# HB0058S02 compared with HB0058

{Omitted text} shows text that was in HB0058 but was omitted in HB0058S02 inserted text shows text that was not in HB0058 but was inserted into HB0058S02

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#### **Building Inspector Amendments**

2025 GENERAL SESSION

#### STATE OF UTAH

#### **Chief Sponsor: Thomas W. Peterson**

Senate Sponsor:

#### 3 LONG TITLE

#### 4 General Description:

5 This bill modifies provisions relating to building inspectors.

#### 6 Highlighted Provisions:

- 7 This bill:
- 11 defines terms;
- 12 directs the Uniform Building Code Commission to:
  - collect data pertaining to building inspectors;
  - publish gathered data on an annual basis; and
    - report the data annually to the Legislature;
- 16 expands the scope for the Division of Professional Licensing to spend money from surcharges;
- 15 establishes requirements for a private home inspector;
- adds unlawful and unprofessional conduct provisions for licensed building inspectors acting as qualified building officials;
- 20 requires a local regulator to hire or contract with a qualified building official; and

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	{schedules the repeal of the licensing requirement for a building inspector and related
	unlawful conduct provisions; and }
23	<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li> </ul>
20	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
21	None
22	Other Special Clauses:
23	None
25	AMENDS:
26	15A-1-105, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 375, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024,
	Chapter 375
27	15A-1-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 375, 431, as last amended by Laws of
	Utah 2024, Chapters 375, 431
28	15A-1-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 199, 344, as last amended by Laws of
	Utah 2021, Chapters 199, 344
29	15A-1-209, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 72, as last amended by Laws of Utah
	2024, Chapter 72
30	15A-1-302 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 431 , as last amended by Laws
	of Utah 2024, Chapter 431
31	58-56-9, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 375, as last amended by Laws of Utah
	2024, Chapter 375
32	58-56-9.1, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 145, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007,
	Chapter 145
33	58-56-9.3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 229, as last amended by Laws of Utah
	2018, Chapter 229
37	<del>{63I-1-258 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Third Special Session, Chapter 5 , as last</del>
	amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Third Special Session, Chapter 5}
34	
35	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
36	Section 1. Section <b>15A-1-105</b> is amended to read:
37	15A-1-105. Third-party inspection firms.

42 (1) As used in this section:

- 43 (a) "Building permit applicant" means [a person] an individual who applies to a local regulator for a building permit.
- (b) "Inspection" means a physical examination of all aspects of a structure to ensure compliance with the State Construction Code.
- 47 (c) "Local regulator" means the same as that terms is defined in Section [ $\frac{15A-1-102}{15A-1-202}$ .
- 49 (d) "Third-party inspection firm" means an entity that[-is]:
- 50 [(i) licensed under Title 58, Chapter 56, Building Inspector and Factory Built Housing Licensing;]
- 52 [(ii)] (i) employs or contracts with {licensed} certified building inspectors to enforce building codes adopted in this title;
- 54 (ii) is independent, but may include a building inspector for an adjacent city or county; and
- 56 (iii) <u>is included on the local regulator's third-party inspection firm list.</u>
- 57 (e) "Third-party inspection firm list" means a list of:
- (i) for a first, second, third, or fourth class county, or a municipality located within a first, second, third, or fourth class county, three or more third-party inspection firms approved by the local regulator; or
- 61 (ii) for a fifth or sixth class county, or a municipality located within a fifth or sixth class county, one or more third-party inspection firms approved by the local regulator.
- 64 (2)
  - (a) Subject to the provisions of this section and Subsections 10-6-160(2) and 17-36-55(2), after submitting a request for inspection, a building permit applicant may engage a third-party inspection firm from the local regulator's third-party inspection firm list to conduct or complete an inspection for the scope of work identified under the original request for inspection.
- 69 (b) If a building permit applicant wishes to engage a third-party inspection firm in accordance with Subsection (2)(a), the building permit applicant shall first notify the local regulator of the third-party inspection firm the building permit applicant intends to engage.
- (c) Upon completing the inspection, the third-party inspection firm shall submit the inspection report to the local regulator.
- 75 (d)
  - (i) The local regulator shall pay the cost of the inspection to the third-party inspection firm after the local regulator receives the third-party inspection report indicating the third-party inspection firm completed the inspection.

