

HB0528

inserted text shows text that was not in HB0528 but was inserted into HB0528S01

Tax Payments with Precious Metals

2025 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Ken Ivory

Senate Sponsor:

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51-9-306 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 25 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 25

51-9-307 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 25 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 25

59-1-403 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 25, 35 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 25, 35

~~**{59-5-201 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1990, Chapter 287 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1990, Chapter 287}**~~

59-5-202 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 25 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 25

59-5-203 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 25 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 25

59-5-207 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 25 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 25

59-5-215 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 25 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 25

59-7-504 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 367 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 367

59-7-532 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 456 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 456

59-7-536 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 169 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 169

59-10-514 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 367 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 367

59-10-520 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 2 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 2

59-10-544 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 456 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 456

65A-6-4 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 25 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 25

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65A-17-306 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 25 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024,
Chapter 25

ENACTS:

59-7-627 , Utah Code Annotated 1953 , Utah Code Annotated 1953

59-10-1048 , Utah Code Annotated 1953 , Utah Code Annotated 1953

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section **51-9-306** is amended to read:

51-9-306. Deposit of certain severance tax revenue for specified state agencies.

(1) As used in this section:

(a) "Aggregate annual revenue" means the aggregate annual revenue collected in a fiscal year from the taxes imposed under Title 59, Chapter 5, Severance Tax on Oil, Gas, and Mining, after subtracting the amounts required to be distributed under Sections 51-9-305, 59-5-116, and 59-5-119 and under Subsection [~~59-5-202(5)(e)~~] 59-5-202(7)(c).

(b) "Aggregate annual mining revenue" means the aggregate annual revenue collected in a fiscal year from taxes imposed under Title 59, Chapter 5, Part 2, Mining Severance Tax, after subtracting the amounts required to be distributed under Section 51-9-305 and under Subsection [~~59-5-202(5)(e)~~] 59-5-202(7)(c).

(c) "Aggregate annual oil and gas revenue" means the aggregate annual revenue collected in a fiscal year from the taxes imposed under Title 59, Chapter 5, Part 1, Oil and Gas Severance Tax, after subtracting the amounts required to be distributed under Sections 51-9-305, 59-5-116, and 59-5-119.

(d) "Average aggregate annual revenue" means the three-year rolling average of the aggregate annual revenue collected in a fiscal year from the taxes imposed under Title 59, Chapter 5, Severance Tax on Oil, Gas, and Mining:

(i) after subtracting the amounts required to be distributed under Sections 51-9-305, 59-5-116, and 59-5-119 and under Subsection [~~59-5-202(5)(e)~~] 59-5-202(7)(c); and

(ii) ending in the fiscal year immediately preceding the fiscal year of a deposit required by this section.

(e) "Average aggregate annual mining revenue" means the three-year rolling average of the aggregate annual revenue collected in a fiscal year from the taxes imposed under Title 59, Chapter 5, Part 2, Mining Severance Tax:

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- (i) after subtracting the amounts required to be distributed under Section 51-9-305 and under Subsection [59-5-202(5)(e)] 59-5-202(7)(c); and
- 68 (ii) ending in the fiscal year immediately preceding the fiscal year of a deposit required by this section.
- 70 (f) "Average aggregate annual oil and gas revenue" means the three-year rolling average of the aggregate annual revenue collected in a fiscal year from the taxes imposed under Title 59, Chapter 5, Part 1, Oil and Gas Severance Tax:
- 73 (i) after subtracting the amounts required to be distributed under Sections 51-9-305, 59-5-116, and 59-5-119; and
- 75 (ii) ending in the fiscal year immediately preceding the fiscal year of a deposit required by this section.
- 77 (2) After making the deposits of oil and gas severance tax revenue as required under Sections 59-5-116 and 59-5-119 and making the credits under Section 51-9-305, for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2021, the State Tax Commission shall annually make the following deposits:
- 81 (a) to the Division of Air Quality Oil, Gas, and Mining Restricted Account, created in Section 19-2a-106, the following average aggregate annual revenue:
- 83 (i) 2.75% of the first \$50,000,000 of the average aggregate annual revenue;
- 84 (ii) 1% of the next \$50,000,000 of the average aggregate annual revenue; and
- 85 (iii) .5% of the average aggregate annual revenue that exceeds \$100,000,000;
- 86 (b) to the Division of Water Quality Oil, Gas, and Mining Restricted Account, created in Section 19-5-126, the following average aggregate annual revenue:
- 88 (i) .4% of the first \$50,000,000 of the average aggregate annual revenue;
- 89 (ii) .15% of the next \$50,000,000 of the average aggregate annual revenue; and
- 90 (iii) .08% of the average aggregate annual revenue that exceeds \$100,000,000;
- 91 (c) to the Division of Oil, Gas, and Mining Restricted Account, created in Section 40-6-23, the following:
- 93 (i)
- (A) 11.5% of the first \$50,000,000 of the average aggregate annual mining revenue;
- 95 (B) 3% of the next \$50,000,000 of the average aggregate annual mining revenue; and
- 97 (C) 1% of the average aggregate annual mining revenue that exceeds \$100,000,000; and
- 99 (ii)
- (A) 18% of the first \$50,000,000 of the average aggregate annual oil and gas revenue;
- 101 (B) 3% of the next \$50,000,000 of the average aggregate annual oil and gas revenue; and

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- 103 (C) 1% of the average aggregate annual oil and gas revenue that exceeds \$100,000,000; and
105 (d) to the Utah Geological Survey Restricted Account, created in Section 79-3-403, the following
average aggregate annual revenue:
- 107 (i) 2.5% of the first \$50,000,000 of the average aggregate annual revenue;
108 (ii) 1% of the next \$50,000,000 of the average aggregate annual revenue; and
109 (iii) .5% of the average aggregate annual revenue that exceeds \$100,000,000.
- 110 (3) If the money collected in a fiscal year from the taxes imposed under Title 59, Chapter 5, Severance
Tax on Oil, Gas, and Mining, is insufficient to make the deposits required by Subsection (2), the
State Tax Commission shall deposit money collected in the fiscal year as follows:
- 114 (a) to the Division of Air Quality Oil, Gas, and Mining Restricted Account, created in Section
19-2a-106, the following revenue:
- 116 (i) 2.75% of the first \$50,000,000 of the aggregate annual revenue;
117 (ii) 1% of the next \$50,000,000 of the aggregate annual revenue; and
118 (iii) .5% of the aggregate annual revenue that exceeds \$100,000,000;
- 119 (b) to the Division of Water Quality Oil, Gas, and Mining Restricted Account, created in Section
19-5-126, the following revenue:
- 121 (i) .4% of the first \$50,000,000 of the aggregate annual revenue;
122 (ii) .15% of the next \$50,000,000 of the aggregate annual revenue; and
123 (iii) .08% of the aggregate annual revenue that exceeds \$100,000,000;
- 124 (c) to the Division of Oil, Gas, and Mining Restricted Account, created in Section 40-6-23, the
following:
- 126 (i)
(A) 11.5% of the first \$50,000,000 of the aggregate annual mining revenue;
127 (B) 3% of the next \$50,000,000 of the aggregate annual mining revenue; and
128 (C) 1% of the aggregate annual mining revenue that exceeds \$100,000,000; and
129 (ii)
(A) 18% of the first \$50,000,000 of the aggregate annual oil and gas revenue;
130 (B) 3% of the next \$50,000,000 of the aggregate annual oil and gas revenue; and
131 (C) 1% of the aggregate annual oil and gas revenue that exceeds \$100,000,000; and
133 (d) to the Utah Geological Survey Restricted Account, created in Section 79-3-403, the following
revenue:

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- (i) 2.5% of the first \$50,000,000 of the aggregate annual revenue;
- (ii) 1% of the next \$50,000,000 of the aggregate annual revenue; and
- (iii) .5% of the aggregate annual revenue that exceeds \$100,000,000.
- (4) The severance tax revenues deposited under this section into restricted accounts for the state agencies specified in Subsection (2) and appropriated from the restricted accounts offset and supplant General Fund appropriations used to pay the costs of programs or projects administered by the state agencies that are primarily related to oil, gas, and mining.

Section 2. Section **51-9-307** is amended to read:

51-9-307. New Severance Tax Revenue Special Revenue Fund.

- (1) As used in this section:
 - (a) "Fund" means the New Severance Tax Revenue Special Revenue Fund created in this section.
 - (b) "New revenue" means revenue collected above \$100,000,000 from the taxes imposed under Title 59, Chapter 5, Severance Tax on Oil, Gas, and Mining, after subtracting the amounts required to be distributed under Sections 51-9-305, 51-9-306, 59-5-116, 59-5-119, and 59-5-121 and under Subsection [~~59-5-202(5)(e)~~] 59-5-202(7)(c).
- (2) There is created a special revenue fund known as the "New Severance Tax Revenue Special Revenue Fund" that consists of:
 - (a) money deposited by the State Tax Commission in accordance with this section; and
 - (b) interest earned on the money in the fund.
- (3) Beginning July 1, 2021, the State Tax Commission shall deposit into the fund 100% of new revenue until the new revenue equals or exceeds \$200,000,000 in a fiscal year.

