**On Premise Sign Installation Amendments** 

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## 2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

**Chief Sponsor: Carol S. Moss** 

2 3 **LONG TITLE** 4 **Committee Note:** 5 The Economic Development and Workforce Services Interim Committee recommended 6 this bill. 7 Legislative Vote: 11 voting for 2 voting against 4 absent 8 **General Description:** 9 This bill amends provisions of licensure for on premise sign installation contractors. 10 **Highlighted Provisions:** 11 This bill: 12 defines terms; 13 • amends provisions of licensure for on premise sign installation contractors; and 14 makes technical and conforming changes. 15 Money Appropriated in this Bill: 16 None 17 **Other Special Clauses:** 18 None 19 **Utah Code Sections Affected:** 20 AMENDS: 21 **58-55-102**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 507 22 **58-55-305**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 226 23 24 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah: Section 1. Section **58-55-102** is amended to read: 25 26 58-55-102 . Definitions. In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter: 27 28 (1)(a) "Alarm business" or "alarm company" means a person engaged in the sale, 29 installation, maintenance, alteration, repair, replacement, servicing, or monitoring of 30 an alarm system, except as provided in Subsection (1)(b). 31 (b) "Alarm business" or "alarm company" does not include:

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32	(i) a person engaged in the manufacture or sale of alarm systems unless:
33	(A) that person is also engaged in the installation, maintenance, alteration, repa
34	replacement, servicing, or monitoring of alarm systems;
35	(B) the manufacture or sale occurs at a location other than a place of business
36	established by the person engaged in the manufacture or sale; or
37	(C) the manufacture or sale involves site visits at the place or intended place of
38	installation of an alarm system; or
39	(ii) an owner of an alarm system, or an employee of the owner of an alarm system
40	who is engaged in installation, maintenance, alteration, repair, replacement,
41	servicing, or monitoring of the alarm system owned by that owner.
42	(2) "Alarm company agent":
43	(a) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), means any individual employed within this
44	state by an alarm business; and
45	(b) does not include an individual who:
46	(i) is not engaged in the sale, installation, maintenance, alteration, repair,
47	replacement, servicing, or monitoring of an alarm system; and
48	(ii) does not, during the normal course of the individual's employment with an alarr
49	business, use or have access to sensitive alarm system information.
50	(3) "Alarm company officer" means:
51	(a) a governing person, as defined in Section 48-3a-102, of an alarm company;
52	(b) an individual appointed as an officer of an alarm company that is a corporation in
53	accordance with Section 16-10a-830;
54	(c) a general partner, as defined in Section 48-2e-102, of an alarm company; or
55	(d) a partner, as defined in Section 48-1d-102, of an alarm company.
56	(4) "Alarm company owner" means:
57	(a) a shareholder, as defined in Section 16-10a-102, who owns directly, or indirectly
58	through an entity controlled by the individual, 5% or more of the outstanding shares
59	of an alarm company that:
60	(i) is a corporation; and
61	(ii) is not publicly listed or traded; or
62	(b) an individual who owns directly, or indirectly through an entity controlled by the
63	individual, 5% or more of the equity of an alarm company that is not a corporation.
64	(5) "Alarm company proprietor" means the sole proprietor of an alarm company that is
65	registered as a sole proprietorship with the Division of Corporations and Commercial

