Ryan D. Wilcox proposes the following substitute bill:

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School Safety Amendments

2025 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Ryan D. Wilcox

Senate Sponsor:

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3	LONG TITLE
4	General Description:
5	This bill modifies school safety provisions.
6	Highlighted Provisions:
7	This bill:
8	 defines terms;
9	 modifies communication device requirements for new construction to post-completion
10	determination;
11	 amends building standards;
12	 revises screening and training requirements for school safety personnel;
13	 adjusts school safety personnel provisions;
14	 changes safety assessment deadlines and responsibilities;
15	 establishes a school safety foundation for certain purposes;
16	 creates compliance supports;
17	 modifies certain administrative structures within the school safety program; and
18	 makes technical changes.
19	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
20	None
21	Other Special Clauses:
22	This bill provides a special effective date.
23	Utah Code Sections Affected:
24	AMENDS:
25	15A-5-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 21, 381
26	53-22-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 21
27	53-22-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 21
28	53-22-104.1, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 21

- **53-22-104.2**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 21
- **53-22-105**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 21
- **53-22-106**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 21
- **53B-28-401**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 65, 378
- **53B-28-403**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 332
- **53F-2-208**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 460, 484
- **53G-8-102**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3
- **53G-8-701**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 21
- **53G-8-701.5**, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 21
- **53G-8-701.6**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 21
- **53G-8-701.8**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 21
- **53G-8-704**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 21
- **53G-8-802**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 23
- **53G-8-803**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 21
- **53G-8-805**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 21
- **53G-9-207**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 520
- **53G-9-703**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 20
- **53G-10-408**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 292
- **63I-1-253**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Third Special Session, Chapter 5

48 ENACTS:

- **53-22-104.3**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- **53-22-108**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- **53-22-109**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- **53-25-601**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- **53B-28-404**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- **53F-2-422**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- **76-5-417**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 56 REPEALS:
- **53F-4-208**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 383

59 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

- 60 Section 1. Section **15A-5-203** is amended to read:
- 61 15A-5-203 . Amendments and additions to IFC related to fire safety, building,
- 62 and site requirements.

63	(1) For IFC, Chapter 5, Fire Service Features:
64	(a) In IFC, Chapter 5, a new Section 501.5, Access grade and fire flow, is added as
65	follows: "An authority having jurisdiction over a structure built in accordance with
66	the requirements of the International Residential Code as adopted in the State
67	Construction Code, may require an automatic fire sprinkler system for the structure
68	only by ordinance and only if any of the following conditions exist:
69	(i) the structure:
70	(A) is located in an urban-wildland interface area as provided in the Utah
71	Wildland Urban Interface Code adopted as a construction code under the State
72	Construction Code; and
73	(B) does not meet the requirements described in Utah Code, Subsection 65A-8-203
74	(4)(a) and Utah Administrative Code, R652-122-1300, Minimum Standards for
75	County Wildland Fire Ordinance;
76	(ii) the structure is in an area where a public water distribution system with fire
77	hydrants does not exist as required in Utah Administrative Code, R309-550-5,
78	Water Main Design;
79	(iii) the only fire apparatus access road has a grade greater than 10% for more than
80	500 continual feet;
81	(iv) the total floor area of all floor levels within the exterior walls of the dwelling unit
82	exceeds 10,000 square feet; or
83	(v) the total floor area of all floor levels within the exterior walls of the dwelling unit
84	is double the average of the total floor area of all floor levels of unsprinkled
85	homes in the subdivision that are no larger than 10,000 square feet.
86	(vi) Exception: A single family dwelling does not require a fire sprinkler system if
87	the dwelling:
88	(A) is located outside the wildland urban interface;
89	(B) is built in a one-lot subdivision; and
90	(C) has 50 feet of defensible space on all sides that limits the propensity of fire
91	spreading from the dwelling to another property."
92	(b) In IFC, Chapter 5, Section 506.1, Where Required, is deleted and rewritten as
93	follows: "Where access to or within a structure or an area is restricted because of
94	secured openings or where immediate access is necessary for life-saving or
95	fire-fighting purposes, the fire code official, after consultation with the building
96	owner, may require a key box to be installed in an approved location. The key box

97 shall contain keys to gain necessary access as required by the fire code official. For 98 each fire jurisdiction that has at least one building with a required key box, the fire 99 jurisdiction shall adopt an ordinance, resolution, or other operating rule or policy that 100 creates a process to ensure that each key to each key box is properly accounted for 101 and secure." 102 (c) In IFC, Chapter 5, a new Section 507.1.1, Isolated one- and two-family dwellings, is 103 added as follows: "Fire flow may be reduced for an isolated one- and two-family 104 dwelling when the authority having jurisdiction over the dwelling determines that the 105 development of a full fire-flow requirement is impractical." 106 (d) In IFC, Chapter 5, a new Section 507.1.2, Pre-existing subdivision lots, is added as follows: 107 "507.1.2 Pre-existing subdivision lots. 108 The requirements for a pre-existing subdivision lot shall not exceed the requirements 109 described in Section 501.5." 110 (e) In IFC, Chapter 5, Section 507.5.1, here required, a new exception is added: "3. One 111 interior and one detached accessory dwelling unit on a single residential lot." 112 (f) IFC, Chapter 5, Section 510.1, Emergency responder communication coverage in 113 new buildings, is amended by adding: "When required by the fire code official, 114 unless the new building is a public school as that term is defined in Section 115 53G-9-205.1 or a private school, [then] if determined by the fire code official to be 116 necessary after construction of the new building is completed, then the fire code 117 official shall require," at the beginning of the first paragraph. (2) For IFC, Chapter 6, Building Services and Systems: 118 119 (a) IFC, Chapter 6, Section 604.6.1, Elevator key location, is deleted and rewritten as follows: "Firefighter service keys shall be kept in a "Supra-Stor-a-key" elevator key 120 121 box or similar box with corresponding key system that is adjacent to the elevator for 122 immediate use by the fire department. The key box shall contain one key for each 123 elevator, one key for lobby control, and any other keys necessary for emergency 124 service. The elevator key box shall be accessed using a 6049 numbered key." 125 (b) IFC, Chapter 6, Section 606.1, General, is amended as follows: On line three, after 126 the word "Code", add the words "and NFPA 96". 127 (c) IFC, Chapter 6, Section 607.2, a new exception 5 is added as follows: "5. A Type 1 128 hood is not required for a cooking appliance in a microenterprise home kitchen, as that term is defined in Utah Code, Section 26B-7-401, for which the operator obtains 129 130 a permit in accordance with Section 26B-7-416."

131	(3) IFC, Chapter 7, Fire and Smoke Protection Features, Section 702.5, is deleted.
132	Section 2. Section 53-22-102 is amended to read:
133	53-22-102 . State security chief Creation Appointment.
134	(1) There is created within the department a state security chief.
135	(2) The state security chief:
136	(a) is appointed by the commissioner with the approval of the governor;
137	(b) is subject to the supervision and control of the commissioner;
138	(c) may be removed at the will of the commissioner;
139	(d) shall be qualified by experience and education to:
140	(i) enforce the laws of this state relating to school safety;
141	(ii) perform duties prescribed by the commissioner; and
142	(iii) enforce rules made under this chapter.
143	(3) The state security chief shall:
144	(a) establish building and safety standards for all public and private schools, including:
145	(i) coordinating with the State Board of Education to establish the required minimum
146	safety and security standards for all public and private school facilities, including:
147	(A) limited entry points, including, if applicable, secured entry points for specific
148	student grades or groups;
149	(B) <u>internal</u> video surveillance[-of entrances when school is in session];
150	(C) [ground level] exterior windows, which are windows surrounding points of
151	entry, and interior windows, which are windows entering areas of instruction,
152	protected by security [film] glazing or ballistic windows;
153	(D) internal classroom door locks;
154	(E) bleed kits and first aid kits;
155	(F) exterior cameras on entrances, parking areas, and campus grounds; [and]
156	(G) fencing around playgrounds; and
157	(H) compliance with universal access key box requirements under Section
158	<u>53G-8-305;</u>
159	(ii) establishing a schedule or timeline for existing buildings to come into compliance
160	with this section;
161	(iii) creating a process to examine plans and specifications for construction or
162	remodeling of a school building, in accordance with Section 53E-3-706;
163	(iv) recommending to the commissioner the denial or revocation a public or private
164	school's occupancy permit for a building if:

165	(A) the building does not meet the standards established in this section; and
166	(B) after consultation with the local governing board, the building remains
167	non-compliant with the standards established in this section;
168	(v) creating minimum standards for radio communication equipment in every school;
169	(vi) establishing an incident response method or system that a school shall use; and
170	[(vi)] (vii) establishing a process to approve the safety and security criteria the state
171	superintendent of public instruction establishes for building inspectors described
172	in Section 53E-3-706;
173	(b) oversee the implementation of the school safety personnel requirements described in
174	Section 53G-8-701.5, including:
175	(i) in consultation with a county security chief, overseeing the school guardian
176	program described in Section 53-22-105, including approving and coordinating
177	the relevant training programs;
178	(ii) establishing an application process for approved alternatives to the school safety
179	personnel requirements described in Section 53G-8-701.5;
180	(iii) selecting training requirements for school safety and security specialists in
181	consultation with the State Board of Education as described in Section
182	53G-8-701.6;
183	(iv) as required by Section 53G-8-701.8, tracking each school safety and security
184	director for a local education agency and ensuring that the contact information for
185	the school safety and security directors is readily available to the local law
186	enforcement agency of relevant jurisdiction; and
187	(v) reviewing and approving the State Board of Education's school resource officer
188	training program as described in Section 53G-8-702;
189	(c) oversee the creation of school safety trainings, protocols, and incident responses,
190	including:
191	(i) in consultation with the State Board of Education, defining what constitutes an
192	"active threat" and "developmentally appropriate" for purposes of the emergency
193	response training described in Section 53G-8-803;
194	(ii) in consultation with the Office of Substance [Abuse] Use and Mental Health,
195	establishing or selecting an adolescent mental health and de-escalation training for
196	school safety personnel;
197	(iii) consulting with the School Safety Center to develop the model critical incident
198	response that all schools and law enforcement will use during a threat, including:

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199	(A) standardized response protocol terminology for use throughout the state,
200	including what constitutes a threat;
201	(B) protocols for planning and safety drills, including drills required in a school
202	before the school year begins;
203	(C) integration and appropriate use of a panic alert device described in Subsection
204	53G-8-805;
205	(D) the establishment of incident command for a threat or safety incident,
206	including which entity and individual runs the incident command;
207	(E) the required components for a communication plan to be followed during an
208	incident or threat;
209	(F) reunification plan protocols, including the appropriate design and use of an
210	incident command by others responding to or involved in an incident; and
211	(G) recommendations for safety equipment for schools, including amounts and
212	types of first aid supplies;
213	(iv) reviewing and suggesting any changes to the response plans and training under
214	Section 53G-8-803;
215	(v) creating the official standard response protocol described in Section 53G-8-803
216	for use by schools and law enforcement for school safety incidents;
217	(vi) ensuring a school physically marks doorways and hallways consistent with the
218	incident response method required in Subsection (3)(a); and
219	[(vi)] (vii) establishing a manner for any security personnel described in Section
220	53G-8-701.5 to be quickly identified by law enforcement during an incident;
221	(d) in collaboration with the School Safety Center, create a needs assessment that a local
222	education agency shall use to ensure compliance with the needs assessment
223	requirement described in Section 53G-8-701.5;
224	(e) in consultation with the School Safety Center, select a system to track relevant data,
225	including the tracking required in Sections 53-22-105, 53G-8-701.5, 53G-8-701.8,
226	and 53G-8-704;
227	(f) in consultation with the School Safety Center established in Section 53G-8-802:
228	(i) create a process to receive and analyze the school safety needs assessments
229	described in Section 53G-8-701.5; and
230	(ii) establish a required data reporting system for public schools to report serious and
231	non-serious threats and other data related to threat assessment that the state
232	security chief determines to be necessary;

233	(g) establish, in collaboration with the Utah Education and Telehealth Network created
234	in Section 53B-17-105 and the School Safety Center established in Section
235	53G-8-802, minimum cybersecurity standards for local education agencies, including:
236	(i) adoption of nationally recognized cybersecurity framework;
237	(ii) requirements for regular cybersecurity assessments that may be part of the needs
238	assessment described in SEction 53G-8-701.5;
239	(iii) cybersecurity incident response protocols; and
240	(iv) additional data protection standards;
241	(h) review, authorize, and oversee foundation activities under Section 53-22-108; and
242	[(e)] (i) fulfill any other duties and responsibilities determined by the commissioner.
243	(4) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
244	department, in consultation with the state security chief, shall make rules to fulfill the
245	duties described in this section.
246	(5) The state security chief may delegate duties under this section to a sworn department
247	member with the approval of the commissioner.
248	Section 3. Section 53-22-103 is amended to read:
249	53-22-103 . County sheriff responsibilities Coordination.
250	(1) Each county sheriff shall identify an individual as a county security chief within the
251	sheriff's office to coordinate security responsibilities, protocols, and required trainings
252	between the state security chief, the county sheriff's office, and the corresponding police
253	chiefs whose jurisdiction includes a public school within the county.
254	(2) The county security chief shall:
255	(a) in collaboration with the school safety and security specialist described in Section
256	53G-8-701.6 and a member of the local law enforcement agency of relevant
257	jurisdiction as described in Section 53-25-601:
258	(i) [conduct, or coordinate] administer or coordinate with a designee from the local
259	law enforcement agency of relevant jurisdiction to [conduct] participate in, by any
260	appropriate means the county security chief determines, the school safety needs
261	assessment described in Section 53G-8-701.5; and
262	(ii) conduct a building safety evaluation at least annually using the results of the
263	school safety needs assessment to recommend and implement improvements to
264	school facilities, policies, procedures, protocols, rules, and regulations relating to
265	school safety and security;
266	(b) collaborate and maintain effective communications regarding school safety with

