

**Candice B. Pierucci** proposes the following substitute bill:

**Pregnant and Postpartum Inmate Amendments**

2025 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

**Chief Sponsor: Candice B. Pierucci**

Senate Sponsor:

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**LONG TITLE**

**General Description:**

This bill addresses statutes regarding pregnant and postpartum inmates.

**Highlighted Provisions:**

This bill:

▸ requires the Department of Corrections (the department) and the county jails to ensure that each female individual admitted to a correctional facility is tested for pregnancy;

▸ requires the department and each county jail to collect certain parental information on inmates;

▸ requires the department and each county jail to report to the State Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice:

- the number of known pregnant inmates in custody; and
- the number of inmates in custody who are parents to a minor child;

▸ amends the membership of the Correctional Postnatal and Early Childhood Advisory Board (the board);

▸ extends the repeal date of the board;

▸ requires a sentencing court, when considering whether to impose a sentence of imprisonment for a defendant with a minor child, to consider the potential harm that the incarceration could inflict on the child; and

▸ makes technical and conforming changes.

**Money Appropriated in this Bill:**

None

**Other Special Clauses:**

None

**Utah Code Sections Affected:**

AMENDS:

29 **17-22-5**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 96, 187 and 341  
 30 **17-22-8**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 119, 420  
 31 **17-22-32**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 245  
 32 **63I-1-264**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Third Special Session, Chapter 5  
 33 **64-13-1**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 177, 322 and 414  
 34 **64-13-7**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 341  
 35 **64-13-10.4**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 414  
 36 **64-13-45**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 245, 341  
 37 **64-13-46**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 182  
 38 **64-13-46.1**, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 182  
 39 **77-18-103**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 187, 245 and 434

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41 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

42 Section 1. Section **17-22-5** is amended to read:

43 **17-22-5 . Sheriff's classification of jail inmates -- Classification criteria --**  
 44 **Alternative incarceration programs -- Limitation.**

45 (1) As used in this section, "living area" means the same as that term is defined in Section  
 46 64-13-7.

47 (2)(a) Except as provided in Subsections (5) and [~~(6)~~] (7), the sheriff shall adopt and  
 48 implement written policies for admission of inmates to the county jail and the  
 49 classification of individuals incarcerated in the jail which shall provide for the  
 50 separation of prisoners by gender and by such other factors as may reasonably  
 51 provide for the safety and well-being of inmates and the community.

52 (b) To the extent authorized by law, any written admission policies adopted and  
 53 implemented under this Subsection (2) shall be applied equally to all entities using  
 54 the county correctional facilities.

55 (3) Except as provided in Subsections (5) and [~~(6)~~] (7), each county sheriff shall assign  
 56 inmates to a facility or section of a facility based on classification criteria that the sheriff  
 57 develops and maintains.

58 (4)(a) Except as provided in Subsection [~~(6)~~] (7), a county sheriff may develop and  
 59 implement alternative incarceration programs that may involve housing an inmate in  
 60 a jail facility.

61 (b) An inmate housed under an alternative incarceration program under Subsection (4)(a)  
 62 shall be considered to be in the full custody and control of the sheriff for purposes of

63 Sections 76-8-309 and 76-8-309.3.

64 (c) An inmate may not be placed in an alternative incarceration program under  
65 Subsection (4)(a) unless:

66 (i) the jail facility is at maximum operating capacity, as established under Section  
67 17-22-5.5; or

68 (ii) ordered by the court.

69 (5) A jail facility shall comply with the same requirements as the Department of  
70 Corrections described in Subsections 64-13-7(4), (5), and ~~[(6)]~~ (7) when assigning an  
71 inmate to a living area, including the reporting requirements in Subsections [  
72 ~~64-13-45(2)(d) and (e).~~] 64-13-45(f) and (g).

73 (6) At the time an inmate is booked into a county jail, the county sheriff shall request and  
74 retain the following information from the inmate:

75 (a) whether the inmate is a parent to a minor child; and

76 (b) if applicable:

77 (i) the number of minor children to whom the inmate is a parent; and

78 (ii) the ages of the minor children described in Subsection (6)(b)(i).

79 ~~[(6)]~~ (7) This section does not authorize a sheriff to modify provisions of a contract with the  
80 Department of Corrections to house in a county jail inmates sentenced to the Department  
81 of Corrections.

82 Section 2. Section **17-22-8** is amended to read:

83 **17-22-8 . Care of prisoners -- Funding of services -- Private contractor.**

84 (1) As used in this section, "medication assisted treatment plan" means a prescription plan  
85 to use buprenorphine, methadone, or naltrexone to treat substance use withdrawal  
86 symptoms or an opioid use disorder.

87 (2) Except as provided in Subsection (7), a sheriff shall:

88 (a) receive each individual committed to jail by competent authority;

89 (b) provide each prisoner with necessary food, clothing, and bedding in the manner  
90 prescribed by the county legislative body;

91 (c) provide each prisoner medical care when:

92 (i) the prisoner's symptoms evidence a serious disease or injury;

93 (ii) the prisoner's disease or injury is curable or may be substantially alleviated; and

94 (iii) the potential for harm to the person by reason of delay or the denial of medical  
95 care would be substantial;

96 (d) provide each prisoner, as part of the intake process, with the option of continuing any