- (ii) This section does not require a local regulator to pay for an inspection that exceeds the scope of work identified under the original request for inspection.
- 80 (3)
  - (a) The local regulator shall issue a certificate of occupancy to the building permit applicant if the thirdparty inspection firm:
- 82 (i) completes the inspection; and
- 83 (ii) submits the inspection report to the local regulator.
- (b) The local regulator shall promptly issue the certificate of occupancy or letter of completion after the third-party inspection firm submits the final inspection report to the local regulator as described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii).
- 87 (4) A local regulator is not liable for any inspection performed by a third-party inspection firm.
- 85 Section 2. Section **15A-1-202** is amended to read:
- 86 **15A-1-202. Definitions.**

As used in this chapter:

- 92 (1) "Agricultural use" means a use that relates to the tilling of soil and raising of crops, or keeping or raising domestic animals.
- 94 (2)
  - (a) "Approved code" means a code, including the standards and specifications contained in the code, approved by the division under Section 15A-1-204 for use by a compliance agency.
- 97 (b) "Approved code" does not include the State Construction Code.
- (3) "Building" means a structure used or intended for supporting or sheltering any use or occupancy and any improvements attached to it.
- 100 (4) "Building permit applicant" means the same as that term is defined in Section 15A-1-105.
- 101 (5) "Code" means:
- 102 (a) the State Construction Code; or
- 103 (b) an approved code.
- 104 (6) "Commission" means the Uniform Building Code Commission created in Section 15A-1-203.
- 106 (7) "Compliance agency" means:
- (a) an agency of the state or any of its political subdivisions [which] that issues permits for construction regulated under the codes;

- (b) any other agency of the state or its political subdivisions specifically empowered to enforce compliance with the codes;
- 111 (c) a third-party inspection firm as defined in Section 15A-1-105; or
- (d) any other state agency [which] that chooses to enforce codes adopted under this chapter by authority given the agency under a title other than this part and Part 3, Factory Built Housing and Modular Units Administration Act.
- (8) "Construction code" means standards and specifications published by a nationally recognized code authority for use in circumstances described in Subsection 15A-1-204(1), including:
- 118 (a) a building code;
- 119 (b) an electrical code;
- 120 (c) a residential one and two family dwelling code;
- 121 (d) a plumbing code;
- 122 (e) a mechanical code;
- 123 (f) a fuel gas code;
- 124 (g) an energy conservation code;
- 125 (h) a swimming pool and spa code;
- 126 (i) a manufactured housing installation standard code; and
- (j) Modular Building Institute Standards 1200 and 1205, issued by the International Code Council, except as specifically modified by provisions of this title governing modular units.
- 130 (9) "Construction project" means the same as that term is defined in Section 38-1a-102.
- 131 (10) "Executive director" means the executive director of the Department of Commerce.
- 132 (11) "Legislative action" includes legislation that:
- 133 (a) adopts a new State Construction Code;
- 134 (b) amends the State Construction Code; or
- 135 (c) repeals one or more provisions of the State Construction Code.
- 136 (12)
  - (a) "Local regulator" means a political subdivision of the state that <u>employs or contracts a qualified</u> <u>building official and is empowered to engage in the regulation of construction, alteration,</u> remodeling, building, repair, installation, inspection, or other activities subject to the codes.
- 140 (b) "Local regulator" [may include] includes the local regulator's designee.
- 141

- (13) "Membrane-covered frame structure" means a nonpressurized building with a structure composed of a rigid framework to support a tensioned membrane that provides a weather barrier.
- (14) "Not for human occupancy" means use of a structure for purposes other than protection or comfort of human beings, but allows people to enter the structure for:
- 146 (a) maintenance or repair; or
- 147 (b) the care of livestock, crops, or equipment intended for agricultural use which are kept there.
- (15) "Opinion" means a written, nonbinding, and advisory statement issued by the commission concerning an interpretation of the meaning of the codes or the application of the codes in a specific circumstance issued in response to a specific request by a party to the issue.
- 153 (16) "Qualified building official" means an individual who:
- 154 (a) has at least six years of experience as an architect, engineer, inspector, plan examiner, contractor or superintendent of construction, or any combination of these;
- (b) is actively {licensed} certified as {an} a combination inspector in accordance with Section 58-56-9; and
- (c) has completed 40 hours of management training as {established by } the division {in rule}
   establishes by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
   Act, or is a certified building official.
- 158 [(16)] (17) "Remote yurt" means a membrane-covered frame structure that:
- 159 (a) is no larger than 710 square feet;
- 160 (b) is not used as a permanent residence;
- (c) is located in an unincorporated county area that is not zoned for residential, commercial, industrial, or agricultural use;
- 163 (d) does not have plumbing or electricity;
- 164 (e) is set back at least 300 feet from any river, stream, lake, or other body of water; and
- 165 (f) is registered with the local health department.
- 166 [(17)] (18) "State regulator" means an agency of the state [which] that is empowered to engage in the regulation of construction, alteration, remodeling, building, repair, and other activities subject to the codes adopted pursuant to this chapter.
- 168 Section 3. Section **15A-1-203** is amended to read:
- 169 **15A-1-203. Uniform Building Code Commission -- Unified Code Analysis Council.**
- 172

