

SB0252S01 compared with SB0252

{Omitted text} shows text that was in SB0252 but was omitted in SB0252S01

inserted text shows text that was not in SB0252 but was inserted into SB0252S01

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Digital Information Seizure Amendments

2025 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Todd Weiler

House Sponsor:

LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill concerns digital information contained on a computer device seized by law enforcement.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- modifies definitions;
- requires a law enforcement agency or prosecuting agency to make a copy of stored digital data on a seized computer device and return the computer device to the owner or the owner's authorized representative within a certain time frame under specified conditions;
- prohibits a law enforcement agency or prosecuting agency from conditioning the return of a seized computer device on the owner consenting to a search of the computer device or providing the owner's password or otherwise unlocking the computer device; and
- makes technical and conforming changes.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

SB0252

SB0252 compared with SB0252S01

19 None

22 AMENDS:

23 **77-11a-101** , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 80 , as last amended by Laws of Utah
2024, Chapter 80

24 **77-11a-301** , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 80 , as last amended by Laws of Utah
2024, Chapter 80

25 **77-11c-101** , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234 , as last amended by Laws of Utah
2024, Chapter 234

26 **77-11c-202** , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 150, 164 , as last amended by Laws
of Utah 2024, Chapters 150, 164

27 **77-11c-302** , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 150 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024,
Chapter 150

28

29 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

30 Section 1. Section **77-11a-101** is amended to read:

31 **77-11a-101. Definitions.**

As used in this chapter:

33 (1)

. (a) "Agency" means an agency of this state or a political subdivision of this state.

34 (b) "Agency" includes a law enforcement agency or a multijurisdictional task force.

35 (2) "Claimant" means:

36 (a) an owner of property;

37 (b) an interest holder; or

38 (c) an individual or entity who asserts a claim to any property for which an agency seeks to forfeit.

40 (3)

. (a) "Computer device" means, except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), an electronic, magnetic, optical,
electrochemical, or other high-speed data processing device that performs logical, arithmetic, and
storage functions.

43 (b) "Computer device" includes any device that is used for the storage of digital or electronic files, flash
memory, software, or other electronic information.

45 (c) "Computer device" does not [~~mean~~] include:

SB0252 compared with SB0252S01

- 46 (i) a computer server of an Internet or electronic service provider, or the service provider's employee, if
used to comply with the requirements under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 2258A~~[-]~~ ; or
- 49 (ii) a device used for the purpose of taking protected wildlife regulated under Title 23A, Wildlife
Resources Act, including a trail camera, unmanned aircraft, drone, or a similar device that is capable
of recording data.
- 48 (4)
- . (a) "Contraband" means any property, item, or substance that is unlawful to produce or to possess under
state or federal law.
- 50 (b) "Contraband" includes:
- 51 (i) a controlled substance that is possessed, transferred, distributed, or offered for distribution in
violation of Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act; or
- 54 (ii) a computer device that:
- 55 (A) contains or houses child sexual abuse material, or is used to create, download, transfer, upload to a
storage account, or store any electronic or digital files containing child sexual abuse material; or
- 58 (B) contains the personal identifying information of another individual, as defined in Section
76-6-1101, whether that individual is alive or deceased, and the personal identifying information
has been used to create false or fraudulent identification documents or financial transaction cards in
violation of Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 5, Fraud.
- 63 (5) "Controlled substance" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.
- 64 (6) "Court" means a municipal, county, or state court.
- 65 (7) "Division of Law Enforcement" means the division within the Department of Natural Resources
created under Title 79, Chapter 2, Part 7, Division of Law Enforcement.
- 67 (8) "Evidence" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-11c-101.
- 68 (9) "Forfeit" means to divest a claimant of an ownership interest in property seized by a peace officer or
agency.
- 70 (10) "Innocent owner" means a claimant who:
- 71 (a) held an ownership interest in property at the time of the commission of an offense subjecting the
property to seizure, and:
- 73 (i) did not have actual knowledge of the offense subjecting the property to seizure; or
- 74 (ii) upon learning of the commission of the offense, took reasonable steps to prohibit the use of the
property in the commission of the offense; or

