1

## Office of Legislative Auditor General Provisions

## 2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

_	Chief Sponsor: Jefferson S. Burton
2	LONG TITLE
4	General Description:
5	This bill amends provisions governing the duties and powers of the legislative auditor
6	general.
7	Highlighted Provisions:
8	This bill:
9	<ul> <li>restates the legislative auditor general's constitutional authority;</li> </ul>
10	<ul> <li>amends provisions governing information provided by an entity audited by the legislative</li> </ul>
11	auditor general;
12	<ul> <li>amends provisions governing criminal interference with a legislative audit;</li> </ul>
13	<ul> <li>amends the definition of "chief officer" for purposes of responding to an audit;</li> </ul>
14	• permits the legislative auditor general to identify an individual other than a chief officer
15	to respond to a legislative audit; and
16	<ul> <li>makes other technical and conforming changes.</li> </ul>
17	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
18	None
19	Other Special Clauses:
20	None
21	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
22	AMENDS:
23	36-12-15, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Third Special Session, Chapter 3
24	<b>36-12-15.3</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 403
25	<b>53F-2-526</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 374
26	
27	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
28	Section 1. Section <b>36-12-15</b> is amended to read:
29	36-12-15 . Office of the Legislative Auditor General established Qualifications
30	Powers, functions, and duties Reporting Criminal penalty Employment.
31	(1) As used in this section:

32 (a) "Audit action" means an audit, examination, investigation, or review of an entity 33 conducted by the office. 34 (b) "Entity" means: 35 (i) a government organization; or 36 (ii) a receiving organization. 37 (c) "Government organization" means: 38 (i) a state branch, department, or agency; or 39 (ii) a political subdivision, including a county, municipality, special district, special 40 service district, school district, interlocal entity as defined in Section 11-13-103, 41 or any other local government unit. 42 (d) "Office" means the Office of the Legislative Auditor General. 43 (e) "Receiving organization" means an organization that receives public funds that is not 44 a government organization. 45 (2)(a) There is created the Office of the Legislative Auditor General as a permanent 46 staff office for the Legislature. 47 (b) The authority of the legislative auditor general is: 48 (i) established in Utah Constitution, Article VI, Section 33; and 49 (ii) an extension of the Legislature's inherent inquiry and investigatory power. 50 (3) The legislative auditor general shall be a licensed certified public accountant or certified 51 internal auditor with at least seven years of experience in the auditing or public 52 accounting profession, or the equivalent, prior to appointment. 53 (4) The legislative auditor general shall [appoint] employ and develop a professional staff 54 within budget limitations. 55 (5) The office shall exercise the constitutional authority provided in Utah Constitution, 56 Article VI. Section 33. 57 (6) Under the direction of the legislative auditor general, the office shall: 58 (a) conduct comprehensive and special purpose audits, examinations, investigations, or 59 reviews of entity funds, functions, and accounts; 60 (b) prepare and submit a written report on each audit action to the Audit Subcommittee 61 created in Section 36-12-8 and make the report available to all members of the 62 Legislature within 75 days after the audit action is completed; 63 (c) monitor, conduct a risk assessment of, or audit any efficiency evaluations that the 64 legislative auditor general determines necessary, in accordance with Title 63J, 65

