SB0164S01

SB0164S02 compared with SB0164S01

{Omitted text} shows text that was in SB0164S01 but was omitted in SB0164S02 inserted text shows text that was not in SB0164S01 but was inserted into SB0164S02

DISCLAIMER: This document is provided to assist you in your comparison of the two bills. Sometimes this automated comparison will NOT be completely accurate. Therefore, you need to read the actual bills. This automatically generated document could contain inaccuracies caused by: limitations of the compare program; bad input data; or other causes.

1 Modifications to Election Law

2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper

House Sponsor:Paul A. Cutler

2

3 **LONG TITLE**

- 4 **General Description:**
- 5 This bill modifies provisions relating to elections.
- **Highlighted Provisions:**
- 7 This bill:
- 8 defines terms;
- 9 requires a county clerk to coordinate with local post offices to ensure the optimal handling of ballots;
- provides that a poll watcher may observe the signature-verification process for a petition to qualify a candidate for a primary election ballot (candidate petition) or for a written request to remove a signature from a candidate petition;
- he makes it unlawful for a poll watcher to reveal certain information observed during the process described in the preceding paragraph;
- requires an election officer to conduct an audit of signature comparisons made for a candidate petition;
- 18

requires an election officer who engages in the signature-verification process for a candidate petition to certify a certain percentage of signatures submitted beyond the required signature-gathering threshold;

- 21 addresses viewing by a candidate or a candidate's campaign representative of a complete, unredacted signature packet, or a request to remove a signature from a signature packet, relating to a candidate petition for the candidate's election race;
- provides the ability for a voter to track a candidate petition recently signed by the voter and certain information relating to verification of the signature;
 - in relation to a signature packet for a candidate petition, establishes requirements for:
- submitting the packet;
- maintaining a chain of custody for a packet; and
- storing a packet;
- of grants rulemaking authority to the director of elections within the Office of the Lieutenant Governor; and
- makes technical and conforming changes.
- 33 Money Appropriated in this Bill:
- 34 None

- 35 Other Special Clauses:
- 36 None
- 38 AMENDS:
- **20A-3a-106**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 297, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 297
- 20A-3a-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 56, 106 and 297, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 56, 106 and 297
- **20A-3a-801**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 18, 380, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 18, 380
- **20A-9-403**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 503
- 20A-9-408, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 116, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 116
- 44 ENACTS:

 $\mathbf{20A}\text{-}\mathbf{9}\text{-}\mathbf{401.1}$, Utah Code Annotated 1953 , Utah Code Annotated 1953

 $\mathbf{20A-9-408.1}$, Utah Code Annotated 1953, Utah Code Annotated 1953

45

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah: Section 1. Section 20A-3a-106 is amended to read: 20A-3a-106. Rulemaking authority relating to conducting an election. The director of elections, within the Office of the Lieutenant Governor, may make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, establishing requirements for: (1) a return envelope described in Subsection 20A-3a-202(4), to ensure uniformity and security of the envelopes; (2) complying with the signature comparison audit requirements described in Section 20A-3a-402.5:[or] (3) conducting and documenting the identity verification process described in Subsection 20A-3a-401(7)(b)[-]; or (4) establishing specific requirements and procedures for an election officer to: (a) perform the signature comparison audits described in Subsection 20A-9-408(9)(e); or (b) fulfill the chain of custody requirements described in Section 20A-9-408(9)(e); or (b) fulfill the chain of custody requirements described in Section 20A-9-408.3. Section 2. Section 20A-3a-202 is amended to read: 20A-3a-202. Conducting election by mail. (1) (a) Except as otherwise provided for an election conducted entirely by mail under Section 20A-7-609. an election officer shall administer an election primarily by mail, in accordance with this section. (b) An individual who did not provide valid voter identification at the time the voter registered to vote shall provide valid voter identification before voting. (2) An election officer who administers an election: (a) shall in accordance with Subsection (3), no sooner than 21 days before election day and no later this seven days before election day, mail to each active voter within a voting precinct: (i) a manual ballot;		20A-9-408.2, Utah Code Annotated 1953, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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seven days before election day, mail to each active voter within a voting precinct:	(2)	An election officer who administers an election:
(i) a manual ballot;	(a)	•
	(i)	a manual ballot;

- 77 (ii) a return envelope;
- 78 (iii) instructions for returning the ballot that include an express notice about any relevant deadlines that the voter must meet in order for the voter's vote to be counted;
- (iv) for an election administered by a county clerk, information regarding the location and hours of operation of any election day voting center at which the voter may vote or a website address where the voter may view this information;
- (v) for an election administered by an election officer other than a county clerk, if the election officer does not operate a polling place or an election day voting center, a warning, on a separate page of colored paper in bold face print, indicating that if the voter fails to follow the instructions included with the ballot, the voter will be unable to vote in that election because there will be no polling place for the voting precinct on the day of the election; and
- 90 (vi) instructions on how a voter may sign up to receive electronic ballot status notifications via the ballot tracking system described in Section 20A-3a-401.5;
- 92 (b) may not mail a ballot under this section to:
- 93 (i) an inactive voter, unless the inactive voter requests a manual ballot; or
- 94 (ii) a voter whom the election officer is prohibited from sending a ballot under Subsection (9)(c)(ii);
- 96 (c) shall, on the outside of the envelope in which the election officer mails the ballot, include instructions for returning the ballot if the individual to whom the election officer mails the ballot does not live at the address to which the ballot is sent;
- 99 (d) shall provide a method of accessible voting to a voter with a disability who is not able to vote by mail; and
- (e) shall include, on the election officer's website and with each ballot mailed, instructions regarding how a voter described in Subsection (2)(d) may vote.
- 103 (3)
 - (a) An election officer who mails a manual ballot under Subsection (2) shall mail the manual ballot to the address:
- (i) provided at the time of registration; or
- (ii) if, at or after the time of registration, the voter files an alternate address request form described in Subsection (3)(b), the alternate address indicated on the form.

