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## **Bicycle Lane Safety Amendments**

## 2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Verona Mauga

| Senate Sponsor: Todd Weiler   |
|---|
| LONG TITLE  |
| General Description:  |
| This bill addresses safety elements in a bicycle lane.                          |
| Highlighted Provisions:   |
| This bill:  |
| <ul><li>defines terms;</li></ul>  |
| <ul> <li>clarifies when motor vehicles may be in a bicycle lane; and</li> </ul> |
| restricts obstructing a bicycle lane.   |
| Money Appropriated in this Bill:  |
| None  |
| Other Special Clauses:  |
| None  |
| <b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>   |
| AMENDS:   |
| 41-6a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 236                    |
| 41-6a-710, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 49                     |
| 41-6a-1401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 425                   |
| 72-7-105, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 270           |

- 22 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
- Section 1. Section **41-6a-102** is amended to read:
- 24 **41-6a-102** . **Definitions**.
- As used in this chapter:

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- (1) "Alley" means a street or highway intended to provide access to the rear or side of lots or buildings in urban districts and not intended for through vehicular traffic.
- 28 (2) "All-terrain type I vehicle" means the same as that term is defined in Section 41-22-2.

| 29 | (3) "All-terrain type II vehicle" means the same as that term is defined in Section 41-22-2.  |
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| 30 | (4) "All-terrain type III vehicle" means the same as that term is defined in Section 41-22-2. |
| 31 | (5) "Authorized emergency vehicle" includes:  |
| 32 | (a) a fire department vehicle;  |
| 33 | (b) a police vehicle;   |
| 34 | (c) an ambulance; and   |
| 35 | (d) other publicly or privately owned vehicles as designated by the commissioner of the       |
| 36 | Department of Public Safety.  |
| 37 | (6) "Autocycle" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-3-102.                   |
| 38 | (7)(a) "Bicycle" means a wheeled vehicle:   |
| 39 | (i) propelled by human power by feet or hands acting upon pedals or cranks;                   |
| 40 | (ii) with a seat or saddle designed for the use of the operator;                              |
| 41 | (iii) designed to be operated on the ground; and  |
| 42 | (iv) whose wheels are not less than 14 inches in diameter.                                    |
| 43 | (b) "Bicycle" includes an electric assisted bicycle.  |
| 44 | (c) "Bicycle" does not include scooters and similar devices.                                  |
| 45 | (8)(a) "Bicycle lane" means a portion of a highway that has been designated by a              |
| 46 | highway authority through striping, signage, pavement markings, or barriers for the           |
| 47 | preferential or exclusive use of bicycle, electric assisted bicycle, and motor assisted       |
| 48 | scooter traffic.  |
| 49 | (b) "Bicycle lane" does not include shared lanes intended for both motor vehicle and          |
| 50 | bicycle travel.   |
| 51 | [(8)] (9)(a) "Bus" means a motor vehicle:   |
| 52 | (i) designed for carrying more than 15 passengers and used for the transportation of          |
| 53 | persons; or   |
| 54 | (ii) designed and used for the transportation of persons for compensation.                    |
| 55 | (b) "Bus" does not include a taxicab.   |
| 56 | [(9)] (10)(a) "Circular intersection" means an intersection that has an island, generally     |
| 57 | circular in design, located in the center of the intersection where traffic passes to the     |
| 58 | right of the island.  |
| 59 | (b) "Circular intersection" includes:   |
| 60 | (i) roundabouts;  |
| 61 | (ii) rotaries; and  |
| 62 | (iii) traffic circles.  |

| 63 | [(10)] (11) "Class 1 electric assisted bicycle" means an electric assisted bicycle equipped  |
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| 64 | with a motor or electronics that:  |
| 65 | (a) provides assistance only when the rider is pedaling; and                                 |
| 66 | (b) ceases to provide assistance when the bicycle reaches the speed of 20 miles per hour.    |
| 67 | [(11)] (12) "Class 2 electric assisted bicycle" means an electric assisted bicycle equipped  |
| 68 | with a motor or electronics that:  |
| 69 | (a) may be used exclusively to propel the bicycle; and                                       |
| 70 | (b) is not capable of providing assistance when the bicycle reaches the speed of 20 miles    |
| 71 | per hour.  |
| 72 | [(12)] (13) "Class 3 electric assisted bicycle" means an electric assisted bicycle equipped  |
| 73 | with a motor or electronics that:  |
| 74 | (a) provides assistance only when the rider is pedaling;                                     |
| 75 | (b) ceases to provide assistance when the bicycle reaches the speed of 28 miles per hour;    |
| 76 | and  |
| 77 | (c) is equipped with a speedometer.  |
| 78 | [(13)] (14) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety.        |
| 79 | [(14)] (15) "Controlled-access highway" means a highway, street, or roadway:                 |
| 80 | (a) designed primarily for through traffic; and  |
| 81 | (b) to or from which owners or occupants of abutting lands and other persons have no         |
| 82 | legal right of access, except at points as determined by the highway authority having        |
| 83 | jurisdiction over the highway, street, or roadway.   |
| 84 | [ <del>(15)</del> ] <u>(16)</u> "Crosswalk" means:   |
| 85 | (a) that part of a roadway at an intersection included within the connections of the lateral |
| 86 | lines of the sidewalks on opposite sides of the highway measured from:                       |
| 87 | (i)(A) the curbs; or   |
| 88 | (B) in the absence of curbs, from the edges of the traversable roadway; and                  |
| 89 | (ii) in the absence of a sidewalk on one side of the roadway, that part of a roadway         |
| 90 | included within the extension of the lateral lines of the existing sidewalk at right         |
| 91 | angles to the centerline; or   |
| 92 | (b) any portion of a roadway at an intersection or elsewhere distinctly indicated for        |
| 93 | pedestrian crossing by lines or other markings on the surface.                               |
| 94 | [(16)] (17) "Department" means the Department of Public Safety.                              |
| 95 | [(17)] (18) "Direct supervision" means oversight at a distance within which:                 |
| 96 | (a) visual contact is maintained; and  |