SB0252 compared with SB0252S01

- 76 (b) acquired an ownership interest in the property and had no knowledge that the commission of the
offense subjecting the property to seizure had occurred or that the property had been seized, and:
- 79 (i) acquired the property in a bona fide transaction for value;
- 80 (ii) was an individual, including a minor child, who acquired an interest in the property through probate
or inheritance; or
- 82 (iii) was a spouse who acquired an interest in property through dissolution of marriage or by operation
of law.
- 84 (11)
- . (a) "Interest holder" means a secured party as defined in Section 70A-9a-102, a party with a right-of-
offset, a mortgagee, lien creditor, or the beneficiary of a security interest or encumbrance pertaining
to an interest in property, whose interest would be perfected against a good faith purchaser for value.
- 88 (b) "Interest holder" does not mean a person:
- 89 (i) who holds property for the benefit of or as an agent or nominee for another person; or
- 91 (ii) who is not in substantial compliance with any statute requiring an interest in property to be:
- 93 (A) recorded or reflected in public records in order to perfect the interest against a good faith purchaser
for value; or
- 95 (B) held in control by a secured party, as defined in Section 70A-9a-102, in accordance with Section
70A-9a-314 in order to perfect the interest against a good faith purchaser for value.
- 98 (12) "Law enforcement agency" means:
- 99 (a) a municipal, county, state institution of higher education, or state police force or department;
- 101 (b) a sheriff's office; or
- 102 (c) a municipal, county, or state prosecuting authority.
- 103 (13) "Legislative body" means:
- 104 (a)
- . (i) the Legislature, county commission, county council, city commission, city council, or town council
that has fiscal oversight and budgetary approval authority over an agency; or
- 107 (ii) the agency's governing political subdivision; or
- 108 (b) the lead governmental entity of a multijurisdictional task force, as designated in a memorandum of
understanding executed by the agencies participating in the task force.
- 111 (14) "Multijurisdictional task force" means a law enforcement task force or other agency comprised of
individuals who are employed by or acting under the authority of different governmental entities,

SB0252 compared with SB0252S01

including federal, state, county, or municipal governments, or any combination of federal, state, county, or municipal agencies.

115 (15) "Owner" means an individual or entity, other than an interest holder, that possesses a bona fide
legal or equitable interest in property.

117 (16) "Pawn or secondhand business" means the same as that term is defined in Section 13-32a-102.

119 (17) "Peace officer" means an employee:

120 (a) of an agency;

121 (b) whose duties consist primarily of the prevention and detection of violations of laws of this state or a
political subdivision of this state; and

123 (c) who is authorized by the agency to seize property.

124 (18)

. (a) "Proceeds" means:

125 (i) property of any kind that is obtained directly or indirectly as a result of the commission of an
offense; or

127 (ii) any property acquired directly or indirectly from, produced through, realized through, or caused
by an act or omission regarding property under Subsection (18)(a)(i).

130 (b) "Proceeds" includes any property of any kind without reduction for expenses incurred in the
acquisition, maintenance, or production of that property, or any other purpose regarding property
under Subsection (18)(a)(i).

133 (c) "Proceeds" is not limited to the net gain or profit realized from the offense that subjects the property
to seizure.

135 (19)

. (a) "Property" means all property, whether real or personal, tangible or intangible.

136 (b) "Property" does not include contraband.

137 (20) "Prosecuting attorney" means:

138 (a) the attorney general and an assistant attorney general;

139 (b) a district attorney or deputy district attorney;

140 (c) a county attorney or assistant county attorney; and

141 (d) an attorney authorized to commence an action on behalf of the state.

142 (21) "Public interest use" means a:

143 (a) use by a government agency as determined by the legislative body of the agency's jurisdiction; or