	(b)	The lieutenant governor shall make available to voters an alternate address request form that permits
		a voter to request that the election officer mail the voter's ballot to a location other than the voter's
		residence.
111	(c)	A voter shall provide the completed alternate address request form to the election officer no later
		than 11 days before the day of the election.
113	(4)	The return envelope shall include:
114	(a)	the name, official title, and post office address of the election officer on the front of the envelope;
116	(b)	a space where a voter may write an email address and phone number by which the election officer
		may contact the voter if the voter's ballot is rejected;
118	(c)	a printed affidavit in substantially the following form:
119		"County ofState of
120		I,, solemnly swear that: I am a qualified resident voter of the voting precinct in
		County, Utah and that I am entitled to vote in this election. I am not a convicted felon currently
		incarcerated for commission of a felony.
123		
124		Signature of Voter"; and
125	(d)	a warning that the affidavit must be signed by the individual to whom the ballot was sent and that
		the ballot will not be counted if the signature on the affidavit does not match the signature on file
		with the election officer of the individual to whom the ballot was sent.
129	(5)	If the election officer determines that the voter is required to show valid voter identification, the
		election officer may:
131	(a)	mail a ballot to the voter;
132	(b)	instruct the voter to include a copy of the voter's valid voter identification with the return ballot; and
134	(c)	provide instructions to the voter on how the voter may sign up to receive electronic ballot status
		notifications via the ballot tracking system described in Section 20A-3a-401.5.
137	(6)	An election officer who administers an election shall:
138	(a)	
	(i)	before the election, obtain the signatures of each voter qualified to vote in the election; or
140	(ii)	obtain the signature of each voter within the voting precinct from the county clerk; and
142		maintain the signatures on file in the election officer's office.
143	` '	

- (7) Upon receipt of a returned ballot, the election officer shall review and process the ballot under Section 20A-3a-401.
- (8) A county that administers an election:
- (a) shall provide at least one election day voting center in accordance with Part 7, Election Day Voting Center, and at least one additional election day voting center for every 5,000 active voters in the county who have requested to not receive a ballot by mail;
- (b) shall ensure that each election day voting center operated by the county has at least one voting device that is accessible, in accordance with the Help America Vote Act of 2002, Pub. L. No. 107-252, for individuals with disabilities;
- (c) may reduce the early voting period described in Section 20A-3a-601, if:
- (i) the county clerk conducts early voting on at least four days;
- (ii) the early voting days are within the period beginning on the date that is 14 days before the date of the election and ending on the day before the election; and
- 157 (iii) the county clerk provides notice of the reduced early voting period in accordance with Section 20A-3a-604; and
- (d) is not required to pay return postage for a ballot.
- 160 (9)
 - (a) An individual may request that the election officer not send the individual a ballot by mail in the next and subsequent elections by submitting a written request to the election officer.
- (b) An individual shall submit the request described in Subsection (9)(a) to the election officer before5 p.m. no later than 60 days before an election if the individual does not wish to receive a ballot by mail in that election.
- (c) An election officer who receives a request from an individual under Subsection (9)(a):
- (i) shall remove the individual's name from the list of voters who will receive a ballot by mail; and
- (ii) may not send the individual a ballot by mail for:
- (A) the next election, if the individual submits the request described in Subsection (9)(a) before the deadline described in Subsection (9)(b); or
- (B) an election after the election described in Subsection (9)(c)(ii)(A).
- (d) An individual who submits a request under Subsection (9)(a) may resume the individual's receipt of a ballot by mail by submitting a written request to the election officer.

(10) A county	clerk shall, at least 9	90 days before an	election admi	nistered by	the county	clerk, c	contact
local post	offices to:						
(a) coordinate	the handling of mail	l-in ballots for the	upcoming ele	ection; and			

- (b) take measures to ensure that:
- (i) <u>ballots are clearly and properly postmarked</u>, or otherwise marked in accordance with Subsection 20A-3a-204(2)(a)(i), with the date on which the ballot was mailed; and
- (ii) ballots are delivered in an expeditious manner to optimize the timely receipt of ballots.
- Section 3. Section **20A-3a-801** is amended to read:
- 186 **20A-3a-801.** Watchers.
- (1) As used in this section[, "administering]:
- 188 (a) "Administering election officer" means:
- [(a)] (i) the election officer; or
- [(b)] (ii) if the election officer is the lieutenant governor, the county clerk of the county in which an individual will act as a watcher.
- (b) "Candidate signature packet" means the same as that term is defined in Section 20A-9-401.1.
- (c) "Election process" means each process of an election, including a process described in Subsections (4) and (5).
- 196 (2)