| 97  | (b) advice and assistance can be given and received.                                    |
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| 98  | [(18)] (19) "Divided highway" means a highway divided into two or more roadways by:     |
| 99  | (a) an unpaved intervening space;   |
| 100 | (b) a physical barrier; or  |
| 101 | (c) a clearly indicated dividing section constructed to impede vehicular traffic.       |
| 102 | [(19)] (20) "Echelon formation" means the operation of two or more snowplows arranged   |
| 103 | side-by-side or diagonally across multiple lanes of traffic of a multi-lane highway to  |
| 104 | clear snow from two or more lanes at once.  |
| 105 | [(20)] (21)(a) "Electric assisted bicycle" means a bicycle with an electric motor that: |
| 106 | (i) has a power output of not more than 750 watts;                                      |
| 107 | (ii) has fully operable pedals;   |
| 108 | (iii) has permanently affixed cranks that were installed at the time of the original    |
| 109 | manufacture;  |
| 110 | (iv) is fully operable as a bicycle without the use of the electric motor; and          |
| 111 | (v) is one of the following:  |
| 112 | (A) a class 1 electric assisted bicycle;  |
| 113 | (B) a class 2 electric assisted bicycle;  |
| 114 | (C) a class 3 electric assisted bicycle; or   |
| 115 | (D) a programmable electric assisted bicycle.   |
| 116 | (b) "Electric assisted bicycle" does not include:                                       |
| 117 | (i) a moped;  |
| 118 | (ii) a motor assisted scooter;  |
| 119 | (iii) a motorcycle;   |
| 120 | (iv) a motor-driven cycle; or   |
| 121 | (v) any other vehicle with less than four wheels that is designed, manufactured,        |
| 122 | intended, or advertised by the seller to have any of the following capabilities or      |
| 123 | features, or that is modifiable or is modified to have any of the following             |
| 124 | capabilities or features:   |
| 125 | (A) has the ability to attain the speed of 20 miles per hour or greater on motor        |
| 126 | power alone;  |
| 127 | (B) is equipped with a continuous rated motor power of 750 watts or greater;            |
| 128 | (C) is equipped with foot pegs for the operator at the time of manufacture, or          |
| 129 | requires installation of a pedal kit to have operable pedals; or                        |
| 130 | (D) if equipped with multiple operating modes and a throttle, has one or more           |

| 131 | modes that exceed 20 miles per hour on motor power alone.                                      |
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| 132 | [(21)] (22)(a) "Electric personal assistive mobility device" means a self-balancing device     |
| 133 | with:  |
| 134 | (i) two nontandem wheels in contact with the ground;   |
| 135 | (ii) a system capable of steering and stopping the unit under typical operating                |
| 136 | conditions;  |
| 137 | (iii) an electric propulsion system with average power of one horsepower or 750                |
| 138 | watts;   |
| 139 | (iv) a maximum speed capacity on a paved, level surface of 12.5 miles per hour; and            |
| 140 | (v) a deck design for a person to stand while operating the device.                            |
| 141 | (b) "Electric personal assistive mobility device" does not include a wheelchair.               |
| 142 | [(22)] (23) "Explosives" means a chemical compound or mechanical mixture commonly              |
| 143 | used or intended for the purpose of producing an explosion and that contains any               |
| 144 | oxidizing and combustive units or other ingredients in proportions, quantities, or             |
| 145 | packing so that an ignition by fire, friction, concussion, percussion, or detonator of any     |
| 146 | part of the compound or mixture may cause a sudden generation of highly heated gases,          |
| 147 | and the resultant gaseous pressures are capable of producing destructive effects on            |
| 148 | contiguous objects or of causing death or serious bodily injury.                               |
| 149 | [(23)] (24) "Farm tractor" means a motor vehicle designed and used primarily as a farm         |
| 150 | implement, for drawing plows, mowing machines, and other implements of husbandry.              |
| 151 | [(24)] (25) "Flammable liquid" means a liquid that has a flashpoint of 100 degrees F. or less, |
| 152 | as determined by a Tagliabue or equivalent closed-cup test device.                             |
| 153 | [(25)] (26) "Freeway" means a controlled-access highway that is part of the interstate system  |
| 154 | as defined in Section 72-1-102.  |
| 155 | [(26)] (27)(a) "Golf cart" means a device that:  |
| 156 | (i) is designed for transportation by players on a golf course;                                |
| 157 | (ii) has not less than three wheels in contact with the ground;                                |
| 158 | (iii) has an unladen weight of less than 1,800 pounds;   |
| 159 | (iv) is designed to operate at low speeds; and   |
| 160 | (v) is designed to carry not more than six persons including the driver.                       |
| 161 | (b) "Golf cart" does not include:  |
| 162 | (i) a low-speed vehicle or an off-highway vehicle;   |
| 163 | (ii) a motorized wheelchair;   |
| 164 | (iii) an electric personal assistive mobility device;  |

