# Luz Escamilla proposes the following substitute bill:

## **Boards and Commissions Revisions**

# 2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Jefferson S. Burton

Senate Sponsor: Calvin R. Musselman

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## 4 General Description:

This bill amends provisions related to membership on a board, commission, committee, or council (board).

#### **Highlighted Provisions:**

This bill:

- eliminates the requirement that no more than a certain number of members of certain county and municipal boards may be a member of the same political party;
- for certain executive boards in which the governor is prohibited from appointing more than a certain number of members who are members of the same political party, authorizes the governor to appoint more than that number if the governor first consults with the minority leaders of the House of Representatives and the Senate;
- modifies appointment provisions and removes members who are legislators from certain boards;
- includes a coordination clause merging changes made to Section 63H-8-201 in this bill and in H.B. 360, Housing Attainability Amendments, if both bills pass and become law; and
  - makes technical and conforming changes.

### 21 Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None None

# 23 Other Special Clauses:

This bill provides a coordination clause.

#### 25 Utah Code Sections Affected:

26 AMENDS:

- 9-9-112, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 68
- 28 **9-20-201**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 323

29	10-3-1004, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 378
30	17-28-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 158
31	17-30-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 15
32	17-30a-202, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 366
33	19-2-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 529
34	19-4-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 529
35	19-5-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 529
36	19-6-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 352, 373
37	26B-1-426, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 529
38	32B-2-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 447
39	34A-1-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 345
40	35A-1-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 344
41	35A-1-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 365
42	36-2-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 382
43	40-6-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 529
44	51-7-16, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 529
45	<b>53B-34-110</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 378
46	<b>54-10a-202</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 154
47	63H-8-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 443
48	<b>63M-15-201</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 91
49	63N-7-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 529
50	67-1-2.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 533
51	67-8-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 432
52	73-10-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 205
53	<b>78A-12-201</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 11
54	<b>79-3-302</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 352, 373
55	<b>Utah Code Sections affected by Coordination Clause:</b>

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- Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
- Section 1. Section **9-9-112** is amended to read:
- 59 **9-9-112**. Bears Ears Visitor Center Advisory Committee.
  - (1) Utah extends an invitation to the Navajo Nation, the Ute Mountain Ute Tribe, the Hopi Nation, the Zuni Tribe, and the Ute Indian Tribe of the Uintah Ouray to form an advisory committee for the purpose of exploring the feasibility, location, functions, and

63	other important matters surrounding the creation of a visitor center at Bears Ears.
64	(2) As used in this section:
65	(a) "Advisory committee" means the Bears Ears Visitor Center Advisory Committee
66	created by this section.
67	(b) "Bears Ears" means the Bears Ears National Monument.
68	(3)(a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), there is created the Bears Ears Visitor Center
69	Advisory Committee consisting of the following [eight-] voting members:
70	[(i) five voting members as follows:]
71	[(A)] (i) a representative of the Navajo Nation, appointed by the Navajo Nation;
72	[(B)] (ii) a representative of the Ute Mountain Ute Tribe, appointed by the Ute
73	Mountain Ute Tribe;
74	[(C)] (iii) a representative of the Hopi Nation, appointed by the Hopi Nation;
75	[(D)] (iv) a representative of the Zuni Tribe, appointed by the Zuni Tribe; and
76	[(E)] (v) a representative of the Ute Indian Tribe of the Uintah Ouray, appointed by
77	the Ute Indian Tribe of the Uintah Ouray[; and] .
78	[(ii) subject to Subsection (4), three nonvoting members as follows:]
79	[(A) one member of the Senate, appointed by the president of the Senate; and]
80	[(B) two members of the House of Representatives, appointed by the speaker of
81	the House of Representatives.]
82	(b) The advisory committee is formed when all of the tribes described in Subsection (1)
83	have communicated to the other tribes and to the Division of Indian Affairs that the
84	tribe has appointed a member to the advisory committee.
85	(c)(i) The president of the Senate and the speaker of the House of Representatives
86	may each appoint to the advisory committee one nonvoting individual.
87	(ii) If an individual appointed under Subsection (3)(c)(i) is a member of the
88	Legislature, the member serves as a member of the public and not in the member's
89	legislative capacity.
90	[(4) At least one of the three legislative members appointed under Subsection (3)(a)(ii) shall
91	be from a minority party.]
92	[(5)] (4) The advisory committee may select from the advisory committee members the
93	chair or other officers of the advisory committee.
94	[(6)] (5)(a) If a vacancy occurs in the membership of the advisory committee appointed
95	under Subsection (3), the member shall be replaced in the same manner in which the
96	original appointment was made.

97	(b) A member appointed under Subsection (3) serves until the member's successor is
98	appointed and qualified.
99	[(7)] (6)(a) A majority of the voting members of the advisory committee constitutes a
100	quorum.
101	(b) The action of a majority of a quorum constitutes an action of the advisory committee.
102	[(8)(a) The salary and expenses of an advisory committee member who is a legislator
103	shall be paid in accordance with Section 36-2-2 and Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5,
104	Legislative Compensation and Expenses.]
105	[(b)] (7) An advisory committee member [who is not a legislator ]may not receive
106	compensation or benefits for the member's service on the advisory committee, but may
107	receive per diem and reimbursement for travel expenses incurred as an advisory
108	committee member at the rates established by the Division of Finance under:
109	[ <del>(i)</del> ] (a) Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107; and
110	[(ii)] (b) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
111	63A-3-107.
112	[(9)] (8) The advisory committee may invite the United States Forest Service, the Bureau of
113	Land Management, the Division of State Parks, the Division of Outdoor Recreation, and
114	the Utah Office of Tourism within the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity, to
115	serve as technical advisors to the advisory committee.
116	[(10)] (9) The Division of Indian Affairs shall staff the advisory committee.
117	[(11)] (10) The advisory committee shall study and make recommendations concerning:
118	(a) the need for a visitor center associated with Bears Ears;
119	(b) the feasibility of a visitor center associated with Bears Ears, including investigating:
120	(i) potential locations for the visitor center;
121	(ii) purposes for the visitor center; and
122	(iii) sources of funding to build and maintain the visitor center;
123	(c) whether a visitor center will increase visitorship to Bears Ears; and
124	(d) whether a visitor center at Bears Ears could function as a repository of traditional
125	knowledge and practices.
126	[(12)] (11) The advisory committee may contract with one or more consultants to conduct
127	work related to the issues raised in Subsection [ $(11)$ ] $(10)$ if the Legislature appropriates
128	money expressly for the purpose of the advisory committee contracting with a consultant.
129	[(13)] (12) The advisory committee shall hold at least one public hearing to obtain public
130	comment on the creation of a Bears Ears visitor center.

131	[(14)] (13) The advisory committee shall report the advisory committee's recommendations
132	to one or more of the following:
133	(a) the Economic Development and Workforce Services Interim Committee;
134	(b) the House Economic Development and Workforce Services Committee; or
135	(c) the Senate Economic Development and Workforce Services Committee.
136	Section 2. Section 9-20-201 is amended to read:
137	9-20-201 . Creation Members Appointment Terms Vacancies Per
138	diem and expenses.
139	(1) There is created the Utah Commission on Service and Volunteerism consisting of 19
140	voting members and one nonvoting member.
141	(2) The 19 voting members of the commission are:
142	(a) the lieutenant governor;
143	(b) the commissioner of higher education or the commissioner's designee;
144	(c) the state superintendent of public instruction or the superintendent's designee;
145	(d) the executive director of the Department of Cultural and Community Engagement or
146	the executive director's designee;
147	(e) nine members appointed by the governor as follows:
148	(i) an individual with expertise in the educational, training, and developmental needs
149	of youth, particularly disadvantaged youth;
150	(ii) an individual with experience in promoting the involvement of older adults in
151	volunteer service;
152	(iii) a representative of a community-based agency or organization within the state;
153	(iv) a representative of local government;
154	(v) a representative of a local labor organization in the state;
155	(vi) a representative of business;
156	(vii) an individual between the ages of 16 and 25 years old who participates in a
157	volunteer or service program;
158	(viii) a representative of a national service program; and
159	(ix) a representative of the volunteer sector; and
160	(f) six members appointed by the governor from among the following groups:
161	(i) local educators;
162	(ii) experts in the delivery of human, educational, cultural, environmental, or public
163	safety services to communities and individuals;
164	(iii) representatives of Native American tribes;

165	(iv) representatives of organizations that assist out-of-school youth or other at-risk
166	youth; or
167	(v) representatives of entities that receive assistance under the Domestic Volunteer
168	Service Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4950 et seq.
169	(3) The nonvoting member of the commission is the regional representative of the
170	corporation.
171	(4)(a) In appointing persons to serve on the commission, the governor shall ensure that:
172	(i) except as provided in Subsection 67-1-2.5(15)(a), no more than 10 voting
173	members of the commission are members of the same political party; and
174	(ii) no more than five voting members of the commission are state government
175	employees.
176	(b) In appointing persons to serve on the commission, the governor shall strive for
177	balance on the commission according to race, ethnicity, age, gender, disability
178	characteristics, and geography.
179	(5)(a) Except as required by Subsection (5)(b), as terms of current commission members
180	expire, the governor shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a
181	three-year term.
182	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (5)(a), the governor shall, at the
183	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the
184	terms of commission members are staggered so that approximately one-third of the
185	commission is appointed every year.
186	(6) When a vacancy occurs in the membership, the replacement shall be appointed for the
187	unexpired term.
188	(7) A member appointed by the governor may not serve more than two consecutive terms.
189	(8) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but may
190	receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
191	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
192	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
193	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
194	63A-3-107.
195	Section 3. Section 10-3-1004 is amended to read:
196	10-3-1004 . Qualifications of commissioners Salary Removal.
197	[Not more than two members of the civil service commission shall at any one time
198	be of the same political party.]

199	(1) No member of the civil service commission shall, during [his] the member's tenure of
200	office <u>:</u>
201	(a) hold any other public office[,]; or
202	(b) be a candidate for any other public office.
203	(2) Each member shall receive \$25 for each meeting of the commission which [he] the
204	member shall attend, but may not receive more than \$100 in any one month.
205	(3) In case of misconduct, inability or willful neglect in the performance of the duties of the
206	office by any member, the member may be removed from office by the board of city
207	commissioners by a majority vote of the entire membership, but the member shall, if [he]
208	the member so desires, have an opportunity to be heard in defense.
209	Section 4. Section 17-28-2 is amended to read:
210	17-28-2 . Vacancies Compensation Removal from office.
211	(1) Any vacancy occurring on the County Fire Civil Service Council shall be filled by
212	appointment by the county executive for the unexpired term.
213	[(2) Not more than two members of any council shall at any one time be affiliated with or a
214	member of the same political party.]
215	[(3)] (2) A member of the council may not hold, during the term of [his] the member's office,
216	any other public office or be a candidate for any other public office.
217	[(4)] (3)(a) Each council member shall receive \$50 for each meeting of the council
218	attended by [him] the council member.
219	(b) The county legislative body may raise the compensation of [eouncil members as it] a
220	council member as the county legislative body considers appropriate.
221	(c) [This compensation and allowance] The compensation and allowance described in
222	Subsections (3)(a) and (b) shall be a charge against the county and paid monthly.
223	[(5)] (4)(a) [In case of misconduct, willful neglect, or inability to perform the duties of
224	his office, any council member may be removed from office by the county
225	legislative body upon a majority vote of the body, but the member is entitled to an
226	opportunity to be heard in his own defense.] In case of misconduct, willful neglect, or
227	an inability to perform the duties of the council member's office, a council member
228	may be removed from office by the county legislative body upon a majority vote of
229	the county legislative body.
230	(b) A county legislative body that moves to remove a council member from office under
231	Subsection (4)(a) shall provide the council member with the opportunity to be heard
232	in the council member's own defense.

