

SB0316S03 compared with SB0316S02

~~{Omitted text}~~ shows text that was in SB0316S02 but was omitted in SB0316S03

inserted text shows text that was not in SB0316S02 but was inserted into SB0316S03

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Military Installation Development Authority and Other Development Zone Amendments

2025 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Jerry W. Stevenson

House Sponsor: Val L. Peterson

LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill deals with the Military Installation Development Authority and the distribution of certain sales tax revenues related to certain authorities and zones.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- defines terms;
- authorizes an eligible basic special district to use tax revenue under certain circumstances;
- provides a formula for the State Tax Commission to distribute local revenue from the sale of construction materials within a qualified development zone;
- provides for the distribution of tax revenue generated by a Schedule J sale;
- clarifies provisions related to the resort communities tax and the additional resort communities tax;
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provides that the authority may enter into an agreement with the state or an agency of the state, including an agreement to use revenue generated from a project area outside the project area, if the project area is on land owned by the state or the state armory board;

▸ states that a public infrastructure district created by the authority may be a subsidiary of the authority; and

▸ makes technical and conforming changes.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

Other Special Clauses:

This bill provides a special effective date.

AMENDS:

59-12-103 (Effective 01/01/26), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 88, 501 **(Effective 01/01/26)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 88, 501

59-12-205 (Effective 01/01/26), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 535 **(Effective 01/01/26)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 535

59-12-401 (Effective 01/01/26), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 419 **(Effective 01/01/26)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 419

59-12-402 (Effective 01/01/26), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 419 **(Effective 01/01/26)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 419

63H-1-201 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 53 **(Effective 05/07/25)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 53

ENACTS:

17B-1-1404 (Effective 01/01/26), Utah Code Annotated 1953 **(Effective 01/01/26)**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section 1 is enacted to read:

17B-1-1404. (Effective 01/01/26) Use of revenue from a qualified development zone.

(1) As used in this section:

(a) "Eligible basic special district" means a basic special district:

(i) created before April 15, 2011; and

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- 43 (ii) that issued limited general obligation bonds in 2024.
- 44 (b) "Qualified development zone" means the same as that term is defined in Subsection 59-12-205(7)(a)
45 (ii)(E).
- 46 (2) An eligible basic special district may receive revenue from the tax imposed under Section
47 59-12-205.
- 48 (3) An eligible basic special district that receives revenue as described in Subsection (2) shall use the
49 revenue:
- 50 (a) for any purpose the basic special district is authorized to perform under this chapter; and
- 51 (b)
- 52 (i) in a manner approved by the municipality where the qualified development zone is located; or
- 53 (ii) in a manner approved by a county, if the qualified development zone is located in an unincorporated
54 area of the county.
- 55 Section 2. Section **59-12-103** is amended to read:
- 56 **59-12-103. Sales and use tax base -- Rates -- Effective dates -- Use of sales and use tax**
57 **revenue.**
- 58 (1) A tax is imposed on the purchaser as provided in this part on the purchase price or sales price for
59 amounts paid or charged for the following transactions:
- 60 (a) retail sales of tangible personal property made within the state;
- 61 (b) amounts paid for:
- 62 (i) telecommunications service, other than mobile telecommunications service, that originates and
63 terminates within the boundaries of this state;
- 64 (ii) mobile telecommunications service that originates and terminates within the boundaries of one state
65 only to the extent permitted by the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 116 et
66 seq.; or
- 67 (iii) an ancillary service associated with a:
- 68 (A) telecommunications service described in Subsection (1)(b)(i); or
- 69 (B) mobile telecommunications service described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii);
- 70 (c) sales of the following for commercial use:
- 71 (i) gas;
- 72 (ii) electricity;
- 73 (iii) heat;
- 74

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- 75 (iv) coal;
- 76 (v) fuel oil; or
- 77 (vi) other fuels;
- 78 (d) sales of the following for residential use:
- 79 (i) gas;
- 80 (ii) electricity;
- 81 (iii) heat;
- 82 (iv) coal;
- 83 (v) fuel oil; or
- 84 (vi) other fuels;
- 85 (e) sales of prepared food;
- 86 (f) except as provided in Section 59-12-104, amounts paid or charged as admission or user fees for theaters, movies, operas, museums, planetariums, shows of any type or nature, exhibitions, concerts, carnivals, amusement parks, amusement rides, circuses, menageries, fairs, races, contests, sporting events, dances, boxing matches, wrestling matches, closed circuit television broadcasts, billiard parlors, pool parlors, bowling lanes, golf, miniature golf, golf driving ranges, batting cages, skating rinks, ski lifts, ski runs, ski trails, snowmobile trails, tennis courts, swimming pools, water slides, river runs, jeep tours, boat tours, scenic cruises, horseback rides, sports activities, or any other amusement, entertainment, recreation, exhibition, cultural, or athletic activity;
- 96 (g) amounts paid or charged for services for repairs or renovations of tangible personal property, unless Section 59-12-104 provides for an exemption from sales and use tax for:
- 99 (i) the tangible personal property; and
- 100 (ii) parts used in the repairs or renovations of the tangible personal property described in Subsection (1) (g)(i), regardless of whether:
- 102 (A) any parts are actually used in the repairs or renovations of that tangible personal property; or
- 104 (B) the particular parts used in the repairs or renovations of that tangible personal property are exempt from a tax under this chapter;
- 106 (h) except as provided in Subsection 59-12-104(7), amounts paid or charged for assisted cleaning or washing of tangible personal property;
- 108 (i) amounts paid or charged for short-term rentals of tourist home, hotel, motel, or trailer court accommodations and services;

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- 110 (j) amounts paid or charged for laundry or dry cleaning services;
- 111 (k) amounts paid or charged for leases or rentals of tangible personal property if within this state the
tangible personal property is:
- 113 (i) stored;
- 114 (ii) used; or
- 115 (iii) otherwise consumed;
- 116 (l) amounts paid or charged for tangible personal property if within this state the tangible personal
property is:
- 118 (i) stored;
- 119 (ii) used; or
- 120 (iii) consumed;
- 121 (m) amounts paid or charged for a sale:
- 122 (i)
- (A) of a product transferred electronically; or
- 123 (B) of a repair or renovation of a product transferred electronically; and
- 124 (ii) regardless of whether the sale provides:
- 125 (A) a right of permanent use of the product; or
- 126 (B) a right to use the product that is less than a permanent use, including a right:
- 127 (I) for a definite or specified length of time; and
- 128 (II) that terminates upon the occurrence of a condition; and
- 129 (n) sales of leased tangible personal property from the lessor to the lessee made in the state.
- 131 (2)
- (a) Except as provided in Subsections (2)(b) through (f), a state tax and a local tax are imposed on a
transaction described in Subsection (1) equal to the sum of:
- 133 (i) a state tax imposed on the transaction at a tax rate equal to the sum of:
- 134 (A) 4.70% plus the rate specified in Subsection (11)(a); and
- 135 (B)
- (I) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 18, Additional State Sales and Use Tax Act,
if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in
a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 18, Additional State Sales and Use Tax Act;
and

