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Property Tax Code Recodification

2025 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Douglas R. Welton

LONG TITLE
Committee Note:
The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee recommended this bill.
Legislative Vote: 10 voting for 0 voting against 8 absent
General Description:
This bill recodifies provisions related to relief granted through property tax.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 recodifies:
• Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 12, Property Tax Relief;
• Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 18, Tax Deferral and Tax Abatement; and
• Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 19, Armed Forces Exemptions;
 creates a General Provisions part that clarifies the procedures and rights available for each
type of tax relief; and
 makes technical and conforming changes.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
This bill provides a special effective date.
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
59-2-109.1 (Effective 01/01/26), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 263
59-2-1004.1 (Effective 01/01/26), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 263
59-2-1006 (Effective 01/01/26) , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 86
59-2-1331 (Effective 01/01/26) , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 263
59-2-1343 (Effective 01/01/26) , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 263
63J-1-602.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 241, 285, 425, and 467
ENACTS:
59-2a-111 (Effective 01/01/26), Utah Code Annotated 1953

32	59-2a-201 (Effective 01/01/26), Utah Code Annotated 1953
33	59-2a-302 (Effective 01/01/26), Utah Code Annotated 1953
34	59-2a-601 (Effective 01/01/26), Utah Code Annotated 1953
35	59-2a-702 (Effective 01/01/26), Utah Code Annotated 1953
36	59-2a-802 (Effective 01/01/26), Utah Code Annotated 1953
37	59-2a-902 (Effective 01/01/26), Utah Code Annotated 1953
38	59-2a-903 (Effective 01/01/26), Utah Code Annotated 1953
39	RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:
40	59-2a-101 (Effective 01/01/26), (Renumbered from 59-2-1202, as last amended by
41	Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 279)
42	59-2a-102 (Effective 01/01/26), (Renumbered from 59-2-1203, as last amended by
43	Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 391)
44	59-2a-103 (Effective 01/01/26), (Renumbered from 59-2-1211, as last amended by
45	Laws of Utah 2001, Chapters 221, 310)
46	59-2a-104 (Effective 01/01/26), (Renumbered from 59-2-1214, as last amended by
47	Laws of Utah 2001, Chapters 221, 310)
48	59-2a-105 (Effective 01/01/26), (Renumbered from 59-2-1215, as last amended by
49	Laws of Utah 2001, Chapters 221, 310)
50	59-2a-106 (Effective 01/01/26), (Renumbered from 59-2-1217, as renumbered and
51	amended by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 4)
52	59-2a-107 (Effective 01/01/26), (Renumbered from 59-2-1219, as last amended by
53	Laws of Utah 2001, Chapters 221, 310)
54	59-2a-108 (Effective 01/01/26), (Renumbered from 59-2-1220, as last amended by
55	Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 279)
56	59-2a-109 (Effective 01/01/26), (Renumbered from 59-2-1805, as enacted by Laws of
57	Utah 2019, Chapter 453)
58	59-2a-110 (Effective 01/01/26), (Renumbered from 59-2-1807, as enacted by Laws of
59	Utah 2023, Chapter 471)
60	59-2a-202 (Effective 01/01/26), (Renumbered from 59-2-1204, as last amended by
61	Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 309)
62	59-2a-203 (Effective 01/01/26), (Renumbered from 59-2-1205, as renumbered and
63	amended by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 4)
64	59-2a-204 (Effective 01/01/26), (Renumbered from 59-2-1213, as renumbered and
65	amended by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 4)

66	59-2a-205 (Effective 01/01/26), (Renumbered from 59-2-1209, as last amended by
67	Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 272)
68	59-2a-206 (Effective 01/01/26), (Renumbered from 59-2-1216, as last amended by
69	Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 309)
70	59-2a-301 (Effective 01/01/26), (Renumbered from 59-2-1201, as renumbered and
71	amended by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 4)
72	59-2a-303 (Effective 01/01/26), (Renumbered from 59-2-1206, as last amended by
73	Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 391)
74	59-2a-304 (Effective 01/01/26), (Renumbered from 59-2-1207, as last amended by
75	Laws of Utah 2001, Chapters 221, 310)
76	59-2a-305 (Effective 01/01/26), (Renumbered from 59-2-1208, as last amended by
77	Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 391)
78	59-2a-401 (Effective 01/01/26), (Renumbered from 59-2-1803, as last amended by
79	Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 471)
80	59-2a-402 (Effective 01/01/26), (Renumbered from 59-2-1804, as last amended by
81	Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 354)
82	59-2a-501 (Effective 01/01/26), (Renumbered from 59-2-1903, as last amended by
83	Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 44)
84	59-2a-502 (Effective 01/01/26), (Renumbered from 59-2-1904, as last amended by
85	Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 483)
86	59-2a-602 (Effective 01/01/26), (Renumbered from 59-2-1902, as enacted by Laws of
87	Utah 2019, Chapter 453)
88	59-2a-701 (Effective 01/01/26), (Renumbered from 59-2-1802, as last amended by
89	Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 241)
90	59-2a-801 (Effective 01/01/26), (Renumbered from 59-2-1802.1, as enacted by
91	Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 263)
92	59-2a-901 (Effective 01/01/26), (Renumbered from 59-2-1802.5, as last amended
93	by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 241)
94	REPEALS:
95	59-2-1801 (Effective 01/01/26), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 241,
96	263
97	59-2-1806 (Effective 01/01/26), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 354
98	59-2-1901 (Effective 01/01/26), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 329,
99	461

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59-2-1905 (Effective 01/01/26), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 354
59-2-1906 (Effective 01/01/26), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 471
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 59-2-109.1 is amended to read:
59-2-109.1 (Effective 01/01/26). Burden of proof for an appeal involving
property eligible for deferral for 2023.
(1) This section applies to an appeal to the county board of equalization or the commission
involving the valuation or equalization of real property that is eligible for a deferral
under Section [59-2-1802.1] 59-2a-801 for the calendar year that begins on January 1,
2023.
(2)(a) The party carrying the burden of proof shall demonstrate:
(i) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), substantial error in:
(A) the adjusted value set by the county assessor in accordance with Section
59-2-303.3 in an appeal to the county board of equalization; or
(B) the value set by the county board of equalization in an appeal to the
commission; and
(ii) a sound evidentiary basis to support the value the party requests.
(b) The party carrying the burden of proof does not have to show substantial error as
required by Subsection (2)(a)(i) if the party is requesting:
(i) the adjusted value in an appeal to the <u>county</u> board of equalization; or
(ii) the value set by the county board of equalization in an appeal to the commission.
(3) The following shall carry the burden of proof:
(a) the county assessor or the county board of equalization that is a party to the appeal
has the burden of proof to support the value the county assessor or the county board
of equalization requests; and
(b) the taxpayer that is a party to the appeal has the burden of proof to support the value
the taxpayer requests.
Section 2. Section 59-2-1004.1 is amended to read:
59-2-1004.1 (Effective 01/01/26). Appeals of valuation or equalization of
property eligible for deferral for 2023.
(1)(a) Subject to Subsections (2) through (4) and for the calendar year that begins on
January 1, 2023, a taxpayer may file an appeal to the commission of the valuation or
equalization of real property that is eligible for a deferral under Section [59-2-1802.1]

134	59-2a-801 for the calendar year that begins on January 1, 2023, if:
135	(i) the taxpayer filed an appeal of the valuation or equalization of the property with
136	the county board of equalization for the calendar year that begins on January 1,
137	2023;
138	(ii) the county board of equalization has issued a decision in accordance with Section
139	59-2-1004;
140	(iii) the parties have not entered a stipulation regarding the value of the property; and
141	(iv) the county board of equalization does not make an adjustment in accordance with
142	Subsection 59-2-303.3.
143	(b) A taxpayer shall file an appeal to the commission on or before June 30, 2025.
144	(c) This Subsection (1) does not allow more than one formal adjudicative proceeding by
145	the commission for the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2023.
146	(2)(a) For the calendar year that begins on January 1, 2023, a taxpayer may file an
147	appeal of the valuation or equalization of real property for which a county assessor
148	makes an adjustment under [Subsection] Subsection 59-2-303.3(3) for the calendar
149	year that begins on January 1, 2023, in accordance with this Subsection (2).
150	(b) A taxpayer shall make an appeal under this Subsection (2):
151	(i) to the county board of equalization; and
152	(ii) on or before June 30, 2025.
153	(c) If a taxpayer is dissatisfied with the decision of the county board of equalization, the
154	taxpayer may file an appeal with the commission as described in Section 59-2-1006.
155	(d) A taxpayer may file an appeal of the valuation or equalization of property under this
156	Subsection (2) regardless of whether:
157	(i) the taxpayer previously filed an appeal of the valuation or equalization of the
158	property for the calendar year that begins on January 1, 2023;
159	(ii) the county board of equalization has issued a decision on the appeal in
160	accordance with Section 59-2-1004;
161	(iii) the commission has issued a decision on the appeal in accordance with Section
162	59-2-1006;
163	(iv) the parties have entered a stipulation regarding the value of the property; or
164	(v) any appeal of the valuation or equalization of the property for the calendar year
165	that begins on January 1, 2023, has been closed.
166	(3) Except as specifically provided in this section:
167	(a) an appeal to the county board of equalization shall be filed in accordance with

168	Section 59-2-1004; and
169	(b) an appeal to the commission shall be filed in accordance with Section 59-2-1006.
170	(4) For each property eligible to receive a deferral under Section [59-2-1802.1] 59-2a-801,
171	this section may not be interpreted to require a taxpayer to refile:
172	(a) an application to appeal in accordance with Section 59-2-1004 if an appeal before the
173	county board of equalization is pending for the calendar year that begins on January
174	1, 2023; or
175	(b) a notice of appeal in accordance with Section 59-2-1006 if an appeal before the
176	commission is pending for the calendar year that begins on January 1, 2023.
177	Section 3. Section 59-2-1006 is amended to read:
178	59-2-1006 (Effective 01/01/26). Appeal to commission Duties of auditor
179	Decision by commission.
180	(1) Any person dissatisfied with the decision of the county board of equalization concerning
181	the assessment and equalization of any property, or the determination of any exemption
182	in which the person has an interest, or a tax relief decision made under designated
183	decision-making authority as described in Section 59-2-1101 or Chapter 2a, Tax Relief
184	Through Property Tax, may appeal that decision to the commission by:
185	(a) filing a notice of appeal specifying the grounds for the appeal with the county auditor
186	within 30 days after the final action of the county board or entity with designated
187	decision-making authority described in Section 59-2-1101 or Chapter 2a, Tax Relief
188	Through Property Tax; and
189	(b) if the county assessor valued the property in accordance with Section 59-2-301.8 and
190	the taxpayer intends to contest the value of personal property located in a
191	multi-tenant residential property, as that term is defined in Section 59-2-301.8,
192	submitting a signed statement of the personal property with the notice of appeal.
193	(2) The auditor shall:
194	(a) file one notice with the commission;
195	(b) certify and transmit to the commission:
196	(i) the minutes of the proceedings of the county board of equalization or entity with
197	designated decision-making authority for the matter appealed;
198	(ii) all documentary evidence received in that proceeding; and
199	(iii) a transcript of any testimony taken at that proceeding that was preserved;
200	(c) if the appeal is from a hearing where an exemption was granted or denied, certify and
201	transmit to the commission the written decision of:

202	(i) the board of equalization as required by Section 59-2-1102; or
203	(ii) the entity with designated decision-making authority; and
204	(d) any signed statement submitted in accordance with Subsection (1)(b).
205	(3) In reviewing a decision described in Subsection (1), the commission may:
206	(a) admit additional evidence;
207	(b) issue orders that it considers to be just and proper; and
208	(c) make any correction or change in the assessment or order of the county board of
209	equalization or entity with decision-making authority.
210	(4) In reviewing evidence submitted to the commission to decide an appeal under this
211	section, the commission shall consider and weigh:
212	(a) the accuracy, reliability, and comparability of the evidence presented;
213	(b) if submitted, the sales price of relevant property that was under contract for sale as of
214	the lien date but sold after the lien date;
215	(c) if submitted, the sales offering price of property that was offered for sale as of the
216	lien date but did not sell, including considering and weighing the amount of time for
217	which, and manner in which, the property was offered for sale; and
218	(d) if submitted, other evidence that is relevant to determining the fair market value of
219	the property.
220	(5) In reviewing a decision described in Subsection (1), the commission shall adjust
221	property valuations to reflect a value equalized with the assessed value of other
222	comparable properties if:
223	(a) the issue of equalization of property values is raised; and
224	(b) the commission determines that the property that is the subject of the appeal deviates
225	in value plus or minus 5% from the assessed value of comparable properties.
226	(6) The commission shall decide all appeals taken pursuant to this section not later than
227	March 1 of the following year for real property and within 90 days for personal property,
228	and shall report its decision, order, or assessment to the county auditor, who shall make
229	all changes necessary to comply with the decision, order, or assessment.
230	Section 4. Section 59-2-1331 is amended to read:
231	59-2-1331 (Effective 01/01/26). Property tax due date Date tax is delinquent
232	Penalty Interest Payments Refund of prepayment.
233	(1)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b) and subject to Subsections (1)(c) and (d),
234	all property taxes, unless otherwise specifically provided for under Section 59-2-1332,
234a	

235	or other law, and any tax notice charges, are due on November 30 of each year
236	following the date of levy.
237	(b) If November 30 falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday:
238	(i) the date of the next following day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday shall
239	be substituted in Subsection (1)(a) and Subsection 59-2-1332(1) for November 30;
240	and
241	(ii) the date of the day occurring 30 days after the date under Subsection (1)(b)(i)
242	shall be substituted in Subsection 59-2-1332(1) for December 30.
243	(c) If a property tax is paid or postmarked after the due date described in this Subsection
244	(1) the property tax is delinquent.
245	(d) A county treasurer or other public official, public entity, or public employee may not
246	require the payment of a property tax before the due date described in this Subsection
247	(1).
248	(2)(a) Except as provided in Subsections (2)(e), (f), and (g)(i), for each parcel, all
249	delinquent taxes and tax notice charges on each separately assessed parcel are subject
250	to a penalty of 2.5% of the amount of the delinquent taxes and tax notice charges or
251	\$10, whichever is greater.
252	(b) Unless the delinquent taxes and tax notice charges, together with the penalty, are
253	paid on or before January 31, the amount of taxes and tax notice charges and penalty
254	shall bear interest on a per annum basis from the January 1 immediately following
255	the delinquency date.
256	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d), for purposes of Subsection (2)(b), the
257	interest rate is equal to the sum of:
258	(i) 6%; and
259	(ii) the federal funds rate target:
260	(A) established by the Federal Open [Markets] Market Committee; and
261	(B) that exists on the January 1 immediately following the date of delinquency.
262	(d) The interest rate described in Subsection (2)(c) may not be:
263	(i) less than 7%; or
264	(ii) more than 10%.
265	(e) The penalty described in Subsection (2)(a) is 1% of the amount of the delinquent
266	taxes and tax notice charges or \$10, whichever is greater, if all delinquent taxes, all
267	tax notice charges, and the penalty are paid on or before the January 31 immediately
268	following the delinquency date.

