Casey Snider proposes the following substitute bill:

2

Agriculture and Food Amendments

2025 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Carl R. Albrecht

Senate Sponsor: Don L. Ipson

3 LONG TITLE

4 General Description:

- 5 This bill addresses issues related to the regulation, oversight, or encouragement of
- 6 agriculture and food.

7 **Highlighted Provisions:**

- 8 This bill:
- 9 modifies the definition of "qualified veterinarian";
- 10 changes references to the National Council on Weights and Measures;
- 11 changes the Utah Fertilizer Act to the Utah Plant Food Act, including modifying
- 12 definitions and making conforming references;
- 13 repeals the Utah Agriculture Certificate of Environmental Stewardship Program;
- 14 changes the time frames for annual fees under the Agricultural and Wildlife Damage

15 Prevention Act;

- 16 addresses the expiration of livestock brands;
- 17 modifies information to be provided to operate a livestock market;
- 18 amends the Domesticated Elk Act to address licensing, record retention, health
- 19 information, and marking of domesticated elk;
- clarifies that money in the LeRay McAllister Working Farm and Ranch Fund Program is
 nonlapsing;
- changes the Agriculture Conservation Easement Account to an expendable special
 revenue fund;
- addresses use of money in the Agriculture Resource Development Fund to pay
 administrative costs;
- 26 addresses regulation of livestock by political subdivisions;
- 27 modifies the earmarking of sales and use taxes related to the Division of Conservation
- 28 within the Department of Agriculture and Food;

29	 addresses grants under the agricultural water optimization program; and
30	 makes technical and conforming changes.
31	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
32	None
33	Other Special Clauses:
34	None
35	Utah Code Sections Affected:
36	AMENDS:
37	3-1-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 324
38	4-2-305, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 86 and last amended by
39	Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 345
40	4-2-901, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 91
41	4-9-106, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 345
42	4-9-107, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 345
43	4-9-108, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 345
44	4-9-109, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 345
45	4-13-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 528
46	4-13-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 311
47	4-13-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 311
48	4-13-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 311
49	4-13-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 311
50	4-13-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 311
51	4-13-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 311
52	4-13-110, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 311
53	4-18-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 68
54	4-18-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 144
55	4-18-106 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 126, 144
56	4-23-107 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 345
57	4-24-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 79
58	4-30-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 154
59	4-39-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 345
60	4-39-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 355
61	4-39-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 345
62	4-39-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 345

63	4-39-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 71
64	4-39-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 355
65	4-41a-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 327
66	4-46-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 59
67	4-46-304, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 528
68	10-11-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 432
69	59-12-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 88, 501
70	63J-1-602.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 241, 285, 425, and 467
71	73-10g-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 233
72	ENACTS:
73	11-46b-101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
74	11-46b-102 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
75	REPEALS:
76	4-13-101, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 345
77	4-18-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 345
78	19-5-105.6, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 383
79	
80	
80	<i>Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:</i>
80 81	Section 1. Section 3-1-4 is amended to read:
81	Section 1. Section 3-1-4 is amended to read:
81 82	Section 1. Section 3-1-4 is amended to read: 3-1-4 . Purposes.
81 82 83	 Section 1. Section 3-1-4 is amended to read: 3-1-4. Purposes. Such association may be organized for the purpose of engaging in any cooperative
81 82 83 84	Section 1. Section 3-1-4 is amended to read: 3-1-4. Purposes. Such association may be organized for the purpose of engaging in any cooperative activity for producers of agricultural products in connection with:
81 82 83 84 85	 Section 1. Section 3-1-4 is amended to read: 3-1-4. Purposes. Such association may be organized for the purpose of engaging in any cooperative activity for producers of agricultural products in connection with: (1) producing, assembling, marketing, buying or selling agricultural products, or harvesting,
81 82 83 84 85 86	 Section 1. Section 3-1-4 is amended to read: 3-1-4. Purposes. Such association may be organized for the purpose of engaging in any cooperative activity for producers of agricultural products in connection with: (1) producing, assembling, marketing, buying or selling agricultural products, or harvesting, preserving, drying, processing, manufacturing, blending, canning, packing, ginning,
81 82 83 84 85 86 87	 Section 1. Section 3-1-4 is amended to read: 3-1-4. Purposes. Such association may be organized for the purpose of engaging in any cooperative activity for producers of agricultural products in connection with: (1) producing, assembling, marketing, buying or selling agricultural products, or harvesting, preserving, drying, processing, manufacturing, blending, canning, packing, ginning, grading, storing, warehousing, handling, shipping, or utilizing such products, or
 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 	 Section 1. Section 3-1-4 is amended to read: 3-1-4. Purposes. Such association may be organized for the purpose of engaging in any cooperative activity for producers of agricultural products in connection with: (1) producing, assembling, marketing, buying or selling agricultural products, or harvesting, preserving, drying, processing, manufacturing, blending, canning, packing, ginning, grading, storing, warehousing, handling, shipping, or utilizing such products, or manufacturing or marketing the by-products thereof;
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 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 	 Section 1. Section 3-1-4 is amended to read: 3-1-4. Purposes. Such association may be organized for the purpose of engaging in any cooperative activity for producers of agricultural products in connection with: (1) producing, assembling, marketing, buying or selling agricultural products, or harvesting, preserving, drying, processing, manufacturing, blending, canning, packing, ginning, grading, storing, warehousing, handling, shipping, or utilizing such products, or manufacturing or marketing the by-products thereof; (2) seed and crop improvement, and soil conservation and rehabilitation; (3) manufacturing, buying or supplying to its members and others, machinery, equipment, feed, [fertilizer] plant food, coal, gasoline and other fuels, oils and other lubricants,
 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 	 Section 1. Section 3-1-4 is amended to read: 3-1-4. Purposes. Such association may be organized for the purpose of engaging in any cooperative activity for producers of agricultural products in connection with: (1) producing, assembling, marketing, buying or selling agricultural products, or harvesting, preserving, drying, processing, manufacturing, blending, canning, packing, ginning, grading, storing, warehousing, handling, shipping, or utilizing such products, or manufacturing or marketing the by-products thereof; (2) seed and crop improvement, and soil conservation and rehabilitation; (3) manufacturing, buying or supplying to its members and others, machinery, equipment, feed, [fertilizer] plant food, coal, gasoline and other fuels, oils and other lubricants, seeds, and all other agricultural and household supplies;
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 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 	 Section 1. Section 3-1-4 is amended to read: 3-1-4. Purposes. Such association may be organized for the purpose of engaging in any cooperative activity for producers of agricultural products in connection with: (1) producing, assembling, marketing, buying or selling agricultural products, or harvesting, preserving, drying, processing, manufacturing, blending, canning, packing, ginning, grading, storing, warehousing, handling, shipping, or utilizing such products, or manufacturing or marketing the by-products thereof; (2) seed and crop improvement, and soil conservation and rehabilitation; (3) manufacturing, buying or supplying to its members and others, machinery, equipment, feed, [fertilizer] plant food, coal, gasoline and other fuels, oils and other lubricants, seeds, and all other agricultural and household supplies; (4) generating and distributing electrical energy and furnishing telephone service to its members and others;

- 97 (6) financing any of the above enumerated activities. 98 Section 2. Section 4-2-305 is amended to read: 99 4-2-305. Preemption. 100 (1) Subject to concurrence with relevant federal laws and except as provided in Subsection 101 (4), the department has exclusive jurisdiction over regulation regarding: 102 (a) commercial feed, as described in Chapter 12, Utah Commercial Feed Act; 103 (b) fertilizer, as described in [Chapter 13, Utah Fertilizer Act] Chapter 13, Utah Plant 104 Food Act; 105 (c) pesticides, as described in Chapter 14, Utah Pesticide Control Act; and 106 (d) seeds, as described in Chapter 16, Utah Seed Act. 107 (2) The regulation of commercial feed, fertilizer, pesticides, and seeds within the state is of 108 statewide concern, except as provided in Subsection (4), and this title occupies the 109 whole field of potential regulation. 110 (3) Except as provided in Subsection (4), a political subdivision of the state is prohibited from regulating commercial feed, fertilizer, pesticides, and seeds, and local ordinances, 111 112 resolutions, amendments, regulations, or laws that seek to do so are void. 113 (4) Nothing in this section preempts or otherwise limits the authority of a political 114 subdivision to: 115 (a) adopt and enforce zoning regulations, fire codes, building codes, or waste disposal 116 restrictions; or 117 (b) in consultation with the department, enforce, maintain, amend, or otherwise continue to implement a regulation created on or before January 1, 2017, related to the use of 118 119 pesticides and fertilizers in surface water and groundwater source water protection 120 areas. 121 Section 3. Section **4-2-901** is amended to read: 122 4-2-901 . Definitions. 123 As used in this part: 124 (1) "Animal shelter" means the same as that term is defined in Section 11-46-102. 125 (2) "Education loan" means a loan received for education at a domestic or foreign 126 institution of higher education, including a school or college of veterinary medicine. 127 (3) "Education loan balance" includes charges for paying off the balance of the loan. 128 (4) "Indian country" means the same as that term is defined in 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1151. 129 (5) "Livestock" means the same as that term is defined in Section 4-1-109.
- 130 (6) "Loan" means a loan that is made directly by, insured by, or guaranteed under a

131	government program of:
132	(a) a state;
133	(b) the United States; or
134	(c) a foreign government.
135	(7) "Maximum payment value" means the lesser of:
136	(a) the sum of a qualified veterinarian's education loan balances; or
137	(b) \$20,000.
138	(8) "Program" means the Veterinarian Education Loan Repayment Program created in
139	Section 4-2-902.
140	(9) "Qualified veterinarian" means a veterinarian who has practiced, as defined by rule
141	made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, as
142	a veterinarian:
143	(a) in an area of the state that is Indian country;
144	(b) in an animal shelter within the state operated by:
145	(i) a county;
146	(ii) a municipality; or
147	(iii) an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section
148	501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code;
149	(c) in any area of the state as an employee of the department;
150	(d) in any combination of the [places] areas described in Subsections (9)(a) through (c);
151	or
152	(e) with a practice that includes:
153	(i) [-]at least 30% livestock medicine[-]; or
154	(ii) at least 20% livestock medicine if the veterinarian practices at least 10% in any
155	combination of the areas described in Subsection (9)(a) through (c).
156	(10) "Veterinarian" means an individual licensed under Title 58, Chapter 28, Veterinary
157	Practice Act.
158	Section 4. Section 4-9-106 is amended to read:
159	4-9-106 . Weights and measures Specifications, tolerances, and technical data
160	published in National Institute of Standards and Technology Handbook govern.
161	Unless modified by the department, Handbook 44, Specifications, Tolerances, and Other
162	Technical Requirements for Weighing and Measuring Devices, National Institute of Standards
163	and Technology, adopted by the National [Conference] Council on Weights and Measures,
164	including supplements or revisions to Handbook 44, shall determine the specifications,

02-06 15:19

165 tolerances, and other technical requirements for devices used for:

- 166 (1) commercial weighing and measuring;
- 167 (2) law enforcement;
- 168 (3) data gathering; and
- 169 (4) other weighing and measuring purposes.

170 Section 5. Section **4-9-107** is amended to read:

171 **4-9-107** . Adopting uniform packaging and labeling regulation.

172 Unless modified by the department, the Uniform Packaging and Labeling Regulation,

adopted by the National [Conference] Council on Weights and Measures in Handbook 130,

174 Uniform Laws and Regulations in the Areas of Legal Metrology and Engine Fuel Quality,

175 National Institute of Standards and Technology, shall apply to packaging and labeling in the176 state.

177 Section 6. Section **4-9-108** is amended to read:

4-9-108 . Adopting uniform regulation for the method of sale of commodities.

179 Unless modified by the department, the Uniform Regulation for the Method of Sale of

180 Commodities, adopted by the National [Conference] Council on Weights and Measures, in

181 Handbook 130, Uniform Laws and Regulations in the Areas of Legal Metrology and Engine

182 Fuel Quality, National Institute of Standards and Technology, shall apply to the method of sale

183 of commodities in the state.

184 Section 7. Section **4-9-109** is amended to read:

4-9-109 . Adopting uniform regulation for the voluntary registration of
 servicepersons and service agencies for commercial weighing and measuring devices.

187 Unless modified by the department, the Uniform Regulation for the Voluntary

188 Registration of Servicepersons and Service Agencies for Commercial Weighing and

189 Measuring Devices, adopted by the National [Conference] <u>Council</u> on Weights and Measures

190 in Handbook 130, Uniform Laws and Regulations in the Areas of Legal Metrology and Engine

191 Fuel Quality, National Institute of Standards and Technology, shall apply to the registration of

192 service persons and service agencies in the state.

Section 8. Section **4-13-102** is amended to read:

193 194

CHAPTER 13. UTAH PLANT FOOD ACT

4-13-102 . **Definitions**.

