

1 **Flag Display Amendments**

2025 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

**Chief Sponsor: Trevor Lee**

Senate Sponsor: Daniel McCay

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3 **LONG TITLE**

4 **General Description:**

5 This bill allows the display of certain flags on government property.

6 **Highlighted Provisions:**

7 This bill:

8 ▶ defines terms;

9 ▶ prohibits a government entity or employee of a government entity from displaying a flag  
10 in or on the grounds of government property except certain exempted flags;

11 ▶ requires the state auditor to ensure compliance, including by imposing fines;

12 ▶ requires the attorney general to defend and the state to hold harmless an individual acting  
13 under color of state law to enforce the flag display statute within the public education  
14 system; and

15 ▶ provides severability.

16 **Money Appropriated in this Bill:**

17 None

18 **Other Special Clauses:**

19 None

20 **Utah Code Sections Affected:**

21 AMENDS:

22 **67-3-1**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 3, 158

23 ENACTS:

24 **63G-1-704**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

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26 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

27 Section 1. Section **63G-1-704** is enacted to read:

28           **63G-1-704 . Display of flags on government property -- Indemnification --**  
29   **Severability.**

30   (1) As used in this section:

31       (a) "Display" means, in regards to a flag, to place a flag in a prominent location on  
32       government property where the flag is easily visible.

33       (b) "Flag" means a usually rectangular piece of fabric with a specific design that  
34       symbolizes a location, government entity, or cause.

35       (c) "Government entity" means:

36           (i) any local government entity, as defined in Section 63A-5b-901, including a school  
37           within the public education system; or

38           (ii) any state agency, as defined in Section 63A-5b-901.

39       (d) "Government property" means any property under the ownership or control of a  
40       government entity.

41       (e) "LEA governing board" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53E-1-102.

42   (2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a government entity, or an employee of a school  
43   district or school within the public education system acting within the employee's  
44   official duties, may not:

45       (a) display a flag in or on the grounds of government property; or

46       (b) display an exempt flag described in Subsection (3) with alterations in color, symbols,  
47       or appearance.

48   (3) The prohibition described in Subsection (2) does not apply to the following flags:

49       (a) the official flag of the United States described in Title 4 U.S.C., Ch. 1, The Flag, and  
50       Executive Order 1959-10834, and in accordance with Section 53G-7-211;

51       (b) an official Utah state flag as described in Title 63G, Chapter 1, Part 5, State Flags;

52       (c) the current and official flag of another country, state, or political subdivision of  
53       another country or state;

54       (d) a flag that represents a city, municipality, county, or political subdivision of the state,  
55       as those terms are defined in Sections 10-1-104, 10-2-301, 17-50-101, and 17B-1-102;

56       (e) a flag that represents a branch, unit, or division of the United States military;

57       (f) the National League of Families POW/MIA flag as described in 36 U.S.C. Sec. 902;

58       (g) a flag that represents an Indian tribe as defined in federal law;

59       (h) an officially licensed flag of a college or university depicting only the colors, logos,  
60       and marks consistent with official college or university branding;

61       (i) a historic version of a flag described in Subsections (3)(a) and (b);

- 62 (j) an official public school flag;  
63 (k) an official flag of the United States Olympic Committee, United States Paralympic  
64 Committee, International Olympic Committee, or International Paralympic  
65 Committee;  
66 (l) an official flag of an olympiad or paralympiad that occurred or will occur within the  
67 state; or  
68 (m) a flag of an organization authorized to use a public school facility at the location and  
69 during the time in which the organization is authorized to use the public school  
70 facility.
- 71 (4)(a) The state auditor shall:  
72 (i) establish a process to receive and investigate alleged violations of this section;  
73 (ii) provide notice to the relevant government entity of:  
74 (A) each alleged violation of this section involving the government entity;  
75 (B) each violation that the state auditor determines to be substantiated, including  
76 an opportunity to cure the violation not to exceed 30 calendar days;  
77 (iii) if a government entity, other than a school district or a school within the public  
78 education system, fails to cure a violation in accordance with Subsection  
79 (4)(a)(ii)(B), impose a fine of \$500 per violation per day; and  
80 (iv) deposit fines described in Subsection (4)(a)(iii) into the General Fund.
- 81 (b) A government entity may seek judicial review of a fine the state auditor imposes  
82 under this section to determine whether the imposition of the fine is clearly erroneous.
- 83 (5) Nothing in this section, for a local education agency, as defined in Section 53E-1-102:  
84 (a) limits the authority of the agency related to student expression under applicable  
85 federal or state law; or  
86 (b) removes the agency's obligation to protect all students from discrimination.
- 87 (6) Regarding a school district or a school within the public education system, the attorney  
88 general shall defend and the state shall indemnify and hold harmless a person acting  
89 under color of state law to enforce this section for any claims or damages, including  
90 court costs and attorney fees, that:  
91 (a) arise as a result of this section; and  
92 (b) are not covered by the person's insurance policies or by any coverage agreement the  
93 State Risk Management Fund issues.
- 94 (7) If any provision of this section or the application of any provision of this section to any  
95 person or circumstance is held invalid by a final decision of a court, the remainder of