66 Code.

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- 67 (6) "Alarm company trustee" means an individual with control of or power of administration over property held in trust.
- 69 (7)(a) "Alarm system" means equipment and devices assembled for the purpose of:
- 70 (i) detecting and signaling unauthorized intrusion or entry into or onto certain 71 premises; or
- (ii) signaling a robbery or attempted robbery on protected premises.
- 73 (b) "Alarm system" includes a battery-charged suspended-wire system or fence that is 74 part of and interfaces with an alarm system for the purposes of detecting and 75 deterring unauthorized intrusion or entry into or onto certain premises.
- 76 (8) "Apprentice electrician" means a person licensed under this chapter as an apprentice 77 electrician who is learning the electrical trade under the immediate supervision of a 78 master electrician, residential master electrician, a journeyman electrician, or a 79 residential journeyman electrician.
- 80 (9) "Apprentice plumber" means a person licensed under this chapter as an apprentice 81 plumber who is learning the plumbing trade under the immediate supervision of a master 82 plumber, residential master plumber, journeyman plumber, or a residential journeyman 83 plumber.
- 84 (10) "Approved continuing education" means instruction provided through courses under a 85 program established under Subsection 58-55-302.5(2).
- Associated General Contractors of Utah, the Utah Chapter of the Associated Builders and Contractors, or the Utah Home Builders Association, and that meets the requirements established by rule by the commission with the concurrence of the director, to teach the 25-hour course described in Subsection 58-55-302(1)(e)(iii).
  - (b) "Approved prelicensure course provider" may only include a provider that, in addition to any other locations, offers the 25-hour course described in Subsection 58-55-302(1)(e)(iii) at least six times each year in one or more counties other than Salt Lake County, Utah County, Davis County, or Weber County.
- 95 (12) "Board" means the Alarm System Security and Licensing Board or Electricians and Plumbers Licensing Board created in Section 58-55-201.
- 97 (13) "Combustion system" means an assembly consisting of:
- 98 (a) piping and components with a means for conveying, either continuously or 99 intermittently, natural gas from the outlet of the natural gas provider's meter to the

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100	burner of the appliance;
101	(b) the electric control and combustion air supply and venting systems, including air
102	ducts; and
103	(c) components intended to achieve control of quantity, flow, and pressure.
104	(14) "Commission" means the Construction Services Commission created under Section
105	58-55-103.
106	(15) "Construction trade" means any trade or occupation involving:
107	(a)(i) construction, alteration, remodeling, repairing, wrecking or demolition,
108	addition to, or improvement of any building, highway, road, railroad, dam, bridge,
109	structure, excavation or other project, development, or improvement to other than
110	personal property; and
111	(ii) constructing, remodeling, or repairing a manufactured home or mobile home as
112	defined in Section 15A-1-302; or
113	(b) installation or repair of a residential or commercial natural gas appliance or
114	combustion system.
115	(16) "Construction trades instructor" means a person licensed under this chapter to teach
116	one or more construction trades in both a classroom and project environment, where a
117	project is intended for sale to or use by the public and is completed under the direction
118	of the instructor, who has no economic interest in the project.
119	(17)(a) "Contractor" means any person who for compensation other than wages as an
120	employee undertakes any work in the construction, plumbing, or electrical trade for
121	which licensure is required under this chapter and includes:
122	(i) a person who builds any structure on the person's own property for the purpose of
123	sale or who builds any structure intended for public use on the person's own
124	property;
125	(ii) any person who represents that the person is a contractor, or will perform a
126	service described in this Subsection (17)by advertising on a website or social
127	media, or any other means;
128	(iii) any person engaged as a maintenance person, other than an employee, who
129	regularly engages in activities set forth under the definition of "construction trade"
130	(iv) any person engaged in, or offering to engage in, any construction trade for which
131	licensure is required under this chapter; or
132	(v) a construction manager, construction consultant, construction assistant, or any
133	other person who for a fee:

134	(A) performs or offers to perform construction consulting;
135	(B) performs or offers to perform management of construction subcontractors;
136	(C) provides or offers to provide a list of subcontractors or suppliers; or
137	(D) provides or offers to provide management or counseling services on a
138	construction project.
139	(b) "Contractor" does not include:
140	(i) an alarm company or alarm company agent; or
141	(ii) a material supplier who provides consulting to customers regarding the design
142	and installation of the material supplier's products.
143	(18)(a) "Electrical trade" means the performance of any electrical work involved in the
144	installation, construction, alteration, change, repair, removal, or maintenance of
145	facilities, buildings, or appendages or appurtenances.
146	(b) "Electrical trade" does not include:
147	(i) transporting or handling electrical materials;
148	(ii) preparing clearance for raceways for wiring;
149	(iii) work commonly done by unskilled labor on any installations under the exclusive
150	control of electrical utilities;
151	(iv) work involving cable-type wiring that does not pose a shock or fire-initiation
152	hazard;[ <del>-or</del> ]
153	(v) work involving class two or class three power-limited circuits as defined in the
154	National Electrical Code[-] ; or
155	(vi) minor electrical work incidental to a mechanical or service installation when
156	wiring is extended to no more than 10 feet from an existing outlet or disconnect.
157	(19) "Elevator" means the same as that term is defined in Section 34A-7-202, except that
158	for purposes of this chapter it does not mean a stair chair, a vertical platform lift, or an
159	incline platform lift.
160	(20) "Elevator contractor" means a sole proprietor, firm, or corporation licensed under this
161	chapter that is engaged in the business of erecting, constructing, installing, altering,
162	servicing, repairing, or maintaining an elevator.
163	(21) "Elevator mechanic" means an individual who is licensed under this chapter as an
164	elevator mechanic and who is engaged in erecting, constructing, installing, altering,
165	servicing, repairing, or maintaining an elevator under the immediate supervision of an
166	elevator contractor.
167	(22) "Employee" means an individual as defined by the division by rule giving