Section 3. Section **59-1-403** is amended to read:

59-1-403. Confidentiality -- Exceptions -- Penalty -- Application to property tax.

- (1) As used in this section:
 - (a) "Distributed tax, fee, or charge" means a tax, fee, or charge:
 - (i) the commission administers under:
 - (A) this title, other than a tax under Chapter 12, Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act;
 - (B) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 3, Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act;
 - (C) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 4, Municipal Telecommunications License Tax Act;
 - (D) Section 19-6-805;
 - (E) Section 63H-1-205; or

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- 169 (F) Title 69, Chapter 2, Part 4, Prepaid Wireless Telecommunications Service Charges; and
171 (ii) with respect to which the commission distributes the revenue collected from the tax, fee, or charge
to a qualifying jurisdiction.
- 173 (b) "Qualifying jurisdiction" means:
174 (i) a county, city, or town;
175 (ii) the military installation development authority created in Section 63H-1-201; or
176 (iii) the Utah Inland Port Authority created in Section 11-58-201.
177 (2)
- (a) Any of the following may not divulge or make known in any manner any information gained by that
person from any return filed with the commission:
179 (i) a tax commissioner;
180 (ii) an agent, clerk, or other officer or employee of the commission; or
181 (iii) a representative, agent, clerk, or other officer or employee of any county, city, or town.
- 183 (b) An official charged with the custody of a return filed with the commission is not required to produce
the return or evidence of anything contained in the return in any action or proceeding in any court,
except:
186 (i) in accordance with judicial order;
187 (ii) on behalf of the commission in any action or proceeding under:
188 (A) this title; or
189 (B) other law under which persons are required to file returns with the commission;
191 (iii) on behalf of the commission in any action or proceeding to which the commission is a party; or
193 (iv) on behalf of any party to any action or proceeding under this title if the report or facts shown by the
return are directly involved in the action or proceeding.
- 195 (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b), a court may require the production of, and may admit in
evidence, any portion of a return or of the facts shown by the return, as are specifically pertinent to
the action or proceeding.
- 198 (3) This section does not prohibit:
199 (a) a person or that person's duly authorized representative from receiving a copy of any return or report
filed in connection with that person's own tax;
201 (b) the publication of statistics as long as the statistics are classified to prevent the identification of
particular reports or returns; and

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- 203 (c) the inspection by the attorney general or other legal representative of the state of the report or return
of any taxpayer:
- 205 (i) who brings action to set aside or review a tax based on the report or return;
- 206 (ii) against whom an action or proceeding is contemplated or has been instituted under this title; or
- 208 (iii) against whom the state has an unsatisfied money judgment.
- 209 (4)
- (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and for purposes of administration, the commission may by rule,
made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, provide for a
reciprocal exchange of information with:
- 213 (i) the United States Internal Revenue Service; or
- 214 (ii) the revenue service of any other state.
- 215 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and for all taxes except individual income tax and corporate
franchise tax, the commission may by rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
Administrative Rulemaking Act, share information gathered from returns and other written
statements with the federal government, any other state, any of the political subdivisions of
another state, or any political subdivision of this state, except as limited by Sections 59-12-209 and
59-12-210, if the political subdivision, other state, or the federal government grant substantially
similar privileges to this state.
- 223 (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and for all taxes except individual income tax and corporate
franchise tax, the commission may by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
Administrative Rulemaking Act, provide for the issuance of information concerning the identity and
other information of taxpayers who have failed to file tax returns or to pay any tax due.
- 228 (d) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall provide to the director of the Division of
Environmental Response and Remediation, as defined in Section 19-6-402, as requested by the
director of the Division of Environmental Response and Remediation, any records, returns, or
other information filed with the commission under Chapter 13, Motor and Special Fuel Tax Act, or
Section 19-6-410.5 regarding the environmental assurance program participation fee.
- 234 (e) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), at the request of any person the commission shall provide that
person sales and purchase volume data reported to the commission on a report, return, or other
information filed with the commission under:
- 237 (i) Chapter 13, Part 2, Motor Fuel; or

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- 238 (ii) Chapter 13, Part 4, Aviation Fuel.
- 239 (f) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), upon request from a tobacco product manufacturer, as defined in
Section 59-22-202, the commission shall report to the manufacturer:
- 241 (i) the quantity of cigarettes, as defined in Section 59-22-202, produced by the manufacturer and
reported to the commission for the previous calendar year under Section 59-14-407; and
- 244 (ii) the quantity of cigarettes, as defined in Section 59-22-202, produced by the manufacturer for which
a tax refund was granted during the previous calendar year under Section 59-14-401 and reported to
the commission under Subsection 59-14-401(1)(a)(v).
- 248 (g) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall notify manufacturers, distributors,
wholesalers, and retail dealers of a tobacco product manufacturer that is prohibited from selling
cigarettes to consumers within the state under Subsection 59-14-210(2).
- 252 (h) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission may:
- 253 (i) provide to the Division of Consumer Protection within the Department of Commerce and the
attorney general data:
- 255 (A) reported to the commission under Section 59-14-212; or
- 256 (B) related to a violation under Section 59-14-211; and
- 257 (ii) upon request, provide to any person data reported to the commission under Subsections
59-14-212(1)(a) through (c) and Subsection 59-14-212(1)(g).
- 259 (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall, at the request of a committee of the
Legislature, the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst, or the Governor's Office of Planning
and Budget, provide to the committee or office the total amount of revenues collected by the
commission under Chapter 24, Radioactive Waste Facility Tax Act, for the time period specified by
the committee or office.
- 264 (j) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall make the directory required by Section
59-14-603 available for public inspection.
- 266 (k) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission may share information with federal, state, or local
agencies as provided in Subsection 59-14-606(3).
- 268 (l)
- (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall provide the Office of Recovery Services
within the Department of Health and Human Services any relevant information obtained from a

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return filed under Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act, regarding a taxpayer who has become obligated to the Office of Recovery Services.

- 273 (ii) The information described in Subsection (4)(l)(i) may be provided by the Office of Recovery
Services to any other state's child support collection agency involved in enforcing that support
obligation.
- 276 (m)
- (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), upon request from the state court administrator, the commission
shall provide to the state court administrator, the name, address, telephone number, county of
residence, and social security number on resident returns filed under Chapter 10, Individual Income
Tax Act.
- 280 (ii) The state court administrator may use the information described in Subsection (4)(m)(i) only as a
source list for the master jury list described in Section 78B-1-106.
- 283 (n)
- (i) As used in this Subsection (4)(n):
- 284 (A) "GOEO" means the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity created in Section
63N-1a-301.
- 286 (B) "Income tax information" means information gained by the commission that is required to
be attached to or included in a return filed with the commission under Chapter 7, Corporate
Franchise and Income Taxes, or Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act.
- 290 (C) "Other tax information" means information gained by the commission that is required to be
attached to or included in a return filed with the commission except for a return filed under
Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes, or Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act.
- 294 (D) "Tax information" means income tax information or other tax information.
- 295 (ii)
- (A) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and except as provided in Subsection (4)(n)(ii)(B) or (C), the
commission shall at the request of GOEO provide to GOEO all income tax information.
- 298 (B) For purposes of a request for income tax information made under Subsection (4)(n)(ii)(A), GOEO
may not request and the commission may not provide to GOEO a person's address, name, social
security number, or taxpayer identification number.
- 302 (C) In providing income tax information to GOEO, the commission shall in all instances protect the
privacy of a person as required by Subsection (4)(n)(ii)(B).

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- 304 (iii)
- (A) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and except as provided in Subsection (4)(n)(iii)(B), the commission shall at the request of GOEO provide to GOEO other tax information.
- 307 (B) Before providing other tax information to GOEO, the commission shall redact or remove any name, address, social security number, or taxpayer identification number.
- 310 (iv) GOEO may provide tax information received from the commission in accordance with this Subsection (4)(n) only:
- 312 (A) as a fiscal estimate, fiscal note information, or statistical information; and
- 313 (B) if the tax information is classified to prevent the identification of a particular return.
- 315 (v)
- (A) A person may not request tax information from GOEO under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act, or this section, if GOEO received the tax information from the commission in accordance with this Subsection (4)(n).
- 319 (B) GOEO may not provide to a person that requests tax information in accordance with Subsection (4)(n)(v)(A) any tax information other than the tax information GOEO provides in accordance with Subsection (4)(n)(iv).
- 322 (o) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission may provide to the governing board of the agreement or a taxing official of another state, the District of Columbia, the United States, or a territory of the United States:
- 325 (i) the following relating to an agreement sales and use tax:
- 326 (A) information contained in a return filed with the commission;
- 327 (B) information contained in a report filed with the commission;
- 328 (C) a schedule related to Subsection (4)(o)(i)(A) or (B); or
- 329 (D) a document filed with the commission; or
- 330 (ii) a report of an audit or investigation made with respect to an agreement sales and use tax.
- 332 (p) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission may provide information concerning a taxpayer's state income tax return or state income tax withholding information to the Driver License Division if the Driver License Division:
- 335 (i) requests the information; and
- 336 (ii) provides the commission with a signed release form from the taxpayer allowing the Driver License Division access to the information.