267	each:
268	(i) school safety and security specialist in the county security chief's county, as
269	described in Section 53G-8-701.6;
270	(ii) school safety and security director in the county security chief's county, as
271	described in Section 53G-8-701.8; and
272	(iii) local law enforcement agency within the county;
273	(c) administer with the corresponding police chiefs whose jurisdiction includes a public
274	school, the trainings described in Sections 53-22-105 and 53G-8-704, including:
275	(i) assessing if an individual is capable of the duties and responsibilities that the
276	trainings cover; and
277	(ii) denying an individual the ability to be a school safety personnel described in
278	Section 53G-8-701.5 if the county security chief finds the individual is not
279	capable of the duties and responsibilities that the trainings cover; and
280	(d) in conjunction with the state security chief, administer the school guardian program
281	established in Section 53-22-105 at any school participating in the program in the
282	county security chief's county.
283	Section 4. Section 53-22-104.1 is amended to read:
284	53-22-104.1 . School Security Task Force Membership Duties Per diem
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284 285	53-22-104.1 . School Security Task Force Membership Duties Per diem Report Expiration.
284 285 286	 53-22-104.1 . School Security Task Force Membership Duties Per diem Report Expiration. (1) There is created a School Security Task Force composed of the following members:
284 285 286 287	 53-22-104.1 . School Security Task Force Membership Duties Per diem Report Expiration. (1) There is created a School Security Task Force composed of the following members: (a) the House chair and vice chair of the House Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice
284 285 286 287 288	 53-22-104.1 . School Security Task Force Membership Duties Per diem Report Expiration. (1) There is created a School Security Task Force composed of the following members: (a) the House chair and vice chair of the House Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Standing Committee during the 2024 General Session, with the House chair serving
284 285 286 287 288 289	 53-22-104.1 . School Security Task Force Membership Duties Per diem Report Expiration. (1) There is created a School Security Task Force composed of the following members: (a) the House chair and vice chair of the House Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Standing Committee during the 2024 General Session, with the House chair serving as the co-chair of the task force;
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284 285 286 287 288 289 290 291 292 293 294	 53-22-104.1 . School Security Task Force Membership Duties Per diem Report Expiration. (1) There is created a School Security Task Force composed of the following members: (a) the House chair and vice chair of the House Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Standing Committee during the 2024 General Session, with the House chair serving as the co-chair of the task force; (b) two members from the Senate, whom the president of the Senate selects and one of whom the president of the Senate appoints as co-chair of the task force; (c) the state security chief; (d) one member of the State Board of Education, whom the chair of State Board of Education selects;
284 285 286 287 288 289 290 291 292 293 294 295	 53-22-104.1 . School Security Task Force Membership Duties Per diem Report Expiration. (1) There is created a School Security Task Force composed of the following members: (a) the House chair and vice chair of the House Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Standing Committee during the 2024 General Session, with the House chair serving as the co-chair of the task force; (b) two members from the Senate, whom the president of the Senate selects and one of whom the president of the Senate appoints as co-chair of the task force; (c) the state security chief; (d) one member of the State Board of Education, whom the chair of State Board of Education selects; (e) a member of the School Safety Center or designee, whom the state security chief
284 285 286 287 288 289 290 291 292 293 294 295 296	 53-22-104.1 . School Security Task Force Membership Duties Per diem Report Expiration. (1) There is created a School Security Task Force composed of the following members: (a) the House chair and vice chair of the House Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Standing Committee during the 2024 General Session, with the House chair serving as the co-chair of the task force; (b) two members from the Senate, whom the president of the Senate selects and one of whom the president of the Senate appoints as co-chair of the task force; (c) the state security chief; (d) one member of the State Board of Education, whom the chair of State Board of Education selects; (e) a member of the School Safety Center or designee, whom the state security chief selects;
284 285 286 287 288 289 290 291 292 293 294 295 296 297	 53-22-104.1 . School Security Task Force Membership Duties Per diem Report Expiration. (1) There is created a School Security Task Force composed of the following members: (a) the House chair and vice chair of the House Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Standing Committee during the 2024 General Session, with the House chair serving as the co-chair of the task force; (b) two members from the Senate, whom the president of the Senate selects and one of whom the president of the Senate appoints as co-chair of the task force; (c) the state security chief; (d) one member of the State Board of Education, whom the chair of State Board of Education selects; (e) a member of the School Safety Center or designee, whom the state security chief selects; (f) the director of the Utah Division of Juvenile Justice Youth Services or the director's

301	(i) a school security expert, whom the state security chief selects;
302	(j) a cybersecurity expert, whom the state security chief selects in consultation with the
303	director of the Utah Education Telehealth Network created in Section 53B-17-105;
304	(k) the director of a school safety foundation established under Section 53-22-108 or the
305	director's designee;
306	[(h)] (1) one member of the Chiefs of Police Association from a county of the first or
307	second class;
308	[(i)] (m) one member of the Sheriff's Association from a county of the third, fourth, fifth,
309	or sixth class, whom the president of the association selects;
310	[(i)] (n) one county security chief, whom the state security chief selects;
311	[(k)] (o) a school safety and security director, whom the chairs select;
312	[(+)] (p) a school resource officer, whom the state security chief selects; and
313	[(m)] (q) a member of the SafeUT and School Safety Commission, whom the chairs
314	select.
315	(2) The task force shall:
316	(a) review school safety updates;
317	(b) consult with the Education Advisory Board created in Section 53-22-104.2; and
318	(c) develop legislation recommendations as necessary.
319	(3)(a) A majority of the members of the task force constitutes a quorum.
320	(b) The action of a majority of a quorum constitutes an action of the task force.
321	(4) The Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall provide staff for the task
322	force.
323	(5)(a) Salaries and expenses of the members of the task force who are legislators shall be
324	paid in accordance with:
325	(i) Section 36-2-2;
326	(ii) Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Chapter 2, Lodging, Meal, and Transportation
327	Expenses; and
328	(iii) Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Chapter 3, Legislator Compensation.
329	(b) A member of the task force who is not a legislator may not receive compensation for
330	the member's work associated with the task force but may receive per diem and
331	reimbursement for travel expenses incurred as a member of the task force at the rates
332	established by the Division of Finance under:
333	(i) Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107; and
334	(ii) rules made by the Division of Finance in accordance with Sections 63A-3-106

335	and 63A-3-107.
336	Section 5. Section 53-22-104.2 is amended to read:
337	53-22-104.2 . The School Security Task Force Public Education Advisory
338	Board.
339	(1) There is created an advisory board to the task force called the <u>Public</u> Education
340	Advisory Board.
341	(2) The advisory board shall consist of the following members:
342	(a) the state security chief, who acts as chair of the advisory board;
343	(b) the construction and facility specialist at the State Board of Education;
344	(c) the director of school safety and student services at the State Board of Education or
345	the director's designee;
346	(d) a school nurse, whom the state security chief selects;
347	(e) a school district technology director, whom the director of school safety and student
348	services selects:
349	[(e)] (f) a superintendent from a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, whom the state
350	security chief selects;
351	[(d)] (g) a superintendent from a county of the first, second, or third class, whom the state
352	security chief selects;
353	[(e)] (h) a charter school director who is employed in [from]a county of the fourth, fifth,
354	or sixth class, whom the state security chief selects;
355	[(f)] (i) a charter school director from a county of the first, second, or third class, whom
356	the state security chief selects;
357	[(g)] (j) the president of the Utah School Boards Association or the president's designee;
358	[(h)] (k) a parent representative from a school community council or parent teacher
359	organization, whom the state security chief selects;
360	[(i)] (1) a facilities manager from an LEA in a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class,
361	whom the state security chief selects;
362	[(j)] (m) a facilities manager from an LEA in county of the first, second, or third class,
363	whom the state security chief selects;
364	[(k)] (n) a representative of private schools, whom the state security chief selects; and
365	[(1)] (o) a member of the Office of Substance Abuse and Mental Health, whom the state
366	security chief selects.
367	(3) The advisory board's purpose is to:
368	(a) review and provide input on official business of the task force;

369	(b) provide recommendations and suggestions for the task force's consideration; and
370	(c) study and evaluate the policies, procedures, and programs implemented for school
371	safety and provide proactive information regarding the implementation.
372	(4)(a) A majority of the members of the advisory board constitutes a quorum.
373	(b) The action of a majority of a quorum constitutes an action of the advisory board.
374	(5)(a) The advisory board shall select two members to serve as co-chairs.
375	(b) The co-chairs are responsible for the call and conduct of meetings.
376	(6) The staff of the state security chief shall provide staff for the advisory board.
377	(7) A member of the advisory board who is not a legislator may not receive compensation
378	for the member's work associated with the task force but may receive per diem and
379	reimbursement for travel expenses incurred as a member of the task force at the rates
380	established by the Division of Finance under:
381	(a) Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107; and
382	(b) rules made by the Division of Finance in accordance with Sections 63A-3-106 and
383	63A-3-107.
384	Section 6. Section 53-22-104.3 is enacted to read:
385	53-22-104.3 . The School Security Task Force Higher Education Advisory
386	Board.
386 387	Board. There is created an advisory board to the task force called the Higher Education
387	(1) There is created an advisory board to the task force called the Higher Education
387 388	(1) There is created an advisory board to the task force called the Higher Education Advisory Board.
387 388 389	 (1) There is created an advisory board to the task force called the Higher Education Advisory Board. (2) The advisory board shall consist of the following members:
387 388 389 390	 (1) There is created an advisory board to the task force called the Higher Education Advisory Board. (2) The advisory board shall consist of the following members: (a) the state security chief, who acts as chair of the advisory board;
387 388 389 390 391	 (1) There is created an advisory board to the task force called the Higher Education Advisory Board. (2) The advisory board shall consist of the following members: (a) the state security chief, who acts as chair of the advisory board; (b) the Commissioner of Higher Education or the commissioner's designee;
 387 388 389 390 391 392 	 (1) There is created an advisory board to the task force called the Higher Education Advisory Board. (2) The advisory board shall consist of the following members: (a) the state security chief, who acts as chair of the advisory board; (b) the Commissioner of Higher Education or the commissioner's designee; (c) one representative from a Utah higher education institution, whom the state security
 387 388 389 390 391 392 393 	 (1) There is created an advisory board to the task force called the Higher Education <u>Advisory Board.</u> (2) The advisory board shall consist of the following members: (a) the state security chief, who acts as chair of the advisory board; (b) the Commissioner of Higher Education or the commissioner's designee; (c) one representative from a Utah higher education institution, whom the state security chief and commissioner jointly select from either: (i) a degree-granting institution; or (ii) a technical college;
 387 388 389 390 391 392 393 394 	 (1) There is created an advisory board to the task force called the Higher Education Advisory Board. (2) The advisory board shall consist of the following members: (a) the state security chief, who acts as chair of the advisory board; (b) the Commissioner of Higher Education or the commissioner's designee; (c) one representative from a Utah higher education institution, whom the state security chief and commissioner jointly select from either: (i) a degree-granting institution; or
 387 388 389 390 391 392 393 394 395 	 (1) There is created an advisory board to the task force called the Higher Education Advisory Board. (2) The advisory board shall consist of the following members: (a) the state security chief, who acts as chair of the advisory board; (b) the Commissioner of Higher Education or the commissioner's designee; (c) one representative from a Utah higher education institution, whom the state security chief and commissioner jointly select from either: (i) a degree-granting institution; or (ii) a technical college; (d) a facilities management director from a higher education institution, whom the state security chief selects;
 387 388 389 390 391 392 393 394 395 396 	 (1) There is created an advisory board to the task force called the Higher Education Advisory Board. (2) The advisory board shall consist of the following members: (a) the state security chief, who acts as chair of the advisory board; (b) the Commissioner of Higher Education or the commissioner's designee; (c) one representative from a Utah higher education institution, whom the state security chief and commissioner jointly select from either: (i) a degree-granting institution; or (ii) a technical college; (d) a facilities management director from a higher education institution, whom the state security chief selects; (e) a campus security director from a higher education institution, whom the state
 387 388 389 390 391 392 393 394 395 396 397 398 399 	 (1) There is created an advisory board to the task force called the Higher Education Advisory Board. (2) The advisory board shall consist of the following members: (a) the state security chief, who acts as chair of the advisory board; (b) the Commissioner of Higher Education or the commissioner's designee; (c) one representative from a Utah higher education institution, whom the state security chief and commissioner jointly select from either: (i) a degree-granting institution; or (ii) a technical college; (d) a facilities management director from a higher education institution, whom the state security chief selects; (e) a campus security director from a higher education institution, whom the state security chief selects;
 387 388 389 390 391 392 393 394 395 396 397 398 399 400 	 (1) There is created an advisory board to the task force called the Higher Education Advisory Board. (2) The advisory board shall consist of the following members: (a) the state security chief, who acts as chair of the advisory board; (b) the Commissioner of Higher Education or the commissioner's designee; (c) one representative from a Utah higher education institution, whom the state security chief and commissioner jointly select from either: (i) a degree-granting institution; or (ii) a technical college; (d) a facilities management director from a higher education institution, whom the state security chief selects; (e) a campus security director from a higher education institution, whom the state security chief selects; (f) a Title IX coordinator from a higher education institution, whom the state security
 387 388 389 390 391 392 393 394 395 396 397 398 399 	 (1) There is created an advisory board to the task force called the Higher Education Advisory Board. (2) The advisory board shall consist of the following members: (a) the state security chief, who acts as chair of the advisory board; (b) the Commissioner of Higher Education or the commissioner's designee; (c) one representative from a Utah higher education institution, whom the state security chief and commissioner jointly select from either: (i) a degree-granting institution; or (ii) a technical college; (d) a facilities management director from a higher education institution, whom the state security chief selects; (e) a campus security director from a higher education institution, whom the state security chief selects;

