26 27

28

Casey Snider proposes the following substitute bill:

Mining and Critical Infrastructure Materials Amendments

2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Casey Snider

2	Senate Sponsor: Scott D. Sandall
2	LONG TITLE
4	General Description:
5	This bill addresses mining and critical infrastructure materials operations.
6	Highlighted Provisions:
7	This bill:
8	modifies definitions;
9	 changes vested critical infrastructure materials use provisions to make them more similar
10	to vested mining provisions;
11	addresses operations on new land;
12	amends provisions related to vested mining operations;
13	repeals study requirements; and
14	 makes technical and conforming changes.
15	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
16	None
17	Other Special Clauses:
18	None
19	Utah Code Sections Affected:
20	AMENDS:
21	10-9a-901, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 227
22	10-9a-902, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 227
23	10-9a-903, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 227
24	10-9a-905, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 227
25	17-27a-1001, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 227

17-27a-1002, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 227

17-27a-1003, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 227 17-27a-1005, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 227

17-41-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 70
17-41-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 227
17-41-502, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 376
78B-6-1101 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 207
REPEALS:
17-41-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 87
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 10-9a-901 is amended to read:
10-9a-901 . Definitions.
As used in this part:
(1) "Contiguous land" means surface or subsurface land that shares a common boundary
and is not separated by a highway as defined in Section 41-6a-102.
(2) "Critical infrastructure materials" means sand, gravel, or rock aggregate.
$[\underbrace{(2)}]$ $[\underbrace{3}]$ "Critical infrastructure materials [operations] \underline{use} " means the extraction, excavation,
processing, or reprocessing of critical infrastructure materials.
[(3)] (4) "Critical infrastructure materials operator" means a natural person, corporation,
association, partnership, receiver, trustee, executor, administrator, guardian, fiduciary,
agent, or other organization or representative, either public or private, including a
successor, assign, affiliate, subsidiary, and related parent company, that:
(a) owns, controls, or manages a critical infrastructure materials [operations] use; and
(b) has produced commercial quantities of critical infrastructure materials from the
critical infrastructure materials [operations] use.
(5) "Existing legal use" means a critical infrastructure materials use that has operated in
accordance with:
(a) a legal nonconforming use that has not been abandoned for more than 24 consecutive
months; or
(b) a permit issued by the applicable political subdivision.
(6) "New land" means surface or subsurface land that a critical infrastructure materials
operator gains ownership or control of on or before January 1, 2026, regardless of
whether that land is included in any applicable permit issued by a political subdivision
or a legal nonconforming use.
[(4)] (7) "Vested critical infrastructure materials [operations] use" means a critical

infrastructure materials [operations operating in accordance with a legal nonconforming

63	use or a permit issued by the municipality that existed or was conducted or otherwise
64	engaged in before:] use by a critical infrastructure materials operator that is an existing
65	<u>legal use.</u>
66	[(a) a political subdivision prohibits, restricts, or otherwise limits the critical
67	infrastructure materials operations; and]
68	[(b) January 1, 2019.]
69	Section 2. Section 10-9a-902 is amended to read:
70	10-9a-902 . Vested critical infrastructure materials use Presumption.
71	(1)(a) [Critical A critical infrastructure materials [operations operating in accordance
72	with a legal nonconforming use or a permit issued by the municipality are
73	eonclusively] use is presumed to be a vested critical infrastructure materials [
74	operations] use if the critical infrastructure materials [operations permitted by the
75	municipality, existed or was conducted or otherwise engaged in before January 1,
76	2019 and before when a political subdivision prohibits, restricts, or otherwise limits
77	the critical infrastructure materials operations.] use meets the definition of vested
78	critical infrastructure use in Section 10-9a-901.
79	(b) A person claiming that a vested critical infrastructure materials [operations has been]
80	use has not been established has the burden of proof to show by the preponderance of
81	the evidence that the vested critical infrastructure materials [operations] use has not
82	been established.
83	(2) A vested critical infrastructure materials [operations] use:
84	(a) runs with the land; and
85	(b) may be changed to another critical infrastructure materials [operations conducted
86	within the scope of a legal nonconforming use or the permit for the vested critical
87	infrastructure materials operations] use without losing its status as a vested critical
88	infrastructure materials [operations] use.
89	(3) The present or future boundary of the critical infrastructure materials use of a critical
90	infrastructure materials operator with a vested critical infrastructure materials use does
91	not limit:
92	(a) the scope of rights of a critical infrastructure materials operator with a vested critical
93	infrastructure material use; or
94	(b) the protection for a critical infrastructure materials protection area.
95	(4)(a) A critical infrastructure operator with a vested critical infrastructure materials use
06	shall file a declaration for recording in the office of the recorder of the county in