233	Section 5. Section 17-30-3 is amended to read:
234	17-30-3. Establishment of merit system commission Appointment,
235	qualifications, and compensation of members.
236	(1)(a) Each county with a population of 20,000 or more shall establish a merit system
237	commission consisting of three members appointed as provided in Subsection (1)(b).
238	(b)(i) As used in this Subsection (1)(b):
239	(A) "Police interlocal entity" means an interlocal entity, as defined in Section
240	11-13-103, that is created:
241	(I) under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, by an agreement to
242	which a county of the first class is a party; and
243	(II) to provide law enforcement service to an area that includes the
244	unincorporated part of the county.
245	(B) "Police special district" means a special district, as defined in Section
246	17B-1-102:
247	(I) whose creation was initiated by the adoption of a resolution under Section
248	17B-1-203 by the legislative body of a county of the first class, alone or
249	with one or more other legislative bodies; and
250	(II) that is created to provide law enforcement service to an area that includes
251	the unincorporated part of the county.
252	(ii) For a county in which a police interlocal entity is created, whether or not a police
253	special district is also created in the county:
254	(A) two members shall be appointed by the legislative body of the county; and
255	(B) one member shall be appointed by the governing body of the interlocal entity.
256	(iii) For a county in which a police special district is created but in which a police
257	interlocal entity has not been created:
258	(A) two members shall be appointed by the legislative body of the county; and
259	(B) one member shall be appointed by the board of trustees of the police special
260	district.
261	(iv) For each other county, all three members shall be appointed by the county
262	legislative body.
263	[(e) Not more than two members of the commission shall be affiliated with or members
264	of the same political party.]
265	[(d)] (c) Of the original appointees, one member shall be appointed for a term ending
266	February 1 of the first odd-numbered year after the date of appointment, and one each

267	for terms ending two and four years thereafter.
268	[(e)] (d) Upon the expiration of any of the terms, a successor shall be appointed for a full
269	term of six years.
270	[(f)] (e) Appointment to fill a vacancy resulting other than from expiration of term shall
271	be for the unexpired portion of the term only.
272	(2) Members of a commission shall be citizens of the state, shall have been residents of the
273	area embraced by the governmental unit from which appointed not less than five years
274	next preceding the date of appointment, and shall hold no other office or employment
275	under the governmental unit for which appointed.
276	(3) The county legislative body may compensate a member for service on the commission
277	and reimburse the member for necessary expenses incurred in the performance of the
278	member's duties.
279	Section 6. Section 17-30a-202 is amended to read:
280	17-30a-202. Establishment of merit commission Appointment, qualifications,
281	and compensation of members.
282	(1)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), a county subject to this chapter shall
283	establish a merit system commission consisting of three appointed members:
284	(i) two members appointed by the legislative body of the county; and
285	(ii) one member appointed by the governing body of a police interlocal entity.
286	(b) If there is no police interlocal entity within the county, the county legislative body
287	shall appoint all three members of a commission described in Subsection (1)(a).
288	[(c) No more than two members of the commission may be affiliated with or members
289	of the same political party.]
290	[(d)] (c)(i) Of the original appointees described in Subsection (1)(a) or (b), one
291	member shall be appointed for a term ending February 1 of the first odd-numbered
292	year after the date of appointment, and one each for terms ending two and four
293	years thereafter.
294	(ii) For a term subsequent to a term described in Subsection [(1)(d)] (1)(c), a
295	commission member shall hold a term of six years.
296	[(e)] (d) If an appointed position described in Subsection (1)(a) or (b) is vacated for a
297	cause other than expiration of the member's term, the position is filled by
298	appointment for the unexpired portion of the term only.
299	(2) A member of the commission:
300	(a) shall be a resident of the state;

301	(b) for at least five years preceding the date of appointment a resident of:
302	(i) the county; or
303	(ii) if applicable, the area served by the police interlocal entity from which appointed;
304	and
305	(c) may not hold another office or employment with the county or, if applicable, in a
306	municipality served by the police interlocal entity for which the member is appointed.
307	(3) The county legislative body or interlocal entity governing body may compensate a
308	member for service on the commission and reimburse the member for necessary
309	expenses incurred in the performance of the member's duties.
310	Section 7. Section 19-2-103 is amended to read:
311	19-2-103 . Members of board Appointment Terms Organization Per
312	diem and expenses.
313	(1) The board consists of the following nine members:
314	(a) the following non-voting member, except that the member may vote to break a tie
315	vote between the voting members:
316	(i) the executive director; or
317	(ii) an employee of the department designated by the executive director; and
318	(b) the following eight voting members, who shall be appointed or reappointed by the
319	governor with the advice and consent of the Senate in accordance with Title 63G,
320	Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies:
321	(i) one representative who:
322	(A) is not connected with industry;
323	(B) is an expert in air quality matters; and
324	(C) is a Utah-licensed physician, a Utah-licensed professional engineer, or a
325	scientist with relevant training and experience;
326	(ii) two government representatives who do not represent the federal government;
327	(iii) one representative from the mining industry;
328	(iv) one representative from the fuels industry;
329	(v) one representative from the manufacturing industry;
330	(vi) one representative from the public who represents:
331	(A) an environmental nongovernmental organization; or
332	(B) a nongovernmental organization that represents community interests and does
333	not represent industry interests; and
334	(vii) one representative from the public who is trained and experienced in public

335	health.
336	(2) A member of the board shall:
337	(a) be knowledgeable about air pollution matters, as evidenced by a professional degree,
338	a professional accreditation, or documented experience;
339	(b) be a resident of Utah;
340	(c) attend board meetings in accordance with the attendance rules made by the
341	department under Subsection 19-1-201(1)(d)(i)(A); and
342	(d) comply with all applicable statutes, rules, and policies, including the conflict of
343	interest provisions described in Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest,
344	and the conflict of interest rules made by the department under Subsection 19-1-201
345	(1)(d)(i)(B).
346	(3) [No] Except as provided in Subsection 67-1-2.5(15)(a), no more than five of the
347	appointed members of the board shall belong to the same political party.
348	(4) A majority of the members of the board may not derive any significant portion of their
349	income from persons subject to permits or orders under this chapter.
350	(5)(a) Members shall be appointed for a term of four years.
351	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (5)(a), the governor shall, at the
352	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the
353	terms of board members are staggered so that half of the appointed board is
354	appointed every two years.
355	(6) A member may serve more than one term.
356	(7) A member shall hold office until the expiration of the member's term and until the
357	member's successor is appointed, but not more than 90 days after the expiration of the
358	member's term.
359	(8) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the governor shall, with the
360	advice and consent of the Senate in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2,
361	Vacancies, appoint a replacement for the unexpired term.
362	(9) The board shall elect annually a chair and a vice chair from its members.
363	(10)(a) The board shall meet at least quarterly.
364	(b) Special meetings may be called by the chair upon the chair's own initiative, upon the
365	request of the director, or upon the request of three members of the board.
366	(c) Three days' notice shall be given to each member of the board before a meeting.
367	(11) Five members constitute a quorum at a meeting, and the action of a majority of

members present is the action of the board.

369	(12) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
370	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
371	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
372	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
373	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
374	63A-3-107.
375	Section 8. Section 19-4-103 is amended to read:
376	19-4-103 . Drinking Water Board Members Organization Meetings Per
377	diem and expenses.
378	(1) The board consists of the following nine members:
379	(a) the following non-voting member, except that the member may vote to break a tie
380	vote between the voting members:
381	(i) the executive director; or
382	(ii) an employee of the department designated by the executive director; and
383	(b) the following eight voting members, who shall be appointed by the governor with the
384	advice and consent of the Senate in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2,
385	Vacancies:
386	(i) one representative who is a Utah-licensed professional engineer with expertise in
387	civil or sanitary engineering;
388	(ii) two representatives who are elected officials from a municipal government that is
389	involved in the management or operation of a public water system;
390	(iii) one representative from an improvement district, a water conservancy district, or
391	a metropolitan water district;
392	(iv) one representative from an entity that manages or operates a public water system;
393	(v) one representative from:
394	(A) the state water research community; or
395	(B) an institution of higher education that has comparable expertise in water
396	research to the state water research community;
397	(vi) one representative from the public who represents:
398	(A) an environmental nongovernmental organization; or
399	(B) a nongovernmental organization that represents community interests and does
400	not represent industry interests; and
401	(vii) one representative from the public who is trained and experienced in public
402	health.

403	(2) A member of the board shall:
404	(a) be knowledgeable about drinking water and public water systems, as evidenced by a
405	professional degree, a professional accreditation, or documented experience;
406	(b) represent different geographical areas within the state insofar as practicable;
407	(c) be a resident of Utah;
408	(d) attend board meetings in accordance with the attendance rules made by the
409	department under Subsection 19-1-201(1)(d)(i)(A); and
410	(e) comply with all applicable statutes, rules, and policies, including the conflict of
411	interest rules made by the department under Subsection 19-1-201(1)(d)(i)(B) and the
412	conflict of interest provisions described in Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of
413	Interest.
414	(3) [No] Except as provided in Subsection 67-1-2.5(15)(a), no more than five appointed
415	members of the board shall be from the same political party.
416	(4)(a) As terms of current board members expire, the governor shall appoint each new
417	member or reappointed member to a four-year term.
418	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4)(a), the governor shall, at the
419	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the
420	terms of board members are staggered so that half of the appointed board is
421	appointed every two years.
422	(c)(i) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), the term of a board member who is
423	appointed before May 1, 2013, shall expire on April 30, 2013.
424	(ii) On May 1, 2013, the governor shall appoint or reappoint board members in
425	accordance with this section.
426	(5) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
427	appointed for the unexpired term.
428	(6) When the governor makes a new appointment or reappointment under Subsection (4)(a),
429	or a vacancy appointment under Subsection (5), the governor's new appointment,
430	reappointment, or vacancy appointment shall be with the advice and consent of the
431	Senate in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies.
432	(7) Each member holds office until the expiration of the member's term, and until a
433	successor is appointed, but not for more than 90 days after the expiration of the term.
434	(8) The board shall elect annually a chair and a vice chair from its members.
435	(9)(a) The board shall meet at least quarterly.
436	(b) Special meetings may be called by the chair upon the chair's own initiative, upon the

437	request of the director, or upon the request of three members of the board.
438	(c) Reasonable notice shall be given to each member of the board before any meeting.
439	(10) Five members constitute a quorum at any meeting and the action of the majority of the
440	members present is the action of the board.
441	(11) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
442	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
443	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
444	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
445	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
446	63A-3-107.
447	Section 9. Section 19-5-103 is amended to read:
448	19-5-103 . Water Quality Board Members of board Appointment Terms
449	Organization Meetings Per diem and expenses.
450	(1) The board consists of the following nine members:
451	(a) the following non-voting member, except that the member may vote to break a tie
452	vote between the voting members:
453	(i) the executive director; or
454	(ii) an employee of the department designated by the executive director; and
455	(b) the following eight voting members, who shall be appointed or reappointed by the
456	governor with the advice and consent of the Senate in accordance with Title 63G,
457	Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies:
458	(i) one representative who:
459	(A) is an expert and has relevant training and experience in water quality matters;
460	(B) is a Utah-licensed physician, a Utah-licensed professional engineer, or a
461	scientist with relevant training and experience; and
462	(C) represents local and special service districts in the state;
463	(ii) two government representatives who do not represent the federal government;
464	(iii) one representative from the mineral industry;
465	(iv) one representative from the manufacturing industry;
466	(v) one representative who represents agricultural and livestock interests;
467	(vi) one representative from the public who represents:
468	(A) an environmental nongovernmental organization; or
469	(B) a nongovernmental organization that represents community interests and does
470	not represent industry interests; and