403	necessary.
404	(3) The advisory board's purpose is to:
405	(a) review and provide input on official business of the task force;
406	(b) provide recommendations and suggestions for the task force's consideration,
407	including potential higher education campus use of the standard response protocol
408	described in Section 5G-8-803; and
409	(c) study and evaluate the policies, procedures, and programs implemented for campus
410	safety and provide proactive information regarding implementation.
411	(4)(a) <u>A majority of the members of the advisory board constitutes a quorum.</u>
412	(b) The action of a majority of a quorum constitutes an action of the advisory board.
413	(5) The chair is responsible for the call and conduct of meetings.
414	(6) The staff of the state security chief shall provide staff for the advisory board.
415	(7) A member of the advisory board who is not a legislator may not receive compensation
416	for the member's work associated with the task force but may receive per diem and
417	reimbursement for travel expenses incurred as a member of the task force at the rates
418	established by the Division of Finance under:
419	(a) Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107; and
420	(b) rules made by the Division of Finance in accordance with Sections 63A-3-106 and
421	<u>63A-3-107.</u>
422	Section 7. Section 53-22-105 is amended to read:
423	53-22-105 . School guardian program.
424	(1) As used in this section:
425	(a) "Annual training" means an annual four-hour training that:
426	(i) a county security chief or a designee administers in coordination with personnel
427	from local law enforcement of relevant jurisdiction as described in Section
428	<u>53-25-601(2)(b);</u>
429	(ii) the state security chief approves;
430	(iii) can be tailored to local needs;
431	(iv) allows an individual to practice and demonstrate firearms proficiency at a
432	firearms range using the firearm the individual carries for self defense and defense
433	of others;
434	(v) includes the following components:
435	(A) firearm safety, including safe storage of a firearm;
436	(B) de-escalation tactics;

437	(C) the role of mental health in incidents; and
438	(D) disability awareness and interactions; and
439	(vi) contains other training needs as determined by the state security chief.
440	(b) "Biannual training" means a twice-yearly training that:
441	(i) is at least four hours, unless otherwise approved by the state security chief;
442	(ii) a county security chief or a designee administers in coordination with personnel
443	from local law enforcement of relevant jurisdiction as described in Section
444	<u>53-25-601(2)(b);</u>
445	(iii) the state security chief approves;
446	(iv) can be tailored to local needs; and
447	(v) through which a school guardian at a school or simulated school environment:
448	(A) receives training on the specifics of the building or buildings of the school,
449	including the location of emergency supplies and security infrastructure; and
450	(B) participates in a live-action practice plan with school administrators in
451	responding to active threats at the school; and
452	(vi) shall be taken with at least three months in between the two trainings.
453	(c) "Firearm" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-501.
454	(d) "Initial training" means an in-person training that:
455	(i) a county security chief or a designee administers in coordination with personnel
456	from local law enforcement of relevant jurisdiction as described in Section
457	<u>53-25-601(2)(b);</u>
458	(ii) the state security chief approves;
459	(iii) can be tailored to local needs; and
460	(iv) provides:
461	(A) training on general familiarity with the types of firearms that can be concealed
462	for self-defense and defense of others;
463	(B) training on the safe loading, unloading, storage, and carrying of firearms in a
464	school setting;
465	(C) training at a firearms range with instruction regarding firearms fundamentals,
466	marksmanship, the demonstration and explanation of the difference between
467	sight picture, sight alignment, and trigger control, and a recognized pistol
468	course;
469	(D) current laws dealing with the lawful use of a firearm by a private citizen,
470	including laws on self-defense, defense of others, transportation of firearms,

471	and concealment of firearms;
472	
	(E) coordination with law enforcement officers in the event of an active threat;(E) basis trauma first side
473	(F) basic trauma first aid;(C) the second first aid;
474	(G) the appropriate use of force, emphasizing the de-escalation of force and
475	alternatives to using force;
476	(H) situational response evaluations, including:
477	(I) protecting and securing a crime or accident scene;
478	(II) notifying law enforcement;
479	(III) controlling information; and
480	(IV) other training that the county sheriff, designee, or department deems
481	appropriate.
482	(e) "Program" means the school guardian program created in this section.
483	(f)(i) "School employee" means an employee of a school whose duties and
484	responsibilities require the employee to be physically present at a school's campus
485	while school is in session.
486	(ii) "School employee" does not include a principal, teacher, or individual whose
487	primary responsibilities require the employee to be primarily present in a
488	classroom to teach, care for, or interact with students, unless:
489	(A) the principal, teacher, or individual is employed at a school with $[100] \underline{350}$ or
490	fewer students;
491	(B) the principal, teacher, or individual is employed at a school with adjacent
492	campuses as determined by the state security chief; or
493	(C) as provided in Subsection 53G-8-701.5(3).
494	(g) "School guardian" means a school employee who meets the requirements of
495	Subsection (3).
496	(2)(a)(i) There is created within the department the school guardian program $[;]$.
497	(ii) [the] The state security chief shall oversee the school guardian program[;].
498	(iii) [the] The applicable county security chief shall administer the school guardian
499	program in each county.
500	(b) The state security chief shall ensure that the school guardian program includes:
501	(i) initial training;
502	(ii) biannual training; and
503	(iii) annual training.
504	(c) A county sheriff may partner or contract with:

505	(i) another county sheriff to support the respective county security chiefs in jointly
506	administering the school guardian program in the relevant counties; and
507	(ii) a local law enforcement agency of relevant jurisdiction to provide the:
508	(A) initial training;
509	(B) biannual training; and
510	(C) annual training.
511	(3)(a) A school employee that volunteers to participate is eligible to join the program as
512	a school guardian if:
513	(i) the school administrator approves the volunteer school employee to be designated
514	as a school guardian;
515	(ii) the school employee satisfactorily completes initial training within six months
516	before the day on which the school employee joins the program;
517	(iii) the school employee holds a valid concealed carry permit issued under [Title 53,]
518	Chapter 5, Part 7, Concealed Firearm Act;
519	(iv) the school employee certifies to the sheriff of the county where the school is
520	located that the school employee has undergone the training in accordance with
521	Subsection (3)(a)(ii) and intends to serve as a school guardian; and
522	(v) the school employee[-successfully completes a mental health screening selected
523	by the state security chief in collaboration with the Office of Substance Abuse and
524	Mental Health established in Section 26B-5-102.] :
525	(A) completes an initial "fit to carry" assessment the Department of Health and
526	Human Services approves and a provider administers; and
527	(B) maintains compliance with mental health screening requirements consistent
528	with law enforcement standards.
529	(b) After joining the program a school guardian shall complete annual training and
530	biannual training to retain the designation of a school guardian in the program.
531	(4) The state security chief shall:
532	(a) for each school that participates in the program, track each school guardian at the
533	school by collecting the photograph and the name and contact information for each
534	guardian;
535	(b) make the information described in Subsection (4)(a) readily available to each law
536	enforcement agency in the state categorized by school; and
537	(c) provide each school guardian with a one-time stipend of \$500.
538	(5) A school guardian:

539	(a) may store the school guardian's firearm on the grounds of a school only if:
540	(i) the firearm is stored in a biometric gun safe;
541	(ii) the biometric gun safe is located in the school guardian's office; and
542	(iii) the school guardian is physically present on the grounds of the school while the
543	firearm is stored in the safe;
544	(b) shall carry the school guardian's firearm in a concealed manner; and
545	(c) may not, unless during an active threat, display or open carry a firearm while on
546	school grounds.
547	(6) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), this section does not prohibit an individual who
548	has a valid concealed carry permit but is not participating in the program from carrying a
549	firearm on the grounds of a public school or charter school under Subsection 76-10-505.5
550	(4).
551	(7) A school guardian:
552	(a) does not have authority to act in a law enforcement capacity; and
553	(b) may, at the school where the school guardian is employed:
554	(i) take actions necessary to prevent or abate an active threat; and
555	(ii) temporarily detain an individual when the school guardian has reasonable cause
556	to believe the individual has committed or is about to commit a forcible felony, as
557	that term is defined in Section 76-2-402.
558	(8) A school may designate a single volunteer or multiple volunteers to participate in the
559	school guardian program to satisfy the school safety personnel requirements of Section
560	53G-8-701.5.
561	(9) The department may adopt, according to Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
562	Rulemaking Act, rules to administer this section.
563	(10) A school guardian who has active status in the guardian program is not liable for any
564	civil damages or penalties if the school guardian:
565	(a) when carrying or storing a firearm:
566	(i) is acting in good faith; and
567	(ii) is not grossly negligent; or
568	(b) threatens, draws, or otherwise uses a firearm reasonably believing the action to be
569	necessary in compliance with Section 76-2-402.
570	(11) A school guardian shall file a report described in Subsection (12) if, during the
571	performance of the school guardian's duties, the school guardian points a firearm at an
572	individual.

573	(12)(a) A report described in Subsection (11) shall include:
574	(i) a description of the incident;
575	(ii) the identification of the individuals involved in the incident; and
576	(iii) any other information required by the state security chief.
577	(b) A school guardian shall submit a report required under Subsection (11) to the school
578	administrator, school safety and security director, and the state security chief within
579	48 hours after the incident.
580	(c) The school administrator, school safety and security director, and the state security
581	chief shall consult and review the report submitted under Subsection (12)(b).
582	(13) The requirements of Subsections (11) and (12) do not apply to a training exercise.
583	(14) A school guardian may have the designation of school guardian revoked at any time by
584	the school principal, county sheriff, or state security chief.
585	(15)(a) Any information or record created detailing a school guardian's participation in
586	the program is:
587	(i) a private, controlled, or protected record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government
588	Records Access and Management Act; and
589	(ii) available only to:
590	(A) the state security chief;
591	(B) administrators at the school guardian's school;
592	(C) if applicable, other school safety personnel described in Section 53G-8-701.5;
593	(D) a local law enforcement agency that would respond to the school in case of an
594	emergency; and
595	(E) the individual designated by the county sheriff in accordance with Section
596	53-22-103 of the county of the school where the school guardian in the
597	program is located.
598	(b) The information or record described in Subsection (15)(a) includes information
599	related to the school guardian's identity and activity within the program as described
600	in this section and any personal identifying information of a school guardian
601	participating in the program collected or obtained during initial training, annual
602	training, and biannual training.
603	(c) An individual who intentionally or knowingly provides the information described in
604	Subsection (15)(a) to an individual or entity not listed in Subsection (15)(a)(ii) is
605	guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
606	Section 8. Section 53-22-106 is amended to read:

607	53-22-106 . Substantial threats against a school reporting requirements
608	Exceptions.
609	(1) As used in this section, "substantial threat" means a threat made with serious intent to
610	cause harm.
611	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), if a state employee or person in a position of
612	special trust as defined in Section 76-5-404.1, including an individual licensed under
613	Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act, or Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical
614	Practice Act, has reason to believe a substantial threat against a school, school
615	employee, or student attending a school or is aware of circumstances that would
616	reasonably result in a substantial threat against a school, school employee, or student
617	attending a school, the state employee or person in a position of special trust shall
618	immediately report the suspected substantial threat to:
619	[(a) the state security chief;]
620	[(b)] (a) the local education agency that the substantial threat would impact; $[or]$
621	[(c)] (b) to the nearest peace officer or law enforcement agency[-] ; and
622	(c) the state security chief.
623	(3)(a)(i) If the state security chief, a peace officer, or law enforcement agency
624	receives a report under Subsection (2), the state security chief, peace officer, or
625	law enforcement agency shall immediately notify the local education agency that
626	the substantial threat would impact.
627	(ii) If the local education agency that the substantial threat would impact receives a
628	report under Subsection (2), the local education agency that the substantial threat
629	would impact shall immediately notify the appropriate local law enforcement
630	agency and the state security chief.
631	(b)(i) A local education agency that the substantial threat would impact shall
632	coordinate with the law enforcement agency on the law enforcement agency's
633	investigation of the report described in Subsection (1).
634	(ii) If a law enforcement agency undertakes an investigation of a report under
635	Subsection (2), the law enforcement agency shall provide a final investigatory
636	report to the local education agency that the substantial threat would impact upon
637	request.
638	(4) Subject to Subsection (5), the reporting requirement described in Subsection (2) does
639	not apply to:
640	(a) a member of the clergy with regard to any confession an individual makes to the

641	member of the clergy while functioning in the ministerial capacity of the member of
642	the clergy if:
643	(i) the individual made the confession directly to the member of the clergy;
644	(ii) the member of the clergy is, under canon law or church doctrine or practice,
645	bound to maintain the confidentiality of the confession; and
646	(iii) the member of the clergy does not have the consent of the individual making the
647	confession to disclose the content of the confession; or
648	(b) an attorney, or an individual whom the attorney employs, if:
649	(i) the knowledge or belief of the substantial threat arises from the representation of a
650	client; and
651	(ii) if disclosure of the substantial threat would not reveal the substantial threat to
652	prevent reasonably certain death or substantial bodily harm in accordance with
653	Utah Rules of Professional Conduct, Rule 1.6.
654	(5)(a) When a member of the clergy receives information about the substantial threat
655	from any source other than a confession, the member of the clergy shall report the
656	information even if the member of the clergy also received information about the
657	substantial threat from the confession of the perpetrator.
658	(b) Exemption of the reporting requirement for an individual described in Subsection (4)
659	does not exempt the individual from any other actions required by law to prevent
660	further substantial threats or actual harm related to the substantial threat.
661	(6) The physician-patient privilege does not:
662	(a) excuse an individual who is licensed under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical
663	Practice Act, or Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act, from
664	reporting under this section; or
665	(b) constitute grounds for excluding evidence in a judicial or administrative proceeding
666	resulting from a report under this section.
667	Section 9. Section 53-22-108 is enacted to read:
668	53-22-108 . School safety foundation.
669	(1) As used in this section:
670	(a) "Authorized foundation" means a nonprofit foundation that:
671	(i) meets the requirements of this section; and
672	(ii) the state security chief authorizes in consultation with the School Safety Center
673	created in Section 53G-8-802.
674	(b) "School safety product" means equipment, technology, service, or material that

