23

2425

26

28

Calvin R. Musselman proposes the following substitute bill:

Construction Trades Licensing Amendments

2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Thomas W. Peterson

	Senate Sponsor: Calvin R. Musselman
2	LONG TITLE
4	General Description:
5	This bill modifies requirements for construction trade licenses.
6	Highlighted Provisions:
7	This bill:
8	 provides requirements for a general engineering contractor license for electrical utilities;
9	 allows an applicant with sufficient experience to obtain a general engineering contractor
0	license;
1	 grants rulemaking authority to the division to establish by rule sufficient experience for
2	an applicant with a journeyman lineman license from another jurisdiction; and
3	 provides the requirements for an HVAC contractor license.
4	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
5	None
6	Other Special Clauses:
7	None
8	Utah Code Sections Affected:
9	AMENDS:
0	58-55-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 507
1	58-55-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 411
2	58-55-302 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 507

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section **58-55-102** is amended to read:

58-55-102 . Definitions.

In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter:

(1)(a) "Alarm business" or "alarm company" means a person engaged in the sale,

29	installation, maintenance, alteration, repair, replacement, servicing, or monitoring of
30	an alarm system, except as provided in Subsection (1)(b).
31	(b) "Alarm business" or "alarm company" does not include:
32	(i) a person engaged in the manufacture or sale of alarm systems unless:
33	(A) that person is also engaged in the installation, maintenance, alteration, repair
34	replacement, servicing, or monitoring of alarm systems;
35	(B) the manufacture or sale occurs at a location other than a place of business
36	established by the person engaged in the manufacture or sale; or
37	(C) the manufacture or sale involves site visits at the place or intended place of
38	installation of an alarm system; or
39	(ii) an owner of an alarm system, or an employee of the owner of an alarm system
40	who is engaged in installation, maintenance, alteration, repair, replacement,
41	servicing, or monitoring of the alarm system owned by that owner.
42	(2) "Alarm company agent":
43	(a) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), means any individual employed within this
44	state by an alarm business; and
45	(b) does not include an individual who:
46	(i) is not engaged in the sale, installation, maintenance, alteration, repair,
47	replacement, servicing, or monitoring of an alarm system; and
48	(ii) does not, during the normal course of the individual's employment with an alarm
49	business, use or have access to sensitive alarm system information.
50	(3) "Alarm company officer" means:
51	(a) a governing person, as defined in Section 48-3a-102, of an alarm company;
52	(b) an individual appointed as an officer of an alarm company that is a corporation in
53	accordance with Section 16-10a-830;
54	(c) a general partner, as defined in Section 48-2e-102, of an alarm company; or
55	(d) a partner, as defined in Section 48-1d-102, of an alarm company.
56	(4) "Alarm company owner" means:
57	(a) a shareholder, as defined in Section 16-10a-102, who owns directly, or indirectly
58	through an entity controlled by the individual, 5% or more of the outstanding shares
59	of an alarm company that:
60	(i) is a corporation; and
61	(ii) is not publicly listed or traded; or
62	(b) an individual who owns directly, or indirectly through an entity controlled by the