| 165 | (iv) an electric assisted bicycle;  |
|-----|---|
| 166 | (v) a motor assisted scooter;   |
| 167 | (vi) a personal delivery device, as defined in Section 41-6a-1119; or                         |
| 168 | (vii) a mobile carrier, as defined in Section 41-6a-1120.                                     |
| 169 | [(27)] (28) "Gore area" means the area delineated by two solid white lines that is between a  |
| 170 | continuing lane of a through roadway and a lane used to enter or exit the continuing lane     |
| 171 | including similar areas between merging or splitting highways.                                |
| 172 | [(28)] (29) "Gross weight" means the weight of a vehicle without a load plus the weight of    |
| 173 | any load on the vehicle.  |
| 174 | [(29)] (30) "Hi-rail vehicle" means a roadway maintenance vehicle that is:                    |
| 175 | (a) manufactured to meet Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards; and                          |
| 176 | (b) equipped with retractable flanged wheels that allow the vehicle to travel on a            |
| 177 | highway or railroad tracks.   |
| 178 | [(30)] (31) "Highway" means the entire width between property lines of every way or place     |
| 179 | of any nature when any part of it is open to the use of the public as a matter of right for   |
| 180 | vehicular travel.   |
| 181 | [(31)] (32) "Highway authority" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-1-102.   |
| 182 | [(32)] $(33)$ (a) "Intersection" means the area embraced within the prolongation or           |
| 183 | connection of the lateral curb lines, or, if none, then the lateral boundary lines of the     |
| 184 | roadways of two or more highways that join one another.                                       |
| 185 | (b) Where a highway includes two roadways 30 feet or more apart:                              |
| 186 | (i) every crossing of each roadway of the divided highway by an intersecting                  |
| 187 | highway is a separate intersection; and   |
| 188 | (ii) if the intersecting highway also includes two roadways 30 feet or more apart, ther       |
| 189 | every crossing of two roadways of the highways is a separate intersection.                    |
| 190 | (c) "Intersection" does not include the junction of an alley with a street or highway.        |
| 191 | [(33)] (34) "Island" means an area between traffic lanes or at an intersection for control of |
| 192 | vehicle movements or for pedestrian refuge designated by:                                     |
| 193 | (a) pavement markings, which may include an area designated by two solid yellow lines         |
| 194 | surrounding the perimeter of the area;  |
| 195 | (b) channelizing devices;   |
| 196 | (c) curbs;  |
| 197 | (d) pavement edges; or  |
| 198 | (e) other devices.  |

| 199 | [(34)] (35) "Lane filtering" means, when operating a motorcycle other than an autocycle, the |
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| 200 | act of overtaking and passing another vehicle that is stopped in the same direction of       |
| 201 | travel in the same lane.   |
| 202 | [(35)] (36) "Law enforcement agency" means the same as that term is as defined in Section    |
| 203 | 53-1-102.  |
| 204 | [(36)] (37) "Limited access highway" means a highway:  |
| 205 | (a) that is designated specifically for through traffic; and                                 |
| 206 | (b) over, from, or to which neither owners nor occupants of abutting lands nor other         |
| 207 | persons have any right or easement, or have only a limited right or easement of              |
| 208 | access, light, air, or view.   |
| 209 | [(37)] (38) "Local highway authority" means the legislative, executive, or governing body of |
| 210 | a county, municipal, or other local board or body having authority to enact laws relating    |
| 211 | to traffic under the constitution and laws of the state.                                     |
| 212 | [(38)] (39)(a) "Low-speed vehicle" means a four wheeled motor vehicle that:                  |
| 213 | (i) is designed to be operated at speeds of not more than 25 miles per hour; and             |
| 214 | (ii) has a capacity of not more than six passengers, including a conventional driver or      |
| 215 | fallback-ready user if on board the vehicle, as those terms are defined in Section           |
| 216 | 41-26-102.1.   |
| 217 | (b) "Low-speed vehicle" does not include a golfcart or an off-highway vehicle.               |
| 218 | [(39)] (40) "Metal tire" means a tire, the surface of which in contact with the highway is   |
| 219 | wholly or partly of metal or other hard nonresilient material.                               |
| 220 | [(40)] (41)(a) "Mini-motorcycle" means a motorcycle or motor-driven cycle that has a         |
| 221 | seat or saddle that is less than 24 inches from the ground as measured on a level            |
| 222 | surface with properly inflated tires.  |
| 223 | (b) "Mini-motorcycle" does not include a moped or a motor assisted scooter.                  |
| 224 | (c) "Mini-motorcycle" does not include a motorcycle that is:                                 |
| 225 | (i) designed for off-highway use; and  |
| 226 | (ii) registered as an off-highway vehicle under Section 41-22-3.                             |
| 227 | [ <del>(41)</del> ] <u>(42)</u> "Mobile home" means:   |
| 228 | (a) a trailer or semitrailer that is:  |
| 229 | (i) designed, constructed, and equipped as a dwelling place, living abode, or sleeping       |
| 230 | place either permanently or temporarily; and   |
| 231 | (ii) equipped for use as a conveyance on streets and highways; or                            |
| 232 | (b) a trailer or a semitrailer whose chassis and exterior shell is designed and constructed  |

