

Val L. Peterson proposes the following substitute bill:

Highway Expansion Impacts on Signage Amendments

2025 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Val L. Peterson

Senate Sponsor:

LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill amends provisions related to the relocation of a billboard due to road construction or other highway changes.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- amends provisions related to the relocation of a billboard if the billboard was impacted by the widening, construction, reconstruction, or other improvements appurtenant to the relevant highway.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

Other Special Clauses:

None

Utah Code Sections Affected:

AMENDS:

72-7-510, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3

72-7-510.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 170

72-7-513, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 72

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section **72-7-510** is amended to read:

72-7-510 . Existing outdoor advertising not in conformity with part -- Procedure -- Eminent domain -- Compensation -- Relocation.

(1) As used in this section, "nonconforming sign" means a sign that has been erected in a zone or area other than commercial or industrial or where outdoor advertising is not permitted under this part.

(2)(a) The department may acquire by gift, purchase, agreement, exchange, or eminent

- 30 domain, any existing outdoor advertising and all property rights pertaining to the
31 outdoor advertising which were lawfully in existence on May 9, 1967, and which by
32 reason of this part become nonconforming.
- 33 (b) If the department, or any town, city, county, governmental entity, public utility, or
34 any agency or the United States Department of Transportation under this part,
35 prevents the maintenance as defined in Section 72-7-502, or requires that
36 maintenance of an existing sign be discontinued, the sign in question shall be
37 considered acquired by the entity and just compensation will become immediately
38 due and payable.
- 39 (c) Eminent domain shall be exercised in accordance with the provision of Title 78B,
40 Chapter 6, Part 5, Eminent Domain.
- 41 (3)(a) Just compensation shall be paid for outdoor advertising and all property rights
42 pertaining to the same, including the right of the landowner upon whose land a sign is
43 located, acquired through the processes of eminent domain.
- 44 (b) For the purposes of this part, just compensation shall include the consideration of
45 damages to remaining properties, contiguous and noncontiguous, of an outdoor
46 advertising sign company's interest, which remaining properties, together with the
47 properties actually condemned, constituted an economic unit.
- 48 (c) The department is empowered to remove signs found in violation of Section 72-7-508
49 without payment of any compensation.
- 50 (4) Except as specifically provided in this section or Section 72-7-513, this part may not be
51 construed to permit a person to place or maintain any outdoor advertising adjacent to
52 any interstate or primary highway system which is prohibited by law or by any town,
53 city, or county ordinance. Any town, city, county, governmental entity, or public utility
54 which requires the removal, relocation, alteration, change, or termination of outdoor
55 advertising shall pay just compensation as defined in this part and in Title 78B, Chapter
56 6, Part 5, Eminent Domain.
- 57 (5) Except as provided in Section 72-7-508, no sign shall be required to be removed by the
58 department nor sign maintenance as described in this section be discontinued unless at
59 the time of removal or discontinuance there are sufficient funds, from whatever source,
60 appropriated and immediately available to pay the just compensation required under this
61 section and unless at that time the federal funds required to be contributed under 23
62 U.S.C., Sec. 131, if any, with respect to the outdoor advertising being removed, have
63 been appropriated and are immediately available to this state.

- 64 (6)(a) If any outdoor advertising use, structure, or permit may not be continued because
 65 of the widening, construction, or reconstruction along an interstate, federal aid
 66 primary highway existing as of June 1, 1991, or national highway systems highway,
 67 the owner shall have the option to relocate and remodel the use, structure, or permit
 68 to another location:
- 69 (i) on the same property;
 - 70 (ii) on adjacent property;
 - 71 (iii) on the same highway within [~~5280 feet~~] four miles of the previous location[~~;~~
 72 ~~which may be extended 5280 feet outside the areas described in Subsection~~
 73 ~~72-7-505(3)(e)(i)(A), on either side of the same highway~~]; or
 - 74 (iv) mutually agreed upon by the owner and the county or municipality in which the
 75 use, structure, or permit is located.
- 76 (b) The relocation under Subsection (6)(a) shall be in a commercial or industrial zoned
 77 area or where outdoor advertising is permitted under this part.
- 78 (c) The county or municipality in which the use or structure is located shall, if necessary,
 79 provide for the relocation and remodeling by ordinance for a special exception to its
 80 zoning ordinance.
- 81 (d) The relocated and remodeled use or structure may be:
- 82 (i) erected to a height and angle to make it clearly visible to traffic on the
 83 main-traveled way of the highway to which it is relocated or remodeled;
 - 84 (ii) the same size and at least the same height as the previous use or structure, but the
 85 relocated use or structure may not exceed the size and height permitted under this
 86 part;
 - 87 (iii) relocated to a comparable vehicular traffic count.
- 88 (7)(a) The governmental entity, quasi-governmental entity, or public utility that causes
 89 the need for the outdoor advertising relocation or remodeling as provided in
 90 Subsection (6)(a) shall pay the costs related to the relocation, remodeling, or
 91 acquisition.
- 92 (b) If a governmental entity prohibits the relocation and remodeling as provided in
 93 Subsection (6)(a), it shall pay just compensation as provided in Subsection (3).
 94 Section 2. Section **72-7-510.5** is amended to read:
- 95 **72-7-510.5 . Height adjustments for outdoor advertising signs.**
- 96 (1) If the view and readability of an outdoor advertising sign, including a sign that is a
 97 nonconforming sign as defined in Section 72-7-510, a noncomplying structure as

