(j) violating the confidential nature of governmental records to which a person
2575	registered, licensed, or certified under this chapter gained access through
2576	employment or engagement as an appraiser by a governmental agency;
2577	(k) accepting a contingent fee for performing an appraisal if in fact the fee is or was

2578	contingent upon:
2579	(i) the appraiser reporting a predetermined analysis, opinion, or conclusion;
2580	(ii) the analysis, opinion, conclusion, or valuation reached; or
2581	(iii) the consequences resulting from the appraisal assignment;
2582	(l) unprofessional conduct as defined by statute or rule; or
2583	[(m) in the case of a dual licensed title licensee as defined in Section 31A-2-402:]
2584	[(i) providing a title insurance product or service without the approval required by
2585	Section 31A-2-405; or]
2586	[(ii) knowingly providing false or misleading information in the statement required
2587	by Subsection 31A-2-405(2); or]
2588	[(m)] (m) other conduct that constitutes dishonest dealing.
2589	(3) A person previously licensed, certified, or registered under this chapter remains
2590	responsible for, and is subject to disciplinary action for, an act that the person
2591	committed, while the person was licensed, certified, or registered, in violation of this
2592	chapter or an administrative rule in effect at the time that the person committed the act,
2593	regardless of whether the person is currently licensed, certified, or registered.
2594	Section 40. Effective Date.
2595	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), this bill takes effect May 7, 2025.
2596	(2) The actions affecting Section 31A-43-301 (Effective 07/01/25) take effect on July 1,
2597	<u>2025.</u>