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Jefferson S. Burton proposes the following substitute bill:

Adult Probation and Parole Amendments

2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Jefferson S. Burton

	Senate Sponsor: Brady Brammer
2	LONG TITLE
4	General Description:
5	This bill amends provisions related to the Division of Adult Probation and Parole within the
6	Department of Corrections.
7	Highlighted Provisions:
8	This bill:
9	 establishes the Division of Adult Probation and Parole in the code;
10	amends provisions throughout the code regarding the responsibility of the Department of
11	Corrections to supervise individuals on probation or parole; and
12	makes technical and conforming changes.
13	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
14	None
15	Other Special Clauses:
16	None
17	Utah Code Sections Affected:
18	AMENDS:
19	13-53-106, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 252
20	17-55-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 187
21	41-6a-507, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 342
22	53-10-209, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 263
23	53-10-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234
24	53-13-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 80
25	53B-35-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 144
26	58-37f-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 329
27	58-50-10 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 260
28	59-27-105 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 400

63A-16-1002, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 467

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30 **63A-17-512**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 80 31 **63B-12-301**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 369 32 **63M-7-404.3**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 197 33 **63M-7-1002**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 160 34 **64-13-6**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 144, 208 35 **64-13-14.5**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 96, 187 and 208 **64-13-26**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 187 36 37 **64-13e-102**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 467 38 **76-3-202**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 208 39 **76-3-409**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1985, Chapter 212 40 77-2a-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 208 41 77-2a-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 180 42 **77-16a-103**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 177 43 **77-16a-205**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 184 44 **77-18-102**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 245, 434 45 **77-18-105**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 187, 208 46 **77-18-107**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 260 47 **77-18-108**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 208 48 **77-18-109**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 260 49 **77-20-203**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 16 50 **77-20-204**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 16 51 **77-27-10**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 208 52 **77-27-10.5**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 184 53 **77-27-11**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 208 54 **77-32b-102**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 389 55 **77-36-5.1**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 159 56 77-38-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 240 57 **77-38-611**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 237 58 **77-38b-102**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 330 59 **77-38b-304**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 113 60 77-38b-401, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 260 61 **77-40a-205**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 180

77-40a-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 180

77-41-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 128

- 64 **77-41-105**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234 65 **78B-7-807**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 142 66 **ENACTS:** 67 **64-14-101**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 68 **64-14-201**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 69 **64-14-202**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 70 **64-14-203**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 71 **RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:** 72 **64-14-204**, (Renumbered from 64-13-21, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, 73 Chapters 208, 434) 74 **64-14-205**, (Renumbered from 64-13-29, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, 75 Chapter 16) 76 **64-14-301**, (Renumbered from 64-13g-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, 77 Chapter 393) 78 **64-14-302**, (Renumbered from 64-13g-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, 79 Chapter 208) 80 **64-14-303**, (Renumbered from 64-13g-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, 81 Chapter 393) 82 **REPEALS:** 83 **64-13-21.2**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 391 84
- 85 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
- 86 Section 1. Section 13-53-106 is amended to read:
- 87 13-53-106. Disclosure to participants.
- 88 (1) Before accepting a participant, a residential, vocational and life skills program shall 89 provide to the prospective participant a written disclosure.
- 90 (2) The written disclosure shall include:
- 91 (a) a statement that the program is a registered residential, vocational and life skills 92 program, but that the residential, vocational and life skills program is not endorsed by 93 the state or the division;
- 94 (b) a statement that the prospective participant's continuation in the program is voluntary 95 and that a participant may leave at any time;
- 96 (c) the conditions under which a participant is removed from the residential, vocational 97 and life skills program or required to leave a program facility;

98	(d) a statement th	at the residential, vocational and life skills program will contact the
99	<u>Division of A</u>	dult Probation and Parole created in Section 64-14-202, if required by
100	law; and	
101	(e) a description	of:
102	(i) the lodgin	g, food, clothing, and other resources that are available to a participant;
103	(ii) the nature	and scope of the residential, vocational and life skills program,
104	including	any activities or work that a participant is required to perform;
105	(iii) the scope	e and substance of peer-led activities;
106	(iv) the types	of vocational training available to a participant, including the
107	limitation	s on availability;
108	(v) the nature	and extent of possible exposure to profanity, accusation, confrontation,
109	nonphysic	cal threats, or nonphysical corrective interaction;
110	(vi) the terms	of any prohibition from contact with a participant's family, friends, or
111	associates	; and
112	(vii) any crin	nes committed within the previous two years at the residential,
113	vocationa	l and life skills program facility or at a vocational training entity
114	affiliated	with the residential, vocational and life skills program.
115	Section 2. Sect	on 17-55-201 is amended to read:
116	17-55-201 . Cri	minal justice coordinating councils Creation Strategic plan
117	Reporting requireme	ents.
118	(1)(a) Beginning Janu	ary 1, 2023, a county shall:
119	(i) create a cr	iminal justice coordinating council; or
120	(ii) jointly wi	th another county or counties, create a criminal justice coordinating
121	council.	
122	(b) The purpose of	of a council is to coordinate and improve components of the criminal
123	justice system	in the county or counties.
124	(2)(a) A council shall	include:
125	(i) one count	y commissioner or county council member;
126	(ii) the count	y sheriff or the sheriff's designee;
127	(iii) one chie	f of police of a municipality within the county or the chief's designee;
128	(iv) the count	y attorney or the attorney's designee;
129	(v) one publi	e defender or attorney who provides public defense within the county;
130	(vi) one distr	ict court judge;
131	(vii) one just	ce court judge;

132	(viii) one representative from the Division of Adult Probation and Parole [within the
133	Department of Corrections] created in Section 64-14-202;
134	(ix) one representative from the local mental health authority within the county; and
135	(x) one individual who is:
136	(A) a crime victim; or
137	(B) a victim advocate, as defined in Section 77-38-403.
138	(b) A council may include:
139	(i) an individual representing:
140	(A) local government;
141	(B) human services programs;
142	(C) higher education;
143	(D) peer support services;
144	(E) workforce services;
145	(F) local housing services;
146	(G) mental health or substance use disorder providers;
147	(H) a health care organization within the county;
148	(I) a local homeless council;
149	(J) family counseling and support groups; or
150	(K) organizations that work with families of incarcerated individuals; or
151	(ii) an individual with lived experiences in the criminal justice system.
152	(3)(a) A member who is an elected county official shall serve as chair of the council.
153	(b) The council shall elect the member to serve as chair under Subsection (3)(a).
154	(4)(a) A council shall develop and implement a strategic plan for the county's or
155	counties' criminal justice system that includes:
156	(i) mapping of all systems, resources, assets, and services within the county's or
157	counties' criminal justice system;
158	(ii) a plan for data sharing across the county's or counties' criminal justice system;
159	(iii) recidivism reduction objectives; and
160	(iv) community reintegration goals.
161	(b) The commission may assist a council in the development of a strategic plan.
162	(5) As part of the council's duties described in Subsection (4)(a)(i), the council shall prepare
163	a list of private probation providers for a court to provide to defendants as described in
164	Section 77-18-105.
165	(6) Before November 30 of each year, a council shall provide a written report to the

166	commission regarding:
167	(a) the implementation of a strategic plan described in Subsection (4); and
168	(b) any data on the impact of the council on the criminal justice system in the county or
169	counties.
170	Section 3. Section 41-6a-507 is amended to read:
171	41-6a-507 . Supervised probation for certain driving under the influence
172	violations.
173	(1) If supervised probation is ordered under Section 41-6a-505 or 41-6a-517:
174	(a) the court shall specify the period of the probation;
175	(b) the person shall pay all of the costs of the probation; and
176	(c) the court may order any other conditions of the probation.
177	(2)(a) Subject to Subsection (2)(b), the court shall provide the probation described in
178	this section by contract with a probation monitoring agency or a private probation
179	provider.
180	(b) If a court determines that a person is subject to supervised probation provided by $\underline{\text{the}}$
181	<u>Division of Adult Probation and Parole created in Section 64-14-202</u> for an offense
182	other than the offense for which probation is ordered under Section 41-6a-505 or
183	41-6a-517, the court may order supervised probation to be provided by the Division
184	of Adult Probation and Parole.
185	(3) The probation provider described in Subsection (2) shall monitor the person's
186	compliance with all conditions of the person's sentence, conditions of probation, and
187	court orders received under this part and shall notify the court of any failure to comply
188	with or complete that sentence or those conditions or orders.
189	(4)(a) The court may waive all or part of the costs associated with probation if the
190	person is determined to be indigent by the court.
191	(b) The probation provider described in Subsection (2) shall cover the costs of waivers
192	by the court under Subsection (4)(a).
193	Section 4. Section 53-10-209 is amended to read:
194	53-10-209. Penal institutions and state hospital to supply information.
195	(1) The warden of the state prison, keeper of any jail or correctional institution, and
196	superintendent of the state hospital shall forward to the division:
197	(a) the fingerprints and recent photographs of all persons confined in each institution
198	under criminal commitment;
199	(b) information relating to the parole, termination or expiration of sentence, or any other

200	release of each person from confinement during the preceding month; and
201	(c) a photograph taken near the time of release.
202	(2) The [adult probation and parole section of the Department of Corrections] Division of
203	Adult Probation and Parole created in Section 64-14-202 shall furnish to the division:
204	(a) information relating to the revocation or termination of probation or parole; and
205	(b) upon request, the names, fingerprints, photographs, and other data.
206	(3) The chair of the Board of Pardons and Parole shall provide to the division information
207	regarding the issuance, recall, cancellation, or modification of any warrant issued by
208	members of the Board of Pardons and Parole, under Section 77-27-11, within one day of
209	issuance.
210	(4) Information provided to the division under this section shall be on forms designated by
211	the division.
212	Section 5. Section 53-10-404 is amended to read:
213	53-10-404 . DNA specimen analysis Requirement to obtain the specimen.
214	(1) As used in this section, "person" means a person or minor described in Section
215	53-10-403.
216	(2)(a) A person under Section 53-10-403 or any person required to register as a sex
217	offender, kidnap offender, or child abuse offender under Title 77, Chapter 41, Sex,
218	Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry, shall provide a DNA specimen and shall
219	reimburse the agency responsible for obtaining the DNA specimen \$150 for the cost
220	of obtaining the DNA specimen unless:
221	(i) the person was booked under Section 53-10-403 and is not required to reimburse
222	the agency under Section 53-10-404.5; or
223	(ii) the agency determines the person lacks the ability to pay.
224	(b)(i)(A) The responsible agencies shall establish guidelines and procedures for
225	determining if the person is able to pay the fee.
226	(B) An agency's implementation of Subsection (2)(b)(i) meets an agency's
227	obligation to determine an inmate's ability to pay.
228	(ii) An agency's guidelines and procedures may provide for the assessment of \$150
229	on the inmate's county trust fund account and may allow a negative balance in the
230	account until the \$150 is paid in full.
231	(3)(a)(i) All fees collected under Subsection (2) shall be deposited into the DNA
232	Specimen Restricted Account created in Section 53-10-407, except that the
233	agency collecting the fee may retain not more than \$25 per individual specimen

234	for the costs of obtaining the saliva DNA specimen.
235	(ii) The agency collecting the \$150 fee may not retain from each separate fee more
236	than \$25, and no amount of the \$150 fee may be credited to any other fee or
237	agency obligation.
238	(b) The responsible agency shall determine the method of collecting the DNA specimen.
239	Unless the responsible agency determines there are substantial reasons for using a
240	different method of collection or the person refuses to cooperate with the collection,
241	the preferred method of collection shall be obtaining a saliva specimen.
242	(c) The responsible agency may use reasonable force, as established by its guidelines
243	and procedures, to collect the DNA sample if the person refuses to cooperate with the
244	collection.
245	(d) If the judgment places the person on probation, the person shall submit to the
246	obtaining of a DNA specimen as a condition of the probation.
247	(e)(i) Under this section a person is required to provide one DNA specimen and pay
248	the collection fee as required under this section.
249	(ii) The person shall provide an additional DNA specimen only if the DNA specimen
250	previously provided is not adequate for analysis.
251	(iii) The collection fee is not imposed for a second or subsequent DNA specimen
252	collected under this section.
253	(f) Any agency that is authorized to obtain a DNA specimen under this part may collect
254	any outstanding amount of a fee due under this section from any person who owes
255	any portion of the fee and deposit the amount in the DNA Specimen Restricted
256	Account created in Section 53-10-407.
257	(4)(a) The responsible agency shall cause a DNA specimen to be obtained as soon as
258	possible and transferred to the Department of Public Safety:
259	(i) after a conviction or an adjudication by the juvenile court;
260	(ii) on and after January 1, 2011, through December 31, 2014, after the booking of a
261	person for any offense under Subsection 53-10-403(1)(c); and
262	(iii) on and after January 1, 2015, after the booking of a person for any felony
263	offense, as provided under Subsection 53-10-403(1)(d)(ii).
264	(b) On and after May 13, 2014, through December 31, 2014, the responsible agency may
265	cause a DNA specimen to be obtained and transferred to the Department of Public
266	Safety after the booking of a person for any felony offense, as provided under
267	Subsection 53-10-403(1)(d)(i).

268	(c) If notified by the Department of Public Safety that a DNA specimen is not adequate
269	for analysis, the agency shall, as soon as possible:
270	(i) obtain and transmit an additional DNA specimen; or
271	(ii) request that another agency that has direct access to the person and that is
272	authorized to collect DNA specimens under this section collect the necessary
273	second DNA specimen and transmit it to the Department of Public Safety.
274	(d) Each agency that is responsible for collecting DNA specimens under this section
275	shall establish:
276	(i) a tracking procedure to record the handling and transfer of each DNA specimen it
277	obtains; and
278	(ii) a procedure to account for the management of all fees it collects under this
279	section.
280	(5)(a) The Department of Corrections is the responsible agency whenever the person is
281	committed to the custody of or is under the supervision of the [Department of
282	Corrections] Division of Adult Probation and Parole created in Section 64-14-202.
283	(b) If a minor described in Subsection 53-10-403(3) is not committed to the legal
284	custody of the Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth Services upon an adjudication,
285	the juvenile court is the responsible agency regarding the collection of a DNA
286	specimen from the minor.
287	(c) If a minor described in Subsection 53-10-403(3) is committed to the legal custody of
288	the Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth Services upon an adjudication, the
289	Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth Services is the responsible agency regarding
290	the collection of a DNA specimen from the minor.
291	(d) The sheriff operating a county jail is the responsible agency regarding the collection
292	of DNA specimens from persons who:
293	(i) have pled guilty to or have been convicted of an offense listed under Subsection
294	53-10-403(2) but who have not been committed to the custody of the Department
295	of Corrections or are not under the supervision of the [Department of Corrections]
296	Division of Adult Probation and Parole created in Section 64-14-202;
297	(ii) are incarcerated in the county jail:
298	(A) as a condition of probation for a felony offense; or
299	(B) for a misdemeanor offense for which collection of a DNA specimen is
300	required;
301	(iii) on and after January 1, 2011, through May 12, 2014, are booked at the county

302	jail for any offense under Subsection 53-10-403(1)(c); and
303	(iv) are booked at the county jail:
304	(A) by a law enforcement agency that is obtaining a DNA specimen for any felony
305	offense on or after May 13, 2014, through December 31, 2014, under
306	Subsection 53-10-404(4)(b); or
307	(B) on or after January 1, 2015, for any felony offense.
308	(e) Each agency required to collect a DNA specimen under this section shall:
309	(i) designate employees to obtain the saliva DNA specimens required under this
310	section; and
311	(ii) ensure that employees designated to collect the DNA specimens receive
312	appropriate training and that the specimens are obtained in accordance with
313	generally accepted protocol.
314	(6)(a) As used in this Subsection (6), "department" means the Department of
315	Corrections.
316	(b) Priority of obtaining DNA specimens by the department is:
317	(i) first, to obtain DNA specimens of persons who as of July 1, 2002, are in the
318	custody of or under the supervision of the department before these persons are
319	released from incarceration, parole, or probation, if their release date is prior to
320	that of persons under Subsection (6)(b)(ii), but in no case later than July 1, 2004;
321	and
322	(ii) second, the department shall obtain DNA specimens from persons who are
323	committed to the custody of the department or who are placed under the
324	supervision of the department after July 1, 2002, within 120 days after the
325	commitment, if possible, but not later than prior to release from incarceration if
326	the person is imprisoned, or prior to the termination of probation if the person is
327	placed on probation.
328	(c) The priority for obtaining DNA specimens from persons under Subsection (6)(b)(ii)
329	is:
330	(i) first, persons on probation;
331	(ii) second, persons on parole; and
332	(iii) third, incarcerated persons.
333	(d) Implementation of the schedule of priority under Subsection (6)(c) is subject to the
334	priority of Subsection (6)(b)(i), to ensure that the Department of Corrections obtains
335	DNA specimens from persons in the custody of or under the supervision of the

336	Department of Corrections as of July 1, 2002, prior to their release.
337	(7)(a) As used in this Subsection (7):
338	(i) "Court" means the juvenile court.
339	(ii) "Division" means the Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth Services.
340	(b) Priority of obtaining DNA specimens by the court from minors under Section
341	53-10-403 whose cases are under the jurisdiction of the court but who are not in the
342	legal custody of the division shall be:
343	(i) first, to obtain specimens from minors whose cases, as of July 1, 2002, are under
344	the court's jurisdiction, before the court's jurisdiction over the minors' cases
345	terminates; and
346	(ii) second, to obtain specimens from minors whose cases are under the jurisdiction
347	of the court after July 1, 2002, within 120 days of the minor's case being found to
348	be within the court's jurisdiction, if possible, but no later than before the court's
349	jurisdiction over the minor's case terminates.
350	(c) Priority of obtaining DNA specimens by the division from minors under Section
351	53-10-403 who are committed to the legal custody of the division shall be:
352	(i) first, to obtain specimens from minors who as of July 1, 2002, are within the
353	division's legal custody and who have not previously provided a DNA specimen
354	under this section, before termination of the division's legal custody of these
355	minors; and
356	(ii) second, to obtain specimens from minors who are placed in the legal custody of
357	the division after July 1, 2002, within 120 days of the minor's being placed in the
358	custody of the division, if possible, but no later than before the termination of the
359	court's jurisdiction over the minor's case.
360	(8)(a) The Department of Corrections, the juvenile court, the Division of Juvenile
361	Justice and Youth Services, and all law enforcement agencies in the state shall by
362	policy establish procedures for obtaining saliva DNA specimens, and shall provide
363	training for employees designated to collect saliva DNA specimens.
364	(b)(i) The department may designate correctional officers, including those employed
365	by the [adult probation and parole section of the department] Division of Adult
366	Probation and Parole created in Section 64-14-202, to obtain the saliva DNA
367	specimens required under this section.
368	(ii) The department shall ensure that the designated employees receive appropriate
369	training and that the specimens are obtained in accordance with accepted protocol.

370	(c) Blood DNA specimens shall be obtained in accordance with Section 53-10-405.
371	Section 6. Section 53-13-103 is amended to read:
372	53-13-103. Law enforcement officer.
373	(1)(a) "Law enforcement officer" means a sworn and certified peace officer:
374	(i) who is an employee of a law enforcement agency; and
375	(ii) whose primary and principal duties consist of the prevention and detection of
376	crime and the enforcement of criminal statutes or ordinances of this state or any of
377	its political subdivisions.
378	(b) "Law enforcement officer" includes the following:
379	(i) a sheriff or deputy sheriff, chief of police, police officer, or marshal of any county,
380	city, or town;
381	(ii) the commissioner of public safety and any member of the Department of Public
382	Safety certified as a peace officer;
383	(iii) all individuals specified in Section 79-2-704;
384	(iv) a police officer employed by a state institution of higher education;
385	(v) investigators for the Motor Vehicle Enforcement Division;
386	(vi) investigators for the Department of Insurance, Fraud Division;
387	(vii) special agents or investigators employed by the attorney general, district
388	attorneys, and county attorneys;
389	(viii) employees of the Department of Natural Resources designated as peace officers
390	by law;
391	(ix) school district police officers as designated by the board of education for the
392	school district;
393	(x) the executive director of the Department of Corrections and any correctional
394	enforcement or investigative officer designated by the executive director and
395	approved by the commissioner of public safety and certified by the division;
396	(xi) correctional enforcement, investigative, or [adult probation and parole] <u>Division</u>
397	of Adult Probation and Parole officers employed by the Department of
398	Corrections serving on or before July 1, 1993;
399	(xii) members of a law enforcement agency established by a private college or
400	university if the agency is certified by the commissioner under [Title 53,]Chapter
401	19, Certification of Private Law Enforcement Agency;
402	(xiii) airport police officers of any airport owned or operated by the state or any of its
403	political subdivisions; and

404	(xiv) transit police officers designated under Section 17B-2a-822.
405	(2) Law enforcement officers may serve criminal process and arrest violators of any law of
406	this state and have the right to require aid in executing their lawful duties.
407	(3)(a) A law enforcement officer has statewide full-spectrum peace officer authority,
408	but the authority extends to other counties, cities, or towns only when the officer is
409	acting under Title 77, Chapter 9, Uniform Act on Fresh Pursuit, unless the law
410	enforcement officer is employed by the state.
411	(b)(i) A local law enforcement agency may limit the jurisdiction in which its law
412	enforcement officers may exercise their peace officer authority to a certain
413	geographic area.
414	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(b)(i), a law enforcement officer may exercise
415	authority outside of the limited geographic area, pursuant to Title 77, Chapter 9,
416	Uniform Act on Fresh Pursuit, if the officer is pursuing an offender for an offense
417	that occurred within the limited geographic area.
418	(c) The authority of law enforcement officers employed by the Department of
419	Corrections is regulated by Title 64, Chapter 13, Department of Corrections - State
420	Prison.
421	(4) A law enforcement officer shall, prior to exercising peace officer authority:
422	(a)(i) have satisfactorily completed the requirements of Section 53-6-205; or
423	(ii) have met the waiver requirements in Section 53-6-206; and
424	(b) have satisfactorily completed annual certified training of at least 40 hours per year as
425	directed by the director of the division, with the advice and consent of the council.
426	Section 7. Section 53B-35-202 is amended to read:
427	53B-35-202 . Council duties Reporting.
428	(1) The council shall:
429	(a) coordinate, facilitate, and support higher education delivered in the state's
430	correctional facilities, including the county jails under contract with the Department
431	of Corrections to house inmates, to prepare incarcerated individuals for integration
432	and productive employment upon release;
433	(b) explore and provide recommendations to the board and the Department of
434	Corrections for the efficient and effective delivery of higher education programs to
435	incarcerated individuals, including:
436	(i) evidence-based practices and technologies;
437	(ii) methods of maximizing and facilitating incarcerated individuals' access to

138	educational programs;
139	(iii) methods of supporting and facilitating timely completion of courses, certificates,
140	and degrees;
141	(iv) methods of emphasizing educational programs that:
142	(A) align with current and future workforce demands of the state;
143	(B) lead to occupations that are accessible to released incarcerated individuals;
144	(C) provide sustainable wages following release; and
145	(D) maximize accessibility and timely completion during incarceration;
146	(v) use of cross-institutional application of coursework toward certificates and
147	degrees;
148	(vi) use of coursework that encourages personal and civic development; and
149	(vii) methods of leveraging innovative course delivery, including technology
450	resources;
451	(c) explore methods and make recommendations for the collection and analysis of
152	critical data regarding:
153	(i) enrollment and completion of postsecondary education courses, certificate
154	programs, credentials, and degree programs;
155	(ii) federal and state student aid awarded to incarcerated individuals;
156	(iii) costs of postsecondary education in prison, including any recommendations for
157	continued improvement; and
158	(iv) outcomes of formerly incarcerated individuals who participated in postsecondary
159	programming during incarceration if the individual is under the supervision of the [
160	Department of Corrections] Division of Adult Probation and Parole created in
1 61	Section 64-14-202, including recidivism, employment, and post-release
162	postsecondary education engagement; and
163	(d) recommend requests for legislative appropriations to the board to support the
164	purposes and objectives of the council.
165	(2) The council shall annually report regarding the council's plans and programs, the
166	number of enrollees served, and the number of enrollees receiving degrees and
167	certificates to:
168	(a) the board;
169	(b) before the committee's November interim committee meeting, the Education Interim
170	Committee; and
1 71	(c) at least 30 days before the beginning of the annual legislative session, the Higher

472	Education Appropriations Subcommittee.
473	Section 8. Section 58-37f-301 is amended to read:
474	58-37f-301 . Access to database.
475	(1) The division shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
476	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to:
477	(a) effectively enforce the limitations on access to the database as described in this part;
478	and
479	(b) establish standards and procedures to ensure accurate identification of individuals
480	requesting information or receiving information without request from the database.
481	(2) The division shall make information in the database and information obtained from
482	other state or federal prescription monitoring programs by means of the database
483	available only to the following individuals, in accordance with the requirements of this
484	chapter and division rules:
485	(a)(i) personnel of the division specifically assigned to conduct investigations related
486	to controlled substance laws under the jurisdiction of the division; and
487	(ii) the following law enforcement officers, but the division may only provide
488	nonidentifying information, limited to gender, year of birth, and postal ZIP code,
489	regarding individuals for whom a controlled substance has been prescribed or to
490	whom a controlled substance has been dispensed:
491	(A) a law enforcement agency officer who is engaged in a joint investigation with
492	the division; and
493	(B) a law enforcement agency officer to whom the division has referred a
494	suspected criminal violation of controlled substance laws;
495	(b) authorized division personnel engaged in analysis of controlled substance
496	prescription information as a part of the assigned duties and responsibilities of their
497	employment;
498	(c) a board member if:
499	(i) the board member is assigned to monitor a licensee on probation; and
500	(ii) the board member is limited to obtaining information from the database regarding
501	the specific licensee on probation;
502	(d) a person the division authorizes to obtain that information on behalf of the Utah
503	Professionals Health Program established in Subsection 58-4a-103(1) if:
504	(i) the person the division authorizes is limited to obtaining information from the
505	database regarding the person whose conduct is the subject of the division's

