1	Property Tax Revisions
	2025 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Chris H. Wilson
-	House Sponsor: Steve Eliason
2 3	LONG TITLE
4	General Description:
5	This bill modifies provisions in the Property Tax Act.
6	Highlighted Provisions:
7	This bill:
8	 requires counties to annually provide the State Tax Commission (commission) with a
9	preliminary assessment book before delivery to the county auditor;
10	 requires the commission to take corrective action upon a county officer's noncompliance
11	with assessment duties;
12	 describes forms of corrective action that the commission may take against a county
13	officer;
14	 requires commission assistance upon a county officer's noncompliance with assessment
15	duties for a certain period of time;
16	 increases the costs paid by counties that request and receive appraisal assistance from the
17	commission;
18	 repeals newspaper publication requirements applicable to certain property tax increase
19	proposals;
20	 requires taxing entities holding a public hearing for certain property tax increase
21	proposals to allow for in-person or virtual participation;
22	 requires the property tax valuation notice provided by county auditors to include taxpayer
23	instructions for appealing a property's valuation;
24	 removes tax payment information from the property tax valuation notice provided by
25	county auditors;
26	 requires the commission to provide education and training to specified county officers in
27	addition to hearing officers;

28	 requires county officers subject to the education and training requirements to complete
29	the education and training before performing valuation-related work;
30	 allows the commission to require education and training for other county officers
31	involved in property valuation;
32	 requires counties to ensure taxpayers have the ability to submit property valuation appeals
33	through electronic means;
34	 requires counties to annually report appeals information to the commission for reporting
35	to the Legislature;
36	 requires the tax notice provided by county treasurers to include information regarding
37	payment options;
38	 requires the Multicounty Appraisal Trust to use trust funds to:
39	• develop and maintain a statewide web portal for uniform access to property
40	characteristics and features;
41	• develop and maintain a statewide web portal for the uniform electronic filing of
42	property valuation appeal applications; and
43	 assist counties in reporting appeals information to the commission;
44	 establishes timing requirements for counties to complete a review of certain applications
45	for farmland and urban farming property tax assessment required after land changes
46	ownership; and
47	 makes technical and conforming changes.
48	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
49	None
50	Other Special Clauses:
51	This bill provides a special effective date.
52	Utah Code Sections Affected:
53	AMENDS:
54	59-1-210 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 329
55	59-2-303.1 (Effective 05/07/25) , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 263
56	59-2-311 (Effective 01/01/26), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 16
57	59-2-509 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 141
58	59-2-702.5 (Effective 05/07/25), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 263
59	59-2-703 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 263
60	59-2-704 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 9
61	59-2-919 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 246

52	59-2-919.1 (Effective 01/01/26), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 246
53	59-2-919.2 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 246
54	59-2-1001 (Effective 01/01/26), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 200
65	59-2-1004 (Effective 01/01/26), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 252,
66	263 and 353
57	59-2-1317 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 430
58	59-2-1602 (Effective 01/01/26), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 239,
59	451
0	59-2-1606 (Effective 01/01/26), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 263,
71	315
2	59-2-1708 (Effective 05/07/25), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 197
'3	ENACTS:
74	59-2-331 (Effective 05/07/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953
75	59-2-1018 (Effective 01/01/26), Utah Code Annotated 1953
6	
7	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
78	Section 1. Section 59-1-210 is amended to read:
19	59-1-210 (Effective 05/07/25). General powers and duties.
79 80	59-1-210 (Effective 05/07/25). General powers and duties. The powers and duties of the commission are as follows:
80	The powers and duties of the commission are as follows:
30 31	The powers and duties of the commission are as follows: (1) to sue and be sued in its own name;
80 81 82	The powers and duties of the commission are as follows:(1) to sue and be sued in its own name;(2) to adopt rules and policies consistent with the Constitution and laws of this state to
80 81 82 83	 The powers and duties of the commission are as follows: (1) to sue and be sued in its own name; (2) to adopt rules and policies consistent with the Constitution and laws of this state to govern the commission, executive director, division directors, and commission
80 31 32 33 34	 The powers and duties of the commission are as follows: (1) to sue and be sued in its own name; (2) to adopt rules and policies consistent with the Constitution and laws of this state to govern the commission, executive director, division directors, and commission employees in the performance of their duties;
80 81 82 83 84 85	 The powers and duties of the commission are as follows: (1) to sue and be sued in its own name; (2) to adopt rules and policies consistent with the Constitution and laws of this state to govern the commission, executive director, division directors, and commission employees in the performance of their duties; (3) to adopt rules and policies consistent with the Constitution and laws of the state, to
80 31 32 33 34 35 36	 The powers and duties of the commission are as follows: (1) to sue and be sued in its own name; (2) to adopt rules and policies consistent with the Constitution and laws of this state to govern the commission, executive director, division directors, and commission employees in the performance of their duties; (3) to adopt rules and policies consistent with the Constitution and laws of the state, to govern county boards and officers in the performance of any duty relating to assessment,
80 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 The powers and duties of the commission are as follows: (1) to sue and be sued in its own name; (2) to adopt rules and policies consistent with the Constitution and laws of this state to govern the commission, executive director, division directors, and commission employees in the performance of their duties; (3) to adopt rules and policies consistent with the Constitution and laws of the state, to govern county boards and officers in the performance of any duty relating to assessment, equalization, and collection of taxes;
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	 The powers and duties of the commission are as follows: (1) to sue and be sued in its own name; (2) to adopt rules and policies consistent with the Constitution and laws of this state to govern the commission, executive director, division directors, and commission employees in the performance of their duties; (3) to adopt rules and policies consistent with the Constitution and laws of the state, to govern county boards and officers in the performance of any duty relating to assessment, equalization, and collection of taxes; (4) to prescribe the use of forms relating to the assessment of property for state or local
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	 The powers and duties of the commission are as follows: (1) to sue and be sued in its own name; (2) to adopt rules and policies consistent with the Constitution and laws of this state to govern the commission, executive director, division directors, and commission employees in the performance of their duties; (3) to adopt rules and policies consistent with the Constitution and laws of the state, to govern county boards and officers in the performance of any duty relating to assessment, equalization, and collection of taxes; (4) to prescribe the use of forms relating to the assessment of property for state or local taxation, the equalization of those assessments, the reporting of property or income for
80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90	 The powers and duties of the commission are as follows: (1) to sue and be sued in its own name; (2) to adopt rules and policies consistent with the Constitution and laws of this state to govern the commission, executive director, division directors, and commission employees in the performance of their duties; (3) to adopt rules and policies consistent with the Constitution and laws of the state, to govern county boards and officers in the performance of any duty relating to assessment, equalization, and collection of taxes; (4) to prescribe the use of forms relating to the assessment of property for state or local taxation, the equalization of those assessments, the reporting of property or income for state or local taxation purposes, or for the computation of those taxes and the reporting
80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91	 The powers and duties of the commission are as follows: (1) to sue and be sued in its own name; (2) to adopt rules and policies consistent with the Constitution and laws of this state to govern the commission, executive director, division directors, and commission employees in the performance of their duties; (3) to adopt rules and policies consistent with the Constitution and laws of the state, to govern county boards and officers in the performance of any duty relating to assessment, equalization, and collection of taxes; (4) to prescribe the use of forms relating to the assessment of property for state or local taxation, the equalization of those assessments, the reporting of property or income for state or local taxation purposes, or for the computation of those taxes and the reporting of any information, statistics, or data required by the commission;
80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92	 The powers and duties of the commission are as follows: (1) to sue and be sued in its own name; (2) to adopt rules and policies consistent with the Constitution and laws of this state to govern the commission, executive director, division directors, and commission employees in the performance of their duties; (3) to adopt rules and policies consistent with the Constitution and laws of the state, to govern county boards and officers in the performance of any duty relating to assessment, equalization, and collection of taxes; (4) to prescribe the use of forms relating to the assessment of property for state or local taxation, the equalization of those assessments, the reporting of property or income for state or local taxation purposes, or for the computation of those taxes and the reporting of any information, statistics, or data required by the commission; (5) to administer and supervise the tax laws of the state;

96 (7) to exercise general supervision over <u>county</u> assessors[and], county boards of 97 equalization[-including the authority to enforce Section 59-2-303.1], and [over-]other 98 county officers in the performance of their duties relating to the assessment of property 99 and collection of taxes, so that all assessments of property are [just] uniform and equal, 100 according to fair market value, and that the tax burden is distributed without favor or 101 discrimination; 102 (8) to reconvene any county board of equalization which, when reconvened, may only 103 address business approved by the commission and extend the time for which any county 104 board of equalization may sit for the equalization of assessments; 105 (9) to confer with, advise, and direct county treasurers, assessors, and other county officers 106 in matters relating to the assessment and equalization of property for taxation and the 107 collection of taxes; 108 (10) to provide for and hold annually at such time and place as may be convenient a district 109 or state convention of county assessors, auditors, and other county officers to consider 110 and discuss matters relative to taxation, uniformity of valuation, and changes in the law 111 relative to taxation and methods of assessment, to which county assessors and other 112 officers called to attend shall attend at county expense; 113 (11) to direct proceedings, actions, and prosecutions to enforce the laws relating to the 114 penalties, liabilities, and punishments of public officers, persons, and officers or agents 115 of corporations for failure or neglect to comply with the statutes governing the reporting, 116 assessment, and taxation of property; 117 (12) to cause complaints to be made in the proper court seeking removal from office of 118 assessors, auditors, members of county boards, and other assessing, taxing, or disbursing 119 officers, who are guilty of official misconduct or neglect of duty; 120 (13) to require county attorneys to immediately institute and prosecute actions and 121 proceedings in respect to penalties, forfeitures, removals, and punishments for violations 122 of the laws relating to the assessment and taxation of property in their respective 123 counties; 124 (14) to require any person to furnish any information required by the commission to 125 ascertain the value and the relative burden borne by all kinds of property in the state, and 126 to require from all state and local officers any information necessary for the proper 127 discharge of the duties of the commission;

128 (15) to examine all records relating to the valuation of property of any person;

129 (16) to subpoen a witnesses to appear and give testimony and produce records relating to

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130	any matter before the commission;
131	(17) to cause depositions of witnesses to be taken as in civil actions at the request of the
132	commission or any party to any matter or proceeding before the commission;
133	(18) to authorize any member or employee of the commission to administer oaths and
134	affirmations in any matter or proceeding relating to the exercise of the powers and duties
135	of the commission;
136	(19) to visit periodically each county of the state, to investigate and direct the work and
137	methods of local assessors and other officials in the assessment, equalization, and
138	taxation of property, and to ascertain whether the law requiring the assessment of all
139	property not exempt from taxation, and the collection of taxes, have been properly
140	administered and enforced;
141	(20) to carefully examine all cases where evasion or violation of the laws for assessment
142	and taxation of property is alleged, to ascertain whether existing laws are defective or
143	improperly administered;
144	(21) to furnish to the governor from time to time such assistance and information as the
145	governor requires;
146	(22) to transmit to the governor and to each member of the Legislature recommendations as
147	to legislation which will correct or eliminate defects in the operation of the tax laws and
148	will equalize the burden of taxation within the state;
149	(23) to correct any error in any assessment made by it at any time before the tax is due and
150	report the correction to the county auditor, who shall enter the corrected assessment
151	upon the assessment roll;
152	(24) to compile and publish statistics relating to taxation in the state and prepare and submit
153	an annual budget to the governor for inclusion in the state budget to be submitted to the
154	Legislature;
155	(25) to perform any further duties imposed by law, and exercise all powers necessary in the
156	performance of its duties;
157	(26) to adopt a schedule of fees assessed for services provided by the commission, unless
158	otherwise provided by statute. The fee shall be reasonable and fair, and shall reflect the
159	cost of services provided. Each fee established in this manner shall be submitted to and
160	approved by the Legislature as part of the commission's annual appropriations request.
161	The commission may not charge or collect any fee proposed in this manner without
162	approval by the Legislature;
163	(27) to comply with the procedures and requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 4,

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164	Administrative Procedures Act, in its adjudicative proceedings; and
165	(28) to distribute the money deposited into the Rural Health Care Facilities Account as
166	required by Section 26B-1-308.
167	Section 2. Section 59-2-303.1 is amended to read:
168	59-2-303.1 (Effective 05/07/25). Mandatory cyclical appraisals.
169	(1) For purposes of this section:
170	[(a) "Corrective action" includes:]
171	[(i) factoring pursuant to Section 59-2-704;]
172	[(ii) notifying the state auditor that the county failed to comply with the requirements
173	of this section; or]
174	[(iii) filing a petition for a court order requiring a county to take action.]
175	[(b)] (a) "Mass appraisal system" means a computer assisted mass appraisal system that:
176	(i) a county assessor uses to value real property; and
177	(ii) includes at least the following system features:
178	(A) has the ability to update all parcels of real property located within the county
179	each year;
180	(B) can be programmed with specialized criteria;
181	(C) provides uniform and equal treatment of parcels within the same class of real
182	property throughout the county; and
183	(D) annually updates all parcels of residential real property within the county
184	using accepted valuation methodologies as determined by rule.
185	[(c)] (b) "Property review date" means the date a county assessor completes a detailed
186	review of the property characteristics of a parcel of real property in accordance with
187	Subsection (3)(a).
188	(2)(a) The county assessor shall annually update property values of property as provided
189	in Section 59-2-301 based on a systematic review of current market data.
190	(b) The county assessor shall conduct the annual update described in Subsection (2)(a)
191	by using a mass appraisal system.
192	(c) The county assessor and the commission shall jointly certify that the county's mass
193	appraisal system meets the requirements:
194	(i) described in Subsection (1)(b); and
195	(ii) of the commission.
196	(3)(a) In addition to the requirements in Subsection (2), the county assessor shall
197	complete a detailed review of property characteristics for each property at least once