96 this section shall be given effect without the invalidated provision or application.

97 Section 2. Section **67-3-1** is amended to read:

98 **67-3-1 . Functions and duties.**

99 (1)(a) The state auditor is the auditor of public accounts and is independent of any  
100 executive or administrative officers of the state.

101 (b) The state auditor is not limited in the selection of personnel or in the determination  
102 of the reasonable and necessary expenses of the state auditor's office.

103 (2) The state auditor shall examine and certify annually in respect to each fiscal year,  
104 financial statements showing:

105 (a) the condition of the state's finances;

106 (b) the revenues received or accrued;

107 (c) expenditures paid or accrued;

108 (d) the amount of unexpended or unencumbered balances of the appropriations to the  
109 agencies, departments, divisions, commissions, and institutions; and

110 (e) the cash balances of the funds in the custody of the state treasurer.

111 (3)(a) The state auditor shall:

112 (i) audit each permanent fund, each special fund, the General Fund, and the accounts  
113 of any department of state government or any independent agency or public  
114 corporation as the law requires, as the auditor determines is necessary, or upon  
115 request of the governor or the Legislature;

116 (ii) perform the audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and  
117 other auditing procedures as promulgated by recognized authoritative bodies; and

118 (iii) as the auditor determines is necessary, conduct the audits to determine:

119 (A) honesty and integrity in fiscal affairs;

120 (B) accuracy and reliability of financial statements;

121 (C) effectiveness and adequacy of financial controls; and

122 (D) compliance with the law.

123 (b) If any state entity receives federal funding, the state auditor shall ensure that the  
124 audit is performed in accordance with federal audit requirements.

125 (c)(i) The costs of the federal compliance portion of the audit may be paid from an  
126 appropriation to the state auditor from the General Fund.

127 (ii) If an appropriation is not provided, or if the federal government does not  
128 specifically provide for payment of audit costs, the costs of the federal compliance  
129 portions of the audit shall be allocated on the basis of the percentage that each

130 state entity's federal funding bears to the total federal funds received by the state.

131 (iii) The allocation shall be adjusted to reflect any reduced audit time required to  
132 audit funds passed through the state to local governments and to reflect any  
133 reduction in audit time obtained through the use of internal auditors working  
134 under the direction of the state auditor.

135 (4)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), the state auditor shall, in addition to  
136 financial audits, and as the auditor determines is necessary, conduct performance and  
137 special purpose audits, examinations, and reviews of any entity that receives public  
138 funds, including a determination of any or all of the following:

- 139 (i) the honesty and integrity of all the entity's fiscal affairs;
- 140 (ii) whether the entity's administrators have faithfully complied with legislative intent;
- 141 (iii) whether the entity's operations have been conducted in an efficient, effective, and  
142 cost-efficient manner;
- 143 (iv) whether the entity's programs have been effective in accomplishing the intended  
144 objectives; and
- 145 (v) whether the entity's management, control, and information systems are adequate,  
146 effective, and secure.

147 (b) The auditor may not conduct performance and special purpose audits, examinations,  
148 and reviews of any entity that receives public funds if the entity:

- 149 (i) has an elected auditor; and
- 150 (ii) has, within the entity's last budget year, had the entity's financial statements or  
151 performance formally reviewed by another outside auditor.

