## HB0432S02 compared with HB0432

{Omitted text} shows text that was in HB0432 but was omitted in HB0432S02 inserted text shows text that was not in HB0432 but was inserted into HB0432S02

DISCLAIMER: This document is provided to assist you in your comparison of the two bills. Sometimes this automated comparison will NOT be completely accurate. Therefore, you need to read the actual bills. This automatically generated document could contain inaccuracies caused by: limitations of the compare program; bad input data; or other causes.

**Tobacco and Electronic Cigarette Modifications** 

2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

**Chief Sponsor: Matt MacPherson** 

Senate Sponsor:

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3	LONG TITLE

1

- 4 **General Description:**
- 5 This bill amends provisions related to tobacco and electronic {cigarette products} cigarettes.
- **6 Highlighted Provisions:**
- 7 This bill:
- 9 \ \{\text{repeals the nicotine content limit for electronic cigarette products;}\}
- 10 {repeals the requirement that electronic eigarette products obtain premarket authorization from the federal Food and Drug Administration;}
- repeal dates with legislative review for certain provisions related to retail tobacco specialty businesses {that sell flavored} and electronic cigarette {products} sales;
- 14 {for retail tobacco specialty businesses:}
- {raises licensing fees;}
- {creates identification scanning requirements; and}
- {creates surveillance footage requirements;}

18	• {creates a tobacco handling permit for retail tobacco specialty business employees and
	operators;}
20	• {creates a tax on flavored electronic cigarette products; and}
21	• {amends criminal penalties regarding the illegal sale of tobacco and electronic cigarette
	products.}
11	includes a coordination clause with H.B. 21, Criminal Code Recodification and Cross
	References, to ensure the policy changes made in this bill are accurately reflected if both bills
	pass; and
14	includes a coordination clause with S.B. 46, Youth Electronic Cigarette, Marijuana, and
	Other Drug Prevention Program Sunset Extension, to update a cross-reference.
16	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
17	None
18	Other Special Clauses:
19	This bill provides a special effective date.
20	This bill provides coordination clauses.
22	AMENDS:
23	10-8-41.6 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter
	470 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 470
25	17-50-333 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter
	470 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 470
27	26A-1-131 (Effective upon governor's approval), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter
	470 (Effective upon governor's approval), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 470
31	{26B-7-501, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 308, as
	renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 308}
32	{26B-7-505, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 470, as last amended by Laws
	of Utah 2024, Chapter 470}
33	{26B-7-509, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 308, as
	renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 308}
34	{26B-7-511, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 308, as
	renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 308}

	{26B-7-518, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 308, as
	renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 308}
36	{26B-7-521, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 308, as
	renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 308}
37	{59-14-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 199, as last amended by Laws
	of Utah 2022, Chapter 199}
38	{59-14-807, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 470, as last amended by Laws
	of Utah 2024, Chapter 470}
29	59-14-810 [(Effective 07/01/24)-] (Effective upon governor's approval), as enacted by Laws
	of Utah 2024, Chapter 470 [(Effective 07/01/24)] (Effective upon governor's approval), as
	enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 470
31	63I-1-210 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
	Third Special Session, Chapter 5 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by
	Laws of Utah 2024, Third Special Session, Chapter 5
33	63I-1-217 (Effective upon governor's approval) (Superseded 07/01/25), as last amended
	by Laws of Utah 2024, Third Special Session, Chapter 5 (Effective upon governor's
	approval) (Superseded 07/01/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Third Special
	Session, Chapter 5
35	63I-1-217 (Effective 07/01/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Third Special
	Session, Chapter 5 (Effective 07/01/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Third
	Special Session, Chapter 5
37	63I-1-226 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
	Third Special Session, Chapter 5 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by
	Laws of Utah 2024, Third Special Session, Chapter 5
39	63I-1-259 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
	Third Special Session, Chapter 5 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by
	Laws of Utah 2024, Third Special Session, Chapter 5
41	63I-1-276 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
	Third Special Session, Chapter 5 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by
	Laws of Utah 2024, Third Special Session, Chapter 5

	{76-10-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 470, as last amended by Laws
	of Utah 2024, Chapter 470}
40	{76-10-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 302, 347, as last amended by
	<b>Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 302, 347</b> }
41	{76-10-104.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 302, 347, as last amended by
	Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 302, 347}
42	{76-10-105.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 348, as last amended by
	Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 348}
43	{76-10-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 302, 347, as last amended by
	<b>Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 302, 347</b> }
44	{76-10-112, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 302, as last amended by Laws
	of Utah 2020, Chapter 302}
45	{76-10-113, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 470, as last amended by Laws
	of Utah 2024, Chapter 470}
46	{76-10-114, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 12, as
	last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 12}
	ENACTS:
48	{59-14-901, Utah Code Annotated 1953, Utah Code Annotated 1953}
49	{59-14-902, Utah Code Annotated 1953, Utah Code Annotated 1953}
50	{59-14-903, Utah Code Annotated 1953, Utah Code Annotated 1953}
51	{59-14-904, Utah Code Annotated 1953, Utah Code Annotated 1953}
52	{59-14-905, Utah Code Annotated 1953, Utah Code Annotated 1953}
53	{59-14-906, Utah Code Annotated 1953, Utah Code Annotated 1953}
54	{59-14-907, Utah Code Annotated 1953, Utah Code Annotated 1953}
43	Utah Code Sections affected by Coordination Clause:
	REPEALS:
56	{26A-1-131, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 470, as enacted by Laws of Utah
	<del>2024, Chapter 470}</del>
57	{59-14-810, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 470, as enacted by Laws of Utah
	<del>2024, Chapter 470}</del>

- 45 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*
- Section 1. Section **10-8-41.6** is amended to read:
- 47 **10-8-41.6.** (Effective upon governor's approval) Regulation of retail tobacco specialty business.
- 62 (1) As used in this section:
- 63 (a) "Community location" means:
- 64 (i) a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school;
- 65 (ii) a licensed child-care facility or preschool;
- 66 (iii) a trade or technical school;
- 67 (iv) a church;
- 68 (v) a public library;
- 69 (vi) a public playground;
- 70 (vii) a public park;
- 71 (viii) a youth center or other space used primarily for youth oriented activities;
- 72 (ix) a public recreational facility;
- 73 (x) a public arcade; or
- 74 (xi) for a new license issued on or after July 1, 2018, a homeless shelter.
- 75 (b) "Department" means the Department of Health and Human Services created in Section 26B-1-201.
- 77 (c) "Electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 79 (d) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 81 [(d)] (e) "Licensee" means a person licensed under this section to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business.
- 83 [(e)] (f) "Local health department" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26A-1-102.
- 85 [(f)] (g) "Nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 86 [(g)] (h) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means a commercial establishment in which:
- 87 (i) sales of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, and nicotine products account for more than 35% of the total quarterly gross receipts for the establishment;
- 90 (ii) 20% or more of the public retail floor space is allocated to the offer, display, or storage of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products;
- 92 (iii) 20% or more of the total shelf space is allocated to the offer, display, or storage of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products;

- 94 (iv) the commercial establishment:
- 95 (A) holds itself out as a retail tobacco specialty business; and
- 96 (B) causes a reasonable person to believe the commercial establishment is a retail tobacco specialty business; {{or}}
- 98 (v) the retail space features a self-service display for tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products { [.{ }] ; or }
- 100 {(vi) any flavored electronic eigarette product is sold.}
- [(h)] (i) "Self-service display" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-105.1.
- 103 [(i)] (j) "Tobacco product" means:
- 104 (i) a tobacco product as defined in Section 76-10-101; or
- 105 (ii) tobacco paraphernalia as defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 106 (2) The regulation of a retail tobacco specialty business is an exercise of the police powers of the state by the state or by delegation of the state's police powers to other governmental entities.
- 109 (3)
  - (a) A person may not operate a retail tobacco specialty business in a municipality unless the person obtains a license from the municipality in which the retail tobacco specialty business is located.
- 112 (b) A municipality may only issue a retail tobacco specialty business license to a person if the person complies with the provisions of Subsections (4) and (5).
- 114 (4)
  - (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7), a municipality may not issue a license for a person to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business if the retail tobacco specialty business is located within:
- 117 (i) 1,000 feet of a community location;
- (ii) 600 feet of another retail tobacco specialty business; or
- (iii) 600 feet from property used or zoned for:
- 120 (A) agriculture use; or
- 121 (B) residential use.
- (b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the proximity requirements shall be measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the retail tobacco specialty business to the nearest property boundary of a location described in Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (iii), without regard to intervening structures or zoning districts.

- 126 (5) A municipality may not issue or renew a license for a person to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business until the person provides the municipality with proof that the retail tobacco specialty business has:
- 129 (a) a valid permit for a retail tobacco specialty business issued under Title 26B, Chapter 7, Part 5,
  Regulation of Smoking, Tobacco Products, and Nicotine Products, by the local health department having jurisdiction over the area in which the retail tobacco specialty business is located; and
- 133 (b)
  - (i) for a retailer that sells a tobacco product, a valid license issued by the State Tax Commission in accordance with Section 59-14-201 or 59-14-301 to sell a tobacco product; and
- (ii) for a retailer that sells an electronic cigarette product or a nicotine product, a valid license issued by the State Tax Commission in accordance with Section 59-14-803 to sell an electronic cigarette product or a nicotine product.
- 139 (6)
  - (a) Nothing in this section:
- (i) requires a municipality to issue a retail tobacco specialty business license; or
- (ii) prohibits a municipality from adopting more restrictive requirements on a person seeking a license or renewal of a license to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business.
- 144 (b) A municipality may suspend or revoke a retail tobacco specialty business license issued under this section:
- (i) if a licensee engages in a pattern of unlawful activity under Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 16, Pattern of Unlawful Activity Act;
- 148 (ii) if a licensee violates federal law or federal regulations restricting the sale and distribution of tobacco products or electronic cigarette products to protect children and adolescents;
- 151 (iii) upon the recommendation of the department or a local health department under Title 26B, Chapter 7, Part 5, Regulation of Smoking, Tobacco Products, and Nicotine Products; or
- 154 (iv) under any other provision of state law or local ordinance.
- 155 (7)
  - (a) A retail tobacco specialty business is exempt from Subsection (4) if:
- (i) on or before December 31, 2018, the retail tobacco specialty business was issued a license to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business;

- (ii) the retail tobacco specialty business is operating in a municipality in accordance with all applicable laws except for the requirement in Subsection (4); and
- (iii) beginning July 1, 2022, the retail tobacco specialty business is not located within 1,000 feet of a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school.
- 163 (b) A retail tobacco specialty business may maintain an exemption under Subsection (7)(a) if:
- (i) the license described in Subsection (7)(a)(i) is renewed continuously without lapse or permanent revocation;
- (ii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not close for business or otherwise suspend the sale of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products for more than 60 consecutive days;
- 170 (iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business premises or business operation; and
- 172 (iv) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the terms of other applicable laws, including:
- 174 (A) Section 26B-7-503;
- 175 (B) zoning ordinances;
- 176 (C) building codes; and
- 177 (D) the requirements of the license described in Subsection (7)(a)(i).
- (c) A retail tobacco specialty business that does not qualify for an exemption under Subsection (7)(a) is exempt from Subsection (4) if:
- (i) on or before December 31, 2018, the retail tobacco specialty business was issued a general tobacco retailer permit or a retail tobacco specialty business permit under Title 26B, Chapter 7, Part 5, Regulation of Smoking, Tobacco Products, and Nicotine Products, by the local health department having jurisdiction over the area in which the retail tobacco specialty business is located;
- 185 (ii) the retail tobacco specialty business is operating in the municipality in accordance with all applicable laws except for the requirement in Subsection (4); and
- 187 (iii) beginning July 1, 2022, the retail tobacco specialty business is not located within 1,000 feet of a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school.
- 190 (d) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(e), a retail tobacco specialty business may maintain an exemption under Subsection (7)(c) if:

- (i) on or before December 31, 2020, the retail tobacco specialty business receives a retail tobacco specialty business permit from the local health department having jurisdiction over the area in which the retail tobacco specialty business is located;
- (ii) the permit described in Subsection (7)(d)(i) is renewed continuously without lapse or permanent revocation;
- (iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not close for business or otherwise suspend the sale of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products for more than 60 consecutive days;
- 200 (iv) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business premises or business operation as the business existed when the retail tobacco specialty business received a permit under Subsection (7)(d)(i); and
- 203 (v) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the terms of other applicable laws, including:
- 205 (A) Section 26B-7-503;
- 206 (B) zoning ordinances;
- 207 (C) building codes; and
- 208 (D) the requirements of the retail tobacco permit described in Subsection (7)(d)(i).
- 209 (e) A retail tobacco specialty business described in Subsection (7)(a) or (b) that is located within 1,000 feet of a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school before July 1, 2022, is exempt from Subsection (4)(a)(iii)(B) if the retail tobacco specialty business:
- 213 (i) relocates, before July 1, 2022, to a property that is used or zoned for commercial use and located within a group of architecturally unified commercial establishments built on a site that is planned, developed, owned, and managed as an operating unit; and
- 217 (ii) continues to meet the requirements described in Subsection (7)(b) that are not directly related to the relocation described in this Subsection (7)(e).
- 205 (8) Notwithstanding any other provision of law a retail tobacco specialty business may not sell a flavored electronic cigarette product.
- Section 2. Section **17-50-333** is amended to read:
- 208 17-50-333. (Effective upon governor's approval) Regulation of retail tobacco specialty business.
- 221 (1) As used in this section:

- 222 (a) "Community location" means:
- 223 (i) a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school;
- 224 (ii) a licensed child-care facility or preschool;
- 225 (iii) a trade or technical school;
- 226 (iv) a church;
- (v) a public library;
- 228 (vi) a public playground;
- 229 (vii) a public park;
- 230 (viii) a youth center or other space used primarily for youth oriented activities;
- 231 (ix) a public recreational facility;
- 232 (x) a public arcade; or
- 233 (xi) for a new license issued on or after July 1, 2018, a homeless shelter.
- 234 (b) "Department" means the Department of Health and Human Services created in Section 26B-1-201.
- 236 (c) "Electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 238 (d) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- [(d)] (e) "Licensee" means a person licensed under this section to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business.
- [(e)] (f) "Local health department" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26A-1-102.
- 244 [(f)] (g) "Nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- [(g)] (h) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means a commercial establishment in which:
- 246 (i) sales of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, and nicotine products account for more than 35% of the total quarterly gross receipts for the establishment;
- 249 (ii) 20% or more of the public retail floor space is allocated to the offer, display, or storage of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products;
- 251 (iii) 20% or more of the total shelf space is allocated to the offer, display, or storage of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products;
- 253 (iv) the commercial establishment:
- 254 (A) holds itself out as a retail tobacco specialty business; and
- 255 (B) causes a reasonable person to believe the commercial establishment is a retail tobacco specialty business; {{or}}

- (v) the retail space features a self-service display for tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products \{f.\{\frac{1}{1}\}\}; \frac{1}{1}\}
- 259 {(vi) any flavored electronic eigarette product is sold.}
- 260 [(h)] (i) "Self-service display" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-105.1.
- 262 [(i)] (j) "Tobacco product" means:
- 263 (i) the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101; or
- 264 (ii) tobacco paraphernalia as defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 265 (2) The regulation of a retail tobacco specialty business is an exercise of the police powers of the state by the state or by the delegation of the state's police power to other governmental entities.
- 268 (3)
  - (a) A person may not operate a retail tobacco specialty business in a county unless the person obtains a license from the county in which the retail tobacco specialty business is located.
- 271 (b) A county may only issue a retail tobacco specialty business license to a person if the person complies with the provisions of Subsections (4) and (5).
- 273 (4)
  - (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7), a county may not issue a license for a person to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business if the retail tobacco specialty business is located within:
- (i) 1,000 feet of a community location;
- 277 (ii) 600 feet of another retail tobacco specialty business; or
- 278 (iii) 600 feet from property used or zoned for:
- 279 (A) agriculture use; or
- 280 (B) residential use.
- (b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the proximity requirements shall be measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the retail tobacco specialty business to the nearest property boundary of a location described in Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (iii), without regard to intervening structures or zoning districts.
- 285 (5) A county may not issue or renew a license for a person to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business until the person provides the county with proof that the retail tobacco specialty business has:

- (a) a valid permit for a retail tobacco specialty business issued under Title 26B, Chapter 7, Part 5, Regulation of Smoking, Tobacco Products, and Nicotine Products, by the local health department having jurisdiction over the area in which the retail tobacco specialty business is located; and
- 292 (b)
  - (i) for a retailer that sells a tobacco product, a valid license issued by the State Tax Commission in accordance with Section 59-14-201 or 59-14-301 to sell a tobacco product; or
- 295 (ii) for a retailer that sells an electronic cigarette product or a nicotine product, a valid license issued by the State Tax Commission in accordance with Section 59-14-803 to sell an electronic cigarette product or a nicotine product.
- 298 (6)
  - (a) Nothing in this section:
- 299 (i) requires a county to issue a retail tobacco specialty business license; or
- 300 (ii) prohibits a county from adopting more restrictive requirements on a person seeking a license or renewal of a license to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business.
- 303 (b) A county may suspend or revoke a retail tobacco specialty business license issued under this section:
- 305 (i) if a licensee engages in a pattern of unlawful activity under Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 16, Pattern of Unlawful Activity Act;
- (ii) if a licensee violates federal law or federal regulations restricting the sale and distribution of tobacco products or electronic cigarette products to protect children and adolescents;
- 310 (iii) upon the recommendation of the department or a local health department under Title 26B, Chapter 7, Part 5, Regulation of Smoking, Tobacco Products, and Nicotine Products; or
- 313 (iv) under any other provision of state law or local ordinance.
- 314 (7)
  - (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(e), a retail tobacco specialty business is exempt from Subsection (4) if:
- 316 (i) on or before December 31, 2018, the retail tobacco specialty business was issued a license to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business;
- 318 (ii) the retail tobacco specialty business is operating in a county in accordance with all applicable laws except for the requirement in Subsection (4); and

- (iii) beginning July 1, 2022, the retail tobacco specialty business is not located within 1,000 feet of a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school.
- 323 (b) A retail tobacco specialty business may maintain an exemption under Subsection (7)(a) if:
- 325 (i) the license described in Subsection (7)(a)(i) is renewed continuously without lapse or permanent revocation;
- 327 (ii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not close for business or otherwise suspend the sale of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products for more than 60 consecutive days;
- 330 (iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business premises or business operation; and
- 332 (iv) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the terms of other applicable laws, including:
- (A) [Title 26, Chapter 38, Utah Indoor Clean Air Act] Section 26B-7-503;
- 335 (B) zoning ordinances;
- 336 (C) building codes; and
- 337 (D) the requirements of the license described in Subsection (7)(a)(i).
- 338 (c) A retail tobacco specialty business that does not qualify for an exemption under Subsection (7)(a) is exempt from Subsection (4) if:
- (i) on or before December 31, 2018, the retail tobacco specialty business was issued a general tobacco retailer permit or a retail tobacco specialty business permit under [Title 26, Chapter 62, Tobacco, Electronic Cigarette, and Nicotine Product Retail Permit] Title 26B, Chapter 7, Part 5, Regulation of Smoking, Tobacco Products, and Nicotine Products, by the local health department having jurisdiction over the area in which the retail tobacco specialty business is located;
- 346 (ii) the retail tobacco specialty business is operating in the county in accordance with all applicable laws except for the requirement in Subsection (4); and
- 348 (iii) beginning July 1, 2022, the retail tobacco specialty business is not located within 1,000 feet of a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school.
- 351 (d) A retail tobacco specialty business may maintain an exemption under Subsection (7)(c) if:
- 353 (i) on or before December 31, 2020, the retail tobacco specialty business receives a retail tobacco specialty business permit from the local health department having jurisdiction over the area in which the retail tobacco specialty business is located;

- 356 (ii) the permit described in Subsection (7)(d)(i) is renewed continuously without lapse or permanent revocation;
- 358 (iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not close for business or otherwise suspend the sale of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products for more than 60 consecutive days;
- 361 (iv) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business premises or business operation as the business existed when the retail tobacco specialty business received a permit under Subsection (7)(d)(i); and
- 364 (v) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the terms of other applicable laws, including:
- 366 (A) [Title 26, Chapter 38, Utah Indoor Clean Air Act] Section 26B-7-503;
- 367 (B) zoning ordinances;
- 368 (C) building codes; and
- 369 (D) the requirements of the retail tobacco permit described in Subsection (7)(d)(i).
- (e) A retail tobacco specialty business described in Subsection (7)(a) or (b) that is located within 1,000 feet of a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school before July 1, 2022, is exempt from Subsection (4)(a)(iii)(B) if the retail tobacco specialty business:
- 374 (i) relocates, before July 1, 2022, to a property that is used or zoned for commercial use and located within a group of architecturally unified commercial establishments built on a site that is planned, developed, owned, and managed as an operating unit; and
- 378 (ii) continues to meet the requirements described in Subsection (7)(b) that are not directly related to the relocation described in this Subsection (7)(e).
- Notwithstanding any other provision of law a retail tobacco specialty business may not sell a flavored electronic cigarette product.
- Section 3. Section **26A-1-131** is amended to read:
- 371 **26A-1-131.** Electronic cigarette registry enforcement.
- 373 [<del>(1)</del>
  - (a) A local health department may examine the books, papers, and records of a retailer in this state, for the purpose of determining compliance with Section 59-14-810.]
- 376 [(b) A local health department may make the inspections and examinations at any time during ordinary business hours, and may inspect the premises and all desks, safes, vaults, and other fixtures and

- furniture contained in or upon the premises for the purpose of ascertaining whether an electronic cigarette product is held or possessed in violation of Section 59-14-810.]
- [(c) Unannounced follow-up examinations of all retailers are required within 30 days after any violation of Section 59-14-810.]
- 383 [<del>(d)</del>] <u>(1)</u>
  - (a) A local health department may conduct regular inspections of a business that sells an electronic cigarette product as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101, in accordance with the provisions of Section 26B-7-516.
- 386 (b) A local health department shall publish the results of all [examinations] inspections at least annually and shall make the results available to the public on request.
- [(e)] (c) Any electronic cigarette product offered for sale in violation of Section 59-14-810 is declared to be a contraband good and shall be immediately embargoed by a local health department.
- 391 [(f)] (d) An electronic cigarette product described in Subsection [(1)(e)] (1)(c) may be embargoed without a warrant by:
- (i) a local health department; or
- 394 (ii) a law enforcement agency of this state if directed by a local health department with jurisdiction over where the product is found.
- 396 [(g)] (e) The cost of embargoing shall be borne by the retailer.
- [(h)] (f) In an action brought under this section, a local health department may recover reasonable expenses incurred in investigating and preparing the case and attorney fees.
- [(i)] (g) A retailer shall remove any embargoed electronic cigarette product from the retailer's active inventory and work with the wholesaler or distributor to return or dispose the electronic cigarette product.
- 403 (2)
  - (a) A local health department shall disclose to the attorney general any information received under this section which is requested by the attorney general for purposes of determining compliance with and enforcing the provisions of this section or Section 59-14-810.
- 407 (b) A local health department and the attorney general shall share with each other information received under this section and Section 59-14-810 or corresponding laws of other states.
- 410 (c) A local health department shall provide any necessary information to the State Tax Commission regarding violations of Section 59-14-810.

- 412 (3) A monetary penalty assessed to a retailer by a local health department under this section shall be doubled if the retailer fails to provide documentation establishing a clear chain of custody back to the manufacturer.
- 380 {Section 3. Section 26B-7-501 is amended to read: }
- **26B-7-501. Definitions.**

As used in this part:

- 383 (1) "Community location" means the same as that term is defined:
- 384 (a) as it relates to a municipality, in Section 10-8-41.6; and
- 385 (b) as it relates to a county, in Section 17-50-333.
- 386 (2) "Electronic cigarette" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 387 (3) "Electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 389 (4) "Electronic cigarette substance" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 391 (5) "Employee" means an employee of a tobacco retailer.
- 392 (6) "Enforcing agency" means the department, or any local health department enforcing the provisions of this part.
- 394 (7) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 396 [(7)] (8) "General tobacco retailer" means a tobacco retailer that is not a retail tobacco specialty business.
- 398 [(8)] (9) "Local health department" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26A-1-102.
- $\{00\}$  [(9)] (10) "Manufacture" includes:
- 401 (a) to cast, construct, or make electronic cigarettes; or
- 402 (b) to blend, make, process, or prepare an electronic cigarette substance.
- 403 [(10)] (11) "Manufacturer sealed electronic cigarette substance" means an electronic cigarette substance that is sold in a container that:
- 405 (a) is prefilled by the electronic cigarette substance manufacturer; and
- 406 (b) the electronic cigarette manufacturer does not intend for a consumer to open.
- 407 [(11)] (12) "Manufacturer sealed electronic cigarette product" means:
- 408 (a) an electronic cigarette substance or container that the electronic cigarette manufacturer does not intend for a consumer to open or refill; or
- 410 (b) a prefilled electronic cigarette as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 411 [(12)] (13) "Nicotine" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.