- 97 of the following medically prescribed methods of contraception:
- 98 (i) an oral contraceptive;
- 99 (ii) an injectable contraceptive;
- 100 (iii) a patch;
- 101 (iv) a vaginal ring; or
- 102 (v) an intrauterine device, if the prisoner was prescribed the intrauterine device
- 103 because the prisoner experiences serious and persistent adverse effects when using
- 104 the methods of contraception described in Subsections (2)(d)(i) and (ii); ~~and~~
- 105 (e) cooperate with medical personnel to continue a medication assisted treatment plan
- 106 for an inmate if the inmate was an active client before arrest and commitment~~[-]~~ ; and
- 107 (f) ensure that each female prisoner younger than 50 years old who has been
- 108 incarcerated for longer than 72 hours is offered, which the prisoner may reject, a test
- 109 for pregnancy.
- 110 (3) A sheriff may provide the generic form of a contraceptive described in Subsection
- 111 (2)(d)(i) or (ii).
- 112 (4) A sheriff shall follow the provisions of Section 64-13-46 if a prisoner is pregnant or in
- 113 postpartum recovery~~[-, including the reporting requirements in Subsection 64-13-45(2)(c)]~~.
- 114 (5)(a) Except as provided in Section 17-22-10 and Subsection (5)(b), the expense
- 115 incurred in providing the services required by this section to prisoners shall be paid
- 116 from the county treasury.
- 117 (b) The expense incurred in providing the services described in Subsection (2)(d) to
- 118 prisoners shall be paid by the Department of Health and Human Services.
- 119 (6) A medication used for a medication assisted treatment plan under Subsection (2)(e):
- 120 (a) shall be administered to an inmate in accordance with the inmate's prescription under
- 121 the direction of the sheriff;
- 122 (b) may be paid for by a county; and
- 123 (c) may be left or stored at a jail at the discretion of the sheriff.
- 124 (7) If the county executive contracts with a private contractor to provide the services
- 125 required by this section, the sheriff shall provide only those services required of the
- 126 sheriff by the contract between the county and the private contractor.

127 Section 3. Section **17-22-32** is amended to read:

128 **17-22-32 . County jail reporting requirements.**

- 129 (1) As used in this section:
- 130 (a) "Commission" means the State Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice created

- 131 in Section 63M-7-201.
- 132 (b)(i) "In-custody death" means an inmate death that occurs while the inmate is in the  
133 custody of a county jail.
- 134 (ii) "In-custody death" includes an inmate death that occurs while the inmate is:  
135 (A) being transported for medical care; or  
136 (B) receiving medical care outside of a county jail.
- 137 (c) "Inmate" means an individual who is processed or booked into custody or housed in  
138 a county jail in the state.
- 139 (d) "Opiate" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.
- 140 (2) Each county jail shall submit a report to the commission before June 15 of each year  
141 that includes, for the preceding calendar year:
- 142 (a) the average daily inmate population each month;
- 143 (b) the number of inmates in the county jail on the last day of each month who identify  
144 as each race or ethnicity included in the Standards for Transmitting Race and  
145 Ethnicity published by the United States Federal Bureau of Investigation;
- 146 (c) the number of inmates booked into the county jail;
- 147 (d) the number of inmates held in the county jail each month on behalf of each of the  
148 following entities:
- 149 (i) the Bureau of Indian Affairs;
- 150 (ii) a state prison;
- 151 (iii) a federal prison;
- 152 (iv) the United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement; and
- 153 (v) any other entity with which a county jail has entered a contract to house inmates  
154 on the entity's behalf;
- 155 (e) the number of inmates that are denied pretrial release and held in the custody of the  
156 county jail while the inmate awaited final disposition of the inmate's criminal charges;
- 157 (f) for each inmate booked into the county jail:
- 158 (i) the name of the agency that arrested the inmate;
- 159 (ii) the date and time the inmate was booked into and released from the custody of  
160 the county jail;
- 161 (iii) if the inmate was released from the custody of the county jail, the reason the  
162 inmate was released from the custody of the county jail;
- 163 (iv) if the inmate was released from the custody of the county jail on a financial  
164 condition, whether the financial condition was set by a county sheriff or a court;

- 165 (v) the number of days the inmate was held in the custody of the county jail before  
166 disposition of the inmate's criminal charges;
- 167 (vi) whether the inmate was released from the custody of the county jail before final  
168 disposition of the inmate's criminal charges; and
- 169 (vii) the state identification number of the inmate;
- 170 (g) the number of in-custody deaths that occurred at the county jail;
- 171 (h) for each in-custody death:
- 172 (i) the name, gender, race, ethnicity, age, and known or suspected medical diagnosis  
173 or disability, if any, of the deceased;
- 174 (ii) the date, time, and location of death;
- 175 (iii) the law enforcement agency that detained, arrested, or was in the process of  
176 arresting the deceased; and
- 177 (iv) a brief description of the circumstances surrounding the death;
- 178 (i) the known, or discoverable on reasonable inquiry, causes and contributing factors of  
179 each of the in-custody deaths described in Subsection (2)(g);
- 180 (j) the county jail's policy for notifying an inmate's next of kin after the inmate's  
181 in-custody death;
- 182 (k) the county jail policies, procedures, and protocols:
- 183 (i) for treatment of an inmate experiencing withdrawal from alcohol or substance use,  
184 including use of opiates;
- 185 (ii) that relate to the county jail's provision, or lack of provision, of medications used  
186 to treat, mitigate, or address an inmate's symptoms of withdrawal, including  
187 methadone and all forms of buprenorphine and naltrexone; and
- 188 (iii) that relate to screening, assessment, and treatment of an inmate for a substance  
189 use or mental health disorder; [~~and~~]
- 190 (l) the number of female inmates that the county jail knows were pregnant while  
191 incarcerated in the county jail;
- 192 (m) the number of inmates who gave birth and were restrained in accordance with  
193 Section 64-13-46, including:
- 194 (i) the types of restraints used; and
- 195 (ii) whether the use of restraints was to prevent escape or to ensure the safety of the  
196 inmate, medical or corrections staff, or the public;
- 197 (n) the number of inmates incarcerated in the county jail who are the parent of a minor  
198 child as that term is defined in Section 81-1-101; and

199        [(H)] (o) any report the county jail provides or is required to provide under federal law or  
200            regulation relating to inmate deaths.