152 (5) The state auditor:

153 (a) shall administer any oath or affirmation necessary to the performance of the duties of  
154 the auditor's office; and

155 (b) may:

- 156 (i) subpoena witnesses and documents, whether electronic or otherwise; and
- 157 (ii) examine into any matter that the auditor considers necessary.

158 (6) The state auditor may require all persons who have had the disposition or management  
159 of any property of this state or its political subdivisions to submit statements regarding  
160 the property at the time and in the form that the auditor requires.

161 (7) The state auditor shall:

162 (a) except where otherwise provided by law, institute suits in Salt Lake County in  
163 relation to the assessment, collection, and payment of revenues against:

- 164 (i) persons who by any means have become entrusted with public money or property  
165 and have failed to pay over or deliver the money or property; and  
166 (ii) all debtors of the state;
- 167 (b) collect and pay into the state treasury all fees received by the state auditor;
- 168 (c) perform the duties of a member of all boards of which the state auditor is a member  
169 by the constitution or laws of the state, and any other duties that are prescribed by the  
170 constitution and by law;
- 171 (d) stop the payment of the salary of any state official or state employee who:
- 172 (i) refuses to settle accounts or provide required statements about the custody and  
173 disposition of public funds or other state property;
- 174 (ii) refuses, neglects, or ignores the instruction of the state auditor or any controlling  
175 board or department head with respect to the manner of keeping prescribed  
176 accounts or funds; or
- 177 (iii) fails to correct any delinquencies, improper procedures, and errors brought to the  
178 official's or employee's attention;
- 179 (e) establish accounting systems, methods, and forms for public accounts in all taxing or  
180 fee-assessing units of the state in the interest of uniformity, efficiency, and economy;
- 181 (f) superintend the contractual auditing of all state accounts;
- 182 (g) subject to Subsection (8)(a), withhold state allocated funds or the disbursement of  
183 property taxes from a state or local taxing or fee-assessing unit, if necessary, to  
184 ensure that officials and employees in those taxing units comply with state laws and  
185 procedures in the budgeting, expenditures, and financial reporting of public funds;
- 186 (h) subject to Subsection (9), withhold the disbursement of tax money from any county,  
187 if necessary, to ensure that officials and employees in the county comply with  
188 Section 59-2-303.1; and
- 189 (i) withhold state allocated funds or the disbursement of property taxes from a local  
190 government entity or a limited purpose entity, as those terms are defined in Section  
191 67-1a-15 if the state auditor finds the withholding necessary to ensure that the entity  
192 registers and maintains the entity's registration with the lieutenant governor, in  
193 accordance with Section 67-1a-15.
- 194 (8)(a) Except as otherwise provided by law, the state auditor may not withhold funds  
195 under Subsection (7)(g) until a state or local taxing or fee-assessing unit has received  
196 formal written notice of noncompliance from the auditor and has been given 60 days  
197 to make the specified corrections.

- 198 (b) If, after receiving notice under Subsection (8)(a), a state or independent local  
199 fee-assessing unit that exclusively assesses fees has not made corrections to comply  
200 with state laws and procedures in the budgeting, expenditures, and financial reporting  
201 of public funds, the state auditor:  
202 (i) shall provide a recommended timeline for corrective actions;  
203 (ii) may prohibit the state or local fee-assessing unit from accessing money held by  
204 the state; and  
205 (iii) may prohibit a state or local fee-assessing unit from accessing money held in an  
206 account of a financial institution by filing an action in a court with jurisdiction  
207 under Title 78A, Judiciary and Judicial Administration, requesting an order of the  
208 court to prohibit a financial institution from providing the fee-assessing unit  
209 access to an account.
- 210 (c) The state auditor shall remove a limitation on accessing funds under Subsection (8)(b)  
211 upon compliance with state laws and procedures in the budgeting, expenditures, and  
212 financial reporting of public funds.
- 213 (d) If a local taxing or fee-assessing unit has not adopted a budget in compliance with  
214 state law, the state auditor:  
215 (i) shall provide notice to the taxing or fee-assessing unit of the unit's failure to  
216 comply;  
217 (ii) may prohibit the taxing or fee-assessing unit from accessing money held by the  
218 state; and  
219 (iii) may prohibit a taxing or fee-assessing unit from accessing money held in an  
220 account of a financial institution by:  
221 (A) contacting the taxing or fee-assessing unit's financial institution and  
222 requesting that the institution prohibit access to the account; or  
223 (B) filing an action in a court with jurisdiction under Title 78A, Judiciary and  
224 Judicial Administration, requesting an order of the court to prohibit a financial  
225 institution from providing the taxing or fee-assessing unit access to an account.
- 226 (e) If the local taxing or fee-assessing unit adopts a budget in compliance with state law,  
227 the state auditor shall eliminate a limitation on accessing funds described in  
228 Subsection (8)(d).
- 229 (9) The state auditor may not withhold funds under Subsection (7)(h) until a county has  
230 received formal written notice of noncompliance from the auditor and has been given 60  
231 days to make the specified corrections.