- 412 [(13)] (14) "Nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 413 [(14)] (15) "Non-tobacco shisha" means any product that:
- 414 (a) does not contain tobacco or nicotine; and
- (b) is smoked or intended to be smoked in a hookah or water pipe.
- 416 [(15)] (16) "Owner" means a person holding a 20% ownership interest in the business that is required to obtain a permit under this part.
- 418 [(16)] (17) "Permit" means a tobacco retail permit issued under Section 26B-7-507.
- [(17)] (18) "Place of public access" means any enclosed indoor place of business, commerce, banking, financial service, or other service-related activity, whether publicly or privately owned and whether operated for profit or not, to which persons not employed at the place of public access have general and regular access or which the public uses, including:
- 424 (a) buildings, offices, shops, elevators, or restrooms;
- (b) means of transportation or common carrier waiting rooms;
- 426 (c) restaurants, cafes, or cafeterias;
- 427 (d) taverns as defined in Section 32B-1-102, or cabarets;
- 428 (e) shopping malls, retail stores, grocery stores, or arcades;
- 429 (f) libraries, theaters, concert halls, museums, art galleries, planetariums, historical sites, auditoriums, or arenas;
- 431 (g) barber shops, hair salons, or laundromats;
- (h) sports or fitness facilities;
- (i) common areas of nursing homes, hospitals, resorts, hotels, motels, "bed and breakfast" lodging facilities, and other similar lodging facilities, including the lobbies, hallways, elevators, restaurants, cafeterias, other designated dining areas, and restrooms of any of these;
- 437 (j)
  - (i) any child care facility or program subject to licensure or certification under this title, including those operated in private homes, when any child cared for under that license is present; and
- 440 (ii) any child care, other than child care as defined in Section 26B-2-401, that is not subject to licensure or certification under this title, when any child cared for by the provider, other than the child of the provider, is present;
- 443 (k) public or private elementary or secondary school buildings and educational facilities or the property on which those facilities are located;

445 (1) any building owned, rented, leased, or otherwise operated by a social, fraternal, or religious organization when used solely by the organization members or the members' guests or families; 448 (m) any facility rented or leased for private functions from which the general public is excluded and arrangements for the function are under the control of the function sponsor; 451 (n) any workplace that is not a place of public access or a publicly owned building or office but has one or more employees who are not owner-operators of the business; 453 (o) any area where the proprietor or manager of the area has posted a conspicuous sign stating "no smoking", "thank you for not smoking", or similar statement; and 455 (p) a holder of a bar establishment license, as defined in Section 32B-1-102. 456  $[\frac{(18)}{(19)}]$ (a) "Proof of age" means: 457 (i) a valid identification card issued under Title 53, Chapter 3, Part 8, Identification Card Act; 459 (ii) a valid identification that: 460 (A) is substantially similar to an identification card issued under Title 53, Chapter 3, Part 8, Identification Card Act; 462 (B) is issued in accordance with the laws of a state other than Utah in which the identification is issued; 464 (C) includes date of birth; and 465 (D) has a picture affixed; 466 (iii) a valid driver license certificate that is issued under Title 53, Chapter 3, Uniform Driver License Act, or in accordance with the laws of the state in which the valid driver license is issued; (iv) a valid United States military identification card that: 469 470 (A) includes date of birth; and 471 (B) has a picture affixed; or

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(b) "Proof of age" does not include a valid driving privilege card issued in accordance with Section

[(19)] (20) "Publicly owned building or office" means any enclosed indoor place or portion of a place

by appropriation of, or by contracts or grants from, funds derived from the collection of federal,

owned, leased, or rented by any state, county, or municipal government, or by any agency supported

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(v) a valid passport.

state, county, or municipal taxes.

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- 479 [(20)] (21) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means the same as that term is defined:
- 480 (a) as it relates to a municipality, in Section 10-8-41.6; and
- 481 (b) as it relates to a county, in Section 17-50-333.
- 482  $\left[\frac{(21)}{(22)}\right]$  "Shisha" means any product that:
- 483 (a) contains tobacco or nicotine; and
- (b) is smoked or intended to be smoked in a hookah or water pipe.
- 485 [(22)] (23) "Smoking" means:
- 486 (a) the possession of any lighted or heated tobacco product in any form;
- 487 (b) inhaling, exhaling, burning, or carrying any lighted or heated cigar, cigarette, pipe, or hookah that contains:
- 489 (i) tobacco or any plant product intended for inhalation;
- 490 (ii) shisha or non-tobacco shisha;
- 491 (iii) nicotine;
- 492 (iv) a natural or synthetic tobacco substitute; or
- 493 (v) a natural or synthetic flavored tobacco product;
- 494 (c) using an electronic cigarette; or
- (d) using an oral smoking device intended to circumvent the prohibition of smoking in this part.
- 497 [(23)] (24) "Tax commission license" means a license issued by the State Tax Commission under:
- 499 (a) Section 59-14-201 to sell a cigarette at retail;
- 500 (b) Section 59-14-301 to sell a tobacco product at retail; or
- 501 (c) Section 59-14-803 to sell an electronic cigarette product or a nicotine product.
- [(24)] (25) "Tobacco product" means:
- 503 (a) a tobacco product as defined in Section 76-10-101; or
- (b) tobacco paraphernalia as defined in Section 76-10-101.
- [(25)] (26) "Tobacco retailer" means a person that is required to obtain a tax commission license.
- 507 {Section 4. Section 26B-7-505 is amended to read: }
- 26B-7-505. Electronic cigarette products -- Labeling -- Requirements to sell -- Advertising -- Labeling of nicotine products containing nicotine.
- (1) The department shall, in consultation with a local health department and with input from members of the public, establish by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative

Rulemaking Act, the requirements to sell an electronic cigarette substance that is not a manufacturer sealed electronic cigarette substance regarding:

- 514 (a) labeling;
- (b) nicotine content;
- 516 (c) packaging; and
- (d) product quality.
- (2) On or before January 1, 2021, the department shall, in consultation with a local health department and with input from members of the public, establish by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the requirements to sell a manufacturer sealed electronic cigarette product regarding:
- 522 (a) labeling;
- 523 (b) nicotine content;
- 524 (c) packaging; and
- 525 (d) product quality.
- 526 (3)
  - (a) A person may not sell an electronic cigarette substance unless the electronic cigarette substance complies with the requirements established by the department under Subsection (1).
- (b) Beginning on July 1, 2021, a person may not sell a manufacturer sealed electronic cigarette product unless the manufacturer sealed electronic cigarette product complies with the requirements established by the department under Subsection (2).
- [(c) Notwithstanding Subsections (3)(a) and (3)(b), beginning on January 1, 2025, a person may not sell an electronic cigarette product that is not a premarket authorized or pending electronic cigarette product as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.]
- 535 (4)
  - (a) A local health department may not enact a rule or regulation regarding electronic cigarette substance labeling, nicotine content, packaging, or product quality that is not identical to the requirements established by the department under Subsections (1) and (2).
- (b) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), a local health department may enact a rule or regulation regarding electronic cigarette substance manufacturing.
- (c) A local health department may not enact a rule or regulation regarding a manufacturer sealed electronic cigarette product.

543	(5) A person may not advertise an electronic cigarette product as a tobacco cessation device.
544	(6)
	(a) Any nicotine product shall contain the statement described in Subsection (6)(b) if the nicotine
	product:
546	(i)
	(A) is not a tobacco product as defined in 21 U.S.C. Sec. 321 and related federal regulations; or
548	(B) is not otherwise required under federal or state law to contain a nicotine warning; and
550	(ii) contains nicotine.
551	(b) A statement shall appear on the exterior packaging of a nicotine product described in Subsection (6)
	(a) as follows:
553	"This product contains nicotine."
554	{Section 5. Section 26B-7-509 is amended to read: }
555	26B-7-509. Permit term and fees.
556	(1)
	(a) The term of a permit issued to a retail tobacco specialty business is one year.
557	(b) The term of a permit issued to a general tobacco retailer is two years.
558	(2)
	(a) A local health department may not issue a permit until the applicant has paid a permit fee to the
	local health department of:
560	(i) for a general tobacco retailer:
561	[ <del>(i)</del> ] (A) \$30 for a new permit;
562	[(ii)] (B) \$20 for a permit renewal; or
563	[(iii)] (C) \$30 for reinstatement of a permit that has been revoked, suspended, or allowed to expire[-];
	<u>or</u>
565	(ii) for a retail tobacco specialty business, \$3,000.
566	(b) A local health department that collects fees under Subsection (2)(a) shall use the fees to
	administer and enforce the permit requirements described in Sections 26B-7-506 through
	[ <del>26B-7-521</del> ] <u>26B-7-522</u> .
569	(c) In addition to the fee described in Subsection (2)(a), a local health department may establish and
	collect a fee to perform a plan review for a retail tobacco specialty business permit.
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- (d) Payment of the fee described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii) is due after an initial application is approved and when a renewal application is approved.
- 574 (3) A permit holder may apply for a renewal of a permit no earlier than 30 days before the day on which the permit expires.
- 576 (4) A tobacco retailer that fails to renew a permit before the permit expires may apply to reinstate the permit by submitting to the local health department:
- 578 (a) the information required in Subsection 26B-7-508(3) and, if applicable, Subsection 26B-7-508(4);
- (b) the fee for the reinstatement of a permit; and
- (c) a signed affidavit affirming that the tobacco retailer has not violated the prohibitions in Subsection 26B-7-507(1)(b) after the permit expired.
- 583 {Section 6. Section 26B-7-511 is amended to read: }
- 26B-7-511. Permit requirements for a retail tobacco specialty business -- Tobacco handling permit.
- 586 (1) A retail tobacco specialty business shall:
- 587 (a) electronically verify proof of age for any individual that enters the premises of the business in accordance with Section 26B-7-521;
- (b) except as provided in Subsection 76-10-105.1(4), prohibit any individual from entering the business if the individual is under 21 years old; [and]
- (c) prominently display at the retail tobacco specialty business a sign on the public entrance of the business that communicates:
- 593 (i) the prohibition on the presence of an individual under 21 years old in a retail tobacco specialty business in Subsection 76-10-105.1(4); and
- (ii) the prohibition on the sale of tobacco products and electronic cigarette products to an individual under 21 years old as described in Sections 76-10-104, 76-10-104.1, 76-10-105.1, and 76-10-114[-]; and
- 598 (d) implement security standards that include an electronic video monitoring system with:
- (i) at least one 19-inch or greater call-up monitor;
- 601 (ii) a printer, capable of producing a clear still photo from any video camera image;
- 602 (iii) video cameras with a recording resolution of at least 1280 x 720 pixels, or the equivalent for analog, that records continuously during business hours and for one hour before and after business hours, seven days a week, and is motion activated after business hours that provides coverage of:

606 (A) all points of entry; and 607 (B) each point-of-sale; 608 (iv) a method for storing each video recording from the video camera for at least 45 days after the day on which the recording was taken; 610 (v) a surveillance system with: 611 (A) a storage device for locally stored footage secured in the business in a lock box, cabinet, closet, or secured in another manner, to protect from tampering or criminal theft; or 614 (B) a storage system on a remote server which has restricted access to protect from tampering; 616 (vi) a failure notification system that provides an audible or visual notification of an error within the electronic monitoring system; and 618 (vii) a date and time stamp embedded on video camera recordings. 619 (2) A retail tobacco specialty business may not: 620 (a) employ an individual under 21 years old to sell a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product; [-or] 622 (b) permit an employee under 21 years old to sell a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product[.]; or 624 (c) employ an individual that does not have a tobacco handling permit described in Subsection (3). 626 (3) (a) An employee, owner, or operator of a retail tobacco specialty business shall obtain and maintain a tobacco handling permit. 628 (b) The department shall: 629 (i) develop a course to instruct an individual described in Subsection (3)(a) regarding the laws and regulations that a retail tobacco specialty business must follow; (ii) issue a tobacco handling permit to any individual who completes the training; and 631 632 (iii) establish a fee in accordance with Section 63J-1-504 to implement this Subsection (3). (c) A tobacco handling permit expires one year from the day the tobacco handling permit is issued. 634 636 {Section 7. Section 26B-7-518 is amended to read: } 26B-7-518. Penalties. 637 638 (1) (a) If an enforcing agency determines that a person has violated the terms of a permit issued under this part, the enforcing agency may impose the penalties described in this section.