201 (3)(a) Subsection (2) does not apply to a county jail if the county jail:

202        (i) collects and stores the data described in Subsection (2); and

203        (ii) enters into a memorandum of understanding with the commission that allows the  
204            commission to access the data described in Subsection (2).

205        (b) The memorandum of understanding described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) shall include a  
206            provision to protect any information related to an ongoing investigation and comply  
207            with all applicable federal and state laws.

208        (c) If the commission accesses data from a county jail in accordance with Subsection  
209            (3)(a), the commission may not release a report prepared from that data, unless:

210        (i) the commission provides the report for review to:

211            (A) the county jail; and

212            (B) any arresting agency that is named in the report; and

213        (ii)(A) the county jail approves the report for release;

214            (B) the county jail reviews the report and prepares a response to the report to be  
215            published with the report; or

216            (C) the county jail fails to provide a response to the report within four weeks after  
217            the day on which the commission provides the report to the county jail.

218 (4) The commission shall:

219        (a) compile the information from the reports described in Subsection (2);

220        (b) omit or redact any identifying information of an inmate in the compilation to the  
221            extent omission or redaction is necessary to comply with state and federal law;

222        (c) submit the compilation to the Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim  
223            Committee and the Utah Substance Use and Mental Health Advisory Committee  
224            before November 1 of each year; and

225        (d) submit the compilation to the protection and advocacy agency designated by the  
226            governor before November 1 of each year.

227 (5) The commission may not provide access to or use a county jail's policies, procedures, or  
228        protocols submitted under this section in a manner or for a purpose not described in this  
229        section.

230 (6) A report including only the names and causes of death of deceased inmates and the  
231        facility in which they were being held in custody shall be made available to the public.

232        Section 4. Section **63I-1-264** is amended to read:

233           **63I-1-264 . Repeal dates: Title 64.**

234           Section 64-13-46.1, Correctional Postnatal and Early Childhood Advisory Board, is  
235 repealed July 1, [~~2025~~] 2027.

236           Section 5. Section **64-13-1** is amended to read:

237           **64-13-1 . Definitions.**

238           As used in this chapter:

- 239 (1) "Behavioral health transition facility" means a nonsecure correctional facility operated  
240 by the department for the purpose of providing a therapeutic environment for offenders  
241 receiving mental health services.
- 242 (2) "Case action plan" means a document developed by the Department of Corrections that  
243 identifies:
- 244       (a) the program priorities for the treatment of the offender, including the criminal risk  
245       factors as determined by risk, needs, and responsivity assessments conducted by the  
246       department; and
- 247       (b) clearly defined completion requirements.
- 248 (3) "Community correctional center" means a nonsecure correctional facility operated by  
249 the department, but does not include a behavioral health transition facility for the  
250 purposes of Section 64-13f-103.
- 251 (4) "Correctional facility" means any facility operated to house offenders in a secure or  
252 nonsecure setting:
- 253       (a) by the department; or
- 254       (b) under a contract with the department.
- 255 (5) "Criminal risk factors" means an individual's characteristics and behaviors that:
- 256       (a) affect the individual's risk of engaging in criminal behavior; and
- 257       (b) are diminished when addressed by effective treatment, supervision, and other support  
258       resources, resulting in a reduced risk of criminal behavior.
- 259 (6) "Department" means the Department of Corrections.
- 260 (7) "Direct supervision" means a housing and supervision system that is designed to meet  
261 the goals described in Subsection 64-13-14(5) and has the elements described in  
262 Subsection 64-13-14(6).
- 263 (8) "Emergency" means any riot, disturbance, homicide, inmate violence occurring in any  
264 correctional facility, or any situation that presents immediate danger to the safety,  
265 security, and control of the department.
- 266 (9) "Evidence-based" means a program or practice that has had multiple randomized control

267 studies or a meta-analysis demonstrating that the program or practice is effective for a  
268 specific population or has been rated as effective by a standardized program evaluation  
269 tool.

270 (10) "Evidence-informed" means a program or practice that is based on research and the  
271 experience and expertise of the department.

272 (11) "Executive director" means the executive director of the Department of Corrections.

273 (12) "Inmate" means an individual who is:

274 (a) committed to the custody of the department; and

275 (b) housed at a correctional facility or at a county jail at the request of the department.

276 (13) "Minor child" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-1-101.

277 [(13)] (14) "Offender" means an individual who has been convicted of a crime for which the  
278 individual may be committed to the custody of the department and is at least one of the  
279 following:

280 (a) committed to the custody of the department;

281 (b) on probation; or

282 (c) on parole.

283 [(14)] (15) "Recidivism" means a return to criminal activity after a previous criminal  
284 conviction.

285 [(15)] (16) "Restitution" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-38b-102.

286 [(16)] (17) "Risk and needs assessment" means an actuarial tool validated on criminal  
287 offenders that determines:

288 (a) an individual's risk of reoffending; and

289 (b) the criminal risk factors that, when addressed, reduce the individual's risk of  
290 reoffending.

