# HB0432S03

#### HB0432S04 compared with HB0432S03

{Omitted text} shows text that was in HB0432S03 but was omitted in HB0432S04 inserted text shows text that was not in HB0432S03 but was inserted into HB0432S04

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#### **Tobacco and Electronic Cigarette Enforcement Modifications**

#### 2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

**Chief Sponsor: Matt MacPherson** 

Senate Sponsor:Todd Weiler

3	LONG TITLE

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#### **4** General Description:

This bill amends provisions related to tobacco and electronic cigarette products.

#### 6 **Highlighted Provisions:**

- 7 This bill:
  - repeals the ban on flavored electronic cigarette products;
- 9 prohibits the sale of flavored electronic cigarette products if they do not meet certain tracking requirements;
- 11 modifies the nicotine content limit for electronic cigarette products;
- 12 amends provisions related to electronic cigarette product enforcement;
- Products obtain premarket authorization from the federal Food and Drug Administration;
- b creates a temporary registry for flavored electronic cigarette products;
- 17 modifies the electronic cigarette product registry;
- ▶ creates a flavored electronic cigarette product registry;
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state;

creates requirements for what type of flavored electronic cigarette products may be sold in the

21	<ul> <li>requires the Department of Public Safety to create systems to improve enforcement of tobacco</li> </ul>
	and electronic cigarette laws;
23	<ul> <li>creates penalties for general retail tobacco businesses that sell flavored electronic cigarette</li> </ul>
	products;
25	<ul><li>raises permit fees for general tobacco retailers;</li></ul>
26	for retail tobacco specialty businesses:
27	<ul> <li>raises permit fees;</li> </ul>
28	<ul> <li>creates identification scanning requirements; and</li> </ul>
29	<ul> <li>creates surveillance footage requirements;</li> </ul>
30	<ul> <li>creates a tobacco handling permit for retail tobacco specialty business employees and operators;</li> </ul>
32	<ul> <li>creates a tax on flavored electronic cigarette products;</li> </ul>
33	<ul> <li>amends criminal penalties regarding the illegal sale of tobacco and electronic cigarette products;</li> </ul>
35	<ul> <li>creates a criminal penalty for the use of certain flavored electronic cigarettes;</li> </ul>
36	<ul> <li>prohibits retail tobacco specialty businesses from selling a product containing nicotine to a</li> </ul>
	restricted nicotine individual;
38	requires the court to designate an individual as a nicotine restricted individual if the individual is
	convicted of providing certain products containing nicotine to a minor; and
40	<ul> <li>includes a coordination clause with H.B. 21, Criminal Code Recodification and Cross</li> </ul>
	References, to ensure the policy changes made in this bill are accurately reflected if both bills pass.
43	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
44	None
45	Other Special Clauses:
46	This bill provides a special effective date.
47	This bill provides a coordination clause.
49	AMENDS:
50	10-8-41.6 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter
	470 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 470
52	17-50-333 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter
	470 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 470

54	26B-7-501 (Effective upon governor's approval), as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah
	2023, Chapter 308 (Effective upon governor's approval), as renumbered and amended by Laws of
	Utah 2023, Chapter 308
56	26B-7-505 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter
	470 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 470
58	26B-7-509 (Effective upon governor's approval), as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah
	2023, Chapter 308 (Effective upon governor's approval), as renumbered and amended by Laws of
	Utah 2023, Chapter 308
60	26B-7-511 (Effective upon governor's approval), as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah
	2023, Chapter 308 (Effective upon governor's approval), as renumbered and amended by Laws of
	Utah 2023, Chapter 308
62	26B-7-518 (Effective upon governor's approval), as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah
	2023, Chapter 308 (Effective upon governor's approval), as renumbered and amended by Laws of
	Utah 2023, Chapter 308
64	26B-7-521 (Effective upon governor's approval), as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah
	2023, Chapter 308 (Effective upon governor's approval), as renumbered and amended by Laws of
	Utah 2023, Chapter 308
66	53-1-106 {(Effective upon governor's approval)}(Effective 12/31/24) (Effective upon
	governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 506 {(Effective upon
	governor's approval)}(Effective 12/31/24) (Effective upon governor's approval), as last
	amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 506
68	59-14-102 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter
	199 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 199
70	59-14-810 (Effective upon governor's approval), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter
	470 (Effective upon governor's approval), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 470
72	63I-2-226 {(Effective upon governor's approval)}(Effective 07/01/24) (Effective upon
	governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Third Special Session, Chapter
	5 {(Effective upon governor's approval)}(Effective 07/01/24) (Effective upon governor's
	approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Third Special Session, Chapter 5
74	

	63I-2-259 {(Effective upon governor's approval)}(Effective 06/21/24), as last amended by Laws
	of Utah 2024, Third Special Session, Chapter 5 {(Effective upon governor's approval)}(Effective
	06/21/24), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Third Special Session, Chapter 5
76	76-10-101 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter
	470 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 470
78	76-10-104 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020,
	Chapters 302, 347 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020,
	Chapters 302, 347
80	76-10-104.1 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020,
	Chapters 302, 347 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020,
	Chapters 302, 347
82	76-10-105.1 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021,
	Chapter 348 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021,
	Chapter 348
84	76-10-111 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020,
	Chapters 302, 347 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020,
	Chapters 302, 347
86	76-10-112 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter
	302 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 302
88	76-10-113 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter
	470 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 470
90	76-10-114 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First
	Special Session, Chapter 12 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of
	Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 12
92	ENACTS:
93	26B-7-505.1 (Effective upon governor's approval), Utah Code Annotated 1953 (Effective upon
	governor's approval), Utah Code Annotated 1953
94	26B-7-523 (Effective upon governor's approval), Utah Code Annotated 1953 (Effective upon
	governor's approval), Utah Code Annotated 1953
95	59-14-901 (Effective 01/01/26), Utah Code Annotated 1953 (Effective 01/01/26), Utah Code
	Annotated 1953

96	59-14-902 (Effective 01/01/26), Utah Code Annotated 1953 (Effective 01/01/26), Utah Code
	Annotated 1953
97	59-14-903 (Effective 01/01/26), Utah Code Annotated 1953 (Effective 01/01/26), Utah Code
	Annotated 1953
98	59-14-904 (Effective 01/01/26), Utah Code Annotated 1953 (Effective 01/01/26), Utah Code
	Annotated 1953
99	59-14-905 (Effective 01/01/26), Utah Code Annotated 1953 (Effective 01/01/26), Utah Code
	Annotated 1953
100	59-14-906 (Effective 01/01/26), Utah Code Annotated 1953 (Effective 01/01/26), Utah Code
	Annotated 1953
101	59-14-907 (Effective 01/01/26), Utah Code Annotated 1953 (Effective 01/01/26), Utah Code
	Annotated 1953
102	59-14-908 (Effective 01/01/26), Utah Code Annotated 1953 (Effective 01/01/26), Utah Code
	Annotated 1953
103	76-10-113.1 (Effective upon governor's approval), Utah Code Annotated 1953 (Effective upon
	governor's approval), Utah Code Annotated 1953
104	76-10-113.2 (Effective upon governor's approval), Utah Code Annotated 1953 (Effective upon
	governor's approval), Utah Code Annotated 1953
105	REPEALS:
106	26A-1-131 (Effective upon governor's approval), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter
	470 (Effective upon governor's approval), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 470
108 109	Utah Code Sections affected by Coordination Clause:
110	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
111	Section 1. Section 10-8-41.6 is amended to read:
112	10-8-41.6. (Effective upon governor's approval)Regulation of retail tobacco specialty
	business.
114	(1) As used in this section:
115	(a) "Community location" means:
116	(i) a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school;
117	(ii) a licensed child-care facility or preschool;

- (iii) a trade or technical school;
- (iv) a church;
- (v) a public library;
- (vi) a public playground;
- (vii) a public park;
- (viii) a youth center or other space used primarily for youth oriented activities;
- 124 (ix) a public recreational facility;
- 125 (x) a public arcade; or
- (xi) for a new license issued on or after July 1, 2018, a homeless shelter.
- 127 (b) "Department" means the Department of Health and Human Services created in Section 26B-1-201.
- (c) "Electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- (d) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- [(d)] (e) "Licensee" means a person licensed under this section to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business.
- [(e)] (f) "Local health department" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26A-1-102.
- [(f)] (g) "Nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 138 [(g)] (h) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means a commercial establishment in which:
- (i) sales of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, and nicotine products account for more than 35% of the total quarterly gross receipts for the establishment;
- (ii) 20% or more of the public retail floor space is allocated to the offer, display, or storage of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products;
- 144 (iii) 20% or more of the total shelf space is allocated to the offer, display, or storage of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products;
- 146 (iv) the commercial establishment:
- (A) holds itself out as a retail tobacco specialty business; and
- (B) causes a reasonable person to believe the commercial establishment is a retail tobacco specialty business; [-or]
- (v) the retail space features a self-service display for tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products[-]; or
- (vi) any flavored electronic cigarette product is sold.
- [(h)] (i) "Self-service display" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-105.1.

155 [(i)] (j) "Tobacco product" means: 156 (i) a tobacco product as defined in Section 76-10-101; or 157 (ii) tobacco paraphernalia as defined in Section 76-10-101. (2) The regulation of a retail tobacco specialty business is an exercise of the police powers of the state 158 by the state or by delegation of the state's police powers to other governmental entities. 161 (3) (a) A person may not operate a retail tobacco specialty business in a municipality unless the person obtains a license from the municipality in which the retail tobacco specialty business is located. 164 (b) A municipality may only issue a retail tobacco specialty business license to a person if the person complies with the provisions of Subsections (4) and (5). 166 (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7), a municipality may not issue a license for a person to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business if the retail tobacco specialty business is located within: 169 (i) 1,000 feet of a community location; 170 (ii) 600 feet of another retail tobacco specialty business; or (iii) 600 feet from property used or zoned for: 171 172 (A) agriculture use; or 173 (B) residential use. 174 (b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the proximity requirements shall be measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the retail tobacco specialty business to the nearest property boundary of a location described in Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (iii), without regard to intervening structures or zoning districts. 178 (5) A municipality may not issue or renew a license for a person to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business until the person provides the municipality with proof that the retail tobacco specialty business has: 181 (a) a valid permit for a retail tobacco specialty business issued under Title 26B, Chapter 7, Part 5, Regulation of Smoking, Tobacco Products, and Nicotine Products, by the local health department having jurisdiction over the area in which the retail tobacco specialty business is located; and

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(b)

	(i) for a retailer that sells a tobacco product, a valid license issued by the State Tax Commission in
	accordance with Section 59-14-201 or 59-14-301 to sell a tobacco product; and
188	(ii) for a retailer that sells an electronic cigarette product or a nicotine product, a valid license issued
	by the State Tax Commission in accordance with Section 59-14-803 to sell an electronic cigarette
	product or a nicotine product.
191	(6)
	(a) Nothing in this section:
192	(i) requires a municipality to issue a retail tobacco specialty business license; or
193	(ii) prohibits a municipality from adopting more restrictive requirements on a person seeking a
	license or renewal of a license to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business.
196	(b) A municipality may suspend or revoke a retail tobacco specialty business license issued under this
	section:
198	(i) if a licensee engages in a pattern of unlawful activity under Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 16, Pattern of
	Unlawful Activity Act;
200	(ii) if a licensee violates federal law or federal regulations restricting the sale and distribution of tobacco
	products or electronic cigarette products to protect children and adolescents;
203	(iii) upon the recommendation of the department or a local health department under Title 26B, Chapter
	7, Part 5, Regulation of Smoking, Tobacco Products, and Nicotine Products; or
206	(iv) under any other provision of state law or local ordinance.
207	(7)
	(a) A retail tobacco specialty business is exempt from Subsection (4) if:
208	(i) on or before December 31, 2018, the retail tobacco specialty business was issued a license to
	conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business;
210	(ii) the retail tobacco specialty business is operating in a municipality in accordance with all
	applicable laws except for the requirement in Subsection (4); and
212	(iii) beginning July 1, 2022, the retail tobacco specialty business is not located within 1,000 feet of
	a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school.
215	(b) A retail tobacco specialty business may maintain an exemption under Subsection (7)(a) if:
217	(i) the license described in Subsection (7)(a)(i) is renewed continuously without lapse or permanent
	revocation;
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- (ii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not close for business or otherwise suspend the sale of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products for more than 60 consecutive days;
- 222 (iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business premises or business operation; and
- (iv) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the terms of other applicable laws, including:
- 226 (A) Section 26B-7-503;
- 227 (B) zoning ordinances;
- (C) building codes; and
- (D) the requirements of the license described in Subsection (7)(a)(i).
- 230 (c) A retail tobacco specialty business that does not qualify for an exemption under Subsection (7)(a) is exempt from Subsection (4) if:
- (i) on or before December 31, 2018, the retail tobacco specialty business was issued a general tobacco retailer permit or a retail tobacco specialty business permit under Title 26B, Chapter 7, Part 5, Regulation of Smoking, Tobacco Products, and Nicotine Products, by the local health department having jurisdiction over the area in which the retail tobacco specialty business is located;
- 237 (ii) the retail tobacco specialty business is operating in the municipality in accordance with all applicable laws except for the requirement in Subsection (4); and
- 239 (iii) beginning July 1, 2022, the retail tobacco specialty business is not located within 1,000 feet of a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school.
- 242 (d) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(e), a retail tobacco specialty business may maintain an exemption under Subsection (7)(c) if:
- 244 (i) on or before December 31, 2020, the retail tobacco specialty business receives a retail tobacco specialty business permit from the local health department having jurisdiction over the area in which the retail tobacco specialty business is located;
- 247 (ii) the permit described in Subsection (7)(d)(i) is renewed continuously without lapse or permanent revocation;
- (iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not close for business or otherwise suspend the sale of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products for more than 60 consecutive days;