196 As used in this chapter:

197 (1) "Adulterated[-fertilizer]" means [a fertilizer or soil amendment that] a plant food that:

198 (a) contains a deleterious or harmful substance in sufficient amount to render it injurious

199	to beneficial plant life, animals, humans, aquatic life, soil, or water when applied in
200	accordance with the directions for use on the label;
201	(b) has a composition that falls below or differs from that which the composition is
202	purported to possess by the composition's labeling;
203	(c) contains unwanted crop or weed seed; or
204	(d) exceeds levels of metals permitted by the United States Environmental Protection
205	Agency.
206	(2) "Beneficial [substances or compounds" means a substance or compound other than
207	primary, secondary, and micro plant nutrients that can be demonstrated by scientific
208	research to be beneficial to one or more species of plants when applied exogenously]
209	substance" means a substance or compound, other than a primary nutrient, secondary
210	nutrient, or micro plant nutrient, and excluding a pesticide, that can be demonstrated by
211	scientific research to be beneficial to one or more species of plants, soil, or media.
212	[(3) "Biostimulant" means a product containing naturally-occurring substances and
213	microbes that are used to stimulate plant growth, enhance resistance to plant pests, and
214	reduce abiotic stress.]
215	[(4)] (3) "Blender" means a person engaged in the business of blending or mixing [fertilizer,
216	soil amendments, or both] plant food.
217	[(5)] (4) "Brand" means a term, design, or trade mark used in connection with one or several
218	grades of [fertilizer or soil amendment] plant food.
219	[(6)] (5) "Bulk[-fertilizer]" means [fertilizer delivered to the purchaser either in solid or
220	liquid state in a non-packaged form to which a label cannot be attached] plant food
221	delivered to a purchaser in a non-packaged form.
222	[(7)] (6) "Custom blend" means a [fertilizer] plant food blended according to specification
223	provided to a blender in a soil test nutrient recommendation or to meet the specific
224	consumer request before blending.
225	[(8)] (7) "Deficiency" means the amount of nutrient found by analysis to be less than that
226	guaranteed.
227	[(9)] (8) "Derivation" means the source from which the guaranteed nutrients are derived.
228	[(10)] (9) "Distribute" means to [import, consign, manufacture, produce, compound, mix,
229	blend, or to offer for sale, sell, barter, or supply fertilizer or soil amendments in the state]
230	offer for sale, sell, exchange, or barter plant food.
231	[(11)] (10) "Distributor" means a person who distributes.
232	[(12)] (11) "Fertilizer" means a substance that contains one or more recognized plant

233	nutrients that is used for the substance's plant nutrient content and is designed for use or	
234	claimed to have value in promoting plant growth, exclusive of unmanipulated animal	
235	and vegetable manures, marl, lime, limestone, wood ashes, gypsum, and other products	
236	exempted by rule.	
237	[(13)] (12) "Fertilizer material" means a fertilizer that contains:	
238	(a) quantities of no more than one of the primary plant nutrients, nitrogen (N), phosphate	
239	(P2O5), Potash (K2O);	
240	(b) 85% plant nutrients in the form of a single chemical compound; or	
241	(c) plant or animal residues or by-products, or a natural material deposit that is	
242	processed so that its primary plant nutrients have not been materially changed, except	
243	through purification and concentration.	
244	[(14)] (13) "Grade" means the percentage of total nitrogen, available phosphate and soluble	
245	potash stated in the same terms, order, and percentages as in the guaranteed analysis.	
246	[(15)] (14)(a) "Guaranteed analysis" means the minimum percentage by weight of plant	
247	nutrients claimed in the following order and form:	
249	Total Nitrogen (N) percent	
250		
250	Available Phosphate (P2O5) percent	
250 251	Available Phosphate (P2O5) percentSoluble Potash (K2O) percent	
251	Soluble Potash (K2O) percent	
251 252	Soluble Potash (K2O) percent (b) For unacidulated mineral phosphatic material and basic slag, bone, tankage, and	
251 252 253	Soluble Potash (K2O) percent (b) For unacidulated mineral phosphatic material and basic slag, bone, tankage, and other organic phosphate or degree of fineness may also be guaranteed.	
251 252 253 254	Soluble Potash (K2O)	
 251 252 253 254 255 	Soluble Potash (K2O)	
 251 252 253 254 255 256 	Soluble Potash (K2O)	
 251 252 253 254 255 256 257 	Soluble Potash (K2O)	
 251 252 253 254 255 256 257 258 	Soluble Potash (K2O) percent (b) For unacidulated mineral phosphatic material and basic slag, bone, tankage, and other organic phosphate or degree of fineness may also be guaranteed. (c)(i) Guarantees for plant nutrients other than nitrogen, phosphorus, and potassium may be permitted or required by rule of the department. (ii) The guarantees for such other nutrients shall be expressed in the form of the element. (iii) The sources of such other nutrients, such as oxides, salt, chelates, may be	
 251 252 253 254 255 256 257 258 259 	Soluble Potash (K2O)	
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 251 252 253 254 255 256 257 258 259 260 261 	Soluble Potash (K2O) percent (b) For unacidulated mineral phosphatic material and basic slag, bone, tankage, and other organic phosphate or degree of fineness may also be guaranteed. (c)(i) Guarantees for plant nutrients other than nitrogen, phosphorus, and potassium may be permitted or required by rule of the department. (ii) The guarantees for such other nutrients shall be expressed in the form of the element. (iii) The sources of such other nutrients, such as oxides, salt, chelates, may be required to be stated on the application for registration and may be included as a parenthetical statement on the label. (iv) Other beneficial substances or compounds, determinable by laboratory methods,	
 251 252 253 254 255 256 257 258 259 260 261 262 	Soluble Potash (K2O)	
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267	taking, preparation, and analysis of an official sample of [fertilizer or soil amendment]
268	plant food.
269	[(17)] (16) "Label" means the display of the written, printed, or graphic matter upon the
270	immediate container or statement accompanying [a fertilizer or soil amendment] plant
271	food.
272	[(18)] (17) "Labeling" means the written, printed, or graphic matter upon or accompanying [
273	fertilizer or soil amendment] plant food, or advertisements, brochures, posters, television
274	and radio announcements used in promoting the sale of [fertilizers or soil amendments]
275	plant food.
276	[(19)] (18) "Lot" means a definite quantity identified by a combination of numbers, letters,
277	characters, or amount represented by a weight certificate from which every part is
278	uniform within recognized tolerances from which the distributor can be determined.
279	[(20)] (19) "Micro plant nutrient" means boron, chlorine, [colbalt] cobalt, copper, iron,
280	manganese, molybdenum, nickel, sodium, and zinc.
281	[(21)] (20) "Mixed fertilizer" means a fertilizer containing any combination or mixture of
282	fertilizer materials.
283	[(22) "Nonplant food ingredient" means a substance or compound other than the primary,
284	secondary, or micro nutrients.]
285	[(23)] (21) "Official sample" means a sample of [fertilizer or soil amendment] plant food
286	taken by the department and designated as "official."
287	[(24) "Other ingredients" means the non-soil amending ingredients present in soil
288	amendments.]
289	[(25)] (22) "Percent" or "percentage" means the percentage by weight.
290	[(26)] (23) "Plant amendment" means a substance applied to plants or seeds that is intended
291	to improve growth, yield, product quality, reproduction, flavor, or other favorable
292	characteristics of plants except fertilizer, soil amendments, agricultural liming materials,
293	animal and vegetable manure, pesticides, or plant regulators.
294	(24) "Plant biostimulant" means a substance, microorganism, or mixture of a substance and
295	microorganism, that, when applied to seeds, plants, the rhizosphere, soil, or other growth
296	media, act to support a plant's natural nutrition processes independently of the
297	biostimulant's nutrient content, and thereby improving:
298	(a) nutrient availability;
299	(b) uptake;
300	(c) use efficiency;

02-06 15:19

301	(d) tolerance to abiotic stress; and
302	(e) consequent growth, development, quality, or yield.
303	(25) "Plant food" means a fertilizer, soil amendment, beneficial substance, plant
304	amendment, plant biostimulant, plant inoculant, soil inoculant, or any combination of
305	these products.
306	(26) "Plant inoculant" means a product consisting of microorganisms to be applied to the
307	plant or soil for the purpose of enhancing the availability or uptake of plant nutrients
308	through the root system.
309	(27) "Primary nutrient" includes total nitrogen, available phosphate, and soluble potash.
310	(28) "Registrant" means a person who registers a [fertilizer or a soil amendment] plant food
311	under this chapter.
312	(29) "Secondary nutrient" includes calcium, magnesium, and sulfur.
313	[(30) "Slow release fertilizer" means a fertilizer in a form that releases, or converts to a
314	plant-available form, plant nutrients at a slower rate relative to an appropriate reference
315	soluble product.]
316	[(31)] (30) "Soil amending ingredient" means a substance that will improve the physical,
317	chemical, biochemical, biological, or other characteristics of the soil.
318	[(32)] (31) "Soil amendment" means a substance or a mixture of substances that is intended
319	to improve the physical, chemical, biochemical, biological, or other characteristics of the
320	soil, except fertilizers, agricultural liming materials, unmanipulated animal manures,
321	unmanipulated vegetable manures, or pesticides.
322	(32) "Soil inoculant" means a microbial product that is applied to colonize the soil to
323	benefit the soil chemistry, biology, or structure.
324	(33) "Specialty fertilizer" means fertilizer distributed primarily for non-farm use, such as
325	home gardens, lawns, shrubbery, flowers, golf courses, municipal parks, cemeteries,
326	greenhouses, and nurseries.
327	(34) "Ton" means a net weight of 2,000 pounds avoirdupois.
328	Section 9. Section 4-13-103 is amended to read:
329	4-13-103 . Distribution of plant food Registration required Application
330	Fees Expiration Renewal Exemptions specified Blenders and mixers.
331	(1)(a) [A brand and grade of fertilizer or soil amendment shall be registered in the name
332	of the person whose name appears upon the label before being distributed in this state]
333	Before a plant food is distributed in this state, a person shall register the brand and
334	grade of the plant food in the name of the person whose name appears upon the label

335	of the plant food.
336	(b) [The] A person shall submit an application for registration[-shall be submitted] to the
337	department on a form prescribed and furnished by the department, and shall [be
338	accompanied by] accompany the application with payment of a fee determined by the
339	department pursuant to Subsection 4-2-103(2) for each brand and grade.
340	(c) Upon approval by the department, the department shall furnish a copy of the
341	registration [shall be furnished] to the applicant.
342	(d)(i) A registration expires at midnight on December 31 of the year in which issued.
343	(ii) A registration is renewable for a period of one year upon the payment of an
344	annual registration renewal fee in an amount equal to the current applicable
345	original registration fee.
346	(iii) A person shall pay the renewal fee [shall be paid]on or before December 31 of
347	each year.
348	(2) A distributor is not required to register [fertilizer] plant food that has been registered by
349	another person under this chapter if the label does not differ in any respect.
350	(3)(a) A blender is not required to register each grade of [fertilizer or soil amendment]
351	plant food formulated according to specifications provided by a consumer before
352	mixing, but is required to:
353	(i) license the name under which the business of blending or mixing is conducted;
354	(ii) pay an annual blenders license fee determined by the department pursuant to
355	Subsection 4-2-103(2); and
356	(iii) label the [fertilizer or soil amendment] plant food as provided in Section 4-13-104.
357	(b)(i) A blenders license expires at midnight on December 31 of the year in which the
358	license is issued.
359	(ii) A blenders license is renewable for a period of one year upon the payment of an
360	annual license renewal fee in an amount equal to the current applicable original
361	blenders license fee.
362	(iii) A renewal fee shall be paid on or before December 31 of each year.
363	(4)(a) [A] The department shall assess a tonnage fee [shall be assessed]on fertilizer [and
364	soil amendment]products sold in the state.
365	(b) The fee shall be determined by the department pursuant to Subsection 4-2-103(2).
366	(c) When more than one person is involved in the distribution of a fertilizer[-or soil
367	amendment], the final person who has the fertilizer [or soil amendment] registered
368	and distributed to a non-registrant or consumer is responsible for reporting the

369	tonnage and paying the tonnage fee, unless the report and payment is made by a prior
370	distributor of the fertilizer[-or soil amendment].
371	(d) [The] A person shall submit the tonnage report [shall be submitted]on a form
372	provided by the department on or before December 31 annually covering shipments
373	made during the preceding 12-month period from November 1 to October 31.
374	(e) Revenue generated by the fee shall be deposited into the General Fund as dedicated
375	credits to be used by the department for education and research about and promotion
376	of proper [fertilizer and soil amendment] plant food distribution, handling, and use.
377	Section 10. Section 4-13-104 is amended to read:
378	4-13-104 . Labeling requirements for fertilizer and soil amendments specified.
379	(1) A container of fertilizer distributed in this state shall bear a label in clearly legible and
380	conspicuous form setting forth the:
381	(a) brand name and grade;
382	(b) guaranteed analysis, except that:
383	(i) sources of nutrients, when shown on the label, shall be listed below the completed
384	guaranteed analysis in order of predominance;
385	(ii) guarantees of zeros may not be made and may not appear in statement except in
386	nutrient guarantee breakdowns; and
387	(iii) if chemical forms of nitrogen are claimed or required, the form shall be shown,
388	but no implied order of the forms of nitrogen is intended;
389	(c) subject to Subsection (12), derivation statement of guaranteed nutrients[, nonplant
390	food ingredients, and beneficial substances or compounds] if present;
391	(d) directions for use when applicable;
392	(e) caution or warning statement when applicable;
393	(f) name and address of the registrant or the manufacturer, if different from the registrant;
394	(g) net weight or volume; and
395	(h) lot number.
396	(2) A container of specialty fertilizer distributed in this state shall bear a label in clear,
397	legible, and conspicuous form setting forth the information specified in Subsections
398	(1)(a) through (h).
399	(3) A shipment of custom blend fertilizer shall be accompanied by a printed or written
400	statement setting forth the:
401	(a) information specified in Subsections (1)(a) through (c);
402	(b) name and address of the licensed blender;

403	(c) net weight or volume; and	
404	(d) lot number.	
405	(4) A person who ships fertilizer material shall accompany the shipment of fertilizer	
406	material [shall be accompanied by] with a printed or written statement setting forth the:	
407	(a) information specified in Subsections (1)(a) through (c);	
408	(b) name and address of the registrant if differen	nt from the supplier or shipper;
409	(c) net weight or volume; and	
410	(d) lot number.	
411	[(5) The grade is not required on a fertilizer label wh	hen no primary nutrients are claimed or
412	are less than one percent.]	
413	[(6) Additional nutrient guarantees may not be an ex	stension of the grade statement and shall
414	be a separate line or include terms such as "plus,	" "with," or "including."]
415	[(7)] (5) A soil amendment or beneficial substance of	listributed in the state shall bear a label
416	in clearly legible and conspicuous form setting for	orth[-the]:
417	(a) <u>the</u> brand name;	
418	(b) a statement of composition showing the amo	ount of each non-nutritive ingredient, that
419	is the agent in a product primarily responsible for the intended effects using the	
420	following format:	
421	(i) for a soil amendment:	
422	SOIL AMENDING INGREDIENTS	
423	1. Name of the ingredient	% or other acceptable units
424	(ii) for a beneficial substance:	
425	CONTAINS BENEFICIAL SUBSTANCE(S)	
426	1. Name of beneficial substance	% or other acceptable units
427	2. Genus and species of microorganism	viable CFU/cm3,/mL,/g, or other acceptable units
428	3. Name of the ingredient	% or other acceptable units
429	(Substances shall include ingredient source, if	
	applicable. Ex. humic acid from leonardite or	
	saponin from Yucca schidigera)	
430	[(b) guaranteed analysis, which includes:]	
431	[(i) nonplant food ingredients separated out	by soil amending ingredients and other
432	total ingredients, in that order, by percer	ntages; and]