97	which the vested critical infrastructure materials use is located.
98	(b) A declaration under Subsection (4)(a) shall:
99	(i) contain a legal description of the land included within the vested critical
100	infrastructure materials use; and
101	(ii) provide notice of the vested critical infrastructure materials use.
102	Section 3. Section 10-9a-903 is amended to read:
103	10-9a-903. Rights of a critical infrastructure materials operator with a vested
104	critical infrastructure materials use.
105	(1) Notwithstanding a political subdivision's prohibition, restriction, or other limitation
106	on a critical infrastructure materials [operations] use adopted after the establishment of
107	the critical infrastructure materials [operations] use, the rights of a critical infrastructure
108	materials operator with <u>a</u> vested critical infrastructure materials [operations] <u>use</u> include
109	the right to:
110	(a) progress, extend, enlarge, grow, or expand the vested critical infrastructure materials use to any
	contiguous land that the critical infrastructure materials operator owns or controls before May 7,
	<u>2025;</u>
111	(b) expand the vested critical infrastructure materials use to new land that is contiguous
112	land to the surface or subsurface land on which the critical infrastructure materials
113	operator has a vested critical infrastructure materials use, including the surface or
114	subsurface land under Subsection (1)(a);
115	[(1)] (c) use, operate, construct, reconstruct, restore, extend, expand, maintain, repair,
116	alter, substitute, modernize, upgrade, and replace equipment, processes, facilities, and
117	buildings[; and] on any surface or subsurface land that the critical infrastructure
118	materials operator owns or controls before May 7, 2025;
119	(d) on any surface or subsurface land that the critical infrastructure materials operator
120	owns or controls before May 7, 2025:
121	(i) increase production or volume;
122	(ii) alter the method of extracting or processing, including with respect to the vested
123	use, the right to stockpile or hold in reserve critical infrastructure materials, to
124	recycle, and to batch and mix concrete and asphalt; and
125	(iii) extract or process a different or additional critical infrastructure material than
126	previously extracted or processed on the surface or subsurface land; and
127	[(2)] (e) discontinue, suspend, terminate, deactivate, or continue and reactivate,
128	temporarily or permanently, all or any part of the critical infrastructure materials [

129	operations] use.
130	(2)(a) As used in this Subsection (2), "applicable legislative body" means the legislative
131	body of each:
132	(i) county in whose unincorporated area the new land to be included in the vested
133	critical infrastructure materials use is located; or
134	(ii) municipality in which the new land to be included in the critical infrastructure
135	materials use is located.
136	(b) A critical infrastructure materials operator with a vested critical infrastructure
137	materials use is presumed to have a right to expand the vested critical infrastructure
138	materials use to new land.
139	(c) Before expanding a vested critical infrastructure materials use to new land, a critical
140	infrastructure materials operator shall provide written notice:
141	(i) of the critical infrastructure materials operator's intent to expand the vested critical
142	infrastructure materials use; and
143	(ii) to each applicable legislative body.
144	(d)(i) An applicable legislative body shall:
145	(A) hold a public meeting or hearing at the applicable legislative body's next
146	available meeting that is no later than 30 days after receiving the notice under
147	Subsection (2)(c); and
148	(B) provide reasonable, advance, written notice of the intended expansion of the
149	vested critical infrastructure materials use and the public meeting or hearing to
150	each owner of the surface estate of the new land.
151	(ii) A public meeting or hearing under Subsection (2)(d)(i) serves to provide
152	sufficient public notice of the critical infrastructure materials operator's intent to
153	expand the vested critical infrastructure materials use to the new land.
154	(e) After the public meeting or hearing under Subsection (2)(d)(i), a critical
155	infrastructure materials operator may expand a vested critical infrastructure materials
156	use to new land without any action by an applicable legislative body, unless the
157	applicable legislative body finds by the preponderance of the evidence on the record
158	that the expansion to new land will endanger the public health, safety, and welfare. If
159	the applicable legislative body makes the finding of endangerment described in this
160	Subsection (2)(e), Subsection (4) applies.
161	(3) If a critical infrastructure materials operator expands a vested critical infrastructure
162	materials use to new land, as authorized under this section:

163	(a) the critical infrastructure materials operator's rights under the vested critical
164	infrastructure materials use with respect to land on which the vested critical
165	infrastructure materials use occurs apply with equal force after the expansion to the
166	new land; and
167	(b) the critical infrastructure materials protection area that includes land on which the
168	vested critical infrastructure materials use occurs is expanded to include the new land
169	(4)(a) If the applicable legislative body makes the finding of endangerment described in
170	Subsection (2)(e):
171	(i) the critical infrastructure materials operator shall submit to the applicable
172	legislative body the critical infrastructure materials operator's plan for expansion
173	under this section;
174	(ii) by no later than 90 days after receipt of the plan for expansion described in
175	Subsection (4)(a)(i), the applicable legislative body shall notify the operator of:
176	(A) evidence that the expansion to new land will endanger the public health,
177	safety, and welfare; and
178	(B) proposed measures to mitigate the endangerment of the public health, safety
179	and welfare; and
180	(iii) the applicable legislative body shall hold a public hearing by no later than 30
181	days after the date the applicable legislative body complies with Subsection
182	(4)(a)(ii) to present mitigation measures proposed under Subsection (4)(a)(ii).
183	(b) The applicable legislative body may impose mitigation measures under this
184	Subsection (4) that are reasonable and do not exceed requirements imposed by
185	permits issued by a state agency such as an air quality permit.
186	(c) A political subdivision may not prohibit the expansion of a vested critical
187	infrastructure use if the critical infrastructure materials operator agrees to comply
188	with the mitigation measures described in Subsection (4)(b).
189	(d) The process under this Subsection (4) is not a land use application or conditional use
190	application under this chapter.
191	Section 4. Section 10-9a-905 is amended to read:
192	10-9a-905. Abandonment of a vested critical infrastructure materials use.
193	(1) A critical infrastructure materials operator may abandon some or all of a vested critical
194	infrastructure materials [operations-]use only as provided in this section.
195	(2) To abandon some or all of a vested critical infrastructure materials [operations] use, a
196	critical infrastructure materials operator shall record a written declaration of

in before:]

228

229

197	abandonment with the recorder of the county in which the vested critical infrastructure
198	materials [operations] use being abandoned is located.
199	(3) The written declaration of abandonment under Subsection (2) shall specify the vested
200	critical infrastructure materials [operations] use or the portion of the vested critical
201	infrastructure materials [operations] use being abandoned.
202	Section 5. Section 17-27a-1001 is amended to read:
203	17-27a-1001 . Definitions.
204	As used in this part:
205	(1) "Contiguous land" means surface or subsurface land that shares a common boundary and is not
	separated by a highway as defined in 41-6a-102.
206	(2) "Critical infrastructure materials" means sand, gravel, or rock aggregate.
207	[(2)] (3) "Critical infrastructure materials [operations] use" means the extraction, excavation,
208	processing, or reprocessing of critical infrastructure materials.
209	[(3)] (4) "Critical infrastructure materials operator" means a natural person, corporation,
210	association, partnership, receiver, trustee, executor, administrator, guardian, fiduciary,
211	agent, or other organization or representative, either public or private, including a
212	successor, assign, affiliate, subsidiary, and related parent company, that:
213	(a) owns, controls, or manages a critical infrastructure materials [operations] use; and
214	(b) has produced commercial quantities of critical infrastructure materials from the
215	critical infrastructure materials [operations] use.
216	(5) "Existing legal use" means a critical infrastructure materials use that has operated in
217	accordance with:
218	(a) a legal nonconforming use that has not been abandoned for more than 24 consecutive
219	months; or
220	(b) a permit issued by the applicable political subdivision.
221	(6) "New land" means surface or subsurface land that a critical infrastructure materials
222	operator gains ownership or control of on or before January 1, 2026, regardless of
223	whether that land is included in any applicable permit issued by a political subdivision
224	or a legal nonconforming use.
225	[(4)] (7) "Vested critical infrastructure materials [operations] use" means a critical
226	infrastructure materials operations [operating in accordance with a legal nonconforming
227	use or a permit issued by the county that existed or was conducted or otherwise engaged

[(a) a political subdivision prohibits, restricts, or otherwise limits the critical

230	infrastructure materials operations; and]
231	[(b) January 1, 2019] use by a critical infrastructure materials operator that is an existing
232	<u>legal use</u> .
233	Section 6. Section 17-27a-1002 is amended to read:
234	17-27a-1002 . Vested critical infrastructure materials use Presumption.
235	(1)(a) [Critical-] A critical infrastructure materials [operations operating in accordance
236	with a legal nonconforming use or a permit issued by the county are conclusively] use
237	\underline{is} presumed to be \underline{a} vested critical infrastructure materials [operations] \underline{use} if the
238	critical infrastructure materials [operations permitted by the county, existed or was
239	conducted or otherwise engaged in before January 1, 2019 and before when a
240	political subdivision prohibits, restricts, or otherwise limits the critical infrastructure
241	materials operations.] use meets the definition of vested critical infrastructure
242	materials use as defined in Section 17-271-1001.
243	(b) A person claiming that a vested critical infrastructure materials [operations has been
244	use has not been established has the burden of proof to show by the preponderance of
245	the evidence that the vested critical infrastructure materials [operations has been] use
246	has not been established.
247	(2) A vested critical infrastructure materials [operations] use:
248	(a) runs with the land; and
249	(b) may be changed to another critical infrastructure materials [operations conducted
250	within the scope of a legal nonconforming use or the permit for the vested critical
251	infrastructure materials operations] use without losing its status as a vested critical
252	infrastructure materials [operations] use.
253	(3) The present or future boundary of the critical infrastructure materials use of a critical
254	infrastructure materials operator with a vested critical infrastructure materials use does
255	not limit:
256	(a) the scope of rights of a critical infrastructure materials operator with a vested critical
257	infrastructure material use; or
258	(b) the protection for a critical infrastructure materials protection area.
259	(4)(a) A critical infrastructure operator with a vested critical infrastructure materials use
260	shall file a declaration for recording in the office of the recorder of the county in
261	which the vested critical infrastructure materials use is located.
262	(b) A declaration under Subsection (4)(a) shall:
263	(i) contain a legal description of the land included within the vested critical