506	consideration; and
507	(ii) the conduct that is the subject of the division's consideration includes a violation
808	or a potential violation of Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, or another
509	relevant violation or potential violation under this title;
510	(e) in accordance with a written agreement entered into with the department, employees
511	of the Department of Health and Human Services:
512	(i) whom the director of the Department of Health and Human Services assigns to
513	conduct scientific studies regarding the use or abuse of controlled substances, if
514	the identity of the individuals and pharmacies in the database are confidential and
515	are not disclosed in any manner to any individual who is not directly involved in
516	the scientific studies;
517	(ii) when the information is requested by the Department of Health and Human
518	Services in relation to a person or provider whom the Department of Health and
519	Human Services suspects may be improperly obtaining or providing a controlled
520	substance; or
521	(iii) in the medical examiner's office;
522	(f) in accordance with a written agreement entered into with the department, a designee
523	of the director of the Department of Health and Human Services, who is not an
524	employee of the Department of Health and Human Services, whom the director of the
525	Department of Health and Human Services assigns to conduct scientific studies
526	regarding the use or abuse of controlled substances pursuant to an application process
527	established in rule by the Department of Health and Human Services, if:
528	(i) the designee provides explicit information to the Department of Health and
529	Human Services regarding the purpose of the scientific studies;
530	(ii) the scientific studies to be conducted by the designee:
531	(A) fit within the responsibilities of the Department of Health and Human
532	Services for health and welfare;
533	(B) are reviewed and approved by an Institutional Review Board that is approved
534	for human subject research by the United States Department of Health and
535	Human Services;
536	(C) are not conducted for profit or commercial gain; and
537	(D) are conducted in a research facility, as defined by division rule, that is
538	associated with a university or college accredited by one or more regional or
539	national accrediting agencies recognized by the United States Department of

540	Education;
541	(iii) the designee protects the information as a business associate of the Department
542	of Health and Human Services; and
543	(iv) the identity of the prescribers, patients, and pharmacies in the database are
544	de-identified, confidential, and not disclosed in any manner to the designee or to
545	any individual who is not directly involved in the scientific studies;
546	(g) in accordance with a written agreement entered into with the department and the
547	Department of Health and Human Services, authorized employees of a managed care
548	organization, as defined in 42 C.F.R. Sec. 438, if:
549	(i) the managed care organization contracts with the Department of Health and
550	Human Services under the provisions of Section 26B-3-202 and the contract
551	includes provisions that:
552	(A) require a managed care organization employee who will have access to
553	information from the database to submit to a criminal background check; and
554	(B) limit the authorized employee of the managed care organization to requesting
555	either the division or the Department of Health and Human Services to conduct
556	a search of the database regarding a specific Medicaid enrollee and to report
557	the results of the search to the authorized employee; and
558	(ii) the information is requested by an authorized employee of the managed care
559	organization in relation to a person who is enrolled in the Medicaid program with
560	the managed care organization, and the managed care organization suspects the
561	person may be improperly obtaining or providing a controlled substance;
562	(h) a licensed practitioner having authority to prescribe controlled substances, to the
563	extent the information:
564	(i)(A) relates specifically to a current or prospective patient of the practitioner;
565	and
566	(B) is provided to or sought by the practitioner for the purpose of:
567	(I) prescribing or considering prescribing any controlled substance to the
568	current or prospective patient;
569	(II) diagnosing the current or prospective patient;
570	(III) providing medical treatment or medical advice to the current or
571	prospective patient; or
572	(IV) determining whether the current or prospective patient:
573	(Aa) is attempting to fraudulently obtain a controlled substance from the

574	practitioner; or
575	(Bb) has fraudulently obtained, or attempted to fraudulently obtain, a
576	controlled substance from the practitioner;
577	(ii)(A) relates specifically to a former patient of the practitioner; and
578	(B) is provided to or sought by the practitioner for the purpose of determining
579	whether the former patient has fraudulently obtained, or has attempted to
580	fraudulently obtain, a controlled substance from the practitioner;
581	(iii) relates specifically to an individual who has access to the practitioner's Drug
582	Enforcement Administration identification number, and the practitioner suspects
583	that the individual may have used the practitioner's Drug Enforcement
584	Administration identification number to fraudulently acquire or prescribe a
585	controlled substance;
586	(iv) relates to the practitioner's own prescribing practices, except when specifically
587	prohibited by the division by administrative rule;
588	(v) relates to the use of the controlled substance database by an employee of the
589	practitioner, described in Subsection (2)(i); or
590	(vi) relates to any use of the practitioner's Drug Enforcement Administration
591	identification number to obtain, attempt to obtain, prescribe, or attempt to
592	prescribe, a controlled substance;
593	(i) in accordance with Subsection (3)(a), an employee of a practitioner described in
594	Subsection (2)(h), for a purpose described in Subsection (2)(h)(i) or (ii), if:
595	(i) the employee is designated by the practitioner as an individual authorized to
596	access the information on behalf of the practitioner;
597	(ii) the practitioner provides written notice to the division of the identity of the
598	employee; and
599	(iii) the division:
600	(A) grants the employee access to the database; and
601	(B) provides the employee with a password that is unique to that employee to
602	access the database in order to permit the division to comply with the
603	requirements of Subsection 58-37f-203(7) with respect to the employee;
604	(j) an employee of the same business that employs a licensed practitioner under
605	Subsection (2)(h) if:
606	(i) the employee is designated by the practitioner as an individual authorized to
607	access the information on behalf of the practitioner:

608	(ii) the practitioner and the employing business provide written notice to the division
609	of the identity of the designated employee; and
610	(iii) the division:
611	(A) grants the employee access to the database; and
612	(B) provides the employee with a password that is unique to that employee to
613	access the database in order to permit the division to comply with the
614	requirements of Subsection 58-37f-203(7) with respect to the employee;
615	(k) a licensed pharmacist having authority to dispense a controlled substance, or a
616	licensed pharmacy intern or pharmacy technician working under the general
617	supervision of a licensed pharmacist, to the extent the information is provided or
618	sought for the purpose of:
619	(i) dispensing or considering dispensing any controlled substance;
620	(ii) determining whether a person:
621	(A) is attempting to fraudulently obtain a controlled substance from the pharmacy
622	practitioner, or health care facility; or
623	(B) has fraudulently obtained, or attempted to fraudulently obtain, a controlled
624	substance from the pharmacy, practitioner, or health care facility;
625	(iii) reporting to the controlled substance database; or
626	(iv) verifying the accuracy of the data submitted to the controlled substance database
627	on behalf of a pharmacy where the licensed pharmacist, pharmacy intern, or
628	pharmacy technician is employed;
629	(l) pursuant to a valid search warrant, federal, state, and local law enforcement officers
630	and state and local prosecutors who are engaged in an investigation related to:
631	(i) one or more controlled substances; and
632	(ii) a specific person who is a subject of the investigation;
633	(m) subject to Subsection (7), a probation or parole officer, employed by the [
634	Department of Corrections] Division of Adult Probation and Parole created in Section
635	64-14-202 or by a political subdivision, to gain access to database information
636	necessary for the officer's supervision of a specific probationer or parolee who is
637	under the officer's direct supervision;
638	(n) employees of the Office of Internal Audit within the Department of Health and
639	Human Services who are engaged in their specified duty of ensuring Medicaid
640	program integrity under Section 26B-3-104;
641	(o) a mental health therapist, if:

642	(i) the information relates to a patient who is:
643	(A) enrolled in a licensed substance abuse treatment program; and
644	(B) receiving treatment from, or under the direction of, the mental health therapist
645	as part of the patient's participation in the licensed substance abuse treatment
646	program described in Subsection (2)(o)(i)(A);
647	(ii) the information is sought for the purpose of determining whether the patient is
648	using a controlled substance while the patient is enrolled in the licensed substance
649	abuse treatment program described in Subsection (2)(o)(i)(A); and
650	(iii) the licensed substance abuse treatment program described in Subsection
651	(2)(o)(i)(A) is associated with a practitioner who:
652	(A) is a physician, a physician assistant, an advance practice registered nurse, or a
653	pharmacist; and
654	(B) is available to consult with the mental health therapist regarding the
655	information obtained by the mental health therapist, under this Subsection
656	(2)(o), from the database;
657	(p) an individual who is the recipient of a controlled substance prescription entered into
658	the database, upon providing evidence satisfactory to the division that the individual
659	requesting the information is in fact the individual about whom the data entry was
660	made;
661	(q) an individual under Subsection (2)(p) for the purpose of obtaining a list of the
662	persons and entities that have requested or received any information from the
663	database regarding the individual, except if the individual's record is subject to a
664	pending or current investigation as authorized under this Subsection (2);
665	(r) the inspector general, or a designee of the inspector general, of the Office of
666	Inspector General of Medicaid Services, for the purpose of fulfilling the duties
667	described in Title 63A, Chapter 13, Part 2, Office and Powers;
668	(s) the following licensed physicians for the purpose of reviewing and offering an
669	opinion on an individual's request for workers' compensation benefits under Title
670	34A, Chapter 2, Workers' Compensation Act, or Title 34A, Chapter 3, Utah
671	Occupational Disease Act:
672	(i) a member of the medical panel described in Section 34A-2-601;
673	(ii) a physician employed as medical director for a licensed workers' compensation
674	insurer or an approved self-insured employer; or
675	(iii) a physician offering a second opinion regarding treatment;

676	(t) members of Utah's Opioid Fatality Review Committee, for the purpose of reviewing a
677	specific fatality due to opioid use and recommending policies to reduce the frequency
678	of opioid use fatalities;
679	(u) a licensed pharmacist who is authorized by a managed care organization as defined
680	in Section 31A-1-301 to access the information on behalf of the managed care
681	organization, if:
682	(i) the managed care organization believes that an enrollee of the managed care
683	organization has obtained or provided a controlled substance in violation of a
684	medication management program contract between the enrollee and the managed
685	care organization; and
686	(ii) the managed care organization included a description of the medication
687	management program in the enrollee's outline of coverage described in Subsection
688	31A-22-605(7); and
689	(v) the Utah Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the attorney general's office for the purpose
690	of investigating active cases, in exercising the unit's authority to investigate and
691	prosecute Medicaid fraud, abuse, neglect, or exploitation under 42 U.S.C. Sec.
692	1396b(q).
693	(3)(a) A practitioner described in Subsection (2)(h) may designate one or more
694	employees to access information from the database under Subsection (2)(i), (2)(j), or
695	(4)(c).
696	(b) The division shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
697	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to:
698	(i) establish background check procedures to determine whether an employee
699	designated under Subsection (2)(i), (2)(j), or (4)(c) should be granted access to the
700	database;
701	(ii) establish the information to be provided by an emergency department employee
702	under Subsection (4); and
703	(iii) facilitate providing controlled substance prescription information to a third party
704	under Subsection (5).
705	(c) The division shall grant an employee designated under Subsection (2)(i), (2)(j), or
706	(4)(c) access to the database, unless the division determines, based on a background
707	check, that the employee poses a security risk to the information contained in the
708	database.

(4)(a) An individual who is employed in the emergency department of a hospital may

710	exercise access to the database under this Subsection (4) on behalf of a licensed
711	practitioner if the individual is designated under Subsection (4)(c) and the licensed
712	practitioner:
713	(i) is employed or privileged to work in the emergency department;
714	(ii) is treating an emergency department patient for an emergency medical condition;
715	and
716	(iii) requests that an individual employed in the emergency department and
717	designated under Subsection (4)(c) obtain information regarding the patient from
718	the database as needed in the course of treatment.
719	(b) The emergency department employee obtaining information from the database shall,
720	when gaining access to the database, provide to the database the name and any
721	additional identifiers regarding the requesting practitioner as required by division
722	administrative rule established under Subsection (3)(b).
723	(c) An individual employed in the emergency department under this Subsection (4) may
724	obtain information from the database as provided in Subsection (4)(a) if:
725	(i) the employee is designated by the hospital as an individual authorized to access
726	the information on behalf of the emergency department practitioner;
727	(ii) the hospital operating the emergency department provide written notice to the
728	division of the identity of the designated employee; and
729	(iii) the division:
730	(A) grants the employee access to the database; and
731	(B) provides the employee with a password that is unique to that employee to
732	access the database.
733	(d) The division may impose a fee, in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, on a
734	practitioner who designates an employee under Subsection (2)(i), (2)(j), or (4)(c) to
735	pay for the costs incurred by the division to conduct the background check and make
736	the determination described in Subsection (3)(b).
737	(5)(a)(i) An individual may request that the division provide the information under
738	Subsection (5)(b) to a third party who is designated by the individual each time a
739	controlled substance prescription for the individual is dispensed.
740	(ii) The division shall upon receipt of the request under this Subsection (5)(a) advise
741	the individual in writing that the individual may direct the division to discontinue
742	providing the information to a third party and that notice of the individual's
743	direction to discontinue will be provided to the third party.

744	(b) The information the division shall provide under Subsection (5)(a) is:
745	(i) the fact a controlled substance has been dispensed to the individual, but without
746	identifying the controlled substance; and
747	(ii) the date the controlled substance was dispensed.
748	(c)(i) An individual who has made a request under Subsection (5)(a) may direct that
749	the division discontinue providing information to the third party.
750	(ii) The division shall:
751	(A) notify the third party that the individual has directed the division to no longer
752	provide information to the third party; and
753	(B) discontinue providing information to the third party.
754	(6)(a) An individual who is granted access to the database based on the fact that the
755	individual is a licensed practitioner or a mental health therapist shall be denied access
756	to the database when the individual is no longer licensed.
757	(b) An individual who is granted access to the database based on the fact that the
758	individual is a designated employee of a licensed practitioner shall be denied access
759	to the database when the practitioner is no longer licensed.
760	(7) A probation or parole officer is not required to obtain a search warrant to access the
761	database in accordance with Subsection (2)(m).
762	(8) The division shall review and adjust the database programming which automatically
763	logs off an individual who is granted access to the database under Subsections (2)(h),
764	(2)(i), (2)(j), and (4)(c) to maximize the following objectives:
765	(a) to protect patient privacy;
766	(b) to reduce inappropriate access; and
767	(c) to make the database more useful and helpful to a person accessing the database
768	under Subsections (2)(h), (2)(i), (2)(j), and (4)(c), especially in high usage locations
769	such as an emergency department.
770	(9) Any person who knowingly and intentionally accesses the database without express
771	authorization under this section is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
772	Section 9. Section 58-50-10 is amended to read:
773	58-50-10 . Exceptions from licensure.
774	In addition to the exemptions from licensure in Section 58-1-307, the following persons
775	may engage in probation supervision services subject to the stated circumstances and
776	limitations without being licensed under this chapter:

(1) [employees] an employee of the [Department of Corrections] Division of Adult Probation

778	and Parole created in Section 64-14-202 while the employee is performing probation
779	services as part of [their] the employee's normal duties and responsibilities;
780	(2) [members] a member of the armed forces and [employees, agents] an employee, agent, or [
781	representatives] representative of the federal government while acting in [their] the
782	member's, employee's, agent's, or representative's official capacity; and
783	[(3) agencies of local government in accordance with Section 77-18-105.]
784	(3) an agency of a local government in accordance with Section 77-18-105.
785	Section 10. Section 59-27-105 is amended to read:
786	59-27-105 . Sexually Explicit Business and Escort Service Fund Administrative
787	charge.
788	(1) There is created an expendable special revenue fund called the "Sexually Explicit
789	Business and Escort Service Fund."
790	(2)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), the fund consists of all amounts collected
791	by the commission under this chapter.
792	(b)(i) The money in the fund shall be invested by the state treasurer pursuant to Title
793	51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act.
794	(ii) All interest or other earnings derived from the fund money shall be deposited in
795	the fund.
796	(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the commission shall retain and
797	deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from the revenues
798	the commission collects from a tax under this chapter.
799	(4)(a) Fund money shall be used as provided in this Subsection (4).
800	(b) The Department of Corrections shall use 60% of the money in the fund, in addition
801	to existing budgets, to provide treatment services to nonworking or indigent adults
802	who:
803	(i) have been convicted of an offense under Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual
804	Offenses; and
805	(ii) are not currently confined or incarcerated in a jail or prison.
806	(c) The <u>Division of Adult Probation and Parole [section of the Department of Corrections]</u>
807	created in Section 64-14-202 shall use 15% of the money in the fund to provide
808	outpatient treatment services to individuals who:
809	(i) have been convicted of an offense under Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual
810	Offenses; and
811	(ii) are not currently confined or incarcerated in a jail or prison.

812	(d) The Department of Corrections shall use 10% of the money in the fund, in addition
813	to existing budgets, to implement treatment programs for juveniles who have been
814	convicted of an offense under Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses.
815	(e) The attorney general shall use 15% of the money in the fund to provide funding for
816	any task force:
817	(i) administered through the Office of the Attorney General; and
818	(ii) that investigates and prosecutes individuals who use the Internet to commit
819	crimes against children.
820	Section 11. Section 63A-16-1002 is amended to read:
821	63A-16-1002 . Public safety portal.
822	(1) The commission shall oversee the creation and management of a public safety portal for
823	information and data required to be reported to the commission and accessible to all
824	criminal justice agencies in the state.
825	(2) The division shall assist with the development and management of the public safety
826	portal.
827	(3) The division, in collaboration with the commission, shall create:
828	(a) master standards and formats for information submitted to the public safety portal;
829	(b) a gateway, bridge, website, or other method for reporting entities to provide the
830	information;
831	(c) a master data management index or system to assist in the retrieval of information
832	from the public safety portal;
833	(d) a protocol for accessing information in the public safety portal that complies with
834	state privacy regulations; and
835	(e) a protocol for real-time audit capability of all data accessed from the public safety
836	portal by participating data source, data use entities, and regulators.
837	(4) The public safety portal shall be the repository for the statutorily required data described
838	in:
839	(a) Section 13-53-111, recidivism reporting requirements;
840	(b) Section 17-22-32, county jail reporting requirements;
841	(c) Section 17-55-201, Criminal Justice Coordinating Councils reporting;
842	(d) Section 26B-1-427, Alcohol Abuse Tracking Committee;
843	(e) Section 41-6a-511, courts to collect and maintain data;
844	(f) Section 53-25-301, reporting requirements for reverse-location warrants;
845	(g) Section 53-25-202, sexual assault offense reporting requirements for law

846	enforcement agencies;
847	(h) Section 53E-3-516, school disciplinary and law enforcement action report;
848	(i) Section 53-25-501, reporting requirements for seized firearms;
849	(j) Section 63M-7-214, law enforcement agency grant reporting;
850	(k) Section 63M-7-216, prosecutorial data collection;
851	(l) Section 63M-7-220, domestic violence data collection;
852	(m) Section [64-13-21] 64-14-204, supervision of sentenced offenders placed in
853	community;
854	(n) Section 64-13-25, standards for programs;
855	(o) Section 64-13-45, department reporting requirements;
856	(p) Section 64-13e-104, county correctional facility reimbursement program for state
857	probationary inmates and state parole inmates;
858	(q) Section 77-7-8.5, use of tactical groups;
859	(r) Section 77-11b-404, forfeiture reporting requirements;
860	(s) Section 77-20-103, release data requirements;
861	(t) Section 77-22-2.5, court orders for criminal investigations;
862	(u) Section 78A-2-109.5, court data collection on criminal cases;
863	(v) Section 80-6-104, data collection on offenses committed by minors; and
864	(w) any other statutes which require the collection of specific data and the reporting of
865	that data to the commission.
866	(5) Before October 1, 2025, the commission shall [reportall] report all data collected to the
867	Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim Committee.
868	(6) The commission may:
869	(a) enter into contracts with private or governmental entities to assist entities in
870	complying with the data reporting requirements of Subsection (4); and
871	(b) adopt, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
872	Act, rules to administer this section, including establishing requirements and
873	procedures for collecting the data described in Subsection (4).
874	Section 12. Section 63A-17-512 is amended to read:
875	63A-17-512 . Leave of absence with pay for employees with a disability who are
876	covered under other civil service systems.
877	(1) As used in this section:
878	(a) "Eligible officer" means a person who qualifies for a benefit under this section.
879	(b)(i) "Law enforcement officer" means a sworn and certified peace officer who is an

880	employee of a law enforcement agency that is part of or administered by the state,
881	and whose primary and principal duties consist of the prevention and detection of
882	crime and the enforcement of criminal statutes of this state.
883	(ii) "Law enforcement officer" specifically includes the following:
884	(A) the commissioner of public safety and any member of the Department of
885	Public Safety certified as a peace officer;
886	(B) investigators for the Motor Vehicle Enforcement Division;
887	(C) special agents or investigators employed by the attorney general;
888	(D) employees of the Department of Natural Resources designated as peace
889	officers by law;
890	(E) the executive director of the Department of Corrections and any correctional
891	enforcement or investigative officer designated by the executive director and
892	approved by the commissioner of public safety and certified by the division;
893	and
894	(F) correctional enforcement, investigative, or [adult probation and parole officers]
895	Division of Adult Probation and Parole officers employed by the Department
896	of Corrections serving on or before July 1, 1993.
897	(c) "State correctional officer" means a correctional officer as defined in Section
898	53-13-104 who is employed by the Department of Corrections.
899	(2)(a) A law enforcement officer or state correctional officer who is injured in the
900	course of employment shall be given a leave of absence with 100% of the officer's
901	regular monthly salary and benefits during the period the employee has a temporary
902	disability.
903	(b) The benefit provided under Subsection (2)(a):
904	(i) shall be offset as provided under Subsection (4); and
905	(ii) may not exceed 100% of the officer's regular monthly salary and benefits,
906	including all offsets required under Subsection (4).
907	(3)(a) A law enforcement officer or state correctional officer who has a total disability
908	as defined in Section 49-21-102, shall be given a leave of absence with 100% of the
909	officer's regular monthly salary and benefits until the officer is eligible for an
910	unreduced retirement under Title 49, Utah State Retirement and Insurance Benefit
911	Act, or reaches the retirement age of 62 years, whichever occurs first, if:
912	(i) the disability is a result of an injury sustained while in the lawful discharge of the
913	officer's duties; and

914	(ii) the injury is the result of:
915	(A) a criminal act upon the officer; or
916	(B) an aircraft, vehicle, or vessel accident and the officer was not negligent in
917	causing the accident.
918	(b) The benefit provided under Subsection (3)(a):
919	(i) shall be offset as provided under Subsection (4); and
920	(ii) may not exceed 100% of the officer's regular monthly salary and benefits,
921	including all offsets required under Subsection (4).
922	(4)(a) The agency shall reduce or require the reimbursement of the monthly benefit
923	provided under this section by any amount received by, or payable to, the eligible
924	officer for the same period of time during which the eligible officer is entitled to
925	receive a monthly disability benefit under this section.
926	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
927	division shall make rules establishing policies and procedures for the reductions
928	required under Subsection (4)(a).
929	Section 13. Section 63B-12-301 is amended to read:
930	63B-12-301 . Other capital facilities authorizations.
931	(1) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
932	(a) Utah State University use institutional funds to plan, design, and construct an
933	addition to the Laboratory Research Center under the direction of the director of the
934	Division of Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has
935	been delegated;
936	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
937	(c) the university may request state funds for operations and maintenance to the extent
938	that the university is able to demonstrate to the Board of Regents that the facility
939	meets approved academic and training purposes under Board of Regents policy R710
940	(2) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
941	(a) Utah State University use institutional funds to plan, design, and construct an
942	addition to the Biology/Natural Resources Building under the direction of the directo
943	of the Division of Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory
944	authority has been delegated;
945	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
946	(c) the university may request state funds for operations and maintenance to the extent
947	that the university is able to demonstrate to the Board of Regents that the facility

948	meets approved academic and training purposes under Board of Regents policy R710
949	(3) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
950	(a) Snow College use grants and loans from the Community Impact Board together with
951	other institutional funds to plan, design, and construct an addition to the Activities
952	Center under the direction of the director of the Division of Facilities Construction
953	and Management unless supervisory authority has been delegated;
954	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project;
955	(c) before proceeding with the project, the Board of Regents and the Division of
956	Facilities Construction and Management review and approve the scope and funding
957	of the project; and
958	(d) the college may request state funds for operations and maintenance to the extent that
959	the college is able to demonstrate to the Board of Regents that the facility meets
960	approved academic and training purposes under Board of Regents policy R710.
961	(4)(a) It is the intent of the Legislature that the Division of Facilities Construction and
962	Management sell the state's interest in the Iron County Correction Facility to Iron
963	County for \$2,000,000 according to the terms specified in this Subsection (4).
964	(b) Iron County will pay the state \$1,550,000 in cash.
965	(c) To pay the \$450,000 balance of the purchase price, Iron County will:
966	(i) provide office space for the Department [of Corrections' Adult Probation and
967	Parole] of Corrections in the Iron County Correction Facility for 10 years at no
968	cost to the state of Utah, at an estimated value of \$45,000 per year for a total
969	10-year value of \$450,000; and
970	(ii) contract with the Department of Corrections to house 15 state prisoners in the
971	Iron County Correctional Facility for at least five years.
972	(d)(i) The Department of Corrections shall select the 15 prisoners to house at the
973	Iron County Correctional Facility from beds currently under contract in other
974	counties.
975	(ii) Nothing in this section may be construed to authorize or require the Department
976	of Corrections to increase the number of prisoners currently housed in county
977	correctional facilities on state contract.
978	(e) If the [Department of Corrections'] Division of Adult Probation and Parole created in
979	Section 64-14-202 chooses[, for whatever reason,] not to use the office space offered
980	by Iron County, Iron County is not liable for, and need not pay, the state the value of
981	that estimated rent.