198	every five years.
199	(b) The county assessor shall maintain on the county's mass appraisal system, a record of
200	the last property review date for each parcel of real property located within the
201	county assessor's county.
202	(c)(i) The county assessor shall maintain on the county's mass appraisal system a
203	parcel's property tax class or category that is used for the purpose of property tax
204	assessment on the annual assessment date.
205	(ii) The classifications or categories of real property under Subsection (3)(c)(i) shall
206	include, at minimum:
207	(A) primary residential;
208	(B) commercial;
209	(C) vacant land;
210	(D) secondary residential; and
211	(E) non-taxable.
212	(iii) The classifications or categories of real property used by the county assessor, and
213	the classification or category applied to a specific parcel, is public information.
214	[(4)(a) The commission shall take corrective action if the commission determines that:]
215	[(i) a county assessor has not satisfactorily followed the current mass appraisal
216	standards, as provided by law;]
217	[(ii) the sales-assessment ratio, coefficients of dispersion, or other statistical measures
218	of appraisal performance related to the studies required by Section 59-2-704 are
219	not within the standards provided by law; or]
220	[(iii) the county assessor has failed to comply with the requirements of this section.]
221	[(b) If a county assessor fails to comply with the requirements of this section for one
222	year, the commission shall assist the county assessor in fulfilling the requirements of
223	Subsections (2) and (3).
224	[(c) If a county assessor fails to comply with the requirements of this section for two
225	consecutive years, the county will lose the county's allocation of the revenue
226	generated statewide from the imposition of the multicounty assessing and collecting
227	levy authorized in Sections 59-2-1602 and 59-2-1603.]
228	[(d) If a county loses its allocation of the revenue generated statewide from the
229	imposition of the multicounty assessing and collecting levy described in Subsection
230	(4)(c), the revenue the county would have received shall be distributed to the
231	Multicounty Appraisal Trust created by interlocal agreement by all counties in the

232	state.]
233	[(5)] (4)(a) [On or before July 1, 2008, the] The county assessor shall prepare a five-year
234	plan to comply with the requirements of Subsections (2) and (3).
235	(b) The plan shall be available in the county assessor's office for review by the public
236	upon request.
237	(c) The plan shall be annually reviewed and revised as necessary.
238	[(6)] (5)(a) A county assessor shall create, maintain, and regularly update a database
239	containing the following information that the county assessor may use to enhance the
240	county's ability to accurately appraise and assess property on an annual basis:
241	(i) fee and other appraisals;
242	(ii) property characteristics and features;
243	(iii) property surveys;
244	(iv) sales data; and
245	(v) any other data or information on sales, studies, transfers, changes to property, or
246	property characteristics.
247	(b) A county assessor may provide access to the information in the database to another
248	county assessor that requests assistance in accordance with Section 59-2-303.
249	Section 3. Section 59-2-311 is amended to read:
250	59-2-311 (Effective 01/01/26). Completion and delivery of assessment book
251	Signed statement required Contents of signed statement Adjustment of assessment in
252	assessment book Delivery of preliminary assessment book to commission.
253	(1) Before May 22 each year, the county assessor shall complete and deliver the assessment
254	book to the county auditor.
255	(2) The county assessor shall subscribe and sign a statement in the assessment book
256	substantially as follows:
257	I,, the assessor of County, do swear that before May 22,(year), I
258	made diligent inquiry and examination, and either personally or by deputy, established the
259	value of all of the property within the county subject to assessment by me; that the property
260	has been assessed on the assessment book equally and uniformly according to the best of my
261	judgment, information, and belief at its fair market value; that I have faithfully complied with
262	all the duties imposed on the assessor under the revenue laws including the requirements of
263	Section 59-2-303.1; and that I have not imposed any unjust or double assessments through
264	malice or ill will or otherwise, or allowed anyone to escape a just and equal assessment
265	through favor or reward, or otherwise.

266	(3) Before completing and delivering the assessment book under Subsection (1), the county
267	assessor shall adjust the assessment of property in the assessment book to reflect an
268	adjustment in the taxable value of any property if the adjustment in taxable value is
269	made:
270	(a) by the county board of equalization in accordance with Section 59-2-1004.5 on or
271	before May 15; or
272	(b) by the county assessor in accordance with Section 59-2-303.2.
273	(4)(a) Before completing and delivering the assessment book under Subsection (1), the
274	county assessor shall deliver a preliminary assessment book to the commission on or
275	before May 15 of each year for review by the commission.
276	(b) The commission shall annually:
277	(i) review the preliminary assessment book for each county delivered under
278	Subsection (4)(a); and
279	(ii) track the assessments for each county.
280	Section 4. Section 59-2-331 is enacted to read:
281	59-2-331 (Effective 05/07/25). Corrective action by commission.
282	(1) As used in this section:
283	(a) "County officer" means a county assessor, a member of a county board of
284	equalization, or any other individual who holds a county office.
285	(b) "Multicounty assessing and collecting levy" means the same as that term is defined
286	in Section 59-2-1601.
287	(2) The commission shall take corrective action if the commission determines that a county
288	officer has materially failed to perform a duty under this chapter relating to the
289	assessment of property.
290	(3) Corrective action under Subsection (2) may include one or more of the following
291	actions:
292	(a) notifying a county officer in writing of the performance issue;
293	(b) ordering factoring pursuant to Section 59-2-704;
294	(c) subject to Subsection (4):
295	(i) recommending the removal of a county officer; or
296	(ii) filing a petition for a court order requiring a county officer to take action;
297	(d) reporting suspected misconduct or malfeasance of a county officer to law
298	enforcement agencies, as appropriate; and
299	(e) taking any other action the commission determines is appropriate to ensure that:

300	(i) all assessments of property are uniform and equal, according to fair market value;
301	and
302	(ii) the tax burden is distributed without favor or discrimination.
303	(4)(a) Before taking a corrective action described in Subsection (3)(c) against a county
304	officer, the commission shall publish notice of the commission's intent to take the
305	corrective action on:
306	(i) the commission's public website; and
307	(ii) the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601.
308	(b) After taking a corrective action described in Subsection (3)(c) against a county
309	officer, the commission shall provide written notice of the corrective action to:
310	(i) the county officer subject to the corrective action;
311	(ii) the county legislative body of the county for which the county officer described
312	in Subsection (4)(b)(i) holds office;
313	(iii) the state auditor;
314	(iv) the president of the Senate; and
315	(v) the speaker of the House of Representatives.
316	(5) If the commission determines that a county officer has materially failed to perform a
317	duty under this chapter relating to the assessment of property for a period of one year or
318	longer, the commission shall:
319	(a) assist the county officer in performing the duty required by this chapter; and
320	(b) charge the county the full amount of the commission's costs in providing assistance
321	under this Subsection (5).
322	Section 5. Section 59-2-509 is amended to read:
323	59-2-509 (Effective 05/07/25). Change of ownership or legal description.
324	(1) Subject to the other provisions of this section, land assessed under this part may
325	continue to be assessed under this part if the land continues to comply with the
326	requirements of this part, regardless of whether the land continues to have:
327	(a) the same owner; or
328	(b) legal description.
329	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), land described in Subsection (1) is subject to the
330	rollback tax as provided in Section 59-2-506 if the land is withdrawn from this part.
331	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), land is withdrawn from this part if:
332	(a) there is a change in:
333	(i) the ownership of the land; or

 334 335 336 337 338 339 340 341 342 343 344 345 346 347 348 	 (ii) the legal description of the land; and (b) after a change described in Subsection (3)(a): (i) the land does not meet the requirements of Section 59-2-503;[-or] (ii) an owner of the land fails to submit a new application for assessment as provided in Section 59-2-508[:] within 120 days after the day on which a change described in Subsection (3)(a) occurs; or (iii)(A) an owner of the land submits the application required by this section; and (B) the county denies the application upon review. [(4) An application required by this section shall be submitted within 120 days after the day on which there is a change described in Subsection (3)(a):] (4) Within 30 days from the day on which a county receives an application required by this section, the county shall: (a) review the application for completion; and (b) approve or deny the application.
 336 337 338 339 340 341 342 343 344 345 346 347 	 (i) the land does not meet the requirements of Section 59-2-503;[-or] (ii) an owner of the land fails to submit a new application for assessment as provided in Section 59-2-508[:] within 120 days after the day on which a change described in Subsection (3)(a) occurs; or (iii)(A) an owner of the land submits the application required by this section; and (B) the county denies the application upon review. [(4) An application required by this section shall be submitted within 120 days after the day on which there is a change described in Subsection (3)(a).] (4) Within 30 days from the day on which a county receives an application required by this section, the county shall: (a) review the application for completion; and
 337 338 339 340 341 342 343 344 345 346 347 	 (ii) an owner of the land fails to submit a new application for assessment as provided in Section 59-2-508[-] within 120 days after the day on which a change described in Subsection (3)(a) occurs; or (iii)(A) an owner of the land submits the application required by this section; and (B) the county denies the application upon review. [(4) An application required by this section shall be submitted within 120 days after the day on which there is a change described in Subsection (3)(a).] (4) Within 30 days from the day on which a county receives an application required by this section, the county shall: (a) review the application for completion; and
 338 339 340 341 342 343 344 345 346 347 	 in Section 59-2-508[:] within 120 days after the day on which a change described in Subsection (3)(a) occurs; or (iii)(A) an owner of the land submits the application required by this section; and (B) the county denies the application upon review. [(4) An application required by this section shall be submitted within 120 days after the day on which there is a change described in Subsection (3)(a).] (4) Within 30 days from the day on which a county receives an application required by this section, the county shall: (a) review the application for completion; and
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 342 343 344 345 346 347 	 [(4) An application required by this section shall be submitted within 120 days after the day on which there is a change described in Subsection (3)(a).] (4) Within 30 days from the day on which a county receives an application required by this section, the county shall: (a) review the application for completion; and
 343 344 345 346 347 	 on which there is a change described in Subsection (3)(a).] (4) Within 30 days from the day on which a county receives an application required by this section, the county shall: (a) review the application for completion; and
344345346347	 (4) Within 30 days from the day on which a county receives an application required by this section, the county shall: (a) review the application for completion; and
345 346 347	section, the county shall: (a) review the application for completion; and
346 347	(a) review the application for completion; and
347	
	(b) approve or deny the application.
348	
	(5) Land under an application required by this section is not withdrawn from this part for
349	the period in which the application is under review by the county.
350	Section 6. Section 59-2-702.5 is amended to read:
351	59-2-702.5 (Effective 05/07/25). Education and training for county assessors.
352	(1)(a) The commission shall conduct a program of education and training for county
353	assessors that offers instruction on:
354	(i) a county assessor's statutory obligations; and
355	(ii) the practical application of mass appraisal techniques to satisfy a county
356	assessor's statutory obligations.
357	(b) The commission shall confer a designation of completion upon a county assessor
358	each time that the county assessor completes the program under Subsection (1)(a).
359	(2)[(a)] A county assessor shall obtain a designation of completion under Subsection
360	(1)(b) within 12 months after the day on which the county assessor starts a term of
361	office.
	[(b) If a county assessor fails to obtain a designation of completion, the commission
362	
362 363	shall take corrective action, as defined in Section 59-2-303.1.]
	shall take corrective action, as defined in Section 59-2-303.1.] Section 7. Section 59-2-703 is amended to read:
363	
363 364	Section 7. Section 59-2-703 is amended to read:

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368	(1)[(a) The] Except as provided in Section 59-2-331, the commission shall, upon request
369	and pursuant to mutual agreement, provide county assessors with technical assistance
370	and appraisal aid.
371	[(b)] (a) The commission shall provide certified or licensed appraisers who, upon request
372	of the county assessor and pursuant to mutual agreement, shall perform appraisals of
373	property and other technical services as needed by the county assessor.
374	[(c)] (b) The commission shall calculate the costs of these services based on the number
375	of days of services rendered.
376	[(d)] (c) Each county shall pay to the commission $[50% of]$ an amount equal to the cost
377	of the services that the county receives.
378	(2)(a) Both the commission and counties may contract with a private firm or an
379	individual to conduct appraisals.
380	(b) A county assessor may request the private firm or individual conducting appraisals to
381	assist the county assessor in meeting the requirements of Section 59-2-303.1.
382	(c)(i) Notwithstanding Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
383	Management Act, the commission and counties may disclose the name of the
384	taxpayer and the taxpayer's address to the contract appraiser.
385	(ii) A private appraiser is subject to the confidentiality requirements and penalty
386	provisions provided in Title 63G, Chapter 2, Part 8, Remedies.
387	(d)(i) Neither the commission nor a county may contract with a private firm or an
388	individual under a contingency fee arrangement to assess property or prosecute or
389	defend an appeal.
390	(ii) An appraisal that has been prepared on a contingency fee basis may not be
391	allowed in any proceeding before a county board of equalization or the
392	commission.
393	Section 8. Section 59-2-704 is amended to read:
394	59-2-704 (Effective 05/07/25). Assessment studies Sharing of data Factoring
395	assessment rates Rulemaking.
396	(1)(a) Each year, to assist in the evaluation of appraisal performance of taxable real
397	property, the commission shall conduct and publish studies to determine the
398	relationship between the market value shown on the assessment roll and the market
399	value of real property in each county.
400	(b) The studies conducted under this Subsection (1) shall include measurements of
401	uniformity within counties and use statistical methods established by the commission.