SB0252 compared with SB0252S01

- 145 (b) donation of the property to a nonprofit charity registered with the state.
- 146 (22) "Real property" means land, including any building, fixture, improvement, appurtenance, structure,
or other development that is affixed permanently to land.
- 148 (23)
- . (a) "Seized property" means property seized by a peace officer or agency in accordance with Section
77-11a-201.
- 150 (b) "Seized property" includes property that the agency seeks to forfeit under Chapter 11b, Forfeiture of
Seized Property.
- 156 Section 2. Section **77-11a-301** is amended to read:
- 157 **77-11a-301. Return of seized property to claimant -- Generally -- Special procedure for
noncontraband computer device.**
- 155 (1)
- . (a) An agency with custody of seized property, or the prosecuting attorney, may return the property to a
claimant if the agency or the prosecuting attorney:
- 157 (i) determines that the agency does not need to retain or preserve the property as evidence under
Chapter 11c, Retention of Evidence; or
- 159 (ii) seeks to return the property to the claimant because the agency or prosecuting attorney
determines that the claimant is an innocent owner or an interest holder.
- 161 (b) An agency with custody of seized property, or the prosecuting attorney, may not return property
under this Subsection (1) if the property is subject to retention or preservation under Chapter 11c,
Retention of Evidence.
- 164 (2) An agency with custody of the seized property, or the prosecuting attorney, shall return the property
to a claimant if:
- 166 (a) the claimant posts a surety bond or cash with the court in accordance with Section 77-11a-302;
- 168 (b) the court orders the return of property to the claimant for hardship purposes under Section
77-11a-303;
- 170 (c) a claimant establishes that the claimant is an innocent owner or an interest holder under Section
77-11a-304;~~[-or]~~
- 172 (d) the court orders property retained as evidence to be returned to the claimant under Section
77-11a-305~~[-]~~ ; or
- 174

SB0252 compared with SB0252S01

(e) the property is a computer device that is not alleged to be contraband, under the procedure described in Subsection (4).

176 (3)

. (a) For a computer device determined to be contraband, a court may order the reasonable extraction and return of specifically described personal digital data to the owner of the computer device.

179 (b) The agency shall determine a reasonable cost to extract the data.

180 (c) At the time of the request to extract the data, the owner of the computer device shall pay the agency the cost to extract the data.

182 (4)

. (a) For a computer device that is not alleged to be contraband and that the law enforcement agency or prosecuting agency alleges may contain evidence in the form of digital information stored on the computer device, the law enforcement agency or prosecuting agency with possession of the computer device shall:

186 (i) if possible, make a reasonable effort to determine the owner of the computer device, including before seizing the computer device;

188 (ii) make a digital copy, clone, or other reproduction of the digital information stored on the computer device within 72 hours of the seizure of the computer device;

190 (iii) notify the owner of the computer device of the location where the computer device will be available for retrieval during regular business hours; and

192 (iv) make the computer device available for the owner or the owner's authorized representative to retrieve on the first business day after the day on which the digital copy of the computer device described in Subsection (4)(a)(ii) is made.

195 (b)

. (i) Either the owner or the owner's authorized representative may pick up a seized computer device under Subsection (4)(a).

197 (ii) When returning a seized computer device to the owner, a law enforcement agency or prosecuting agency shall follow the procedures described in Subsection (7).

199 (iii) When returning a seized computer device to the owner's authorized representative, a law enforcement agency or prosecuting agency shall:

201 (A) confirm the authorized representative's identity with a government-issued identification;

203

SB0252 compared with SB0252S01

- (B) require the authorized representative to provide either a valid power of attorney that identifies the authorized representative as having the authority to act on behalf of the owner, or a notarized statement signed by the owner that identifies the authorized representative as having the authority to take possession of the computer device; and
- 208 (C) comply with the receipt provisions described in Subsections (7)(c) and (d), using the authorized representative in the place of the owner.
- 210 (c) A law enforcement agency or prosecuting agency may not condition the return of the computer device:
- 212 (i) on the owner providing the owner's password or otherwise unlocking, accessing, or de-encrypting the computer device; or
- 214 (ii) on the owner consenting to a search of the digital contents of the computer device.
- 215 (d) Digital information obtained from a computer device under Subsection (4)(a)(ii) remains subject to warrant requirements and evidentiary procedures.
- 217 (5) If a natural resources officer for the Division of Law Enforcement seizes a vehicle, the Division of Law Enforcement shall return the vehicle to a claimant in accordance with Section 23A-5-201.
- 220 [(5)] (6) If an agency is not required, or is no longer required, to retain or preserve property as evidence under Chapter 11c, Retention of Evidence, and the agency seeks to return or dispose of the property, the agency shall exercise due diligence in attempting to notify the claimant of the property to advise the claimant that the property is to be returned.
- 224 [(6)] (7)
- . (a) Before an agency may return seized property to a person claiming ownership of the property, the person shall establish that the person:
- 226 (i) is the owner of the property; and
- 227 (ii) may lawfully possess the property.
- 228 (b) The person shall establish ownership under Subsection [(6)(a)] (7)(a) by providing to the agency:
- 230 (i) identifying proof or documentation of ownership of the property; or
- 231 (ii) a notarized statement if proof or documentation is not available.
- 232 (c) When seized property is returned to the owner, the owner shall sign a receipt listing in detail the property that is returned.
- 234 (d) The agency shall:
- 235 (i) retain a copy of the receipt; and