| 233 | for use as a mobile home, as defined in Subsection $[(41)(a)]$ $(42)(a)$ , but that is instead |
|-----|--|
| 234 | used permanently or temporarily for:   |
| 235 | (i) the advertising, sale, display, or promotion of merchandise or services; or                |
| 236 | (ii) any other commercial purpose except the transportation of property for hire or the        |
| 237 | transportation of property for distribution by a private carrier.                              |
| 238 | [(42)] (43) "Mobility disability" means the inability of a person to use one or more of the    |
| 239 | person's extremities or difficulty with motor skills, that may include limitations with        |
| 240 | walking, grasping, or lifting an object, caused by a neuro-muscular, orthopedic, or other      |
| 241 | condition.   |
| 242 | [(43)] (44)(a) "Moped" means a motor-driven cycle having:                                      |
| 243 | (i) pedals to permit propulsion by human power; and  |
| 244 | (ii) a motor that:   |
| 245 | (A) produces not more than two brake horsepower; and   |
| 246 | (B) is not capable of propelling the cycle at a speed in excess of 30 miles per hour           |
| 247 | on level ground.   |
| 248 | (b) If an internal combustion engine is used, the displacement may not exceed 50 cubic         |
| 249 | centimeters and the moped shall have a power drive system that functions directly or           |
| 250 | automatically without clutching or shifting by the operator after the drive system is          |
| 251 | engaged.   |
| 252 | (c) "Moped" does not include:  |
| 253 | (i) an electric assisted bicycle; or   |
| 254 | (ii) a motor assisted scooter.   |
| 255 | [(44)] (45)(a) "Motor assisted scooter" means a self-propelled device with:                    |
| 256 | (i) at least two wheels in contact with the ground;  |
| 257 | (ii) a braking system capable of stopping the unit under typical operating conditions;         |
| 258 | (iii) an electric motor not exceeding 2,000 watts;   |
| 259 | (iv) either:   |
| 260 | (A) handlebars and a deck design for a person to stand while operating the device;             |
| 261 | or   |
| 262 | (B) handlebars and a seat designed for a person to sit, straddle, or stand while               |
| 263 | operating the device;  |
| 264 | (v) a design for the ability to be propelled by human power alone; and                         |
| 265 | (vi) a maximum speed of 20 miles per hour on a paved level surface.                            |
| 266 | (b) "Motor assisted scooter" does not include:   |

| 267 | (i) an electric assisted bicycle; or  |
|-----|---|
| 268 | (ii) a motor-driven cycle.  |
| 269 | [(45)] (46)(a) "Motor vehicle" means a vehicle that is self-propelled and a vehicle that is |
| 270 | propelled by electric power obtained from overhead trolley wires, but not operated          |
| 271 | upon rails.   |
| 272 | (b) "Motor vehicle" does not include:   |
| 273 | (i) vehicles moved solely by human power;   |
| 274 | (ii) motorized wheelchairs;   |
| 275 | (iii) an electric personal assistive mobility device;                                       |
| 276 | (iv) an electric assisted bicycle;  |
| 277 | (v) a motor assisted scooter;   |
| 278 | (vi) a personal delivery device, as defined in Section 41-6a-1119; or                       |
| 279 | (vii) a mobile carrier, as defined in Section 41-6a-1120.                                   |
| 280 | [ <del>(46)</del> ] <u>(47)</u> "Motorcycle" means:   |
| 281 | (a) a motor vehicle, other than a tractor, having a seat or saddle for the use of the rider |
| 282 | and designed to travel with not more than three wheels in contact with the ground; or       |
| 283 | (b) an autocycle.   |
| 284 | [(47)] (48)(a) "Motor-driven cycle" means a motorcycle, moped, and a motorized bicycle      |
| 285 | having:   |
| 286 | (i) an engine with less than 150 cubic centimeters displacement; or                         |
| 287 | (ii) a motor that produces not more than five horsepower.                                   |
| 288 | (b) "Motor-driven cycle" does not include:  |
| 289 | (i) an electric personal assistive mobility device;   |
| 290 | (ii) a motor assisted scooter; or   |
| 291 | (iii) an electric assisted bicycle.   |
| 292 | [(48)] (49) "Off-highway implement of husbandry" means the same as that term is defined     |
| 293 | under Section 41-22-2.  |
| 294 | [(49)] (50) "Off-highway vehicle" means the same as that term is defined under Section      |
| 295 | 41-22-2.  |
| 296 | [(50)] (51) "Operate" means the same as that term is defined in Section 41-1a-102.          |
| 297 | [(51)] (52) "Operator" means:   |
| 298 | (a) a human driver, as defined in Section 41-26-102.1, that operates a vehicle; or          |
| 299 | (b) an automated driving system, as defined in Section 41-26-102.1, that operates a         |
| 300 | vehicle   |