- 232 (10)(a) The state auditor may not withhold funds under Subsection (7)(i) until the state  
233 auditor receives a notice of non-registration, as that term is defined in Section  
234 67-1a-15.
- 235 (b) If the state auditor receives a notice of non-registration, the state auditor may  
236 prohibit the local government entity or limited purpose entity, as those terms are  
237 defined in Section 67-1a-15, from accessing:
- 238 (i) money held by the state; and  
239 (ii) money held in an account of a financial institution by:
- 240 (A) contacting the entity's financial institution and requesting that the institution  
241 prohibit access to the account; or  
242 (B) filing an action in a court with jurisdiction under Title 78A, Judiciary and  
243 Judicial Administration, requesting an order of the court to prohibit a financial  
244 institution from providing the entity access to an account.
- 245 (c) The state auditor shall remove the prohibition on accessing funds described in  
246 Subsection (10)(b) if the state auditor received a notice of registration, as that term is  
247 defined in Section 67-1a-15, from the lieutenant governor.
- 248 (11) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(g), (7)(h), (7)(i), (8)(b), (8)(d), or (10)(b), the state  
249 auditor:
- 250 (a) shall authorize a disbursement by a local government entity or limited purpose entity,  
251 as those terms are defined in Section 67-1a-15, or a state or local taxing or  
252 fee-assessing unit if the disbursement is necessary to:
- 253 (i) avoid a major disruption in the operations of the local government entity, limited  
254 purpose entity, or state or local taxing or fee-assessing unit; or  
255 (ii) meet debt service obligations; and  
256 (b) may authorize a disbursement by a local government entity, limited purpose entity,  
257 or state or local taxing or fee-assessing unit as the state auditor determines is  
258 appropriate.
- 259 (12)(a) The state auditor may seek relief under the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure to take  
260 temporary custody of public funds if an action is necessary to protect public funds  
261 from being improperly diverted from their intended public purpose.
- 262 (b) If the state auditor seeks relief under Subsection (12)(a):
- 263 (i) the state auditor is not required to exhaust the procedures in Subsection (7) or (8);  
264 and  
265 (ii) the state treasurer may hold the public funds in accordance with Section 67-4-1 if



266 a court orders the public funds to be protected from improper diversion from their  
267 public purpose.

268 (13) The state auditor shall:

- 269 (a) establish audit guidelines and procedures for audits of local mental health and  
270 substance abuse authorities and their contract providers, conducted pursuant to Title  
271 17, Chapter 43, Part 2, Local Substance Abuse Authorities, Title 17, Chapter 43, Part  
272 3, Local Mental Health Authorities, Title 26B, Chapter 5, Health Care - Substance  
273 Use and Mental Health, and Title 51, Chapter 2a, Accounting Reports from Political  
274 Subdivisions, Interlocal Organizations, and Other Local Entities Act; and
- 275 (b) ensure that those guidelines and procedures provide assurances to the state that:
- 276 (i) state and federal funds appropriated to local mental health authorities are used for  
277 mental health purposes;
- 278 (ii) a private provider under an annual or otherwise ongoing contract to provide  
279 comprehensive mental health programs or services for a local mental health  
280 authority is in compliance with state and local contract requirements and state and  
281 federal law;
- 282 (iii) state and federal funds appropriated to local substance abuse authorities are used  
283 for substance abuse programs and services; and
- 284 (iv) a private provider under an annual or otherwise ongoing contract to provide  
285 comprehensive substance abuse programs or services for a local substance abuse  
286 authority is in compliance with state and local contract requirements, and state and  
287 federal law.