168 consideration to the definition adopted by the Internal Revenue Service and the 169 Department of Workforce Services. 170 (23) "Engage in a construction trade" means to: 171 (a) engage in, represent oneself to be engaged in, or advertise oneself as being engaged 172 in a construction trade; or (b) use the name "contractor" or "builder" or in any other way lead a reasonable person 173 174 to believe one is or will act as a contractor. 175 (24)(a) "Financial responsibility" means a demonstration of a current and expected 176 future condition of financial solvency evidencing a reasonable expectation to the 177 division and the board that an applicant or licensee can successfully engage in 178 business as a contractor without jeopardy to the public health, safety, and welfare. 179 (b) Financial responsibility may be determined by an evaluation of the total history 180 concerning the licensee or applicant including past, present, and expected condition 181 and record of financial solvency and business conduct. 182 (25) "Gas appliance" means any device that uses natural gas to produce light, heat, power, 183 steam, hot water, refrigeration, or air conditioning. 184 (26)(a) "General building contractor" means a person licensed under this chapter as a 185 general building contractor qualified by education, training, experience, and 186 knowledge to perform or superintend construction of structures for the support, 187 shelter, and enclosure of persons, animals, chattels, or movable property of any kind 188 or any of the components of that construction except plumbing, electrical work, 189 mechanical work, work related to the operating integrity of an elevator, and 190 manufactured housing installation, for which the general building contractor shall 191 employ the services of a contractor licensed in the particular specialty, except that a 192 general building contractor engaged in the construction of single-family and 193 multifamily residences up to four units may perform the mechanical work and hire a 194 licensed plumber or electrician as an employee. 195 (b) The division may by rule exclude general building contractors from engaging in the 196 performance of other construction specialties in which there is represented a 197 substantial risk to the public health, safety, and welfare, and for which a license is 198 required unless that general building contractor holds a valid license in that specialty 199 classification. 200 (27)(a) "General electrical contractor" means a person licensed under this chapter as a

general electrical contractor qualified by education, training, experience, and

202	knowledge to perform the fabrication, construction, and installation of generators,
203	transformers, conduits, raceways, panels, switch gear, electrical wires, fixtures,
204	appliances, or apparatus that uses electrical energy.
205	(b) The scope of work of a general electrical contractor may be further defined by rules
206	made by the commission, with the concurrence of the director, in accordance with
207	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
208	(28)(a) "General engineering contractor" means a person licensed under this chapter as
209	a general engineering contractor qualified by education, training, experience, and
210	knowledge to perform or superintend construction of fixed works or components of
211	fixed works requiring specialized engineering knowledge and skill in any of the
212	following:
213	(i) irrigation;
214	(ii) drainage;
215	(iii) water power;
216	(iv) water supply;
217	(v) flood control;
218	(vi) an inland waterway;
219	(vii) a harbor;
220	(viii) a railroad;
221	(ix) a highway;
222	(x) a tunnel;
223	(xi) an airport;
224	(xii) an airport runway;
225	(xiii) a sewer;
226	(xiv) a bridge;
227	(xv) a refinery;
228	(xvi) a pipeline;
229	(xvii) a chemical plant;
230	(xviii) an industrial plant;
231	(xix) a pier;
232	(xx) a foundation;
233	(xxi) a power plant;
234	(xxii) a utility plant or installation; or
235	(xxiii) an underground electric utility conduit