982	Section 14. Section 63M-7-404.3 is amended to read:
983	63M-7-404.3 . Adult sentencing and supervision length guidelines.
984	(1) The sentencing commission shall establish and maintain adult sentencing and
985	supervision length guidelines regarding:
986	(a) the sentencing and release of offenders in order to:
987	(i) accept public comment;
988	(ii) relate sentencing practices and correctional resources;
989	(iii) increase equity in sentencing;
990	(iv) better define responsibility in sentencing; and
991	(v) enhance the discretion of the sentencing court while preserving the role of the
992	Board of Pardons and Parole;
993	(b) the length of supervision of offenders on probation or parole in order to:
994	(i) accept public comment;
995	(ii) increase equity in criminal supervision lengths;
996	(iii) relate the length of supervision to an offender's progress;
997	(iv) take into account an offender's risk of offending again;
998	(v) relate the length of supervision to the amount of time an offender has remained
999	under supervision in the community; and
1000	(vi) enhance the discretion of the sentencing court while preserving the role of the
1001	Board of Pardons and Parole; and
1002	(c) appropriate, evidence-based probation and parole supervision policies and services
1003	that assist offenders in successfully completing supervision and reduce incarceration
1004	rates from community supervision programs while ensuring public safety, including:
1005	(i) treatment and intervention completion determinations based on individualized
1006	case action plans;
1007	(ii) measured and consistent processes for addressing violations of conditions of
1008	supervision;
1009	(iii) processes that include using positive reinforcement to recognize an offender's
1010	progress in supervision;
1011	(iv) engaging with social services agencies and other stakeholders who provide
1012	services that meet the needs of an offender; and
1013	(v) identifying community violations that may not warrant revocation of probation or
1014	parole.
1015	(2)(a) Before July 1, 2024, the sentencing commission shall revise and review the adult

1016	sentencing and supervision length guidelines to reflect appropriate penalties for the
1017	following offenses:
1018	(i) an interlock restricted driver operating a vehicle without an ignition interlock
1019	system, Section 41-6a-518.2[±] ;
1020	(ii) negligently operating a vehicle resulting in injury, Section 76-5-102.1; and
1021	(iii) negligently operating a vehicle resulting in death, Section 76-5-207.
1022	(b) The guidelines under Subsection (2)(a) shall consider the following:
1023	(i) the current sentencing requirements for driving under the influence of alcohol,
1024	drugs, or a combination of both as identified in Section 41-6a-505 when injury or
1025	death do not result;
1026	(ii) the degree of injury and the number of victims suffering injury or death as a result
1027	of the offense;
1028	(iii) the offender's number of previous convictions for driving under the influence
1029	related offenses as defined in Subsection 41-6a-501(2)(a); and
1030	(iv) whether the offense amounts to extreme DUI, as that term is defined in Section
1031	41-6a-501.
1032	(3) On or before October 31, 2024, the sentencing commission shall review and revise the
1033	supervision tools in the adult sentencing and supervision length guidelines to:
1034	(a) recommend appropriate sanctions for an individual who violates probation or parole
1035	by:
1036	(i) committing a felony offense, a misdemeanor offense described in Title 76,
1037	Chapter 5, Offenses Against the Individual, or a misdemeanor offense for driving
1038	under the influence described in Section 41-6a-502;
1039	(ii) possessing a dangerous weapon; or
1040	(iii) willfully refusing to participate in treatment ordered by the court or the Board of
1041	Pardons and Parole; and
1042	(b) recommend appropriate incentives for an individual on probation or parole that:
1043	(i) completes all conditions of probation or parole; or
1044	(ii) maintains eligible employment as defined in Section [64-13g-101] 64-14-301.
1045	(4) The sentencing commission shall establish guidelines in the adult sentencing and
1046	supervision length guidelines that recommend an enhanced sentence that a court or the
1047	Board of Pardons and Parole should consider when determining the period in which a
1048	habitual offender, as defined in Section 77-18-102, will be incarcerated.
1049	(5) The sentencing commission shall modify:

1050 (a) the adult sentencing and supervision length guidelines to reduce recidivism for the 1051 purposes of protecting the public and ensuring efficient use of state funds; and 1052 (b) the criminal history score in the adult sentencing and supervision length guidelines to 1053 reduce recidivism, including factors in an offender's criminal history that are relevant 1054 to the accurate determination of an individual's risk of offending again. 1055 Section 15. Section **63M-7-1002** is amended to read: 1056 63M-7-1002 . Victim rights committee for each judicial district -- Members --1057 Terms. 1058 (1) There is created a victim rights committee in each judicial district of this state. 1059 (2) The Victim Services Commission shall appoint a chair to serve on each committee. 1060 (3) The chair shall appoint, with the Victim Services Commission's consent, the following 1061 individuals to serve on each committee: 1062 (a) a county or district attorney within the judicial district, or the county or district 1063 attorney's designee; 1064 (b) a municipal attorney within the judicial district, or the municipal attorney's designee; 1065 (c) a sheriff within the judicial district, or the sheriff's designee; 1066 (d) a chief of police within the judicial district, or the chief of police's designee; 1067 (e) a representative of the Division of Adult Probation and Parole [within the Department of Corrections | created in Section 64-14-202; 1068 1069 (f) a victim advocate; and 1070 (g) any other representative as appropriate. 1071 (4) A member is: 1072 (a) appointed to serve a four-year term; and 1073 (b) eligible for reappointment. 1074 (5) When a vacancy occurs in the membership of a committee for any reason, the 1075 replacement shall be appointed for the remainder of the unexpired term. 1076 (6) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but a 1077 member may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with: 1078 (a) Section 63A-3-106; 1079 (b) Section 63A-3-107; and 1080 (c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and 1081 63A-3-107. 1082 Section 16. Section **64-13-6** is amended to read:

64-13-6. Department duties.

1084	(1) The department shall:
1085	(a) protect the public through institutional care and confinement, and supervision in the
1086	community of offenders where appropriate;
1087	(b) implement court-ordered punishment of offenders;
1088	(c) provide evidence-based and evidence-informed program opportunities for offenders
1089	designed to reduce offenders' criminogenic and recidivism risks, including
1090	behavioral, cognitive, educational, and career-readiness program opportunities;
1091	(d) ensure that offender participation in all program opportunities described in
1092	Subsection (1)(c) is voluntary;
1093	(e) where appropriate, utilize offender volunteers as mentors in the program
1094	opportunities described in Subsection (1)(c);
1095	(f) provide treatment for sex offenders who are found to be treatable based upon criteria
1096	developed by the department;
1097	(g) provide the results of ongoing clinical assessment of sex offenders and objective
1098	diagnostic testing to sentencing and release authorities;
1099	(h) manage programs that take into account the needs and interests of victims, where
1100	reasonable;
1101	(i) through the Division of Adult Probation and Parole created in Section 64-14-202,
1102	supervise probationers and parolees as directed by statute and implemented by the
1103	courts and the Board of Pardons and Parole;
1104	(j) subject to Subsection [(3)] (2), investigate criminal conduct involving offenders
1105	incarcerated in a state correctional facility;
1106	(k) cooperate and exchange information with other state, local, and federal law
1107	enforcement agencies to achieve greater success in prevention and detection of crime
1108	and apprehension of criminals;
1109	(l) implement the provisions of Title 77, Chapter 28c, Interstate Compact for Adult
1110	Offender Supervision;
1111	(m) establish a case action plan based on appropriate validated risk, needs, and
1112	responsivity assessments for each offender as follows:
1113	(i)(A) if an offender is to be supervised in the community, the department shall
1114	establish a case action plan for the offender no later than 60 days after the day
1115	on which the department's community supervision of the offender begins; and
1116	(B) if the offender is committed to the custody of the department, the department
1117	shall establish a case action plan for the offender no later than 90 days after the

1118	day on which the offender is committed to the custody of the department;
1119	(ii) each case action plan shall:
1120	(A) integrate an individualized, evidence-based, and evidence-informed treatment
1121	and program plan with clearly defined completion requirements; and
1122	(B) require that a case manager will:
1123	(I) ensure that an assessment of the education level, occupational interests, and
1124	aptitudes of the inmate has been completed;
1125	(II) refer the inmate to a higher education student advisor at an institution
1126	offering programs consistent with the inmate's interests and aptitudes for
1127	advisement on educational preferences and plans;
1128	(III) incorporate the inmate's interests, aptitudes, and student advisement into
1129	an education plan consistent with the guidance provided by the Higher
1130	Education and Corrections Council created in Section 53B-35-201; and
1131	(IV) refer the inmate to the student advisor at the institution called for in the
1132	case action plan for guidance and assistance with the education process;
1133	(iii) the department shall share each newly established case action plan with the
1134	sentencing and release authority within 30 days after the day on which the case
1135	action plan is established; and
1136	(iv) the department shall share any changes to a case action plan, including any
1137	change in an offender's risk assessment, with the sentencing and release authority
1138	within 30 days after the day of the change;
1139	(n) ensure that an inmate has reasonable access to legal research;
1140	(o) ensure that any training or certification required of a public official or public
1141	employee, as those terms are defined in Section 63G-22-102, complies with Title
1142	63G, Chapter 22, State Training and Certification Requirements, if the training or
1143	certification is required:
1144	(i) under this title;
1145	(ii) by the department; or
1146	(iii) by an agency or division within the department;
1147	(p) when reporting on statewide recidivism, include the metrics and requirements
1148	described in Section 63M-7-102;
1149	(q) create a reentry division that focuses on the successful reentry of inmates into the
1150	community;
1151	(r) coordinate with the Board of Pardons and Parole regarding inmate records that are

1152	necessary for the Board of Pardons and Parole to make necessary determinations
1153	regarding an inmate; and
1154	(s) ensure that inmate records regarding discipline, programs, and other relevant metrics
1155	are:
1156	(i) complete and updated in a timely manner; and
1157	(ii) when applicable, shared with the Board of Pardons and Parole in a timely manner.
1158	[(2) The department may in the course of supervising probationers and parolees:]
1159	[(a) respond to an individual's violation of one or more terms of the probation or parole in
1160	accordance with the graduated and evidence-based processes established by the adult
1161	sentencing and supervision length guidelines, as defined in Section 63M-7-401.1; and]
1162	[(b) upon approval by the court or the Board of Pardons and Parole, impose as a sanction
1163	for an individual's violation of the terms of probation or parole a period of incarceration
1164	of not more than three consecutive days and not more than a total of five days within a
1165	period of 30 days.]
1166	[(3)] (2)(a) By following the procedures in Subsection $[(3)(b)]$ (2)(b), the department
1167	may investigate the following occurrences at state correctional facilities:
1168	(i) criminal conduct of departmental employees;
1169	(ii) felony crimes resulting in serious bodily injury;
1170	(iii) death of any person; or
1171	(iv) aggravated kidnaping.
1172	(b) Before investigating any occurrence specified in Subsection $[(3)(a)]$ $(2)(a)$, the
1173	department shall:
1174	(i) notify the sheriff or other appropriate law enforcement agency promptly after
1175	ascertaining facts sufficient to believe an occurrence specified in Subsection [(3)(a)]
1176	(2)(a) has occurred; and
1177	(ii) obtain consent of the sheriff or other appropriate law enforcement agency to
1178	conduct an investigation involving an occurrence specified in Subsection $[(3)(a)]$
1179	<u>(2)(a)</u> .
1180	[(4)] (3) Upon request, the department shall provide copies of investigative reports of
1181	criminal conduct to the sheriff or other appropriate law enforcement agencies.
1182	[(5)] (4) (a) The executive director of the department, or the executive director's designee
1183	if the designee possesses expertise in correctional programming, shall consult at least
1184	annually with cognitive and career-readiness staff experts from the Utah system of
1185	higher education and the State Board of Education to review the department's

1186	evidence-based and evidence-informed treatment and program opportunities.
1187	(b) Beginning in the 2022 interim, the department shall provide an annual report to the
1188	Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim Committee regarding:
1189	(i) the department's implementation of and offender participation in evidence-based
1190	and evidence-informed treatment and program opportunities designed to reduce
1191	the criminogenic and recidivism risks of offenders over time; and
1192	(ii) the progress of the department's implementation of the inmate program
1193	requirements described in Section 64-13-50.
1194	[(6)] (5)(a) As used in this Subsection $[(6)]$ (5):
1195	(i) "Accounts receivable" means any amount owed by an offender arising from a
1196	criminal judgment that has not been paid.
1197	(ii) "Accounts receivable" includes unpaid fees, overpayments, fines, forfeitures,
1198	surcharges, costs, interest, penalties, restitution to victims, third-party claims,
1199	claims, reimbursement of a reward, and damages that an offender is ordered to
1200	pay.
1201	(b) The department shall collect and disburse, with any interest and any other costs
1202	assessed under Section [64-13-21] 64-14-204, an accounts receivable for an offender
1203	during:
1204	(i) the parole period and any extension of that period in accordance with Subsection [
1205	$\frac{(6)(c)}{(5)(c)}$; and
1206	(ii) the probation period for which the court orders supervised probation and any
1207	extension of that period by the department in accordance with Subsection
1208	77-18-105(7).
1209	(c)(i) If an offender has an unpaid balance of the offender's accounts receivable at
1210	the time that the offender's sentence expires or terminates, the department shall be
1211	referred to the sentencing court for the sentencing court to enter a civil judgment
1212	of restitution and a civil accounts receivable as described in Section 77-18-114.
1213	(ii) If the board makes an order for restitution within 60 days from the day on which
1214	the offender's sentence expires or terminates, the board shall refer the order for
1215	restitution to the sentencing court to be entered as a civil judgment of restitution as
1216	described in Section 77-18-114.
1217	(d) This Subsection [(6)] (5) only applies to offenders sentenced before July 1, 2021.
1218	Section 17. Section 64-13-14.5 is amended to read:
1219	64-13-14.5. Limits of confinement place Release status Work release.

1226

- 1220 (1) The department may extend the limits of the place of confinement of an inmate when, as
 1221 established by department policies and procedures, there is cause to believe the inmate
 1222 will honor the trust, by authorizing the inmate under prescribed conditions:
- 1223 (a) to leave temporarily for purposes specified by department policies and procedures to visit specifically designated places for a period not to exceed 30 days;
 - (b) to participate in a voluntary training program in the community while housed at a correctional facility or to work at paid employment;
- 1227 (c) to be housed in a nonsecure community correctional center operated by the 1228 department; or
- (d) to be housed in any other facility under contract with the department.
- 1230 (2)(a) The department shall establish rules governing offenders on release status.
- 1231 (b) A copy of the rules established under Subsection (2)(a) shall be furnished to the
 1232 offender and to any employer or other person participating in the offender's release
 1233 program.
- 1234 (c) Any employer or other participating person shall agree in writing to abide by the 1235 rules established under Subsection (2)(a) and to notify the department of the 1236 offender's discharge or other release from a release program activity, or of any 1237 violation of the rules governing release status.
- 1238 (3) The willful failure of an inmate to remain within the extended limits of his confinement 1239 or to return within the time prescribed to an institution or facility designated by the 1240 department is an escape from custody.
- 1241 (4) If an offender is arrested for the commission of a crime, the arresting authority shall immediately notify the department of the arrest.
- 1243 (5) The department may impose appropriate sanctions pursuant to Section [64-13-21]
 1244 64-14-204 upon offenders who violate the adult sentencing and supervision length
 1245 guidelines, as defined in Section 63M-7-401.1, including prosecution for escape under
 1246 Section 76-8-309 or 76-8-309.3 and for [unauthorized absence] absconding from
 1247 supervision.
- 1248 (6) An inmate who is housed at a nonsecure correctional facility and on work release may
 1249 not be required to work for less than the current federally established minimum wage, or
 1250 under substandard working conditions.
- Section 18. Section **64-13-26** is amended to read:
- 1252 **64-13-26** . Private providers of services.
- 1253 (1) Subject to Subsection [64-13-21(1)(b)] $\underline{64-14-204(1)(b)}$, the department may contract

1254	with a private provider or another agency for the provision of care, treatment, and
1255	supervision of an offender committed to the care and custody of the department.
1256	(2)(a) The department shall:
1257	(i) establish standards for the operation of the programs;
1258	(ii) establish standards under Section 64-13-25 regarding program standards; and
1259	(iii) annually review the programs for compliance.
1260	(b) The reviews described in Subsection (2)(a) shall be classified as confidential internal
1261	working papers.
1262	(c) Access to records regarding the reviews is available upon the discretion of the
1263	executive director or the governor, or upon court order.
1264	Section 19. Section 64-13e-102 is amended to read:
1265	64-13e-102 . Definitions.
1266	As used in this chapter:
1267	(1) "Alternative treatment program" means:
1268	(a) an evidence-based cognitive behavioral therapy program; or
1269	(b) a certificate-based program provided by:
1270	(i) an institution of higher education described in Subsection 53B-1-102(1)(b); or
1271	(ii) a degree-granting institution acting in the degree-granting institution's technical
1272	education role described in Section 53B-2a-201.
1273	(2) "Board" means the Board of Pardons and Parole.
1274	(3) "Commission" means the State Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice, created in
1275	Section 63M-7-201.
1276	(4)(a) "Condition of probation day" means a day spent by a state probationary inmate in
1277	a county correctional facility as a condition of probation.
1278	(b) "Condition of probation day" includes a day spent by a state probationary inmate in a
1279	county correctional facility:
1280	(i) after the date of sentencing;
1281	(ii) before the date of sentencing, if a court orders that the state probationary inmate
1282	shall receive credit for time served in a county correctional facility before the date
1283	of sentencing;
1284	(iii) as a condition of an original order of probation; and
1285	(iv) as a condition of a new order of probation after a prior revocation of probation.
1286	(c) "Condition of probation day" does not include a day spent by a state probationary
1287	inmate in a county correctional facility:

1288	(i) as a probation sanction day;
1289	(ii) after the state probationary inmate has spent 365 consecutive days in a county
1290	correctional facility for a single order of probation;
1291	(iii) as a condition of a plea in abeyance agreement if a conviction has not been
1292	entered;
1293	(iv) on a hold instituted by the federal Immigration and Customs Enforcement
1294	Agency of the United States Department of Homeland Security; or
1295	(v) after the termination of probation if the state probationary inmate is:
1296	(A) sentenced to prison; or
1297	(B) eligible for release.
1298	(5) "Department" means the Department of Corrections, created in Section 64-13-2.
1299	(6) "Division" means the Division of Finance, created in Section 63A-3-101.
1300	(7)(a) "Eligible bed day" means a day spent by a state probationary inmate or a state
1301	parole inmate in a county correctional facility that is eligible for reimbursement
1302	under Section 64-13e-104.
1303	(b) "Eligible bed day" includes:
1304	(i) a condition of probation day;
1305	(ii) a parole hold day;
1306	(iii) a parole sanction day; and
1307	(iv) a probation sanction day.
1308	(8)(a) "Parole hold day" means a day spent in a county correctional facility by a state
1309	parole inmate under Subsection 64-13-29(3) based on a suspected violation of the
1310	state parole inmate's terms of parole.
1311	(b) "Parole hold day" does not include a day spent in a county correctional facility by a
1312	state parole inmate:
1313	(i) after the state parole inmate has spent 72 hours, excluding weekends and holidays,
1314	for a single suspected violation of the state parole inmate's terms of parole; or
1315	(ii) as a parole sanction day.
1316	(9)(a) "Parole sanction day" means a day spent in a county correctional facility by a
1317	state parole inmate as a sanction under Subsection 64-13-6(2) for a violation of the
1318	state parole inmate's terms of parole.
1319	(b) "Parole sanction day" includes not more than three consecutive days and not more
1320	than a total of [five] six days within a period of 30 days for each sanction.
1321	(c) "Parole sanction day" does not include a parole hold day.

1354	Part 1. General Provisions
1353	CHAPTER 14. ADULT PROBATION AND PAROLE
1352	Section 20. Section 64-14-101 is enacted to read:
1351	(d) an alternative treatment program.
1350	(c) a sex offender treatment program; or
1349	(b) a substance abuse treatment program;
1348	(a) an alcohol treatment program;
1347	(15) "Treatment program" means:
1346	correctional facility under Subsection 77-18-105(6).
1345	(14) "State probationary inmate" means a felony probationer sentenced to time in a county
1344	(b) housed in a county correctional facility for a reason related to the individual's parole.
1343	(a) on parole, as defined in Section 77-27-1; and
1342	(13) "State parole inmate" means an individual who is:
1341	parole inmate, who is committed to the custody of the department.
1340	(12) "State inmate" means an individual, other than a state probationary inmate or state
1339	(e) motor pool expenses.
1338	(d) division overhead; and
1337	(c) transportation overhead;
1336	(b) administrative overhead;
1335	(a) executive overhead;
1334	expenses incurred by the department for housing an inmate:
1333	by the department based on the previous three fiscal years, that reflects the following
1332	(11) "State daily incarceration rate" means the average daily incarceration rate, calculated
1331	probationary inmate's terms of probation.
1330	Subsection [64-13-29(3)] 64-14-205(3) based on a suspected violation of the state
1329	(ii) a day spent in a county correctional facility by a state probationary inmate under
1328	(i) a condition of probation day; or
1327	(c) "Probation sanction day" does not include:
1326	than a total of [five] six days within a period of 30 days for each sanction.
1325	(b) "Probation sanction day" includes not more than three consecutive days and not more
1324	violation of the state probationary inmate's terms of probation.
1323	state probationary inmate as a sanction under Subsection 64-13-6(2) based on a
1322	(10)(a) "Probation sanction day" means a day spent in a county correctional facility by a

1355	<u>64-14-101</u> . Definitions.
1356	As used in this chapter:
1357	(1) "Department" means the same as that term is defined in Section 64-13-1.
1358	(2) "Division" means the Division of Adult Probation and Parole created in Section
1359	<u>64-14-202.</u>
1360	(3) "Executive director" means the same as that term is defined in Section 64-13-1.
1361	(4) "Inmate" means the same as that term is defined in Section 64-13-1.
1362	(5) "Offender" means the same as that term is defined in Section 64-13-1.
1363	(6) "Recidivism" means the same as that term is defined in Section 64-13-1.
1364	Section 21. Section 64-14-201 is enacted to read:
1365	Part 2. Division of Adult Probation and Parole
1366	<u>64-14-201</u> . Definitions.
1367	Reserved.
1368	Section 22. Section 64-14-202 is enacted to read:
1369	64-14-202 . Creation of division Appointment of director.
1370	(1) There is created within the department the Division of Adult Probation and Parole.
1371	(2) The executive director shall appoint a director of the Division of Adult Probation and
1372	Parole who shall manage, direct, and supervise the Division of Adult Probation and
1373	Parole.
1374	Section 23. Section 64-14-203 is enacted to read:
1375	<u>64-14-203</u> . Duties of division.
1376	(1) The division shall:
1377	(a) assist the department in fulfilling the department's duty to supervise, as described in
1378	Subsection 64-13-6(1)(i), probationers and parolees as directed by statute and
1379	implemented by the courts and the Board of Pardons and Parole;
1380	(b) comply with the requirements described in this part;
1381	(c) supply the information described in Section 53-10-209 that is required to be
1382	submitted to the Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Division created in
1383	Subsection 53-10-103(2);
1384	(d) comply with the use of funds requirement for outpatient treatment services for those
1385	convicted of an offense under Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses, as
1386	described in Subsection 59-27-105(4)(c);
1387	(e) monitor the status of an offender with a mental condition who has been placed on
1388	parole as described in Subsection 77-16a-205(4);

1389	(f) comply with the requirements described in Title 77, Chapter 18, The Judgment;
1390	(g) in accordance with the adult sentencing and supervision length guidelines described
1391	in Section 63M-7-404.3, notify the Board of Pardons and Parole of parole violations;
1392	(h) for an individual who is on probation for a domestic violence offense that the
1393	division is supervising, report to the court and notify the victim of the domestic
1394	violence offense if the individual fails to comply with any condition imposed by the
1395	court or commits a violation of a sentencing protective order as required by
1396	Subsection 77-36-5.1(4);
1397	(i) comply with the notice requirement to a prosecuting agency described in Subsection
1398	77-38-3(6) if the division is the moving party on a motion for modification of any
1399	determination made at any of the criminal justice hearings provided in Subsections
1400	77-38-2(5)(a) through (g);
1401	(j) collect restitution information in preparing a presentence investigation report as
1402	described in Section 77-38b-203;
1403	(k) for an individual under supervision by the division who violates a sentencing
1404	protective order issued under Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 8, Criminal Protective
1405	Orders, report the violation to the court and notify the victim protected by the order
1406	of the violation as required by Section 78B-7-807; and
1407	(l) comply with any other requirement established by applicable statute or regulation or
1408	a directive from the executive director.
1409	(2) The division may, in the course of supervising individuals on probation and parole:
1410	(a) respond to an individual's violation of one or more terms of the probation or parole in
1411	accordance with the graduated and evidence-based processes established by the adult
1412	sentencing and supervision length guidelines, as defined in Section 63M-7-401.1; and
1413	(b) upon approval by the court or the Board of Pardons and Parole, impose as a sanction
1414	for an individual's violation of the terms of probation or parole a period of
1415	incarceration of not more than three consecutive days and not more than a total of six
1416	days within a period of 30 days.
1417	Section 24. Section 64-14-204 , which is renumbered from Section 64-13-21 is renumbered
1418	and amended to read:
1419	[64-13-21] 64-14-204. Supervision of sentenced offenders placed in community
1420	Rulemaking POST certified parole or probation officers and peace officers Duties
1421	Supervision fee.
1422	(1)(a) The [department] division, except as otherwise provided by law, shall supervise a

1423	sentenced offender placed in the community if the offender:
1424	(i)(A) is placed on probation by a court;
1425	(B) is released on parole by the Board of Pardons and Parole; or
1426	(C) is accepted for supervision under the terms of the Interstate Compact for the
1427	Supervision of Parolees and Probationers; and
1428	(ii) has been convicted of:
1429	(A) a felony;
1430	(B) a class A misdemeanor when an element of the offense is the use or attempted
1431	use of physical force against an individual or property; or
1432	(C) notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(ii)(B), a class A misdemeanor if the [
1433	department] division is ordered by a court to supervise the offender under
1434	Section 77-18-105.
1435	(b) If a sentenced offender participates in substance use treatment or a residential,
1436	vocational and life skills program, as defined in Section 13-53-102, while under
1437	supervision on probation or parole, the [department] division shall monitor the
1438	offender's compliance with and completion of the treatment or program.
1439	(c) The department shall establish standards for:
1440	(i) the supervision of offenders in accordance with the adult sentencing and
1441	supervision length guidelines, as defined in Section 63M-7-401.1, giving priority,
1442	based on available resources, to felony offenders and offenders sentenced under
1443	Subsection 58-37-8 (2)(b)(ii); and
1444	(ii) the monitoring described in Subsection (1)(b).
1445	(2) The [department] division shall apply the graduated and evidence-based responses
1446	established in the adult sentencing and supervision length guidelines, as defined in
1447	Section 63M-7-401.1, to facilitate a prompt and appropriate response to an individual's
1448	violation of the terms of probation or parole, including:
1449	(a) sanctions to be used in response to a violation of the terms of probation or parole; and
1450	(b) requesting approval from the court or Board of Pardons and Parole to impose a
1451	sanction for an individual's violation of the terms of probation or parole, for a period
1452	of incarceration of not more than three consecutive days and not more than a total of
1453	six days within a period of 30 days.
1454	(3) The [department] division shall implement a program of graduated incentives as
1455	established in the adult sentencing and supervision length guidelines, as defined in
1456	Section 63M-7-401.1 to facilitate the department's prompt and appropriate response to