- There is created a Uniform Building Code Commission to advise the division with respect to the division's responsibilities in administering the codes.
- 174 (2) The commission shall consist of 13 members as follows:
- 175 (a) one member shall be a heating, ventilation, and air conditioning contractor licensed by the state;
- (b) one member shall be a [licensed] certified building inspector nominated by the Utah League of Cities and Towns;
- 179 (c) one member shall be a licensed professional engineer;
- 180 (d) one member shall be a licensed architect;
- 181 (e) one member shall be:
- 182 (i) a licensed architect who specializes in residential architecture; or
- 183 (ii) a residential home designer;
- 184 (f) one member shall be a member of an association of building owners;
- 185 (g) one member shall be a fire official;
- 186 (h) four members shall be contractors licensed by the state, of which:
- 187 (i) two shall be general contractors, one of which shall specialize in residential construction;
- 189 (ii) one shall be an electrical contractor; and
- 190 (iii) one shall be a plumbing contractor;
- (i) one member shall be from the general public and have no affiliation with the construction industry or real estate development industry; and
- (j) one member shall be from the Division of Facilities Construction and Management of the Department of Government Operations.
- 195 (3)
  - (a) The executive director shall appoint each commission member after submitting a nomination to the governor for confirmation or rejection.
- 197 (b)
  - (i) If the governor rejects a nominee, the executive director shall submit an alternative nominee until the governor confirms the nomination.
- 199 (ii) An appointment is effective after the governor confirms the nomination.

200 (4)

- (a) Except as required by Subsection (4)(b), as terms of commission members expire, the executive director shall appoint each new commission member or reappointed commission member [to] for a four-year term.
- (b) [Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4)(a), the] <u>The</u> [[]] <u>The</u> executive director shall <u>adjust</u>, at the time of appointment or reappointment, [adjust] the length of terms to ensure that the terms of commission members are staggered so that approximately half of the commission is appointed every two years.
- 207 (5) When a vacancy occurs in the commission membership for any reason, the executive director shall appoint a replacement for the unexpired term.
- 209 (6)
  - (a) A commission member may not serve more than two full terms.
- (b) A commission member who ceases to serve may not again serve on the commission until after the expiration of two years after the day on which service ceased.
- 212 (7) A majority of the commission members constitute a quorum and may act on behalf of the commission.
- (8) A commission member may not receive compensation or benefits for the commission member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
- 216 (a) Section 63A-3-106;
- (b) Section 63A-3-107; and
- (c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
- 220 (9)
  - (a) The commission shall [annually designate] designate annually one of the commission's members to serve as chair of the commission.
- (b) The division shall provide a secretary to facilitate the function of the commission and to record the commission's actions and recommendations.
- 224 (10) The commission shall:
- (a) in accordance with Section 15A-1-204, report to the Business and Labor Interim Committee;
- (b) act as an appeals board as provided in Section 15A-1-207;
- (c) establish advisory peer committees on either a standing or ad hoc basis to advise the commission with respect to matters related to a code, including a committee to advise the commission regarding health matters related to a plumbing code; [-{{ and ]