675	enhances school safety and security.
676	(2) The state security chief may approve a nonprofit foundation to be an authorized
677	foundation if the foundation:
678	(a) maintains status as a nonprofit organization under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(3);
679	(b) has operated continuously in the state for three or more years;
680	(c) maintains a primary mission focused on school safety;
681	(d) operates under a board of directors that includes:
682	(i) a law enforcement representative;
683	(ii) an educator or school administrator; and
684	(iii) an emergency management professional;
685	(e) demonstrates financial stability through:
686	(i) an annual independent audit;
687	(ii) maintained reserves; and
688	(iii) a clean financial record; and
689	(f) provides evidence of:
690	(i) successful project management:
691	(ii) an existing relationship with an educational institution; and
692	(iii) knowledge of school safety requirements described in federal and state law.
693	(3) A foundation seeking authorization shall submit to the state security chief:
694	(a) a written application that demonstrates compliance with Subsection (2);
695	(b) a financial record for the previous three years;
696	(c) a current board member qualification:
697	(d) a proposed school safety initiative; and
698	(e) an internal procurement policy for purchases not made from a state cooperative
699	contract.
700	(4) The state security chief shall:
701	(a) review an application within 60 days;
702	(b) request additional information if needed;
703	(c) issue a written decision; and
704	(d) maintain a public record of an authorized foundation, including records related to the
705	approval process of an authorized foundation.
706	(5) An authorized foundation may:
707	(a) use a state cooperative contract in accordance with Section 63G-6a-2105;
708	(b) make a bulk purchase of a school safety product; and

709	(c) in coordination with the state security chief and the School Safety Center:
710	(i) facilitate a donation of a school safety product; and
711	(ii) distribute a product to a school.
712	(6) An authorized foundation shall:
713	(a) follow Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, when utilizing a state
714	cooperative contract;
715	(b) maintain separate accounting for a school safety purchase;
716	(c) by August 1 of each year, submit an annual report to the state security chief that
717	includes:
718	(i) any product procured through a state cooperative contract;
719	(ii) the annual independent audit required in Subsection (2)(e);
720	(iii) all schools served;
721	(iv) the total value of a donation facilitated; and
722	(v) a compliance certification; and
723	(d) renew authorization every three years.
724	(7) The state security chief:
725	(a) may revoke authorization if the authorized foundation:
726	(i) fails to maintain a requirement of this section;
727	(ii) engages in financial mismanagement; or
728	(iii) submits false information in a report required by this section; and
729	(b) shall, before revoking authorization:
730	(i) provide written notice to the foundation;
731	(ii) allow a 30-day period to remedy the violation;
732	(iii) provide an opportunity for a hearing; and
733	(iv) issue a final written decision.
734	(8) Authorization under this section does not:
735	(a) create state liability;
736	(b) imply state endorsement;
737	(c) override a local procurement requirement; and
738	(d) exempt the foundation from an applicable law.
739	Section 10. Section 53-22-109 is enacted to read:
740	53-22-109 . School safety Compliance.
741	(1) As used in this section:
742	(a) "Compliance issue" means a violation of a school safety requirement under:

743	(i) this chapter; or
744	(ii) rules established in accordance with this chapter.
745	(b) "Tiered system of support" means an escalating system of:
746	(i) technical assistance;
747	(ii) intervention; and
748	(iii) corrective action.
749	(2) The state security chief shall, in collaboration with the School Safety Center:
750	(a) establish a tiered system of support for a compliance issue;
751	(b) develop implementation procedures for the system; and
752	(c) define criteria for:
753	(i) evaluating a compliance issue;
754	(ii) assigning an appropriate tier; and
755	(iii) monitoring progress.
756	(3) In establishing the system under Subsection (2), the state security chief and School
757	Safety Center shall consider:
758	(a) severity of the compliance issue;
759	(b) risk to student and staff safety;
760	(c) available technical assistance resources;
761	(d) local education agency capacity; and
762	(e) required corrective action timelines.
763	Section 11. Section 53-25-601 is enacted to read:
764	Part 6. Requirements for School Safety
765	53-25-601 . Requirements for school safety.
766	(1) As used in this section:
767	(a) "Local law enforcement agency" means the law enforcement agency with primary
768	jurisdiction over a school's physical location.
769	(b) "School safety needs assessment" means the assessment required under Section
770	<u>53G-8-701.5.</u>
771	(c) "Security camera system" means the system described in Section 53G-8-805.
772	(2) Each local law enforcement agency shall:
773	(a) as coordinated with the county security chief described in Section 53-22-103,
774	allocate adequate personnel to participate in the annual school safety needs
775	assessments with a school's school safety and security specialist as required by
776	Section 53G-8-701.5 for each school within the local law enforcement's jurisdiction;
	••

777	(b) if a school within the local law enforcement agency's jurisdiction elects to satisfy the
778	requirements described in Subsection 53G-8-701.5(2)(a)(ii) by employing school
779	guardians, assign adequate personnel time as the the county security chief determines
780	to assist the county security chief in administering the trainings required under
781	<u>Section 53-22-105;</u>
782	(c) ensure the school safety and security specialist for each school has all relevant
783	information collected by the county security chief or the local law enforcement
784	agency to submit the completed assessments to the School Safety Center created in
785	Section 53G-8-802 by October 15 of each year;
786	(d) coordinate with each school within the local law enforcement's jurisdiction to obtain
787	and maintain access to school security camera systems as described in Section
788	<u>53G-8-805; and</u>
789	(e) coordinate with the relevant county security chiefs as specified in Sections 53-22-103
790	and 53-22-105.
791	Section 12. Section 53B-28-401 is amended to read:
792	53B-28-401 . Campus safety plans and training Institution duties Governing
793	board duties.
794	(1) As used in this section:
795	(a) "Covered offense" means:
796	(i) sexual assault;
797	(ii) domestic violence;
798	(iii) dating violence; or
799	(iv) stalking.
800	(b) "Institution" means an institution of higher education described in Section 53B-1-102.
801	(c) "Student organization" means a club, group, sports team, fraternity or sorority, or
802	other organization:
803	(i) of which the majority of members is composed of students enrolled in an
804	institution; and
805	(ii)(A) that is officially recognized by the institution; or
806	
807	(B) seeks to be officially recognized by the institution.
807	(B) seeks to be officially recognized by the institution.(2) An institution shall develop a campus safety plan that addresses:
808	
	(2) An institution shall develop a campus safety plan that addresses:

811	(c) the rights of a victim of a covered offense, including the measures the institution
812	takes to ensure, unless otherwise provided by law, victim confidentiality throughout
813	all steps in the reporting and response to a covered offense;
814	(d) how the institution informs the campus community of a crime that presents a threat
815	to the campus community;
816	(e) availability, locations, and methods for requesting assistance of security personnel on
817	the institution's campus;
818	(f) guidance on how a student may contact law enforcement for incidents that occur off
819	campus;
820	(g) institution efforts related to increasing campus safety, including efforts related to the
821	institution's increased response in providing services to victims of a covered offense,
822	that:
823	(i) the institution made in the preceding 18 months; and
824	(ii) the institution expects to make in the upcoming 24 months;
825	(h) coordination and communication between institution resources and organizations,
826	including campus law enforcement;
827	(i) institution coordination with local law enforcement or community resources,
828	including coordination related to a student's safety at an off-campus location; and
829	(j) how the institution requires a student organization to provide the campus safety
830	training as described in Subsection (5).
831	(3) An institution shall:
832	(a) prominently post the institution's campus safety plan on the institution's website and
833	each of the institution's campuses; and
834	(b) annually update the institution's campus safety plan.
835	(4) An institution shall develop a campus safety training curriculum that addresses:
836	(a) awareness and prevention of covered offenses, including information on institution
837	and community resources for a victim of a covered offense;
838	(b) bystander intervention; and
839	(c) sexual consent.
840	(5) An institution shall require a student organization, in order for the student organization
841	to receive or maintain official recognition by the institution, to annually provide campus
842	safety training, using the curriculum described in Subsection (4), to the student
843	organization's members.
844	[(6) An institution shall report annually to the Education Interim Committee and the Law

845	Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim Committee, at or before the committees'
846	November meetings, on crime statistics aggregated by housing facility as described in
847	Subsection 53B-28-403(2).]
848	Section 13. Section 53B-28-403 is amended to read:
849	53B-28-403 . Student housing crime reporting.
850	(1) As used in this section:
851	(a) "Campus law enforcement" means an institution's police department.
852	(b) "Crime statistics" means the number of each of the crimes in 34 C.F.R. Sec.
853	668.46(c)(1) that are reported to a local police agency or campus law enforcement,
854	listed by type of crime.
855	(c) "Institution" means an institution of higher education described in Section 53B-2-101.
856	(d)(i) "Institution noncampus housing facility" means a building or property that:
857	(A) is used for housing students;
858	(B) is not part of the institution's campus; and
859	(C) the institution owns, manages, controls, or leases;
860	(ii) "Institution noncampus housing facility" includes real property that is adjacent to,
861	and is used in direct support of, the building or property described in Subsection
862	(1)(d)(i).
863	(e) "Local law enforcement agency" means a state or local law enforcement agency
864	other than campus law enforcement.
865	(f)(i) "On-campus housing facility" means a building or property that is:
866	(A) used for housing students; and
867	(B) part of the institution's campus.
868	(ii) "On-campus housing facility" includes real property that is:
869	(A) adjacent to the on-campus housing facility; and
870	(B) used in direct support of the on-campus housing facility.
871	(g) "Student housing" means:
872	(i) an institution noncampus housing facility;
873	(ii) an on-campus housing facility; or
874	(iii) a student organization noncampus housing facility.
875	(h) "Student organization" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53B-28-401.
876	(i) "Student organization noncampus housing facility" means a building or property that:
877	(i) is used for housing students;
878	(ii) is not part of the institution's campus; and

879	(iii)(A) a student organization owns, manages, controls, or leases; or
880	(B) is real property that is adjacent to the student organization noncampus housing
881	facility and is used in direct support of the noncampus housing facility.
882	(2) An institution with the types of housing facilities described in this Subsection (2) shall:
883	(a) create a report of crime statistics aggregated by:
884	(i) on-campus housing facility, identified and listed individually using the institution's
885	system for inventorying institution facilities;
886	(ii) institution noncampus housing facility, identified and listed individually using the
887	institution's system for inventorying institution facilities; and
888	(iii) student organization noncampus housing facilities, identified and listed
889	individually using the institution's system for identifying student organization
890	noncampus housing facilities; and
891	(b) [include the report described in Subsection (2)(a) in the report described in
892	Subsection 53B-28-401(6).] report annually to the Education Interim Committee and
893	the Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim Committee, at or before the
894	committee's November meetings, on crime statistics aggregated by housing facility
895	as described in Subsection(2)(a).
896	(3) An institution that does not have the types of housing described in Subsection (2) shall
897	report the crime statistics as required by 20 U.S.C. Section 1092(f), the Jeanne Clery
898	Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act, to the entities
899	specified in Subsection (2).
900	(4) Upon request from an institution, a local law enforcement agency shall provide to the
901	institution crime statistics for each student housing facility over which the local law
902	enforcement agency has jurisdiction.
903	[(4)] (5) Except as provided in Section 53B-28-303, when campus law enforcement receives
904	a complaint or report of a crime that campus law enforcement reasonably determines
905	occurred outside of campus law enforcement's jurisdiction, campus law enforcement
906	shall share any record of the complaint or report with the local law enforcement agency
907	with jurisdiction.
908	Section 14. Section 53B-28-404 is enacted to read:
909	53B-28-404 . Higher Education Safety Needs Assessment.
910	(1) As used in this section:
911	(a) "Institution" means an institution of higher education described in Section 53B-2-101.
912	(b) "Safety needs assessment" means a comprehensive evaluation of:

913	(i) campus security infrastructure;
914	(ii) emergency response protocols;
915	(iii) threat assessment capabilities;
916	(iv) mental health resources;
917	(v) cybersecurity measures;
918	(vi) communication systems; and
919	(vii) other safety-related elements as the state security chief determines.
920	(2) An institution shall:
921	(a) by June 15, 2025, provide to the state security chief described in Section 53-22-102:
922	(i) written notice of intent to conduct the initial safety needs assessment; and
923	(ii) an executive summary describing:
924	(A) the proposed timeline for conducting the assessment;
925	(B) key personnel responsible for overseeing the assessment; and
926	(C) the general methodology to be used in evaluating each element described
927	under Subsection (1)(b);
928	(b) by October 15 of each year, complete an annual safety needs assessment that:
929	(i) evaluates the institution's current safety and security measures;
930	(ii) identifies potential vulnerabilities and risks;
931	(iii) assesses compliance with applicable safety regulations;
932	(iv) reviews emergency response plans; and
933	(v) examines the effectiveness of safety-related policies and procedures;
934	(c) submit the assessment results to:
935	(i) the state security chief;
936	(ii) the institution's board of trustees;
937	(iii) the Utah Board of Higher Education;
938	(iv) the School Security Task Force established in Section 53-22-104.1; and
939	(v) local law enforcement agencies with jurisdiction over the institution's campus;
940	(d) develop and implement an action plan to address identified safety needs; and
941	(e) maintain records of completed assessments and improvement actions.
942	(3) The state security chief in collaboration with the Office of the Higher Education
943	Commissioner, shall:
944	(a) establish the elements of the safety needs assessment in accordance with this section;
945	and
946	(b) review assessment results and action plans.

947	(4) The Utah Board of Higher Education shall:
948	(a) ensure institutions comply with this section;
949	(b) coordinate resources to assist institutions in implementing safety improvements;
950	(c) facilitate sharing of best practices among institutions; and
951	(d) establish policies for maintaining confidentiality of sensitive security information
952	contained in the assessments.
953	Section 15. Section 53F-2-208 is amended to read:
954	53F-2-208 . Cost of adjustments for growth and inflation.
955	(1) In accordance with Subsection (2), the Legislature shall annually determine:
956	(a) the estimated state cost of adjusting for inflation in the next fiscal year, based on a
957	rolling five-year average ending in the current fiscal year, ongoing state tax fund
958	appropriations to the following programs:
959	(i) education for youth in care, described in Section 53E-3-503;
960	(ii) concurrent enrollment courses for accelerated foreign language students described
961	in Section 53E-10-307;
962	(iii) the Basic Program, described in Part 3, Basic Program (Weighted Pupil Units);
963	(iv) the Adult Education Program, described in Section 53F-2-401;
964	(v) state support of pupil transportation, described in Section 53F-2-402;
965	(vi) the Enhancement for Accelerated Students Program, described in Section
966	53F-2-408;
967	(vii) the Concurrent Enrollment Program, described in Section 53F-2-409;
968	(viii) the juvenile gang and other violent crime prevention and intervention program,
969	described in Section 53F-2-410;
970	(ix) the School Safety Support Program, described in Section 53F-2-422; and
971	[(ix)] (x) dual language immersion, described in Section 53F-2-502; and
972	(b) the estimated state cost of adjusting for enrollment growth, in the next fiscal year, the
973	current fiscal year's ongoing state tax fund appropriations to the following programs:
974	(i) a program described in Subsection (1)(a);
975	(ii) educator salary adjustments, described in Section 53F-2-405;
976	(iii) the Salary Supplement for Highly Needed Educators Program, described in
977	Section 53F-2-504;
978	(iv) the Voted and Board Local Levy Guarantee programs, described in Section
979	53F-2-601; and
980	(v) charter school local replacement funding, described in Section 53F-2-702.