| 301 | [(52)] (53) "Other on-track equipment" means a railroad car, hi-rail vehicle, rolling stock, or |
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| 302 | other device operated, alone or coupled with another device, on stationary rails.               |
| 303 | [(53)] (54)(a) "Park" or "parking" means the standing of a vehicle, whether the vehicle is      |
| 304 | occupied or not.  |
| 305 | (b) "Park" or "parking" does not include:   |
| 306 | (i) the standing of a vehicle temporarily for the purpose of and while actually                 |
| 307 | engaged in loading or unloading property or passengers; or                                      |
| 308 | (ii) a motor vehicle with an engaged automated driving system that has achieved a               |
| 309 | minimal risk condition, as those terms are defined in Section 41-26-102.1.                      |
| 310 | [(54)] (55) "Peace officer" means a peace officer authorized under Title 53, Chapter 13,        |
| 311 | Peace Officer Classifications, to direct or regulate traffic or to make arrests for             |
| 312 | violations of traffic laws.   |
| 313 | [ <del>(55)</del> ] ( <u>56)</u> "Pedestrian" means a person traveling:                         |
| 314 | (a) on foot; or   |
| 315 | (b) in a wheelchair.  |
| 316 | [(56)] (57) "Pedestrian traffic-control signal" means a traffic-control signal used to regulate |
| 317 | pedestrians.  |
| 318 | [(57)] (58) "Person" means a natural person, firm, copartnership, association, corporation,     |
| 319 | business trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company, association, joint       |
| 320 | venture, governmental agency, public corporation, or any other legal or commercial              |
| 321 | entity.   |
| 322 | [(58)] (59) "Pole trailer" means a vehicle without motive power:                                |
| 323 | (a) designed to be drawn by another vehicle and attached to the towing vehicle by means         |
| 324 | of a reach, or pole, or by being boomed or otherwise secured to the towing vehicle;             |
| 325 | and   |
| 326 | (b) that is ordinarily used for transporting long or irregular shaped loads including poles,    |
| 327 | pipes, or structural members generally capable of sustaining themselves as beams                |
| 328 | between the supporting connections.   |
| 329 | [(59)] (60) "Private road or driveway" means every way or place in private ownership and        |
| 330 | used for vehicular travel by the owner and those having express or implied permission           |
| 331 | from the owner, but not by other persons.   |
| 332 | [(60)] (61) "Programmable electric assisted bicycle" means an electric assisted bicycle with    |
| 333 | capability to switch or be programmed to function as a class 1 electric assisted bicycle,       |
| 334 | class 2 electric assisted bicycle, or class 3 electric assisted bicycle, provided that the      |

| 335 | electric assisted bicycle fully conforms with the respective requirements of each class of      |
|-----|---|
| 336 | electric assisted bicycle when operated in that mode.   |
| 337 | [(61)] (62) "Railroad" means a carrier of persons or property upon cars operated on             |
| 338 | stationary rails.   |
| 339 | [(62)] (63) "Railroad sign or signal" means a sign, signal, or device erected by authority of a |
| 340 | public body or official or by a railroad and intended to give notice of the presence of         |
| 341 | railroad tracks or the approach of a railroad train.  |
| 342 | [(63)] (64) "Railroad train" means a locomotive propelled by any form of energy, coupled        |
| 343 | with or operated without cars, and operated upon rails.   |
| 344 | [(64)] (65) "Restored-modified vehicle" means the same as the term defined in Section           |
| 345 | 41-1a-102.  |
| 346 | [(65)] (66) "Right-of-way" means the right of one vehicle or pedestrian to proceed in a         |
| 347 | lawful manner in preference to another vehicle or pedestrian approaching under                  |
| 348 | circumstances of direction, speed, and proximity that give rise to danger of collision          |
| 349 | unless one grants precedence to the other.  |
| 350 | [(66)] (67)(a) "Roadway" means that portion of highway improved, designed, or                   |
| 351 | ordinarily used for vehicular travel.   |
| 352 | (b) "Roadway" does not include the sidewalk, berm, or shoulder, even though any of              |
| 353 | them are used by persons riding bicycles or other human-powered vehicles.                       |
| 354 | (c) "Roadway" refers to any roadway separately but not to all roadways collectively, if a       |
| 355 | highway includes two or more separate roadways.   |
| 356 | [(67)] (68) "Safety zone" means the area or space officially set apart within a roadway for     |
| 357 | the exclusive use of pedestrians and that is protected, marked, or indicated by adequate        |
| 358 | signs as to be plainly visible at all times while set apart as a safety zone.                   |
| 359 | [(68)] (69)(a) "School bus" means a motor vehicle that:   |
| 360 | (i) complies with the color and identification requirements of the most recent edition          |
| 361 | of "Minimum Standards for School Buses"; and  |
| 362 | (ii) is used to transport school children to or from school or school activities.               |
| 363 | (b) "School bus" does not include a vehicle operated by a common carrier in                     |
| 364 | transportation of school children to or from school or school activities.                       |
| 365 | [ <del>(69)</del> ] (70)(a) "Semitrailer" means a vehicle with or without motive power:         |
| 366 | (i) designed for carrying persons or property and for being drawn by a motor vehicle;           |
| 367 | and   |
| 368 | (ii) constructed so that some part of its weight and that of its load rests on or is            |

