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## **Child Support Requirements** 2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH **Chief Sponsor: Christine F. Watkins** Senate Sponsor: LONG TITLE **General Description:** This bill amends provisions related to child support obligations for a child in state custody. **Highlighted Provisions:** This bill: provides that a parent or other obligated individual is not responsible to pay the state child support for a child who is in state custody, which includes custody of the Division of Child and Family Services and the Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth Services; prohibits the juvenile court system from ordering child support to be paid to the state because a child is in state custody; requires the Office of Recovery Services to cease collection of past due amounts of child support ordered in connection with a child being in state custody and to forgive any outstanding balances owed for such child support obligations; modifies the duties of the Office of Recovery Services in relation to collection of child support for a child who is in state custody; modifies the duties of the attorney general in relation to collection of child support for a child who is in state custody; repeals provisions that permit and regulate child support while a child is in state custody; and makes technical changes. Money Appropriated in this Bill: None **Other Special Clauses:** None **Utah Code Sections Affected:** AMENDS: **26B-9-206**, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305

30 **63G-4-402**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 262

31	78A-6-356, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366
32	80-2-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 240, 307
33	80-2-303, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 334
34	80-2-305, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 334
35	80-3-405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 309, 320 and 330
36	80-6-207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 155
37	81-6-104, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366
38	81-6-205, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366
39	REPEALS:
40	80-6-803, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 261
41	
42	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
43	Section 1. Section <b>26B-9-206</b> is amended to read:
44	26B-9-206 . Issuance or modification of administrative order Compliance with
45	court order Authority of office Stipulated agreements Notification requirements.
46	(1) Through an adjudicative proceeding the office may issue or modify an administrative
47	order that:
48	(a) determines paternity;
49	(b) determines whether an obligor owes support;
50	(c) determines temporary orders of child support upon clear and convincing evidence of
51	paternity in the form of genetic test results or other evidence;
52	(d) requires an obligor to pay a specific or determinable amount of present and future
53	support;
54	(e) determines the amount of past-due support;
55	(f) orders an obligor who owes past-due support and is obligated to support a child
56	receiving public assistance to participate in appropriate work activities if the obligor
57	is unemployed and is not otherwise incapacitated;
58	(g) imposes a penalty authorized under this chapter;
59	(h) determines an issue that may be specifically contested under this chapter by a party
60	who timely files a written request for an adjudicative proceeding with the office; and
61	(i) renews an administrative judgment.
62	(2)(a) An abstract of a final administrative order issued under this section or a notice of
63	judgment-lien under Section 26B-9-214 may be filed with the clerk of any district
64	court.

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65	(b) Upon a filing under Subsection (2)(a), the clerk of the court shall:
66	(i) docket the abstract or notice in the judgment docket of the court and note the time
67	of receipt on the abstract or notice and in the judgment docket; and
68	(ii) at the request of the office, place a copy of the abstract or notice in the file of a
69	child support action involving the same parties.
70	(3) If a judicial order has been issued, the office may not issue an order under Subsection (1)
71	that is not based on the judicial order, except[:]
72	[(a) the office may establish a new obligation in those cases in which the juvenile court
73	has ordered the parties to meet with the office to determine the support pursuant to
74	Section 78A-6-356; or]
75	[(b)] <u>that the office may issue an order of current support in accordance with the child</u>
76	support guidelines if the conditions of Subsection 78B-14-207(2)(c) are met.
77	(4) The office may proceed under this section in the name of this state, another state under
78	Section 26B-9-209, any department of this state, the office, or the obligee.
79	(5) The office may accept voluntary acknowledgment of a support obligation and enter into
80	stipulated agreements providing for the issuance of an administrative order under this
81	part.
82	(6) The office may act in the name of the obligee in endorsing and cashing any drafts,
83	checks, money orders, or other negotiable instruments received by the office for support.
84	(7) The obligor shall, after a notice of agency action has been served on the obligor in
85	accordance with Section 63G-4-201, keep the office informed of:
86	(a) the obligor's current address;
87	(b) the name and address of current payors of income;
88	(c) availability of or access to health insurance coverage; and
89	(d) applicable health insurance policy information.
90	Section 2. Section 63G-4-402 is amended to read:
91	63G-4-402 . Judicial review Informal adjudicative proceedings.
92	(1)(a) The district courts have jurisdiction to review by trial de novo all final agency
93	actions resulting from informal adjudicative proceedings, except that the juvenile
94	courts have jurisdiction over all final agency actions relating to:
95	(i) the removal or placement of children in state custody; and
96	[(ii) the support of children under Subsection (1)(a)(i) as determined administratively
97	under Section 78A-6-356; and]
98	[(iii)] (ii) supported findings of abuse or neglect made by the Division of Child and

98 [(iii)] (ii) supported findings of abuse or neglect made by the Division of Child and