Chapter 1, Part 9, Government Performance Reporting and Efficiency Process, and

66		legislative rule;
67	(d)	create, manage, and report to the Audit Subcommittee a list of high risk programs
68		and operations that:
69		(i) threaten public funds or programs;
70		(ii) are vulnerable to inefficiency, waste, fraud, abuse, or mismanagement; or
71		(iii) require transformation;
72	(e)	monitor and report to the Audit Subcommittee the health of a government
73		organization's internal audit functions;
74	(f)	make recommendations to increase the independence and value added of internal
75		audit functions throughout the state;
76	(g)	implement a process to track, monitor, and report whether the subject of an audit has
77		implemented recommendations made in the audit report;
78	(h)	establish, train, and [maintain] retain individuals within the office to conduct
79		investigations and represent themselves as lawful investigators on behalf of the office;
80	(i)	establish policies, procedures, methods, and standards of audit work and
81		investigations for the office and staff;
82	(j)	prepare and submit each audit and investigative report independent of any influence
83		external of the office, including the content of the report, the conclusions reached in
84		the report, and the manner of disclosing the legislative auditor general's findings;
85	(k)	prepare and submit [the] an annual budget request for the office; and
86	(l)	perform other duties as prescribed by the Legislature.
87 (7)	) In c	conducting an audit action of an entity, the office may include a determination of any
88	or a	all of the following:
89	(a)	the honesty and integrity of any of the entity's fiscal affairs;
90	(b)	the accuracy and reliability of the entity's internal control systems and specific
91		financial statements and reports;
92	(c)	whether [or not] the entity's financial controls are adequate and effective to properly
93		record and safeguard the entity's acquisition, custody, use, and accounting of public
94		funds;
95	(d)	whether the entity's administrators have complied with legislative intent;
96	(e)	whether the entity's operations have been conducted in an efficient, effective, and
97		cost efficient manner;
98	(f)	whether the entity's programs have been effective in accomplishing intended
99		objectives; and

100	(g) whether the entity's management control and information systems are adequate and
101	effective.
102	(8)[(a)] If requested by the office, each entity that the legislative auditor general is
103	authorized to audit under Utah Constitution, Article VI, Section 33, [or this section-]
104	shall, notwithstanding any other provision of law[-except as provided in Subsection
105	(8)(b)], provide the office with access to information, materials, or resources the
106	office determines are necessary to conduct an audit, examination, investigation, or
107	review, including:
108	[(i)] (a) the following in the possession or custody of the entity in the format identified
109	by the office:
110	[(A)] (i) a record, document, and report; and
111	[(B)] (ii) films, tapes, recordings, and electronically stored information;
112	[(ii)] (b) entity personnel; and
113	[(iii)] (c) each official or unofficial recording of formal or informal meetings or
114	conversations to which the entity has access.
115	[(b) To the extent compliance would violate federal law, the requirements of Subsection
116	(8)(a) do not apply.]
117	(9)(a) In carrying out the duties provided for in this section and under Utah
118	Constitution, Article VI, Section 33, the legislative auditor general may issue a
119	subpoena to access information, materials, or resources in accordance with Chapter
120	14, Legislative Subpoena Powers.
121	(b) The legislative auditor general may issue a subpoena, as described in Subsection
122	(9)(a), to a financial institution or any other entity to obtain information as part of an
123	investigation [of] involving public funds and fraud, waste, or abuse, including any
124	suspected malfeasance, misfeasance, or nonfeasance[involving public funds].
125	(10) To preserve the professional integrity and independence of the office:
126	(a) no legislator or public official may urge the appointment of any person to the office;
127	and
128	(b) the legislative auditor general may not be appointed to serve on any board, authority,
129	commission, or other agency of the state during the legislative auditor general's term
130	as legislative auditor general.
131	(11)(a) The following records in the custody or control of the legislative auditor general
132	are protected records under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
133	Management Act:

134	(i) records and audit work papers that would disclose information relating to
135	allegations of personal misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a
136	past or present governmental employee if the information or allegation cannot be
137	corroborated by the legislative auditor general through other documents or
138	evidence, and the records relating to the allegation are not relied upon by the
139	legislative auditor general in preparing a final audit report;
140	(ii) records and audit workpapers that would disclose the identity of a person who,
141	during the course of a legislative audit, communicated the existence of:
142	(A) unethical behavior;
143	(B) waste of public funds, property, or personnel; or
144	(C) a violation or suspected violation of a United States, Utah state, or political
145	subdivision law, rule, ordinance, or regulation, if the person disclosed on the
146	condition that the identity of the person be protected;
147	(iii) before an audit is completed and the final audit report is released, records or
148	drafts circulated to a person who is not an employee or head of an entity for
149	review, response, or information;
150	(iv) records that would disclose:
151	(A) an outline;
152	(B) all or part of an audit survey, audit risk assessment plan, or audit program; or
153	(C) other procedural documents necessary to fulfill the duties of the office; and
154	(v) [requests for audits] a request for an audit, if disclosure would risk circumvention
155	of [an] the audit.
156	(b) The provisions of Subsection (11)(a) do not prohibit the disclosure of records or
157	information to a government prosecutor or peace officer if those records or
158	information relate to a violation of the law by an entity or entity employee.
159	(c) A record, as defined in Section 63G-2-103, created by the office in a closed meeting
160	held in accordance with Section 52-4-205:
161	(i) is a protected record, as defined in Section 63G-2-103;
162	(ii) to the extent the record contains information:
163	(A) described in Section 63G-2-302, is a private record; or
164	(B) described in Section 63G-2-304, is a controlled record; and
165	(iii) may not be reclassified by the office.
166	(d) The provisions of this section do not limit the authority otherwise given to the
167	legislative auditor general to maintain the private, controlled, or protected record

168	status of a shared record in the legislative auditor general's possession or classify a
169	document as public, private, controlled, or protected under Title 63G, Chapter 2,
170	Government Records Access and Management Act.
171	(12) The legislative auditor general shall:
172	(a) be available to the Legislature and to the Legislature's committees for consultation on
173	matters relevant to areas of the legislative auditor general's professional competence;
174	(b) conduct special audits as requested by the Audit Subcommittee;
175	(c) report immediately to the Audit Subcommittee any apparent violation of penal
176	statutes disclosed by the audit of an entity and furnish to the Audit Subcommittee all
177	information relative to the apparent violation;
178	(d) report immediately to the Audit Subcommittee any apparent instances of
179	malfeasance or nonfeasance by an entity officer or employee disclosed by the audit of
180	an entity; and
181	(e) make any recommendations to the Audit Subcommittee with respect to the alteration
182	or improvement of the accounting system used by an entity.
183	(13) If the legislative auditor general conducts an audit of an entity that has previously been
184	audited and finds that the entity has not implemented a recommendation made by the
185	legislative auditor general in a previous audit report, the legislative auditor general shall
186	report to the Audit Subcommittee that the entity has not implemented the
187	recommendation.
188	(14) Before each annual general session, the legislative auditor general shall:
189	(a) prepare an annual report that:
190	(i) summarizes the audits, examinations, investigations, and reviews conducted by the
191	office since the last annual report; and
192	(ii) evaluate and report the degree to which an entity that has been the subject of an
193	audit has implemented the audit recommendations;
194	(b) include in the report any items and recommendations that the legislative auditor
195	general believes the Legislature should consider in the annual general session; and
196	(c) deliver the report to the Legislature and to the appropriate committees of the
197	Legislature.
198	(15)(a) If the chief officer of an entity has actual knowledge or reasonable cause to
199	believe that there is misappropriation of the entity's public funds or assets, or another
200	entity officer has actual knowledge or reasonable cause to believe that the chief
201	officer is misappropriating the entity's public funds or assets, the chief officer or,