264	infrastructure materials use; and
265	(ii) provide notice of the vested critical infrastructure materials use.
266	Section 7. Section 17-27a-1003 is amended to read:
267	17-27a-1003. Rights of a critical infrastructure materials operator with a vested
268	critical infrastructure materials use.
269	(1) Notwithstanding a political subdivision's prohibition, restriction, or other limitation
270	on a critical infrastructure materials [operations] use adopted after the establishment of
271	the critical infrastructure materials [operations] use, the rights of a critical infrastructure
272	materials operator with \underline{a} vested critical infrastructure materials [operations] \underline{use} include
273	the right to:
274	(a) progress, extend, enlarge, grow, or expand the vested critical infrastructure materials
275	use to any contiguous land that the critical infrastructure materials operator owns or
276	controls before May 7, 2025;
277	(b) expand the vested critical infrastructure materials use to new land that is contiguous
278	land to the surface or subsurface land on which the critical infrastructure materials
279	operator has a vested critical infrastructure materials use, including the surface or
280	subsurface land under Subsection (1)(a);
281	[(1)] (c) use, operate, construct, reconstruct, restore, extend, expand, maintain, repair,
282	alter, substitute, modernize, upgrade, and replace equipment, processes, facilities, and
283	buildings[; and], on any surface or subsurface land that the critical infrastructure
284	materials operator owns or controls before May 7, 2025;
285	(d) on any surface or subsurface land that the critical infrastructure materials operator
286	owns or controls before May 7, 2025:
287	(i) increase production or volume;
288	(ii) alter the method of extracting or processing, including with respect to the vested
289	use, the right to stockpile or hold in reserve critical infrastructure materials, to
290	recycle, and to batch and mix concrete and asphalt; and
291	(iii) extract or process a different or additional critical infrastructure material than
292	previously extracted or processed on the surface or subsurface land; and
293	[(2)] (e) discontinue, suspend, terminate, deactivate, or continue and reactivate,
294	temporarily or permanently, all or any part of the critical infrastructure materials [
295	operations] use.
296	(2)(a) As used in this Subsection (2), "applicable legislative body" means the legislative
297	body of each:

298	(i) county in whose unincorporated area the new land to be included in the vested
299	critical infrastructure materials use is located; or
300	(ii) municipality in which the new land to be included in the critical infrastructure use
301	is located.
302	(b) A critical infrastructure materials operator with a vested critical infrastructure
303	materials use is presumed to have a right to expand the vested critical infrastructure
304	materials use to new land.
305	(c) Before expanding a vested critical infrastructure materials use to new land, a critical
306	infrastructure materials operator shall provide written notice:
307	(i) of the critical infrastructure materials operator's intent to expand the vested critical
308	infrastructure materials use; and
309	(ii) to each applicable legislative body.
310	(d)(i) An applicable legislative body shall:
311	(A) hold a public meeting or hearing at the applicable legislative body's next
312	available meeting that is no later than 30 days after receiving the notice under
313	Subsection (2)(c); and
314	(B) provide reasonable, advance, written notice of the intended expansion of the
315	vested critical infrastructure materials use and the public meeting or hearing to
316	each owner of the surface estate of the new land.
317	(ii) A public meeting or hearing under Subsection (2)(d)(i) serves to provide
318	sufficient public notice of the critical infrastructure materials operator's intent to
319	expand the vested critical infrastructure materials use to the new land.
320	(e) After the public meeting or hearing under Subsection (2)(d)(i), a critical
321	infrastructure materials operator may expand a vested critical infrastructure materials
322	use to new land without any action by an applicable legislative body, unless the
323	applicable legislative body finds by the preponderance of the evidence on the record
324	that the expansion to new land will endanger the public health, safety, and welfare. If
325	the applicable legislative body makes the finding of endangerment described in this
326	Subsection (2)(e), Subsection (4) applies.
327	(3) If a critical infrastructure materials operator expands a vested critical infrastructure
328	materials use to new land, as authorized under this section:
329	(a) the critical infrastructure materials operator's rights under the vested critical
330	infrastructure materials use with respect to land on which the vested critical
331	infrastructure materials use occurs apply with equal force after the expansion to the