981	(2)(a) In or before December each year, the Executive Appropriations Committee shall
982	determine:
983	(i) the cost of the inflation adjustment described in Subsection (1)(a); and
984	(ii) the cost of the enrollment growth adjustment described in Subsection (1)(b).
985	(b) The Executive Appropriations Committee shall make the determinations described in
986	Subsection (2)(a) based on recommendations developed by the Office of the
987	Legislative Fiscal Analyst, in consultation with the state board and the Governor's
988	Office of Planning and Budget.
989	(3) Beginning in the 2026 fiscal year, if the Executive Appropriations Committee includes
990	in the public education base budget or the final public education budget an increase in
991	the value of the WPU in excess of the amounts described in Subsection (1)(a), the
992	Executive Appropriations Committee shall also include an appropriation to the Local
993	Levy Growth Account established in Section 53F-9-305 in an amount equivalent to at
994	least 0.5% of the total amount appropriated for WPUs in the relevant budget.
995	(4) (4) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b), the School Safety Support Program, described in
996	Section 53F-2-422, may not receive funding reductions based on negative enrollment
997	growth.
,,,	
998	Section 16. Section 53F-2-422 is enacted to read:
998	Section 16. Section 53F-2-422 is enacted to read:
998 999	Section 16. Section 53F-2-422 is enacted to read: <u>53F-2-422</u> . The School Safety Support Program Distribution formula State
998 999 1000	Section 16. Section 53F-2-422 is enacted to read: <u>53F-2-422</u> . The School Safety Support Program Distribution formula State board duties.
998 999 1000 1001	Section 16. Section 53F-2-422 is enacted to read: <u>53F-2-422</u> . The School Safety Support Program Distribution formula State board duties. (1) As used in this section:
998 999 1000 1001 1002	Section 16. Section 53F-2-422 is enacted to read: <u>53F-2-422</u> . The School Safety Support Program Distribution formula State board duties. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Participating LEA" means an LEA that receives money appropriated under this
998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003	Section 16. Section 53F-2-422 is enacted to read: <u>53F-2-422</u> . The School Safety Support Program Distribution formula State board duties. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Participating LEA" means an LEA that receives money appropriated under this <u>section;</u>
 998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 	Section 16. Section 53F-2-422 is enacted to read: 53F-2-422 . The School Safety Support Program Distribution formula State board duties. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Participating LEA" means an LEA that receives money appropriated under this section; (b) "Program" means the School Safety Support Program created in this section;
 998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005 	 Section 16. Section 53F-2-422 is enacted to read: 53F-2-422. The School Safety Support Program Distribution formula State board duties. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Participating LEA" means an LEA that receives money appropriated under this section; (b) "Program" means the School Safety Support Program created in this section; (c) "School Safety Center" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53G-8-801;
998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005 1006	 Section 16. Section 53F-2-422 is enacted to read: <u>53F-2-422</u>. The School Safety Support Program Distribution formula State board duties. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Participating LEA" means an LEA that receives money appropriated under this section; (b) "Program" means the School Safety Support Program created in this section; (c) "School Safety Center" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53G-8-801; and
 998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 	 Section 16. Section 53F-2-422 is enacted to read: 53F-2-422 . The School Safety Support Program Distribution formula State board duties. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Participating LEA" means an LEA that receives money appropriated under this section; (b) "Program" means the School Safety Support Program created in this section; (c) "School Safety Center" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53G-8-801; and (d) "State security chief" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-22-101.
998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 1008	 Section 16. Section 53F-2-422 is enacted to read: 53F-2-422 . The School Safety Support Program Distribution formula State board duties. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Participating LEA" means an LEA that receives money appropriated under this section; (b) "Program" means the School Safety Support Program created in this section; (c) "School Safety Center" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53G-8-801; and (d) "State security chief" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-22-101.
 998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 1008 1009 	 Section 16. Section 53F-2-422 is enacted to read: <u>53F-2-422</u>. The School Safety Support Program Distribution formula State board duties. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Participating LEA" means an LEA that receives money appropriated under this section; (b) "Program" means the School Safety Support Program created in this section; (c) "School Safety Center" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53G-8-801; and (d) "State security chief" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-22-101. (2)(a) There is created the School Safety Support Program to provide funding to LEAs to implement and maintain:
 998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 1008 1009 1010 	 Section 16. Section 53F-2-422 is enacted to read: <u>53F-2-422</u>. The School Safety Support Program Distribution formula State board duties. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Participating LEA" means an LEA that receives money appropriated under this section; (b) "Program" means the School Safety Support Program created in this section; (c) "School Safety Center" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53G-8-801; and (d) "State security chief" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-22-101. (2)(a) There is created the School Safety Support Program to provide funding to LEAs to implement and maintain: (i) school safety personnel requirements described in:
 998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 1008 1009 1010 1011 	 Section 16. Section 53F-2-422 is enacted to read: 53F-2-422 . The School Safety Support Program Distribution formula State board duties. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Participating LEA" means an LEA that receives money appropriated under this section; (b) "Program" means the School Safety Support Program created in this section; (c) "School Safety Center" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53G-8-801; and (d) "State security chief" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-22-101. (2)(a) There is created the School Safety Support Program to provide funding to LEAs to implement and maintain: (i) school safety personnel requirements described in: (A) Subsection 53-22-102(3)(b); and

1015	(B) Section 53E-3-706.
1016	(iii) emergency response protocols described in:
1017	(A) Subsection 53-22-102(3)(c); and
1018	(B) Section 53G-8-803;
1019	(iv) safety and security devices and infrastructure described in:
1020	(A) Subsection 53-22-102(3)(a); and
1021	(B) Section 53G-8-805;
1022	(v) safety needs identified from the LEA's school safety needs assessment described
1023	in Section 53G-8-701.5; and
1024	(vi) other school safety requirements or needs established in:
1025	(A) <u>Title 53, Chapter 22, School Security Act;</u>
1026	(B) Title 53G, Chapter 8, Part 7, School Safety Personnel; and
1027	(C) Title 53G, Chapter 8, Part 8, State Safety and Support Program.
1028	(3) In accordance with Subsection (4) and subject to legislative appropriations, the state
1029	board shall:
1030	(a) distribute money appropriated under this section to LEAs to implement school safety
1031	requirements and needs as described in Subsection (2); and
1032	(b) distribute the money as follows:
1033	(i) to charter schools, an amount equal to:
1034	(A) the total charter school enrollment on October 1 in the prior year, or projected
1035	enrollment for a charter school in the charter school's first year of operations,
1036	divided by enrollment on October 1 in public schools statewide in the prior
1037	year multiplied by the total amount available for distribution; and
1038	(B) allocated to each charter school with 20% divided equally among all charter
1039	schools, and 80% distributed on a per-student basis; and
1040	(ii) to school districts, the remainder of funds available after the distribution to
1041	charter schools under Subsection (3)(b)(i), allocated as follows:
1042	(A) \$250,000 for a school district with enrollment less than 1% of total state
1043	enrollment;
1044	(B) \$175,000 for a school district with enrollment of between 1% and 5% of total
1045	state enrollment;
1046	(C) \$100,000 for a school district with enrollment greater than 5% of total state
1047	enrollment; and
1048	(D) the remainder distributed on a per-student basis.

1049	(4) To receive money under this section, an LEA shall submit to the School Safety Center:
1050	(a) a plan that includes:
1051	(i) the LEA's proposed use of program money as the uses align with school safety
1052	requirements and needs described in Subsection (2);
1053	(ii) measurable goals for improving school safety;
1054	(iii) proposed safety compliance timelines; and
1055	(iv) coordination efforts with local law enforcement described in Section 53-25-601;
1056	and
1057	(b) an annual report that includes:
1058	(i) progress toward achieving the goals submitted under Subsection (4)(a);
1059	(ii) expenditure of program money; and
1060	(iii) compliance with school safety requirements.
1061	(5) The state board in collaboration with the School Safety Center and the state security
1062	chief, shall:
1063	(a) make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
1064	Rulemaking Act, to establish:
1065	(i) procedures for submitting a plan and distributing money under this section;
1066	(ii) permitted uses of program money; and
1067	(iii) reporting requirements; and
1068	(b) monitor the program's implementation.
1069	(6) To reduce administrative burden to LEAs, the state board shall use methods to automate
1070	reporting requirements established under this section wherever possible.
1071	Section 17. Section 53G-8-102 is amended to read:
1072	53G-8-102 . Definitions.
1073	[Reserved] As used in this chapter:
1074	(1) "Climate" means the perceptions and experiences of students, staff, parents, and the
1075	community regarding the school's environment and the resources that support the
1076	experiences.
1077	(2) "Culture" means the beliefs, values, and practices that shape how a school functions and
1078	influences student learning and well-being through policies, procedures, and safety
1079	protocols.
1080	(3) "K-12 School Campus" means an LEA governed property or building where K-12
1081	students gather daily for instructional purposes and has an assigned administrator.
1082	(4) "Physical Space" means the way in which a building is designed and structured to

1083		promote safety including the minimum safety and security standards as described in
1084		Section 53-22-102.
1085	(5)	"School safety means" the physical space, culture, and climate of a school.
1086		Section 18. Section 53G-8-701 is amended to read:
1087		53G-8-701 . Definitions.
1088		As used in this part:
1089	(1)	"Armed school security guard" means the same as that term is defined in Section [
1090		53G-8-804] <u>53G-8-704</u> .
1091	(2)	"County security chief" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-22-101.
1092	(3)	"Law enforcement agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-1-102.
1093	(4)	"Public school" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53G-9-205.1.
1094	(5)	"School guardian" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-22-106.
1095	(6)	"School is in session" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53E-3-516.
1096	(7)	"School resource officer" means a law enforcement officer, as defined in Section
1097		53-13-103, who contracts with or whose law enforcement agency contracts with an LEA
1098		to provide law enforcement services for the LEA.
1099	(8)	"School safety and security director" means an individual whom an LEA designates in
1100		accordance with Section 53G-8-701.8.
1101	(9)	"School safety and security specialist" means a school employee designated under
1102		Section 53G-8-701.6_who is responsible for supporting school safety initiatives.
1103	(10) "School [safety center"] Safety Center" means the same as that term is defined in
1104		Section 53G-8-801.
1105	(11) "State security chief" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-22-101.
1106		Section 19. Section 53G-8-701.5 is amended to read:
1107		53G-8-701.5 . School safety needs assessment School safety personnel
1108	Alt	ernative requirements.
1109	(1)	(a) No later than [December 31, 2024] October 15 of each year, an LEA shall:
1110		(i) ensure a school safety needs assessment the state security chief selects is
1111		conducted in accordance with Subsection (1)(b) for each school or K-12 campus
1112		within the LEA to determine the needs and deficiencies regarding:
1113		(A) appropriate school safety personnel, including necessary supports, training,
1114		and policy creation for the personnel;
1115		(B) physical building security and safety, including required upgrades to facilities
1116		and safety technology, and a list of current deferred maintenance; and

1117	(C) a school's current threat and emergency response protocols, including any
1118	emergency response agreements with local law enforcement;
1119	(D) cybersecurity preparedness and compliance with the cybersecurity standards
1120	established under Section 53-22-102;
1121	(E) cardiac emergency preparedness, including presence and accessibility of
1122	automated external defibrillators, automated external defibrillator maintenance
1123	status and replacement needs, staff training levels for using an automated
1124	external defibrillator, and integration with local emergency services;
1125	(F) compliance with universal access key box requirements under Section
1126	<u>53G-7-220;</u> and
1127	(ii) report the results of the school safety needs assessment for each school within the
1128	LEA to the state security chief and the School Safety Center.
1129	(b)(i) The school safety specialist described in Section 53G-8-701.6, in collaboration
1130	with the county security chief, [or designee described in Section 53-22-103] and
1131	with the local law enforcement of relevant jurisdiction over the school as
1132	described in Section 53-25-601, shall conduct the school safety needs assessment
1133	for each school.
1134	(ii) A school safety and security director may fulfill the role of a school safety and
1135	security specialist in conducting the school safety needs assessment.
1136	[(c) In collaboration with the School Safety Center described in Section 53G-8-802, the
1137	state security chief described in Section 53-22-102 shall create a school safety needs
1138	assessment that an LEA shall use to ensure compliance with this Subsection (1).]
1139	[(d)] (c) The state board shall use the results of the school safety needs assessment for
1140	each school within an LEA to award a grant to an LEA in accordance with Section
1141	53F-5-220.
1142	[(c)] (d) Any information or record detailing a school's needs assessment results is:
1143	(i) a private, controlled, or protected record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government
1144	Records Access and Management Act; and
1145	(ii) available only to:
1146	(A) the state security chief;
1147	(B) the School Safety Center;
1148	(C) members of an LEA governing board;
1149	(D) administrators of the LEA and school the needs assessment concerns;
1150	(E) only to the extent necessary to award a grant under Section 53F-5-220, the