SB0252 compared with SB0252S01

236 (ii) provide a copy of the receipt to the owner.

241 Section 3. Section **77-11c-101** is amended to read:

242 **77-11c-101. Definitions.**

As used in this chapter:

240 (1) "Acquitted" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-11b-101.

241 (2) "Adjudicated" means that:

242 (a)

. (i) a judgment of conviction by plea or verdict of an offense has been entered by a court; and

244 (ii) a sentence has been imposed by the court; or

245 (b) a judgment has been entered for an adjudication of an offense by a juvenile court under Section 80-6-701.

247 (3) "Adjudication" means:

248 (a) a judgment of conviction by plea or verdict of an offense; or

249 (b) an adjudication for an offense by a juvenile court under Section 80-6-701.

250 (4) "Agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-11a-101.

251 (5) "Appellate court" means the Utah Court of Appeals, the Utah Supreme Court, or the United States Supreme Court.

253 (6)

. (a) "Biological evidence" means an item that contains blood, semen, hair, saliva, epithelial cells, latent fingerprint evidence that may contain biological material suitable for DNA testing, or other identifiable human biological material that:

256 (i) is collected as part of an investigation or prosecution of a violent felony offense; and

258 (ii) may reasonably be used to incriminate or exculpate a person for the violent felony offense.

260 (b) "Biological evidence" includes:

261 (i) material that is catalogued separately, including:

262 (A) on a slide or swab; or

263 (B) inside a test tube, if the evidentiary sample that previously was inside the test tube has been consumed by testing;

265 (ii) material that is present on other evidence, including clothing, a ligature, bedding, a drinking cup, a cigarette, or a weapon, from which a DNA profile may be obtained;

268 (iii) the contents of a sexual assault kit; and

SB0252 compared with SB0252S01

- 269 (iv) for a violent felony offense, material described in this Subsection (6) that is in the custody of an
evidence collecting or retaining entity on May 4, 2022.
- 271 (7) "Claimant" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-11a-101.
- 272 (8) "Computer device" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-11a-101.
- 273 (9) "Continuous chain of custody" means:
- 274 (a) for a law enforcement agency or a court, that legal standards regarding a continuous chain of
custody are maintained; and
- 276 (b) for an entity that is not a law enforcement agency or a court, that the entity maintains a record in
accordance with legal standards required of the entity.
- 278 (10) "Contraband" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-11a-101.
- 279 (11) "Controlled substance" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.
- 280 (12) "Court" means a municipal, county, or state court.
- 281 (13) "DNA" means deoxyribonucleic acid.
- 282 (14) "DNA profile" means a unique identifier of an individual derived from DNA.
- 283 (15) "Drug paraphernalia" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37a-3.
- 284 (16) "Evidence" means property, contraband, or an item or substance that:
- 285 (a) is seized or collected as part of an investigation or prosecution of an offense; and
- 286 (b) may reasonably be used to incriminate or exculpate an individual for an offense.
- 287 (17)
- . (a) "Evidence collecting or retaining entity" means an entity within the state that collects, stores, or
retrieves biological evidence.
- 289 (b) "Evidence collecting or retaining entity" includes:
- 290 (i) a medical or forensic entity;
- 291 (ii) a law enforcement agency;
- 292 (iii) a court; and
- 293 (iv) an official, employee, or agent of an entity or agency described in this Subsection (17).
- 295 [(+)] (c) "Evidence collecting or retaining entity" does not include a collecting facility defined in
Section 53-10-902.
- 297 (18) "Exhibit" means property, contraband, or an item or substance that is admitted into evidence for a
court proceeding.
- 299 (19) "In custody" means an individual who:

SB0252 compared with SB0252S01

- 300 (a) is incarcerated, civilly committed, on parole, or on probation; or
301 (b) is required to register under Title 77, Chapter 41, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry.
303 (20) "Law enforcement agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-11a-101.
305 (21) "Medical or forensic entity" means a private or public hospital, medical facility, or other entity that
secures biological evidence or conducts forensic examinations related to criminal investigations.
308 (22) "Physical evidence" includes evidence that:
309 (a) is related to:
310 (i) an investigation;
311 (ii) an arrest; or
312 (iii) a prosecution that resulted in a judgment of conviction; and
313 (b) is in the actual or constructive possession of a law enforcement agency or a court or an agent of a
law enforcement agency or a court.
315 (23) "Property" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-11a-101.
316 (24) "Prosecuting attorney" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-11a-101.
317 (25) "Sexual assault kit" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-10-902.
318 (26) "Victim" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-10-902.
319 (27) "Violent felony offense" means the same as the term "violent felony" is defined in Section
76-3-203.5.
321 (28) "Wildlife" means the same as that term is defined in Section 23A-1-101.
326 Section 4. Section **77-11c-202** is amended to read:
327 **77-11c-202. Requirements for not retaining evidence of a misdemeanor offense --**
Preservation of sufficient evidence.
325 (1) An agency is not required to retain evidence of a misdemeanor offense under Section 77-11c-201 if:
327 (a)
. (i) the agency determines that:
328 (A) the size, bulk, or physical character of the evidence renders retention impracticable; or
330 (B) the evidence poses a security or safety problem for the agency;
331 (ii) the agency preserves sufficient evidence of the property, contraband, item, or substance for use as
evidence in a prosecution of the offense;
333 (iii) the agency sends a written request under Subsection 77-11c-203(1) to the prosecuting attorney for
permission to return or dispose of the evidence; and

SB0252 compared with SB0252S01

- 335 (iv) the prosecuting attorney grants the agency's written request in accordance with Section 77-11c-203;
337 (b) a court orders the agency to return evidence that is property to a claimant under Section 77-11a-305;
or
339 (c) the evidence is wildlife or parts of wildlife.
- 340 (2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the agency may not dispose of evidence of a misdemeanor offense
that is a sexual assault kit before the day on which the time period described in Section 77-11c-201
expires if:
- 343 (a) the agency sends a notice to the victim as described in Section 53-10-905; and
344 (b) the victim submits a written request for retention of the evidence within the 180-day period
described in Section 53-10-905.
- 346 (3)
- . (a) Subsection (1) does not require an agency to return or dispose of evidence of a misdemeanor
offense.
- 348 (b) Subsection (1)(a) does not apply when the return or disposal of evidence of a misdemeanor offense
is in compliance with a memorandum of understanding between the agency and the prosecuting
attorney.
- 351 (4) If the evidence described in Subsection (1) is a controlled substance, an agency shall preserve
sufficient evidence under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) of the controlled substance by:
- 353 (a) collecting and preserving a sample of the controlled substance for independent testing and use as
evidence;
- 355 (b) taking a photographic or video record of the controlled substance with identifying case numbers;
- 357 (c) maintaining a written report of a chemical analysis of the controlled substance if a chemical analysis
was performed by the agency; and
- 359 (d) if the controlled substance exceeds 10 pounds, retain at least one pound of the controlled substance
that is randomly selected from the controlled substance.
- 361 (5) If the evidence described in Subsection (1) is drug paraphernalia, an agency shall preserve sufficient
evidence under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) of the drug paraphernalia by:
- 363 (a) collecting and preserving a sample of the controlled substance from the drug paraphernalia for
independent testing and use as evidence;
- 365 (b) maintaining a written report of a chemical analysis of the drug paraphernalia if a chemical analysis
was performed by the agency; and