402	(c) County assessors may provide sales information to the commission for purposes of
403	the studies conducted under this Subsection (1).
404	(d) The commission shall make the sales and appraisal information related to the studies
405	conducted under this Subsection (1) available to the assessors upon request.
406	(2)(a) The commission shall, each year, order each county to adjust or factor its
407	assessment rates using the most current studies so that the assessment rate in each
408	county is in accordance with that prescribed in Section 59-2-103.
409	(b) The adjustment or factoring ordered under this Subsection (2) may include an entire
410	county, geographical areas within a county, and separate classes of properties.[
411	Where significant value deviations occur, the commission shall also order corrective
412	action.]
413	(3) If the commission determines that sales data in any county is insufficient to perform the
414	studies required under Subsection (1), the commission may conduct appraisals of
415	property within that county.
416	(4) If a county fails to implement factoring[-or corrective action] ordered under Subsection
417	(2), the commission shall:
418	(a) implement the factoring[-or corrective action]; and
419	(b) charge [100% of] an amount equal to the reasonable implementation costs of the
420	factoring to that county.
421	(5) If a county disputes the factoring[-or corrective action] ordered under Subsection (2),
422	the matter may be mediated by the Multicounty Appraisal Trust as defined in Section
423	<u>59-2-1601</u> .
424	(6)(a) The commission may change the factor for any county which, after a hearing
425	before the commission, establishes that the factor should properly be set at a different
426	level for that county.
427	(b) The commission shall establish the method, procedure, and timetable for the hearings
428	authorized under this section, including access to information to ensure a fair hearing.
429	(7) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
430	commission may establish rules to implement this section.
431	Section 9. Section 59-2-919 is amended to read:
432	59-2-919 (Effective 05/07/25). Notice and public hearing requirements for
433	certain tax increases Exceptions Audit.
434	(1) As used in this section:
435	(a) "Additional ad valorem tax revenue" means ad valorem property tax revenue

436	generated by the portion of the tax rate that exceeds the taxing entity's certified tax
437	rate.
438	(b) "Ad valorem tax revenue" means ad valorem property tax revenue not including
439	revenue from:
440	(i) eligible new growth as defined in Section 59-2-924; or
441	(ii) personal property that is:
442	(A) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment;
443	and
444	(B) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.
445	(c) "Calendar year taxing entity" means a taxing entity that operates under a fiscal year
446	that begins on January 1 and ends on December 31.
447	(d) "County executive calendar year taxing entity" means a calendar year taxing entity
448	that operates under the county executive-council form of government described in
449	Section 17-52a-203.
450	(e) "Current calendar year" means the calendar year immediately preceding the calendar
451	year for which a calendar year taxing entity seeks to levy a tax rate that exceeds the
452	calendar year taxing entity's certified tax rate.
453	(f) "Fiscal year taxing entity" means a taxing entity that operates under a fiscal year that
454	begins on July 1 and ends on June 30.
455	(g) "Last year's property tax budgeted revenue" does not include:
456	(i) revenue received by a taxing entity from a debt service levy voted on by the public;
457	(ii) revenue generated by the combined basic rate as defined in Section 53F-2-301; or
458	(iii) revenue generated by the charter school levy described in Section 53F-2-703.
459	(2) A taxing entity may not levy a tax rate that exceeds the taxing entity's certified tax rate
460	unless the taxing entity meets:
461	(a) the requirements of this section that apply to the taxing entity; and
462	(b) all other requirements as may be required by law.
463	(3)(a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b) and except as provided in Subsection (5), a calendar
464	year taxing entity may levy a tax rate that exceeds the calendar year taxing entity's
465	certified tax rate if the calendar year taxing entity:
466	(i) 14 or more days before the date of the regular general election or municipal
467	general election held in the current calendar year, states at a public meeting:
468	(A) that the calendar year taxing entity intends to levy a tax rate that exceeds the
469	calendar year taxing entity's certified tax rate;

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470	(B) the dollar amount of and purpose for additional ad valorem tax revenue that
471	would be generated by the proposed increase in the certified tax rate; and
472	(C) the approximate percentage increase in ad valorem tax revenue for the taxing
473	entity based on the proposed increase described in Subsection (3)(a)(i)(B);
474	(ii) provides notice for the public meeting described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) in
475	accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, including
476	providing a separate item on the meeting agenda that notifies the public that the
477	calendar year taxing entity intends to make the statement described in Subsection
478	(3)(a)(i);
479	(iii) meets the advertisement requirements of Subsections (6) and (7) before the
480	calendar year taxing entity conducts the public hearing required by Subsection
481	(3)(a)(v);
482	(iv) provides notice by mail:
483	(A) seven or more days before the regular general election or municipal general
484	election held in the current calendar year; and
485	(B) as provided in Subsection (3)(c); and
486	(v) conducts a public hearing that is held:
487	(A) in accordance with Subsections (8) and (9); and
488	(B) in conjunction with the public hearing required by Section 17-36-13 or
489	17B-1-610.
490	(b)(i) For a county executive calendar year taxing entity, the statement described in
491	Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall be made by the:
492	(A) county council;
493	(B) county executive; or
494	(C) both the county council and county executive.
495	(ii) If the county council makes the statement described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) or the
496	county council states a dollar amount of additional ad valorem tax revenue that is
497	greater than the amount of additional ad valorem tax revenue previously stated by
498	the county executive in accordance with Subsection (3)(a)(i), the county executive
499	calendar year taxing entity shall:
500	(A) make the statement described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) 14 or more days before
501	the county executive calendar year taxing entity conducts the public hearing
502	under Subsection (3)(a)(v); and
503	(B) provide the notice required by Subsection (3)(a)(iv) 14 or more days before

504	the county executive calendar year taxing entity conducts the public hearing
505	required by Subsection (3)(a)(v).
506	(c) The notice described in Subsection (3)(a)(iv):
507	(i) shall be mailed to each owner of property:
508	(A) within the calendar year taxing entity; and
509	(B) listed on the assessment roll;
510	(ii) shall be printed on a separate form that:
511	(A) is developed by the commission;
512	(B) states at the top of the form, in bold upper-case type no smaller than 18 point
513	"NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX INCREASE"; and
514	(C) may be mailed with the notice required by Section 59-2-1317;
515	(iii) shall contain for each property described in Subsection (3)(c)(i):
516	(A) the value of the property for the current calendar year;
517	(B) the tax on the property for the current calendar year; and
518	(C) subject to Subsection (3)(d), for the calendar year for which the calendar year
519	taxing entity seeks to levy a tax rate that exceeds the calendar year taxing
520	entity's certified tax rate, the estimated tax on the property;
521	(iv) shall contain the following statement:
522	"[Insert name of taxing entity] is proposing a tax increase for [insert applicable calendar
523	year]. This notice contains estimates of the tax on your property and the proposed tax increase
524	on your property as a result of this tax increase. These estimates are calculated on the basis of
525	[insert previous applicable calendar year] data. The actual tax on your property and proposed
526	tax increase on your property may vary from this estimate.";
527	(v) shall state the dollar amount of additional ad valorem tax revenue that would be
528	generated each year by the proposed increase in the certified tax rate;
529	(vi) shall include a brief statement of the primary purpose for the proposed tax
530	increase, including the taxing entity's intended use of additional ad valorem tax
531	revenue described in Subsection (3)(c)(v);
532	(vii) shall state the date, time, and place of the public hearing described in Subsection
533	(3)(a)(v);
534	(viii) shall state the Internet address for the taxing entity's public website;
535	(ix) may contain other information approved by the commission; and
536	(x) if sent in calendar year 2024, 2025, or 2026, shall contain:

538	Subsection 17-21-6(1)(m); and
539	(B) instructions describing how to elect to receive a notice as described in
540	Subsection 17-21-6(1)(m).
541	(d) For purposes of Subsection (3)(c)(iii)(C), a calendar year taxing entity shall calculate
542	the estimated tax on property on the basis of:
543	(i) data for the current calendar year; and
544	(ii) the amount of additional ad valorem tax revenue stated in accordance with this
545	section.
546	(4) Except as provided in Subsection (5), a fiscal year taxing entity may levy a tax rate that
547	exceeds the fiscal year taxing entity's certified tax rate if the fiscal year taxing entity:
548	(a) provides notice by meeting the advertisement requirements of Subsections (6) and (7)
549	before the fiscal year taxing entity conducts the public meeting at which the fiscal
550	year taxing entity's annual budget is adopted; and
551	(b) conducts a public hearing in accordance with Subsections (8) and (9) before the
552	fiscal year taxing entity's annual budget is adopted.
553	(5)(a) A taxing entity is not required to meet the notice or public hearing requirements of
554	Subsection (3) or (4) if the taxing entity is expressly exempted by law from
555	complying with the requirements of this section.
556	(b) A taxing entity is not required to meet the notice requirements of Subsection (3) or
557	(4) if:
558	(i) Section 53F-8-301 allows the taxing entity to levy a tax rate that exceeds that
559	certified tax rate without having to comply with the notice provisions of this
560	section; or
561	(ii) the taxing entity:
562	(A) budgeted less than \$20,000 in ad valorem tax revenue for the previous fiscal
563	year; and
564	(B) sets a budget during the current fiscal year of less than \$20,000 of ad valorem
565	tax revenue.
566	[(6)(a) Subject to Subsections (6)(d) and (7)(b), the advertisement described in this
567	section shall be published:]
568	[(i) subject to Section 45-1-101, in a newspaper or combination of newspapers of
569	general circulation in the taxing entity;]
570	[(ii) electronically in accordance with Section 45-1-101; and]
571	[(iii) for the taxing entity, as a class A notice under Section 63G-30-102, for at least

572	14 days before the day on which the taxing entity conducts the public hearing
573	described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b).]
574	[(b) The advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) shall:]
575	[(i) be no less than 1/4 page in size;]
576	[(ii) use type no smaller than 18 point; and]
577	[(iii) be surrounded by a 1/4-inch border.]
578	[(c) The advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) may not be placed in that
579	portion of the newspaper where legal notices and classified advertisements appear.]
580	[(d) It is the intent of the Legislature that:]
581	[(i) whenever possible, the advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) appear in
582	a newspaper that is published at least one day per week; and]
583	[(ii) the newspaper or combination of newspapers selected:]
584	[(A) be of general interest and readership in the taxing entity; and]
585	[(B) not be of limited subject matter.]
586	[(e)(i) The advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) shall:]
587	[(A) except as provided in Subsection (6)(f), be run once each week for the two
588	weeks before a taxing entity conducts a public hearing described under
589	Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b);]
590	[(B) state that the taxing entity will meet on a certain day, time, and place fixed in
591	the advertisement, which shall be seven or more days after the day the first
592	advertisement is published, for the purpose of hearing comments regarding any
593	proposed increase and to explain the reasons for the proposed increase; and]
594	[(C) state the Internet address for the taxing entity's public website.]
595	[(ii) The advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(ii) shall:]
596	[(A) be published two weeks before a taxing entity conducts a public hearing
597	described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b);]
598	[(B) state that the taxing entity will meet on a certain day, time, and place fixed in
599	the advertisement, which shall be seven or more days after the day the first
600	advertisement is published, for the purpose of hearing comments regarding any
601	proposed increase and to explain the reasons for the proposed increase; and]
602	[(C) state the Internet address for the taxing entity's public website.]
603	[(f) If a fiscal year taxing entity's public hearing information is published by the county
604	auditor in accordance with Section 59-2-919.2, the fiscal year taxing entity is not
605	subject to the requirement to run the advertisement twice, as required by Subsection