433	[(ii) nonsoil amending ingredients separating out beneficial substances and beneficial
434	compounds, in that order, by percentage or acceptable units;]
435	(c) <u>the purpose of product;</u>
436	(d) <u>the</u> direction for application;
437	(e) <u>the caution or warning statement when applicable;</u>
438	(f) the name and address of the registrant or the manufacturer, if different from the
439	registrant; and
440	(g) <u>the net weight or volume</u> .
441	(6) In case of a bulk shipment, the information required by Subsection (5) in written or
442	printed form shall accompany delivery and be supplied to the purchaser at time of
443	delivery.
444	(7) The grade is not required on a fertilizer label when no primary nutrients are claimed or
445	are less than 1%.
446	(8) Additional nutrient guarantees may not be an extension of the grade statement and shall
447	be a separate line or include terms such as "plus," "with," or "including."
448	[(8)] (9) The department may require proof of claims made, usefulness, and value of the soil
449	amendments.
450	[(9) For evidence of proof the department may rely on experimental data, evaluations, or
451	advice supplied from such sources as the director of the Agricultural Experiment
452	Station. The experimental design shall be related to state conditions for which the
453	product is intended.]
454	(10) Information or a statement may not appear on a package, label, delivery slip, or
455	advertising matter that is false or misleading to the purchaser as to the use, value,
456	quality, analysis, type, or composition of the [soil amendment] plant food.
457	(11) A [fertilizer] plant food is misbranded if:
458	(a) the [fertilizer's] labeling is false or misleading in any particular;
459	(b) the [fertilizer] plant food is distributed under the name of another [fertilizer] plant food
460	product;
461	(c) the [fertilizer] plant food is not labeled as required; or
462	(d) the [fertilizer] plant food purports to be or is represented as [fertilizer] plant food, or is
463	represented as containing [a plant nutrient fertilizer] an ingredient that does not
464	conform with the definition of identity or any commonly accepted definitions of
465	official fertilizer terms.
466	(12) An abbreviation, brand name, trade mark, or trade name may not appear in a derivation

467	statement.
468	Section 11. Section 4-13-105 is amended to read:
469	4-13-105 . Enforcement Inspection and samples authorized Methods for
470	sampling and analysis prescribed Warrants.
471	(1) The department shall periodically sample, inspect, analyze, and test [fertilizers and soil
472	amendments] plant food distributed within this state to determine [if they comply]
473	whether the plant food complies with this chapter.
474	(2)(a) The methods of sampling and analysis shall be those adopted by the AOAC
475	International.
476	(b) In a case not covered by the methods adopted under Subsection (2)(a), or in a case
477	when a method is available in which improved applicability has been demonstrated,
478	the department may adopt appropriate methods from other sources.
479	(3) In determining whether a [fertilizer or soil amendment] plant food is deficient, the
480	department shall be guided solely by the official sample.
481	(4)(a) The department may enter any public or private premises or carriers during
482	regular business hours to have access to [fertilizers or soil amendments] plant food
483	and records relating to the distribution of [fertilizers and soil amendments] plant food
484	subject to this chapter.
485	(b) If admittance is refused, the department may proceed immediately to obtain an ex
486	parte warrant from the nearest court [of competent] with jurisdiction to allow entry
487	upon the premises for the purpose of making inspections and obtaining samples.
488	(5) The department shall distribute the results of an official sample.
489	(6) The department shall retain an official sample for a minimum of 90 days from the
490	issuance of a report.
491	Section 12. Section 4-13-106 is amended to read:
492	4-13-106 . Distribution of plant food not complying with labeling requirements
493	prohibited Penalty assessed Court action to vacate or amend finding authorized
494	Adulterated plant food.
495	(1) A person may not distribute in this state a [fertilizer, fertilizer material, soil amendment,
496	or specialty fertilizer] plant food if the official sample [thereof] of the plant food
497	establishes that the [fertilizer, fertilizer material, soil amendment, or specialty fertilizer]
498	plant food is deficient in the nutrients or ingredients guaranteed on the label by an
499	amount exceeding the values established by rule.
500	(2) The department shall evaluate and take administrative action the department prescribes

501 for a deficiency beyond the investigational allowances established by the department. 502 (3) A registrant aggrieved by the finding of an official sample deficiency may file a 503 complaint with a court [of competent] with jurisdiction to vacate or amend the finding of 504 the department. 505 (4) A person may not distribute in this state a plant food that is adulterated. Section 13. Section 4-13-108 is amended to read: 506 507 4-13-108. Denial, suspension, or revocation authorized -- Grounds -- Stop sale, use, or removal order authorized -- Court action -- Procedure -- Costs. 508 509 (1) The department may deny, revoke, or suspend the license for a blender or the 510 registration of a brand of [fertilizer or soil amendment] plant food upon satisfactory 511 evidence that the licensee or registrant has used fraudulent or deceptive practices in 512 licensure, registration, or distribution in this state. 513 (2)(a) The department may issue a "stop sale, use, or removal order" to the owner or 514 person in possession of any designated lot of [fertilizer or soil amendment] plant food 515 that the department finds or has reason to believe is being offered or exposed for sale 516 in violation of this chapter. 517 (b) The order shall be in writing and [fertilizer or soil amendment] plant food subject to 518 the order may not be moved or offered or exposed for sale, except upon the 519 subsequent written release of the department. 520 (c) Before a release is issued, the department may require the owner or person in 521 possession of the "stopped" lot to pay the expense incurred by the department in 522 connection with the withdrawal of the product from the market. 523 (3)(a) The department may seek in a court [of competent] with jurisdiction an order of 524 seizure or condemnation of any [fertilizer] plant food that violates this chapter or, 525 upon proper grounds, to obtain a temporary restraining order or permanent 526 injunction, to prevent violation of this chapter. 527 (b) A bond may not be required of the department in any injunctive proceeding under 528 this section. 529 (4) If condemnation is ordered, the [fertilizer or soil amendment] plant food shall be 530 disposed of as the court directs, except that the court may not order condemnation 531 without giving the claimant of the [fertilizer or soil amendment] plant food an 532 opportunity to apply to the court for permission to relabel, reprocess, or otherwise bring 533 the product into conformance, or to remove the [fertilizer or soil amendment] plant food 534 from the state.

535 (5) If the court orders condemnation of the [fertilizer or soil amendment] plant food, court 536 costs, fees, storage, and other expenses shall be awarded against the claimant of the [537 fertilizer or soil amendment] plant food. 538 Section 14. Section **4-13-109** is amended to read: 539 4-13-109. Sales or exchanges of plant food between manufacturers, importers, or 540 manipulators permitted. 541 This chapter may not be construed to restrict or avoid sales or exchanges of [fertilizers 542 or soil amendments] plant food to each other by importers, manufacturers, or manipulators who 543 mix [fertilizer or soil amendment] plant food materials for sale or as preventing the free and 544 unrestricted shipment of [fertilizer or soil amendments] plant food to manufacturers or 545 manipulators who have registered their brands as required by this chapter. 546 Section 15. Section **4-13-110** is amended to read: 547 4-13-110. Department may make and enforce rules -- Cooperation with state and federal agencies authorized. 548 549 (1)(a) The department may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah 550 Administrative Rulemaking Act, and enforce the rules to administer and enforce this 551 chapter. 552 (b) The department shall by rule adopt the official terms, tables, definitions, and 553 statements adopted by the Association of American Plant Food Control officials and 554 published in the official publications of that organization. 555 (2) The department may enter into agreements with other agencies of the state, other states, 556 and agencies of the federal government to administer and enforce this chapter. 557 [(3) The department may use the following terms in rule made in accordance with Title 558 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to the extent that the department 559 is authorized to make rules by a provision other than this Subsection (3):] 560 [(a) biostimulant;] 561 [(b) bulk fertilizer;] 562 [(c) plant amendment;] 563 [(d) secondary nutrient; and] 564 [(e) slow release fertilizer.] Section 16. Section 4-18-102 is amended to read: 565 4-18-102 . Findings and declarations -- Duties. 566 (1) In addition to the policy provided in Section 4-46-101, the Legislature finds and 567

568 declares that:

569	(a) the soil and water resources of this state constitute one of the state's basic assets; and
570	(b) the preservation of soil and water resources requires planning and programs to
571	ensure:
572	(i) the development and use of soil and water resources; and
573	(ii) soil and water resources' protection from the adverse effects of wind and water
574	erosion, sediment, and sediment related pollutants.
575	(2) The Legislature finds that local production of food is essential for:
576	(a) the security of the state's food supply; and
577	(b) the self-sufficiency of the state's citizens.
578	(3) The Legislature finds that sustainable agriculture is critical to:
579	(a) the success of rural communities;
580	(b) the historical culture of the state;
581	(c) maintaining healthy farmland;
582	(d) maintaining high water quality;
583	(e) maintaining abundant wildlife;
584	(f) high-quality recreation for citizens of the state; and
585	(g) helping to stabilize the state economy.
586	(4) The Legislature finds that livestock grazing on public lands is important for the proper
587	management, maintenance, and health of public lands in the state.
588	(5) The Legislature encourages each agricultural producer in the state to operate in a
589	reasonable and responsible manner to maintain the integrity of soil, water, and air.
590	[(6) The department shall administer the Utah Agriculture Certificate of Environmental
591	Stewardship Program, created in Section 4-18-107, to encourage each agricultural
592	producer in this state to operate in a reasonable and responsible manner to maintain the
593	integrity of the state's resources.]
594	[(7)] (6) The Legislature finds that soil health is essential to protecting the state's soil and
595	water resources, bolstering the state's food supply, and sustaining the state's agricultural
596	industry.
597	Section 17. Section 4-18-103 is amended to read:
598	4-18-103 . Definitions.
599	As used in this chapter:
600	(1)(a) "Agricultural discharge" means the release of agriculture water from the property
601	of a farm, ranch, or feedlot that:
602	(i) pollutes a surface body of water, including a stream, lake, pond, marshland,

600	
603	watercourse, waterway, river, ditch, or other water conveyance system;
604	(ii) pollutes ground water; or
605	(iii) constitutes a significant nuisance to urban land.
606	(b) "Agricultural discharge" does not include:
607	(i) runoff from a farm, ranch, or feedlot, or the return flow of water from an irrigated
608	field onto land that is not part of a body of water; or
609	(ii) a release of water from a farm, ranch, or feedlot into a normally dry water
610	conveyance leading to an active body of water, if the release does not reach the
611	water of a lake, pond, stream, marshland, river, or other active body of water.
612	(2) "Agricultural operation" means a farm, ranch, or animal feeding operation.
613	(3) "Agriculture water" means:
614	(a) water used by a farm, ranch, or feedlot for the production of food, fiber, or fuel;
615	(b) the return flow of water from irrigated agriculture; or
616	(c) agricultural storm water runoff.
617	(4) "Alternate" means a substitute for a district supervisor if the district supervisor cannot
618	attend a meeting.
619	(5)(a) "Animal feeding operation" means a facility where animals, other than aquatic
620	animals, are stabled or confined and fed or maintained for a total of 45 days or more
621	in any 12-month period.
622	(b) "Animal feeding operation" does not include an operation where animals are in areas
623	such as pastures or rangeland that sustain crops or forage growth during the normal
624	growing season.
625	(6) "Best management practices" means practices, including management policies and the
626	use of technology, used by each sector of agriculture in the production of food and fiber
627	that are commonly accepted practices, or that are at least as effective as commonly
628	accepted practices, and that:
629	(a) protect the environment;
630	(b) protect human health;
631	(c) ensure the humane treatment of animals; and
632	(d) promote the financial viability of agricultural production.
633	[(7) "Certified agricultural operation" means an agricultural operation that is certified under
634	the Utah Agriculture Certificate of Environmental Stewardship Program in accordance
635	with Section 4-18-107.]
636	[(8) "Certified conservation planner" means a planner of a state conservation district, or
	-

- 637 other qualified planner, that is approved by the commission to certify an agricultural
- 638 operation under the Utah Agriculture Certificate of Environmental Stewardship
 639 Program, created in Section 4-18-107.]
- 640 [(9)] (7) "Commission" means the Conservation Commission created in Section 4-18-104.
- 641 [(10)] (8) "Comprehensive nutrient management plan" or "nutrient management plan"
- 642 means a plan to properly store, handle, and spread manure and other agricultural643 byproducts to:
- 045 byproducts to:
- 644 (a) protect the environment; and
- (b) provide nutrients for the production of crops.
- 646 [(11)] (9) "Coordinated resource management plan" means a plan of action created at a local
- 647 level with broad participation of land owners, natural resource agencies, and interested
- stakeholders to protect or enhance the environment, human health, humane treatment of
- animals, and financial viability in the community.
- 650 [(12)] (10) "District" or "conservation district" has the same meaning as "conservation
 651 district" as defined in Section 17D-3-102.
- 652 [(13)] (11) "Fodder" means food for livestock.
- 653 [(14)] (12) "Hydroponic" means a technique for growing plants without soil.
- [(15)] (13) "Pollution" means a harmful human-made or human-induced alteration to the
- water of the state, including an alteration to the chemical, physical, biological, or
- radiological integrity of water that harms the water of the state.
- [(16)] (14) "State technical standards" means a collection of best management practices that
- 658 will protect the environment in a reasonable and economical manner for each sector of 659 agriculture as required by this chapter.
- [(17)] (15) "Sustainable agriculture" means agriculture production and practices that
 promote:
- (a) the environmental responsibility of owners and operators of farms, ranches, andfeedlots; and
- (b) the profitability of owners and operators of farms, ranches, and feedlots.
- 665 Section 18. Section **4-18-106** is amended to read:
- 666 **4-18-106 . Agriculture Resource Development Fund -- Contents -- Use of fund**
- 667 money -- Advisory board.
- 668 (1) As used in this section:
- (a) "Disaster" means an extraordinary circumstance, including a flood, drought, or fire,
 that results in:

671	(i) the president of the United States declaring an emergency or major disaster in the
672	state;
673	(ii) the governor declaring a state of emergency under Title 53, Chapter 2a, Part 2,
674	Disaster Response and Recovery Act; or
675	(iii) the chief executive officer of a local government declaring a local emergency
676	under Title 53, Chapter 2a, Part 2, Disaster Response and Recovery Act.
677	(b) "Fund" means the Agriculture Resource Development Fund created in this section.
678	(c) "Local government" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-2a-602.
679	(2) There is created a revolving loan fund known as the "Agriculture Resource
680	Development Fund."
681	(3) The fund shall consist of:
682	(a) money appropriated to the fund by the Legislature;
683	[(b) sales and use tax receipts transferred to the fund in accordance with Section
684	59-12-103;]
685	[(c)] (b) money received for the repayment of loans made from the fund;
686	[(d)] (c) money from a preferential user to reimburse the commission for loans made
687	from the fund in accordance with Title 73, Chapter 3d, Part 4, Compensation;
688	[(e)] (d) money made available to the state for agriculture resource development or for a
689	temporary water shortage emergency, as defined in Section 73-3d-101, from any
690	source; and
691	[(f)] (e) interest earned on the fund.
692	(4) The commission may make loans from the fund for:
693	(a) a rangeland improvement and management project;
694	(b) a watershed protection or flood prevention project;
695	(c) a soil and water conservation project;
696	(d) a program designed to promote energy efficient farming practices;
697	(e) an improvement program for agriculture product storage or program designed to
698	protect a crop or animal resource;
699	(f) a hydroponic or aquaponic system, including a hydroponic fodder production system;
700	(g) a project or program to improve water quality;
701	(h) a project to address other environmental issues;
702	(i) subject to Subsection (5), a disaster relief program designed to aid the sustainability
703	of agriculture during and immediately following a disaster; or
704	(j) subject to Subsection (6), authorized for temporary water shortage emergencies as

705	provided in Title 73, Chapter 3d, Part 4, Compensation.
706	(5)(a) Loans made through a disaster relief program described in Subsection (4)(i) may
707	not comprise more than 10% of the funds appropriated by the Legislature to the fund.
708	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a), the department may use the money appropriated
709	to the fund by the Legislature or another source, without limitation, if the money is
710	appropriated specifically for use in a disaster relief program.
711	(c)(i) Until December 31, 2024, the department is authorized to borrow up to
712	\$3,000,000 of General Fund appropriations from the Agricultural Water
713	Optimization Account created in Section 73-10g-204 to be used in making loans
714	through a disaster relief program described in Subsection (4)(i).
715	(ii) If the department borrows from the Agricultural Water Optimization Account
716	under Subsection (5)(c)(i), the department shall deposit the repayment of principal
717	and interest on loans made through a disaster relief program, regardless of the
718	source of the funds used to make those loans, into the Agricultural Water
719	Optimization Account, with preference over the repayment of any other source of
720	funds, until the Agricultural Water Optimization Account is repaid in full.
721	(6) The commission may not have at one time an aggregate amount of loans made under
722	Subsection (4)(j) that exceeds \$5,000,000.
723	(7) The commission may appoint an advisory board to:
724	(a) oversee the award process for loans, as described in this section;
725	(b) approve loans; and
726	(c) recommend policies and procedures for the fund that are consistent with statute.
727	(8) The department shall obtain an approved annual budget from the commission to use
728	money from the fund to pay for the costs of administering the fund and loans made from
729	the fund.
730	Section 19. Section 4-23-107 is amended to read:
731	4-23-107 . Annual fees on sheep, goats, cattle, and turkeys Determination by
732	board Collection methods.
733	(1) To assist the department in meeting the annual expense of administering this chapter, the
734	following annual predator control fees are imposed upon animals owned by persons whose
735	interests this chapter is designed to protect: Sheep and goats (except on farm dairy
736	goats or feeder lambs) at least \$.70 but not
737	more than \$1 per head
738	Cattle (except on farm dairy cattle) at least \$.15 but not

739	more than \$.50 per head
740	Turkeys (breeding stock only) at least \$.05 but not
741	more than \$.10 per head
742	(2) The amount of the fees imposed upon each category of animals specified in this section
743	shall be determined by the board annually on or before [January 1] July 1 of each year.
744	(3)(a) Fee brand inspected cattle are subject to a predator control fee upon change of
745	ownership or slaughter.
746	(b) The fee shall be collected by the local brand inspector at the time of the inspection of
747	cattle, or withheld and paid by the market from proceeds derived from the sale of the
748	cattle.
749	(c) Cattle that are fee brand inspected prior to confinement to a feedlot are not subject to
750	any subsequent predator control fee.
751	(4)(a) Fleece of sheared sheep is subject to a predator control fee upon sale of the fleece.
752	(b)(i) The fee shall be withheld and paid by the marketing agency or purchaser of
753	wool from proceeds derived from the sale of the fleece.
754	(ii) The department shall enter into cooperative agreements with in-state and
755	out-of-state wool warehouses and wool processing facilities for the collection of
756	predator control fees on the fleece of sheep that graze on private or public range in
757	the state.
758	(c) The fee shall be based on the number of pounds of wool divided by 10 pounds for
759	white face sheep and five pounds for black face sheep.
760	(5) Predator control fees on turkey breeding stock shall be paid by the turkey cooperative.
761	(6)(a) Livestock owners shall pay a predator control fee on any livestock that uses public
762	or private range in the state [which] that is not otherwise subject to the fee under
763	Subsection (3) or (4).
764	(b) By [January 1] September 1, the commissioner shall mail to each owner of livestock
765	specified in Subsection (6)(a) a reporting form requiring sufficient information on the
766	type and number of livestock grazed in the state and indicating the fee imposed for
767	each category of livestock.
768	(c) [Each] An owner shall file the completed form and the appropriate fee with the
769	commissioner before [April 1] December 31.
770	(d) If any person who receives the reporting form fails to return the completed form and
771	the imposed fee as required, the commissioner is authorized to commence suit
772	through the office of the attorney general, in a court [of competent] with jurisdiction,

773	to collect the imposed fee, the amount of which shall be as determined by the
774	commissioner.
775	(7) [All fees] A fee collected under this section shall be remitted to the department and
776	deposited in the Agricultural and Wildlife Damage Prevention Account.
777	Section 20. Section 4-24-202 is amended to read:
778	4-24-202 . Recordation of brand.
779	(1)[(a) Application for a recorded brand shall be made] A person shall submit an
780	application for a recorded brand to the department upon forms prescribed and
781	furnished by the department.
782	[(b)] (a) The application shall contain the following information:
783	(i) the name of each applicant;
784	(ii) a single designated address where the department will send a notice of brand
785	renewal; and
786	(iii) a description of the brand that is the subject of the application.
787	[(c)] (b) [An] The department may not approve an application [may not be approved]
788	without payment of the appropriate recording fee.
789	[(d)] (c) Upon receipt of a proper application, payment of the recording fee, and
790	recordation of the brand in the central Brand Registry of the department, the
791	commissioner shall issue the applicant a certified copy of recording that entitles the
792	applicant to the exclusive use of the brand recorded.
793	(2)(a) A recorded brand filed with the central Brand Registry expires during the calendar
794	year 1980, and during each fifth or tenth year thereafter. The applicant at the time of
795	application shall decide whether the brand filed with the central Brand Registry
796	expires during the fifth or the tenth year.
797	(b)(i) The department shall send notice in writing to the address designated under
798	Subsection (1)(b)(ii) within a reasonable time before the date of expiration of
799	recordation.
800	(ii) The notice required by this Subsection (2)(b) may be provided by email or regular
801	mail at the department's discretion.
802	(iii) The holder of a registered brand has an affirmative duty to inform the department
803	of a change to the contact information provided on the initial application for a
804	recorded brand.
805	(c) Brand renewal is affected by filing an appropriate application with the department
806	together with payment of the renewal fee.

807	(d) A recorded brand, not timely renewed, shall lapse and be removed from the central
808	Brand Registry.
809	Section 21. Section 4-30-105 is amended to read:
810	4-30-105 . License required Application Fee Expiration Renewal.
811	(1)(a) [No person may] A person may not operate a livestock market in this state without
812	a license issued by the department.
813	(b) [Application for a license shall be made] A person shall submit an application for a
814	license to the department upon forms prescribed and furnished by the department,
815	and the application shall specify:
816	(i) if the applicant is an individual, the name, address, and [date of birth] age of the
817	applicant; or
818	(ii) if the applicant is a partnership, corporation, or association, the name, address,
819	and [date of birth] age of each person who has a financial interest in the applicant
820	and the amount of each person's interest;
821	(iii) a certified statement of the financial assets and liabilities of the applicant
822	detailing:
823	(A) current assets;
824	(B) current liabilities;
825	(C) long-term assets; and
826	(D) long-term liabilities;
827	(iv) a legal description of the property where the market is proposed to be located, the
828	property's street address, and a description of the facilities proposed to be used in
829	connection with the property;
830	(v) a schedule of the charges or fees the applicant proposes to charge for each service
831	rendered; and
832	(vi) a detailed statement of the trade area proposed to be served by the applicant, the
833	potential benefits which will be derived by the livestock industry, and the specific
834	services the applicant intends to render at the livestock market.
835	(2)(a) Upon receipt of a proper application, payment of a license fee in an amount
836	determined by the department pursuant to Subsection 4-2-103(2), the commissioner,
837	if satisfied that the convenience and necessity of the industry and the public will be
838	served, shall issue a license allowing the applicant to operate the livestock market
839	proposed in the application valid through December 31 of the year in which the
840	license is issued, subject to suspension or revocation for cause.

841	(b) A livestock market license is annually renewable on or before December 31 of each
842	year upon the payment of an annual license renewal fee in an amount determined by
843	the department pursuant to Subsection 4-2-103(2).
844	(3) [No] The department may not issue a livestock market original or renewal license [may
845	be issued Juntil the applicant has provided the department with a certified copy of a
846	surety bond filed with the United States Department of Agriculture as required by the
847	Packers and Stockyards Act, 1921, 7 U.S.C. Section 181 et seq.
848	Section 22. Section 4-39-203 is amended to read:
849	4-39-203 . License required to operate a domesticated elk facility.
850	(1) A person may not operate a domesticated elk facility without first obtaining a license
851	from the department.
852	(2)(a) [Each] An application for a license to operate a domesticated elk facility shall be
853	accompanied by a fee.
854	(b) The fee shall be established by the department in accordance with Section 63J-1-504.
855	(3) [Each] An applicant for a domesticated elk facility license shall submit an application
856	providing all information in the form and manner as required by the department.
857	(4)(a) [No license shall be issued until the department has inspected and approved] The
858	department may not issue a license until the department inspects and approves the
859	facility.
860	(b) The department shall:
861	(i) notify the Division of Wildlife Resources at least 48 hours [prior to] before a
862	scheduled inspection so that a Division of Wildlife Resources representative may
863	be present at the inspection; and
864	(ii) provide the Division of Wildlife Resources with copies of all licensing and
865	inspection reports.
866	(5) Each separate location of the domesticated elk operation shall be licensed separately.
867	(6)(a) If a domesticated elk facility is operated under more than one business name from
868	a single location, the name of each operation shall be listed with the department in
869	the form and manner required by the department.
870	(b) The department shall require that a separate fee be paid for each business name listed.
871	(c) If a domesticated elk facility operates under more than one business name from a
872	single location, each facility shall maintain separate records.
873	(7) [Each person or business entity] <u>A person</u> with an equity interest in the domesticated elk
874	shall be listed on the application for license.

02-06 15:19

875	(8) [Each] A domesticated elk facility license shall expire on [July 1] June 30 in the year
876	following the year of issuance.
877	(9) [Each] \underline{A} licensee shall report to the department, in the form and manner required by the
878	department, any change in the information provided in the licensee's application or in the
879	reports previously submitted, within 15 days of each change.
880	(10) [Licenses] <u>A license</u> issued pursuant to this section [are] is not transferable.
881	Section 23. Section 4-39-205 is amended to read:
882	4-39-205 . License renewal.
883	(1) To renew a license, the licensee shall submit to the department the following:
884	(a) renewal fee;
885	(b) paperwork showing that the:
886	(i) domesticated elk, on the domesticated elk facility, have been inspected and
887	certified by the department for health[,] and proof of ownership[, and genetic
888	purity certification] for all elk imported into the state; and
889	(ii) facility has been properly maintained, as provided in this chapter, during the
890	immediately preceding 60-day period; and
891	(c) record of each purchase of domesticated elk and transfer of domesticated elk into the
892	facility, which shall include the following information:
893	(i) name[,] <u>and</u> address[, and health approval number] of the source;
894	(ii) date of transaction; and
895	(iii) number and sex.
896	(2)(a) If the renewal fee and paperwork are not received on or before April 30, the
897	department shall charge a late fee[-will be charged].
898	(b) A license may not be renewed until the <u>renewal</u> fee <u>and any late fee</u> is paid.
899	(3) If the application and fee for renewal are not received on or before [July 1] June 30, the
900	license may not be renewed, and a new license shall be required.
901	Section 24. Section 4-39-206 is amended to read:
902	4-39-206 . Records to be maintained.
903	(1) The following records and information shall be maintained by a domesticated elk
904	facility for the life of the animal plus [two] five years:
905	(a) records of purchase, acquisition, distribution, and production histories of
906	domesticated elk;
907	(b) records documenting antler harvesting, production, and distribution; and
908	(c) health certificates.

