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# Jennifer Dailey-Provost proposes the following substitute bill: Criminal Justice and Mental Health Coordination Amendments 2025 GENERAL SESSION

## STATE OF UTAH

## **Chief Sponsor: Jennifer Dailey-Provost**

# 3 LONG TITLE

#### 4 **General Description:**

- 5 This bill addresses situations where an individual experiencing a mental health crisis may
- 6 interact with the criminal justice system.

#### 7 Highlighted Provisions:

- 8 This bill:
- 9 requires local mental health authorities to designate an individual or individuals
- 10 responsible for providing consultation, education, and information services concerning
- 11 guardianship and conservatorship options for individuals experiencing mental health
- 12 crises;
- 13 requires the Division of Integrated Healthcare to adopt and maintain, and certain
- 14 designated examiners to complete an annual training program relating to civil
- 15 commitment;
- 16 creates the Crisis Response Task Force (task force) and describes the task force's duties;
- 17 provides a sunset date for the task force; and
- 18 makes technical and conforming changes.

#### 19 Money Appropriated in this Bill:

20 None

- 21 Other Special Clauses:
- 22 None
- 23 Utah Code Sections Affected:
- 24 AMENDS:
- 25 **17-43-301**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 240, 299
- 26 **26B-5-332**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 287, 299 and 314
- 27 **26B-5-339**, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 308
- 28 **63I-1-236**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 320, 506 and 507
- 29 ENACTS:
- 30 **36-29-113**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

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B	e it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 17-43-301 is amended to read:
	17-43-301 . Local mental health authorities Responsibilities.
(1	) As used in this section:
	(a) "Assisted outpatient treatment" means the same as that term is defined in Section
	26B-5-301.
	(b) "Crisis worker" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26B-5-610.
	(c) "Local mental health crisis line" means the same as that term is defined in Section
	26B-5-610.
	(d) "Mental health therapist" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-60-102.
	(e) "Public funds" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17-43-303.
	(f) "Statewide mental health crisis line" means the same as that term is defined in
	Section 26B-5-610.
(2	(a)(i) In each county operating under a county executive-council form of
	government under Section 17-52a-203, the county legislative body is the local
	mental health authority, provided however that any contract for plan services shall
	be administered by the county executive.
	(ii) In each county operating under a council-manager form of government under
	Section 17-52a-204, the county manager is the local mental health authority.
	(iii) In each county other than a county described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) or (ii), the
	county legislative body is the local mental health authority.
	(b) Within legislative appropriations and county matching funds required by this section,
	under the direction of the division, each local mental health authority shall:
	(i) provide mental health services to individuals within the county; and
	(ii) cooperate with efforts of the division to promote integrated programs that address
	an individual's substance use, mental health, and physical healthcare needs, as
	described in Section 26B-5-102.
	(c) Within legislative appropriations and county matching funds required by this section,
	each local mental health authority shall cooperate with the efforts of the department
	to promote a system of care, as defined in Section 26B-5-101, for minors with or at
	risk for complex emotional and behavioral needs, as described in Section 26B-1-202.
(3	a) By executing an interlocal agreement under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal
	Cooperation Act, two or more counties may join to:

65	(i) provide mental health prevention and treatment services; or
66	(ii) create a united local health department that combines substance use treatment
67	services, mental health services, and local health department services in
68	accordance with Subsection (4).
69	(b) The legislative bodies of counties joining to provide services may establish
70	acceptable ways of apportioning the cost of mental health services.
71	(c) Each agreement for joint mental health services shall:
72	(i)(A) designate the treasurer of one of the participating counties or another
73	person as the treasurer for the combined mental health authorities and as the
74	custodian of money available for the joint services; and
75	(B) provide that the designated treasurer, or other disbursing officer authorized by
76	the treasurer, may make payments from the money available for the joint
77	services upon audit of the appropriate auditing officer or officers representing
78	the participating counties;
79	(ii) provide for the appointment of an independent auditor or a county auditor of one
80	of the participating counties as the designated auditing officer for the combined
81	mental health authorities;
82	(iii)(A) provide for the appointment of the county or district attorney of one of the
83	participating counties as the designated legal officer for the combined mental
84	health authorities; and
85	(B) authorize the designated legal officer to request and receive the assistance of
86	the county or district attorneys of the other participating counties in defending
87	or prosecuting actions within their counties relating to the combined mental
88	health authorities; and
89	(iv) provide for the adoption of management, clinical, financial, procurement,
90	personnel, and administrative policies as already established by one of the
91	participating counties or as approved by the legislative body of each participating
92	county or interlocal board.
93	(d) An agreement for joint mental health services may provide for:
94	(i) joint operation of services and facilities or for operation of services and facilities
95	under contract by one participating local mental health authority for other
96	participating local mental health authorities; and
97	(ii) allocation of appointments of members of the mental health advisory council
98	between or among participating counties.