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- 338 (q) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall provide to the Utah Communications
Authority, or a division of the Utah Communications Authority, the information requested by the
authority under Sections 63H-7a-302, 63H-7a-402, and 63H-7a-502.
- 342 (r) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall provide to the Utah Educational Savings
Plan information related to a resident or nonresident individual's contribution to a Utah Educational
Savings Plan account as designated on the resident or nonresident's individual income tax return as
provided under Section 59-10-1313.
- 347 (s) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), for the purpose of verifying eligibility under Sections 26B-3-106
and 26B-3-903, the commission shall provide an eligibility worker with the Department of Health
and Human Services or its designee with the adjusted gross income of an individual if:
- 351 (i) an eligibility worker with the Department of Health and Human Services or its designee requests the
information from the commission; and
- 353 (ii) the eligibility worker has complied with the identity verification and consent provisions of Sections
26B-3-106 and 26B-3-903.
- 355 (t) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission may provide to a county, as determined by the
commission, information declared on an individual income tax return in accordance with Section
59-10-103.1 that relates to eligibility to claim a residential exemption authorized under Section
59-2-103.
- 359 (u) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall provide a report regarding any access line
provider that is over 90 days delinquent in payment to the commission of amounts the access line
provider owes under Title 69, Chapter 2, Part 4, Prepaid Wireless Telecommunications Service
Charges, to the board of the Utah Communications Authority created in Section 63H-7a-201.
- 364 (v) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall provide the Department of Environmental
Quality a report on the amount of tax paid by a radioactive waste facility for the previous calendar
year under Section 59-24-103.5.
- 367 (w) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission may, upon request, provide to the Department of
Workforce Services any information received under Chapter 10, Part 4, Withholding of Tax, that is
relevant to the duties of the Department of Workforce Services.
- 371 (x) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission may provide the Public Service Commission or the
Division of Public Utilities information related to a seller that collects and remits to the commission

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a charge described in Subsection 69-2-405(2), including the seller's identity and the number of charges described in Subsection 69-2-405(2) that the seller collects.

376 (y)

(i) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall provide to each qualifying jurisdiction the collection data necessary to verify the revenue collected by the commission for a distributed tax, fee, or charge collected within the qualifying jurisdiction.

380 (ii) In addition to the information provided under Subsection (4)(y)(i), the commission shall provide a qualifying jurisdiction with copies of returns and other information relating to a distributed tax, fee, or charge collected within the qualifying jurisdiction.

384 (iii)

(A) To obtain the information described in Subsection (4)(y)(ii), the chief executive officer or the chief executive officer's designee of the qualifying jurisdiction shall submit a written request to the commission that states the specific information sought and how the qualifying jurisdiction intends to use the information.

389 (B) The information described in Subsection (4)(y)(ii) is available only in official matters of the qualifying jurisdiction.

391 (iv) Information that a qualifying jurisdiction receives in response to a request under this subsection is:

393 (A) classified as a private record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act; and

395 (B) subject to the confidentiality requirements of this section.

396 (z) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall provide the Alcoholic Beverage Services Commission, upon request, with taxpayer status information related to state tax obligations necessary to comply with the requirements described in Section 32B-1-203.

400 (aa) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall inform the Department of Workforce Services, as soon as practicable, whether an individual claimed and is entitled to claim a federal earned income tax credit for the year requested by the Department of Workforce Services if:

404 (i) the Department of Workforce Services requests this information; and

405 (ii) the commission has received the information release described in Section 35A-9-604.

407 (bb)

(i) As used in this Subsection (4)(bb), "unclaimed property administrator" means the administrator or the administrator's agent, as those terms are defined in Section 67-4a-102.

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- 410 (ii)
- (A) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), upon request from the unclaimed property administrator and to the extent allowed under federal law, the commission shall provide the unclaimed property administrator the name, address, telephone number, county of residence, and social security number or federal employer identification number on any return filed under Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes, or Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act.
- 416 (B) The unclaimed property administrator may use the information described in Subsection (4)(bb)(ii)
- (A) only for the purpose of returning unclaimed property to the property's owner in accordance with Title 67, Chapter 4a, Revised Uniform Unclaimed Property Act.
- 420 (iii) The unclaimed property administrator is subject to the confidentiality provisions of this section with respect to any information the unclaimed property administrator receives under this Subsection (4)(bb).
- 423 (cc) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission may, upon request, disclose a taxpayer's state individual income tax information to a program manager of the Utah Fits All Scholarship Program under Section 53F-6-402 if:
- 426 (i) the taxpayer consents in writing to the disclosure;
- 427 (ii) the taxpayer's written consent includes the taxpayer's name, social security number, and any other information the commission requests that is necessary to verify the identity of the taxpayer; and
- 430 (iii) the program manager provides the taxpayer's written consent to the commission.
- 431 (dd) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission may provide to the Division of Finance within the Department of Government Operations any information necessary to facilitate a payment from the commission to a taxpayer, including:
- 434 (i) the name of the taxpayer entitled to the payment or any other person legally authorized to receive the payment;
- 436 (ii) the taxpayer identification number of the taxpayer entitled to the payment;
- 437 (iii) the payment identification number and amount of the payment;
- 438 (iv) the tax year to which the payment applies and date on which the payment is due;
- 439 (v) a mailing address to which the payment may be directed; and
- 440 (vi) information regarding an account at a depository institution to which the payment may be directed, including the name of the depository institution, the type of account, the account number, and the routing number for the account.

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- 443 (ee) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall provide the total amount of revenues
collected by the commission under Subsection [59-5-202(5)] 59-5-202(7):
- 445 (i) at the request of a committee of the Legislature, the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst, or the
Governor's Office of Planning and Budget, to the committee or office for the time period specified
by the committee or office; and
- 448 (ii) to the Division of Finance for purposes of the Division of Finance administering Subsection
[59-5-202(5)] 59-5-202(7).
- 450 (ff) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission may provide the Department of Agriculture and
Food with information from a return filed in accordance with Chapter 31, Cannabinoid Licensing
and Tax Act.
- 453 (5)
- (a) Each report and return shall be preserved for at least three years.
- 454 (b) After the three-year period provided in Subsection (5)(a) the commission may destroy a report or
return.
- 456 (6)
- (a) Any individual who violates this section is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
- 457 (b) If the individual described in Subsection (6)(a) is an officer or employee of the state, the individual
shall be dismissed from office and be disqualified from holding public office in this state for a
period of five years thereafter.
- 460 (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(a) or (b), GOEO, when requesting information in accordance with
Subsection (4)(n)(iii), or an individual who requests information in accordance with Subsection (4)
(n)(v):
- 463 (i) is not guilty of a class A misdemeanor; and
- 464 (ii) is not subject to:
- 465 (A) dismissal from office in accordance with Subsection (6)(b); or
- 466 (B) disqualification from holding public office in accordance with Subsection (6)(b).
- 468 (d) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(a) or (b), for a disclosure of information to the Office of the
Legislative Auditor General in accordance with Title 36, Chapter 12, Legislative Organization, an
individual described in Subsection (2):
- 471 (i) is not guilty of a class A misdemeanor; and
- 472 (ii) is not subject to:

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- (A) dismissal from office in accordance with Subsection (6)(b); or
- (B) disqualification from holding public office in accordance with Subsection (6)(b).
- (7) Except as provided in Section 59-1-404, this part does not apply to the property tax.

~~{Section 4. Section 59-5-201 is amended to read: }~~

59-5-201. Definitions.

As used in this part:

- (1)
- (a) "Metalliferous minerals" includes any ore, metal, or other substance containing the following:
- (i) aluminum;
 - (ii) antimony;
 - (iii) arsenic;
 - (iv) barium;
 - (v) beryllium;
 - (vi) bismuth;
 - (vii) boron;
 - (viii) cadmium;
 - (ix) calcium;
 - (x) cerium;
 - (xi) cesium;
 - (xii) chromium;
 - (xiii) cobalt;
 - (xiv) columbium;
 - (xv) copper;
 - (xvi) gallium;
 - (xvii) germanium;
 - (xviii) gold;
 - (xix) hafnium;
 - (xx) indium;
 - (xxi) iridium;
 - (xxii) iron;
 - (xxiii) lanthanum;

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505 (xxiv) lead;
506 (xxv) lithium;
507 (xxvi) manganese;
508 (xxvii) mercury;
509 (xxviii) molybdenum;
510 (xxix) nickel;
511 (xxx) osmium;
512 (xxxi) palladium;
513 (xxxii) platinum;
514 (xxxiii) praseodymium;
515 (xxxiv) rare earth metals;
516 (xxxv) rhenium;
517 (xxxvi) rhodium;
518 (xxxvii) rubidium;
519 (xxxviii) ruthenium;
520 (xxxix) samarium;
521 (xl) scandium;
522 (xli) selenium;
523 (xlii) silicon;
524 (xliii) silver;
525 (xliv) sodium;
526 (xlv) strontium;
527 (xlvi) tantalum;
528 (xlvii) tellurium;
529 (xlviii) thallium;
530 (xlix) thorium;
531 (l) tin;
532 (li) titanium;
533 (lii) tungsten;
534 (liii) uranium;
535 (liv) vanadium;

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- (lv) yttrium;
- (lvi) zinc; or
- (lvii) zirconium.