909	(2) For purposes of carrying out [the provisions of]this chapter and rules made under this
910	chapter, at any reasonable time during regular business hours, the department shall have
911	free and unimpeded access to inspect all records required to be kept.
912	(3) The department may make copies of the records referred to in this section.
913	Section 25. Section 4-39-301 is amended to read:
914	4-39-301 . Proof of source.
915	The department shall require[:]
916	[(1) that each domesticated elk, including gametes, eggs, or sperm, imported into the state:]
917	[(a) test negative for the red deer genetic factor;]
918	[(b) be registered with gold or silver status with the North American Elk Breeders
919	Association; or]
920	[(c) come from a state which has a red deer genetic factor prevention program approved
921	by the department; and]
922	[(2)] _proof that the domesticated elk originates from a legal source as provided in Section
923	4-39-302.
924	Section 26. Section 4-39-303 is amended to read:
925	4-39-303 . Importation of domesticated elk Enforcement.
926	(1) A person may not import domesticated elk into the state for use in domesticated elk
927	facilities without first obtaining:
928	(a) an entry permit from the state veterinarian's office; and
929	(b) a domesticated elk facility license from the department.
930	(2) The entry permit shall include the following information and certificates:
931	(a) a health certificate with an indication of the current health status;
932	[(b) proof of genetic purity as required in Section 4-39-301;]
933	[(c)] (b) the name and address of the consignor and consignee;
934	[(d)] (c) proof that the elk are:
935	(i) tuberculosis free; or
936	(ii) enrolled in a tuberculosis herd monitoring accreditation program administered by
937	the United State Department of Agriculture or the Canadian Food Inspection
938	Agency;
939	[(e)] <u>(d)</u> the origin of shipment;
940	[(f)] (e) the final destination;
941	[(g)] (f) the total number of animals in the shipment;
942	[(h)] (g) for an elk imported from east of the 100 degree meridian, proof that the elk has

943	been dewormed in accordance with Subsection (3)(a); and
944	[(i)] (h) any other information required by the state veterinarian's office or the department.
945	(3) In addition to the requirements described in Subsections (1) and (2), a person importing
946	a domesticated elk from east of the 100 degree meridian shall:
947	(a) deworm the elk within 60 days before arrival in the state;
948	(b) deworm or harvest the elk no later than 150 days after arrival in the state;
949	(c) for a bull sent to an elk ranch:
950	(i) hold the bull for harvest until the bull has completed a slaughter withdrawal
951	period; or
952	(ii) be able to demonstrate that the elk is free from dewormer residue; and
953	(d) make the elk available to the department for monitoring and inspection upon request
954	by the department.
955	(4) The department may stop the importation of a domesticated elk or quarantine a
956	domesticated elk if the department identifies the spread of meningeal worm in the elk or
957	the elk's domesticated herd.
958	(5) A person who imports domesticated elk into the state from an international herd:
959	(a) may only import domesticated elk:
960	(i) that are male; and
961	(ii) to an elk ranch for use in the elk ranch; and
962	(b) shall ensure that the domesticated elk are harvested in the same season in which the
963	domesticated elk enter the state.
964	(6) For the purpose of enforcing Subsection (5), the department may make rules, in
965	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, for the use
966	of radio frequency identification tags to track male elk imported into the state from an
967	international herd.
968	Section 27. Section 4-39-304 is amended to read:
969	4-39-304 . Marking domesticated elk.
970	[(1) Each] A domesticated elk shall be marked by [either an official USDA tag or by]an
971	electronic identification tag[, as provided in Subsection (2):] and unique visual tag
972	pursuant to rules made by the department in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
973	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
974	[(a) within 30 days of a change of ownership; or]
975	[(b) in the case of newborn calves, within 15 days after being weaned, but in any case,
976	no later than January 31.]

977	[(2) If a domesticated elk is identified with an electronic identification tag, it shall be placed
978	in the right ear.]
979	Section 28. Section 4-41a-204 is amended to read:
980	4-41a-204 . Operating plan.
981	(1) A person applying for a cannabis production establishment license or license renewal
982	shall submit to the department for the department's review a proposed operating plan
983	that complies with this section and that includes:
984	(a) a description of the physical characteristics of the proposed facility or, for a cannabis
985	cultivation facility, no more than two facility locations, including a floor plan and an
986	architectural elevation;
987	(b) a description of the credentials and experience of:
988	(i) each officer, director, and owner of the proposed cannabis production
989	establishment; and
990	(ii) any highly skilled or experienced prospective employee;
991	(c) the cannabis production establishment's employee training standards;
992	(d) a security plan;
993	(e) a description of the cannabis production establishment's inventory control system,
994	including a description of how the inventory control system is compatible with the
995	state electronic verification system described in Section 26B-4-202;
996	(f) storage protocols, both short- and long-term, to ensure that cannabis is stored in a
997	manner that is sanitary and preserves the integrity of the cannabis;
998	(g) for a cannabis cultivation facility, the information described in Subsection (2);
999	(h) for a cannabis processing facility, the information described in Subsection (3); and
1000	(i) for an independent cannabis testing laboratory, the information described in
1001	Subsection (4).
1002	(2)(a) A cannabis cultivation facility shall ensure that the facility's operating plan
1003	includes the facility's intended:
1004	(i) cannabis cultivation practices, including the facility's intended pesticide use and [
1005	fertilizer] plant food use; and
1006	(ii) subject to Subsection (2)(b), acreage or square footage under cultivation and
1007	anticipated cannabis yield.
1008	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c)(i) or (c)(ii), a cannabis cultivation facility
1009	may not:
1010	(i) for a facility that cultivates cannabis only indoors, use more than 100,000 total

1011	square feet of cultivation space;
1012	(ii) for a facility that cultivates cannabis only outdoors, use more than four acres for
1013	cultivation; and
1014	(iii) for a facility that cultivates cannabis through a combination of indoor and
1015	outdoor cultivation, use more combined indoor square footage and outdoor
1016	acreage than allowed under the department's formula described in Subsection
1017	(2)(e).
1018	(c)(i) Each licensee may apply to the department for:
1019	(A) a one-time, permanent increase of up to 20% of the limitation on the cannabis
1020	cultivation facility's cultivation space; or
1021	(B) a short-term increase, not to exceed 12 months, of up to 40% of the limitation
1022	on the cannabis cultivation facility's cultivation space.
1023	(ii) After conducting a review equivalent to the review described in Subsection
1024	4-41a-205(2)(a), if the department determines that additional cultivation is
1025	needed, the department may:
1026	(A) grant the one-time, permanent increase described in Subsection (2)(c)(i)(A); or
1027	(B) grant the short-term increase described in Subsection (2)(c)(i)(B).
1028	(d) If a licensee describes an intended acreage or square footage under cultivation under
1029	Subsection (2)(a)(ii) that is less than the limitation described in Subsection (2)(b), the
1030	licensee may not cultivate more than the licensee's identified intended acreage or
1031	square footage under cultivation.
1032	(e) The department shall, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
1033	Rulemaking Act, establish a formula for combined usage of indoor and outdoor
1034	cultivation that:
1035	(i) does not exceed, in estimated cultivation yield, the aggregate limitations described
1036	in Subsection (2)(b)(i) or (ii); and
1037	(ii) allows a cannabis cultivation facility to operate both indoors and outdoors.
1038	(f)(i) The department may authorize a cannabis cultivation facility to operate at no
1039	more than two separate locations.
1040	(ii) If the department authorizes multiple locations under Subsection (2)(f)(i), the two
1041	cannabis cultivation facility locations combined may not exceed the cultivation
1042	limitations described in this Subsection (2).
1043	(3) A cannabis processing facility's operating plan shall include the facility's intended
1044	cannabis processing practices, including the cannabis processing facility's intended:

02-06 15:19

1045	(a) offered variety of cannabis product;
1046	(b) cannabinoid extraction method;
1047	(c) cannabinoid extraction equipment;
1048	(d) processing equipment;
1049	(e) processing techniques; and
1050	(f) sanitation and manufacturing safety procedures for items for human consumption.
1051	(4) An independent cannabis testing laboratory's operating plan shall include the
1052	laboratory's intended:
1053	(a) cannabis and cannabis product testing capability;
1054	(b) cannabis and cannabis product testing equipment; and
1055	(c) testing methods, standards, practices, and procedures for testing cannabis and
1056	cannabis products.
1057	(5) Notwithstanding an applicant's proposed operating plan, a cannabis production
1058	establishment is subject to land use regulations, as defined in Sections 10-9a-103 and
1059	17-27a-103, regarding the availability of outdoor cultivation in an industrial zone.
1060	Section 29. Section 4-46-302 is amended to read:
1061	4-46-302 . Program Use of money in fund Criteria Administration.
1062	(1) Subject to Subsection (2), the board shall administer the LeRay McAllister Working
1063	Farm and Ranch Fund Program under which the board may authorize the use of money
1064	in the fund, by grant, to:
1065	(a) a local entity;
1066	(b) the Department of Natural Resources created under Section 79-2-201;
1067	(c) an entity within the department; or
1068	(d) a charitable organization that qualifies as being tax exempt under Section $501(c)(3)$,
1069	Internal Revenue Code.
1070	(2)(a) The money in the fund shall be used for preserving or restoring open land and
1071	agricultural land.
1072	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), money from the fund:
1073	(i) may be used to:
1074	(A) establish a conservation easement under Title 57, Chapter 18, Land
1075	Conservation Easement Act; or
1076	(B) fund similar methods to preserve open land or agricultural land; and
1077	(ii) may not be used to_purchase a fee interest in real property to preserve open land
1078	or agricultural land.

1079	(c) Money from the fund may be used to purchase a fee interest in real property to
1080	preserve open land or agricultural land if:
1081	(i) the property to be purchased is no more than 20 acres in size; and
1082	(ii) with respect to a parcel purchased in a county in which over 50% of the land area
1083	is publicly owned, real property roughly equivalent in size and located within that
1084	county is contemporaneously transferred to private ownership from the
1085	governmental entity that purchased the fee interest in real property.
1086	(d) Eminent domain may not be used or threatened in connection with any purchase
1087	using money from the fund.
1088	(e) A parcel of land larger than 20 acres in size may not be divided to create one or more
1089	parcels that are smaller than 20 acres in order to comply with Subsection (2)(c)(i).
1090	(f) A local entity, department, or organization under Subsection (1) may not receive
1091	money from the fund unless the local entity, department, or organization provides
1092	matching funds equal to or greater than the amount of money received from the fund.
1093	(g) In granting money from the fund, the board may impose conditions on the recipient
1094	as to how the money is to be spent.
1095	(h) The board shall give priority to:
1096	(i) working agricultural land; and
1097	(ii) after giving priority to working agricultural land under Subsection (2)(h)(i),
1098	requests from the Department of Natural Resources for up to 20% of each annual
1099	increase in the amount of money in the fund if the money is used for the
1100	protection of wildlife or watershed.
1101	(i)(i) The board may not make a grant from the fund that exceeds \$1,000,000 until
1102	after making a report to the Legislative Management Committee about the grant.
1103	(ii) The Legislative Management Committee may make a recommendation to the
1104	board concerning the intended grant, but the recommendation is not binding on
1105	the board.
1106	(3) In determining the amount and type of financial assistance to provide a local entity,
1107	department, or organization under Subsection (1) and subject to Subsection (2)(i), the
1108	board shall consider:
1109	(a) the nature and amount of open land and agricultural land proposed to be preserved or
1110	restored;
1111	(b) the qualities of the open land and agricultural land proposed to be preserved or
1112	restored;

1113	(c) the cost effectiveness of the project to preserve or restore open land or agricultural
1114	land;
1115	(d) the funds available;
1116	(e) the number of actual and potential applications for financial assistance and the
1117	amount of money sought by those applications;
1118	(f) the open land preservation plan of the local entity where the project is located and the
1119	priority placed on the project by that local entity;
1120	(g) the effects on housing affordability and diversity; and
1121	(h) whether the project protects against the loss of private property ownership.
1122	(4) If a local entity, department, or organization under Subsection (1) seeks money from the
1123	fund for a project whose purpose is to protect critical watershed, the board shall require
1124	that the needs and quality of that project be verified by the state engineer.
1125	(5) An interest in real property purchased with money from the fund shall be held and
1126	administered by the state or a local entity.
1127	(6)(a) The board may not authorize the use of money under this section for a project
1128	unless the land use authority for the land in which the project is located consents to
1129	the project.
1130	(b) To obtain consent to a project, the person who is seeking money from the fund shall
1131	submit a request for consent to a project with the applicable land use authority. The
1132	land use authority may grant or deny consent. If the land use authority does not take
1133	action within 60 days from the day on which the request for consent is filed with the
1134	land use authority under this Subsection (6), the board shall treat the project as
1135	having the consent of the land use authority.
1136	(c) An action of a land use authority under this Subsection (6) is not a land use decision
1137	subject to:
1138	(i) Title 10, Chapter 9a, Municipal Land Use, Development, and Management Act; or
1139	(ii) Title 17, Chapter 27a, County Land Use, Development, and Management Act.
1140	Section 30. Section 4-46-304 is amended to read:
1141	4-46-304 . Agriculture Conservation Easement Account.
1142	(1) There is created [within the General Fund a restricted account] an expendable special
1143	revenue fund known as the Agriculture Conservation Easement Account.
1144	(2) The Agriculture Conservation Easement Account consists of:
1145	(a) conservation easement stewardship fees;
1146	(b) grants from private foundations;