269	(f) This section does not apply to the costs, charges, and interest rate accruing on any tax
270	notice charge related to an assessment assessed in accordance with:
271	(i) Title 11, Chapter 42, Assessment Area Act; or
272	(ii) Title 11, Chapter 42a, Commercial Property Assessed Clean Energy Act.
273	(g)(i) The county shall waive any penalty or interest for a property granted a deferral
274	in accordance with Section [59-2-1802.1] 59-2a-801 from the day of the
275	delinquency through the end of the deferral period.
276	(ii) Penalties and interest accrue in accordance with this Subsection (2) on any tax or
277	tax notice charge that is delinquent after the deferral period ends.
278	(3)(a) If the delinquency exceeds one year, the amount of taxes, tax notice charges, and
279	penalties for that year and all succeeding years shall bear interest until settled in full
280	through redemption or tax sale.
281	(b) The interest rate to be applied shall be calculated for each year as established under
282	Subsection (2) and shall apply on each individual year's delinquency until paid.
283	(4) The county treasurer may accept and credit on account against taxes and tax notice
284	charges becoming due during the current year, at any time before or after the tax rates
285	are adopted, but not subsequent to the date of delinquency, either:
286	(a) payments in amounts of not less than \$10; or
287	(b) the full amount of the unpaid tax and tax notice charges.
288	(5)(a) At any time before the county treasurer provides the tax notice described in
289	Section 59-2-1317, the county treasurer may refund amounts accepted and credited
290	on account against taxes and tax notice charges becoming due during the current year.
291	(b) Upon recommendation by the county treasurer, the county legislative body shall
292	adopt rules or ordinances to implement the provisions of this Subsection (5).
293	Section 5. Section 59-2-1343 is amended to read:
294	59-2-1343 (Effective 01/01/26). Tax sale listing.
295	(1)(a) If any property is not redeemed by March 15 following the lapse of four years
296	from the date when any item in Subsection (1)(b) became delinquent, the county
297	treasurer shall immediately file a listing with the county auditor of all properties
298	whose redemption period is expiring in the nearest forthcoming tax sale to pay all
299	outstanding property taxes and tax notice charges.
300	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), a delinquency of any of the following
301	triggers the tax sale process described in Subsection (1)(a):
302	(i) property tax; or

303	(ii) a tax notice charge.
304	(c) A property tax or a tax notice charge that is deferred in accordance with Section [
305	59-2-1802.1] 59-2a-801 is delinquent only if full payment of the property tax and any
306	tax notice charges is not made before the end of the five-year deferral period.
307	(2) The listing is known as the "tax sale listing."
308	Section 6. Section 59-2a-101 , which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1202 is renumbered
308	and amended to read:
310	CHAPTER 2a. TAX RELIEF THROUGH PROPERTY TAX
311	Part 1. General Provisions
312	[59-2-1202] 59-2a-101 (Effective 01/01/26). Definitions.
313	As used in this [part] chapter:
314	(1) "Active component of the United States Armed Forces" means the same as that term is
315	defined in Section 59-10-1027.
316	(2) "Active duty claimant" means a member of an active component of the United States
317	Armed Forces or a reserve component of the United States Armed Forces who:
318	(a) performed qualifying active duty military service; and
319	(b) applies for an exemption described in Part 6, Active Duty Armed Forces Exemption.
320	(3) <u>"Adjusted taxable value limit" means:</u>
321	(a) for the calendar year that begins on January 1, 2023, \$479,504; or
322	(b) for each calendar year after the calendar year that begins on January 1, 2023, the
323	amount of the adjusted taxable value limit for the previous year plus an amount
324	calculated by multiplying the amount of the adjusted taxable value limit for the
325	previous year by the actual percent change in the consumer price index during the
326	previous calendar year.
327	(4) <u>"Claim" means:</u>
328	(a) a claim for tax abatement described in Subsection (21)(a) or a credit under Part 2,
329	Renter's Credit, or Part 3, Homeowner's Credit;
330	(b) an exemption under Part 5, Veteran Armed Forces Exemption, or Part 6, Active Duty
331	Armed Forces Exemption; or
332	(c) an application for an abatement under Part 4, Abatement for Indigent Individuals, or
333	a deferral under Part 7, Discretionary Deferral, Part 8, Nondiscretionary Deferral for
334	Property with Qualifying Increase, or Part 9, Nondiscretionary Deferral for Elderly
335	Property Owners.
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336	[(1)] (5)(a) "Claimant" means a homeowner or renter who:
337	(i) files a claim under [this part] Part 2, Renter's Credit, or Part 3, Homeowner's Credit,
338	for a residence;
339	(ii) is domiciled in this state for the entire calendar year for which a claim for relief is
340	filed[under this part]; and
341	(iii) on or before December 31 of the year for which a claim for relief is filed[-under
342	this part], is:
343	(A) 66 years old or older if the individual was born on or before December 31,
344	1959; or
345	(B) 67 years old or older if the individual was born on or after January 1, 1960.
346	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection $[(1)(a)]$ (5)(a), "claimant" includes a surviving spouse:
347	(i) regardless of:
348	(A) the age of the surviving spouse; or
349	(B) the age of the deceased spouse at the time of death;
350	(ii) if the surviving spouse meets:
351	(A) the requirements [of this part except for the age requirement] described in
352	Subsections (5)(a)(i) and (5)(a)(ii); and
353	(B) the income requirements described in Part 2, Renter's Credit, if the surviving
354	spouse is filing a claim for a renter's credit or Part 3, Homeowner's Credit, if
355	the surviving spouse is filing a claim for a homeowner's credit;
356	(iii) if the surviving spouse is part of the same household of the deceased spouse at
357	the time of death of the deceased spouse; and
358	(iv) if the surviving spouse is unmarried at the time the surviving spouse files the
359	claim.
360	(c) If two or more individuals of a household are able to meet the qualifications for a
361	claimant, [they] the individuals may determine among them as to who the claimant
362	shall be, but if [they] the individuals are unable to agree, the matter shall be referred
363	to the county legislative body for a determination of the claimant of an owned
364	residence and to the commission for a determination of the claimant of a rented
365	residence.
366	[(2)] <u>(6)</u> "Consumer price index[-housing]" means:
367	(a) for Part 2, Renter's Credit, and Part 3, Homeowner's Credit, the Consumer Price
368	Index - All Urban Consumers, Housing United States Cities Average, published by
369	the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor; and

370	(b) for the other parts of this chapter, the same as that term is described in Section
371	1(f)(4), Internal Revenue Code, and defined in Section 1(f)(5), Internal Revenue Code.
372	(7) "Deceased veteran with a disability" means a deceased individual who was a veteran
373	with a disability at the time the individual died.
374	(8) "Deferral" means a postponement of a tax due date or a tax notice charge granted in
375	accordance with Section 59-2a-701, 59-2a-801, or 59-2a-901.
376	(9) "Eligible owner" means an owner of an attached or a detached single-family residence:
377	(a)(i) who is 75 years old or older on or before December 31 of the year in which the
378	individual applies for a deferral under this part;
379	(ii) whose household income does not exceed 200% of the maximum household
380	income certified to a homeowner's credit described in Section 59-2a-305; and
381	(iii) whose household liquid resources do not exceed 20 times the amount of property
382	taxes levied on the owner's residence for the preceding calendar year; or
383	(b) that is a trust described in Section 59-2a-109 if the grantor of the trust is an
384	individual described in Subsection (9)(a).
385	(10) "Eligible property" means property owned by a veteran claimant that is:
386	(a) the veteran claimant's primary residence, including a residence that the veteran
387	claimant does not reside in because the veteran claimant is admitted as an inpatient at
388	a health care facility as defined in Section 26B-4-501; or
389	(b) tangible personal property that:
390	(i) is held exclusively for personal use; and
391	(ii) is not used in a trade or business.
392	[(3)] (11)(a) "Gross rent" means rent actually paid in cash or [its] the cash equivalent
393	solely for the right of occupancy, at [arm's-length] arm's length, of a residence,
394	exclusive of charges for any utilities, services, furniture, furnishings, or personal
395	appliances furnished by the landlord as a part of the rental agreement.
396	(b) If a claimant occupies two or more residences in the year, "gross rent" means the
397	total rent paid for the residences during the one-year period for which the renter files
398	a claim under this part.
399	[(4)] (12)(a) "Homeowner" means:
400	(i) an individual whose name is listed on the deed of a residence; or
401	(ii) if a residence is owned in a qualifying trust, an individual who is a grantor,
402	trustor, or settlor or holds another similar role in the trust.
403	(b) "Homeowner" does not include:

404	(i) if a residence is owned by any type of entity other than a qualifying trust, an		
405	individual who holds an ownership interest in that entity; or		
406	(ii) an individual who is listed on a deed of a residence along with an entity other		
407	than a qualifying trust.		
408	[(5)] (13) "Homeowner's credit" means a credit against a claimant's property tax liability.		
409	[(6)] (14) "Household" means the association of individuals who live in the same dwelling,		
410	sharing the dwelling's furnishings, facilities, accommodations, and expenses.		
411	[(7)] (15)(a) [Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), "household] "Household income"		
412	means all income received by all members of a claimant's household in:		
413	(i) for a claimant who owns a residence, the calendar year preceding the calendar		
414	year in which property taxes are due; or		
415	(ii) for a claimant who rents a residence, the year for which a claim is filed.		
416	(b) "Household income" does not include income received by a member of a claimant's		
417	household who is:		
418	(i) under the age of 18; or		
419	(ii) a parent or a grandparent, through blood, marriage, or adoption, of the claimant or		
420	the claimant's spouse.		
421	(16) "Household liquid resources" means the following resources that are not included in an		
422	individual's household income and held by one or more members of the individual's		
423	household:		
424	(a) cash on hand;		
425	(b) money in a checking or savings account;		
426	(c) savings certificates; and		
427	(d) stocks or bonds.		
428	[(8)] (17) "Income" means the sum of:		
429	(a) federal adjusted gross income as defined in Section 62, Internal Revenue Code; and		
430	(b) nontaxable income.		
431	(18) "Indigent individual" means a poor individual as described in Utah Constitution,		
432	Article XIII, Section 3, Subsection (4), who:		
433	(a)(i) is 65 years old or older; or		
434	(ii) is less than 65 years old and:		
435	(A) the county finds that extreme hardship would prevail on the individual if the		
436	county does not defer or abate the individual's taxes; or		
437	(B) the individual has a disability;		

438	(b) has a total household income of less than the maximum household income certified	
439	to a homeowner's credit described in Section 59-2a-305;	
440	(c) resides for at least 10 months of the year in the residence that would be subject to the	
441	requested abatement; and	
442	(d) cannot pay the tax assessed on the individual's residence when the tax becomes due.	
443	(19) "Military entity" means:	
444	(a) the United States Department of Veterans Affairs;	
445	(b) an active component of the United States Armed Forces; or	
446	(c) a reserve component of the United States Armed Forces.	
447	[(9)] (20)(a) "Nontaxable income" means amounts excluded from adjusted gross income	
448	under the Internal Revenue Code, including:	
449	(i) capital gains;	
450	(ii) loss carry forwards claimed during the taxable year in which a claimant files for	
451	relief under this [part or Part 18, Tax Deferral and Tax Abatement] chapter;	
452	(iii) depreciation claimed pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code by a claimant on the	
453	residence for which the claimant files for relief under this [part or Part 18, Tax	
454	Deferral and Tax Abatement] chapter;	
455	(iv) support money received;	
456	(v) nontaxable strike benefits;	
457	(vi) the gross amount of a pension or annuity, including benefits under the Railroad	
458	Retirement Act of 1974, 45 U.S.C. Sec. 231 et seq., and veterans disability	
459	pensions;	
460	(vii) except for payments described in Subsection [(9)(b)(vi)] (20)(b)(vi), payments	
461	received under the Social Security Act;	
462	(viii) state unemployment insurance amounts;	
463	(ix) nontaxable interest received from any source;	
464	(x) workers' compensation;	
465	(xi) the gross amount of "loss of time" insurance; and	
466	(xii) voluntary contributions to a tax-deferred retirement plan.	
467	(b) "Nontaxable income" does not include:	
468	(i) public assistance;	
469	(ii) aid, assistance, or contributions from a tax-exempt nongovernmental source;	
470	(iii) surplus foods;	
471	(iv) relief in kind supplied by a public or private agency;	

472	(v) relief provided under this [part or Part 18, Tax Deferral and Tax Abatement]			
473	chapter;			
474	(vi) Social Security Disability Income payments received under the Social Security			
475	Act;			
476	(vii) federal tax refunds;			
477	(viii) federal child tax credits received under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 24;			
478	(ix) federal earned income tax credits received under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 32;			
479	(x) payments received under a reverse mortgage;			
480	(xi) payments or reimbursements to senior program volunteers under 42 U.S.C. Sec.			
481				
482	(xii) gifts or bequests.			
483	[(10)] (21)(a) "Property taxes accrued" means property taxes, exclusive of special			
484	assessments, delinquent interest, and charges for service, levied on 35% of the fair			
485	market value, as reflected on the assessment roll, of a claimant's residence in this			
486	state.			
487	(b) For a mobile home, "property taxes accrued" includes taxes imposed on both the land			
488	upon which the home is situated and on the structure of the home itself, whether			
489	classified as real property or personal property taxes.			
490	(c) The relief described in Subsection $[(10)(a)] (21)(a)$ constitutes:			
491	(i) a tax abatement for the poor in accordance with Utah Constitution, Article XIII,			
492	Section 3; and			
493	(ii) the residential exemption provided for in Section 59-2-103.			
494	(d) For purposes of this Subsection [(10)] (21), property taxes accrued are levied on the			
495	lien date.			
496	(e) When a household owns and occupies two or more different residences in this state			
497	in the same calendar year, and neither residence is acquired or sold during the			
498	calendar year for which relief is claimed under this part, property taxes accrued shall			
499	relate only to the residence occupied on the lien date by the household as the			
500	household's principal place of residence.			
501	(f)(i) If a residence is an integral part of a large unit such as a farm or a multipurpose			
502	or multidwelling building, property taxes accrued shall be calculated on the			
503	percentage that the value of the residence is of the total value of the unit.			
504	(ii) For purposes of this Subsection $[(10)(f)] (21)(f)$, "unit" refers to the parcel of			
505	property covered by a single tax statement of which the residence is a part.			

