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## Child Care Business Tax Credit

## 2025 GENERAL SESSION

## STATE OF UTAH

## **Chief Sponsor: Jason E. Thompson**

Senate Sponsor:

LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill enacts an income tax credit for employer-provided child care.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul> <li>enacts nonrefundable corporate and individual income tax credits for employer-provided</li> </ul>
child care;
<ul> <li>creates a process for an employer to obtain a certificate from the Office of Child Care to</li> </ul>
claim the tax credit; and
<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li> </ul>
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
This bill provides a special effective date.
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
35A-3-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 168, 278
59-10-1002.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 460, 462
ENACTS:
<b>35A-3-213</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
<b>59-7-627</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
<b>59-10-1048</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section <b>35A-3-203</b> is amended to read:
35A-3-203 . Functions and duties of office Annual report.
The office shall:

(1) assess critical child care needs throughout the state on an ongoing basis and focus [its]

31		the office's activities on helping to meet the most critical needs;
32	(2)	provide child care subsidy services for income-eligible children through [age 12] $\underline{12}$
33		years old and for income-eligible children with disabilities through [age 18] 18 years old;
34	(3)	provide information:
35		(a) to employers for the development of options for child care in the work place; and
36		(b) for educating the public in obtaining quality child care;
37	(4)	coordinate services for quality:
38		(a) child care training;
39		(b) child care resource and referral core services; and
40		(c) training and education regarding child behavioral health interventions and
41		competencies;
42	(5)	apply for, accept, or expend gifts or donations from public or private sources;
43	(6)	provide administrative support services to the committee;
44	(7)	work collaboratively with the following for the delivery of quality child care, early
45		childhood programs, and school age programs throughout the state:
46		(a) the State Board of Education;
47		(b) the Department of Health and Human Services; and
48		(c) the [Division of Substance Abuse] Office of Substance Use and Mental Health within
49		the Department of <u>Health and Human Services;</u>
50	(8)	research child care programs and public policy to improve the quality and accessibility
51		of child care, early childhood programs, and school age programs in the state;
52	(9)	provide planning and technical assistance for the development and implementation of
53		programs in communities that lack child care, early childhood programs, and school age
54		programs;
55	(10	) provide organizational support for the establishment of nonprofit organizations
56		approved by the Child Care Advisory Committee, created in Section 35A-3-205;
57	(11	) coordinate with the department to include in the annual written report described in
58		Section 35A-1-109 information regarding the status of child care in Utah;[-and]
59	(12	) make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
60		Act, and consistent with state and federal law:
61		(a) establishing the eligibility requirements for a child care provider to receive a grant or
62		subsidy, including for the following:
63		(i) providing child care for an income-eligible child who is 12 years old or younger;
64		and

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65	(ii) providing child care for an income-eligible child with disabilities who is 18 years
66	old or younger; and
67	(b) prioritizing awards of child care grants or subsidies for income-eligible children
68	within available funds[-] ; and
69	(13) issue tax credit certificates in accordance with Section 35A-3-213.
70	Section 2. Section <b>35A-3-213</b> is enacted to read:
71	35A-3-213 . Tax credit certificate for employer-provided child care tax credit.
72	(1) As used in this section:
73	(a) "Principal residence" means the same as that term is defined in Section 121, Internal
74	Revenue Code.
75	(b) "Qualified child care expenditure" means an amount paid or incurred to:
76	(i) contract with a qualified child care facility to provide child care services to
77	employees of the person applying for a tax credit certificate; or
78	(ii) acquire, construct, rehabilitate, or expand property:
79	(A) for a qualified child care facility of the person applying for a tax credit
80	certificate;
81	(B) with respect to which a deduction for depreciation, or amortization in lieu of
82	depreciation, is allowable; and
83	(C) that is not part of the principal residence of the person applying for a tax credit
84	certificate or any employee of the person.
85	(c) "Qualified child care facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section 45F,
86	Internal Revenue Code, except that the facility shall be located in Utah.
87	(d) "Qualifying application" means an application that meets the requirement of
88	Subsection (2).
89	(2)(a) A person that seeks to claim a tax credit under Section 59-7-627 or 59-10-1048
90	shall apply to the office for a tax credit certificate.
91	(b) The person shall include in the application for a tax credit certificate the following
92	information for the year in which the person seeks a tax credit certificate:
93	(i) the person's name, address, and taxpayer identification;
94	(ii) the address of the qualified child care facility;
95	(iii) the person's qualified child care expenditures described in Subsection (1)(b)(i);
96	(iv) the person's qualified child care expenditures described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii);
97	and
98	(v) if the person has qualified child care expenditures described in Subsection