1147	(c) grants from local governments, the state, or the federal government;
1148	(d) grants from the Land Conservation Board created under Section 4-46-201;
1149	(e) donations from landowners for monitoring and enforcing compliance with
1150	conservation easements;
1151	(f) donations from any other person; and
1152	(g) interest on account money.
1153	(3) [Upon appropriation by the Legislature, the] The department shall use money from the
1154	account to monitor and enforce compliance with conservation easements held by the
1155	department.
1156	(4) The department may not receive or expend donations from the account to acquire
1157	conservation easements.
1158	Section 31. Section 10-11-1 is amended to read:
1159	10-11-1 . Abatement of weeds, garbage, public nuisances, and hazardous
1160	materials Selection of service provider.
1161	(1) As used in this chapter, "hazardous materials" means the same as that term is defined in
1162	Section 19-6-902.
1163	(2) A municipal legislative body may:
1164	(a) designate and regulate the abatement of:
1165	(i) the growth and spread of injurious and noxious weeds;
1166	(ii) garbage and refuse;
1167	(iii) a public nuisance;
1168	(iv) an illegal object or structure; or
1169	(v) for a structure or any real property closed to occupancy or entry by a local health
1170	department, hazardous materials; and
1171	(b) appoint a municipal inspector for the purpose of carrying out and in accordance with
1172	the provisions of this chapter.
1173	(3) A municipal legislative body may not:
1174	(a) prohibit an owner or occupant of real property within the municipality's jurisdiction,
1175	including an owner or occupant who receives a notice in accordance with Section
1176	10-11-2, from selecting a person, as defined in Section 10-1-104, to provide an
1177	abatement service for injurious and noxious weeds, garbage and refuse, a public
1178	nuisance, or an illegal object or structure; or
1179	(b) require that an owner or occupant described in Subsection (3)(a) use the services of
1180	the municipal inspector or any assistance employed by the municipal inspector

1181	described in Section 10-11-3 to provide an abatement service described in Subsection
1182	(3)(a).
1183	(4) A municipality may require that an owner or occupant described in Subsection (3)(a)
1184	use the abatement services, as described in Section 10-11-3, of the municipal inspector,
1185	including the use of a certified decontamination specialist as described in Section
1186	19-6-906, or any assistance employed by the municipal inspector if:
1187	(a) the municipality adopts an ordinance providing a reasonable period of time of at least
1188	10 days for an owner or occupant to abate the owner's or occupant's property after
1189	receiving a notice described in Section 10-11-2; and
1190	(b) the owner or occupant fails to abate the property within the reasonable period of time
1191	and in accordance with the notice.
1192	(5) A municipality may require that an owner or occupant use the abatement services of a
1193	certified decontamination specialist to abate hazardous materials.
1194	(6) Nothing in this chapter may be construed:
1195	(a) as authorizing a municipality to regulate items that are within the exclusive
1196	jurisdiction of the Department of Agriculture and Food as provided in Section 4-2-305,
1197	including commercial feed, [fertilizer] plant food, pesticides, and seeds; or
1198	(b) as limiting or abrogating the authority of a local health department under Section
1199	19-6-905.
1200	Section 32. Section 11-46b-101 is enacted to read:
1201	CHAPTER 46b. REGULATION OF LIVESTOCK
1202	<u>11-46b-101</u> . Definitions.
1203	As used in this chapter:
1204	(1) "Livestock" means cattle, sheep, goats, swine, horses, mules, poultry, or domesticated
1205	elk as defined in Section 4-39-102.
1206	(2) "Political subdivision" means:
1207	(a) a municipality as defined in Section 10-1-104; or
1208	(b) a county, as it relates to the regulation of livestock in the unincorporated area of the
1209	county.
1210	Section 33. Section 11-46b-102 is enacted to read:
1211	<u>11-46b-102</u> . Actions allowed regarding livestock.
1212	(1) If an ordinance, resolution, or policy of a political subdivision permits a person to own
1213	livestock within the political subdivision's boundaries, the political subdivision shall, in
1214	accordance with this chapter, permit the person to trade, sell, or otherwise transfer the

1215	livestock up to the number of livestock the person is permitted to own by the political
1216	subdivision.
1217	(2) A political subdivision may require a business license for a person described in
1218	Subsection (1) to trade, sell, or otherwise transfer livestock, except that the political
1219	subdivision may not deny the issuance of a business license based in whole or in part on
1220	the fact that the person owns livestock or is trading, selling, or otherwise transferring the
1221	livestock.
1222	Section 34. Section 59-12-103 is amended to read:
1223	59-12-103 . Sales and use tax base Rates Effective dates Use of sales and
1224	use tax revenue.
1225	(1) A tax is imposed on the purchaser as provided in this part on the purchase price or sales
1226	price for amounts paid or charged for the following transactions:
1227	(a) retail sales of tangible personal property made within the state;
1228	(b) amounts paid for:
1229	(i) telecommunications service, other than mobile telecommunications service, that
1230	originates and terminates within the boundaries of this state;
1231	(ii) mobile telecommunications service that originates and terminates within the
1232	boundaries of one state only to the extent permitted by the Mobile
1233	Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 116 et seq.; or
1234	(iii) an ancillary service associated with a:
1235	(A) telecommunications service described in Subsection (1)(b)(i); or
1236	(B) mobile telecommunications service described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii);
1237	(c) sales of the following for commercial use:
1238	(i) gas;
1239	(ii) electricity;
1240	(iii) heat;
1241	(iv) coal;
1242	(v) fuel oil; or
1243	(vi) other fuels;
1244	(d) sales of the following for residential use:
1245	(i) gas;
1246	(ii) electricity;
1247	(iii) heat;
1248	(iv) coal;

1249	(v)	fuel	oil;	or
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- 1250 (vi) other fuels;
- 1251 (e) sales of prepared food;
- 1252 (f) except as provided in Section 59-12-104, amounts paid or charged as admission or 1253 user fees for theaters, movies, operas, museums, planetariums, shows of any type or 1254 nature, exhibitions, concerts, carnivals, amusement parks, amusement rides, circuses, 1255 menageries, fairs, races, contests, sporting events, dances, boxing matches, wrestling 1256 matches, closed circuit television broadcasts, billiard parlors, pool parlors, bowling 1257 lanes, golf, miniature golf, golf driving ranges, batting cages, skating rinks, ski lifts, 1258 ski runs, ski trails, snowmobile trails, tennis courts, swimming pools, water slides, 1259 river runs, jeep tours, boat tours, scenic cruises, horseback rides, sports activities, or 1260 any other amusement, entertainment, recreation, exhibition, cultural, or athletic 1261 activity;
- (g) amounts paid or charged for services for repairs or renovations of tangible personal
 property, unless Section 59-12-104 provides for an exemption from sales and use tax
 for:
- 1265 (i) the tangible personal property; and
- (ii) parts used in the repairs or renovations of the tangible personal property described
 in Subsection (1)(g)(i), regardless of whether:
- 1268 (A) any parts are actually used in the repairs or renovations of that tangible1269 personal property; or
- (B) the particular parts used in the repairs or renovations of that tangible personalproperty are exempt from a tax under this chapter;
- (h) except as provided in Subsection 59-12-104(7), amounts paid or charged for assisted
 cleaning or washing of tangible personal property;
- (i) amounts paid or charged for short-term rentals of tourist home, hotel, motel, or trailer
 court accommodations and services;
- 1276 (j) amounts paid or charged for laundry or dry cleaning services;
- (k) amounts paid or charged for leases or rentals of tangible personal property if withinthis state the tangible personal property is:
- 1279 (i) stored;
- 1280 (ii) used; or
- 1281 (iii) otherwise consumed;
- 1282 (1) amounts paid or charged for tangible personal property if within this state the tangible

1283	personal property is:
1284	(i) stored;
1285	(ii) used; or
1286	(iii) consumed;
1287	(m) amounts paid or charged for a sale:
1288	(i)(A) of a product transferred electronically; or
1289	(B) of a repair or renovation of a product transferred electronically; and
1290	(ii) regardless of whether the sale provides:
1291	(A) a right of permanent use of the product; or
1292	(B) a right to use the product that is less than a permanent use, including a right:
1293	(I) for a definite or specified length of time; and
1294	(II) that terminates upon the occurrence of a condition; and
1295	(n) sales of leased tangible personal property from the lessor to the lessee made in the
1296	state.
1297	(2)(a) Except as provided in Subsections (2)(b) through (f), a state tax and a local tax are
1298	imposed on a transaction described in Subsection (1) equal to the sum of:
1299	(i) a state tax imposed on the transaction at a tax rate equal to the sum of:
1300	(A) 4.70% plus the rate specified in Subsection (11)(a); and
1301	(B)(I) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 18, Additional
1302	State Sales and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined
1303	under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in a county in which the
1304	state imposes the tax under Part 18, Additional State Sales and Use Tax Act;
1305	and
1306	(II) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 20, Supplemental
1307	State Sales and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined
1308	under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in a city, town, or the
1309	unincorporated area of a county in which the state imposes the tax under
1310	Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
1311	(ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the
1312	transaction under this chapter other than this part.
1313	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(f) or (g) and subject to Subsection (2)(l), a state
1314	tax and a local tax are imposed on a transaction described in Subsection (1)(d) equal
1315	to the sum of:
1316	(i) a state tax imposed on the transaction at a tax rate of 2%; and

1317	(ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the
1318	transaction under this chapter other than this part.
1319	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(f) or (g), a state tax and a local tax are imposed
1320	on amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients equal to the sum of:
1321	(i) a state tax imposed on the amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients
1322	at a tax rate of 1.75%; and
1323	(ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the
1324	amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients under this chapter other
1325	than this part.
1326	(d) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(f) or (g), a state tax is imposed on amounts paid
1327	or charged for fuel to a common carrier that is a railroad for use in a locomotive
1328	engine at a rate of 4.85%.
1329	(e)(i)(A) If a shared vehicle owner certifies to the commission, on a form
1330	prescribed by the commission, that the shared vehicle is an individual-owned
1331	shared vehicle, a tax imposed under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) does not apply to
1332	car sharing, a car-sharing program, a shared vehicle driver, or a shared vehicle
1333	owner.
1334	(B) A shared vehicle owner's certification described in Subsection (2)(e)(i)(A) is
1335	required once during the time that the shared vehicle owner owns the shared
1336	vehicle.
1337	(C) The commission shall verify that a shared vehicle is an individual-owned
1338	shared vehicle by verifying that the applicable Utah taxes imposed under this
1339	chapter were paid on the purchase of the shared vehicle.
1340	(D) The exception under Subsection (2)(e)(i)(A) applies to a certified
1341	individual-owned shared vehicle shared through a car-sharing program even if
1342	non-certified shared vehicles are also available to be shared through the same
1343	car-sharing program.
1344	(ii) A tax imposed under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(B) or (2)(a)(ii) applies to car sharing.
1345	(iii)(A) A car-sharing program may rely in good faith on a shared vehicle owner's
1346	representation that the shared vehicle is an individual-owned shared vehicle
1347	certified with the commission as described in Subsection (2)(e)(i).
1348	(B) If a car-sharing program relies in good faith on a shared vehicle owner's
1349	representation that the shared vehicle is an individual-owned shared vehicle
1350	certified with the commission as described in Subsection (2)(e)(i), the

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1351	car-sharing program is not liable for any tax, penalty, fee, or other sanction
1352	imposed on the shared vehicle owner.
1353	(iv) If all shared vehicles shared through a car-sharing program are certified as
1354	described in Subsection (2)(e)(i)(A) for a tax period, the car-sharing program has
1355	no obligation to collect and remit the tax under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) for that tax
1356	period.
1357	(v) A car-sharing program is not required to list or otherwise identify an
1358	individual-owned shared vehicle on a return or an attachment to a return.
1359	(vi) A car-sharing program shall:
1360	(A) retain tax information for each car-sharing program transaction; and
1361	(B) provide the information described in Subsection (2)(e)(vi)(A) to the
1362	commission at the commission's request.
1363	(f)(i) For a bundled transaction that is attributable to food and food ingredients and
1364	tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients, a state tax and a
1365	local tax is imposed on the entire bundled transaction equal to the sum of:
1366	(A) a state tax imposed on the entire bundled transaction equal to the sum of:
1367	(I) the tax rate described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); and
1368	(II)(Aa) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 18,
1369	Additional State Sales and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction
1370	as determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in a
1371	county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 18, Additional State
1372	Sales and Use Tax Act; and
1373	(Bb) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 20, Supplemental
1374	State Sales and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as
1375	determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in a city,
1376	town, or the unincorporated area of a county in which the state imposes
1377	the tax under Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
1378	(B) a local tax imposed on the entire bundled transaction at the sum of the tax
1379	rates described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii).
1380	(ii) If an optional computer software maintenance contract is a bundled transaction
1381	that consists of taxable and nontaxable products that are not separately itemized
1382	on an invoice or similar billing document, the purchase of the optional computer
1383	software maintenance contract is 40% taxable under this chapter and 60%
1384	nontaxable under this chapter.
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1385	(iii) Subject to Subsection $(2)(f)(iv)$, for a bundled transaction other than a bundled
1386	transaction described in Subsection (2)(f)(i) or (ii):
1387	(A) if the sales price of the bundled transaction is attributable to tangible personal
1388	property, a product, or a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter
1389	and tangible personal property, a product, or service that is not subject to
1390	taxation under this chapter, the entire bundled transaction is subject to taxation
1391	under this chapter unless:
1392	(I) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the
1393	tangible personal property, product, or service that is not subject to taxation
1394	under this chapter from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's
1395	regular course of business; or
1396	(II) state or federal law provides otherwise; or
1397	(B) if the sales price of a bundled transaction is attributable to two or more items
1398	of tangible personal property, products, or services that are subject to taxation
1399	under this chapter at different rates, the entire bundled transaction is subject to
1400	taxation under this chapter at the higher tax rate unless:
1401	(I) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the
1402	tangible personal property, product, or service that is subject to taxation
1403	under this chapter at the lower tax rate from the books and records the seller
1404	keeps in the seller's regular course of business; or
1405	(II) state or federal law provides otherwise.
1406	(iv) For purposes of Subsection (2)(f)(iii), books and records that a seller keeps in the
1407	seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in
1408	the regular course of business for nontax purposes.
1409	(g)(i) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter and subject to Subsections
1410	(2)(g)(ii) and (iii), if a transaction consists of the sale, lease, or rental of tangible
1411	personal property, a product, or a service that is subject to taxation under this
1412	chapter, and the sale, lease, or rental of tangible personal property, other property,
1413	a product, or a service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter, the entire
1414	transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter unless the seller, at the time of
1415	the transaction:
1416	(A) separately states the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation
1417	under this chapter on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to
1418	the purchaser; or

1419	(B) is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards, from the books and
1420	records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business, the portion of
1421	the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter.
1422	(ii) A purchaser and a seller may correct the taxability of a transaction if:
1423	(A) after the transaction occurs, the purchaser and the seller discover that the
1424	portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter was
1425	not separately stated on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided
1426	to the purchaser because of an error or ignorance of the law; and
1427	(B) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards, from the
1428	books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business, the
1429	portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter.
1430	(iii) For purposes of Subsections (2)(g)(i) and (ii), books and records that a seller
1431	keeps in the seller's regular course of business includes books and records the
1432	seller keeps in the regular course of business for nontax purposes.
1433	(h)(i) If the sales price of a transaction is attributable to two or more items of tangible
1434	personal property, products, or services that are subject to taxation under this
1435	chapter at different rates, the entire purchase is subject to taxation under this
1436	chapter at the higher tax rate unless the seller, at the time of the transaction:
1437	(A) separately states the items subject to taxation under this chapter at each of the
1438	different rates on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the
1439	purchaser; or
1440	(B) is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible personal
1441	property, product, or service that is subject to taxation under this chapter at the
1442	lower tax rate from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular
1443	course of business.
1444	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (2)(h)(i), books and records that a seller keeps in the
1445	seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in
1446	the regular course of business for nontax purposes.
1447	(i) Subject to Subsections (2)(j) and (k), a tax rate repeal or tax rate change for a tax rate
1448	imposed under the following shall take effect on the first day of a calendar quarter:
1449	(i) Subsection $(2)(a)(i)(A)$;
1450	(ii) Subsection (2)(b)(i);
1451	(iii) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
1452	(iv) Subsection $(2)(f)(i)(A)(I)$.