606	(6)(e)(i), but shall run the advertisement once during the week before the fiscal year
607	taxing entity conducts a public hearing at which the taxing entity's annual budget is
608	discussed.]
609	(6)(a) Before holding the public hearing described in Subsection $(3)(a)(v)$ or $(4)(b)$, a
610	taxing entity proposing a tax rate increase under this section shall publish an
611	advertisement regarding the proposed tax increase:
612	(i) electronically in accordance with Section 45-1-101; and
613	(ii) as a class A notice under Section 63G-30-102.
614	[(g)] (b) The advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a) shall:
615	(i) be published for at least 14 days before the day on which the taxing entity
616	conducts the public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b); and
617	(ii) [For purposes of Subsection (3)(a)(iii) or (4)(a), the] substantially be in the following form
618	and content[-of an advertisement shall be substantially as follows]:
619	"NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX INCREASE
620	(NAME OF TAXING ENTITY)
621	The (name of the taxing entity) is proposing to increase its property tax revenue.
622	• The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the average value of a residence in
623	the taxing entity rounded to the nearest thousand dollars) residence would increase from
624	\$ to \$, which is \$ per year.
625	• The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the value of a business having the
626	same value as the average value of a residence in the taxing entity) business would increase
627	from \$ to \$, which is \$ per year.
628	• If the proposed budget is approved, (name of the taxing entity) would receive an
629	additional \$ in property tax revenue per year as a result of the tax increase.
630	• If the proposed budget is approved, (name of the taxing entity) would increase its
631	property tax budgeted revenue by% above last year's property tax budgeted revenue
632	excluding eligible new growth.
633	The (name of the taxing entity) invites all concerned citizens to a public hearing for the
634	purpose of hearing comments regarding the proposed tax increase and to explain the reasons
635	for the proposed tax increase. You have the option to attend or participate in the public hearing
636	in person or online.
637	PUBLIC HEARING
638	Date/Time: (date) (time)
639	Location: (name of meeting place and address of meeting place)

640	Virtual Meeting Link: (Internet address for remote participation and live streaming
641	options)
642	To obtain more information regarding the tax increase, citizens may contact the (name
643	of the taxing entity) at (phone number of taxing entity) or visit (Internet address for the taxing
644	entity's public website)."
645	(7) The commission:
646	(a) shall adopt rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
647	Rulemaking Act, governing the joint use of one advertisement described in
648	Subsection (6) by two or more taxing entities; and
649	(b) subject to Section 45-1-101, may authorize <u>a taxing entity's use of a</u>
650	commission-approved direct notice to each taxpayer if:
651	(i) the direct notice is different and separate from the notice required under Section
652	59-2-919.1; and
653	(ii) the taxing entity petitions the commission for the use of a commission-approved
654	direct notice.
655	[(i) the use of a weekly newspaper:]
656	[(A) in a county having both daily and weekly newspapers if the weekly
657	newspaper would provide equal or greater notice to the taxpayer; and]
658	[(B) if the county petitions the commission for the use of the weekly newspaper; or]
659	[(ii) the use by a taxing entity of a commission approved direct notice to each
660	taxpayer if:]
661	[(A) the cost of the advertisement would cause undue hardship;]
662	[(B) the direct notice is different and separate from that provided for in Section
663	59-2-919.1; and]
664	[(C) the taxing entity petitions the commission for the use of a commission
665	approved direct notice.]
666	(8)(a)(i) A fiscal year taxing entity shall, on or before June 1, notify the commission
667	and the county auditor of the date, time, and place of the public hearing described
668	in Subsection (4)(b).
669	(ii) A calendar year taxing entity shall, on or before October 1 of the current calendar
670	year, notify the commission and the county auditor of the date, time, and place of
671	the public hearing described in Subsection $(3)(a)(v)$.
672	(b)(i) A public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b) shall be:
673	(A) open to the public;[-and]

674	(B) held at a meeting of the taxing entity with no items on the agenda other than
675	discussion and action on the taxing entity's intent to levy a tax rate that exceeds
676	the taxing entity's certified tax rate, the taxing entity's budget, a special
677	district's or special service district's fee implementation or increase, or a
678	combination of these items[-] ; and
679	(C) available for individuals to attend or participate either in person or remotely
680	through electronic means.
681	(ii) The governing body of a taxing entity conducting a public hearing described in
682	Subsection $(3)(a)(v)$ or $(4)(b)$ shall:
683	(A) state the dollar amount of additional ad valorem tax revenue that would be
684	generated each year by the proposed increase in the certified tax rate;
685	(B) explain the reasons for the proposed tax increase, including the taxing entity's
686	intended use of additional ad valorem tax revenue described in Subsection
687	(8)(b)(ii)(A);
688	(C) if the county auditor compiles the list required by Section 59-2-919.2, present
689	the list at the public hearing and make the list available on the taxing entity's
690	public website; and
691	(D) provide an interested party desiring to be heard an opportunity to present oral
692	testimony_within reasonable time limits and without unreasonable restriction
693	on the number of individuals allowed to make public comment.
694	(c)(i) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(c)(ii), a taxing entity may not schedule a
695	public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b) at the same time as the
696	public hearing of another overlapping taxing entity in the same county.
697	(ii) The taxing entities in which the power to set tax levies is vested in the same
698	governing board or authority may consolidate the public hearings described in
699	Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b) into one public hearing.
700	(d) The county auditor shall resolve any conflict in public hearing dates and times after
701	consultation with each affected taxing entity.
702	(e)(i) A taxing entity shall hold a public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or
703	(4)(b) beginning at or after 6 p.m.
704	(ii) If a taxing entity holds a public meeting for the purpose of addressing general
705	business of the taxing entity on the same date as a public hearing described in
706	Subsection $(3)(a)(v)$ or $(4)(b)$, the public meeting addressing general business
707	items shall conclude before the beginning of the public hearing described in

708	Subsection $(3)(a)(v)$ or $(4)(b)$.
709	(f)(i) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(f)(ii), a taxing entity may not hold the
710	public hearing described in Subsection $(3)(a)(v)$ or $(4)(b)$ on the same date as
711	another public hearing of the taxing entity.
712	(ii) A taxing entity may hold the following hearings on the same date as a public
713	hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b):
714	(A) a budget hearing;
715	(B) if the taxing entity is a special district or a special service district, a fee
716	hearing described in Section 17B-1-643;
717	(C) if the taxing entity is a town, an enterprise fund hearing described in Section
718	10-5-107.5; or
719	(D) if the taxing entity is a city, an enterprise fund hearing described in Section
720	10-6-135.5.
721	(9)(a) If a taxing entity does not make a final decision on budgeting additional ad
722	valorem tax revenue at a public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b),
723	the taxing entity shall:
724	(i) announce at that public hearing the scheduled time and place of the next public
725	meeting at which the taxing entity will consider budgeting the additional ad
726	valorem tax revenue; and
727	(ii) if the taxing entity is a fiscal year taxing entity, hold the public meeting described
728	in Subsection (9)(a)(i) before September 1.
729	(b) A calendar year taxing entity may not adopt a final budget that budgets an amount of
730	additional ad valorem tax revenue that exceeds the largest amount of additional ad
731	valorem tax revenue stated at a public meeting under Subsection (3)(a)(i).
732	(c) A public hearing on levying a tax rate that exceeds a fiscal year taxing entity's
733	certified tax rate may coincide with a public hearing on the fiscal year taxing entity's
734	proposed annual budget.
735	(10)(a) A county auditor may conduct an audit to verify a taxing entity's compliance
736	with Subsection (8).
737	(b) If the county auditor, after completing an audit, finds that a taxing entity has failed to
738	meet the requirements of Subsection (8), the county auditor shall prepare and submit
739	a report of the auditor's findings to the commission.
740	(c) The commission may not certify a tax rate that exceeds a taxing entity's certified tax
741	rate if, on or before September 15 of the year in which the taxing entity is required to

740	hold the public bearing described in Subsection $(2)(a)(u)$ or $(4)(b)$ the commission
742	hold the public hearing described in Subsection $(3)(a)(v)$ or $(4)(b)$, the commission
743	determines that the taxing entity has failed to meet the requirements of Subsection (8).
744	Section 10. Section 59-2-919.1 is amended to read:
745	59-2-919.1 (Effective 01/01/26). Notice of property valuation and tax changes.
746	(1) In addition to the notice requirements of Section 59-2-919, the county auditor, on or
747	before July 22 of each year, shall notify each owner of real estate who is listed on the
748	assessment roll.
749	(2) The notice described in Subsection (1) shall:
750	(a) except as provided in Subsection (4), be sent to all owners of real property by mail
751	10 or more days before the day on which:
752	(i) the county board of equalization meets; and
753	(ii) the taxing entity holds a public hearing on the proposed increase in the certified
754	tax rate;
755	(b) be on a form that is:
756	(i) approved by the commission; and
757	(ii) uniform in content in all counties in the state; and
758	(c) contain for each property:
759	(i) the assessor's determination of the value of the property;
760	(ii) the taxable value of the property;
761	(iii) for property assessed by the county assessor:
762	(A) instructions on how the taxpayer may file an application with the county
763	board of equalization to appeal the valuation or equalization of the property
764	under Section 59-2-1004, including instructions for filing an application
765	through electronic means; and
766	$(\underline{B})[(\underline{A})]$ the deadline for the taxpayer to make an application to appeal the
767	valuation or equalization of the property under Section 59-2-1004;[-or]
768	[(B)] (iv) for property assessed by the commission[;]:
769	(A) instructions on how the taxpayer may file an application with the commission
770	for a hearing on an objection to the valuation or equalization of the property
771	under Section 59-2-1007;
772	(B) the deadline for the taxpayer to apply to the commission for a hearing on an
773	objection to the valuation or equalization of the property under Section
774	59-2-1007 <u>; and</u>
775	[(iv)] (C) [for a property assessed by the commission,]a statement that the
-	

776	taxpayer may not appeal the valuation or equalization of the property to the
777	county board of equalization;
778	(v) itemized tax information for all applicable taxing entities, including:
779	(A) the dollar amount of the taxpayer's tax liability for the property in the prior
780	year; and
781	(B) the dollar amount of the taxpayer's tax liability under the current rate;
782	(vi) the following, stated separately:
783	(A) the charter school levy described in Section 53F-2-703;
784	(B) the multicounty assessing and collecting levy described in Subsection
785	59-2-1602(2);
786	(C) the county assessing and collecting levy described in Subsection 59-2-1602(4);
787	(D) levies for debt service voted on by the public;
788	(E) levies imposed for special purposes under Section 10-6-133.4;
789	(F) for a fiscal year that begins on or after July 1, 2023, the combined basic rate as
790	defined in Section 53F-2-301; and
791	(G) if applicable, the annual payment described in Subsection 63H-1-501(4)(a);
792	(vii) the tax impact on the property;
793	(viii) the date, time, and place of the required public hearing for each entity;
794	(ix) property tax information pertaining to:
795	(A) taxpayer relief; and
796	[(B) options for payment of taxes;]
797	[(C) collection procedures; and]
798	[(D)] (B) the residential exemption described in Section 59-2-103;
799	(x) information specifically authorized to be included on the notice under this chapter;
800	(xi) the last property review date of the property as described in Subsection
801	59-2-303.1(1)(c);
802	(xii) instructions on how the taxpayer may obtain additional information regarding
803	the valuation of the property, including the characteristics and features of the
804	property, from[-at least one the following sources]:
805	(A) a website maintained by the county; or
806	(B) the [county assessor's office] statewide web portal developed and maintained
807	by the Multicounty Appraisal Trust under Subsection 59-2-1606(5)(a) for
808	uniform access to property characteristics and features; and
809	(xiii) other information approved by the commission.