471		(vii) one representative from the public who is trained and experienced in public
472		health.
473	(2)	A member of the board shall:
474		(a) be knowledgeable about water quality matters, as evidenced by a professional
475		degree, a professional accreditation, or documented experience;
476		(b) be a resident of Utah;
477		(c) attend board meetings in accordance with the attendance rules made by the
478		department under Subsection 19-1-201(1)(d)(i)(A); and
479		(d) comply with all applicable statutes, rules, and policies, including the conflict of
480		interest rules made by the department under Subsection 19-1-201(1)(d)(i)(B) and the
481		conflict of interest provisions described in Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of
482		Interest.
483	(3)	[No] Except as provided in Subsection 67-1-2.5(15)(a), no more than five of the
484		appointed members may be from the same political party.
485	(4)	When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the governor shall, with the
486		advice and consent of the Senate in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2,
487		Vacancies, appoint a replacement for the unexpired term.
488	(5)	(a) A member shall be appointed for a term of four years and is eligible for
489		reappointment.
490		(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (5)(a), the governor shall, at the
491		time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the
492		terms of board members are staggered so that half of the appointed board is
493		appointed every two years.
494	(6)	A member shall hold office until the expiration of the member's term and until the
495		member's successor is appointed, not to exceed 90 days after the formal expiration of the
496		term.
497	(7)	The board shall:
498		(a) organize and annually select one of its members as chair and one of its members as
499		vice chair;
500		(b) hold at least four regular meetings each calendar year; and
501		(c) keep minutes of its proceedings which are open to the public for inspection.
502	(8)	The chair may call a special meeting upon the request of three or more members of the
503		board.
504	(9)	Each member of the board and the director shall be notified of the time and place of

505	each meeting.
506	(10) Five members of the board constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, and the
507	action of a majority of members present is the action of the board.
508	(11) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
509	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
510	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
511	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
512	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
513	63A-3-107.
514	Section 10. Section 19-6-103 is amended to read:
515	19-6-103. Waste Management and Radiation Control Board Members
516	Terms Organization Meetings Per diem and expenses.
517	(1) The board consists of the following 12 members:
518	(a) the following non-voting member, except that the member may vote to break a tie
519	vote between the voting members:
520	(i) the executive director; or
521	(ii) an employee of the department designated by the executive director; and
522	(b) the following 11 voting members appointed by the governor with the advice and
523	consent of the Senate in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies:
524	(i) one representative who is:
525	(A) not connected with industry; and
526	(B) a Utah-licensed professional engineer;
527	(ii) two government representatives who do not represent the federal government;
528	(iii) one representative from the manufacturing, mining, or fuel industry;
529	(iv) one representative from the private solid or hazardous waste disposal industry;
530	(v) one representative from the private hazardous waste recovery industry;
531	(vi) one representative from the radioactive waste management industry;
532	(vii) one representative from the uranium milling industry;
533	(viii) one representative from the public who represents:
534	(A) an environmental nongovernmental organization; or
535	(B) a nongovernmental organization that represents community interests and does
536	not represent industry interests;
537	(ix) one representative from the public who is trained and experienced in public
538	health and a licensed:

539		(A) medical doctor; or
540		(B) dentist; and
541		(x) one representative who is:
542		(A) a medical physicist or a health physicist; or
543		(B) a professional employed in the field of radiation safety.
544	(2)	A member of the board shall:
545		(a) be knowledgeable about solid and hazardous waste matters and radiation safety and
546		protection as evidenced by a professional degree, a professional accreditation, or
547		documented experience;
548		(b) be a resident of Utah;
549		(c) attend board meetings in accordance with the attendance rules made by the
550		department under Subsection 19-1-201(1)(d)(i)(A); and
551		(d) comply with all applicable statutes, rules, and policies, including the conflict of
552		interest rules made by the department in accordance with Subsection
553		19-1-201(1)(d)(i)(B) and the conflict of interest provisions described in Title 63G,
554		Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
555	(3)	[No] Except as provided in Subsection 67-1-2.5(15)(a), no more than six of the
556		appointed members may be from the same political party.
557	(4)	(a) Members shall be appointed for terms of four years each.
558		(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4)(a), the governor shall, at the
559		time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the
560		terms of board members are staggered so that half of the appointed board is
561		appointed every two years.
562	(5)	Each member is eligible for reappointment.
563	(6)	Board members shall continue in office until the expiration of their terms and until their
564		successors are appointed, but not more than 90 days after the expiration of their terms.
565	(7)	When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
566		appointed for the unexpired term by the governor, after considering recommendations of
567		the board and with the advice and consent of the Senate.
568	(8)	The board shall elect a chair and vice chair on or before April 1 of each year from its
569		membership.
570	(9)	A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but may
571		receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
572		(a) Section 63A-3-106;

573	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
574	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
575	63A-3-107.
576	(10)(a) The board shall hold a meeting at least once every three months including one
577	meeting during each annual general session of the Legislature.
578	(b) Meetings shall be held on the call of the chair, the director, or any three of the
579	members.
580	(11) Six members constitute a quorum at any meeting, and the action of the majority of
581	members present is the action of the board.
582	Section 11. Section <b>26B-1-426</b> is amended to read:
583	26B-1-426 . Board of Aging and Adult Services Members, appointment, terms,
584	vacancies, chairperson, compensation, meetings, quorum.
585	(1) The Board of Aging and Adult Services created in Section 26B-1-204 shall have seven
586	members who are appointed or reappointed by the governor with the advice and consent
587	of the Senate in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies.
588	(2)(a) Except as required by Subsection (2)(b), each member shall be appointed for a
589	term of four years, and is eligible for one reappointment.
590	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (2)(a), the governor shall, at the
591	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the
592	terms of board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board is
593	appointed every two years.
594	(c) Board members shall continue in office until the expiration of their terms and until
595	their successors are appointed, which may not exceed 90 days after the formal
596	expiration of a term.
597	(d) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the governor shall, with
598	the advice and consent of the Senate in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part
599	2, Vacancies, appoint a replacement for the unexpired term.
600	(3)(a) [No] Except as provided in Subsection 67-1-2.5(15)(a), no more than four
601	members of the board may be from the same political party.
602	(b) The board shall have diversity of gender, ethnicity, and culture; and members shall
603	be chosen on the basis of their active interest, experience, and demonstrated ability to
604	deal with issues related to the Board of Aging and Adult Services.
605	(4)(a) The board shall annually elect a chairperson from the board's membership.

(b) The board shall hold meetings at least once every three months.

607	(c) Within budgetary constraints, meetings may be held from time to time on the call of
608	the chairperson or of the majority of the members of the board.
609	(d) Four members of the board are necessary to constitute a quorum at any meeting, and,
610	if a quorum exists, the action of the majority of members present shall be the action
611	of the board.
612	(5) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but, at
613	the executive director's discretion, may receive per diem and travel expenses in
614	accordance with:
615	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
616	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
617	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
618	63A-3-107.
619	(6)(a) The board shall adopt bylaws governing its activities.
620	(b) The bylaws described in Subsection (6)(a) shall include procedures for removal of a
621	board member who is unable or unwilling to fulfill the requirements of the board
622	member's appointment.
623	(7) The board has program policymaking authority for the division over which the board
624	presides.
625	(8) A member of the board shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in
626	Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
627	Section 12. Section <b>32B-2-201</b> is amended to read:
628	32B-2-201 . Alcoholic Beverage Services Commission created.
629	(1)(a) There is created the "Alcoholic Beverage Services Commission."
630	(b) The commission is the governing board over the department.
631	(2)(a) The commission is composed of seven part-time commissioners appointed by the
632	governor with the advice and consent of the Senate in accordance with Title 63G,
633	Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies.
634	(b) [No] Except as provided in Subsection 67-1-2.5(15)(a), no more than four
635	commissioners may be of the same political party.
636	(3)(a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), as terms of commissioners expire, the
637	governor shall appoint each new commissioner or reappointed commissioner to a
638	four-year term.
639	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the governor shall, at the
640	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the

641	terms of no more than three commissioners expire in a fiscal year.
642	(4)(a) When a vacancy occurs on the commission for any reason, the governor shall
643	appoint a replacement for the unexpired term with the advice and consent of the
644	Senate.
645	(b) Unless removed in accordance with Subsection (6), a commissioner shall remain on
646	the commission after the expiration of a term until a successor is appointed by the
647	governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate.
648	(5) A commissioner shall take the oath of office.
649	(6)(a) The governor may remove a commissioner from the commission for cause,
650	neglect of duty, inefficiency, or malfeasance after a public hearing conducted by:
651	(i) the governor; or
652	(ii) an impartial hearing examiner appointed by the governor to conduct the hearing.
653	(b) At least 10 days before the hearing described in Subsection (6)(a), the governor shall
654	provide the commissioner notice of:
655	(i) the date, time, and place of the hearing; and
656	(ii) the alleged grounds for the removal.
657	(c) The commissioner shall have an opportunity to:
658	(i) attend the hearing;
659	(ii) present witnesses and other evidence; and
660	(iii) confront and cross examine witnesses.
661	(d) After a hearing under this Subsection (6):
662	(i) the person conducting the hearing shall prepare written findings of fact and
663	conclusions of law; and
664	(ii) the governor shall serve a copy of the prepared findings and conclusions upon the
665	commissioner.
666	(e) If a hearing under this Subsection (6) is held before a hearing examiner, the hearing
667	examiner shall issue a written recommendation to the governor in addition to
668	complying with Subsection (6)(d).
669	(f) A commissioner has five days from the day on which the commissioner receives the
670	findings and conclusions described in Subsection (6)(d) to file written objections to
671	the recommendation before the governor issues a final order.
672	(g) The governor shall:
673	(i) issue the final order under this Subsection (6) in writing; and
674	(ii) serve the final order upon the commissioner.

675	(7) A commissioner may not receive compensation or benefits for the commissioner's
676	service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
677	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
678	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
679	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
680	63A-3-107.
681	(8)(a)(i) The governor shall annually appoint the chair of the commission.
682	(ii) A commissioner serves as chair to the commission at the pleasure of the governor.
683	(iii) If removed as chair, the commissioner continues to serve as a commissioner
684	unless removed as a commissioner under Subsection (6).
685	(b) The commission shall elect:
686	(i) another commissioner to serve as vice chair; and
687	(ii) other commission officers as the commission considers advisable.
688	(c) A commissioner elected under Subsection (8)(b) shall serve in the office to which the
689	commissioner is elected at the pleasure of the commission.
690	(9)(a) Each commissioner has equal voting rights on a commission matter when in
691	attendance at a commission meeting.
692	(b) Four commissioners is a quorum for conducting commission business.
693	(c) A majority vote of the quorum present at a meeting is required for the commission to
694	act.
695	(d) A commissioner shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in
696	Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
697	(10)(a) The commission shall meet at least monthly, but may hold other meetings at
698	times and places as scheduled by:
699	(i) the commission;
700	(ii) the chair; or
701	(iii) three commissioners upon filing a written request for a meeting with the chair.
702	(b)(i) Notice of the time and place of a commission meeting shall be given to each
703	commissioner, and to the public in compliance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and
704	Public Meetings Act.
705	(ii) A commission meeting is open to the public, except for a commission meeting or
706	portion of a commission meeting that is closed by the commission as authorized
707	by Sections 52-4-204 and 52-4-205.
708	Section 13. Section <b>34A-1-205</b> is amended to read:

709	34A-1-205 . Appeals Board Chair Appointment Compensation
710	Qualifications.
711	(1)(a) There is created the Appeals Board within the commission consisting of three
712	members.
713	(b) The board may call and preside at adjudicative proceedings to review an order or
714	decision that is subject to review by the Appeals Board under this title.
715	(2)(a) With the advice and consent of the Senate and in accordance with this section, the
716	governor shall appoint:
717	(i) one member of the board to represent employers; and
718	(ii) one member of the board to represent employees.
719	(b) With the advice and consent of the Senate and in accordance with this section, the
720	governor may appoint:
721	(i) one alternate member of the board to represent employers in the event that the
722	member representing employers is unavailable; or
723	(ii) one alternate member of the board to represent employees in the event that the
724	member representing employees is unavailable.
725	(c) In making the appointments described in this subsection, the governor shall:
726	(i) when appointing a member or alternate member to represent employers, consider
727	nominations from employer organizations;
728	(ii) when appointing a member or alternate member to represent employees, consider
729	nominations from employee organizations;
730	(iii) except as provided in Subsection 67-1-2.5(15)(a), ensure that no more than two
731	members belong to the same political party; and
732	(iv) ensure that an alternate member belongs to the same political party as the
733	member for whom the alternate stands in.
734	(d) The governor shall, at the time of appointment or reappointment, make appointments
735	to the board so that at least two of the members of the board are members of the Utah
736	State Bar in good standing or resigned from the Utah State Bar in good standing.
737	(3)(a) The term of a member and an alternate member shall be six years beginning on
738	March 1 of the year the member or alternate member is appointed, except that the
739	governor shall, at the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of
740	terms to ensure that the terms of members and alternate members are staggered so
741	that one member and alternate member is appointed every two years.
742	(b) The governor may remove a member or alternate member only for inefficiency,