252 (iv) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business premises or business operation as the business existed when the retail tobacco specialty business received a permit under Subsection (7)(d)(i); and 255 (v) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the terms of other applicable laws, including: 257 (A) Section 26B-7-503; 258 (B) zoning ordinances; 259 (C) building codes; and 260 (D) the requirements of the retail tobacco permit described in Subsection (7)(d)(i). 261 (e) A retail tobacco specialty business described in Subsection (7)(a) or (b) that is located within 1,000 feet of a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school before July 1, 2022, is exempt from Subsection (4)(a)(iii)(B) if the retail tobacco specialty business: 265 (i) relocates, before July 1, 2022, to a property that is used or zoned for commercial use and located within a group of architecturally unified commercial establishments built on a site that is planned, developed, owned, and managed as an operating unit; and 269 (ii) continues to meet the requirements described in Subsection (7)(b) that are not directly related to the relocation described in this Subsection (7)(e). 271 Section 2. Section 17-50-333 is amended to read: 17-50-333. (Effective upon governor's approval) Regulation of retail tobacco specialty 272 business. 274 (1) As used in this section: 275 (a) "Community location" means: 276 (i) a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school; 277 (ii) a licensed child-care facility or preschool; 278 (iii) a trade or technical school; 279 (iv) a church; 280 (v) a public library; 281 (vi) a public playground; 282 (vii) a public park; 283 (viii) a youth center or other space used primarily for youth oriented activities;

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(ix) a public recreational facility;

- 285 (x) a public arcade; or
- (xi) for a new license issued on or after July 1, 2018, a homeless shelter.
- (b) "Department" means the Department of Health and Human Services created in Section 26B-1-201.
- (c) "Electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 291 (d) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- [(d)] (e) "Licensee" means a person licensed under this section to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business.
- [(e)] (f) "Local health department" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26A-1-102.
- [(f)] (g) "Nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 298 [(g)] (h) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means a commercial establishment in which:
- 299 (i) sales of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, and nicotine products account for more than 35% of the total quarterly gross receipts for the establishment;
- 302 (ii) 20% or more of the public retail floor space is allocated to the offer, display, or storage of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products;
- 304 (iii) 20% or more of the total shelf space is allocated to the offer, display, or storage of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products;
- 306 (iv) the commercial establishment:
- 307 (A) holds itself out as a retail tobacco specialty business; and
- 308 (B) causes a reasonable person to believe the commercial establishment is a retail tobacco specialty business;[-or]
- 310 (v) the retail space features a self-service display for tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products[-]; or
- 312 (vi) any flavored electronic cigarette product is sold.
- 313 [(h)] (i) "Self-service display" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-105.1.
- 315 [(i)] (j) "Tobacco product" means:
- 316 (i) the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101; or
- 317 (ii) tobacco paraphernalia as defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 318 (2) The regulation of a retail tobacco specialty business is an exercise of the police powers of the state by the state or by the delegation of the state's police power to other governmental entities.
- 321 (3)

	(a) A person may not operate a retail tobacco specialty business in a county unless the person obtains a
	license from the county in which the retail tobacco specialty business is located.
324	(b) A county may only issue a retail tobacco specialty business license to a person if the person
	complies with the provisions of Subsections (4) and (5).
326	(4)
	(a) Except as provided in Subsection (7), a county may not issue a license for a person to conduct
	business as a retail tobacco specialty business if the retail tobacco specialty business is located
	within:
329	(i) 1,000 feet of a community location;
330	(ii) 600 feet of another retail tobacco specialty business; or
331	(iii) 600 feet from property used or zoned for:
332	(A) agriculture use; or
333	(B) residential use.
334	(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the proximity requirements shall be measured in a straight line
	from the nearest entrance of the retail tobacco specialty business to the nearest property boundary of
	a location described in Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (iii), without regard to intervening structures or
	zoning districts.
338	(5) A county may not issue or renew a license for a person to conduct business as a retail tobacco
	specialty business until the person provides the county with proof that the retail tobacco specialty
	business has:
341	(a) a valid permit for a retail tobacco specialty business issued under Title 26B, Chapter 7, Part 5,
	Regulation of Smoking, Tobacco Products, and Nicotine Products, by the local health department
	having jurisdiction over the area in which the retail tobacco specialty business is located; and
345	(b)
	(i) for a retailer that sells a tobacco product, a valid license issued by the State Tax Commission in
	accordance with Section 59-14-201 or 59-14-301 to sell a tobacco product; or
348	(ii) for a retailer that sells an electronic cigarette product or a nicotine product, a valid license issued
	by the State Tax Commission in accordance with Section 59-14-803 to sell an electronic cigarette
	product or a nicotine product.
351	(6)
	(a) Nothing in this section:

(ii) prohibits a county from adopting more restrictive requirements on a person seeking a license or

(i) requires a county to issue a retail tobacco specialty business license; or

	renewal of a license to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business.
356	(b) A county may suspend or revoke a retail tobacco specialty business license issued under this
	section:
358	(i) if a licensee engages in a pattern of unlawful activity under Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 16, Pattern of Unlawful Activity Act;
360	(ii) if a licensee violates federal law or federal regulations restricting the sale and distribution of tobacco products or electronic cigarette products to protect children and adolescents;
363	(iii) upon the recommendation of the department or a local health department under Title 26B, Chapter
	7, Part 5, Regulation of Smoking, Tobacco Products, and Nicotine Products; or
366	(iv) under any other provision of state law or local ordinance.
367	(7)
	(a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(e), a retail tobacco specialty business is exempt from
	Subsection (4) if:
369	(i) on or before December 31, 2018, the retail tobacco specialty business was issued a license to
	conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business;
371	(ii) the retail tobacco specialty business is operating in a county in accordance with all applicable
	laws except for the requirement in Subsection (4); and
373	(iii) beginning July 1, 2022, the retail tobacco specialty business is not located within 1,000 feet of
	a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school.
376	(b) A retail tobacco specialty business may maintain an exemption under Subsection (7)(a) if:
378	(i) the license described in Subsection (7)(a)(i) is renewed continuously without lapse or permanent revocation;
380	(ii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not close for business or otherwise suspend the sale of
	tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products for more than 60 consecutive
	days;
383	(iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business premises or business
	operation; and
385	(iv) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the terms of other
	applicable laws, including:

- 387 (A) [Title 26, Chapter 38, Utah Indoor Clean Air Act] Section 26B-7-503; 388 (B) zoning ordinances; 389 (C) building codes; and 390 (D) the requirements of the license described in Subsection (7)(a)(i). 391 (c) A retail tobacco specialty business that does not qualify for an exemption under Subsection (7)(a) is exempt from Subsection (4) if: 393 (i) on or before December 31, 2018, the retail tobacco specialty business was issued a general tobacco retailer permit or a retail tobacco specialty business permit under [Title 26, Chapter 62, Tobacco, Electronic Cigarette, and Nicotine Product Retail Permit Title 26B, Chapter 7, Part 5, Regulation of Smoking, Tobacco Products, and Nicotine Products, by the local health department having jurisdiction over the area in which the retail tobacco specialty business is located; 399 (ii) the retail tobacco specialty business is operating in the county in accordance with all applicable laws except for the requirement in Subsection (4); and 401 (iii) beginning July 1, 2022, the retail tobacco specialty business is not located within 1,000 feet of a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school. 404 (d) A retail tobacco specialty business may maintain an exemption under Subsection (7)(c) if: 406 (i) on or before December 31, 2020, the retail tobacco specialty business receives a retail tobacco specialty business permit from the local health department having jurisdiction over the area in which the retail tobacco specialty business is located; 409 (ii) the permit described in Subsection (7)(d)(i) is renewed continuously without lapse or permanent revocation; 411 (iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not close for business or otherwise suspend the sale of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products for more than 60 consecutive days; 414 (iv) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business premises or business operation as the business existed when the retail tobacco specialty business received a permit under Subsection (7)(d)(i); and
- 419 (A) [Title 26, Chapter 38, Utah Indoor Clean Air Act] Section 26B-7-503;
- 420 (B) zoning ordinances;

applicable laws, including:

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(v) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the terms of other

- 421 (C) building codes; and
- 422 (D) the requirements of the retail tobacco permit described in Subsection (7)(d)(i).
- (e) A retail tobacco specialty business described in Subsection (7)(a) or (b) that is located within 1,000 feet of a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school before July 1, 2022, is exempt from Subsection (4)(a)(iii)(B) if the retail tobacco specialty business:
- 427 (i) relocates, before July 1, 2022, to a property that is used or zoned for commercial use and located within a group of architecturally unified commercial establishments built on a site that is planned, developed, owned, and managed as an operating unit; and
- 431 (ii) continues to meet the requirements described in Subsection (7)(b) that are not directly related to the relocation described in this Subsection (7)(e).
- Section 3. Section **26B-7-501** is amended to read:
- 434 **26B-7-501.** (Effective upon governor's approval)Definitions.

As used in this part:

- (1) "Community location" means the same as that term is defined:
- 437 (a) as it relates to a municipality, in Section 10-8-41.6; and
- (b) as it relates to a county, in Section 17-50-333.
- 439 (2) "Electronic cigarette" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 440 (3) "Electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- (4) "Electronic cigarette substance" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- (5) "Employee" means an employee of a tobacco retailer.
- 445 (6) "Enforcing agency" means the department, or any local health department enforcing the provisions of this part.
- 447 (7) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 449 [(7)] (8) "General tobacco retailer" means a tobacco retailer that is not a retail tobacco specialty business.
- 451 [(8)] (9) "Local health department" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26A-1-102.
- 453  $\left[\frac{(9)}{(10)}\right]$  "Manufacture" includes:
- 454 (a) to cast, construct, or make electronic cigarettes; or
- 455 (b) to blend, make, process, or prepare an electronic cigarette substance.
- 456 [(10)] (11) "Manufacturer sealed electronic cigarette substance" means an electronic cigarette substance that is sold in a container that:

- 458 (a) is prefilled by the electronic cigarette substance manufacturer; and
- (b) the electronic cigarette manufacturer does not intend for a consumer to open.
- 460 [(11)] (12) "Manufacturer sealed electronic cigarette product" means:
- 461 (a) an electronic cigarette substance or container that the electronic cigarette manufacturer does not intend for a consumer to open or refill; or
- (b) a prefilled electronic cigarette as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 464 [(12)] (13) "Nicotine" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 465 [(13)] (14) "Nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 466 (15) "Nicotine restricted individual" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
- 468 [(14)] (16) "Non-tobacco shisha" means any product that:
- 469 (a) does not contain tobacco or nicotine; and
- (b) is smoked or intended to be smoked in a hookah or water pipe.
- [(15)] (17) "Owner" means a person holding a 20% ownership interest in the business that is required to obtain a permit under this part.
- 473 [(16)] (18) "Permit" means a tobacco retail permit issued under Section 26B-7-507.
- [(17)] (19) "Place of public access" means any enclosed indoor place of business, commerce, banking, financial service, or other service-related activity, whether publicly or privately owned and whether operated for profit or not, to which persons not employed at the place of public access have general and regular access or which the public uses, including:
- 479 (a) buildings, offices, shops, elevators, or restrooms;
- (b) means of transportation or common carrier waiting rooms;
- 481 (c) restaurants, cafes, or cafeterias;
- (d) taverns as defined in Section 32B-1-102, or cabarets;
- 483 (e) shopping malls, retail stores, grocery stores, or arcades;
- 484 (f) libraries, theaters, concert halls, museums, art galleries, planetariums, historical sites, auditoriums, or arenas;
- 486 (g) barber shops, hair salons, or laundromats;
- 487 (h) sports or fitness facilities;
- (i) common areas of nursing homes, hospitals, resorts, hotels, motels, "bed and breakfast" lodging facilities, and other similar lodging facilities, including the lobbies, hallways, elevators, restaurants, cafeterias, other designated dining areas, and restrooms of any of these;

492	(j)
	(i) any child care facility or program subject to licensure or certification under this title, including those
	operated in private homes, when any child cared for under that license is present; and
495	(ii) any child care, other than child care as defined in Section 26B-2-401, that is not subject to licensure
	or certification under this title, when any child cared for by the provider, other than the child of the
	provider, is present;
498	(k) public or private elementary or secondary school buildings and educational facilities or the property
	on which those facilities are located;
500	(l) any building owned, rented, leased, or otherwise operated by a social, fraternal, or religious
	organization when used solely by the organization members or the members' guests or families;
503	(m) any facility rented or leased for private functions from which the general public is excluded and
	arrangements for the function are under the control of the function sponsor;
506	(n) any workplace that is not a place of public access or a publicly owned building or office but has one
	or more employees who are not owner-operators of the business;
508	(o) any area where the proprietor or manager of the area has posted a conspicuous sign stating "no
	smoking", "thank you for not smoking", or similar statement; and
510	(p) a holder of a bar establishment license, as defined in Section 32B-1-102.
511	[ <del>(18)</del> ] <u>(20)</u>
	(a) "Proof of age" means:
512	(i) a valid identification card issued under Title 53, Chapter 3, Part 8, Identification Card Act;
514	(ii) a valid identification that:
515	(A) is substantially similar to an identification card issued under Title 53, Chapter 3, Part 8,
	Identification Card Act;
517	(B) is issued in accordance with the laws of a state other than Utah in which the identification is issued
519	(C) includes date of birth; and
520	(D) has a picture affixed;
521	(iii) a valid driver license certificate that is issued under Title 53, Chapter 3, Uniform Driver
	License Act, or in accordance with the laws of the state in which the valid driver license is
	issued;
524	(iv) a valid United States military identification card that:
525	(A) includes date of birth; and