99	Family Services.
100	(b) Venue for judicial review of informal adjudicative proceedings shall be as provided
101	in the statute governing the agency or, in the absence of such a venue provision, in
102	the county where the petitioner resides or maintains the petitioner's principal place of
103	business.
104	(2)(a) The petition for judicial review of informal adjudicative proceedings shall be a
105	complaint governed by the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure and shall include:
106	(i) the name and mailing address of the party seeking judicial review;
107	(ii) the name and mailing address of the respondent agency;
108	(iii) the title and date of the final agency action to be reviewed, together with a copy,
109	summary, or brief description of the agency action;
110	(iv) identification of the persons who were parties in the informal adjudicative
111	proceedings that led to the agency action;
112	(v) a copy of the written agency order from the informal proceeding;
113	(vi) facts demonstrating that the party seeking judicial review is entitled to obtain
114	judicial review;
115	(vii) a request for relief, specifying the type and extent of relief requested; and
116	(viii) a statement of the reasons why the petitioner is entitled to relief.
117	(b) All additional pleadings and proceedings in the district court are governed by the
118	Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
119	(3)(a) The court, without a jury, shall determine all questions of fact and law and any
120	constitutional issue presented in the pleadings.
121	(b) The Utah Rules of Evidence apply in judicial proceedings under this section.
122	Section 3. Section <b>78A-6-356</b> is amended to read:
123	78A-6-356 . Child support obligation when child is in state custody Cessation
124	of collection.
125	(1) As used in this section:
126	(a) "Office" means the Office of Recovery Services.
127	(b) <u>"Secure care" means the same as that term is defined in Section 80-1-102.</u>
128	(c) "State custody" means that a child is in the custody of a state department, division, or
129	agency, including secure care.
130	[(2) Under this section, a juvenile court may not issue a child support order against an
131	individual unless:]
132	[(a) the individual is served with notice that specifies the date and time of a hearing to

133	determine the financial support of a specified child;]
134	[(b) the individual makes a voluntary appearance; or]
135	[(c) the individual submits a waiver of service.]
136	[(3) Except as provided in Subsection (11), when a juvenile court places a child in state
137	custody or if the guardianship of the child has been granted to another party and an
138	agreement for a guardianship subsidy has been signed by the guardian, the juvenile court:
139	[(a) shall order the child's parent, guardian, or other obligated individual to pay child
140	support for each month the child is in state custody or cared for under a grant of
141	guardianship;]
142	[(b) shall inform the child's parent, guardian, or other obligated individual, verbally and
143	in writing, of the requirement to pay child support in accordance with Title 81,
144	Chapter 6, Child Support; and]
145	[(c) may refer the establishment of a child support order to the office.]
146	[(4) When a juvenile court chooses to refer a case to the office to determine support
147	obligation amounts in accordance with Title 81, Chapter 6, Child Support, the juvenile
148	court shall:]
149	[(a) make the referral within three working days after the day on which the juvenile
150	court holds the hearing described in Subsection (2)(a); and]
151	[(b) inform the child's parent, guardian, or other obligated individual of:]
152	[(i) the requirement to contact the office within 30 days after the day on which the
153	juvenile court holds the hearing described in Subsection (2)(a); and]
154	[(ii) the penalty described in Subsection (6) for failure to contact the office.]
155	[(5) Liability for child support ordered under Subsection (3) shall accrue:]
156	[(a) except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), beginning on day 61 after the day on which
157	the juvenile court holds the hearing described in Subsection (2)(a) if there is no
158	existing child support order for the child; or]
159	[(b) beginning on the day the child is removed from the child's home, including time
160	spent in detention or sheltered care, if the child is removed after having been returned
161	to the child's home from state custody.]
162	[(6)(a) If the child's parent, guardian, or other obligated individual contacts the office
163	within 30 days after the day on which the court holds the hearing described in
164	Subsection (2)(a), the child support order may not include a judgment for past due
165	support for more than two months.]
166	[(b) Notwithstanding Subsections (5) and (6)(a), the juvenile court may order the

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167	liability of support to begin to accrue from the date of the proceeding referenced in
168	Subsection (3) if:]
169	[(i) the court informs the child's parent, guardian, or other obligated individual, as
170	described in Subsection (4)(b), and the parent, guardian, or other obligated
171	individual fails to contact the office within 30 days after the day on which the
172	court holds the hearing described in Subsection (2)(a); and]
173	[(ii) the office took reasonable steps under the circumstances to contact the child's
174	parent, guardian, or other obligated individual within 30 days after the last day on
175	which the parent, guardian, or other obligated individual was required to contact
176	the office to facilitate the establishment of a child support order.]
177	[(c) For purposes of Subsection (6)(b)(ii), the office is presumed to have taken
178	reasonable steps if the office:]
179	[(i) has a signed, returned receipt for a certified letter mailed to the address of the
180	child's parent, guardian, or other obligated individual regarding the requirement
181	that a child support order be established; or]
182	[(ii) has had a documented conversation, whether by telephone or in person, with the
183	child's parent, guardian, or other obligated individual regarding the requirement
184	that a child support order be established.]
185	[(7) In collecting arrears, the office shall comply with Section 26B-9-219 in setting a
186	payment schedule or demanding payment in full.]
187	[(8)(a) Unless a court orders otherwise, the child's parent, guardian, or other obligated
188	individual shall pay the child support to the office.]
189	[(b) The clerk of the juvenile court, the office, or the department and the department's
190	divisions shall have authority to receive periodic payments for the care and
191	maintenance of the child, such as social security payments or railroad retirement
192	payments made in the name of or for the benefit of the child.]
193	[(9) An existing child support order payable to a parent or other individual shall be assigned
194	to the department as provided in Section 26B-9-111.]
195	[(10)(a) Subsections (4) through (9) do not apply if legal custody of a child is vested by
196	the juvenile court in an individual.]
197	[(b)(i) If legal custody of a child is vested by the juvenile court in an individual, the
198	court may order the child's parent, guardian, or other obligated individual to pay
199	child support to the individual in whom custody is vested.]
200	[(ii) In the same proceeding, the juvenile court shall inform the child's parent,