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- 140 (II) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax
Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is
in a city, town, or the unincorporated area of a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part
20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
- 145 (ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the transaction
under this chapter other than this part.
- 147 (b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(f) or (g) and subject to Subsection (2)(l), a state tax and a local
tax are imposed on a transaction described in Subsection (1)(d) equal to the sum of:
- 150 (i) a state tax imposed on the transaction at a tax rate of 2%; and
- 151 (ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the transaction under
this chapter other than this part.
- 153 (c) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(f) or (g), a state tax and a local tax are imposed on amounts
paid or charged for food and food ingredients equal to the sum of:
- 155 (i) a state tax imposed on the amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients at a tax rate of
1.75%; and
- 157 (ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the amounts paid or
charged for food and food ingredients under this chapter other than this part.
- 160 (d) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(f) or (g), a state tax is imposed on amounts paid or charged for
fuel to a common carrier that is a railroad for use in a locomotive engine at a rate of 4.85%.
- 163 (e)
- (i)
- (A) If a shared vehicle owner certifies to the commission, on a form prescribed by the commission,
that the shared vehicle is an individual-owned shared vehicle, a tax imposed under Subsection
(2)(a)(i)(A) does not apply to car sharing, a car-sharing program, a shared vehicle driver, or a
shared vehicle owner.
- 168 (B) A shared vehicle owner's certification described in Subsection (2)(e)(i)(A) is required once
during the time that the shared vehicle owner owns the shared vehicle.
- 171 (C) The commission shall verify that a shared vehicle is an individual-owned shared vehicle by
verifying that the applicable Utah taxes imposed under this chapter were paid on the purchase of
the shared vehicle.

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(D) The exception under Subsection (2)(e)(i)(A) applies to a certified individual-owned shared vehicle shared through a car-sharing program even if non-certified shared vehicles are also available to be shared through the same car-sharing program.

(ii) A tax imposed under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(B) or (2)(a)(ii) applies to car sharing.

(iii)

(A) A car-sharing program may rely in good faith on a shared vehicle owner's representation that the shared vehicle is an individual-owned shared vehicle certified with the commission as described in Subsection (2)(e)(i).

(B) If a car-sharing program relies in good faith on a shared vehicle owner's representation that the shared vehicle is an individual-owned shared vehicle certified with the commission as described in Subsection (2)(e)(i), the car-sharing program is not liable for any tax, penalty, fee, or other sanction imposed on the shared vehicle owner.

(iv) If all shared vehicles shared through a car-sharing program are certified as described in Subsection (2)(e)(i)(A) for a tax period, the car-sharing program has no obligation to collect and remit the tax under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) for that tax period.

(v) A car-sharing program is not required to list or otherwise identify an individual-owned shared vehicle on a return or an attachment to a return.

(vi) A car-sharing program shall:

(A) retain tax information for each car-sharing program transaction; and

(B) provide the information described in Subsection (2)(e)(vi)(A) to the commission at the commission's request.

(f)

(i) For a bundled transaction that is attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients, a state tax and a local tax is imposed on the entire bundled transaction equal to the sum of:

(A) a state tax imposed on the entire bundled transaction equal to the sum of:

(I) the tax rate described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); and

(II)

(Aa) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 18, Additional State Sales and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in

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a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 18, Additional State Sales and Use Tax Act;
and

- 207 (Bb) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax
Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is
in a city, town, or the unincorporated area of a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part
20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
- 212 (B) a local tax imposed on the entire bundled transaction at the sum of the tax rates described in
Subsection (2)(a)(ii).
- 214 (ii) If an optional computer software maintenance contract is a bundled transaction that consists of
taxable and nontaxable products that are not separately itemized on an invoice or similar billing
document, the purchase of the optional computer software maintenance contract is 40% taxable
under this chapter and 60% nontaxable under this chapter.
- 219 (iii) Subject to Subsection (2)(f)(iv), for a bundled transaction other than a bundled transaction
described in Subsection (2)(f)(i) or (ii):
- 221 (A) if the sales price of the bundled transaction is attributable to tangible personal property, a product,
or a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter and tangible personal property, a product, or
service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter, the entire bundled transaction is subject to
taxation under this chapter unless:
- 226 (I) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible personal property,
product, or service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter from the books and records the
seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business; or
- 230 (II) state or federal law provides otherwise; or
- 231 (B) if the sales price of a bundled transaction is attributable to two or more items of tangible personal
property, products, or services that are subject to taxation under this chapter at different rates, the
entire bundled transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter at the higher tax rate unless:
- 235 (I) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible personal property,
product, or service that is subject to taxation under this chapter at the lower tax rate from the books
and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business; or
- 239 (II) state or federal law provides otherwise.
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(iv) For purposes of Subsection (2)(f)(iii), books and records that a seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the regular course of business for nontax purposes.

(g)

(i) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter and subject to Subsections (2)(g)(ii) and (iii), if a transaction consists of the sale, lease, or rental of tangible personal property, a product, or a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter, and the sale, lease, or rental of tangible personal property, other property, a product, or a service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter, the entire transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter unless the seller, at the time of the transaction:

(A) separately states the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser; or

(B) is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards, from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business, the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter.

(ii) A purchaser and a seller may correct the taxability of a transaction if:

(A) after the transaction occurs, the purchaser and the seller discover that the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter was not separately stated on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser because of an error or ignorance of the law; and

(B) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards, from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business, the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter.

(iii) For purposes of Subsections (2)(g)(i) and (ii), books and records that a seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the regular course of business for nontax purposes.

(h)

(i) If the sales price of a transaction is attributable to two or more items of tangible personal property, products, or services that are subject to taxation under this chapter at different rates, the entire purchase is subject to taxation under this chapter at the higher tax rate unless the seller, at the time of the transaction:

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(A) separately states the items subject to taxation under this chapter at each of the different rates on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser; or

(B) is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible personal property, product, or service that is subject to taxation under this chapter at the lower tax rate from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business.

(ii) For purposes of Subsection (2)(h)(i), books and records that a seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the regular course of business for nontax purposes.

(i) Subject to Subsections (2)(j) and (k), a tax rate repeal or tax rate change for a tax rate imposed under the following shall take effect on the first day of a calendar quarter:

(i) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);

(ii) Subsection (2)(b)(i);

(iii) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or

(iv) Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I).