99	(4) A county governing body may elect to combine the local mental health authority with
100	the local substance abuse authority created in Part 2, Local Substance Abuse Authorities,
101	and the local health department created in Title 26A, Chapter 1, Part 1, Local Health
102	Department Act, to create a united local health department under Section 26A-1-105.5.
103	A local mental health authority that joins with a united local health department shall
104	comply with this part.
105	(5)(a) Each local mental health authority is accountable to the department and the state
106	with regard to the use of state and federal funds received from those departments for
107	mental health services, regardless of whether the services are provided by a private
108	contract provider.
109	(b) Each local mental health authority shall comply, and require compliance by its
110	contract provider, with all directives issued by the department regarding the use and
111	expenditure of state and federal funds received from those departments for the
112	purpose of providing mental health programs and services. The department shall
113	ensure that those directives are not duplicative or conflicting, and shall consult and
114	coordinate with local mental health authorities with regard to programs and services.
115	(6)(a) Each local mental health authority shall:
116	(i) review and evaluate mental health needs and services, including mental health
117	needs and services for:
118	(A) an individual incarcerated in a county jail or other county correctional facility;
119	and
120	(B) an individual who is a resident of the county and who is court ordered to
121	receive assisted outpatient treatment under Section 26B-5-351;
122	(ii) in accordance with Subsection (6)(b), annually prepare and submit to the division
123	a plan approved by the county legislative body for mental health funding and
124	service delivery, either directly by the local mental health authority or by contract;
125	(iii) establish and maintain, either directly or by contract, programs licensed under
126	Title 26B, Chapter 2, Part 1, Human Services Programs and Facilities;
127	(iv) appoint, directly or by contract, a full-time or part-time director for mental health
128	programs and prescribe the director's duties;
129	(v) provide input and comment on new and revised rules established by the division;
130	(vi) establish and require contract providers to establish administrative, clinical,
131	personnel, financial, procurement, and management policies regarding mental
132	health services and facilities, in accordance with the rules of the division, and state

133	and federal law;
133	(vii) establish mechanisms allowing for direct citizen input;
134	(viii) establish mechanishs anowing for direct childen input, (viii) annually contract with the division to provide mental health programs and
135	
130	services in accordance with the provisions of Title 26B, Chapter 5, Health Care - Substance Use and Mental Health;
137	(ix) comply with all applicable state and federal statutes, policies, audit requirements,
138	
	contract requirements, and any directives resulting from those audits and contract
140 141	requirements; (v) provide funding equal to at least $200$ of the state funde that it receives to fund
	(x) provide funding equal to at least 20% of the state funds that it receives to fund
142	services described in the plan;
143	(xi) comply with the requirements and procedures of Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal
144	Cooperation Act, Title 17B, Chapter 1, Part 6, Fiscal Procedures for Special
145	Districts, and Title 51, Chapter 2a, Accounting Reports from Political Subdivisions,
146	Interlocal Organizations, and Other Local Entities Act; and
147	(xii) take and retain physical custody of minors committed to the physical custody of
148	local mental health authorities by a judicial proceeding under Title 26B, Chapter
149	5, Part 4, Commitment of Persons Under Age 18.
150	(b) Each plan under Subsection (6)(a)(ii) shall include services for adults, youth, and
151	children, which shall include:
152	(i) inpatient care and services;
153	(ii) residential care and services;
154	(iii) outpatient care and services;
155	(iv) 24-hour crisis care and services;
156	(v) psychotropic medication management;
157	(vi) psychosocial rehabilitation, including vocational training and skills development;
158	(vii) case management;
159	(viii) community supports, including in-home services, housing, family support
160	services, and respite services;
161	(ix) consultation and education services, including:
162	(A) case consultation[ $\frac{1}{2}$ ]:
163	(B) collaboration with other county service agencies $[,];$
164	(C) public education[ <del>, and</del> ];
165	(D) public information; and
166	(E) a designated individual or individuals responsible for providing consultation