| 369 | carried by another vehicle.  |
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| 370 | (b) "Semitrailer" does not include a pole trailer.   |
| 371 | [ <del>(70)</del> ] <u>(71)</u> "Shoulder area" means:   |
| 372 | (a) that area of the hard-surfaced highway separated from the roadway by a pavement              |
| 373 | edge line as established in the current approved "Manual on Uniform Traffic Contro               |
| 374 | Devices"; or   |
| 375 | (b) that portion of the road contiguous to the roadway for accommodation of stopped              |
| 376 | vehicles, for emergency use, and for lateral support.  |
| 377 | [(71)] (72) "Sidewalk" means that portion of a street between the curb lines, or the lateral     |
| 378 | lines of a roadway, and the adjacent property lines intended for the use of pedestrians.         |
| 379 | [(72)] (73)(a) "Soft-surface trail" means a marked trail surfaced with sand, rock, or dirt       |
| 380 | that is designated for the use of a bicycle.   |
| 381 | (b) "Soft-surface trail" does not mean a trail:  |
| 382 | (i) where the use of a motor vehicle or an electric assisted bicycle is prohibited by a          |
| 383 | federal law, regulation, or rule; or   |
| 384 | (ii) located in whole or in part on land granted to the state or a political subdivision         |
| 385 | subject to a conservation easement that prohibits the use of a motorized vehicle.                |
| 386 | [(73)] (74) "Solid rubber tire" means a tire of rubber or other resilient material that does not |
| 387 | depend on compressed air for the support of the load.  |
| 388 | [(74)] (75) "Stand" or "standing" means the temporary halting of a vehicle, whether              |
| 389 | occupied or not, for the purpose of and while actually engaged in receiving or                   |
| 390 | discharging passengers.  |
| 391 | [(75)] (76) "Stop" when required means complete cessation from movement.                         |
| 392 | [(76)] (77) "Stop" or "stopping" when prohibited means any halting even momentarily of a         |
| 393 | vehicle, whether occupied or not, except when:   |
| 394 | (a) necessary to avoid conflict with other traffic; or   |
| 395 | (b) in compliance with the directions of a peace officer or traffic-control device.              |
| 396 | [(77)] (78) "Street-legal all-terrain vehicle" or "street-legal ATV" means an all-terrain type I |
| 397 | vehicle, all-terrain type II vehicle, or all-terrain type III vehicle, that is modified to meet  |
| 398 | the requirements of Section 41-6a-1509 to operate on highways in the state in                    |
| 399 | accordance with Section 41-6a-1509.  |
| 400 | [(78)] (79) "Street-legal novel vehicle" means a vehicle registered as a novel vehicle under     |
| 401 | Section 41-27-201 that is modified to meet the requirements of Section 41-6a-1509 to             |
| 402 | operate on highways in the state in accordance [with] with Section 41-6a-1509.                   |

| 403 | [(79)] (80) "Tow truck operator" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-9-102.   |
|-----|--|
| 404 | [(80)] (81) "Tow truck motor carrier" means the same as that term is defined in Section        |
| 405 | 72-9-102.  |
| 406 | [(81)] (82) "Traffic" means pedestrians, bicyclists, ridden or herded animals, vehicles, and   |
| 407 | other conveyances either singly or together while using any highway for the purpose of         |
| 408 | travel.  |
| 409 | [(82)] (83) "Traffic signal preemption device" means an instrument or mechanism designed,      |
| 410 | intended, or used to interfere with the operation or cycle of a traffic-control signal.        |
| 411 | [(83)] (84) "Traffic-control device" means a sign, signal, marking, or device not inconsistent |
| 412 | with this chapter placed or erected by a highway authority for the purpose of regulating,      |
| 413 | warning, or guiding traffic.   |
| 414 | [(84)] (85) "Traffic-control signal" means a device, whether manually, electrically, or        |
| 415 | mechanically operated, by which traffic is alternately directed to stop and permitted to       |
| 416 | proceed.   |
| 417 | [(85)] (86)(a) "Trailer" means a vehicle with or without motive power designed for             |
| 418 | carrying persons or property and for being drawn by a motor vehicle and constructed            |
| 419 | so that no part of its weight rests upon the towing vehicle.                                   |
| 420 | (b) "Trailer" does not include a pole trailer.   |
| 421 | [(86)] (87) "Truck" means a motor vehicle designed, used, or maintained primarily for the      |
| 422 | transportation of property.  |
| 423 | [(87)] (88) "Truck tractor" means a motor vehicle:   |
| 424 | (a) designed and used primarily for drawing other vehicles; and                                |
| 425 | (b) constructed to carry a part of the weight of the vehicle and load drawn by the truck       |
| 426 | tractor.   |
| 427 | [(88)] (89) "Two-way left turn lane" means a lane:   |
| 428 | (a) provided for vehicle operators making left turns in either direction;                      |
| 429 | (b) that is not used for passing, overtaking, or through travel; and                           |
| 430 | (c) that has been indicated by a lane traffic-control device that may include lane             |
| 431 | markings.  |
| 432 | [(89)] (90) "Urban district" means the territory contiguous to and including any street, in    |
| 433 | which structures devoted to business, industry, or dwelling houses are situated at             |
| 434 | intervals of less than 100 feet, for a distance of a quarter of a mile or more.                |
| 435 | [(90)] (91) "Vehicle" means a device in, on, or by which a person or property is or may be     |
| 436 | transported or drawn on a highway, except a mobile carrier, as defined in Section              |