743	neglect of duty, malfeasance or misfeasance in office, or other good and sufficient
744	cause.
745	(c) A member or alternate member shall hold office until a successor is appointed and
746	has qualified.
747	(4) A member and alternate member shall be part-time and receive compensation as
748	provided by Title 63A, Chapter 17, Utah State Personnel Management Act.
749	(5)(a) The chief officer of the board shall be the chair, who shall serve as the executive
750	and administrative head of the board.
751	(b) The governor shall appoint and may remove at will the chair from the position of
752	chair.
753	(6) A majority of the board shall constitute a quorum to transact business.
754	(7)(a) The commission shall provide the Appeals Board necessary staff support, except
755	as provided in Subsection (7)(b).
756	(b) At the request of the Appeals Board, the attorney general shall act as an impartial aid
757	to the Appeals Board in outlining the facts and the issues.
758	Section 14. Section <b>35A-1-205</b> is amended to read:
759	35A-1-205 . Workforce Appeals Board Chair Appointment Compensation
760	Qualifications.
761	(1) There is created the Workforce Appeals Board within the department consisting of one
<ul><li>761</li><li>762</li></ul>	(1) There is created the Workforce Appeals Board within the department consisting of one or more panels to hear and decide appeals from the decision of an administrative law
762	or more panels to hear and decide appeals from the decision of an administrative law
762 763	or more panels to hear and decide appeals from the decision of an administrative law judge.
762 763 764	or more panels to hear and decide appeals from the decision of an administrative law judge.  (2)(a) A panel shall consist of three impartial members appointed by the governor as
762 763 764 765	or more panels to hear and decide appeals from the decision of an administrative law judge.  (2)(a) A panel shall consist of three impartial members appointed by the governor as follows:
762 763 764 765 766	or more panels to hear and decide appeals from the decision of an administrative law judge.  (2)(a) A panel shall consist of three impartial members appointed by the governor as follows:  (i) the board chair, appointed in accordance with Subsection (5);
762 763 764 765 766 767	or more panels to hear and decide appeals from the decision of an administrative law judge.  (2)(a) A panel shall consist of three impartial members appointed by the governor as follows:  (i) the board chair, appointed in accordance with Subsection (5);  (ii) one member appointed to represent employers; and in making this appointment,
762 763 764 765 766 767 768	or more panels to hear and decide appeals from the decision of an administrative law judge.  (2)(a) A panel shall consist of three impartial members appointed by the governor as follows:  (i) the board chair, appointed in accordance with Subsection (5);  (ii) one member appointed to represent employers; and in making this appointment, the governor shall consider nominations from employer organizations; and
762 763 764 765 766 767 768 769	or more panels to hear and decide appeals from the decision of an administrative law judge.  (2)(a) A panel shall consist of three impartial members appointed by the governor as follows:  (i) the board chair, appointed in accordance with Subsection (5);  (ii) one member appointed to represent employers; and in making this appointment, the governor shall consider nominations from employer organizations; and (iii) one member appointed to represent employees; and in making this appointment,
762 763 764 765 766 767 768 769 770	or more panels to hear and decide appeals from the decision of an administrative law judge.  (2)(a) A panel shall consist of three impartial members appointed by the governor as follows:  (i) the board chair, appointed in accordance with Subsection (5);  (ii) one member appointed to represent employers; and in making this appointment, the governor shall consider nominations from employer organizations; and  (iii) one member appointed to represent employees; and in making this appointment, the governor shall consider nominations from employee organizations.
762 763 764 765 766 767 768 769 770	or more panels to hear and decide appeals from the decision of an administrative law judge.  (2)(a) A panel shall consist of three impartial members appointed by the governor as follows:  (i) the board chair, appointed in accordance with Subsection (5);  (ii) one member appointed to represent employers; and in making this appointment, the governor shall consider nominations from employer organizations; and  (iii) one member appointed to represent employees; and in making this appointment, the governor shall consider nominations from employee organizations.  (b) [No] Except as provided in Subsection 67-1-2.5(15)(a), no more than two members of
762 763 764 765 766 767 768 769 770 771	or more panels to hear and decide appeals from the decision of an administrative law judge.  (2)(a) A panel shall consist of three impartial members appointed by the governor as follows:  (i) the board chair, appointed in accordance with Subsection (5);  (ii) one member appointed to represent employers; and in making this appointment, the governor shall consider nominations from employer organizations; and  (iii) one member appointed to represent employees; and in making this appointment, the governor shall consider nominations from employee organizations.  (b) [No] Except as provided in Subsection 67-1-2.5(15)(a), no more than two members of a panel may belong to the same political party.
762 763 764 765 766 767 768 769 770 771 772 773	or more panels to hear and decide appeals from the decision of an administrative law judge.  (2)(a) A panel shall consist of three impartial members appointed by the governor as follows:  (i) the board chair, appointed in accordance with Subsection (5);  (ii) one member appointed to represent employers; and in making this appointment, the governor shall consider nominations from employer organizations; and  (iii) one member appointed to represent employees; and in making this appointment, the governor shall consider nominations from employee organizations.  (b) [No] Except as provided in Subsection 67-1-2.5(15)(a), no more than two members of a panel may belong to the same political party.  (3)(a)(i) The term of a member shall be six years beginning on March 1 of the year

777	one third of the members are appointed every two years.
778	(b) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
779	appointed for the unexpired term.
780	(c) The governor may remove a member for inefficiency, neglect of duty, malfeasance
781	or misfeasance in office, or other good and sufficient cause.
782	(d) A member shall hold office until a successor is appointed and has qualified.
783	(4)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), a member may not receive compensation
784	or benefits for the member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in
785	accordance with:
786	(i) Section 63A-3-106;
787	(ii) Section 63A-3-107; and
788	(iii) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
789	63A-3-107.
790	(b) The member appointed as board chair in accordance with Subsection (5) shall be
791	compensated at an hourly rate determined by the Division of Human Resource
792	Management in accordance with Title 63A, Chapter 17, Utah State Personnel
793	Management Act.
794	(5)(a) The chief officer of the board shall be the chair, who shall serve as the executive
795	and administrative head of the board.
796	(b) The chair shall be appointed by the governor to represent the public and may be
797	removed from that position at the will of the governor.
798	(c) The chair shall be experienced in administration and possess any additional
799	qualifications determined by the governor.
800	(6)(a) The chair shall designate an alternate from a panel appointed under this section:
801	(i) in the absence of a regular member or the chair; or
802	(ii) if the regular member or the chair has a conflict of interest.
803	(b) Each case shall be decided by a full three-member panel.
804	(7) The department shall provide the Workforce Appeals Board necessary staff support,
805	except, the board may employ, retain, or appoint legal counsel.
806	Section 15. Section <b>35A-1-206</b> is amended to read:
807	35A-1-206 . State Workforce Development Board Appointment Membership
808	Terms of members Compensation.
809	(1) There is created within the department the State Workforce Development Board in

accordance with the provisions of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act, 29

811	U.S.C. Sec. 3101 et seq.
812	(2) The board shall consist of the following [38] members:
813	(a) the governor or the governor's designee;
814	[(b) one member of the Senate, appointed by the president of the Senate;]
815	[(e) one representative of the House of Representatives, appointed by the speaker of the
816	House of Representatives;]
817	[(d)] (b) the executive director or the executive director's designee;
818	[(e)] (c) the executive director of the Department of Health and Human Services or the
819	executive director's designee;
820	[(f)] (d) the director of the Utah State Office of Rehabilitation or the director's designee;
821	[(g)] (e) the state superintendent of public instruction or the superintendent's designee;
822	[(h)] (f) the commissioner of higher education or the commissioner's designee;
823	[(i)] (g) the executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity or the
824	executive director's designee;
825	[(j)] (h) the executive director of the Department of Veterans and Military Affairs or the
826	executive director's designee; and
827	[(k)] (i) the following members appointed by the governor:
828	(i) 20 representatives of business in the state, selected among the following:
829	(A) owners of businesses, chief executive or operating officers of businesses, or
830	other business executives or employers with policymaking or hiring authority;
831	(B) representatives of businesses, including small businesses, that provide
832	employment opportunities that include high-quality, work-relevant training and
833	development in in-demand industry sectors or occupations in the state; and
834	(C) representatives of businesses appointed from among individuals nominated by
835	state business organizations or business trade associations;
836	(ii) six representatives of the workforce within the state, which:
837	(A) shall include at least two representatives of labor organizations who have been
838	nominated by state labor federations;
839	(B) shall include at least one representative from a registered apprentice program;
840	(C) may include one or more representatives from a community-based
841	organization that has demonstrated experience and expertise in addressing the
842	employment, training, or educational needs of individuals with barriers to
843	employment; and
844	(D) may include one or more representatives from an organization that has

845	demonstrated experience and expertise in addressing the employment, training,
846	or education needs of eligible youth, including organizations that serve out of
847	school youth; and
848	(iii) two elected officials that represent a city or a county.
849	(3)(a) The governor shall appoint one of the appointed business representatives as chair
850	of the board.
851	(b) The chair shall serve at the pleasure of the governor.
852	(4)(a) The governor shall ensure that members appointed to the board represent diverse
853	geographic areas of the state, including urban, suburban, and rural areas.
854	(b) A member appointed by the governor shall serve a term of four years and may be
855	reappointed to one additional term.
856	(c) A member shall continue to serve until the member's successor has been appointed
857	and qualified.
858	(d) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(e), as terms of board members expire, the
859	governor shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a four-year term.
860	(e) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4)(d), the governor shall, at the
861	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the
862	terms of board members are staggered so that approximately one half of the board is
863	appointed every two years.
864	(f) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
865	appointed for the unexpired term.
866	(g) The executive director shall terminate the term of any governor-appointed member
867	of the board if the member leaves the position that qualified the member for the
868	appointment.
869	(5) A majority of members constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business.
870	(6)[(a)] A member of the board [who is not a legislator ]may not receive compensation
871	or benefits for the member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses as
872	allowed in:
873	[ <del>(i)</del> ] (a) Section 63A-3-106;
874	[ <del>(ii)</del> ] <u>(b)</u> Section 63A-3-107; and
875	[(iii)] (c) rules made by the Division of Finance according to Sections 63A-3-106 and
876	63A-3-107.
877	[(b) Compensation and expenses of a member who is a legislator are governed by
878	Section 36-2-2 and Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Legislative Compensation and

879	Expenses.]
880	(7) The department shall provide staff and administrative support to the board at the
881	direction of the executive director.
882	(8) The board has the duties, responsibilities, and powers described in 29 U.S.C. Sec. 3111,
883	including:
884	(a) identifying opportunities to align initiatives in education, training, workforce
885	development, and economic development;
886	(b) developing and implementing the state workforce services plan described in Section
887	35A-1-207;
888	(c) utilizing strategic partners to ensure the needs of industry are met, including the
889	development of expanded strategies for partnerships for in-demand occupations and
890	understanding and adapting to economic changes;
891	(d) developing strategies for staff training;
892	(e) developing and improving employment centers; and
893	(f) performing other responsibilities within the scope of workforce services as requested
894	by:
895	(i) the Legislature;
896	(ii) the governor; or
897	(iii) the executive director.
898	Section 16. Section 36-2-4 is amended to read:
899	36-2-4. Legislative Compensation Commission created Governor's
900	considerations in appointments Organization and expenses.
901	(1)(a) There is created a state Legislative Compensation Commission composed of
902	seven members appointed by the governor[, not more than four of whom shall be
903	from the same political party].
904	(b) Except as provided in Subsection 67-1-2.5(15)(a), no more than four members of the
905	commission may be a member of the same political party.
906	(2)(a) Except as required by Subsection (2)(b), the members shall be appointed for
907	four-year terms.
908	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (2)(a), the governor shall, at the
909	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the
910	terms of board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board is
911	appointed every two years.
912	(c) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be

913	appointed for the unexpired term in the same manner as the vacated member was
914	chosen.
915	(3) In appointing members of the commission, the governor shall give consideration to
916	achieving representation from the major geographic areas of the state, and representation
917	from a broad cross section of occupational, professional, employee, and management
918	interests.
919	(4) The commission shall select a chair. Four members of the commission shall constitute a
920	quorum. The commission shall not make any final determination without the
921	concurrence of a majority of the commission's members appointed and serving on the
922	commission being present.
923	(5) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but may
924	receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
925	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
926	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
927	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
928	63A-3-107.
929	(6)(a) The commission shall be a citizen commission and no member or employee of the
930	legislative, judicial, or executive branch is eligible for appointment to the
931	commission.
932	(b) The executive director of the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget:
933	(i) shall provide staff to the commission; and
934	(ii) is responsible for administration, budgeting, procurement, and related
935	management functions for the commission.
936	Section 17. Section 40-6-4 is amended to read:
937	40-6-4 . Board of Oil, Gas, and Mining created Functions Appointment of
938	members Terms Chair Quorum Expenses.
939	(1)(a) There is created within the Department of Natural Resources the Board of Oil,
940	Gas, and Mining.
941	(b) The board shall be the policy making body for the Division of Oil, Gas, and Mining.
942	(2)(a) The board shall consist of seven members appointed by the governor with the
943	advice and consent of the Senate in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2,
944	Vacancies.
945	(b) [No] Except as provided in Subsection 67-1-2.5(15)(a), no more than four members
946	of the board shall be from the same political party.