SB0252 compared with SB0252S01

- 367 (c) taking a photographic or video record of the drug paraphernalia with identifying case numbers.
- 369 (6) If the evidence described in Subsection (1) is a computer device, the agency shall preserve sufficient
evidence under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) of the computer device by:
- 371 (a) extracting all data from the computer device that would be evidence in a prosecution of an
individual for the offense; and
- 373 (b) taking a photographic or video record of the computer device with identifying case numbers.
- 375 (7) For any other type of evidence, the agency shall preserve sufficient evidence under Subsection (1)
(a)(ii) of the property, contraband, item, or substance by taking a photographic or video record of
the property, contraband, item, or substance with identifying case numbers.
- 383 Section 5. Section **77-11c-302** is amended to read:
- 384 **77-11c-302. Requirements for not retaining evidence of felony offense -- Preservation of
sufficient evidence.**
- 382 (1) An agency is not required to retain evidence of a felony offense under Section 77-11c-301 if:
- 384 (a)
- . (i) the agency determines that:
- 385 (A) the size, bulk, or physical character of the evidence renders retention impracticable or the
evidence poses a security or safety problem for the agency; and
- 388 (B) the evidence no longer has any significant evidentiary value;
- 389 (ii) the agency preserves sufficient evidence from the property, contraband, item, or substance for use as
evidence in a prosecution of the offense; and
- 391 (iii) a prosecuting attorney or a court authorizes the agency to return or dispose of the evidence as
described in Subsection 77-11c-303;
- 393 (b) a court orders the agency to return evidence that is property to a claimant under Section 77-11a-305;
or
- 395 (c) the evidence is wildlife or parts of wildlife.
- 396 (2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the agency may not dispose of evidence of a felony offense that is
a sexual assault kit before the day on which the time period described in Section 77-11c-301 expires
if:
- 399 (a) the agency sends a notice to the victim in accordance with Section 53-10-905; and
- 400 (b) the victim submits a written request for retention of the evidence within the 180-day period
described in Section 53-10-905.

SB0252 compared with SB0252S01

- 402 (3) Subsection (1) does not require an agency to return or dispose of evidence of a felony offense.
- 404 (4) Subsection (1) does not apply to biological evidence of a violent felony offense because an agency is required to retain biological evidence of a violent felony offense as described in Part 4, Preservation of Biological Evidence for Violent Felony Offenses.
- 407 (5) If the evidence described in Subsection (1) is a controlled substance, an agency shall preserve sufficient evidence under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) of the controlled substance by:
- 409 (a) collecting and preserving a sample of the controlled substance for independent testing and use as evidence;
- 411 (b) taking a photographic or video record of the controlled substance with identifying case numbers;
- 413 (c) maintaining a written report of a chemical analysis of the controlled substance if a chemical analysis was performed by the agency;
- 415 (d) if the controlled substance exceeds 10 pounds, retaining at least one pound of the controlled substance that is randomly selected from the controlled substance; and
- 417 (e) for a violent felony offense, collecting and preserving biological evidence from the controlled substance as described in Section 77-11c-401.
- 419 (6) If the evidence described in Subsection (1) is drug paraphernalia, an agency shall preserve sufficient evidence under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) of the drug paraphernalia by:
- 421 (a) collecting and preserving a sample of the controlled substance from the drug paraphernalia for independent testing and use as evidence;
- 423 (b) maintaining a written report of a chemical analysis of the drug paraphernalia if a chemical analysis was performed by the agency;
- 425 (c) taking a photographic or video record of the drug paraphernalia with identifying case numbers; and
- 427 (d) for a violent felony offense, collecting and preserving biological evidence from the drug paraphernalia as described in Section 77-11c-401.
- 429 (7) If the evidence described in Subsection (1) is a computer device, the agency shall preserve sufficient evidence under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) of the computer device by:
- 431 (a) extracting all data from the computer device that would be evidence in a prosecution of an individual for the offense;
- 433 (b) taking a photographic or video record of the computer device with identifying case numbers; and
- 435 (c) for a violent felony offense, collecting and preserving biological evidence from the computer device as described in Section 77-11c-401.

SB0252 compared with SB0252S01

- 437 (8) For any other type of evidence, the agency shall preserve sufficient evidence under Subsection (1)
439 (a)(ii) of the property, contraband, item, or substance by:
- 439 (a) taking a photographic or video record of the property, contraband, item, or substance with
identifying case numbers; and
- 441 (b) for a violent felony offense, collecting and preserving biological evidence as described in Section
77-11c-401.

447 Section 6. **Effective date.**

This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.

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