291 [(17)] (18) "Secure correctional facility" means any prison, penitentiary, or other institution  
292 operated by the department or under contract for the confinement of offenders, where  
293 force may be used to restrain an offender if the offender attempts to leave the institution  
294 without authorization.

295 [(18)] (19) "Serious illness" means, as determined by the inmate's physician, an illness that  
296 substantially impairs the inmate's quality of life.

297 [(19)] (20) "Serious injury" means, as determined by the inmate's physician, bodily injury  
298 that involves a substantial risk of death, prolonged unconsciousness, prolonged and  
299 obvious disfigurement, or prolonged loss or impairment of the function of a bodily  
300 member, organ, or mental faculty.

301 [~~(20)~~] (21) "State-issued driver license" means a driver license issued in accordance with  
302 Title 53, Chapter 3, Part 2, Driver Licensing Act, or an equivalent issued by another  
303 state.

304 [~~(21)~~] (22) "State-issued identification card" means an identification card issued in  
305 accordance with Title 53, Chapter 3, Part 8, Identification Card Act, or an equivalent  
306 issued by another state.

307 Section 6. Section **64-13-7** is amended to read:

308 **64-13-7 . Individuals in custody.**

309 (1) As used in this section:

310 (a) "Biological sex at birth" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26B-8-101.

311 (b) "Correctional facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-16b-102.

312 (c) "Criminogenic factor" means a personal trait, condition, outside influence, or societal  
313 factor that tends to increase an inmate's likelihood of committing a criminal offense.

314 (d)(i) "Living area" means a location within a correctional facility where an inmate is  
315 assigned to sleep, recreate, study, or interact with other inmates.

316 (ii) "Living area" does not include a location within a correctional facility where an  
317 inmate is temporarily placed by staff of the correctional facility to facilitate  
318 transfers, visitation, medical care, or other needs of the correctional facility or  
319 inmate.

320 (e) "Transgender inmate" means an inmate whose gender identity or expression does not  
321 correspond with the inmate's biological sex at birth.

322 (2) An offender committed for incarceration in a state correctional facility or for  
323 supervision on probation or parole, shall be placed in the custody of the department.

324 (3) The department shall establish procedures and is responsible for the appropriate  
325 assignment or transfer of an offender to a facility or program.

326 (4) Subject to Subsection (5), the department or a county jail may not:

327 (a) assign an inmate whose biological sex at birth is male to a living area where an  
328 inmate whose biological sex at birth is female is assigned; or

329 (b) assign an inmate whose biological sex at birth is female to a living area where an  
330 inmate whose biological sex at birth is male is assigned.

331 (5)(a) Upon a request from a transgender inmate to be assigned to a living area with  
332 inmates whose biological sex at birth do not correspond with the transgender inmate's  
333 biological sex at birth, or if the department or a county jail seeks to assign a  
334 transgender inmate to a living area with inmates whose biological sex at birth do not

- 335 correspond with the transgender inmate's biological sex at birth, the department or a  
336 county jail shall undertake an individualized security analysis considering  
337 criminogenic and other factors including:
- 338 (i) the transgender inmate's anatomy which may be verified through a conversation  
339 with the transgender inmate, reviewing the transgender inmate's medical records,  
340 routine protocols applicable to all inmates, or as part of a broader medical  
341 examination of the transgender inmate conducted in private by a medical  
342 professional if necessary;
  - 343 (ii) the physical characteristics of the transgender inmate;
  - 344 (iii) the transgender inmate's criminal history, including whether the transgender  
345 inmate has displayed predatory behavior against individuals whose biological sex  
346 at birth do not correspond with the transgender inmate's biological sex at birth;
  - 347 (iv) the history of the transgender inmate's behavior while in the department's or a  
348 county jail's custody;
  - 349 (v) the likelihood of the transgender inmate causing physical or psychological harm  
350 to, or committing offenses against, inmates in the requested living area whose  
351 biological sex at birth do not correspond with the transgender inmate's biological  
352 sex at birth;
  - 353 (vi) the safety of correctional facility staff if the transgender inmate were to be  
354 assigned to the requested living area;
  - 355 (vii) an analysis of whether the transgender inmate has a history or pattern of:
    - 356 (A) anti-social attitudes or behaviors;
    - 357 (B) interacting with peers who display anti-social attitudes or behaviors;
    - 358 (C) negative family issues or influence;
    - 359 (D) a lack of achievement in education and employment;
    - 360 (E) not participating in pro-social leisure activities; or
    - 361 (F) substance abuse;
  - 362 (viii) whether the requested living area assignment would:
    - 363 (A) ensure the transgender inmate's health and safety; and
    - 364 (B) assist the transgender inmate in successfully reentering the community; and
  - 365 (ix) any other factor determined to be relevant by the executive director or a county  
366 sheriff.
- 367 (b) The department or a county jail may assign a transgender inmate to a living area with  
368 inmates whose biological sex at birth do not correspond with the transgender inmate's