202	alternatively, the other entity officer, shall immediately notify, in writing:
203	(i) the office;
204	(ii) the attorney general, county attorney, or district attorney; and
205	(iii)(A) for a state government organization, the chief executive officer;
206	(B) for a political subdivision government organization, the legislative body or
207	governing board; or
208	(C) for a receiving organization, the governing board or chief executive officer
209	unless the chief executive officer is believed to be misappropriating the funds
210	or assets, in which case the next highest officer of the receiving organization.
211	(b) As described in Subsection (15)(a), the entity chief officer or, if applicable, another
212	entity officer, is subject to the protections of Title 67, Chapter 21, Utah Protection of
213	Public Employees Act.
214	(c) If the Office of the Legislative Auditor General receives a notification under
215	Subsection (15)(a) or other information of misappropriation of public funds or assets
216	of an entity, the office shall inform the Audit Subcommittee.
217	(d) The attorney general, county attorney, or district attorney shall notify, in writing, the
218	Office of the Legislative Auditor General whether the attorney general, county
219	attorney, or district attorney pursued criminal or civil sanctions in the matter.
220	(16)[(a) An actor commits interference with a legislative audit if the actor uses force,
221	violence, intimidation, or engages in any other unlawful act with a purpose to
222	interfere with:]
223	[(i) a legislative audit action; or]
224	[(ii) the office's decisions relating to:]
225	[(A) the content of the office's report;]
226	[(B) the conclusions reached in the office's report; or]
227	[(C) the manner of disclosing the results and findings of the office.]
228	[(b)] (a) As used in this Subsection (16), "legislative audit" means:
229	(i) an audit action; or
230	(ii) the office's decision relating to:
231	(A) the content of a report;
232	(B) the conclusions reached in a report; or
233	(C) the manner of disclosing the results and findings of the office.
234	(b) An actor commits interference with a legislative audit if the actor, with intent to
235	hinder, delay, falsify, or prevent a legislative audit:

236	(i) prevents by force, intimidation, or deception any person from performing an act
237	that responds to or assists with a legislative audit;
238	(ii) alters, destroys, conceals, or removes any material, information, or resources
239	from a legislative audit;
240	(iii) makes, presents, or uses material, information, or resources known by the actor
241	to be false;
242	(iv) conceals an item described in Subsection (8) or other information that is not
243	confidential or privileged;
244	(v) provides false information; or
245	(vi) warns any person of an impending legislative audit.
246	$\underline{(c)(i)}$ A violation of Subsection $\underline{(16)(a)}$ $\underline{(16)(b)(i)}$ , $\underline{(ii)}$ , or $\underline{(iii)}$ is a class $\underline{[B]}$ $\underline{A}$
247	misdemeanor.
248	(ii) A violation of Subsection (16)(b)(iv), (v), or (vi) is a class B misdemeanor.
249	(17)(a) The office may require any current employee, or any applicant for employment,
250	to submit to a fingerprint-based local, regional, and criminal history background
251	check as an ongoing condition of employment.
252	(b) An employee or applicant for employment shall provide a completed fingerprint card
253	to the office upon request.
254	(c) The office shall require that an individual required to submit to a background check
255	under this Subsection (17) also provide a signed waiver on a form provided by the
256	office that meets the requirements of Subsection 53-10-108(4).
257	(d) For a noncriminal justice background search and registration in accordance with
258	Subsection 53-10-108(13), the office shall submit to the Bureau of Criminal
259	Identification:
260	(i) the employee's or applicant's personal identifying information and fingerprints for
261	a criminal history search of applicable local, regional, and national databases; and
262	(ii) a request for all information received as a result of the local, regional, and
263	nationwide background check.
264	(18) Subject to prioritization of the Legislative Audit Subcommittee, the Office of the
265	Legislative Auditor General shall conduct a feasibility study under Section 53G-3-301.1,
266	53G-3-301.3, or 53G-3-301.4.
267	Section 2. Section <b>36-12-15.3</b> is amended to read:
268	36-12-15.3 . Response to audit Chief officer Entity reporting requirements
269	Audit response plan Semi-annual update.