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236	(b) A general engineering contractor may not perform or superintend:
237	(i) construction of a structure built primarily for the support, shelter, and enclosure of
238	persons, animals, and chattels; or
239	(ii) performance of:
240	(A) plumbing work;
241	(B) electrical work beyond underground electric utility conduit; or
242	(C) mechanical work.
243	(29)(a) "General plumbing contractor" means a person licensed under this chapter as a
244	general plumbing contractor qualified by education, training, experience, and
245	knowledge to perform the fabrication or installation of material and fixtures to create
246	and maintain sanitary conditions in a building by providing permanent means for a
247	supply of safe and pure water, a means for the timely and complete removal from the
248	premises of all used or contaminated water, fluid and semi-fluid organic wastes and
249	other impurities incidental to life and the occupation of such premises, and a safe and
250	adequate supply of gases for lighting, heating, and industrial purposes.
251	(b) The scope of work of a general plumbing contractor may be further defined by rules
252	made by the commission, with the concurrence of the director, in accordance with
253	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
254	(30) "Immediate supervision" means reasonable direction, oversight, inspection, and
255	evaluation of the work of a person:
256	(a) as the division specifies in rule;
257	(b) by, as applicable, a qualified electrician or plumber;
258	(c) as part of a planned program of training; and
259	(d) to ensure that the end result complies with applicable standards.
260	(31) "Individual" means a natural person.
261	(32) "Journeyman electrician" means a person licensed under this chapter as a journeyman
262	electrician having the qualifications, training, experience, and knowledge to wire, install,
263	and repair electrical apparatus and equipment for light, heat, power, and other purposes.
264	(33) "Journeyman plumber" means a person licensed under this chapter as a journeyman
265	plumber having the qualifications, training, experience, and technical knowledge to
266	engage in the plumbing trade.
267	(34) "Master electrician" means a person licensed under this chapter as a master electrician
268	having the qualifications, training, experience, and knowledge to properly plan, layout,
269	and supervise the wiring, installation, and repair of electrical apparatus and equipment

- for light, heat, power, and other purposes.
- 271 (35) "Master plumber" means a person licensed under this chapter as a master plumber
- having the qualifications, training, experience, and knowledge to properly plan and
- layout projects and supervise persons in the plumbing trade.
- 274 (36) "Person" means a natural person, sole proprietorship, joint venture, corporation,
- limited liability company, association, or organization of any type.
- 276 (37)(a) "Plumbing trade" means the performance of any mechanical work pertaining to
- the installation, alteration, change, repair, removal, maintenance, or use in buildings,
- or within three feet beyond the outside walls of buildings, of pipes, fixtures, and
- 279 fittings for the:

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- (i) delivery of the water supply;
  - (ii) discharge of liquid and water carried waste;
  - (iii) building drainage system within the walls of the building; and
- (iv) delivery of gases for lighting, heating, and industrial purposes.
- (b) "Plumbing trade" includes work pertaining to the water supply, distribution pipes,
- fixtures and fixture traps, soil, waste and vent pipes, the building drain and roof
- drains, and the safe and adequate supply of gases, together with their devices,
- appurtenances, and connections where installed within the outside walls of the
- building.
- 289 (38) "Ratio of apprentices" means the number of licensed plumber apprentices or licensed
- electrician apprentices that are allowed to be under the immediate supervision of a
- licensed supervisor as established by the provisions of this chapter and by rules made by
- the commission, with the concurrence of the director, in accordance with Title 63G,
- 293 Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
- 294 (39) "Residential and small commercial contractor" means a person licensed under this
- chapter as a residential and small commercial contractor qualified by education, training,
- experience, and knowledge to perform or superintend the construction of single-family
- residences, multifamily residences up to four units, and commercial construction of not
- more than three stories above ground and not more than 20,000 square feet, or any of the
- components of that construction except plumbing, electrical work, mechanical work, and
- manufactured housing installation, for which the residential and small commercial
- contractor shall employ the services of a contractor licensed in the particular specialty,
- except that a residential and small commercial contractor engaged in the construction of
- single-family and multifamily residences up to four units may perform the mechanical