- (a) Any individual who is registered or preregistered to vote in Utah may, at any time, become a watcher of any election process in relation to an election at any time by registering as a watcher with the administering election officer.
- (b) An individual who registers under Subsection (2)(a) is not required to be certified by a person under Subsection (3) in order to act as a watcher.
- 201 (c) An individual who registers as a watcher shall notify the administering election officer of the dates, times, and locations that the individual intends to act as a watcher.
- 203 (d) An election official may not prohibit a watcher from performing a function described in Subsection (4) because the watcher did not provide the notice described in Subsection (2)(c).
- (e) An administering election officer shall provide a copy of this section, or instructions on how to access an electronic copy of this section, to a watcher at the time the watcher registers under this Subsection (2).
- 209 (3)

	(a)	A person that is a candidate whose name will appear on the ballot, a qualified write-in candidate for
		the election, a registered political party, or a political issues committee may certify an individual as
		an official watcher for the person:
212		(i) by filing an affidavit with the administering election officer responsible to designate an
		individual as an official watcher for the certifying person; and
214		(ii) if the individual registers as a watcher under Subsection (2)(a).
215	(b)	A watcher who is certified by a person under Subsection (3)(a) may not perform the same function
		described in Subsection (4) at the same time and in the same location as another watcher who is
		certified by that person.
218	(c)	A watcher who is certified by a person under Subsection (3)(a) may designate another individual to
		serve in the watcher's stead during the watcher's temporary absence by filing with a poll worker an
		affidavit that designates the individual as a temporary replacement.
222	(4)	A watcher may:
223	(a)	observe the setup or takedown of a polling place;
224	(b)	observe a voter checking in at a polling place;
225	(c)	observe the collection, receipt, and processing of a ballot, including a provisional ballot or a ballot
		cast by a covered voter as defined in Section 20A-16-102;
227	(d)	observe the transport or transmission of a ballot that is in an election official's custody;
229	(e)	observe the opening and inspection of a manual ballot;
230	(f)	observe ballot replication;
231	(g)	observe the conduct of logic and accuracy testing described in Section 20A-5-802;
232	(h)	observe ballot tabulation;
233	(i)	observe the process of storing and securing a ballot;
234	(j)	observe a post-election audit;
235	(k)	observe a canvassing board meeting described in [Title 20A, Chapter 4, Part 3, Canvassing
		Returns] Chapter 4, Part 3, Canvassing Returns;
237	(1)	observe the certification of the results of an election;

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(m) observe a recount; or

(n) observe signature verification[-]:

(ii) relating to a candidate signature packet.

(i) of signatures on a return envelope containing a ballot; or

242	(5) To observe signature verification relating to a candidate signature packet, a watcher may observe:
244	(a) the receipt, initial review, and processing that occurs at the time an individual submits a candidate
	signature packet to an election officer;
246	(b) all subsequent processing, handling, and securing of a candidate signature packet;
247	(c) verification of signatures in a candidate signature packet;
248	(d) the processing, handling, and securing of a written request to remove a signature from a candidate
	signature packet;
250	(e) verification of a signature on a written request to remove a signature from a candidate signature
	packet; or
252	(f) the removal of a signature from a candidate signature packet.
253	[(5)] (6) An administering election officer shall:
254	(a) permit uniform, nondiscriminatory access for a watcher to observe each stage of an election process
256	(b) establish locations for a watcher to observe an event described in Subsection (4) or (5), other than a
	event described in Subsection (4)(d) or (k), from no further than six feet away; and
259	(c) except for a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, for any ballot adjudication, or upload of votes
	from a voting machine or scanner, that is conducted on a computer screen, project the activity onto
	screen that is large enough to be viewed by each watcher.
263	[(6)] <u>(7)</u>
	(a) A watcher may not:
264	(i) record an activity described in Subsection (4) if the recording would reveal a vote[-or otherwise
	violate a voter's privacy or-], violate a voter's right to cast a secret ballot, or otherwise violate a
	voter's privacy;
267	(ii) record an activity described in Subsection (5), except that a watcher may take notes that do
	not include the name or other personal identifying information of an individual who signs a
	candidate signature packet or a written request to remove a signature from a candidate signature
	packet;
271	[(ii)] (iii) interfere with an activity described in Subsection (4) or (5), except to challenge an
	individual's eligibility to vote under Section 20A-3a-803;[-or]
273	[(iii)] (iv) divulge information related to the number of votes counted, tabulated, or cast for a
	candidate or ballot proposition until after the election officer makes the information public[-];
	<u>or</u>

276	(v) divulge information related to:	
277	(A) the number of signatures collected to qualify a candidate for placement on a primary election ballo	<u>ot;</u>
	<u>or</u>	
279	(B) the names or other personal identifying information of an individual who signs a candidate	
	signature packet or a written request to remove a signature from a candidate signature packet.	
282	(b) A person who violates Subsection [(6)(a)(iii)] (7)(a)(iv) or (v) is guilty of a third degree felony.	
284	[(7)] <u>(8)</u>	
	(a) Notwithstanding Subsection [(2)(a) or (4)] (2)(a), (4), or (5), in order to maintain a safe working	
	environment for an election official or to protect the safety or security of a ballot, an administering	,
	election officer may take reasonable action to:	
287	(i) limit the number of watchers at a single location;	
288	(ii) remove a watcher for violating a provision of this section;	
289	(iii) remove a watcher for interfering with an activity described in Subsection (4) or (5);	
291	(iv) designate areas for a watcher to reasonably observe the activities described in Subsection (4) of	<u>or</u>
	<u>(5);</u> or	
293	(v) ensure that a voter's ballot secrecy is protected throughout the watching process.	
294	(b) If an administering election officer limits the number of watchers at a single location under	
	Subsection [(6)(a)(i)] (8)(a)(i), the administering election officer shall give preferential access to the	ıe
	location to a watcher designated under Subsection (3).	
297	(c) An administering election officer may provide a watcher a badge that identifies the watcher and	
	require the watcher to wear the badge while acting as a watcher.	
299	Section 4. Section 4 is enacted to read:	
300	<u>20A-9-401.1.</u> Definitions.	
	As used in this part:	
302	(1) "Candidate nomination document" means:	
303	(a) a candidate signature packet; or	
304	(b) a written request to remove a signature from a candidate signature packet.	
305	(2) "Candidate signature packet" means a single packet of signature sheets that:	
306	(a) is bound together and circulated to gather signatures to qualify a candidate for placement on a	
	primary election ballot; and	
308		