1457	an offender's:
1458	(a) compliance with the terms of probation or parole; or
1459	(b) positive conduct that exceeds those terms.
1460	(4)(a) The department shall, in collaboration with the State Commission on Criminal
1461	and Juvenile Justice and the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health, create
1462	standards and procedures for the collection of information, including cost savings
1463	related to recidivism reduction and the reduction in the number of inmates, related to
1464	the use of the graduated and evidence-based responses and graduated incentives, and
1465	offenders' outcomes.
1466	(b) The collected information shall be provided to the State Commission on Criminal
1467	and Juvenile Justice not less frequently than annually on or before August 31.
1468	(5) Employees of the [department] division who are POST certified as law enforcement
1469	officers or correctional officers and who are designated as parole and probation officers
1470	by the executive director have the following duties:
1471	(a) monitoring, investigating, and supervising a parolee's or probationer's compliance
1472	with the conditions of the parole or probation agreement;
1473	(b) investigating or apprehending any offender who has escaped from the custody of the
1474	department or absconded from supervision by the division;
1475	(c) supervising any offender during transportation; or
1476	(d) collecting DNA specimens when the specimens are required under Section 53-10-404.
1477	(6)(a)(i) A monthly supervision fee of \$30 shall be collected from each offender on
1478	probation or parole.
1479	(ii) The fee described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) may be suspended or waived by the [
1480	department] division upon a showing by the offender that imposition would create
1481	a substantial hardship or if the offender owes restitution to a victim.
1482	(b)(i) The department shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
1483	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, specifying the criteria for suspension or
1484	waiver of the supervision fee and the circumstances under which an offender may
1485	request a hearing.
1486	(ii) In determining whether the imposition of the supervision fee would constitute a
1487	substantial hardship, the [department] division shall consider the financial
1488	resources of the offender and the burden that the fee would impose, with regard to
1489	the offender's other obligations.
1490	(c) The division shall deposit money received from the monthly supervision fee

1491	established in this Subsection (6) into the General Fund as a parole and probation
1492	dedicated credit to be used to cover costs incurred in the collection of the fee and in
1493	the development of offender supervision programs.
1494	(7)(a) For offenders placed on probation under Section 77-18-105 or parole under
1495	Subsection 76-3-202(2)(a) on or after October 1, 2015, but before January 1, 2019,
1496	the [department] division shall establish a program allowing an offender to earn a
1497	reduction credit of 30 days from the offender's period of probation or parole for each
1498	month the offender complies with the terms of the offender's probation or parole
1499	agreement, including the case action plan.
1500	(b)(i) For offenders placed on probation under Section 77-18-105 or parole under
1501	Section 76-3-202 on or after July 1, 2026, the [department] division shall establish
1502	a program, consistent with the adult sentencing and supervision length guidelines,
1503	as defined in Section 63M-7-401.1, to provide incentives for an offender that
1504	maintains eligible employment, as defined in Section 64-13g-101.
1505	(ii) The program under Subsection (7)(b)(i) may include a credit towards the
1506	reduction of the length of supervision for an offender at a rate of up to 30 days for
1507	each month that the offender maintains eligible employment, as defined in Section
1508	64-13g-101.
1509	(iii) A court, or the Board of Pardons and Parole, is not required to grant a request for
1510	termination of supervision under the program described in this Subsection (7)(b) if
1511	the court, or the Board of Pardons and Parole, finds that:
1512	(A) the offender presents a substantial risk to public safety;
1513	(B) termination would prevent the offender from completing risk reduction
1514	programming or treatment; or
1515	(C) the eligibility criteria for termination of supervision, as established in the adult
1516	sentencing and supervision length guidelines, as defined in Section
1517	63M-7-401.1, have not been met.
1518	(iv) This Subsection (7)(b) does not prohibit the [department] division, or another
1519	supervision services provider, from requesting termination of supervision based
1520	on the eligibility criteria in the adult sentencing and supervision length guidelines,
1521	as defined in Section 63M-7-401.1.
1522	(c) The [department] division shall:
1523	(i) maintain a record of credits earned by an offender under this Subsection (7); and
1524	(ii) request from the court or the Board of Pardons and Parole the termination of

1525	probation or parole not fewer than 30 days prior to the termination date that
1526	reflects the credits earned under this Subsection (7).
1527	(d) This Subsection (7) does not prohibit the [department] division from requesting a
1528	termination date earlier than the termination date established by earned credits under
1529	Subsection $(7)(c)$.
1530	(e) The court or the Board of Pardons and Parole shall terminate an offender's probation
1531	or parole upon completion of the period of probation or parole accrued by time
1532	served and credits earned under this Subsection (7) unless the court or the Board of
1533	Pardons and Parole finds that termination would interrupt the completion of a
1534	necessary treatment program, in which case the termination of probation or parole
1535	shall occur when the treatment program is completed.
1536	(f) The department shall report annually to the State Commission on Criminal and
1537	Juvenile Justice on or before August 31:
1538	(i) the number of offenders who have earned probation or parole credits under this
1539	Subsection (7) in one or more months of the preceding fiscal year and the
1540	percentage of the offenders on probation or parole during that time that this
1541	number represents;
1542	(ii) the average number of credits earned by those offenders who earned credits;
1543	(iii) the number of offenders who earned credits by county of residence while on
1544	probation or parole;
1545	(iv) the cost savings associated with sentencing reform programs and practices; and
1546	(v) a description of how the savings will be invested in treatment and
1547	early-intervention programs and practices at the county and state levels.
1548	Section 25. Section 64-14-205, which is renumbered from Section 64-13-29 is renumbered
1549	and amended to read:
1550	$[64-13-29]$ $\underline{64-14-205}$. Violation of parole or probation Detention Hearing.
1551	(1) As used in this section:
1552	(a) "72-hour hold" means a directive from the department:
1553	(i) prohibiting the release of a parolee or probationer from correctional custody who
1554	has entered correctional custody due to a violation of a condition of parole or
1555	probation; and
1556	(ii) lasting for a maximum of 72 hours, excluding weekends or holidays, from the
1557	time the parolee or probationer entered correctional custody.
1558	(b) "Correctional custody" means when a parolee or probationer is physically detained in

1559	a county jail or a correctional facility operated by the department.
1560	(c) "Parolee" means an individual on parole under the supervision of the [department]
1561	division.
1562	(d) "Probationer" means an individual on probation under the supervision of the [
1563	department] division.
1564	(e)(i) "Qualifying domestic violence offense" means the same as that term is defined
1565	in Subsection 77-36-1.1(4).
1566	(ii) "Qualifying domestic violence offense" does not include criminal mischief as
1567	described in Section 76-6-106.
1568	(f) "Violent felony" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-3-203.5.
1569	(2) The [department] division shall ensure that the court is notified of violations of the terms
1570	and conditions of probation in the case of probationers under the supervision of the [
1571	department] division or the Board of Pardons and Parole in the case of parolees under the [
1572	department's] division's supervision when:
1573	(a) incarceration is [recommended as a sanction;
1574	(b) the [department] division determines that a graduated and evidence-based response is
1575	not an appropriate response to the violation and recommends revocation of probation
1576	or parole; or
1577	(c) there is probable cause that the conduct that led to a violation of parole or probation
1578	is:
1579	(i) a violent felony; or
1580	(ii) a qualifying domestic violence offense.
1581	(3) The [department] division:
1582	(a) may place a 72-hour hold on a parolee or probationer if there is probable cause to
1583	believe that the parolee or probationer has committed a violation other than a violent
1584	felony or qualifying domestic violence offense; and
1585	(b) shall place a 72-hour hold on a parolee or probationer if there is probable cause to
1586	believe that the parolee or probationer has committed a violent felony or qualifying
1587	domestic violence offense.
1588	(4)(a) The [department] division may not detain, or have a county jail detain, a
1589	probationer or parolee for longer than 72 hours without a warrant or order issued by
1590	the court or Board of Pardons and Parole.
1591	(b) To obtain a warrant or order to detain a probationer or parolee for longer than 72
1592	hours, the [department] division shall seek the warrant or order from the court for a

1593	probationer or the Board of Pardons and Parole for a parolee.
1594	(c) The [department] division may decline to seek a warrant or order under Subsection
1595	(4)(b) for a probationer or parolee subject to a 72-hour hold and remove the 72-hour
1596	hold.
1597	(5) This section does not require the [department] division to release a probationer or
1598	parolee who is being held for something other than a probation or parole violation,
1599	including a warrant issued for new criminal conduct or a new conviction where the [
1600	individual] probationer or parolee is sentenced to incarceration.
1601	(6) The department may make rules as necessary, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
1602	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, for the division to implement this section [-in
1603	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act].
1604	Section 26. Section 64-14-301, which is renumbered from Section 64-13g-101 is renumbered
1605	and amended to read:
1606	Part 3. Adult Probation and Parole Employment Incentive Program
1607	[64-13g-101] <u>64-14-301</u> . Definitions.
1608	As used in this [ehapter] part:
1609	(1) "Average daily population" means the average daily number of individuals on parole or
1610	felony probation in the region during the applicable fiscal year.
1611	(2) "Baseline parole employment rate" means the average of the parole employment rates
1612	for fiscal years 2023, 2024, and 2025.
1613	(3) "Baseline probation employment rate" means the average of the probation employment
1614	rates for fiscal years 2023, 2024, and 2025.
1615	[(4) "Department" means the Department of Corrections.]
1616	[(5)] (4) "Eligible employment" means an occupation, or combined occupations, that:
1617	(a) consist of at least 130 hours in a 30-day period; and
1618	(b) are verified via paystubs, employment letters, contracts, or other reliable methods, as
1619	determined by the department.
1620	[(6)] (5) "Evidence-based" means a supervision policy, procedure, program, or practice
1621	demonstrated by scientific research to reduce recidivism of individuals on parole or
1622	felony probation.
1623	[(7)] (6) "Marginal cost of incarceration" means the total costs of incarceration, per inmate,
1624	that fluctuate based on inmate population.
1625	[(8)] (7) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget.

[(9)] (8) "Parole employment rate" means the percentage of individuals on parole who held

1627	eligible employment for at least nine months in a one-year period, if at least a portion of
1628	the nine-months was during the preceding fiscal year.
1629	[(10)] (9) "Probation employment rate" means the percentage of individuals on felony
1630	probation who held eligible employment for at least nine months in a one-year period, if
1631	at least a portion of the nine-months was during the preceding fiscal year.
1632	[(11)] (10) "Program" means the Adult Probation and Parole Employment Incentive
1633	Program, created in Section [64-13g-102] 64-14-302.
1634	[(12)] (11) "Region" means one of the geographic regions into which the [Department of
1635	Corrections] department has divided the state for purposes of supervising adult probation
1636	and parole.
1637	[(13)] (12) "Restricted account" means the Employment Incentive Restricted Account
1638	created in Section [64-13g-103] <u>64-14-303</u> .
1639	Section 27. Section 64-14-302, which is renumbered from Section 64-13g-102 is renumbered
1640	and amended to read:
1641	$[64-13g-102]$ $\underline{64-14-302}$. Adult Probation and Parole Employment Incentive
1642	Program.
1643	(1) There is created the Adult Probation and Parole Employment Incentive Program.
1644	(2) The department and the office shall implement the program in accordance with the
1645	requirements of this chapter.
1646	(3) Beginning July 2026, and each July after 2026, the department shall calculate and report
1647	to the office, for the preceding fiscal year, for each region and statewide:
1648	(a) the parole employment rate and the average length of employment of individuals on
1649	parole;
1650	(b) the probation employment rate and average length of employment of individuals on
1651	felony probation;
1652	(c) the recidivism percentage, using applicable recidivism metrics described in
1653	Subsections 63M-7-102(1) and (3);
1654	(d) the number and percentage of individuals who successfully complete parole or
1655	felony probation;
1656	(e) if the recidivism percentage described in Subsection (3)(c) represents a decrease in
1657	the recidivism percentage when compared to the fiscal year immediately preceding
1658	the fiscal year to which the recidivism percentage described in Subsection (3)(c)
1659	relates, the estimated costs of incarceration savings to the state, based on the marginal
1660	cost of incarceration;

1661	(f) the number of individuals who successfully complete parole and, during the entire six
1662	months before the day on which the individuals' parole ends, held eligible
1663	employment; and
1664	(g) the number of individuals who successfully complete felony probation and, during
1665	the entire six months before the day on which the individuals' parole ended, held
1666	eligible employment.
1667	(4) In addition to the information described in Subsection (3), the department shall report,
1668	for each region, the number and types of parole or probation programs that were created,
1669	replaced, or discontinued during the preceding fiscal year.
1670	(5) After receiving the information described in Subsections (3) and (4), the office, in
1671	consultation with the department, shall, for each region:
1672	(a) add the region's baseline parole employment rate and the region's baseline probation
1673	employment rate;
1674	(b) add the region's parole employment rate and the region's probation employment rate;
1675	(c) subtract the sum described in Subsection (5)(a) from the sum described in Subsection
1676	(5)(b); and
1677	(d)(i) if the rate difference described in Subsection (5)(c) is zero or less than zero,
1678	assign an employment incentive payment of zero to the region; or
1679	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (7), if the rate difference described in
1680	Subsection (5)(c) is greater than zero, assign an employment incentive payment to
1681	the region by:
1682	(A) multiplying the rate difference by the average daily population for that region
1683	and
1684	(B) multiplying the product of the calculation described in Subsection
1685	(5)(d)(ii)(A) by \$2,500.
1686	(6) In addition to the employment incentive payment described in Subsection (5), after
1687	receiving the information described in Subsections (3) and (4), the office, in consultation
1688	with the department, shall, for each region, multiply the sum of the numbers described in
1689	Subsections (3)(f) and (g) for the region by \$2,500 to determine the end-of-supervision
1690	employment incentive payment for the region.
1691	(7) The employment incentive payment, or end-of-supervision employment supervision
1692	payment, for a region is zero if the recidivism percentage for the region, described in
1693	Subsection (3)(c), represents an increase in the recidivism percentage when compared to

the fiscal year immediately preceding the fiscal year to which the recidivism percentage

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1695	for the region, described in Subsection (3)(c), relates.
1696	(8) Upon determining an employment incentive payment for a region in accordance with
1697	Subsections (5)(d)(ii), (6), and (7), the office shall authorize distribution, from the
1698	restricted account, of the incentive payment as follows:
1699	(a) 15% of the payment may be used by the department for expenses related to
1700	administering the program; and
1701	(b) 85% of the payment shall be used by the region to improve and expand supervision
1702	and rehabilitative services to individuals on parole or adult probation, including by:
1703	(i) implementing and expanding evidence-based practices for risk and needs
1704	assessments for individuals;
1705	(ii) implementing and expanding intermediate sanctions, including mandatory
1706	community service, home detention, day reporting, restorative justice programs,
1707	and furlough programs;
1708	(iii) expanding the availability of evidence-based practices for rehabilitation
1709	programs, including drug and alcohol treatment, mental health treatment, anger
1710	management, cognitive behavior programs, and job training and other
1711	employment services;
1712	(iv) hiring additional officers, contractors, or other personnel to implement
1713	evidence-based practices for rehabilitative and vocational programing;
1714	(v) purchasing and adopting new technologies or equipment that are relevant to, and
1715	enhance, supervision, rehabilitation, or vocational training; or
1716	(vi) evaluating the effectiveness of rehabilitation and supervision programs and
1717	ensuring program fidelity.
1718	(9)(a) The report described in Subsections (3) and (4) is a public record.
1719	(b) The department shall maintain a complete and accurate accounting of the payment
1720	and use of funds under this section.
1721	(c) If the money in the restricted account is insufficient to make the full employment
1722	incentive payments or the full end-of-supervision employment incentive payments,
1723	the office shall authorize the payments on a prorated basis.
1724	Section 28. Section 64-14-303 , which is renumbered from Section 64-13g-103 is renumbered
1725	and amended to read:
1726	[64-13g-103] 64-14-303. Employment Incentive Restricted Account.

(1) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the

"Employment Incentive Restricted Account."

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- 1729 (2) The account consists of appropriations made by the Legislature.
- 1730 (3) The office shall authorize expenditures from the account in accordance with Section [
 1731 64-13g-102] 64-14-302.
- 1732 (4) Subject to legislative appropriations, the department and each region shall expend
 1733 money from the restricted account only in accordance with Subsection [64-13g-102(8)]
 1734 64-14-302(8).
- 1735 Section 29. Section **76-3-202** is amended to read:
- 76-3-202 . Paroled individuals -- Termination or discharge from sentence -- Time
 served on parole -- Discretion of Board of Pardons and Parole.
- (1) As described in Subsection 77-27-5(7), every individual committed to the state prison to serve an indeterminate term and, after December 31, 2018, released on parole shall complete a term of parole that extends through the expiration of the individual's maximum sentence unless the parole is earlier terminated by the Board of Pardons and Parole in accordance with the adult sentencing and supervision length guidelines, as defined in Section 63M-7-401.1, to the extent the guidelines are consistent with the requirements of the law.
 - (2)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), an individual committed to the state prison to serve an indeterminate term and released on parole on or after October 1, 2015, but before January 1, 2019, shall, upon completion of three years on parole outside of confinement and without violation, be terminated from the individual's sentence unless the parole is earlier terminated by the Board of Pardons and Parole or is terminated pursuant to Section [64-13-21] 64-14-204.
 - (b) An individual committed to the state prison to serve an indeterminate term and later released on parole on or after July 1, 2008, but before January 1, 2019, and who was convicted of a felony offense under Chapter 5, Offenses Against the Individual, or an attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit the offense, shall complete a term of parole that extends through the expiration of the individual's maximum sentence, unless the parole is earlier terminated by the Board of Pardons and Parole.
- 1757 (3) An individual convicted of a second degree felony for violating Section 76-5-404,
 1758 forcible sexual abuse; Section 76-5-404.1, sexual abuse of a child; or Section 76-5-404.3,
 1759 aggravated sexual abuse of a child; or attempting, conspiring, or soliciting the
 1760 commission of a violation of any of those sections, and who is paroled before July 1,
 1761 2008, shall, upon completion of 10 years parole outside of confinement and without
 1762 violation, be terminated from the sentence unless the individual is earlier terminated by

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- the Board of Pardons and Parole.
- 1764 (4) An individual who violates the terms of parole, while serving parole, for any offense
- under Subsection (1), (2), or (3), shall at the discretion of the Board of Pardons and
- Parole be recommitted to prison to serve the portion of the balance of the term as
- determined by the Board of Pardons and Parole, but not to exceed the maximum term.
- 1768 (5) An individual paroled following a former parole revocation may not be discharged from the individual's sentence until:
- 1770 (a) the individual has served the applicable period of parole under this section outside of confinement;
- (b) the individual's maximum sentence has expired; or
- 1773 (c) the Board of Pardons and Parole orders the individual to be discharged from the sentence.
- 1775 (6)(a) All time served on parole, outside of confinement and without violation,
- 1776 constitutes service toward the total sentence.
- 1777 (b) Any time an individual spends outside of confinement after commission of a parole violation does not constitute service toward the total sentence unless the individual is exonerated at a parole revocation hearing.
- 1780 (c)(i) Any time an individual spends in confinement awaiting a hearing before the
 1781 Board of Pardons and Parole or a decision by the board concerning revocation of
 1782 parole constitutes service toward the total sentence.
 - (ii) In the case of exoneration by the board, the time spent is included in computing the total parole term.
- 1785 (7) When a parolee causes the parolee's absence from the state without authority from the
 1786 Board of Pardons and Parole or avoids or evades parole supervision, the period of
 1787 absence, avoidance, or evasion tolls the parole period.
- 1788 (8)(a) While on parole, time spent in confinement outside the state may not be credited toward the service of any Utah sentence.
- 1790 (b) Time in confinement outside the state or in the custody of any tribal authority or the
 1791 United States government for a conviction obtained in another jurisdiction tolls the
 1792 expiration of the Utah sentence.
- (9) This section does not preclude the Board of Pardons and Parole from paroling or
 discharging an inmate at any time within the discretion of the Board of Pardons and
 Parole unless otherwise specifically provided by law.
- 1796 (10) A parolee sentenced to lifetime parole may petition the Board of Pardons and Parole

for termination of lifetime parole.

Section 30. Section **76-3-409** is amended to read:

76-3-409. Child abuse or sex offense against child -- Treatment of offender or victim -- Payment of costs.

- (1) Any person convicted in the district court of child abuse, or a sexual offense if the victim is under 18 years [of age] old, may be ordered to participate in treatment or therapy under the supervision of the [adult probation and parole section of the Department of Corrections] Division of Adult Probation and Parole created in Section 64-14-202, in cooperation with the division of children, youth, and families until the court is satisfied that such treatment or therapy has been successful or that no further benefit to the convicted offender would result if such treatment or therapy were continued. The court may also order treatment of the victim if it believes the same would be beneficial under the circumstances. Nothing in this section shall preclude the court from imposing any additional sentence as provided by law.
- (2) The convicted offender shall be ordered to pay, to the extent that he or she is able, the costs of his or her treatment, together with treatment costs incurred by the victim and any administrative costs incurred by the appropriate state agency in the supervision of such treatment. If the convicted offender is unable to pay all or part of the costs of treatment, the court may order the appropriate state agency to pay such costs to the extent funding is provided by the Legislature for such purpose and shall order the convicted offender to perform public service work as compensation for the cost of treatment.
 - Section 31. Section **77-2a-2** is amended to read:

1820 77-2a-2 . Plea in abeyance agreement -- Negotiation -- Contents -- Terms of agreement -- Waiver of time for sentencing.

- (1) At any time after acceptance of a plea of guilty or no contest but before entry of judgment of conviction and imposition of sentence, the court may, upon motion of both the prosecuting attorney and the defendant, hold the plea in abeyance and not enter judgment of conviction against the defendant nor impose sentence upon the defendant within the time periods contained in Rule 22(a), Utah Rules of Criminal Procedure.
- 1827 (2) A defendant shall be represented by counsel during negotiations for a plea in abeyance 1828 and at the time of acknowledgment and affirmation of any plea in abeyance agreement 1829 unless the defendant knowingly and intelligently waives the defendant's right to counsel.
- 1830 (3) A defendant has the right to be represented by counsel at any court hearing relating to a

1831	plea in abeyance agreement.
1832	(4)(a) Any plea in abeyance agreement entered into between the prosecution and the
1833	defendant and approved by the court shall include a full, detailed recitation of the
1834	requirements and conditions agreed to by the defendant and the reason for requesting
1835	the court to hold the plea in abeyance.
1836	(b) If the plea is to a felony or any combination of misdemeanors and felonies, the
1837	agreement shall be in writing and shall, before acceptance by the court, be executed
1838	by the prosecuting attorney, the defendant, and the defendant's counsel in the
1839	presence of the court.
1840	(5)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), a plea may not be held in abeyance for a
1841	period longer than 18 months if the plea is to any class of misdemeanor or longer
1842	than three years if the plea is to any degree of felony or to any combination of
1843	misdemeanors and felonies.
1844	(b)(i) For a plea in abeyance agreement that the [Department of Corrections] Division
1845	of Adult Probation and Parole created in Section 64-14-202 supervises, the plea
1846	may not be held in abeyance for a period longer than the initial term of probation
1847	required under the adult sentencing and supervision length guidelines, as defined
1848	in Section 63M-7-401.1, if the initial term of probation is shorter than the period
1849	required under Subsection (5)(a).
1850	(ii) Subsection (5)(b)(i) does not:
1851	(A) apply to a plea that is held in abeyance in a drug court created under Title
1852	78A, Chapter 5, Part 2, Drug Court, or a problem solving court approved by
1853	the Judicial Council; or
1854	(B) prohibit court supervision of a plea in abeyance agreement after the day on
1855	which the [Department of Corrections] Division of Adult Probation and Parole
1856	supervision described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) ends and before the day on which
1857	the plea in abeyance agreement ends.
1858	(6) Notwithstanding Subsection (5), a plea may be held in abeyance for up to two years if
1859	the plea is to any class of misdemeanor and the plea in abeyance agreement includes a
1860	condition that the defendant participate in a problem solving court approved by the
1861	Judicial Council.
1862	(7) A plea in abeyance agreement may not be approved unless the defendant, before the
1863	court, and any written agreement, knowingly and intelligently waives time for
1864	sentencing as designated in Rule 22(a), Utah Rules of Criminal Procedure.

1865	Section 32. Section 77-2a-3 is amended to read:
1866	77-2a-3. Manner of entry of plea Powers of court Expungement.
1867	(1)(a) Acceptance of any plea in anticipation of a plea in abeyance agreement shall be
1868	done in full compliance with the Utah Rules of Criminal Procedure, Rule 11.
1869	(b) In cases charging offenses for which bail may be forfeited, a plea in abeyance
1870	agreement may be entered into without a personal appearance before a magistrate.
1871	(2) A plea in abeyance agreement may provide that the court may, upon finding that the
1872	defendant has successfully completed the terms of the agreement:
1873	(a) reduce the degree of the offense, enter a judgment of conviction for the lower degree
1874	of the offense, and impose a sentence for the lower degree of the offense;
1875	(b) allow withdrawal of the defendant's plea and order the dismissal of the case; or
1876	(c) issue an order of expungement for all records of the offense if:
1877	(i) the defendant successfully completes a problem solving court program that is
1878	certified by the Judicial Council; and
1879	(ii) the court allows the withdrawal of the defendant's plea and orders the dismissal of
1880	the case.
1881	(3)(a) Upon finding that a defendant has successfully completed the terms of a plea in
1882	abeyance agreement and only as provided in the plea in abeyance agreement or as
1883	agreed to by all parties, the court may:
1884	(i) reduce the degree of the offense, enter a judgment of conviction for the lower
1885	degree of the offense, and impose a sentence for the lower degree of the offense;
1886	(ii) allow withdrawal of the defendant's plea and order the dismissal of the case; or
1887	(iii) issue an order of expungement for all records of the offense if:
1888	(A) the defendant successfully completes a problem solving court program that is
1889	certified by the Judicial Council; and
1890	(B) the court allows the withdrawal of the defendant's plea and orders the
1891	dismissal of the case.
1892	(b) Upon sentencing a defendant for any lesser offense in accordance with a plea in
1893	abeyance agreement, the court may not invoke Section 76-3-402 to further reduce the
1894	degree of the offense.
1895	(4) The court may require the [Department of Corrections] Division of Adult Probation and
1896	Parole created in Section 64-14-202 to assist in the administration of the plea in
1897	abeyance agreement as if the defendant [were on probation to the court] were placed on
1898	probation under Section 77-18-105.