201	guardian, or other obligated individual, verbally and in writing, of the requirement
202	to pay child support in accordance with Title 81, Chapter 6, Child Support.]
203	[(11)] (2) [The-] On or after May 7, 2025, the juvenile court may not order an individual to
204	pay child support [for] to reimburse the state while a child is in state custody[-if:].
205	[(a) the individual's only form of income is a government-issued disability benefit;]
206	[(b) the benefit described in Subsection (11)(a) is issued because of the individual's
207	disability, and not the child's disability; and]
208	[(c) the individual provides the juvenile court and the office evidence that the individual
209	meets the requirements of Subsections (11)(a) and (b)].
210	[(12)] (3)[(a) The child's-] On or after May 7, 2025, a parent or [another obligated ] other
211	individual who is subject to a child support order to reimburse the state while a child
212	is or has been in state custody is not responsible [for child support for the period of
213	time that the child is removed from the child's home by the Division of Child and
214	Family Services if:] to pay child support in relation to that order.
215	[(i) the juvenile court finds that there were insufficient grounds for the removal of the
216	child; and]
217	[(ii) the child is returned to the home of the child's parent or guardian based on the
218	finding described in Subsection (12)(a)(i).]
219	[(b) If the juvenile court finds insufficient grounds for the removal of the child under
220	Subsection (12)(a), but that the child is to remain in state custody, the juvenile court
221	shall order that the child's parent or another obligated individual is responsible for
222	child support beginning on the day on which it became improper to return the child to
223	the home of the child's parent or guardian.]
224	[(13) After the juvenile court or the office establishes an individual's child support
225	obligation ordered under Subsection (3), the office shall waive the obligation without
226	further order of the juvenile court if:]
227	[(a) the individual's child support obligation is established in accordance with a low
228	income table described in Title 81, Chapter 6, Part 3, Child Support Tables; or]
229	[(b) the individual's only source of income is a means-tested, income replacement
230	payment of aid, including:]
231	[(i) cash assistance provided under Title 35A, Chapter 3, Part 3, Family Employment
232	Program; or]
233	[(ii) cash benefits received under General Assistance, social security income, or
234	social security disability income.]

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235	(4) On May 7, 2025, the office shall forgive and cease collection of any outstanding child
236	support obligation that is owed, or would otherwise accrue after that date, as a result of a
237	child support order to reimburse the state while a child is in state custody.
238	Section 4. Section 80-2-301 is amended to read:
239	80-2-301 . Division responsibilities.
240	(1) The division is the child, youth, and family services authority of the state.
241	(2) The division shall:
242	(a) administer services to minors and families, including:
243	(i) child welfare services;
244	(ii) domestic violence services; and
245	(iii) all other responsibilities that the Legislature or the executive director of the
246	department may assign to the division;
247	(b) provide the following services:
248	(i) financial and other assistance to an individual adopting a child with special needs
249	under Sections 80-2-806 through 80-2-809, not to exceed the amount the division
250	would provide for the child as a legal ward of the state;
251	(ii) non-custodial and in-home services in accordance with Section 80-2-306,
252	including:
253	(A) services designed to prevent family break-up; and
254	(B) family preservation services;
255	(iii) reunification services to families whose children are in substitute care in
256	accordance with this chapter, Chapter 2a, Removal and Protective Custody of a
257	Child, and Chapter 3, Abuse, Neglect, and Dependency Proceedings;
258	(iv) protective supervision of a family, upon court order, in an effort to eliminate
259	abuse or neglect of a child in that family;
260	(v) shelter care in accordance with this chapter, Chapter 2a, Removal and Protective
261	Custody of a Child, and Chapter 3, Abuse, Neglect, and Dependency Proceedings;
262	(vi) domestic violence services, in accordance with the requirements of federal law;
263	(vii) protective services to victims of domestic violence and the victims' children, in
264	accordance with this chapter, Chapter 2a, Removal and Protective Custody of a
265	Child, and Chapter 3, Abuse, Neglect, and Dependency Proceedings;
266	(viii) substitute care for dependent, abused, and neglected children;
267	(ix) services for minors who are victims of human trafficking or human smuggling,
268	as described in Sections 76-5-308 through 76-5-310.1, or who have engaged in