304 work and hire a licensed plumber or electrician as an employee. 305 (40) "Residential building," as it relates to the license classification of residential 306 journeyman plumber and residential master plumber, means a single or multiple family 307 dwelling of up to four units. 308 (41)(a) "Residential electrical contractor" means a person licensed under this chapter as 309 a residential electrical contractor qualified by education, training, experience, and 310 knowledge to perform the fabrication, construction, and installation of services, 311 disconnecting means, grounding devices, panels, conductors, load centers, lighting 312 and plug circuits, appliances, and fixtures in a residential unit. 313 (b) The scope of work of a residential electrical contractor may be further defined by 314 rules made by the commission, with the concurrence of the director, in accordance 315 with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act. 316 (42) "Residential journeyman electrician" means a person licensed under this chapter as a 317 residential journeyman electrician having the qualifications, training, experience, and 318 knowledge to wire, install, and repair electrical apparatus and equipment for light, heat, 319 power, and other purposes on buildings using primarily nonmetallic sheath cable. 320 (43) "Residential journeyman plumber" means a person licensed under this chapter as a 321 residential journeyman plumber having the qualifications, training, experience, and 322 knowledge to engage in the plumbing trade as limited to the plumbing of residential 323 buildings. 324 (44) "Residential master electrician" means a person licensed under this chapter as a 325 residential master electrician having the qualifications, training, experience, and 326 knowledge to properly plan, layout, and supervise the wiring, installation, and repair of 327 electrical apparatus and equipment for light, heat, power, and other purposes on 328 residential projects. 329 (45) "Residential master plumber" means a person licensed under this chapter as a 330 residential master plumber having the qualifications, training, experience, and 331 knowledge to properly plan and layout projects and supervise persons in the plumbing 332 trade as limited to the plumbing of residential buildings. 333 (46)(a) "Residential plumbing contractor" means a person licensed under this chapter as 334 a residential plumbing contractor qualified by education, training, experience, and 335 knowledge to perform the fabrication or installation of material and fixtures to create 336 and maintain sanitary conditions in residential buildings by providing permanent

means for a supply of safe and pure water, a means for the timely and complete

338	removal from the premises of all used or contaminated water, fluid and semi-fluid
339	organic wastes and other impurities incidental to life and the occupation of such
340	premises, and a safe and adequate supply of gases for lighting, heating, and
341	residential purposes.
342	(b) The scope of work of a residential plumbing contractor may be further defined by
343	rules made by the commission, with the concurrence of the director, in accordance
344	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
345	(47) "Residential project," as it relates to an electrician or electrical contractor, means
346	buildings primarily wired with nonmetallic sheathed cable, in accordance with standard
347	rules and regulations governing this work, including the National Electrical Code, and in
348	which the voltage does not exceed 250 volts line to line and 125 volts to ground.
349	(48) "Responsible management personnel" means:
350	(a) a qualifying agent;
351	(b) an operations manager; or
352	(c) a site manager.
353	(49) "Sensitive alarm system information" means:
354	(a) a pass code or other code used in the operation of an alarm system;
355	(b) information on the location of alarm system components at the premises of a
356	customer of the alarm business providing the alarm system;
357	(c) information that would allow the circumvention, bypass, deactivation, or other
358	compromise of an alarm system of a customer of the alarm business providing the
359	alarm system; and
360	(d) any other similar information that the division by rule determines to be information
361	that an individual employed by an alarm business should use or have access to only if
362	the individual is licensed as provided in this chapter.
363	(50)(a) "Specialty contractor" means a person licensed under this chapter under a
364	specialty contractor classification established by rule, who is qualified by education,
365	training, experience, and knowledge to perform those construction trades and crafts
366	requiring specialized skill, the regulation of which are determined by the division to
367	be in the best interest of the public health, safety, and welfare.
368	(b) A specialty contractor may perform work in crafts or trades other than those in which
369	the specialty contractor is licensed if they are incidental to the performance of the
370	specialty contractor's licensed craft or trade.
371	(51) "Unincorporated entity" means an entity that is not:

- 372 (a) an individual; 373 (b) a corporation; or 374 (c) publicly traded. 375 (52) "Unlawful conduct" means the same as that term is defined in Sections 58-1-501 and 376 58-55-501. 377 (53) "Unprofessional conduct" means the same as that term is defined in Sections 58-1-501 378 and 58-55-502 and as may be further defined by rule. 379 (54) "Wages" means amounts due to an employee for labor or services whether the amount 380 is fixed or ascertained on a time, task, piece, commission, or other basis for calculating 381 the amount. 382 Section 2. Section **58-55-305** is amended to read: 383 58-55-305. Exemptions from licensure. 384 (1) In addition to the exemptions from licensure in Section 58-1-307, the following persons 385 may engage in acts or practices included within the practice of construction trades, 386 subject to the stated circumstances and limitations, without being licensed under this 387 chapter: 388 (a) an authorized representative of the United States government or an authorized 389 employee of the state or any of its political subdivisions when working on 390 construction work of the state or the subdivision, and when acting within the terms of 391 the person's trust, office, or employment; 392 (b) a person engaged in construction or operation incidental to the construction and 393 repair of irrigation and drainage ditches of regularly constituted irrigation districts, 394 reclamation districts, and drainage districts or construction and repair relating to 395 farming, dairying, agriculture, livestock or poultry raising, metal and coal mining, 396 quarries, sand and gravel excavations, well drilling, as defined in Section 73-3-25, 397 hauling to and from construction sites, and lumbering; 398 (c) public utilities operating under the rules of the Public Service Commission on work 399 incidental to their own business; 400 (d) a sole owner of property engaged in building: 401 (i) no more than one residential structure per year on the sole owner's property and no 402
  - more than one residential structure per year on the sole owner's property and no more than three residential structures per five years on the sole owner's property for the sole owner's noncommercial, nonpublic use, except that a person other than the property owner or a person described in Subsection (1)(e), who engages in building a residential structure must be licensed under this chapter if the person is

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406	otherwise required to be licensed under this chapter; or
407	(ii) structures on the sole owner's property for the sole owner's noncommercial,
408	nonpublic use that are incidental to a residential structure on the property,
409	including a shed, carport, or detached garage;
410	(e)(i) a person engaged in construction or renovation of a residential building for
411	noncommercial, nonpublic use if that person:
412	(A) works without compensation other than token compensation that is not
413	considered salary or wages; and
414	(B) works under the direction of the property owner who engages in building the
415	structure; and
416	(ii) as used in this Subsection (1)(e), "token compensation" means compensation paid
417	by a sole owner of property exempted from licensure under Subsection (1)(d) to a
418	person exempted from licensure under this Subsection (1)(e), that is:
419	(A) minimal in value when compared with the fair market value of the services
420	provided by the person;
421	(B) not related to the fair market value of the services provided by the person; and
422	(C) is incidental to the providing of services by the person including paying for or
423	providing meals or refreshment while services are being provided, or paying
424	reasonable transportation costs incurred by the person in travel to the site of
425	construction;
426	(f) a person engaged in the sale or merchandising of personal property that by its design
427	or manufacture may be attached, installed, or otherwise affixed to real property who
428	has contracted with a person, firm, or corporation licensed under this chapter to
429	install, affix, or attach that property;
430	(g) a contractor submitting a bid on a federal aid highway project, if, before undertaking
431	construction under that bid, the contractor is licensed under this chapter;
432	(h)(i) subject to Subsection 58-1-401(2) and Sections 58-55-501 and 58-55-502, a
433	person engaged in the alteration, repair, remodeling, or addition to or
434	improvement of a building with a contracted or agreed value of less than \$7,000,
435	including both labor and materials, and including all changes or additions to the
436	contracted or agreed upon work; and
437	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (1)(h)(i) and except as otherwise provided in this
438	section:
439	(A) work in the plumbing and electrical trades on a Subsection (1)(h)(i) project

440	within any six month period of time:
441	(I) shall be performed by a licensed electrical or plumbing contractor, if the
442	project involves an electrical or plumbing system; and
443	(II) may be performed by a licensed journeyman electrician or plumber or an
444	individual referred to in Subsection (1)(h)(ii)(A)(I), if the project involves a
445	component of the system such as a faucet, toilet, fixture, device, outlet, or
446	electrical switch;
447	(B) installation, repair, or replacement of a residential or commercial gas
448	appliance or a combustion system on a Subsection (1)(h)(i) project shall be
449	performed by a person who has received certification under Subsection
450	58-55-308(2) except as otherwise provided in Subsection 58-55-308(2)(d) or
451	58-55-308(3);
452	(C) installation, repair, or replacement of water-based fire protection systems on a
453	Subsection (1)(h)(i) project must be performed by a licensed fire suppression
454	systems contractor or a licensed journeyman plumber;
455	(D) work as an alarm business or company or as an alarm company agent shall be
456	performed by a licensed alarm business or company or a licensed alarm
457	company agent, except as otherwise provided in this chapter;
458	(E) installation, repair, or replacement of an alarm system on a Subsection
459	(1)(h)(i) project must be performed by a licensed alarm business or company or
460	a licensed alarm company agent;
461	(F) installation, repair, or replacement of a heating, ventilation, or air conditioning
462	system (HVAC) on a Subsection (1)(h)(i) project must be performed by an
463	HVAC contractor licensed by the division;
464	(G) installation, repair, or replacement of a radon mitigation system or a soil
465	depressurization system must be performed by a licensed contractor; and
466	(H) if the total value of the project is greater than \$3,000, the person shall file with
467	the division a one-time affirmation, subject to periodic reaffirmation as
468	established by division rule, that the person has:
469	(I) public liability insurance in coverage amounts and form established by
470	division rule; and
471	(II) if applicable, workers compensation insurance which would cover an
472	employee of the person if that employee worked on the construction project
473	(i) a person practicing a specialty contractor classification or construction trade which