1899	(5) The terms of a plea in abeyance agreement may include:
1900	(a) an order that the defendant pay a nonrefundable plea in abeyance fee, with a
1901	surcharge based on the amount of the plea in abeyance fee, both of which shall be
1902	allocated in the same manner as if paid as a fine for a criminal conviction under
1903	Section 78A-5-110 and a surcharge under Title 51, Chapter 9, Part 4, Criminal
1904	Conviction Surcharge Allocation, and which may not exceed in amount the
1905	maximum fine and surcharge which could have been imposed upon conviction and
1906	sentencing for the same offense;
1907	(b) an order that the defendant pay the costs of any remedial or rehabilitative program
1908	required by the terms of the agreement; and
1909	(c) an order that the defendant comply with any other conditions that could have been
1910	imposed as conditions of probation upon conviction and sentencing for the same
1911	offense.
1912	(6)(a) The terms of a plea in abeyance shall include:
1913	(i) a specific amount of restitution that the defendant will pay, as agreed to by the
1914	defendant and the prosecuting attorney;
1915	(ii) a certification from the prosecuting attorney that:
1916	(A) the prosecuting attorney has consulted with all victims, including the Utah
1917	Office for Victims of Crime; and
1918	(B) all victims, including the Utah Office for Victims of Crime, are not seeking
1919	restitution; or
1920	(iii) an agreement between the parties that restitution will be determined by the court
1921	at a subsequent hearing in accordance with Section 77-38b-205.
1922	(b) At a subsequent hearing described in Subsection (6)(a)(iii), the court shall order the
1923	defendant, as a modified term of the plea in abeyance, to pay restitution to all victims
1924	for the entire amount of pecuniary damages that are proximately caused by the
1925	criminal conduct of the defendant.
1926	(c) The court shall collect, receive, process, and distribute payments for restitution to the
1927	victim, unless otherwise provided by law or by the plea in abeyance agreement.
1928	(d) If the defendant does not successfully complete the terms of the plea in abeyance, the
1929	court shall enter an order for restitution, in accordance with Chapter 38b, Crime
1930	Victims Restitution Act, upon entering a sentence for the defendant.
1931	(7)(a) A court may not hold a plea in abeyance without the consent of both the
1932	prosecuting attorney and the defendant.

1962

- 1933 (b) A decision by a prosecuting attorney not to agree to a plea in abeyance is final. 1934 (8) No plea may be held in abeyance in any case involving: 1935 (a) a sexual offense against an individual who is under 14 years old; or 1936 (b) a driving under the influence violation under Section 41-6a-502, 41-6a-502.5, 1937 41-6a-517, 41-6a-520, 41-6a-520.1, 41-6a-521.1, 76-5-102.1, or 76-5-207. 1938 (9)(a) If the terms of a plea in abeyance agreement allow a court to issue an order of 1939 expungement as described in Subsection (2)(c), the prosecuting attorney shall make a 1940 reasonable effort to provide notice to any victim of the offense of the terms of the 1941 plea in abeyance agreement. 1942 (b) The notice under Subsection (9)(a) shall: 1943 (i) state that the victim has a right to object to the expungement; and 1944 (ii) provide instructions for registering an objection with the court. 1945 (c) If there is a victim of the offense, the victim may file an objection with the court 1946 before the court makes a finding as to whether the defendant successfully completed 1947 the terms of the plea in abeyance agreement as described in Subsection (3). 1948 (d) The defendant may respond, in writing, to any objection filed by the victim within 14 1949 days after the day on which the objection is received by the court. 1950 (10) If the court issues an order of expungement under Subsection (3)(a)(iii), the court shall: 1951 (a) expunge all records of the case as described in Section 77-40a-401; and 1952 (b) notify the Bureau of Criminal Identification of the order of expungement. 1953 (11)(a) Upon receiving notice from the court of an expungement order as described in 1954 Subsection (10), the Bureau of Criminal Identification shall notify any agency, as 1955 defined in Section 77-40a-101, affected by the expungement order. 1956 (b) For purposes of Subsection (11)(a), the Bureau of Criminal Identification may not 1957 notify the Board of Pardons and Parole of an expungement order if the individual has 1958 never been: 1959 (i) sentenced to prison in this state; or 1960 (ii) under the jurisdiction of the Board of Pardons and Parole.
- 1963 (12) The defendant may deliver copies of the expungement to any agency, as defined in Section 77-40a-101, affected by the order of expungement.

to the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

1965 (13) If an agency receives an expungement order under this part, the agency shall expunge 1966 all records for the case in accordance with Section 77-40a-401.

(c) The Bureau of Criminal Identification shall forward a copy of the expungement order

1967	Section 33. Section 77-16a-103 is amended to read:
1968	77-16a-103. Plea of guilty with a mental condition Procedures Sentencing
1969	Reduction Costs.
1970	(1)(a)(i) If a defendant wishes to enter a plea of guilty with a mental condition, the
1971	parties may stipulate as to:
1972	(A) whether the defendant had a mental condition at the time of the commission of
1973	the offense; and
1974	(B) whether the defendant could benefit from supervision or treatment.
1975	(ii) If the parties stipulate as described in Subsection (1)(a)(i), the court shall enter
1976	findings consistent with the parties' stipulation if the stipulation is supported by
1977	sufficient evidence.
1978	(b) If the parties do not stipulate to Subsection (1)(a)(i), the court shall hold a hearing
1979	and determine, by clear and convincing evidence:
1980	(i) whether the defendant had a mental condition at the time of the commission of the
1981	offense; and
1982	(ii) whether the defendant could benefit from supervision or treatment.
1983	(c) After reviewing the stipulation described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) or conducting a
1984	hearing under Subsection (1)(b):
1985	(i) if the court finds that the defendant had a mental condition at the time of the
1986	offense, the court shall accept the defendant's plea of guilty with a mental
1987	condition; or
1988	(ii) if the court finds that the defendant did not have a mental condition at the time of
1989	the offense, the court may not accept the defendant's plea of guilty with a mental
1990	condition.
1991	(2)(a) If a defendant wishes to enter a plea of guilty with a mental condition for a felony
1992	offense and the parties do not stipulate to Subsection (1)(a)(i), before holding the
1993	hearing described in Subsection (1)(b), the court may order the defendant to submit
1994	to an examination, which may be conducted only by a forensic evaluator appointed
1995	by the department, to determine:
1996	(i) whether the defendant had a mental condition at the time of the commission of the
1997	offense;
1998	(ii) whether the defendant could benefit from supervision or treatment; or
1999	(iii) whether the defendant currently is competent to enter a plea.
2000	(b)(i) If a defendant wishes to enter a plea of guilty with a mental condition for a

2001	misdemeanor offense and the parties do not stipulate to Subsection (1)(a)(i),
2002	before holding the hearing described in Subsection (1)(b), the court may order the
2003	defendant to submit to an examination by a forensic evaluator.
2004	(ii) The examination shall determine:
2005	(A) whether the defendant had a mental condition at the time of the commission of
2006	the offense;
2007	(B) whether the defendant could benefit from supervision or treatment; or
2008	(C) whether the defendant currently is competent to enter a plea.
2009	(c) Before an examination is conducted pursuant to Subsection (1)(b) or this Subsection
2010	(2):
2011	(i) the petitioner or other party, as directed by the court or requested by the
2012	department, shall provide to the forensic evaluation provider nonmedical
2013	information and materials relevant to a treatment assessment, including the
2014	charging document, arrest or incident reports pertaining to the charged offense,
2015	known criminal history information, and known prior mental health evaluations
2016	and treatments; and
2017	(ii) for purposes of a guilty with a mental condition evaluation, a custodian of mental
2018	health records pertaining to the defendant, including the defendant's prior mental
2019	health evaluations or records relating to the defendant's substance use disorder,
2020	may provide the records to:
2021	(A) with the defendant's consent, a forensic evaluation provider or the department
2022	on the department's request; or
2023	(B) pursuant to an order of the court, a forensic evaluation provider.
2024	(3)(a) If a defendant relies on a private mental health evaluation in support of the
2025	defendant's plea of guilty with a mental condition and the parties do not stipulate to
2026	Subsection (1)(a)(i), upon the request of the prosecutor before the hearing described
2027	in Subsection (1)(b), the court shall order the defendant to submit to an examination
2028	by:
2029	(i) the department if the offense is a felony; or
2030	(ii) the department or a forensic evaluator if the offense is a misdemeanor.
2031	(b) The petitioner or other party, as directed by the court or requested by the department,
2032	shall provide to the private mental health evaluation provider nonmedical information
2033	and materials relevant to a treatment assessment, including the charging document,
2034	arrest or incident reports pertaining to the charged offense, known criminal history

2035 information, and known prior mental health evaluations and treatments. 2036 (c) For purposes of a guilty with a mental condition evaluation, a custodian of mental 2037 health records pertaining to the defendant, including the defendant's prior mental 2038 health evaluations or records relating to the defendant's substance use disorder, may 2039 provide the records to: 2040 (i) with the defendant's consent, a private mental health evaluation provider or the 2041 department on the department's request; or 2042 (ii) pursuant to an order of the court, a private mental health evaluation provider. 2043 (4) If a court finds that a defendant was guilty with a mental condition at the time of the 2044 offense in accordance with Subsection (1)(c)(i) but would not benefit from available 2045 supervision or treatment, the court shall hold a sentencing hearing within 45 days of the 2046 entry of the defendant's plea of guilty with a mental condition. 2047 (5)(a) If a court finds that a defendant had a mental condition at the time of the 2048 commission of the offense, the defendant could benefit from supervision or 2049 treatment, and has entered a plea of guilty with a mental condition in accordance with 2050 Subsection (1)(c)(i), the court: 2051 (i) shall order: 2052 (A) the department to provide a treatment assessment of the defendant and to 2053 submit to the court treatment recommendations for the defendant; or 2054 (B) the defendant to arrange for a treatment assessment of the defendant with a 2055 private provider and for the private provider to submit to the court treatment 2056 recommendations for the defendant; 2057 (ii) shall schedule a treatment review hearing within 30 days after the day on which 2058 the court entered the plea of guilty with a mental condition; and 2059 (iii) may defer sentencing for up to one year in accordance with Subsection (6), if the 2060 defendant consents to a deferred sentence. 2061 (b) The petitioner or other party, as directed by the court or requested by the department, 2062 shall provide to the treatment assessment provider nonmedical information and 2063 materials relevant to a treatment assessment, including the charging document, arrest 2064 or incident reports pertaining to the charged offense, known criminal history 2065 information, and known prior mental health evaluations and treatments. 2066 (c) For purposes of a guilty with a mental condition treatment assessment, a custodian of 2067 mental health records pertaining to the defendant, including the defendant's prior 2068 mental health evaluations or records relating to the defendant's substance use

2069	disorder, may provide the records to:
2070	(i) with the defendant's consent, a treatment assessment provider or the department on
2071	the department's request; or
2072	(ii) pursuant to an order of the court, a treatment assessment provider.
2073	(d) At the treatment review hearing described in Subsection (5)(a)(ii), the court shall:
2074	(i) consider all available diagnosis, treatment, and supervision recommendations;
2075	(ii) if a party does not agree with treatment recommendations issued by the
2076	department under Subsection (5)(a)(i)(A), hold a hearing on the issue of the
2077	department's recommendations and make appropriate modifications to the
2078	recommendations if necessary; and
2079	(iii) order the defendant to comply with all treatment and supervision
2080	recommendations that are in the best interest of the defendant and public safety.
2081	(e)(i) In determining treatment and supervision recommendations under Subsection
2082	(5)(d), the court may order the defendant to be placed in a secure setting as
2083	described in Subsections (5)(e)(ii) and (iii) if the court finds that the placement
2084	would be in the best interest of the defendant, a victim of the defendant, or public
2085	safety.
2086	(ii)(A) If the offense is a class C misdemeanor, the court may not place the
2087	defendant in a secure setting for more than 90 days.
2088	(B) If the offense is a class B misdemeanor, the court may not place the defendant
2089	in a secure setting for more than six months.
2090	(C) If the offense is a class A misdemeanor or a felony, the court may place the
2091	defendant in a secure setting for up to one year.
2092	(iii) The court shall, before making a determination as to a secure setting placement,
2093	notify the executive director of the proposed placement and provide the
2094	department with an opportunity to:
2095	(A) evaluate the defendant; and
2096	(B) make a recommendation regarding placement to the court.
2097	(f) If the court determines that the defendant is eligible for supervised release as part of
2098	the defendant's treatment and supervision recommendations under Subsection (5)(d),
2099	except as provided in Section 76-3-406, the court may order:
2100	(i) if the offense is a felony:
2101	(A) supervision by the Division of Adult Probation and Parole created in Section
2102	64-14-202, or a third party that is approved by the Division of Adult Probation

2103	and Parole, for a period of up to one year in accordance with the applicable
2104	supervision provisions described in Title 64, Chapter 13, Department of
2105	Corrections - State Prison, and Title 64, Chapter 14, Adult Probation and Parole;
2106	and
2107	(B) mental health supervision by:
2108	(I) the department or a local mental health authority; or
2109	(II) if the court determines that it is appropriate, a public or private entity that
2110	provides mental or behavioral health services and is approved by the; or
2111	(ii) if the offense is a misdemeanor, mental health supervision by:
2112	(A) a local mental health authority; or
2113	(B) if the court determines that it is appropriate, a public or private entity that
2114	provides mental or behavioral health services and is approved by the
2115	department.
2116	(g)(i) After the initial review hearing described in Subsection (5)(a), the court shall
2117	hold periodic review hearings approximately every 90 days, the frequency of
2118	which may be modified by the court.
2119	(ii) At a review hearing described in Subsection (5)(g)(i):
2120	(A) the department or the department's designee shall report on the progress of the
2121	defendant, provide recommendations for the defendant's future care, treatment,
2122	and secure or unsecure placement, and advise the court on the medical
2123	necessity of treatments for the defendant;
2124	(B) the court shall review the status of the defendant and determine whether any
2125	changes are needed to the defendant's supervision or treatment plan; and
2126	(C) a party may request, if the party has a good faith basis, that the court review or
2127	change the defendant's placement within a secure or non-secure setting.
2128	(h) If a defendant is willfully non-compliant with the treatment or supervision ordered
2129	by the court under this Subsection (5), the court shall hold an order to show cause
2130	hearing to determine whether the court should:
2131	(i) proceed with sentencing under Subsection (6);
2132	(ii) change the defendant's placement to a secure setting;
2133	(iii) impose another sanction; or
2134	(iv) take no action.
2135	(6)(a) The court shall defer sentencing for a defendant who has pleaded guilty with a
2136	mental condition as described in Subsection (5) until:

2137	(i) the court determines, after an order to show cause hearing or a review hearing as
2138	described in Subsection (5), that:
2139	(A) the defendant is willfully non-compliant with treatment or supervision and is
2140	unlikely to become compliant with further ordered treatment or supervision; or
2141	(B) the defendant has reached the maximum benefit of treatment and supervision;
2142	or
2143	(ii) one year has elapsed after the day on which the court entered the defendant's plea
2144	of guilty with a mental condition.
2145	(b) At the sentencing hearing, the court shall:
2146	(i) consider all treatment and supervision that has occurred before the sentencing
2147	hearing in the defendant's case;
2148	(ii) credit any time the defendant has spent in a mental health facility or other
2149	residential treatment facility or a secure facility against the defendant's sentence;
2150	(iii) consider victim input;
2151	(iv) consider the best interests of the defendant, including which sentence will help
2152	prevent the defendant:
2153	(A) from losing the defendant's ability to control the defendant's state of mental
2154	health; and
2155	(B) from committing additional criminal conduct related to the defendant's mental
2156	condition;
2157	(v) consider the best interest of public safety; and
2158	(vi) consider any other relevant factor or circumstance.
2159	(7)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), after a defendant who has been
2160	sentenced under Subsection (6) has completed the defendant's sentence and any
2161	probation or parole:
2162	(i) notwithstanding the contrary provisions in Subsection 76-3-402(4) or 76-3-406(1),
2163	the court has jurisdiction to enter a judgment of conviction and shall reduce the
2164	judgment of conviction for the offense by two degrees from the original offense;
2165	and
2166	(ii) notwithstanding the contrary provisions in Subsection 76-3-402(4) or 76-3-406
2167	(1), if the prosecuting attorney specifically agrees in writing or on the court record
2168	at any time, the court has jurisdiction to consider and enter a judgment of
2169	conviction and may enter a judgment of conviction for the offense that is reduced
2170	by up to three degrees from the original offense.

2171	(b) If a defendant's probation is revoked and any suspended sentence is imposed, the
2172	defendant may not receive a reduction under this Subsection (7).
2173	(8)(a)(i) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(a)(iv), when the offense is a state
2174	offense, expenses of examination, observation, and treatment for the defendant
2175	shall be paid by the department when not paid for by the defendant's insurance.
2176	(ii) Travel expenses shall be paid by the county where prosecution is commenced.
2177	(iii) Expenses of examination for a defendant charged with a violation of a municipal
2178	or county ordinance shall be paid by the municipality or county that commenced
2179	the prosecution.
2180	(iv) The department is not responsible for payment for an evaluation described in
2181	Subsection (3)(a)(ii) that is conducted by a forensic evaluator who is privately
2182	retained by a party.
2183	(b)(i) Provisions in this part for the support at public expense of a defendant with a
2184	mental condition do not release an insurer of a defendant with a mental condition
2185	from liability for the care or treatment of the defendant with a mental condition.
2186	(ii) The department is authorized to collect amounts spent on a defendant with a
2187	mental condition from an insurer of the defendant with a mental condition.
2188	(iii) A health insurance company may not deny coverage for court-ordered treatment
2189	or supervision of a defendant with a mental condition solely based on the fact that
2190	the treatment or supervision is ordered by a court if the treatment or supervision is
2191	medically necessary and would otherwise be a covered benefit under the
2192	defendant's insurance plan.
2193	(9) A guilty with a mental condition evaluation conducted under this section is also subject
2194	to the procedural requirements of Subsections 77-15-5(8) through (11) and 77-15-6(4)(a).
2195	Section 34. Section 77-16a-205 is amended to read:
2196	77-16a-205 . Parole.
2197	(1) When an offender with a mental condition who has been committed to the department
2198	becomes eligible to be considered for parole, the board shall request a recommendation
2199	from the executive director and from UDC before placing the offender on parole.
2200	(2) Before setting a parole date, the board shall request that its mental health adviser
2201	prepare a report regarding the offender with a mental condition, including:
2202	(a) all available clinical facts;
2203	(b) the diagnosis;
2204	(c) the course of treatment received at the mental health facility;

- 2205 (d) the prognosis for remission of symptoms;
- 2206 (e) potential for recidivism;
- 2207 (f) an estimation of the dangerousness of the offender with a mental condition either to 2208 self or others; and
- (g) recommendations for future treatment.
- 2210 (3) Based on the report described in Subsection (2), the board may place the offender with a
- mental condition on parole. The board may require mental health treatment as a
- condition of parole. If treatment is ordered, failure to continue treatment, except by
- agreement with the treatment provider, and the board, is a basis for initiation of parole
- violation hearings by the board.
- 2215 (4)(a) [UDC, through Adult Probation and Parole,] The Division of Adult Probation and
- 2216 <u>Parole created in Section 64-14-202</u> shall monitor the status of an offender with a
- mental condition who has been placed on parole.[-]
- 2218 (b) UDC may provide treatment by contracting with the department, a local mental
- health authority, any other public or private provider, or in-house staff.
- 2220 (5) The board may not subsequently reduce the period of parole without considering an
- 2221 updated report on the offender's current mental condition.
- Section 35. Section 77-18-102 is amended to read:
- 2223 **77-18-102** . Definitions.
- As used in this chapter:
- 2225 (1) "Assessment" means the same as the term "risk and needs assessment" in Section 77-1-3.
- 2226 (2) "Board" means the Board of Pardons and Parole.
- 2227 (3) "Civil accounts receivable" means the same as that term is defined in Section
- 2228 77-32b-102.
- 2229 (4) "Civil judgment of restitution" means the same as that term is defined in Section
- 2230 77-32b-102.
- 2231 (5) "Convicted" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-3-201.
- 2232 (6) "Criminal accounts receivable" means the same as that term is defined in Section
- 2233 77-32b-102.
- 2234 (7) "Default" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-32b-102.
- 2235 (8) "Delinquent" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-32b-102.
- 2236 (9) "Department" means the Department of Corrections created in Section 64-13-2.
- 2237 (10) "Division" means the Division of Adult Probation and Parole created in Section
- 2238 64-14-202.

2239	[(10)] (11) "Habitual offender" means an individual who has been convicted in:
2240	(a) at least six cases for one or more felony offenses in each case; and
2241	(b) each case described in Subsection $[(10)(a)]$ (11)(a) within five years before the day on
2242	which the defendant is convicted of the felony offense before the court.
2243	[(11)] (12) "Payment schedule" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2244	77-32b-102.
2245	[(12)] (13) "Restitution" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-38b-102.
2246	[(13)] (14) "Screening" means a tool or questionnaire that is designed to determine whether
2247	an individual needs further assessment or any additional resource or referral for
2248	treatment.
2249	[(14)] (15) "Substance use disorder treatment" means treatment obtained through a
2250	substance use disorder program that is licensed by the Office of Licensing within the
2251	Department of Health and Human Services.
2252	Section 36. Section 77-18-105 is amended to read:
2253	77-18-105. Pleas held in abeyance Suspension of a sentence Probation
2254	Supervision Terms and conditions of probation Time periods for probation Bench
2255	supervision for payments on criminal accounts receivable.
2256	(1) If a defendant enters a plea of guilty or no contest in conjunction with a plea in
2257	abeyance agreement, the court may hold the plea in abeyance:
2258	(a) in accordance with Chapter 2a, Pleas in Abeyance; and
2259	(b) under the terms of the plea in abeyance agreement.
2260	(2) If a defendant is convicted, the court:
2261	(a) shall impose a sentence in accordance with Section 76-3-201; and
2262	(b) subject to Subsection (5), may suspend the execution of the sentence and place the
2263	defendant:
2264	(i) on probation under the supervision of the [department] division;
2265	(ii) on probation under the supervision of an agency of a local government or a
2266	private organization; or
2267	(iii) on court probation under the jurisdiction of the sentencing court.
2268	(3)(a) The legal custody of all probationers under the supervision of the [department]
2269	<u>division</u> is with the department.
2270	(b) The legal custody of all probationers under the jurisdiction of the sentencing court is
2271	vested as ordered by the court.
2272	(c) The court has continuing jurisdiction over all probationers.

2273	(4)(a) Court probation may include an administrative level of services, including
2274	notification to the sentencing court of scheduled periodic reviews of the probationer's
2275	compliance with conditions.
2276	(b) Supervised probation services provided by the [department] division, an agency of a
2277	local government, or a private organization shall specifically address the defendant's
2278	risk of reoffending as identified by a screening or an assessment.
2279	(c) If a court orders supervised probation and determines that a public probation
2280	provider is unavailable or inappropriate to supervise the defendant, the court shall
2281	make available to the defendant the list of private probation providers prepared by a
2282	criminal justice coordinating council under Section 17-55-201.
2283	(5)(a) Before ordering supervised probation, the court shall consider the supervision
2284	costs to the defendant for each entity that can supervise the defendant.
2285	(b)(i) A court may order an agency of a local government to supervise the probation
2286	for an individual convicted of any crime if:
2287	(A) the agency has the capacity to supervise the individual; and
2288	(B) the individual's supervision needs will be met by the agency.
2289	(ii) A court may only order:
2290	(A) the [department] division to supervise the probation for an individual
2291	convicted of a class A misdemeanor or any felony; or
2292	(B) a private organization to supervise the probation for an individual convicted or
2293	a class A, B, or C misdemeanor or an infraction.
2294	(c) A court may not order a specific private organization to supervise an individual
2295	unless there is only one private organization that can provide the specific supervision
2296	services required to meet the individual's supervision needs.
2297	(6)(a) If a defendant is placed on probation, the court may order the defendant as a
2298	condition of the defendant's probation:
2299	(i) to provide for the support of persons for whose support the defendant is legally
2300	liable;
2301	(ii) to participate in available treatment programs, including any treatment program in
2302	which the defendant is currently participating if the program is acceptable to the
2303	court;
2304	(iii) be voluntarily admitted to the custody of the Division of Substance [Abuse] <u>Use</u>
2305	and Mental Health for treatment at the Utah State Hospital in accordance with
2306	Section 77-18-106;

2307	(iv) if the defendant is on probation for a felony offense, to serve a period of time as
2308	an initial condition of probation that does not exceed one year in a county jail
2309	designated by the department, after considering any recommendation by the court
2310	as to which jail the court finds most appropriate;
2311	(v) to serve a term of home confinement in accordance with Section 77-18-107;
2312	(vi) to participate in compensatory service programs, including the compensatory
2313	service program described in Section 76-3-410;
2314	(vii) to pay for the costs of investigation, probation, or treatment services;
2315	(viii) to pay restitution to a victim with interest in accordance with Chapter 38b,
2316	Crime Victims Restitution Act; or
2317	(ix) to comply with other terms and conditions the court considers appropriate to
2318	ensure public safety or increase a defendant's likelihood of success on probation.
2319	(b)(i) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(a)(iv), the court may modify the probation of a
2320	defendant to include a period of time that is served in a county jail immediately
2321	before the termination of probation as long as that period of time does not exceed
2322	one year.
2323	(ii) If a defendant is ordered to serve time in a county jail as a sanction for a
2324	probation violation, the one-year limitation described in Subsection (6)(a)(iv) or
2325	(6)(b)(i) does not apply to the period of time that the court orders the defendant to
2326	serve in a county jail under this Subsection (6)(b)(ii).
2327	(7)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), probation of an individual placed on
2328	probation after December 31, 2018:
2329	(i) may not exceed the individual's maximum sentence;
2330	(ii) shall be for a period of time that is in accordance with the adult sentencing and
2331	supervision length guidelines, as defined in Section 63M-7-401.1, to the extent the
2332	guidelines are consistent with the requirements of the law; and
2333	(iii) shall be terminated in accordance with the adult sentencing and supervision
2334	length guidelines, as defined in Section 63M-7-401.1, to the extent the guidelines
2335	are consistent with the requirements of the law.
2336	(b) Probation of an individual placed on probation after December 31, 2018, whose
2337	maximum sentence is one year or less, may not exceed 36 months.
2338	(c) Probation of an individual placed on probation on or after October 1, 2015, but
2339	before January 1, 2019, may be terminated at any time at the discretion of the court
2340	or upon completion without violation of 36 months probation in felony or class A