269	prostitution or sexual solicitation, as defined in Sections 76-10-1302 and
270	76-10-1313; and
271	(x) training for staff and providers involved in the administration and delivery of
272	services offered by the division in accordance with this chapter and Chapter 2a,
273	Removal and Protective Custody of a Child;
274	(c) establish standards for all:
275	(i) contract providers of out-of-home care for minors and families;
276	(ii) facilities that provide substitute care for dependent, abused, or neglected children
277	placed in the custody of the division; and
278	(iii) direct or contract providers of domestic violence services described in
279	Subsection (2)(b)(vi);
280	(d) have authority to:
281	(i) contract with a private, nonprofit organization to recruit and train foster care
282	families and child welfare volunteers in accordance with Section 80-2-405;
283	(ii) approve facilities that meet the standards established under Subsection (2)(c) to
284	provide substitute care for dependent, abused, or neglected children placed in the
285	custody of the division; and
286	(iii) approve an individual to provide short-term relief care to a foster parent if the
287	individual:
288	(A) provides the relief care for less than six consecutive nights;
289	(B) provides the relief care in the short-term relief care provider's home;
290	(C) is direct access qualified, as that term is defined in Section 26B-2-120; and
291	(D) is an immediate family member or relative, as those terms are defined in
292	Section 80-3-102, of the foster parent;
293	(e) cooperate with the federal government in the administration of child welfare and
294	domestic violence programs and other human service activities assigned by the
295	department;
296	(f) in accordance with Subsection (5)(a), promote and enforce state and federal laws
297	enacted for the protection of abused, neglected, or dependent children, in accordance
298	with this chapter and Chapter 2a, Removal and Protective Custody of a Child, unless
299	administration is expressly vested in another division or department of the state;
300	(g) cooperate with the Workforce Development Division within the Department of
301	Workforce Services in meeting the social and economic needs of an individual who is
302	eligible for public assistance;

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303	(h) compile relevant information, statistics, and reports on child and family service
304	matters in the state;
305	(i) prepare and submit to the department, the governor, and the Legislature reports of the
306	operation and administration of the division in accordance with the requirements of
307	Sections 80-2-1102 and 80-2-1103;
308	(j) within appropriations from the Legislature, provide or contract for a variety of
309	domestic violence services and treatment methods;
310	(k) enter into contracts for programs designed to reduce the occurrence or recurrence of
311	abuse and neglect in accordance with Section 80-2-503;
312	[(1) seek reimbursement of funds the division expends on behalf of a child in the
313	protective custody, temporary custody, or custody of the division, from the child's
314	parent or guardian in accordance with an order for child support under Section
315	<del>78A-6-356;</del> ]
316	[(m)] (l) ensure regular, periodic publication, including electronic publication, regarding
317	the number of children in the custody of the division who:
318	(i) have a permanency goal of adoption; or
319	(ii) have a final plan of termination of parental rights, under Section 80-3-409, and
320	promote adoption of the children;
321	[(n)] (m) subject to Subsections (5) and (7), refer an individual receiving services from
322	the division to the local substance abuse authority or other private or public resource
323	for a court-ordered drug screening test;
324	[(o)] (n) report before November 30, 2020, and every third year thereafter, to the Social
325	Services Appropriations Subcommittee regarding:
326	(i) the daily reimbursement rate that is provided to licensed foster parents based on
327	level of care;
328	(ii) the amount of money spent on daily reimbursements for licensed foster parents
329	during the previous fiscal year; and
330	(iii) any recommended changes to the division's budget to support the daily
331	reimbursement rates described in Subsection [(2)(o)(i)] (2)(n)(i);
332	[(p)] (o) when a division child welfare caseworker identifies a safety concern with the
333	foster home, cooperate with the Office of Licensing and make a recommendation to
334	the Office of Licensing concerning whether the foster home's license should be
335	placed on conditions, suspended, or revoked; and
336	[(q)] (p) perform other duties and functions required by law.

337	(3)(a) The division may provide, directly or through contract, services that include the
338	following:
339	(i) adoptions;
340	(ii) day-care services;
341	(iii) out-of-home placements for minors;
342	(iv) health-related services;
343	(v) homemaking services;
344	(vi) home management services;
345	(vii) protective services for minors;
346	(viii) transportation services; or
347	(ix) domestic violence services.
348	(b) The division shall monitor services provided directly by the division or through
349	contract to ensure compliance with applicable law and rules made in accordance with
350	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
351	(c)(i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c)(ii), if the division provides a service
352	through a private contract, the division shall post the name of the service provider
353	on the division's website.
354	(ii) Subsection (3)(c)(i) does not apply to a foster parent placement.
355	(4)(a) The division may:
356	(i) receive gifts, grants, devises, and donations;
357	(ii) encourage merchants and service providers to:
358	(A) donate goods or services; or
359	(B) provide goods or services at a nominal price or below cost;
360	(iii) distribute goods to applicants or consumers of division services free or for a
361	nominal charge and tax free; and
362	(iv) appeal to the public for funds to meet needs of applicants or consumers of
363	division services that are not otherwise provided by law, including Sub-for-Santa
364	programs, recreational programs for minors, and requests for household
365	appliances and home repairs.
366	(b) If requested by the donor and subject to state and federal law, the division shall use a
367	gift, grant, devise, donation, or proceeds from the gift, grant, devise, or donation for
368	the purpose requested by the donor.
369	(5)(a) In carrying out the requirements of Subsection (2)(f), the division shall:
370	(i) cooperate with the juvenile courts, the Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth

371	Services, and with all public and private licensed child welfare agencies and
372	institutions to develop and administer a broad range of services and support;
373	(ii) take the initiative in all matters involving the protection of abused or neglected
374	children, if adequate provisions have not been made or are not likely to be made;
375	and
376	(iii) make expenditures necessary for the care and protection of the children described
377	in Subsection (5)(a)(ii), within the division's budget.
378	(b) If an individual is referred to a local substance abuse authority or other private or
379	public resource for court-ordered drug screening under Subsection [ $(2)(n)$ ] (2)(m), the
380	court shall order the individual to pay all costs of the tests unless:
381	(i) the cost of the drug screening is specifically funded or provided for by other
382	federal or state programs;
383	(ii) the individual is a participant in a drug court; or
384	(iii) the court finds that the individual is an indigent individual.
385	(6) Except to the extent provided by rules made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
386	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the division is not required to investigate
387	domestic violence in the presence of a child, as described in Section 76-5-114.
388	(7)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), the division may not:
389	(i) require a parent who has a child in the custody of the division to pay for some or
390	all of the cost of any drug testing the parent is required to undergo; or
391	(ii) refer an individual who is receiving services from the division for drug testing by
392	means of a hair, fingernail, or saliva test that is administered to detect the presence
393	of drugs.
394	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a)(ii), the division may refer an individual who is
395	receiving services from the division for drug testing by means of a saliva test if:
396	(i) the individual consents to drug testing by means of a saliva test; or
397	(ii) the court, based on a finding that a saliva test is necessary in the circumstances,
398	orders the individual to complete drug testing by means of a saliva test.
399	Section 5. Section 80-2-303 is amended to read:
400	80-2-303 . Division enforcement authority Attorney general responsibilities.
401	(1) The division shall take legal action that is necessary to enforce this chapter and Chapter
402	2a, Removal and Protective Custody of a Child.
403	(2)(a) Subject to Section 67-5-17 and the attorney general's prosecutorial discretion in
404	civil enforcement actions, the attorney general shall enforce this chapter, Chapter 2a,

405	Removal and Protective Custody of a Child, Chapter 3, Abuse, Neglect, and
406	Dependency Proceedings, and Chapter 4, Termination and Restoration of Parental
407	Rights, relating to protection or custody of an abused, neglected, or dependent minor
408	and the termination of parental rights.
409	(b) The attorney general may contract with the local county attorney to enforce this
410	chapter, Chapter 2a, Removal and Protective Custody of a Child, Chapter 3, Abuse,
411	Neglect, and Dependency Proceedings, and Chapter 4, Termination and Restoration
412	of Parental Rights.
413	(c) It is the responsibility of the attorney general's office to:
414	(i) advise the division regarding decisions to remove a minor from the minor's home;
415	(ii) represent the division in all court and administrative proceedings related to abuse,
416	neglect, or dependency including, but not limited to, shelter hearings, dispositional
417	hearings, dispositional review hearings, periodic review hearings, and petitions for
418	termination of parental rights; and
419	(iii) be available to and advise child welfare caseworkers on an ongoing basis.
420	(d)(i) The attorney general shall designate no less than 16 full-time attorneys to
421	advise and represent the division in abuse, neglect, and dependency proceedings,
422	including petitions for termination of parental rights.
423	(ii) The attorneys described in Subsection (2)(d)(i) shall devote full time and
424	attention to the representation described in Subsection (2)(d)(i) and, insofar as it is
425	practicable, be housed in or near various offices of the division statewide.
426	(3)(a) The attorney general's office shall represent the division in an action[:]
427	$[(a)]$ _involving a minor who has not been adjudicated as abused or neglected, but who is
428	placed in the custody of the division by the juvenile court primarily on the basis of
429	delinquent behavior or a status offense[; or]
430	[(b) for reimbursement of funds from a parent or guardian under Subsection
431	<del>80-2-301(2)(1)</del> ].
432	[(c)] (b) This section does not affect the responsibility of the county attorney or district
433	attorney to represent the state in the matters described in Subsection (3)(a).
434	Section 6. Section <b>80-2-305</b> is amended to read:
435	80-2-305 . Fraudulently obtained services Division recovery Agreement with
436	Office of Recovery Services.
437	[(1)] If it is discovered that a person is fraudulently obtaining, or has fraudulently obtained,
438	services offered by the division in accordance with this chapter or Chapter 2a, Removal