474	the director does not classify by administrative rule as significantly impacting the
475	public's health, safety, and welfare;
476	(j) owners and lessees of property and persons regularly employed for wages by owners
477	or lessees of property or their agents for the purpose of maintaining the property, are
478	exempt from this chapter when doing work upon the property;
479	(k)(i) a person engaged in minor plumbing work that is incidental, as defined by the
480	division by rule, to the repair of a fixture or an appliance in a residential or small
481	commercial building, or structure used for agricultural use, as defined in Section
482	15A-1-202, provided that no modification is made to:
483	(A) existing culinary water, soil, waste, or vent piping; or
484	(B) a gas appliance or combustion system; and
485	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(e), installation for the first time of a fixture
486	or an appliance is not included in the exemption provided under Subsection
487	(1)(k)(i);
488	(l) a person who ordinarily would be subject to the plumber licensure requirements
489	under this chapter when installing or repairing a water conditioner or other water
490	treatment apparatus if the conditioner or apparatus:
491	(i) meets the appropriate state construction codes or local plumbing standards; and
492	(ii) is installed or repaired under the direction of a person authorized to do the work
493	under an appropriate specialty contractor license;
494	(m) a person who ordinarily would be subject to the electrician licensure requirements
495	under this chapter when employed by:
496	(i) railroad corporations, telephone corporations or their corporate affiliates, elevator
497	contractors or constructors, or street railway systems; or
498	(ii) public service corporations, rural electrification associations, or municipal
499	utilities who generate, distribute, or sell electrical energy for light, heat, or power
500	(n) a person involved in minor electrical work incidental to a mechanical or service
501	installation, including the outdoor installation of:
502	(i) an above-ground, prebuilt hot tub; or
503	(ii) the installation, maintenance, or repair of on-premise signs;
504	(o) a person who ordinarily would be subject to the electrician licensure requirements
505	under this chapter but who during calendar years 2009, 2010, or 2011 was issued a
506	specialty contractor license for the electrical work associated with the installation,
507	repair, or maintenance of solar energy panels, may continue the limited electrical

508	work for solar energy panels under a specialty contractor license;	
509	(p) a student participating in construction trade education and training programs	
510	approved by the commission with the concurrence of the director under the condition	ì
511	that:	
512	(i) all work intended as a part of a finished product on which there would normally be	e
513	an inspection by a building inspector is, in fact, inspected and found acceptable b	y
514	a licensed building inspector; and	
515	(ii) a licensed contractor obtains the necessary building permits;	
516	(q) a delivery person when replacing any of the following existing equipment with a new	7
517	gas appliance, provided there is an existing gas shutoff valve at the appliance:	
518	(i) gas range;	
519	(ii) gas dryer;	
520	(iii) outdoor gas barbeque; or	
521	(iv) outdoor gas patio heater;	
522	(r) a person performing maintenance on an elevator as defined in Section 58-55-102, if	
523	the maintenance is not related to the operating integrity of the elevator; and	
524	(s) an apprentice or helper of an elevator mechanic licensed under this chapter when	
525	working under the general direction of the licensed elevator mechanic.	
526	(2) A compliance agency as defined in Section 15A-1-202 that issues a building permit to a	
527	person requesting a permit as a sole owner of property referred to in Subsection (1)(d)	
528	shall notify the division, in writing or through electronic transmission, of the issuance of	
529	the permit.	
530	Section 3. Effective date.	
531	This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.	