167	and education services concerning guardianship and conservatorship options
168	for individuals experiencing mental health crises, including information
169	concerning the process for seeking the appointment of an emergency guardian
170	under Section 75-5-310 or a temporary conservator under Section 75-5-408;
171	and
172	(x) services to persons incarcerated in a county jail or other county correctional
173	facility.
174	(7)(a) If a local mental health authority provides for a local mental health crisis line
175	under the plan for 24-hour crisis care and services described in Subsection (6)(b)(iv),
176	the local mental health authority shall:
177	(i) collaborate with the statewide mental health crisis line described in Section
178	26B-5-610;
179	(ii) ensure that each individual who answers calls to the local mental health crisis line:
180	(A) is a mental health therapist or a crisis worker; and
181	(B) meets the standards of care and practice established by the Division of
182	Integrated Healthcare, in accordance with Section 26B-5-610; and
183	(iii) ensure that when necessary, based on the local mental health crisis line's
184	capacity, calls are immediately routed to the statewide mental health crisis line to
185	ensure that when an individual calls the local mental health crisis line, regardless
186	of the time, date, or number of individuals trying to simultaneously access the
187	local mental health crisis line, a mental health therapist or a crisis worker answers
188	the call without the caller first:
189	(A) waiting on hold; or
190	(B) being screened by an individual other than a mental health therapist or crisis
191	worker.
192	(b) If a local mental health authority does not provide for a local mental health crisis line
193	under the plan for 24-hour crisis care and services described in Subsection (6)(b)(iv),
194	the local mental health authority shall use the statewide mental health crisis line as a
195	local crisis line resource.
196	(8) Before disbursing any public funds, each local mental health authority shall require that
197	each entity that receives any public funds from a local mental health authority agrees in
198	writing that:
199	(a) the entity's financial records and other records relevant to the entity's performance of
200	the services provided to the mental health authority shall be subject to examination

201	by:
202	(i) the division;
203	(ii) the local mental health authority director;
204	(iii)(A) the county treasurer and county or district attorney; or
205	(B) if two or more counties jointly provide mental health services under an
206	agreement under Subsection (3), the designated treasurer and the designated
207	legal officer;
208	(iv) the county legislative body; and
209	(v) in a county with a county executive that is separate from the county legislative
210	body, the county executive;
211	(b) the county auditor may examine and audit the entity's financial and other records
212	relevant to the entity's performance of the services provided to the local mental health
213	authority; and
214	(c) the entity will comply with the provisions of Subsection (5)(b).
215	(9) A local mental health authority may receive property, grants, gifts, supplies, materials,
216	contributions, and any benefit derived therefrom, for mental health services. If those
217	gifts are conditioned upon their use for a specified service or program, they shall be so
218	used.
219	(10) Public funds received for the provision of services pursuant to the local mental health
220	plan may not be used for any other purpose except those authorized in the contract
221	between the local mental health authority and the provider for the provision of plan
222	services.
223	(11) A local mental health authority shall provide assisted outpatient treatment services to a
224	resident of the county who has been ordered under Section 26B-5-351 to receive assisted
225	outpatient treatment.
226	Section 2. Section <b>26B-5-332</b> is amended to read:
227	26B-5-332 . Involuntary commitment under court order Examination
228	Hearing Power of court Findings required Costs.
229	(1) A responsible individual who has credible knowledge of an adult's mental illness and
230	the condition or circumstances that have led to the adult's need to be involuntarily
231	committed may initiate an involuntary commitment court proceeding by filing, in the
232	court in the county where the proposed patient resides or is found, a written application
233	that includes:
234	(a) unless the court finds that the information is not reasonably available, the proposed

patient's:
(i) name;
(ii) date of birth; and
(iii) social security number;
(b)(i) a certificate of a licensed physician or a designated examiner stating that
within the seven-day period immediately preceding the certification, the physician
or designated examiner examined the proposed patient and is of the opinion that
the proposed patient has a mental illness and should be involuntarily committed; or
(ii) a written statement by the applicant that:
(A) the proposed patient has been requested to, but has refused to, submit to an
examination of mental condition by a licensed physician or designated
examiner;
(B) is sworn to under oath; and
(C) states the facts upon which the application is based; and
(c) a statement whether the proposed patient has previously been under an assisted
outpatient treatment order, if known by the applicant.
(2) Before issuing a judicial order, the court:
(a) shall require the applicant to consult with the appropriate local mental health
authority at or before the hearing; and
(b) may direct a mental health professional from the local mental health authority to
interview the applicant and the proposed patient to determine the existing facts and
report the existing facts to the court.
(3) The court may issue an order, directed to a mental health officer or peace officer, to
immediately place a proposed patient in the custody of a local mental health authority or
in a temporary emergency facility, as described in Section 26B-5-334, to be detained for
the purpose of examination if:
(a) the court finds from the application, any other statements under oath, or any reports
from a mental health professional that there is a reasonable basis to believe that the
proposed patient has a mental illness that poses a danger to self or others and requires
involuntary commitment pending examination and hearing; or
(b) the proposed patient refuses to submit to an interview with a mental health
professional as directed by the court or to go to a treatment facility voluntarily.
(4)(a) The court shall provide notice of commencement of proceedings for involuntary
commitment, setting forth the allegations of the application and any reported facts,

