Melissa G. Ballard proposes the following substitute bill:

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Private Airport Notice Amendments

2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Melissa G. Ballard

Senate Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper

2 3 LONG TITLE 4 **General Description:** 5 This bill enacts provisions related to notice of private airports. **Highlighted Provisions:** 6 7 This bill: 8 defines terms related to private airports; 9 requires local governments to provide and record notice of the certain information about 10 the name and location of certain private airports; and 11 makes technical changes. 12 **Money Appropriated in this Bill:** 13 None 14 **Other Special Clauses:** 15 None 16 **Utah Code Sections Affected:** 17 **AMENDS:** 18 **72-10-102**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 483 19 **ENACTS:**

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24 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

10-9a-541, Utah Code Annotated 1953

17-27a-536. Utah Code Annotated 1953

72-10-416, Utah Code Annotated 1953

- 25 Section 1. Section **10-9a-541** is enacted to read:
- 10-9a-541. Notice of significant private airports. 26
- (1) As used in this section, "significant private airport" means the same as that term is 27
- defined in Section 72-10-102. 28
- 29 (2) If a municipality receives a notification described in Section 72-10-416, the

30	municipality shall record with the county recorder and against any existing residential
31	parcel within 2,500 feet of a runway of a significant private airport located within the
32	boundary of the municipality a notice with the following language: "In accordance with
33	Utah Code Section 10-9a-541, notice is hereby given that the subject property is located
34	within 2,500 feet of a runway of a significant airport that as of [INSERT THE DATE
35	OF THE RECORDING] is known as [AIRPORT NAME] and is located at [INSERT
36	THE ADDRESS OF THE SIGNIFICANT PRIVATE AIRPORT]."
37	Section 2. Section 17-27a-536 is enacted to read:
38	17-27a-536 . Notice of significant private airports.
39	(1) As used in this section, "significant private airport" means the same as that term is
40	defined in Section 72-10-102.
41	(2) If a county receives a notification described in Section 72-10-416, the county shall
42	record with the county recorder and against any existing residential parcel within 2,500
43	feet of a runway of a significant private airport located within an unincorporated area
44	within the boundary of the county a notice with the following language: "In accordance
45	with Utah Code Section 17-27a-536, notice is hereby given that the subject property is
46	located within 2,500 feet of a runway of a significant airport that as of [INSERT THE
47	DATE OF THE RECORDING] is known as [AIRPORT NAME] and is located at
48	[INSERT THE ADDRESS OF THE SIGNIFICANT PRIVATE AIRPORT]."
49	Section 3. Section 72-10-102 is amended to read:
50	72-10-102 . Definitions.
51	As used in this chapter:
52	(1) "Acrobatics" means the intentional maneuvers of an aircraft not necessary to air
53	navigation.
54	(2)(a) "Advanced air mobility system" means a system that transports individuals and
55	property using piloted and unpiloted aircraft, including electric aircraft and electric
56	vertical takeoff and landing aircraft, in controlled or uncontrolled airspace.
57	(b) "Advanced air mobility system" includes each component of a system described in
58	Subsection (2)(a), including:
59	(i) the aircraft, including payload;
60	(ii) communications equipment;
61	(iii) navigation equipment;
62	(iv) controllers;
63	(v) support equipment; and

- (vi) remote and autonomous functions.
- 65 (3) "Aerial transit corridor" means an airspace volume defining a three-dimensional route
- segment with performance requirements to operate within or to cross where tactical air
- traffic control separation services are not provided.
- 68 (4) "Aeronautics" means transportation by aircraft, air instruction, the operation, repair, or
- maintenance of aircraft, and the design, operation, repair, or maintenance of airports, or
- other air navigation facilities.
- 71 (5) "Aeronautics instructor" means any individual engaged in giving or offering to give
- instruction in aeronautics, flying, or ground subjects, either with or without:
- (a) compensation or other reward;
- 74 (b) advertising the occupation;
- 75 (c) calling his facilities an air school, or any equivalent term; or
- 76 (d) employing or using other instructors.
- 77 (6) "Aircraft" means any contrivance now known or in the future invented, used, or
- designed for navigation of or flight in the air.
- 79 (7) "Air instruction" means the imparting of aeronautical information by any aviation
- instructor or in any air school or flying club.
- 81 (8) "Airport" means any area of land, water, or both, that:
- 82 (a) is used or is made available for landing and takeoff;
- 83 (b) provides facilities for the shelter, supply, and repair of aircraft, and handling of passengers and cargo;
 - (c) meets the minimum requirements established by the department as to size and design, surface, marking, equipment, and operation; and
- 87 (d) includes all areas shown as part of the airport in the current airport layout plan as 88 approved by the Federal Aviation Administration.
- 89 (9) "Airport authority" means a political subdivision of the state, other than a county or municipality, that is authorized by statute to operate an airport.
- 91 (10) "Airport operator" means a municipality, county, or airport authority that owns or operates a commercial airport.
- 93 (11)(a) "Airport revenue" means[:]