(b) "Metalliferous minerals" does not include:

- (i) chloride compounds or salts;
- (ii) potash;
- (iii) rock, sand, gravel, and stone products;
- (iv) gypsum;
- (v) sulfur or sulfuric acid;
- (vi) gem stones;
- (vii) ammonium nitrate;
- (viii) carbon dioxide;
- (ix) oil, gas, coal, and all carboniferous materials; or
- (x) phosphate.

(2) "Mine" means an operation for extracting minerals and includes any deposit of valuable metalliferous minerals that are being extracted from a natural deposit, or a secondary source including tails, slag, waste dumps, or other similar secondary source, whether in solution or otherwise.

(3) "Mining" means the act, process, or work of extracting minerals from their natural occurring environment or from a mine, and transporting or moving those minerals to the point of processing, use, or sale. "Mining" includes the process of leaching minerals from their naturally occurring deposit.

(4) "Ore" means raw materials in their natural state or condition prior to beneficiation or processing, and includes mined raw materials extracted prior to further processing. "Ore" includes any metalliferous material whose metal content is less than 15% and does not include any material whose metal content is 15% or greater.

(5) "Spot rate" means the prevailing price in United States dollars per troy ounce of gold, as determined by a recognized financial market or exchange, for immediate settlement transactions.

Section 4. Section **59-5-202** is amended to read:

59-5-202. Severance tax -- Rate -- Computation -- Annual exemption.

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(1) A person engaged in the business of mining or extracting metalliferous minerals in this state shall pay to the state a severance tax equal to ~~[2.6% of]~~ the taxable value of all metals or metalliferous minerals sold or otherwise disposed of~~[-]~~ , multiplied by:

(a) 2.6%; or

(b) 2.47%, if:

(i) the person pays the severance tax in gold as provided in this section; and

(ii)

(A) for a person who ~~owns or~~ operates a mine on January 1, {2026} 2027, the severance tax is for a taxable year that begins on or after January 1, {2026} 2027, and before January 1, {2031} 2032; or

(B) for a person who does not ~~own or~~ operate a mine as of January 1, {2026} 2027, the severance tax is for a taxable year that begins on or after January 1, {2026} 2027, and before January 1, {2041} 2042.

(2) If the metals or metalliferous minerals are shipped outside the state, this constitutes a sale, and the finished metals or the recoverable units of finished metals from the metalliferous minerals shipped are subject to the severance tax. If the metals or metalliferous minerals are stockpiled, the tax is not applicable until they are sold or shipped out of state. For purposes of the tax imposed by this chapter, uranium concentrates shall be considered to be finished metals. The owner of the metals or metalliferous minerals that are stockpiled shall report to the commission annually, in a form acceptable to the commission, the amount of metalliferous minerals so stockpiled. Metals or metalliferous minerals that are stockpiled for more than two years, however, are subject to the severance tax.

(3) An annual exemption from the payment of the tax imposed by this chapter upon the first \$50,000 in gross value of the metalliferous mineral is allowed to each mine.

(4) These taxes are in addition to all other taxes provided by law and are delinquent, unless otherwise deferred, on June 1 next succeeding the calendar year when the metalliferous mineral is produced and sold or delivered.

(5)

(a) A person may pay the severance tax imposed under this section by remitting to the state treasurer an amount of gold equivalent in value to the taxes owed.

(b) The state treasurer shall calculate the value of gold remitted under this Subsection (5) {based on the average spot rate over} ~~as of~~ the {three months} day immediately preceding the day on which the

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~~{payment is due}~~ person remits the gold and based on an internationally recognized benchmark gold price, as determined by the state treasurer.

- 599 (c) The state treasurer may not accept gold, unless the gold satisfies internationally recognized
investment grade purity standards, as determined by the state treasurer.
- 601 (6) When the state treasurer receives gold under Subsection (5), the state treasurer shall notify:
- 603 (a) the commission of the payment, including any information the commission requests; and
- 605 (b) the Division of Finance of the value of the gold received.
- 606 ~~[(5)]~~ (7)
- (a) As used in this Subsection ~~[(5)]~~ (7):
- 607 (i) "Great Salt Lake element or mineral" means a metalliferous mineral, metal, ore, chloride
compound, potash, or salt mined or extracted from the brines of the Great Salt Lake.
- 610 (ii) "Great Salt Lake elevation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 65A-17-101.
- 612 (iii) "Great Salt Lake extraction operator" means a person who is engaged in the business of mining
or extracting Great Salt Lake elements or minerals or metalliferous compounds from the brine
of the Great Salt Lake.
- 615 (iv) For purposes of each tax imposed under Subsection ~~[(5)(b)]~~ (7)(b), "incremental revenue"
means the difference between the sum of the revenue collected for the fiscal year from each of
the tax rates imposed under Subsection ~~[(5)(b)]~~ (7)(b) and the revenue collected for the fiscal
year from the tax rate imposed under Subsection (1).
- 620 (v) "Metalliferous compound" means a metalliferous mineral or a chloride compound or salt
containing a metalliferous mineral.
- 622 (b) Notwithstanding the exclusion for chloride compounds or salts from the definition of metalliferous
minerals under Section 59-5-201 and in lieu of the severance tax imposed under Subsection (1),
beginning with calendar year 2025, a Great Salt Lake extraction operator shall pay to the state a
severance tax in accordance with the following:
- 627 (i) for a Great Salt Lake extraction operator that is not a party or a third-party beneficiary to a voluntary
agreement for water rights with an approved beneficial use by a division as defined in Section
73-3-30, a severance tax equal to 7.8% of the taxable value of Great Salt Lake elements or minerals
or metalliferous compounds sold or otherwise disposed of;
- 632 (ii) for a Great Salt Lake extraction operator that is not a party or a third-party beneficiary to a voluntary
agreement for water rights with an approved beneficial use by a division as defined in Section

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73-3-30, but does not use evaporative concentrations of Great Salt Lake brines in any stage of the extractive process, a severance tax equal to 2.6% of the taxable value of Great Salt Lake elements or minerals or metalliferous compounds sold or otherwise disposed of; or

638 (iii) for a Great Salt Lake extraction operator that is a party or a third-party beneficiary to a voluntary agreement for water rights with an approved beneficial use by a division as defined in Section 73-3-30:

641 (A) a severance tax equal to 2.6% of the taxable value of Great Salt Lake elements or minerals sold or otherwise disposed of, if the Great Salt Lake elements or minerals are extracted during a calendar year when the Great Salt Lake elevation recorded pursuant to Section 65A-17-306 was at or above 4,198 feet in the prior calendar year; or

646 (B) a severance tax does not apply to the taxable value of Great Salt Lake elements or minerals sold or otherwise disposed of, if those Great Salt Lake elements or minerals are sold or otherwise disposed of in a calendar year when the Great Salt Lake elevation recorded pursuant to Section 65A-17-306 was below 4,198 feet in the prior calendar year; and

651 (iv) notwithstanding Subsection [~~(5)(b)(iii)~~] (7)(b)(iii), for a Great Salt Lake extraction operator that is a party or third-party beneficiary to a voluntary agreement for water rights with an approved beneficial use by a division as defined in Section 73-3-30, a severance tax equal to 2.6% of the taxable value of a metalliferous compound sold or otherwise disposed of under a royalty agreement issued under Subsection 65A-6-4(2)(d), entered into on or after May 1, 2024.

657 (c)

(i) Subject to Subsection [~~(5)(e)(i)~~] (7)(c)(ii), the Division of Finance shall deposit the incremental revenue in accordance with Section 51-9-305.

659 (ii) The Division of Finance shall consider the incremental revenue required to be deposited under Subsection [~~(5)(e)(i)~~] (7)(c)(i) to be the first revenue collected under this chapter for the fiscal year.

662 (iii) The Division of Finance shall deposit the incremental revenue that remains after making the deposit required by Subsection [~~(5)(e)(i)~~] (7)(c)(i) into the Sovereign Lands Management Account created in Section 65A-5-1.

665 (d) This Subsection [~~(5)~~] (7) may not be interpreted to:

666 (i) excuse a person from paying a severance tax in accordance with the other provisions of this part; or

668 (ii) void a mineral lease or royalty agreement.

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- (e) A person extracting metalliferous minerals, including a metalliferous compound, from the brine of the Great Salt Lake is subject to the payment of a royalty agreement under Section 65A-6-4 and the payment of a severance tax under this part.

Section 5. Section **59-5-203** is amended to read:

59-5-203. Determining taxable value.