288 (14)(a) The state auditor may, in accordance with the auditor's responsibilities for  
289 political subdivisions of the state as provided in Title 51, Chapter 2a, Accounting  
290 Reports from Political Subdivisions, Interlocal Organizations, and Other Local  
291 Entities Act, initiate audits or investigations of any political subdivision that are  
292 necessary to determine honesty and integrity in fiscal affairs, accuracy and reliability  
293 of financial statements, effectiveness, and adequacy of financial controls and  
294 compliance with the law.

295 (b) If the state auditor receives notice under Subsection 11-41-104(7) from the  
296 Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity on or after July 1, 2024, the state auditor  
297 may initiate an audit or investigation of the public entity subject to the notice to  
298 determine compliance with Section 11-41-103.

299 (15)(a) The state auditor may not audit work that the state auditor performed before

- 300 becoming state auditor.
- 301 (b) If the state auditor has previously been a responsible official in state government  
302 whose work has not yet been audited, the Legislature shall:
- 303 (i) designate how that work shall be audited; and  
304 (ii) provide additional funding for those audits, if necessary.
- 305 (16) The state auditor shall:
- 306 (a) with the assistance, advice, and recommendations of an advisory committee  
307 appointed by the state auditor from among special district boards of trustees, officers,  
308 and employees and special service district boards, officers, and employees:
- 309 (i) prepare a Uniform Accounting Manual for Special Districts that:
- 310 (A) prescribes a uniform system of accounting and uniform budgeting and  
311 reporting procedures for special districts under Title 17B, Limited Purpose  
312 Local Government Entities - Special Districts, and special service districts  
313 under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act;
- 314 (B) conforms with generally accepted accounting principles; and  
315 (C) prescribes reasonable exceptions and modifications for smaller districts to the  
316 uniform system of accounting, budgeting, and reporting;
- 317 (ii) maintain the manual under this Subsection (16)(a) so that the manual continues to  
318 reflect generally accepted accounting principles;
- 319 (iii) conduct a continuing review and modification of procedures in order to improve  
320 them;
- 321 (iv) prepare and supply each district with suitable budget and reporting forms; and  
322 (v)(A) prepare instructional materials, conduct training programs, and render other  
323 services considered necessary to assist special districts and special service  
324 districts in implementing the uniform accounting, budgeting, and reporting  
325 procedures; and  
326 (B) ensure that any training described in Subsection (16)(a)(v)(A) complies with  
327 Title 63G, Chapter 22, State Training and Certification Requirements; and
- 328 (b) continually analyze and evaluate the accounting, budgeting, and reporting practices  
329 and experiences of specific special districts and special service districts selected by  
330 the state auditor and make the information available to all districts.
- 331 (17)(a) The following records in the custody or control of the state auditor are protected  
332 records under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management  
333 Act:

- 334 (i) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal  
335 misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a past or present  
336 governmental employee if the information or allegation cannot be corroborated by  
337 the state auditor through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to  
338 the allegation are not relied upon by the state auditor in preparing a final audit  
339 report;
- 340 (ii) records and audit workpapers to the extent the workpapers would disclose the  
341 identity of an individual who during the course of an audit, communicated the  
342 existence of any waste of public funds, property, or manpower, or a violation or  
343 suspected violation of a law, rule, or regulation adopted under the laws of this  
344 state, a political subdivision of the state, or any recognized entity of the United  
345 States, if the information was disclosed on the condition that the identity of the  
346 individual be protected;
- 347 (iii) before an audit is completed and the final audit report is released, records or  
348 drafts circulated to an individual who is not an employee or head of a  
349 governmental entity for the individual's response or information;
- 350 (iv) records that would disclose an outline or part of any audit survey plans or audit  
351 program; and
- 352 (v) requests for audits, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an audit.
- 353 (b) The provisions of Subsections (17)(a)(i), (ii), and (iii) do not prohibit the disclosure  
354 of records or information that relate to a violation of the law by a governmental entity  
355 or employee to a government prosecutor or peace officer.
- 356 (c) The provisions of this Subsection (17) do not limit the authority otherwise given to  
357 the state auditor to classify a document as public, private, controlled, or protected  
358 under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
- 359 (d)(i) As used in this Subsection (17)(d), "record dispute" means a dispute between  
360 the state auditor and the subject of an audit performed by the state auditor as to  
361 whether the state auditor may release a record, as defined in Section 63G-2-103,  
362 to the public that the state auditor gained access to in the course of the state  
363 auditor's audit but which the subject of the audit claims is not subject to disclosure  
364 under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
- 365 (ii) The state auditor may submit a record dispute to the State Records Committee,  
366 created in Section 63G-2-501, for a determination of whether the state auditor  
367 may, in conjunction with the state auditor's release of an audit report, release to