- 98 defined in Sections 10-9a-103 and 17-27a-103, or a nonconforming use as defined in
 99 Sections 10-9a-103 and 17-27a-103 is obstructed due to a noise abatement or safety
 100 measure, grade change, construction, directional sign, highway widening, or aesthetic
 101 improvement made by an agency of this state, along an interstate, federal aid primary
 102 highway existing as of June 1, 1991, national highway systems highway, or state
 103 highway or by an improvement created on real property subsequent to the department's
 104 disposal of the property under Section 72-5-111, the owner of the sign may:
- 105 (a) adjust the height of the sign;~~[-or]~~
 - 106 (b) relocate the sign to a point within ~~[500 feet]~~ four miles of its prior location, if the sign
 107 complies with the spacing requirements under Section 72-7-505 and is in a
 108 commercial or industrial zone~~[-]~~ ; or
 - 109 (c) on a state highway, as designated in Chapter 4, Designation of State Highways Act,
 110 relocate the sign to a point within one mile of its prior location, on either side of the
 111 same highway if:
 - 112 (i) the sign complies with the spacing requirements under section 72-7-505; and
 - 113 (ii) the sign is located in a commercial or industrial zone.
- 114 (2) A height adjusted sign under this section does not constitute a substantial change to the
 115 sign.
- 116 (3) The county or municipality in which the outdoor advertising sign is located shall, if
 117 necessary, provide for the height adjustment or relocation by ordinance for a special
 118 exception to its zoning ordinance.
- 119 (4)(a) The height adjusted sign:
- 120 (i) may be erected:
 - 121 (A) to a height to make the entire advertising content of the sign clearly visible;
 - 122 and
 - 123 (B) to an angle to make the entire advertising content of the sign clearly visible;
 - 124 and
 - 125 (ii) shall be the same size as the previous sign.
 - 126 (b) The provisions of Subsection (4)(a) are an exception to the height requirements
 127 under Section 72-7-505.

128 Section 3. Section **72-7-513** is amended to read:

129 **72-7-513 . Relocation on state highways.**

- 130 (1) As used in this section, "state highway" means those highways designated as state
 131 highways in [~~Title 72, Chapter 4, Designation of State Highways Act~~] Chapter 4,

- 132 Designation of State Highways Act, on July 1, 1999, and any subsequently designated
133 state highway.
- 134 (2) If any outdoor advertising use or structure may not be continued because of the
135 widening, construction, or reconstruction along a state highway, the owner shall have
136 the option to relocate and remodel the use or structure to another location:
- 137 (a) on the same property;
- 138 (b) on adjacent property;
- 139 (c) within [~~2640 feet~~] one mile of the previous location on either side of the same
140 highway; or
- 141 (d) mutually agreed upon by the owner and the county or municipality in which the use,
142 structure, or permit is located.
- 143 (3) The relocation under Subsection (2) shall be in a commercial or industrial zoned area or
144 where outdoor advertising is permitted under this part.
- 145 (4) The county or municipality in which the use or structure is located shall, if necessary,
146 provide for the relocation and remodeling by ordinance for a special exception to its
147 zoning ordinance.
- 148 (5) The relocated and remodeled use or structure may be:
- 149 (a) erected to a height and angle to make it clearly visible to traffic on the main-traveled
150 way of the highway to which it is relocated or remodeled;
- 151 (b) the same size and at least the same height as the previous use or structure, but the
152 relocated use or structure may not exceed the size and height permitted under this
153 part;
- 154 (c) relocated to a comparable vehicular traffic count.
- 155 (6)(a) The governmental entity, quasi-governmental entity, or public utility that causes
156 the need for the outdoor advertising relocation or remodeling as provided in
157 Subsection (2) shall pay the costs related to the relocation, remodeling, or acquisition.
- 158 (b) If a governmental entity prohibits the relocation and remodeling as provided in
159 Subsection (2)(a), (b), or (c), it shall pay just compensation as provided in Subsection
160 72-7-510(3).

161 Section 4. **Effective Date.**

162 This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.