- 369 biological sex at birth only if:
- 370 (i) the department or a county jail determines, after undertaking the individualized
- 371 security analysis described in Subsection (5)(a), that the assignment presents a low
- 372 risk of causing:
- 373 (A) any physical or psychological harm to an inmate who resides in or will reside
- 374 in the living area, the correctional facility staff that manage the living area, or
- 375 the transgender inmate;
- 376 (B) disruption to correctional facility management; and
- 377 (C) overall security issues; and
- 378 (ii) there is no evidence that the transgender inmate is claiming a gender identity or
- 379 expression that does not correspond with the inmate's biological sex at birth solely
- 380 for the purpose of altering the inmate's living area assignment.
- 381 (6) If the department or a county jail, after complying with Subsection (5), assigns a
- 382 transgender inmate to a living area with inmates whose biological sex at birth do not
- 383 correspond with the transgender inmate's biological sex at birth, the department or a
- 384 county jail shall:
- 385 (a)(i) undertake the security analysis described in Subsection (5)(a) after a security
- 386 incident involving the transgender inmate and at regular intervals determined by
- 387 the executive director or a county sheriff to ensure that the assignment continues
- 388 to meet the conditions described in Subsection (5)(b); and
- 389 (ii) if the analysis conducted in Subsection (6)(a) demonstrates that the assignment no
- 390 longer meets the conditions described in Subsection (5)(b), assign the transgender
- 391 inmate to a living area with inmates whose biological sex at birth corresponds
- 392 with the transgender inmate's biological sex at birth; and
- 393 (b) comply with the reporting requirements described in Subsections [~~64-13-45(2)(d)~~
- 394 ~~and (e)~~ 64-13-45(2)(f) and (g).

395 Section 7. Section **64-13-10.4** is amended to read:

396 **64-13-10.4 . Entry of an inmate -- Identification application requests -- Parental**

397 **information request.**

- 398 (1)(a) Within 15 days after the date on which an inmate enters incarceration in a state
- 399 correctional facility, and, if applicable, approximately six months before the date of
- 400 the inmate's anticipated release as described in Subsection 64-13-10.6(3), the
- 401 department shall determine whether the inmate has:
- 402 (i) a certified copy of the inmate's birth certificate;

- 403 (ii) a copy of the inmate's social security card; and  
404 (iii) a current state-issued driver license or state-issued identification card.
- 405 (b) For any document described in Subsection (1)(a) that the inmate does not possess,  
406 the department shall:
- 407 (i) inform the inmate that each document listed in Subsection (1)(a) may be required  
408 to obtain employment upon release;
- 409 (ii) inquire whether the inmate would like to apply for and obtain any of the  
410 documents described in Subsection (1)(a); and
- 411 (iii)(A) if the inmate accepts assistance in obtaining the documents described in  
412 Subsection (1)(a), subject to Subsection (5), provide the assistance described in  
413 Subsections (2) through (4) within 30 days after the date on which the inmate  
414 accepts assistance; or
- 415 (B) if the inmate refuses assistance in obtaining the documents described in  
416 Subsection (1)(a), maintain a record of the inmate's refusal in the department's  
417 electronic file management system.
- 418 (2)(a) If an inmate was born in the United States and accepts assistance in obtaining a  
419 certified copy of the inmate's birth certificate, the department shall:
- 420 (i) request that the inmate pay the fee for obtaining the certified copy of the inmate's  
421 birth certificate; or
- 422 (ii) if the department determines that the inmate is unable to pay the fee as described  
423 in Subsection (2)(a)(i), determine whether funds are available from a private  
424 donation and use the private donation to pay the fee.
- 425 (b) If funds are available to pay the fee for obtaining a certified copy of a birth certificate  
426 as described in Subsection (2)(a), the department shall request a certified copy of the  
427 inmate's birth certificate from the inmate's state of birth.
- 428 (3) If an inmate accepts assistance in obtaining a copy of the inmate's social security card  
429 and does not have a copy of the inmate's social security card, the department shall  
430 coordinate with the Social Security Administration in obtaining a copy of the inmate's  
431 social security card, unless the inmate previously requested the maximum number of  
432 yearly or lifetime requests.
- 433 (4) If an inmate accepts assistance in obtaining a state-issued identification card or driver  
434 license, the department shall follow the procedure described in Subsection 64-13-10.6(4).
- 435 (5) The requirements ~~[of this section]~~ of Subsections (1) through (4) do not apply if the  
436 inmate is not:

- 437 (a) a citizen of the United States; or
- 438 (b) a lawful resident of the United States who has legal authorization to work in the
- 439 United States.
- 440 (6) At the time an inmate enters incarceration in a state correctional facility, the department
- 441 shall request and retain the following information from the inmate:
- 442 (a) whether the inmate is a parent to a minor child; and
- 443 (b) if applicable:
- 444 (i) the number of minor children to whom the inmate is a parent; and
- 445 (ii) the ages of the minor children described in Subsection (6)(b)(i).
- 446 Section 8. Section **64-13-45** is amended to read:
- 447 **64-13-45 . Department reporting requirements.**
- 448 (1) As used in this section:
- 449 (a) "Biological sex at birth" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26B-8-101.
- 450 (b)(i) "In-custody death" means an inmate death that occurs while the inmate is in the
- 451 custody of the department.
- 452 (ii) "In-custody death" includes an inmate death that occurs while the inmate is:
- 453 (A) being transported for medical care; or
- 454 (B) receiving medical care outside of a correctional facility, other than a county
- 455 jail.
- 456 (c) "Inmate" means an individual who is processed or booked into custody or housed in
- 457 the department or a correctional facility other than a county jail.
- 458 (d) "Opiate" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.
- 459 (e) "Transgender inmate" means the same as that term is defined in Section 64-13-7.
- 460 (2) The department shall submit a report to the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile
- 461 Justice created in Section 63M-7-201 before June 15 of each year that includes:
- 462 (a) the number of in-custody deaths that occurred during the preceding calendar year,
- 463 including:
- 464 (i) the known, or discoverable on reasonable inquiry, causes and contributing factors
- 465 of each of the in-custody deaths described in Subsection (2)(a); and
- 466 (ii) the department's policy for notifying an inmate's next of kin after the inmate's
- 467 in-custody death;
- 468 (b) the department policies, procedures, and protocols:
- 469 (i) for treatment of an inmate experiencing withdrawal from alcohol or substance use,
- 470 including use of opiates;