506	(22) "Property taxes due" means:			
507	(a) for a claimant:			
508	(i) the taxes due for which the county or the commission grants a tax abatement for			
509	the poor described in Subsection 59-2a-101(21) or a credit; and			
510	(ii) for the calendar year for which the tax abatement for the poor or credit is granted;			
511	(b) for an indigent individual:			
512	(i) the taxes due for which a county granted an abatement under Section 59-2a-401;			
513	and			
514	(ii) for the calendar year for which the county grants the abatement;			
515	(c) for an active duty claimant:			
516	(i) the taxes due for which the county or the commission grants an exemption; and			
517	(ii) for the calendar year for which the exemption is granted; or			
518	(d) for a veteran claimant:			
519	(i)(A) the taxes due for which the county or the commission grants an exemption;			
520	and			
521	(B) for the calendar year for which the exemption is granted; and			
522	(ii) a uniform fee on tangible personal property described in Section 59-2-405 that is:			
523	(A) owned by the veteran claimant; and			
524	(B) assessed for the calendar year for which the county grants an exemption.			
525	(23) "Property taxes paid" means an amount equal to the sum of:			
526	(a) the amount of property taxes, and for a veteran claimant, uniform fee, paid for the			
527	taxable year for which the individual applied for relief described in this chapter; and			
528	(b) the amount of the relief the county grants under this chapter.			
529	[(11)] (24) "Public assistance" means:			
530	(a) medical assistance provided under Title 26B, Chapter 3, Health Care -			
531	Administration and Assistance;			
532	(b) SNAP benefits as defined in Section 35A-1-102;			
533	(c) services or benefits provided under Title 35A, Chapter 3, Employment Support Act;			
534	and			
535	(d) foster care maintenance payments provided from the General Fund or under Title			
536	IV-E of the Social Security Act.			
537	(25) "Qualifying active duty military service" means at least 200 days, regardless of			
538	whether consecutive, in any continuous 365-day period of active duty military service			
539	outside the state in an active component of the United States Armed Forces or a reserve			

540	component of the United States Armed Forces, if the days of active duty military services			
540 541	<u>component of the United States Armed Forces, if the days of active duty military service:</u>(a) were completed in the year before an individual applies for an exemption described			
541 542				
542 543	in Section 59-2a-601; and (b) have not previously have counted as evalifying active duty military corries for			
	(b) have not previously been counted as qualifying active duty military service for			
544	purposes of qualifying for an exemption described in Section 59-2a-601 or applying			
545	for the exemption as described in Section 59-2a-602.			
546	(26) "Qualifying disabled veteran claimant" means a veteran claimant who has a 100%			
547	service-connected disability rating by the Veterans Benefits Administration that is			
548	permanent and total.			
549	(27) "Qualifying increase" means a valuation that is equal to or more than 150% higher			
550	than the previous year's valuation for property that:			
551	(a) is county assessed; and			
552	(b) on or after January 1 of the previous year and before January 1 of the current year			
553	has not had:			
554	(i) a physical improvement if the fair market value of the physical improvement			
555	increases enough to result in the valuation increase solely as a result of the			
556	physical improvement;			
557	(ii) a zoning change if the fair market value of the real property increases enough to			
558	result in the valuation increase solely as a result of the zoning change; or			
559	(iii) a change in the legal description of the real property, if the fair market value of			
560	the real property increases enough to result in the valuation increase solely as a			
561	result of the change in the legal description of the real property.			
562	[(12)] (28) "Qualifying trust" means a trust holding title to real or tangible personal property			
563	for which an individual:			
564	(a) makes a claim under this part;			
565	(b) proves to the satisfaction of the county that title to the portion of the trust will revest			
566	in the individual upon the exercise of a power:			
567	(i) by:			
568	(A) the individual as grantor, trustor, settlor, or in another similar role of the trust;			
569	(B) a nonadverse party; or			
570	(C) both the individual and a nonadverse party; and			
571	(ii) regardless of whether the power is a power:			
572	(A) to revoke;			
573	(B) to terminate;			

574	(C) to alter;	
575	(D) to amend; or	
576	(E) to appoint; and	
577	(c) is obligated to pay the taxes on that portion of the trust property beginning January 1	
578	of the year the individual makes the claim.	
579	(29) "Relative" means a spouse, child, parent, grandparent, grandchild, brother, sister,	
580	parent-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, nephew, niece, aunt, uncle, first cousin, or a	
581	spouse of any of these individuals.	
582	[(13)] (30)[(a)] "Rental assistance payment" means any payment that:	
583	[(i)] (a) is made by a:	
584	[(A)] (i) governmental entity;	
585	[(B)] (ii) charitable organization; or	
586	[(C)] <u>(iii)</u> religious organization; and	
587	[(ii)] (b) is specifically designated for the payment of rent of a claimant:	
588	[(A)] (i) for the calendar year for which the claimant seeks a renter's credit under this	
589	part; and	
590	[(B)] (ii) regardless of whether the payment is made to the claimant or the landlord.	
591	[(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the	
592	commission may make rules defining the terms:]	
593	[(i) "governmental entity";]	
594	[(ii) "charitable organization"; or]	
595	[(iii) "religious organization."]	
596	(31) "Reserve component of the United States Armed Forces" means the same as that term	
597	is defined in Section 59-10-1027.	
598	[(14)] (32)(a)(i) "Residence" means [the] <u>a</u> dwelling in this state, whether owned or	
599	rented, and so much of the land surrounding the dwelling, not exceeding one acre,	
600	as is reasonably necessary for use of the dwelling as a home.	
601	(ii) "Residence" includes a dwelling that is:	
602	(A) a part of a multidwelling or multipurpose building and a part of the land upon	
603	which the multidwelling or multipurpose building is built; and	
604	(B) a mobile home, manufactured home, or houseboat.	
605	(b) "Residence" does not include personal property such as furniture, furnishings, or	
606	appliances.	
607	(c) For purposes of this Subsection $[(14)]$ (32), "owned" includes a vendee in possession	

608	under a land contract or one or more joint tenants or tenants in common.		
609	(33) "Statement of disability" means a document:		
610	(a) issued by a military entity; and		
611	(b) that lists the percentage of disability for the veteran with a disability or deceased		
612	veteran with a disability.		
613	(34) "Tax notice charge" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-2-1301.5.		
614	(35) "Veteran claimant" means one of the following individuals who applies for an		
615	exemption described in Section 59-2a-501:		
616	(a) a veteran with a disability;		
617	(b) the unmarried surviving spouse:		
618	(i) of a deceased veteran with a disability; or		
619	(ii) a veteran who was killed in action or died in the line of duty; or		
620	(c) a minor orphan:		
621	(i) of a deceased veteran with a disability; or		
622	(ii) a veteran who was killed in action or died in the line of duty.		
623	(36) "Veteran who was killed in action or died in the line of duty" means an individual who		
624	was killed in action or died in the line of duty in an active component of the United		
625	States Armed Forces or a reserve component of the United States Armed Forces,		
626	regardless of whether that individual had a disability at the time that individual was		
627	killed in action or died in the line of duty.		
628	(37) "Veteran with a disability" means an individual with a disability who, during military		
629	training or a military conflict, acquired a disability in the line of duty in an active		
630	component of the United States Armed Forces or a reserve component of the United		
631	States Armed Forces, as determined by a military entity.		
632	Section 7. Section 59-2a-102 , which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1203 is renumbered		
632	and amended to read:		
634	[59-2-1203] 59-2a-102 (Effective 01/01/26). Right to file claim Death of claimant.		
635	(1)(a) The right to file a claim under this part is personal to the [claimant] individual		
636	eligible to file the claim.		
637	(b) The right to file a claim does not survive the [claimant's-]death of the individual		
638	eligible to file the claim.		
639	(c) The right to file a claim may be exercised on behalf of [a claimant] an individual		
640	eligible to file the claim by:		
641	(i) a legal guardian[-of the claimant]; or		

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642 (ii) an attorney-in-fact[-of the claimant]. 643 (2)(a) If [a claimant] an individual dies after having filed a timely claim, the county or 644 the commission shall disburse the amount of the claim [shall be disbursed] to another member of the household as determined by the commission by rule. 645 646 (b) If the [claimant] individual described in Subsection (2)(a) was the only member of 647 the household, the county or the commission may pay the claim [may be paid] to the 648 executor or administrator, except that if neither an executor or administrator is appointed and qualified within two years of the filing of the claim, the amount of the 649 650 claim [shall escheat] escheats to the state. 651 (3) If the [elaimant] individual is the grantor, trustor, or settlor of or holds another similar 652 role in a qualifying trust and the [claimant] individual meets the requirements of [this part] 653 one or more parts of this chapter, the [claimant] individual may claim the portion of the 654 credit and be treated as the owner of that portion of the property held in trust. 655 (4) The relief described in Subsection [59-2-1202(10)(a)] 59-2a-101(21)(a) is in addition to 656 any other exemption or reduction for which a homeowner may be eligible, including the 657 homeowner's credit provided for in Section [59-2-1206] 59-2a-305. 658 Section 8. Section 59-2a-103, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1211 is renumbered 658 and amended to read: [59-2-1211] 59-2a-103 (Effective 01/01/26). Forms and instructions -- County legislative 660 661 body authority to adopt rules or ordinances. 662 (1) The commission shall [prescribe and]make available suitable forms and instructions for: (2)(a) [claimants] individuals filing claims; and 663 664 (b) counties. 665 [(2)] (3) A county is not required to use the forms and instructions [prescribed] made 666 available by the commission under Subsection (1) if the county prepares suitable forms 667 and instructions for [a claimant] an individual filing a claim consistent with: (a) this chapter; and 668 (b) rules adopted by the commission. 669 670 $\left[\frac{3}{3}\right]$ (4) The county legislative body may adopt rules or ordinances to: 671 (a) effectuate the property tax relief under this part; and 672 (b) designate one or more persons to perform the functions given the county under this 673 part. 674 Section 9. Section 59-2a-104, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1214 is renumbered 674 and amended to read:

676	[59-2-1214] 59-2a-104 (Effective 01/01/26). Redetermination of claim by commission or
677	county.
678	(1) If, on the audit of any claim filed under this [part] chapter, the commission or the county
679	determines the amount has been incorrectly determined, the commission or the county
680	shall:
681	(a) redetermine the claim; and
682	(b) notify the [claimant] individual filing the claim of the redetermination and [its] the
683	reason for the redetermination.
684	(2) The redetermination provided in Subsection (1)(a) [shall be] is final unless appealed
685	within 30 days after the day on which the commission or the county provides the notice
686	required by Subsection (1)(b).
687	Section 10. Section 59-2a-105 , which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1215 is renumbered
687	and amended to read:
689	[59-2-1215] 59-2a-105 (Effective 01/01/26). Fraudulently or negligently prepared claim
690	Penalties and interest.
691	(1)(a) If the commission or the county determines that a claim is excessive and was
692	filed with fraudulent intent, the commission or the county shall:
693	(i) <u>disallow</u> the claim [shall be disallowed] in full;
694	(ii) <u>cancel</u> the credit [shall be cancelled]; and
695	(iii) recover the amount paid or claimed [shall be recovered]by assessment[; and]
696	with interest:
697	[(iv) the assessment provided for in Subsection (1)(a)(iii) shall bear interest:]
698	(A) from the date of the claim[;] <u>until the claim is refunded or repaid; and</u>
699	[(B) until refunded or paid; and]
700	[(C)] (B) at the rate of 1% per month.
701	(b) [The claimant, and any person who assists in the preparation or filing of an excessive
702	claim or supplies information upon which an excessive claim was prepared, with
703	fraudulent intent, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.]
704	(i) An individual who files an excessive claim, with fraudulent intent is guilty of a
705	class A misdemeanor.
706	(ii) An individual who assists in the preparation or filing of an excessive claim or
707	supplies information upon which an excessive claim was prepared, with
708	fraudulent intent, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
709	(2) If the commission or the county determines that a claim is excessive and negligently