947	(c) In accordance with the requirements of Section 79-2-203, the members appointed
948	under Subsection (2)(a) shall include the following:
949	(i) two members who are knowledgeable in mining matters;
950	(ii) two members who are knowledgeable in oil and gas matters;
951	(iii) one member who is knowledgeable in ecological and environmental matters;
952	(iv) one member who:
953	(A) is a private land owner;
954	(B) owns a mineral or royalty interest; and
955	(C) is knowledgeable in mineral or royalty interests; and
956	(v) one member who is knowledgeable in geological matters.
957	(3)(a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), as terms of current board members
958	expire, the governor shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a
959	four-year term.
960	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the governor shall, at the
961	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the
962	terms of board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board is
963	appointed every two years.
964	(c) A member shall hold office until the expiration of the member's term and until the
965	member's successor is appointed, but not more than 90 days after the expiration of the
966	member's term.
967	(4)(a) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall
968	be appointed for the unexpired term by the governor with the advice and consent of
969	the Senate.
970	(b) The person appointed shall have the same qualifications as the person's predecessor.
971	(5) When the governor makes a new appointment or reappointment under Subsection (3)(a),
972	or a vacancy appointment under Subsection (4)(a), the governor's new appointment,
973	reappointment, or vacancy appointment shall be made with the advice and consent of the
974	Senate in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies.
975	(6)(a) The board shall appoint its chair from the membership.
976	(b) Four members of the board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business
977	and the holding of hearings.
978	(7) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but may
979	receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
980	(a) Section 63A-3-106:

981	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
982	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
983	63A-3-107.
984	(8) A member shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in Title 63G,
985	Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
986	Section 18. Section 51-7-16 is amended to read:
987	51-7-16 . State Money Management Council Members Terms Vacancies
988	Chair and vice chair Executive secretary Meetings Quorum Members' disclosure
989	of interests Per diem and expenses.
990	(1)(a) There is created a State Money Management Council composed of five members
991	appointed or reappointed by the governor after consultation with the state treasurer
992	and with the advice and consent of the Senate in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter
993	24, Part 2, Vacancies.
994	(b) The members of the council shall be qualified by training and experience in the field
995	of investment or finance as follows:
996	(i) at least one member, but not more than two members, shall be experienced in the
997	banking business;
998	(ii) at least one member, but not more than two members, shall be an elected
999	treasurer;
1000	(iii) at least one member, but not more than two members, shall be an appointed
1001	public treasurer; and
1002	(iv) two members, but not more than two members, shall be experienced in the field
1003	of investment.
1004	(c) [No] Except as provided in Subsection 67-1-2.5(15)(a), no more than three members
1005	of the council may be from the same political party.
1006	(2)(a) Except as required by Subsection (2)(b), the council members shall be appointed
1007	for terms of four years.
1008	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (2)(a), the governor shall, at the
1009	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the
1010	terms of council members are staggered so that approximately half of the council is
1011	appointed every two years.
1012	(c) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the governor shall, with
1013	the advice and consent of the Senate in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part
1014	2, Vacancies, appoint a replacement for the unexpired term.

1015	(d) All members shall serve until their successors are appointed and qualified.
1016	(3)(a) The council members shall elect a chair and vice chair.
1017	(b) The state treasurer shall serve as executive secretary of the council without vote.
1018	(4)(a) The council shall meet at least once per quarter at a regular date to be fixed by the
1019	council and at other times at the call of the chair, the state treasurer, or any two
1020	members of the council.
1021	(b) Three members are a quorum for the transaction of business.
1022	(c) Actions of the council require a vote of a majority of those present.
1023	(d) All meetings of the council and records of its proceedings are open for inspection by
1024	the public at the state treasurer's office during regular business hours except for:
1025	(i) reports of the commissioner of financial institutions concerning the identity,
1026	liquidity, or financial condition of qualified depositories and the amount of public
1027	funds each is eligible to hold; and
1028	(ii) reports of the director concerning the identity, liquidity, or financial condition of
1029	certified dealers.
1030	(5)(a) Each member of the council shall file a sworn or written statement with the
1031	lieutenant governor that discloses any position or employment or ownership interest
1032	that the member has in any financial institution or investment organization.
1033	(b) Each member shall file the statement required by this Subsection (5) when the
1034	member becomes a member of the council and when substantial changes in the
1035	member's position, employment, or ownership interests occur.
1036	(c) Each member shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in Title
1037	63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
1038	(6) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but may
1039	receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
1040	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
1041	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
1042	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
1043	63A-3-107.
1044	Section 19. Section <b>53B-34-110</b> is amended to read:
1045	53B-34-110 . Talent advisory councils.
1046	(1) As used in this section:
1047	(a) "Advisory council" means an advisory council the talent board creates under
1048	Subsection (10).

1049	(b) "Institution of higher education" means the same as the term is defined in Section
1050	53B-1-102.
1051	(c) "Talent initiative" means an initiative the board creates under Subsection (2).
1052	(2)(a) Subject to legislative appropriations and in accordance with the proposal process
1053	and other provisions of this section, the board shall develop and oversee one or more
1054	talent initiatives that include providing funding for expanded programs at an
1055	institution of higher education related to the talent initiative.
1056	(b) The board shall ensure that a talent initiative the board creates:
1057	(i) uses a name for the talent initiative that reflects the area the initiative is targeting;
1058	(ii) contains an outline of the disciplines, industries, degrees, certifications,
1059	credentials, and types of skills the talent initiative will target; and
1060	(iii) uses a corresponding advisory council created in Subsection (10).
1061	(3) In creating a talent initiative, the board shall facilitate collaborations between an
1062	institution of higher education and participating employers that:
1063	(a) create expanded, multidisciplinary programs or stackable credential programs offered
1064	at a technical college, undergraduate, or graduate level of study; and
1065	(b) prepare students to be workforce participants in jobs requiring skills related to a
1066	talent initiative.
1067	(4)(a) An institution of higher education seeking to partner with one or more
1068	participating employers to create a program related to a talent initiative shall submit a
1069	proposal to the talent board through a process the talent board creates.
1070	(b) An institution of higher education shall submit a proposal that contains:
1071	(i) a description of the proposed program, including:
1072	(A) implementation timelines for the program;
1073	(B) a demonstration of how the program will be responsive to the talent needs
1074	related to the talent initiative;
1075	(C) an outline of relevant industry involvement that includes at least one
1076	participating employer that partners with the institution of higher education; and
1077	(D) an explanation of how the program addresses an unmet regional workforce
1078	need related to a talent initiative;
1079	(ii) an estimate of:
1080	(A) projected student enrollment and completion rates for a program;
1081	(B) the academic credit or credentials that a program will provide; and
1082	(C) occupations for which a graduate will qualify:

1083	(iii) evidence that each participating employer is committed to participating and
1084	contributing to the program by providing any combination of:
1085	(A) instruction;
1086	(B) curriculum review;
1087	(C) feedback regarding effectiveness of program graduates as employees;
1088	(D) work-based learning opportunities; or
1089	(E) mentoring;
1090	(iv) a description of any resources a participating employer will provide within the
1091	program; and
1092	(v) the amount of funding requested for the program, including:
1093	(A) the justification for the funding; and
1094	(B) the cost per student served as estimated under Subsection (4)(b)(ii).
1095	(5) In reviewing a proposal, the talent board shall provide a proposal to the relevant
1096	advisory council described in Subsections (10) and (11).
1097	(6) The relevant advisory council shall:
1098	(a) review and prioritize each proposal the advisory council receives; and
1099	(b) recommend to the talent board whether the proposal should be funded and the
1100	funding amount based on:
1101	(i) the quality and completeness of the elements of the proposal described in
1102	Subsection (4)(b);
1103	(ii) to what extent the proposed program:
1104	(A) would expand the capacity to meet state or regional workforce needs related
1105	to the talent initiative;
1106	(B) would integrate industry-relevant competencies with disciplinary expertise;
1107	(C) would incorporate internships or significant project experiences, including
1108	team-based experiences;
1109	(D) identifies how industry professionals would participate in elements described
1110	in Subsection (4)(b)(iii); and
1111	(E) would be cost effective; and
1112	(iii) other relevant criteria as the relevant advisory council and the talent board
1113	determines.
1114	(7) The board shall review the recommendations of an advisory council and may provide
1115	funding for a program related to a talent initiative using the criteria described in
1116	Subsection (6)(b).

1117	(8) In a form that the board approves, each institution of higher education that receives
1118	funding shall annually provide written information to the board regarding the activities,
1119	successes, and challenges related to administering the program related to the talent
1120	initiative, including:
1121	(a) specific entities that received funding under this section;
1122	(b) the amount of funding provided to each entity;
1123	(c) the number of participating students in each program;
1124	(d) the number of graduates of the program;
1125	(e) the number of graduates of the program employed in jobs requiring skills related to
1126	the talent initiative; and
1127	(f) progress and achievements relevant to the implementation timeline submitted under
1128	Subsection $(4)(b)(i)(A)$ .
1129	(9) On or before October 1 of each year, the board shall provide an annual written report
1130	containing the information described in Subsection (8) to the:
1131	(a) Education Interim Committee; and
1132	(b) Higher Education Appropriations Subcommittee.
1133	(10) The talent board shall create a talent advisory council for each talent initiative created
1134	under Subsection (2) to make recommendations to the board regarding the
1135	administration of a talent initiative including:
1136	(a) a deep technology initiative;
1137	(b) a life sciences workforce initiative; and
1138	(c) health professions initiatives including a nursing initiative.
1139	(11) An advisory council shall consist of the following members:
1140	(a) four members who have extensive experience in the talent initiative's subject matter
1141	from the private sector whom the chair of the talent board appoints and the board
1142	approves;
1143	(b) a representative of the board described in Section 53B-1-402 whom the chair of the
1144	board appoints;
1145	(c) a representative of the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity whom the
1146	executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity appoints;
1147	(d) a representative from Talent Ready Utah; and
1148	[(e) one member of the Senate whom the president of the Senate appoints;]
1149	[(f) one member of the House of Representatives whom the speaker of the House of
1150	Representatives appoints; and]