1453	(j)(i) A tax rate increase takes effect on the first day of the first billing period that
1454	begins on or after the effective date of the tax rate increase if the billing period for
1455	the transaction begins before the effective date of a tax rate increase imposed
1456	under:
1457	(A) Subsection $(2)(a)(i)(A)$;
1458	(B) Subsection $(2)(b)(i)$;
1459	(C) Subsection $(2)(c)(i)$; or
1460	(D) Subsection $(2)(f)(i)(A)(I)$.
1461	(ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease applies to a billing period if the billing
1462	statement for the billing period is rendered on or after the effective date of the
1463	repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under:
1464	(A) Subsection $(2)(a)(i)(A)$;
1465	(B) Subsection $(2)(b)(i)$;
1466	(C) Subsection $(2)(c)(i)$; or
1467	(D) Subsection $(2)(f)(i)(A)(I)$.
1468	(k)(i) For a tax rate described in Subsection (2)(k)(ii), if a tax due on a catalogue sale
1469	is computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, a
1470	tax rate repeal or change in a tax rate takes effect:
1471	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
1472	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the tax rate repeal or tax rate
1473	change.
1474	(ii) Subsection $(2)(k)(i)$ applies to the tax rates described in the following:
1475	(A) Subsection $(2)(a)(i)(A)$;
1476	(B) Subsection $(2)(b)(i)$;
1477	(C) Subsection $(2)(c)(i)$; or
1478	(D) Subsection $(2)(f)(i)(A)(I)$.
1479	(iii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
1480	the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
1481	(l)(i) For a location described in Subsection (2)(l)(ii), the commission shall determine
1482	the taxable status of a sale of gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other fuel
1483	based on the predominant use of the gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other
1484	fuel at the location.
1485	(ii) Subsection (2)(l)(i) applies to a location where gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil,
1486	or other fuel is furnished through a single meter for two or more of the following

1487	uses:
1488	(A) a commercial use;
1489	(B) an industrial use; or
1490	(C) a residential use.
1491	(3)(a) The following state taxes shall be deposited into the General Fund:
1492	(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
1493	(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
1494	(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
1495	(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I).
1496	(b) The following local taxes shall be distributed to a county, city, or town as provided
1497	in this chapter:
1498	(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(ii);
1499	(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(ii);
1500	(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(ii); and
1501	(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(f)(i)(B).
1502	(c) The state tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d) shall be deposited into the General Fund.
1503	(4)(a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1,
1504	2003, the lesser of the following amounts shall be expended as provided in
1505	Subsections (4)(b) through (g):
1506	(i) for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of tax revenue generated:
1507	(A) by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and
1508	(B) for the fiscal year; or
1509	(ii) \$17,500,000.
1510	(b)(i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 14% of the amount
1511	described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be transferred each year as designated sales
1512	and use tax revenue to the Division of Wildlife Resources to:
1513	(A) implement the measures described in Subsections 23A-3-214(3)(a) through
1514	(d) to protect sensitive plant and animal species; or
1515	(B) award grants, up to the amount authorized by the Legislature in an
1516	appropriations act, to political subdivisions of the state to implement the
1517	measures described in Subsections 23A-3-214(3)(a) through (d) to protect
1518	sensitive plant and animal species.
1519	(ii) Money transferred to the Division of Wildlife Resources under Subsection
1520	(4)(b)(i) may not be used to assist the United States Fish and Wildlife Service or

1521	any other person to list or attempt to have listed a species as threatened or
1522	endangered under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, 16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et
1523	seq.
1524	(iii) At the end of each fiscal year:
1525	(A) 50% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to
1526	the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section
1527	73-10-24;
1528	(B) 25% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to the
1529	Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5; and
1530	(C) 25% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to the
1531	Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5.
1532	(c) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 3% of the amount described in
1533	Subsection (4)(a) shall be [deposited each year in the Agriculture Resource
1534	Development Fund created in Section 4-18-106] transferred each year as designated
1535	sales and use tax revenue to the Division of Conservation created in Section 4-46-401
1536	to implement water related programs.
1537	(d)(i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 1% of the amount
1538	described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be transferred each year as designated sales
1539	and use tax revenue to the Division of Water Rights to cover the costs incurred in
1540	hiring legal and technical staff for the adjudication of water rights.
1541	(ii) At the end of each fiscal year:
1542	(A) 50% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to
1543	the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section
1544	73-10-24;
1545	(B) 25% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to the
1546	Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5; and
1547	(C) 25% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to the
1548	Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5.
1549	(e)(i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 41% of the amount
1550	described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited into the Water Resources
1551	Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24 for use by the
1552	Division of Water Resources.
1553	(ii) In addition to the uses allowed of the Water Resources Conservation and
1554	Development Fund under Section 73-10-24, the Water Resources Conservation

1555	and Development Fund may also be used to:
1556	(A) conduct hydrologic and geotechnical investigations by the Division of Water
1557	Resources in a cooperative effort with other state, federal, or local entities, for
1558	the purpose of quantifying surface and ground water resources and describing
1559	the hydrologic systems of an area in sufficient detail so as to enable local and
1560	state resource managers to plan for and accommodate growth in water use
1561	without jeopardizing the resource;
1562	(B) fund state required dam safety improvements; and
1563	(C) protect the state's interest in interstate water compact allocations, including the
1564	hiring of technical and legal staff.
1565	(f) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 20.5% of the amount described in
1566	Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited into the Utah Wastewater Loan Program
1567	Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5 for use by the Water Quality Board to fund
1568	wastewater projects.
1569	(g) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 20.5% of the amount described
1570	in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited into the Drinking Water Loan Program
1571	Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5 for use by the Division of Drinking Water to:
1572	(i) provide for the installation and repair of collection, treatment, storage, and
1573	distribution facilities for any public water system, as defined in Section 19-4-102;
1574	(ii) develop underground sources of water, including springs and wells; and
1575	(iii) develop surface water sources.
1576	(5)(a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1,
1577	2006, the difference between the following amounts shall be expended as provided in
1578	this Subsection (5), if that difference is greater than \$1:
1579	(i) for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of tax revenue generated for
1580	the fiscal year by a $1/16\%$ tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1);
1581	and
1582	(ii) \$17,500,000.
1583	(b)(i) The first \$500,000 of the difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be:
1584	(A) transferred each fiscal year to the Department of Natural Resources as
1585	designated sales and use tax revenue; and
1586	(B) expended by the Department of Natural Resources for watershed rehabilitation
1587	or restoration.
1588	(ii) At the end of each fiscal year, 100% of any unexpended designated sales and use

1589	tax revenue described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) shall lapse to the Water Resources
1590	Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24.
1591	(c)(i) After making the transfer required by Subsection (5)(b)(i), \$150,000 of the
1592	remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be:
1593	(A) transferred each fiscal year to the Division of Water Resources as designated
1594	sales and use tax revenue; and
1595	(B) expended by the Division of Water Resources for cloud-seeding projects
1596	authorized by Title 73, Chapter 15, Modification of Weather.
1597	(ii) At the end of each fiscal year, 100% of any unexpended designated sales and use
1598	tax revenue described in Subsection (5)(c)(i) shall lapse to the Water Resources
1599	Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24.
1600	(d) After making the transfers required by Subsections (5)(b) and (c), 85% of the
1601	remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be deposited into the Water
1602	Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24 for use
1603	by the Division of Water Resources for:
1604	(i) preconstruction costs:
1605	(A) as defined in Subsection 73-26-103(6) for projects authorized by Title 73,
1606	Chapter 26, Bear River Development Act; and
1607	(B) as defined in Subsection 73-28-103(8) for the Lake Powell Pipeline project
1608	authorized by Title 73, Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline Development Act;
1609	(ii) the cost of employing a civil engineer to oversee any project authorized by Title
1610	73, Chapter 26, Bear River Development Act;
1611	(iii) the cost of employing a civil engineer to oversee the Lake Powell Pipeline
1612	project authorized by Title 73, Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline Development
1613	Act; and
1614	(iv) other uses authorized under Sections 73-10-24, 73-10-25.1, and 73-10-30, and
1615	Subsection (4)(e)(ii) after funding the uses specified in Subsections (5)(d)(i)
1616	through (iii).
1617	(e) After making the transfers required by Subsections (5)(b) and (c), 15% of the
1618	remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be deposited each year into
1619	the Water Rights Restricted Account created by Section 73-2-1.6.
1620	(6) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), each
1621	fiscal year, the commission shall deposit into the Water Infrastructure Restricted
1622	Account created in Section 73-10g-103 the amount of revenue generated by a 1/16% tax

1623	rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1) for the fiscal year.
1624	(7)(a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and subject to Subsections (7)(b), (c), and (d),
1625	for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2023, the commission shall deposit into
1626	the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124 a portion of
1627	the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) equal to 17% of the revenue collected from
1628	the following sales and use taxes:
1629	(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate;
1630	(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
1631	(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
1632	(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection $(2)(f)(i)(A)(I)$.
1633	(b)(i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2024, the commission shall
1634	annually reduce the deposit under Subsection (7)(a) into the Transportation
1635	Investment Fund of 2005 by an amount equal to .44% of the revenue collected
1636	from the following sales and use taxes:
1637	(A) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate;
1638	(B) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
1639	(C) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
1640	(D) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I).
1641	(ii) The commission shall annually deposit the amount described in Subsection
1642	(7)(b)(i) into the Cottonwood Canyons Transportation Investment Fund created in
1643	Section 72-2-124.
1644	(c)(i) Subject to Subsection (7)(c)(ii), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1,
1645	2023, the commission shall annually reduce the deposit into the Transportation
1646	Investment Fund of 2005 under Subsections (7)(a) and (7)(b) by an amount that is
1647	equal to 5% of:
1648	(A) the amount of revenue generated in the current fiscal year by the portion of
1649	taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) that equals 20.68% of the revenue
1650	collected from taxes described in Subsections (7)(a)(i) through (iv);
1651	(B) the amount of revenue generated in the current fiscal year by registration fees
1652	designated under Section 41-1a-1201 to be deposited into the Transportation
1653	Investment Fund of 2005; and
1654	(C) revenue transferred by the Division of Finance to the Transportation
1655	Investment Fund of 2005 in accordance with Section 72-2-106 in the current
1656	fiscal year.

1657	(ii) The amount described in Subsection (7)(c)(i) may not exceed \$45,000,000 in a
1658	given fiscal year.
1659	(iii) The commission shall annually deposit the amount described in Subsection
1660	(7)(c)(i) into the Active Transportation Investment Fund created in Subsection
1661	72-2-124(11).
1662	(d)(i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2024, the commission shall
1663	annually reduce the deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005
1664	under this Subsection (7) by an amount that is equal to 1% of the revenue
1665	collected from the following sales and use taxes:
1666	(A) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate;
1667	(B) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
1668	(C) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
1669	(D) the tax imposed by Subsection $(2)(f)(i)(A)(I)$.
1670	(ii) The commission shall annually deposit the amount described in Subsection
1671	(7)(d)(i) into the Commuter Rail Subaccount created in Section 72-2-124.
1672	(8)(a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), in addition to the amounts deposited under
1673	Subsection (7), and subject to Subsections (8)(b)[-and (d)(ii)], for a fiscal year
1674	beginning on or after July 1, 2018, the commission shall annually deposit into the
1675	Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124 a portion of the
1676	taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) in an amount equal to 3.68% of the revenue
1677	collected from the following taxes:
1678	(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate;
1679	(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
1680	(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
1681	(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I).
1682	(b) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2019, the commission shall annually
1683	reduce the deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 under Subsection
1684	(8)(a) by an amount that is equal to 35% of the amount of revenue generated in the
1685	current fiscal year by the portion of the tax imposed on motor and special fuel that is
1686	sold, used, or received for sale or use in this state that exceeds 29.4 cents per gallon.
1687	(c) The commission shall annually deposit the amount described in Subsection (8)(b)
1688	into the Transit Transportation Investment Fund created in Section 72-2-124.
1689	(9) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year
1690	2009-10, \$533,750 shall be deposited into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies

1691 Fund created by Section 35A-8-1009 and expended as provided in Section 35A-8-1009. 1692 (10) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), beginning the second fiscal year after the fiscal 1693 year during which the commission receives notice under Section 63N-2-510 that 1694 construction on a qualified hotel, as defined in Section 63N-2-502, has begun, the 1695 commission shall, for two consecutive fiscal years, annually deposit \$1,900,000 of the 1696 revenue generated by the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) into the Hotel Impact 1697 Mitigation Fund, created in Section 63N-2-512. 1698 (11)(a) The rate specified in this subsection is 0.15%. 1699 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the commission shall, for a fiscal year beginning 1700 on or after July 1, 2019, annually transfer the amount of revenue collected from the 1701 rate described in Subsection (11)(a) on the transactions that are subject to the sales 1702 and use tax under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) into the Medicaid ACA Fund created in 1703 Section 26B-1-315. 1704 (12) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 1705 2020-21, the commission shall deposit \$200,000 into the General Fund as a dedicated 1706 credit solely for use of the Search and Rescue Financial Assistance Program created in, 1707 and expended in accordance with, Title 53, Chapter 2a, Part 11, Search and Rescue Act. 1708 (13)(a) For each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2020-21, the commission shall 1709 annually transfer \$1,813,400 of the revenue deposited into the Transportation 1710 Investment Fund of 2005 under Subsections (7) and (8) to the General Fund. 1711 (b) If the total revenue deposited into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 under 1712 Subsections (7) and (8) is less than \$1,813,400 for a fiscal year, the commission shall 1713 transfer the total revenue deposited into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 1714 under Subsections (7) and (8) during the fiscal year to the General Fund. 1715 (14) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), and as described in Section 63N-3-610, beginning 1716 the first day of the calendar quarter one year after the sales and use tax boundary for a 1717 housing and transit reinvestment zone is established, the commission, at least annually, 1718 shall transfer an amount equal to 15% of the sales and use tax increment within an 1719 established sales and use tax boundary, as defined in Section 63N-3-602, into the Transit 1720 Transportation Investment Fund created in Section 72-2-124. 1721 (15) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the commission shall, for a fiscal year beginning 1722 on or after July 1, 2022, transfer into the Outdoor Adventure Infrastructure Restricted 1723 Account, created in Section 51-9-902, a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection 1724 (3)(a) equal to 1% of the revenue collected from the following sales and use taxes:

1725	(a) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate;
1726	(b) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
1727	(c) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
1728	(d) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I).
1729	(16) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), beginning October 1, 2024 the commission shall
1730	transfer to the Utah Fairpark Area Investment and Restoration District, created in
1731	Section 11-70-201, the revenue from the sales and use tax imposed by Subsection
1732	(2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate, on transactions occurring within the district sales tax area, as
1733	defined in Section 11-70-101.
1734	(17)(a) As used in this Subsection (17):
1735	(i) "Additional land" means point of the mountain state land described in Subsection
1736	11-59-102(6)(b) that the point of the mountain authority acquires after the point of
1737	the mountain authority provides the commission a map under Subsection (17)(c).
1738	(ii) "Point of the mountain authority" means the Point of the Mountain State Land
1739	Authority, created in Section 11-59-201.
1740	(iii) "Point of the mountain state land" means the same as that term is defined in
1741	Section 11-59-102.
1742	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the commission shall distribute to the point of the
1743	mountain authority 50% of the revenue from the sales and use tax imposed by
1744	Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate, on transactions occurring on the point of the
1745	mountain state land.
1746	(c) The distribution under Subsection (17)(b) shall begin the next calendar quarter that
1747	begins at least 90 days after the point of the mountain authority provides the
1748	commission a map that:
1749	(i) accurately describes the point of the mountain state land; and
1750	(ii) the point of the mountain authority certifies as accurate.
1751	(d) A distribution under Subsection (17)(b) with respect to additional land shall begin
1752	the next calendar quarter that begins at least 90 days after the point of the mountain
1753	authority provides the commission a map of point of the mountain state land that:
1754	(i) accurately describes the point of the mountain state land, including the additional
1755	land; and
1756	(ii) the point of the mountain authority certifies as accurate.
1757	(e)(i) Upon the payment in full of bonds secured by the sales and use tax revenue
1758	distributed to the point of the mountain authority under Subsection (17)(b), the

1759	point of the mountain authority shall immediately notify the commission in
1760	writing that the bonds are paid in full.
1761	(ii) The commission shall discontinue distributions of sales and use tax revenue under
1762	Subsection (17)(b) at the beginning of the calendar quarter that begins at least 90
1763	days after the date that the commission receives the written notice under
1764	Subsection (17)(e)(i).
1765	Section 35. Section 63J-1-602.2 is amended to read:
1766	63J-1-602.2 . List of nonlapsing appropriations to programs.
1767	Appropriations made to the following programs are nonlapsing:
1768	(1) The Legislature and the Legislature's committees.
1769	(2) The State Board of Education, including all appropriations to agencies, line items, and
1770	programs under the jurisdiction of the State Board of Education, in accordance with
1771	Section 53F-9-103.
1772	(3) The Rangeland Improvement Act created in Section 4-20-101.
1773	(4) The Percent-for-Art Program created in Section 9-6-404.
1774	(5) The LeRay McAllister Working Farm and Ranch Fund Program created in [Section
1775	4-46-301] Title 4, Chapter 46, Part 3, LeRay McAllister Working Farm and Ranch Fund
1776	Program.
1777	(6) The Utah Lake Authority created in Section 11-65-201.
1778	(7) Dedicated credits accrued to the Utah Marriage Commission as provided under
1779	Subsection 17-16-21(2)(d)(ii).
1780	(8) The Wildlife Land and Water Acquisition Program created in Section 23A-6-205.
1781	(9) Sanctions collected as dedicated credits from Medicaid providers under Subsection
1782	26B-3-108(7).
1783	(10) The primary care grant program created in Section 26B-4-310.
1784	(11) The Opiate Overdose Outreach Pilot Program created in Section 26B-4-512.
1785	(12) The Utah Health Care Workforce Financial Assistance Program created in Section
1786	26B-4-702.
1787	(13) The Rural Physician Loan Repayment Program created in Section 26B-4-703.
1788	(14) The Utah Medical Education Council for the:
1789	(a) administration of the Utah Medical Education Program created in Section 26B-4-707;
1790	(b) provision of medical residency grants described in Section 26B-4-711; and
1791	(c) provision of the forensic psychiatric fellowship grant described in Section 26B-4-712.
1792	(15) The Division of Services for People with Disabilities, as provided in Section 26B-6-402.

- (16) The Communication Habits to reduce Adolescent Threats (CHAT) Pilot Programcreated in Section 26B-7-122.
- 1795 (17) Funds that the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Services retains in accordance with
 1796 Subsection 32B-2-301(8)(a) or (b).
- (18) The General Assistance program administered by the Department of Workforce
 Services, as provided in Section 35A-3-401.
- 1799 (19) The Utah National Guard, created in Title 39A, National Guard and Militia Act.
- 1800 (20) The Search and Rescue Financial Assistance Program, as provided in Section1801 53-2a-1102.
- 1802 (21) The Emergency Medical Services Grant Program in Section 53-2d-207.
- 1803 (22) The Motorcycle Rider Education Program, as provided in Section 53-3-905.
- 1804 (23) The Utah Board of Higher Education for teacher preparation programs, as provided in
 1805 Section 53B-6-104.
- 1806 (24) Innovation grants under Section 53G-10-608, except as provided in Subsection
 1807 53G-10-608(6).
- 1808 (25) The Division of Fleet Operations for the purpose of upgrading underground storage
 1809 tanks under Section 63A-9-401.
- 1810 (26) The Division of Technology Services for technology innovation as provided under1811 Section 63A-16-903.
- 1812 (27) The State Capitol Preservation Board created by Section 63O-2-201.
- 1813 (28) The Office of Administrative Rules for publishing, as provided in Section 63G-3-402.
- 1814 (29) The Colorado River Authority of Utah, created in Title 63M, Chapter 14, Colorado1815 River Authority of Utah Act.
- (30) The Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity to fund the Enterprise Zone Act, as
 provided in Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part 2, Enterprise Zone Act.
- 1818 (31) The Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity's Rural Employment Expansion
- 1819 Program, as described in Title 63N, Chapter 4, Part 4, Rural Employment Expansion1820 Program.
- (32) County correctional facility contracting program for state inmates as described inSection 64-13e-103.
- (33) County correctional facility reimbursement program for state probationary inmates andstate parole inmates as described in Section 64-13e-104.
- 1825 (34) Programs for the Jordan River Recreation Area as described in Section 65A-2-8.
- 1826 (35) The Division of Human Resource Management user training program, as provided in

- 1827 Section 63A-17-106.
- (36) A public safety answering point's emergency telecommunications service fund, asprovided in Section 69-2-301.
- 1830 (37) The Traffic Noise Abatement Program created in Section 72-6-112.
- 1831 (38) The money appropriated from the Navajo Water Rights Negotiation Account to the
- 1832 Division of Water Rights, created in Section 73-2-1.1, for purposes of participating in a
 1833 settlement of federal reserved water right claims.
- (39) The Judicial Council for compensation for special prosecutors, as provided in Section77-10a-19.
- 1836 (40) A state rehabilitative employment program, as provided in Section 78A-6-210.
- 1837 (41) The Utah Geological Survey, as provided in Section 79-3-401.
- 1838 (42) The Bonneville Shoreline Trail Program created under Section 79-5-503.
- 1839 (43) Adoption document access as provided in Sections 78B-6-141, 78B-6-144, and
 1840 78B-6-144.5.
- 1841 (44) Indigent defense as provided in Title 78B, Chapter 22, Part 4, Utah Indigent Defense1842 Commission.
- 1843 (45) The program established by the Division of Facilities Construction and Management
- 1844 under Section 63A-5b-703 under which state agencies receive an appropriation and pay
- 1845 lease payments for the use and occupancy of buildings owned by the Division of
- 1846 Facilities Construction and Management.
- 1847 (46) The State Tax Commission for reimbursing counties for deferrals in accordance with1848 Section 59-2-1802.5.
- 1849 (47) The Veterinarian Education Loan Repayment Program created in Section 4-2-902.
 1850 Section 36. Section 73-10g-205 is amended to read:
- 1851 **73-10g-205**. Agricultural Water Optimization Committee.
- 1852 (1) There is created in the department a committee known as the "Agricultural Water
- 1853 Optimization Committee" that consists of:
- 1854 (a) the commissioner of the department, or the commissioner's designee;
- 1855 (b) the director of the division, or the director's designee;
- 1856 (c) the director of the Division of Water Rights, or the director's designee;
- (d) the dean of the College of Agriculture and Applied Science from Utah StateUniversity, or the dean's designee;
- (e) one individual representing local conservation districts created by Title 17D, Chapter
- 1860 3, Conservation District Act, appointed by the executive director of the Department

1861	of Natural Resources;
1862	(f) one individual representing water conservancy districts, appointed by the executive
1863	director of the Department of Natural Resources; and
1864	(g) three Utah residents representing the interests of the agriculture industry appointed
1865	by the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources.
1866	(2)(a) An individual appointed under Subsection (1) shall serve for a term of four years.
1867	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (2)(a), the executive director of the
1868	Department of Natural Resources shall, at the time of appointment or reappointment,
1869	adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of appointed members are
1870	staggered so that approximately half of the appointed members are appointed every
1871	two years.
1872	(3)(a) The presence of five members constitutes a quorum.
1873	(b) The vote of five members constitutes the transaction of business by the committee.
1874	(c) The committee shall select one of the committee's members to be chair. The
1875	committee may select a member to be vice chair to act in place of the chair:
1876	(i) during the absence or disability of the chair; or
1877	(ii) as requested by the chair.
1878	(d) The committee shall convene at the times and places prescribed by the chair.
1879	(4) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but may
1880	receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
1881	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
1882	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
1883	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
1884	63A-3-107.
1885	(5) The department shall provide administrative support to the committee.
1886	(6) The committee shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1887	Administrative Rulemaking Act, establishing:
1888	(a) eligibility requirements for a grant issued under Section 73-10g-206, except that the
1889	eligibility requirements shall:
1890	(i) require at least a match for grant money of 50% of the total costs, except that for a
1891	grant application filed on or after January 1, 2024, the eligibility requirements
1892	shall require at least a match of 25% of the total costs for:
1893	(A) a subsurface drip [or automated surge]irrigation project;
1894	(B) an automated surge irrigation project; or

1895	(C) a measurement, telemetry, or reporting project;
1896	(ii) consider the statewide need to distribute grant money;
1897	(iii) require a grant recipient to construct or install and maintain one or more
1898	measuring devices as necessary to comply with Section 73-5-4 and rules adopted
1899	by the Division of Water Rights regarding installation, use, and maintenance of
1900	devices to measure water use and to demonstrate water use in accordance with a
1901	project funded by a grant; and
1902	(iv) require a grant recipient to report water diversion and use measurements to the
1903	state engineer pursuant to Section 73-5-4 and rules made by the state engineer, in
1904	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, for
1905	water measurement and reporting;
1906	(b) the process for applying for a grant issued under Section 73-10g-206; and
1907	(c) preliminary screening criteria to be used by the department under Subsection
1908	73-10g-206(2)(d).
1909	(7) The committee shall, in coordination with the division:
1910	(a) as of July 1, 2023, assume oversight of all remaining research and contracts of the
1911	previous Agricultural Water Optimization Task Force activities;
1912	(b) post research to address and account for farm economics at the enterprise and
1913	community level that affects agricultural water optimization and encourage market
1914	behavior that financially rewards agricultural water optimization practices;
1915	(c) oversee research to identify obstacles to and constraints upon optimization of
1916	agricultural water use, and to recommend management tools, technologies, and other
1917	opportunities to optimize agricultural water use as measured at the basin level; and
1918	(d) facilitate benefits for farmers who optimize water use and protect water quality.
1919	(8) The committee shall comply with Section 73-10g-206 related to grants issued under this
1920	part.
1921	Section 37. Repealer.
1922	This bill repeals:
1923	Section 4-13-101, Title.
1924	Section 4-18-107, Utah Agriculture Certificate of Environmental Stewardship Program.
1925	Section 19-5-105.6, Agriculture Certificate of Environmental Stewardship.
1926	Section 38. Effective Date.
1927	This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.