- (d) assist the division in overseeing code-related training in accordance with Section 15A-1-209[-];
- 233 (e) <u>collect</u>, with the assistance of the division, data related to the building inspection process, including building code interpretation and enforcement, throughout the state through the following methods:
- 236 (i) surveying and interviewing stakeholders;
- 237 (ii) visiting building sites and building departments; and
- 238 (iii) any other reasonable data collection method;
- 239 (f) use the data outlined in Subsection (10)(e) to:
- (i) issue guidance to the division for providing education using surcharges described in Subsection
   <u>15A-1-209(5);</u>
- 242 (ii) issue opinions regarding the proper interpretation of commonly disputed code items;
- 244 (iii) send letters of concern to local regulators, building officials, third-party firms, and contractors who are found to be incorrectly interpreting, enforcing, or complying with code; and
- 247 (iv) issue a publicly available report annually, before October 1, on the performance of local regulators within the state on the following:
- 249 (A) interpreting and enforcing of the building code consistent with this chapter;
- 250 (B) interpreting code for all building permit applicants and all inspectors consistently and equitably;
- 252 (C) following consistent and equitable building inspection processes for all permit holders and across all inspectors;
- 254 (D) meeting inspection timelines as described in Subsection 10-6-160(2);
- 255 (E) responding to building permit applicants in a timely manner;
- 256 (F) maintaining adequate training, oversight, and use of employed and contracted qualified building inspectors; and
- 258 (G) employing or contracting with a qualified building inspector;
- 259 (g) annually make a summary of data collected in accordance with Subsection (10)(f) publicly available through the Division of Professional Licensing; and
- 261 (h) annually present the report described in Subsection (10)(f)(iv) and the summary required in Subsection (10)(g), to the Business and Labor Interim Committee before October 1.
- 264 (11)
  - (a) In a manner consistent with Subsection (10)(c), the commission shall [jointly create] create jointly with the Utah Fire Prevention Board an advisory peer committee known as the ["]Unified Code

Analysis Council["] to review fire prevention and construction code issues that require definitive and specific analysis.

- (b) The commission and Utah Fire Prevention Board shall <u>provide</u> jointly, by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,[-provide] for:
- (i) the appointment of members to the Unified Code Analysis Council; and
- 272 (ii) procedures followed by the Unified Code Analysis Council.
- 272 Section 4. Section **15A-1-209** is amended to read:

#### 273 **15A-1-209.** Building permit requirements -- Geologic, fault hazard, or geotechnical report.

- 276 (1) As used in this section, "project" means a "construction project" as defined in Section 38-1a-102.
- 278 (2)
  - (a) The division shall develop a standardized building permit numbering system for use by any compliance agency in the state that issues a permit for construction.
- (b) The standardized building permit numbering system described under Subsection (2)(a) shall include a combination of alpha or numeric characters arranged in a format acceptable to the compliance agency.
- (c) A compliance agency issuing a permit for construction shall use the standardized building permit numbering system described under Subsection (2)(a).
- (d) A compliance agency may not use a numbering system other than the system described under Subsection (2)(a) to define a building permit number.
- 287 (3)
  - (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the division shall adopt a standardized building permit form by rule.
- (b) The standardized building permit form created under this Subsection (3) shall include fields for indicating the following information:
- (i) the name and address of the owner of each parcel of property on which the project will occur;
- 293 (ii) the name and address of the contractor for the project;
- 294 (iii)
  - (A) the address of the project; or
- 295 (B) a general description of the project;
- 296 (iv) the county in which the property on which the project will occur is located;
- 297 (v) the tax parcel identification number of each parcel of the property; and

- 298 (vi) [whether]the permit [applicant is] applicant's role as an original contractor or owner-builder.
- 300 (c) The standardized building permit form created under this Subsection (3) may include any other information the division considers useful.
- 302 (d) A compliance agency shall issue a permit for construction only on a standardized building permit form approved by the division.
- (e) A permit for construction issued by a compliance agency under Subsection (3)(d) shall print the standardized building permit number assigned under Subsection (2) in the upper right-hand corner of the building permit form in at least 12-point font.
- 307 (f)
  - (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(f)(ii), a compliance agency may not issue a permit for construction if the information required by Subsection (3)(b) is not completed on the building permit form.
- (ii) If a compliance agency does not issue a separate permit for different aspects of the same project, the compliance agency may issue a permit for construction without the information required by Subsection (3)(b)(vi).
- 313 (g) A compliance agency may require additional information for the issuance of a permit for construction.
- (4) A local regulator issuing a single-family residential building permit application shall include in the application or attach to the building permit the following notice prominently placed in at least 14-point font: "Decisions relative to this application are subject to review by the chief executive officer of the municipal or county entity issuing the single-family residential building permit and appeal under the International Residential Code as adopted by the Legislature."
- 321 (5)
  - (a) A compliance agency shall:
- 322 (i) charge a 1% surcharge on a building permit the compliance agency issues; and
- (ii) transmit 85% of the amount collected to the division [to be used by the division] for use in accordance with Subsection (5)(c).
- (b) The <u>division shall deposit the portion of the surcharge transmitted to the division [shall be deposited</u>] as a dedicated credit.
- 327 (c)
  - (i) The division shall use [30%] 40% of the money received under Subsection (5)(a)(ii) to:

- 328 <u>(A)</u>
- 328 (A) provide education to building inspectors, and individuals working to become building inspectors, regarding the codes and code amendments under Section 15A-1-204 that are adopted, approved, or being considered for adoption or approval[-] : and
- 332 (B) collect data as outlined in Subsection 15A-1-203(10)(e).
- (ii) The division shall use 10% of the money received under Subsection (5)(a)(ii) to provide education to individuals licensed in construction trades or related professions through a construction trade association or a related professional association.
- (iii) The division shall transmit [60%] 50% of the money received under Subsection (5)(a)(ii) to the Office of the Property Rights Ombudsman created in Title 13, Chapter 43, Property Rights Ombudsman Act, to provide education and training regarding:
- 341 (A) the drafting and application of land use laws and regulations; and
- 342 (B) land use dispute resolution.
- 343 (6)
  - (a)
    - (i) A compliance agency that receives a geologic report, fault hazard report, or geotechnical report as part of a building permitting process or another infrastructure permitting process shall submit the final report to the Utah Geological Survey within 90 days after the day<u>on which</u> the compliance agency receives the report.
- 348 (ii)
  - (A) When submitting a report, the compliance agency shall indicate what portion of the report is confidential.
- (B) [The] In accordance with Subsection 79-3-202(2), the { []} In accordance with Subsection
   <u>79-3-202(2)</u>, the } Utah Geological Survey shall keep confidential [those] the portions of the report that the compliance agency indicates are confidential[in accordance with Subsection 79-3-202(2)].
- 354 (b)
  - (i) If submitting a physical copy of a report, a compliance agency shall mail or deliver the physical copy of the report to the address shown on the Utah Geological Survey website.
- 357 (ii) The Utah Geological Survey shall return the physical copy of a report to the compliance agency submitting the report after the Utah Geological Survey completes digital scanning of the report.
- 360 (c) If submitting a digital copy of a report, a compliance agency shall:

- 361 (i) submit the digital copy in a form [approved by] the Utah Geological Survey approves; and
- 363 (ii)
  - (A) submit the digital copy through an online process [approved by ]the Utah Geological Survey approves;
- (B) email the digital copy to an email address provided on the Utah Geological Survey's public website;
   or
- 367 (C) mail or deliver the digital copy to the address described in Subsection (6)(b).
- 368 (d) A compliance agency may include in a contract related to a geologic report, fault hazard report, or geotechnical report, a statement that:
- (i) the compliance agency shall share a copy of the report with the Utah Geological Survey in accordance with this Subsection (6); and
- (ii) the Utah Geological Survey may use information in the report as provided in Section 79-3-202 subject to keeping portions of the report confidential as provided in Subsection (6)(a)(ii).
- (e) A compliance agency may not be held liable for the use or reliance on a geologic report, fault hazard report, or geotechnical report shared with the Utah Geological Survey by:
- 378 (i) the Utah Geological Survey; or
- (ii) a person [who] that obtains information from the Utah Geological Survey that is based on the geologic report, fault hazard report, or geotechnical report.
- 380 Section 5. Section 15A-1-302 is amended to read:
- 381 **15A-1-302. Definitions.**

As used in this part:

- 383 (1) "Compliance agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section 15A-1-202.
- (2) "Construction documents" means the same as that term is defined by Modular Building Institute Standards 1200.
- (3) "Decal" means a form of certification, created by the Division of Facilities Construction and Management and issued by a third party inspection agency, to be permanently attached to a module, panelized system, or modular building unit indicating that the module, panelized system, or modular building unit has been constructed to meet or exceed applicable building code requirements.
- 391 (4) "Factory built housing" means a manufactured home or mobile home.
- (5) "Factory built housing set-up contractor" means an individual licensed by the division to set up or install factory built housing on a temporary or permanent basis.