- (b) If multiple violations are found in a single inspection by an enforcing agency or a single investigation by a law enforcement agency under Section 77-39-101, the enforcing agency shall treat the multiple violations as one single violation under Subsections (2), (3), and (4).
- 645 (2) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (4), if a violation is found in an investigation by a law enforcement agency under Section 77-39-101 or an inspection by an enforcing agency, the enforcing agency shall:
- 648 (a) on a first violation at a retail location, impose a penalty of \$1,000;
- (b) on a second violation at the same retail location that occurs within one year of a previous violation, impose a penalty of \$1,500;
- (c) on a third violation at the same retail location that occurs within two years after two previous violations, impose:
- (i) a suspension of the permit for 30 consecutive business days within 60 days after the day on which the third violation occurs; or
- 655 (ii) a penalty of \$2,000; and
- (d) on a fourth or subsequent violation within two years of three previous violations:
- (i) impose a penalty of \$2,000;
- (ii) revoke a permit of the retailer; and
- (iii) if applicable, recommend to a municipality or county that a retail tobacco specialty business license issued under Section 10-8-41.6 or 17-50-333 be suspended or revoked.
- (3) If a violation is found in an investigation of a general tobacco retailer by a law enforcement agency under Section 77-39-101 for the sale of a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product to an individual under 21 years old and the violation is committed by the owner of the general tobacco retailer, the enforcing agency shall:
- (a) on a first violation, impose a fine of \$2,000 on the general tobacco retailer; and
- (b) on the second violation for the same general tobacco retailer within one year of the first violation:
- (i) impose a fine of \$5,000; and
- (ii) revoke the permit for the general tobacco retailer.
- (4) If a violation is found in an investigation of a retail tobacco specialty business by a law enforcement agency under Section 77-39-101 for the sale of a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product to an individual under 21 years old, the enforcing agency shall:
- 676 (a) on the first violation:

- (i) impose a fine of \$5,000; and 677 (ii) immediately suspend the permit for 30 consecutive days; and 678 679 (b) on the second violation at the same retail location within two years of the first violation: (i) impose a fine of \$10,000; and 681 682 (ii) revoke the permit for the retail tobacco specialty business. 683 (5) (a) Except when a transfer described in Subsection (6) occurs, a local health department may not issue a permit to: 685 (i) a tobacco retailer for whom a permit is suspended or revoked under Subsection (2) or (3); or 687 (ii) a tobacco retailer that has the same proprietor, director, corporate officer, partner, or other holder of significant interest as another tobacco retailer for whom a permit is suspended or revoked under Subsection (2), (3), or (4). 690 (b) A person whose permit: 691 (i) is suspended under this section may not apply for a new permit for any other tobacco retailer for a period of 12 months after the day on which an enforcing agency suspends the permit; and 694 (ii) is revoked under this section may not apply for a new permit for any tobacco retailer for a period of 24 months after the day on which an enforcing agency revokes the permit. 697 (6) Violations of this part, Section 10-8-41.6, or Section 17-50-333 that occur at a tobacco retailer location shall stay on the record for that tobacco retailer location unless: 699 (a) the tobacco retailer is transferred to a new proprietor; and 700 (b) the new proprietor provides documentation to the local health department that the new proprietor is acquiring the tobacco retailer in an arm's length transaction from the previous proprietor. (7) If a general tobacco retailer is found to be selling a flavored electronic cigarette product in an 703 inspection by an enforcing agency, the enforcing agency shall: 705 (a) on the first violation: 706 (i) impose a fine of \$5,000; and 707 (ii) immediately suspend the permit for 30 consecutive days; and 708 (b) on the second violation at the same retail location within two years of the first violation: 710 (i) impose a fine of \$10,000; and 711 (ii) revoke the permit for the general tobacco retailer.
- 712 {Section 8. Section 26B-7-521 is amended to read: }

26B-7-521. Verification of proof of age -- Verification of identification. 713 714 (1) As used in this section: 715 (a) "Employee" means an employee of a retail tobacco specialty business. 716 (b) "Electronic verification program" means a technology used by a retail tobacco specialty business to confirm proof of age for an individual. 718 (2) A retail tobacco specialty business shall require that an employee verify proof of age as provided in this section. 720 (3) To comply with Subsection (2), an employee shall: 721 (a) request the individual present proof of age; and 722 (b) verify the validity of the proof of age electronically in accordance with Subsection (4). 723 (4) (a) A retail tobacco specialty business shall use an electronic verification program to assist the business in complying with the requirements of this section. 725 (b) Beginning July 1, 2025, a retail tobacco specialty business shall use an identification verification system. (c) The identification verification system described in Subsection (4)(b) shall analyze and conduct a 727 forensic check of the front and back of a proof of identification for authentic security features to detect a fraudulent proof of identification, which shall include the ability to: 731 (i) read and identify ultraviolet and infrared images, microprint, laser perforation, holograms, and other proof of identification specific security features; 733 (ii) scan and analyze a proof of identification issued from any state or territory within the United States; (iii) scan and read magstripe, 2D barcodes, and machine readable zones on United States passport cards; 735 737 (iv) display easy to read results of the identification analysis and alert staff when a proof of identification appears to be fake or false; 739 (v) detect and alert to an expired or invalid proof of identification; 740 (vi) ability to identify and alert to pass-back or proof of identification sharing; and 741 (vii) to capture a real time image of the individual presenting the proof of identification. 743 (5) (a) A retail tobacco specialty business may not disclose information obtained under this section except as provided under this part.

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(b) Information obtained under this section:

746 (i) shall be kept for at least 180 days; and (ii) is subject to inspection upon request by a peace officer or the representative of an enforcing agency. 747 749 (a) If an employee does not verify proof of age under this section, the employee may not permit an individual to: 751 (i) except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), enter a retail tobacco specialty business; or 752 (ii) purchase a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product. 753 (b) In accordance with Subsection 76-10-105.1(4), an individual who is under 21 years old may be permitted to enter a retail tobacco specialty business if the individual is: 755 (i) accompanied by a parent or legal guardian who provides proof of age; or 756 (ii) (A) present at the retail tobacco specialty business solely for the purpose of providing a commercial service to the retail tobacco specialty business, including making a commercial delivery; 759 (B) monitored by the proprietor of the retail tobacco specialty business or an employee of the retail tobacco specialty business; and 761 (C) not permitted to make any purchase or conduct any commercial transaction other than the service described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A). 763 (7) To determine whether the individual described in Subsection (2) is 21 years old or older, the following may request an individual described in Subsection (2) to present proof of age: 766 (a) an employee; 767 (b) a peace officer; or 768 (c) a representative of an enforcing agency. 769 {Section 9. Section **59-14-102** is amended to read: } 770 **59-14-102.** Definitions. As used in this chapter: 772 (1) "Alternative nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101. 774 (2) "Cigarette" means a roll made wholly or in part of tobacco: 775 (a) regardless of: 776 (i) the size of the roll;

(iii) whether the tobacco is flavored, adulterated, or mixed with any other ingredient; or

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(ii) the shape of the roll;

- 780 (iv) whether the tobacco is heated or burned; and
- (b) if the roll has a wrapper or cover that is made of paper or any other substance or material except tobacco.
- 783 (3) "Cigarette rolling machine" means a device or machine that has the capability to produce at least 150 cigarettes in less than 30 minutes.
- 785 (4) "Cigarette rolling machine operator" means a person who:
- 786 (a)
  - (i) controls, leases, owns, possesses, or otherwise has available for use a cigarette rolling machine; and
- 788 (ii) makes the cigarette rolling machine available for use by another person to produce a cigarette; or
- 790 (b) offers for sale, at retail, a cigarette produced from the cigarette rolling machine.
- 791 (5) "Consumer" means a person that is not required:
- 792 (a) under Section 59-14-201 to obtain a license under Section 59-14-202;
- 793 (b) under Section 59-14-301 to obtain a license under Section 59-14-202; [or]
- 794 (c) to obtain a license under Section 59-14-803[-] ; or
- 795 (d) to obtain a license under Section 59-14-902.
- 796 (6) "Counterfeit cigarette" means:
- 797 (a) a cigarette that has a false manufacturing label; or
- 798 (b) a package of cigarettes bearing a counterfeit tax stamp.
- 799 (7)
  - (a) "Electronic cigarette" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 800 (b) "Electronic cigarette" does not include a cigarette or a tobacco product.
- 801 (8) "Electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 803 (9) "Electronic cigarette substance" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 805 (10) "Importer" means a person that imports into the United States, either directly or indirectly, a finished cigarette for sale or distribution.
- 807 (11) "Indian tribal entity" means a federally recognized Indian tribe, tribal entity, or any other person doing business as a distributor or retailer of cigarettes on tribal lands located in the state.
- 810 (12) "Little cigar" means a roll for smoking that:
- 811 (a) is made wholly or in part of tobacco;
- (b) uses an integrated cellulose acetate filter or other similar filter; and
- 813 (c) is wrapped in a substance:

- 814 (i) containing tobacco; and
- 815 (ii) that is not exclusively natural leaf tobacco.
- 816 (13)
  - (a) Except as provided in Subsection (13)(b), "manufacturer" means a person that:
- (i) manufactures, fabricates, assembles, processes, or labels a finished cigarette; or
- 818 (ii) makes, modifies, mixes, manufactures, fabricates, assembles, processes, labels, repackages, relabels, or imports an electronic cigarette product or a nicotine product.
- (b) "Manufacturer" does not include a cigarette rolling machine operator.
- 822 (14) "Moist snuff" means tobacco that:
- 823 (a) is finely cut, ground, or powdered;
- (b) has at least 45% moisture content, as determined by the commission by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
- 826 (c) is not intended to be:
- 827 (i) smoked; or
- 828 (ii) placed in the nasal cavity; and
- 829 (d) except for single-use pouches of loose tobacco, is not packaged, produced, sold, or distributed in single-use units, including:
- 831 (i) tablets;
- 832 (ii) lozenges;
- 833 (iii) strips;
- 834 (iv) sticks; or
- (v) packages containing multiple single-use units.
- 836 (15) "Nicotine" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 837 (16) "Nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 838 (17) "Nontherapeutic nicotine device" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- (18) "Nontherapeutic nicotine device substance" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 842 (19) "Nontherapeutic nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 844 (20) "Prefilled electronic cigarette" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 846 (21) "Prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.