- 526 (B) has a picture affixed; or 527 (v) a valid passport. 528 (b) "Proof of age" does not include a valid driving privilege card issued in accordance with Section 53-3-207. 530 [(19)] (21) "Publicly owned building or office" means any enclosed indoor place or portion of a place owned, leased, or rented by any state, county, or municipal government, or by any agency supported by appropriation of, or by contracts or grants from, funds derived from the collection of federal, state, county, or municipal taxes. [(20)] (22) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means the same as that term is defined: 534 535 (a) as it relates to a municipality, in Section 10-8-41.6; and 536 (b) as it relates to a county, in Section 17-50-333. 537 [(21)] (23) "Shisha" means any product that: 538 (a) contains tobacco or nicotine; and 539 (b) is smoked or intended to be smoked in a hookah or water pipe. 540 [(22)] (24) "Smoking" means: 541 (a) the possession of any lighted or heated tobacco product in any form; 542 (b) inhaling, exhaling, burning, or carrying any lighted or heated cigar, cigarette, pipe, or hookah that contains: 544 (i) tobacco or any plant product intended for inhalation; 545 (ii) shisha or non-tobacco shisha; 546 (iii) nicotine; (iv) a natural or synthetic tobacco substitute; or 547 548 (v) a natural or synthetic flavored tobacco product; 549 (c) using an electronic cigarette; or 550 (d) using an oral smoking device intended to circumvent the prohibition of smoking in this part.
- 554 (a) Section 59-14-201 to sell a cigarette at retail;
- (b) Section 59-14-301 to sell a tobacco product at retail; or
- (c) Section 59-14-803 to sell an electronic cigarette product or a nicotine product.
- 557 [(24)] (26) "Tobacco product" means:

552

(a) a tobacco product as defined in Section 76-10-101; or

[(23)] (25) "Tax commission license" means a license issued by the State Tax Commission under:

559	(b) tobacco paraphernalia as defined in Section 76-10-101.
560	[(25)] (27) "Tobacco retailer" means a person that is required to obtain a tax commission license.
562	Section 4. Section <b>26B-7-505</b> is amended to read:
563	26B-7-505. (Effective upon governor's approval)Electronic cigarette products Labeling
	Requirements to sell Advertising Labeling of nicotine products containing nicotine.
566	(1) The department shall, in consultation with a local health department and with input from members
	of the public, establish by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
	Rulemaking Act, the requirements to sell an electronic cigarette substance that is not a manufacturer
	sealed electronic cigarette substance regarding:
570	(a) labeling;
571	(b) nicotine content;
572	(c) packaging; and
573	(d) product quality.
574	(2) On or before January 1, 2021, the department shall, in consultation with a local health department
	and with input from members of the public, establish by rule made in accordance with Title 63G,
	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the requirements to sell a manufacturer sealed
	electronic cigarette product regarding:
578	(a) labeling;
579	[(b) nicotine content;]
580	[(e)] (b) packaging; and
581	[ <del>(d)</del> ] <u>(c)</u> product quality.
582	(3)
	(a) A person may not sell an electronic cigarette substance unless the electronic cigarette substance
	complies with the requirements established by the department under Subsection (1).
585	(b) Beginning on July 1, 2021, a person may not sell a manufacturer sealed electronic cigarette
	product unless the manufacturer sealed electronic cigarette product complies with the requirements
	established by the department under Subsection (2).
588	(c) A product described in Subsection (2) may not exceed:
589	(i) 5% nicotine by weight per container; or
590	(ii) a nicotine concentration of 59 milligrams per milliliter.

[ <del>(e)</del> ] <u>(d</u>	Notwithstanding Subsections (3)(a) and (3)(b), beginning on January 1, 2025, a
[ <del>pe</del>	erson] general tobacco retailer may not sell an electronic cigarette product that is not [a premarket
aut	thorized or pending electronic cigarette product as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101] on
the	e registry described in Section 59-14-810.
(e) No	twithstanding Subsections (3)(a) and (3)(b), beginning on May 1, 2025, a retail tobacco specialty
bus	siness may not sell an electronic cigarette product that is not on a registry described in Section
<u>261</u>	B-7-505.1, 59-14-810, or 59-14-908.
(4)	
(a) A l	ocal health department may not enact a rule or regulation regarding electronic cigarette substance
lab	beling, nicotine content, packaging, or product quality that is not identical to the requirements
esta	ablished by the department under Subsections (1) and (2).
(b) Exc	cept as provided in Subsection (4)(c), a local health department may enact a rule or regulation
reg	garding electronic cigarette substance manufacturing.
(c) A l	ocal health department may not enact a rule or regulation regarding a manufacturer sealed
ele	ectronic cigarette product.
(5) A p	person may not advertise an electronic cigarette product as a tobacco cessation device.
(6)	
(a) An	y nicotine product shall contain the statement described in Subsection (6)(b) if the nicotine
pro	oduct:
(i)	
(A) is a	not a tobacco product as defined in 21 U.S.C. Sec. 321 and related federal regulations; or
(B) is 1	not otherwise required under federal or state law to contain a nicotine warning; and
(ii)	contains nicotine.
(b) A s	statement shall appear on the exterior packaging of a nicotine product described in Subsection (6)
(a)	as follows:
	"This product contains nicotine."
<u>(7)</u>	
(a) The	e department shall establish by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
Ad	lministrative Rulemaking Act, the requirements for a flavored electronic cigarette product to be
sol	d in the state and listed on the registry described in Section 59-14-908.

	(b) The department shall ensure that rules made under this Subsection (7) allow for the sale of a
	flavored electronic cigarette product.
623	(c) A flavored electronic cigarette product may not be sold in this state if:
624	(i) the product contains or is marketed as containing a flavoring other than:
625	(A) a fruit flavoring not including chocolate;
626	(B) an herb flavoring; or
627	(C) a spice flavoring; or
628	<u>(ii)</u>
	(A) the product's final assembly is done outside the United States; or
629	(B) the product does not have federal authorization to be sold in the United States.
630	(d) A flavored electronic cigarette product's packaging that contains any other information, text, or
	imagery not described in Subsection (7)(e) may not be sold in the state.
633	(e) A flavored electronic cigarette product may be sold in the state if the product's outside packaging
	only contains:
635	(i) the name of the product;
636	(ii) a single logo of the product's manufacturer; and
637	(iii) the information required by:
638	(A) this section;
639	(B) rules made under this section; and
640	(C) federal law; and
641	(iv) flavor descriptions that describe the fruit, herb, or spice flavor profile the product is attempting to
	replicate without additional superlatives or intensifiers.
643	(f) When conducting a review of a flavored electronic cigarette product for inclusion in the registry
	described in Section 59-14-908, the department may request samples of the product's packaging to
	ensure compliance with this section.
646	Section 5. Section 5 is enacted to read:
647	26B-7-505.1. Temporary flavored electronic cigarette product registry.
649	(1) The department shall create a publicly available temporary flavored electronic cigarette registry on
	or before May 1, 2025.
651	(2) The registry shall consist of flavored electronic cigarette products that:

652

<u>(a)</u>

	(i) the final assembly of the product occurs in the United States; or
653	(ii) the product has federal authorization to be sold in the United States; and
654	(b) contain or are marketed as containing only the following types of flavorings:
655	(i) a fruit flavoring not including chocolate;
656	(ii) an herb flavoring; or
657	(iii) a spice flavoring; and
658	(c) the packaging does not:
659	(i) contain any likeness bearing resemblance to a cartoon character or fictional character; or
661	(ii) appear to imitate a food or other product trademark or trade dress that are or have been primarily
	marketed to children.
663	(3) The department shall make rules to implement this section.
664	<u>(4)</u>
	(a) The department shall charge a fee for a flavored electronic cigarette product to be listed on the
	registry.
666	(b) A retailer, distributor, or manufacturer may pay the fee to have the product registered.
667	(5) The department shall close and remove all products from the temporary registry when the registry
	described in Section {58-14-908} <u>59-14-908</u> is operational.
669	Section 6. Section <b>26B-7-509</b> is amended to read:
670	26B-7-509. Permit term and fees.
671	(1)
	(a) The term of a permit issued to a retail tobacco specialty business is one year.
672	(b) The term of a permit issued to a general tobacco retailer is two years.
673	(2)
	(a) A local health department may not issue a permit until the applicant has paid a permit fee to the
	local health department of:
675	(i) [\$30] \$500 for a new permit;
676	(ii) [\$20] \$475 for a permit renewal; or
677	(iii) [\$30] \$500 for reinstatement of a permit that has been revoked, suspended, or allowed to
	expire.

- (b) A local health department that collects fees under Subsection (2)(a) shall use the fees to administer and enforce the permit requirements described in Sections 26B-7-506 through [26B-7-521] 26B-7-523.
- (c) In addition to the fee described in Subsection (2)(a), a local health department may establish and collect a fee to perform a plan review for a retail tobacco specialty business permit.
- 685 <u>(d)</u>
  - (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), a permit renewal for a retail tobacco specialty business in fiscal year {2025-} 2026 is \$10,000.
- 687 (ii) Each local health department shall transfer a renewal fee described in Subsection (2)(d)(i) to the State Tax Commission to be used for programing and system updates for the tax described in Section 59-14-904.
- 690 (3) A permit holder may apply for a renewal of a permit no earlier than 30 days before the day on which the permit expires.
- (4) A tobacco retailer that fails to renew a permit before the permit expires may apply to reinstate the permit by submitting to the local health department:
- (a) the information required in Subsection 26B-7-508(3) and, if applicable, Subsection 26B-7-508(4);
- (b) the fee for the reinstatement of a permit; and
- (c) a signed affidavit affirming that the tobacco retailer has not violated the prohibitions in Subsection 26B-7-507(1)(b) after the permit expired.
- Section 7. Section **26B-7-511** is amended to read:
- 700 **26B-7-511.** (Effective upon governor's approval)Permit requirements for a retail tobacco specialty business -- Tobacco handling permit.
- 702 (1) A retail tobacco specialty business shall:
- (a) electronically verify proof of age for any individual that enters the premises of the business in accordance with Section 26B-7-521;
- 705 (b) except as provided in Subsection 76-10-105.1(4), prohibit any individual from entering the business if the individual is under 21 years old; [-and]
- 707 (c) prominently display at the retail tobacco specialty business a sign on the public entrance of the business that communicates:
- 709 (i) the prohibition on the presence of an individual under 21 years old in a retail tobacco specialty business in Subsection 76-10-105.1(4); and

- 711 (ii) the prohibition on the sale of tobacco products and electronic cigarette products to an individual under 21 years old as described in Sections 76-10-104, 76-10-104.1, 76-10-105.1, and 76-10-114[-]; and
- 714 (d) implement security standards that include an electronic video monitoring system with:
- 716 (i) at least one 19-inch or greater call-up monitor;
- 717 (ii) a printer, capable of producing a clear still photo from any video camera image;
- 718 (iii) video cameras with a recording resolution of at least 1280 x 720 pixels, or the equivalent for analog, that records continuously during business hours and for one hour before and after business hours, seven days a week, and is motion activated after business hours that provides coverage of:
- 722 (A) all points of entry; and
- 723 (B) each point-of-sale;
- 724 (iv) a method for storing each video recording from the video camera for at least 45 days after the day on which the recording was taken;
- 726 (v) a surveillance system with:
- 727 (A) a storage device for locally stored footage secured in the business in a lock box, cabinet, closet, or secured in another manner, to protect from tampering or criminal theft; or
- (B) a storage system on a remote server which has restricted access to protect from tampering;
- 732 (vi) a failure notification system that provides an audible or visual notification of an error within the electronic monitoring system; and
- (vii) a date and time stamp embedded on video camera recordings; and
- 735 (e) place a sign in a publicly viewable area that notifies patrons that the patrons are under surveillance.
- 737 (2) A retail tobacco specialty business may not:
- (a) employ an individual under 21 years old to sell a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product; [-or]
- (b) permit an employee under 21 years old to sell a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product[-]; or
- (c) employ an individual that does not have a tobacco handling permit described in Subsection (3).
- 744 (3)
  - (a) An employee, owner, or operator of a retail tobacco specialty business shall obtain and maintain a tobacco handling permit.
- 746 (b) The department shall:

- 747 (i) develop a course to instruct an individual described in Subsection (3)(a) regarding the laws and regulations that a retail tobacco specialty business must follow;
- 749 (ii) issue a tobacco handling permit to any individual who completes the training; and
- 750 (iii) establish a fee in accordance with Section 63J-1-504 to implement this Subsection (3).
- 752 (c) A tobacco handling permit expires one year from the day the tobacco handling permit is issued.
- 754 Section 8. Section **26B-7-518** is amended to read:
- 755 **26B-7-518.** (Effective upon governor's approval)Penalties.
- 756 (1)
  - (a) If an enforcing agency determines that a person has violated the terms of a permit issued under this part, the enforcing agency may impose the penalties described in this section.
- (b) [Hf] Except as provided in Subsections (1)(c) and (1)(d), if multiple violations are found in a single inspection by an enforcing agency or a single investigation by a law enforcement agency[-under Section 77-39-101], the enforcing agency shall treat the multiple violations as one single violation under Subsections (2), (3), [and-](4), and (7).
- 764 (c) Fines described in Subsections (4)(a)(ii), (4)(b)(ii), (7)(a)(ii), and (7)(b)(ii) shall compound for each product sold including if products are sold to multiple individuals.
- (d) If an investigation determines there is a violation of Subsections (3) and (7), the enforcing agency shall assess all penalties described in Subsections (3) and (7) individually.
- (2) Except as provided in Subsections (3), [and-](4), and (7), if a violation is found in an investigation by a law enforcement agency [under Section 77-39-101] or an inspection by an enforcing agency, the enforcing agency shall:
- (a) on a first violation at a retail location, impose a penalty of \$1,000;
- 773 (b) on a second violation at the same retail location that occurs within one year of a previous violation, impose a penalty of \$1,500;
- (c) on a third violation at the same retail location that occurs within two years after two previous violations, impose:
- 777 (i) a suspension of the permit for 30 consecutive business days within 60 days after the day on which the third violation occurs; or
- 779 (ii) a penalty of \$2,000; and
- (d) on a fourth or subsequent violation within two years of three previous violations:
- 781 (i) impose a penalty of \$2,000;

- 782 (ii) revoke a permit of the retailer; and 783 (iii) if applicable, recommend to a municipality or county that a retail tobacco specialty business license issued under Section 10-8-41.6 or 17-50-333 be suspended or revoked. 786 (3) If [a violation is found in an investigation of ]a general tobacco retailer [by a law enforcement agency under Section 77-39-101 for the sale of a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product to an individual under 21 years old and the violation is committed by the owner of the general tobacco retailer] sells a tobacco product to an individual under 21 years old, the enforcing agency shall: 791 (a) on a first violation, impose a fine of \$2,000 on the general tobacco retailer; and 792 (b) on the second violation for the same general tobacco retailer within one year of the first violation: 794 (i) impose a fine of \$5,000; and 795 (ii) revoke the permit for the general tobacco retailer. 796 (4) If [a violation is found in an investigation of ]a retail tobacco specialty business [by a law enforcement agency under Section 77-39-101 for the sale of a tobacco product, an electronic eigarette product, or a nicotine product to an individual under 21 years old] sells a tobacco product to an individual under 21 years old, the enforcing agency shall: 800 (a) on the first violation: 801 (i) impose a fine of [\$5,000] \$10,000; [-and] (ii) impose an additional fine of \$1,000 for each product sold up to \$100,000; and 802
- 803 [(iii)] (iii) immediately suspend the permit for 30 consecutive days; and
- (b) on the second violation at the same retail location within two years of the first violation:
- 806 (i) impose a fine of [\$10,000] \$20,000;[-and]
- 807 (ii) impose an additional fine of \$1,000 for each product sold up to \$100,000; and
- 808 [(ii)] (iii) revoke the permit for the retail tobacco specialty business.
- 809 (5)
  - (a) Except when a transfer described in Subsection (6) occurs, a local health department may not issue a permit to:
- (i) a tobacco retailer for whom a permit is suspended or revoked under Subsection (2) or (3); or
- (ii) a tobacco retailer that has the same proprietor, director, corporate officer, partner, or other holder of significant interest as another tobacco retailer for whom a permit is suspended or revoked under Subsection (2), (3), or (4).