- 368 the public the record that is the subject of the record dispute.
- 369 (iii) The state auditor or the subject of the audit may seek judicial review of a State  
370 Records Committee determination under Subsection (17)(d)(ii), as provided in  
371 Section 63G-2-404.
- 372 (18) If the state auditor conducts an audit of an entity that the state auditor has previously  
373 audited and finds that the entity has not implemented a recommendation made by the  
374 state auditor in a previous audit, the state auditor shall notify the Legislative  
375 Management Committee through the Legislative Management Committee's audit  
376 subcommittee that the entity has not implemented that recommendation.
- 377 (19) The state auditor shall, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint the state  
378 privacy officer described in Section 67-3-13.
- 379 (20) Except as provided in Subsection (21), the state auditor shall report, or ensure that  
380 another government entity reports, on the financial, operational, and performance  
381 metrics for the state system of higher education and the state system of public education,  
382 including metrics in relation to students, programs, and schools within those systems.
- 383 (21)(a) Notwithstanding Subsection (20), the state auditor shall conduct regular audits of:
- 384 (i) the scholarship granting organization for the Carson Smith Opportunity  
385 Scholarship Program, created in Section 53E-7-402;
- 386 (ii) the State Board of Education for the Carson Smith Scholarship Program, created  
387 in Section 53F-4-302; and
- 388 (iii) the scholarship program manager for the Utah Fits All Scholarship Program,  
389 created in Section 53F-6-402, including an analysis of the cost effectiveness of the  
390 program, taking into consideration the amount of the scholarship and the amount  
391 of state and local funds dedicated on a per-student basis within the traditional  
392 public education system.
- 393 (b) Nothing in this subsection limits or impairs the authority of the State Board of  
394 Education to administer the programs described in Subsection (21)(a).
- 395 (22) The state auditor shall, based on the information posted by the Office of Legislative  
396 Research and General Counsel under Subsection 36-12-12.1(2), for each policy, track  
397 and post the following information on the state auditor's website:
- 398 (a) the information posted under Subsections 36-12-12.1(2)(a) through (e);  
399 (b) an indication regarding whether the policy is timely adopted, adopted late, or not  
400 adopted;
- 401 (c) an indication regarding whether the policy complies with the requirements

- 402 established by law for the policy; and
- 403 (d) a link to the policy.
- 404 (23)(a) A legislator may request that the state auditor conduct an inquiry to determine
- 405 whether a government entity, government official, or government employee has
- 406 complied with a legal obligation directly imposed, by statute, on the government
- 407 entity, government official, or government employee.
- 408 (b) The state auditor may, upon receiving a request under Subsection (23)(a), conduct
- 409 the inquiry requested.
- 410 (c) If the state auditor conducts the inquiry described in Subsection (23)(b), the state
- 411 auditor shall post the results of the inquiry on the state auditor's website.
- 412 (d) The state auditor may limit the inquiry described in this Subsection (23) to a simple
- 413 determination, without conducting an audit, regarding whether the obligation was
- 414 fulfilled.
- 415 (24) The state auditor shall:
- 416 (a) ensure compliance with Title 63G, Chapter 31, Distinctions on the Basis of Sex, in
- 417 accordance with Section 63G-31-401; and
- 418 (b) report to the Legislative Management Committee, upon request, regarding the state
- 419 auditor's actions under this Subsection (24).
- 420 (25) The state auditor shall report compliance with Sections 67-27-107, 67-27-108, and
- 421 67-27-109 by:
- 422 (a) establishing a process to receive and audit each alleged violation; and
- 423 (b) reporting to the Legislative Management Committee, upon request, regarding the
- 424 state auditor's findings and recommendations under this Subsection (25).
- 425 (26) The state auditor shall ensure compliance with Section 63G-1-704 regarding the
- 426 display of flags in or on government property.
- 427 **Section 3. Effective Date.**
- 428 This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.