848 (22) "Retailer" means a person that: 849 (a) sells or distributes a cigarette, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product to a consumer in the state; or (b) intends to sell or distribute a cigarette, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product to a 851 consumer in the state. 853 (23) "Stamp" means the indicia required to be placed on a cigarette package that evidences payment of the tax on cigarettes required by Section 59-14-205. 855 (24)(a) "Tobacco product" means a product made of, or containing, tobacco. 856 (b) "Tobacco product" includes: 857 (i) a cigarette produced from a cigarette rolling machine; 858 (ii) a little cigar; or 859 (iii) moist snuff. 860 (c) "Tobacco product" does not include a cigarette. 861 (25) "Tribal lands" means land held by the United States in trust for a federally recognized Indian tribe. 863 {Section 10. Section 59-14-807 is amended to read: } 864 59-14-807. Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Proceeds Restricted Account. 866 (1) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the "Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Proceeds Restricted Account." 868 (2) The Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Proceeds Restricted Account consists of: 870 (a) revenue collected from the tax imposed by Section 59-14-804; 871 (b) fees and penalties collected under Section 59-14-810; 872 (c) all money received by the attorney general or the Department of Commerce as a result of any judgment, settlement, or compromise of claims pertaining to alleged violations of law related to the manufacture, marketing, distribution, or sale of electronic cigarette products, as defined in Section 76-10-101: 876 (i) if the total amount of the judgment, settlement, or compromise received by the state exceeds \$1,000,000; and 878 (ii) after reimbursement to the attorney general and the Department of Commerce for expenses related to the matters described in Subsection (2)(c); and

880	(d)	amounts appropriated by the Legislature.
881	(3)	
	(a)	For each fiscal year and subject to appropriation by the Legislature, the Division of Finance shall
		distribute from the Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Proceeds Restricted
		Account:
884		(i) \$2,000,000, which shall be allocated to the local health departments by the Department of Health
		and Human Services using the formula created in accordance with Section 26A-1-116;
887		(ii) \$2,000,000 to the Department of Health and Human Services for statewide cessation programs and prevention education;
889		(iii) \$1,180,000 to the Department of Public Safety for law enforcement officers aimed at disrupting
		organizations and networks that provide tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, nicoting
		products, and other illegal controlled substances to minors;
893		(iv) \$3,000,000, which shall be allocated to the local health departments by the Department of
		Health and Human Services using the formula created in accordance with Section 26A-1-116;
896		(v) \$5,084,200 to the State Board of Education for school-based prevention programs; and
898		(vi) \$2,000,000 to the Department of Health and Human Services for alcohol, tobacco, and other
		drug prevention, reduction, cessation, and control programs that promote unified messages and
		make use of media outlets, including radio, newspaper, billboards, and television[; and] .
902		[(vii) of the money deposited under Section 59-14-810:]
903	[ <del>(</del> A	) to the commission, in an amount equal to the amount necessary to create and maintain the registry
		described in Section 59-14-810;]
905	[ <del>(</del> B	) to the Department of Health and Human Services, in an amount necessary for completing duties
		described in Section 59-14-810; and]
907	[ <del>(C</del>	) to the Department of Health and Human Services, the remainder to be divided among the
		local health departments for inspection and enforcement described in Sections 26A-1-131 and
		<del>59-14-810.</del> ]
910	(b)	If the amount in the Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Proceeds Restricted
		Account is insufficient to cover the distributions described in Subsection (3)(a), the distribution
		amounts shall be adjusted proportionately.
913	(4)	

(a) The local health departments shall use the money received in accordance with Subsection (3)(a) for enforcing: 915 (i) the regulation provisions described in Section 26B-7-505; 916 (ii) the labeling requirement described in Section 26B-7-505; and 917 (iii) the penalty provisions described in Section 26B-7-518. (b) The Department of Health and Human Services shall use the money received in accordance with 918 Subsection (3)(a)(ii) for the Youth Electronic Cigarette, Marijuana, and Other Drug Prevention Program created in Section 26B-1-428. 921 (c) The local health departments shall use the money received in accordance with Subsection (3)(a)(iv) to issue grants under the Electronic Cigarette, Marijuana, and Other Drug Prevention Grant Program created in Section 26A-1-129. 924 (d) The State Board of Education shall use the money received in accordance with Subsection (3)(a)(v) to distribute to local education agencies to pay for: 926 (i) (A) stipends for positive behaviors specialists as described in Subsection 53G-10-407(4)(a)(i); 928 (B) the cost of administering the positive behaviors plan as described in Subsection 53G-10-407(4)(a) (ii); and 930 (C) the cost of implementing an Underage Drinking and Substance Abuse Prevention Program in grade 4 or 5, as described in Subsection 53G-10-406(3)(b); or 933 (ii) a comprehensive prevention plan, as that term is defined in Section 53F-2-525. 934 (5) (a) The fund shall earn interest. 935 (b) All interest earned on fund money shall be deposited into the fund. 936 (6) Subject to legislative appropriations, funds remaining in the Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Proceeds Restricted Account after the distribution described in Subsection (3) may only be used for: 939 (a) funding commission personnel to enforce compliance with the tax collection requirements of this part; and 941 (b) programs and activities related to the prevention and cessation of electronic cigarette, nicotine products, marijuana, and other drug use.

Section 4. Section **59-14-810** is amended to read:

416		59-14-810. Electronic cigarette product registry.
418	(1)	Beginning on August 1, 2024, every manufacturer of an electronic cigarette product that is sold in
		this state, whether directly or through a distributor, wholesaler, retailer, or similar intermediary or
		intermediaries, shall certify under penalty of perjury on a form and in the manner prescribed by the
		commission, that:
422	(a)	the manufacturer agrees to comply with this section; and
423	(b)	the electronic cigarette product is a premarket authorized or pending electronic cigarette product as
		defined in Section 76-10-101 and will not be illegal to be sold in the state as of January 1, 2025.
426	(2)	When submitting the certification a manufacturer shall submit a form that separately lists each
		electronic cigarette product that is sold in this state.
428	(3)	
	(a)	Each certification form shall include:
429		(i) the name of the electronic cigarette product, nicotine content level by percentage, and any
		flavors contained in the product;
431		(ii)
	(A)	a copy of the order granting a premarket tobacco product application of the electronic cigarette
		product by the United States Food and Drug Administration under 21 U.S.C. Sec. 387j(c)(1)(A)(i);
		or
434	(B)	evidence that the premarket tobacco product application for the electronic cigarette product
		or nicotine product was submitted to the United States Food and Drug Administration before
		September 9, 2020, and a final authorization or order has not yet taken effect;
438		(iii) a nonrefundable \$1,000 fee for an electronic cigarette product that is being added to the registry
		in the first instance; and
440		(iv) information described in Subsection (10) if applicable.
441	(b)	The commission shall make the materials submitted under Subsection (3)(a) available to the
		Department of Health and Human Services for review and approval.
443	(c)	A manufacturer required to submit a certification form under this section shall notify the
		commission and the Department of Health and Human Services in a manner prescribed by the
		commission within 30 days of any material change making the certification form no longer accurate,
		including:
447		

- (i) the issuance or denial of a marketing authorization or other order by the United States Food and Drug Administration under 21 U.S.C. Sec. 387j; or
- 449 (ii) any other order or action by the United States Food and Drug Administration or any court that affects the ability of the electronic cigarette product to be introduced or delivered into interstate commerce for commercial distribution in the United States.
- (d) On or before January 31 of each year and in a manner prescribed by the commission, a manufacturer shall:
- 455 (i) recertify that the information contained in the certification is correct and accurate;
- 456 (ii) correct or amend information if necessary; and
- 457 (iii) pay a \$250 nonrefundable fee for each electronic cigarette product on the registry that is manufactured by the manufacturer.
- (e) A manufacturer may amend a certification, including to add additional electronic cigarette products to the registry, if all requirements of this section are met.
- 461 (f) The commission shall:
- 462 (i) provide an electronic notification to a manufacturer that has not submitted a recertification under Subsection (3)(d); and
- 464 (ii) remove a manufacturer or an electronic cigarette product that is not recertified from the registry by March 15.
- 466 (4)
  - (a) The Department of Health and Human Services shall review materials described in Subsection (3)(a) and notify the commission regarding whether an electronic cigarette product should be included in the registry.
- (b) On or before October 1, 2024, the commission shall make publicly available on the commission's website a registry that lists each electronic cigarette product manufacturer and each electronic cigarette product for which certification forms have been approved by the Department of Health and Human Services.
- 473 (c) An electronic cigarette product may not be listed on the registry unless the Department of Health and Human Services determines the requirements of Subsection (3)(a) are met.
- 476 (5)
  - (a) If the Department of Health and Human Services obtains information that an electronic cigarette product should not be listed in the registry, the Department of Health and Human Services shall

provide the manufacturer notice and an opportunity to cure deficiencies before notifying the commission to remove the manufacturer or products from the registry. 481 (b) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), the Department of Health and Human Services shall comply with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, before notifying the commission to remove an electronic cigarette product or manufacturer from the registry. 485 (c) Subsection (5)(b) does not apply to a manufacturer failing: 486 (i) to decertify an electronic cigarette product; (ii) to provide fees and documentation described in Subsection (3)(a) or (3)(d); or 487 488 (iii) to comply with Subsection (10). 489 (6) (a) If a product is removed from the registry, each retailer, distributor, and wholesaler shall have 30 days from the day on which the product is removed from the registry to remove the product from any inventory and return the product to the manufacturer for disposal. 493 (b) After the period described in Subsection (6)(a), any electronic cigarette product of a manufacturer identified in the notice of removal are contraband and are subject to penalties under Subsection (8)[ and seizure, forfeiture, and destruction under Section 26A-1-131]. 497 (7)(a) Beginning on January 1, 2025, a person may not sell or offer for retail sale an electronic cigarette product in this state that is not included in the registry. 499 (b) A manufacturer may not sell, either directly or through a distributor, wholesaler, retailer, or similar intermediary or intermediaries, an electronic cigarette product in this state that is not included in the registry. 502 (8) (a) A wholesaler, distributor, or retailer who sells or offers for retail sale an electronic cigarette product in this state that is not included in the registry shall be subject to a civil penalty of: 505 (i) \$1,000 for each product offered for sale in violation of this section; and 506 (ii) \$100 per day until the offending product is removed from the market or until the offending product is properly listed on the registry.

(i) for a second violation within a 12-month period, at least 14 days;

(b) The commission shall suspend the person's license issued under Section 59-14-803 for a violation of

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Subsection (8)(a) as follows:

511	(ii) for a third violation within a 12-month period, at least 60 days; or
512	(iii) for a fourth violation within a 12-month period, at least one year.
513	(c) A manufacturer whose electronic cigarette products are not listed in the registry and are sold in
	this state, whether directly or through a distributor, wholesaler, retailer, or similar intermediary or
	intermediaries, is subject to a civil penalty of:
516	(i) \$1,000 for each product offered for retail sale in violation of this section; and
517	(ii) \$100 per day until the offending product is removed from the market or until the offending product
	is properly listed on the registry.
519	(d) A manufacturer that falsely represents any information required by a certification form described in
	this section shall be guilty of a class C misdemeanor for each false representation.
522	(e) A repeated violation of this section shall constitute a deceptive act or practice as provided in
	Sections 13-11-4 and 13-11a-3 and shall be subject to any remedies or penalties available for a
	violation of those sections.
525	(9)
	(a) To assist in ensuring compliance and enforcement of this section and Section 26A-1-131, the
	commission shall disclose to the following entities, upon request, any information obtained under
	this section:
528	(i) the Department of Health and Human Services;
529	(ii) a local health department; or
530	(iii) the attorney general.
531	(b) The commission and attorney general shall share with each other information received under this
	section, or corresponding laws of other states.
533	(10)
	(a)
	[(i)] The commission may not list a nonresident manufacturer of an electronic cigarette product in
	the registry unless:
535	[(A)] (i) the nonresident manufacturer has registered to do business in the state as a foreign
	corporation or business entity; or
537	[(B)] (ii) the nonresident manufacturer appoints and maintains without interruption the services
	of an agent in this state to receive any service of process on behalf of the manufacturer.
540	

	(b) The nonresident manufacturer shall provide the name, address, and telephone number of the agent to
	the commission.
542	(c)
	(i) A nonresident manufacturer shall provide notice to the commission 30 days before the termination
	of the authority of an agent and shall further provide proof to the satisfaction of the commission of
	the appointment of a new agent no less than five calendar days prior to the termination of an existing
	agent appointment.
546	(ii) In the event an agent terminates an agency appointment, the manufacturer shall notify the
	commission of the termination within five calendar days and shall include proof to the satisfaction
	of the commission of the appointment of a new agent.
550	(11) Before May 31 of each year, the commission and the Department of Health and Human Services
	shall provide a report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee and the Health and Human
	Services Interim Committee regarding:
553	(a) the status of the registry;
554	(b) manufacturers and products included in the registry;
555	(c) revenue and expenditures related to administration of this section; and
556	(d) enforcement activities undertaken under this section and Section 26A-1-131.
557	(12) All fees and penalties collected under this section shall be used for administration and enforcement
	of this section and Section 26A-1-131.
559	(13) The commission, in consultation with the Department of Health and Human Services, may make
	rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to implement
	this section.
943	Section 11. Section 11 is enacted to read:
944	Part 9. Flavored Electronic Cigarette Tax
945	59-14-901. Definitions.
943	
047	As used in this part:  (1) "Flavored electronic electro
947	(1) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
949	(2) "Licensee" means a person that holds a license to sell a flavored electronic cigarette product under
0.51	this part.
951	(3) "Retail price" means the amount charged by a retailer for a flavored electronic cigarette product.