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- 94 [(i)] _all fees, charges, rents, or other payments received by or accruing to an airport operator for any of the following reasons:
- 96 [(A)] (i) revenue from air carriers, tenants, lessees, purchasers of airport properties, 97 airport permittees making use of airport property and services, and other parties;

98	(B) (ii) revenue received from the activities of others or the transfer of rights to
99	others relating to the airport, including revenue received:
100	[(1)] (A) for the right to conduct an activity on the airport or to use or occupy
101	airport property;
102	[(H)] (B) for the sale, transfer, or disposition of airport real or personal property, or
103	any interest in that property, including transfer through a condemnation
104	proceeding;
105	[(HH)] (C) for the sale of, or the sale or lease of rights in, mineral, natural, or
106	agricultural products or water owned by the airport operator to be taken from
107	the airport; and
108	[(IV)] (D) for the right to conduct an activity on, or for the use or disposition of,
109	real or personal property or any interest in real or personal property owned or
110	controlled by the airport operator and used for an airport-related purpose but
111	not located on the airport; or
112	[(C)] (iii) revenue received from activities conducted by the airport operator whether
113	on or off the airport, which is directly connected to the airport operator's
114	ownership or operation of the airport[; and] .
115	[(ii)] (b) "Airport revenue" includes state and local taxes on aviation fuel.
116	[(b)] (c) "Airport revenue" does not include amounts received by an airport operator as
117	passenger facility fees pursuant to 49 U.S.C. Sec. 40117.
118	(12) "Air school" means any person engaged in giving, offering to give, or advertising,
119	representing, or holding himself out as giving, with or without compensation or other
120	reward, instruction in aeronautics, flying, or ground subjects, or in more than one of
121	these subjects.
122	(13) "Airworthiness" means conformity with requirements prescribed by the Federal
123	Aviation Administration regarding the structure or functioning of aircraft, engine, parts,
124	or accessories.
125	(14) "Civil aircraft" means any aircraft other than a public aircraft.
126	(15) "Commercial aircraft" means aircraft used for commercial purposes.
127	(16) "Commercial airport" means a landing area, landing strip, or airport that may be used
128	for commercial operations.
129	(17) "Commercial flight operator" means a person who conducts commercial operations.
130	(18) "Commercial operations" means:
131	(a) any operations of an aircraft for compensation or hire or any services performed

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132	incidental to the operation of any aircraft for which a fee is charged or compensation
133	is received, including the servicing, maintaining, and repairing of aircraft, the rental
134	or charter of aircraft, the operation of flight or ground schools, the operation of
135	aircraft for the application or distribution of chemicals or other substances, and the
136	operation of aircraft for hunting and fishing; or

- (b) the brokering or selling of any of these services; but
- 138 (c) does not include any operations of aircraft as common carriers certificated by the 139 federal government or the services incidental to those operations.
- 140 (19) "Correctional facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-16b-102.
- 141 (20) "Dealer" means any person who is actively engaged in the business of flying for 142 demonstration purposes, or selling or exchanging aircraft, and who has an established 143 place of business.
- 144 (21) "Experimental aircraft" means:
 - (a) any aircraft designated by the Federal Aviation Administration or the military as experimental and used solely for the purpose of experiments, or tests regarding the structure or functioning of aircraft, engines, or their accessories; and
- (b) any aircraft designated by the Federal Aviation Administration as:
 - (i) being custom or amateur built; and
- (ii) used for recreational, educational, or display purposes.
- 151 (22) "Flight" means any kind of locomotion by aircraft while in the air.
- 152 (23) "Flying club" means five or more persons who for neither profit nor reward own, lease, 153 or use one or more aircraft for the purpose of instruction, pleasure, or both.
- 154 (24) "Glider" means an aircraft heavier than air, similar to an airplane, but without a power plant.
- 156 (25) "Mechanic" means a person who constructs, repairs, adjusts, inspects, or overhauls aircraft, engines, or accessories.
- 158 (26) "Navigable airspace" means the same as that term is defined in 49 U.S.C. Sec. 40102.
- 159 (27) "Parachute jumper" means any person who has passed the required test for jumping 160 with a parachute from an aircraft, and has passed an examination showing that he 161 possesses the required physical and mental qualifications for the jumping.
- 162 (28) "Parachute rigger" means any person who has passed the required test for packing, 163 repairing, and maintaining parachutes.
- 164 (29) "Passenger aircraft" means aircraft used for transporting persons, in addition to the 165 pilot or crew, with or without their necessary personal belongings.