710	prepared, the commission or the county shall:		
711	(a) <u>disallow</u> 10% of the corrected claim[-shall be disallowed]; and		
712	(b) recover the proper portion of any amount paid [shall be similarly recovered]by		
713	assessment[; and] with interest:		
714	(i) from the date of the claim until the claim is refunded or repaid; and		
715	(ii) at the rate of 1% per month.		
716	[(c) the assessment provided for in Subsection (2)(b) shall bear interest at 1% per month		
717	from the date of payment until refunded or paid.]		
718	Section 11. Section 59-2a-106 , which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1217 is renumbered		
718	and amended to read:		
720	[59-2-1217] <u>5</u>9-2a-106 (Effective 01/01/26). Denial of relief Appeal.		
	Any person aggrieved by the denial in whole or in part of relief claimed		
722	under this[-part] chapter, except when the denial is based upon late filing of claim for relief,		
723	may appeal the denial to the commission by filing a [petition within 30 days after the denial]		
724	notice of appeal in accordance with Section 59-2-1006.		
725	Section 12. Section 59-2a-107 , which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1219 is renumbered		
725	and amended to read:		
	[59-2-1219] 59-2a-107 (Effective 01/01/26). Claim disallowed if residence obtained for		
727	[59-2-1219] <u>5</u>9-2a-107 (Effective 01/01/26). Claim disallowed if residence obtained for		
727 728	[59-2-1219] 59-2a-107 (Effective 01/01/26). Claim disallowed if residence obtained for purpose of receiving benefits.		
728	purpose of receiving benefits.		
728 729	purpose of receiving benefits. A claim shall be disallowed if the commission or county finds that the claimant		
728 729 730	purpose of receiving benefits. A claim shall be disallowed if the commission or county finds that the claimant received title to a residence primarily for the purpose of receiving benefits under this [part]		
728 729 730 731	<pre>purpose of receiving benefits. A claim shall be disallowed if the commission or county finds that the claimant received title to a residence primarily for the purpose of receiving benefits under this [part] chapter.</pre>		
728 729 730 731 732	purpose of receiving benefits. A claim shall be disallowed if the commission or county finds that the claimant received title to a residence primarily for the purpose of receiving benefits under this [part] chapter. Section 13. Section 59-2a-108, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1220 is renumbered		
728 729 730 731 732 732	purpose of receiving benefits. A claim shall be disallowed if the commission or county finds that the claimant received title to a residence primarily for the purpose of receiving benefits under this [part] chapter. Section 13. Section 59-2a-108, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1220 is renumbered and amended to read:		
 728 729 730 731 732 732 734 	<pre>purpose of receiving benefits. A claim shall be disallowed if the commission or county finds that the claimant received title to a residence primarily for the purpose of receiving benefits under this [part] chapter. Section 13. Section 59-2a-108, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1220 is renumbered and amended to read: [59-2-1220]-59-2a-108 (Effective 01/01/26). Extension of time for filing application</pre>		
 728 729 730 731 732 732 732 734 735 	purpose of receiving benefits. A claim shall be disallowed if the commission or county finds that the claimant received title to a residence primarily for the purpose of receiving benefits under this [part] <u>chapter</u> . Section 13. Section 59-2a-108, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1220 is renumbered and amended to read: [59-2-1220] 59-2a-108 (Effective 01/01/26). Extension of time for filing application Rulemaking authority County authority to make refunds.		
 728 729 730 731 732 732 732 734 735 736 	purpose of receiving benefits. A claim shall be disallowed if the commission or county finds that the claimant received title to a residence primarily for the purpose of receiving benefits under this [part] chapter. Section 13. Section 59-2a-108, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1220 is renumbered and amended to read: [59-2-1220] 59-2a-108 (Effective 01/01/26). Extension of time for filing application Rulemaking authority County authority to make refunds. (1)(a) The commission or a county may extend the time for filing an application until		
 728 729 730 731 732 732 734 735 736 737 	purpose of receiving benefits. A claim shall be disallowed if the commission or county finds that the claimant received title to a residence primarily for the purpose of receiving benefits under this [part] chapter. Section 13. Section 59-2a-108, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1220 is renumbered and amended to read: [59-2-1220] 59-2a-108 (Effective 01/01/26). Extension of time for filing application Rulemaking authority County authority to make refunds. (1)(a) The commission or a county may extend the time for filing an application until December 31 of the year the application is required to be filed if, subject to any rules		
 728 729 730 731 732 732 734 735 736 737 738 	purpose of receiving benefits. A claim shall be disallowed if the commission or county finds that the claimant received title to a residence primarily for the purpose of receiving benefits under this [part] chapter. Section 13. Section 59-2a-108, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1220 is renumbered and amended to read: [59-2-1220] 59-2a-108 (Effective 01/01/26). Extension of time for filing application Rulemaking authority County authority to make refunds. (1)(a) The commission or a county may extend the time for filing an application until December 31 of the year the application is required to be filed if, subject to any rules made by the commission under Subsection (1)(b), the commission or county finds		
 728 729 730 731 732 732 734 735 736 737 738 739 	 purpose of receiving benefits. A claim shall be disallowed if the commission or county finds that the claimant received title to a residence primarily for the purpose of receiving benefits under this [part] chapter. Section 13. Section 59-2a-108, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1220 is renumbered and amended to read: [59-2-1220] 59-2a-108 (Effective 01/01/26). Extension of time for filing application Rulemaking authority County authority to make refunds. (1)(a) The commission or a county may extend the time for filing an application until December 31 of the year the application is required to be filed if, subject to any rules made by the commission under Subsection (1)(b), the commission or county finds that good cause exists to extend the deadline. 		
 728 729 730 731 732 732 734 735 736 737 738 739 740 	 purpose of receiving benefits. A claim shall be disallowed if the commission or county finds that the claimant received title to a residence primarily for the purpose of receiving benefits under this [part] chapter. Section 13. Section 59-2a-108, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1220 is renumbered and amended to read: [59-2-1220] 59-2a-108 (Effective 01/01/26). Extension of time for filing application Rulemaking authority County authority to make refunds. (1)(a) The commission or a county may extend the time for filing an application until December 31 of the year the application is required to be filed if, subject to any rules made by the commission under Subsection (1)(b), the commission or county finds that good cause exists to extend the deadline. (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 		

744	(2)[(a) For purposes of this Subsection (2):]	
745	[(i) "Abatement" means the amount of property taxes accrued that constitutes a tax	
746	abatement for the poor in accordance with Subsection 59-2-1202(10).]	
747	[(ii) "Credit" means a homeowner's credit or renter's credit authorized by this part.]	
748	[(iii) "Property taxes due" means the taxes due on a claimant's property:]	
749	[(A) for which the county or the commission grants an abatement or a credit; and]	
750	[(B) for the calendar year for which the abatement or credit is granted.]	
751	[(iv) "Property taxes paid" is an amount equal to the sum of:]	
752	[(A) the amount of the property taxes paid for the taxable year for which the claimant is	
753	applying for the abatement or credit; and]	
754	[(B) the amount of the abatement or credit the county or the commission grants.]	
755	[(b) A county or the commission granting an abatement or a credit to a claimant] \underline{A}	
756	county granting an abatement described in Subsection 59-2a-101(21) or to an	
757	indigent individual, a homeowner's credit, or an exemption described in Part 5,	
758	Veteran Armed Forces Exemption, or Part 6, Active Duty Armed Forces Exemption,	
759	shall refund to [that claimant] the recipient of the abatement, homeowner's credit, or	
760	exemption an amount equal to the amount by which the [claimant's-]property taxes	
761	paid exceed the [claimant's-]property taxes due, if that amount is \$1 or more.	
762	Section 14. Section 59-2a-109 , which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1805 is renumbered	
762	52 and amended to read:	
764	[59-2-1805] 59-2a-109 (Effective 01/01/26). Treatment of trusts.	
765	If an applicant for <u>a homeowner's credit, a deferral</u> , or <u>an abatement is the grantor</u>	
766	of a trust holding title to real or tangible personal property for which a homeowner's credit, a	
767	deferral, or an abatement is claimed, a county may allow the applicant to claim a portion of	
767a	the	
768	homeowner's credit, deferral, or abatement and be treated as the owner of that portion of the	
769	property held in trust, if the applicant proves to the satisfaction of the county that:	
770	(1) title to the portion of the trust will revest in the applicant upon the exercise of a power	
771	by:	
772	(a) the claimant as grantor of the trust;	
773	(b) a nonadverse party; or	
774	(c) both the claimant and a nonadverse party;	
775	(2) title will revest as described in Subsection (1), regardless of whether the power	
776	described in Subsection (1) is a power to revoke, terminate, alter, amend, or appoint;	

777	(3) the applicant is obligated to pay the taxes on that portion of the trust property beginning		
778	January 1 of the year the claimant claims the homeowner's credit, deferral, or abatement;		
779	and		
780	(4) the claimant satisfies the requirements described in this [part] chapter for homeowner's		
781	credit, deferral, or abatement.		
782	Section 15. Section 59-2a-110, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1807 is renumbered		
782	2 and amended to read:		
784	[59-2-1807] 59-2a-110 (Effective 01/01/26). County legislative body authority to adopt rules		
785	or ordinances.		
786	A county legislative body may adopt rules or ordinances to:		
787	(1) effectuate [an abatement or exemption] a claim under this chapter, other than a claim		
788	under Part 2, Renter's Credit; or		
789	(2) designate one or more persons to perform the functions given to the county under this [
790	part] chapter.		
791	Section 16. Section 59-2a-111 is enacted to read:		
792	59-2a-111 (Effective 01/01/26). Application of Chapter 2, Property Tax Act.		
793	(1) Unless otherwise provided by this chapter, the relief authorized under this chapter shall		
794	be administered, enforced, and interpreted in accordance with Chapter 2, Property Tax		
795	Act.		
796	(2) If relief is granted, the county shall collect the tax due in accordance with the collection		
797	procedures of Chapter 2, Property Tax Act.		
798	Section 17. Section 59-2a-201 is enacted to read:		
799	Part 2. Renter's Credit		
800	<u>59-2a-201</u> (Effective 01/01/26). Purpose.		
801	(1) The purpose of this part is to provide general tax relief for certain persons who rent their		
802	places of residence through a system of tax credits, refunds, and appropriations from the		
803	General Fund.		
804	(2) The relief is to offset in part the general tax burden, a significant portion of which,		
805	directly or indirectly, is represented by property tax.		
806	(3)(a) Accordingly, the tax relief provided by this part is determined in part by reference		
807	to the property tax assessment and collection mechanisms, but is not limited to		
808	property tax relief nor is the tax relief formulated upon the Legislature's power to		
809	relieve property taxes.		

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810 (b) The tax relief is for the general relief of all taxes. 811 Section 18. Section 59-2a-202, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1204 is renumbered 811 and amended to read: 813 [59-2-1204] 59-2a-202 (Effective 01/01/26). Renter's credits authorized -- No interest 814 allowed. 815 (1) [If a claimant who owns a residence files an application for a homeowner's credit 816 under Section 59-2-1206 and meets the requirements of this part, the claimant's property 817 tax liability for the calendar year is equal to property taxes accrued.] A claimant who 818 rents a residence and meets the requirements of this part may receive a renter's credit. 819 (2)[(a)] A claimant [meeting] who meets the requirements of this part and Part 3, 820 Homeowner's Credit, may claim in any year [either-]a renter's credit under Section [821 59-2-1209 59-2a-205, a homeowner's credit as provided under [Section 59-2-1208] 822 Part 3, Homeowner's Credit, or both. 823 [(b) If a claimant who owns a residence claims a credit under Subsection (2)(a), the 824 credit shall be applied against the claimant's property taxes accrued.] 825 (3) Interest is not allowed on any payment made to a [renter's or homeowner's credit] 826 claimant under this part. 827 Section 19. Section 59-2a-203, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1205 is renumbered 827 and amended to read: 829 [59-2-1205] 59-2a-203 (Effective 01/01/26). Time for filing claim for renter's credit -- One 830 claimant per household per year. 831 (1) [No claim with respect to a renter's credit may be paid or allowed] The commission 832 may not allow or pay a renter's credit unless the claim is actually filed with, and in the 833 possession of, the commission on or before December 31 of each calendar year. 834 (2) Only one claimant per household per calendar year is entitled to payment under this part. 835 Section 20. Section 59-2a-204, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1213 is renumbered 835 and amended to read: 837 [59-2-1213] 59-2a-204 (Effective 01/01/26). Statement required of renter claimant. 838 Every [renter claimant under this part] claimant shall supply to the commission, in 839 support of the claim, a statement showing reasonable proof of rent paid, the name and address 840 of the owner or managing agent of the property rented, and any changes of residence. 841 Section 21. Section **59-2a-205**, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1209 is renumbered 841 and amended to read: 843 [59-2-1209] 59-2a-205 (Effective 01/01/26). Amount of renter's credit -- Cost-of-living

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adjustment -- Prohibition on credit for rental assistance payment -- Calculation of credit
when rent includes utilities -- Limitation -- General Fund as source of credit -- Maximum
credit.