- 471 (ii) that relate to the department's provision, or lack of provision, of medications used  
472 to treat, mitigate, or address an inmate's symptoms of withdrawal, including  
473 methadone and all forms of buprenorphine and naltrexone; and
- 474 (iii) that relate to screening, assessment, and treatment of an inmate for a substance  
475 use disorder or mental health disorder;
- 476 (c) the number of female inmates that the department knows who are pregnant and  
477 currently incarcerated in a correctional facility operated by the department;
- 478 [(e)] (d) the number of inmates who gave birth and were restrained in accordance with  
479 Section 64-13-46, including:
- 480 (i) the types of restraints used; and
- 481 (ii) whether the use of restraints was to prevent escape or to ensure the safety of the  
482 inmate, medical or corrections staff, or the public;
- 483 (e) the number of inmates incarcerated in a correctional facility operated by the  
484 department who are the parent of a minor child;
- 485 [(d)] (f) the number of transgender inmates that are assigned to a living area with inmates  
486 whose biological sex at birth do not correspond with the transgender inmate's  
487 biological sex at birth in accordance with Section 64-13-7, including:
- 488 (i) the results of the individualized security analysis conducted for each transgender  
489 inmate in accordance with Subsection 64-13-7(5)(a); and
- 490 (ii) a detailed explanation regarding how the security conditions described in  
491 Subsection 64-13-7(5)(b) are met for each transgender inmate;
- 492 [(e)] (g) the number of transgender inmates that were:
- 493 (i) assigned to a living area with inmates whose biological sex at birth do not  
494 correspond with the transgender inmate's biological sex at birth; and
- 495 (ii) removed and assigned to a living area with inmates whose biological sex at birth  
496 corresponds with the transgender inmate's biological sex at birth in accordance  
497 with Subsection 64-13-7(6); and
- 498 [(f)] (h) any report the department provides or is required to provide under federal law or  
499 regulation relating to inmate deaths.
- 500 (3) The Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice shall:
- 501 (a) compile the information from the reports described in Subsection (2);
- 502 (b) omit or redact any identifying information of an inmate in the compilation to the  
503 extent omission or redaction is necessary to comply with state and federal law[-]; and
- 504 (c) submit the compilation to the Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim

505 Committee and the Utah Substance Use and Mental Health Advisory Committee  
506 before November 1 of each year.

507 (4) The Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice may not provide access to or use the  
508 department's policies, procedures, or protocols submitted under this section in a manner  
509 or for a purpose not described in this section.

510 Section 9. Section **64-13-46** is amended to read:

511 **64-13-46 . Pregnant inmates.**

512 (1) As used in this section:

513 (a) "Postpartum recovery" means, as determined by the pregnant inmate's physician, the  
514 period immediately following delivery, including the entire period the inmate is in  
515 the hospital or health care facility after birth.

516 (b) "Restraints" means any physical restraint or mechanical device used to control the  
517 movement of an inmate's body or limbs, including flex cuffs, soft restraints, shackles,  
518 or a convex shield.

519 (c)(i) "Shackles" means metal restraints, including leg irons, belly chains, or a  
520 security or tether chain.

521 (ii) "Shackles" does not include hard metal handcuffs.

522 (2) The department shall ensure that each female inmate younger than 50 years old is  
523 offered, which the inmate may reject, a test for pregnancy upon admission, or within a  
524 reasonable time after admission, to a correctional facility.

525 [~~2~~] (3) Subject to Subsections [~~3~~ and ~~4~~] (4) and (5), if the staff of a correctional facility  
526 knows or has reason to believe that an inmate is pregnant or is in postpartum recovery,  
527 the staff shall, when restraining the inmate at any time or location, use the least  
528 restrictive restraints necessary to ensure the safety and security of the inmate and others.

529 [~~3~~] (4) A correctional staff member may not use restraints on an inmate during the third  
530 trimester of pregnancy, labor, or childbirth unless a correctional staff member makes an  
531 individualized determination that there are compelling grounds to believe that the inmate  
532 presents:

533 (a) an immediate and serious risk of harm to the inmate, the inmate's infant, medical  
534 staff, correctional staff, or the public; or

535 (b) a substantial risk of escape that cannot reasonably be reduced by the use of other  
536 existing means.