810 (3) If a taxing entity that is subject to the notice and hearing requirements of Subsection 811 59-2-919(4) proposes a tax increase, the notice described in Subsection (1) shall state, in 812 addition to the information required by Subsection (2): 813 (a) the dollar amount of the taxpayer's tax liability if the proposed increase is approved; 814 (b) the difference between the dollar amount of the taxpayer's tax liability if the 815 proposed increase is approved and the dollar amount of the taxpayer's tax liability 816 under the current rate, placed in close proximity to the information described in 817 Subsection (2)(c)(viii); 818 (c) the percentage increase that the dollar amount of the taxpayer's tax liability under the 819 proposed tax rate represents as compared to the dollar amount of the taxpayer's tax 820 liability under the current tax rate; and (d) for each taxing entity proposing a tax increase, the dollar amount of additional ad 821 822 valorem tax revenue, as defined in Section 59-2-919, that would be generated each 823 year if the proposed tax increase is approved. 824 (4)(a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (4), a county auditor may, at the 825 county auditor's discretion, provide the notice required by this section to a taxpayer 826 by electronic means if a taxpayer makes an election, according to procedures 827 determined by the county auditor, to receive the notice by electronic means. 828 (b)(i) If a notice required by this section is sent by electronic means, a county auditor 829 shall attempt to verify whether a taxpayer receives the notice. 830 (ii) If receipt of the notice sent by electronic means cannot be verified 14 days or 831 more before the county board of equalization meets and the taxing entity holds a 832 public hearing on a proposed increase in the certified tax rate, the notice required 833 by this section shall also be sent by mail as provided in Subsection (2). 834 (c) A taxpayer may revoke an election to receive the notice required by this section by 835 electronic means if the taxpayer provides written notice to the county auditor on or 836 before April 30. 837 (d) An election or a revocation of an election under this Subsection (4): 838 (i) does not relieve a taxpayer of the duty to pay a tax due under this chapter on or 839 before the due date for paying the tax; or 840 (ii) does not alter the requirement that a taxpayer appealing the valuation or the 841 equalization of the taxpayer's real property submit the application for appeal 842 within the time period provided in Subsection 59-2-1004(3). 843 (e) A county auditor shall provide the notice required by this section as provided in

844	Subsection (2), until a taxpayer makes a new election in accordance with this
845	Subsection (4), if:
846	(i) the taxpayer revokes an election in accordance with Subsection (4)(c) to receive
840 847	the notice required by this section by electronic means; or
848	
040 849	(ii) the county auditor finds that the taxpayer's electronic contact information is invalid.
849 850	
	(f) A person is considered to be a taxpayer for purposes of this Subsection (4) regardless
851 852	of whether the property that is the subject of the notice required by this section is exempt from taxation.
852 853	Section 11. Section 59-2-919.2 is amended to read:
855 854	59-2-919.2 (Effective 05/07/25). Consolidated advertisement of public hearings.
855	(1)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), on the same day on which a taxing entity
856	provides the notice to the county required under Subsection 59-2-919(8)(a)(i), the
857	taxing entity shall provide to the county auditor the information required by S_{1} is $(50.2, 0.10(2))$
858	Subsection 59-2-919(8)(a)(i).
859	(b) A taxing entity is not required to notify the county auditor of the taxing entity's
860	public hearing in accordance with Subsection $(1)(a)$ if the taxing entity is exempt
861	from the notice requirements of Section 59-2-919.
862	(2) If as of July 22, two or more taxing entities notify the county auditor under Subsection
863	(1), the county auditor shall by no later than July 22 of each year:
864	(a) compile a list of the taxing entities that notify the county auditor under Subsection (1);
865	(b) include on the list described in Subsection (2)(a), the following information for each
866	taxing entity on the list:
867	(i) the name of the taxing entity;
868	(ii) the date, time, and location of the public hearing described in Subsection 59-2-919
869	(8)(a)(i);
870	(iii) the average dollar increase on a residence in the taxing entity that the proposed
871	tax increase would generate;
872	(iv) the average dollar increase on a business in the taxing entity that the proposed tax
873	increase would generate;
874	(v) the dollar amount of additional ad valorem tax revenue, as defined in Section
875	59-2-919, that would be generated each year if the proposed tax increase is
876	approved;
877	(vi) the approximate percentage increase in ad valorem tax revenue for the taxing

878	entity if the proposed tax increase is approved; and
879	(vii) other information approved by the commission;
880	(c) provide a copy of the list described in Subsection (2)(a) to each taxing entity that
881	notifies the county auditor under Subsection (1); and
882	(d) in addition to the requirements of Subsection (3), if the county has a webpage,
883	publish a copy of the list described in Subsection (2)(a) on the county's webpage until
884	December 31.
885	(3)(a) [At] Subject to Subsection (3)(b), at least two weeks before any public hearing
886	included in the list under Subsection (2) is held, the county auditor shall publish:
887	(i) the list compiled under Subsection (2); and
888	(ii) a statement that:
889	(A) the list is for informational purposes only;
890	(B) the list should not be relied on to determine a person's tax liability under this
891	chapter; and
892	(C) for specific information related to the tax liability of a taxpayer, the taxpayer
893	should review the taxpayer's tax notice received under Section 59-2-919.1.
894	(b) [Except as provided in Subsection (3)(d)(ii), the] The information described in
895	Subsection (3)(a) shall be published:
896	(i) electronically in accordance with Section 45-1-101;
897	(ii) as a class A notice under Section 63G-30-102; and
898	[(i) in no less than 1/4 page in size;]
899	[(ii) except for the heading described in Subsection (3)(b)(iii), in not less than
900	10-point type;]
901	(iii) under the following heading at the top of the document[-in not less than 18-point
902	boldface type]: "NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX INCREASES["; and] ."
903	[(iv) surrounded by a 1/4-inch border.]
904	[(c) The published information described in Subsection (3)(a) and published in
905	accordance with Subsection (3)(d)(i) may not be placed in the portion of a newspaper
906	where a legal notice or classified advertisement appears.]
907	[(d) A county auditor shall publish the information described in Subsection (3)(a):]
908	[(i)(A) in a newspaper or combination of newspapers that are:]
909	[(I) published at least one day per week;]
910	[(II) of general interest and readership in the county; and]
911	[(III) not of limited subject matter; and]

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912	[(B) once each week for the two weeks preceding the first hearing included in the
913	list compiled under Subsection (2); and]
914	[(ii) for two weeks preceding the day of the first hearing included in the list compiled
915	under Subsection (2):]
916	[(A) as required in Section 45-1-101; and]
917	[(B) for the county, as a class A notice under Section 63G-30-102.]
918	(4) A taxing entity that notifies the county auditor under Subsection (1) shall provide the
919	list described in Subsection (2)(c) to a person:
920	(a) who attends the public hearing described in Subsection 59-2-919(8)(a)(i) of the
921	taxing entity; or
922	(b) who requests a copy of the list.
923	(5)(a) A county auditor shall by no later than 30 days from the day on which the last
924	publication of the information required by Subsection (3)(a) is made:
925	(i) determine the costs of compiling [and publishing-]the list; and
926	(ii) charge each taxing entity included on the list an amount calculated by dividing
927	the amount determined under Subsection (5)(a) by the number of taxing entities
928	on the list.
929	(b) A taxing entity shall pay the county auditor the amount charged under Subsection
930	(5)(a).
931	(6) The publication of the list under this section does not remove or change the notice
932	requirements of Section 59-2-919 for a taxing entity.
933	(7) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
934	commission may make rules:
935	(a) relating to the publication of a consolidated advertisement which includes the
936	information described in Subsection (2) for a taxing entity that overlaps two or more
937	counties;
938	(b) relating to the payment required in Subsection (5)(b); and
939	(c) to oversee the administration of this section and provide for uniform implementation.
940	Section 12. Section 59-2-1001 is amended to read:
941	59-2-1001 (Effective 01/01/26). County board of equalization Public hearings
942	Hearing officers Notice of decision Rulemaking Education and training for
943	county officers.
944	(1) The county legislative body is the county board of equalization and the county auditor is
945	the clerk of the county board of equalization.

946	(2)(a) The county board of equalization shall adjust and equalize the valuation and
947	assessment of the real and personal property within the county, subject to regulation
948	and control by the commission, as prescribed by law.
949	(b) The county board of equalization shall meet and hold public hearings each year to
950	examine the assessment roll and equalize the assessment of property in the county,
951	including the assessment for general taxes of all taxing entities located in the county.
952	(3)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(d), a county board of equalization may:
953	(i) appoint an appraiser licensed in accordance with Title 61, Chapter 2g, Real Estate
954	Appraiser Licensing and Certification Act, as a hearing officer for the purpose of
955	examining an applicant or a witness; or
956	(ii) appoint an individual who is not licensed in accordance with Title 61, Chapter 2g,
957	Real Estate Appraiser Licensing and Certification Act, as a hearing officer for the
958	purpose of examining an applicant or a witness if the county board of equalization
959	determines that the individual has competency relevant to the work of a hearing
960	officer, including competency in:
961	(A) real estate;
962	(B) finance;
963	(C) economics;
964	(D) public administration; or
965	(E) law.
966	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(d),[beginning on January 1, 2014,] a county
967	board of equalization may only allow an individual to serve as a hearing officer for
968	the purposes of examining an applicant or a witness if the individual has completed a
969	course the commission:
970	(i) develops in accordance with Subsection (3)(c)(i); or
971	(ii) approves in accordance with Subsection (3)(c)(ii).
972	(c)(i) [On or before January 1, 2014, the] The commission shall develop [a hearing
973	officer training course] and administer a continuing education and training
974	program for hearing officers that includes training in property valuation and
975	administrative law.
976	(ii) In addition to the [course] program the commission develops and administers in
977	accordance with Subsection $(3)(c)(i)$, the commission may approve [a] the
978	continuing education and training program for a hearing officer [training course]
979	provided by a county or a private entity if the [course] program includes training in

980	property valuation and administrative law.
981	(iii) The commission shall ensure that any <u>education and training</u> [described in]
982	provided to hearing officers under this Subsection (3)(c) complies with Title 63G,
983	Chapter 22, State Training and Certification Requirements.
984	(iv)(A) The commission shall confer a designation of completion upon a hearing
985	officer each time the hearing officer completes the education and training
986	program under Subsection (3)(c)(i) or (ii).
987	(B) A hearing officer shall obtain a designation of completion as described in
988	Subsection (3)(c)(iv)(A) before the hearing officer acts or performs as a
989	hearing officer.
990	(d) A county board of equalization may not appoint a person employed by an assessor's
991	office as a hearing officer.
992	(e) A hearing officer shall transmit the hearing officer's findings to the board, where a
993	quorum shall be required for final action upon any application for exemption,
994	deferral, reduction, or abatement.
995	(4)(a) The clerk of the board of equalization shall notify the taxpayer, in writing, of any
996	decision of the board.
997	(b) The decision shall include any adjustment in the amount of taxes due on the property
998	resulting from a change in the taxable value and shall be considered the corrected tax
999	notice.
1000	(5) During the session of the board, the assessor or any deputy whose testimony is needed
1001	shall be present and may make any statement or introduce and examine witnesses on
1002	questions before the board.
1003	(6) The county board of equalization may make and enforce any rule which is consistent
1004	with statute or commission rule and necessary for the government of the board, the
1005	preservation of order, and the transaction of business.
1006	(7)(a) In addition to education and training provided to hearing officers under
1007	Subsection (3)(c), the commission shall develop and administer an education and
1008	training program for county officers whose participation in a county board of
1009	equalization is required by Subsection (1), including:
1010	(i) members of a county legislative body; and
1011	(ii) county auditors.
1012	(b) The education and training provided to county officers under this Subsection (7)
1013	shall include instruction on:

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1014	(i) a county officer's duties and obligations in relation to the county board of
1015	equalization;
1016	(ii) property valuation; and
1017	(iii) administrative law.
1018	(c)(i) The commission shall confer a designation of completion upon a county officer
1019	described in Subsection (7)(a) each time the county officer completes the
1020	education and training program under this Subsection (7).
1021	(ii) A county officer subject to education and training under this Subsection (7) shall
1022	obtain a designation of completion as described in Subsection (7)(c)(i) before the
1023	county officer participates in a board of equalization process.
1024	(8) The commission may require education and training for county officers involved in
1025	property valuation who are not otherwise required to complete an education and training
1026	program in accordance with Subsection (3)(c) or (7).
1027	(9) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1028	commission may make rules for administering education and training programs in
1029	accordance with this section.
1030	Section 13. Section 59-2-1004 is amended to read:
1031	59-2-1004 (Effective 01/01/26). Appeal to county board of equalization Real
1031 1032	59-2-1004 (Effective 01/01/26). Appeal to county board of equalization Real property Time period for appeal Public hearing requirements Decision of board
1032	property Time period for appeal Public hearing requirements Decision of board
1032 1033	property Time period for appeal Public hearing requirements Decision of board Extensions approved by commission Appeal to commission.
1032 1033 1034	 property Time period for appeal Public hearing requirements Decision of board Extensions approved by commission Appeal to commission. (1) As used in this section:
1032 1033 1034 1035	 property Time period for appeal Public hearing requirements Decision of board Extensions approved by commission Appeal to commission. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Applicable lien date" means January 1 of the year in which the valuation or
1032 1033 1034 1035 1036	 property Time period for appeal Public hearing requirements Decision of board Extensions approved by commission Appeal to commission. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Applicable lien date" means January 1 of the year in which the valuation or equalization of real property is appealed to the county board of equalization.
1032 1033 1034 1035 1036 1037	 property Time period for appeal Public hearing requirements Decision of board Extensions approved by commission Appeal to commission. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Applicable lien date" means January 1 of the year in which the valuation or equalization of real property is appealed to the county board of equalization. (b) "Final assessed value" means:
1032 1033 1034 1035 1036 1037 1038	 property Time period for appeal Public hearing requirements Decision of board Extensions approved by commission Appeal to commission. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Applicable lien date" means January 1 of the year in which the valuation or equalization of real property is appealed to the county board of equalization. (b) "Final assessed value" means: (i) for real property for which the taxpayer appealed the valuation or equalization to
1032 1033 1034 1035 1036 1037 1038 1039	 property Time period for appeal Public hearing requirements Decision of board Extensions approved by commission Appeal to commission. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Applicable lien date" means January 1 of the year in which the valuation or equalization of real property is appealed to the county board of equalization. (b) "Final assessed value" means: (i) for real property for which the taxpayer appealed the valuation or equalization to the county board of equalization in accordance with this section, the value given
1032 1033 1034 1035 1036 1037 1038 1039 1040	 property Time period for appeal Public hearing requirements Decision of board Extensions approved by commission Appeal to commission. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Applicable lien date" means January 1 of the year in which the valuation or equalization of real property is appealed to the county board of equalization. (b) "Final assessed value" means: (i) for real property for which the taxpayer appealed the valuation or equalization to the county board of equalization in accordance with this section, the value given to the real property by the county board of equalization, including a value based
1032 1033 1034 1035 1036 1037 1038 1039 1040 1041	 property Time period for appeal Public hearing requirements Decision of board Extensions approved by commission Appeal to commission. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Applicable lien date" means January 1 of the year in which the valuation or equalization of real property is appealed to the county board of equalization. (b) "Final assessed value" means: (i) for real property for which the taxpayer appealed the valuation or equalization to the county board of equalization in accordance with this section, the value given to the real property by the county board of equalization, including a value based on a stipulation of the parties;
1032 1033 1034 1035 1036 1037 1038 1039 1040 1041 1042	 property Time period for appeal Public hearing requirements Decision of board Extensions approved by commission Appeal to commission. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Applicable lien date" means January 1 of the year in which the valuation or equalization of real property is appealed to the county board of equalization. (b) "Final assessed value" means: (i) for real property for which the taxpayer appealed the valuation or equalization to the county board of equalization in accordance with this section, the value given to the real property by the county board of equalization, including a value based on a stipulation of the parties; (ii) for real property for which the taxpayer or a county assessor appealed the
1032 1033 1034 1035 1036 1037 1038 1039 1040 1041 1042 1043	 property Time period for appeal Public hearing requirements Decision of board Extensions approved by commission Appeal to commission. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Applicable lien date" means January 1 of the year in which the valuation or equalization of real property is appealed to the county board of equalization. (b) "Final assessed value" means: (i) for real property for which the taxpayer appealed the valuation or equalization to the county board of equalization in accordance with this section, the value given to the real property by the county board of equalization, including a value based on a stipulation of the parties; (ii) for real property for which the taxpayer or a county assessor appealed the valuation or equalization to the commission in accordance with Section 59-2-1006,
1032 1033 1034 1035 1036 1037 1038 1039 1040 1041 1042 1043 1044	 property Time period for appeal Public hearing requirements Decision of board Extensions approved by commission Appeal to commission. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Applicable lien date" means January 1 of the year in which the valuation or equalization of real property is appealed to the county board of equalization. (b) "Final assessed value" means: (i) for real property for which the taxpayer appealed the valuation or equalization to the county board of equalization in accordance with this section, the value given to the real property for which the taxpayer or a county assessor appealed the valuation of the valuation or equalization to the county board of the parties; (ii) for real property for which the taxpayer or a county assessor appealed the valuation or equalization to the valuation or equalization to the commission in accordance with Section 59-2-1006, the value given to the real property by:

1048	in the appeal and the parties have not entered a stipulation; or
1049	(iii) for real property for which the taxpayer or a county assessor sought judicial
1050	review of the valuation or equalization in accordance with Section 59-1-602 or
1051	Title 63G, Chapter 4, Part 4, Judicial Review, the value given the real property by
1052	the commission.
1053	(c) "Inflation adjusted value" means the value of the real property that is the subject of
1054	the appeal as calculated by changing the final assessed value for the previous taxable
1055	year for the real property by the median property value change.
1056	(d) "Median property value change" means the midpoint of the property value changes
1057	for all real property that is:
1058	(i) of the same class of real property as the qualified real property; and
1059	(ii) located within the same county and within the same market area as the qualified
1060	real property.
1061	(e) "Property value change" means the percentage change in the fair market value of real
1062	property on or after January 1 of the previous year and before January 1 of the
1063	current year.
1064	(f) "Qualified real property" means real property:
1065	(i) for which:
1066	(A) the taxpayer or a county assessor appealed the valuation or equalization for
1067	the previous taxable year to the county board of equalization in accordance
1068	with this section or the commission in accordance with Section 59-2-1006;
1069	(B) the appeal described in Subsection (1)(f)(i)(A), resulted in a final assessed
1070	value that was lower than the assessed value; and
1071	(C) the assessed value for the current taxable year is higher than the inflation
1072	adjusted value; and
1073	(ii) that, on or after January 1 of the previous taxable year and before January 1 of the
1074	current taxable year, has not had a qualifying change.
1075	(g) "Qualifying change" means one of the following changes to real property that occurs
1076	on or after January 1 of the previous taxable year and before January 1 of the current
1077	taxable year:
1078	(i) a physical improvement if, solely as a result of the physical improvement, the fair
1079	market value of the physical improvement equals or exceeds the greater of 10% of
1080	fair market value of the real property or \$20,000;
1081	(ii) a zoning change, if the fair market value of the real property increases solely as a

1082	result of the zoning change; or
1083	(iii) a change in the legal description of the real property, if the fair market value of
1084	the real property increases solely as a result of the change in the legal description
1085	of the real property.
1086	(h) "Qualifying contract" means a contract for the completed sale of residential property
1087	that:
1088	(i) involves residential property for which a taxpayer appealed the valuation or
1089	equalization to the county board of equalization;
1090	(ii) identifies the final sales price for the residential property described in Subsection
1091	(1)(h)(i); and
1092	(iii) is executed within six months before or after the applicable lien date.
1093	(2)(a) A taxpayer dissatisfied with the valuation or the equalization of the taxpayer's real
1094	property may make an application to appeal by:
1095	(i) <u>subject to Subsection (2)(d)</u> , filing the application with the county board of
1096	equalization within the time period described in Subsection (3); or
1097	(ii) making an application by telephone [or other electronic means-]within the time
1098	period described in Subsection (3) if the county legislative body passes a
1099	resolution under Subsection (11) authorizing a taxpayer to make an application by
1100	telephone[-or other electronic means].
1101	(b)(i) The county board of equalization shall make a rule describing the contents of
1102	the application.
1103	(ii) In addition to any information the county board of equalization requires, the
1104	application shall include information about:
1105	(A) the burden of proof in an appeal involving qualified real property; and
1106	(B) the process for the taxpayer to learn the inflation adjusted value of the
1107	qualified real property.
1108	(c)(i)(A) The county assessor shall notify the county board of equalization of a
1109	qualified real property's inflation adjusted value within 15 business days after
1110	the date on which the county assessor receives notice that a taxpayer filed an
1111	appeal with the county board of equalization.
1112	(B) The county assessor shall notify the commission of a qualified real property's
1113	inflation adjusted value within 15 business days after the date on which the
1114	county assessor receives notice that a person dissatisfied with the decision of a
1115	county board of equalization files an appeal with the commission.

1116	(ii)(A) A person may not appeal a county assessor's calculation of inflation
1117	adjusted value but may appeal the fair market value of a qualified real property.
1118	(B) A person may appeal a determination of whether, on or after January 1 of the
1119	previous taxable year and before January 1 of the current taxable year, real
1120	property had a qualifying change.
1121	(d) For purposes of Subsection (2)(a), the county board of equalization shall ensure that
1122	a taxpayer has the ability to access and file an application to appeal the valuation or
1123	equalization of real property through electronic means.
1124	(3)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b) and for purposes of Subsection (2), a
1125	taxpayer shall make an application to appeal the valuation or the equalization of the
1126	taxpayer's real property on or before the later of:
1127	(i) September 15 of the current calendar year; or
1128	(ii) the last day of a 45-day period beginning on the day on which the county auditor
1129	provides the notice under Section 59-2-919.1.
1130	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1131	commission shall make rules providing for circumstances under which the county
1132	board of equalization is required to accept an application to appeal that is filed after
1133	the time period prescribed in Subsection (3)(a).
1134	(4)(a) The taxpayer shall include in the application under Subsection (2)(a):
1135	(i) the taxpayer's estimate of the fair market value of the property and any evidence
1136	that may indicate that the assessed valuation of the taxpayer's property is
1137	improperly equalized with the assessed valuation of comparable properties; and
1138	(ii) a signed statement of the personal property located in a multi-tenant residential
1139	property, as that term is defined in Section 59-2-301.8 if the taxpayer:
1140	(A) appeals the value of multi-tenant residential property assessed in accordance
1141	with Section 59-2-301.8; and
1142	(B) intends to contest the value of the personal property located within the
1143	multi-tenant residential property.
1144	(b) For an appeal involving qualified real property, the county board of equalization
1145	shall presume that the fair market value of the qualified real property is equal to the
1146	inflation adjusted value.
1147	(5) Subject to Subsection (6), in reviewing evidence submitted to a county board of
1148	equalization by or on behalf of an owner or a county assessor, the county board of
1149	equalization shall consider and weigh:

1150	(a) the accuracy, reliability, and comparability of the evidence presented by the owner or
1151	the county assessor;
1152	(b) if submitted, the sales price of relevant property that was under contract for sale as of
1153	the lien date but sold after the lien date;
1154	(c) if submitted, the sales offering price of property that was offered for sale as of the
1155	lien date but did not sell, including considering and weighing the amount of time for
1156	which, and manner in which, the property was offered for sale; and
1157	(d) if submitted, other evidence that is relevant to determining the fair market value of
1158	the property.
1159	(6)(a) This Subsection (6) applies only to an appeal to a county board of equalization
1160	involving the valuation or equalization of residential property that is not qualified
1161	real property.
1162	(b) If a qualifying contract is submitted as evidence in an appeal described in Subsection
1163	(6)(a), the only evidence that the county board of equalization or hearing officer may
1164	consider to determine that the final sales price identified in the qualifying contract
1165	does not provide an accurate or reliable indication of the fair market value of the
1166	residential property is evidence of the following, if submitted:
1167	(i) evidence disputing the nature of the qualifying contract as an arms-length
1168	transaction;
1169	(ii) evidence demonstrating that changes in market conditions have occurred in the
1170	time period between the day on which the qualifying contract was executed and
1171	the applicable lien date; or
1172	(iii) evidence demonstrating that a qualifying change to the residential property has
1173	occurred in the time period between the day on which the qualifying contract was
1174	executed and the applicable lien date.
1175	(c) In determining the fair market value of residential property in an appeal described in
1176	Subsection (6)(a), the county board of equalization may not consider any evidence or
1177	information other than the evidence submitted to the county board of equalization by
1178	the parties in the appeal.
1179	(7)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), at least five days before the day on which
1180	the county board of equalization holds a public hearing on an appeal:
1181	(i) the county assessor shall provide the taxpayer any evidence the county assessor
1182	relies upon in support of the county assessor's valuation; and
1183	(ii) the taxpayer shall provide the county assessor any evidence not previously

1184	provided to the county assessor that the taxpayer relies upon in support of the
1185	taxpayer's appeal.
1186	(b)(i) The deadline described in Subsection (7)(a) does not apply to evidence that is
1187	commercial information as defined in Section 59-1-404, if:
1188	(A) for the purpose of complying with Section 59-1-404, the county assessor
1189	requires that the taxpayer execute a nondisclosure agreement before the county
1190	assessor discloses the evidence; and
1191	(B) the taxpayer fails to execute the nondisclosure agreement before the deadline
1192	described in Subsection (7)(a).
1193	(ii) The county assessor shall disclose evidence described in Subsection (7)(b)(i) as
1194	soon as practicable after the county assessor receives the executed nondisclosure
1195	agreement.
1196	(iii) The county assessor shall provide the taxpayer a copy of the nondisclosure
1197	agreement with reasonable time for the taxpayer to review and execute the
1198	agreement before the deadline described in Subsection (7)(a) expires.
1199	(c) If at the public hearing, a party presents evidence not previously provided to the
1200	other party, the county board of equalization shall allow the other party to respond to
1201	the evidence in writing within 10 days after the day on which the public hearing
1202	occurs.
1203	(d)(i) A county board of equalization may adopt rules governing the deadlines
1204	described in this Subsection (7), if the rules are no less stringent than the
1205	provisions of this Subsection (7).
1206	(ii) A county board of equalization's rule that complies with Subsection (7)(d)(i)
1207	controls over the provisions of this subsection.
1208	(8)(a) The county board of equalization shall meet and hold public hearings as described
1209	in Section 59-2-1001.
1210	(b)(i) For purposes of this Subsection (8)(b), "significant adjustment" means a
1211	proposed adjustment to the valuation of real property that:
1212	(A) is to be made by a county board of equalization; and
1213	(B) would result in a valuation that differs from the original assessed value by at
1214	least 20% and \$1,000,000.
1215	(ii) When a county board of equalization is going to consider a significant
1216	adjustment, the county board of equalization shall:
1217	(A) list the significant adjustment as a separate item on the agenda of the public