269	together with a copy of any official order of detention, to a proposed patient before,
270	or upon, placement of the proposed patient in the custody of a local mental health
271	authority or, with respect to any proposed patient presently in the custody of a local
272	mental health authority whose status is being changed from voluntary to involuntary,
273	upon the filing of an application for that purpose with the court.
274	(b) The place of detention shall maintain a copy of the order of detention.
275	(5)(a) The court shall provide notice of commencement of proceedings for involuntary
276	commitment as soon as practicable to the applicant, any legal guardian, any
277	immediate adult family members, legal counsel for the parties involved, the local
278	mental health authority or the local mental health authority's designee, and any other
279	persons whom the proposed patient or the court designates.
280	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), the notice under Subsection (5)(a) shall
281	advise the persons that a hearing may be held within the time provided by law.
282	(c) If the proposed patient refuses to permit release of information necessary for
283	provisions of notice under this subsection, the court shall determine the extent of
284	notice.
285	(6) Proceedings for commitment of an individual under 18 years old to a local mental health
286	authority may be commenced in accordance with Part 4, Commitment of Persons Under
287	Age 18.
288	(7)(a) The court may, in the court's discretion, transfer the case to any other district
289	court within this state, if the transfer will not be adverse to the interest of the
290	proposed patient.
291	(b) If a case is transferred under Subsection (7)(a), the parties to the case may be
292	transferred and the local mental health authority may be substituted in accordance
293	with Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 25.
294	(8) Within 24 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, of the issuance of a
295	judicial order, or after commitment of a proposed patient to a local mental health
296	authority or the local mental health authority's designee under court order for detention
297	or examination, the court shall appoint two designated examiners:
298	(a) who did not sign the civil commitment application nor the civil commitment
299	certification under Subsection (1);
300	(b) one of whom is:
301	(i) a licensed physician who has complied with the training requirements described in
302	<u>Section 26B-5-339;</u> or

303	(ii) a psychiatric mental health nurse practitioner or a psychiatric mental health
304	clinical nurse specialist who:
305	(A) is nationally certified;
306	(B) is doctorally trained;[-and]
307	(C) has at least two years of inpatient mental health experience, regardless of the
308	license the individual held at the time of that experience; and
309	(D) has complied with the training requirements described in Section 26B-5-339;
310	and
311	(c) one of whom may be designated by the proposed patient or the proposed patient's
312	counsel, if that designated examiner is reasonably available.
313	(9) The court shall schedule a hearing to be held within 10 calendar days after the day on
314	which the designated examiners are appointed.
315	(10)(a) The designated examiners shall:
316	(i) conduct the examinations separately;
317	(ii) conduct the examinations at the home of the proposed patient, at a hospital or
318	other medical facility, or at any other suitable place, including through telehealth,
319	that is not likely to have a harmful effect on the proposed patient's health;
320	(iii) inform the proposed patient, if not represented by an attorney:
321	(A) that the proposed patient does not have to say anything;
322	(B) of the nature and reasons for the examination;
323	(C) that the examination was ordered by the court;
324	(D) that any information volunteered could form part of the basis for the proposed
325	patient's involuntary commitment;
326	(E) that findings resulting from the examination will be made available to the
327	court; and
328	(F) that the designated examiner may, under court order, obtain the proposed
329	patient's mental health records; and
330	(iv) within 24 hours of examining the proposed patient, report to the court, orally or
331	in writing, whether the proposed patient is mentally ill, has agreed to voluntary
332	commitment, as described in Section 26B-5-360, or has acceptable programs
333	available to the proposed patient without court proceedings.
334	(b) If a designated examiner reports orally under Subsection (10)(a), the designated
335	examiner shall immediately send a written report to the clerk of the court.
336	(11) If a designated examiner is unable to complete an examination on the first attempt