1151	state board;
1152	(F) the applicable school safety personnel described in Subsection (2);
1153	(G) a local law enforcement agency that would respond to the school in case of an
1154	emergency; and
1155	(H) the county security chief.
1156	[(f)] (e) An individual who intentionally or knowingly provides the information
1157	described in Subsection (1)(e) to an individual or entity not listed in Subsection
1158	(1)(e)(ii) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
1159	(2)(a) An LEA shall ensure each school within the LEA has the following school safety
1160	personnel:
1161	(i) a school safety and security specialist described in Section 53G-8-701.6; and
1162	(ii) based on the results of the needs assessment described in Subsection (1), at least
1163	one of the following:
1164	(A) a school resource officer;
1165	(B) a school guardian; or
1166	(C) an armed school security guard.
1167	(b) In addition to the school safety personnel described in Subsection (2)(a), an LEA
1168	shall designate a school safety and security director described in Section 53G-8-701.8.
1169	(c) [If a school has more than 350 students enrolled at the school, the] The same
1170	individual may [not-]serve in more than one of the roles listed in Subsections (2)(a)
1171	and (b) if the school notifies the School Safety Center and the state security chief of
1172	the decision to have the same individual serve in multiple roles as described in this
1173	Subsection (2).
1174	(d) An LEA may implement the requirements of Subsection (2)(a)(ii) before the LEA
1175	has completed the school safety needs assessment described in Subsection (1).
1176	(e) The state security chief in consultation with the School Safety Center shall establish
1177	a timeline for an LEA to comply with the school safety personnel requirements of
1178	this Subsection (2).
1179	(3)(a) An LEA, school administrator, or private school may apply to the state security
1180	chief for an approved alternative to the requirements described in:
1181	(i) Section 53-22-105;
1182	(ii) this section;
1183	(iii) Section 53G-8-701.6;
1184	(iv) Section 53G-8-701.8; and

1185	(v) Section 53G-8-704.
1186	(b) In approving or denying an application described in Subsection (3)(a), the state
1187	security chief may consider factors that impact a school or LEA's ability to adhere to
1188	the requirements of this section, including the school or LEA's:
1189	(i) population size;
1190	(ii) staffing needs or capacity;
1191	(iii) geographic location;
1192	(iv) available funding; or
1193	(v) general demonstration of need for an alternative to the requirements of this
1194	section.
1195	(4) A private school shall identify an individual at the private school to serve as the safety
1196	liaison with the local law enforcement of relevant jurisdiction and the state security chief.
1197	Section 20. Section 53G-8-701.6 is amended to read:
1198	53G-8-701.6 . School safety and security specialist.
1199	(1) As used in this section, "principal" means the chief administrator at a public school,
1200	including:
1201	(a) a school principal;
1202	(b) a charter school director; or
1203	(c) the superintendent of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
1204	(2)(a) Subject to Subsection (2)(b) and except as provided in Subsection 53G-8-701.5
1205	(3), every campus within an LEA shall designate a school safety and security
1206	specialist from the employees of the relevant campus.
1207	(b) The school safety and security specialist:
1208	(i) may not be a principal; and
1209	(ii) may be the school safety and security director at one campus within the LEA.
1210	(3) The school safety and security specialist shall:
1211	(a) report directly to the principal;
1212	(b) oversee school safety and security practices to ensure a safe and secure school
1213	environment for students and staff;
1214	(c) ensure adherence with all policies, procedures, protocols, rules, and regulations
1215	relating to school safety and security through collaborating and maintaining effective
1216	communications with the following as applicable:
1217	(i) the principal;
1218	(ii) school staff;

1219	(iii) the school resource officer;
1220	(iv) the armed school security guard;
1221	(v) the school guardian;
1222	(vi) local law enforcement;
1223	(vii) the county security chief;
1224	(viii) the school safety and security director;
1225	(ix) the LEA; and
1226	(x) school-based behavioral and mental health professionals;
1227	(d) in collaboration with the county security chief [or designee described in Section
1228	53-22-103] and with the local law enforcement of relevant jurisdiction over the school
1229	as described in Section 53-25-601:
1230	(i) conduct the school safety needs assessment described in Section 53G-8-701.5;
1231	(ii) in accordance with Sections 53-25-601 and 53G-8-701.5, submit the completed
1232	assessments to the School Safety Center created in Section 53G-8-802 by October
1233	15 of each year; and
1234	[(iii)] (iii) conduct a building safety evaluation at least annually using the results of the
1235	school safety needs assessment to recommend and implement improvements to
1236	school facilities, policies, procedures, protocols, rules, and regulations relating to
1237	school safety and security;
1238	(e) [if the specialist is also an employee of an LEA,]participate on the multidisciplinary
1239	team that the [LEA] <u>school</u> establishes;
1240	(f) conduct a behavioral threat assessment when the school safety and security specialist
1241	deems necessary using an evidence-based tool the state security chief recommends in
1242	consultation with the school safety center and the Office of Substance [Abuse] Use
1243	and Mental Health;
1244	(g) regularly monitor and report to the principal, local law enforcement, and, if
1245	applicable, the LEA superintendent or designee, security risks for the school resulting
1246	from:
1247	(i) issues with school facilities; or
1248	(ii) the implementation of practices, policies, procedures, and protocols relating to
1249	school safety and security;
1250	(h) coordinate with local first responder agencies to implement and monitor safety and
1251	security drills in accordance with policy and applicable procedures and protocols;
1252	(i) ensure that school staff, and, when appropriate, students, receive training on and

1253	remain current on the school's safety and security procedures and protocols;
1254	(j) following an event where security of the school has been significantly compromised,
1255	organize a debriefing with the individuals listed in Subsection (3)(c) following the
1256	recommendations from the state security chief, in collaboration with the School
1257	Safety Center, regarding strengthening school safety and security practices, policies,
1258	procedures, and protocols;
1259	(k) abide by any LEA, school, or law enforcement agency policy outlining the chain of
1260	command;
1261	(l) during an emergency, coordinate with the following individuals as applicable, the:
1262	(i) school resource officer;
1263	(ii) school guardians;
1264	(iii) armed school security guards;
1265	(iv) school administrators; and
1266	(v) responding law enforcement officers;
1267	(m) follow any LEA, school, or law enforcement agency student privacy policies,
1268	including state and federal privacy laws;
1269	(n) participate in an annual training the state security chief selects in consultation with
1270	the School Safety Center; and
1271	(o) remain current on:
1272	(i) a comprehensive school guideline the state security chief selects;
1273	(ii) the duties of a school safety and security specialist described in this Subsection
1274	(3); and
1275	(iii) the school's emergency response plan.
1276	(4) During an active emergency at the school, the school safety and security specialist is
1277	subordinate to any responding law enforcement officers.
1278	Section 21. Section 53G-8-701.8 is amended to read:
1279	53G-8-701.8 . School safety and security director.
1280	(1) Except as provided in Subsection 53G-8-701.5(3), an LEA shall designate a school
1281	safety and security director as the LEA point of contact for the county security chief,
1282	local law enforcement, and the state security chief.
1283	(2) A school safety and security director shall:
1284	(a) participate in and satisfy the training requirements[, including the annual and
1285	biannual requirements, described in] as follows:
1286	(i) <u>only once, the training requirements described in Section 53-22-105</u> for school

1287	guardians;
1288	(ii) [Section 53G-8-702 for] the school resource [officers] officer and administrator
1289	training the state security chief approves in consultation with the School Safety
1290	Center; and
1291	[(iii) Section 53G-8-704 for armed school security guards;]
1292	[(b) have a valid concealed carry permit issued under Title 53, Chapter 5, Part 7,
1293	Concealed Firearm Act;]
1294	[(e)] (b) if serving as a backup school guardian, satisfy all requirements described in
1295	<u>53-22-105;</u>
1296	(c) if the designee is an employee of an LEA, participate on the multidisciplinary team
1297	the LEA establishes;
1298	(d) coordinate security responses among, if applicable, the following individuals in the
1299	LEA that employs the school safety and security director:
1300	(i) school safety and security specialists;
1301	(ii) school resource officers;
1302	(iii) armed school security guards; and
1303	(iv) school guardians; and
1304	(e) collaborate and maintain effective communications with local law enforcement, a
1305	county security chief, the LEA, and school-based behavioral and mental health
1306	professionals to ensure adherence with all policies, procedures, protocols, rules, and
1307	regulations relating to school safety and security.
1308	(3) A school safety and security director:
1309	(a) does not have authority to act in a law enforcement capacity; and
1310	(b) may, at the LEA that employs the director:
1311	(i) take actions necessary to prevent or abate an active threat; and
1312	(ii) temporarily detain an individual when the school safety and security director has
1313	reasonable cause to believe the individual has committed or is about to commit a
1314	forcible felony, as that term is defined in Section 76-2-402[;].
1315	(4) Notwithstanding Subsection 76-10-505.5(4), if a school safety and security director is
1316	carrying a firearm, the school safety and security director shall carry the school safety
1317	and security director's firearm in a concealed manner and may not, unless during an
1318	active threat, display or open carry a firearm while on school grounds.
1319	(5) A school may use the services of the school safety and security director on a temporary
1320	basis to satisfy the school safety personnel requirement of Subsection 53G-8-701.5(2).

1321	(6) The state security chief shall:
1322	(a) for each school safety and security director, track each school safety and security
1323	director by collecting the photograph and the name and contact information for each
1324	school safety and security director; and
1325	(b) make the information described in Subsection (6)(a) readily available to each law
1326	enforcement agency in the state categorized by LEA.
1327	Section 22. Section 53G-8-704 is amended to read:
1328	53G-8-704 . Contracts between an LEA and a contract security company for
1329	armed school security guards.
1330	(1) As used in this section:
1331	(a) "Armed private security officer" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1332	58-63-102.
1333	(b) "Armed school security guard" means an armed private security officer who[-is]:
1334	(i) <u>is licensed</u> as an armed private security officer under Title 58, Chapter 63,
1335	Security Personnel Licensing Act; and
1336	(ii) has met the requirements described in Subsection (4)(a).
1337	(c) "Contract security company" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1338	58-63-102.
1339	(d) "State security chief" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-22-102.
1340	(2)(a) An LEA may use an armed school security guard to satisfy the school safety
1341	personnel requirements of Section 53G-8-701.5.
1342	(b) An LEA that uses an armed school security guard under Subsection (2)(a) shall
1343	contract with a contract security company to provide armed school security guards at
1344	each school within the LEA.
1345	(3) The contract described in Subsection (2)(b) shall include a detailed description of:
1346	(a) the rights of a student under state and federal law with regard to:
1347	(i) searches;
1348	(ii) questioning;
1349	(iii) arrests; and
1350	(iv) information privacy;
1351	(b) job assignment and duties of an armed school security guard, including:
1352	(i) the school to which an armed school security guard will be assigned;
1353	(ii) the hours an armed school security guard is present at the school;
1354	(iii) the point of contact at the school that an armed school security guard will contact

1355	in case of an emergency;
1356	(iv) specific responsibilities for providing and receiving information;
1357	(v) types of records to be kept, and by whom; and
1358	(vi) training requirements; and
1359	(c) other expectations of the contract security company in relation to school security at
1360	the LEA.
1361	(4)(a) In addition to the requirements for licensure under Title 58, Chapter 63, Security
1362	Personnel Licensing Act, an armed private security officer may only serve as an
1363	armed school security guard under a contract described in Subsection (2)(b) if the
1364	armed private security officer:
1365	(i) has a valid concealed carry permit issued under Title 53, Chapter 5, Part 7,
1366	Concealed Firearm Act;[-and]
1367	(ii) has undergone training from a county security chief or local law enforcement
1368	agency regarding:
1369	(A) the safe loading, unloading, storage, and carrying of firearms in a school
1370	setting;
1371	(B) the role of armed security guards in a school setting; and
1372	(C) coordination with law enforcement and school officials during an active threat $[-]$;
1373	(iii) completes an initial "fit to carry" assessment the Department of Health and
1374	Human Services approves and a provider administers; and
1375	(iv) maintains compliance with mental health screening requirements consistent with
1376	law enforcement standards.
1377	(b) An armed school security guard that meets the requirements of Subsection (4)(a)
1378	shall, in order to remain eligible to be assigned as an armed school security guard at
1379	any school under a contract described in Subsection (2)(b), participate in and satisfy
1380	the training requirements of the initial, annual, and biannual trainings as defined in
1381	Section 53-22-105.
1382	(5) An armed school security guard may conceal or openly carry a firearm at the school at
1383	which the armed school security guard is employed under the contract described in
1384	Subsection (2)(b).
1385	(6) An LEA that enters a contract under this section shall inform the state security chief and
1386	the relevant county security chief of the contract and provide the contact information of
1387	the contract security company employing the armed security guard for use during an
1388	emergency.