816	(b) A person whose permit:
817	(i) is suspended under this section may not apply for a new permit for any other tobacco retailer for a
	period of 12 months after the day on which an enforcing agency suspends the permit; and
820	(ii) is revoked under this section may not apply for a new permit for any tobacco retailer for a period of
	24 months after the day on which an enforcing agency revokes the permit.
823	(6) Violations of this part, Section 10-8-41.6, or Section 17-50-333 that occur at a tobacco retailer
	location shall stay on the record for that tobacco retailer location unless:
825	(a) the tobacco retailer is transferred to a new proprietor; and
826	(b) the new proprietor provides documentation to the local health department that the new proprietor is
	acquiring the tobacco retailer in an arm's length transaction from the previous proprietor.
829	(7) If a general tobacco retailer is found to be selling a flavored electronic cigarette product, the
	enforcing agency shall:
831	(a) on the first violation:
832	(i) impose a fine of \$10,000;
833	(ii) impose an additional fine of \$1,000 for each product sold up to \$100,000; and
834	(iii) immediately suspend the permit for 30 consecutive days; and
835	(b) on the second violation at the same retail location within two years of the first violation:
837	(i) impose a fine of \$20,000;
838	(ii) impose an additional fine of \$1,000 for each product sold up to \$100,000; and
839	(iii) revoke the permit for the general tobacco retailer.
840	(8)
	(a) Only a law enforcement agency may conduct an investigation or inspection of a retail tobacco
	specialty business for violations of this part.
842	(b) A local health department may levy a fine described in this section against a retail tobacco specialty
	business if a law enforcement agency investigation or inspection finds a violation of this part.
845	Section 9. Section 26B-7-521 is amended to read:
846	26B-7-521. (Effective upon governor's approval) Verification of proof of age Verification
	of identification Notification of law enforcement.
848	(1) As used in this section:
849	(a) "Employee" means an employee of a retail tobacco specialty business.

- (b) "Electronic verification program" means a technology used by a retail tobacco specialty business to confirm proof of age for an individual. 852 (2) A retail tobacco specialty business shall require that an employee verify proof of age of an individual that enters a retail tobacco specialty business as provided in this section. 854 (3) To comply with Subsection (2), an employee shall: 855 (a) request the individual present proof of age; and 856 (b) verify the validity of the proof of age electronically in accordance with Subsection (4). 857 (4) (a) A retail tobacco specialty business shall use an electronic verification program to assist the business in complying with the requirements of this section. 859 (b) Beginning July 1, 2025, a retail tobacco specialty business shall use an identification verification system. 861 (c) The identification verification system described in Subsection (4)(b) shall analyze and conduct a forensic check of the front and back of a proof of identification for authentic security features to detect a fraudulent proof of identification, which shall include the ability to: 865 (i) read and identify ultraviolet and infrared images, microprint, laser perforation, holograms, and other proof of identification specific security features; 867 (ii) scan and analyze a proof of identification issued from any state or territory within the United States; 869 (iii) scan and read magstripe, 2D barcodes, and machine readable zones on United States passport cards; 871 (iv) display easy to read results of the identification analysis and alert staff when a proof of identification appears to be fake or false; 873 (v) detect and alert to an expired or invalid proof of identification; 874 (vi) identify and alert to pass-back or proof of identification sharing; (vii) capture a real time image of the individual presenting the proof of identification; and 875 877 (viii) communicate with the system created by the Department of Public Safety regarding whether a purchaser is a nicotine restricted individual. 879 (d) A retail tobacco specialty business may not sell a tobacco product, nicotine product, or electronic
- (e) A retail tobacco specialty business shall notify the Department of Public Safety when an individual purchases more than 10 electronic cigarette products in a single purchase.

cigarette product to a nicotine restricted individual.

884 (5)

(a) A retail tobacco specialty business may not disclose information obtained under this section except
as provided under this part.
(b) Information obtained under this section:
(i) shall be kept for at least 180 days; and
(ii) is subject to inspection upon request by a peace officer or the representative of an enforcing agency.
(6)
(a) If an employee does not verify proof of age under this section, the employee may not permit an
individual to:
(i) except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), enter a retail tobacco specialty business; or
(ii) purchase a tobacco product or an electronic cigarette product.
(b) In accordance with Subsection 76-10-105.1(4), an individual who is under 21 years old may be
permitted to enter a retail tobacco specialty business if the individual is:
[(i) accompanied by a parent or legal guardian who provides proof of age; or]
[ <del>(ii)</del>
(A)] (i) present at the retail tobacco specialty business solely for the purpose of providing a commercial
service to the retail tobacco specialty business, including making a commercial delivery;
[(B)] (ii) monitored by the proprietor of the retail tobacco specialty business or an employee of the retail
tobacco specialty business; and
[(C)] (iii) not permitted to make any purchase or conduct any commercial transaction other than the
service described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A).
(7) To determine whether the individual described in Subsection (2) is 21 years old or older, the
following may request an individual described in Subsection (2) to present proof of age:
(a) an employee;
(b) a peace officer; or
(c) a representative of an enforcing agency.
Section 10. Section 10 is enacted to read:
26B-7-523. (Effective upon governor's approval)RFID tracking.
(1) As used in this section, "RFID" means radio-frequency identification.
(2) Beginning May 15, 2026, a retail tobacco specialty business shall have in place an inventory control
system that tracks flavored electronic cigarette products.

(3) The inventory control system shall have an RFID tag directly attached to the flavored electronic cigarette product in which: 918 (a) each flavored electronic cigarette product is issued a unique identification number via an RFID tag; and 920 (b) the tag is placed in a position that: 921 (i) is affixed directly on the product; 922 (ii) not affixed to any packaging; and 923 (iii) can be clearly read and include the following information: 924 (A) a unique identification number; 925 (B) the name of the retail tobacco specialty business that sells the product; and 926 (C) the date of sale of the flavored electronic cigarette product. 927 (4) A retail tobacco specialty business shall maintain the information required by this section for at least 180 days after the day on which the flavored electronic cigarette product leaves the retail tobacco specialty business. 930 (5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and beginning May 15, 2026, a flavored electronic cigarette product may not be sold in the state if the product does not meet the RFID requirements of this section. 933 Section 11. Section **53-1-106** is amended to read: 934 53-1-106. {(Effective upon governor's approval)}(Effective 12/31/24) (Effective upon governor's approval)Department duties -- Powers. 936 (1) In addition to the responsibilities contained in this title, the department shall: 937 (a) make rules and perform the functions specified in Title 41, Chapter 6a, Traffic Code, including: 939 (i) setting performance standards for towing companies to be used by the department, as required by Section 41-6a-1406; and 941 (ii) advising the Department of Transportation regarding the safe design and operation of school buses, as required by Section 41-6a-1304; 943 (b) make rules to establish and clarify standards pertaining to the curriculum and teaching methods of a motor vehicle accident prevention course under Section 31A-19a-211; 946 (c) aid in enforcement efforts to combat drug trafficking;

(d) meet with the Division of Technology Services to formulate contracts, establish priorities, and

develop funding mechanisms for dispatch and telecommunications operations;

- (e) provide assistance to the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice and the Utah Office for Victims of Crime in conducting research or monitoring victims' programs, as required by Section 63M-7-507;
- 953 (f) develop sexual assault exam protocol standards in conjunction with the Utah Hospital Association;
- (g) engage in emergency planning activities, including preparation of policy and procedure and rulemaking necessary for implementation of the federal Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act of 1986, as required by Section 53-2a-702;
- (h) implement the provisions of Section 53-2a-402, the Emergency Management Assistance Compact;
- (i) ensure that any training or certification required of a public official or public employee, as those terms are defined in Section 63G-22-102, complies with Title 63G, Chapter 22, State Training and Certification Requirements, if the training or certification is required:
- 965 (i) under this title;
- 966 (ii) by the department; or
- 967 (iii) by an agency or division within the department;
- 968 (j) employ a law enforcement officer as a public safety liaison to be housed at the State Board of Education who shall work with the State Board of Education to:
- 970 (i) support training with relevant state agencies for school resource officers as described in Section 53G-8-702;
- 972 (ii) coordinate the creation of model policies and memorandums of understanding for a local education agency and a local law enforcement agency; and
- 974 (iii) ensure cooperation between relevant state agencies, a local education agency, and a local law enforcement agency to foster compliance with disciplinary related statutory provisions, including Sections 53E-3-516 and 53G-8-211;
- 977 (k) provide for the security and protection of public officials, public officials' staff, and the capitol hill complex in accordance with the provisions of this part;
- 979 (l) fulfill the duties described in Sections 77-36-2.1 and 78B-7-120 related to lethality assessments;[
  and]
- 981 (m) fulfill the duties described in Section 63L-13-201 related to restricted foreign entities[-] ; and
- (n) create a system that notifies a retail tobacco specialty business that an individual is a nicotine restricted individual when the individual attempts to purchase a tobacco product, nicotine product, or electronic cigarette product.

986	(2)
	(a) The department shall establish a schedule of fees as required or allowed in this title for services
	provided by the department.
988	(b) All fees not established in statute shall be established in accordance with Section 63J-1-504.
990	(3) The department may establish or contract for the establishment of an Organ Procurement Donor
	Registry in accordance with Section 26B-8-319.
992	Section 12. Section <b>59-14-102</b> is amended to read:
993	59-14-102. (Effective upon governor's approval)Definitions.
	As used in this chapter:
995	(1) "Alternative nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
997	(2) "Cigarette" means a roll made wholly or in part of tobacco:
998	(a) regardless of:
999	(i) the size of the roll;
1000	(ii) the shape of the roll;
1001	(iii) whether the tobacco is flavored, adulterated, or mixed with any other ingredient; or
1003	(iv) whether the tobacco is heated or burned; and
1004	(b) if the roll has a wrapper or cover that is made of paper or any other substance or material except
	tobacco.
1006	(3) "Cigarette rolling machine" means a device or machine that has the capability to produce at least
	150 cigarettes in less than 30 minutes.
1008	(4) "Cigarette rolling machine operator" means a person who:
1009	(a)
	(i) controls, leases, owns, possesses, or otherwise has available for use a cigarette rolling machine; and
1011	(ii) makes the cigarette rolling machine available for use by another person to produce a cigarette; or
1013	(b) offers for sale, at retail, a cigarette produced from the cigarette rolling machine.
1014	(5) "Consumer" means a person that is not required:
1015	(a) under Section 59-14-201 to obtain a license under Section 59-14-202;
1016	(b) under Section 59-14-301 to obtain a license under Section 59-14-202;[-or]
1017	(c) to obtain a license under Section 59-14-803[-] ; or
1018	(d) to obtain a license under Section 59-14-902.
1019	(6) "Counterfeit cigarette" means:

1020 (a) a cigarette that has a false manufacturing label; or 1021 (b) a package of cigarettes bearing a counterfeit tax stamp. 1022 (7) (a) "Electronic cigarette" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101. 1023 (b) "Electronic cigarette" does not include a cigarette or a tobacco product. 1024 (8) "Electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101. 1026 (9) "Electronic cigarette substance" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101. 1028 (10) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101. 1030 [(10)] (11) "Importer" means a person that imports into the United States, either directly or indirectly, a finished cigarette for sale or distribution. 1032 [(11)] (12) "Indian tribal entity" means a federally recognized Indian tribe, tribal entity, or any other person doing business as a distributor or retailer of cigarettes on tribal lands located in the state. 1035 [(12)] (13) "Little cigar" means a roll for smoking that: 1036 (a) is made wholly or in part of tobacco; 1037 (b) uses an integrated cellulose acetate filter or other similar filter; and 1038 (c) is wrapped in a substance: 1039 (i) containing tobacco; and 1040 (ii) that is not exclusively natural leaf tobacco. 1041 [(13)] (14) (a) Except as provided in Subsection [(13)(b)] (14)(b), "manufacturer" means a person that: 1043 (i) manufactures, fabricates, assembles, processes, or labels a finished cigarette; or 1044 (ii) makes, modifies, mixes, manufactures, fabricates, assembles, processes, labels, repackages, relabels, or imports an electronic cigarette product or a nicotine product. 1047 (b) "Manufacturer" does not include a cigarette rolling machine operator. 1048 [(14)] (15) "Moist snuff" means tobacco that: 1049 (a) is finely cut, ground, or powdered; 1050 (b) has at least 45% moisture content, as determined by the commission by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; 1052 (c) is not intended to be: 1053 (i) smoked; or