Section 12. Section 12 is enacted to read:

953

954		59-14-902. License to sell flavored electronic cigarette product.
955	(1)	A person may not sell or offer to sell a flavored electronic cigarette product in this state without
		<u>first:</u>
957	<u>(a)</u>	obtaining a license from the commission under this section to sell a flavored electronic cigarette
		product; and
959	(b)	complying with any bonding requirement described in Subsection (5).
960	(2)	A license described in this section is required in addition to any other license required by law.
962	(3)	The commission shall issue a license to sell a flavored electronic cigarette product to a person that
		submits an application, on a form created by the commission, that includes:
964	(a)	the person's name;
965	(b)	the address of the facility where the person will sell a flavored cigarette product; and
966	(c)	any other information the commission requires to implement this part.
967	<u>(4)</u>	A license described in Subsection (3) is:
968	<u>(a)</u>	valid only at one fixed business address;
969	(b)	valid for three years;
970	<u>(c)</u>	valid only for a physical location; and
971	<u>(d)</u>	renewable if a licensee meets the criteria for licensing described in Subsection (3).
972	<u>(5)</u>	
	(a)	The commission shall require a retailer that is responsible under this part for the collection of tax on
		a flavored electronic cigarette product to post a bond.
974	(b)	The retailer may post the bond required by Subsection (5)(a) in combination with any bond required
		by Section 59-14-201, 59-14-301, or 59-14-803.
976	<u>(c)</u>	Subject to Subsection (5)(d), the commission shall determine the form and amount of the bond.
978	<u>(d)</u>	The minimum amount of the bond shall be \$500.
979	<u>(e)</u>	If a bond is posted in combination with another bond under (5)(b), the total amount of the bond shall
		be equal to the sum total of \$500 plus the amount required by the other provision of law.
982	(6)	The commission may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
		Rulemaking Act, to establish the additional information described in Subsection (3)(c) that a person
		shall provide in the application described in Subsection (3).
986	(7)	It is a class B misdemeanor for a person to violate Subsection (1).
987	(8)	The commission may not charge a fee for a license under this section.

988	Section 13. Section 13 is enacted to read:
989	59-14-903. Publication of licensed distributors Retailer transaction only with licensed
	distributor Penalty.
991	<u>(1)</u>
	(a) The commission shall maintain a list that includes the identity of each person licensed under this
	part to sell a flavored electronic cigarette product.
993	(b) The list shall be:
994	(i) published on the commission website; and
995	(ii) updated by the commission at least once per quarter.
996	(2) A distributor may sell a flavored electronic cigarette product only to a licensed retailer identified on
	the list described in Subsection (1).
998	<u>(3)</u>
	(a) The commission may impose a penalty against a distributor that sells a flavored electronic cigarette
	product from a person other than a licensed retailer.
1000	(b) The penalty is \$10,000 for each sale.
1001	Section 14. Section 14 is enacted to read:
1002	59-14-904. Taxation of flavored electronic cigarette products.
1003	(1) Beginning on July 1, 2025, a tax is imposed on a flavored electronic cigarette product.
1004	<u>(2)</u>
	(a) The amount of tax imposed under Subsection (1) is .025 multiplied by the retail price of each
	product sold.
1006	(b) A tax described in this section is in addition to any other tax required by law on an electronic
	cigarette product.
1008	(3) If a product is sold in the same package as a product that is taxed under Subsection (1), the tax
	described in Subsection (2) shall apply to the retail price of the entire packaged product.
1011	(4) A retailer, consumer, or user shall pay the tax levied under Subsection (1) at the point of sale.
1013	<u>(5)</u>
	(a) The retailer shall remit the taxes collected in accordance with this section to the commission.
1015	(b) The commission shall deposit revenues generated by the tax imposed by this section into the
	Flavored Electronic Cigarette Product Proceeds Restricted Account created in Section 59-14-906.
1018	Section 15. Section <b>15</b> is enacted to read:

1019	59-14-905. Remittance of tax Returns Invoice required Filing requirement
	Exception Penalty Overpayment.
1021	(1)
	(a) The retailer that collects the tax imposed on a flavored electronic cigarette product shall remit to the
	commission, in an electronic format approved by the commission:
1023	(i) the tax collected in the previous calendar quarter; and
1024	(ii) the quarterly tax return.
1025	(b) The tax collected and the return are due on or before the last day of April, July, October, and
	January.
1027	(2)
	(a) A consumer that purchases an untaxed flavored electronic cigarette product for use or other
	consumption shall:
1029	(i) file with the commission, on forms prescribed by the commission, a statement showing the
	quantity and description of the item subject to tax under this part; and
1031	(ii) pay the tax imposed by this part on that item.
1032	(b) The consumer shall file the statement described in Subsection (2)(a) and pay the tax due on or
	before the last day of the month immediately following the month during which the consumer
	purchased an untaxed flavored electronic cigarette product.
1035	(c) A consumer shall maintain records necessary to determine the amount of tax the consumer is liable
	to pay under this part for a period of three years following the date on which the statement required
	by this section was filed.
1038	(3) A tourist who imports an untaxed flavored electronic cigarette product into the state does not need to
	file the statement described in Subsection (2) or pay the tax if the item is for the tourist's own use or
	consumption while in this state.
1041	(4) In addition to the tax required by this part, a person shall pay a penalty as provided in Section
	59-1-401, plus interest at the rate and in the manner prescribed in Section 59-1-402, if a person
	subject to this section fails to:
1044	(a) pay the tax prescribed by this part;
1045	(b) pay the tax on time; or
1046	(c) file a return required by this part.
1047	

	<u>(5)</u>	An overpayment of a tax imposed by this part shall accrue interest at the rate and in the manner
		prescribed in Section 59-1-402.
1049		Section 16. Section 16 is enacted to read:
1050		59-14-906. Flavored Electronic Cigarette Product Proceeds Restricted Account.
1051	<u>(1)</u>	There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the "Flavored Electronic
		Cigarette Product Proceeds Restricted Account."
1053	<u>(2)</u>	The account consists of revenue collected by the tax imposed in Section 59-14-904.
1054	<u>(3)</u>	Subject to Subsection (5), for each fiscal year and subject to appropriation by the Legislature, the
		Division of Finance shall distribute:
1056	<u>(a)</u>	80% of the amount in the account to the Department of Health and Human Services to be used as
		follows:
1058	<u>(i)</u>	50% of the amount transfered to the Department of Health and Human Services, for tobacco and
		nicotine prevention programs and for enforcement of state law related to electronic cigarette
		products by the Department of Health and Human Services and each local health department; and
1062	<u>(ii)</u>	50% of the amount transfered to the Department of Health and Human Services, for cancer research
		conducted by one or more cancer research organizations as determined by the Department of Health
		and Human Services; and
1065	<u>(b)</u>	20% of the amount in the account to the State Board of Education to pay for the school lunch
		program described in Section 53E-3-510.
1067	<u>(4)</u>	
	<u>(a)</u>	The fund shall earn interest.
1068	<u>(b)</u>	Interest earned on fund money shall be deposited into the fund.
1069	<u>(5)</u>	Subject to legislative appropriations, before any amount of money is distributed under Subsection
		(3), the Division of Finance shall distribute an amount to the commission to enforce compliance
		with the tax collection requirements of this part.
1072		Section 17. Section 17 is enacted to read:
1073		59-14-907. Reports of illegal product.
		If the commission suspects that a flavored electronic cigarette product is being sold in
		violation of a law other than a law described in this part, the commission shall report the name
		of the seller, the type of product, and the county where the product was sold:
1077	(1)	to the local health department for the county where the sale occurs;

1078	(2) to the Department of Health and Human Services; and
1079	(3) to the Department of Public Safety.
562	Section 5. Section 63I-1-210 is amended to read:
563	63I-1-210. Repeal dates: Title 10.
564	(1) Subsection 10-1-104(5)(c), regarding a preliminary municipality, is repealed January 1, 2031.
566	(2) Subsection 10-2a-201.5(1)(b), regarding a preliminary municipality, is repealed January 1, 2031.
568	(3) Subsection 10-2a-202(5), regarding a feasibility request, is repealed January 1, 2031.
569	(4) Title 10, Chapter 2a, Part 5, Incorporation of a Preliminary Municipality, is repealed January 1,
	2031.
571	(5) Subsection 10-8-41.6(8), regarding the prohibition on flavored electronic cigarette product sales, is
	repealed July 1, 2030.
573	Section 6. Section 63I-1-217 is amended to read:
574	63I-1-217. Repeal dates: Titles 17 through 17D.
576	(1) Section 17-41-102, Study of critical infrastructure materials operations and related mining, is
	repealed July 1, 2026.
578	(2) Subsection 17-50-333(8), regarding the prohibition on flavored electronic cigarette product sales, is
	repealed July 1, 2030.
580	Section 7. Section 63I-1-217 is amended to read:
581	63I-1-217. Repeal dates: Titles 17 through 17D.
582	(1) Section 17-18a-203.5, District attorney data collection Report, is repealed July 1, 2029.
584	(2) Section 17-41-102, Study of critical infrastructure materials operations and related mining, is
	repealed July 1, 2026.
586	(3) Subsection 17-50-333(8), regarding the prohibition on flavored electronic cigarette product sales, is
	repealed July 1, 2030.
588	Section 8. Section 63I-1-226 is amended to read:
589	63I-1-226. Repeal dates: Titles 26 through 26B.
591	(1) Section 26A-1-131, Electronic cigarette registry enforcement, is repealed July 1, 2030.
592	(2) Subsection 26B-1-204(2)(h), regarding the Primary Care Grant Committee, is repealed July 1, 2025.
594	[(2)] (3) Section 26B-1-315, Medicaid ACA Fund, is repealed July 1, 2034.
595	[(3)] (4) Section 26B-1-318, Brain and Spinal Cord Injury Fund, is repealed July 1, 2029.

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- [(4)] (5) Section 26B-1-402, Rare Disease Advisory Council Grant Program -- Creation -- Reporting, is repealed July 1, 2026.
- 598 [(5)] (6) Section 26B-1-409, Utah Digital Health Service Commission -- Creation -- Membership -- Duties, is repealed July 1, 2025.
- 600 [(6)] (7) Section 26B-1-410, Primary Care Grant Committee, is repealed July 1, 2025.
- [(7)] (8) Section 26B-1-416, Utah Children's Health Insurance Program Advisory Council, is repealed July 1, 2025.
- [(8)] (9) Section 26B-1-417, Brain and Spinal Cord Injury Advisory Committee -- Membership -- Duties, is repealed July 1, 2029.
- 605 [(9)] (10) Section 26B-1-422, Early Childhood Utah Advisory Council -- Creation -- Compensation -- Duties, is repealed July 1, 2029.
- [(10)] (11) Section 26B-1-425, Utah Health Workforce Advisory Council -- Creation and membership, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 609 [(11)] (12) Section 26B-1-428, Youth Electronic Cigarette, Marijuana, and Other Drug Prevention Committee and Program -- Creation -- Membership -- Duties, is repealed July 1, 2025.
- [(12)] (13) Section 26B-1-430, Coordinating Council for Persons with Disabilities -- Policy regarding services to individuals with disabilities -- Creation -- Membership -- Expenses, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 615 [(13)] (14) Section 26B-1-432, Newborn Hearing Screening Committee, is repealed July 1, 2026.
- 617 [(14)] (15) Section 26B-2-407, Drinking water quality in child care centers, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- [(15)] (16) Subsection 26B-3-107(9), regarding reimbursement for dental hygienists, is repealed July 1, 2028.
- [(16)] (17) Section 26B-3-136, Children's Health Care Coverage Program, is repealed July 1, 2025.
- [(17)] (18) Section 26B-3-137, Reimbursement for diabetes prevention program, is repealed June 30, 2027.
- [(18)] (19) Subsection 26B-3-213(2)(b), regarding consultation with the Behavioral Health Crisis Response Committee, is repealed December 31, 2026.
- [(19)] (20) Section 26B-3-302, DUR Board -- Creation and membership -- Expenses, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 629 [(20)] (21) Section 26B-3-303, DUR Board -- Responsibilities, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 630 [(21)] (22) Section 26B-3-304, Confidentiality of records, is repealed July 1, 2027.