270	(1) As used in this section:
271	(a) "Alternative action" means a process, practice, or procedure that an entity
272	implements in response to an audit report that is different from the process, practice,
273	or procedure described in a recommendation.
274	(b) "Audit report" means a written report that the office issues that contains the office's
275	findings and recommendations with respect to an audit of an entity.
276	(c) "Audit response plan" means a written document that an entity issues that contains
277	the entity's response to an audit report of the entity.
278	(d) "Audit Subcommittee" means the subcommittee created in Subsection 36-12-8(1)(c).
279	(e) "Chief officer" means the individual [who holds ultimate authority over] responsible
280	for the day-to-day direction, management[-or governance], and operation of an entity.
281	(f) "Entity" means:
282	(i) the same as that term is defined in Subsection 36-12-15(1); or
283	(ii) any other person that the office is authorized to audit under any other provision of
284	law.
285	(g) "Legislative committee" means the committee to which the Audit Subcommittee
286	refers an audit report under Subsection 36-12-8(2)(d)(ii)(C).
287	(h) "Office" means the Office of the Legislative Auditor General.
288	(i) "Recommendation" means a process, practice, or procedure described in an audit
289	report that the office proposes an entity implement.
290	(j) "Reply" means a written document that the office issues that contains the office's
291	response to an entity's audit response plan.
292	(2)(a) In addition to any other information that the office is required to include or attach
293	to an audit report, the office shall, for each audit report the office issues:
294	[(a)] (i) subject to Subsection (2)(b), include in the audit report:
295	[(i)] (A) the identity of the chief officer; and
296	[(ii)] (B) a notice to the chief officer that the chief officer must comply with the
297	reporting requirements described in this section; and
298	[(b)] (ii) attach to the audit report:
299	[(i)] (A) the audit response plan of the entity that is the subject of the audit report:
300	and
301	[(ii)] (B) at the discretion of the legislative auditor general, a reply to the entity's
302	audit response plan.
303	(b) To comply with the reporting requirements of this section, the legislative auditor

304	general may:
305	(i) identify an individual other than the chief officer; or
306	(ii) if the entity is an entity under the direct supervision and control of the governor
307	or the lieutenant governor, identify with the governor or lieutenant governor or
308	their designee, an individual other than the chief officer to comply with the
309	reporting requirements of this section.
310	(3) The chief officer of an entity that is the subject of an audit report shall:
311	(a) prepare an audit response plan that:
312	(i) is in writing;
313	(ii) responds to the findings in the audit report; and
314	(iii) subject to Subsection (4), for each recommendation in the audit report:
315	(A) describes how the entity will implement the recommendation;
316	(B) identifies the individual employed by or otherwise affiliated with the entity
317	who is responsible for implementing the recommendation;
318	(C) establishes a timetable that identifies benchmarks for the entity to implemen
319	the recommendation; and
320	(D) specifies an anticipated deadline by which the entity will fully implement the
321	recommendation; and
322	(b) submit the audit response plan to the office before the office submits the audit report
323	to the Audit Subcommittee under Subsection 36-12-15(6)(b).
324	(4) If the chief officer described in Subsection (3) objects to implementing a
325	recommendation in an audit report, the chief officer shall:
326	(a) prepare an audit response plan in accordance with Subsections (3)(a)(i) and (ii) that:
327	(i) explains the basis for the objection; and
328	(ii)(A) identifies an alternative action that the entity will implement; or
329	(B) specifies that the entity will not implement the recommendation or an
330	alternative action; and
331	(b) comply with submission requirements described in Subsection (3)(b).
332	(5) A chief officer implementing an alternative action under Subsection (4)(a)(ii)(A) shall,
333	as it relates to the alternative action, include in the audit response plan the information
334	described in Subsection (3)(a)(iii).
335	(6) Subject to Subsection (8), if the chief officer of an entity that is the subject of an audit
336	report implements a recommendation under Subsection (3)(a)(iii), or an alternative
337	action under Subsections (4)(a)(ii)(A) and (5), the chief officer shall, no later than 180