1151	$\left[\frac{g}{g}\right]$ (e) any other specialized industry experts whom a majority of the advisory council
1152	may invite to participate as needed as nonvoting members.
1153	(12) Talent Ready Utah shall provide staff support for an advisory council.
1154	(13)(a) Two advisory council members appointed under Subsection (11)(a) shall serve
1155	an initial term of two years.
1156	(b) Except as described in Subsection (13)(a), all other advisory council members shall
1157	serve an initial term of four years.
1158	(c) Successor advisory council members upon appointment or reappointment shall each
1159	serve a term of four years.
1160	(d) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the initial appointing
1161	authority shall appoint a replacement for the unexpired term.
1162	(e) An advisory council member may not serve more than two consecutive terms.
1163	(14) A vote of a majority of the advisory council members constitutes an action of the
1164	advisory council.
1165	(15) The duties of the advisory council include reviewing, prioritizing, and making
1166	recommendations to the board regarding proposals for funding under the talent initiative
1167	created in accordance with Subsection (2) for which the council was created.
1168	(16) An advisory council member may not receive compensation or benefits for the
1169	member's service, but [an advisory council member who is not a legislator ]may receive
1170	per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
1171	(a) Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107; and
1172	(b) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
1173	63A-3-107.
1174	(17) The board may discontinue a talent initiative and the related talent advisory council by
1175	majority vote.
1176	Section 20. Section <b>54-10a-202</b> is amended to read:
1177	54-10a-202 . Committee of Consumer Services.
1178	(1)(a) There is created within the office a committee known as the "Committee of
1179	Consumer Services."
1180	(b) A member of the committee shall maintain the member's principal residence within
1181	Utah.
1182	(2)(a) The governor shall appoint five members to the committee subject to Subsection
1183	(3).
1184	(b) Except as required by Subsection (2)(c), as terms of current committee members

1185	expire, the governor shall appoint a new member or reappointed member to a
1186	four-year term.
1187	(c) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (2)(b), the governor shall, at the
1188	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the
1189	terms of committee members are staggered so that approximately half of the
1190	committee is appointed every two years.
1191	(d) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the governor shall appoint
1192	a replacement for the unexpired term.
1193	(3) Members of the committee shall represent the following consumer interests:
1194	(a) one member shall be an individual with experience and understanding of issues
1195	affecting low-income residents;
1196	(b) one member shall be a retired person;
1197	(c) one member shall be an individual with experience and understanding of issues
1198	affecting small commercial consumers;
1199	(d) one member shall be a farmer or rancher who uses electric power to pump water in
1200	the member's farming or ranching operation; and
1201	(e) one member shall be a residential consumer.
1202	(4)(a) [No] Except as provided in Subsection 67-1-2.5(15)(a), no more than three
1203	members of the committee may be from the same political party.
1204	(b) Subject to Subsection (3), for a member of the committee appointed on or after May
1205	12, 2009, the governor shall appoint, to the extent possible, an individual with
1206	expertise or experience in:
1207	(i) public utility matters related to consumers;
1208	(ii) economics;
1209	(iii) accounting;
1210	(iv) financing;
1211	(v) engineering; or
1212	(vi) public utilities law.
1213	(5) The governor shall designate one member as chair of the committee.
1214	(6) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but may
1215	receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
1216	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
1217	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
1218	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and

1219	63A-3-107.
1220	(7)(a) The committee may hold monthly meetings.
1221	(b) The committee may hold other meetings, at the times and places the chair and a
1222	majority of the committee determine.
1223	(8)(a) Three members of the committee constitute a quorum of the committee.
1224	(b) A majority of members voting when a quorum is present constitutes an action of the
1225	committee.
1226	Section 21. Section <b>63H-8-201</b> is amended to read:
1227	63H-8-201 . Creation Trustees Terms Vacancies Chair Powers
1228	Quorum Per diem and expenses Annual conflict of interest disclosure statement
1229	Penalties.
1230	(1)(a) There is created an independent body politic and corporate, constituting a public
1231	corporation, known as the "Utah Housing Corporation."
1232	(b) The corporation may also be known and do business as the:
1233	(i) Utah Housing Finance Association; and
1234	(ii) Utah Housing Finance Agency in connection with a contract entered into when
1235	that was the corporation's legal name.
1236	(c) No other entity may use the names described in Subsections (1)(a) and (b) without
1237	the express approval of the corporation.
1238	(2) The corporation is governed by a board of trustees composed of the following nine
1239	trustees:
1240	(a) the executive director of the Department of Workforce Services or the executive
1241	director's designee;
1242	(b) the commissioner of the Department of Financial Institutions or the commissioner's
1243	designee;
1244	(c) the state treasurer or the treasurer's designee; and
1245	(d) six public trustees, who are private citizens of the state, as follows:
1246	(i) two people who represent the mortgage lending industry;
1247	(ii) two people who represent the home building and real estate industry; and
1248	(iii) two people who represent the public at large.
1249	(3) The governor shall:
1250	(a) appoint the six public trustees of the corporation with the advice and consent of the
1251	Senate in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies; and
1252	(b) ensure that:

1286

(i) the six public trustees are from different counties and are residents of the state; and
(ii) [not] except as provided in Subsection 67-1-2.5(15)(a), no more than three of the
public trustees are members of the same political party.
(4)(a) Except as required by Subsection (4)(b), the governor shall appoint the six public
trustees to terms of office of four years each.
(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4)(a), the governor shall, at the
time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the
terms of corporation trustees are staggered so that approximately half of the board is
appointed every two years.
(5)(a) A public trustee of the corporation may be removed from office for cause either
by the governor or by an affirmative vote of six trustees of the corporation.
(b) When a vacancy occurs in the board of trustees for any reason, the replacement shall
be appointed for the unexpired term.
(c) A public trustee shall hold office for the term of appointment and until the trustee's
successor has been appointed and qualified.
(d) A public trustee is eligible for reappointment but may not serve more than two full
consecutive terms.
(6)(a) The governor shall select the chair of the corporation.
(b) The trustees shall elect from among their number a vice chair and other officers they
may determine.
(7)(a) Five trustees of the corporation constitute a quorum for transaction of business.
(b) An affirmative vote of at least five trustees is necessary for any action to be taken by
the corporation.
(c) A vacancy in the board of trustees does not impair the right of a quorum to exercise
all rights and perform all duties of the corporation.
(8) A trustee may not receive compensation or benefits for the trustee's service, but may
receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
(a) Section 63A-3-106;
(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
(c) rules made by the Division of Finance according to Sections 63A-3-106 and
63A-3-107.
(9) A trustee shall, no sooner than January 1 and no later than January 31 of each year
during which the trustee holds office on the board of trustees:

(a) prepare a written conflict of interest disclosure statement that contains a response to

1287	each item of information described in Subsection 20A-11-1604(6); and
1288	(b) submit the written disclosure statement to the administrator or clerk of the board of
1289	trustees.
1290	(10)(a) No later than 10 business days after the date on which the trustee submits the
1291	written disclosure statement described in Subsection (9) to the administrator or clerk
1292	of the board of trustees, the administrator or clerk shall:
1293	(i) post a copy of the written disclosure statement on the corporation's website; and
1294	(ii) provide the lieutenant governor with a link to the electronic posting described in
1295	Subsection (10)(a)(i).
1296	(b) The administrator or clerk shall ensure that the trustee's written disclosure statement
1297	remains posted on the corporation's website until the trustee leaves office.
1298	(11) The administrator or clerk of the board of trustees shall take the action described in
1299	Subsection (12) if:
1300	(a) a trustee fails to timely file the written disclosure statement described in Subsection
1301	(9); or
1302	(b) a submitted written disclosure statement does not comply with the requirements of
1303	Subsection 20A-11-1604(6).
1304	(12) If a circumstance described in Subsection (11) occurs, the administrator or clerk of the
1305	board of trustees shall, within five days after the day on which the administrator or clerk
1306	determines that a violation occurred, notify the trustee of the violation and direct the
1307	trustee to submit an amended written disclosure statement correcting the problem.
1308	(13)(a) It is unlawful for a trustee to fail to submit or amend a written disclosure
1309	statement within seven days after the day on which the trustee receives the notice
1310	described in Subsection (12).
1311	(b) A trustee who violates Subsection (13)(a) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
1312	(c) The administrator or clerk of the board of trustees shall report a violation of
1313	Subsection (13)(a) to the attorney general.
1314	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (13)(b), the administrator
1315	or clerk of the board of trustees shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against a member
1316	who violates Subsection (13)(a).
1317	(14) The administrator or clerk of the board shall deposit a fine collected under this section
1318	into the corporation's account to pay for the costs of administering this section.
1319	(15) In addition to the written disclosure statement described in Subsection (9), a trustee
1320	described in Subsection (2)(d) shall also comply with the conflict of interest provisions

1321	described in Section 63G-24-301.
1322	Section 22. Section <b>63M-15-201</b> is amended to read:
1323	63M-15-201 . Composition Appointments Terms Removal.
1324	(1) There is created within the governor's office the ["]Utah Marriage Commission.["]
1325	[(2) The commission comprises at least 10 members but no more than 30 members,
1326	appointed as follows:]
1327	[(a) the president of the Senate shall appoint two members of the Senate;]
1328	[(b) the speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint two members of the
1329	House of Representatives;]
1330	[(e)] (2) [the-] The governor, or commission leadership under Section 63M-15-202, shall
1331	appoint up to 28 commission members that:
1332	[(i)] (a) may come from the following groups:
1333	[(A)] (i) non-profit organizations or governmental agencies;
1334	[(B)] (ii) social workers who are, or have been, licensed under Title 58, Chapter 60,
1335	Part 2, Social Worker Licensing Act;
1336	[(C)] (iii) psychologists who are, or have been, licensed under Title 58, Chapter 61,
1337	Psychologist Licensing Act;
1338	[(D)] (iv) physicians who are, or have been, board certified in psychiatry and are, or
1339	have been, licensed under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, or
1340	Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act;
1341	[(E)] (v) marriage and family therapists who are, or have been, licensed under Title
1342	58, Chapter 60, Part 3, Marriage and Family Therapist Licensing Act;
1343	[ <del>(F)</del> ] <u>(vi)</u> representatives of faith communities;
1344	[ <del>(G)</del> ] <u>(vii)</u> public health professionals;
1345	[(H)] (viii) representatives of domestic violence prevention organizations;
1346	[(1)] (ix) academics from marriage and family studies departments, social or
1347	behavioral sciences departments, health sciences departments, colleges of law, or
1348	other related and supporting departments at institutions of higher education in this
1349	state;
1350	[(J)] (x) the general public;
1351	[(K)] (xi) individuals with marketing or public relations experience; and
1352	[(L)] (xii) legal professionals; or
1353	[(ii)] (b) have skills or expertise the commission requires to fulfill the commission's
1354	duties described in Section 63M-15-204.