2341	misdemeanor cases, 12 months in cases of class B or C misdemeanors or infractions,
2342	or as allowed in accordance with Section 64-13-21 regarding earned credits.
2343	(d) This Subsection (7) does not apply to the probation of an individual convicted of an
2344	offense for criminal nonsupport under Section 76-7-201.
2345	(8)(a) Notwithstanding Subsection (7), if there is an unpaid balance of the criminal
2346	accounts receivable for the defendant upon termination of the probation period for
2347	the defendant under Subsection (7), the court may require the defendant to continue
2348	to make payments towards the criminal accounts receivable in accordance with the
2349	payment schedule established by the court under Section 77-32b-103.
2350	(b) A court may not require the defendant to make payments as described in Subsection
2351	(8)(a) beyond the expiration of the defendant's sentence.
2352	(c) If the court requires a defendant to continue to pay in accordance with the payment
2353	schedule for the criminal accounts receivable under this Subsection (8) and the
2354	defendant defaults on the criminal accounts receivable, the court shall proceed with
2355	an order for a civil judgment of restitution and a civil accounts receivable for the
2356	defendant as described in Section 77-18-114.
2357	(d)(i) Upon a motion from the prosecuting attorney, the victim, or upon the court's
2358	own motion, the court may require a defendant to show cause as to why the
2359	defendant's failure to pay in accordance with the payment schedule should not be
2360	treated as contempt of court.
2361	(ii) A court may hold a defendant in contempt for failure to make payments for a
2362	criminal accounts receivable in accordance with Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 3,
2363	Contempt.
2364	(e) This Subsection (8) does not apply to the probation of an individual convicted of an
2365	offense for criminal nonsupport under Section 76-7-201.
2366	(9) When making any decision regarding probation:
2367	(a) the court shall consider information provided by the Department of Corrections
2368	regarding a defendant's individual case action plan, including any progress the
2369	defendant has made in satisfying the case action plan's completion requirements; and
2370	(b) the court may not rely solely on an algorithm or a risk assessment tool score.
2371	Section 37. Section 77-18-107 is amended to read:
2372	77-18-107. Home confinement Electronic monitoring for home confinement.
2373	(1) The court may order home confinement as a condition of probation under the
2374	supervision of the [department] division, except as provided in Sections 76-3-406 and

2375		76-5-406.5.
2376	(2)	The department shall establish procedures and standards for home confinement for all
2377		defendants supervised by the [department] division for home confinement.
2378	(3)	If the court places the defendant on probation and orders the defendant to participate in
2379		home confinement under Subsection (1), the court may order the defendant to participate
2380		in home confinement through the use of electronic monitoring until further order of the
2381		court.
2382	(4)	The electronic monitoring of a defendant shall alert the [department] division and the
2383		appropriate law enforcement agency of the defendant's whereabouts.
2384	(5)	An electronic monitoring device shall be used under conditions that require:
2385		(a) the defendant to wear an electronic monitoring device at all times; and
2386		(b) the device be placed in the home of the defendant to monitor the defendant's
2387		compliance with the court's order.
2388	(6)	If a court orders a defendant to participate in home confinement through electronic
2389		monitoring as a condition of probation under Subsection (3), the court shall:
2390		(a) place the defendant on probation under the supervision of the [department] division;
2391		(b) order the [department] division to place an electronic monitoring device on the
2392		defendant and install electronic monitoring equipment in the residence of the
2393		defendant; and
2394		(c) order the defendant to pay the costs associated with home confinement to the
2395		department or the program provider.
2396	(7)	The department shall pay the costs of home confinement through electronic monitoring
2397		only for an individual who is determined to be indigent by the court.
2398	(8)	The department may provide the electronic monitoring described in this section directly
2399		or by contract with a private provider.
2400		Section 38. Section 77-18-108 is amended to read:
2401		77-18-108. Termination, revocation, modification, or extension of probation
2402	Vic	olation of probation Hearing on violation.
2403	(1)	(a) The [department] division shall send a written notice to the court:
2404		(i) when the [department] division is recommending termination of supervision for a
2405		defendant; or
2406		(ii) before a defendant's supervision will be terminated by law.
2407		(b) The written notice under this Subsection (1) shall include:
2408		(i) a probation progress report; and

2409	(ii) if the department is responsible for the collection of the defendant's criminal
2410	accounts receivable, a summary of the criminal accounts receivable, including the
2411	amount of restitution ordered and the amount of restitution that has been paid.
2412	(c)(i) Upon receipt of the written notice under Subsection (1)(a), the court shall:
2413	(A) file the written notice on the docket; and
2414	(B) provide notice to all parties in the criminal case.
2415	(ii) A party shall have a reasonable opportunity to respond to the written notice under
2416	Subsection (1)(a).
2417	(d) If a defendant's probation is being terminated, and the defendant's criminal accounts
2418	receivable has an unpaid balance or there is any outstanding debt with the
2419	department, the department shall send a written notice to the Office of State Debt
2420	Collection with a summary of the defendant's criminal accounts receivable, including
2421	the amount of restitution ordered and the amount of restitution that has been paid.
2422	(2)(a) The court may modify the defendant's probation in accordance with the adult
2423	sentencing and supervision length guidelines, as defined in Section 63M-7-401.1.
2424	(b) The court may not:
2425	(i) extend the length of a defendant's probation, except upon:
2426	(A) waiver of a hearing by the defendant; or
2427	(B) a hearing and a finding by the court that the defendant has violated the terms
2428	of probation;
2429	(ii) revoke a defendant's probation, except upon a hearing and a finding by the court
2430	that the terms of probation have been violated; or
2431	(iii) terminate a defendant's probation before expiration of the probation period until
2432	the court:
2433	(A) reviews the docket to determine whether the defendant owes a balance on the
2434	defendant's criminal accounts receivable; and
2435	(B) enters a finding of whether the defendant owes restitution under Section
2436	77-38b-205.
2437	(c) The court may find under Subsection (2)(b)(iii)(B) that the defendant does not owe
2438	restitution if no request for restitution has been filed with the court.
2439	(3)(a) Upon the filing of an affidavit, or an unsworn written declaration executed in
2440	substantial compliance with Title 78B, Chapter 18a, Uniform Unsworn Declarations
2441	Act, alleging with particularity facts asserted to constitute violation of the terms of a
2442	defendant's probation, the court shall determine if the affidavit or unsworn written

2443	declaration establishes probable cause to believe that revocation, modification, or
2444	extension of the defendant's probation is justified.
2445	(b)(i) If the court determines there is probable cause, the court shall order that the
2446	defendant be served with:
2447	(A) a warrant for the defendant's arrest or a copy of the affidavit or unsworn
2448	written declaration; and
2449	(B) an order to show cause as to why the defendant's probation should not be
2450	revoked, modified, or extended.
2451	(ii) The order under Subsection (3)(b)(i)(B) shall:
2452	(A) be served upon the defendant at least five days before the day on which the
2453	hearing is held;
2454	(B) specify the time and place of the hearing; and
2455	(C) inform the defendant of the right to be represented by counsel at the hearing,
2456	the right to have counsel appointed if the defendant is indigent, and the right to
2457	present evidence at the hearing.
2458	(iii) The defendant shall show good cause for a continuance of the hearing.
2459	(c) At the hearing, the defendant shall admit or deny the allegations of the affidavit or
2460	unsworn written declaration.
2461	(d)(i) If the defendant denies the allegations of the affidavit or unsworn written
2462	declaration, the prosecuting attorney shall present evidence on the allegations.
2463	(ii) If the affidavit, or unsworn written declaration, alleges that a defendant is
2464	delinquent, or in default, on a criminal accounts receivable, the prosecuting
2465	attorney shall present evidence to establish, by a preponderance of the evidence,
2466	that the defendant:
2467	(A) was aware of the defendant's obligation to pay the balance of the criminal
2468	accounts receivable;
2469	(B) failed to pay on the balance of the criminal accounts receivable as ordered by
2470	the court; and
2471	(C) had the ability to make a payment on the balance of the criminal accounts
2472	receivable if the defendant opposes an order to show cause, in writing, and
2473	presents evidence that the defendant was unable to make a payment on the
2474	balance of the criminal accounts receivable.
2475	(e) The persons who have given adverse information on which the allegations are based

shall be presented as witnesses subject to questioning by the defendant, unless the

2477	court for good cause otherwise orders.
2478	(f) At the hearing, the defendant may:
2479	(i) call witnesses;
2480	(ii) appear and speak in the defendant's own behalf; and
2481	(iii) present evidence.
2482	(g)(i) After the hearing, the court shall make findings of fact.
2483	(ii) Upon a finding that the defendant violated the terms of the defendant's probation,
2484	the court may order the defendant's probation terminated, revoked, modified,
2485	continued, or reinstated for all or a portion of the original term of probation.
2486	(4)(a)(i) Except as provided in Subsection 77-18-105(7), the court may not require a
2487	defendant to remain on probation for a period of time that exceeds the length of
2488	the defendant's maximum sentence.
2489	(ii) Except as provided in Subsection 77-18-105(7), if a defendant's probation is
2490	revoked and later reinstated, the total time of all periods of probation that the
2491	defendant serves, in relation to the same sentence, may not exceed the defendant's
2492	maximum sentence.
2493	(b) If the court orders a sanction for a defendant who violated terms of probation, the
2494	court may:
2495	(i) order a period of incarceration that is consistent with the adult sentencing and
2496	supervision length guidelines, as defined in Section 63M-7-401.1;
2497	(ii) order a period of incarceration that deviates from the guidelines with an
2498	explanation for the deviation on the record;
2499	(iii) order treatment services that are immediately available in the community for a
2500	defendant that needs substance abuse or mental health treatment, as determined by
2501	a screening and assessment;
2502	(iv) execute the sentence previously imposed; or
2503	(v) order any other appropriate sanction.
2504	(c) If the defendant had, before the imposition of a term of incarceration or the execution
2505	of the previously imposed sentence under this section, served time in jail as a term of
2506	probation or due to a violation of probation, the time that the defendant served in jail
2507	constitutes service of time toward the sentence previously imposed.
2508	(5)(a) Any time served by a defendant:
2509	(i) outside of confinement after having been charged with a probation violation, and
2510	before a hearing to revoke probation, does not constitute service of time toward

2511	the total probation term, unless the defendant is exonerated at a hearing to revoke
2512	the defendant's probation;
2513	(ii) in confinement awaiting a hearing or a decision concerning revocation of the
2514	defendant's probation does not constitute service of time toward the total
2515	probation term, unless the defendant is exonerated at the hearing to revoke
2516	probation; or
2517	(iii) in confinement awaiting a hearing or a decision concerning revocation of the
2518	defendant's probation constitutes service of time toward a term of incarceration
2519	imposed as a result of the revocation of probation or a graduated and
2520	evidence-based response imposed under the adult sentencing and supervision
2521	length guidelines, as defined in Section 63M-7-401.1.
2522	(b) The running of the probation period is tolled upon:
2523	(i) the filing of a report with the court alleging a violation of the terms of the
2524	defendant's probation; or
2525	(ii) the issuance of an order or a warrant under Subsection (3).
2526	Section 39. Section 77-18-109 is amended to read:
2527	77-18-109. Standards for supervision and presentence investigation.
2528	(1) The department shall establish supervision and presentence investigation standards for
2529	all individuals referred to the [department] division based on:
2530	(a) the type of offense;
2531	(b) the results of a screening and an assessment;
2532	(c) the demand for services;
2533	(d) the availability of agency resources;
2534	(e) public safety; and
2535	(f) other criteria established by the department to determine what level of services shall
2536	be provided.
2537	(2) The department shall submit proposed supervision and presentence investigation
2538	standards annually to the Judicial Council and the board for review and comment before
2539	the department adopts the standards.
2540	(3) The Judicial Council and the department shall establish procedures for the division to
2541	implement the supervision and presentence investigation standards.
2542	(4) The Judicial Council and the department shall annually consider modifications to the
2543	standards based upon criteria in Subsection (1) and other criteria as the Judicial Council
2544	and the department consider appropriate.

2545	(5) The Judicial Council and the department shall:
2546	(a) annually prepare an impact report; and
2547	(b) submit the impact report to the appropriate legislative appropriations subcommittee.
2548	Section 40. Section 77-20-203 is amended to read:
2549	77-20-203. County sheriff authority to release an individual from jail on own
2550	recognizance.
2551	(1) As used in this section:
2552	(a) "Division" means the Division of Adult Probation and Parole created in Section
2553	64-14-202.
2554	[(a)] (b)(i) "Qualifying domestic violence offense" means the same as that term is
2555	defined in Subsection 77-36-1.1(4).
2556	(ii) "Qualifying domestic violence offense" does not include criminal mischief as
2557	described in Section 76-6-106.
2558	[(b)] (c) "Qualifying offense" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2559	78B-7-801.
2560	[(e)] (d) "Violent felony" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-3-203.5.
2561	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a county jail official may release an individual
2562	from a jail facility on the individual's own recognizance if:
2563	(a) the individual was arrested without a warrant;
2564	(b) the individual was not arrested for:
2565	(i) a violent felony;
2566	(ii) a qualifying offense;
2567	(iii) the offense of driving under the influence or driving with a measurable
2568	controlled substance in the body if the offense results in death or serious bodily
2569	injury to an individual; or
2570	(iv) an offense described in Subsection 76-9-101(4);
2571	(c) law enforcement has not submitted a probable cause statement to a court or
2572	magistrate;
2573	(d) the individual agrees in writing to appear for any future criminal proceedings related
2574	to the arrest; and
2575	(e) the individual qualifies for release under the written policy described in Subsection
2576	(4) for the county.
2577	(3) A county jail official may not release an individual from a jail facility if the individual is
2578	subject to a 72-hour hold placed on the individual by the Department of Corrections as

2579	described in Section [64-13-29] <u>64-14-205</u> .
2580	(4)(a) A county sheriff shall create and approve a written policy for the county that
2581	governs the release of an individual on the individual's own recognizance.
2582	(b) The written policy shall describe the criteria an individual shall meet to be released
2583	on the individual's own recognizance.
2584	(c) A county sheriff may include in the written policy the criteria for release relating to:
2585	(i) criminal history;
2586	(ii) prior instances of failing to appear for a mandatory court appearance;
2587	(iii) current employment;
2588	(iv) residency;
2589	(v) ties to the community;
2590	(vi) an offense for which the individual was arrested;
2591	(vii) any potential criminal charges that have not yet been filed;
2592	(viii) the individual's health condition;
2593	(ix) any potential risks to a victim, a witness, or the public; and
2594	(x) any other similar factor a sheriff determines is relevant.
2595	(5)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b)(ii), a jail facility shall detain an
2596	individual for up to 24 hours from booking if:
2597	(i) the individual is on supervised probation or parole and that information is
2598	reasonably available; and
2599	(ii) the individual was arrested for:
2600	(A) a violent felony; or
2601	(B) a qualifying domestic violence offense.
2602	(b) The jail facility shall:
2603	(i) notify the entity supervising the individual's probation or parole that the individual
2604	is being detained; and
2605	(ii) release the individual:
2606	(A) to the [Department of Corrections if the Department of Corrections] division if
2607	the division supervises the individual and requests the individual's release; or
2608	(B) if a court or magistrate orders release.
2609	(c) This Subsection (5) does not prohibit a jail facility from holding the individual in
2610	accordance with this chapter for a new criminal offense.
2611	(6) This section does not prohibit a court and a county from entering into an agreement
2612	regarding release.

2613 Section 41. Section **77-20-204** is amended to read: 2614 77-20-204. County jail authority to release an individual from jail on monetary 2615 bail. (1) As used in this section, "eligible felony offense" means a third degree felony violation 2616 2617 under: 2618 (a) Section 23A-4-501 or 23A-4-502; 2619 (b) Section 23A-5-311; 2620 (c) Section 23A-5-313; 2621 (d) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 4, Theft; 2622 (e) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 5, Fraud; 2623 (f) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 6, Retail Theft; 2624 (g) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 7, Utah Computer Crimes Act; 2625 (h) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 8, Library Theft; (i) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 9, Cultural Sites Protection; 2626 2627 (i) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 10, Mail Box Damage and Mail Theft; 2628 (k) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 11, Identity Fraud Act; 2629 (1) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 12, Utah Mortgage Fraud Act: 2630 (m) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 13, Utah Automated Sales Suppression Device Act; 2631 (n) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 14, Regulation of Metal Dealers; 2632 (o) Title 76, Chapter 6a, Pyramid Scheme Act; 2633 (p) Title 76, Chapter 7, Offenses Against the Family; 2634 (q) Title 76, Chapter 7a, Abortion Prohibition; 2635 (r) Title 76, Chapter 9, Part 2, Electronic Communication and Telephone Abuse; 2636 (s) Title 76, Chapter 9, Part 3, Cruelty to Animals; 2637 (t) Title 76, Chapter 9, Part 4, Offenses Against Privacy; 2638 (u) Title 76, Chapter 9, Part 5, Libel; or 2639 (v) Title 76, Chapter 9, Part 6, Offenses Against the Flag. 2640 (2) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(a), a county jail official may fix a financial 2641 condition for an individual if: 2642 (a)(i) the individual is ineligible to be released on the individual's own recognizance 2643 under Section 77-20-203; 2644 (ii) the individual is arrested for, or charged with: 2645 (A) a misdemeanor offense under state law; or 2646 (B) a violation of a city or county ordinance that is classified as a class B or C

2647	misdemeanor offense;
2648	(iii) the individual agrees in writing to appear for any future criminal proceedings
2649	related to the arrest; and
2650	(iv) law enforcement has not submitted a probable cause statement to a magistrate; or
2651	(b)(i) the individual is arrested for, or charged with, an eligible felony offense;
2652	(ii) the individual is not on pretrial release for a separate criminal offense;
2653	(iii) the individual is not on probation or parole;
2654	(iv) the primary risk posed by the individual is the risk of failure to appear;
2655	(v) the individual agrees in writing to appear for any future criminal proceedings
2656	related to the arrest; and
2657	(vi) law enforcement has not submitted a probable cause statement to a magistrate.
2658	(3) A county jail official may not fix a financial condition at a monetary amount that
2659	exceeds:
2660	(a) \$5,000 for an eligible felony offense;
2661	(b) \$1,950 for a class A misdemeanor offense;
2662	(c) \$680 for a class B misdemeanor offense;
2663	(d) \$340 for a class C misdemeanor offense;
2664	(e) \$150 for a violation of a city or county ordinance that is classified as a class B
2665	misdemeanor; or
2666	(f) \$80 for a violation of a city or county ordinance that is classified as a class C
2667	misdemeanor.
2668	(4) If an individual is arrested for more than one offense, and the county jail official fixes a
2669	financial condition for release:
2670	(a) the county jail official shall fix the financial condition at a single monetary amount;
2671	and
2672	(b) the single monetary amount may not exceed the monetary amount under Subsection
2673	(3) for the highest level of offense for which the individual is arrested.
2674	(5) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), an individual shall be released if the individual
2675	posts a financial condition fixed by a county jail official in accordance with this section.
2676	(6) If a county jail official fixes a financial condition for an individual, law enforcement
2677	shall submit a probable cause statement in accordance with Rule 9 of the Utah Rules of
2678	Criminal Procedure after the county jail official fixes the financial condition.
2679	(7) Once a magistrate begins a review of an individual's case under Rule 9 of the Utah
2680	Rules of Criminal Procedure:

2681	(a) a county jail official may not fix or modify a financial condition for an individual;
2682	and
2683	(b) if a county jail official fixed a financial condition for the individual before the
2684	magistrate's review, the individual may no longer be released on the financial
2685	condition.
2686	(8) A jail facility may not release an individual subject to a 72-hour hold placed on the
2687	individual by the Department of Corrections as described in Section [64-13-29]
2688	<u>64-14-205</u> .
2689	(9) This section does not prohibit a court and a county from entering into an agreement
2690	regarding release.
2691	Section 42. Section 77-27-10 is amended to read:
2692	77-27-10. Conditions of parole Inmate agreement to warrant Rulemaking
2693	Intensive early release parole program.
2694	(1)(a) When the Board of Pardons and Parole releases an offender on parole, it shall, in
2695	accordance with Section [64-13-21] 64-14-204, issue to the parolee a certificate
2696	setting forth the conditions of parole, including the graduated and evidence-based
2697	responses to a violation of a condition of parole established in the adult sentencing
2698	and supervision length guidelines, as defined in Section 63M-7-401.1, which the
2699	offender shall accept and agree to as evidenced by the offender's signature affixed to
2700	the agreement.
2701	(b) The parole agreement shall require that the inmate agree in writing that the board
2702	may issue a warrant and conduct a parole revocation hearing if:
2703	(i) the board determines after the grant of parole that the inmate willfully provided to
2704	the board false or inaccurate information that the board finds was significant in the
2705	board's determination to grant parole; or
2706	(ii)(A) the inmate has engaged in criminal conduct prior to the granting of parole;
2707	and
2708	(B) the board did not have information regarding the conduct at the time parole
2709	was granted.
2710	(c)(i) A copy of the agreement shall be delivered to the Department of Corrections
2711	and a copy shall be given to the parolee.
2712	(ii) The original agreement shall remain with the board's file.
2713	(2)(a) If an offender convicted of violating or attempting to violate Section 76-5-301.1,
2714	76-5-302, 76-5-402, 76-5-402.1, 76-5-402.2, 76-5-402.3, 76-5-403, 76-5-403.1,

2715	76-5-404, 76-5-404.1, 76-5-404.3, or 76-5-405, is released on parole, the board shall
2716	order outpatient mental health counseling and treatment as a condition of parole.
2717	(b) The board shall develop standards and conditions of parole under this Subsection (2)
2718	in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2719	(c) This Subsection (2) does not apply to intensive early release parole.
2720	(3)(a)(i) In addition to the conditions set out in Subsection (1), the board may place
2721	offenders in an intensive early release parole program.
2722	(ii) The board shall determine the conditions of parole which are reasonably
2723	necessary to protect the community as well as to protect the interests of the
2724	offender and to assist the offender to lead a law-abiding life.
2725	(b) The offender is eligible for this program only if the offender:
2726	(i) has not been convicted of a sexual offense; or
2727	(ii) has not been sentenced pursuant to Section 76-3-406.
2728	(c) The department shall:
2729	(i) make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
2730	Rulemaking Act, for operation of the program;
2731	(ii) adopt and implement internal management policies for operation of the program;
2732	(iii) determine whether or not to refer an offender into this program within 120 days
2733	from the date the offender is committed to prison by the sentencing court; and
2734	(iv) make the final recommendation to the board regarding the placement of an
2735	offender into the program.
2736	(d) The department may not consider credit for time served in a county jail awaiting trial
2737	or sentencing when calculating the 120-day period.
2738	(e) The prosecuting attorney or sentencing court may refer an offender for consideration
2739	by the department for participation in the program.
2740	(f) The board shall determine whether or not to place an offender into this program
2741	within 30 days of receiving the department's recommendation.
2742	(4) This program shall be implemented by the department within the existing budget.
2743	(5) During the time the offender is on parole, the department shall collect from the offender
2744	the monthly supervision fee authorized by Section [64-13-21] 64-14-204.
2745	(6) When a parolee commits a violation of the parole agreement, the department may:
2746	(a) respond in accordance with the graduated and evidence-based responses established
2747	in accordance with Section [64-13-21] 64-14-204; or
2748	(b) when the graduated and evidence-based responses established in accordance with

2749	Section [64-13-21] 64-14-204 indicate, refer the parolee to the Board of Pardons and
2750	Parole for revocation of parole.
2751	Section 43. Section 77-27-10.5 is amended to read:

77-27-10.5 . Special condition of parole -- Penalty.

- 2753 (1) In accordance with Section 77-27-5, the Board of Pardons and Parole may release the
 2754 defendant on parole and as a condition of parole, the board may order the defendant to
 2755 be prohibited from directly or indirectly engaging in any profit or benefit generating
 2756 activity relating to the publication of facts or circumstances pertaining to the defendant's
 2757 involvement in the criminal act for which the defendant is convicted.
- 2758 (2) The order may prohibit the defendant from contracting with any person, firm,
 2759 corporation, partnership, association, or other legal entity with respect to the commission
 2760 and reenactment of the defendant's criminal conduct, by way of a movie, book,
 2761 magazine article, tape recording, phonograph record, radio, or television presentations,
 2762 live entertainment of any kind, or from the expression of the defendant's thoughts,
 2763 feelings, opinions, or emotions regarding the criminal conduct.
- 2764 (3) The board may order that the prohibition includes any event undertaken and
 2765 experienced by the defendant while avoiding apprehension from the authorities or while
 2766 facing criminal charges.
- 2767 (4) The board may order that any action taken by the defendant by way of execution of power of attorney, creation of corporate entities, or other action to avoid compliance with the board's order shall be grounds for revocation of parole as provided in Section 77-27-11.
- 2771 (5) <u>The Division of Adult Probation and Parole created in Section 64-14-202</u> shall notify 2772 the board of any alleged violation of the board's order under this section.
- 2773 (6) The violation of the board's order shall be considered a violation of parole.
- 2774 (7) For purposes of this section:
- 2775 (a) "convicted" means a conviction by entry of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, guilty with a mental condition, no contest, and conviction of any crime or offense; and
- 2777 (b) "defendant" means the convicted defendant, the defendant's assignees, and representatives acting on the defendant's authority.
- Section 44. Section **77-27-11** is amended to read:

77-27-11 . **Revocation of parole.**

2781 (1) The board may revoke the parole of any individual who is found to have violated any condition of the individual's parole.

2783	(2)(a) If a parolee is confined by the department or any law enforcement official for a
2784	suspected violation of parole, the department:
2785	(i) shall immediately report the alleged violation to the board, by means of an
2786	incident report; and
2787	(ii) make any recommendation regarding the incident.
2788	(b) A parolee may not be held for a period longer than 72 hours, excluding weekends
2789	and holidays, without first obtaining a warrant.
2790	(c) The board shall expeditiously consider warrant requests from the department under
2791	Section [64-13-29] <u>64-14-205</u> .
2792	(3) Any member of the board may:
2793	(a) issue a warrant based upon a certified warrant request to a peace officer or other
2794	persons authorized to arrest, detain, and return to actual custody a parolee; and
2795	(b) upon arrest of the parolee, determine, or direct the department to determine, if there
2796	is probable cause to believe that the parolee has violated the conditions of the
2797	parolee's parole.
2798	(4) Upon a finding of probable cause, a parolee may be further detained or imprisoned
2799	again pending a hearing by the board or the board's appointed examiner.
2800	(5)(a) The board or the board's appointed examiner shall conduct a hearing on the
2801	alleged violation, and the parolee shall have written notice of the time and location of
2802	the hearing, the alleged violation of parole, and a statement of the evidence against
2803	the parolee.
2804	(b) The board or the board's appointed examiner shall provide the parolee the
2805	opportunity:
2806	(i) to be present;
2807	(ii) to be heard;
2808	(iii) to present witnesses and documentary evidence;
2809	(iv) to confront and cross-examine adverse witnesses, absent a showing of good
2810	cause for not allowing the confrontation; and
2811	(v) to be represented by counsel when the parolee is mentally incompetent or
2812	pleading not guilty.
2813	(c)(i) If heard by an appointed examiner, the examiner shall make a written decision
2814	which shall include a statement of the facts relied upon by the examiner in
2815	determining the guilt or innocence of the parolee on the alleged violation and a
2816	conclusion as to whether the alleged violation occurred.