- (1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), the basis for computing the gross proceeds, prior to those deductions or adjustments specified in this chapter, in determining the taxable value of the metals, metalliferous minerals, or metalliferous compounds, as defined in Subsection [59-5-202(5)] 59-5-202(7), sold or otherwise disposed of, in the order of priority, is as follows:
- (a) If the metals, metalliferous mineral products, or metalliferous compounds are actually sold, the value of those metals, metalliferous mineral products, or metalliferous compounds shall be the gross amount the producer receives from that sale, provided that the metals, metalliferous mineral products, or metalliferous compounds are sold under a bona fide contract of sale between unaffiliated parties. In the case of a sale of uranium concentrates, gross proceeds shall be the gross amount the producer receives from the sale of processed uranium concentrate or "yellowcake," provided that the uranium concentrate is sold under a bona fide contract of sale between unaffiliated parties.
- (b)
- (i) For purposes of a Great Salt Lake extraction operator, as defined in Section 59-5-202, if metals, metalliferous minerals, or metalliferous compounds are not sold, but are otherwise disposed of, the gross proceeds shall be the multiple of the recoverable units of finished or unfinished metals, or of the finished or unfinished metals contained in the metalliferous minerals or metalliferous compounds shipped, and the average daily price per unit of contained metals as quoted by an established authority for market prices of metals for the period during which the tax imposed by this chapter is due.
- (ii) The established authority or authorities under this Subsection (1)(b) shall be designated by the commission by rule adopted in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
- (c)
- (i) If the metals, metalliferous mineral products, or metalliferous compounds are not actually sold but are shipped, transported, or delivered out of state, the gross proceeds shall be the multiple of

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the recoverable units of finished metals, or of the finished metals contained in the metalliferous minerals or metalliferous compounds shipped, and the average daily price per unit of contained metals as quoted by an established authority for market prices of metals for the period during which the tax imposed by this chapter is due.

- 706 (ii) The established authority or authorities shall be designated by the commission by rule adopted in
accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
- 709 (d) In the case of metals, metalliferous minerals, or metalliferous compounds not sold, but otherwise
disposed of, for which there is no established authority for market prices of metals for the period
during which the tax imposed by this chapter is due, gross proceeds is determined by allocating
to the state the same proportion of the producer's total sales of metals, metalliferous minerals, or
metalliferous compounds sold or otherwise disposed of as the producer's total Utah costs bear to the
total costs associated with sale or disposal of the metal or metalliferous mineral.
- 716 (e) In the event of a sale of metals, metalliferous minerals, or metalliferous compounds between
affiliated companies which is not a bona fide sale because the value received is not proportionate
to the fair market value of the metals, metalliferous minerals, metalliferous compounds or in the
event that Subsection (1)(a), (b), (c), or (d) are not applicable, the commission shall determine the
value of such metals, metalliferous minerals, or metalliferous compounds in an equitable manner by
reference to an objective standard as specified in a rule adopted in accordance with the provisions of
Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
- 724 (2) For all metals except beryllium, the taxable value of the metalliferous mineral sold or otherwise
disposed of is 30% of the gross proceeds received for the metals sold or otherwise disposed of by
the producer of the metal.
- 727 (3) Notwithstanding Subsection (1) or (4), the taxable value of beryllium sold or otherwise disposed of
by the producer of the beryllium is equal to 125% of the direct mining costs incurred in mining the
beryllium.
- 730 (4) Except as provided in Subsection (3), if the metalliferous mineral sold or otherwise disposed of is
sold or shipped out of state in the form of ore, then the taxable value is 80% of the gross proceeds.

645 Section 6. Section **59-5-207** is amended to read:

646 **59-5-207. Date tax due -- Extensions -- Installment payments -- Penalty on delinquencies --**
Audit.

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- (1) The tax imposed by this chapter is due and payable on or before June 1 of the year next succeeding the calendar year when the mineral is produced and sold or delivered.
- 738 (2) The commission may, for good cause shown upon a written application by the taxpayer, extend the time of payment of the whole or any part of the tax for a period not to exceed six months. If an extension is granted, interest at the rate and in the manner prescribed in Section 59-1-402 shall be charged and added to the amount of the deferred payment of the tax.
- 743 (3) Every taxpayer subject to this chapter whose total tax obligation for the preceding calendar year was \$3,000 or more shall pay the taxes assessed under this chapter in quarterly installments. Each installment shall be based on the estimated gross value received by the taxpayer during the quarter preceding the date on which the installment is due.
- 748 (4) The quarterly installments are due as follows:
- 749 (a) for January 1 through March 31, on or before June 1;
- 750 (b) for April 1 through June 30, on or before September 1;
- 751 (c) for July 1 through September 30, on or before December 1; and
- 752 (d) for October 1 through December 31, on or before March 1 of the next year.
- 753 (5)
- (a) If the taxpayer fails to report and pay any tax when due, the taxpayer is subject to the penalties provided under Section 59-1-401, unless otherwise provided in Subsection (6).
- 756 (b) An underpayment exists if less than 80% of the tax due for a quarter is paid.
- 757 (6) The penalty for failure to pay the tax due or underpayment of tax may not be assessed if the taxpayer's quarterly tax installment payment equals 25% of the tax reported and paid by the taxpayer for the preceding taxable year.
- 760 (7) There shall be no interest added to any estimated tax payments subject to a penalty under this section.
- 762 (8) The commission may conduct audits to determine whether any tax is owed under this section.
- 764 (9) For purposes of a Great Salt Lake extraction operator under Subsection [59-5-202(5)] 59-5-202(7), the Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands shall provide the commission by January 15 of each year the information required by Section 65A-17-306, that the commission shall use to determine the amount due and payable on June 1 of the year next succeeding the calendar year.
- 681 Section 7. Section **59-5-215** is amended to read:
- 682 **59-5-215. Disposition of taxes collected -- Credit to General Fund.**

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- 771 (1) Except as provided in Section 51-9-305, 51-9-306, or 51-9-307, or Subsection 59-5-202(5) or (7),
a tax imposed and collected under Section 59-5-202 shall be paid to the commission, promptly
remitted to the state treasurer, and credited to the General Fund.
- 775 (2) Upon receipt of a notice described in Subsection 59-5-202(6)(b), the Division of Finance shall:
- 777 (a) credit from the General Fund Budget Reserve Account created in Section 63J-1-312 an amount
equal to the value of the gold to severance tax revenue collected under this part; and
- 780 (b) distribute the credited money in the same manner as severance tax revenue collected under this part.
- 694 Section 8. Section **59-7-504** is amended to read:
- 695 **59-7-504. Estimated tax payments -- Penalty -- Waiver.**
- 784 (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a corporation subject to taxation under this chapter that has
a tax liability of \$3,000 or more in either the current tax year or the previous tax year shall make
a payment of an estimated tax on or before the day on which the corporation is required to make a
payment of an estimated tax for the same time period to the federal government.
- 789 (2) The provisions of Section 6655, Internal Revenue Code, shall govern the payment described in
Subsection (1), except that:
- 791 (a) for the first year a corporation is required to file a return in Utah, that corporation is not subject to
Subsection (1) if the corporation makes a payment on or before the due date of the return, without
extensions, equal to or greater than the minimum tax required under Section 59-7-104 or 59-7-201;
- 795 (b) the applicable percentage of the required annual payment, as defined in Section 6655, Internal
Revenue Code, for annualized income installments, adjusted seasonal installments, and those
estimated tax payments based on the current year tax liability shall be:
- | | | |
|-----|-------------|------------|
| 799 | Installment | Percentage |
| 800 | 1st | 22.5 |
| 801 | 2nd | 45.0 |
| 802 | 3rd | 67.5 |
| 803 | 4th | 90.0 |
- 804 (c) a large corporation shall be treated as any other corporation for purposes of this section;
- 806 (d) if a taxpayer elects a different annualization period than the one used for federal purposes, the
taxpayer shall make an election with the commission at the same time as provided under Section
6655, Internal Revenue Code; and
- 809

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(e) the due date shall be superseded by the due date for federal estimated payments if modified by other federal action.

811 (3) A penalty shall be added as provided in Section 59-1-401 for any quarterly estimated tax payment that is not made in accordance with this section.

813 (4) There shall be no interest added to any estimated tax payments subject to a penalty under this section.

815 (5)

{(a) {~~As used in this Subsection (5), "spot rate" means the prevailing price in United States dollars per troy ounce of gold, as determined by a recognized financial market or exchange, for immediate settlement transactions.~~}}

818 {(b)} (a)

(i) A corporation may pay taxes due under this chapter by remitting to the state treasurer an amount of gold equivalent in value to the tax due.

820 (ii) The state treasurer shall calculate the value of {~~the~~} gold remitted under this Subsection (5) {~~based on~~} as of the {~~average spot rate over the three months~~} ~~day immediately~~ preceding the day on which the {~~payment is due~~} person remits the gold and based on an internationally recognized benchmark gold price, as determined by the state treasurer.