332	new land; and
333	(b) the critical infrastructure materials protection area that includes land on which the
334	vested critical infrastructure materials use occurs is expanded to include the new land.
335	(4)(a) If the applicable legislative body makes the finding of endangerment described in
336	Subsection (2)(e):
337	(i) the critical infrastructure materials operator shall submit to the applicable
338	legislative body the critical infrastructure materials operator's plan for expansion
339	under this section;
340	(ii) by no later than 90 days after receipt of the plan for expansion described in
341	Subsection (4)(a)(i), the applicable legislative body shall notify the operator of:
342	(A) evidence that the expansion to new land will endanger the public health,
343	safety, and welfare; and
344	(B) proposed measures to mitigate the endangerment of the public health, safety,
345	and welfare; and
346	(iii) the applicable legislative body shall hold a public hearing by no later than 30
347	days after the date the applicable legislative body complies with Subsection
348	(4)(a)(ii) to present mitigation measures proposed under Subsection (4)(a)(ii).
349	(b) The applicable legislative body may impose mitigation measures under this
350	Subsection (4) that are reasonable and do not exceed requirements imposed by
351	permits issued by a state agency such as an air quality permit.
352	(c) A political subdivision may not prohibit the expansion of a vested critical
353	infrastructure use if the critical infrastructure materials operator agrees to comply with
354	the mitigation measures described in Subsection (4)(b).
355	(d) The process under this Subsection (4) is not a land use application or conditional use
356	application under this chapter.
357	Section 8. Section 17-27a-1005 is amended to read:
358	17-27a-1005. Abandonment of a vested critical infrastructure materials use.
359	(1) A critical infrastructure materials operator may abandon some or all of a vested critical
360	infrastructure materials [operations-]use only as provided in this section.
361	(2) To abandon some or all of a vested critical infrastructure materials [operations] use, a
362	critical infrastructure materials operator shall record a written declaration of
363	abandonment with the recorder of the county in which the vested critical infrastructure
364	materials [operations] use being abandoned is located.
365	(3) The written declaration of abandonment under Subsection (2) shall specify the vested

366	critical infrastructure materials [operations] use or the portion of the vested critical
367	infrastructure materials [operations] use being abandoned.
368	Section 9. Section 17-41-101 is amended to read:
369	17-41-101 . Definitions.
370	As used in this chapter:
371	(1) "Advisory board" means:
372	(a) for an agriculture protection area, the agriculture protection area advisory board
373	created as provided in Section 17-41-201;
374	(b) for an industrial protection area, the industrial protection area advisory board created
375	as provided in Section 17-41-201; and
376	(c) for a critical infrastructure materials protection area, the critical infrastructure
377	materials protection area advisory board created as provided in Section 17-41-201.
378	(2)(a) "Agriculture production" means production for commercial purposes of crops,
379	livestock, and livestock products.
380	(b) "Agriculture production" includes the processing or retail marketing of any crops,
381	livestock, and livestock products when more than 50% of the processed or
382	merchandised products are produced by the farm operator.
383	(3) "Agriculture protection area" means a geographic area created under the authority of
384	this chapter that is granted the specific legal protections contained in this chapter.
385	(4) "Applicable legislative body" means:
386	(a) with respect to a proposed agriculture protection area, industrial protection area, or
387	critical infrastructure materials protection area:
388	(i) the legislative body of the county in which the land proposed to be included in the
389	relevant protection area is located, if the land is within the unincorporated part of
390	the county; or
391	(ii) the legislative body of the city or town in which the land proposed to be included
392	in the relevant protection area is located; and
393	(b) with respect to an existing agriculture protection area, industrial protection area, or
394	critical infrastructure materials protection area:
395	(i) the legislative body of the county in which the relevant protection area is located,
396	if the relevant protection area is within the unincorporated part of the county; or
397	(ii) the legislative body of the city or town in which the relevant protection area is
398	located.
399	(5) "Board" means the Board of Oil, Gas, and Mining created in Section 40-6-4.

400	(6)	"Critical	infrastructure	materials"	means sand,	gravel,	or rock a	ggregate.

- 401 (7) "Critical infrastructure materials operations" means the extraction, excavation,
- 402 processing, or reprocessing of critical infrastructure materials.
- 403 (8) "Critical infrastructure materials operator" means a natural person, corporation,
- association, partnership, receiver, trustee, executor, administrator, guardian, fiduciary,
- agent, or other organization or representative, either public or private, including a
- successor, assign, affiliate, subsidiary, and related parent company, that:
- 407 (a) owns, controls, or manages a critical infrastructure materials operation; and
- 408 (b) has produced commercial quantities of critical infrastructure materials from the critical infrastructure materials operations.
- 410 (9) "Critical infrastructure materials protection area" means a geographic area created under 411 the authority of this chapter on or after May 14, 2019, that is granted the specific legal 412 protections contained in this chapter.
- 413 (10) "Crops, livestock, and livestock products" includes:
- 414 (a) land devoted to the raising of useful plants and animals with a reasonable expectation 415 of profit, including:
- 416 (i) forages and sod crops;
- 417 (ii) grains and feed crops;
- 418 (iii) livestock as defined in Section 59-2-102;
- 419 (iv) trees and fruits; or