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439 and Protective Custody of a Child, the division shall take all necessary steps, including 440 legal action through the attorney general, to recover all money or the value of services 441 fraudulently obtained. 442 (2) The division may establish an agreement with the Office of Recovery Services to fulfill 443 the requirements of this section.] 444 Section 7. Section 80-3-405 is amended to read: 445 80-3-405. Dispositions after adjudication. 446 (1) Upon adjudication under Subsection 80-3-402(1), the juvenile court may make the 447 dispositions described in Subsection (2) at the dispositional hearing. 448 (2)(a)(i) The juvenile court may vest custody of an abused, neglected, or dependent 449 minor in the division or any other appropriate person, with or without 450 court-specified child welfare services, in accordance with the requirements and 451 procedures of this chapter. 452 (ii) When placing a minor in the custody of the division or any other appropriate 453 person, the juvenile court: 454 (A) shall give primary consideration to the welfare of the minor; 455 (B) shall give due consideration to the rights of the parent or parents concerning 456 the minor; and 457 (C) when practicable, may take into consideration the religious preferences of the 458 minor and of the minor's parents or guardian. 459 (b)(i) The juvenile court may appoint a guardian for the minor if it appears necessary 460 in the interest of the minor. 461 (ii) A guardian appointed under Subsection (2)(b)(i) may be a public or private 462 institution or agency, but not a nonsecure residential placement provider, in which 463 legal custody of the minor is vested. 464 (iii) When placing a minor under the guardianship of an individual or of a private 465 agency or institution, the juvenile court: 466 (A) shall give primary consideration to the welfare of the minor; and 467 (B) when practicable, may take into consideration the religious preferences of the 468 minor and of the minor's parents or guardian. 469 (c) The juvenile court may order: 470 (i) protective supervision; (ii) family preservation; 471 472 (iii) sibling visitation; or

473	(iv) other services.
474	(d)(i) If a minor has been placed with an individual or relative as a result of an
475	adjudication under this chapter, the juvenile court may enter an order of
476	permanent legal custody and guardianship with the individual or relative of the
477	minor.
478	[(ii) If a juvenile court enters an order of permanent custody and guardianship with
479	an individual or relative of a minor under Subsection (2)(d)(i), the juvenile court
480	may, in accordance with Section 78A-6-356, enter an order for child support on
481	behalf of the minor against the natural parents of the minor.]
482	[(iii)] (ii) An order under this Subsection (2)(d):
483	(A) shall remain in effect until the minor is 18 years old;
484	(B) is not subject to review under Section 78A-6-358; and
485	(C) may be modified by petition or motion as provided in Section 78A-6-357.
486	(e) The juvenile court may order a child be committed to the physical custody, as
487	defined in Section 26B-5-401, of a local mental health authority, in accordance with
488	the procedures and requirements of Title 26B, Chapter 5, Part 4, Commitment of
489	Persons Under Age 18.
490	(f)(i) If the child has an intellectual disability, the juvenile court may make an order
491	committing a minor to the Utah State Developmental Center in accordance with
492	Title 26B, Chapter 6, Part 6, Admission to an Intermediate Care Facility for
493	People with an Intellectual Disability.
494	(ii) The juvenile court shall follow the procedure applicable in the district court with
495	respect to judicial commitments to the Utah State Developmental Center when
496	ordering a commitment under Subsection (2)(f)(i).
497	(g)(i) Subject to Subsection 80-1-102(58)(b) and Section 80-3-304, the juvenile court
498	may order that a minor:
499	(A) be examined or treated by a mental health therapist, as described in Section
500	80-3-109; or
501	(B) receive other special care.
502	(ii) For purposes of receiving the examination, treatment, or care described in
503	Subsection $(2)(g)(i)$ , the juvenile court may place the minor in a hospital or other
504	suitable facility that is not secure care or secure detention.
505	(iii) In determining whether to order the examination, treatment, or care described in
506	Subsection $(2)(g)(i)$ , the juvenile court shall consider:

507	(A) the desires of the minor;
508	(B) the desires of the parent or guardian of the minor if the minor is younger than
509	18 years old; and
510	(C) whether the potential benefits of the examination, treatment, or care outweigh
511	the potential risks and side-effects, including behavioral disturbances, suicidal
512	ideation, brain function impairment, or emotional or physical harm resulting
513	from the compulsory nature of the examination, treatment, or care.
514	(h) The juvenile court may make other reasonable orders for the best interest of the
515	minor.
516	(3)(a) At the dispositional hearing described in Subsection 80-3-402(3), if a child
517	remains in an out-of-home placement, the juvenile court shall:
518	(i) make specific findings regarding the conditions of parent-time that are in the
519	child's best interest; and
520	(ii) if parent-time is denied, state the facts that justify the denial.
521	(b) Parent-time shall be under the least restrictive conditions necessary to:
522	(i) protect the physical safety of the child; or
523	(ii) prevent the child from being traumatized by contact with the parent due to the
524	child's fear of the parent in light of the nature of the alleged abuse or neglect.
525	(c)(i) The division or the person designated by the division or a court to supervise a
526	parent-time session may deny parent-time for the session if the division or the
527	supervising person determines that, based on the parent's condition, it is necessary
528	to deny parent-time to:
529	(A) protect the physical safety of the child;
530	(B) protect the life of the child; or
531	(C) consistent with Subsection (3)(c)(ii), prevent the child from being traumatized
532	by contact with the parent.
533	(ii) In determining whether the condition of the parent described in Subsection
534	(3)(c)(i) will traumatize a child, the division or the person supervising the
535	parent-time session shall consider the impact that the parent's condition will have
536	on the child in light of:
537	(A) the child's fear of the parent; and
538	(B) the nature of the alleged abuse or neglect.
539	(4) Upon an adjudication under this chapter, the juvenile court may not:
540	(a) commit a minor solely on the ground of abuse, neglect, or dependency to the