1054 (ii) placed in the nasal cavity; and 1055 (d) except for single-use pouches of loose tobacco, is not packaged, produced, sold, or distributed in single-use units, including: (i) tablets; 1057 1058 (ii) lozenges; 1059 (iii) strips; (iv) sticks; or 1060 1061 (v) packages containing multiple single-use units. 1062 [(15)] (16) "Nicotine" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101. 1063 [(16)] (17) "Nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101. 1064 [(17)] (18) "Nontherapeutic nicotine device" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101. 1066 [(18)] (19) "Nontherapeutic nicotine device substance" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101. 1068 [(19)] (20) "Nontherapeutic nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101. 1070 [(20)] (21) "Prefilled electronic cigarette" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101. 1072 [(21)] (22) "Prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101. 1074 [(22)] (23) "Retailer" means a person that: 1075 (a) sells or distributes a cigarette, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product to a consumer in the state; or 1077 (b) intends to sell or distribute a cigarette, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product to a consumer in the state. 1079 [(23)] (24) "Stamp" means the indicia required to be placed on a cigarette package that evidences payment of the tax on cigarettes required by Section 59-14-205. 1081 [(24)](25)(a) "Tobacco product" means a product made of, or containing, tobacco. 1082 (b) "Tobacco product" includes:

(i) a cigarette produced from a cigarette rolling machine;

1083

1084

(ii) a little cigar; or

1085	(iii) moist snuff.
1086	(c) "Tobacco product" does not include a cigarette.
1087	[(25)] (26) "Tribal lands" means land held by the United States in trust for a federally recognized Indian
	tribe.
1089	Section 13. Section <b>59-14-810</b> is amended to read:
1090	59-14-810. Electronic cigarette product registry.
1092	(1) Beginning on August 1, 2024, every manufacturer of an electronic cigarette product that is sold in
	this state, whether directly or through a distributor, wholesaler, retailer, or similar intermediary or
	intermediaries, shall certify under penalty of perjury on a form and in the manner prescribed by the commission, that:
1096	(a) the manufacturer agrees to comply with this section; and
1097	(b) the electronic cigarette product is a premarket authorized or pending electronic cigarette product as
	defined in Section 76-10-101 and will not be illegal to be sold in the state as of January 1, 2025.
1100	(2) When submitting the certification a manufacturer shall submit a form that separately lists each
	electronic cigarette product that is sold in this state.
1102	(3)
	(a) Each certification form shall include:
1103	(i) the name of the electronic cigarette product, nicotine content level by percentage, and any
	flavors contained in the product;
1105	(ii)
	(A) a copy of the order granting a premarket tobacco product application of the electronic cigarette
	product by the United States Food and Drug Administration under 21 U.S.C. Sec. 387j(c)(1)(A)(i);
	or
1108	(B) evidence that the premarket tobacco product application for the electronic cigarette product
	or nicotine product was submitted to the United States Food and Drug Administration before
	September 9, 2020, and a final authorization or order has not yet taken effect;
1112	(iii) a nonrefundable \$1,000 fee for an electronic cigarette product that is being added to the registry
	in the first instance; and
1114	(iv) information described in Subsection (10) if applicable.
1115	(b) The commission shall make the materials submitted under Subsection (3)(a) available to the
	Department of Health and Human Services for review and approval.

- 1117 (c) A manufacturer required to submit a certification form under this section shall notify the commission and the Department of Health and Human Services in a manner prescribed by the commission within 30 days of any material change making the certification form no longer accurate, including: 1121 (i) the issuance or denial of a marketing authorization or other order by the United States Food and Drug Administration under 21 U.S.C. Sec. 387j; or 1123 (ii) any other order or action by the United States Food and Drug Administration or any court that affects the ability of the electronic cigarette product to be introduced or delivered into interstate commerce for commercial distribution in the United States. 1127 (d) On or before January 31 of each year and in a manner prescribed by the commission, a manufacturer shall: 1129 (i) recertify that the information contained in the certification is correct and accurate; 1130 (ii) correct or amend information if necessary; and 1131 (iii) pay a \$250 nonrefundable fee for each electronic cigarette product on the registry that is manufactured by the manufacturer. 1133 (e) A manufacturer may amend a certification, including to add additional electronic cigarette products to the registry, if all requirements of this section are met. 1135 (f) The commission shall:
- (i) provide an electronic notification to a manufacturer that has not submitted a recertification under Subsection (3)(d); and
- (ii) remove a manufacturer or an electronic cigarette product that is not recertified from the registry by March 15.
- 1140 (4)
  - (a) The Department of Health and Human Services shall review materials described in Subsection (3)(a) and notify the commission regarding whether an electronic cigarette product should be included in the registry.
- 1143 (b) On or before October 1, 2024, the commission shall make publicly available on the commission's website a registry that lists each electronic cigarette product manufacturer and each electronic cigarette product for which certification forms have been approved by the Department of Health and Human Services.

- (c) An electronic cigarette product may not be listed on the registry unless the Department of Health and Human Services determines the requirements of Subsection (3)(a) are met.
- 1150 (5)
  - (a) If the Department of Health and Human Services obtains information that an electronic cigarette product should not be listed in the registry, the Department of Health and Human Services shall provide the manufacturer notice and an opportunity to cure deficiencies before notifying the commission to remove the manufacturer or products from the registry.
- (b) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), the Department of Health and Human Services shall comply with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, before notifying the commission to remove [an] a flavored electronic cigarette product or manufacturer from the registry.
- (c) Subsection (5)(b) does not apply to a manufacturer failing:
- (i) to [decertify] recertify an electronic cigarette product;
- (ii) to provide fees and documentation described in Subsection (3)(a) or (3)(d); or
- (iii) to comply with Subsection (10).
- 1163 (6)
  - (a) If a product is removed from the registry, each retailer, distributor, and wholesaler shall have 30 days from the day on which the product is removed from the registry to remove the product from any inventory and return the product to the manufacturer for disposal.
- (b) After the period described in Subsection (6)(a), any electronic cigarette product of a manufacturer identified in the notice of removal are contraband and are subject to penalties under Subsection (8)[

  and seizure, forfeiture, and destruction under Section 26A-1-131].
- 1171 (7)
  - (a) Beginning on January 1, 2025, a person may not sell or offer for retail sale an electronic cigarette product in this state that is not included in [the] a registry created under this section, Section 26B-7-505.1, or Section {59-14-807} 59-14-908.
- (b) A manufacturer may not sell, either directly or through a distributor, wholesaler, retailer, or similar intermediary or intermediaries, an electronic cigarette product in this state that is not included in the registry.
- 1177 (8)
  - (a) A wholesaler, distributor, or retailer who sells or offers for retail sale an electronic cigarette product in this state that is not included in the registry shall be subject to a civil penalty of:

1180	(i) \$1,000 for each product offered for sale in violation of this section; and
1181	(ii) \$100 per day until the offending product is removed from the market or until the offending
	product is properly listed on the registry.
1183	(b) The commission shall suspend the person's license issued under Section 59-14-803 for a violation of
	Subsection (8)(a) as follows:
1185	(i) for a second violation within a 12-month period, at least 14 days;
1186	(ii) for a third violation within a 12-month period, at least 60 days; or
1187	(iii) for a fourth violation within a 12-month period, at least one year.
1188	(c) A manufacturer whose electronic cigarette products are not listed in the registry and are sold in
	this state, whether directly or through a distributor, wholesaler, retailer, or similar intermediary or
	intermediaries, is subject to a civil penalty of:
1191	(i) \$1,000 for each product offered for retail sale in violation of this section; and
1192	(ii) \$100 per day until the offending product is removed from the market or until the offending product
	is properly listed on the registry.
1194	(d) A manufacturer that falsely represents any information required by a certification form described in
	this section shall be guilty of a class C misdemeanor for each false representation.
1197	(e) A repeated violation of this section shall constitute a deceptive act or practice as provided in
	Sections 13-11-4 and 13-11a-3 and shall be subject to any remedies or penalties available for a
	violation of those sections.
1200	(9)
	(a) To assist in ensuring compliance and enforcement of this section[-and Section 26A-1-131], the
	commission shall disclose to the following entities, upon request, any information obtained under
	this section:
1203	(i) the Department of Health and Human Services;
1204	(ii) a local health department;[-or]
1205	(iii) a law enforcement agency; or
1206	[(iii)] (iv) the attorney general.
1207	(b) The commission and attorney general shall share with each other information received under this
	section, or corresponding laws of other states.
1209	(10)
	(a)

[(i)] The commission may not list a nonresident manufacturer of an electronic cigarette product in
the registry unless:
[(A)] (i) the nonresident manufacturer has registered to do business in the state as a foreign
corporation or business entity; or
[(B)] (ii) the nonresident manufacturer appoints and maintains without interruption the services
of an agent in this state to receive any service of process on behalf of the manufacturer.
(b) The nonresident manufacturer shall provide the name, address, and telephone number of the agent to
the commission.
(c)
(i) A nonresident manufacturer shall provide notice to the commission 30 days before the termination
of the authority of an agent and shall further provide proof to the satisfaction of the commission of
the appointment of a new agent no less than five calendar days prior to the termination of an existing
agent appointment.
(ii) In the event an agent terminates an agency appointment, the manufacturer shall notify the
commission of the termination within five calendar days and shall include proof to the satisfaction
of the commission of the appointment of a new agent.
(11) Before May 31 of each year, the commission and the Department of Health and Human Services
shall provide a report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee and the Health and Human
Services Interim Committee regarding:
(a) the status of the registry;
(b) manufacturers and products included in the registry; and
(c) revenue and expenditures related to administration of this section[; and].
[(d) enforcement activities undertaken under this section and Section 26A-1-131.]
(12) All fees and penalties collected under this section shall be used for administration and enforcement
of this section[-and Section 26A-1-131] and deposited into the account created in Section
{ <del>59-14-906</del> } <u>59-14-807</u> .
(13) The commission, in consultation with the Department of Health and Human Services, may make
rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to implement
this section.
Section 14. Section 14 is enacted to read:
Part 9. Flavored Electronic Cigarette Tax

1241		<u>59-14-901.</u> (Effective 01/01/26)Definitions.
		As used in this part:
1243	<u>(1)</u>	"Licensee" means a retail tobacco specialty business that holds a license to sell a flavored electronic
		cigarette product under this part.
1245	<u>(2)</u>	
	<u>(a)</u>	"Retail price" means the amount charged by a retailer for a flavored electronic cigarette product.
1247	<u>(b)</u>	"Retail price" includes any part of the amount charged by a retailer that is paid or recouped for a tax
		imposed on a distributor under Section 59-14-804.
1249	<u>(3)</u>	"Retail tobacco specialty business" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26B-7-501.
1251		Section 15. Section 15 is enacted to read:
1252		59-14-902. License to sell flavored electronic cigarette product.
1254	<u>(1)</u>	A {person} retailer may not sell or offer to sell a flavored electronic cigarette product in this state
		without first:
1256	<u>(a)</u>	obtaining a license from the commission under this section to sell a flavored electronic cigarette
		product; and
1258	<u>(b)</u>	complying with any bonding requirement described in Subsection (5).
1259	<u>(2)</u>	A license described in this section is required in addition to any other license required by law.
1261	<u>(3)</u>	
	<u>(a)</u>	The commission shall issue a license to sell a flavored electronic cigarette product to a retailer that
		submits an application, on a form created by the commission, that includes:
1264		(i) the retailer's name;
1265		(ii) the address of the facility where the retailer will sell a flavored cigarette product; and
1267		(iii) any other information the commission requires to implement this part.
1268	<u>(b)</u>	The commission may not issue a license under this part to a person that does not have a retail
		tobacco specialty business permit described in Section 26B-7-509.
1270	<u>(4)</u>	A license described in Subsection (3) is:
1271	<u>(a)</u>	valid only at one fixed business address;
1272	<u>(b)</u>	valid for three years;
1273	<u>(c)</u>	valid only for a physical location; and
1274	<u>(d)</u>	renewable if a licensee meets the criteria for licensing described in Subsection (3).
1275	(5)	

(a) The commission shall require a retailer that is responsible under this part for the collection of tax on
a flavored electronic cigarette product to post a bond.
(b) The retailer may post the bond required by Subsection (5)(a) in combination with any bond required
by Section 59-14-201, 59-14-301, or 59-14-803.
(c) Subject to Subsection (5)(d), the commission shall determine the form and amount of the bond.
(d) The minimum amount of the bond shall be \$500.
(e) If a bond is posted in combination with another bond under (5)(b), the total amount of the bond shall
be equal to the sum total of \$500 plus the amount required by the other provision of law.
(6) The commission may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
Rulemaking Act, to establish the additional information described in Subsection (3)(c) that a person
shall provide in the application described in Subsection (3).
(7) It is a class B misdemeanor for a person to violate Subsection (1).
(8) The commission may not charge a fee for a license under this section.
Section 16. Section 16 is enacted to read:
59-14-903. (Effective 01/01/26)Publication of licensed distributors Retailer transaction
only with licensed distributor Penalty.
<u>(1)</u>
(a) The commission shall maintain a list that includes the identity of each licensee under this part to sell
a flavored electronic cigarette product.
(b) The list shall be:
(i) published on the commission website; and
(ii) updated by the commission at least once per quarter.
(2) A distributor may sell a flavored electronic cigarette product only to a licensee identified on the list
described in Subsection (1).
<u>(3)</u>
(a) The commission may impose a penalty against a distributor that sells a flavored electronic cigarette
product to a person other than a licensee.
(b) On the first violation, the commission shall:
(i) impose a fine of \$10,000; and
(ii) impose an additional fine of \$1,000 for each product sold up to \$100,000.
(c) On the second or subsequent violation within two years of the first violation, the commission shall:

1308	(i) impose a fine of \$20,000; and
1309	(ii) impose an additional fine of \$1,000 for each product sold up to \$100,000.
1310	Section 17. Section 17 is enacted to read:
1311	59-14-904. Taxation of flavored electronic cigarette products.
1312	(1)
	(a) Beginning on January 1, 2026, a tax is imposed on the retail sale of a flavored electronic cigarette
	product.
1314	(b) A tax described in this section is in addition to any other tax required by law on an electronic
	cigarette product, including the tax described in Section 59-14-804.
1316	(2) The amount of tax imposed under Subsection (1) is {.20-} .10 multiplied by the retail price of each
	product sold.
1318	(3) If a product is sold in the same package as a product that is taxed under Subsection (1), the tax
	described in Subsection (2) shall apply to the retail price of the entire packaged product.
1321	(4)
	(a) The retailer shall remit the taxes collected in accordance with this section to the commission.
1323	(b) The commission shall deposit revenues generated by the tax imposed by this section into the
	Flavored Electronic Cigarette Product Proceeds Restricted Account created in Section 59-14-906.
1326	Section 18. Section 18 is enacted to read:
1327	59-14-905. (Effective 01/01/26)Remittance of tax Returns Invoice required Filing
	requirement Exception Penalty Overpayment.
1329	(1)
	(a) The retailer that collects the tax imposed on a flavored electronic cigarette product shall remit to the
	commission, in an electronic format approved by the commission:
1331	(i) the tax collected in the previous calendar quarter; and
1332	(ii) the quarterly tax return.
1333	(b) The tax collected and the return are due on or before the last day of April, July, October, and
	January.
1335	(2)
	(a) A consumer that purchases an untaxed flavored electronic cigarette product for use or other
	consumption shall:

(i) file with the commission, on forms prescribed by the commission, a statement showing the

		quantity and description of the item subject to tax under this part; and
1339		(ii) pay the tax imposed by this part on that item.
1340	<u>(b)</u>	The consumer shall file the statement described in Subsection (2)(a) and pay the tax due on or
		before the last day of the month immediately following the month during which the consumer
		purchased an untaxed flavored electronic cigarette product.
1343	<u>(c)</u>	A consumer shall maintain records necessary to determine the amount of tax the consumer is liable
		to pay under this part for a period of three years following the date on which the statement required
		by this section was filed.
1346	<u>(3)</u>	A tourist who imports an untaxed flavored electronic cigarette product into the state does not need to
		file the statement described in Subsection (2) or pay the tax if the item is for the tourist's own use or
		consumption while in this state.
1349	<u>(4)</u>	In addition to the tax required by this part, a person shall pay a penalty as provided in Section
		59-1-401, plus interest at the rate and in the manner prescribed in Section 59-1-402, if a person
		subject to this section fails to:
1352	<u>(a)</u>	pay the tax prescribed by this part;
1353	<u>(b)</u>	pay the tax on time; or
1354	<u>(c)</u>	file a return required by this part.
1355	<u>(5)</u>	An overpayment of a tax imposed by this part shall accrue interest at the rate and in the manner
		prescribed in Section 59-1-402.
1357		Section 19. Section 19 is enacted to read:
1358		59-14-906. Flavored Electronic Cigarette Product Proceeds Restricted Account.
1360	<u>(1)</u>	There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the "Flavored Electronic
		Cigarette Product Proceeds Restricted Account."
1362	<u>(2)</u>	The account consists of revenue collected by the tax imposed in Section 59-14-904 and fees and
		penalties collected under Section 59-14-908.
1364	<u>(3)</u>	Subject to Subsection (5), for each fiscal year and subject to appropriation by the Legislature, the
		Division of Finance shall distribute revenue generated by the tax created under this part as follows:
1367	<u>(a)</u>	25% of the amount to the Department of Public Safety for enforcement of the state's electronic
		cigarette product laws and performance of the duties related to electronic cigarette products
		including programing;

1370	<u>(b)</u>	70% of the amount transferred to the Department of Health and Human Services for use to perform
		duties related to electronic cigarette product regulation, prevention, and research; and
1373	<u>(c)</u>	5% of the amount in the account to the State Board of Education to pay for the school lunch
		program described in Section 53E-3-510.
1375	<u>(4)</u>	For each fiscal year and subject to appropriation by the Legislature, the Division of Finance shall
		distribute revenue generated from the money deposited under Section {59-14-907} 59-14-908:
1378	<u>(a)</u>	to the commission, in an amount equal to the amount necessary to create and maintain the registry
		described in Section {59-14-907} 59-14-908; and
1380	<u>(b)</u>	to the Department of Health and Human Services, in an amount necessary for completing duties
		described in Section {59-14-907} 59-14-908 and duties described in Section 26B-7-505.
1383	<u>(5)</u>	
	<u>(a)</u>	The fund shall earn interest.
1384	<u>(b)</u>	Interest earned on fund money shall be deposited into the fund.
1385	<u>(6)</u>	Subject to legislative appropriations, before any amount of money is distributed under Subsection
		(3), the Division of Finance shall distribute an amount to the commission to:
1387	<u>(a)</u>	enforce compliance with the tax collection requirements of this part; and
1388	<u>(b)</u>	for programming and maintaining the tax created under this part.
1389		Section 20. Section 20 is enacted to read:
1390		59-14-907. (Effective 01/01/26)Reports of illegal product.
		If the commission suspects that a flavored electronic cigarette product is being sold in
		violation of a law other than a law described in this part, the commission shall report the name
		of the seller, the type of product, and the county where the product was sold:
1394	<u>(1)</u>	to the local health department for the county where the sale occurs;
1395	<u>(2)</u>	to the Department of Health and Human Services; and
1396	<u>(3)</u>	to the Department of Public Safety.
1397		Section 21. Section 21 is enacted to read:
1398		59-14-908. (Effective 01/01/26)Flavored electronic cigarette product registry.
1399	<u>(1)</u>	Beginning on August 1, 2025, every manufacturer of a flavored electronic cigarette product
		that is sold in this state, whether directly or through a distributor, wholesaler, retailer, or similar
		intermediary or intermediaries, shall certify under penalty of perjury on a form and in the manner
		prescribed by the commission, that:

1.402	
1403	(a) the manufacturer agrees to comply with this section;
1404	(b) the flavored electronic cigarette product meets the requirements for sale described in Section
	26B-7-505 and rules created under that section, including packaging requirements; and
1407	(c) beginning May 15, 2026, the flavored electronic cigarette product is equipped with RFID tracking
	technology in accordance with Section 26B-7-523.
1409	(2) When submitting the certification a manufacturer shall submit a form that separately lists each
	flavored electronic cigarette product that is sold in this state.
1411	<u>(3)</u>
	(a) Each certification form shall include:
1412	(i) the name of the flavored electronic cigarette product, nicotine content level by percentage, and
	any flavors contained in the product;
1414	(ii) a nonrefundable \$1,000 fee for each flavored electronic cigarette product that is being added to
	the registry in the first instance; and
1416	(iii) information described in Subsection (10) if applicable.
1417	(b) The commission shall make the materials submitted under Subsection (3)(a) available to the
	Department of Health and Human Services for review and approval.
1419	(c) A manufacturer required to submit a certification form under this section shall notify the
	commission and the Department of Health and Human Services in a manner prescribed by the
	commission within 30 days of any material change making the certification form no longer accurate.
1423	(d) On or before January 31 of each year and in a manner prescribed by the commission, a manufacturer
	<u>shall:</u>
1425	(i) recertify that the information contained in the certification is correct and accurate;
1426	(ii) correct or amend information if necessary; and
1427	(iii) pay a \$250 nonrefundable fee for each flavored electronic cigarette product on the registry that is
	manufactured by the manufacturer.
1429	(e) A manufacturer may amend a certification, including to add additional flavored electronic cigarette
	products to the registry, if all requirements of this section are met.
1431	(f) The commission shall:
1432	(i) provide an electronic notification to a manufacturer that has not submitted a recertification under
	Subsection (3)(d); and
1434	

(ii) remove a manufacturer or the flavored electronic cigarette product that is not recertified from the

		registry by March 15.
1436	<u>(4)</u>	
	<u>(a)</u>	The Department of Health and Human Services shall review materials described in Subsection (3)
		(a) and notify the commission regarding whether a flavored electronic cigarette product should be
		included in the registry.
1439	<u>(b)</u>	On or before October 1, 2025, the commission shall make publicly available on the commission's
		website a registry that lists each flavored electronic cigarette product manufacturer and each
		flavored electronic cigarette product for which certification forms have been approved by the
		Department of Health and Human Services.
1443	<u>(c)</u>	A flavored electronic cigarette product may not be listed on the registry unless the Department of
		Health and Human Services determines the product meets the requirements of Section 26B-7-505.
1446	<u>(5)</u>	
	<u>(a)</u>	If the Department of Health and Human Services obtains information that a flavored electronic
		cigarette product should not be listed in the registry, the Department of Health and Human Services
		shall provide the manufacturer notice and an opportunity to cure deficiencies before notifying the
		commission to remove the manufacturer or products from the registry.
1451	<u>(b)</u>	Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), the Department of Health and Human Services shall
		comply with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, before notifying the commission
		to remove a flavored electronic cigarette product or manufacturer from the registry.
1455	<u>(c)</u>	Subsection (5)(b) does not apply to a manufacturer failing:
1456	<u>(i)</u>	to recertify a flavored electronic cigarette product;
1457	<u>(ii)</u>	to provide fees and documentation described in Subsection (3)(a) or (3)(d); or
1458	<u>(iii)</u>	to comply with Subsection (10).
1459	<u>(6)</u>	
	<u>(a)</u>	If a product is removed from the registry, each retailer, distributor, and wholesaler shall have 30
		days from the day on which the product is removed from the registry to remove the product from
		any inventory and return the product to the manufacturer for disposal.
1463	<u>(b)</u>	After the period described in Subsection (6)(a), any flavored electronic cigarette product of a
		manufacturer identified in the notice of removal are contraband and are subject to penalties under

Subsection (8).

1466	(7)
	(a) Beginning on January 1, 2026, a person may not sell or offer for retail sale a flavored electronic
	cigarette product in this state that is not included in the registry.
1468	(b) A manufacturer may not sell, either directly or through a distributor, wholesaler, retailer, or similar
	intermediary or intermediaries, a flavored electronic cigarette product in this state that is not
	included in the registry.
1471	(8)
	(a) A wholesaler, distributor, or retailer who sells or offers for retail sale a flavored electronic cigarette
	product in this state that is not included in the registry shall be subject to a civil penalty of:
1474	(i) \$1,000 for each product offered for sale in violation of this section; and
1475	(ii) \$100 per day until the offending product is removed from the market or until the offending
	product is properly listed on the registry.
1477	(b) The commission shall suspend the person's license issued under Section 59-14-803 for a violation of
	Subsection (8)(a) as follows:
1479	(i) for a second violation within a 12-month period, at least 14 days;
1480	(ii) for a third violation within a 12-month period, at least 60 days; or
1481	(iii) for a fourth violation within a 12-month period, at least one year.
1482	(c) A manufacturer whose flavored electronic cigarette products are not listed in the registry and
	are sold in this state, whether directly or through a distributor, wholesaler, retailer, or similar
	intermediary or intermediaries, is subject to a civil penalty of:
1486	(i) \$1,000 for each product offered for retail sale in violation of this section; and
1487	(ii) \$100 per day until the offending product is removed from the market or until the offending product
	is properly listed on the registry.
1489	(d) A manufacturer that falsely represents any information required by a certification form described in
	this section shall be guilty of a class C misdemeanor for each false representation.
1492	(e) A repeated violation of this section shall constitute a deceptive act or practice as provided in
	Sections 13-11-4 and 13-11a-3 and shall be subject to any remedies or penalties available for a
	violation of those sections.
1495	(9)
	(a) To assist in ensuring compliance and enforcement of this section, the commission shall disclose to
	the following entities, upon request, any information obtained under this section:

1498	(i) the Department of Health and Human Services;
1499	(ii) a local health department;
1500	(iii) a law enforcement agency; or
1501	(iv) the attorney general.
1502	(b) The commission and attorney general shall share with each other information received under this
	section, or corresponding laws of other states.
1504	<u>(10)</u>
	(a) The commission may not list a nonresident manufacturer's flavored electronic cigarette products in
	the registry unless:
1506	(i) the nonresident manufacturer has registered to do business in the state as a foreign corporation or
	business entity; or
1508	(ii) the nonresident manufacturer appoints and maintains without interruption the services of an
	agent in this state to receive any service of process on behalf of the manufacturer.
1511	(b) The nonresident manufacturer shall provide the name, address, and telephone number of the agent to
	the commission.
1513	<u>(c)</u>
	(i) A nonresident manufacturer shall provide notice to the commission 30 days before the termination
	of the authority of an agent and shall further provide proof to the satisfaction of the commission of
	the appointment of a new agent no less than five calendar days prior to the termination of an existing
	agent appointment.
1517	(ii) In the event an agent terminates an agency appointment, the manufacturer shall notify the
	commission of the termination within five calendar days and shall include proof to the satisfaction
	of the commission of the appointment of a new agent.
1521	(11) Before May 31, 2027, and each May 31 thereafter, the commission and the Department of Health
	and Human Services shall provide a report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee and the
	Health and Human Services Interim Committee regarding:
1524	(a) the status of the registry;
1525	(b) manufacturers and products included in the registry; and
1526	(c) revenue and expenditures related to administration of this section.
1527	(12) All fees and penalties collected under this section shall be used for administration and enforcement
	of this section and deposited into the account created in Section 59-14-906.