- 166 (30) "Person" means any individual, corporation, limited liability company, or association of individuals.
- 168 (31) "Pilot" means any person who operates the controls of an aircraft while in-flight.
- 169 (32) "Primary glider" means any glider that has a gliding angle of less than 10 to one.
- 170 (33) "Private airport" means an airport that is not open or available for public use.
- 171 [(33)] (34) "Public aircraft" means an aircraft used exclusively in the service of any
- government or of any political subdivision, including the government of the United
- 173 States, of the District of Columbia, and of any state, territory, or insular possession of
- the United States, but not including any government-owned aircraft engaged in carrying
- persons or goods for commercial purposes.
- 176 [(34)] (35) "Reckless flying" means the operation or piloting of any aircraft recklessly, or in
- a manner as to endanger the property, life, or body of any person, due regard being
- given to the prevailing weather conditions, field conditions, and to the territory being
- flown over.
- 180 [(35)] (36) "Registration number" means the number assigned by the Federal Aviation
- Administration to any aircraft, whether or not the number includes a letter or letters.
- [(36)] (37) "Roadable aircraft" means an aircraft capable of taking off and landing from a
- suitable airfield and is also designed to be driven on a highway as a conveyance.
- 184 [(37)] (38) "Secondary glider" means any glider that has a gliding angle between 10 to one
- and 16 to one, inclusive.
- 186 (39) "Significant private airport" means a private airport that is designated by the
- department as a significant private airport as described in Section 72-10-416.
- 188 [(38)] (40) "Soaring glider" means any glider that has a gliding angle of more than 16 to one.
- 189 [(39)] (41) "Unmanned aircraft" means an aircraft that is:
- (a) capable of sustaining flight; and
- (b) operated with no possible direct human intervention from on or within the aircraft.
- 192 [(40)] (42) "Unmanned aircraft system" means the entire system used to operate an
- unmanned aircraft, including:
- (a) the unmanned aircraft, including payload;
- (b) communications equipment;
- (c) navigation equipment;
- (d) controllers;
- 198 (e) support equipment; and
- (f) autopilot functionality.

200	[(41)] (43) "Unmanned aircraft system traffic management" means a traffic management
201	ecosystem for uncontrolled operations, including unmanned aircraft systems, that is
202	separate from, but complementary to, the Federal Aviation Administration's air traffic
203	management system.
204	[(42)] (44) "Vertiport" means an area of land, or a structure, used or intended to be used for
205	electric, hydrogen, and hybrid vertical aircraft landings and takeoffs, including
206	associated buildings and facilities.
207	Section 4. Section 72-10-416 is enacted to read:
208	72-10-416 . Private airports designated as significant.
209	(1) Upon request from an owner of a private airport, the department shall determine
210	whether to designate a private airport as a significant private airport.
211	(2) The department shall designate a private airport as a significant private airport if the
212	department determines that the private airport:
213	(a) is registered with the Federal Aviation Administration;
214	(b) appears on aeronautical charts published by the Federal Aviation Administration; and
215	(c) has significant infrastructure investment, such as a paved runway, lighting, fuel
216	facilities, or more than 20 based aircraft.
217	(3) If the department designates a private airport as a significant private airport, the
218	department shall notify the relevant municipality or county of:
219	(a) the department's designation; and
220	(b) the municipality's or county's responsibility to make the recording described in
221	Section 10-9a-541 or 17-27a-536.
222	Section 5. Effective Date.
223	This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.