337	because the proposed patient refuses to submit to the examination, the court shall fix a
338	reasonable compensation to be paid to the examiner.
339	(12) If the local mental health authority, the local mental health authority's designee, or a
340	medical examiner determines before the court hearing that the conditions justifying the
341	findings leading to a commitment hearing no longer exist, the local mental health
342	authority, the local mental health authority's designee, or the medical examiner shall
343	immediately report the determination to the court.
344	(13) The court may terminate the proceedings and dismiss the application at any time,
345	including before the hearing, if the designated examiners or the local mental health
346	authority or the local mental health authority's designee informs the court that the
347	proposed patient:
348	(a) does not meet the criteria in Subsection (16);
349	(b) has agreed to voluntary commitment, as described in Section 26B-5-360;
350	(c) has acceptable options for treatment programs that are available without court
351	proceedings; or
352	(d) meets the criteria for assisted outpatient treatment described in Section 26B-5-351.
353	(14)(a) Before the hearing, the court shall provide the proposed patient an opportunity
354	to be represented by counsel, and if neither the proposed patient nor others provide
355	counsel, the court shall appoint counsel and allow counsel sufficient time to consult
356	with the proposed patient before the hearing.
357	(b) In the case of an indigent proposed patient, the county in which the proposed patient
358	resides or is found shall make payment of reasonable attorney fees for counsel, as
359	determined by the court.
360	(15)(a)(i) The court shall afford the proposed patient, the applicant, and any other
361	person to whom notice is required to be given an opportunity to appear at the
362	hearing, to testify, and to present and cross-examine witnesses.
363	(ii) The court may, in the court's discretion, receive the testimony of any other person.
364	(iii) The court may allow a waiver of the proposed patient's right to appear for good
365	cause, which cause shall be set forth in the record, or an informed waiver by the
366	patient, which shall be included in the record.
367	(b) The court is authorized to exclude any person not necessary for the conduct of the
368	proceedings and may, upon motion of counsel, require the testimony of each
369	designated examiner to be given out of the presence of any other designated
370	examiners.

371	(c) The court shall conduct the hearing in as informal a manner as may be consistent
372	with orderly procedure, and in a physical setting that is not likely to have a harmful
373	effect on the mental health of the proposed patient, while preserving the due process
374	rights of the proposed patient.
375	(d) The court shall consider any relevant historical and material information that is
376	offered, subject to the rules of evidence, including reliable hearsay under Utah Rules
377	of Evidence, Rule 1102.
378	(e)(i) A local mental health authority or the local mental health authority's designee
379	or the physician in charge of the proposed patient's care shall, at the time of the
380	hearing, provide the court with the following information:
381	(A) the detention order;
382	(B) admission notes;
383	(C) the diagnosis;
384	(D) any doctors' orders;
385	(E) progress notes;
386	(F) nursing notes;
387	(G) medication records pertaining to the current commitment; and
388	(H) whether the proposed patient has previously been civilly committed or under
389	an order for assisted outpatient treatment.
390	(ii) The information described in Subsection (15)(e)(i) shall also be supplied to the
391	proposed patient's counsel at the time of the hearing, and at any time prior to the
392	hearing upon request.
393	(16)(a) The court shall order commitment of an adult proposed patient to a local mental
394	health authority if, upon completion of the hearing and consideration of the
395	information presented, the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that:
396	(i)(A) the proposed patient has a mental illness;
397	(B) because of the proposed patient's mental illness the proposed patient poses a
398	substantial danger to self or others;
399	(C) the proposed patient lacks the ability to engage in a rational decision-making
400	process regarding the acceptance of mental treatment as demonstrated by
401	evidence of inability to weigh the possible risks of accepting or rejecting
402	treatment;
403	(D) there is no appropriate less-restrictive alternative to a court order of
404	commitment; and