- (b) includes a cover sheet at the front of the packet and a circulator verification sheet at the end of the packet.
- Section 5. Section **20A-9-403** is amended to read:
- 311 **20A-9-403.** Regular primary elections.
- 312 (1)
 - (a) Candidates for elective office that are to be filled at the next regular general election shall be nominated in a regular primary election by direct vote of the people in the manner prescribed in this section. The regular primary election is held on the date specified in Section 20A-1-201.5. Nothing in this section shall affect a candidate's ability to qualify for a regular general election's ballot as an unaffiliated candidate under Section 20A-9-501 or to participate in a regular general election as a write-in candidate under Section 20A-9-601.
- (b) Each registered political party that chooses to have the names of the registered political party's candidates for elective office featured with party affiliation on the ballot at a regular general election shall comply with the requirements of this section and shall nominate the registered political party's candidates for elective office in the manner described in this section.
- 324 (c) A filing officer may not permit an official ballot at a regular general election to be produced or used if the ballot denotes affiliation between a registered political party or any other political group and a candidate for elective office who is not nominated in the manner prescribed in this section or in Subsection 20A-9-202(4).
- 328 (d) Unless noted otherwise, the dates in this section refer to those that occur in each even-numbered year in which a regular general election will be held.
- 330 (2)
 - (a) Each registered political party, in a statement filed with the lieutenant governor, shall:
- (i) either declare the registered political party's intent to participate in the next regular primary election or declare that the registered political party chooses not to have the names of the registered political party's candidates for elective office featured on the ballot at the next regular general election; and
- (ii) if the registered political party participates in the upcoming regular primary election, identify one or more registered political parties whose members may vote for the registered political party's candidates and whether individuals identified as unaffiliated with a political party may vote for the registered political party's candidates.

241	(I-)	
341	(b) (i)	A registered political party that is a continuing political party shall file the statement described in Subsection (2)(a) with the lieutenant governor no later than 5 p.m. on November 30 of each odd-
344	(ii)	numbered year. An organization that is seeking to become a registered political party under Section 20A-8-103 shall
511	(11)	file the statement described in Subsection (2)(a) at the time that the registered political party files the petition described in Section 20A-8-103.
348	(3)	petition described in Section 20A-6-103.
310	(a)	Except as provided in Subsection (3)(e), an individual who submits a declaration of candidacy under Section 20A-9-202 shall appear as a candidate for elective office on the regular primary ballot of the registered political party listed on the declaration of candidacy only if the individual is certified by the appropriate filing officer as having submitted a nomination petition that was:
353		(i) circulated and completed in accordance with Section 20A-9-405; and
354		(ii) signed by at least 2% of the registered political party's members who reside in the political division of the office that the individual seeks.
356	(b)	
	(i)	A candidate for elective office shall, in accordance with Section 20A-9-408.3, submit signatures for a nomination petition to the appropriate filing officer for verification and certification no later than 5 p.m. on the final day in March.
359	(ii)	A candidate may supplement the candidate's submissions at any time on or before the filing deadline.
361	(c)	
	(i)	The lieutenant governor shall determine for each elective office the total number of signatures that must be submitted under Subsection (3)(a)(ii) or 20A-9-408(8) by counting the aggregate number of individuals residing in each elective office's political division who have designated a particular registered political party on the individuals' voter registration forms on or before November 15 of each odd-numbered year.
367	(ii)	The lieutenant governor shall publish the determination for each elective office no later than November 30 of each odd-numbered year.

(d) The filing officer shall:

- (i) except as otherwise provided in Section 20A-21-201, and in accordance with Section 20A-9-408.3, verify signatures on nomination petitions in a transparent and orderly manner, no later than 14 days after the day on which a candidate submits the signatures to the filing officer;
- 374 (ii) for all qualifying candidates for elective office who submit nomination petitions to the filing officer, issue certifications referenced in Subsection (3)(a) no later than the deadline described in Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(b);
- 377 (iii) consider active and inactive voters eligible to sign nomination petitions;
- (iv) consider an individual who signs a nomination petition a member of a registered political party for purposes of Subsection (3)(a)(ii) if the individual has designated that registered political party as the individual's party membership on the individual's voter registration form; and
- (v) except as otherwise provided in Section 20A-21-201 and with the assistance of the county clerk as applicable, use the procedures described in Section 20A-1-1002 to verify submitted nomination petition signatures, or use statistical sampling procedures to verify submitted nomination petition signatures in accordance with rules made under Subsection (3)(f).
- 387 (e) Notwithstanding any other provision in this Subsection (3), a candidate for lieutenant governor may appear on the regular primary ballot of a registered political party without submitting nomination petitions if the candidate files a declaration of candidacy and complies with Subsection 20A-9-202(3).
- 391 (f) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the director of elections, within the Office of the Lieutenant Governor, may make rules that:
- 394 (i) provide for the use of statistical sampling procedures that:
- 395 (A) filing officers are required to use to verify signatures under Subsection (3)(d); and
- 397 (B) reflect a bona fide effort to determine the validity of a candidate's entire submission, using widely recognized statistical sampling techniques; and
- 399 (ii) provide for the transparent, orderly, and timely submission, verification, and certification of nomination petition signatures.
- 401 (g) The county clerk shall:
- (i) review the declarations of candidacy filed by candidates for local boards of education to determine if more than two candidates have filed for the same seat;

