1 **Cannabis Production Amendments** 2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH Chief Sponsor: Paul A. Cutler Senate Sponsor: Evan J. Vickers 2 3 **LONG TITLE** 4 **General Description:** 5 This bill amends provisions related to medical cannabis production. **Highlighted Provisions:** 6 7 This bill: 8 requires cannabis production establishments to include in their operating plan methods to 9 reduce odor; 10 • requires the Department of Agriculture and Food to create recommendations for odor control; and 11 12 • amends provisions related to land use for medical cannabis production establishments. **Money Appropriated in this Bill:** 13 14 None **Other Special Clauses:** 15 16 None **Utah Code Sections Affected:** 17 **AMENDS:** 18 19 4-41a-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 327 20 4-41a-406, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 238 26B-1-310, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 273, 281 and renumbered 21 22 and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305 and last amended by Coordination Clause, 23 Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

4-41a-204.1, Utah Code Annotated 1953

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ENACTS:

Section 1. Section **4-41a-204** is amended to read:

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29	4-41a-204 . Operating plan.
30	(1) A person applying for a cannabis production establishment license or license renewal
31	shall submit to the department for the department's review a proposed operating plan
32	that complies with this section and that includes:
33	(a) a description of the physical characteristics of the proposed facility or, for a cannabis
34	cultivation facility, no more than two facility locations, including a floor plan and an
35	architectural elevation;
36	(b) a description of the credentials and experience of:
37	(i) each officer, director, and owner of the proposed cannabis production
38	establishment; and
39	(ii) any highly skilled or experienced prospective employee;
40	(c) the cannabis production establishment's employee training standards;
41	(d) a security plan;
42	(e) a description of the cannabis production establishment's inventory control system,
43	including a description of how the inventory control system is compatible with the
44	state electronic verification system described in Section 26B-4-202;
45	(f) storage protocols, both short- and long-term, to ensure that cannabis is stored in a
46	manner that is sanitary and preserves the integrity of the cannabis;
47	(g) for a cannabis cultivation facility, the information described in Subsection (2);
48	(h) for a cannabis processing facility, the information described in Subsection (3); [and]
49	(i) for an independent cannabis testing laboratory, the information described in
50	Subsection (4)[-] ; and
51	(j) for a cannabis production establishment located in an industrial zone, a plan to reduce
52	odor created by the cannabis production establishment that:
53	(i) meets local ordinance nuisance laws; and
54	(ii) identifies:
55	(A) operations and materials that generate odors; and
56	(B) equipment, operations, or materials the cannabis production establishment will
57	use to mitigate odor emissions, including plans to maintain equipment.
58	(2)(a) A cannabis cultivation facility shall ensure that the facility's operating plan
59	includes the facility's intended:
60	(i) cannabis cultivation practices, including the facility's intended pesticide use and
61	fertilizer use; and
62	(ii) subject to Subsection (2)(b), acreage or square footage under cultivation and

63	anticipated cannabis yield.
64	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c)(i) or (c)(ii), a cannabis cultivation facility
65	may not:
66	(i) for a facility that cultivates cannabis only indoors, use more than 100,000 total
67	square feet of cultivation space;
68	(ii) for a facility that cultivates cannabis only outdoors, use more than four acres for
69	cultivation; and
70	(iii) for a facility that cultivates cannabis through a combination of indoor and
71	outdoor cultivation, use more combined indoor square footage and outdoor
72	acreage than allowed under the department's formula described in Subsection
73	(2)(e).
74	(c)(i) Each licensee may apply to the department for:
75	(A) a one-time, permanent increase of up to 20% of the limitation on the cannabis
76	cultivation facility's cultivation space; or
77	(B) a short-term increase, not to exceed 12 months, of up to 40% of the limitation
78	on the cannabis cultivation facility's cultivation space.
79	(ii) After conducting a review equivalent to the review described in Subsection
80	4-41a-205(2)(a), if the department determines that additional cultivation is
81	needed, the department may:
82	(A) grant the one-time, permanent increase described in Subsection (2)(c)(i)(A); or
83	(B) grant the short-term increase described in Subsection (2)(c)(i)(B).
84	(d) If a licensee describes an intended acreage or square footage under cultivation under
85	Subsection (2)(a)(ii) that is less than the limitation described in Subsection (2)(b), the
86	licensee may not cultivate more than the licensee's identified intended acreage or
87	square footage under cultivation.
88	(e) The department shall, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
89	Rulemaking Act, establish a formula for combined usage of indoor and outdoor
90	cultivation that:
91	(i) does not exceed, in estimated cultivation yield, the aggregate limitations described
92	in Subsection (2)(b)(i) or (ii); and
93	(ii) allows a cannabis cultivation facility to operate both indoors and outdoors.
94	(f)(i) The department may authorize a cannabis cultivation facility to operate at no
95	more than two separate locations.
96	(ii) If the department authorizes multiple locations under Subsection (2)(f)(i), the two