405	(E) the local mental health authority can provide the proposed patient with
406	treatment that is adequate and appropriate to the proposed patient's conditions
407	and needs; or
408	(ii)(A) the proposed patient has been charged with a criminal offense;
409	(B) with respect to the charged offense, the proposed patient is found incompetent
410	to proceed as a result of a mental illness;
411	(C) the proposed patient has a mental illness;
412	(D) the proposed patient has a persistent unawareness of their mental illness and
413	the negative consequences of that illness, or within the preceding six months
414	has been requested or ordered to undergo mental health treatment but has
415	unreasonably refused to undergo that treatment;
416	(E) there is no appropriate less-restrictive alternative to a court order of
417	commitment; and
418	(F) the local mental health authority can provide the proposed patient with
419	treatment that is adequate and appropriate to the proposed patient's conditions
420	and needs.
421	(b)(i) If, at the hearing, the court determines that the proposed patient has a mental
422	illness but does not meet the other criteria described in Subsection (16)(a), the
423	court may consider whether the proposed patient meets the criteria for assisted
424	outpatient treatment under Section 26B-5-351.
425	(ii) The court may order the proposed patient to receive assisted outpatient treatment
426	in accordance with Section 26B-5-351 if, at the hearing, the court finds the
427	proposed patient meets the criteria for assisted outpatient treatment under Section
428	26B-5-351.
429	(iii) If the court determines that neither the criteria for commitment under Subsection
430	(16)(a) nor the criteria for assisted outpatient treatment under Section 26B-5-351
431	are met, the court shall dismiss the proceedings after the hearing.
432	(17)(a)(i) The order of commitment shall designate the period for which the patient
433	shall be treated.
434	(ii) If the patient is not under an order of commitment at the time of the hearing, the
435	patient's treatment period may not exceed six months without a review hearing.
436	(iii) Upon a review hearing, to be commenced before the expiration of the previous
437	order of commitment, an order for commitment may be for an indeterminate
438	period, if the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the criteria

439	described in Subsection (16) will last for an indeterminate period.
440	(b)(i) The court shall maintain a current list of all patients under the court's order of
441	commitment and review the list to determine those patients who have been under
442	an order of commitment for the court designated period.
443	(ii) At least two weeks before the expiration of the designated period of any order of
444	commitment still in effect, the court that entered the original order of commitment
445	shall inform the appropriate local mental health authority or the local mental
446	health authority's designee of the expiration.
447	(iii) Upon receipt of the information described in Subsection (17)(b)(ii), the local
448	mental health authority or the local mental health authority's designee shall
449	immediately reexamine the reasons upon which the order of commitment was
450	based.
451	(iv) If, after reexamination under Subsection (17)(b)(iii), the local mental health
452	authority or the local mental health authority's designee determines that the
453	conditions justifying commitment no longer exist, the local mental health
454	authority or the local mental health authority's designee shall discharge the patient
455	from involuntary commitment and immediately report the discharge to the court.
456	(v) If, after reexamination under Subsection (17)(b)(iii), the local mental health
457	authority or the local mental health authority's designee determines that the
458	conditions justifying commitment continue to exist, the court shall immediately
459	appoint two designated examiners and proceed under Subsections (8) through (14).
460	(c)(i) The local mental health authority or the local mental health authority's
461	designee responsible for the care of a patient under an order of commitment for an
462	indeterminate period shall, at six-month intervals, reexamine the reasons upon
463	which the order of indeterminate commitment was based.
464	(ii) If the local mental health authority or the local mental health authority's designee
465	determines that the conditions justifying commitment no longer exist, the local
466	mental health authority or the local mental health authority's designee shall
467	discharge the patient from the local mental health authority's or the local mental
468	health authority designee's custody and immediately report the discharge to the
469	court.
470	(iii) If the local mental health authority or the local mental health authority's designee
471	determines that the conditions justifying commitment continue to exist, the local
472	mental health authority or the local mental health authority's designee shall send a

473	written report of the findings to the court.
474	(iv) A patient and the patient's counsel of record shall be notified in writing that the
475	involuntary commitment will be continued under Subsection (17)(c)(iii), the
476	reasons for the decision to continue, and that the patient has the right to a review
477	hearing by making a request to the court.
478	(v) Upon receiving a request under Subsection (17)(c)(iv), the court shall
479	immediately appoint two designated examiners and proceed under Subsections (8)
480	through (14).
481	(18)(a) Any patient committed as a result of an original hearing or a patient's legally
482	designated representative who is aggrieved by the findings, conclusions, and order of
483	the court entered in the original hearing has the right to a new hearing upon a petition
484	filed with the court within 30 days after the day on which the court order is entered.
485	(b) The petition shall allege error or mistake in the findings, in which case the court shall
486	appoint three impartial designated examiners previously unrelated to the case to
487	conduct an additional examination of the patient.
488	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (18)(b), the court shall, in all other respects,
489	conduct the new hearing in the manner otherwise permitted.
490	(19) The county in which the proposed patient resides or is found shall pay the costs of all
491	proceedings under this section.
492	(20)(a) A local mental health authority shall provide discharge instructions to each
493	individual committed under this section at or before the time the individual is
494	discharged from the local mental health authority's custody, regardless of the
495	circumstances under which the individual is discharged.
496	(b) Discharge instructions provided under Subsection (20)(a) shall include:
497	(i) a summary of why the individual was committed to the local mental health
498	authority;
499	(ii) detailed information about why the individual is being discharged from the local
500	mental health authority's custody;
501	(iii) a safety plan for the individual based on the individual's mental illness or mental
502	or emotional state;
503	(iv) notification to the individual's primary care provider, if applicable;
504	(v) if the individual is discharged without food, housing, or economic security, a
505	referral to appropriate services, if such services exist in the individual's
506	community;