537 [~~4~~] (5) Notwithstanding Subsection [~~3~~] (4), under no circumstances may shackles, leg  
538 restraints, or waist restraints be used on an inmate during the third trimester of

- 539 pregnancy, labor, childbirth, or postpartum recovery.
- 540 ~~[(5)]~~ (6) Correctional staff present during labor or childbirth shall:
- 541 (a) be stationed in a location that offers the maximum privacy to the inmate, while
- 542 taking into consideration safety and security concerns; and
- 543 (b) be female, if practicable.
- 544 ~~[(6)]~~ (7) If a correctional staff member authorizes restraints under Subsection ~~[(2) or (3)]~~ (3)
- 545 or (4), the correctional staff member shall make a written record of the authorization and
- 546 use of the restraints that includes:
- 547 (a) an explanation of the grounds for the correctional staff member's authorization on the
- 548 use of restraints;
- 549 (b) the type of restraints that were used; and
- 550 (c) the length of time the restraints were used.
- 551 ~~[(7)]~~ (8) The record described in Subsection ~~[(6)]~~ (7):
- 552 (a) shall be retained by the correctional facility for five years;
- 553 (b) shall be available for public inspection with individually identifying information
- 554 redacted; and
- 555 (c) may not be considered a medical record under state or federal law.
- 556 ~~[(8)]~~ (9) For a minimum of 48 hours after an inmate has given birth, a correctional facility
- 557 shall, if directed by the inmate's physician, allow the infant to remain with the inmate at
- 558 the health care facility.
- 559 ~~[(9)]~~ (10) A correctional facility shall provide:
- 560 (a) an inmate who is pregnant, or who has given birth within the past six weeks, access
- 561 to a social worker to help the inmate:
- 562 (i) arrange childcare;
- 563 (ii) establish a reunification plan; and
- 564 (iii) establish a substance abuse treatment plan, if needed; and
- 565 (b) an inmate in postpartum recovery access to postpartum care for up to 12 weeks as
- 566 determined by the inmate's physician.
- 567 ~~[(10)]~~ (11) The department may not create or operate a nursery in a correctional facility to
- 568 provide space for a female inmate and the inmate's child.
- 569 Section 10. Section **64-13-46.1** is amended to read:
- 570 **64-13-46.1 . Correctional Postnatal and Early Childhood Advisory Board --**
- 571 **Duties -- Rulemaking.**
- 572 (1) As used in this part:

- 573 (a) "Advisory board" means the Correctional Postnatal and Early Childhood Advisory  
574 Board.
- 575 (b) "Correctional facility" means a facility operated by the department or a county  
576 sheriff that houses inmates in a secure setting.
- 577 (c) "Incarcerated mother" means an inmate who:  
578 (i) has recently given birth before entering a correctional facility;  
579 (ii) is pregnant and incarcerated in a correctional facility; or  
580 (iii) has given birth while incarcerated in a correctional facility.
- 581 (2) The advisory board shall consist of the following members:  
582 (a) two individuals from the department, appointed by the executive director;  
583 (b) one individual appointed by the Board of Pardons and Parole;  
584 (c) one individual appointed by the president of the Utah Sheriffs' Association;  
585 (d) one individual representing the Administrative Office of the Courts appointed by the  
586 Judicial Council; and  
587 [~~(d)~~] (e) four individuals appointed by the executive director of the Department of Health  
588 and Human Services, including:  
589 (i) [~~two~~] one pediatric healthcare [~~providers~~] provider;  
590 (ii) one individual with expertise in early childhood development;  
591 (iii) one individual employed by the Division of Child and Family Services; and  
592 [~~(iii)~~] (iv) one individual with experience advocating for incarcerated women.
- 593 (3)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), a member of the advisory board shall be  
594 appointed for a four-year term.
- 595 (b) A member that is appointed to complete an unexpired term may complete the  
596 unexpired term and serve a subsequent four-year term.
- 597 (c) Appointments and reappointments may be staggered so that one-fourth of the  
598 advisory board changes each year.
- 599 (d) The advisory board shall annually elect a chair and co-chair of the board from among  
600 the members of the board to serve a two-year term.
- 601 (4) The advisory board shall meet at least bi-annually, or more frequently as determined by  
602 the executive director, the chair, or three or more members of the advisory board.
- 603 (5) A majority of the board constitutes a quorum and a vote of the majority of the members  
604 present constitutes an action of the advisory board.
- 605 (6) A member of the advisory board may not receive compensation or benefits for the  
606 member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses as allowed in:

- 607 (a) Section 63A-3-106;
- 608 (b) Section 63A-3-107; and
- 609 (c) rules made by the Division of Finance in accordance with Sections 63A-3-106 and
- 610 63A-3-107.
- 611 (7) The advisory board shall:
- 612 (a) review research regarding childhood development and best practices for placing
- 613 infants and incarcerated mothers in a diversion program not located in a correctional
- 614 facility;
- 615 (b) study the costs of implementing a diversion program for infants and incarcerated
- 616 mothers removed from a correctional facility;
- 617 (c) create a provisional plan for implementing a diversion program for infants and
- 618 incarcerated mothers removed from a correctional facility; and
- 619 (d) advise and make recommendations to the department and county sheriffs regarding
- 620 rules and policies for placing an infant or incarcerated mother in a diversion program
- 621 not located in a correctional facility.

622 (8) On or before November 30[~~,2024~~] of each year, the advisory board shall provide a

623 report of the advisory board's research and study under Subsections (7)(a) through (c),

624 including any proposed legislation, to:

- 625 (a) the Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim Committee; and
- 626 (b) the [~~Executive Offices and~~]Criminal Justice Appropriations Subcommittee.

627 Section 11. Section **77-18-103** is amended to read:

628 **77-18-103 . Presentence investigation report -- Classification of presentence**

629 **investigation report -- Evidence or other information at sentencing.**

- 630 (1) Before the imposition of a sentence, the court may:
- 631 (a) upon agreement of the defendant, continue the date for the imposition of the sentence
- 632 for a reasonable period of time for the purpose of obtaining a presentence
- 633 investigation report from the department or a law enforcement agency, or information
- 634 from any other source about the defendant; and
- 635 (b) if the defendant is convicted of a felony or a class A misdemeanor, request that the
- 636 department or a law enforcement agency prepare a presentence investigation report
- 637 for the defendant.
- 638 (2)(a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), if a defendant is convicted of a felony offense
- 639 and the defendant is a habitual offender, the prosecuting attorney shall notify the
- 640 court that the defendant is a habitual offender.