(j)

(i) A tax rate increase takes effect on the first day of the first billing period that begins on or after the effective date of the tax rate increase if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of a tax rate increase imposed under:

(A) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);

(B) Subsection (2)(b)(i);

(C) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or

(D) Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I).

(ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease applies to a billing period if the billing statement for the billing period is rendered on or after the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under:

(A) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);

(B) Subsection (2)(b)(i);

(C) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or

(D) Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I).

(k)

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(i) For a tax rate described in Subsection (2)(k)(ii), if a tax due on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, a tax rate repeal or change in a tax rate takes effect:

(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the tax rate repeal or tax rate change.

(ii) Subsection (2)(k)(i) applies to the tax rates described in the following:

(A) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);

(B) Subsection (2)(b)(i);

(C) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or

(D) Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I).

(iii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."

(l)

(i) For a location described in Subsection (2)(l)(ii), the commission shall determine the taxable status of a sale of gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other fuel based on the predominant use of the gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other fuel at the location.

(ii) Subsection (2)(l)(i) applies to a location where gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other fuel is furnished through a single meter for two or more of the following uses:

(A) a commercial use;

(B) an industrial use; or

(C) a residential use.

(3)

(a) The following state taxes shall be deposited into the General Fund:

(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);

(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);

(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and

(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I).

(b) The following local taxes shall be distributed to a county, city, or town as provided in this chapter:

(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(ii);

(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(ii);

(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(ii); and

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- (iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(f)(i)(B).
- (c) The state tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d) shall be deposited into the General Fund.
- (4)
- (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, the lesser of the following amounts shall be expended as provided in Subsections (4)(b) through (g):
- (i) for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of tax revenue generated:
- (A) by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and
- (B) for the fiscal year; or
- (ii) \$17,500,000.
- (b)
- (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 14% of the amount described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be transferred each year as designated sales and use tax revenue to the Division of Wildlife Resources to:
- (A) implement the measures described in Subsections 23A-3-214(3)(a) through (d) to protect sensitive plant and animal species; or
- (B) award grants, up to the amount authorized by the Legislature in an appropriations act, to political subdivisions of the state to implement the measures described in Subsections 23A-3-214(3)(a) through (d) to protect sensitive plant and animal species.
- (ii) Money transferred to the Division of Wildlife Resources under Subsection (4)(b)(i) may not be used to assist the United States Fish and Wildlife Service or any other person to list or attempt to have listed a species as threatened or endangered under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, 16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq.
- (iii) At the end of each fiscal year:
- (A) 50% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24;
- (B) 25% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to the Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5; and
- (C) 25% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to the Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5.

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(c) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 3% of the amount described in Subsection (4) (a) shall be deposited each year in the Agriculture Resource Development Fund created in Section 4-18-106.

(d)

(i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 1% of the amount described in Subsection (4) (a) shall be transferred each year as designated sales and use tax revenue to the Division of Water Rights to cover the costs incurred in hiring legal and technical staff for the adjudication of water rights.

(ii) At the end of each fiscal year:

(A) 50% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24;

(B) 25% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to the Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5; and

(C) 25% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to the Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5.

(e)

(i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 41% of the amount described in Subsection (4) (a) shall be deposited into the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24 for use by the Division of Water Resources.

(ii) In addition to the uses allowed of the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund under Section 73-10-24, the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund may also be used to:

(A) conduct hydrologic and geotechnical investigations by the Division of Water Resources in a cooperative effort with other state, federal, or local entities, for the purpose of quantifying surface and ground water resources and describing the hydrologic systems of an area in sufficient detail so as to enable local and state resource managers to plan for and accommodate growth in water use without jeopardizing the resource;

(B) fund state required dam safety improvements; and

(C) protect the state's interest in interstate water compact allocations, including the hiring of technical and legal staff.

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(f) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 20.5% of the amount described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited into the Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5 for use by the Water Quality Board to fund wastewater projects.

(g) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 20.5% of the amount described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited into the Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5 for use by the Division of Drinking Water to:

(i) provide for the installation and repair of collection, treatment, storage, and distribution facilities for any public water system, as defined in Section 19-4-102;

(ii) develop underground sources of water, including springs and wells; and

(iii) develop surface water sources.

(5)

(a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2006, the difference between the following amounts shall be expended as provided in this Subsection (5), if that difference is greater than \$1:

(i) for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of tax revenue generated for the fiscal year by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and

(ii) \$17,500,000.

(b)

(i) The first \$500,000 of the difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be:

(A) transferred each fiscal year to the Department of Natural Resources as designated sales and use tax revenue; and

(B) expended by the Department of Natural Resources for watershed rehabilitation or restoration.

(ii) At the end of each fiscal year, 100% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) shall lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24.

(c)

(i) After making the transfer required by Subsection (5)(b)(i), \$150,000 of the remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be:

(A) transferred each fiscal year to the Division of Water Resources as designated sales and use tax revenue; and

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(B) expended by the Division of Water Resources for cloud-seeding projects authorized by Title 73, Chapter 15, Modification of Weather.

- 429 (ii) At the end of each fiscal year, 100% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue
described in Subsection (5)(c)(i) shall lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development
Fund created in Section 73-10-24.
- 432 (d) After making the transfers required by Subsections (5)(b) and (c), 85% of the remaining difference
described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be deposited into the Water Resources Conservation and
Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24 for use by the Division of Water Resources for:
- 436 (i) preconstruction costs:
- 437 (A) as defined in Subsection 73-26-103(6) for projects authorized by Title 73, Chapter 26, Bear River
Development Act; and
- 439 (B) as defined in Subsection 73-28-103(8) for the Lake Powell Pipeline project authorized by Title 73,
Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline Development Act;
- 441 (ii) the cost of employing a civil engineer to oversee any project authorized by Title 73, Chapter 26,
Bear River Development Act;
- 443 (iii) the cost of employing a civil engineer to oversee the Lake Powell Pipeline project authorized by
Title 73, Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline Development Act; and
- 446 (iv) other uses authorized under Sections 73-10-24, 73-10-25.1, and 73-10-30, and Subsection (4)(e)(ii)
after funding the uses specified in Subsections (5)(d)(i) through (iii).
- 449 (e) After making the transfers required by Subsections (5)(b) and (c), 15% of the remaining difference
described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be deposited each year into the Water Rights Restricted Account
created by Section 73-2-1.6.
- 452 (6) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), each fiscal year,
the commission shall deposit into the Water Infrastructure Restricted Account created in Section
73-10g-103 the amount of revenue generated by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in
Subsection (1) for the fiscal year.
- 456 (7)
- (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and subject to Subsections (7)(b), (c), and (d), for a fiscal year
beginning on or after July 1, 2023, the commission shall deposit into the Transportation Investment
Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124 a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) equal
to 17% of the revenue collected from the following sales and use taxes:

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- 461 (i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate;
462 (ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
463 (iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
464 (iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I).
- 465 (b)
- (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2024, the commission shall annually reduce the deposit under Subsection (7)(a) into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 by an amount equal to .44% of the revenue collected from the following sales and use taxes:
- 469 (A) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate;
470 (B) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
471 (C) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
472 (D) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I).
- 473 (ii) The commission shall annually deposit the amount described in Subsection (7)(b)(i) into the Cottonwood Canyons Transportation Investment Fund created in Section 72-2-124.
- 476 (c)
- (i) Subject to Subsection (7)(c)(ii), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2023, the commission shall annually reduce the deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 under Subsections (7)(a) and (7)(b) by an amount that is equal to 5% of:
- 480 (A) the amount of revenue generated in the current fiscal year by the portion of taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) that equals 20.68% of the revenue collected from taxes described in Subsections (7)(a)(i) through (iv);
- 483 (B) the amount of revenue generated in the current fiscal year by registration fees designated under Section 41-1a-1201 to be deposited into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005; and
- 486 (C) revenue transferred by the Division of Finance to the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 in accordance with Section 72-2-106 in the current fiscal year.
- 489 (ii) The amount described in Subsection (7)(c)(i) may not exceed \$45,000,000 in a given fiscal year.
- 491 (iii) The commission shall annually deposit the amount described in Subsection (7)(c)(i) into the Active Transportation Investment Fund created in Subsection 72-2-124(11).
- 494 (d)

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(i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2024, the commission shall annually reduce the deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 under this Subsection (7) by an amount that is equal to 1% of the revenue collected from the following sales and use taxes:

(A) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate;

(B) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);

(C) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and

(D) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I).

(ii) The commission shall annually deposit the amount described in Subsection (7)(d)(i) into the Commuter Rail Subaccount created in Section 72-2-124.

(8)

(a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), in addition to the amounts deposited under Subsection (7), and subject to [Subsections] Subsection (8)(b)[~~and (d)(ii)~~], for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2018, the commission shall annually deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124 a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) in an amount equal to 3.68% of the revenue collected from the following taxes:

(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate;

(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);

(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and

(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I).

(b) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2019, the commission shall annually reduce the deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 under Subsection (8)(a) by an amount that is equal to 35% of the amount of revenue generated in the current fiscal year by the portion of the tax imposed on motor and special fuel that is sold, used, or received for sale or use in this state that exceeds 29.4 cents per gallon.

(c) The commission shall annually deposit the amount described in Subsection (8)(b) into the Transit Transportation Investment Fund created in Section 72-2-124.

(9) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2009-10, \$533,750 shall be deposited into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund created by Section 35A-8-1009 and expended as provided in Section 35A-8-1009.

(10) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), beginning the second fiscal year after the fiscal year during which the commission receives notice under Section 63N-2-510 that construction on a qualified

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hotel, as defined in Section 63N-2-502, has begun, the commission shall, for two consecutive fiscal years, annually deposit \$1,900,000 of the revenue generated by the taxes listed under Subsection (3) (a) into the Hotel Impact Mitigation Fund, created in Section 63N-2-512.

530 (11)

(a) The rate specified in this subsection is 0.15%.

531 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the commission shall, for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2019, annually transfer the amount of revenue collected from the rate described in Subsection (11)(a) on the transactions that are subject to the sales and use tax under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) into the Medicaid ACA Fund created in Section 26B-1-315.

536 (12) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2020-21, the commission shall deposit \$200,000 into the General Fund as a dedicated credit solely for use of the Search and Rescue Financial Assistance Program created in, and expended in accordance with, Title 53, Chapter 2a, Part 11, Search and Rescue Act.

540 (13)

(a) For each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2020-21, the commission shall annually transfer \$1,813,400 of the revenue deposited into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 under Subsections (7) and (8) to the General Fund.

543 (b) If the total revenue deposited into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 under Subsections (7) and (8) is less than \$1,813,400 for a fiscal year, the commission shall transfer the total revenue deposited into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 under Subsections (7) and (8) during the fiscal year to the General Fund.

547 (14) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and except as provided in { Subsections } Subsection (18) { and (19) }, and as described in Section 63N-3-610, beginning the first day of the calendar quarter one year after the sales and use tax boundary for a housing and transit reinvestment zone is established, the commission, at least annually, shall transfer an amount equal to 15% of the sales and use tax increment within an established sales and use tax boundary, as defined in Section 63N-3-602, into the Transit Transportation Investment Fund created in Section 72-2-124.

554 (15) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the commission shall, for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2022, transfer into the Outdoor Adventure Infrastructure Restricted Account, created in Section 51-9-902, a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) equal to 1% of the revenue collected from the following sales and use taxes:

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- 558 (a) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate;
559 (b) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
560 (c) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
561 (d) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I).
- 562 (16) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and except as provided in { [Subsections](#) } [Subsection](#) (18)
{ [and \(19\)](#) }, beginning October 1, 2024 the commission shall transfer to the Utah Fairpark Area
Investment and Restoration District, created in Section 11-70-201, the revenue from the sales and
use tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate, on transactions occurring within the
district sales tax area, as defined in Section 11-70-101.
- 567 (17)
- (a) As used in this Subsection (17):
- 568 (i) "Additional land" means point of the mountain state land described in Subsection 11-59-102(6)
(b) that the point of the mountain authority acquires after the point of the mountain authority
provides the commission a map under Subsection (17)(c).
- 571 (ii) "Point of the mountain authority" means the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority,
created in Section 11-59-201.
- 573 (iii) "Point of the mountain state land" means the same as that term is defined in Section 11-59-102.
- 575 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and except as provided in { [Subsections](#) } [Subsection](#) (18) { [and](#)
[\(19\)](#) }, the commission shall distribute to the point of the mountain authority 50% of the revenue
from the sales and use tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate, on transactions
occurring on the point of the mountain state land.
- 579 (c) The distribution under Subsection (17)(b) shall begin the next calendar quarter that begins at least 90
days after the point of the mountain authority provides the commission a map that:
- 582 (i) accurately describes the point of the mountain state land; and
583 (ii) the point of the mountain authority certifies as accurate.
- 584 (d) A distribution under Subsection (17)(b) with respect to additional land shall begin the next
calendar quarter that begins at least 90 days after the point of the mountain authority provides the
commission a map of point of the mountain state land that:
- 587 (i) accurately describes the point of the mountain state land, including the additional land; and
589 (ii) the point of the mountain authority certifies as accurate.
- 590 (e)

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(i) Upon the payment in full of bonds secured by the sales and use tax revenue distributed to the point of the mountain authority under Subsection (17)(b), the point of the mountain authority shall immediately notify the commission in writing that the bonds are paid in full.