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1389 (7) The state security chief shall: 1390 (a) for each LEA that contracts with a contract security company under this section, 1391 track each contract security company providing armed school security guards by 1392 name and the contact information for use in case of an emergency; and 1393 (b) make the information described in Subsection (7)(a) readily available to each law 1394 enforcement agency in the state by school. 1395 (8) An armed school security guard shall file a report described in Subsection (9) if, during 1396 the performance of the armed school security guard's duties, the armed school security 1397 guard: 1398 (a) points a firearm at an individual; or 1399 (b) aims a conductive energy device at an individual and displays the electrical current. 1400 (9)(a) A report described in Subsection (8) shall include: 1401 (i) a description of the incident; 1402 (ii) the identification of the individuals involved in the incident; and 1403 (iii) any other information required by the state security chief. 1404 (b) An armed school security guard shall submit a report required under Subsection (8) 1405 to the school administrator, school safety and security director, and the state security 1406 chief within 48 hours after the incident. 1407 (c) The school administrator, school safety and security director, and the state security 1408 chief shall consult and review the report submitted under Subsection (9)(b). 1409 Section 23. Section 53G-8-802 is amended to read: 1410 53G-8-802 . State Safety and Support Program -- State board duties -- LEA duties. 1411 1412 (1) There is created the School Safety Center. 1413 (2) The School Safety Center shall: 1414 (a) develop in conjunction with the Office of Substance Use and Mental Health and the 1415 state security chief model student safety and support policies for an LEA, including: 1416 (i) requiring an evidence-based behavior threat assessment that includes[:] 1417 [(A)] recommended interventions with an individual whose behavior poses a 1418 threat to school safety; [and] 1419 (B) establishes defined roles for a multidisciplinary team and school safety 1420 personnel described in Title 53G, Chapter 8, Part 7, School Safety Personnel, 1421 including:]

1422 (ii) procedures for referrals to law enforcement; and

1423	(iii) procedures for referrals to a community services entity, a family support
1424	organization, or a health care provider for evaluation or treatment;
1425	(b) provide training in consultation with the state security chief:
1426	(i) in school safety;
1427	(ii) in evidence-based approaches to improve school climate and address and correct
1428	bullying behavior;
1429	(iii) in evidence-based approaches in identifying an individual who may pose a threat
1430	to the school community;
1431	(iv) in evidence-based approaches in identifying an individual who may be showing
1432	signs or symptoms of mental illness;
1433	(v) on permitted disclosures of student data to law enforcement and other support
1434	services under the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec.
1435	1232g;
1436	(vi) on permitted collection of student data under 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232h and Sections
1437	53E-9-203 and 53E-9-305; and
1438	(vii) for administrators on rights and prohibited acts under:
1439	(A) Chapter 9, Part 6, Bullying and Hazing;
1440	(B) Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 2000d et seq.;
1441	(C) Title IX of Education Amendments of 1972, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1681 et seq.;
1442	(D) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. Sec. 701 et seq.; and
1443	(E) the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.;
1444	(c) conduct and disseminate evidence-based research on school safety concerns;
1445	(d) disseminate information on effective school safety initiatives;
1446	(e) encourage partnerships between public and private sectors to promote school safety;
1447	(f) provide technical assistance to an LEA in the development and implementation of
1448	school safety initiatives;
1449	(g) in conjunction with the state security chief, make available to an LEA the model
1450	critical incident response training program a school and law enforcement agency
1451	shall use during a threat;
1452	(h) provide space for the public safety liaison described in Section 53-1-106 and the
1453	school-based mental health specialist described in Section 26B-5-102;
1454	(i) collaborate with the state security chief to determine appropriate application of school
1455	safety requirements in Utah Code to an online school;
1456	(j) create a model school climate survey that may be used by an LEA to assess

1457	stakeholder perception of a school environment;
1458	(k) establish a charter school liaison including defined responsibilities for charter school
1459	communication and coordination with the School Safety Center; and
1460	(1) assist a foundation described in Section 53-22-108 in distributing school safety
1461	products if a foundation seeks assistance;
1462	(m) in collaboration with the state security chief established in Section 53-22-102 and
1463	the Utah Education and Telehealth Network created in Section 53B-17-105, conduct
1464	an initial gap analysis of LEA cybersecurity practices by December 31, 2025;
1465	(n) submit findings from the gap analysis described in Subsection (2)(m) to:
1466	(i) the state security chief established in Section 53-22-102;
1467	(ii) the School Safety Task Force created in Section 53-22-104.1; and
1468	(iii) the state board;
1469	(o) establishes defined roles for a multidisciplinary team and school safety personnel
1470	described in Title 53G, Chapter 8, Part 7, School Safety Personnel, including
1471	providing training and standards for cardiac emergency response that includes:
1472	(i) CPR and automated external defibrillator operation certification from a nationally
1473	recognized organization;
1474	(ii) automated external defibrillator placement, maintenance, and operation protocols;
1475	(iii) emergency response procedures, including designation of a cardiac emergency
1476	response coordinator and response team; and
1477	(iv) coordination with local emergency medical services for emergency response
1478	integration; and
1479	[(k)] (p) assist LEAs in implementing and maintaining universal access key box
1480	requirements under Section 53G-8-805;
1481	(q) collect aggregate data and school climate survey results from an LEA that
1482	administers the model school climate survey described in Subsection $\left[\frac{(2)(i)}{(2)(j)}\right]$
1483	(3) Nothing in this section requires:
1484	(a) an individual to respond to a school climate survey; or
1485	(b) an LEA to use the model school climate survey or any specified questions in the
1486	model school climate survey described in Subsection $[(2)(i)]$ (2)(j).
1487	(4) The state board shall require an LEA to:
1488	(a)(i) if an LEA administers a school climate survey, review school climate data for
1489	each school within the LEA; and
1490	(ii) based on the review described in Subsection (4)(a)(i):

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1491	(A) revise practices, policies, and training to eliminate harassment and
1492	discrimination in each school within the LEA;
1493	(B) adopt a plan for harassment- and discrimination-free learning; and
1494	(C) host outreach events or assemblies to inform students and parents of the plan
1495	adopted under Subsection (4)(a)(ii)(B);
1496	(b) no later than September 1 of each school year, send a notice to each student, parent,
1497	and LEA staff member stating the LEA's commitment to maintaining a school
1498	climate that is free of harassment and discrimination; and
1499	(c) report to the state board annually on the LEA's implementation of the plan under
1500	Subsection (4)(a)(ii)(B) and progress.
1501	(5) A charter school authorizer as that term is defined in Section 53G-5-102, shall pay a
1502	portion of the salary of the charter liaison described in Subsection (2)(k) in an amount
1503	proportionate to the number of charter schools the authorizer has authorized.
1504	Section 24. Section 53G-8-803 is amended to read:
1505	53G-8-803 . Standard response protocol to active threats in schools.
1506	The state security chief described in Section 53-22-102, in consultation with the School
1507	Safety Center, shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
1508	Rulemaking Act, to:
1509	(1) in accordance with the standard response protocol established by the state security chief,
1510	require an LEA or school to develop emergency preparedness plans and emergency
1511	response plans for use during an emergency that include developmentally appropriate
1512	training for students and adults regarding:
1513	(a) active threats;
1514	(b) emergency preparedness;
1515	(c) cardiac emergency preparedness;
1516	[(c)] (d) drills as required under Subsection 15A-5-202.5 and by the state security chief;
1517	and
1518	[(d)] (e) standard response protocols coordinated with community stakeholders; and
1519	(2) identify the necessary components of emergency preparedness and response plans,
1520	including underlying standard response protocols and emerging best practices for an
1521	emergency.
1522	Section 25. Section 53G-8-805 is amended to read:
1523	53G-8-805 . Panic alert device Security cameras Key box.
1524	(1) As used in this section:

1525	(a) "Universal access key box" means a UL Standard 1037 compliant secure container
1526	designed to store and protect emergency access keys and devices.
1527	(b) "Emergency responder" means law enforcement, fire service, or emergency medical
1528	personnel authorized by local authorities to respond to school emergencies.
1529	[(1)] (2) In accordance with the results of the school safety needs assessment described in
1530	Section 53G-8-701.5, an LEA shall provide [a staff person] the lead teacher in each
1531	classroom with a wearable panic alert device that [allows for immediate contact with
1532	emergency services or emergency services agencies, law enforcement agencies, health
1533	departments, and fire departments] shall communicate directly with public safety
1534	answering points.
1535	[(2)] (3) An LEA shall ensure, before the school year begins, all school building personnel
1536	receive training on the protocol and appropriate use of the panic alert device described in
1537	Subsection $[(1)]$ (2).
1538	[(3)] (4) An LEA shall:
1539	(a) ensure all security cameras within a school building are accessible by:
1540	(i) a local law enforcement agency; and
1541	(ii) public safety answering points;
1542	(b) coordinate with a local law enforcement agency to establish appropriate access
1543	protocols[-] <u>; and</u>
1544	(c) physically mark all hallways and doorways consistent with the incident response
1545	method or system the state security chief creates pursuant to Section 53-22-102(3).
1546	[(4)]
1547	(5) A school building shall include universal access key boxes that:
1548	(a) are installed at main entry points;
1549	(b) contain master keys and access devices providing complete access to all areas of the
1550	school;
1551	(c) are accessible only to authorized emergency responders;
1552	(d) are electronically monitored for tampering; and
1553	(e) are weather-resistant and vandal-resistant.
1554	(6) An LEA shall:
1555	(a) maintain universal access key boxes by:
1556	(i) conducting quarterly inspections;
1557	(ii) updating contents within 24 hours of any lock or access control changes;
1558	(iii) maintaining current key and access device inventories;

1559	(iv) documenting all inspections and updates; and
1560	(v) immediately replacing any damaged or malfunctioning boxes:
1561	(b) coordinate with local emergency responders to:
1562	(i) determine optimal box placement;
1563	(ii) establish access protocols:
1564	(iii) maintain current emergency contact information; and
1565	(iv) conduct annual reviews of box usage and effectiveness;
1566	(c) include universal access key box locations and protocols in:
1567	(i) school emergency response plans;
1568	(ii) building schematic diagrams provided to emergency responders; and
1569	(iii) school safety and security training materials.
1570	(7) The state board shall:
1571	(a) establish standards for:
1572	(i) box installation and placement;
1573	(ii) access control and monitoring:
1574	(iii) maintenance schedules; and
1575	(iv) compliance verification;
1576	(b) provide technical assistance to LEAs implementing this section.
1577	(8) Nothing in this section:
1578	(a) affects requirements for fire department key boxes under applicable building or fire
1579	codes; or
1580	(b) restricts additional security measures implemented by LEAs that exceed these
1581	requirements.
1582	(9) This section is not subject to the restrictions in Section 41-6a-2003.
1583	Section 26. Section 53G-9-207 is amended to read:
1584	53G-9-207 . Child sexual abuse prevention.
1585	(1) As used in this section:
1586	(a)(i) "Age-appropriate instructional material" means materials that provide
1587	instruction on:
1588	(A) the responsibility of adults for the safety of children;
1589	(B) how to recognize uncomfortable inner feelings;
1590	(C) how to say no and leave an uncomfortable situation;
1591	(D) how to set clear boundaries;
1592	(E) the risks of sharing intimate images or personal information through electronic

1593	means; and
1594	[(E)] (F) the importance of discussing uncomfortable situations with parents and
1595	other trusted adults.
1596	(ii) "Age-appropriate instructional material" does not include materials that:
1597	(A) invites a student to share personal experiences about abuse during instruction;
1598	(B) gives instruction regarding consent as described in Section 76-5-406; or
1599	(C) includes sexually explicit language or depictions.
1600	(b) "Alternative provider" means a provider other than the provider selected by the state
1601	board under Subsection (8) that provides the training and instruction described in
1602	Subsection (4) with instructional materials approved under Subsection (2).
1603	(c) "School personnel" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53G-9-203.
1604	(d) "Sexual extortion" means the criminal offense described in Section 76-5b-204.
1605	(2) The state board shall approve, in partnership with the Department of Health and Human
1606	Services, age-appropriate instructional materials for the training and instruction
1607	described in Subsections (3)(a) and (4).
1608	(3)(a) An LEA shall provide[, once every three years,] annual training and instruction on
1609	child sexual abuse and human trafficking prevention and awareness to:
1610	(i) school personnel in elementary and secondary schools on:
1611	(A) responding to a disclosure of child sexual abuse in a supportive, appropriate
1612	manner;
1613	(B) identifying children who are victims or may be at risk of becoming victims of
1614	human trafficking or commercial sexual exploitation; and
1615	(C) the mandatory reporting requirements described in Sections 53E-6-701 and
1616	80-2-602;
1617	(D) appropriate responses to incidents of sexual extortion, including connecting
1618	victims with support services; and
1619	(ii) parents of elementary school students on:
1620	(A) recognizing warning signs of a child who is being sexually abused or who is a
1621	victim or may be at risk of becoming a victim of human trafficking or
1622	commercial sexual exploitation; [and]
1623	(B) effective, age-appropriate methods for discussing the topic of child sexual
1624	abuse with a child[-] <u>; and</u>
1625	(C) resources available for victims of sexual extortion.
1626	(b) An LEA:

1627	(i) shall use the instructional materials approved by the state board under Subsection
1628	(2) to provide the training and instruction under Subsections (3)(a) and (4); or
1629	(ii) may use instructional materials the LEA creates to provide the instruction and
1630	training described in Subsections (3)(a) and (4), if the LEA's instructional
1631	materials are approved by the state board under Subsection (2).
1632	(4)(a) In accordance with Subsections (4)(b) and (5), an LEA may provide instruction on
1633	child sexual abuse and human trafficking prevention and awareness to elementary
1634	school students using age-appropriate curriculum.
1635	(b) An LEA that provides the instruction described in Subsection (4)(a) shall use the
1636	instructional materials approved by the state board under Subsection (2) to provide
1637	the instruction.
1638	(5)(a) An elementary school student may not be given the instruction described in
1639	Subsection (4) unless the parent of the student is:
1640	(i) notified in advance of the:
1641	(A) instruction and the content of the instruction; and
1642	(B) parent's right to have the student excused from the instruction;
1643	(ii) given an opportunity to review the instructional materials before the instruction
1644	occurs; and
1645	(iii) allowed to be present when the instruction is delivered.
1646	(b) Upon the written request of the parent of an elementary school student, the student
1647	shall be excused from the instruction described in Subsection (4).
1648	(c) Participation of a student requires compliance with Sections 53E-9-202 and
1649	53E-9-203.
1650	(6) An LEA may determine the mode of delivery for the training and instruction described
1651	in Subsections (3) and (4).
1652	(7) Upon request of the state board, an LEA shall provide evidence of compliance with this
1653	section.
1654	(8) The state board shall select a provider to provide the training and instruction described
1655	in Subsection (4), including requiring the provider selected to:
1656	(a) engage in outreach efforts to support more schools to participate in the training and
1657	instruction;
1658	(b) provide materials for the instruction involving students in accordance with
1659	Subsection (4);
1660	(c) provide an outline of how many LEAs, schools, and students the provider could
	-