96

63	individual, 5% or more of the equity of an alarm company that is not a corporation.
64	(5) "Alarm company proprietor" means the sole proprietor of an alarm company that is
65	
	registered as a sole proprietorship with the Division of Corporations and Commercial
66	Code.
67	(6) "Alarm company trustee" means an individual with control of or power of
68	administration over property held in trust.
69 70	(7)(a) "Alarm system" means equipment and devices assembled for the purpose of:
70 71	 (i) detecting and signaling unauthorized intrusion or entry into or onto certain premises; or
72	(ii) signaling a robbery or attempted robbery on protected premises.
73	(b) "Alarm system" includes a battery-charged suspended-wire system or fence that is
74	part of and interfaces with an alarm system for the purposes of detecting and
75	deterring unauthorized intrusion or entry into or onto certain premises.
76	(8) "Apprentice electrician" means a person licensed under this chapter as an apprentice
77	electrician who is learning the electrical trade under the immediate supervision of a
78	master electrician, residential master electrician, a journeyman electrician, or a
79	residential journeyman electrician.
80	(9) "Apprentice plumber" means a person licensed under this chapter as an apprentice
81	plumber who is learning the plumbing trade under the immediate supervision of a master
82	plumber, residential master plumber, journeyman plumber, or a residential journeyman
83	plumber.
84	(10) "Approved continuing education" means instruction provided through courses under a
85	program established under Subsection 58-55-302.5(2).
86	(11)(a) "Approved prelicensure course provider" means a provider that is the Associated
87	General Contractors of Utah, the Utah Chapter of the Associated Builders and
88	Contractors, or the Utah Home Builders Association, and that meets the requirements
89	established by rule by the commission with the concurrence of the director, to teach
90	the 25-hour course described in Subsection 58-55-302(1)(e)(iii).
91	(b) "Approved prelicensure course provider" may only include a provider that, in
92	addition to any other locations, offers the 25-hour course described in Subsection
93	58-55-302(1)(e)(iii) at least six times each year in one or more counties other than
94	Salt Lake County, Utah County, Davis County, or Weber County.

- 3 -

(12) "Board" means the Alarm System Security and Licensing Board or Electricians and

Plumbers Licensing Board created in Section 58-55-201.

97	(13) "Combustion system" means an assembly consisting of:
98	(a) piping and components with a means for conveying, either continuously or
99	intermittently, natural gas from the outlet of the natural gas provider's meter to the
100	burner of the appliance;
101	(b) the electric control and combustion air supply and venting systems, including air
102	ducts; and
103	(c) components intended to achieve control of quantity, flow, and pressure.
104	(14) "Commission" means the Construction Services Commission created under Section
105	58-55-103.
106	(15) "Construction trade" means any trade or occupation involving:
107	(a)(i) construction, alteration, remodeling, repairing, wrecking or demolition, addition
108	to, or improvement of any building, highway, road, railroad, dam, bridge,
109	structure, excavation or other project, development, or improvement to other than
110	personal property; and
111	(ii) constructing, remodeling, or repairing a manufactured home or mobile home as
112	defined in Section 15A-1-302; or
113	(b) installation or repair of a residential or commercial natural gas appliance or
114	combustion system.
115	(16) "Construction trades instructor" means a person licensed under this chapter to teach
116	one or more construction trades in both a classroom and project environment, where a
117	project is intended for sale to or use by the public and is completed under the direction
118	of the instructor, who has no economic interest in the project.
119	(17)(a) "Contractor" means any person who for compensation other than wages as an
120	employee undertakes any work in the construction, plumbing, or electrical trade for
121	which licensure is required under this chapter and includes:
122	(i) a person who builds any structure on the person's own property for the purpose of
123	sale or who builds any structure intended for public use on the person's own
124	property;
125	(ii) any person who represents that the person is a contractor, or will perform a
126	service described in this Subsection (17)_by advertising on a website or social
127	media, or any other means;
128	(iii) any person engaged as a maintenance person, other than an employee, who
129	regularly engages in activities set forth under the definition of "construction trade"
130	(iv) any person engaged in, or offering to engage in, any construction trade for which