(ii) The commission shall discontinue distributions of sales and use tax revenue under Subsection (17)(b) at the beginning of the calendar quarter that begins at least 90 days after the date that the commission receives the written notice under Subsection (17)(e)(i).

(18)

(a) As used in this Subsection (18):

(i) "Applicable percentage" means:

(A) for a housing and transit reinvestment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part 6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act, 15% of the revenue from the sales and use tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate for sales occurring within the qualified development zone described in Subsection (18)(a)(ii)(A);

(B) for the Utah Fairpark Area Investment and Restoration District created in Section 11-70-201, the revenue from the sales and use tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate for sales occurring within the qualified development zone described in Subsection (18)(a)(ii)(B); and

(C) for the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority created in Section 11-59-201, 50% of the revenue from sales and use tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate for sales occurring within the qualified development zone described in Subsection (18)(a)(ii)(C).

(ii) "Qualified development zone" means:

(A) the sales and use tax boundary of a housing and transit reinvestment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part 6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Act;

(B) the district sales tax boundary as defined in Section 11-70-101 for the Utah Fairpark Area Investment and Restoration District, created in Section 11-70-201; or

(C) the sales and use tax boundary of point of the mountain state land, as defined in Section 11-59-102, under the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority created in Section 11-59-201.

(iii) {~~"Qualifying construction materials"~~ "Schedule J sale" means {~~construction materials that are:~~ } a sale reported on State Tax Commission Form TC-62M, Schedule J or a substantially similar form as designated by the commission.

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~~{(A)}~~ (b) ~~{delivered to}~~ Revenue generated from the applicable percentage by a ~~{delivery outlet}~~
Schedule J sale within a qualified development zone ~~{; and}~~ shall be deposited into the General
Fund.

- 625 ~~{(B)}~~ ~~{intended to be permanently attached to real property within the qualified development zone.}~~
- 627 ~~{(b)}~~ ~~{For a sale of qualifying construction materials, the commission shall distribute the product~~
~~calculated in Subsection (18)(c) to a qualified development zone if the seller of the construction~~
~~materials.}~~
- 630 ~~{(i)}~~ ~~{establishes a delivery outlet with the commission within the qualified development zone;}~~
- 632 ~~{(ii)}~~ ~~{reports the sales of the construction materials to the delivery outlet described in Subsection (18)~~
~~(b)(i); and}~~
- 634 ~~{(iii)}~~ ~~{does not report the sales of the construction materials on a simplified electronic return.}~~
- 636 ~~{(e)}~~ ~~{For the purposes of Subsection (18)(b), the product is equal to:}~~
- 637 ~~{(i)}~~ ~~{the sales price or purchase price of the qualifying construction materials; and}~~
- 638 ~~{(ii)}~~ ~~{the applicable percentage.}~~
- 639 ~~{(19)}~~
- ~~{(a)}~~ ~~{As used in this Subsection (19):}~~
- 640 ~~(i)~~ ~~{ "Applicable percentage" means the same as that term is defined in Subsection (18).}~~
- 641 ~~(ii)~~ ~~{ "Qualified development zone" means the same as that term is defined in Subsection (18).}~~
- 643 ~~(iii)~~ ~~{ "Schedule J sale" means a sale reported on State Tax Commission Form TC-62M, Schedule~~
~~J or a substantially similar form as designated by the commission.}~~
- 646 ~~{(b)}~~ ~~{Revenue generated from the applicable percentage by a Schedule J sale within a qualified~~
~~development zone shall be deposited into the General Fund.}~~

628 Section 3. Section **59-12-205** is amended to read:

629 **59-12-205. Ordinances to conform with statutory amendments -- Distribution of tax revenue**
-- Determination of population.

- 651 (1) To maintain in effect sales and use tax ordinances adopted pursuant to Section 59-12-204, a county,
city, or town shall adopt amendments to the county's, city's, or town's sales and use tax ordinances:
- 654 (a) within 30 days of the day on which the state makes an amendment to an applicable provision of Part
1, Tax Collection; and
- 656 (b) as required to conform to the amendments to Part 1, Tax Collection.
- 657 (2)

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(a) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (4) and subject to Subsection (5):

658 (i) 50% of each dollar collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part shall be distributed to each county, city, and town on the basis of the percentage that the population of the county, city, or town bears to the total population of all counties, cities, and towns in the state; and

662 (ii)

(A) except as provided in Subsections (2)(a)(ii)(B), (C), ~~[and]~~(D), and (E), 50% of each dollar collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part shall be distributed to each county, city, and town on the basis of the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215;

666 (B) except as provided in Subsections (7) and (8), 50% of each dollar collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part within a project area described in a project area plan adopted by the military installation development authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1, Military Installation Development Authority Act, shall be distributed to the military installation development authority created in Section 63H-1-201;

672 (C) except as provided in Subsections (7) and (8), beginning July 1, 2024, 20% of each dollar collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part within a project area under Title 11, Chapter 58, Utah Inland Port Authority Act, shall be distributed to the Utah Inland Port Authority, created in Section 11-58-201;~~[-and]~~

677 (D) except as provided in Subsections (7) and (8), 50% of each dollar collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part within the lake authority boundary, as defined in Section 11-65-101, shall be distributed to the Utah Lake Authority, created in Section 11-65-201, beginning the next full calendar quarter following the creation of the Utah Lake Authority~~[-]~~ ; and

682 (E) except as provided in Subsections (7) and (8), beginning January 1, 2026, 50% of each dollar collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part within the boundary of an eligible basic special district, as that term is defined in Section 17B-1-1404, and if applicable, the boundary of a public infrastructure district created by the eligible basic special district, shall be distributed to the eligible basic special district.

688 (b) Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(C) does not apply to sales and use tax revenue collected before July 1, 2022.