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97	cannabis cultivation facility locations combined may not exceed the cultivation
98	limitations described in this Subsection (2).
99	(3) A cannabis processing facility's operating plan shall include the facility's intended
100	cannabis processing practices, including the cannabis processing facility's intended:
101	(a) offered variety of cannabis product;
102	(b) cannabinoid extraction method;
103	(c) cannabinoid extraction equipment;
104	(d) processing equipment;
105	(e) processing techniques; and
106	(f) sanitation and manufacturing safety procedures for items for human consumption.
107	(4) An independent cannabis testing laboratory's operating plan shall include the
108	laboratory's intended:
109	(a) cannabis and cannabis product testing capability;
110	(b) cannabis and cannabis product testing equipment; and
111	(c) testing methods, standards, practices, and procedures for testing cannabis and
112	cannabis products.
113	(5) Notwithstanding an applicant's proposed operating plan, a cannabis production
114	establishment is subject to land use regulations, as defined in Sections 10-9a-103 and
115	17-27a-103, regarding the availability of outdoor cultivation in an industrial zone.
116	Section 2. Section 4-41a-204.1 is enacted to read:
117	$\underline{4-41a-204.1}$. Odor control recommendations.
118	(1) As used in this section, "objectionable odor" means pollution of the ambient air beyond
119	the property line of a facility consisting of an odor that, considering the odor's
120	characteristics, intensity, frequency, and duration:
121	(a) is, or can reasonably be expected to be, injurious to public health or welfare; or
122	(b) unreasonably interferes with the enjoyment of life or the use of a person's property
123	that is exposed to the odor.
124	(2)(a) Before January 1, 2026, the department shall provide a report with
125	recommendations to the Medical Cannabis Governance Structure Working Group
126	created in Section 36-12-8.2 regarding objectionable odor control standards for
127	cannabis production establishments.
128	(b) The department shall:
129	(i) work with a cannabis production establishment to monitor odor emitted by the
130	cannabis production establishment; and

131	(ii) consult with each county and municipality that currently has a cannabis
132	production establishment sited within the county or municipality's boundaries
133	regarding potential standards for the maximum amounts of objectionable odors
134	emitted by a cannabis production establishment.
135	(c) A cannabis production establishment shall provide information related to the
136	cannabis production establishment's odor emissions to the department upon request.
137	(d) The report shall include an analysis regarding:
138	(i) potential standards for measurement of objectionable odors related to cannabis
139	production and distinct levels of odor tolerability;
140	(ii) the feasibility of setting a universal odor control standard;
141	(iii) the feasibility of enforcing odor control standards;
142	(iv) cost incurred by a cannabis production establishment to comply with potential
143	odor control standards;
144	(v) interests of other businesses and community members affected by objectionable
145	odor; and
146	(vi) other information the department deems relevant.
147	(3) The department shall examine odor control regulation from other locales.
148	(4) The department may collaborate with other state agencies when creating the
149	recommendations.
150	Section 3. Section 4-41a-406 is amended to read:
151	4-41a-406 . Local control.
152	(1) As used in this section:
153	(a) "Cannabis production establishment" means the same as that term is defined in
154	Section 4-41a-102 and includes a closed-door medical cannabis pharmacy.
155	(b) "Land use application" means the same as that term is defined in Sections 10-9a-103
156	and 17-27a-103.
157	[(b)] (c) "Land use decision" means the same as that term is defined in Sections
158	10-9a-103 and 17-27a-103.
159	[(e)] (d) "Land use permit" means the same as that term is defined in Sections 10-9a-103
160	and 17-27a-103.
161	[(d)] (e) "Land use regulation" means the same as that term is defined in Sections
162	10-9a-103 and 17-27a-103.
163	(2)(a) If a municipality's or county's zoning ordinances provide for an industrial zone,
164	the operation of a cannabis production establishment shall be a permitted industrial