1355	(3)(a) An individual appointed under Subsection $[(2)(e)]$ (2) shall serve for a term of four
1356	years.
1357	(b) If approved by the commission, an individual may be appointed for subsequent terms.
1358	(c) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
1359	appointed by the applicable appointing authority for the remainder of the unexpired
1360	term of the original appointment.
1361	(d) Upon majority vote within commission leadership, commission leadership may
1362	remove a member of the commission if the member is unable to serve.
1363	(e) Commission leadership may appoint as many non-voting members as necessary if
1364	the individuals appointed have skills or expertise related to the commission's duties,
1365	described in Section 63M-15-204.
1366	Section 23. Section 63N-7-201 is amended to read:
1367	63N-7-201 . Board of Tourism created Members Meetings Expenses.
1368	(1) There is created within the tourism office the Board of Tourism Development.
1369	(2)(a) The board shall consist of 15 members appointed or reappointed by the governor
1370	to four-year terms with the advice and consent of the Senate.
1371	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (2)(a), the governor shall, at the
1372	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the
1373	terms of board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board is
1374	appointed every two years.
1375	(3) The members may not serve more than two full consecutive terms unless the governor
1376	determines that an additional term is in the best interest of the state.
1377	(4) [Not] Except as provided in Subsection 67-1-2.5(15)(a), no more than eight members of
1378	the board may be from the same political party.
1379	(5)(a) The members shall be representative of:
1380	(i) all areas of the state with six being appointed from separate geographical areas as
1381	provided in Subsection (5)(b); and
1382	(ii) a diverse mix of business ownership or executive management of tourism related
1383	industries.
1384	(b) The geographical representatives shall be appointed as follows:
1385	(i) one member from Salt Lake, Tooele, or Morgan County;
1386	(ii) one member from Davis, Weber, Box Elder, Cache, or Rich County;
1387	(iii) one member from Utah, Summit, Juab, or Wasatch County;
1388	(iv) one member from Carbon, Emery, Grand, Duchesne, Daggett, or Uintah County;

1389	(v) one member from San Juan, Piute, Wayne, Garfield, or Kane County; and
1390	(vi) one member from Washington, Iron, Beaver, Sanpete, Sevier, or Millard County
1391	(c) The tourism industry representatives of ownership or executive management shall be
1392	appointed as follows:
1393	(i) one member from ownership or executive management of the lodging industry, as
1394	recommended by the tourism industry for the governor's consideration;
1395	(ii) one member from ownership or executive management of the restaurant industry
1396	as recommended by the restaurant industry for the governor's consideration;
1397	(iii) one member from ownership or executive management of the ski industry, as
1398	recommended by the ski industry for the governor's consideration; and
1399	(iv) one member from ownership or executive management of a tourism-related
1400	transportation provider, as recommended by the tourism industry for the
1401	governor's consideration.
1402	(d) One member shall be appointed at large from ownership or executive management of
1403	business, finance, economic policy, or the academic media marketing community.
1404	(e) One member shall be appointed from the Utah Tourism Industry Association, as
1405	recommended by the association for the governor's consideration.
1406	(f) One member shall be appointed to represent the state's counties, as recommended by
1407	the Utah Association of Counties for the governor's consideration.
1408	(g) One member shall be appointed from an arts and cultural organization, as
1409	recommended by the arts and cultural community for the governor's consideration.
1410	(h) One member shall be appointed to represent the outdoor recreation industry, as
1411	recommended by the outdoor recreation industry for the governor's consideration.
1412	(i)(i) The governor may choose to disregard a recommendation made for the board
1413	members described in Subsections (5)(c), (e), and (f) through (h).
1414	(ii) The governor shall request additional recommendations if recommendations are
1415	disregarded under Subsection (5)(i)(i).
1416	(6) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the governor shall, with the
1417	advice and consent of the Senate, appoint a replacement for the unexpired term from the
1418	same geographic area or industry representation as the member whose office was
1419	vacated.
1420	(7) Eight members of the board constitute a quorum for conducting board business and
1421	exercising board powers.
1422	(8) The governor shall select one of the board members as chair and one of the board

1423	members as vice chair, each for a four-year term as recommended by the board for the
1424	governor's consideration.
1425	(9) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but may
1426	receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
1427	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
1428	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
1429	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
1430	(10) The board shall meet monthly or as often as the board determines to be necessary at
1431	various locations throughout the state.
1432	(11) Members who may have a potential conflict of interest in consideration of fund
1433	allocation decisions shall identify the potential conflict prior to voting on the issue.
1434	(12)(a) The board shall determine attendance requirements for maintaining a designated
1435	board seat.
1436	(b) If a board member fails to attend according to the requirements established pursuant
1437	to Subsection (12)(a), the board member shall be replaced upon written certification
1438	from the board chair or vice chair to the governor.
1439	(c) A replacement appointed by the governor under Subsection (12)(b) shall serve for
1440	the remainder of the board member's unexpired term.
1441	(13)(a) The board's office shall be in Salt Lake City.
1442	(b) The tourism office shall provide staff support to the board.
1443	Section 24. Section <b>67-1-2.5</b> is amended to read:
1444	67-1-2.5 . Executive boards Database Governor's review of new boards
1445	Creation of boards and commissions Inactive boards.
1446	(1) As used in this section:
1447	(a) "Administrator" means the boards and commissions administrator designated under
1448	Subsection (3).
1449	(b) "Executive board" means an executive branch board, commission, council,
1450	committee, working group, task force, study group, advisory group, or other body:
1451	(i) with a defined limited membership;
1452	(ii) that is created by the constitution, by statute, by executive order, by the governor,
1453	lieutenant governor, attorney general, state auditor, or state treasurer or by the
1454	head of a department, division, or other administrative subunit of the executive
1455	branch of state government; and
1456	(iii) that is created to operate for more than six months.

1457	(c) "Inactive board" means a board that does not need to function at the present time, but
1458	may need to function in the future.
1459	(d) "Interim committee" means the same as that term is defined in Legislative Joint
1460	Rules, Title 7, Chapter 1, Part 2, Creation and Organization of Legislative
1461	Committees.
1462	(2)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), before August 1 of the calendar year
1463	following the year in which a new executive board is created in statute, the governor
1464	shall:
1465	(i) review the executive board to evaluate:
1466	(A) whether the executive board accomplishes a substantial governmental interest;
1467	and
1468	(B) whether it is necessary for the executive board to continue to exist;
1469	(ii) in the governor's review described in Subsection (2)(a)(i), consider:
1470	(A) the funding required for the executive board;
1471	(B) the staffing resources required for the executive board;
1472	(C) the time members of the executive board are required to commit to serve on
1473	the executive board; and
1474	(D) whether the responsibilities of the executive board could reasonably be
1475	accomplished through an existing entity or without statutory direction; and
1476	(iii) submit a report to the Government Operations Interim Committee recommending
1477	that the Legislature:
1478	(A) repeal the executive board;
1479	(B) add a sunset provision or future repeal date to the executive board;
1480	(C) make other changes to make the executive board more efficient; or
1481	(D) make no changes to the executive board.
1482	(b) In conducting the evaluation described in Subsection (2)(a), the governor shall give
1483	deference to:
1484	(i) reducing the size of government; and
1485	(ii) making governmental programs more efficient and effective.
1486	(c) The governor is not required to conduct the review or submit the report described in
1487	Subsection (2)(a) for an executive board that is scheduled for repeal under Title 63I,
1488	Chapter 1, Legislative Oversight and Sunset Act, or Title 63I, Chapter 2, Repeal
1489	Dates by Title Act.
1490	(3)(a) The governor shall designate a board and commissions administrator from the

1491	governor's staff to maintain a computerized database containing information about all
1492	executive boards.
1493	(b) The administrator shall ensure that the database contains:
1494	(i) the name of each executive board;
1495	(ii) the current statutory or constitutional authority for the creation of the executive
1496	board;
1497	(iii) the sunset date on which each executive board's statutory authority expires;
1498	(iv) the state officer or department and division of state government under whose
1499	jurisdiction the executive board operates or with which the executive board is
1500	affiliated, if any;
1501	(v) the name, address, gender, telephone number, and county of each individual
1502	currently serving on the executive board, along with a notation of all vacant or
1503	unfilled positions;
1504	(vi) the title of the position held by the person who appointed each member of the
1505	executive board;
1506	(vii) the length of the term to which each member of the executive board was
1507	appointed and the month and year that each executive board member's term
1508	expires;
1509	(viii) whether members appointed to the executive board require the advice and
1510	consent of the Senate;
1511	(ix) the organization, interest group, profession, local government entity, or
1512	geographic area that an individual appointed to an executive board represents, if
1513	any;
1514	(x) the party affiliation of an individual appointed to an executive board, if the statute
1515	or executive order creating the position requires representation from political
1516	parties;
1517	(xi) whether each executive board is a policy board or an advisory board;
1518	(xii) whether the executive board has or exercises rulemaking authority, or is a
1519	rulemaking board as defined in Section 63G-24-102; and
1520	(xiii) any compensation and expense reimbursement that members of the executive
1521	board are authorized to receive.
1522	(4) The administrator shall ensure the governor's website includes:
1523	(a) the information contained in the database, except for an individual's:
1524	(i) physical address;

1525	(ii) email address; and
1526	(iii) telephone number;
1527	(b) a portal, accessible on each executive board's web page within the governor's
1528	website, through which a member of the public may provide input on:
1529	(i) an individual appointed to serve on the executive board; or
1530	(ii) a sitting member of the executive board;
1531	(c) each report the administrator receives under Subsection (5); and
1532	(d) the summary report described in Subsection (6).
1533	(5)(a) Before August 1, in each even-numbered year, each executive board shall prepare
1534	and submit to the administrator a report that includes:
1535	(i) the name of the executive board;
1536	(ii) a description of the executive board's official function and purpose;
1537	(iii) a description of the actions taken by the executive board since the last report the
1538	executive board submitted to the administrator under this Subsection (5);
1539	(iv) recommendations on whether any statutory, rule, or other changes are needed to
1540	make the executive board more effective; and
1541	(v) an indication of whether the executive board should continue to exist.
1542	(b) The administrator shall compile and post the reports described in Subsection (5)(a) to
1543	the governor's website before September 1 of a calendar year in which the
1544	administrator receives a report described in Subsection (5)(a).
1545	(6)(a) Before September 1 of a calendar year in which the administrator receives a report
1546	described in Subsection (5)(a), the administrator shall prepare a report that includes:
1547	(i) as of July 1 of that year, the total number of executive boards that exist;
1548	(ii) a summary of the reports submitted to the administrator under Subsection (5),
1549	including:
1550	(A) a list of each executive board that submitted a report under Subsection (5);
1551	(B) a list of each executive board that failed to timely submit a report under
1552	Subsection (5);
1553	(C) an indication of any recommendations made under Subsection (5)(a)(iv);
1554	(D) a list of any executive boards that indicated under Subsection (5)(a)(v) that the
1555	executive board should no longer exist; and
1556	(E) a recommendation regarding whether the administrator recommends the
1557	executive board should continue to exist; and
1558	(iii) a list of each executive board, identified and reported by the Division of

1559	Archives and Record Services under Section 63A-16-601, that did not post a
1560	notice of a public meeting on the Utah Public Notice Website during the previous
1561	fiscal year.
1562	(b) On or before September 1 of a calendar year in which the administrator prepares a
1563	report described in Subsection (6)(a), in accordance with Section 68-3-14, the
1564	administrator shall submit the report to:
1565	(i) the president of the Senate;
1566	(ii) the speaker of the House of Representatives; and
1567	(iii) the Government Operations Interim Committee.
1568	(c)(i) Within 60 days after the day on which an executive board fails to timely submit
1569	a report under Subsection (5), a legislative interim committee shall conduct a
1570	review to determine whether to recommend repeal of the executive board.
1571	(ii) The Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall notify the chairs of
1572	an interim committee whose subject area most closely relates to an executive
1573	board described in Subsection (6)(c)(i) of:
1574	(A) the name of the board;
1575	(B) information regarding the function of the board; and
1576	(C) the deadline by which the interim committee is required to conduct a review
1577	described in Subsection $(6)(c)(i)$ .
1578	(iii) If there is not an interim committee with a subject area relating to the executive
1579	board, or if the interim committee described in Subsection (6)(c)(ii) is unable to
1580	timely conduct the review described in Subsection (6)(c), the Government
1581	Operations Interim Committee shall conduct the review.
1582	(iv) If an interim committee recommends that an executive board described in
1583	Subsection (6)(c)(i) be repealed, the Office of Legislative Research and General
1584	Counsel shall draft a bill repealing the executive board.
1585	(7) The Legislature may not create an executive board except through a bill that receives a
1586	favorable recommendation by unanimous vote of an interim committee.
1587	(8) Except for an executive board created by the Utah Constitution, an interim committee
1588	may determine that an executive board is an inactive board and recommend that the
1589	governor deactivate the executive board.
1590	(9) Except for an executive board created by the Utah Constitution, an interim committee
1591	may recommend that the governor reactivate a deactivated executive board.
1592	(10) If an interim committee recommends that the governor deactivate or reactivate an

1593	executive board, the chairs of the interim committee shall submit a written notice
1594	identifying the name of the executive board and the reason for the recommendation to:
1595	(a) the governor;
1596	(b) the chairs of the Legislative Management Committee;
1597	(c) the administrator, as defined in Section 67-1-2.5; and
1598	(d) the executive branch agency that oversees the board.
1599	(11) Except for an executive board created by the Utah Constitution, the Legislature may
1600	deactivate or reactivate an executive board by concurrent resolution.
1601	(12)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (12)(c), the governor may determine that an
1602	executive board is an inactive board:
1603	(i) in response to the recommendation of an interim committee; or
1604	(ii) based on the governor's own determination.
1605	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (12)(c), if the governor determines that an
1606	executive board is an inactive board, the governor may deactivate the executive board.
1607	(c) The governor may not deactivate an executive board if:
1608	(i) the executive board is created by the Utah Constitution;
1609	(ii) within the previous one-year period, the Legislature created the executive board,
1610	reauthorized the executive board, or, by concurrent resolution, reactivated the
1611	executive board; or
1612	(iii) the board is created by a statute that expressly prohibits the governor from
1613	deactivating the executive board.
1614	(d) An executive board that the governor deactivates under Subsection (12)(b), or that
1615	the Legislature deactivates by concurrent resolution, may not take an action or fulfill
1616	a duty that the executive board is otherwise statutorily authorized to take or fulfill.
1617	(13)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (13)(c), the governor may determine that a
1618	deactivated executive board should be reactivated.
1619	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (13)(c), if the governor determines that a
1620	deactivated executive board should be reactivated, the governor may reactivate the
1621	executive board.
1622	(c) The governor may not reactivate an executive board if:
1623	(i) within the previous one-year period, the Legislature deactivated the executive
1624	board by concurrent resolution; or
1625	(ii) the board is created by a statute that expressly prohibits the governor from
1626	reactivating the executive board.