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541	Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth Services;
542	(b) assume the function of developing foster home services; or
543	(c) vest legal custody of an abused, neglected, or dependent minor in the division to
544	primarily address the minor's ungovernable or other behavior, mental health, or
545	disability, unless the division:
546	(i) engages other relevant divisions within the department that are conducting an
547	assessment of the minor and the minor's family's needs;
548	(ii) based on the assessment described in Subsection (4)(c)(i), determines that vesting
549	custody of the minor in the division is the least restrictive intervention for the
550	minor that meets the minor's needs; and
551	(iii) consents to legal custody of the minor being vested in the division.
552	(5) The juvenile court may combine the dispositions listed in Subsection (2) if combining
553	the dispositions is permissible and the dispositions are compatible.
554	(6)(a) If, for a relative placement, an interstate placement requested under the Interstate
555	Compact on the Placement of Children has been initiated by the division or is ordered
556	by or pending before the juvenile court, the court may not finalize a non-relative
557	placement unless the court gives due weight to:
558	(i) the preferential consideration granted to a relative in Section 80-3-302;
559	(ii) the rebuttable presumption in Section 80-3-302; and
560	(iii) the division's placement authority under Subsections 80-1-102(50) and
561	80-3-303(1).
562	(b) Nothing in this section affects the ability of a foster parent to petition the juvenile
563	court under Subsection 80-3-502(3).
564	Section 8. Section 80-6-207 is amended to read:
565	80-6-207 . Detention hearings Period of detention Bail.
566	(1)[(a)] After admission of a child to a detention facility under Section 80-6-205 and
567	immediate investigation by a juvenile probation officer, the juvenile court or the
568	juvenile probation officer shall order the release of the child to the child's parent,
569	guardian, or custodian if the juvenile court or the juvenile probation officer finds that
570	the child can be safely returned to the parent's, the guardian's, or the custodian's care,
571	upon written promise to bring the child to the juvenile court at a time set or without
572	restriction.
573	[(b) If a child's parent, guardian, or custodian fails to retrieve the child from a detention
574	facility within 24 hours after notification of release, the parent, guardian, or custodian

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575	is responsible for the cost of care for the time the child remains in the detention
576	facility in accordance with Section 78A-6-356.]
577	[(c) The detention facility shall determine the cost of care.]
578	[(d) Any money collected under this Subsection (1) shall be retained by the division to
579	recover the cost of care for the time the child remains in the facility.]
580	(2)(a) When a child is admitted to a detention facility, the child's parent, guardian, or
581	custodian shall be informed by the individual in charge of the detention facility that
582	the parent's, the guardian's, or the custodian's child has the right to a prompt hearing
583	in a juvenile court to determine whether the child is to be further detained or released.
584	(b) If a minor is admitted to a detention facility, the minor shall be informed by the
585	person in charge of the facility that the minor has the right to a prompt hearing in a
586	juvenile court to determine whether the minor is to be further detained or released.
587	(3)[ <del>(a)</del> ] The juvenile court may, at any time, order the release of the minor, from
588	detention, regardless of whether a detention hearing is held or not.
589	[(b) If a child is released, and the child remains in the detention facility, because the
590	child's parents, guardian, or custodian fails to retrieve the child, the parent, guardian,
591	or custodian shall be responsible for the cost of care as provided in Subsections (1)(b),
592	(c), and (d) in accordance with Section 78A-6-356.]
593	(4)(a) As used in this Subsection (4), "arrest" means being apprehended, detained, taken
594	into temporary custody under Section 80-6-201 or 80-6-202, held for investigation, or
595	restrained by a peace officer or other person due to an accusation or suspicion that the
596	minor committed an offense.
597	(b) A minor may not be held in a detention facility longer than 24 hours, unless a
598	juvenile court determines that there is probable cause for the minor's arrest.
599	(5)(a) A detention hearing under this section shall be held by a juvenile court judge or
600	commissioner.
601	(b) A juvenile court shall hold a detention hearing within 48 hours of the minor's
602	admission to a detention facility, excluding weekends and holidays, to determine
603	whether the minor should:
604	(i) remain in detention in accordance with Subsection (8);
605	(ii) be released to a parent or guardian; or
606	(iii) be placed in any other party's custody as authorized by statute.
607	(6) The probable cause determination under Subsection (4) and the detention hearing under
608	Subsection (5) may occur at the same time if the probable cause determination and the