	(ii) place the names of all candidates who have filed a declaration of candidacy for a local board of
	education seat on the nonpartisan section of the ballot if more than two candidates have filed for the
	same seat; and
407	(iii) determine the order of the local board of education candidates' names on the ballot in accordance
	with Section 20A-6-305.
409	(4)
	(a) Before the deadline described in Subsection 20A-9-409(4)(c), the lieutenant governor shall provide
	to the county clerks:
411	(i) a list of the names of all candidates for federal, constitutional, multi-county, single county, and
	county offices who have received certifications under Subsection (3), along with instructions
	on how those names shall appear on the primary election ballot in accordance with Section
	20A-6-305; and
415	(ii) a list of unopposed candidates for elective office who have been nominated by a registered
	political party under Subsection (5)(c) and instruct the county clerks to exclude the unopposed
	candidates from the primary election ballot.
418	(b) A candidate for lieutenant governor and a candidate for governor campaigning as joint-ticket
	running mates shall appear jointly on the primary election ballot.
420	(c) After the county clerk receives the certified list from the lieutenant governor under Subsection (4)
	(a), the county clerk shall post or publish a primary election notice in substantially the following
	form:
423	"Notice is given that a primary election will be held Tuesday, June,(year), to
	nominate party candidates for the parties and candidates for nonpartisan local school board positions
	listed on the primary ballot. The polling place for voting precinct is The polls will open
	at 7 a.m. and continue open until 8 p.m. of the same day. Attest: county clerk."
428	(5)
	(a) A candidate who, at the regular primary election, receives the highest number of votes cast for the
	office sought by the candidate is:
430	(i) nominated for that office by the candidate's registered political party; or
431	(ii) for a nonpartisan local school board position, nominated for that office.
432	

- (b) If two or more candidates are to be elected to the office at the regular general election, those party candidates equal in number to positions to be filled who receive the highest number of votes at the regular primary election are the nominees of the candidates' party for those positions.
- 436 (c)
 - (i) As used in this Subsection (5)(c), a candidate is "unopposed" if:
- (A) no individual other than the candidate receives a certification under Subsection (3) for the regular primary election ballot of the candidate's registered political party for a particular elective office; or
- (B) for an office where more than one individual is to be elected or nominated, the number of candidates who receive certification under Subsection (3) for the regular primary election of the candidate's registered political party does not exceed the total number of candidates to be elected or nominated for that office.
- 444 (ii) A candidate who is unopposed for an elective office in the regular primary election of a registered political party is nominated by the party for that office without appearing on the primary election ballot.
- 447 (6) The expense of providing all ballots, blanks, or other supplies to be used at any primary election provided for by this section, and all expenses necessarily incurred in the preparation for or the conduct of that primary election shall be paid out of the treasury of the county or state, in the same manner as for the regular general elections.
- 451 (7) An individual may not file a declaration of candidacy for a registered political party of which the individual is not a member, except to the extent that the registered political party permits otherwise under the registered political party's bylaws.
- 454 Section 6. Section **20A-9-408** is amended to read:
- 20A-9-408. Signature-gathering process to seek the nomination of a qualified political party
 -- Removal of signature.
- 457 (1) This section describes the requirements for a member of a qualified political party who is seeking the nomination of the qualified political party for an elective office through the signature-gathering process described in this section.
- 460 (2) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-201(7)(a), the form of the declaration of candidacy for a member of a qualified political party who is nominated by, or who is seeking the nomination

- of, the qualified political party under this section shall be substantially as described in Section 20A-9-408.5.
- 464 (3) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(a), and except as provided in Subsection 20A-9-202(4), a member of a qualified political party who, under this section, is seeking the nomination of the qualified political party for an elective office that is to be filled at the next general election shall:
- 468 (a) during the declaration of candidacy filing period described in Section 20A-9-201.5, and before gathering signatures under this section, file with the filing officer on a form approved by the lieutenant governor a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy that includes:
- 472 (i) the name of the member who will attempt to become a candidate for a registered political party under this section;
- 474 (ii) the name of the registered political party for which the member is seeking nomination;
- 476 (iii) the office for which the member is seeking to become a candidate;
- 477 (iv) the address and telephone number of the member; and
- (v) other information required by the lieutenant governor;
- (b) except as provided in Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(c), file a declaration of candidacy, in person, with the filing officer during the declaration of candidacy filing period described in Section 20A-9-201.5; and
- 482 (c) pay the filing fee.
- (4) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-202(2)(a), a member of a qualified political party who, under this section, is seeking the nomination of the qualified political party for the office of district attorney within a multicounty prosecution district that is to be filled at the next general election shall:
- (a) during the declaration of candidacy filing period described in Section 20A-9-201.5, and before gathering signatures under this section, file with the filing officer on a form approved by the lieutenant governor a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy that includes:
- 491 (i) the name of the member who will attempt to become a candidate for a registered political party under this section:
- 493 (ii) the name of the registered political party for which the member is seeking nomination;
- 495 (iii) the office for which the member is seeking to become a candidate;
- 496 (iv) the address and telephone number of the member; and
- (v) other information required by the lieutenant governor;