1627	(d) An executive board that the governor reactivates under Subsection (13)(b), or that
1628	the Legislature reactivates by concurrent resolution, may take an action or fulfill a
1629	duty that the executive board is statutorily authorized to take or fulfill.
1630	(14) Before the governor deactivates or reactivates an executive board under this section,
1631	the governor shall submit a written notice identifying the name of the board and the
1632	reason the governor has determined to deactivate or reactivate the executive board to:
1633	(a) the chairs of the Legislative Management Committee;
1634	(b) the chairs of the Government Operations Interim Committee;
1635	(c) the administrator, as defined in Section 67-1-2.5; and
1636	(d) the executive branch agency that oversees the board.
1637	(15)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (15)(b), if the governor is prohibited from
1638	appointing more than a certain number of individuals to an executive board who are
1639	members of the same political party, the governor may appoint more than that
1640	number if, before making the appointment, the governor first consults with the
1641	minority leader of the House of Representatives and the minority leader of the Senate
1642	to determine if there are other individuals the governor may consider appointing to
1643	the executive board.
1644	(b) Subsection (15)(a) does not apply to:
1645	(i) the Public Service Commission created in Section 54-1-1; or
1646	(ii) an executive board that is required to have a legislator as a member.
1647	Section 25. Section 67-8-4 is amended to read:
1648	67-8-4 . State Elected Official and Judicial Compensation Commission created
1649	Composition Appointment Terms Organization Vacancies Quorum
1650	Compensation Staff.
1651	(1) There is created a state Elected Official and Judicial Compensation Commission
1652	comprised of six members[, not more than three of whom may be from the same
1653	political party,] appointed as follows:
1654	(a) one member appointed by the governor;
1655	(b) one member appointed by the president of the Senate;
1656	(c) one member appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives;
1657	(d) two members appointed by the other three appointed members; and
1658	(e) one member appointed by the State Bar Commission.
1659	(2)(a) Except as required by Subsection (2)(b), all persons appointed to the commission
1660	shall serve four-year terms or until their successors are duly appointed and qualified.

1661	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (2)(a), the appointing authority
1662	shall, at the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to
1663	ensure that the terms of commission members are staggered so that approximately
1664	half of the commission is appointed every two years.
1665	(3)(a) The commission shall select a chair and a vice chair from opposite political parties
1666	at its first meeting.
1667	(b) Four members of the commission constitute a quorum.
1668	(c) The action of a majority of a quorum constitutes the action of the commission.
1669	(4) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
1670	appointed for the unexpired term.
1671	(5) An individual may not serve as a member of the commission if the individual is a
1672	member or employee of the legislative branch, judicial branch, or executive branch.
1673	(6) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but may
1674	receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
1675	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
1676	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
1677	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
1678	63A-3-107.
1679	(7) A nonpartisan office of the Legislature, selected by the president of the Senate and the
1680	speaker of the House of Representatives, shall staff the commission.
1681	Section 26. Section <b>73-10-2</b> is amended to read:
1682	73-10-2 . Board of Water Resources Members Appointment Terms
1683	Vacancies.
1684	(1)(a) The Board of Water Resources shall be comprised of nine members to be
1685	appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the Senate in accordance
1686	with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies.
1687	(b) [In addition to the requirements of Section 79-2-203, not] Except as provided in
1688	Subsection 67-1-2.5(15)(a), no more than five members of the board shall be from
1689	the same political party.
1690	(2) [The] Subject to Section 79-2-203, the Board of Water Resources shall consist of:
1691	(a) one member appointed from each of the following districts:
1692	(i) Bear River District, comprising the counties of Box Elder, Cache, and Rich;
1693	(ii) Weber District, comprising the counties of Weber, Davis, Morgan, and Summit;
1694	(iii) Salt Lake District, comprising the counties of Salt Lake and Tooele;

1695	(iv) Provo River District, comprising the counties of Juab, Utah, and Wasatch;
1696	(v) Sevier River District, comprising the counties of Millard, Sanpete, Sevier, Piute,
1697	and Wayne;
1698	(vi) Green River District, comprising the counties of Daggett, Duchesne, and Uintah;
1699	(vii) Upper Colorado River District, comprising the counties of Carbon, Emery,
1700	Grand, and San Juan; and
1701	(viii) Lower Colorado River District, comprising the counties of Beaver, Garfield,
1702	Iron, Washington, and Kane; and
1703	(b) one member that represents the interests of the Great Salt Lake.
1704	(3)(a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), all appointments shall be for terms of
1705	four years.
1706	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the governor shall, at the
1707	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the
1708	terms of board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board is
1709	appointed every two years.
1710	(c) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the governor shall appoint
1711	a replacement member for the unexpired term, with the advice and consent of the
1712	Senate, who:
1713	(i) is from the same district as the individual leaving the board; or
1714	(ii) if the individual leaving the board is appointed under Subsection (2)(b),
1715	represents the interests of the Great Salt Lake.
1716	(4) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but may
1717	receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
1718	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
1719	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
1720	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
1721	63A-3-107.
1722	(5) A member shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in Title 63G,
1723	Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
1724	Section 27. Section <b>78A-12-201</b> is amended to read:
1725	78A-12-201 . Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission Creation
1726	Membership.
1727	(1) There is created an independent commission called the Judicial Performance Evaluation
1728	Commission consisting of 13 members, as follows:

- 1729 (a) two members appointed by the president of the Senate, only one of whom may be a 1730 member of the Utah State Bar; 1731 (b) two members appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives, only one of 1732 whom may be a member of the Utah State Bar; 1733 (c) four members appointed by the members of the Supreme Court, at least one of 1734 whom, but not more than two of whom, may be a member of the Utah State Bar; 1735 (d) four members appointed by the governor, at least one of whom, but not more than 1736 two of whom, may be a member of the Utah State Bar; and 1737 (e) the executive director of the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice. 1738 (2)(a) The president of the Senate and the speaker of the House of Representatives shall 1739 confer when appointing members under Subsections (1)(a) and (b) to ensure that 1740 there is at least one member from among their four appointees who is a member of 1741 the Utah State Bar. 1742 (b) [Each of the appointing authorities] Except as provided in Subsection (3), each 1743 appointing authority may appoint no more than half of the appointing authority's 1744 members from the same political party. 1745 (c) A sitting legislator or a sitting judge may not serve as a commission member. 1746 (3) An appointing authority described in Subsection (1)(a), (b), or (d), may appoint more 1747 than half of the appointing authority's members from the same political party if, before 1748 making the appointment, the appointing authority first consults with the minority leader 1749 of the House of Representatives and the minority leader of the Senate to determine if 1750 there are other individuals the appointing authority may consider appointing to the 1751 commission. 1752 [(3)] (4)(a) A member appointed under Subsection (1) shall be appointed for a four-year 1753 term.
- (b) A member may serve no more than three consecutive terms.

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- [(4)] (5) At the time of appointment, the terms of commission members shall be staggered so that approximately half of commission members' terms expire every two years.
- [(5)] (6) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be appointed for the unexpired term by the same appointing authority that appointed the member creating the vacancy.
  - [6] (7)(a) Eight members of the commission constitute a quorum.
    - (b) The action of a majority of the quorum constitutes the action of the commission, except that the commission may not make a determination that a judge meets or

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1763	exceeds minimum performance standards, or that a judge does not meet or exceed
1764	minimum performance standards, by a vote of less than six members.
1765	(c) If, because of absences, the commission is unable to make a determination described
1766	in Subsection [(6)(b)] (7)(b) by at least six votes, the commission may meet a second
1767	time to make a determination.
1768	(d) If a vote on the question of whether a judge meets or exceeds minimum performance
1769	standards or does not meet or exceed minimum performance standards ends in a tie
1770	or does not pass by at least six votes, the record shall reflect that the commission
1771	made no determination in relation to that judge.
1772	Section 28. Section <b>79-3-302</b> is amended to read:
1773	79-3-302 . Members of board Qualifications and appointment Vacancies
1774	Organization Meetings Financial gain prohibited Expenses.
1775	(1) The board consists of seven members appointed by the governor, with the advice and
1776	consent of the Senate, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies.
1777	(2) In addition to the requirements of Section 79-2-203, the members shall have the
1778	following qualifications:
1779	(a) one member knowledgeable in the field of geology as applied to the practice of civil
1780	engineering;
1781	(b) four members knowledgeable and representative of various segments of the mineral
1782	industry throughout the state, such as hydrocarbons, solid fuels, metals, and industrial
1783	minerals;
1784	(c) one member knowledgeable of the economic or scientific interests of the mineral
1785	industry in the state; and
1786	(d) one member who is interested in the goals of the survey and from the public at large.
1787	(3) The director of the School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration is an ex officio
1788	member of the board but without any voting privileges.
1789	(4)(a) Except as required by Subsection (4)(b), members are appointed for terms of four
1790	years.
1791	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4)(a), the governor shall, at the
1792	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the
1793	terms of board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board is
1794	appointed every two years.
1795	(c) [No] Except as provided in Subsection 67-1-2.5(15)(a), no more than four members

may be of the same political party.

1797	(d) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
1798	appointed for the unexpired term by the governor with the advice and consent of the
1799	Senate.
1800	(5) The board shall select from its members a chair and such officers and committees as it
1801	considers necessary.
1802	(6)(a) The board shall hold meetings at least quarterly on such dates as may be set by its
1803	chair.
1804	(b) Special meetings may be held upon notice of the chair or by a majority of its
1805	members.
1806	(c) A majority of the members of the board present at a meeting constitutes a quorum for
1807	the transaction of business.
1808	(7)(a) Members of the board may not obtain financial gain by reason of information
1809	obtained during the course of their official duties.
1810	(b) A member shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in Title
1811	63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
1812	(8) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but may
1813	receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
1814	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
1815	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
1816	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
1817	63A-3-107.
1818	Section 29. Effective Date.
1819	This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.
1820	Section 30. Coordinating H.B. 412 with H.B. 360.
1821	If H.B. 412, Boards and Commissions Revisions, and H.B. 360, Housing
1822	Attainability Amendments, both pass and become law, the Legislature intends that, on July 1,
1823	<u>2025:</u>
1824	(1) the coordination clause in H.B. 360 affecting Subsection 63H-8-201(3)(b) not be
1825	implemented; and
1826	(2) Subsection 63H-8-201(3)(b) in H.B. 412 and H.B. 360 be amended to read:
1827	<u>"</u> (b) ensure that:
1828	(i) [the six public trustees are from different counties and are residents of the state]
1829	among the six public trustees, no more than two are from the same county and all are residents
1830	of the state; and

\_1831 (ii) [not] except as provided in Subsection 67-1-2.5(15)(a), no more than three of the public trustees are members of the same political party.".