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Education Industry Employee Privacy

2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Trevor Lee

Senate Sponsor: Chris H. Wilson

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- 4 General Description:
- 5 This bill provides for the personal privacy of local education agency employees.
- **6 Highlighted Provisions:**
- 7 This bill:
- 8 enacts restrictions on a local education agency (LEA) selling or transferring certain
- 9 contact information without consent;
- prohibits requiring use of certain technologies on personal devices;
- requires an LEA to provide accommodations for mandatory technology use under certain
- 12 circumstances;
- 13 allows an employee to file written complaints with the State Board of Education about
- 14 violations;
- ▶ permits the State Board of Education to investigate complaints; and
- 16 allows for consequences for violations.
- 17 Money Appropriated in this Bill:
- None
- 19 Other Special Clauses:
- This bill provides a special effective date.
- 21 Utah Code Sections Affected:
- 22 ENACTS:
- 23 **53G-10-207**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

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- 25 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
- Section 1. Section **53G-10-207** is enacted to read:
- 53G-10-207 . Personal privacy for employee.

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28	(1) As used in this section:
29	(a) "Employee" means:
30	(i) "administrative personnel" as that term is defined in Section 53G-10-206; and
31	(ii) "instructional personnel" as that term is defined in Section 53G-10-206.
32	(b) "LEA" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53E-1-102.
33	(c) "Required technology" means an application, software, or other technologies for
34	work-related duties without which an employee could not reasonably complete
35	necessary or essential job functions or engage in emergency situations.
36	(d) "Work-related contact information" means:
37	(i) private or work-provided phone numbers used for work purposes;
38	(ii) email addresses an employer provides or uses primarily for work functions;
39	(iii) work mail addresses, including physical addresses, post office boxes, and other
40	mailing details used to send or receive work-related communications or
41	documents;
42	(iv) logins, usernames, access codes, passwords, or other credentials used to access
43	accounts, systems, documents, records, or services provided in relation to an
44	employee's job duties; and
45	(v) messaging accounts, forum memberships, directory listings, distribution lists,
46	committee or group enrollments.
47	(2)(a) Except as provided in Sections 53G-7-224 and 63G-2-204, an LEA or the state
48	board may not sell or otherwise transfer an employee's work-related contact
49	information to a third party if the sale or transfer is an isolated or standalone
50	transaction.
51	(b) To the extent allowed by law, an LEA shall publicly disclose a records request, and
52	any fees charged, for the information described in Subsection (2)(a).
53	(3) Except as provided in Section 53G-7-224, an LEA or the state board may not distribute
54	an employee's work-related contact information in a manner that would interfere with an
55	employee's ability to access or use work-related accounts, contacts, email lists, or other
56	contact information resources necessary to perform the employee's job duties.
57	(4) An LEA may not require an employee to download, install, access, or otherwise use
58	required technology on a personally owned electronic device if use of the required
59	technology contains terms, conditions, or data sharing provisions that would allow for
60	access to data or information outside of the required technology.
61	(5) If an LEA requires an employee to use required technology that the employee

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62		reasonably finds to contain objectionable terms and conditions, the LEA shall provide
63		reasonable accommodations to the impacted employee to avoid mandatory use on the
64		employee's personal device.
65	<u>(6)</u>	An LEA shall provide a reasonable accommodation under Subsection (5) that allows
66		required use without accessing an employee's personal device, including providing the
67		required technology:
68		(a) via an LEA-owned and provided electronic device such as a computer, phone, or
69		tablet;
70		(b) through a secure virtual or remote desktop environment not requiring installation or
71		access credentials on a personal device; or
72		(c) through similar means that do not obligate personal device use.
73	<u>(7)</u>	An LEA may not take adverse action against an employee for exercising rights under
74		this section and requesting reasonable accommodations.
75	<u>(8)</u>	An employee may file a written complaint with the state board alleging violations of
76		this chapter.
77	<u>(9)</u>	The state board shall investigate any complaint alleging violations under this section
78		and take licensure or corrective action if the state board determines that action is
79		necessary.
80		Section 2. Effective date.

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This bill takes effect on July 1, 2025.