131	licensure is required under this chapter; or
132	(v) a construction manager, construction consultant, construction assistant, or any
133	other person who, for a fee:
134	(A) performs or offers to perform construction consulting;
135	(B) performs or offers to perform management of construction subcontractors;
136	(C) provides or offers to provide a list of subcontractors or suppliers; or
137	(D) provides or offers to provide management or counseling services on a
138	construction project.
139	(b) "Contractor" does not include:
140	(i) an alarm company or alarm company agent; or
141	(ii) a material supplier who provides consulting to customers regarding the design
142	and installation of the material supplier's products.
143	(18)(a) "Electrical trade" means the performance of any electrical work involved in the
144	installation, construction, alteration, change, repair, removal, or maintenance of
145	facilities, buildings, or appendages or appurtenances.
146	(b) "Electrical trade" does not include:
147	(i) transporting or handling electrical materials;
148	(ii) preparing clearance for raceways for wiring;
149	(iii) work commonly done by unskilled labor on any installations under the exclusive
150	control of electrical utilities;
151	(iv) work involving cable-type wiring that does not pose a shock or fire-initiation
152	hazard; or
153	(v) work involving class two or class three power-limited circuits as defined in the
154	National Electrical Code.
155	(19) "Elevator" means the same as that term is defined in Section 34A-7-202, except that
156	for purposes of this chapter it does not mean a stair chair, a vertical platform lift, or an
157	incline platform lift.
158	(20) "Elevator contractor" means a sole proprietor, firm, or corporation licensed under this
159	chapter that is engaged in the business of erecting, constructing, installing, altering,
160	servicing, repairing, or maintaining an elevator.
161	(21) "Elevator mechanic" means an individual who is licensed under this chapter as an
162	elevator mechanic and who is engaged in erecting, constructing, installing, altering,
163	servicing, repairing, or maintaining an elevator under the immediate supervision of an
164	elevator contractor.

- (22) "Employee" means an individual as defined by the division by rule giving consideration to the definition adopted by the Internal Revenue Service and the Department of Workforce Services.
- (23) "Engage in a construction trade" means to:
 - (a) engage in, represent oneself to be engaged in, or advertise oneself as being engaged in a construction trade; or
 - (b) use the name "contractor" or "builder" or in any other way lead a reasonable person to believe one is or will act as a contractor.
- (24)(a) "Financial responsibility" means a demonstration of a current and expected future condition of financial solvency evidencing a reasonable expectation to the division and the board that an applicant or licensee can successfully engage in business as a contractor without jeopardy to the public health, safety, and welfare.
 - (b) Financial responsibility may be determined by an evaluation of the total history concerning the licensee or applicant including past, present, and expected condition and record of financial solvency and business conduct.
- (25) "Gas appliance" means any device that uses natural gas to produce light, heat, power, steam, hot water, refrigeration, or air conditioning.
- (26)(a) "General building contractor" means a person licensed under this chapter as a general building contractor qualified by education, training, experience, and knowledge to perform or superintend construction of structures for the support, shelter, and enclosure of persons, animals, chattels, or movable property of any kind or any of the components of that construction except plumbing, electrical work, mechanical work, work related to the operating integrity of an elevator, and manufactured housing installation, for which the general building contractor shall employ the services of a contractor licensed in the particular specialty, except that a general building contractor engaged in the construction of single-family and multifamily residences up to four units may perform the mechanical work and hire a licensed plumber or electrician as an employee.
 - (b) The division may by rule exclude general building contractors from engaging in the performance of other construction specialties in which there is represented a substantial risk to the public health, safety, and welfare, and for which a license is required unless that general building contractor holds a valid license in that specialty classification.
- (27)[(a)] "General electrical contractor" means a person licensed under this chapter as a