1218	hearing at which the county board of equalization is going to consider the
1219	significant adjustment; and
1220	(B) for purposes of the agenda described in Subsection (8)(b)(ii)(A), provide a
1221	description of the property for which the county board of equalization is
1222	considering a significant adjustment.
1223	(c) The county board of equalization shall make a decision on each appeal filed in
1224	accordance with this section within 60 days after the day on which the taxpayer
1225	makes an application.
1226	(d) The commission may approve the extension of a time period provided for in
1227	Subsection (8)(c) for a county board of equalization to make a decision on an appeal.
1228	(e) Unless the commission approves the extension of a time period under Subsection
1229	(8)(d), if a county board of equalization fails to make a decision on an appeal within
1230	the time period described in Subsection (8)(c), the county legislative body shall:
1231	(i) list the appeal, by property owner and parcel number, on the agenda for the next
1232	meeting the county legislative body holds after the expiration of the time period
1233	described in Subsection (8)(c); and
1234	(ii) hear the appeal at the meeting described in Subsection (8)(e)(i).
1235	(f) The decision of the county board of equalization shall contain:
1236	(i) a determination of the valuation of the property based on fair market value; and
1237	(ii) a conclusion that the fair market value is properly equalized with the assessed
1238	value of comparable properties.
1239	(g) If no evidence is presented before the county board of equalization, the county board
1240	of equalization shall presume that the equalization issue has been met.
1241	(h)(i) If the fair market value of the property that is the subject of the appeal deviates
1242	plus or minus 5% from the assessed value of comparable properties, the county
1243	board of equalization shall adjust the valuation of the appealed property to reflect
1244	a value equalized with the assessed value of comparable properties.
1245	(ii) Subject to Sections 59-2-301.1, 59-2-301.2, 59-2-301.3, and 59-2-301.4,
1246	equalized value established under Subsection (8)(h)(i) shall be the assessed value
1247	for property tax purposes until the county assessor is able to evaluate and equalize
1248	the assessed value of all comparable properties to bring all comparable properties
1249	into conformity with full fair market value.
1250	(9)(a) If the decision of the county board of equalization warrants a refund of any
1251	amount of property taxes paid for the tax year for the real property that is the subject

of the appeal, the county shall issue the refund directly to the taxpayer that paid the
property taxes, or an officer or agent of that taxpayer as identified in the information
provided under Subsection (9)(b), regardless of whether the taxpayer is the owner of
record of the real property at the time the decision is rendered.
(b) A taxpayer entitled to a refund under this section that is not the owner of record of
the real property subject to the appeal shall, within 10 calendar days after the day on
which the decision of the county board of equalization is rendered, provide the
following information to the county board of equalization:
(i) a statement that the taxpayer is entitled to receive the refund under Subsection
(9)(a);
(ii) the name of the taxpayer, or an officer or agent of that taxpayer, entitled to
receive the refund;
(iii) the mailing address of the taxpayer, or an officer or agent of that taxpayer, to
which the taxpayer requests the refund to be sent; and
(iv) any other information requested by the county board of equalization.
(10) If any taxpayer is dissatisfied with the decision of the county board of equalization, the
taxpayer may file an appeal with the commission as described in Section 59-2-1006.
(11) A county legislative body may pass a resolution authorizing taxpayers owing taxes on
property assessed by that county to file property tax appeals applications under this
section by telephone[-or other electronic means].
Section 14. Section 59-2-1018 is enacted to read:
59-2-1018 (Effective 01/01/26). Reporting of county appeals information.
(1) On or before May 1 of each year, a county board of equalization shall report the
following information to the commission:
(a) the number of appeals involving the valuation or equalization of real property for
which the county board of equalization issued a decision during the preceding
calendar year in accordance with Section 59-2-1004; and
(b) for each appeal described in Subsection (1)(a):
(i) whether the property is residential or commercial;
(ii) the original assessed value of the property; and
(iii) the value given to the property by the county board of equalization.
(2) The commission shall report the appeals information provided by county boards of
equalization under Subsection (1) to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee on or
before July 31 of each year.

1286	Section 15. Section 59-2-1317 is amended to read:
1287	59-2-1317 (Effective 05/07/25). Tax notice Contents of notice Procedures
1288	and requirements for providing notice.
1289	(1) As used in this section, "political subdivision lien" means the same as that term is
1290	defined in Section 11-60-102.
1291	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, the county treasurer shall:
1292	(a) collect the taxes and tax notice charges; and
1293	(b) provide a notice to each taxpayer that contains the following:
1294	(i) the kind and value of property assessed to the taxpayer;
1295	(ii) the street address of the property, if available to the county;
1296	(iii) that the property may be subject to a detailed review in the next year under
1297	Section 59-2-303.1;
1298	(iv) the amount of taxes levied;
1299	(v) a separate statement of the taxes levied only on a certain kind or class of property
1300	for a special purpose;
1301	(vi) [property tax information pertaining to taxpayer relief, options for payment of
1302	taxes,] instructions for payment of the taxes and tax notice charges applicable to
1303	the property, including the taxpayer's payment options and collection procedures;
1304	(vii) any tax notice charges applicable to the property, including:
1305	(A) if applicable, a political subdivision lien for road damage that a railroad
1306	company causes, as described in Section 10-7-30;
1307	(B) if applicable, a political subdivision lien for municipal water distribution, as
1308	described in Section 10-8-17, or a political subdivision lien for an increase in
1309	supply from a municipal water distribution, as described in Section 10-8-19;
1310	(C) if applicable, a political subdivision lien for unpaid abatement fees as
1311	described in Section 10-11-4;
1312	(D) if applicable, a political subdivision lien for the unpaid portion of an
1313	assessment assessed in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 42, Assessment Area
1314	Act, or Title 11, Chapter 42a, Commercial Property Assessed Clean Energy Act,
1315	including unpaid costs, charges, and interest as of the date the local entity
1316	certifies the unpaid amount to the county treasurer;
1317	(E) if applicable, for a special district in accordance with Section 17B-1-902, a
1318	political subdivision lien for an unpaid fee, administrative cost, or interest;
1319	(F) if applicable, a political subdivision lien for an unpaid irrigation district use

1320	charge as described in Section 17B-2a-506;
1321	(G) if applicable, a political subdivision lien for a contract assessment under a
1322	water contract, as described in Section 17B-2a-1007;
1323	(H) if applicable, a property tax penalty that a public infrastructure district
1324	imposes, as described in Section 17D-4-304; and
1325	(I) if applicable, an annual payment to the Military Installation Development
1326	Authority or an entity designated by the authority in accordance with Section
1327	63H-1-501;
1328	(viii) if a county's tax notice includes an assessment area charge, a statement that, due
1329	to potentially ongoing assessment area charges, costs, penalties, and interest,
1330	payment of a tax notice charge may not:
1331	(A) pay off the full amount the property owner owes to the tax notice entity; or
1332	(B) cause a release of the lien underlying the tax notice charge;
1333	(ix) if applicable, the annual payment described in Subsection 63H-1-501(4)(a);
1334	(x) the date the taxes and tax notice charges are due;
1335	(xi) the street address or website at which the taxes and tax notice charges may be
1336	paid;
1337	(xii) the date on which the taxes and tax notice charges are delinquent;
1338	(xiii) the penalty imposed on delinquent taxes and tax notice charges;
1339	(xiv) a statement that explains the taxpayer's right to direct allocation of a partial
1340	payment in accordance with Subsection (9);
1341	(xv) other information specifically authorized to be included on the notice under this
1342	chapter;
1343	(xvi) other property tax information approved by the commission; and
1344	(xvii) if sent in calendar year 2024, 2025, or 2026:
1345	(A) notice that the taxpayer may request electronic notice as described in
1346	Subsection $17-21-6(1)(m)$; and
1347	(B) instructions describing how to elect to receive a notice as described in
1348	Subsection 17-21-6(1)(m).
1349	(3)(a) Unless expressly allowed under this section or another statutory provision, the
1350	treasurer may not add an amount to be collected to the property tax notice.
1351	(b) If the county treasurer adds an amount to be collected to the property tax notice
1352	under this section or another statutory provision that expressly authorizes the item's
1353	inclusion on the property tax notice:

1354	(i) the amount constitutes a tax notice charge; and
1355	(ii)(A) the tax notice charge has the same priority as property tax; and
1356	(B) a delinquency of the tax notice charge triggers a tax sale, in accordance with
1357	Section 59-2-1343.
1358	(4) For any property for which property taxes or tax notice charges are delinquent, the
1359	notice described in Subsection (2) shall state, "Prior taxes or tax notice charges are
1360	delinquent on this parcel."
1361	(5) Except as provided in Subsection (6), the county treasurer shall:
1362	(a) mail the notice required by this section, postage prepaid; or
1363	(b) leave the notice required by this section at the taxpayer's residence or usual place of
1364	business, if known.
1365	(6)(a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (6), a county treasurer may, at
1366	the county treasurer's discretion, provide the notice required by this section by
1367	electronic mail if a taxpayer makes an election, according to procedures determined
1368	by the county treasurer, to receive the notice by electronic mail.
1369	(b) A taxpayer may revoke an election to receive the notice required by this section by
1370	electronic mail if the taxpayer provides written notice to the treasurer on or before
1371	October 1.
1372	(c) A revocation of an election under this section does not relieve a taxpayer of the duty
1373	to pay a tax or tax notice charge due under this chapter on or before the due date for
1374	paying the tax or tax notice charge.
1375	(d) A county treasurer shall provide the notice required by this section using a method
1376	described in Subsection (5), until a taxpayer makes a new election in accordance with
1377	this Subsection (6), if:
1378	(i) the taxpayer revokes an election in accordance with Subsection (6)(b) to receive
1379	the notice required by this section by electronic mail; or
1380	(ii) the county treasurer finds that the taxpayer's electronic mail address is invalid.
1381	(e) A person is considered to be a taxpayer for purposes of this Subsection (6) regardless
1382	of whether the property that is the subject of the notice required by this section is
1383	exempt from taxation.
1384	(7)(a) The county treasurer shall provide the notice required by this section to a taxpayer
1385	on or before November 1.
1386	(b) The county treasurer shall keep on file in the county treasurer's office the information
1387	set forth in the notice.

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1388	(c) The county treasurer is not required to mail a tax receipt acknowledging payment.
1389	(8) This section does not apply to property taxed under Section 59-2-1302 or 59-2-1307.
1390	(9)(a) A taxpayer who pays less than the full amount due on the taxpayer's property tax
1391	notice may, on a form provided by the county treasurer, direct how the county
1392	treasurer allocates the partial payment between:
1393	(i) the total amount due for property tax;
1394	(ii) the amount due for assessments, past due special district fees, and other tax notice
1395	charges; and
1396	(iii) any other amounts due on the property tax notice.
1397	(b) The county treasurer shall comply with a direction submitted to the county treasurer
1398	in accordance with Subsection (9)(a).
1399	(c) The provisions of this Subsection (9) do not:
1400	(i) affect the right or ability of a local entity to pursue any available remedy for
1401	non-payment of any item listed on a taxpayer's property tax notice; or
1402	(ii) toll or otherwise change any time period related to a remedy described in
1403	Subsection (9)(c)(i).
1404	Section 16. Section 59-2-1602 is amended to read:
1405	59-2-1602 (Effective 01/01/26). Property Tax Valuation Fund Statewide levy
1405 1406	59-2-1602 (Effective 01/01/26). Property Tax Valuation Fund Statewide levy Additional county levy.
1406	Additional county levy.
1406 1407	Additional county levy. (1)(a) There is created a custodial fund known as the "Property Tax Valuation Fund."
1406 1407 1408	Additional county levy.(1)(a) There is created a custodial fund known as the "Property Tax Valuation Fund."(b) The fund consists of:
1406 1407 1408 1409	 Additional county levy. (1)(a) There is created a custodial fund known as the "Property Tax Valuation Fund." (b) The fund consists of: (i) deposits made and penalties received under Subsection (3); and
1406 1407 1408 1409 1410	 Additional county levy. (1)(a) There is created a custodial fund known as the "Property Tax Valuation Fund." (b) The fund consists of: (i) deposits made and penalties received under Subsection (3); and (ii) interest on money deposited into the fund.
1406 1407 1408 1409 1410 1411	 Additional county levy. (1)(a) There is created a custodial fund known as the "Property Tax Valuation Fund." (b) The fund consists of: (i) deposits made and penalties received under Subsection (3); and (ii) interest on money deposited into the fund. (c) Deposits, penalties, and interest described in Subsection (1)(b) shall be disbursed and
1406 1407 1408 1409 1410 1411 1412	 Additional county levy. (1)(a) There is created a custodial fund known as the "Property Tax Valuation Fund." (b) The fund consists of: (i) deposits made and penalties received under Subsection (3); and (ii) interest on money deposited into the fund. (c) Deposits, penalties, and interest described in Subsection (1)(b) shall be disbursed and used as provided in Section 59-2-1603.
1406 1407 1408 1409 1410 1411 1412 1413	 Additional county levy. (1)(a) There is created a custodial fund known as the "Property Tax Valuation Fund." (b) The fund consists of: (i) deposits made and penalties received under Subsection (3); and (ii) interest on money deposited into the fund. (c) Deposits, penalties, and interest described in Subsection (1)(b) shall be disbursed and used as provided in Section 59-2-1603. (2)(a) Each county shall annually impose a multicounty assessing and collecting levy as
1406 1407 1408 1409 1410 1411 1412 1413 1414	 Additional county levy. (1)(a) There is created a custodial fund known as the "Property Tax Valuation Fund." (b) The fund consists of: (i) deposits made and penalties received under Subsection (3); and (ii) interest on money deposited into the fund. (c) Deposits, penalties, and interest described in Subsection (1)(b) shall be disbursed and used as provided in Section 59-2-1603. (2)(a) Each county shall annually impose a multicounty assessing and collecting levy as provided in this Subsection (2).
1406 1407 1408 1409 1410 1411 1412 1413 1414 1415	 Additional county levy. (1)(a) There is created a custodial fund known as the "Property Tax Valuation Fund." (b) The fund consists of: (i) deposits made and penalties received under Subsection (3); and (ii) interest on money deposited into the fund. (c) Deposits, penalties, and interest described in Subsection (1)(b) shall be disbursed and used as provided in Section 59-2-1603. (2)(a) Each county shall annually impose a multicounty assessing and collecting levy as provided in this Subsection (2). (b) The tax rate of the multicounty assessing and collecting levy is:
1406 1407 1408 1409 1410 1411 1412 1413 1414 1415 1416	 Additional county levy. (1)(a) There is created a custodial fund known as the "Property Tax Valuation Fund." (b) The fund consists of: (i) deposits made and penalties received under Subsection (3); and (ii) interest on money deposited into the fund. (c) Deposits, penalties, and interest described in Subsection (1)(b) shall be disbursed and used as provided in Section 59-2-1603. (2)(a) Each county shall annually impose a multicounty assessing and collecting levy as provided in this Subsection (2). (b) The tax rate of the multicounty assessing and collecting levy is: (i) for a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2022, and before January 1,
1406 1407 1408 1409 1410 1411 1412 1413 1414 1415 1416 1417	 Additional county levy. (1)(a) There is created a custodial fund known as the "Property Tax Valuation Fund." (b) The fund consists of: (i) deposits made and penalties received under Subsection (3); and (ii) interest on money deposited into the fund. (c) Deposits, penalties, and interest described in Subsection (1)(b) shall be disbursed and used as provided in Section 59-2-1603. (2)(a) Each county shall annually impose a multicounty assessing and collecting levy as provided in this Subsection (2). (b) The tax rate of the multicounty assessing and collecting levy is: (i) for a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2022, and before January 1, 2025, 000015; and
1406 1407 1408 1409 1410 1411 1412 1413 1414 1415 1416 1417 1418	 Additional county levy. (1)(a) There is created a custodial fund known as the "Property Tax Valuation Fund." (b) The fund consists of: (i) deposits made and penalties received under Subsection (3); and (ii) interest on money deposited into the fund. (c) Deposits, penalties, and interest described in Subsection (1)(b) shall be disbursed and used as provided in Section 59-2-1603. (2)(a) Each county shall annually impose a multicounty assessing and collecting levy as provided in this Subsection (2). (b) The tax rate of the multicounty assessing and collecting levy is: (i) for a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2022, and before January 1, 2025, 000015; and (ii) for a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2025, the certified revenue
1406 1407 1408 1409 1410 1411 1412 1413 1414 1415 1416 1417 1418 1419	 Additional county levy. (1)(a) There is created a custodial fund known as the "Property Tax Valuation Fund." (b) The fund consists of: (i) deposits made and penalties received under Subsection (3); and (ii) interest on money deposited into the fund. (c) Deposits, penalties, and interest described in Subsection (1)(b) shall be disbursed and used as provided in Section 59-2-1603. (2)(a) Each county shall annually impose a multicounty assessing and collecting levy as provided in this Subsection (2). (b) The tax rate of the multicounty assessing and collecting levy is: (i) for a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2022, and before January 1, 2025, 000015; and (ii) for a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2025, the certified revenue levy rounded up to the sixth decimal place.