823 (iii) The state treasurer may not accept gold, unless the gold satisfies internationally recognized investment grade purity standards, as determined by the state treasurer.

825 {(c)} (b) When the state treasurer receives gold under this Subsection (5), the state treasurer shall notify:

827 (i) the commission of the payment, including any information the commission requests; and

829 (ii) the Division of Finance of the value of the gold received.

740 Section 9. Section **59-7-532** is amended to read:

741 **59-7-532. Revenue received by commission -- Deposit with state treasurer -- Distribution or crediting to Income Tax Fund -- Refund claim payments.**

833 (1)

(a) The commission shall deposit at least quarterly all revenue collected or received by the commission under this chapter with the state treasurer.

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(b) The commission shall, subject to the refund provisions of this section, distribute or credit, at least quarterly and based on a pro rata share of Income Tax Fund and Uniform School Fund appropriations for the current fiscal year, the revenue described in Subsection (1)(a) to:

(i) the Income Tax Fund; and

(ii) the Uniform School Fund in accordance with Section 53F-9-201.1.

(c) The commission may credit to or draw from the Income Tax Fund and the Uniform School Fund:

(i) annually to adjust for differences between estimates and actual amounts; or

(ii) in the proportion described in Subsection (1)(b) to issue a refund.

(2) The commission shall from time to time certify to the state auditor the amount of any refund authorized by it, the amount of interest computed on it under the provisions of Section 59-7-533, from whom the tax to be refunded was collected, or by whom it was paid, and such refund claims shall be paid in order out of the funds first accruing to the Income Tax Fund from the provisions of this section.

(3) Upon receipt of a notice described in Subsection 59-7-504(5)(c), the Division of Finance shall credit from the Income Tax Fund Budget Reserve Account created in Section 63J-1-313 an amount equal to the value of the gold and deposit the money as provided in this section, as though the money were revenue collected or received by the commission under this chapter.

Section 10. Section **59-7-536** is amended to read:

59-7-536. Relief in case of suspension or forfeiture.

(1)

(a) Any corporation which has suffered the suspension or forfeiture referred to in Section 59-7-534 may be relieved from that suspension or forfeiture by applying for that relief in writing, paying the tax and the interest and penalties for nonpayment of which the suspension or forfeiture occurred, and paying a reinstatement fee of \$100. If the corporation has done business in this state during the period of such suspension, a tax shall be computed according to this chapter for each year in which the business was done, and the tax shall be added to the delinquency and penalties provided in this section. If the due date of any return required in this section has not passed, a return need not be filed until that due date.

(b) Application for revivor may be made by any stockholder or creditor of the corporation or by a majority of the surviving trustees or directors, and the same shall be filed with the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code. Upon payment[~~to the commission~~] of the taxes, penalties, and

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reinstatement fee provided for in this section, the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code shall issue a certificate of revivor, and the applicant shall be revived. The revivor shall be without prejudice to any action, defense, or right which has accrued by reason of the original suspension or forfeiture. The certificate of revivor is prima facie evidence of the revivor.

- 875 (2) If any corporation has adopted, subsequent to such suspension or forfeiture, any name so closely resembling the name of the reviving corporation as will tend to deceive, then the reviving corporation is entitled to a certificate of revivor pursuant to the terms of this section only upon adopting a new name, and in such case nothing in this section may be construed as permitting the reviving corporation to carry on any business under its former name. The reviving corporation may use its former name or may take the new name only upon filing an application for it with the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code, and upon the issuing of a certificate to such corporation by the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code, setting forth the right of such corporation to take such new name or use its former name as the case may be. The Division of Corporations and Commercial Code may not issue any certificate permitting any corporation to take or use the name of any corporation already organized in this state and which has not suffered a forfeiture, or take or use a name so closely resembling the name of any corporation already organized in this state as will tend to deceive.

799 Section 11. Section 11 is enacted to read:

800 **59-7-627. Nonrefundable tax credit for payment in gold.**

- 891 (1) As used in this section, "qualified taxpayer" means a taxpayer that:
- 892 (a) ~~{is}~~ owns or operates a mine as defined in Section 59-5-201; and
- 893 (b) pays in gold the taxes owed under this chapter for the {fiscal-} taxable year, as allowed under Section 59-7-504.
- 895 (2) ~~{A}~~ Subject to Subsection (3), a qualified taxpayer may claim a nonrefundable tax credit equal to 5% of the ~~{taxes owed}~~ qualified taxpayer's liability under this chapter for the taxable year ~~{as follows:}~~ , excluding any credit available under this section.
- 808 (3)
- 897 (a) ~~{for}~~ If the qualified taxpayer owns or operates a mine ~~{in-operation}~~ on January 1, ~~{2026}~~ 2027, the qualified taxpayer may claim a tax credit under this section for a taxable year that begins on or after January 1, ~~{2026}~~ 2027, and before January 1, ~~{2031; or}~~ 2032.

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- (b) ~~{for}~~ If the qualified taxpayer does not own or operate a mine ~~{that is not in operation}~~ on January 1, ~~{2026}~~ 2027, the qualified taxpayer may claim a tax credit under this section for a taxable year that begins on or after January 1, ~~{2026}~~ 2027, and before January 1, ~~{2041}~~ 2042.

Section 12. Section **59-10-514** is amended to read:

59-10-514. Return filing requirements -- Rulemaking authority.

(1)

(a) Subject to Subsection (3) and Section 59-10-518:

(i) an individual income tax return filed for a tax imposed in accordance with Part 1, Determination and Reporting of Tax Liability and Information, shall be filed with the commission on or before the day on which a federal individual income tax return is due;

(ii) a fiduciary income tax return filed for a tax imposed in accordance with Part 2, Trusts and Estates, shall be filed with the commission on or before the day on which a federal return for estates and trusts is due; or

(iii) a return filed in accordance with Section 59-10-507 shall be filed with the commission on or before the later of:

(A) the 15th day of the fourth month following the last day of the taxpayer's taxable year; or

(B) the day on which the taxpayer is required to file a federal income tax return.

(b) Interest accrues from the day on which a return is due under this Subsection (1).

(2) A person required to make and file a return under this chapter shall, without assessment, notice, or demand, pay any tax due~~[:]~~ as provided in Section 59-10-520.

~~[(a) to the commission; and]~~

~~[(b) before the due date for filing the return, without regard to any extension of time for filing the return.]~~

(3) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules prescribing what constitutes filing a return with the commission.

Section 13. Section **59-10-520** is amended to read:

59-10-520. Time and place for paying tax shown on returns.

(1) ~~[When]~~ Subject to Subsection (3), when a return of tax is required under this chapter or rules, the person required to make such return shall, without assessment or notice and demand from the commission, pay such tax to the commission office with which the return is filed, and shall pay such

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tax at the time and place fixed for filing the return (determined without regard to any extension of time).

932 (2) In any case where a tax is required to be paid on or before a certain date, or within a certain period,
any reference in this chapter to the date fixed for payment of such tax shall be deemed a reference to
the last day fixed for such payment (determined without regard to any extension of time for paying
the tax).

936 (3)

{(a) {~~As used in this Subsection (3), "spot rate" means the prevailing price in United States dollars
per troy ounce of gold, as determined by a recognized financial market or exchange, for immediate
settlement transactions.~~}}

939 ~~{(b)}~~ (a)

(i) A person may pay the tax due by remitting to the state treasurer an amount of gold equivalent in
value to the tax due.

941 (ii) The state treasurer shall calculate the value of {~~the~~} gold remitted under this Subsection (3) {~~based
on~~} as of the {~~average spot rate over the three months~~} ~~day immediately~~ preceding the day on
which the {~~tax is due~~} person remits the gold and based on an internationally recognized benchmark
gold price, as determined by the state treasurer.

944 (iii) The state treasurer may not accept gold, unless the gold satisfies internationally recognized
investment grade purity standards, as determined by the state treasurer.

946 ~~{(c)}~~ (b) When the state treasurer receives gold under this Subsection (3), the state treasurer shall
notify:

948 (i) the commission of the payment, including any information the commission requests; and

950 (ii) the Division of Finance of the value of the gold received.

862 Section 14. Section **59-10-544** is amended to read:

863 **59-10-544. General powers and duties of the commission -- Deposit, distribution, or credit of
revenues -- Refund reverts to state under certain circumstances.**

954 (1)

(a) The commission shall administer and enforce a tax imposed under this chapter for which purpose
it may divide the state into districts in each of which a branch office of the commission may be
maintained.

957 (b) A county may not be divided in forming a district.