99	(1)(b)(ii), a signed statement that the qualified child care facility is not part of the
100	principal residence of the person or the person's employee.
101	(3)(a) The office shall issue a tax credit certificate to a person that:
102	(i) the office determines submits a qualifying application; and
103	(ii) has qualified child care expenditures.
104	(b) The office shall calculate the amount on the tax credits as follows:
105	(i) 20% of the person's qualified child care expenditures described in Subsection
106	<u>(1)(b)(i); and</u>
107	(ii) 50% of the person's qualified child care expenditures described in Subsection
108	<u>(1)(b)(ii).</u>
109	(c) The tax credit certificate shall state separately the amount of each tax credit.
110	(d) A person that receives a tax credit certificate in accordance with this section shall
111	retain the tax credit certificate for the same time period that a person is required to
112	keep books and records under Section 59-1-1406.
113	(4) The office shall submit to the State Tax Commission an electronic list that includes:
114	(a) the name and identifying information of each person to which the office issues a tax
115	credit certificate; and
116	(b) for each person, the amount of the tax credit stated on the tax credit certificate.
117	Section 3. Section <b>59-7-627</b> is enacted to read:
118	59-7-627 . Nonrefundable tax credits for employer-provided child care.
119	(1) A taxpayer that receives a tax credit certificate in accordance with Section 35A-3-213
120	may claim a nonrefundable tax credit equal to the amount stated on the tax credit
121	certificate for:
122	(a) qualified child care expenditures described in Subsection 35A-3-213(1)(b)(i); and
123	(b) qualified child care expenditures described in Subsection 35A-3-213(1)(b)(ii).
124	(2)(a) A taxpayer may not carry forward or carry back any tax credit described in
125	Subsection (1)(a) that exceeds the taxpayer's income tax liability for the taxable year.
126	(b) A taxpayer may carry forward, to the next five taxable years, the amount of the
127	taxpayer's tax credit described in Subsection (1)(b) that exceeds the taxpayer's
128	income tax liability for the taxable year.
129	Section 4. Section <b>59-10-1002.2</b> is amended to read:
130	59-10-1002.2 . Apportionment of tax credits.
131	(1) A nonresident individual or a part-year resident individual that claims a tax credit in
100	

132 accordance with Section 59-10-1017, 59-10-1018, 59-10-1019, 59-10-1022, 59-10-1023,

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	59-10-1024, 59-10-1028, 59-10-1042, 59-10-1043, 59-10-1044, 59-10-1046, [ <del>or</del> -]
134	59-10-1047, or 59-10-1048 may only claim an apportioned amount of the tax credit
135	equal to:
136	(a) for a nonresident individual, the product of:
137	(i) the state income tax percentage for the nonresident individual; and
138	(ii) the amount of the tax credit that the nonresident individual would have been
139	allowed to claim but for the apportionment requirements of this section; or
140	(b) for a part-year resident individual, the product of:
141	(i) the state income tax percentage for the part-year resident individual; and
142	(ii) the amount of the tax credit that the part-year resident individual would have been
143	allowed to claim but for the apportionment requirements of this section.
144	(2) A nonresident estate or trust that claims a tax credit in accordance with Section
145	59-10-1017, 59-10-1020, 59-10-1022, 59-10-1024, [ <del>or</del> -]59-10-1028 <u>, or 59-10-1048</u> may
146	only claim an apportioned amount of the tax credit equal to the product of:
147	(a) the state income tax percentage for the nonresident estate or trust; and
148	(b) the amount of the tax credit that the nonresident estate or trust would have been
149	allowed to claim but for the apportionment requirements of this section.
150	Section 5. Section <b>59-10-1048</b> is enacted to read:
150 151	Section 5. Section <b>59-10-1048</b> is enacted to read: <u>59-10-1048</u> . Nonrefundable tax credits for employer-provider child care.
151	59-10-1048 . Nonrefundable tax credits for employer-provider child care.
151 152	<u>59-10-1048</u> . Nonrefundable tax credits for employer-provider child care. (1) A claimant, estate, or trust that receives a tax credit certificate in accordance with
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- 167 <u>(a)</u> Section 59-7-627;
- 168 (b) Section 59-10-1002.2; and
- 169 (c) Section 59-10-1048.