- 847 (1)(a) Subject to Subsections (2) and (3), for a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, [
- 848 2021] 2024, a claimant may claim a renter's credit for the previous calendar year that does not
 849 exceed the following amounts:
- 850

851	If household income is	Percentage of gross rent allowed as a credit
852	\$0 [\$11,785] <u>\$13,884</u>	9.5%
853	[\$11,786 \$15,716] <u>\$13,885 \$18,515</u>	8.5%
854	[\$15,717 \$19,643] <u>\$18,516 \$23,141</u>	7.0%
855	[\$19,644 \$23,572] <u>\$23,142 \$27,770</u>	5.5%
856	[\$23,573 \$27,503] <u>\$27,771 \$32,401</u>	4.0%
857	[\$27,504 \$31,198] <u>\$32,402 \$36,754</u>	3.0%
858	[\$31,199 \$34,666] <u>\$36,755 \$40,840</u>	2.5%

- (b) For a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, [2022] 2025, the commission
 shall increase or decrease the household income eligibility amounts under Subsection
 (1)(a) by a percentage equal to the percentage difference between the [Consumer
 Price Index housing] consumer price index for the preceding calendar year and the [
- 863 Consumer Price Index housing] consume price index for calendar year [2020] 2023.
- 864 (2)(a) A claimant may claim a renter's credit under this part only for gross rent that does
 865 not constitute a rental assistance payment.
- (b) For purposes of determining whether a claimant receives a rental assistance payment
 and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
 the commission may make rules defining the terms:
- (i) "governmental entity";
- 870 (ii) <u>"charitable organization"; or</u>
- 871 (iii) <u>"religious organization."</u>

872 (3) For purposes of calculating gross rent when a claimant's rent includes electricity or

- 873 natural gas and the utility amount is not itemized in the statement provided in
- accordance with Section [59-2-1213] 59-2a-204, the commission shall deduct from rent:
- (a) 7% of rent if the rent includes electricity or natural gas but not both; or

876	(b) 13% of rent if the rent includes both electricity and natural gas.
877	(4) An individual may not receive the renter's credit under this section if the individual is:
878	(a) claimed as a personal exemption on another individual's federal income tax return
879	during any portion of a calendar year for which the individual seeks to claim the
880	renter's credit under this section; or
881	(b) a dependent with respect to whom another individual claims a tax credit under
882	Section 24(h)(4), Internal Revenue Code, during any portion of a calendar year for
883	which the individual seeks to claim the renter's credit under this section.
884	(5) A payment for a renter's credit allowed by this section, and [provided for in Section
885	59-2-1204] authorized by Section 59-2a-202, shall be paid from the General Fund.
886	(6) A credit under this section may not exceed the maximum amount allowed as a
887	homeowner's credit for each income bracket under Section [59-2-1208] 59-2a-305.
888	Section 22. Section 59-2a-206 , which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1216 is renumbered
888	and amended to read:
890	[59-2-1216] 59-2a-206 (Effective 01/01/26). Determination of rent when not arm's-length
891	transaction.
892	If a homestead is rented by a person from another person under circumstances
893	deemed by the commission to be not at [arm's-length] arm's length, the commission may
894	determine rent as at [arm's-length] arm's length, and the determination [shall be] is final unless
895	appealed within 30 days after the day on which the commission determines the rent at arm's
896	length.
897	Section 23. Section 59-2a-301 , which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1201 is renumbered
897	and amended to read:
899	Part 3. Homeowner's Credit
900	[59-2-1201] 59-2a-301 (Effective 01/01/26). Purpose of part.
901	(1) The purpose of this part is to provide general property tax relief for certain persons
902	who own [or rent-]their places of residence through a system of tax credits, refunds, and
903	appropriations from the General Fund.
904	(2) The relief is to offset in part the general tax burden, a significant portion of which,
905	directly or indirectly, is represented by property tax.
906	(3)(a) Accordingly, the tax relief provided by this part is determined in part by reference
907	to the property tax assessment and collection mechanisms, but[, however,] is not
908	limited to property tax relief nor is [it] the tax relief formulated upon the Legislature's

909	power to relieve [those] property taxes.
910	(b) [H] The tax relief is for the general relief of all taxes.
911	Section 24. Section 59-2a-302 is enacted to read:
912	59-2a-302 (Effective 01/01/26). Homeowner's credit authorized No interest
913	allowed.
914	(1) If a claimant who owns a residence meets the requirements of this part, the claimant's
915	property tax liability for the calendar year is equal to property taxes accrued.
916	(2)(a) A claimant meeting the requirements of this part and Part 2, Renter's Credit, may
917	claim in any year a renter's credit under Part 2, Renter's Credit, a homeowner's credit
918	as provided under Section 59-2a-305, or both.
919	(b) If a claimant who owns a residence claims a credit under Subsection (2)(a), the
920	county shall apply the credit against the claimant's property taxes accrued.
921	(3) Interest is not allowed on any payment made to a claimant under this part.
922	Section 25. Section 59-2a-303, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1206 is renumbered
922	and amended to read:
924	[59-2-1206] 59-2a-303 (Effective 01/01/26). Application for homeowner's credit Time for
925	filing Obtaining payment from General Fund.
926	(1)(a) A claimant [applying for a homeowner's credit]shall file annually an application
927	for the credit with the county in which the residence for which the claimant is seeking
928	a homeowner's credit is located before September 1.
929	(b) The application under this section shall:
930	(i) be on forms provided by the county that meet the requirements of [Section
931	59-2-1211] <u>Subsection 59-2a-103(3);</u> and
932	(ii) include a household income statement signed by the claimant stating that:
933	(A) the income statement is correct; and
934	(B) the claimant qualifies for the credit.
935	(c)(i) Subject to Subsection (1)(c)(ii), a county shall apply the credit in accordance
936	with this section and Section [59-2-1207] 59-2a-304 for the year in which the
937	claimant applies for a homeowner's credit if the claimant meets the criteria for
938	obtaining a homeowner's credit as provided in this part.
939	(ii) A homeowner's credit under this part may not exceed the claimant's property tax
940	liability for the residence for the year in which the claimant applies for a
941	homeowner's credit under this part.
942	(d) A claimant may qualify for a homeowner's credit under this part regardless of

943	whether the claimant owes delinquent property taxes	5.
944	(2)(a)(i) The county shall compile a list of claimants and the	homeowner's credits
945	granted to the claimants for purposes of obtaining payme	ent from the General Fund
946	for the amount of credits granted.	
947	(ii) A county may not obtain payment from the Gen	eral Fund for the amount
948	described in Subsection [59-2-1202(10)] 59-2a-2	<u>101(21)</u> .
949	(b) Upon certification by the commission the payment for	or the credits under this
950	Subsection (2) shall be made to the county on or before	ore January 1 if the list of
951	claimants and the credits granted are received by the	commission on or before
952	November 30 of the year in which the credits under	this part are granted.
953	(c) If the commission does not receive the list under this	Subsection (2) on or before
954	November 30, payment shall be made within 30 day	s of receipt of the list of
955	claimants and credits from the county.	
956	Section 26. Section 59-2a-304, which is renumbered f	from Section 59-2-1207 is renumbered
956	and amended to read:	
958	[59-2-1207] <u>5</u>9-2a-304 (Effective 01/01/26). Claim :	applied against tax liability One
959	claimant per household per year.	
960	(1) A county shall apply as provided in Subsection [59-2-12	$\frac{06(1)(c)}{59-2-2004(1)(c)}$ the
961	amount of a credit under this part against:	
962	(a) a claimant's property tax liability; or	
963	(b) the property tax liability of a spouse who was a mem	ber of the claimant's household
964	in the year in which the claimant applies for a home	owner's credit under this part.
965	(2) Only one claimant per household per year is entitled to p	ayment under this part.
966	Section 27. Section 59-2a-305 , which is renumbered f	from Section 59-2-1208 is renumbered
966	and amended to read:	
968	[59-2-1208] 59-2a-305 (Effective 01/01/26). Amoun	t of homeowner's credit Cost-of-living
969	adjustment Limitation General Fund as source of cre	edit.
970	(1)(a) Subject to [Subsections (2) and (4)] Subsection (2), for	r a calendar year beginning on or
971	after January 1, [2021] 2024, a claimant may claim a hor	neowner's credit that does not exceed
972	the following amounts:	
973		
974	If household income is	Homeowner's credit
975	\$0 [\$11,785] <u>\$13,884</u>	[\$1,027] <u>\$1,259</u>

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1008	commission shall increase each homeowner credit amount under Subsection (1) by [the
1009	following amounts:] <u>\$49.</u>
1010	[(a) for a calendar year that begins on January 1, 2018, \$14;]
1011	[(b) for a calendar year that begins on January 1, 2019, \$22;]
1012	[(c) for a calendar year that begins on January 1, 2020, \$31;]
1013	[(d) for a calendar year that begins on January 1, 2021, \$40; and]
1014	[(e) for a calendar year that begins on or after January 1, 2022, \$49.]
1015	Section 28. Section 59-2a-401, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1803 is renumbered
1015	and amended to read:
1017	Part 4. Abatement for Indigent Individuals
1018	[59-2-1803] 59-2a-401 (Effective 01/01/26). Tax abatement for indigent individuals
	Maximum
1019	amount.
1020	[(1)] In accordance with this part, a county may remit or abate the taxes of an indigent
1021	individual:
1022	[(a)] (1) if the indigent individual owned the property as of January 1 of the year for which
1023	the county remits or abates the taxes; and
1024	[(b)] (2) in an amount not more than the lesser of:
1025	[(i)] (a) the amount provided as a homeowner's credit for the lowest household income
1026	bracket as described in Section [59-2-1208] 59-2a-305; or
1027	[(ii)] (b) 50% of the total tax levied for the indigent individual for the current year.
1028	[(2) A county that grants an abatement to an indigent individual shall refund to the indigent
1029	individual an amount that is equal to the amount by which the indigent individual's
1030	property taxes paid exceed the indigent individual's property taxes due, if the amount is
1031	at least \$1.]
1032	Section 29. Section 59-2a-402 , which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1804 is renumbered
1032	and amended to read:
1034	[59-2-1804] 59-2a-402 (Effective 01/01/26). Application Rulemaking .
1035	(1)(a) Except as provided in <u>Section 59-2a-108 or</u> Subsection [(1)(b) or](2), an
1036	applicant for [deferral or]abatement for the current tax year shall annually file an
1037	application on or before September 1 with the county in which the applicant's
1038	property is located.
1039	[(b) If a county finds good cause exists, the county may extend until December 31 the

1040	deadline described in Subsection (1)(a).]
1041	[(c)] (b) An indigent individual may apply and potentially qualify for deferral under Part
1042	7, Discretionary Deferral, Part 8, Nondiscretionary Deferral for Property with
1043	Qualifying Increase, or Part 9, Nondiscretionary Abatement for Elderly Property
1044	Owners, abatement, or both.
1045	(2)[(a)] A county shall extend the [default] September 1 application deadline by one
1046	additional year if [the applicant had been approved for a deferral under this part in the
1047	prior year; or] the county determines that:
1048	[(b) the county determines that:]
1049	[(i)] (a) the applicant or a member of the applicant's immediate family had an illness or
1050	injury that prevented the applicant from filing the application on or before the [default]
1051	September 1 application deadline;
1052	[(ii)] (b) a member of the applicant's immediate family died during the calendar year of
1053	the [default] September 1 application deadline;
1054	[(iii)] (c) the failure of the applicant to file the application on or before the [default]
1055	September 1 application deadline was beyond the reasonable control of the applicant;
1056	or
1057	[(iv)] (d) denial of an application would be unjust or unreasonable.
1058	(3)[(a)] An applicant shall include in an application a signed statement that describes
1059	the eligibility of the applicant for [deferral or]abatement.
1060	[(b) For an application for a deferral under Section 59-2-1802.5, the requirements
1061	described in Subsection (3)(a) include:]
1062	[(i) proof that the applicant resides at the single-family residence for which the
1063	applicant seeks the deferral;]
1064	[(ii) proof of age; and]
1065	[(iii) proof of household income.]
1066	(4) Both spouses shall sign an application if the application seeks [a deferral or] an
1067	abatement on a residence:
1068	(a) in which both spouses reside; and
1069	(b) that the spouses own as joint tenants.
1070	[(5) If an applicant is dissatisfied with a county's decision on the applicant's application for
1071	deferral or abatement, the applicant may appeal the decision to the commission in
1072	accordance with Section 59-2-1006.]
1073	[(6)] (5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the

1074	commission may make rules to implement this section.
1075	Section 30. Section 59-2a-501 , which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1903 is renumbered
1075	and amended to read:
1077	Part 5. Veteran Armed Forces Exemption
1078	[59-2-1903] 59-2a-501 (Effective 01/01/26). Veteran armed forces exemption amount.
1079	[(1) As used in this section, "eligible property" means property owned by a veteran
1080	elaimant that is:]
1081	[(a) the veteran claimant's primary residence; or]
1082	[(b) tangible personal property that:]
1083	[(i) is held exclusively for personal use; and]
1084	[(ii) is not used in a trade or business.]
1085	[(2)] (1) In accordance with this part, the amount of taxable value of eligible property
1086	described in Subsection [(3) or (4)] (2) or (3) is exempt from taxation if the eligible
1087	property is owned by a veteran claimant.
1088	[(3)] (2)(a) Except as provided in Subsection [(4) and in accordance with this Subsection
1089	(3)] (3), the amount of taxable value of eligible property that is exempt under
1090	Subsection $[(2)]$ (1) is equal to the percentage of disability described in the statement
1091	of disability multiplied by the adjusted taxable value limit.
1092	(b) The amount of an exemption calculated under Subsection $[(3)(a)]$ (2)(a) may not
1093	exceed the taxable value of the eligible property.
1094	(c) A county shall consider a veteran with a disability to have a 100% disability,
1095	regardless of the percentage of disability described on the statement of disability, if
1096	the United States Department of Veterans Affairs certifies the veteran in the
1097	classification of individual unemployability.
1098	(d) A county may not allow an exemption claimed under this section if the percentage of
1099	disability listed on the statement of disability is less than 10%.
1100	[(4)] (3) The amount of taxable value of eligible property that is exempt under Subsection [
1101	(2)] (1) is equal to the total taxable value of the veteran claimant's eligible property if the
1102	property is owned by:
1103	(a) the unmarried surviving spouse of a veteran who was killed in action or died in the
1104	line of duty;
1105	(b) a minor orphan of a veteran who was killed in action or died in the line of duty; or
1106	(c) the unmarried surviving spouse or minor orphan of a deceased veteran with a