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165	use in any industrial zone unless the municipality or county has designated by
166	ordinance, before an individual submits a land use permit application for a cannabis
167	production establishment, at least one industrial zone in which the operation of a
168	cannabis production establishment is a permitted use.
169	(b) If a municipality's or county's zoning ordinances provide for an agricultural zone, the
170	operation of a cannabis production establishment shall be a permitted agricultural use
171	in any agricultural zone unless the municipality or county has designated by
172	ordinance, before an individual submits a land use permit application for a cannabis
173	production establishment, at least one agricultural zone in which the operation of a
174	cannabis production establishment is a permitted use.
175	(c) The operation of a cannabis production establishment shall be a permitted use on
176	land that the municipality or county has not zoned.
177	(3) A municipality or county may not:
178	(a) on the sole basis that the applicant, or cannabis production establishment violates
179	federal law regarding the legal status of cannabis, deny or revoke:
180	(i) a land use permit to operate a cannabis production facility; or
181	(ii) a business license to operate a cannabis production facility; or
182	(b) require a certain distance between a cannabis production establishment and:
183	(i) another cannabis production establishment;
184	(ii) a medical cannabis pharmacy;
185	(iii) a retail tobacco specialty business, as that term is defined in Section 26B-7-501;
186	or
187	(iv) an outlet, as that term is defined in Section 32B-1-202[; or] .
188	[(c) in accordance with Subsections 10-9a-509(1) and 17-27a-508(1), enforce a land use
189	regulation against a cannabis production establishment that was not in effect on the
190	day on which the cannabis production establishment submitted a complete land use
191	application.]
192	(4)(a) Subject to the provisions of this section, when evaluating and approving a land
193	use application for a cannabis production establishment:
194	(i) a municipality shall comply with Section 10-9a-509; and
195	(ii) a county shall comply with Section 17-27a-508.
196	(b) An applicant for a land use permit to operate a cannabis production establishment
197	shall comply with the land use requirements and application process described in:
198	[(a)] (i) Title 10. Chapter 9a, Municipal Land Use, Development, and Management

199	Act[, including Section 10-9a-528]; and
200	[(b)] (ii) Title 17, Chapter 27a, County Land Use, Development, and Management Act[
201	, including Section 17-27a-525].
202	Section 4. Section 26B-1-310 is amended to read:
203	26B-1-310 . Qualified Patient Enterprise Fund Creation Revenue neutrality
204	Uniform fee.
205	(1) There is created an enterprise fund known as the "Qualified Patient Enterprise Fund."
206	(2) The fund created in this section is funded from:
207	(a) money the department deposits into the fund under Chapter 4, Part 2, Cannabinoid
208	Research and Medical Cannabis;
209	(b) appropriations the Legislature makes to the fund; and
210	(c) the interest described in Subsection (3).
211	(3) Interest earned on the fund shall be deposited into the fund.
212	(4) Money deposited into the fund may only be used by:
213	(a) the department to accomplish the department's responsibilities described in Chapter
214	4, Part 2, Cannabinoid Research and Medical Cannabis; [and]
215	(b) the Center for Medical Cannabis Research created in Section 53B-17-1402 to
216	accomplish the Center for Medical Cannabis Research's responsibilities[-]; and
217	(c) the Department of Agriculture and Food for the one time purchase of equipment to
218	meet the requirements described in Section 4-41a-204.1.
219	(5) The department shall set fees authorized under Chapter 4, Part 2, Cannabinoid Research
220	and Medical Cannabis, in amounts that the department anticipates are necessary, in total,
221	to cover the department's cost to implement Chapter 4, Part 2, Cannabinoid Research
222	and Medical Cannabis.
223	(6) The department may impose a uniform fee on each medical cannabis transaction in a
224	medical cannabis pharmacy in an amount that, subject to Subsection (5), the department
225	sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504.
226	Section 5. Effective Date.
227	This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.