| 437 | 41-6a-1120, or a device used exclusively on stationary rails or tracks.                    |
|-----|--|
| 438 | Section 2. Section 41-6a-710 is amended to read:   |
| 439 | 41-6a-710 . Roadway divided into marked lanes Provisions Traffic-control                   |
| 440 | devices.   |
| 441 | On a roadway divided into two or more clearly marked lanes for traffic the following       |
| 442 | provisions apply and any violation of this section is an infraction:                       |
| 443 | (1)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), a person operating a vehicle:              |
| 444 | (i) shall keep the vehicle as nearly as practical entirely within a single lane; and       |
| 445 | (ii) may not move the vehicle from the lane until the operator has reasonably              |
| 446 | determined the movement can be made safely.  |
| 447 | (b) A determination under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) is reasonable if a reasonable person       |
| 448 | acting under the same conditions and having regard for actual and potential hazards        |
| 449 | then existing would determine that the movement could be made safely.                      |
| 450 | (c) Subsection (1)(a) does not apply to an individual operating a motorcycle engaging in   |
| 451 | lane filtering as described in Section 41-6a-704.  |
| 452 | (2)(a) On a roadway divided into three or more lanes and providing for two-way             |
| 453 | movement of traffic, a person operating a vehicle may not drive in the center lane         |
| 454 | except:  |
| 455 | (i) when overtaking and passing another vehicle traveling in the same direction, and       |
| 456 | when the center lane is:   |
| 457 | (A) clear of traffic within a safe distance; and   |
| 458 | (B) not a two-way left turn lane;  |
| 459 | (ii) in preparation of making or completing a left turn in compliance with Section         |
| 460 | 41-6a-801; or  |
| 461 | (iii) where the center lane is allocated exclusively to traffic moving in the same         |
| 462 | direction that the vehicle is proceeding as indicated by traffic-control devices.          |
| 463 | (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a)(i) and in accordance with Subsection (1)(a), a       |
| 464 | person operating a vehicle may drive in a center lane that is a two-way left turn lane     |
| 465 | if:  |
| 466 | (i) the center lane is:  |
| 467 | (A) on a roadway divided into three or more lanes that provides for two-way                |
| 468 | movement of traffic; and   |
| 469 | (B) clear of traffic within a safe distance;   |
| 470 | (ii) there is only one lane of travel in the direction the person operating the vehicle is |

| 471 | traveling; and  |
|-----|---|
| 472 | (iii) the person operating the vehicle is overtaking and passing a bicycle or moped         |
| 473 | that is moving at less than the reasonable speed of traffic that is present.                |
| 474 | (3)(a) A highway authority may erect traffic-control devices directing specified traffic to |
| 475 | use a designated lane or designating those lanes to be used by traffic moving in a          |
| 476 | particular direction regardless of the center of the roadway.                               |
| 477 | (b) An operator of a vehicle shall obey the directions of a traffic-control device erected  |
| 478 | under Subsection (3)(a).  |
| 479 | (4)(a) A person operating a motor vehicle may not drive within a bicycle lane except:       |
| 480 | (i) to cross a bicycle lane when turning into an intersection, street, alley, driveway, or  |
| 481 | other parking area;   |
| 482 | (ii) when responding to striping, traffic control devices, or emergency conditions; or      |
| 483 | (iii) while operating:  |
| 484 | (A) an authorized emergency vehicle;  |
| 485 | (B) a snow removal vehicle;   |
| 486 | (C) a vehicle providing municipal-type services, as defined in Section 19-3-303;            |
| 487 | (D) a school bus or transit vehicle, as defined in Section 17B-2a-802, to load or           |
| 488 | unload passengers; or   |
| 489 | (E) a vehicle used by a postal service, as defined in Section 76-6-1001.                    |
| 490 | (b) A person operating a motor vehicle within a bicycle lane as described in Subsection     |
| 491 | (4)(a)(i) shall yield the right of way to all bicycle traffic within the lane.              |
| 492 | Section 3. Section 41-6a-1401 is amended to read:   |
| 493 | 41-6a-1401. Standing or parking vehicles Restrictions and exceptions.                       |
| 494 | (1) Except when necessary to avoid conflict with other traffic, or in compliance with law,  |
| 495 | the directions of a peace officer, or a traffic-control device, a person may not:           |
| 496 | (a) stop, stand, or park a vehicle:   |
| 497 | (i) on the roadway side of any vehicle stopped or parked at the edge or curb of a           |
| 498 | street;   |
| 499 | (ii) on a sidewalk;   |
| 500 | (iii) within an intersection;   |
| 501 | (iv) on a crosswalk;  |
| 502 | (v) between a safety zone and the adjacent curb or within 30 feet of points on the          |
| 503 | curb immediately opposite the ends of a safety zone, unless a different length is           |
| 504 | indicated by signs or markings;   |