338	days after the day on which the Audit Subcommittee refers the audit report to a
339	legislative committee:
340	(a) prepare an update to the entity's audit response plan that:
341	(i) is in writing; and
342	(ii) describes the entity's progress towards fully implementing:
343	(A) each recommendation addressed in the entity's audit response plan under
344	Subsection (3)(a)(iii); or
345	(B) each alternative action addressed in the entity's audit response plan under
346	Subsections (4)(a)(ii)(A) and (5); and
347	(b) submit the update to the legislative committee and the legislative auditor general.
348	(7) Subject to Subsection (8), after the chief officer described in Subsection (6) complies
349	with the submission requirements described in Subsection (6)(b), the chief officer shall:
350	(a) continue to update the audit response plan in accordance with Subsection (6)(a); and
351	(b) submit the update to the legislative committee and the legislative auditor general at
352	least semi-annually.
353	(8) A chief officer's obligation to update an audit response plan under this section
354	terminates when the legislative auditor general reports to the Audit Subcommittee that
355	the entity which is the subject of the audit report has fully implemented:
356	(a) each recommendation addressed in the entity's audit response plan under Subsection
357	(3)(a)(iii); or
358	(b) each alternative action addressed in the entity's audit response plan under
359	Subsections $(4)(a)(ii)(A)$ and $(5)$ .
360	Section 3. Section <b>53F-2-526</b> is amended to read:
361	53F-2-526. Excellence in Education and Leadership Supplement.
362	(1) As used in this section:
363	(a) "Center" means the Center for the School of the Future at Utah State University
364	established in Section 53B-18-801.
365	(b) "Eligible teacher" means a teacher who is a top-performing teacher that the center
366	determines using an LEA's assessment methods, including:
367	(i) student growth or achievement measures;
368	(ii) professional evaluations;
369	(iii) parent surveys; and
370	(iv) other data-driven criteria the LEA establishes and the center verifies for validity
371	(c) "Eligible teacher" includes an individual whom an LEA participating in the program

372	employs and who holds:
373	(i) a license the state board issues; and
374	(ii) a position that includes a current classroom teaching assignment.
375	(d) "High poverty school" means the same as the term is defined in Section 53F-2-513.
376	(e) "LEA" means:
377	(i) a school district;
378	(ii) charter school; and
379	(iii) a regional education service agency.
380	(f) "Program" means the Excellence in Education and Leadership Supplement created in
381	Subsection (2).
382	(g) "Tier performance level" means the following levels of performance for a teacher in
383	comparison to all teachers the center determines in accordance with Subsection (7):
384	(i) the top 5% of teachers;
385	(ii) the next 6%-10% of teachers; and
386	(iii) the next 11%-25% of teachers.
387	(h) "Top-performing" means the top 25% of teachers in comparison to all teachers the
388	center determines using the methods described in Subsection (1)(b).
389	(2) Beginning July 1, 2024, there is created a five-year pilot program known as the
390	Excellence in Education and Leadership Supplement to provide a salary supplement to
391	an eligible teacher in recognition for outstanding instructional talent.
392	(3)(a) No later than December 31, 2024, an LEA shall declare the LEA's intent to
393	participate in the program to the center.
394	(b) If an LEA declares an intent to participate in the program, the LEA shall:
395	(i) develop a process for a school principal or the principal's designee to assess a
396	teacher's performance consistent with this section to determine if a teacher is an
397	eligible teacher, including the corresponding tier performance level; and
398	(ii) create an appeals process for an employee who is not nominated to be an eligible
399	teacher.
400	(4) No later than April 1, 2025, an LEA shall:
401	(a) attend a training that the center creates regarding the guidelines for developing a
402	process described in Subsection (3); and
403	(b) develop and submit for approval the LEA's process described in Subsection (3) to the
404	center.
405	(5)(a) The center shall review the LEA's process described in Subsection (3) and