- [(22)] (23) Section 26B-3-305, Drug prior approval program, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 632 [(23)] (24) Section 26B-3-306, Advisory committees, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- [(24)] (25) Section 26B-3-307, Retrospective and prospective DUR, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 634 [(25)] (26) Section 26B-3-308, Penalties, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 635 [(26)] (27) Section 26B-3-309, Immunity, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 636 [(27)] (28) Title 26B, Chapter 3, Part 5, Inpatient Hospital Assessment, is repealed July 1, 2034.
- [(28)] (29) Title 26B, Chapter 3, Part 6, Medicaid Expansion Hospital Assessment, is repealed July 1, 2034.
- [(29)] (30) Title 26B, Chapter 3, Part 7, Hospital Provider Assessment, is repealed July 1, 2028.
- [(30)] (31) Section 26B-3-910, Alternative eligibility -- Report -- Alternative Eligibility Expendable Revenue Fund, is repealed July 1, 2028.
- [(31)] (32) Section 26B-4-710, Rural residency training program, is repealed July 1, 2025.
- [(32)] (33) Subsection 26B-5-112(1)(b), regarding consultation with the Behavioral Health Crisis Response Committee, is repealed December 31, 2026.
- [(33)] (34) Subsection 26B-5-112(5)(b), regarding consultation with the Behavioral Health Crisis Response Committee, is repealed December 31, 2026.
- 649 [(34)] (35) Section 26B-5-112.5, Mobile Crisis Outreach Team Grant Program, is repealed December 31, 2026.
- [(35)] (36) Section 26B-5-114, Behavioral Health Receiving Center Grant Program, is repealed December 31, 2026.
- [(36)] (37) Section 26B-5-118, Collaborative care grant program, is repealed December 31, 2024.
- [(37)] (38) Section 26B-5-120, Virtual crisis outreach team grant program, is repealed December 31, 2026.
- [(38)] (39) Subsection 26B-5-609(1)(a), regarding the Behavioral Health Crisis Response Committee, is repealed December 31, 2026.
- [(39)] (40) Subsection 26B-5-609(3)(b), regarding the Behavioral Health Crisis Response Committee, is repealed December 31, 2026.
- [(40)] (41) Subsection 26B-5-610(1)(b), regarding the Behavioral Health Crisis Response Committee, is repealed December 31, 2026.
- [(41)] (42) Subsection 26B-5-610(2)(b)(ii), regarding the Behavioral Health Crisis Response Committee, is repealed December 31, 2026.

- 665 [(42)] (43) Section 26B-5-612, Integrated behavioral health care grant programs, is repealed December 31, 2025.
- 667 [(43)] (44) Title 26B, Chapter 5, Part 7, Utah Behavioral Health Commission, is repealed July 1, 2029.
- [(44)] (45) Subsection 26B-5-704(2)(a), regarding the Behavioral Health Crisis Response Committee, is repealed December 31, 2026.
- [(45)] (46) Subsection 26B-5-704(2)(b), regarding the Education and Mental Health Coordinating Committee, is repealed December 31, 2024.
- [(46)] (47) Title 26B, Chapter 5, Part 8, Utah Substance Use and Mental Health Advisory Committee, is repealed January 1, 2033.
- 675 [(47)] (48) Section 26B-7-119, Hepatitis C Outreach Pilot Program, is repealed July 1, 2028.
- [(48)] (49) Section 26B-7-122, Communication Habits to reduce Adolescent Threats Pilot Program, is repealed July 1, 2029.
- 678 [(49)] (50) Section 26B-7-123, Report on CHAT campaign, is repealed July 1, 2029.
- 679 (51) Subsection 26B-7-505(3)(c), regarding the sale of a premarket authorized or pending electronic cigarette product, is repealed July 1, 2030.
- [(50)] (52) Title 26B, Chapter 8, Part 5, Utah Health Data Authority, is repealed July 1, 2026.
- Section 9. Section **63I-1-259** is amended to read:
- 684 **63I-1-259. Repeal dates: Title 59.**
- (1) Subsection 59-1-403(4)(aa), regarding a requirement for the State Tax Commission to inform the Department of Workforce Services whether an individual claimed a federal earned income tax credit, is repealed July 1, 2029.
- 688 (2) Section 59-7-618.1, Tax credit related to alternative fuel heavy duty vehicles, is repealed July 1, 2029.
- 690 (3) Section 59-9-102.5, Offset for occupational health and safety related donations, is repealed December 31, 2030.
- 692 (4) Section 59-10-1033.1, Tax credit related to alternative fuel heavy duty vehicles, is repealed July 1, 2029.
- 694 (5) Subsection 59-14-807(3)(a)(vii), regarding the distribution of fees from Section 59-14-810, is repealed July 1, 2030.
- 696 (6) Section 59-14-810, Electronic cigarette product registry, is repealed July 1, 2030.
- Section 10. Section **63I-1-276** is amended to read:

698	63I-1-276. Repeal dates: Title 76.
699	(1) Subsection 76-7-313(6), regarding a report provided by the Department of Health and Human
	Services, is repealed July 1, 2027.
701	(2) Subsection 76-10-101(16), regarding the definition of premarket authorized or pending electronic
	cigarette product, is repealed July 1, 2030.
703	(3) Subsection 76-10-113(2), regarding the illegal sale of a flavored electronic cigarette product, is
	repealed July 1, 2030.
705	(4) Subsection 76-10-113(3), regarding the illegal sale of a premarket authorized or pending electronic
	cigarette product, is repealed July 1, 2030.
707	[(2)] (5) Section 76-10-526.1, Information check before private sale of firearm, is repealed July 1, 2025
1080	{Section 18. Section 76-10-101 is amended to read: }
1081	76-10-101. Definitions.
	As used in this part:
1083	(1)
	(a) "Alternative nicotine product" means a product, other than a cigarette, a counterfeit cigarette, an
	electronic cigarette product, a nontherapeutic nicotine product, or a tobacco product, that:
1086	(i) contains nicotine;
1087	(ii) is intended for human consumption;
1088	(iii) is not purchased with a prescription from a licensed physician; and
1089	(iv) is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration as nicotine replacement
	therapy.
1091	(b) "Alternative nicotine product" includes:
1092	(i) pure nicotine;
1093	(ii) snortable nicotine;
1094	(iii) dissolvable salts, orbs, pellets, sticks, or strips; and
1095	(iv) nicotine-laced food and beverage.
1096	(c) "Alternative nicotine product" does not include a fruit, a vegetable, or a tea that contains naturally
	occurring nicotine.
1098	(2) "Cigar" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be burned under ordinary conditions
	of use, and consists of any roll of tobacco wrapped in leaf tobacco, or in any substance containing
	tobacco, other than any roll of tobacco that is a cigarette.

1101 (3) "Cigarette" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be heated or burned under ordinary conditions of use, and consists of: 1103 (a) any roll of tobacco wrapped in paper or in any substance not containing tobacco; or 1104 (b) any roll of tobacco wrapped in any substance containing tobacco which, because of its appearance, the type of tobacco used in the filler, or its packaging and labeling, is likely to be offered to, or purchased by, consumers as a cigarette described in Subsection (3)(a). 1108 (4) (a) "Electronic cigarette" means: 1109 (i) any electronic oral device: 1110 (A) that provides an aerosol or a vapor of nicotine or other substance; and 1111 (B) which simulates smoking through the use or inhalation of the device; 1112 (ii) a component of the device described in Subsection (4)(a)(i); or 1113 (iii) an accessory sold in the same package as the device described in Subsection (4)(a)(i). 1115 (b) "Electronic cigarette" includes an oral device that is: 1116 (i) composed of a heating element, battery, or electronic circuit; and 1117 (ii) marketed, manufactured, distributed, or sold as: 1118 (A) an e-cigarette; 1119 (B) an e-cigar; 1120 (C) an e-pipe; or 1121 (D) any other product name or descriptor, if the function of the product meets the definition of Subsection (4)(a). 1123 (c) "Electronic cigarette" does not mean a medical cannabis device, as that term is defined in Section 26B-4-201. (5) "Electronic cigarette product" means an electronic cigarette, an electronic cigarette substance, or a 1125 prefilled electronic cigarette. 1127 (6) "Electronic cigarette substance" means any substance, including liquid containing nicotine, used or intended for use in an electronic cigarette. 1129 (7) (a) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" means an electronic cigarette product that has a taste or smell that is distinguishable by an ordinary consumer either before or during use or consumption of the electronic cigarette product.

1132 (b) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" includes an electronic cigarette product that is labeled as, or has a taste or smell of any fruit, chocolate, vanilla, honey, candy, cocoa, dessert, alcoholic beverage, herb, spice, or mint. (c) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" does not include an electronic cigarette product that has a 1135 taste or smell of only tobacco or menthol. 1137 (8) "Nicotine" means a poisonous, nitrogen containing chemical that is made synthetically or derived from tobacco or other plants. (9) "Nicotine product" means an alternative nicotine product or a nontherapeutic nicotine product. 1139 1141 (10)(a) "Nontherapeutic nicotine device" means a device that: 1142 (i) has a pressurized canister that is used to administer nicotine to the user through inhalation or intranasally; 1144 (ii) is not purchased with a prescription from a licensed physician; and 1145 (iii) is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration as nicotine replacement therapy. 1147 (b) "Nontherapeutic nicotine device" includes a nontherapeutic nicotine inhaler or a nontherapeutic nicotine nasal spray. 1149 (11) "Nontherapeutic nicotine device substance" means a substance that: 1150 (a) contains nicotine; 1151 (b) is sold in a cartridge for use in a nontherapeutic nicotine device; (c) is not purchased with a prescription from a licensed physician; and 1152 1153 (d) is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration as nicotine replacement therapy. (12) "Nontherapeutic nicotine product" means a nontherapeutic nicotine device, a nontherapeutic 1155 nicotine device substance, or a prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device. (13) "Place of business" includes: 1157 1158 (a) a shop; 1159 (b) a store; 1160 (c) a factory; 1161 (d) a public garage; 1162 (e) an office;

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(f) a theater;

1164	(g) a recreation hall;
1165	(h) a dance hall;
1166	(i) a poolroom;
1167	(j) a cafe;
1168	(k) a cafeteria;
1169	(l) a cabaret;
1170	(m) a restaurant;
1171	(n) a hotel;
1172	(o) a lodging house;
1173	(p) a streetcar;
1174	(q) a bus;
1175	(r) an interurban or railway passenger coach;
1176	(s) a waiting room; and
1177	(t) any other place of business.
1178	(14) "Prefilled electronic cigarette" means an electronic cigarette that is sold prefilled with an electronic
	cigarette substance.
1180	(15) "Prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device" means a nontherapeutic nicotine device that is sold
	prefilled with a nontherapeutic nicotine device substance.
1182	[(16) "Premarket authorized or pending electronic cigarette product" means an electronic cigarette
	product that:]
1184	[ <del>(a)</del>
	(i) has been approved by an order granting a premarket tobacco product application of the electronic
	eigarette product by the United States Food and Drug Administration under 21 U.S.C. Sec. 387j(c)
	(1)(A)(i); or]
1187	[ <del>(ii)</del>
	(A) was marketed in the United States on or before August 8, 2016;]
1188	[(B) the manufacturer submitted a premarket tobacco product application for the electronic cigarette
	product to the United States Food and Drug Administration under 21 U.S.C. Sec. 387j on or before
	September 9, 2020; and]

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- [(C) has an application described in Subsection (16)(a)(ii) that either remains under review by the United States Food and Drug Administration or a final decision on the application has not taken effect; and]
- [(b) does not exceed:]
- [(i) 4.0% nicotine by weight per container; or]
- 1196 [(ii) a nicotine concentration of 40 milligrams per milliliter.]
- [(17)] (16) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26B-7-501.
- 1199 [(18)] (17) "Smoking" means the possession of any lighted cigar, cigarette, pipe, or other lighted smoking equipment.
- 1201  $\left[\frac{(19)}{(18)}\right]$ 
  - (a) "Tobacco paraphernalia" means equipment, product, or material of any kind that is used, intended for use, or designed for use to package, repackage, store, contain, conceal, ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette substance, or a nontherapeutic nicotine device substance into the human body.
- 1206 (b) "Tobacco paraphernalia" includes:
- (i) metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls;
- 1209 (ii) water pipes;
- 1210 (iii) carburetion tubes and devices;
- (iv) smoking and carburetion masks;
- (v) roach clips, meaning objects used to hold burning material, such as a cigarette, that has become too small or too short to be held in the hand;
- 1214 (vi) chamber pipes;
- 1215 (vii) carburetor pipes;
- 1216 (viii) electric pipes;
- 1217 (ix) air-driven pipes;
- 1218 (x) chillums;
- 1219 (xi) bongs; and
- 1220 (xii) ice pipes or chillers.
- (c) "Tobacco paraphernalia" does not include matches or lighters.