- (b) except as provided in Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(c), file a declaration of candidacy, in person, with the filing officer during the declaration of candidacy filing period described in Section 20A-9-201.5; and
- 501 (c) pay the filing fee.
- (5) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-202(3)(a)(iii), a lieutenant governor candidate who files as the joint-ticket running mate of an individual who is nominated by a qualified political party, under this section, for the office of governor shall, during the declaration of candidacy filing period described in Section 20A-9-201.5, file a declaration of candidacy and submit a letter from the candidate for governor that names the lieutenant governor candidate as a joint-ticket running mate.
- 508 (6) The lieutenant governor shall ensure that the certification described in Subsection 20A-9-701(1) also includes the name of each candidate nominated by a qualified political party under this section.
- 511 (7) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-701(2), the ballot shall, for each candidate who is nominated by a qualified political party under this section, designate the qualified political party that nominated the candidate.
- (8) A member of a qualified political party may seek the nomination of the qualified political party for an elective office by:
- (a) complying with the requirements described in this section; and
- (b) collecting signatures, on a form approved by the lieutenant governor that complies with Subsection 20A-9-405(3), during the period beginning on the day on which the member files a notice of intent to gather signatures and ending at 5 p.m. 14 days before the day on which the qualified political party's convention for the office is held, in the following amounts:
- (i) for a statewide race, 28,000 signatures of registered voters in the state who are permitted by the qualified political party to vote for the qualified political party's candidates in a primary election;
- (ii) for a congressional district race, 7,000 signatures of registered voters who are residents of the congressional district and are permitted by the qualified political party to vote for the qualified political party's candidates in a primary election;
- 528 (iii) for a state Senate district race, 2,000 signatures of registered voters who are residents of the state Senate district and are permitted by the qualified political party to vote for the qualified political party's candidates in a primary election;

- (iv) for a state House district race, 1,000 signatures of registered voters who are residents of the state House district and are permitted by the qualified political party to vote for the qualified political party's candidates in a primary election;
- (v) for a State Board of Education race, the lesser of:
- (A) 2,000 signatures of registered voters who are residents of the State Board of Education district and are permitted by the qualified political party to vote for the qualified political party's candidates in a primary election; or
- 538 (B) 3% of the registered voters of the qualified political party who are residents of the applicable State Board of Education district; and
- (vi) for a county office race, signatures of 3% of the registered voters who are residents of the area permitted to vote for the county office and are permitted by the qualified political party to vote for the qualified political party's candidates in a primary election.
- 544 (9)
 - (a) This Subsection (9) applies only to the manual candidate qualification process.
- (b) In order for a member of the qualified political party to qualify as a candidate for the qualified political party's nomination for an elective office under this section, using the manual candidate qualification process, the member shall:
- 548 (i) collect the signatures on a form approved by the lieutenant governor, using the same circulation and verification requirements described in Sections 20A-7-105 and 20A-7-204; and
- 551 (ii) in accordance with Section 20A-9-408.3, submit the signatures to the election officer before 5 p.m. no later than 14 days before the day on which the qualified political party holds the party's convention to select candidates, for the elective office, for the qualified political party's nomination.
- 555 (c) Upon timely receipt of the signatures described in Subsections (8) and (9)(b), and in accordance with Section 20A-9-408.3, the election officer shall, no later than the earlier of 14 days after the day on which the election officer receives the signatures, or one day before the day on which the qualified political party holds the convention to select a nominee for the elective office to which the signature packets relate:
- (i) check the name of each individual who completes the verification for a signature packet to determine whether each individual is a resident of Utah and is at least 18 years old;
- 563 (ii) submit the name of each individual described in Subsection (9)(c)(i) who is not a Utah resident or who is not at least 18 years old to the attorney general and the county attorney;

- 566 (iii) with the assistance of the county clerk as applicable, determine whether each signer is a registered voter who is qualified to sign the petition, using the same method, described in Section 20A-1-1002, used to verify a signature on a petition; and
- 570 (iv) certify whether each name is that of a registered voter who is qualified to sign the signature packet.
- 572 (d)
 - (i) A registered voter who physically signs a form under Subsections (8) and (9)(b) may have the voter's signature removed from the form by, no later than three business days after the day on which the member submits the signature form to the election officer, submitting to the election officer a statement requesting that the voter's signature be removed.
- 577 (ii) A statement described in Subsection (9)(d)(i) shall comply with the requirements described in Subsection 20A-1-1003(2).
- (iii) With the assistance of the county clerk as applicable, the election officer shall use the procedures described in Subsection 20A-1-1003(3) to determine whether to remove an individual's signature after receiving a timely, valid statement requesting removal of the signature.
- 583 <u>(e)</u>
 - (i) An election officer shall, in accordance with this Subsection (9)(e) and rules made under Section 20A-3a-106, conduct regular audits of signature comparisons made between signatures gathered under this section and voter signatures maintained by the election officer.
- 587 (ii) An individual who conducts an audit of signature comparisons under this section may not audit the individual's own work.
- 589 (iii) The election officer shall:
- (A) audit 1% of all signature comparisons described in Subsection (9)(e)(i) to determine the accuracy of the comparisons made;
- 592 (B) record the individuals who conducted the audit;
- 593 (C) record the audit results;
- (D) provide additional training or staff reassignments, as needed, based on the results of an audit described in Subsection (9)(e)(i); and
- (E) record any remedial action taken.
- 597 (iv) The audit results described in Subsection (9)(e)(iii)(C) are a public record.
- 598 (f) An election officer who certifies signatures under Subsection (9)(c) or 20A-9-403(3)(d) shall, after certifying enough signatures to establish that a candidate has reached the applicable signature

threshold described in Subsection (8) or 20A-9-403(3)(a), as applicable, continue to certify signatures submitted for the candidate in excess of the number of signatures required, until the election officer either:

- (i) certifies signatures equal to 110% of the applicable signature threshold; or
- 605 (ii) has reviewed all signatures submitted for the candidate before reaching an amount equal to 110% of the applicable signature threshold.
- 607 (10)
 - (a) This Subsection (10) applies only to the electronic candidate qualification process.
- (b) In order for a member of the qualified political party to qualify as a candidate for the qualified political party's nomination for an elective office under this section, the member shall, before 5 p.m. no later than 14 days before the day on which the qualified political party holds the party's convention to select candidates, for the elective office, for the qualified political party's nomination, collect signatures electronically:
- (i) in accordance with Section 20A-21-201; and
- 616 (ii) using progressive screens, in a format approved by the lieutenant governor, that complies with Subsection 20A-9-405(4).
- (c) Upon timely receipt of the signatures described in Subsections (8) and (9)(b), the election officer shall, no later than the earlier of 14 days after the day on which the election officer receives the signatures, or one day before the day on which the qualified political party holds the convention to select a nominee for the elective office to which the signature packets relate:
- (i) check the name of each individual who completes the verification for a signature to determine whether each individual is a resident of Utah and is at least 18 years old; and
- 626 (ii) submit the name of each individual described in Subsection (10)(c)(i) who is not a Utah resident or who is not at least 18 years old to the attorney general and the county attorney.
- 629 (11)
 - (a) An individual may not gather signatures under this section until after the individual files a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy described in this section.
- (b) An individual who files a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy, described in Subsection (3)(a) or (4)(a), is, beginning on the day on which the individual files the notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy:

- (i) required to comply with the reporting requirements that a candidate for office is required to comply with; and
- 637 (ii) subject to the same enforcement provisions, and civil and criminal penalties, that apply to a candidate for office in relation to the reporting requirements described in Subsection (11)(b)(i).
- (c) Upon timely receipt of the signatures described in Subsections (8) and (9)(b), or Subsections (8) and (10)(b), the election officer shall, no later than one day before the day on which the qualified political party holds the convention to select a nominee for the elective office to which the signature packets relate, notify the qualified political party and the lieutenant governor of the name of each member of the qualified political party who qualifies as a nominee of the qualified political party, under this section, for the elective office to which the convention relates.
- (d) Upon receipt of a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy described in this section, the lieutenant governor shall post the notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy on the lieutenant governor's website in the same location that the lieutenant governor posts a declaration of candidacy.
- Section 7. Section 7 is enacted to read:
- 652 <u>20A-9-408.1.</u> Candidate nomination document -- Access Limitations -- Storage.
- (1) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(a), notwithstanding Section 63G-2-305.5, and subject to Subsection (4)(b), {a candidate or an individual representing the candidate's campaign may} the following may review a complete, unredacted candidate nomination document:
- (a) {view a complete, unredacted} the candidate {signature packet submitted} to whose nomination petition the candidate nomination document relates, or an {election officer to:} individual representing the candidate's campaign;
- 658 {(i)} (b) {qualify the } a candidate who is seeking to qualify for placement on {a} the primary

 election ballot {; or} for the same office and party as the candidate to whose nomination petition the

 candidate nomination document relates, or an individual representing the candidate's campaign;
- (ii) (c) {qualify another candidate for placement on the primary election ballot for } the chair or vice

 chair of the {same registered} state political party {and the same office as } whose nomination the

 candidate described in Subsection (1)(a) {; or } seeks; and
- 662 {(b)} (d) {view} if the office sought by a {complete, unredacted written request} candidate described in Subsection (1)(a) relates to {remove} a {signature from} jurisdiction that does not encompass

		all or a portion of more than one county, the chair or vice chair of the county political party whose
		nomination petition the candidate {signature packet} described in Subsection (1)(a)seeks.
664	<u>(2)</u>	No individual may view a complete, unredacted candidate nomination document, other than:
666	<u>(a)</u>	an election officer;
667	<u>(b)</u>	a government entity or an authorized agent of a government entity, to the extent necessary to fulfill a
		duty of the government entity or the authorized agent; or
669	<u>(c)</u>	an individual described in Subsection (1), in accordance with the requirements of this section.
671	<u>(3)</u>	Subsection (2) does not prohibit:
672	<u>(a)</u>	an individual whose name or other personal identifying information appears on a candidate signature
		packet from viewing only the portion of the candidate signature packet showing the name or other
		personal identifying information of the individual; or
676	<u>(b)</u>	an individual whose name or other personal identifying information appears on a written request to
		remove a signature from a candidate signature packet from viewing the written request.
679	<u>(4)</u>	
	<u>(a)</u>	An individual described in Subsection (1) or (3) may not view a candidate nomination document
		after the election officer certifies the results of the primary election race to which the candidate
		nomination document relates.
682	<u>(b)</u>	An individual who, under Subsection (1), views a candidate nomination document may not:
684	<u>(i)</u>	make a copy, image, or other recording of the candidate nomination document; or
685	<u>(ii)</u>	disclose a name or other information on the candidate nomination document that relates to an
		individual whose voter registration record is classified as a private record.
688	<u>(5)</u>	After an election officer certifies the results of the primary election race to which a candidate
		nomination document relates:
690	<u>(a)</u>	the election officer shall seal the candidate nomination document and store the candidate nomination
		document for 22 months; and
692	<u>(b)</u>	no person may access or view the candidate nomination document, except:
693	<u>(i)</u>	the lieutenant governor;