690 (3)

(a) As used in this Subsection (3):

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- 691 (i) "Eligible county, city, or town" means a county, city, or town that:
692 (A) for fiscal year 2012-13, received a tax revenue distribution under Subsection (3)(b) equal to the
amount described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii); and
694 (B) does not impose a sales and use tax under Section 59-12-2103 on or before July 1, 2016.
696 (ii) "Minimum tax revenue distribution" means the total amount of tax revenue distributions an
eligible county, city, or town received from a tax imposed in accordance with this part for fiscal
year 2004-05.
- 699 (b) An eligible county, city, or town shall receive a tax revenue distribution for a tax imposed in
accordance with this part equal to the greater of:
701 (i) the payment required by Subsection (2); or
702 (ii) the minimum tax revenue distribution.
703 (4)
(a) For purposes of this Subsection (4):
704 (i) "Annual local contribution" means the lesser of \$275,000 or an amount equal to 2.55% of the
participating local government's tax revenue distribution amount under Subsection (2)(a)(i) for
the previous fiscal year.
707 (ii) "Participating local government" means a county or municipality, as defined in Section
10-1-104, that is not an eligible municipality certified in accordance with Section 35A-16-404.
- 710 (b) For revenue collected from the tax authorized by this part that is distributed on or after January
1, 2019, the commission, before making a tax revenue distribution under Subsection (2)(a)(i) to a
participating local government, shall:
713 (i) adjust a participating local government's tax revenue distribution under Subsection (2)(a)(i) by:
715 (A) subtracting an amount equal to one-twelfth of the annual local contribution for each participating
local government from the participating local government's tax revenue distribution; and
718 (B) if applicable, reducing the amount described in Subsection (4)(b)(i)(A) by an amount equal to one-
twelfth of \$250 for each bed that is available at all homeless shelters located within the boundaries
of the participating local government, as reported to the commission by the Office of Homeless
Services in accordance with Section 35A-16-405; and
723 (ii) deposit the resulting amount described in Subsection (4)(b)(i) into the Homeless Shelter Cities
Mitigation Restricted Account created in Section 35A-16-402.

725

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(c) For a participating local government that qualifies to receive a distribution described in Subsection (3), the commission shall apply the provisions of this Subsection (4) after the commission applies the provisions of Subsection (3).

(5)

(a) As used in this Subsection (5):

(i) "Annual dedicated sand and gravel sales tax revenue" means an amount equal to the total revenue an establishment described in NAICS Code 327320, Ready-Mix Concrete Manufacturing, of the 2022 North American Industry Classification System of the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget, collects and remits under this part for a calendar year.

(ii) "Sand and gravel" means sand, gravel, or a combination of sand and gravel.

(iii) "Sand and gravel extraction site" means a pit, quarry, or deposit that:

(A) contains sand and gravel; and

(B) is assessed by the commission in accordance with Section 59-2-201.

(iv) "Ton" means a short ton of 2,000 pounds.

(v) "Tonnage ratio" means the ratio of:

(A) the total amount of sand and gravel, measured in tons, sold during a calendar year from all sand and gravel extraction sites located within a county, city, or town; to

(B) the total amount of sand and gravel, measured in tons, sold during the same calendar year from sand and gravel extraction sites statewide.

(b) For purposes of calculating the ratio described in Subsection (5)(a)(v), the commission shall:

(i) use the gross sales data provided to the commission as part of the commission's property tax valuation process; and

(ii) if a sand and gravel extraction site operates as a unit across municipal or county lines, apportion the reported tonnage among the counties, cities, or towns based on the percentage of the sand and gravel extraction site located in each county, city, or town, as approximated by the commission.

(c)

(i) Beginning July 2023, and each July thereafter, the commission shall distribute from total collections under this part an amount equal to the annual dedicated sand and gravel sales tax revenue for the preceding calendar year to each county, city, or town in the same proportion as the county's, city's, or town's tonnage ratio for the preceding calendar year.

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- 758 (ii) The commission shall ensure that the revenue distributed under this Subsection (5)(c) is drawn from
each jurisdiction's collections in proportion to the jurisdiction's share of total collections for the
preceding 12-month period.
- 761 (d) A county, city, or town shall use revenue described in Subsection (5)(c) for class B or class C roads.
- 763 (6)
- (a) Population figures for purposes of this section shall be based on the most recent official census or
census estimate of the United States Bureau of the Census.
- 765 (b) If a needed population estimate is not available from the United States Bureau of the Census,
population figures shall be derived from the estimate from the Utah Population Committee.
- 768 (c) The population of a county for purposes of this section shall be determined only from the
unincorporated area of the county.
- 770 (7)
- (a) As used in this Subsection (7):
- 771 (i) "Applicable percentage" means:
- 772 (A) for a project area adopted by the military installation development authority under Title 63H,
Chapter 1, Military Installation Development Authority Act, for sales occurring within a qualified
development zone described in Subsection (7)(a)(iii)(A):
- 776 (I) 50% of the revenue from the sales and use tax imposed under this part;
- 777 (II) 100% of the revenue from the sales and use tax imposed by the military installation development
authority under Section 59-12-401; and
- 779 (III) 100% of the revenue from the sales and use tax imposed by the military installation development
authority under Section 59-12-402; and
- 781 (B) for a project area under Title 11, Chapter 58, Utah Inland Port Authority Act, for sales occurring
within a qualified development zone described in Subsection (7)(a)(iii)(B), 20% of the revenue from
the sales and use tax under this part;
- 785 (C) for the lake authority boundary, as defined in Section 11-65-101, for sales occurring within the
qualified development zone described in Subsection (7)(a)(ii)(C), 50% of the revenue from the sales
and use tax under this part;
- 788 (D) for the Utah Fairpark Area Investment and Restoration District, created in Section 11-70-201,
for sales occurring within the qualified development zone described in Subsection (7)(a)(iii)(D),

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100% of the revenue from the sales and use tax imposed by the Utah Fairpark Area Investment and Restoration District under Sections 59-12-401 and 59-12-402; and

(E) for an eligible basic special district created under Title 17B, Chapter 1, Part 14, Basic Special District, for sales occurring within a qualified development zone described in Subsection (7)(a)(iii) (E), 50% of the revenue from the sales and use tax imposed under this part.

(ii) "Eligible basic special district" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17B-1-1404.

(iii) "Qualified development zone" means the sales and use tax boundary of:

(A) a project area adopted by the military installation development authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1, Military Installation Development Authority Act;

(B) a project area under Title 11, Chapter 58, Utah Inland Port Authority Act;

(C) the lake authority boundary, as defined in Section 11-65-101;

(D) the Utah Fairpark Investment and Restoration District, created in Section 11-70-201; or

(E) the area within the boundary of an eligible basic special district, and if applicable, the boundary of a public infrastructure district created by the basic special district.

(iv) "Qualifying construction materials" means construction materials that are:

(A) delivered to a delivery outlet within a qualified development zone; and

(B) intended to be permanently attached to real property within the qualified development zone.

(b) For a sale of qualifying construction materials, the commission shall distribute the product calculated in Subsection (7)(c) to a qualified development zone if the seller of the construction materials:

(i) establishes a delivery outlet with the commission within the qualified development zone;

(ii) reports the sales of the construction materials to the delivery outlet described in Subsection (7)(b)(i); and

(iii) does not report the sales of the construction materials on a simplified electronic return.

(c) For the purposes of Subsection (7)(b), the product is equal to:

(i) the sales price or purchase price of the qualifying construction materials; and

(ii) the applicable percentage.

(8)

(a) As used in this Subsection (8):

(i) "Applicable percentage" means the same as that term is defined in Subsection (7).