406	approve the process or request that the LEA make changes to the submitted process.
407	(b) If the center requests changes to the LEA's submitted process, the LEA shall work
408	with the center to make necessary changes to receive final approval from the center.
409	(c) No later than June 30, 2025, the center shall provide final approval or denial of an
410	LEA's process.
411	(6) Before the start of the 2025-2026 school year, an LEA with an approved process as
412	described in Subsection (5) shall:
413	(a) ensure each school principal or the principal's designee attends a training that the
414	center creates regarding:
415	(i) how to effectively use the LEA's approved process to select and submit to the
416	center nominations for eligible teachers, including the corresponding tier
417	performance level; and
418	(ii) how to protect student and educator data privacy when submitting nominations
419	and applications, as described in Subsection (9)(b)(ii)[-];
420	(b) provide information to teachers within the LEA regarding the program and how the
421	school's principal or principal's designee will use the approved LEA process to make
422	nominations of eligible teachers;
423	(c) ensure each school principal or the principal's designee uses the LEA's approved
424	process to evaluate and select which teachers within the school to nominate as
425	eligible teachers, including the corresponding tier performance level; and
426	(d) as provided in Subsection (9), submit to the center a list of the nominated eligible
427	teachers for the center to consider.
428	(7) In assessing if a nominated teacher is an eligible teacher, the center shall create an
429	assessment process that:
430	(a) uses the methods described in Subsection (1)(b);
431	(b) calibrates the submissions an LEA submits to determine, for all nominated teachers
432	statewide, which teachers are eligible teachers, including the corresponding tier
433	performance level;
434	(c) may use additional criteria as determined by the center in consultation with
435	participating LEAs; and
436	(d) establishes a scoring rubric including the scores required for a designation in each
437	tier performance level.
438	(8)(a) The center shall collaborate with LEAs to create:
439	(i) selection and submission guidelines for:

440	(A) the approval of the LEA's process as described in Subsection (5); and
441	(B) the list of nominated eligible teachers described in Subsection (6);
442	(ii) methods to determine student growth and achievement measures for subject areas
443	that do not have standardized assessment data;
444	(iii) the weightings for each element of the assessment process described in
445	Subsection (7); and
446	(iv) the trainings described in this section.
447	(b) The center may provide program related technical assistance to an LEA.
448	(9)(a) An LEA shall:
449	(i) apply to the center on behalf of the nominated eligible teachers within the LEA
450	through a process and format that the center determines; and
451	(ii) ensure a school principal or the principal's designee reevaluates an eligible
452	teacher's designation under this section every three years.
453	(b) The center shall:
454	(i) create an application process for an LEA to submit the list of nominated eligible
455	teachers described in Subsection (9)(a);
456	(ii) coordinate with the state board in the creation of the application process described
457	in Subsection (9)(b)(i) to ensure that any sharing of student and educator data
458	during the application process:
459	(A) complies with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 34 C.F.R. Part
460	99;
461	(B) complies with Title 53E, Chapter 9, Student Privacy and Data Protection; and
462	(C) uses disclosure avoidance techniques, including aggregating and otherwise
463	de-identifying data;
464	(iii) no later than October 1, 2026, determine if a nominated teacher is an eligible
465	teacher through the process described in Subsection (7);
466	(iv) verify:
467	(A) the validity of the LEA's process and assessment of an eligible teacher as
468	described in Subsections (4) and (5); and
469	(B) the nominations described in Subsection (7) with the LEA and school
470	administrators;
471	(v) certify a list of eligible teachers, including the total amount of funding the LEA
472	receives for the LEA's eligible teachers; and
<i>4</i> 73	(vi) provide the list described in Subsection (9)(b)(iv) to the state board