- 420 (v) vegetables, nursery, floral, and ornamental stock; or
- 421 (b) land devoted to and meeting the requirements and qualifications for payments or 422 other compensation under a crop-land retirement program with an agency of the state 423 or federal government.
- 424 (11) "Division" means the Division of Oil, Gas, and Mining created in Section 40-6-15.
- 425 (12) "Industrial protection area" means a geographic area created under the authority of this chapter that is granted the specific legal protections contained in this chapter.
- 427 (13) "Mine operator" means a natural person, corporation, association, partnership,
- receiver, trustee, executor, administrator, guardian, fiduciary, agent, or other
- organization or representative, either public or private, including a successor, assign,
- affiliate, subsidiary, and related parent company, that, [as of] before January 1, 2019:
- 431 (a) owns, controls, or manages a mining use under a large mine permit issued by the division or the board; and
 - (b) has produced commercial quantities of a mineral deposit from the mining use.

434	(14) "N	Mineral deposit" means the same as that term is defined in Section 40-8-4.
435	(15) "N	Mining protection area" means land where a vested mining use occurs, including each
436	sur	face or subsurface land or mineral estate that a mine operator with a vested mining
437	use	owns or controls on January 1, 2026.
438	(16) "N	Mining use":
439	(a)	means:
440		(i) the full range of activities, from prospecting and exploration to reclamation and
441		closure, associated with the exploitation of a mineral deposit; and
442		(ii) the use of the surface and subsurface and groundwater and surface water of an
443		area in connection with the activities described in Subsection (16)(a)(i) that have
444		been, are being, or will be conducted; and
445	(b)	includes, whether conducted on-site or off-site:
446		(i) any sampling, staking, surveying, exploration, or development activity;
447		(ii) any drilling, blasting, excavating, or tunneling;
448		(iii) the removal, transport, treatment, deposition, and reclamation of overburden,
449		development rock, tailings, and other waste material;
450		(iv) any removal, transportation, extraction, beneficiation, or processing of ore;
451		(v) any smelting, refining, autoclaving, or other primary or secondary processing
452		operation;
453		(vi) the recovery of any mineral left in residue from a previous extraction or
454		processing operation;
455		(vii) a mining activity that is identified in a work plan or permitting document;
456		(viii) the use, operation, maintenance, repair, replacement, or alteration of a building
457		structure, facility, equipment, machine, tool, or other material or property that
458		results from or is used in a surface or subsurface mining operation or activity;
459		(ix) any accessory, incidental, or ancillary activity or use, both active and passive,
460		including a utility, private way or road, pipeline, land excavation, working,
461		embankment, pond, gravel excavation, mining waste, conveyor, power line,
462		trackage, storage, reserve, passive use area, buffer zone, and power production
463		facility;
464		(x) the construction of a storage, factory, processing, or maintenance facility; and
465		(xi) an activity described in Subsection 40-8-4(19)(a).
466	(17)(a)	"Municipal" means of or relating to a city or town.
467	(b)	"Municipality" means a city or town.

468	(18)	"New land"	means surface	or subsurface	land or mineral	estate that a	a mine operator

- gains ownership or control of <u>on or before January 1, 2026, regardless of</u> whether that
- land or mineral estate is included in the mine operator's large mine permit.
- 471 (19) "Off-site" means the same as that term is defined in Section 40-8-4.
- 472 (20) "On-site" means the same as that term is defined in Section 40-8-4.
- 473 (21) "Planning commission" means:
- 474 (a) a countywide planning commission if the land proposed to be included in the
- agriculture protection area, industrial protection area, or critical infrastructure
- 476 materials protection area is within the unincorporated part of the county and not
- within a planning advisory area;
- (b) a planning advisory area planning commission if the land proposed to be included in
- 479 the agriculture protection area, industrial protection area, or critical infrastructure
- 480 materials protection area is within a planning advisory area; or
- (c) a planning commission of a city or town if the land proposed to be included in the
- agriculture protection area, industrial protection area, or critical infrastructure
- 483 materials protection area is within a city or town.
- 484 (22) "Political subdivision" means a county, city, town, school district, special district, or
- 485 special service district.
- 486 (23) "Proposal sponsors" means the owners of land in agricultural production, industrial
- use, or critical infrastructure materials operations who are sponsoring the proposal for
- 488 creating an agriculture protection area, industrial protection area, or critical
- infrastructure materials protection area.
- 490 (24) "State agency" means each department, commission, board, council, agency,
- institution, officer, corporation, fund, division, office, committee, authority, laboratory,
- library, unit, bureau, panel, or other administrative unit of the state.
- 493 (25) "Unincorporated" means not within a city or town.
- 494 (26) "Vested mining use" means a mining use:
- 495 (a) by a mine operator; and
- 496 (b) that existed or was conducted or otherwise engaged in before a political subdivision
- 497 prohibits, restricts, or otherwise limits a mining use.
- 498 Section 10. Section **17-41-402** is amended to read:
- 499 **17-41-402** . Limitations on local regulations.
- 500 (1) A political subdivision within which an agriculture protection area, industrial protection
- area, or critical infrastructure materials protection area is created or with a mining