641 (b) Upon a notification under Subsection (2)(a), the court may not impose a sentence for  
642 the conviction without ordering and obtaining a presentence investigation report,  
643 unless the court finds good cause to proceed with sentencing without the presentence  
644 investigation report.

645 (3) If a presentence investigation report is required under Subsection (2) or the standards  
646 established by the department described in Section 77-18-109, the presentence  
647 investigation report under Subsection (1) shall include:

648 (a) any impact statement provided by a victim as described in Subsection 77-38b-203  
649 (3)(c);

650 (b) information on restitution as described in Subsections 77-38b-203(3)(a) and (b);

651 (c) recommendations for treatment for the defendant; and

652 (d) the number of days since the commission of the offense that the defendant has spent  
653 in the custody of the jail and the number of days, if any, the defendant was released  
654 to a supervised release program or an alternative incarceration program under Section  
655 17-22-5.5.

656 (4) The department or law enforcement agency shall provide the presentence investigation  
657 report to the defendant's attorney, or the defendant if the defendant is not represented by  
658 counsel, the prosecuting attorney, and the court for review within three working days  
659 before the day on which the defendant is sentenced.

660 (5)(a)(i) If there is an alleged inaccuracy in the presentence investigation report that  
661 is not resolved by the parties and the department or law enforcement agency  
662 before sentencing:

663 (A) the alleged inaccuracy shall be brought to the attention of the court at  
664 sentencing; and

665 (B) the court may grant an additional 10 working days after the day on which the  
666 alleged inaccuracy is brought to the court's attention to allow the parties and  
667 the department to resolve the alleged inaccuracy in the presentence  
668 investigation report.

669 (ii) If the court does not grant additional time under Subsection (5)(a)(i)(B), or the  
670 alleged inaccuracy cannot be resolved after 10 working days, and if the court finds  
671 that there is an inaccuracy in the presentence investigation report, the court shall:

672 (A) enter a written finding as to the relevance and accuracy of the challenged  
673 portion of the presentence investigation report; and

674 (B) provide the written finding to the department or the law enforcement agency.

- 675 (b) The department shall attach the written finding to the presentence investigation  
676 report as an addendum.
- 677 (c) If a party fails to challenge the accuracy of the presentence investigation report at the  
678 time of sentencing, the matter shall be considered waived.
- 679 (6) The contents of the presentence investigation report are protected and not available  
680 except by court order for purposes of sentencing as provided by rule of the Judicial  
681 Council or for use by the department or law enforcement agency.
- 682 (7)(a) A presentence investigation report is classified as protected in accordance with  
683 Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
- 684 (b) Notwithstanding Sections 63G-2-403 and 63G-2-404, the State Records Committee  
685 may not order the disclosure of a presentence investigation report.
- 686 (8) Except for disclosure at the time of sentencing in accordance with this section, the  
687 department or law enforcement agency may disclose a presentence investigation only  
688 when:
- 689 (a) ordered by the court in accordance with Subsection 63G-2-202(7);
- 690 (b) requested by a law enforcement agency or other agency approved by the department  
691 for purposes of supervision, confinement, and treatment of a defendant;
- 692 (c) requested by the board;
- 693 (d) requested by the subject of the presentence investigation report or the subject's  
694 authorized representative;
- 695 (e) requested by the victim of the offense discussed in the presentence investigation  
696 report, or the victim's authorized representative, if the disclosure is only information  
697 relating to:
- 698 (i) statements or materials provided by the victim;
- 699 (ii) the circumstances of the offense, including statements by the defendant; or
- 700 (iii) the impact of the offense on the victim or the victim's household; or
- 701 (f) requested by a sex offender treatment provider:
- 702 (i) who is certified to provide treatment under the certification program established in  
703 Subsection 64-13-25(2);
- 704 (ii) who is providing, at the time of the request, sex offender treatment to the offender  
705 who is the subject of the presentence investigation report; and
- 706 (iii) who provides written assurance to the department that the report:
- 707 (A) is necessary for the treatment of the defendant;
- 708 (B) will be used solely for the treatment of the defendant; and

709 (C) will not be disclosed to an individual or entity other than the defendant.  
710 (9)(a) At the time of sentence, the court shall:  
711 (i) [-]receive any testimony, evidence, or information that the defendant or the  
712 prosecuting attorney desires to present concerning the appropriate sentence[-] ; and  
713 (ii) if the defendant is a parent of a minor child, as that term is defined in Section  
714 81-1-101, allow the defendant to present a family impact statement that details  
715 how any incarceration of the defendant will likely negatively affect the  
716 defendant's minor child and is not in the best interest of the minor child.  
717 (b) Testimony, evidence, or information under Subsection (9)(a) shall be presented in  
718 open court on record and in the presence of the defendant.  
719 (10) If the court receives a family impact statement under Subsection (9)(a)(ii), and if not  
720 prohibited by Section 76-3-406 or another section of the Utah Code that prohibits the  
721 suspension of a sentence, the court shall consider suspending the defendant's sentence  
722 and placing the defendant on probation in accordance with Section 77-18-105.  
723 [~~10~~] (11) The court may not rely solely on an algorithm or a risk assessment tool score in  
724 determining the appropriate sentence for a defendant.  
725 Section 12. **Effective Date.**  
726 This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.