(ii) "Qualified development zone" means the same as that term is defined in Subsection (7).

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- 829 (iii) "Schedule J sale" means a sale reported on State Tax Commission Form TC-62M, Schedule J
 or a substantially similar form as designated by the commission.
- 832 (b) Revenue generated from the applicable percentage by a Schedule J sale within a qualified
 development zone shall be distributed to the jurisdiction that would have received the revenue in the
 absence of the qualified development zone.
- 815 Section 4. Section **59-12-401** is amended to read:
- 816 **59-12-401. Resort communities tax authority for cities, towns, and military installation**
development authority -- Base -- Rate -- Collection fees.
- 838 (1)
- (a) In addition to other sales and use taxes, a city or town in which the transient room capacity as
 defined in Section 59-12-405 is greater than or equal to 66% of the municipality's permanent census
 population may impose a sales and use tax of up to 1.1% on the transactions described in Subsection
 59-12-103(1) located within the city or town.
- 843 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a city or town may not impose a tax under this section on:
- 845 (i)
- (A) the sale of a motor vehicle, an aircraft, a watercraft, a modular home, a manufactured home, or a
 mobile home;
- 847 (B) the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses are exempt from
 taxation under Section 59-12-104; and
- 849 (C) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d), amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients; ~~or~~
- 851 (ii) transactions that occur in the district sales tax area, as defined in Subsection (4), if the fairpark
 district, as defined in Subsection (4), has imposed a tax under Subsection (4)~~[-]~~ ; or
- 854 (iii) transactions that occur within a project area described in a project area plan adopted by the military
 installation development authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1, Military Installation Development
 Authority Act, if the military installation development authority has imposed a tax under Subsection
 (3).
- 858 (c) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be determined in accordance
 with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
- 860 (d) A city or town imposing a tax under this section shall impose the tax on the purchase price or
 the sales price for amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients if the food and food

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ingredients are sold as part of a bundled transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients.

865 (2)

(a) An amount equal to the total of any costs incurred by the state in connection with the implementation of Subsection (1) which exceed, in any year, the revenues received by the state from its collection fees received in connection with the implementation of Subsection (1) shall be paid over to the state General Fund by the cities and towns which impose the tax provided for in Subsection (1).

870 (b) Amounts paid under Subsection (2)(a) shall be allocated proportionally among those cities and towns according to the amount of revenue the respective cities and towns generate in that year through imposition of that tax.

873 (3)

(a) Subject to Section 63H-1-203, the military installation development authority created in Section 63H-1-201 may impose a tax under this section on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) located within a project area described in a project area plan adopted by the authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1, Military Installation Development Authority Act, as though the authority were a city or a town.

878 (b) For purposes of calculating the permanent census population within a project area, the board, as defined in Section 63H-1-102, shall:

880 (i) use the actual number of permanent residents within the project area as determined by the board;

882 (ii) include in the calculation of transient room capacity the number, as determined by the board, of approved high-occupancy lodging units, recreational lodging units, special lodging units, and standard lodging units, even if the units are not constructed;

886 (iii) adopt a resolution verifying the population number; and

887 (iv) provide the commission any information required in Section 59-12-405.

888 (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a board as defined in Section 63H-1-102 may impose the sales and use tax under this section if there are no permanent residents.

890 (4)

(a) As used in this Subsection (4):

891 (i) "District sales tax area" means the same as that term is defined in Section 11-70-101.

893

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(ii) "Fairpark district" means the Utah Fairpark Area Investment and Restoration District, created in Section 11-70-201.

(iii) "Fairpark district board" means the board of the fairpark district.

(b) ~~[The]~~ Beginning October 1, 2024, the fairpark district, by resolution of the fairpark district board, may impose a tax under this section, as though the fairpark district were a city or town, on transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)[:]

~~[(i)]~~ located within the district sales tax area[; and] .

~~[(ii) that occur on or after October 1, 2024.]~~

(c) For purposes of calculating the permanent census population within the district sales tax area, the fairpark district board shall:

(i) use the actual number of permanent residents within the district sales tax area as determined by the fairpark district board;

(ii) include in the calculation of transient room capacity the number, as determined by the fairpark district board, of approved high-occupancy lodging units, recreational lodging units, special lodging units, and standard lodging units, even if the units are not constructed;

(iii) adopt a resolution verifying the population number; and

(iv) provide the commission any information required in Section 59-12-405.

(d) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), the fairpark district may impose the sales and use tax under this section if there are no permanent residents within the district sales tax area.

Section 5. Section **59-12-402** is amended to read:

59-12-402. Additional resort communities sales and use tax -- Base -- Rate -- Collection fees -- Resolution and voter approval requirements -- Election requirements -- Notice requirements -- Ordinance requirements -- Prohibition of military installation development authority imposition of tax.

(1)

(a) Subject to Subsections (2) through (6), the governing body of a municipality in which the transient room capacity as defined in Section 59-12-405 is greater than or equal to 66% of the municipality's permanent census population may, in addition to the sales tax authorized under Section 59-12-401, impose an additional resort communities sales tax in an amount that is less than or equal to .5% on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) located within the municipality.

SB0316S02 compared with SB0316S03

(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), the governing body of a municipality may not impose a tax under this section on:

(i)

(A) the sale of a motor vehicle, an aircraft, a watercraft, a modular home, a manufactured home, or a mobile home;

(B) the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104; and

(C) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d), amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients; ~~or~~

(ii) transactions that occur in the district sales tax area, as defined in Subsection 59-12-401(4), if the Utah Fairpark Area Investment and Restoration District, created in Section 11-70-201, has imposed a tax under Subsection (8)~~[-]~~ ; or

(iii) transactions that occur within a project area described in a project area plan adopted by the military installation development authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1, Military Installation Development Authority Act, if the military installation development authority has imposed a tax under Subsection (7).

(c) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.

(d) A municipality imposing a tax under this section shall impose the tax on the purchase price or sales price for amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients if the food and food ingredients are sold as part of a bundled transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients.

(2)

(a) An amount equal to the total of any costs incurred by the state in connection with the implementation of Subsection (1) which exceed, in any year, the revenues received by the state from its collection fees received in connection with the implementation of Subsection (1) shall be paid over to the state General Fund by the cities and towns which impose the tax provided for in Subsection (1).

(b) Amounts paid under Subsection (2)(a) shall be allocated proportionally among those cities and towns according to the amount of revenue the respective cities and towns generate in that year through imposition of that tax.

SB0316S02 compared with SB0316S03

(3) To impose an additional resort communities sales tax under this section, the governing body of the municipality shall:

(a) pass a resolution approving the tax; and

(b) except as provided in Subsection (6), obtain voter approval for the tax as provided in Subsection (4).