- 1529 (13) The commission, in consultation with the Department of Health and Human Services, may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to implement this section.
- 1532 (14) For a flavored electronic cigarette product, the registration required under this section is in addition to the registration described in Section 59-14-810.
- Section 22. Section **63I-2-226** is amended to read:
- 1535 **63I-2-226.** {(Effective upon governor's approval)}(Effective 07/01/24) (Effective upon governor's approval)Repeal dates: Titles 26 through 26B.
- (1) Section 26B-1-241, Tardive dyskinesia, is repealed July 1, 2024.
- 1538 (2) Section 26B-1-302, National Professional Men's Basketball Team Support of Women and Children Issues Restricted Account, is repealed July 1, 2024.
- 1540 (3) Section 26B-1-309, Medicaid Restricted Account, is repealed July 1, 2024.
- 1541 (4) Section 26B-1-313, Cancer Research Restricted Account, is repealed July 1, 2024.
- (5) Section 26B-1-420, Cannabis Research Review Board, is repealed July 1, 2026.
- 1543 (6) Subsection 26B-1-421(9)(a), regarding a report to the Cannabis Research Review Board, is repealed July 1, 2026.
- 1545 (7) Section 26B-1-423, Rural Physician Loan Repayment Program Advisory Committee -- Membership -- Compensation -- Duties, is repealed July 1, 2026.
- 1547 (8) Section 26B-2-243, Data collection and reporting requirements concerning incidents of abuse, neglect, or exploitation, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- (9) Section 26B-3-142, Long-acting injectables, is repealed July 1, 2024.
- 1550 (10) Subsection 26B-3-215(5), regarding reporting on coverage for in vitro fertilization and genetic testing, is repealed July 1, 2030.
- 1552 (11) Subsection 26B-4-201(5), regarding the Cannabis Research Review Board, is repealed July 1, 2026.
- 1554 (12) Subsection 26B-4-212(1)(b), regarding the Cannabis Research Review Board, is repealed July 1, 2026.
- 1556 (13) Section 26B-4-702, Creation of Utah Health Care Workforce Financial Assistance Program, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 1558 (14) Subsection 26B-4-703(3)(b), regarding per diem and expenses for the Rural Physician Loan Repayment Program Advisory Committee, is repealed July 1, 2026.

- 1560 (15) Subsection 26B-4-703(3)(c), regarding expenses for the Rural Physician Loan Repayment Program, is repealed July 1, 2026.
- 1562 (16) Subsection 26B-4-703(6)(b), regarding recommendations from the Rural Physician Loan Repayment Program Advisory Committee, is repealed July 1, 2026.
- 1564 (17) Section 26B-5-117, Early childhood mental health support grant program, is repealed January 2, 2025.
- 1566 (18) Section 26B-5-302.5, Study concerning civil commitment and the Utah State Hospital, is repealed July 1, 2025.
- 1568 (19) Section 26B-6-414, Respite care services, is repealed July 1, 2025.
- 1569 (20) Section 26B-7-120, Invisible condition alert program education and outreach, is repealed July 1, 2025.
- 1571 (21) Subsection 26B-7-509(2)(d), regarding the 2025 fiscal year renewal fee, is repealed July 1, 2026.
- Section 23. Section **63I-2-259** is amended to read:
- 1574 63I-2-259. {(Effective upon governor's approval)}(Effective 06/21/24)Repeal dates: Title 59.
- 1575 (1) Subsection 59-7-610(8), regarding claiming a tax credit in the same taxable year as the targeted business income tax credit, is repealed December 31, 2024.
- 1577 (2) Subsection 59-7-614.10(5), regarding claiming a tax credit in the same taxable year as the targeted business income tax credit, is repealed December 31, 2024.
- 1579 (3) Section 59-7-624, Targeted business income tax credit, is repealed December 31, 2024.
- 1580 (4) Subsection 59-10-210(2)(b)(vi), regarding Section 59-10-1112, is repealed December 31, 2024.
- 1582 (5) Subsection 59-10-1007(8), regarding claiming a tax credit in the same taxable year as the targeted business income tax credit, is repealed December 31, 2024.
- 1584 (6) Subsection 59-10-1037(5), regarding claiming a tax credit in the same taxable year as the targeted business income tax credit, is repealed December 31, 2024.
- 1586 (7) Section 59-10-1112, Targeted business income tax credit, is repealed December 31, 2024.
- 1588 (8) Section 59-10-908, Flavored electronic cigarette product registry, is repealed July 1, 2028.
- 1590 Section 24. Section **76-10-101** is amended to read:
- **76-10-101.** (Effective upon governor's approval)Definitions.

As used in this part:

1593 (1)

(a)	"Alternative nicotine product" means a product, other than a cigarette, a counterfeit cigarette, an
	electronic cigarette product, a nontherapeutic nicotine product, or a tobacco product, that:
	(i) contains nicotine;
	(ii) is intended for human consumption;
	(iii) is not purchased with a prescription from a licensed physician; and
	(iv) is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration as nicotine replacement
	therapy.
(b)	"Alternative nicotine product" includes:
(i)	pure nicotine;
(ii)	snortable nicotine;
(iii)	dissolvable salts, orbs, pellets, sticks, or strips; and
(iv)	nicotine-laced food and beverage.
(c)	"Alternative nicotine product" does not include a fruit, a vegetable, or a tea that contains naturally
	occurring nicotine.
(2)	"Cigar" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be burned under ordinary conditions
	of use, and consists of any roll of tobacco wrapped in leaf tobacco, or in any substance containing
	tobacco, other than any roll of tobacco that is a cigarette.
(3)	"Cigarette" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be heated or burned under ordinary
	conditions of use, and consists of:
(a)	any roll of tobacco wrapped in paper or in any substance not containing tobacco; or
(b)	any roll of tobacco wrapped in any substance containing tobacco which, because of its appearance,
	the type of tobacco used in the filler, or its packaging and labeling, is likely to be offered to, or
	purchased by, consumers as a cigarette described in Subsection (3)(a).
(4)	
(a)	"Electronic cigarette" means:
	(i) any electronic oral device:
(A)	that provides an aerosol or a vapor of nicotine or other substance; and
(B)	which simulates smoking through the use or inhalation of the device;
	(ii) a component of the device described in Subsection (4)(a)(i); or
	(iii) an accessory sold in the same package as the device described in Subsection (4)(a)(i).
(b)	"Electronic cigarette" includes an oral device that is:

1626 (i) composed of a heating element, battery, or electronic circuit; and (ii) marketed, manufactured, distributed, or sold as: 1627 1628 (A) an e-cigarette; 1629 (B) an e-cigar; 1630 (C) an e-pipe; or 1631 (D) any other product name or descriptor, if the function of the product meets the definition of Subsection (4)(a). 1633 (c) "Electronic cigarette" does not mean a medical cannabis device, as that term is defined in Section 26B-4-201. 1635 (5) "Electronic cigarette product" means an electronic cigarette, an electronic cigarette substance, or a prefilled electronic cigarette. 1637 (6) "Electronic cigarette substance" means any substance, including liquid containing nicotine, used or intended for use in an electronic cigarette. 1639 (7) (a) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" means an electronic cigarette product that has a taste or smell that is distinguishable by an ordinary consumer either before or during use or consumption of the electronic cigarette product. 1642 (b) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" includes an electronic cigarette product that is labeled as, or has a taste or smell of any fruit, chocolate, vanilla, honey, candy, cocoa, dessert, alcoholic beverage, herb, spice, or mint. 1645 (c) "Flavored electronic cigarette product" does not include an electronic cigarette product that has a taste or smell of only tobacco or menthol. 1647 (8) "Nicotine" means a poisonous, nitrogen containing chemical that is made synthetically or derived from tobacco or other plants. 1649 (9) "Nicotine product" means an alternative nicotine product or a nontherapeutic nicotine product. 1651 (10) "Nicotine restricted individual" means an individual to whom the sale, offer for sale, or furnishing of a tobacco product, nicotine product, or electronic cigarette product is prohibited by: 1654 (a) law; or 1655 (b) court order. 1656 [(10)](11)(a) "Nontherapeutic nicotine device" means a device that:

1657	(i) has a pressurized canister that is used to administer nicotine to the user through inhalation or
	intranasally;
1659	(ii) is not purchased with a prescription from a licensed physician; and
1660	(iii) is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration as nicotine replacement
	therapy.
1662	(b) "Nontherapeutic nicotine device" includes a nontherapeutic nicotine inhaler or a nontherapeutic
	nicotine nasal spray.
1664	[(11)] (12) "Nontherapeutic nicotine device substance" means a substance that:
1665	(a) contains nicotine;
1666	(b) is sold in a cartridge for use in a nontherapeutic nicotine device;
1667	(c) is not purchased with a prescription from a licensed physician; and
1668	(d) is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration as nicotine replacement therapy.
1670	[(12)] (13) "Nontherapeutic nicotine product" means a nontherapeutic nicotine device, a nontherapeutic
	nicotine device substance, or a prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device.
1672	[(13)] (14) "Place of business" includes:
1673	(a) a shop;
1674	(b) a store;
1675	(c) a factory;
1676	(d) a public garage;
1677	(e) an office;
1678	(f) a theater;
1679	(g) a recreation hall;
1680	(h) a dance hall;
1681	(i) a poolroom;
1682	(j) a cafe;
1683	(k) a cafeteria;
1684	(l) a cabaret;
1685	(m) a restaurant;
1686	(n) a hotel;
1687	(o) a lodging house;
1688	(p) a streetcar;

1689	(q) a bus;
1690	(r) an interurban or railway passenger coach;
1691	(s) a waiting room; and
1692	(t) any other place of business.
1693	[(14)] (15) "Prefilled electronic cigarette" means an electronic cigarette that is sold prefilled with an
	electronic cigarette substance.
1695	[(15)] (16) "Prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device" means a nontherapeutic nicotine device that is
	sold prefilled with a nontherapeutic nicotine device substance.
1697	[(16)] (17) "Premarket authorized or pending electronic cigarette product" means an electronic cigarette
	product that:
1699	[ <del>(a)</del>
	(i) (a) has been approved by an order granting a premarket tobacco product application of the
	electronic cigarette product by the United States Food and Drug Administration under 21 U.S.C.
	Sec. $387j(c)(1)(A)(i)$ ; or
1702	[ <del>(ii)</del> ] <u>(b)</u>
	[(A)] (i) was marketed in the United States on or before August 8, 2016;
1703	[(B)] (ii) the manufacturer submitted a premarket tobacco product application for the electronic
	cigarette product to the United States Food and Drug Administration under 21 U.S.C. Sec. 387j on
	or before September 9, 2020; and
1706	[ <del>(C)</del> ] (iii) has an application described in Subsection [ <del>(16)(a)(ii)</del> ] (17)(b)(ii) that either remains under
	review by the United States Food and Drug Administration or a final decision on the application has
	not taken effect.[; and]
1709	[(b) does not exceed:]
1710	[(i) 4.0% nicotine by weight per container; or]
1711	[(ii) a nicotine concentration of 40 milligrams per milliliter.]
1712	[(17)] (18) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means the same as that term is defined in Section
	26B-7-501.
1714	[(18)] (19) "Smoking" means the possession of any lighted cigar, cigarette, pipe, or other lighted
	smoking equipment.
1716	[(19)] $(20)$

- (a) "Tobacco paraphernalia" means equipment, product, or material of any kind that is used, intended for use, or designed for use to package, repackage, store, contain, conceal, ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette substance, or a nontherapeutic nicotine device substance into the human body.
- 1721 (b) "Tobacco paraphernalia" includes:
- (i) metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls;
- 1724 (ii) water pipes;
- (iii) carburetion tubes and devices;
- (iv) smoking and carburetion masks;
- (v) roach clips, meaning objects used to hold burning material, such as a cigarette, that has become too small or too short to be held in the hand;
- (vi) chamber pipes;
- (vii) carburetor pipes;
- 1731 (viii) electric pipes;
- 1732 (ix) air-driven pipes;
- 1733 (x) chillums;
- 1734 (xi) bongs; and
- 1735 (xii) ice pipes or chillers.
- (c) "Tobacco paraphernalia" does not include matches or lighters.
- 1737  $\left[\frac{(20)}{(21)}\right]$  "Tobacco product" means:
- 1738 (a) a cigar;
- 1739 (b) a cigarette; or
- (c) tobacco in any form, including:
- 1741 (i) chewing tobacco; and
- (ii) any substitute for tobacco, including flavoring or additives to tobacco.
- 1743  $\left[\frac{(21)}{(22)}\right]$  (22) "Tobacco retailer" means:
- 1744 (a) a general tobacco retailer, as that term is defined in Section 26B-7-501; or
- (b) a retail tobacco specialty business.
- 1746 Section 25. Section **76-10-104** is amended to read:

76-10-104. (Effective upon governor's approval)Providing a cigar, a cigarette, an electronic cigarette product, a nicotine product, or tobacco to a minor -- Penalties.

- 1749 (1) As used in this section "provides":
- (a) includes selling, giving, furnishing, sending, or causing to be sent; and
- (b) does not include the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common carrier when engaged in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others or the acts of a person, whether compensated or not, who transports or delivers a package for another person without any reason to know of the package's content.
- 1755 (2) An individual who knowingly, intentionally, recklessly, or with criminal negligence provides a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product to an individual who is under 21 years old, is guilty of:
- 1758 (a) a class [C] <u>B</u> misdemeanor on the first offense; and
- [(b) a class B misdemeanor on the second offense; and]
- 1760 [(e)] (b) a class A misdemeanor on any subsequent offense.
- 1761 (3) This section does not apply to conduct of an employee of a tobacco retailer that is a violation of Section 76-10-114.
- 1763 (4)
  - (a) After a conviction under this section, a court shall designate the individual as a nicotine restricted individual for a period of time not to exceed the probationary period, unless the court finds good cause to order a shorter or longer time.
- (b) The court shall provide the Department of Public Safety information regarding a nicotine restricted individual and the length of time the individual is restricted for entry into the system created in Section Section 53-1-106.
- 1769 Section 26. Section **76-10-104.1** is amended to read:
- 76-10-104.1. (Effective upon governor's approval)Providing tobacco paraphernalia to a minor -- Penalties.
- 1772 (1) As used in this section, "provides":
- (a) includes selling, giving, furnishing, sending, or causing to be sent; and
- (b) does not include the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common carrier when engaged in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others or the acts of a person, whether

compensated or not, who transports or delivers a package for another person without any reason to

know of the package's content.
(2)

(a) It is unlawful for an individual to knowingly, intentionally, recklessly, or with criminal negligence provide tobacco paraphernalia to an individual under 21 years old.
(b) An individual who violates this section is guilty of:

(i) a class [E] B misdemeanor on the first offense; and
(ii) a class [B] A misdemeanor on any subsequent offense.
Section 27. Section 76-10-105.1 is amended to read:
76-10-105.1. (Effective upon governor's approval)Requirement of direct, face-to-face sale of a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product -- Minors not allowed in tobacco specialty shop -- Penalties.

(1) As used in this section:

(a)
(i) "Face-to-face exchange" means a transaction made in person between an individual and a retailer or retailer's employee.