- (6) "HUD Code" means the National Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act, 42
   U.S.C. Sec. 5401 et seq.
- 396 (7) "Local regulator" means the same as that term is defined in Section 15A-1-202.
- (8) "Manufactured home" means a transportable factory built housing unit constructed on or after June 15, 1976, according to the HUD Code, in one or more sections, that:
- (a) in the traveling mode, is eight body feet or more in width or 40 body feet or more in length, or when erected on site, is 400 or more square feet; and
- 401 (b) is built on a permanent chassis and designed to be used as a dwelling with or without a permanent foundation when connected to the required utilities, and includes the plumbing, heating, air-conditioning, and electrical systems.
- 404 (9) "Manufacturing plant" means the same as that term is defined by Modular Building Institute Standards 1200.
- 406 (10) "Mobile home" means a transportable factory built housing unit built before June 15, 1976, in accordance with a state mobile home code which existed prior to the HUD Code.
- 409 (11) "Modular manufacturer" means the entity responsible for manufacturing a panelized system or module.
- 411 (12) "Modular unit" or "modular building unit" means a structure:
- (a) constructed from one or more modules or panelized systems that is manufactured in accordance with the State Construction Code and transported to a location;
- (b) the purpose of which is for human habitation, occupancy, or use; and
- 415 (c) is not a factory-built house, manufactured home, or mobile home.
- 416 (13) "Module" means a three-dimensional, volumetric section of a modular building unit designed and approved to be transported as a single section, independent of other sections, to a location for onsite construction.
- 419 (14) "Private home inspector" means an individual who:
- 420 (a) offers services to the public; and
- 421 (b) examines residential dwellings and the components of a residential dwelling to identify potential issues associated with the sale or purchase of real property.
- 423 [(14)] (15) "Offsite construction" means a modular building unit that:
- 424 (a) is designed and constructed in compliance with this part;
- 425

- (b) is wholly or in substantial part fabricated in a manufacturing plant for installation at an onsite location; and
- 427 (c) has been manufactured in such a manner that all parts or processes cannot be inspected at the end site location without disassembly, potentially resulting in damage or destruction to the modular building unit.
- 430  $\left[\frac{(15)}{(16)}\right]$  "Onsite construction" means:
- (a) the preparation of a location where a modular building unit will be installed, including preparation of site foundation, construction of any necessary supporting structure, and preparation to connect the modular building unit to necessary utilities; and
- (b) assembly and installation of one or more modules or panelized systems in accordance with construction documents into a modular building unit, including completion of any site-related construction and connecting the modular building unit to necessary utilities.
- 439 [(16)] (17) "Panelized system" means a closed wall, roof, or floor component that is constructed at a manufacturing plant or by a modular manufacturer in a manner that prevents the construction from being fully inspected at an onsite location without disassembly, damage, or destruction.
- 443 [(17)] (18) "State regulator" means the same as that term is defined in Section 15A-1-202.
- 444 [(18)] (19) "Third party inspection agency" means an entity approved by the Division of Facilities Construction and Management to be qualified to inspect a module or panelized system for compliance with the construction documents, compliance control, and applicable code.
- 448 [(19)] (20) "Third party inspector" means a person who:
- (a) is qualified to inspect a modular building unit for compliance with construction documents, compliance control, and applicable building code;
- 451 (b) works under the direction of a third party inspection agency;
- 452 (c) has been licensed by the division under Section 15A-1-307; and
- (d) is approved by the Division of Facilities Construction and Management to conduct third party inspections, as described in Section 15A-1-307.
- 455 [(20)] (21) "Unregistered modular unit" means a modular unit that:
- 456 (a) has not been inspected as required by this title; or
- (b) does not have a required decal.
- 458 Section 6. Section **58-56-9** is amended to read:
- 459 **58-56-9.** Qualifications of inspectors -- Contract for inspection services.

- 383 (1) [An] A building inspector employed by a local regulator, state regulator, or compliance agency to enforce the codes shall:
- 385 [<del>(a)</del>
  - (i) meet minimum qualifications as established by the division in collaboration with the commission;]
- 387 [(ii) be certified by a nationally recognized organization which promulgates construction codes; or]
- 389 [(iii) pass an examination developed by the division in collaboration with the commission;]
- 391 [(b)] (a) be currently [licensed] certified by the division as meeting [those] the minimum qualifications{ the division establishes in collaboration with the commission}[;] the division establishes in collaboration with the commission, by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
- 393 [(c)] (b) {{(a)} {} {(b)} be subject to disciplinary or other action if the [licensee] building inspector engages in unlawful or unprofessional conduct.
- 395 (2) A local regulator, state regulator, or compliance agency may contract for the services of a [licensed] building inspector not regularly employed by the regulator or agency.
- 476 (3) <u>A private home inspector shall:</u>
- (a) <u>be currently certified by the division as meeting the minimum qualifications the division establishes</u> <u>in collaboration with the commission, by rule in accordance with the provisions of Title 63G,</u> Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
- 480 (b) be subject to disciplinary or other action if the individual engages in unlawful or unprofessional conduct.
- 397 [(3)] (4) In accordance with Section 58-1-401, the division may:
- 398 (a) refuse to issue a [license] certification to an applicant;
- 399 (b) refuse to renew the [license of a licensee] certification of an individual;
- 400 (c) revoke, suspend, restrict, or place on probation the <u>license of a licensee</u> <u>certification of an</u> <u>individual;</u>
- 401 (d) issue a public or private reprimand;
- 402 (e) issue a citation to [a licensee] an individual; and
- 403 (f) issue a cease and desist order.
- 490 Section 7. Section **58-56-9.1** is amended to read:
- 491 **58-56-9.1. Unlawful conduct.**
- 406