510

511

512

521

522

523

524

- protection area within its boundary shall encourage the continuity, development, and viability of agriculture use, industrial use, critical infrastructure materials operations, or mining use, within the relevant protection area by not enacting a local law, ordinance, or regulation that, unless the law, ordinance, or regulation bears a direct relationship to public health or safety, would unreasonably restrict:
 - (a) in the case of an agriculture protection area, a farm structure or farm practice;
- 508 (b) in the case of an industrial protection area, an industrial use of the land within the area;
 - (c) in the case of a critical infrastructure materials protection area, critical infrastructure materials operations; or
 - (d) in the case of a mining protection area, a mining use within the protection area.
- 513 (2) A political subdivision may not change the zoning designation of or a zoning regulation 514 affecting land within an agriculture protection area unless the political subdivision 515 receives written approval for the change from all the landowners within the agriculture 516 protection area affected by the change.
- 517 (3) Except as provided by Section 19-4-113, a political subdivision may not change the 518 zoning designation of or a zoning regulation affecting land within an industrial 519 protection area unless the political subdivision receives written approval for the change 520 from all the landowners within the industrial protection area affected by the change.
 - (4) A political subdivision may not change the zoning designation of or a zoning regulation affecting land within a critical infrastructure materials protection area unless the political subdivision receives written approval for the change from each critical infrastructure materials operator within the relevant area.
- 525 (5) A political subdivision may not change the zoning designation of or a zoning regulation 526 affecting land within a mining protection area unless the political subdivision receives 527 written approval for the change from each mine operator within the area.
- 528 (6) A county, city, or town may not:
- 529 (a) adopt, enact, or amend an existing land use regulation, ordinance, or regulation that
 530 would prohibit, restrict, regulate, or otherwise limit critical infrastructure materials
 531 operations[, including-] with a vested critical infrastructure materials [operations] use
 532 as defined in Section 10-9a-901 or 17-27a-1001; or
- 533 (b) initiate proceedings to amend the county's, city's, or town's land use ordinances as
 534 described in Subsection 10-9a-509(1)(a)(ii) or 17-27a-508(1)(a)(ii) as it regards the
 535 rights of a critical infrastructure materials operator with a vested critical

536	infrastructure materials use.
537	Section 11. Section 17-41-502 is amended to read:
538	17-41-502. Rights of a mine operator with a vested mining use Expanding
539	vested mining use.
540	(1) Notwithstanding a political subdivision's prohibition, restriction, or other limitation on a
541	mining use adopted after the establishment of the mining use, the rights of a mine
542	operator with a vested mining use include the rights to:
543	(a) progress, extend, enlarge, grow, or expand the vested mining use to any surface or
544	subsurface land or mineral estate that the mine operator owns or controls on January
545	<u>1, 2026;</u>
546	(b) expand the vested mining use to any new land that:
547	(i) is contiguous and related in mineralization to surface or subsurface land or a
548	mineral estate that the mine operator already owns or controls;
549	(ii) contains minerals that are part of the same mineral trend as the minerals that the
550	mine operator already owns or controls; or
551	(iii) is a geologic offshoot to surface or subsurface land or a mineral estate that the
552	mine operator already owns or controls;
553	(c) use, operate, construct, reconstruct, restore, extend, expand, maintain, repair, alter,
554	substitute, modernize, upgrade, and replace equipment, processes, facilities, and
555	buildings on any surface or subsurface land or mineral estate that the mine operator
556	owns or controls;
557	(d) increase production or volume, alter the method of mining or processing, and mine
558	or process a different or additional mineral than previously mined or owned on any
559	surface or subsurface land or mineral estate that the mine operator owns or controls:
560	and
561	(e) discontinue, suspend, terminate, deactivate, or continue and reactivate, temporarily
562	or permanently, all or any part of the mining use.
563	(2)(a) As used in this Subsection (2), "applicable legislative body" means the legislative
564	body of each:
565	(i) county in whose unincorporated area the new land to be included in the vested
566	mining use is located; and
567	(ii) municipality in which the new land to be included in the vested mining use is
568	located.
569	(b) A mine operator with a vested mining use is presumed to have a right to expand the