- 609 detention hearing occur within the time frame under Subsection (4). 610 (7)(a) A detention hearing may not be waived. 611 (b) Staff at the detention facility shall provide the juvenile court with all information 612 received from the individual who brought the minor to the detention facility. 613 (8)(a) The juvenile court may only order a minor to be held in the detention facility or be placed in another appropriate facility, subject to further order of the court, if the court 614 615 finds at a detention hearing that: 616 (i) releasing the minor to the minor's parent, guardian, or custodian presents an 617 unreasonable risk to public safety; 618 (ii) less restrictive nonresidential alternatives to detention have been considered and, 619 where appropriate, attempted; and 620 (iii) the minor is eligible for detention under the detention guidelines and Section 621 80-6-205. 622 (b) The juvenile court may not vest custody of a minor admitted to detention in the Division of Child and Family Services, except as provided in Chapter 3, Abuse, 623 624 Neglect, and Dependency Proceedings. 625 (9)(a) After a detention hearing has been held, only the juvenile court may release a 626 minor from detention. 627 (b) If a minor remains in a detention facility, periodic reviews shall be held in 628 accordance with the Utah Rules of Juvenile Procedure to ensure that continued 629 detention of the minor is necessary. 630 (10) This section does not apply to a minor who is brought to a correctional facility in 631 accordance with Section 80-6-502, 80-6-504, or 80-6-505. 632 (11) Title 77, Chapter 20, Bail, does not apply to a minor, except for: 633 (a) a minor charged in accordance with Section 80-6-502; 634 (b) a minor bound over to the district court in accordance with Section 80-6-504; or 635 (c) a minor who need not be detained and lives outside this state. 636 Section 9. Section 81-6-104 is amended to read: 637 81-6-104. Duty of parents to provide support for a child -- Support follows the 638 child. 639 (1)(a) Every child is presumed to be in need of the support of the child's parents. 640 (b) Every parent shall support their child. 641 (c) Nothing in this chapter relieves a parent of the primary obligation of support for the
- 642 parent's child.

643	(2) Except as limited in a court order under Section 81-6-208:
644	(a) the expenses incurred on behalf of a minor child for reasonable and necessary
645	medical and dental expenses and other necessities are chargeable upon the property
646	of both parents, regardless of the marital status of the parents; and
647	(b) a creditor may sue a parent for the expenses described in Subsection (2)(a) incurred
648	on behalf of a minor child.
649	[(3)(a) A parent whose minor child has become a ward of this or any other state is not
650	relieved of the primary obligation to support that child until the minor child is 18
651	years old or is legally married, regardless of any agreements or legal defenses that
652	exist between the parents or other care providers.]
653	[(b)] (3)(a) Any state that provides support for a child shall have the right to
654	reimbursement.
655	[(c)] (b) A third party has a right to recover support from a parent.
656	(4) An obligation ordered for child support and medical expenses:
657	(a) are for the use and benefit of the child; and
658	(b) shall follow the child in a case in which a parent, or another person, is awarded sole
659	physical custody of the child as described in Subsection 81-6-205(8).
660	(5) The rights created in this chapter are in addition to and not in substitution to any other
661	rights.
662	Section 10. Section <b>81-6-205</b> is amended to read:
663	81-6-205 . Sole physical custody Obligation calculations Change in physical
664	custody.
665	(1) This section applies to a case in which a parent, or another person, is awarded sole
666	physical custody of the children.
667	(2) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (4), the court or administrative agency shall
668	determine the base child support award for each parent by:
669	(a) dividing each parent's monthly adjusted gross income by the combined monthly
670	adjusted gross income to determine each parent's percentage; and
671	(b) multiplying each parent's percentage by the base combined child support obligation
672	that is calculated as described in Subsection 81-6-204(1).
673	(3)(a) If the base combined child support obligation is \$0, the court or administrative
674	agency shall establish the base child support award for each parent by:
675	(i) determining the individual monthly adjusted gross income for the parent;
676	(ii) locating the amount of the base child support award in the low income table by

677	finding:
678	(A) the monthly adjusted gross income for the parent in the low income table; and
679	<ul><li>(B) the number of children in common with the parents.</li></ul>
680	(b) The corresponding amount in the low income table is the base child support award
681	for that parent.
682	(4)(a) If a parent's individual monthly adjusted gross income is less than the highest
683	amount of monthly adjusted gross income shown in the low income table, the court
684	or administrative agency shall determine that the base child support award is the
685	lesser of:
686	(i) the amount calculated using the base combined child support obligation table as
687	described in Subsection (2); and
688	(ii) the amount calculated using the low income table as described in Subsection (3).
689	(b) If the monthly adjusted gross income of a parent is found in an area of the low
690	income table in which no amount is shown, the court or administrative agency shall
691	determine the base child support award by using the amount listed in the base
692	combined child support obligation table and calculated as described in Subsection (2).
693	(5) A base child support award in a sole physical custody case may not be less than \$30.
694	(6) The amounts calculated under this section are rebuttable as described in Section
695	81-6-202.
696	(7) A parent without sole physical custody of the children is an obligor and is required to
697	pay the amount of child support calculated under this section.
698	(8)(a) When physical custody of a child changes after the original child support order,
699	the parent without physical custody of the child is required to pay the amount of child
700	support calculated under this section, without the need to modify the order, to:
701	(i) the parent who has physical custody of the child; or
702	(ii) a relative to whom physical custody of the child has been voluntarily given[; or].
703	[(iii) the state when the child is residing outside of the home in the protective
704	custody, temporary custody, or care of the state or a state-licensed facility for at
705	least 30 days.]
706	(b) When physical custody of a child changes from the physical custody that is assumed
707	in the original child support order calculated under this section, the modification of
708	the child support order is not necessary even if only one parent is specifically ordered
709	to pay in the child support order.
710	Section 11. Repealer.

- 711 This bill repeals:
- 712 Section 80-6-803, Cost of support and maintenance of a juvenile offender --
- 713 **Responsibility.**
- 714 Section 12. Effective Date.
- 715 This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.