1222	[(20)] (19) "Tobacco product" means:
1223	(a) a cigar;
1224	(b) a cigarette; or
1225	(c) tobacco in any form, including:
1226	(i) chewing tobacco; and
1227	(ii) any substitute for tobacco, including flavoring or additives to tobacco.
1228	[(21)] (20) "Tobacco retailer" means:
1229	(a) a general tobacco retailer, as that term is defined in Section 26B-7-501; or
1230	(b) a retail tobacco specialty business.
1231	{Section 19. Section 76-10-104 is amended to read: }
1232	76-10-104. Providing a cigar, a cigarette, an electronic cigarette product, a nicotine product,
	or tobacco to a minor Penalties.
1234	(1) As used in this section "provides":
1235	(a) includes selling, giving, furnishing, sending, or causing to be sent; and
1236	(b) does not include the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common carrier when engaged
	in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others or the acts of a person, whether
	compensated or not, who transports or delivers a package for another person without any reason to
	know of the package's content.
1240	(2) An individual who knowingly, intentionally, recklessly, or with criminal negligence provides a
	tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product to an individual who is under
	21 years old, is guilty of:
1243	(a) a class [E] <u>B</u> misdemeanor on the first offense; <u>and</u>
1244	[(b) a class B misdemeanor on the second offense; and]
1245	[(e)] (b) a class A misdemeanor on any subsequent offense.
1246	(3) This section does not apply to conduct of an employee of a tobacco retailer that is a violation of
	Section 76-10-114.
1248	{Section 20. Section 76-10-104.1 is amended to read: }
1249	76-10-104.1. Providing tobacco paraphernalia to a minor Penalties.
1250	(1) As used in this section, "provides":
1251	(a) includes selling, giving, furnishing, sending, or causing to be sent; and
1252	

- (b) does not include the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common carrier when engaged in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others or the acts of a person, whether compensated or not, who transports or delivers a package for another person without any reason to know of the package's content.
- 1256 (2)
  - (a) It is unlawful for an individual to knowingly, intentionally, recklessly, or with criminal negligence provide tobacco paraphernalia to an individual under 21 years old.
- (b) An individual who violates this section is guilty of:
- (i) a class [€] B misdemeanor on the first offense; and
- 1261 (ii) a class [B] A misdemeanor on any subsequent offense.
- 1262 {Section 21. Section 76-10-105.1 is amended to read: }
- 76-10-105.1. Requirement of direct, face-to-face sale of a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product -- Minors not allowed in tobacco specialty shop -- Penalties.
- 1266 (1) As used in this section:
- 1267 (a)
  - (i) "Face-to-face exchange" means a transaction made in person between an individual and a retailer or retailer's employee.
- (ii) "Face-to-face exchange" does not include a sale through a:
- 1270 (A) vending machine; or
- (B) self-service display.
- (b) "Retailer" means a person who:
- 1273 (i) sells a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product to an individual for personal consumption; or
- 1275 (ii) operates a facility with a vending machine that sells a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product.
- (c) "Self-service display" means a display of a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product to which the public has access without the intervention of a retailer or retailer's employee.
- 1280 (2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a retailer may sell a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product only in a face-to-face exchange.

1282	(3) The face-to-face sale requirement in Subsection (2) does not apply to:
1283	(a) a mail-order, telephone, or Internet sale made in compliance with Section 59-14-509;
1284	(b) a sale from a vending machine or self-service display that is located in an area of a retailer's facility:
1286	(i) that is distinct and separate from the rest of the facility; and
1287	(ii) where the retailer only allows an individual who complies with Subsection (4) to be present; or
1289	(c) a sale at a retail tobacco specialty business.
1290	(4) An individual who is under 21 years old may not enter or be present at a retail tobacco specialty
	business unless the individual is:
1292	(a) accompanied by a parent or legal guardian; or
1293	(b)
	(i) present at the retail tobacco specialty business solely for the purpose of providing a service to the
	retail tobacco specialty business, including making a delivery;
1296	(ii) monitored by the proprietor of the retail tobacco specialty business or an employee of the retail
	tobacco specialty business; and
1298	(iii) not permitted to make any purchase or conduct any commercial transaction other than the service
	described in Subsection (4)(b)(i).
1300	(5) A parent or legal guardian who accompanies, under Subsection (4)(a), an individual into an
	area described in Subsection (3)(b) or into a retail tobacco specialty business may not allow the
	individual to purchase a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product.
1304	(6) A violation of Subsection (2) or (4) is a:
1305	(a) class [C] B misdemeanor on the first offense; and
1306	[(b) elass B misdemeanor on the second offense; and]
1307	[(e)] (b) class A misdemeanor on any subsequent offenses.
1308	(7) An individual who violates Subsection (5) is guilty of an offense under Section 76-10-104.
1310	{Section 22. Section 76-10-111 is amended to read: }
1311	76-10-111. Restrictions on sale of smokeless tobacco or electronic cigarette products
	Exceptions.
1313	(1) The Legislature finds that:
1314	(a) smokeless tobacco, or chewing tobacco, is harmful to the health of individuals who use those
	products because research indicates that they may cause mouth or oral cancers;

(b) the use of smokeless tobacco among juveniles in this state is increasing rapidly;

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1318	(c) the use of electronic cigarette products may lead to unhealthy behavior such as the use of tobacco
	products; and
1320	(d) it is necessary to restrict the gift of the products described in this Subsection (1) in the interest of the
	health of the citizens of this state.
1322	(2)
	(a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is unlawful for a manufacturer, wholesaler, and retailer to:
1324	(i) give or distribute without charge any smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or electronic
	cigarette product in this state;
1326	(ii) sell, offer for sale, or furnish any electronic cigarette product at less than the cost, including the
	amount of any applicable tax, of the product to the manufacturer, wholesaler, or retailer; or
1329	(iii) give, distribute, sell, offer for sale, or furnish any electronic cigarette product for free or at a
	lower price because the recipient of the electronic cigarette product makes another purchase.
1332	(b) The price that a manufacturer, wholesaler, or retailer may charge under Subsection (2)(a)(ii) does
	not include a discount for:
1334	(i) a physical manufacturer coupon:
1335	(A) that is surrendered to the wholesaler or retailer at the time of sale; and
1336	(B) for which the manufacturer will reimburse the wholesaler or the retailer for the full amount of the
	discount described in the manufacturer coupon and provided to the purchaser;
1339	(ii) a rebate that will be paid to the manufacturer, the wholesaler, or the retailer for the full amount of
	the rebate provided to the purchaser; or
1341	(iii) a promotional fund that will be paid to the manufacturer, the wholesaler, or the retailer for the full
	amount of the promotional fund provided to the purchaser.
1343	(c) Any individual who violates this section is guilty of:
1344	(i) a class $[C]$ $\underline{B}$ misdemeanor for the first offense; and
1345	(ii) a class [B] A misdemeanor for any subsequent offense.
1346	(3) Smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or an electronic cigarette product may be distributed to adults
	without charge at professional conventions where the general public is excluded.
1349	{Section 23. Section 76-10-112 is amended to read: }
1350	76-10-112. Prohibition of distribution of a tobacco product Exceptions.
1351	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is unlawful for a manufacturer, wholesaler, or retailer to

give or distribute a tobacco product in this state without charge.

1353	(2) An individual who violates this subsection is guilty of:
1354	(a) a class [E] B misdemeanor for the first offense; and
1355	(b) a class [B] A misdemeanor for any subsequent offense.
1356	(3) A tobacco product may be distributed to an adult without charge at a professional convention where
	the general public is excluded.
1358	(4) The prohibition described in Subsection (1) does not apply to a tobacco retailer, a manufacturer,
	or a distributor that gives a tobacco product to an individual who is 21 years old or older upon the
	individual's purchase of a tobacco product.
1361	{Section 24. Section 76-10-113 is amended to read: }
1362	76-10-113. Prohibition on distribution of flavored electronic cigarette products
	Prohibition of electronic cigarette products without federal authorization.
1364	(1) [Subject to Subsection (2), it-] It is unlawful for a tobacco retailer that is not a retail tobacco
	specialty business to give, distribute, sell, offer for sale, or furnish a flavored electronic cigarette
	product to any person.
1367	[(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), and beginning on January 1, 2025, it is unlawful for a person to
	give, distribute, sell, offer for sale, or furnish to any person a flavored electronic cigarette product.]
1370	[(3) Beginning on January 1, 2025, it is unlawful for a person to give, distribute, sell, offer for sale, or
	furnish to any person an electronic cigarette product that is not a premarket authorized or pending
	electronic cigarette product.]
1373	[(4)] (2) An individual who violates this section is guilty of:
1374	(a) a class [C] B misdemeanor for the first offense; and
1375	(b) a class [B] A misdemeanor for any subsequent offense.
1376	{Section 25. Section 76-10-114 is amended to read: }
1377	76-10-114. Unlawful sale of a tobacco product, electronic cigarette product, or nicotine
	product.
1379	(1) As used in this section:
1380	(a) "Compensatory service" means service or unpaid work performed by an employee, in lieu of the
	payment of a fine or imprisonment.
1382	(b) "Employee" means an employee or an owner of a tobacco retailer.
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- (2) It is unlawful for an employee to knowingly or intentionally sell or give a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product in the course of business to an individual who is under 21 years old. (3) An employee who violates this section is: (a) on a first violation: (i) guilty of [an infraction] a class C misdemeanor; and (ii) subject to: (A) a fine not exceeding \$1,000; or (B) compensatory service; or (b) on any subsequent violation: (i) guilty of a class [€] B misdemeanor; and (ii) subject to: (A) a fine not exceeding \$2,000; or (B) compensatory service. Section 11. Effective date. {This } Except as provided in Subsection (2), this bill takes effect:  $\{(1)\}\$  (a) except as provided in Subsection  $\{(2)\}\$  (1)(b), May 7, 2025; or  $\{(2)\}\$  (b) if approved by two-thirds of all members elected to each house: {(a)} (i) upon approval by the governor; (b) (ii) without the governor's signature, the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah Constitution, Article VII, Section 8; or {(e)} (iii) in the case of a veto, the date of veto override. (2) The actions affecting Section 63I-1-217 (Effective 07/01/25) take effect on July 1, 2025. Section 12. Coordinating H.B. 432 with S.B. 46. If H.B. 432, Tobacco and Electronic Cigarette Modifications, and S.B. 46, Youth Electronic Cigarette, Marijuana, and Other Drug Prevention Program Sunset Extension, both pass and become law, the Legislature intends that, on May 7, 2025, Subsection 63I-1-259(5) enacted in H.B. 432 be amended to read:
- 725 Section 13. Coordinating H.B. 432 with H.B. 21.

is repealed July 1, 2030.".

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"(5) Subsection 59-14-807(3)(c), regarding the distribution of fees from Section 59-14-810,

If H.B. 432, Tobacco and Electronic Cigarette Modifications, and H.B. 21, Criminal Code Recodification and Cross References, both pass and become law, the Legislature intends that, on May 7, 2025, Subsection 63I-1-276(4) enacted in H.B. 432 be amended to read: "(4) Section 76-9-1115, Illegal distribution of an electronic cigarette product without federal authorization, is repealed July 1, 2030.".

Section 28. Repealer.

This Bill Repeals:

Section **26A-1-131**, Electronic cigarette registry enforcement.

1400 Section **59-14-810**, Electronic cigarette product registry.

2-24-25 6:35 PM