| 505 | (vi) alongside or opposite any street excavation or obstruction when stopping,               |
|-----|--|
| 506 | standing, or parking would obstruct traffic;   |
| 507 | (vii) on any bridge or other elevated structure, on a highway, or within a highway           |
| 508 | tunnel;  |
| 509 | (viii) on any railroad tracks;   |
| 510 | (ix) on any controlled-access highway;   |
| 511 | (x) in the area between roadways of a divided highway, including crossovers; [-or]           |
| 512 | (xi) any place where a traffic-control device prohibits stopping, standing, or parking;      |
| 513 | <u>or</u>  |
| 514 | (xii) within a bicycle lane;   |
| 515 | (b) stand or park a vehicle, whether occupied or not, except momentarily to pick up or       |
| 516 | discharge a passenger or passengers:   |
| 517 | (i) in front of a public or private driveway;  |
| 518 | (ii) within 15 feet of a fire hydrant;   |
| 519 | (iii) within 20 feet of a crosswalk;   |
| 520 | (iv) within 30 feet upon the approach to any flashing signal, stop sign, yield sign, or      |
| 521 | traffic-control signal located at the side of a roadway;                                     |
| 522 | (v) within 20 feet of the driveway entrance to any fire station and on the side of a         |
| 523 | street opposite the entrance to any fire station within 75 feet of the entrance when         |
| 524 | properly signposted;   |
| 525 | (vi) at any place where a traffic-control device prohibits standing; or                      |
| 526 | (vii) at capitol hill, as defined in Section 63O-1-101, in a parking space identified as     |
| 527 | reserved for specific users, without:  |
| 528 | (A) approval by the executive director of the State Capitol Preservation Board               |
| 529 | created in Section 63O-2-201; and  |
| 530 | (B) a properly displayed placard or other identifying marker approved by the                 |
| 531 | executive director of the State Capitol Preservation Board to indicate this                  |
| 532 | approval; or   |
| 533 | (c) park a vehicle, whether occupied or not, except temporarily for the purpose of and       |
| 534 | while actually engaged in loading or unloading property or passengers:                       |
| 535 | (i) within 50 feet of the nearest rail of a railroad crossing; or                            |
| 536 | (ii) at any place where traffic-control devices prohibit parking.                            |
| 537 | (2) A person may not move a vehicle that is not lawfully under the person's control into any |
| 538 | prohibited area or into an unlawful distance from the curb                                   |

| 539 | (3) This section does not apply to a tow truck motor carrier responding to a customer       |
|-----|---|
| 540 | service call if the tow truck motor carrier has already received authorization from the     |
| 541 | local law enforcement agency in the jurisdiction where the vehicle to be towed is located   |
| 542 | Section 4. Section <b>72-7-105</b> is amended to read:                                      |
| 543 | 72-7-105. Obstructing traffic on sidewalks or highways prohibited.                          |
| 544 | (1) A person may not:   |
| 545 | (a) drive or place any vehicle, animal, or other [thing] object upon or along any sidewalk  |
| 546 | except in crossing the sidewalk to or from abutting property; or                            |
| 547 | (b) permit the vehicle, animal, or other [thing] object to remain on or across any sidewal  |
| 548 | in a way that impedes or obstructs the ordinary use of the sidewalk.                        |
| 549 | (2)(a) Except [under] as described in Subsection (2)(b), vehicles, building material, or    |
| 550 | other similar [things] objects may be placed temporarily on highways in a manner that       |
| 551 | will not impede, endanger, or obstruct ordinary traffic.                                    |
| 552 | (b) A highway authority may prohibit or may require the removal of vehicles, building       |
| 553 | material, or other obstructions on any highway under their jurisdiction.                    |
| 554 | (3) A highway authority may obstruct or allow obstruction of a bicycle lane, as defined in  |
| 555 | Section 41-6a-102, to facilitate highway management, including maintenance, repair,         |
| 556 | and improvement of infrastructure.  |
| 557 | (4) A highway authority that obstructs or allows obstruction of a bicycle lane as described |
| 558 | in Subsection (3) shall take reasonable action to:  |
| 559 | (a) utilize alternative space adjacent to the bicycle lane prior to obstructing the bicycle |
| 560 | lane;   |
| 561 | (b) minimize the obstruction; or  |
| 562 | (c) provide an alternate route for bicycle traffic.   |
| 563 | (5) A violation of Subsection (1) is an infraction.   |
| 564 | Section 5. Effective date.  |
| 565 | This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025   |