1422	(i) 18% of the revenue collected shall be deposited into the Property Tax Valuation
1423	Fund, up to \$500,000 annually; and
1424	(ii) after the deposit described in Subsection (2)(c)(i), all remaining revenue collected
1425	from the multicounty assessing and collecting levy shall be deposited into the
1426	Multicounty Appraisal Trust.
1427	(3)(a) The multicounty assessing and collecting levy imposed under Subsection (2) shall
1428	be separately stated on the tax notice as a multicounty assessing and collecting levy.
1429	(b) The multicounty assessing and collecting levy is:
1430	(i) exempt from Sections 17C-1-403 through 17C-1-406;
1431	(ii) in addition to and exempt from the maximum levies allowable under Section
1432	59-2-908; and
1433	(iii) exempt from the notice and public hearing requirements of Section 59-2-919.
1434	(c)(i) Each county shall transmit quarterly to the state treasurer the revenue collected
1435	from the multicounty assessing and collecting levy.
1436	(ii) The revenue transmitted under Subsection (3)(c)(i) shall be transmitted no later
1437	than the tenth day of the month following the end of the quarter in which the
1438	revenue is collected.
1439	(iii) If revenue transmitted under Subsection (3)(c)(i) is transmitted after the tenth
1440	day of the month following the end of the quarter in which the revenue is
1441	collected, the county shall pay an interest penalty at the rate of 10% each year
1442	until the revenue is transmitted.
1443	(d) The state treasurer shall allocate the penalties received under this Subsection (3) in
1444	the same manner as revenue is allocated under Subsection (2)(c).
1445	(4)(a) A county may levy a county additional property tax in accordance with this
1446	Subsection (4).
1447	(b) The county additional property tax:
1448	(i) shall be separately stated on the tax notice as a county assessing and collecting
1449	levy;
1450	(ii) may not be incorporated into the rate of any other levy;
1451	(iii) is exempt from Sections 17C-1-403 through 17C-1-406; and
1452	(iv) is in addition to and exempt from the maximum levies allowable under Section
1453	59-2-908.
1454	(c) Revenue collected from the county additional property tax shall be used to:
1455	(i) promote the accurate valuation and uniform assessment levels of property as

1456	required by Section 59-2-103;
1457	(ii) promote the efficient administration of the property tax system, including the
1458	costs of assessment, collection, and distribution of property taxes;
1459	(iii) fund state mandated actions to meet legislative mandates or judicial or
1460	administrative orders that relate to promoting:
1461	(A) the accurate valuation of property; and
1462	(B) the establishment and maintenance of uniform assessment levels within and
1463	among counties; and
1464	(iv) establish reappraisal programs that:
1465	(A) are adopted by a resolution or ordinance of the county legislative body; and
1466	(B) conform to rules the commission makes in accordance with Title 63G,
1467	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
1468	Section 17. Section 59-2-1606 is amended to read:
1469	59-2-1606 (Effective 01/01/26). Statewide property tax system funding for
1470	counties Disbursements to the Multicounty Appraisal Trust Use of funds.
1471	(1) The funds deposited into the Multicounty Appraisal Trust in accordance with Section
1472	59-2-1602 shall be used to provide funding for:
1473	(a) a statewide property tax system that will promote:
1474	(i) the accurate valuation of property;
1475	(ii) the establishment and maintenance of uniform assessment levels among counties
1476	within the state;
1477	(iii) efficient administration of the property tax system, including the costs of
1478	assessment, collection, and distribution of property taxes; and
1479	(iv) the uniform filing of a signed statement a county assessor requests under Section
1480	59-2-306, including implementation of a statewide electronic filing system; and
1481	(b) property valuation services within the counties.
1482	(2)(a) An association representing at least two-thirds of the counties in the state shall
1483	appoint a trustee.
1484	(b) The trustee of the Multicounty Appraisal Trust shall:
1485	(i) determine which projects to fund, including property valuation services within
1486	counties; and
1487	(ii) oversee the administration of a statewide property tax system that meets the
1488	requirements of Subsection (1)(a).
1489	(3)(a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), the trustee of the Multicounty Appraisal Trust may,

1490	in order to promote the objectives described in Subsection (1), use funds deposited
1491	into the Multicounty Appraisal Trust to hire one or more professional appraisers to
1492	provide property valuation services within a county of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth
1493	class.
1494	(b) A professional appraiser hired to provide property valuation services under this
1495	Subsection (3) shall:
1496	(i) hold an appraiser's certificate or license from the Division of Real Estate in
1497	accordance with Title 61, Chapter 2g, Real Estate Appraiser Licensing and
1498	Certification Act; and
1499	(ii) be approved by:
1500	(A) the commission; and
1501	(B) an association representing two or more counties in the state.
1502	(4)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), each county shall adopt the statewide
1503	property tax system on or before January 1, 2026.
1504	(b) A county is exempt from the requirement in Subsection (4)(a) if:
1505	(i) the county utilizes a computer assisted property tax system for mass appraisal
1506	other than the statewide property tax system;
1507	(ii) the county demonstrates to the trustee of the Multicounty Appraisal Trust and to
1508	the commission that the property tax system described in Subsection (4)(b)(i) is
1509	interoperable with the statewide property tax system; and
1510	(iii) the trustee of the Multicounty Appraisal Trust and the commission approve the
1511	county's exemption from the requirement in Subsection (4)(a).
1512	(c) The commission and an association that represents at least two-thirds of the counties
1513	in the state shall assist any county adopting the statewide property tax system.
1514	(5) In order to promote the objectives described in Subsection (1), the trustee of the
1515	Multicounty Appraisal Trust shall use funds deposited into the Multicounty Appraisal
1516	Trust to:
1517	(a) subject to Subsection (6), develop and maintain a statewide web portal for uniform
1518	access to property characteristics and features relevant to the valuation of real
1519	property;
1520	(b) subject to Subsection (7), develop and maintain a statewide web portal for the
1521	uniform electronic filing of an application to appeal the valuation or equalization of
1522	real property with a county board of equalization under Section 59-2-1004; and
1523	(c) assist counties with tracking and reporting appeals information to the commission as

1524	required by Section 59-2-1018.
1525	(6)(a) The statewide web portal for uniform access to property characteristics and
1526	features developed under Subsection (5)(a) shall, at a minimum, specify the
1527	following property characteristics and features:
1528	(i) property owner's name;
1529	(ii) parcel or serial number;
1530	(iii) situs address;
1531	(iv) mailing address;
1532	(v) tax area;
1533	(vi) the neighborhood;
1534	(vii) property type;
1535	(viii) land type;
1536	(ix) quality or condition;
1537	(x) year of construction;
1538	(xi) gross living area;
1539	(xii) acreage:
1540	(xiii) market value; and
1541	(xiv) taxable value.
1542	(b) In developing the statewide web portal for uniform access to property characteristics
1543	and features under Subsection (5)(a), the Multicounty Appraisal Trust may link the
1544	statewide web portal to a web portal maintained by a county for accessing property
1545	characteristics and features within the county if the Multicounty Appraisal Trust
1546	determines that the county web portal meets the requirements of Subsection (6)(a).
1547	(7) In developing the statewide web portal for the uniform electronic filing of appeal
1548	applications under Subsection (5)(b), the Multicounty Appraisal Trust may link the
1549	statewide web portal to a web portal maintained by a county for the uniform electronic
1550	filing of appeal applications if the Multicounty Appraisal Trust determines that the
1551	county web portal provides equivalent functions as the statewide web portal.
1552	Section 18. Section 59-2-1708 is amended to read:
1553	59-2-1708 (Effective 05/07/25). Change of ownership or legal description.
1554	(1) Subject to the other provisions of this section, land assessed under this part may
1555	continue to be assessed under this part if the land continues to comply with the
1556	requirements of this part, regardless of whether the land continues to have the same
1557	owner or legal description.

1558	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), land described in Subsection (1) is subject to the
1559	rollback tax as provided in Section 59-2-1705 if the land is withdrawn from this part.
1560	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), land is withdrawn from this part if:
1561	(a) there is a change in:
1562	(i) the ownership of the land; or
1563	(ii) the legal description of the land; and
1564	(b) after a change described in Subsection (3)(a):
1565	(i) the land does not meet the requirements of Section 59-2-1703;[-or]
1566	(ii) an owner of the land fails to submit a new application for assessment as provided
1567	in Section 59-2-1707[-] within 120 days after the day on which a change described
1568	in Subsection (3)(a) occurs; or
1569	(iii)(A) an owner of the land submits the application required by this section; and
1570	(B) the county denies the application upon review.
1571	(4) Within 30 days from the day on which a county receives an application required by this
1572	section, the county shall:
1573	(a) review the application for completion; and
1574	(b) approve or deny the application.
1575	(5) Land under an application required by this section is not withdrawn from this part for
1576	the period in which the application is under review by the county.
1577	[(4) An application required by this section shall be submitted within 120 days after the day
1578	on which there is a change described in Subsection (3)(a).]
1579	Section 19. Effective Date.
1580	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), this bill takes effect for a taxable year beginning
1581	on or after January 1, 2026.
1582	(2) The actions affecting the following sections take effect on May 7, 2025:
1583	(a) Section 59-1-210 (Effective 05/07/25);
1584	(b) Section 59-2-303.1 (Effective 05/07/25);
1585	(c) Section 59-2-331 (Effective 05/07/25);
1586	(d) Section 59-2-509 (Effective 05/07/25);
1587	(e) Section 59-2-702.5 (Effective 05/07/25);
1588	(f) Section 59-2-703 (Effective 05/07/25);
1589	(g) Section 59-2-704 (Effective 05/07/25);
1590	(h) Section 59-2-919 (Effective 05/07/25);
1591	(i) Section 59-2-919.2 (Effective 05/07/25);

- (j) Section 59-2-1317 (Effective 05/07/25); and
- 1593 (k) Section 59-2-1708 (Effective 05/07/25).