- (1) [<u>Unlawful conduct is as</u>] "Unlawful conduct" means the same as that term is defined in [Subsection 58-1-501(1) and includes:] Section 58-1-501.
- 408 (2) <u>"Unlawful conduct" includes:</u>
- 409 [(1)] (a) engaging in the sale of factory built housing without being registered with the division as a dealer, unless the sale is exempt under Section 58-56-16;
- 411 [(2)] (b) selling factory built housing within the state as a dealer without collecting and remitting to the division the fee required by Section 58-56-17;
- 413 [(3)] (c) acting as a building inspector or representing oneself to be acting as a building inspector, unless [licensed] certified or [exempted from licensure] exempt under this chapter or using the title building inspector or any other description, words, letters, or abbreviation indicating that the person is a building inspector if the person has not been [licensed] certified under this chapter;
- 418 [(4)] (d) acting as a building inspector beyond the scope of the [license] certification held under this chapter;[-{[} and]
- 420 [(5)] (e) hiring or employing in any manner an [unlicensed {[} person] individual who is not certified as a building inspector, unless [exempted] exempt from [licensure] certification under this chapter[-]; and
- 422 (f) as a building official, directing or knowingly allowing an employed or contracted inspector to perform beyond the scope of the inspector's {license } certification held under this chapter.
- 512 Section 8. Section **58-56-9.3** is amended to read:
- 513 **58-56-9.3.** Unprofessional conduct.
- (1) [Unprofessional conduct is as] "Unprofessional conduct" means the same as that term is defined in
   [Subsection 58-1-501(2) and includes:] Section 58-1-501.
- 429 [(1)] (2) <u>"Unprofessional conduct" includes:</u>
- 518 (a) as a building inspector:
- 519 <u>(i)</u>
- 430  $\{(a) \ \{as \ a \ building \ inspector:\}\}$

knowingly failing to inspect or issue correction notices for code violations [which] that when left uncorrected would constitute a hazard to the public health and safety; and

434 (ii) [{{} and ]knowingly failing to require [that] compliance with correction notices[-are complied with as a building inspector];

- [(2)] (b) the use of alcohol or the illegal use of drugs while performing duties [as a building inspector or at any time ] to the extent that the inspector is physically or mentally impaired and unable to effectively perform the duties of an inspector;
- 439 [(3)] (c) gross negligence in the performance of official duties as [a building] an inspector;
- 440 [(4)] (d) the personal use of information or knowingly revealing information to unauthorized persons when that information has been obtained by [a building] an inspector as a result of the inspector's employment, work, or position as an inspector;
- 443 [(5)] (e) unlawful acts or practices [which] that are clearly unethical under generally recognized standards of conduct of [a building] an inspector;
- 445 [(6)] (f) engaging in fraud or knowingly misrepresenting a fact relating to the performance of duties and responsibilities as [a building] an inspector;
- [(7)] (g) a building inspector knowingly failing to require that all plans, specifications, drawings, documents, and reports be stamped by architects, professional engineers, or both as established by law;
- [(8)] (h) a building inspector knowingly failing to report to the division an act or omission of a
   [licensee] certified individual under{[]}[Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades Licensing
   Act] {-} Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act, which when left uncorrected constitutes a hazard to public health and safety;
- 454 [(9)] (i) [a building] an inspector knowingly failing to report to the division unlicensed practice persons who are required to be licensed under {[]] Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act] Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act;
- 458 [(10)] (j) a building inspector's approval of work [which] that materially varies from approved documents that have been stamped by an architect, professional engineer, or both unless authorized by the licensed architect, professional engineer, or both;
- 461 [(11)] (k) a building inspector failing to produce verification of current licensure and current certifications for the codes upon request of the division, a compliance agency, or a contractor or property owner whose work is being inspected;
- 464 [(12)] (1) a building inspector requiring work that materially varies from the [building-]codes adopted by the state, including amendments;
- 554 (m) an inspector failing to make reasonable efforts to maintain a current knowledge of amendments to code;