1107	disability:
1108	(i) who served in the military service of the United States or the state prior to January
1109	1, 1921; and
1110	(ii) whose percentage of disability described in the statement of disability is 10% or
1111	more.
1112	[(5)] (4) For purposes of this section and Section [59-2-1904] 59-2a-502, an individual who
1113	received an honorable or general discharge from military service of an active component
1114	of the United States Armed Forces or a reserve component of the United States Armed
1115	Forces:
1116	(a) is presumed to be a citizen of the United States; and
1117	(b) may not be required to provide additional proof of citizenship to establish that the
1118	individual is a citizen of the United States.
1119	[(6)] (5) The Department of Veterans and Military Affairs created in Section 71A-1-201
1120	shall, through an informal hearing held in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4,
1121	Administrative Procedures Act, resolve each dispute arising under this section
1122	concerning an individual's status as a veteran with a disability.
1123	Section 31. Section 59-2a-502 , which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1904 is renumbered
1123	and amended to read:
1125	[59-2-1904] 59-2a-502 (Effective 01/01/26). Application Rulemaking authority.
1126	[(1) As used in this section:]
1127	[(a) "Default application deadline" means the application deadline described in Subsection
1128	(3)(a).]
1129	[(b) "Qualifying disabled veteran claimant" means a veteran claimant who has a 100%
1130	service-connected disability rating by the Veterans Benefits Administration that is
1131	permanent and total.]
1132	[(2)] (1) A veteran claimant may claim an exemption in accordance with Section [59-2-1903]
1133	59-2a-501 and this section if the veteran claimant owns the property eligible for the
1134	exemption at any time during the calendar year for which the veteran claimant claims
1135	the exemption.
1136	[(3)] (2)(a) Except as provided in <u>Section 59-2a-108 or</u> Subsection [(4), (5), or (7)] (3) or
1137	(5), a veteran claimant shall file, on or before September 1 of the calendar year for
1138	which the veteran claimant is applying for the exemption, an application for an
1139	exemption described in Section [59-2-1903] 59-2a-501 with the county in which the
1140	veteran claimant resides on September 1 of that calendar year.

1141	(b) An application described in Subsection $[(3)(a)]$ (2)(a) shall include:
1142	(i) a copy of the veteran's certificate of discharge from military service or other
1143	satisfactory evidence of eligible military service; and
1144	(ii) for an application submitted under the circumstances described in Subsection [
1145	(5)(a)] $(4)(a)$, a statement, issued by a military entity, that gives the date on which
1146	the written decision described in Subsection $\left[\frac{(5)(a)}{(4)(a)}\right]$ takes effect.
1147	(c) A veteran claimant who is claiming an exemption for a veteran with a disability or a
1148	deceased veteran with a disability[,] shall ensure that, as part of the application
1149	described in this Subsection $[(3)]$ (2), the county has on file, for the veteran related to
1150	the exemption, a statement of disability[:].
1151	[(i) issued by a military entity; and]
1152	[(ii) that lists the percentage of disability for the veteran with a disability or deceased
1153	veteran with a disability.]
1154	(d) If a veteran claimant is in compliance with Subsection $[(3)(c)]$ (2)(c), a county may
1155	not require the veteran claimant to file another statement of disability, except under
1156	the following circumstances:
1157	(i) the percentage of disability has changed for the veteran with a disability or the
1158	deceased veteran with a disability; or
1159	(ii) the veteran claimant is not the same individual who filed an application for the
1160	exemption for the calendar year immediately preceding the current calendar year.
1161	(e) A county that receives an application described in Subsection $[(3)(a)]$ (2)(a) shall,
1162	within 30 days after the day on which the county received the application, provide the
1163	veteran claimant with a receipt that states that the county received the veteran
1164	claimant's application.
1165	[(4) A county may extend the default application deadline for an initial or amended
1166	application until December 31 of the year for which the veteran claimant is applying for
1167	the exemption if the county finds that good cause exists to extend the default application
1168	deadline.]
1169	[(5)] (3) A county shall extend the [default] September 1 application deadline by one
1170	additional year if, on or after January 4, 2004:
1171	(a) a military entity issues a written decision that:
1172	(i)(A) for a potential claimant who is a living veteran, determines the veteran is a
1173	veteran with a disability; or
1174	(B) for a potential claimant who is the unmarried surviving spouse or minor

1175	orphan of a deceased veteran, determines the deceased veteran was a deceased
1176	veteran with a disability at the time the deceased veteran with a disability died;
1177	and
1178	(ii) takes effect in a year before the current calendar year; or
1179	(b) the county legislative body determines that:
1180	(i) the veteran claimant or a member of the veteran claimant's immediate family had
1181	an illness or injury that prevented the veteran claimant from filing the application
1182	on or before the [default] September 1 application deadline;
1183	(ii) a member of the veteran claimant's immediate family died during the calendar
1184	year of the [default] September 1 application deadline;
1185	(iii) the veteran claimant was not physically present in the state for a time period of at
1186	least six consecutive months during the calendar year of the [default] September 1
1187	application deadline; or
1188	(iv) the failure of the veteran claimant to file the application on or before the [default]
1189	September 1 application deadline:
1190	(A) would be against equity or good conscience; and
1191	(B) was beyond the reasonable control of the veteran claimant.
1192	[(6)] (4)(a) A county shall allow a veteran claimant to amend an application described in
1193	Subsection [(3)(a)] (2)(b) after the [default-]application deadline if, on or after January
1194	4, 2004, a military entity issues a written decision:
1195	(i) that the percentage of disability has changed:
1196	(A) for a veteran with a disability, if the veteran with a disability is the veteran
1197	claimant; or
1198	(B) for a deceased veteran with a disability, if the claimant is the unmarried
1199	surviving spouse or minor orphan of a deceased veteran with a disability; and
1200	(ii) that takes effect in a year before the current calendar year.
1201	(b) A veteran claimant who files an amended application under Subsection $\left[\frac{(6)(a)}{(4)(a)}\right]$
1202	shall include a statement, issued by a military entity, that gives the date on which the
1203	written decision described in Subsection [$(6)(a)$] (4)(a) takes effect.
1204	[(7)] <u>(5)</u> (a) A qualifying disabled veteran claimant may submit an application described
1205	in Subsection [(3)(b)] (2)(b) before the qualifying disabled veteran claimant owns a
1206	residence if the qualifying disabled veteran claimant:
1207	(i) intends to purchase the residence as evidenced by a real estate purchase contract or
1208	similar documentation;

1209	(ii) files the application in the county where the residence that the qualifying disabled
1210	veteran claimant intends to purchase is located; and
1211	(iii) intends to use the residence as the qualifying disabled veteran claimant's primary
1212	residence.
1213	(b)(i) The county shall process the application and send the qualifying disabled
1214	veteran claimant a receipt, which shall also include documentation that:
1215	(A) the application is preliminarily approved or denied; and
1216	(B) if the application is preliminarily approved, the amount of the qualifying
1217	disabled veteran claimant's tax exemption calculated in accordance with
1218	Section [59-2-1903] <u>59-2a-501</u> .
1219	(ii) The county shall provide the receipt within 15 business days after the day on
1220	which the county received the application.
1221	[(8)] (6) After issuing the receipt described in Subsection $[(3)(e) or (7)(b)]$ (2)(e) or (5)(b), a
1222	county may not require a veteran claimant to file another application under Subsection [
1223	(3)(a) or $(7)(a)$] (2) or (5), except under the following circumstances relating to the
1224	veteran claimant:
1225	(a) the veteran claimant applies all or a portion of an exemption to tangible personal
1226	property;
1227	(b) the percentage of disability changes for a veteran with a disability or a deceased
1228	veteran with a disability;
1229	(c) the veteran with a disability dies;
1230	(d) a change in the veteran claimant's ownership of the veteran claimant's primary
1231	residence;
1232	(e) a change in the veteran claimant's occupancy of the primary residence for which the
1233	veteran claimant claims an exemption under this section; or
1234	(f) for an exemption relating to a deceased veteran with a disability or a veteran who was
1235	killed in action or died in the line of duty, the veteran claimant is not the same
1236	individual who filed an application for the exemption for the calendar year
1237	immediately preceding the current calendar year.
1238	[(9) If a veteran claimant is the grantor of a trust holding title to real or tangible personal
1239	property for which an exemption described in Section 59-2-1903 is claimed, a county
1240	may allow the veteran claimant to claim a portion of the exemption and be treated as the
1241	owner of that portion of the property held in trust, if the veteran claimant proves to the
1242	satisfaction of the county that:]

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1243	[(a) title to the portion of the trust will revest in the veteran claimant upon the exercise of a
1244	power by:]
1245	[(i) the veteran claimant as grantor of the trust;]
1246	[(ii) a nonadverse party; or]
1247	[(iii) both the veteran claimant and a nonadverse party;]
1248	[(b) title will revest as described in Subsection (9)(a), regardless of whether the power
1249	described in Subsection (9)(a) is a power to revoke, terminate, alter, amend, or appoint;
1250	and]
1251	[(c) the veteran claimant satisfies the requirements described in this part for the exemption
1252	described in Section 59-2-1903.]
1253	[(10)] (7) A county may verify that real property for which a veteran claimant applies for an
1254	exemption is the veteran claimant's primary residence.
1255	[(11)] (8) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
1256	the commission may, by rule:
1257	(a) establish procedures and requirements for amending an application described in
1258	Subsection $[(3)(a)]$ (2);
1259	(b) for purposes of Subsection $[(5)(b)] (3)(b)$, define the terms:
1260	(i) "immediate family"; or
1261	(ii) "physically present";
1262	(c) for purposes of Subsection $[(5)(b)]$ (3)(b), provide the circumstances under which the
1263	failure of a veteran claimant to file an application on or before the [default] September
1264	$\underline{1}$ application deadline:
1265	(i) would be against equity or good conscience; and
1266	(ii) is beyond the reasonable control of a veteran claimant; or
1267	(d) for purposes of Subsection $[(7)(a)]$ (5)(a), establish the type of documentation that is
1268	evidence of intent to purchase.
1269	Section 32. Section 59-2a-601 is enacted to read:
1270	Part 6. Active Duty Armed Forces Exemption
1271	59-2a-601 (Effective 01/01/26). Active duty armed forces exemption amount.
1272	(1) The total taxable value of an active duty claimant's primary residence is exempt from
1273	taxation for the calendar year after the year in which the active duty claimant completed
1274	qualifying military service.
1275	(2) An active duty claimant may claim an exemption in accordance with this section if the

1276	active duty claimant owns the property eligible for the exemption at any time during the
1277	calendar year for which the active duty claimant claims the exemption.
1278	Section 33. Section 59-2a-602 , which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1902 is renumbered
1278	and amended to read:
1280	[59-2-1902] 59-2a-602 (Effective 01/01/26). Application Rulemaking authority.
1281	[(1) As used in this section, "default application deadline" means the application deadline
1282	described in Subsection (4)(a).]
1283	[(2)(a) The total taxable value of an active duty claimant's primary residence is exempt
1284	from taxation for the calendar year after the year in which the active duty claimant
1285	completed qualifying military service.]
1286	[(b) An active duty claimant may claim an exemption in accordance with this section if the
1287	active duty claimant owns the property eligible for the exemption at any time during the
1288	calendar year for which the active duty claimant claims the exemption.]
1289	[(3)] (1) An active duty claimant shall:
1290	(a) file an application as described in Subsection $[(4)]$ (2) in the year after the year during
1291	which the active duty claimant completes the qualifying active duty military service;
1292	and
1293	(b) if the active duty claimant meets the requirements of this section, claim one
1294	exemption only in the year the active duty claimant files the application.
1295	[(4)] (2)(a) Except as provided in <u>Section 59-2a-108 or Subsection [(5) or (6)] (3)</u> , an
1296	active duty claimant shall, on or before September 1 of the calendar year for which
1297	the active duty claimant is applying for the exemption, file an application for an
1298	exemption with the county in which the active duty claimant resides on September 1
1299	of that calendar year.
1300	(b) An application described in Subsection $[(4)(a)]$ (2)(a) shall include:
1301	(i) a completed travel voucher or other satisfactory evidence of eligible military
1302	service; and
1303	(ii) a statement that lists the dates on which the 200 days of qualifying active duty
1304	military service began and ended.
1305	(c) A county that receives an application described in Subsection [$(4)(a)$] (2)(a) shall,
1306	within 30 days after the day on which the county received the application, provide the
1307	active duty claimant with a receipt that states that the county received the active duty
1308	claimant's application.
1309	[(5) A county may extend the default application deadline for an application described in

1310	Subsection (4)(a) until December 31 of the year for which the active duty claimant is
1311	applying for the exemption if the county finds that good cause exists to extend the
1312	default application deadline.]
1313	[(6)] (3) A county shall extend the [default] September 1 application deadline by one
1314	additional year if the county legislative body determines that:
1315	(a) the active duty claimant or a member of the active duty claimant's immediate family
1316	had an illness or injury that prevented the active duty claimant from filing the
1317	application on or before the [default] September 1 application deadline;
1318	(b) a member of the active duty claimant's immediate family died during the calendar
1319	year of the [default] September 1 application deadline;
1320	(c) the active duty claimant was not physically present in the state for a time period of at
1321	least six consecutive months during the calendar year of the [default] September 1
1322	application deadline; or
1323	(d) the failure of the active duty claimant to file the application on or before the [default]
1324	September 1 application deadline:
1325	(i) would be against equity or good conscience; and
1326	(ii) was beyond the reasonable control of the active duty claimant.
1327	[(7)] (4) After issuing the receipt described in Subsection $[(4)(c)]$ (2)(c), a county may not
1328	require an active duty claimant to file another application under Subsection $\left[\frac{(4)(a)}{(2)(a)}\right]$
1328a	
1329	except under the following circumstances:
1330	(a) a change in the active duty claimant's ownership of the active duty claimant's
1331	primary residence; or
1332	(b) a change in the active duty claimant's occupancy of the primary residence for which
1333	the active duty claimant claims an exemption under this section.
1334	[(8)] (5) A county may verify that real property for which an active duty claimant applies for
1335	an exemption is the active duty claimant's primary residence.
1336	[(9)] (6) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1337	commission may by rule:
1338	(a) establish procedures and requirements for amending an application described in
1339	Subsection $[(4)]$ (2);
1340	(b) for purposes of Subsection $[(6)]$ (3), define the terms:
1241	
1341	(i) "immediate family"; or