570	vested mining use to new land.
571	(c) Before expanding a vested mining use to new land, a mine operator shall provide
572	written notice:
573	(i) of the mine operator's intent to expand the vested mining use; and
574	(ii) to each applicable legislative body.
575	(d)(i) An applicable legislative body shall:
576	(A) hold a public meeting or hearing at its next available meeting that is more than
577	10 days after receiving the notice under Subsection (2)(c); and
578	(B) provide reasonable, advance, written notice:
579	(I) of:
580	(Aa) the intended expansion of the vested mining use; and
581	(Bb) the public meeting or hearing; and
582	(II) to each owner of the surface estate of the new land.
583	(ii) A public meeting or hearing under Subsection (2)(d)(i) serves to provide
584	sufficient public notice of the mine operator's intent to expand the vested mining
585	use to the new land.
586	(e) After the public meeting or hearing under Subsection (2)(d)(ii), a mine operator may
587	expand a vested mining use to new land without any action by an applicable
588	legislative body, unless the applicable legislative body finds that there is clear and
589	convincing evidence in the record that the expansion to new land will imminently
590	endanger the public health, safety, and welfare. If the applicable legislative body
591	makes the finding of endangerment described in this Subsection (2)(e), Subsection (4)
592	applies.
593	(3) If a mine operator expands a vested mining use to new land, as authorized under this
594	section:
595	(a) the mine operator's rights under the vested mining use with respect to land on which
596	the vested mining use occurs apply with equal force after the expansion to the new
597	land; and
598	(b) the mining protection area that includes land on which the vested mining use occurs
599	is expanded to include the new land.
600	(4)(a) If the applicable legislative body makes the finding of endangerment described in
601	Subsection (2)(e):
602	(i) the mining operator shall submit to the applicable legislative body the mining
603	operator's plan for expansion under this section:

604	(ii) by no later than 30 days after receipt of the plan for expansion described in
605	Subsection (4)(a)(i), the applicable legislative body shall notify the operator of:
606	(A) evidence that the expansion to new land will endanger the public health,
607	safety, and welfare; and
608	(B) proposed measures to mitigate the endangerment of the public health, safety,
609	and welfare; and
610	(iii) the applicable legislative body shall hold a public hearing by no later than 30
611	days after the date the applicable legislative body complies with Subsection
612	(4)(a)(ii) to present mitigation measures proposed under Subsection (4)(a)(ii).
613	(b) The applicable legislative body may impose mitigation measures under this
614	Subsection (4) that are reasonable and do not exceed requirements imposed by
615	permits issued by a state agency such as an air quality permit.
616	(c) A political subdivision may not prohibit the expansion of a vested mining use if the
617	mining operator agrees to comply with the mitigation measures described in
618	Subsection (4)(b).
619	(d) The process under this Subsection (4) is not a land use application or conditional use
620	application under Title 10, Chapter 9a, Municipal Land Use, Development, and
621	Management Act, or Chapter 27a, County Land Use, Development, and Management
622	Act.
623	Section 12. Section 78B-6-1101 is amended to read:
624	78B-6-1101 . Definitions Nuisance Right of action Agriculture operations.
625	(1) A nuisance is anything that is injurious to health, indecent, offensive to the senses, or an
626	obstruction to the free use of property, so as to interfere with the comfortable enjoyment
627	of life or property. A nuisance may be the subject of an action.
628	(2) A nuisance may include the following:
629	(a) drug houses and drug dealing as provided in Section 78B-6-1107;
630	(b) gambling as provided in Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 11, Gambling;
631	(c) criminal activity committed in concert with three or more persons as provided in
632	Section 76-3-203.1;
633	(d) criminal activity committed for the benefit of, at the direction of, or in association
634	with any criminal street gang as defined in Section 76-9-802;
635	(e) criminal activity committed to gain recognition, acceptance, membership, or
636	increased status with a criminal street gang as defined in Section 76-9-802;
637	(f) party houses that frequently create conditions defined in Subsection (1); and

- (g) prostitution as provided in Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 13, Prostitution.
- 639 (3) A nuisance under this part includes tobacco smoke that drifts into a residential unit a
- person rents, leases, or owns, from another residential or commercial unit and the smoke:
- (a) drifts in more than once in each of two or more consecutive seven-day periods; and
- (b) creates any of the conditions under Subsection (1).
- 643 (4) Subsection (3) does not apply to:
- (a) a residential rental unit available for temporary rental, such as for a vacation, or
- available for only 30 or fewer days at a time; or
- (b) a hotel or motel room.
- 647 (5) Subsection (3) does not apply to a unit that is part of a timeshare development, as
- defined in Section 57-19-2, or subject to a timeshare interest as defined in Section
- 649 57-19-2.
- 650 (6) An action may be brought by a person whose property is injuriously affected, or whose
- personal enjoyment is lessened by the nuisance.
- 652 (7) An action for nuisance against an agricultural operation is governed by Title 4, Chapter
- 44, Agricultural Operations Nuisances Act.
- 654 (8) "Critical infrastructure materials operations" means the same as [that term] the term
- "critical infrastructure materials use" is defined in Section 10-9a-901.
- 656 (9) "Manufacturing facility" means a factory, plant, or other facility including its
- appurtenances, where the form of raw materials, processed materials, commodities, or
- other physical objects is converted or otherwise changed into other materials,
- commodities, or physical objects or where such materials, commodities, or physical
- objects are combined to form a new material, commodity, or physical object.
- Section 13. **Repealer.**
- This bill repeals:
- Section 17-41-102, Study of critical infrastructure materials operations and related
- 664 mining.
- Section 14. **Effective Date.**
- This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.