2817	(ii) The appointed examiner shall then refer the case to the board for disposition.
2818	(d)(i) A final decision shall be reached by a majority vote of the sitting members of
2819	the board.
2820	(ii) A parolee shall be promptly notified in writing of the board's findings and
2821	decision.
2822	(6)(a) If a parolee is found to have violated the terms of parole, the board, at the board's
2823	discretion, may:
2824	(i) return the parolee to parole;
2825	(ii) modify the payment schedule for the parolee's criminal accounts receivable in
2826	accordance with Section 77-32b-105;
2827	(iii) order the parolee to pay pecuniary damages that are proximately caused by a
2828	defendant's violation of the terms of the defendant's parole;
2829	(iv) order the parolee to be imprisoned, but not to exceed the maximum term of
2830	imprisonment for the parolee's sentence; or
2831	(v) order any other conditions for the parolee.
2832	(b) If the board returns the parolee to parole, the length of parole may not be for a period
2833	of time that exceeds the length of the parolee's maximum sentence.
2834	(c) If the board revokes parole for a violation and orders incarceration, the board may
2835	impose a period of incarceration:
2836	(i) consistent with the adult sentencing and supervision length guidelines, as defined
2837	in Section 63M-7-401.1; or
2838	(ii) subject to Subsection (6)(a)(iv), impose a period of incarceration that differs from
2839	the guidelines.
2840	(d) The following periods of time constitute service of time toward the period of
2841	incarceration imposed under Subsection (6)(c):
2842	(i) time served in jail by a parolee awaiting a hearing or decision concerning
2843	revocation of parole; and
2844	(ii) time served in jail by a parolee due to a violation of parole under Subsection
2845	64-13-6(2).
2846	Section 45. Section 77-32b-102 is amended to read:
2847	77-32b-102 . Definitions.
2848	As used in this chapter:
2849	(1) "Board" means the Board of Pardons and Parole.
2850	(2)(a) "Civil accounts receivable" means any amount of the criminal accounts

2851	receivable that is owed by the defendant that has not been paid on or before the day
2852	on which:
2853	(i) the defendant's sentence is terminated; or
2854	(ii) the court enters an order for a civil accounts receivable under Subsection
2855	77-18-114(1) or (2).
2856	(b) "Civil accounts receivable" does not include any amount of the criminal accounts
2857	receivable that is owed by the defendant for restitution.
2858	(3) "Civil judgment of restitution" means any amount of the criminal accounts receivable
2859	that is owed by the defendant for restitution that has not been paid on or before the day
2860	on which the defendant's sentence is terminated.
2861	(4)(a) "Criminal accounts receivable" means any amount owed by a defendant that
2862	arises from a criminal judgment until:
2863	(i) the defendant's sentence terminates;
2864	(ii) the court enters an order for a civil accounts receivable under Subsection
2865	77-18-114(1) or (2); or
2866	(iii) if the court requires the defendant, upon termination of the probation period for
2867	the defendant, to continue to make payments on the criminal accounts as
2868	described in Subsection 77-18-105(8), the defendant's sentence expires.
2869	(b) "Criminal accounts receivable" includes any unpaid:
2870	(i) fee, including the monthly supervision fee described in Subsection [64-13-21(6)]
2871	64-14-204(6);
2872	(ii) forfeiture;
2873	(iii) surcharge;
2874	(iv) cost;
2875	(v) interest;
2876	(vi) penalty;
2877	(vii) restitution;
2878	(viii) third party claim;
2879	(ix) reimbursement of a reward; and
2880	(x) damages.
2881	(5) "Default" means a civil accounts receivable, a civil judgment of restitution, or a criminal
2882	accounts receivable that is overdue by at least 90 days.
2883	(6) "Delinquent" means a civil accounts receivable, a civil judgment of restitution, or a

criminal account receivable that is overdue by more than 28 days but less than 90 days.

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- 2885 (7) "Payment schedule" means the amount that is be paid by a defendant in installments, or by a certain date, to satisfy a criminal accounts receivable for the defendant.
- 2887 (8) "Remit" or "remission" means to forgive or to excuse, in whole or in part, any unpaid amount of a criminal accounts receivable.
- 2889 (9) "Restitution" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-38b-102.
- Section 46. Section **77-36-5.1** is amended to read:
- 2891 77-36-5.1 . Conditions of probation for domestic violence offense.
- 2892 (1) Before a perpetrator who is convicted or adjudicated of a domestic violence offense may 2893 be placed on probation, the court shall consider the safety and protection of the victim 2894 and any member of the victim's family or household.
- 2895 (2) The court may condition probation or a plea in abeyance on the perpetrator's compliance with one or more orders of the court, which may include:
- 2897 (a) a sentencing protective order issued under Section 78B-7-804;
- 2898 (b) prohibiting the perpetrator from possessing or consuming alcohol or controlled substances;
 - (c) prohibiting the perpetrator from purchasing, using, or possessing a firearm or other specified weapon;
 - (d) directing the perpetrator to surrender any weapons the perpetrator owns or possesses;
 - (e) directing the perpetrator to participate in and complete, to the satisfaction of the court, a program of intervention for perpetrators, treatment for alcohol or substance abuse, or psychiatric or psychological treatment;
 - (f) directing the perpetrator to pay restitution to the victim, enforcement of which shall be in accordance with Chapter 38b, Crime Victims Restitution Act; and
 - (g) imposing any other condition necessary to protect the victim and any other designated family or household member or to rehabilitate the perpetrator.
- 2910 (3) The perpetrator is responsible for the costs of any condition of probation, according to the perpetrator's ability to pay.
- 2912 (4)(a) The Division of Adult Probation and Parole created in Section 64-14-202, or 2913 other provider, shall immediately report to the court and notify the victim of any 2914 offense involving domestic violence committed by the perpetrator, the perpetrator's 2915 failure to comply with any condition imposed by the court, and any violation of a 2916 sentencing protective order issued by the court under Section 78B-7-804.
- 2917 (b) Notification of the victim under Subsection (4)(a) shall consist of a good faith 2918 reasonable effort to provide prompt notification, including mailing a copy of the

2919	notification to the last-known address of the victim.
2920	(5) In addition to a protective order issued under this section, the court may issue a separate
2921	order relating to the transfer of a wireless telephone number in accordance with Section
2922	78B-7-117.
2923	Section 47. Section 77-38-3 is amended to read:
2924	77-38-3. Notification to victims Initial notice, election to receive subsequent
2925	notices Form of notice Protected victim information Pretrial criminal no contact
2926	order.
2927	(1) Within seven days after the day on which felony criminal charges are filed against a
2928	defendant, the prosecuting agency shall provide an initial notice to reasonably
2929	identifiable and locatable victims of the crime contained in the charges, except as
2930	otherwise provided in this chapter.
2931	(2) The initial notice to the victim of a crime shall provide information about electing to
2932	receive notice of subsequent important criminal justice hearings listed in Subsections
2933	77-38-2(5)(a) through (g) and rights under this chapter.
2934	(3) The prosecuting agency shall provide notice to a victim of a crime:
2935	(a) for the important criminal justice hearings, provided in Subsections 77-38-2(5)(a)
2936	through (g), which the victim has requested; and
2937	(b) for a restitution request to be submitted in accordance with Section 77-38b-202.
2938	(4)(a) The responsible prosecuting agency may provide initial and subsequent notices in
2939	any reasonable manner, including telephonically, electronically, orally, or by means
2940	of a letter or form prepared for this purpose.
2941	(b) In the event of an unforeseen important criminal justice hearing, described in
2942	Subsections 77-38-2(5)(a) through (g) for which a victim has requested notice, a
2943	good faith attempt to contact the victim by telephone shall be considered sufficient
2944	notice, provided that the prosecuting agency subsequently notifies the victim of the
2945	result of the proceeding.
2946	(5)(a) The court shall take reasonable measures to ensure that its scheduling practices
2947	for the proceedings provided in Subsections 77-38-2(5)(a) through (g) permit an
2948	opportunity for victims of crimes to be notified.
2949	(b) The court shall consider whether any notification system that the court might use to
2950	provide notice of judicial proceedings to defendants could be used to provide notice
2951	of judicial proceedings to victims of crimes.

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(6) A defendant or, if it is the moving party, the Division of Adult Probation and Parole

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- 2953 <u>created in Section 64-14-202</u>, shall give notice to the responsible prosecuting agency of 2954 any motion for modification of any determination made at any of the important criminal 2955 justice hearings provided in Subsections 77-38-2(5)(a) through (g) in advance of any 2956 requested court hearing or action so that the prosecuting agency may comply with the 2957 prosecuting agency's notification obligation.
- 2958 (7)(a) Notice to a victim of a crime shall be provided by the Board of Pardons and 2959 Parole for the important criminal justice hearing under Subsection 77-38-2(5)(h).
 - (b) The board may provide notice in any reasonable manner, including telephonically, electronically, orally, or by means of a letter or form prepared for this purpose.
 - (8) Prosecuting agencies and the Board of Pardons and Parole are required to give notice to a victim of a crime for the proceedings provided in Subsections 77-38-2(5)(a) through (g) only where the victim has responded to the initial notice, requested notice of subsequent proceedings, and provided a current address and telephone number if applicable.
- 2967 (9) To facilitate the payment of restitution and the notice of hearings regarding restitution, a 2968 victim who seeks restitution and notice of restitution hearings shall provide the court 2969 with the victim's current address and telephone number.
- 2970 (10)(a) Law enforcement and criminal justice agencies shall refer any requests for notice or information about crime victim rights from victims to the responsible prosecuting agency.
 - (b) In a case in which the Board of Pardons and Parole is involved, the responsible prosecuting agency shall forward any request for notice the prosecuting agency has received from a victim to the Board of Pardons and Parole.
- 2976 (11) In all cases where the number of victims exceeds 10, the responsible prosecuting
 2977 agency may send any notices required under this chapter in the prosecuting agency's
 2978 discretion to a representative sample of the victims.
- 2979 (12)(a) A victim's address, telephone number, and victim impact statement maintained 2980 by a peace officer, prosecuting agency, Youth Parole Authority, Division of Juvenile 2981 Justice and Youth Services, Department of Corrections, Utah State Courts, and Board 2982 of Pardons and Parole, for purposes of providing notice under this section, are 2983 classified as protected under Subsection 63G-2-305(10).
 - (b) The victim's address, telephone number, and victim impact statement is available only to the following persons or entities in the performance of their duties:
 - (i) a law enforcement agency, including the prosecuting agency;

2987	(ii) a victims' right committee as provided in Section 77-37-5;
2988	(iii) a governmentally sponsored victim or witness program;
2989	(iv) the Department of Corrections;
2990	(v) the Utah Office for Victims of Crime;
2991	(vi) the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice;
2992	(vii) the Utah State Courts; and
2993	(viii) the Board of Pardons and Parole.
2994	(13) The notice provisions as provided in this section do not apply to misdemeanors as
2995	provided in Section 77-38-5 and to important juvenile justice hearings as provided in
2996	Section 77-38-2.
2997	(14)(a) When a defendant is charged with a felony crime under Sections 76-5-301
2998	through 76-5-310.1 regarding kidnapping, human trafficking, and human smuggling;
2999	Sections 76-5-401 through 76-5-413.2 regarding sexual offenses; or Section
3000	76-10-1306 regarding aggravated exploitation of prostitution, the court may, during
3001	any court hearing where the defendant is present, issue a pretrial criminal no contact
3002	order:
3003	(i) prohibiting the defendant from harassing, telephoning, contacting, or otherwise
3004	communicating with the victim directly or through a third party;
3005	(ii) ordering the defendant to stay away from the residence, school, place of
3006	employment of the victim, and the premises of any of these, or any specified place
3007	frequented by the victim or any designated family member of the victim directly
3008	or through a third party; and
3009	(iii) ordering any other relief that the court considers necessary to protect and provide
3010	for the safety of the victim and any designated family or household member of the
3011	victim.
3012	(b) Violation of a pretrial criminal no contact order issued pursuant to this section is a
3013	third degree felony.
3014	(c)(i) The court shall provide to the victim a certified copy of any pretrial criminal
3015	no contact order that has been issued if the victim can be located with reasonable
3016	effort.
3017	(ii) The court shall also transmit the pretrial criminal no contact order to the statewide
3018	domestic violence network in accordance with Section 78B-7-113.
3019	(15)(a) When a case involving a victim may resolve before trial with a plea deal, the
3020	prosecutor shall notify the victim of that possibility as soon as practicable.

3021	(b) Upon the request of a victim described in Subsection (15)(a), the prosecutor shall
3022	explain the available details of an anticipated plea deal.
3023	Section 48. Section 77-38-611 is amended to read:
3024	77-38-611. Address use by state or local government entities.
3025	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (7), a program participant is responsible for
3026	requesting that a state or local government entity use the program participant's assigned
3027	address as the program participant's residential address.
3028	(2) Except as otherwise provided in this part, if a program participant submits a valid
3029	authorization card, or a notification form, to a state or local government entity, the state
3030	or local government entity shall accept the assigned address listed on the authorization
3031	card or notification form as the program participant's address to be used as the program
3032	participant's residential address when creating a record.
3033	(3) The program participant's assigned address shall be listed as the last known address if
3034	any last known address requirement is needed by the state or local government entity.
3035	(4) The state or local government entity may photocopy a program participant's
3036	authorization card for a record for the state or local government entity, but the state or
3037	local government entity shall immediately return the authorization card to the program
3038	participant.
3039	(5)(a) An election official, as defined in Section 20A-1-102, shall:
3040	(i) use a program participant's actual address for precinct designation and all official
3041	election-related purposes;
3042	(ii) classify the program participant's actual address as concealed; and
3043	(iii) keep the program participant's actual address confidential from the public.
3044	(b) A program participant may not use the program participant's assigned address for
3045	voter registration.
3046	(c) An election official shall use the assigned address for all correspondence and mail for
3047	the program participant placed in the United States mail.
3048	(d) A state or local government entity's access to a program participant's voter
3049	registration is subject to the request for disclosure process under Section 77-38-612.
3050	(e) This Subsection (5) applies only to a program participant who submits a valid
3051	authorization card or a notification form when registering to vote.
3052	(6)(a) A state or local government entity may not use a program participant's assigned
3053	address for the purposes of listing, or appraising a property, or assessing property
3054	taxes.

3055	(b) Except as provided by Subsection (6)(c), all property assessments and tax notices,
3056	property tax collection notices, and all property related correspondence placed in the
3057	United States mail for the program participant shall be addressed to the assigned
3058	address.
3059	(c) The State Tax Commission shall use the actual address of a program participant,
3060	unless the commission provides the following information to the State Tax
3061	Commission:
3062	(i) the full name of the program participant; and
3063	(ii) the program participant's social security number, federal employee identification
3064	number, and any other identification number related to a tax, fee, charge, or
3065	license administered by the State Tax Commission.
3066	(7)(a) A state or local government entity may not use a program participant's assigned
3067	address for purposes of assessing any taxes or fees on a motor vehicle or a watercraft
3068	for titling or registering a motor vehicle or a watercraft.
3069	(b) Except as provided by Subsection (7)(c), all motor vehicle and watercraft
3070	assessments and tax notices, title registration notices, and all related correspondence
3071	placed in the United States mail for the program participant is required to be
3072	addressed to the assigned address.
3073	(c) The Motor Vehicle Division shall use the actual address of a program participant,
3074	unless the commission provides the following information to the Motor Vehicle
3075	Division:
3076	(i) the full name of the program participant;
3077	(ii) the assigned address of the program participant;
3078	(iii) the motor vehicle or hull identification number for each motor vehicle or
3079	watercraft that is owned or leased by the program participant;
3080	(iv) the license plate or registration number for each motor vehicle or watercraft that
3081	is owned or leased by the program participant; and
3082	(v) the physical address where each motor vehicle or watercraft that is owned or
3083	leased by the program participant.
3084	(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, the Motor Vehicle Division may
3085	disclose to another state or local government entity all information that is necessary
3086	for the state or local government entity to distribute any taxes or fees collected for
3087	titling or registering a motor vehicle or a watercraft.

(e) Notwithstanding Section 41-1a-116 or any other provision of this part, the Motor

3089	Vehicle Division may not disclose the actual address of a program participant
3090	described in Subsection 77-38-605(3)(m)(ii) to:
3091	(i) the Utah Criminal Justice Information System; or
3092	(ii) the title, lien, and registration system that is provided to the Motor Vehicle
3093	Division by a third party contractor and is accessed in accordance with Subsection
3094	41-1a-116(4).
3095	(8)(a) [The Department of Corrections] The Division of Adult Probation and Parole
3096	created in Section 64-14-202, or any other entity responsible for supervising a
3097	program participant who is on probation or parole as a result of a criminal conviction
3098	or an adjudication, may not use the program participant's assigned address if the
3099	program participant's actual address is necessary for supervising the program
3100	participant.
3101	(b) All written communication delivered through the United States mail to the program
3102	participant by the Department of Corrections, or the other entity described in
3103	Subsection (8)(a), shall be addressed to the program participant's assigned address.
3104	(9) If a program participant is required by law to swear or affirm to the program
3105	participant's address, the program participant may use the program participant's assigned
3106	address.
3107	(10)(a) A school district shall:
3108	(i) accept the assigned address as the address of record; and
3109	(ii) verify student enrollment eligibility with the commission.
3110	(b) The commission shall help facilitate the transfer of student records as needed.
3111	(11)(a) Notwithstanding Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
3112	Management Act, a record containing a program participant's address is confidential
3113	and, regardless of the record's classification under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Part 3,
3114	Classification, may not be disclosed by a state or local government entity, unless
3115	otherwise provided under this part.
3116	(b) A program participant's actual address may not be disclosed to a third party by a state
3117	or local government entity, except:
3118	(i) in a record created more than 90 days before the date on which the program
3119	participant applied for enrollment in the program; or
3120	(ii) if a program participant voluntarily requests, in writing, that the program
3121	participant's actual address be disclosed to the third party.
3122	(c) For a record created within 90 days before the date that a program participant applied

3123	for enrollment in the program, a state or local government entity shall redact the
3124	actual address from the record or change the actual address to the assigned address in
3125	the public record if the program participant presents a valid authorization card or a
3126	notification form and requests that the state or local government entity use the
3127	assigned address instead of the actual address on the record.
3128	Section 49. Section 77-38b-102 is amended to read:
3129	77-38b-102 . Definitions.
3130	As used in this chapter:
3131	(1) "Civil accounts receivable" means the same as that term is defined in Section
3132	77-32b-102.
3133	(2) "Civil judgment of restitution" means the same as that term is defined in Section
3134	77-32b-102.
3135	(3)(a) "Conviction" means:
3136	(i) a plea of:
3137	(A) guilty;
3138	(B) guilty with a mental condition; or
3139	(C) no contest; or
3140	(ii) a judgment of:
3141	(A) guilty; or
3142	(B) guilty with a mental condition.
3143	(b) "Conviction" does not include:
3144	(i) a plea in abeyance until a conviction is entered for the plea in abeyance;
3145	(ii) a diversion agreement; or
3146	(iii) an adjudication of a minor for an offense under Section 80-6-701.
3147	(4) "Criminal accounts receivable" means the same as that term is defined in Section
3148	77-32b-102.
3149	(5) "Criminal conduct" means:
3150	(a) any misdemeanor or felony offense of which the defendant is convicted; or
3151	(b) any other criminal behavior for which the defendant admits responsibility to the
3152	court with or without an admission of committing the criminal behavior.
3153	(6) "Deceased victim" means an individual whose death is proximately caused by the
3154	criminal conduct of the defendant.
3155	(7)(a) "Defendant" means an individual who has been convicted of, or entered into a
3156	plea disposition for, criminal conduct.

3157	(b) "Defendant" does not include a minor, as defined in Section 80-1-102, who is
3158	adjudicated, or enters into a nonjudicial adjustment, for any offense under Title 80,
3159	Chapter 6, Juvenile Justice.
3160	(8) "Department" means the Department of Corrections.
3161	(9)(a) "Dependent" means an individual for whom a deceased victim, or a permanently
3162	impaired victim, had a legal obligation to provide dependent support at the time of
3163	the criminal conduct by the defendant.
3164	(b) "Dependent" includes:
3165	(i) a child:
3166	(A) who is younger than 18 years old; and
3167	(B) for whom a deceased victim, or a permanently impaired victim, is the adoptive
3168	or biological parent or legal guardian;
3169	(ii) an unborn child who has a parent-child relationship with a deceased victim, or a
3170	permanently impaired victim, in accordance with Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah
3171	Uniform Parentage Act; or
3172	(iii) an incapacitated individual for whom a deceased victim, or a permanently
3173	impaired victim, is the adoptive or biological parent or the legal guardian.
3174	(10) "Dependent support" means the financial obligation of an individual to provide for the
3175	routine needs of a dependent, including food, clothing, health care, safety, or shelter.
3176	(11) "Diversion agreement" means an agreement entered into by the prosecuting attorney
3177	and the defendant that suspends criminal proceedings before conviction on the condition
3178	that a defendant agree to participate in a rehabilitation program, pay restitution to the
3179	victim, or fulfill some other condition.
3180	(12) "Division" means the Division of Adult Probation and Parole created in Section
3181	<u>64-14-202.</u>
3182	[(12)] (13) "Incapacitated" or "incapacitation" means the individual is:
3183	(a) mentally or physically impaired to the extent that the individual is permanently
3184	unable to gain employment and provide basic necessities, including food, clothing,
3185	health care, safety, or shelter; and
3186	(b) reliant on a parent, legal guardian, or other relative or person to provide basic
3187	necessities for the individual.
3188	[(13)] (14) "Incapacitated individual" means an individual who is incapacitated.
3189	[(14)] (15) "Legal guardian" means an individual appointed by a court to make decisions
3190	regarding a child or an incapacitated individual

- 3191 [(15)] (16) "Life expectancy" means the number of months an individual is or was expected to live considering medical records and experiential data for the individual.
- 3193 [(16)] (17) "Office" means the Office of State Debt Collection created in Section 63A-3-502.
- 3194 [(17)] (18) "Payment schedule" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-32b-102.
- 3196 [(18)] (19)(a) "Pecuniary damages" means all demonstrable economic injury, losses, and expenses regardless of whether the economic injury, losses, and expenses have yet been incurred.
- 3199 (b) "Pecuniary damages" does not include punitive damages or pain and suffering damages.
- 3201 [(19)] (20) "Permanently impaired victim" means an incapacitated individual whose incapacitation is proximately caused by the criminal conduct of the defendant.
- 3203 [(20)] (21) "Plea agreement" means an agreement entered between the prosecuting attorney 3204 and the defendant setting forth the special terms and conditions and criminal charges 3205 upon which the defendant will enter a plea of guilty or no contest.
- 3206 [(21)] (22) "Plea disposition" means an agreement entered into between the prosecuting
 3207 attorney and the defendant including a diversion agreement, a plea agreement, a plea in
 3208 abeyance agreement, or any agreement by which the defendant may enter a plea in any
 3209 other jurisdiction or where charges are dismissed without a plea.
- 3210 [(22)] (23) "Plea in abeyance" means an order by a court, upon motion of the prosecuting
 3211 attorney and the defendant, accepting a plea of guilty or of no contest from the defendant
 3212 but not, at that time, entering judgment of conviction against the defendant nor imposing
 3213 sentence upon the defendant on condition that the defendant comply with specific
 3214 conditions as set forth in a plea in abeyance agreement.
- [(23)] (24) "Plea in abeyance agreement" means an agreement entered into between the prosecuting attorney and the defendant setting forth the specific terms and conditions upon which, following acceptance of the agreement by the court, a plea may be held in abeyance.
- 3219 [(24)] (25) "Restitution" means the payment of pecuniary damages to a victim.
- 3220 [(25)] (26) "Unborn child" means a human fetus or embryo in any stage of gestation from fertilization until birth.
- 3222 [(26)] (27)(a) "Victim" means any person who has suffered pecuniary damages that are proximately caused by the criminal conduct of the defendant.
- 3224 (b) "Victim" includes:

3225	(i) the Utah Office for Victims of Crime if the Utah Office for Victims of Crime
3226	makes a payment to, or on behalf of, a victim under Section 63M-7-519;
3227	(ii) the estate of a deceased victim;
3228	(iii) a dependent; or
3229	(iv) a parent, spouse, intimate partner as defined in 18 U.S.C. Sec. 921, child, or
3230	sibling of a victim.
3231	(c) "Victim" does not include a codefendant or accomplice.
3232	Section 50. Section 77-38b-304 is amended to read:
3233	77-38b-304 . Priority of payment disbursement.
3234	(1) The court, or the office, shall disburse a payment for restitution within 60 days after the
3235	day on which the payment is received from the defendant if:
3236	(a) the victim has complied with Subsection 77-38b-203(2);
3237	(b) if the defendant has tendered a negotiable instrument, funds from the financial
3238	institution are actually received;
3239	(c) the payment to the victim is at least \$25, unless the payment is the final payment; and
3240	(d) there is no pending legal issue that would affect an order for restitution or the
3241	distribution of restitution.
3242	(2) The court shall disburse money collected from a defendant for a criminal accounts
3243	receivable in the following order of priority:
3244	(a) first, and except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), to restitution owed by the
3245	defendant in accordance with Subsection (4);
3246	(b) second, to the cost of obtaining a DNA specimen from the defendant as described in
3247	Subsection (4)(b);
3248	(c) third, to any criminal fine or surcharge owed by the defendant;
3249	(d) fourth, to the cost owed by the defendant for a reward described in Section
3250	77-32b-104;
3251	(e) fifth, to the cost owed by the defendant for medical care, treatment, hospitalization,
3252	and related transportation paid by a county correctional facility under Section
3253	17-50-319; and
3254	(f) sixth, to any other amount owed by the defendant.
3255	(3) When the office collects money from a defendant for a criminal accounts receivable, a
3256	civil accounts receivable, or a civil judgment of restitution, the office shall disburse the
3257	money in the following order of priority:
3258	(a) first, to any past due amount owed to the department for the monthly supervision fee