507	(vi) the phone number to call or text for a crisis services hotline, and information
508	about the availability of peer support services;
509	(vii) a copy of any psychiatric advance directive presented to the local mental health
510	authority, if applicable;
511	(viii) information about how to establish a psychiatric advance directive if one was
512	not presented to the local mental health authority;
513	(ix) as applicable, information about medications that were changed or discontinued
514	during the commitment;
515	(x) a list of any screening or diagnostic tests conducted during the commitment;
516	(xi) a summary of therapeutic treatments provided during the commitment;
517	(xii) any laboratory work, including blood samples or imaging, that was completed or
518	attempted during the commitment; and
519	(xiii) information about how to contact the local mental health authority if needed.
520	(c) If an individual's medications were changed, or if an individual was prescribed new
521	medications while committed under this section, discharge instructions provided
522	under Subsection (20)(a) shall include a clinically appropriate supply of medications,
523	as determined by a licensed health care provider, to allow the individual time to
524	access another health care provider or follow-up appointment.
525	(d) If an individual refuses to accept discharge instructions, the local mental health
526	authority shall document the refusal in the individual's medical record.
527	(e) If an individual's discharge instructions include referrals to services under Subsection
528	(20)(b)(v), the local mental health authority shall document those referrals in the
529	individual's medical record.
530	(f) The local mental health authority shall attempt to follow up with a discharged
531	individual at least 48 hours after discharge, and may use peer support professionals
532	when performing follow-up care or developing a continuing care plan.
533	(21) If any provision of Subsection (16)(a)(ii) or the application of any provision of
534	Subsection (16)(a)(ii) to any person or circumstance is held invalid by a court with
535	jurisdiction, the remainder of Subsection (16)(a)(ii) shall be given effect without the
536	invalid provision or application. The provisions of Subsection (16)(a)(ii) are severable.
537	Section 3. Section <b>26B-5-339</b> is amended to read:
538	26B-5-339 . Designated examiners Training Evaluations Fee.
539	(1)(a) The division shall adopt and maintain a training program designed to educate
540	designated examiners on the process and requirements for civil commitment,

541	including:
542	(i) the purpose of civil commitment;
543	(ii) the civil commitment process; and
544	(iii) statutes governing civil commitment.
545	(b) Beginning January 1, 2026, a designated examiner shall complete the training
546	program adopted pursuant to Subsection (1)(a) at least once every 24 months.
547	(2) A designated examiner shall consider a proposed patient's mental health history when
548	evaluating a proposed patient.
549	[(2)] (3) A designated examiner may request a court order to obtain a proposed patient's
550	mental health records if a proposed patient refuses to share this information with the
551	designated examiner.
552	[(3)] (4) A designated examiner, when evaluating a proposed patient for civil commitment,
553	shall consider whether:
554	(a) a proposed patient has been under a court order for assisted outpatient treatment;
555	(b) the proposed patient complied with the terms of the assisted outpatient treatment
556	order, if any; and
557	(c) whether assisted outpatient treatment is sufficient to meet the proposed patient's
558	needs.
559	[(4)] (5) A designated examiner shall be allowed a reasonable fee by the county legislative
560	body of the county in which the proposed patient resides or is found, unless the
561	designated examiner is otherwise paid.
562	Section 4. Section <b>36-29-113</b> is enacted to read:
563	<u>36-29-113</u> . Crisis Response Task Force.
564	(1) As used in this section:
565	(a) "Mental health crisis" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26B-5-101.
566	(b) "Task force" means the Crisis Response Task Force created in Subsection (2).
567	(2) There is created the Crisis Response Task Force consisting of the following members:
568	(a) three members of the Senate appointed by the president of the Senate, no more than
569	two of whom may be from the same political party;
570	(b) three members of the House of Representatives appointed by the speaker of the
571	House of Representatives, no more than two of whom may be from the same political
572	party;
573	(c) the executive director of the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice, or the
574	executive director's designee;