1661	service; and
1662	(d) submit a report to the state board that includes:
1663	(i) information on the LEAs the provider engaged with in the outreach efforts,
1664	including:
1665	(A) how many schools within an LEA increased instructional offerings for
1666	training and instruction; and
1667	(B) the reasons why an LEA chose to participate or not in the offered training or
1668	instruction;
1669	(ii) the number of schools and students that received the training and instruction;
1670	(iii) budgetary information regarding how the provider utilized any funds the state
1671	board allocated; and
1672	(iv) additional information the state board requests.
1673	(9) Subject to legislative appropriation, there is created a grant program to support an LEA
1674	that chooses to use an alternative provider other than the provider selected by the state
1675	board under Subsection (8) to provide the training and instruction described in
1676	Subsection (4).
1677	(10) The state board shall:
1678	(a) establish a process to select alternative providers for an LEA to use, including:
1679	(i) an application process for a provider to become an alternative provider;
1680	(ii) required criteria for a provider to become an alternative provider; and
1681	(iii) relevant timelines;
1682	(b) create a process for an LEA to receive a grant award described in Subsection (9),
1683	including:
1684	(i) an application process;
1685	(ii) relevant timelines; and
1686	(iii) a scoring rubric and corresponding formula for determining a grant amount; and
1687	(c) make grant awards on a first come first served basis until the state board distributes
1688	all appropriated funds.
1689	(11) An LEA that receives a grant award described in Subsection (10)(b) shall:
1690	(a) use the grant award to cover the costs needed for implementation of the training or
1691	instruction described in Subsection (4); and
1692	(b) upon request of the state board, provide an itemized list of the uses of the grant
1693	award.
1694	Section 27. Section 53G-9-703 is amended to read:

1695	53G-9-703 . Parent education Mental health Bullying Safety.
1696	(1)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a school district shall offer a seminar for
1697	parents of students who attend school in the school district that:
1698	(i) is offered at no cost to parents;
1699	(ii)(A) <u>if in person</u> , begins at or after 6 p.m.;[-or]
1700	(B) <u>if in person, takes place on a Saturday; or</u>
1701	(C) may be conducted at anytime online and recorded if the recording is made
1702	available on the school district's website, including the parent portal created in
1703	Section 53G-6-806.
1704	(iii)(A) is held in at least one school located in the school district; or
1705	(B) is provided through a virtual platform; and
1706	(iv) covers the topics described in Subsection (2).
1707	(b)(i) A school district shall annually offer one parent seminar for each 11,000
1708	students enrolled in the school district.
1709	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b)(i), a school district may not be required to
1710	offer more than three seminars.
1711	(c) A school district may:
1712	(i) develop the district school's own curriculum for the seminar described in
1713	Subsection (1)(a); or
1714	(ii) use the curriculum developed by the state board under Subsection (2).
1715	(d) A school district shall notify each charter school located in the attendance boundaries
1716	of the school district of the date and time of a parent seminar, so the charter school
1717	may inform parents of the seminar.
1718	(2) The state board shall:
1719	(a) develop a curriculum for the parent seminar described in Subsection (1) that includes
1720	information on:
1721	(i) substance abuse, including illegal drugs and prescription drugs and prevention;
1722	(ii) bullying;
1723	(iii) mental health, depression, suicide awareness, and suicide prevention, including
1724	education on limiting access to fatal means;
1725	(iv) Internet safety, including pornography addiction;[-and]
1726	(v) the SafeUT Crisis Line established in Section 53B-17-1202; and
1727	(vi) resources related to the topics described in this Subsection (2); and
1728	(b) provide the curriculum, including resources and training, to school districts upon

1729	request.
1730	(3)(a) A school district is not required to offer the parent seminar if the local school
1731	board determines that the topics described in Subsection (2) are not of significant
1732	interest or value to families in the school district.
1733	(b) If a local school board chooses not to offer the parent seminar, the local school board
1734	shall notify the state board and provide the reasons why the local school board chose
1735	not to offer the parent seminar.
1736	Section 28. Section 53G-10-408 is amended to read:
1737	53G-10-408 . Cardiopulmonary resuscitation instruction Grant program.
1738	(1) As used in this section:
1739	(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.
1740	(b) "Cardiopulmonary resuscitation" or "CPR" means artificial ventilation or external
1741	chest compression applied to a person who is unresponsive and not breathing.
1742	(c) "Individualized education program" or "IEP" means the same as that term is defined
1743	in Section 53E-1-102.
1744	(d) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means a school district or charter school that
1745	serves students in grade 9, 10, 11, or 12.
1746	(e) "Psychomotor skills" means sequences of physical actions that are practiced in a
1747	manner that supports cognitive learning.
1748	(2) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, and the
1749	requirements of this section, the board shall make rules to develop and implement CPR
1750	training as part of the core curriculum standards for instruction in health.
1751	(3) The state board may consult with the American Heart Association, the American Red
1752	Cross, or other similar organizations to make the rules described in Subsection (2).
1753	(4) Rules made under Subsection (2) shall include:
1754	(a) a requirement that CPR training be based on current national evidence-based
1755	emergency cardiovascular care guidelines for cardiopulmonary resuscitation;
1756	(b) except for a participant who is enrolled in an online-only school, a requirement that
1757	CPR training include the use of psychomotor skills with appropriate CPR training
1758	equipment; [and]
1759	(c) a requirement that a student complete CPR training at least once during the period
1760	that begins with the beginning of grade 9 and ends at the end of grade 12, except as
1761	provided in Subsection (7)[-] : and
1762	(d) a requirement that CPR training described in this section include, when possible,

1763	instruction on automated external defibrillator use and operation.
1764	(5) Beginning with the 2022-23 school year, and in accordance with the rules made under
1765	Subsection (2), an LEA shall offer CPR training for students.
1766	(6) Rules made under Subsection (2) may not allow an LEA to issue a CPR certification to
1767	a student, but may allow a student to receive CPR certification from an individual who
1768	provides the CPR training if the individual is authorized to issue a CPR certification by
1769	the American Heart Association, American Red Cross, or other similar organization.
1770	(7) A student is exempt from completing CPR training if:
1771	(a) the student's parent or legal guardian requests that the student be exempt from CPR
1772	training;
1773	(b) the student provides documentation to the LEA showing that the student has
1774	previously received CPR training or has a current CPR certification; or
1775	(c) the student has an IEP and the CPR training is inconsistent with the IEP.
1776	(8) An LEA may accept a donation of materials, equipment, or services related to CPR
1777	training if the materials, equipment, or services are in compliance with rules made
1778	pursuant to Subsection (2).
1779	(9)(a) There is created the CPR Training Grant Program.
1780	(b) Subject to legislative appropriations, the board shall award grants to LEAs to provide
1781	the CPR training described in this section, which may include engaging a qualified
1782	CPR instructor or replacing materials and equipment used in CPR training.
1783	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1784	state board may make rules to establish:
1785	(i) application and eligibility requirements for an LEA that seeks a grant under this
1786	section; or
1787	(ii) specific materials or equipment that may be purchased using a grant awarded
1788	under this section.
1789	Section 29. Section 63I-1-253 is amended to read:
1790	63I-1-253 . Repeal dates: Titles 53 through 53G.
1791	(1) Section 53-1-122, Road Rage Awareness and Prevention Restricted Account, is
1792	repealed July 1, 2028.
1793	(2) Section 53-2a-105, Emergency Management Administration Council created
1794	Function Composition Expenses, is repealed July 1, 2029.
1795	(3) Section 53-2a-1103, Search and Rescue Advisory Board Members Compensation,
1796	is repealed July 1, 2027.

- 1797 (4) Section 53-2a-1104, General duties of the Search and Rescue Advisory Board, is
 1798 repealed July 1, 2027.
- 1799 (5) Title 53, Chapter 2a, Part 15, Grid Resilience Committee, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 1800 (6) Section 53-2d-104, State Emergency Medical Services Committee -- Membership 1801 Expenses, is repealed July 1, 2029.
- 1802 (7) Section 53-2d-703, Volunteer Emergency Medical Service Personnel Health Insurance
 1803 Program -- Creation -- Administration -- Eligibility -- Benefits -- Rulemaking --
- 1804 Advisory board, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 1805 (8) Section 53-5-703, Board -- Membership -- Compensation -- Terms -- Duties, is repealed
 1806 July 1, 2029.
- 1807 (9) Section 53-11-104, Board, is repealed July 1, 2029.
- 1808 (10) Section 53-22-104.1, School Security Task Force -- Membership -- Duties -- Per diem
 1809 -- Report -- Expiration, is repealed December 31, [2025] 2027.
- 1810 (11) Section 53-22-104.2, The School Security Task Force -- <u>Public</u> Education Advisory
 1811 Board, is repealed December 31, [2025] 2027.
- 1812 (12) Section 53-22-104.3, The School Security Task Force -- Higher Education Advisory
 1813 Board, is repealed December 31, 2027.
- 1814 [(12)] (13) Subsection 53B-1-301(1)(j), regarding the Higher Education and Corrections
 1815 Council, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 1816 [(13)] (14) Section 53B-7-709, Five-year performance goals, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 1817 [(14)] (15) Title 53B, Chapter 8a, Part 3, Education Savings Incentive Program, is repealed
 1818 July 1, 2028.
- 1819 [(15)] (16) Title 53B, Chapter 17, Part 11, USTAR Researchers, is repealed July 1, 2028.
- [(16)] (17) Section 53B-17-1203, SafeUT and School Safety Commission established Members, is repealed January 1, 2030.
- 1822 [(17)] (18) Title 53B, Chapter 18, Part 16, USTAR Researchers, is repealed July 1, 2028.
- 1823 [(18)] (19) Title 53B, Chapter 18, Part 17, Food Security Council, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 1824 [(19)] (20) Title 53B, Chapter 18, Part 18, Electrification of Transportation Infrastructure
 1825 Research Center, is repealed July 1, 2028.
- 1826 [(20)] (21) Title 53B, Chapter 35, Higher Education and Corrections Council, is repealed
 1827 July 1, 2027.
- 1828 [(21)] (22) Subsection 53C-3-203(4)(b)(vii), regarding the distribution of money from the
- 1829 Land Exchange Distribution Account to the Geological Survey for test wells and other
- 1830 hydrologic studies in the West Desert, is repealed July 1, 2030.

- [(22)] (23) Subsection 53E-1-201(1)(q), regarding the Higher Education and Corrections
 Council, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 1833 [(23)] (24) Subsection 53E-2-304(6), regarding foreclosing a private right of action or
 1834 waiver of governmental immunity, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 1835 [(24)] (25) Subsection 53E-3-503(5), regarding coordinating councils for youth in care, is
 1836 repealed July 1, 2027.
- 1837 [(25)] (26) Subsection 53E-3-503(6), regarding coordinating councils for youth in care, is
 1838 repealed July 1, 2027.
- 1839 [(26)] (27) Subsection 53E-4-202(8)(b), regarding a standards review committee, is repealed
 1840 January 1, 2028.
- 1841 [(27)] (28) Section 53E-4-203, Standards review committee, is repealed January 1, 2028.
- 1842 [(28)] (29) Title 53E, Chapter 6, Part 5, Utah Professional Practices Advisory Commission,
 1843 is repealed July 1, 2033.
- [(29)] <u>(30)</u> Subsection 53E-7-207(7), regarding a private right of action or waiver of
 governmental immunity, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 1846 [(30)] (31) Section 53F-2-420, Intensive Services Special Education Pilot Program, is
 1847 repealed July 1, 2024.
- 1848 [(31)] (32) Section 53F-5-214, Grant for professional learning, is repealed July 1, 2025.
- 1849 [(32)] (33) Section 53F-5-215, Elementary teacher preparation grant, is repealed July 1,
 1850 2025.
- [(33)] (34) Section 53F-5-219, Local Innovations Civics Education Pilot Program, is
 repealed July 1, 2025.
- 1853 [(34)] (35) Title 53F, Chapter 10, Part 2, Capital Projects Evaluation Panel, is repealed July
 1854 1, 2027.
- 1855 [(35)] (36) Subsection 53G-4-608(2)(b), regarding the Utah Seismic Safety Commission, is
 1856 repealed January 1, 2025.
- [(36)] (37) Subsection 53G-4-608(4)(b), regarding the Utah Seismic Safety Commission, is
 repealed January 1, 2025.
- 1859 [(37)] (38) Section 53G-9-212, Drinking water quality in schools, is repealed July 1, 2027.
 1860 Section 30. Section 76-5-417 is enacted to read:
- 1861 <u>76-5-417</u>. Sexual relations with an adult high school student.
- 1862 (1) As used in this section:
- 1863 (a) <u>"Actor" means an individual who is 21 years old or older.</u>
- 1864 (b) "Adult high school student" means an individual who is 18 to 21 years old and

1865	enrolled at a high school.
1866	(c) "High school" means a district, charter, or private school that is comprised of grade
1867	<u>9, 10, 11, or 12.</u>
1868	(d) "Position of special trust" means the following positions in a high school:
1869	(i) <u>a teacher;</u>
1870	(ii) an administrator;
1871	(iii) a coach;
1872	(iv) a counselor; or
1873	(v) an individual other than an individual listed in this Subsections (1)(d) who
1874	occupies a position of authority that enables the individual to exercise undue
1875	influence over an adult high school student.
1876	(e) "Sexual intercourse" means any penetration, however slight, of:
1877	(i) the genitals or anus of an individual by another individual using any body part,
1878	object, or substance; or
1879	(ii) the mouth of an individual by another individual's genitals.
1880	(f) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1881	(2) An actor commits sexual relations with an adult high school student if the actor:
1882	(a)(i) has sexual intercourse with an adult high school student; or
1883	(ii) with the intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any individual or
1884	with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any individual:
1885	(A) touches the anus, buttocks, pubic area, or any part of the genitals of an adult
1886	high school student;
1887	(B) touches the breast of a female adult high school student; or
1888	(C) otherwise takes indecent liberties with an adult high school student;
1889	(b) occupies a position of special trust in relation to the adult high school student
1890	described in Subsection (2)(a); and
1891	(c) knows or should have known that the individual with which the actor committed the
1892	acts described in Subsection (2)(a) was an adult high school student.
1893	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a third degree felony.
1894	(4) Any touching, even if accomplished through clothing, is sufficient to constitute the
1895	relevant element of a violation of Subsection (2)(a)(ii).
1896	(5) Consent of an adult high school student to an act described in Subsection (2) is not a
1897	defense to prosecution under this section.
1898	Section 31. Repealer.

- 1899 This bill repeals:
- 1900 Section **53F-4-208**, **State board procurement for school security software**.
- 1901 Section 32. Effective Date.
- 1902 <u>This bill takes effect on July 1, 2025.</u>