- 1791 (ii) "Face-to-face exchange" does not include a sale through a:
- 1792 (A) vending machine;[-or]
- 1793 (B) self-service display[-] ; or
- 1794 (C) a drive through.

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- (b) "Retailer" means a person who:
- (i) sells a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product to an individual for personal consumption; or
- (ii) operates a facility with a vending machine that sells a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product.
- (c) "Self-service display" means a display of a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product to which the public has access without the intervention of a retailer or retailer's employee.
- 1803 (2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a retailer may sell a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product only in a face-to-face exchange.
- 1805 (3) The face-to-face sale requirement in Subsection (2) does not apply to:

1806	(a) a mail-order, telephone, or Internet sale made in compliance with Section 59-14-509; or
1808	(b) a sale from a vending machine or self-service display that is located in an area of a retailer's facility:
1810	(i) that is distinct and separate from the rest of the facility; and
1811	(ii) where the retailer only allows an individual who complies with Subsection (4) to be present[; or] .
1813	[(c) a sale at a retail tobacco specialty business.]
1814	(4) An individual who is under 21 years old may not enter or be present at a retail tobacco specialty
	business unless the individual is:
1816	[(a) accompanied by a parent or legal guardian; or]
1817	[ <del>(b)</del>
	(i)] (a) present at the retail tobacco specialty business solely for the purpose of providing a service to
	the retail tobacco specialty business, including making a delivery;
1820	[(ii)] (b) monitored by the proprietor of the retail tobacco specialty business or an employee of the retail
	tobacco specialty business; and
1822	[(iii)] (c) not permitted to make any purchase or conduct any commercial transaction other than the
	service described in Subsection $[(4)(b)(i)]$ $(4)(a)$ .
1824	[(5) A parent or legal guardian who accompanies, under Subsection (4)(a), an individual into an
	area described in Subsection (3)(b) or into a retail tobacco specialty business may not allow the
	individual to purchase a tobacco product, an electronic eigarette product, or a nicotine product.]
1828	[(6)] (5) A violation of Subsection (2) or (4) is a:
1829	(a) class [C] <u>B</u> misdemeanor on the first offense; and
1830	[(b) class B misdemeanor on the second offense; and]
1831	[(e)] (b) class A misdemeanor on any subsequent offenses.
1832	[(7) An individual who violates Subsection (5) is guilty of an offense under Section 76-10-104.]
1834	Section 28. Section <b>76-10-111</b> is amended to read:
1835	76-10-111. (Effective upon governor's approval)Restrictions on sale of smokeless tobacco of
	electronic cigarette products Exceptions.
1837	(1) The Legislature finds that:
1838	(a) smokeless tobacco, or chewing tobacco, is harmful to the health of individuals who use those
	products because research indicates that they may cause mouth or oral cancers;
1841	(b) the use of smokeless tobacco among juveniles in this state is [increasing rapidly] a matter of great
	concern;

1843	(c) the use of electronic cigarette products may lead to unhealthy behavior such as the use of tobacco
	products; and
1845	(d) it is necessary to restrict the gift of the products described in this Subsection (1) in the interest of th
	health of the citizens of this state.
1847	(2)
	(a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is unlawful for a manufacturer, wholesaler, and retailer to:
1849	(i) give or distribute without charge any smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or electronic
	cigarette product in this state;
1851	(ii) sell, offer for sale, or furnish any electronic cigarette product at less than the cost, including the
	amount of any applicable tax, of the product to the manufacturer, wholesaler, or retailer; or
1854	(iii) give, distribute, sell, offer for sale, or furnish any electronic cigarette product for free or at a
	lower price because the recipient of the electronic cigarette product makes another purchase.
1857	(b) The price that a manufacturer, wholesaler, or retailer may charge under Subsection (2)(a)(ii) does
	not include a discount for:
1859	(i) a physical manufacturer coupon:
1860	(A) that is surrendered to the wholesaler or retailer at the time of sale; and
1861	(B) for which the manufacturer will reimburse the wholesaler or the retailer for the full amount of the
	discount described in the manufacturer coupon and provided to the purchaser;
1864	(ii) a rebate that will be paid to the manufacturer, the wholesaler, or the retailer for the full amount of
	the rebate provided to the purchaser; or
1866	(iii) a promotional fund that will be paid to the manufacturer, the wholesaler, or the retailer for the full
	amount of the promotional fund provided to the purchaser.
1868	(c) Any individual who violates this section is guilty of:
1869	(i) a class [C] B misdemeanor for the first offense; and
1870	(ii) a class [B] A misdemeanor for any subsequent offense.
1871	(3) Smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or an electronic cigarette product may be distributed to adults
	without charge at professional conventions where the general public is excluded.
1874	Section 29. Section <b>76-10-112</b> is amended to read:
1875	76-10-112. (Effective upon governor's approval)Prohibition of distribution of a tobacco
	product Exceptions.
1877	

(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is unlawful for a manufacturer, wholesaler, or retailer to
give or distribute a tobacco product in this state without charge.
(2) An individual who violates this subsection is guilty of:
(a) a class $[E]$ $\underline{B}$ misdemeanor for the first offense; and
(b) a class [B] A misdemeanor for any subsequent offense.
(3) A tobacco product may be distributed to an adult without charge at a professional convention when
the general public is excluded.
(4) The prohibition described in Subsection (1) does not apply to a tobacco retailer, a manufacturer,
or a distributor that gives a tobacco product to an individual who is 21 years old or older upon the
individual's purchase of a tobacco product.
Section 30. Section <b>76-10-113</b> is amended to read:
76-10-113. (Effective upon governor's approval)Prohibition on distribution of flavored
electronic cigarette products Prohibition of electronic cigarette products without federal
authorization.
(1) [Subject to Subsection (2), it-] It is unlawful for a tobacco retailer that is not a retail tobacco
specialty business to give, distribute, sell, offer for sale, or furnish a flavored electronic cigarette
product to any person.
[(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), and beginning on January 1, 2025, it is unlawful for a person to
give, distribute, sell, offer for sale, or furnish to any person a flavored electronic cigarette product.
[(3)] (2) Beginning on January 1, 2025, it is unlawful for a person that is not a retail tobacco specialty
business to give, distribute, sell, offer for sale, or furnish to any person an electronic cigarette
product that is not a premarket authorized or pending electronic cigarette product.
[(4)] (3) An individual who violates this section is guilty of:
(a) a class $[E]$ $\underline{B}$ misdemeanor for the first offense; and
(b) a class [B] A misdemeanor for any subsequent offense.
Section 31. Section 31 is enacted to read:
76-10-113.1. (Effective upon governor's approval)Unlawful possession or use of a flavored
electronic cigarette product.
(1) Terms defined in Sections 76-1-101.5 and 76-10-101 apply to this section.

(2) Beginning January 1, 2026, an actor commits illegal possession or use of a flavored electronic	
cigarette product without state authorization if the actor possesses or uses a flavored electronic	
cigarette product that is not on the registry described in Section 58-14-908.	
(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class C misdemeanor.	
Section 32. Section 32 is enacted to read:	
76-10-113.2. (Effective upon governor's approval)Distribution of flavored electronic	
cigarette product without state authorization.	
(1) Terms defined in Sections 76-1-101.5 and 76-10-101 apply to this section.	
(2) Beginning January 1, 2026, an actor commits illegal distribution of a flavored electronic cigare	<u>tte</u>
product without state authorization if the actor gives, distributes, sells, offers for sale, or furnis	hes to
any person an electronic cigarette product that is not on the registry described in Section 59-14	<u>-908.</u>
(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is:	
(a) a class B misdemeanor on the first offense; or	
(b) a class A misdemeanor on a subsequent offense.	
Section 33. Section <b>76-10-114</b> is amended to read:	
76-10-114. (Effective upon governor's approval)Unlawful sale of a tobacco product,	
electronic cigarette product, or nicotine product.	
(1) As used in this section:	
(a) "Compensatory service" means service or unpaid work performed by an employee, in lieu of the	ie
payment of a fine or imprisonment.	
(b) "Employee" means an employee or an owner of a tobacco retailer.	
(2) It is unlawful for an employee to knowingly or intentionally sell or give a tobacco product, an	
electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product in the course of business to an individual wh	o is
under 21 years old.	
(3) An employee who violates this section is:	
(a) on a first violation:	
(i) guilty of [an infraction] a class C misdemeanor; and	
(ii) subject to:	
(A) a fine not exceeding \$1,000; or	
(B) compensatory service; or	
(b) on any subsequent violation:	

1941	(i) guilty of a class $[E]$ $\underline{B}$ misdemeanor; and
1942	(ii) subject to:
1943	(A) a fine not exceeding \$2,000; or
1944	(B) compensatory service.
1945	Section 34. Repealer.
	This Bill Repeals:
1946	This bill repeals:
1947	Section 26A-1-131, (Effective upon governor's approval) Electronic cigarette registry
1948	enforcement.
1949	Section 35. Effective date.
1950	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), this bill takes effect:
1951	(a) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), May 7, 2025; or
1952	(b) if approved by two-thirds of all members elected to each house:
1953	(i) upon approval by the governor;
1954	(ii) without the governor's signature, the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah
	Constitution, Article VII, Section 8; or
1956	(iii) in the case of a veto, the date of veto override.
1957	(2) The actions affecting the following sections take effect on January 1, 2026:
1958	(a) Section 59-14-901 (Effective 01/01/26);
1959	(b) Section 59-14-902 (Effective 01/01/26);
1960	(c) Section 59-14-903 (Effective 01/01/26);
1961	(d) Section 59-14-904 (Effective 01/01/26);
1962	(e) Section 59-14-905 (Effective 01/01/26);
1963	(f) Section 59-14-906 (Effective 01/01/26);
1964	(g) Section 59-14-907 (Effective 01/01/26); and
1965	(h) Section 59-14-908 (Effective 01/01/26).
1966	Section 36. Coordinating H.B. 432 with H.B. 21.
	If H.B. 432, Tobacco and Electronic Cigarette Enforcement Modifications, and H.B. 21,
	Criminal Code Recodification and Cross References, both pass and become law, the
	Legislature intends that, on May 7, 2025:
1970	(1) Subsection 76-9-1104(3) enacted in H.B. 21 be amended to read:

1971		"(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is:
1972		(a) a class B misdemeanor on the first offense; or
1973		(b) a class A misdemeanor on the second or subsequent offense.";
1974	<u>(2)</u>	Subsection 76-10-105.1(1)(a)(ii) in H.B. 432 and Subsection 76-9-1107(1)(a)(i)(B) in H.B. 21 be
		amended to read:
1976		""Face-to-face exchange" does not include a sale through a[:] vending machine, self-service
		display, or drive-through.
1978		[(A) vending machine; or]
1979		[(B) self-service display.] ":
1980	<u>(3)</u>	Subsection 76-9-1107(3) enacted in H.B. 21 be amended to read:
1981		"(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is:
1982		(a) a class B misdemeanor on the first offense; or
1983		(b) a class A misdemeanor on the second or subsequent offense.";
1984	<u>(4)</u>	Subsection 76-9-1107(4)(b)(ii)(A) enacted in H.B. 21 be deleted and the remaining subsections be
		renumbered accordingly;
1986	<u>(5)</u>	the following subsections in Section 76-9-1108 enacted in H.B. 21 be deleted and the remaining
		subsections be renumbered accordingly:
1988	<u>(a)</u>	Subsection 76-9-1108(4)(a); and
1989	<u>(b)</u>	Subsection 76-9-1108(5);
1990	<u>(6)</u>	Subsection 76-9-1108(3) enacted in H.B. 21 be amended to read:
1991		"(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is:
1992		(a) a class B misdemeanor on the first offense; or
1993		(b) a class A misdemeanor on the second or subsequent offense.";
1994	<u>(7)</u>	Subsection 76-9-1112(3) enacted in H.B. 21 be amended to read:
1995		"(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is:
1996		(a) a class B misdemeanor on the first offense; or
1997		(b) a class A misdemeanor on the second or subsequent offense.";
1998	<u>(8)</u>	Section 76-9-1114 (renumbered from Section 76-10-113 in H.B. 21) be amended to read:
2000		"[(1) Subject to Subsection (2), it is unlawful for a tobacco retailer that is not a retail tobacco
		specialty business to give, distribute, sell, offer for sale, or furnish a flavored electronic cigarette
		product to any person.]

2003	[(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), and beginning on January 1, 2025, it is unlawful for a person
	to give, distribute, sell, offer for sale, or furnish to any person a flavored electronic eigarette
	product.]
2006	[(3)Beginning on January 1, 2025, it is unlawful for a person to give, distribute, sell, offer for sale,
	or furnish to any person an electronic cigarette product that is not a premarket authorized or pending
	electronic cigarette product.]
2009	[(4)An individual who violates this section is guilty of:]
2010	[(a) a class C misdemeanor for the first offense; and]
2011	[(b)a class B misdemeanor for any subsequent offense.]
2012	(1) Terms defined in Sections 76-1-101.5 and 76-9-1101 apply to this section.
2013	(2) An actor commits illegal distribution of a flavored electronic cigarette product by a tobacco
	retailer if the actor:
2015	(a) is a tobacco retailer that is not a retail tobacco specialty business; and
2016	(b) gives, distributes, sells, offers for sale, or furnishes a flavored electronic cigarette product to any
	person.
2018	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is:
2019	(a) a class B misdemeanor on the first offense; or
2020	(b) a class A misdemeanor on the second or subsequent offense."; and
2021	(9) Section 76-9-1115 enacted in H.B. 21 be amended to read:
2022	"(1) Terms defined in Sections 76-1-101.5 and 76-9-1101 apply to this section.
2023	(2) Beginning January 1, 2026, an actor commits illegal distribution of an electronic cigarette
	product without federal authorization if:
2025	(a) the actor is not a retail tobacco specialty business; and
2026	(b) the actor gives, distributes, sells, offers for sale, or furnishes to any person an electronic cigarette
	product that is not a premarket authorized or pending electronic cigarette product.
2029	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is:
2030	(a) a class B misdemeanor on the first offense; or
2031	(b) a class A misdemeanor on a subsequent offense.".
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