199	general electrical contractor qualified by education, training, experience, and
200	knowledge to perform the fabrication, construction, and installation of generators,
201	transformers, conduits, raceways, panels, switch gear, electrical wires, fixtures,
202	appliances, [or-]apparatus that uses electrical energy, or any other work the division
203	authorizes by rule in accordance with Subsection 58-55-301(4).
204	[(b) The scope of work of a general electrical contractor may be further defined by rules
205	made by the commission, with the concurrence of the director, in accordance with
206	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.]
207	(28)(a) "General engineering contractor" means a person licensed under this chapter as a
208	general engineering contractor qualified by education, training, experience, and
209	knowledge to perform or superintend construction of fixed works, or components of
210	fixed works requiring specialized engineering knowledge and skill in [-any of the
211	following]:
212	[(i) irrigation;]
213	[(ii) drainage;]
214	[(iii) water power;]
215	[(iv) water supply;]
216	[(v) flood control;]
217	[(vi) an inland waterway;]
218	[(vii) a harbor;]
219	[(viii) a railroad;]
220	[(ix) a highway;]
221	[(x) a tunnel;]
222	[(xi) an airport;]
223	[(xii) an airport runway;]
224	[(xiii) a sewer;]
225	[(xiv) a bridge;]
226	[(xv) a refinery;]
227	[(xvi) a pipeline;]
228	[(xvii) a chemical plant;]
229	[(xviii) an industrial plant;]
230	[(xix) a pier;]
231	[(xx) a foundation;]
232	[(xxi) a nower plant:]

233	[(xxii) a utility plant or installation; or]
234	[(xxiii) an underground electric utility conduit.]
235	(i) airports;
236	(ii) airport runways;
237	(iii) bridges;
238	(iv) chemical plants;
239	(v) drainage;
240	(vi) electrical utilities;
241	(vii) flood control;
242	(viii) foundations;
243	(ix) harbors;
244	(x) highways;
245	(xi) industrial plants;
246	(xii) inland waterways;
247	(xiii) irrigation systems;
248	(xiv) piers;
249	(xv) pipelines;
250	(xvi) power plants;
251	(xvii) railroads;
252	(xviii) refineries;
253	(xix) sewers;
254	(xx) tunnels;
255	(xxi) underground electric utility conduits;
256	(xxii) utility plants;
257	(xxiii) water power; or
258	(xxiv) water supply.
259	(b) A general engineering contractor may not perform or superintend:
260	(i) construction of a structure built primarily for the support, shelter, and enclosure of
261	persons, animals, and chattels;[-or]
262	(ii) plumbing work;
263	(iii) electrical work beyond underground electric utility conduit or electrical utilities;
264	(iv) mechanical work; or
265	(v) work where the general engineering contractor does not have the required
266	specialized engineering knowledge and skill.

267	[(11) performance of:]
268	[(A) plumbing work;]
269	[(B) electrical work beyond underground electric utility conduit; or]
270	[(C) mechanical work.]
271	(29)[(a)] "General plumbing contractor" means a person licensed under this chapter as a
272	general plumbing contractor qualified by education, training, experience, and
273	knowledge to perform the fabrication or installation of material and fixtures to create
274	and maintain sanitary conditions in a building by providing permanent means for a
275	supply of safe and pure water, a means for the timely and complete removal from the
276	premises of all used or contaminated water, fluid and semi-fluid organic wastes and
277	other impurities incidental to life and the occupation of such premises, [and-]a safe
278	and adequate supply of gases for lighting, heating, and industrial purposes, or other
279	work the division authorizes by rule in accordance with Subsection 58-55-301(4).
280	[(b) The scope of work of a general plumbing contractor may be further defined by rules
281	made by the commission, with the concurrence of the director, in accordance with
282	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.]
283	(30) "HVAC" means a heating, ventilation, and air conditioning system and the specific
284	components that are a part of the system.
285	(31) "HVAC contractor" means a person licensed under this chapter specialized in the
286	installation, maintenance, repair, and servicing of heating, ventilation, air conditioning
287	systems or any other work the division authorizes by rule in accordance with Subsection
288	<u>58-55-301(4).</u>
289	[(30)] (32) "Immediate supervision" means reasonable direction, oversight, inspection, and
290	evaluation of the work of a person:
291	(a) as the division specifies in rule;
292	(b) by, as applicable, a qualified electrician or plumber;
293	(c) as part of a planned program of training; and
294	(d) to ensure that the end result complies with applicable standards.
295	[(31)] (33) "Individual" means a natural person.
296	(34) "Journeyman lineman" means a person that builds and maintains an electrical power
297	system, performs work on transmission lines or distribution lines from power plants to
298	customers, and has completed an approved 8,000 hour certified apprenticeship program.
299	[(32)] (35) "Journeyman electrician" means a person licensed under this chapter as a
300	journeyman electrician having the qualifications, training, experience, and knowledge to