(ii) the legislative auditor general; or

(iii) as ordered by a court with jurisdiction.

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- (6) A digital listing or report of a candidate nomination document may, only to the extent permitted under Section 63G-2-305.5, be disclosed before or after an election officer certifies the results of the primary election race to which the candidate nomination document relates.
- Section 8. Section 8 is enacted to read:
- 704 **20A-9-408.2.** Tracking signatures on candidate nomination petition.
- 702 (1) Beginning no later than January 1, 2026, the lieutenant governor shall, on the same website where a voter may track the status of a ballot returned by a voter, provide a voter information regarding:
- (a) each petition to qualify a candidate for placement on a primary election ballot that the voter signed during the preceding six months;
- 707 (b) whether the signature was verified or rejected; and
- 708 (c) if the signature was rejected, the reason for the rejection.
- 709 (2) The lieutenant governor shall ensure that the information described in Subsection (1) is available to the voter no later than one business day after the day on which the voter's signature is verified or rejected.
- 715 Section 9. Section 9 is enacted to read:
- 716 <u>20A-9-408.3.</u> Submission of candidate signature packet -- Requirements for submission -- Signature packet chain of custody and storage.
- 715 (1) To submit a candidate signature packet to an election officer, a person shall:
- 716 (a) label the front of each candidate signature packet with a unique, consecutive number;
- 717 (b) organize each candidate signature packet that is submitted at the same time in numerical order; and
- 719 (c) with the candidate signature packets, provide the election officer with a document containing:
- 721 (i) for each candidate signature packet submitted at the same time:
- 722 (A) the number assigned to the candidate signature packet under Subsection (1)(a); and
- (B) the number of signatures in the candidate signature packet;
- 725 (ii) the total number of candidate signature packets submitted at the same time;
- 726 (iii) the sum of all signatures on all candidate signature packets submitted at the same time;
- (iv) a list of all individuals who collected signatures for the candidate signature packets submitted together, including for each the individual's:
- 730 (A) full name;
- 731 (B) residential address;
- 732 (C) phone number; and

- 733 (D) email address; and
- 734 (v) a certification that each individual described in Subsection (1)(c)(iv) was at least 18 years old when the individual collected the signatures.
- 736 (2) If the election officer discovers that a candidate signature packet is verified by an individual who has not been disclosed under Subsection (1)(c)(iv), with all information required under Subsection (1)(c)(iv):
- 739 (a) the election officer shall notify the candidate;
- (b) the candidate shall provide the information described in Subsection (1)(c)(iv) in relation to the individual no later than the first business day that is at least three calendar days after the day on which the election officer notifies the candidate under Subsection (2)(a); and
- (c) if the candidate fails to timely comply with Subsection (2)(b), the election officer shall reject the candidate signature packet, and all candidate signature packets collected by the same individual, that were submitted at the same time.
- 747 (3) An election officer shall reject a candidate signature packet that is not submitted in accordance with Subsection (2).
- 749 (4) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act:
- 751 (a) the information described in Subsection (1)(c)(iv)(A) is a public record; and
- 752 (b) the information described in Subsections (1)(c)(iv)(B) through (D) is a private record.
- 753 (5) An election officer shall preserve the chain of custody of all candidate signature packets and signature sheets in accordance with this section.
- 755 (6) An election officer shall, upon receipt of a candidate signature packet:
- 756 (a) review the candidate signature packet; and
- 757 (b) assign the candidate signature packet a unique number in the election officer's petition processing system, to be used to track the candidate signature packet during processing.
- 760 (7) An election officer shall ensure that, when workers review signatures in a candidate signature packet for verification, the workers record for the candidate signature packet:
- 762 (a) the names of the workers who review signatures on the candidate signature packet;
- (b) if the signature packet is reviewed additional times, the names of the workers who conduct the review;
- 765 (c) the total number of signatures in the candidate signature packet;
- 766 (d) the total number of valid signatures in the candidate signature packet;

767	(e) the total number of signatures in the candidate signature packet that were rejected, including the
	reasons for the rejection; and
769	(f) if not all signatures in the candidate signature packet are reviewed:
770	(i) the number of signatures that were not reviewed;
771	(ii) the reason the signatures were not reviewed; and
772	(iii) the name of the worker who pulled the candidate signature packet from further review.
774	(8) An election officer shall store the candidate signature packets by:
775	(a) making a log of the candidate signature packets as the signature packets are placed into storage that
	specifies:
777	(i) the boxes into which the candidate signature packets for a particular candidate are placed; and
779	(ii) which candidate signature packet is stored in which box; and
780	(b) affixing to each box a description of the contents of the box.
784	Section 10. Effective date.
	This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.