3259	under Subsection [64-13-21(6)(a)] <u>64-14-204(6)</u> ;
3260	(b) second, and except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), to restitution owed by the
3261	defendant in accordance with Subsection (4);
3262	(c) third, to the cost of obtaining a DNA specimen from the defendant in accordance
3263	with Subsection (4)(b);
3264	(d) fourth, to any criminal fine or surcharge owed by the defendant;
3265	(e) fifth, to the cost owed by the defendant for a reward described in Section 77-32b-104
3266	(f) sixth, to the cost owed by the defendant for medical care, treatment, hospitalization
3267	and related transportation paid by a county correctional facility under Section
3268	17-50-319; and
3269	(g) seventh, to any other amount owed by the defendant.
3270	(4)(a) If a defendant owes restitution to more than one person or government agency at
3271	the same time, the court, or the office, shall disburse a payment for restitution in the
3272	following order of priority:
3273	(i) first, to the victim of the offense;
3274	(ii) second, to the Utah Office for Victims of Crime;
3275	(iii) third, any other government agency that has provided reimbursement to the
3276	victim as a result of the defendant's criminal conduct; and
3277	(iv) fourth, any insurance company that has provided reimbursement to the victim as
3278	a result of the defendant's criminal conduct.
3279	(b) If a defendant is required under Section 53-10-404 to reimburse the department for
3280	the cost of obtaining the defendant's DNA specimen, the reimbursement for the cost
3281	of obtaining the defendant's DNA specimen is the next priority after restitution to the
3282	victim of the offense under Subsection (4)(a)(i).
3283	(c) If a defendant is required to pay restitution to more than one victim, the court or the
3284	office shall disburse a payment for restitution proportionally to each victim.
3285	(5) Notwithstanding the requirements for the disbursement of a payment under Subsection
3286	(3) or (4), the office shall disburse money collected from a defendant to a debt that is a
3287	part of a civil accounts receivable or civil judgment of restitution if:
3288	(a) a defendant has provided a written request to the office to apply the payment to the
3289	debt; and
3290	(b)(i) the payment will eliminate the entire balance of the debt, including any
3291	interest; or
3292	(ii) after reaching a settlement, the payment amount will eliminate the entire agreed

3293	upon balance of the debt, including any interest.
3294	(6) For a criminal accounts receivable, the department shall collect the current and past due
3295	amount owed by a defendant for the monthly supervision fee under Subsection [
3296	64-13-21(6)(a)] $64-14-204(6)(a)$ until the court enters a civil accounts receivable on the
3297	civil judgment docket under Section 77-18-114.
3298	(7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section:
3299	(a) the office may collect a fee, as described in Subsection 63A-3-502(4), from each
3300	payment for a criminal accounts receivable, a civil accounts receivable, or a civil
3301	judgment of restitution before disbursing the payment as described in this section; and
3302	(b) the office shall apply any payment collected through garnishment to the case for
3303	which the garnishment was issued.
3304	Section 51. Section 77-38b-401 is amended to read:
3305	77-38b-401 . Collection from inmate offenders.
3306	Upon written request of the prosecuting attorney, the victim, or [the parole or probation]
3307	a division agent [for] supervising the defendant, the department shall collect restitution from
3308	offender funds held by the department under Section 64-13-23.
3309	Section 52. Section 77-40a-205 is amended to read:
3310	77-40a-205. Automatic expungement of state records for a clean slate case.
3311	(1) A court shall issue an order of expungement, without the filing of a petition, for all
3312	records of the case that are held by the court and the bureau if:
3313	(a) on and after October 1, 2024, but before January 1, 2026, the individual submitted a
3314	form requesting expungement of a case as described in Section 77-40a-204;
3315	(b) the case is eligible for expungement under this section; and
3316	(c) the prosecuting agency does not object to the expungement of the case as described
3317	in Subsection (6).
3318	(2) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (3), a case is eligible for expungement
3319	under this section if:
3320	(a)(i) each conviction within the case is a conviction for:
3321	(A) a misdemeanor offense for possession of a controlled substance in violation of
3322	Subsection 58-37-8(2)(a)(i);
3323	(B) a class B misdemeanor offense;
3324	(C) a class C misdemeanor offense; or
3325	(D) an infraction; and
3326	(ii) the following time periods have passed after the day on which the individual is

3327	adjudicated:
3328	(A) at least five years for the conviction of a class C misdemeanor offense or an
3329	infraction;
3330	(B) at least six years for the conviction of a class B misdemeanor offense; or
3331	(C) at least seven years for the conviction of a class A misdemeanor offense for
3332	possession of a controlled substance in violation of Subsection 58-37-8
3333	(2)(a)(i); or
3334	(b)(i) the case is dismissed as a result of a successful completion of a plea in
3335	abeyance agreement governed by Subsection 77-2a-3(2)(b) or the case is
3336	dismissed without prejudice;
3337	(ii) each charge within the case is:
3338	(A) a misdemeanor offense for possession of a controlled substance in violation of
3339	Subsection 58-37-8(2)(a)(i);
3340	(B) a class B misdemeanor offense;
3341	(C) a class C misdemeanor offense; or
3342	(D) an infraction; and
3343	(iii) the following time periods have passed after the day on which the case is
3344	dismissed:
3345	(A) at least five years for a charge in the case for a class C misdemeanor offense
3346	or an infraction;
3347	(B) at least six years for a charge in the case for a class B misdemeanor offense; or
3348	(C) at least seven years for a charge in the case for a class A misdemeanor offense
3349	for possession of a controlled substance in violation of Subsection 58-37-8
3350	(2)(a)(i).
3351	(3) A case is not eligible for expungement under this section if:
3352	(a) the individual has a total number of convictions in courts of this state that exceed the
3353	limits under Subsection 77-40a-303(4) or (5) without taking into consideration:
3354	(i) the exception in Subsection 77-40a-303(7); or
3355	(ii) any infraction, traffic offense, or minor regulatory offense;
3356	(b) there is a criminal proceeding for a misdemeanor or felony offense pending in a
3357	court of this state against the individual, unless the proceeding is for a traffic offense;
3358	(c) for an individual seeking an automatic expungement on and after January 1, 2025,
3359	the individual is incarcerated in the state prison or on probation or parole that is
3360	supervised by the [Department of Corrections] Division of Adult Probation and Parole

3361	created in Section 64-14-202;
3362	(d) the case resulted in the individual being found not guilty by reason of insanity;
3363	(e) the case establishes a criminal accounts receivable that:
3364	(i) has been entered as a civil accounts receivable or a civil judgment of restitution
3365	and transferred to the Office of State Debt Collection under Section 77-18-114; or
3366	(ii) has not been satisfied according to court records; or
3367	(f) the case resulted in a plea held in abeyance or a conviction for the following offenses:
3368	(i) any of the offenses listed in Subsection 77-40a-303(2)(a);
3369	(ii) an offense against the person in violation of Title 76, Chapter 5, Offenses Against
3370	the Individual;
3371	(iii) a weapons offense in violation of Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 5, Weapons;
3372	(iv) sexual battery in violation of Section 76-9-702.1;
3373	(v) an act of lewdness in violation of Section 76-9-702 or 76-9-702.5;
3374	(vi) an offense in violation of Title 41, Chapter 6a, Part 5, Driving Under the
3375	Influence and Reckless Driving;
3376	(vii) damage to or interruption of a communication device in violation of Section
3377	76-6-108;
3378	(viii) a domestic violence offense as defined in Section 77-36-1; or
3379	(ix) any other offense classified in the Utah Code as a felony or a class A
3380	misdemeanor other than a class A misdemeanor conviction for possession of a
3381	controlled substance in violation of Subsection 58-37-8(2)(a)(i).
3382	(4) A prosecuting agency that has complied with Rule 42 of the Utah Rules of Criminal
3383	Procedure shall receive notice on a monthly basis for any case prosecuted by that agency
3384	that appears to be eligible for automatic expungement under this section.
3385	(5) Within 35 days after the day on which the notice described in Subsection (4) is sent, the
3386	prosecuting agency shall provide written notice in accordance with Rule 42 of the Utah
3387	Rules of Criminal Procedure if the prosecuting agency objects to an automatic
3388	expungement for any of the following reasons:
3389	(a) the prosecuting agency believes that the case is not eligible for expungement under
3390	this section after reviewing the agency record;
3391	(b) the individual has not paid restitution to the victim as ordered by the court; or
3392	(c) the prosecuting agency has a reasonable belief, grounded in supporting facts, that an
3393	individual involved in the case is continuing to engage in criminal activity within or
3394	outside of the state.

3395	(6) If a prosecuting agency provides written notice of an objection for a reason described in
3396	Subsection (5) within 35 days after the day on which the notice under Subsection (4) is
3397	sent, the court may not proceed with automatic expungement of the case.
3398	(7) If 35 days pass after the day on which the notice described in Subsection (4) is sent
3399	without the prosecuting agency providing written notice of an objection under
3400	Subsection (5), the court shall proceed with automatic expungement of the case.
3401	(8) If a court issues an order of expungement under Subsection (1), the court shall:
3402	(a) expunge all records of the case held by the court in accordance with Section
3403	77-40a-401; and
3404	(b) notify the bureau and the prosecuting agency identified in the case, based on
3405	information available to the court, of the order of expungement.
3406	Section 53. Section 77-40a-305 is amended to read:
3407	77-40a-305 . Petition for expungement Prosecutorial responsibility Hearing.
3408	(1)(a) The petitioner shall file a petition for expungement in accordance with Rule 42 of
3409	the Utah Rules of Criminal Procedure.
3410	(b) A petitioner shall include the identification number for the certificate of eligibility or
3411	special certificate described in Subsection 77-40a-304(2)(b)(ii) in the petition for
3412	expungement, unless the petitioner is not required to obtain a certificate of eligibility
3413	under Subsection (3) or (4).
3414	(c) Information on a certificate of eligibility is incorporated into a petition by reference
3415	to the identification number for the certificate of eligibility.
3416	(d) A petitioner shall bring a petition for expungement:
3417	(i) in the court where the criminal case was filed; or
3418	(ii) if charges were never filed, in the district court in the county in which the arrest
3419	occurred or the citation is issued.
3420	(2)(a) If a petition for expungement is filed under Subsection (1)(a), the court shall
3421	obtain a certificate of eligibility or special certificate from the bureau.
3422	(b) A court may not accept a petition for expungement if the certificate of eligibility or
3423	special certificate is no longer valid as described in Subsection 77-40a-304(2)(b)(i).
3424	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the petitioner may file a petition for expungement of a
3425	traffic offense case without obtaining a certificate of eligibility if:
3426	(a)(i) for a traffic offense case with a class C misdemeanor or infraction, at least
3427	three years have passed after the day on which the case was adjudicated or
3428	dismissed; or

3429	(ii) for a traffic offense case with a class B misdemeanor, at least four years have
3430	passed after the day on which the case was adjudicated or dismissed;
3431	(b) there is no traffic offense case pending against the petitioner;
3432	(c) there is no plea in abeyance for a traffic offense case pending against the petitioner;
3433	and
3434	(d) the petitioner is not currently on probation for a traffic offense case.
3435	(4) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), a petitioner may file a petition for expungement of a
3436	record for a conviction related to cannabis possession without a certificate of eligibility
3437	if the petition demonstrates that:
3438	(a) the petitioner had, at the time of the relevant arrest or citation leading to the
3439	conviction, a qualifying condition, as that term is defined in Section 26B-4-201; and
3440	(b) the possession of cannabis in question was in a form and an amount to medicinally
3441	treat the qualifying condition described in Subsection (4)(a).
3442	(5)(a) The court shall provide notice of a filing of a petition and certificate of eligibility
3443	or special certificate to the prosecutorial office that handled the court proceedings
3444	within three days after the day on which the petitioner's filing fee is paid or waived.
3445	(b) If there were no court proceedings, the court shall provide notice of a filing of a
3446	petition and certificate of eligibility or special certificate to the county attorney's
3447	office in the jurisdiction where the arrest occurred.
3448	(c) If the prosecuting agency with jurisdiction over the arrest, investigation, detention, or
3449	conviction, was a city attorney's office, the county attorney's office in the jurisdiction
3450	where the arrest occurred shall immediately notify the city attorney's office that the
3451	county attorney's office has received a notice of a filing of a petition for expungement
3452	(6)(a) Upon receipt of a notice of a filing of a petition for expungement of a conviction
3453	or a charge dismissed in accordance with a plea in abeyance, the prosecuting attorney
3454	shall make a reasonable effort to provide notice to any victim of the conviction or
3455	charge.
3456	(b) The notice under Subsection (6)(a) shall:
3457	(i) include a copy of the petition, certificate of eligibility or special certificate,
3458	statutes, and rules applicable to the petition;
3459	(ii) state that the victim has a right to object to the expungement; and
3460	(iii) provide instructions for registering an objection with the court.
3461	(7)(a) The prosecuting attorney may respond to the petition by filing a recommendation
3462	or objection with the court within 35 days after the day on which the notice of the

3463	filing of the petition is sent by the court to the prosecuting attorney.
3464	(b) If there is a victim of the offense for which expungement is sought, the victim may
3465	respond to the petition by filing a recommendation or objection with the court within
3466	60 days after the day on which the petition for expungement was filed with the court.
3467	(8)(a) The court may request a written response to the petition from the Division of
3468	Adult Probation and Parole [within the Department of Corrections] created in Section
3469	<u>64-14-202</u> .
3470	(b) If requested, the response prepared by the Division of Adult Probation and Parole
3471	shall include:
3472	(i) the reasons probation was terminated; and
3473	(ii) certification that the petitioner has completed all requirements of sentencing and
3474	probation or parole.
3475	(c) The Division of Adult Probation and Parole shall provide a copy of the response to
3476	the petitioner and the prosecuting attorney.
3477	(9) The petitioner may respond in writing to any objections filed by the prosecuting
3478	attorney or the victim and the response prepared by the Division of Adult Probation and
3479	Parole within 14 days after the day on which the objection or response is received.
3480	(10)(a) If the court receives an objection concerning the petition from any party, the
3481	court shall set a date for a hearing and notify the petitioner and the prosecuting
3482	attorney of the date set for the hearing.
3483	(b) The prosecuting attorney shall notify the victim of the date set for the hearing.
3484	(c) The petitioner, the prosecuting attorney, the victim, and any other person who has
3485	relevant information about the petitioner may testify at the hearing.
3486	(d) The court shall review the petition, the certificate of eligibility or special certificate,
3487	and any written responses submitted regarding the petition.
3488	(11) If no objection is received within 60 days from the day on which the petition for
3489	expungement is filed with the court, the expungement may be granted without a hearing.
3490	(12)(a) If the petitioner seeks a waiver of the fee required for a petition for
3491	expungement in accordance with Section 78A-2-302, the court shall consider the
3492	total number of cases for which the petitioner has received a certificate of eligibility
3493	and is seeking expungement in determining whether the petitioner is indigent under
3494	Subsection 78A-2-302(3)(e) even if the court does not have jurisdiction over a case
3495	for which the petitioner is seeking expungement.
3496	(b) If a court grants a waiver of the fee required for a petition for expungement in

3497	accordance with Section /8A-2-302, and only upon a request from the petitioner, a
3498	subsequent court shall grant a waiver of a fee for a petition for expungement if the
3499	prior court waived the fee for a petition for expungement within 180 days before the
3500	day on which the petitioner filed the petition for expungement with the subsequent
3501	court.
3502	Section 54. Section 77-41-104 is amended to read:
3503	77-41-104. Registration of offenders Department and agency requirements.
3504	(1) The Department of Corrections shall register an offender in the custody of the
3505	Department of Corrections as required under this chapter upon:
3506	(a) placement on probation;
3507	(b) commitment to a secure correctional facility operated by or under contract to the
3508	Department of Corrections;
3509	(c) release from confinement to parole status, termination or expiration of sentence, or
3510	escape;
3511	(d) entrance to and release from any community-based residential program operated by
3512	or under contract to the Department of Corrections; or
3513	(e) termination of probation or parole.
3514	(2) The sheriff of the county in which an offender is confined shall register an offender with
3515	the department, as required under this chapter, if the offender is not in the custody of the
3516	Department of Corrections and is confined in a correctional facility not operated by or
3517	under contract to the Department of Corrections upon:
3518	(a) commitment to the correctional facility; and
3519	(b) release from confinement.
3520	(3) The division shall register an offender in the custody of the division with the
3521	department, as required under this chapter, before the offender's release from custody of
3522	the division.
3523	(4) A state mental hospital shall register an offender committed to the state mental hospital
3524	with the department, as required under this chapter, upon the offender's admission and
3525	upon the offender's discharge.
3526	(5)(a)(i) A municipal or county law enforcement agency shall register an offender
3527	who resides within the agency's jurisdiction and is not under the supervision of the
3528	Division of Adult Probation and Parole [within the Department of Corrections]
3529	created in Section 64-14-202.
3530	(ii) In order to conduct offender registration under this chapter, the agency shall

3531	ensure the agency staff responsible for registration:
3532	(A) has received initial training by the department and has been certified by the
3533	department as qualified and authorized to conduct registrations and enter
3534	offender registration information into the registry database; and
3535	(B) certify annually with the department.
3536	(b)(i) When the department receives offender registration information regarding a
3537	change of an offender's primary residence location, the department shall within
3538	five days after the day on which the department receives the information
3539	electronically notify the law enforcement agencies that have jurisdiction over the
3540	area where:
3541	(A) the residence that the offender is leaving is located; and
3542	(B) the residence to which the offender is moving is located.
3543	(ii) The department shall provide notification under this Subsection (5)(b) if the
3544	offender's change of address is between law enforcement agency jurisdictions, or
3545	is within one jurisdiction.
3546	(c) The department shall make available to offenders required to register under this
3547	chapter the name of the agency, whether the agency is a local law enforcement
3548	agency or the department, that the offender should contact to register, the location for
3549	registering, and the requirements of registration.
3550	(6) An agency in the state that registers an offender on probation, an offender who has been
3551	released from confinement to parole status or termination, or an offender whose
3552	sentence has expired shall inform the offender of the duty to comply with the continuing
3553	registration requirements of this chapter during the period of registration required in
3554	Subsection 77-41-105(3), including:
3555	(a) notification to the state agencies in the states where the registrant presently resides
3556	and plans to reside when moving across state lines;
3557	(b) verification of address at least every 60 days pursuant to a parole agreement for
3558	lifetime parolees; and
3559	(c) notification to the out-of-state agency where the offender is living, regardless of
3560	whether the offender is a resident of that state.
3561	(7) The department may make administrative rules necessary to implement this chapter,
3562	including:
3563	(a) the method for dissemination of the information; and
3564	(b) instructions to the public regarding the use of the information.

3565	(8) The department shall redact information regarding the identity or location of a victim
3566	from information provided under Subsections 77-41-103(4) and 77-41-105(7).
3567	(9) This chapter does not create or impose any duty on any person to request or obtain
3568	information regarding any offender from the department.
3569	Section 55. Section 77-41-105 is amended to read:
3570	77-41-105. Registration of offenders Offender responsibilities.
3571	(1)(a) An offender who enters this state from another jurisdiction is required to register
3572	under Subsection (3) and Subsection 77-41-102(1), (11), or (19).
3573	(b) The offender shall register with the department within 10 days after the day on which
3574	the offender enters the state, regardless of the offender's length of stay.
3575	(2)(a) An offender required to register under Subsection 77-41-102(1), (11), or (19)
3576	who is under supervision by the [department] Division of Adult Probation and Parole
3577	created in Section 64-14-202 shall register in person with the Division of Adult
3578	Probation and Parole.
3579	(b) An offender required to register under Subsection 77-41-102(1), (11), or (19) who is
3580	no longer under supervision by the [department] Division of Adult Probation and
3581	Parole created in Section 64-14-202 shall register in person with the police
3582	department or sheriff's office that has jurisdiction over the area where the offender
3583	resides.
3584	(3)(a) Except as provided in Subsections (3)(b), (3)(c), and (4), an offender shall, for the
3585	duration of the sentence and for 10 years after termination of sentence or custody of
3586	the division, register each year during the month of the offender's date of birth,
3587	during the month that is the sixth month after the offender's birth month, and within
3588	three business days after the day on which there is a change of the offender's primary
3589	residence, any secondary residences, place of employment, vehicle information, or
3590	educational information required to be submitted under Subsection (7).
3591	(b) Except as provided in Subsections (3)(c)(iii), (4), and (5), an offender who is
3592	convicted in another jurisdiction of an offense listed in Subsection 77-41-102(1),
3593	(11), or (19), a substantially similar offense, another offense that requires registration
3594	in the jurisdiction of conviction, or an offender who is ordered by a court of another
3595	jurisdiction to register as an offender shall register for the time period required by the
3596	jurisdiction where the offender was convicted or ordered to register.
3597	(c)(i) An offender convicted as an adult of an offense listed in Section 77-41-106

shall, for the offender's lifetime, register each year during the month of the

3599 offender's birth, during the month that is the sixth month after the offender's birth 3600 month, and also within three business days after the day on which there is a 3601 change of the offender's primary residence, any secondary residences, place of 3602 employment, vehicle information, or educational information required to be 3603 submitted under Subsection (7). 3604 (ii) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c)(iii), the registration requirement 3605 described in Subsection (3)(c)(i) is not subject to exemptions and may not be 3606 terminated or altered during the offender's lifetime, unless a petition is granted 3607 under Section 77-41-112. 3608 (iii)(A) If the sentencing court at any time after conviction determines that the 3609 offense does not involve force or coercion, lifetime registration under 3610 Subsection (3)(c)(i) does not apply to an offender who commits the offense 3611 when the offender is under 21 years old. (B) For an offense listed in Section 77-41-106, an offender who commits the 3612 3613 offense when the offender is under 21 years old shall register for the 3614 registration period required under Subsection (3)(a), unless a petition is granted 3615 under Section 77-41-112. 3616 (d) For the purpose of establishing venue for a violation of this Subsection (3), the 3617 violation is considered to be committed: 3618 (i) at the most recent registered primary residence of the offender or at the location of 3619 the offender, if the actual location of the offender at the time of the violation is not 3620 known: or 3621 (ii) at the location of the offender at the time the offender is apprehended. 3622 (4) Notwithstanding Subsection (3) and Section 77-41-106, an offender who is confined in 3623 a secure facility or in a state mental hospital is not required to register during the period 3624 of confinement. 3625 (5)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), in the case of an offender adjudicated in 3626 another jurisdiction as a juvenile and required to register under this chapter, the 3627 offender shall register in the time period and in the frequency consistent with the 3628 requirements of Subsection (3). 3629 (b) If the jurisdiction of the offender's adjudication does not publish the offender's 3630 information on a public website, the department shall maintain, but not publish the 3631 offender's information on the registration website.

(6) A sex offender who violates Section 77-27-21.8 regarding being in the presence of a

3633	child while required to register under this chapter shall register for an additional five
3634	years subsequent to the registration period otherwise required under this chapter.
3635	(7) An offender shall provide the department or the registering entity with the following
3636	information:
3637	(a) all names and aliases by which the offender is or has been known;
3638	(b) the addresses of the offender's primary and secondary residences;
3639	(c) a physical description, including the offender's date of birth, height, weight, eye and
3640	hair color;
3641	(d) the make, model, color, year, plate number, and vehicle identification number of a
3642	vehicle or vehicles the offender owns or drives more than 12 times per year;
3643	(e) a current photograph of the offender;
3644	(f) a set of fingerprints, if one has not already been provided;
3645	(g) a DNA specimen, taken in accordance with Section 53-10-404, if one has not already
3646	been provided;
3647	(h) telephone numbers and any other designations used by the offender for routing or
3648	self-identification in telephonic communications from fixed locations or cellular
3649	telephones;
3650	(i) Internet identifiers and the addresses the offender uses for routing or
3651	self-identification in Internet communications or postings;
3652	(j) the name and Internet address of all websites on which the offender is registered
3653	using an online identifier, including all online identifiers used to access those
3654	websites;
3655	(k) a copy of the offender's passport, if a passport has been issued to the offender;
3656	(l) if the offender is an alien, all documents establishing the offender's immigration
3657	status;
3658	(m) all professional licenses that authorize the offender to engage in an occupation or
3659	carry out a trade or business, including any identifiers, such as numbers;
3660	(n) each educational institution in Utah at which the offender is employed, carries on a
3661	vocation, or is a student, and a change of enrollment or employment status of the
3662	offender at an educational institution;
3663	(o) the name, the telephone number, and the address of a place where the offender is
3664	employed or will be employed;
3665	(p) the name, the telephone number, and the address of a place where the offender works
3666	as a volunteer or will work as a volunteer; and

3667	(q) the offender's social security number.
3668	(8)(a) An offender may change the offender's name in accordance with Title 42,
3669	Chapter 1, Change of Name, if the name change is not contrary to the interests of the
3670	public.
3671	(b) Notwithstanding Section 42-1-2, an offender shall provide notice to the department
3672	at least 30 days before the day on which the hearing for the name change is held.
3673	(c) The court shall provide a copy of the order granting the offender's name change to
3674	the department within 10 days after the day on which the court issues the order.
3675	(d) If the court orders an offender's name changed, the department shall publish on the
3676	registration website the offender's former name, and the offender's changed name as
3677	an alias.
3678	(9) Notwithstanding Subsections (7)(i) and (j) and 77-41-103(1)(c), an offender is not
3679	required to provide the department with:
3680	(a) the offender's online identifier and password used exclusively for the offender's
3681	employment on equipment provided by an employer and used to access the
3682	employer's private network; or
3683	(b) online identifiers for the offender's financial accounts, including a bank, retirement,
3684	or investment account.
3685	Section 56. Section 78B-7-807 is amended to read:
3686	78B-7-807 . Notice to victims.
3687	(1)(a) The court shall provide the victim with a certified copy of any pretrial protective
3688	order that has been issued if the victim can be located with reasonable effort.
3689	(b) If the court is unable to locate the victim, the court shall provide the victim's certified
3690	copy to the prosecutor.
3691	(c) A sentencing protective order or continuous protective order issued under this part
3692	shall be in writing, and the prosecutor shall provide a certified copy of that order to
3693	the victim.
3694	(2)(a) The Division of Adult Probation and Parole created in Section 64-14-202, or
3695	another provider, shall immediately report to the court and notify the victim of any
3696	violation of any sentencing protective order issued under this part.
3697	(b) Notification of the victim under Subsection (2)(a) shall consist of a good faith
3698	reasonable effort to provide prompt notification, including mailing a copy of the
3699	notification to the last-known address of the victim.

(3)(a) Before release of an individual who is subject to a continuous protective order

3701	issued under this part, the victim shall receive notice of the imminent release by the
3702	law enforcement agency that is releasing the individual who is subject to the
3703	continuous protective order:
3704	(i) if the victim has provided the law enforcement agency contact information; and
3705	(ii) in accordance with Section 64-13-14.7, if applicable.
3706	(b) Before release, the law enforcement agency shall notify in writing the individual
3707	being released that a violation of the continuous protective order issued at the time of
3708	conviction or sentencing continues to apply, and that a violation of the continuous
3709	protective order is punishable as described in Section 78B-7-806.
3710	(4) The court shall transmit a dismissal, termination, and expiration of a pretrial protective
3711	order, sentencing protective order, or a continuous protective order to the statewide
3712	domestic violence network described in Section 78B-7-113.
3713	Section 57. Repealer.
3714	This bill repeals:
3715	Section 64-13-21.2, Offender supervision dedicated credits.
3716	Section 58. Effective Date.
3717	This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.