- 556 (n) falsifying inspection reports or purporting to perform an inspection that was not actually performed as an inspector;
- 558 (<u>o)</u> an inspector engaging in retaliatory actions against individuals or companies that file complaints or question the local regulator's decisions;
- 560 (<u>p</u>) an inspector accepting what would reasonably be viewed as a bribe, including monetary, goods, materials, or other benefits in the course of duty;
- 562 (<u>q</u>) any willful, fraudulent, or deceitful act by an inspector, caused by an inspector, or at an inspector's direction that causes material injury to another;
- 564 [(13)] (r)
- 466 <u>{(m) a building inspector failing to make reasonable efforts to maintain a current knowledge of amendments to code;}</u>
- 468 {(n) falsifying inspection reports or purporting to perform an inspection that was not actually performed as a building inspector;}
- 470 <u>{(o)</u> <u>a building inspector engaging in retaliatory actions against individuals or companies that file</u> <u>complaints or question the local regulator's decisions;}</u>
- 472 {(p) a building inspector accepting what would reasonably be viewed as a bribe, including monetary, goods, materials, or other benefits in the course of duty;}
- 474 {(q) {any willful, fraudulent, or deceitful act by a licensee, caused by a licensee, or at a licensee's direction that causes material injury to another;}

nondelivery of goods or services by a registered dealer [which] that constitutes a breach of contract by the dealer;

- 478 [(14)] (s) the failure of a registered dealer to pay a subcontractor or supplier any amounts to which that subcontractor or supplier is legally entitled;[-{{} and]
- 480 [(15)] (t) any other activity [which] that is defined as unprofessional conduct by division rule in accordance with the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act[-]; and
- 571 (<u>u)</u> a building official knowingly or willfully allowing an inspector contracted or employed within the building official's jurisdiction or firm to engage in the actions listed in Subsections (2)(a) through (2)(t).

- (u) a building official knowingly or willfully allowing an inspector contracted or employed within the building official's jurisdiction or firm to engage in the actions listed in Subsections (2)(a) through (2)(t).
- 486 {Section 8. Section 63I-1-258 is amended to read: }
- 487 **63I-1-258. Repeal dates: Title 58.**
- 488 (1) Title 58, Chapter 13, Health Care Providers Immunity from Liability Act, is repealed July 1, 2026.
- 490 (2) Title 58, Chapter 15, Health Facility Administrator Act, is repealed July 1, 2025.
- 491 (3) Title 58, Chapter 20b, Environmental Health Scientist Act, is repealed July 1, 2028.
- 492 (4) Section 58-37-3.5, Drugs for behavioral health treatment, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 493 (5) Subsection 58-37-6(7)(f)(iii), regarding a seven-day opiate supply restriction, is repealed July 1, 2032.
- (6) Title 58, Chapter 40, Recreational Therapy Practice Act, is repealed July 1, 2033.
- (7) Title 58, Chapter 41, Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Licensing Act, is repealed July 1, 2029.
- 498 (8) Title 58, Chapter 46a, Hearing Instrument Specialist Licensing Act, is repealed July 1, 2033.
- 500 (9) Title 58, Chapter 47b, Massage Therapy Practice Act, is repealed July 1, 2034.
- 501 (10) Subsection 58-55-201(2), regarding the Alarm System and Security Licensing Advisory Board, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 503 (11) Title 58, Chapter 61, Part 7, Behavior Analyst Licensing Act, is repealed July 1, 2026.
- 504 (12) Subsection 58-56-9(b), regarding the building inspector being licensed by the division, is repealed July 1, 2030.
- 506 (13) Subsection 58-56-9.1(3), regarding acting as a building inspector while unlicensed, is repealed July <u>1, 2030.</u>
- 508 (14) Subsection 58-56-9.1(4), regarding the building inspector acting beyond the scope of the license, is repealed July 1, 2030.
- 510 (15) Subsection 58-56-9.3(9), regarding a building inspector failing to report unlicensed individuals performing work requiring a license, is repealed July 1, 2030.
- 574Section 9. Effective date.This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.

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