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- 958 (2)
- (a) The commission shall deposit at least quarterly all revenue collected or received by the commission under this chapter with the state treasurer.
- 960 (b) Subject to Sections 59-10-529 and 59-10-531, the commission shall distribute and credit, at least quarterly and based on a pro rata share of Income Tax Fund and Uniform School Fund appropriations for the current fiscal year, the revenue described in Subsection (2)(a) to:
- 964 (i) the Income Tax Fund; and
- 965 (ii) the Uniform School Fund in accordance with Section 53F-9-201.1.
- 966 (c) The commission may credit to or draw from the Income Tax Fund and the Uniform School Fund:
- 968 (i) annually to adjust for differences between estimates and actual amounts; or
- 969 (ii) in the proportion described in Subsection (2)(b) to issue a refund.
- 970 (d) If a refund the commission makes is not claimed within two years from the date the commission issues the refund:
- 972 (i) the refund reverts to the state to be credited to the Income Tax Fund; and
- 973 (ii) no further claim may be made on the commission for the amount of the refund.
- 974 (3) Upon receipt of a notice described in Subsection 59-10-520(3)(c), the Division of Finance shall credit from the Income Tax Fund Budget Reserve Account created in Section 63J-1-313 an amount equal to the value of the gold and deposit the money as provided in Subsection (2), as though the money were revenue collected or received by the commission under this chapter.
- 890 Section 15. Section **15** is enacted to read:
- 891 **59-10-1048. Nonrefundable tax credit for payment in gold.**
- 981 (1) As used in this section, "qualified claimant" means a claimant who:
- 982 (a) ~~{is-}~~ owns or operates a mine as defined in Section 59-5-201; and
- 983 (b) pays in gold the taxes owed under this chapter for the ~~{fiscal-}~~ taxable year, as allowed under Section 59-7-504.
- 985 (2) ~~{A-}~~ Subject to Subsection (3), a qualified claimant may claim a nonrefundable tax credit equal to 5% of the ~~{taxes owed-}~~ qualified claimant's liability under this chapter for the taxable year ~~{as follows:-}~~, excluding any credit available under this section.
- 899 (3)
- 987

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(a) ~~{for}~~ If the qualified claimant owns or operates a mine ~~{in-operation}~~ on January 1, ~~{2026}~~ 2027, the qualified claimant may claim a tax credit under this section for a taxable year that begins on or after January 1, ~~{2026}~~ 2027, and before January 1, ~~{2031; or}~~ 2032.

(b) ~~{for}~~ If the qualified claimant does not own or operate a mine ~~{that is not in-operation}~~ on January 1, ~~{2026}~~ 2027, the qualified claimant may claim a tax credit under this section for a taxable year that begins on or after January 1, ~~{2026}~~ 2027, and before January 1, ~~{2041}~~ 2042.

Section 16. Section **65A-6-4** is amended to read:

65A-6-4. Mineral leases -- Multiple leases on same land -- Rentals and royalties -- Lease terms -- Great Salt Lake.

(1) As used in this section:

(a) "Great Salt Lake element or mineral" means:

(i) a rare earth element;

(ii) a trace element or mineral; or

(iii) a chemical compound that includes a rare earth element or trace element or mineral.

(b) "Operator" means, for purposes of provisions applicable to the extraction of a Great Salt Lake element or mineral, a person qualified to do business in the state who is pursuing the extraction of a Great Salt Lake element or mineral.

(c) "Rare earth element" is one of the following ores, minerals, or elements located in the brines or the sovereign lands of the Great Salt Lake:

(i) lanthanum;

(ii) cerium;

(iii) praseodymium;

(iv) neodymium;

(v) samarium;

(vi) europium;

(vii) gadolinium;

(viii) terbium;

(ix) dysprosium;

(x) holmium;

(xi) erbium;

(xii) thulium;

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- 1017 (xiii) ytterbium;
1018 (xiv) lutetium; and
1019 (xv) yttrium.
- 1020 (d) "Trace element or mineral" means an element or mineral that is located in the brines or the
sovereign lands of the Great Salt Lake that is not in production by July 1, 2020, and for which the
state has not received a royalty payment by July 1, 2020.
- 1023 (2)
- (a) Mineral leases, including oil, gas, and hydrocarbon leases, may be issued for prospecting, exploring,
developing, and producing minerals covering any portion of state lands or the reserved mineral
interests of the state.
- 1026 (b)
- (i) Leases may be issued for different types of minerals on the same land.
- 1027 (ii) If leases are issued for different types of minerals on the same land, the leases shall include
stipulations for simultaneous operations, except that for leases related to the Great Salt Lake the
leases shall include stipulations for simultaneous operations that will not interfere with, impede,
limit, or require changes to pre-existing rights.
- 1032 (c) No more than one lease may be issued for the same resource on the same land.
- 1033 (d) The division shall require a separate royalty agreement for extraction of Great Salt Lake elements or
minerals from brines of the Great Salt Lake when:
- 1035 (i) a mineral lease, a royalty agreement, or both that are in effect before the operator seeks to extract
a particular Great Salt Lake element or mineral do not expressly include the right to extract the
particular Great Salt Lake element or mineral; or
- 1038 (ii) the proposed operation will use brines from the Great Salt Lake, but will not occupy sovereign lands
for the direct production of Great Salt Lake elements or minerals other than for incidental structures
such as pumps and intake and outflow pipelines.
- 1042 (3)
- (a) Each mineral lease issued by the division shall provide for an annual rental of not less than \$1 per
acre per year, except that a mineral lease issued by the division involving the extraction of a Great
Salt Lake element or mineral from brines in the Great Salt Lake shall provide for an annual rental of
not less than \$100 per acre per year.

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(b) However, a lease may provide for a rental credit, minimum rental, or minimum royalty upon commencement of production, as prescribed by rule.

1049 (4) The primary term of a mineral lease may not exceed:

1050 (a) 20 years for oil shale and tar sands; and

1051 (b) 10 years for oil and gas and any other mineral.

1052 (5)

(a) In addition to the requirements of Chapter 17, Part 3, Mineral or Element Extraction, and subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (5), for a mineral lease or royalty agreement involving the extraction of Great Salt Lake elements and minerals from brines in the Great Salt Lake, the division shall ensure that the following terms, as applicable, are included:

1057 (i) an extraction operation or extraction method shall adhere to commercially viable technologies that minimize water depletion;

1059 (ii) a provision authorizing the division to curtail or limit Great Salt Lake element or mineral production at any time the condition of the Great Salt Lake reaches the emergency trigger, as defined in Section 65A-17-101;

1062 (iii) a provision authorizing the division to withdraw lands, operations, extraction methods, or technologies from Great Salt Lake element or mineral production or Great Salt Lake element or mineral operations;

1065 (iv) a provision allowing the division to require an existing operator to use commercially viable, innovative technologies to minimize water depletions caused by the planned mineral extraction as a condition of continued operations if the technology:

1069 (A) has been successfully implemented on a commercial scale in similar circumstances;

1071 (B) has been shown to be economically viable; and

1072 (C) is reasonably compatible with the operator's overall extraction process; and

1073 (v) a provision that provides for the reductions of the following after the primary term of a mineral lease or royalty agreement:

1075 (A) the acreage subject to the mineral lease by the acreage the operator does not use to extract a Great Salt Lake element or mineral during the primary term of the mineral lease under conditions that do not constitute waste, as defined in Section 65A-17-101; and

1079 (B) the volume of water that the operator may divert from the Great Salt Lake, by the volume of water that the operator does not use during the longer of the primary term of the mineral lease or seven

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years if the operator fails to use the volume of water for a beneficial use, except if the failure to use the volume of water is as a result of a reduction of water usage under Section 73-33-201 or is excused under Section 73-1-4.

- 1085 (b) If under Subsection (5)(a)(iv) the division requires an existing operator to use a commercially
viable, innovative technology, the division may not require use of a technology not yet proven to be
commercially viable on the Great Salt Lake and may not require implementation of the technology
to begin until after a reasonable period determined by the division that is at least five years but does
not exceed seven years.
- 1090 (c)
- (i) If the volume of water that the operator may divert from the Great Salt Lake is reduced under
Subsection (5)(a)(v), the division shall pursue a judicial action to declare all or a portion of the water
right forfeited under Subsection 73-1-4(2).
- 1093 (ii) If the division secures the reduction under this Subsection (5)(c), the division shall petition the state
engineer to order a reversal of the application approval in accordance with the terms of the reduction
or forfeiture of the water right.
- 1096 (iii) Nothing in this Subsection (5) modifies or otherwise affects Section 73-1-4 or 73-3-30.
- 1098 (6)
- (a) Before issuing a royalty agreement under Subsection (2)(d), the division may require an operator
to engage in a feasibility assessment and may issue a royalty agreement without compliance of
Subsection (5)(a) if the agreement:
- 1101 (i) has a term of 12 months or less; and
- 1102 (ii) limits use of brines from the Great Salt Lake to a maximum of five acre-feet during the term of
the agreement.
- 1104 (b) The division may make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
Rulemaking Act, for implementing this Subsection (6).
- 1106 (7)
- (a) Upon nomination from a prospective operator, the division shall by rule, made in accordance with
Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, establish a royalty rate and calculation
methodology for a Great Salt Lake element or mineral that:
- 1110 (i) provides for a full and fair return to the state from the production of the Great Salt Lake element
or mineral;