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1343	(c) for purposes of Subsection $[(6)(d)]$ (3)(d), prescribe the circumstances under which
1344	the failure of an active duty claimant to file an application on or before the [default]
1345	September 1 application deadline:
1346	(i) would be against equity or good conscience; and
1347	(ii) is beyond the reasonable control of an active duty claimant.
1348	Section 34. Section 59-2a-701 , which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1802 is renumbered
1348	and amended to read:
1350	Part 7. Discretionary Deferral
1351	[59-2-1802] <u>59-2a-701</u> (Effective 01/01/26). Tax and tax notice charge deferral.
1352	(1)(a) In accordance with this part and after receiving an application and giving notice
1353	to the taxpayer, a county may grant a deferral on residential property.
1354	(b) In determining whether to grant an application for a deferral under this section, a
1355	county shall consider an asset transferred to a relative by an applicant for deferral, if
1356	the transfer took place during the three years before the day on which the applicant
1357	applied for deferral.
1358	(2) A county may grant a deferral described in Subsection (1) at any time:
1359	(a) after the holder of each mortgage or trust deed outstanding on the property gives
1360	written approval of the application; and
1361	(b) if the applicant is not the owner of income-producing assets that could be liquidated
1362	to pay the tax.
1363	(3)(a) Taxes and tax notice charges deferred under this part accumulate with interest
1364	and applicable recording fees as a lien against the residential property.
1365	(b) A lien described in this Subsection (3) has the same legal status as a lien described in
1366	Section 59-2-1325.
1367	(c) To release the lien described in this Subsection (3), an owner shall pay the total
1368	amount subject to the lien:
1369	(i) upon the owner selling or otherwise disposing of the residential property; or
1370	(ii) when the residential property is no longer the owner's primary residence.
1371	(d)(i) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(c), an owner that receives a deferral does not
1372	have to pay the deferred taxes, deferred tax notice charges, or applicable recording
1373	fees when the residential property transfers:
1374	(A) to the owner's surviving spouse as a result of the owner's death; or
1375	(B) between the owner and a trust described in Section [59-2-1805] 59-2a-109 for

1376	which the owner is the grantor.
1377	(ii) After the residential property transfers to the owner's surviving spouse, the
1378	deferred taxes, deferred tax notice charges, and applicable recording fees are due:
1379	(A) upon the surviving spouse selling or otherwise disposing of the residential
1380	property; or
1381	(B) when the residential property is no longer the surviving spouse's primary
1382	residence.
1383	(e) When the deferral period ends:
1384	(i) the lien becomes due and subject to the collection procedures described in Section
1385	59-2-1331; and
1386	(ii) the date of levy is the date that the deferral period ends.
1387	(4)(a) If a county grants an owner more than one deferral for the same single-family
1388	residence, the county is not required to submit for recording more than one lien.
1389	(b) Each subsequent deferral relates back to the date of the initial lien filing.
1390	(5)(a) For each residential property for which the county grants a deferral, the <u>county</u>
1391	treasurer shall maintain a record that is an itemized account of the total amount of
1392	deferred property taxes and deferred tax notice charges subject to the lien.
1393	(b) The record described in this Subsection (5) is the official record of the amount of the
1394	lien.
1395	(6) Taxes and tax notice charges deferred under this part bear interest at a rate equal to 50%
1396	of the rate described in Subsections 59-2-1331(2)(c) and (d).
1397	Section 35. Section 59-2a-702 is enacted to read:
1398	59-2a-702 (Effective 01/01/26). Application Rulemaking authority.
1399	(1)(a) Except as provided in Section 59-2a-108 or Subsection (2), an applicant for
1400	deferral for the current tax year shall annually file an application on or before
1401	September 1 with the county in which the applicant's property is located.
1402	(b) An indigent individual may apply and potentially qualify for deferral under this part,
1403	Part 8, Nondiscretionary Deferral for Property with Qualifying Increase, or Part 9,
1404	Nondiscretionary Deferral for Elderly Property Owners, an abatement, or both.
1405	(2) A county shall extend the September 1 application deadline by one additional year if:
1406	(a) the applicant had been approved for a deferral under this part in the prior year; or
1407	(b) the county determines that:
1408	(i) the applicant or a member of the applicant's immediate family had an illness or
1409	injury that prevented the applicant from filing the application on or before the

1410	September 1 application deadline;
1411	(ii) a member of the applicant's immediate family died during the calendar year of the
1412	September 1 application deadline;
1413	(iii) the failure of the applicant to file the application on or before the September 1
1414	application deadline was beyond the reasonable control of the applicant; or
1415	(iv) denial of an application would be unjust or unreasonable.
1416	(3) An applicant shall include in an application a signed statement that describes the
1417	eligibility of the applicant for deferral.
1418	(4) Both spouses shall sign an application if the application seeks a deferral or abatement on
1419	<u>a residence:</u>
1420	(a) in which both spouses reside; and
1421	(b) that the spouses own as joint tenants.
1422	(5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1423	commission may make rules to implement this section.
1424	Section 36. Section 59-2a-801 , which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1802.1 is renumbered
1424	and amended to read:
1400	
1426	Part 8. Nondiscretionary Deferral for Property with Qualifying Increase
1426	Part 8. Nondiscretionary Deferral for Property with Qualifying Increase [59-2-1802.1] 59-2a-801 (Effective 01/01/26). Nondiscretionary property tax and tax notice
	[59-2-1802.1] <u>59-2a-801</u> (Effective 01/01/26). Nondiscretionary property tax and tax notice
1427	[59-2-1802.1] <u>59-2a-801</u> (Effective 01/01/26). Nondiscretionary property tax and tax notice charge
1427 1428	[59-2-1802.1] 59-2a-801 (Effective 01/01/26). Nondiscretionary property tax and tax notice charge deferral for property with a qualifying increase.
1427 1428 1429	[59-2-1802.1] 59-2a-801 (Effective 01/01/26). Nondiscretionary property tax and tax notice charge deferral for property with a qualifying increase. (1)[(a)] A county shall grant a deferral for any real property if an owner of the property:
1427 1428 1429 1430	[59-2-1802.1] 59-2a-801 (Effective 01/01/26). Nondiscretionary property tax and tax notice charge deferral for property with a qualifying increase. (1)[(a)] A county shall grant a deferral for any real property if an owner of the property: [(i)] (a) applies for a property tax deferral on or before the date provided in [Subsection]
1427 1428 1429 1430 1431	[59-2-1802.1] 59-2a-801 (Effective 01/01/26). Nondiscretionary property tax and tax notice charge deferral for property with a qualifying increase. (1)[(a)] A county shall grant a deferral for any real property if an owner of the property: [(i)] (a) applies for a property tax deferral on or before the date provided in [Subsection (1)(b)] Section 59-2a-802; and
1427 1428 1429 1430 1431 1432	[59-2-1802.1] 59-2a-801 (Effective 01/01/26). Nondiscretionary property tax and tax notice charge deferral for property with a qualifying increase. (1)[(a)] A county shall grant a deferral for any real property if an owner of the property: [(i)] (a) applies for a property tax deferral on or before the date provided in [Subsection (1)(b)] Section 59-2a-802; and [(ii)] (b) has a qualifying increase for the calendar year that begins on January 1, 2023, or
1427 1428 1429 1430 1431 1432 1433	[59-2-1802.1] 59-2a-801 (Effective 01/01/26). Nondiscretionary property tax and tax notice charge deferral for property with a qualifying increase. (1)[(a)] A county shall grant a deferral for any real property if an owner of the property: [(i)] (a) applies for a property tax deferral on or before the date provided in [Subsection (1)(b)] Section 59-2a-802; and [(ii)] (b) has a qualifying increase for the calendar year that begins on January 1, 2023, or January 1, 2024.
1427 1428 1429 1430 1431 1432 1433 1434	[59-2-1802.1] 59-2a-801 (Effective 01/01/26). Nondiscretionary property tax and tax notice charge deferral for property with a qualifying increase. (1)[(a) A county shall grant a deferral for any real property if an owner of the property: [(i)] (a) applies for a property tax deferral on or before the date provided in [Subsection (1)(b)] Section 59-2a-802; and [(ii)] (b) has a qualifying increase for the calendar year that begins on January 1, 2023, or January 1, 2024. [(b) The owner of the property shall apply for a deferral on or before the later of:]
1427 1428 1429 1430 1431 1432 1433 1434 1435	 [59-2-1802.1] 59-2a-801 (Effective 01/01/26). Nondiscretionary property tax and tax notice charge deferral for property with a qualifying increase. (1)[(a)] A county shall grant a deferral for any real property if an owner of the property: [(i)] (a) applies for a property tax deferral on or before the date provided in [Subsection (1)(b)] Section 59-2a-802; and [(ii)] (b) has a qualifying increase for the calendar year that begins on January 1, 2023, or January 1, 2024. [(b) The owner of the property shall apply for a deferral on or before the later of:] [(i) June 30, 2025; or]
1427 1428 1429 1430 1431 1432 1433 1434 1435 1436	 [59-2-1802.1] 59-2a-801 (Effective 01/01/26). Nondiscretionary property tax and tax notice charge deferral for property with a qualifying increase. (1)[(a)] A county shall grant a deferral for any real property if an owner of the property: [(i)] (a) applies for a property tax deferral on or before the date provided in [Subsection (1)(b)] Section 59-2a-802; and [(ii)] (b) has a qualifying increase for the calendar year that begins on January 1, 2023, or January 1, 2024. [(b) The owner of the property shall apply for a deferral on or before the later of:] [(i) June 30, 2025; or] [(ii) if an appeal of valuation or equalization of a property described in Subsection
1427 1428 1429 1430 1431 1432 1433 1434 1435 1436 1437	 [59-2-1802.1] 59-2a-801 (Effective 01/01/26). Nondiscretionary property tax and tax notice charge deferral for property with a qualifying increase. (1)[(a)] A county shall grant a deferral for any real property if an owner of the property: [(i)] (a) applies for a property tax deferral on or before the date provided in [Subsection (1)(b)] Section 59-2a-802; and [(iii)] (b) has a qualifying increase for the calendar year that begins on January 1, 2023, or January 1, 2024. [(b) The owner of the property shall apply for a deferral on or before the later of:] [(i) June 30, 2025; or] [(ii) if an appeal of valuation or equalization of a property described in Subsection (1)(a) is filed with a county board of equalization, the commission, or a court of
1427 1428 1429 1430 1431 1432 1433 1434 1435 1436 1437 1438	 [59-2-1802.1] 59-2a-801 (Effective 01/01/26). Nondiscretionary property tax and tax notice charge deferral for property with a qualifying increase. (1)[(a)] A county shall grant a deferral for any real property if an owner of the property: [(i)] (a) applies for a property tax deferral on or before the date provided in [Subsection (1)(b)] Section 59-2a-802; and [(ii)] (b) has a qualifying increase for the calendar year that begins on January 1, 2023, or January 1, 2024. [(b) The owner of the property shall apply for a deferral on or before the later of:] [(i) June 30, 2025; or] [(ii) if an appeal of valuation or equalization of a property described in Subsection (1)(a) is filed with a county board of equalization, the commission, or a court of competent jurisdiction, 30 days after the day on which the county board of

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1442	(b) The property owner shall pay 20% of the taxes and tax notice charges due during
1443	each year of the five-year deferral period.
1444	(c) A county shall grant a separate five-year deferral period if an owner has a qualifying
1445	increase for both the calendar year that begins on January 1, 2023, and the calendar
1446	year that begins on January 1, 2024.
1447	(3)(a) Taxes and tax notice charges deferred under this part accumulate as a lien against
1448	the [residential] real property.
1449	(b) A lien described in this Subsection (3) has the same legal status as a lien described in
1450	Section 59-2-1325.
1451	(c) To release the lien described in this Subsection (3), an owner shall pay the total
1452	amount subject to the lien on or before the earlier of:
1453	(i) the day on which the five-year deferral period ends; or
1454	(ii) the day the owner sells or otherwise disposes of the real property.
1455	(d) When the deferral period ends:
1456	(i) the lien becomes due and subject to the collection procedures described in Section
1457	59-2-1331; and
1458	(ii) the date of levy is the date that the deferral period ends.
1459	(4)(a) Notwithstanding Section 59-2-1331, a county may not impose a penalty or
1460	interest during the period of deferral.
1461	(b) If the property owner does not make all deferred payments before the day on which
1462	the five-year deferral period ends, the county may assess a penalty or interest in
1463	accordance with Section 59-2-1331 on the unpaid amount.
1464	(5)(a) If a county grants an owner more than one deferral for the same property, the
1465	county is not required to submit for recording more than one lien.
1466	(b) Each subsequent deferral relates back to the date of the initial lien filing.
1467	(6)(a) For each property for which the county grants a deferral, the <u>county</u> treasurer
1468	shall maintain a record that is an itemized account of the total amount of deferred
1469	property taxes and deferred tax notice charges subject to the lien.
1470	(b) The record described in this Subsection (6) is the official record of the amount of the
1471	lien.
1472	(7) For a property that has a qualifying increase for the calendar year that begins on January
1473	1, 2023, or January 1, 2024, a county assessor shall include with the notice provided in
1474	accordance with Section 59-2-919.1 for the calendar year that begins on January 1,
1475	2024, a notice informing the owner of record of:

1507	Part 9. Nondiscretionary Deferral for Elderly Property Owners
1505	and amended to read:
1505	Section 38. Section 59-2a-901 , which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1802.5 is renumbered
1504	commission may make rules to implement this section.
1503	(5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1502	(b) that the spouses own as joint tenants.
1501	(a) in which both spouses reside; and
1500	<u>a residence:</u>
1499	(4) Both spouses shall sign an application if the application seeks a deferral or abatement on
1498	eligibility of the applicant for deferral.
1497	(3) An applicant shall include in an application a signed statement that describes the
1496	Owners, an abatement, or both.
1495	Part 7, Discretionary Deferral, or Part 9, Nondiscretionary Deferral for Elderly Property
1494	(2) An indigent individual may apply and potentially qualify for deferral under this part,
1493	unappealable judgment or order.
1492	equalization, the commission, or a court of competent jurisdiction issues a final,
1491	of competent jurisdiction, 30 days after the day on which the county board of
1490	59-2a-801(1) is filed with a county board of equalization, the commission, or a court
1489	(b) if an appeal of valuation or equalization of a property described in Subsection
1488	(a) June 30, 2025; or
1487	(1) The owner of the property shall apply for a deferral on or before the later of:
1486	59-2a-802 (Effective 01/01/26). Application Rulemaking authority.
1485	Section 37. Section 59-2a-802 is enacted to read:
1484	Section 59-2-1331.
1483	(d) the ability of the county to waive any penalty or interest assessed in accordance with
1482	(c) the option to apply for a deferral in accordance with this section; and
1481	(b) instructions for filing an appeal;
1480	January 1, 2024, the option to file an appeal under Section 59-2-1004;
1479	(ii) for a property that has a qualifying increase for the calendar year that begins on
1478	in Section 59-2-1004.1; or
1477	January 1, 2023, the option to file an appeal under the extended period described
1476	(a)(i) for a property that has a qualifying increase for the calendar year that begins on

1508

[59-2-1802.5] 59-2a-901 (Effective 01/01/26). Nondiscretionary tax and tax notice charge

deferral for

1509 elderly property owners.

- 1510 (1) An eligible owner may apply for a deferral under this section if:
- 1511 (a) the eligible owner uses the single-family residence as the eligible owner's primary
- residence as of January 1 of the year for which the eligible owner applies for the deferral;
- 1514 (b) with respect to the single-family residence, there are no:
- 1515 (i) delinquent property taxes;
- 1516 (ii) delinquent tax notice charges; or
- (iii) outstanding penalties, interest, or administrative costs related to a delinquent
 property tax or a delinquent tax notice charge;
- 1519 (c)(i) the value of the single-family residence for which the eligible owner applies
- 1520 for the deferral is no greater than the median property value of:
- 1521(A) attached single-family residences within the county, if the single-family1522residence is an attached single-family residence; or
- 1523(B) detached single-family residences within the county, if the single-family1524residence is a detached single-family residence; or
- (ii) the eligible owner has owned the single-family residence for a continuous 20-year
 period as of January 1 of the year for which the eligible owner applies for the
 deferral: and
- (d) the holder of each mortgage or trust deed outstanding on the single-family residencegives written approval of the deferral.
- (2) If the conditions in Subsection (1) are satisfied and the applicant complies with the otherapplicable provisions of this part, a county shall defer the property tax[-] and tax notice
- 1532 charges on an attached single-family residence or a detached single-family residence[for
- an application of deferral made on or after January 1, 2024].
- 1534 (3) The values described in Subsection (1)(c) are based on the county assessment roll for1535 the county in which the single-family residence is located.
- (4) For purposes of Subsection (1)(c)(ii), ownership is considered continuous regardless of
 whether the single-family residence is transferred between an eligible owner who is an
 individual and an eligible owner that is a trust.
- 1539 [(5)(a) Upon application from a county in a form prescribed by the commission, the
- 1540 commission shall reimburse the county for the amount of any tax or tax notice charge

1541	that the county defers in accordance with this section.]
1542	[(b) The commission may not reimburse a county:]
1543	[(i) before the county approves the deferral; or]
1544	[(ii) for a tax or tax notice charge assessed after December 31, 2026.]
1545	[(c) A county that receives money in accordance with this Subsection (5) shall:]
1546	[(i) distribute the money to the taxing entities in the same proportion the county would
1547	have distributed the revenue from the deferred tax and deferred tax notice charge; and]
1548	[(ii) repay the money no later than 30 days after the day on which the deferral lien is
1549	satisfied.]
1550	[(d) The commission shall deposit money received under Subsection (5)(c)(ii) into the
1551	General Fund.]
1552	Section 39. Section 59-2a-902 is enacted to read:
1553	59-2a-902 (Effective 01/01/26). Application Rulemaking authority.
1554	(1)(a) Except as provided in Section 59-2a-108 or Subsection (2), an applicant for
1555	deferral for the current tax year shall annually file an application on or before
1556	September 1 with the county in which the applicant's property is located.
1557	(b) An indigent individual may apply and potentially qualify for deferral under Part 7,
1558	Discretionary Deferral, or Part 8, Nondiscretionary Deferral for Property with
1559	Qualifying Increase, an abatement, or both.
1560	(2) A county shall extend the September 1 application deadline by one additional year if:
1561	(a) the applicant had been approved for a deferral under this part in the prior year; or
1562	(b) the county determines that:
1563	(i) the applicant or a member of the applicant's immediate family had an illness or
1564	injury that prevented the applicant from filing the application on or before the
1565	September 1 application deadline;
1566	(ii) a member of the applicant's immediate family died during the calendar year of the
1567	September 1 application deadline;
1568	(iii) the failure of the applicant to file the application on or before the September 1
1569	application deadline was beyond the reasonable control of the applicant; or
1570	(iv) denial of an application would be unjust or unreasonable.
1571	(3)(a) An applicant shall include in an application a signed statement that describes the
1572	eligibility of the applicant for deferral.
1573	(b) The requirements described in Subsection (3)(a) include:
1574	(i) proof that the applicant resides at the single-family residence for which the

1575	applicant seeks the deferral;
1575	(ii) proof of age; and
1570	(iii) proof of household income.
1578	(4) Both spouses shall sign an application if the application seeks a deferral on a residence:
1578	(a) in which both spouses reside; and
1579	(b) that the spouses own as joint tenants.
1580	(5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1581	<u>commission may make rules to implement this section.</u>
1583	Section 40. Section 59-2a-903 is enacted to read:
1584	<u>59-2a-903</u> (Effective 01/01/26). Reimbursement to counties.
1585	(1) Upon application from a county in a form approved by the commission, the commission
1586	<u>shall reimburse the county for the amount of any tax or tax notice charge that the county</u>
1587	defers in accordance with this part.
1588	(2) The commission may not reimburse a county:
1589	(a) before the county approves the deferral; or
1590	(b) for a tax or tax notice charge assessed after December 31, 2026.
1591	(3) A county that receives money in accordance with this section shall:
1592	(a) distribute the money to the taxing entities in the same proportion the county would
1593	have distributed the revenue from the deferred tax and deferred tax notice charge; and
1594	(b) repay the money no later than 30 days after the day on which the deferral lien is
1595	satisfied.
1596	(4) The commission shall deposit money received under Subsection (3)(b) into the General
1597	Fund.
1598	Section 41. Section 63J-1-602.2 is amended to read:
1599	63J-1-602.2 . List of nonlapsing appropriations to programs.
1600	Appropriations made to the following programs are nonlapsing:
1601	(1) The Legislature and the Legislature's committees.
1602	(2) The State Board of Education, including all appropriations to agencies, line items, and
1603	programs under the jurisdiction of the State Board of Education, in accordance with
1604	Section 53F-9-103.
1605	(3) The Rangeland Improvement Act created in Section 4-20-101.
1606	(4) The Percent-for-Art Program created in Section 9-6-404.
1607	(5) The LeRay McAllister Working Farm and Ranch Fund created in Section 4-46-301.
1608	(6) The Utah Lake Authority created in Section 11-65-201.

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Subsection 17-16-21(2)(d)(ii).

1609

1610

1611 (8) The Wildlife Land and Water Acquisition Program created in Section 23A-6-205. 1612 (9) Sanctions collected as dedicated credits from Medicaid providers under Subsection 1613 26B-3-108(7). 1614 (10) The primary care grant program created in Section 26B-4-310. 1615 (11) The Opiate Overdose Outreach Pilot Program created in Section 26B-4-512. 1616 (12) The Utah Health Care Workforce Financial Assistance Program created in Section 1617 26B-4-702. 1618 (13) The Rural Physician Loan Repayment Program created in Section 26B-4-703. 1619 (14) The Utah Medical Education Council for the: 1620 (a) administration of the Utah Medical Education Program created in Section 26B-4-707; 1621 (b) provision of medical residency grants described in Section 26B-4-711; and 1622 (c) provision of the forensic psychiatric fellowship grant described in Section 26B-4-712. 1623 (15) The Division of Services for People with Disabilities, as provided in Section 26B-6-402. 1624 (16) The Communication Habits to reduce Adolescent Threats (CHAT) Pilot Program 1625 created in Section 26B-7-122. 1626 (17) Funds that the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Services retains in accordance with 1627 Subsection 32B-2-301(8)(a) or (b). 1628 (18) The General Assistance program administered by the Department of Workforce 1629 Services, as provided in Section 35A-3-401. 1630 (19) The Utah National Guard, created in Title 39A, National Guard and Militia Act. 1631 (20) The Search and Rescue Financial Assistance Program, as provided in Section 1632 53-2a-1102. 1633 (21) The Emergency Medical Services Grant Program in Section 53-2d-207. 1634 (22) The Motorcycle Rider Education Program, as provided in Section 53-3-905. 1635 (23) The Utah Board of Higher Education for teacher preparation programs, as provided in 1636 Section 53B-6-104. (24) Innovation grants under Section 53G-10-608, except as provided in Subsection 1637 1638 53G-10-608(6). 1639 (25) The Division of Fleet Operations for the purpose of upgrading underground storage 1640 tanks under Section 63A-9-401. 1641 (26) The Utah Seismic Safety Commission, as provided in Section 63C-6-104. 1642 (27) The Division of Technology Services for technology innovation as provided under - 49 -

(7) Dedicated credits accrued to the Utah Marriage Commission as provided under

- 1643 Section 63A-16-903.
- 1644 (28) The State Capitol Preservation Board created by Section 63O-2-201.
- 1645 (29) The Office of Administrative Rules for publishing, as provided in Section 63G-3-402.
- 1646 (30) The Colorado River Authority of Utah, created in Title 63M, Chapter 14, Colorado

1647 River Authority of Utah Act.

- (31) The Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity to fund the Enterprise Zone Act, as
 provided in Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part 2, Enterprise Zone Act.
- 1650 (32) The Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity's Rural Employment Expansion
 1651 Program, as described in Title 63N, Chapter 4, Part 4, Rural Employment Expansion
 1652 Program.
- 1653 (33) County correctional facility contracting program for state inmates as described in1654 Section 64-13e-103.
- 1655 (34) County correctional facility reimbursement program for state probationary inmates and1656 state parole inmates as described in Section 64-13e-104.
- 1657 (35) Programs for the Jordan River Recreation Area as described in Section 65A-2-8.
- 1658 (36) The Division of Human Resource Management user training program, as provided in1659 Section 63A-17-106.
- 1660 (37) A public safety answering point's emergency telecommunications service fund, as1661 provided in Section 69-2-301.
- 1662 (38) The Traffic Noise Abatement Program created in Section 72-6-112.
- 1663 (39) The money appropriated from the Navajo Water Rights Negotiation Account to the
- 1664 Division of Water Rights, created in Section 73-2-1.1, for purposes of participating in a 1665 settlement of federal reserved water right claims.
- (40) The Judicial Council for compensation for special prosecutors, as provided in Section77-10a-19.
- 1668 (41) A state rehabilitative employment program, as provided in Section 78A-6-210.
- 1669 (42) The Utah Geological Survey, as provided in Section 79-3-401.
- 1670 (43) The Bonneville Shoreline Trail Program created under Section 79-5-503.
- 1671 (44) Adoption document access as provided in Sections 78B-6-141, 78B-6-144, and
 1672 78B-6-144.5.
- 1673 (45) Indigent defense as provided in Title 78B, Chapter 22, Part 4, Utah Indigent Defense1674 Commission.
- 1675 (46) The program established by the Division of Facilities Construction and Management
- 1676 under Section 63A-5b-703 under which state agencies receive an appropriation and pay

- 1677 lease payments for the use and occupancy of buildings owned by the Division of
- 1678 Facilities Construction and Management.
- 1679 (47) The State Tax Commission for reimbursing counties for deferrals in accordance with
 1680 Section [59-2-1802.5] 59-2a-801.
- 1681 (48) The Veterinarian Education Loan Repayment Program created in Section 4-2-902.
- 1682 Section 42. **Repealer.**
- 1683 This bill repeals:
- 1684 Section **59-2-1801**, **Definitions**.
- 1685 Section **59-2-1806**, Fraudulent or negligent representation -- Penalties and interest.
- 1686 Section **59-2-1901**, Definitions.
- 1687 Section **59-2-1905**, **Refund**.
- 1688 Section **59-2-1906, County legislative body authority to adopt rules or ordinances.**
- 1689 Section 43. Effective Date.
- 1690 This bill takes effect on January 1, 2026.