474	(10)(a) Subject to legislative appropriations, the state board shall:
475	(i) disburse funding to an LEA in the amount the center verifies that an LEA qualifie
476	to receive for salary supplements under this section; and
477	(ii)(A) except as provided in Subsection (10)(a)(ii)(B), allocate 1% of the funds
478	appropriated under this section to the center; and
479	(B) provide no more than \$500,000 to the center each fiscal year from the funds
480	described in Subsection (10)(a)(ii)(A).
481	(b) The annual salary supplement for an eligible teacher is:
482	(i) \$10,000 for a teacher in the top 5% of teachers;
483	(ii) \$5,000 for a teacher in the next 6%-10% of teachers; and
484	(iii) \$2,000 for a teacher in the next 11%-25% of teachers.
485	(c) If the eligible teacher is employed at a high poverty school, the eligible teacher shall
486	receive an additional salary supplement that is equal in amount to the eligible
487	teacher's salary supplement described in Subsection (10)(b).
488	(11)(a) An LEA shall:
489	(i) use the program funds to provide a salary supplement equal to the amount
490	specified in Subsection (10) for each eligible teacher in each tier performance
491	level; and
492	(ii) provide the salary supplement in an eligible teacher's regularly occurring
493	compensation in equal amounts through the contracted school years related to the
494	salary supplement award.
495	(b) An LEA:
496	(i) may use up to 4% of the money appropriated to the LEA for salary supplements to
497	cover administrative costs associated with implementing the program;
498	(ii) may use money appropriated to the LEA for the salary supplement for
499	employer-paid benefits; and
500	(iii) may not include a salary supplement received under this section:
501	(A) in a retirement calculation; or
502	(B) as part of retirement contributions.
503	(c) The salary supplement is not part of an eligible teacher's base pay, and is subject to
504	the eligible teacher's designation as an eligible teacher.
505	(12) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, if the appropriation for the program is
506	insufficient to cover the costs associated with salary supplements, an LEA may
507	distribute the funds to each eligible teacher of the same tier of performance level on a

508	pro rata basis.
509	(13) The center and the state board shall collaborate regarding data sharing and other
510	relevant interactions to facilitate the successful administration of the program.
511	(14)(a) An eligible teacher that receives a salary supplement under the program has no
512	vested property right in the salary supplement or the designation as an eligible
513	teacher.
514	(b) An eligible teacher's salary supplement and designation under this section are void if
515	the school principal or principal's designee, LEA, or the center made or certified the
516	designation improperly.
517	(15)(a) Subject to prioritization of the Audit Subcommittee, unless the state board
518	contracts a private auditor in accordance with Subsection (15)(b), the Office of the
519	Legislative Auditor General established under Section 36-12-15 shall, in any fiscal
520	year:
521	(i) conduct an audit of the program including:
522	(A) an evaluation of the implementation of the program; and
523	(B) the efficacy of the program, including program outcomes; and
524	(ii) prepare and submit a written report for an audit described in this section in
525	accordance with Subsection 36-12-15[(4)(b)(ii).] (6)(b).
526	(b) Subject to legislative appropriations, the state board may contract with an external
527	auditor to perform the audit described in this Subsection (15).
528	(16)(a) The center shall report to the Education Interim Committee no later than the
529	2024 October meeting the following:
530	(i) the methodology and process the center develops to achieve the requirements of
531	Subsection (7);
532	(ii) relevant data and updates resulting from the collaborations described in
533	Subsection (8);
534	(iii) any recommendations for future legislation; and
535	(iv) data regarding salary supplement programs, including:
536	(A) different approaches used to reward teacher performance, including different
537	evaluation methods;
538	(B) research outlining the effectiveness and impact of different salary supplement
539	amounts on teacher retention; and
540	(C) other considerations for impactful salary supplement programs in relation to
541	teacher retention.

542	(b) Beginning November 1, 2026, the center shall provide an annual report to the
543	Education Interim Committee regarding:
544	(i) the statewide metrics used in accordance with Subsection (7);
545	(ii) de-identified and aggregated data showing the number of:
546	(A) salary supplements per school, including total number of eligible teachers in
547	each school;
548	(B) eligible teachers in high poverty schools;
549	(C) eligible teachers in each tier performance level;
550	(D) eligible teachers in subject areas that do not have standardized assessments;
551	and
552	(E) salary supplement denials per school, including the reasons for a denial;
553	(iii) proportion of eligible teachers in:
554	(A) school districts; and
555	(B) charter schools; and
556	(iv) teacher retention data for a school where an eligible teacher is employed.
557	Section 4. Effective Date.
558	This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.