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- 1112 (ii) is consistent with market royalty rates applicable to the production of the Great Salt Lake
element or mineral or of the production of oil and gas;
- 1114 (iii) provides a base royalty rate;
- 1115 (iv) provides a reduced royalty rate from the royalty rate under Subsection (7)(a)(iii) if the royalty
agreement:
- 1117 (A) relates to a non-evaporative method of producing the Great Salt Lake element or mineral; or
- 1119 (B) provides an incentive to use commercially viable, innovative technology to minimize water
depletion and evaporation as determined by the division;
- 1121 (v) provides a reduced royalty rate from the royalty rate under Subsection (7)(a)(iii) if the
prospective operator for the extraction of lithium demonstrates to the satisfaction of the
division that the prospective operator has an agreement with a person who will process or
manufacture a product in this state, exclusive of any primary or secondary lithium processing or
manufacturing, using the lithium extracted by the prospective operator; and
- 1127 (vi) subject to Subsection (7)(e), provides for a royalty rate that is based on the highest market
value prevailing at the time of the sale or disposal of the following:
- 1129 (A) the Great Salt Lake element or mineral; or
- 1130 (B) a product the lessee produces from the Great Salt Lake element or mineral.
- 1131 (b) Before entering into a royalty agreement permitting the extraction of Great Salt Lake elements or
minerals, the operator shall:
- 1133 (i) demonstrate the proposed operation's commercial viability;
- 1134 (ii) certify before operation begins that the operator is not negatively impacting the biota or chemistry
of the Great Salt Lake; and
- 1136 (iii) obtain the approval of the division and the Department of Environmental Quality that the
certification supports a finding that the operation will not negatively impact the biota or chemistry
of the Great Salt Lake.
- 1139 (c) A new mineral lease for a Great Salt Lake element or mineral in production in the Great Salt Lake as
of May 3, 2023, is subject to new royalty rates due to emergent technologies.
- 1142 (d) An operator who as of July 1, 2020, had a mineral lease with the division but not a royalty
agreement and who is subject to a severance tax under Subsection [59-5-202(5)] 59-5-202(7) shall
pay a royalty under this section in addition to the severance tax.

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(e) The royalty rate described in Subsection (7)(a)(vi) may not be reassessed during the primary term of an initial royalty agreement issued under this section, but may be reassessed upon the conclusion of the primary term.

1148 (8)

(a) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(b), an operator who extracts a Great Salt Lake element or mineral from tailings from the production of Great Salt Lake elements or minerals from brines in the Great Salt Lake is subject to this section to the same extent as an operator producing a Great Salt Lake element or mineral from brines in the Great Salt Lake.

1153 (b) An operator that, as of May 3, 2023, has an agreement to recover a Great Salt Lake element or mineral from existing tailings, discarded material, end-use products, or waste products produced from the evaporation and processing of Great Salt Lake brines is not subject to this section, except as to the payment of royalties set by the division under Subsection (7)(a). The division shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, regarding the issuance and termination of a royalty agreement for mineral extraction from tailings, discarded material, end-use products, or waste products produced from the evaporation and processing of Great Salt Lake brines.

1162 (c) An operator that, as of May 3, 2023, has an underlying agreement to recover a Great Salt Lake element or mineral shall obtain an additional agreement for any additional Great Salt Lake element or mineral produced from the tailings, discarded material, end-use products, or waste products newly produced under the underlying agreement. The additional agreement is subject to this section.

1167 (9) The division shall annually report to the Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Environmental Quality Appropriations Subcommittee regarding the amount of money collected under this section from royalties provided for in Subsection (7).

1170 (10)

(a) In the issuance of royalty agreements for the extraction of lithium from the Great Salt Lake, the division shall prioritize applicants that do not use evaporative concentration of Great Salt Lake brines in any stage of the extractive process.

1173 (b) The division may make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, creating a process for implementing this Subsection (10).

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(11) Except in relationship to mineral leases related to the Great Salt Lake, the division shall make rules regarding the continuation of a mineral lease after the primary term has expired, which shall provide that a mineral lease shall continue so long as:

(a) the mineral covered by the lease is being produced in paying quantities from:

(i) the leased premises;

(ii) lands pooled, communitized, or unitized with the leased premises; or

(iii) lands constituting an approved mining or drilling unit with respect to the leased premises; or

(b)

(i) the lessee is engaged in diligent operations, exploration, research, or development which is reasonably calculated to advance development or production of the mineral covered by the lease from:

(A) the leased premises;

(B) lands pooled, communitized, or unitized with the leased premises; or

(C) lands constituting an approved mining or drilling unit with respect to the leased premises; and

(ii) the lessee pays a minimum royalty.

(12) For the purposes of Subsection (11), diligent operations with respect to oil, gas, and other hydrocarbon leases may include cessation of operations not in excess of 90 days in duration.

(13)

(a) The division shall study and analyze each mineral lease and mineral royalty agreement issued on the Great Salt Lake and compare and evaluate whether the mineral leases and royalty agreements are representative of current market conditions. As part of this study, the division shall:

(i) make the following determinations for mineral leases:

(A) whether the entire surface area described within the mineral lease is being used; and

(B) whether the annual lease payments are representative of current market conditions; and

(ii) for royalty agreements, perform studies and comparative analyses to determine whether the state is receiving royalty rates consistent with current market conditions.

(b) By no later than the 2023 November interim meeting, the division shall report the division's findings of the study required by this Subsection (13) to the Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Environment Interim Committee.

(14) The division may make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, for implementing this section.

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- 1212 (15) The provisions in this section related to extraction of a Great Salt Lake element or mineral under a
mineral lease or royalty agreement apply to a mineral lease or royalty agreement in effect on May 1,
2024, and any mineral lease or royalty agreement entered into after May 1, 2024.
- 1130 Section 17. Section **65A-17-306** is amended to read:
- 1131 **65A-17-306. Certification of eligibility for tax rates.**
- 1218 (1) As used in this section:
- 1219 (a) "Great Salt Lake element or mineral" means the same as that term is defined in Subsection
[59-5-202(5)] 59-5-202(7).
- 1221 (b) "Great Salt Lake extraction operator" means the same as that term is defined in Subsection
[59-5-202(5)] 59-5-202(7).
- 1223 (2)
- (a) A Great Salt Lake extraction operator shall by no later than December 31 of each year
certify to the division for purposes of determining a severance tax imposed under Subsection
[59-5-202(5)] 59-5-202(7) during the next succeeding calendar year, the information listed in
Subsection (2)(b).
- 1227 (b) The Great Salt Lake extraction operator shall certify the following for the calendar year ending on
the date the Great Salt Lake extraction operator submits the certification for purposes of determining
a severance tax imposed during the next succeeding calendar year:
- 1231 (i) the Great Salt Lake extraction operator's name;
- 1232 (ii) the Great Salt Lake extraction operator's tax identification number;
- 1233 (iii) whether at the time a Great Salt Lake element or mineral is extracted, the Great Salt Lake
extraction operator is a party or a third-party beneficiary to a voluntary agreement for water rights
with an approved beneficial use by a division as defined in Section 73-3-30;
- 1237 (iv) if the Great Salt Lake extraction operator is not a party or third-party beneficiary to a voluntary
agreement for water rights with an approved beneficial use by a division as defined in Section
73-3-30, whether the Great Salt Lake extraction operator uses evaporative concentrations of Great
Salt Lake brines in any stage of the Great Salt Lake extraction operator's extractive process;
- 1242 (v) whether the Great Salt Lake extraction operator extracted a Great Salt Lake element or mineral
when the Great Salt Lake elevation recorded under Subsection (3) is at or above 4,198 feet, and
what the Great Salt Lake element or mineral extracted was; and

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(vi) other information as determined by the division by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.

1248 (c) A Great Salt Lake extraction operator shall submit the certification on a form provided by the division and approved by the State Tax Commission.

1250 (3) The division shall record the Great Salt Lake elevation for purposes of this section and Subsection [59-5-202(5)] 59-5-202(7) as of June 15 to be applied during the next succeeding calendar year.

1253 (4) The division shall forward to the State Tax Commission by no later than January 15 of the year for which the severance tax shall be determined:

1255 (a) the Great Salt Lake elevation level recorded under Subsection (3);

1256 (b) a list of the Great Salt Lake extraction operators who are subject to a severance tax under Subsection [59-5-202(5)] 59-5-202(7);

1258 (c) the Great Salt Lake extraction operator's tax identification number for each Great Salt Lake extraction operator listed in Subsection (4)(b); and

1260 (d) for each Great Salt Lake extraction operator subject to a severance tax under Subsection [59-5-202(5)] 59-5-202(7):

1262 (i) each Great Salt Lake element or mineral or metalliferous compound extracted by the Great Salt Lake extraction operator that is subject to the severance tax; and

1264 (ii) the rate of severance tax that is to be imposed under Subsection [59-5-202(5)] 59-5-202(7).

1266 (5) The division may audit a certification submitted under this section for completeness and accuracy.

1268 (6) The division may take an enforcement action against a Great Salt Lake extraction operator who violates this section.

1184 Section 18. **Effective date.**

This bill takes effect for a future taxable year beginning on {May 7, 2025} or after January 1, 2027.

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