575	(d) the executive director of the Department of Corrections, or the executive director's
576	designee;
577	(e) the executive director of the Department of Health and Human Services, or the
578	executive director's designee;
579	(f) the commissioner of public safety, or the commissioner's designee;
580	(g) the state court administrator, or the state court administrator's designee;
581	(h) a representative of the Utah Chiefs of Police Association, appointed by the president
582	of that association;
583	(i) a representative of the Utah Sheriffs' Association, appointed by the president of that
584	association;
585	(j) a representative of the Board of Pardons and Parole, appointed by the chair of that
586	board:
587	(k) a representative of the Utah Association of Counties, appointed by the president of
588	that association:
589	(1) an individual with lived experience with mental health crises, appointed by the
590	director of the Office of Substance Use and Mental Health;
591	(m) a representative of the Disability Law Center, appointed by the executive director of
592	that center;
593	(n) a representative of the Statewide Association of Prosecutors, appointed by that
594	association; and
595	(o) a criminal defense attorney, appointed by the Utah Association of Criminal Defense
596	Lawyers.
597	(3)(a) The president of the Senate shall designate a member of the Senate appointed
598	under Subsection (2)(a) as a cochair of the task force.
599	(b) The speaker of the House of Representatives shall designate a member of the House
600	of Representatives appointed under Subsection (2)(b) as a cochair of the task force.
601	(4) If a vacancy occurs in the membership of the task force described in Subsection (2), the
602	member shall be replaced in the same manner in which the original appointment was
603	made.
604	(5)(a) A majority of the members of the task force constitutes a quorum.
605	(b) The action of a majority of a quorum constitutes an action of the task force.
606	(6) Salaries and expenses of the members of the task force who are legislators shall be paid
607	in accordance with:

608 (a) <u>Section 36-2-2;</u>

609	(b) Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Chapter 2, Lodging, Meal, and Transportation
610	Expenses; and
611	(c) Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Chapter 3, Legislator Compensation.
612	(7) A member of the task force who is not a legislator:
613	(a) may not receive compensation for the member's work associated with the task force;
614	and
615	(b) may receive per diem and reimbursement for travel expenses incurred as a member
616	of the task force at the rates established by the Division of Finance under Sections
617	<u>63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.</u>
618	(8) The Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall provide staff support to
619	the task force.
620	(9) The task force shall:
621	(a) review the interaction of criminal justice systems and mental health systems;
622	(b) based on the review described in Subsection (9)(a), make recommendations
623	regarding the specific parameters of a study that could be conducted to provide
624	necessary data to guide the design of a pilot program aimed at improving outcomes
625	for individuals experiencing a mental health crisis; and
626	(c) if a study is undertaken based on the recommendations described in Subsection (9)(b),
627	review the results of the study and make recommendations regarding the specific
628	parameters of the pilot program described in Subsection (9)(b).
629	(10)(a) On or before September 30, 2025, the task force shall provide a report that
630	includes the recommendations described in Subsection (9)(b) to the Health and
631	Human Services Interim Committee and the Legislative Management Committee.
632	(b) If the study described in Subsection (9)(b) is undertaken, the task force shall provide
633	a report that includes the recommendations described in Subsection (9)(c) to the
634	Health and Human Services Interim Committee and the Legislative Management
635	Committee on or before July 31, 2027.
636	(11) The task force shall meet as needed.
637	(12) The task force is repealed December 31, 2027.
638	Section 5. Section 63I-1-236 is amended to read:
639	63I-1-236 . Repeal dates: Title 36.
640	(1) Title 36, Chapter 17, Legislative Process Committee, is repealed January 1, 2028.
641	(2) Section 36-29-111, Public Safety Data Management Task Force, is repealed July 1,
642	2029.

- 643 (3) Title 36, Chapter 28, Veterans and Military Affairs Commission, is repealed January 1,
  644 2030.
- 645 (4) Section 36-29-112, Justice Court Reform Task Force, is repealed July 1, 2025.
- 646 (5) Section 36-29-113, Crisis Response Task Force, is repealed December 31, 2027.
- 647 Section 6. Effective Date.
- 648 This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.