(4) To obtain voter approval for an additional resort communities sales tax under Subsection (3)(b), a municipality shall:

(a) hold the additional resort communities sales tax election during:

(i) a regular general election; or

(ii) a municipal general election; and

(b) post notice of the election for the municipality, as a class A notice under Section 63G-30-102, for at least 15 days before the day on which the election is held.

(5) An ordinance approving an additional resort communities sales tax under this section shall provide an effective date for the tax as provided in Section 59-12-403.

(6)

(a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a municipality is not subject to the voter approval requirements of Subsection (3)(b) if, on or before January 1, 1996, the municipality imposed a license fee or tax on businesses based on gross receipts pursuant to Section 10-1-203.

(b) The exception from the voter approval requirements in Subsection (6)(a) does not apply to a municipality that, on or before January 1, 1996, imposed a license fee or tax on only one class of businesses based on gross receipts pursuant to Section 10-1-203.

(7) Subject to Subsection 63H-1-203(1), a military installation development authority authorized to impose a resort communities tax under Section 59-12-401 may impose an additional resort communities sales tax under this section as if the military installation development authority were a municipality.

(8) ~~[The]~~ On or after October 1, 2024, the Utah Fairpark Area Investment and Restoration District, created in Section 11-70-201, may impose an additional resort communities tax under this section on transactions that occur[:]

~~[(a)]~~ _within the district sales tax area, as defined in Subsection 59-12-401(4)[, and] , as if the district were a municipality.

~~[(b) that occur on or after October 1, 2024.]~~

Section 6. Section **63H-1-201** is amended to read:

SB0316S02 compared with SB0316S03

63H-1-201. Creation of military installation development authority -- Status and powers of authority -- Limitation.

(1) There is created a military installation development authority.

(2) The authority is:

(a) an independent, nonprofit, separate body corporate and politic, with perpetual succession and statewide jurisdiction, whose purpose is to facilitate the development of land within a project area or on military land associated with a project area;

(b) a political subdivision of the state; and

(c) a public corporation, as defined in Section 63E-1-102.

(3) The authority may:

(a) facilitate the development of land within one or more project areas, including the ongoing operation of facilities within a project area, or development of military land associated with a project area;

(b) sue and be sued;

(c) enter into contracts generally;

(d) by itself or through a subsidiary, buy, obtain an option upon, or otherwise acquire any interest in real or personal property:

(i) in a project area; or

(ii) outside a project area for public infrastructure and improvements, if the board considers the purchase, option, or other interest acquisition to be necessary for fulfilling the authority's development objectives;

(e) sell, convey, grant, dispose of by gift, or otherwise dispose of any interest in real or personal property;

(f) enter into a lease agreement on real or personal property, either as lessee or lessor:

(i) in a project area; or

(ii) outside a project area, if the board considers the lease to be necessary for fulfilling the authority's development objectives;

(g) provide for the development of land within a project area or military land associated with the project area under one or more contracts;

(h) exercise powers and perform functions under a contract, as authorized in the contract;

(i) exercise exclusive police power within a project area to the same extent as though the authority were a municipality, including the collection of regulatory fees;

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- 1020 (j) receive the property tax allocation and other taxes and fees as provided in this chapter;
- 1021 (k) accept financial or other assistance from any public or private source for the authority's activities,
powers, and duties, and expend any funds so received for any of the purposes of this chapter;
- 1024 (l) borrow money, contract with, or accept financial or other assistance from the federal government,
a public entity, or any other source for any of the purposes of this chapter and comply with any
conditions of the loan, contract, or assistance;
- 1027 (m) issue bonds to finance the undertaking of any development objectives of the authority, including
bonds under Title 11, Chapter 17, Utah Industrial Facilities and Development Act, and bonds under
Title 11, Chapter 42, Assessment Area Act;
- 1030 (n) hire employees, including contract employees;
- 1031 (o) transact other business and exercise all other powers provided for in this chapter;
- 1032 (p) enter into a development agreement with a developer of land within a project area;
- 1033 (q) enter into an agreement with a political subdivision of the state under which the political subdivision
provides one or more municipal services within a project area;
- 1035 (r) enter into an agreement with a private contractor to provide one or more municipal services within a
project area;
- 1037 (s) provide for or finance an energy efficiency upgrade, a clean energy system, or electric vehicle
charging infrastructure, as those terms are defined in Section 11-42a-102, in accordance with Title
11, Chapter 42a, Commercial Property Assessed Clean Energy Act;
- 1041 (t) exercise powers and perform functions that the authority is authorized by statute to exercise or
perform;
- 1043 (u) enter into an agreement with the federal government or an agency of the federal government under
which the federal government or agency:
 - 1045 (i) provides law enforcement services only to military land within a project area; and
 - 1046 (ii) may enter into a mutual aid or other cooperative agreement with a law enforcement agency of the
state or a political subdivision of the state;
- 1048 (v) by itself or through a subsidiary, act as a facilitator under Title 63N, Chapter 13, Part 3, Facilitating
Public-private Partnerships Act, to provide expertise and knowledge to another governmental entity
interested in public-private partnerships;
- 1051 (w) enter into an intergovernmental support agreement under Title 10, U.S.C. Sec. 2679 with the
military to provide support services to the military in accordance with the agreement;

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- 1054 (x) act as a developer, or assist a developer chosen by the military, to develop military land as part of an
enhanced use lease under Title 10, U.S.C. Sec. 2667;[~~and~~]
- 1056 (y) develop public infrastructure and improvements[-] ; and
- 1057 (z) enter into an agreement with the state or any agency of the state, including entering into an
agreement to use revenue generated from a project area outside the project area, if the project area is
on land owned by the state or the state armory board created in Section 39A-2-101.
- 1061 (4) The authority may not itself provide law enforcement service or fire protection service within
a project area but may enter into an agreement for one or both of those services, as provided in
Subsection (3)(q).
- 1064 (5) The authority shall provide support to a subsidiary that enters into an agreement under Subsection
(3)(v) that the authority determines necessary for the subsidiary to fulfill the requirements of the
agreement.
- 1067 (6) Because providing procurement, utility, construction, and other services for use by a military
installation, including providing public infrastructure and improvements for use or occupancy by the
military, are core functions of the authority and are typically provided by a local government for the
local government's own needs or use, these services provided by the authority for the military under
this chapter are considered to be for the authority's own needs and use.
- 1073 (7) A public infrastructure district created by the authority under Title 17D, Chapter 4, Public
Infrastructure District Act, [is] may be a subsidiary of the authority.
- 1055 Section 7. **Effective date.**
Effective Date.
- 1076 (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), this bill takes effect January 1, 2026.
- 1077 (2) The actions affecting Section 63H-1-201 Effective 05/07/25 take effect on May 7, 2025.

3-4-25 10:24 AM