301	wire, install, and repair electrical apparatus and equipment for light, heat, power, and
302	other purposes.
303	[(33)] (36) "Journeyman plumber" means a person licensed under this chapter as a
304	journeyman plumber having the qualifications, training, experience, and technical
305	knowledge to engage in the plumbing trade.
306	[(34)] (37) "Master electrician" means a person licensed under this chapter as a master
307	electrician having the qualifications, training, experience, and knowledge to properly
308	plan, layout, and supervise the wiring, installation, and repair of electrical apparatus and
309	equipment for light, heat, power, and other purposes.
310	[(35)] (38) "Master plumber" means a person licensed under this chapter as a master
311	plumber having the qualifications, training, experience, and knowledge to properly plan
312	and layout projects and supervise persons in the plumbing trade.
313	[(36)] (39) "Person" means a natural person, sole proprietorship, joint venture, corporation,
314	limited liability company, association, or organization of any type.
315	[(37)] (40)(a) "Plumbing trade" means the performance of any mechanical work
316	pertaining to the installation, alteration, change, repair, removal, maintenance, or use
317	in buildings, or within three feet beyond the outside walls of buildings, of pipes,
318	fixtures, and fittings for the:
319	(i) delivery of the water supply;
320	(ii) discharge of liquid and water carried waste;
321	(iii) building drainage system within the walls of the building; and
322	(iv) delivery of gases for lighting, heating, and industrial purposes.
323	(b) "Plumbing trade" includes work pertaining to the water supply, distribution pipes,
324	fixtures and fixture traps, soil, waste and vent pipes, the building drain and roof
325	drains, and the safe and adequate supply of gases, together with their devices,
326	appurtenances, and connections where installed within the outside walls of the
327	building.
328	[(38)] (41) "Ratio of apprentices" means the number of licensed plumber apprentices or
329	licensed electrician apprentices that are allowed to be under the immediate supervision
330	of a licensed supervisor as established by the provisions of this chapter and by rules
331	made by the commission, with the concurrence of the director, in accordance with Title
332	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
333	[(39)] (42) "Residential and small commercial contractor" means a person licensed under
334	this chapter as a residential and small commercial contractor qualified by education,

training, experience, and knowledge to perform or superintend the construction of single-family residences, multifamily residences up to four units, and commercial construction of not more than three stories above ground and not more than 20,000 square feet, or any of the components of that construction except plumbing, electrical work, mechanical work, and manufactured housing installation, for which the residential and small commercial contractor shall employ the services of a contractor licensed in the particular specialty, except that a residential and small commercial contractor engaged in the construction of single-family and multifamily residences up to four units may perform the mechanical work and hire a licensed plumber or electrician as an employee.

- [(40)] (43) "Residential building," as it relates to the license classification of residential journeyman plumber and residential master plumber, means a single or multiple family dwelling of up to four units.
- [(41)] (44)[(a)] "Residential electrical contractor" means a person licensed under this chapter as a residential electrical contractor qualified by education, training, experience, and knowledge to perform the fabrication, construction, and installation of services, disconnecting means, grounding devices, panels, conductors, load centers, lighting and plug circuits, appliances, and fixtures in a residential unit or any other work the division authorizes by rule in accordance with Subsection 58-55-301(4).
 - [(b) The scope of work of a residential electrical contractor may be further defined by rules made by the commission, with the concurrence of the director, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.]
- [(42)] (45) "Residential journeyman electrician" means a person licensed under this chapter as a residential journeyman electrician having the qualifications, training, experience, and knowledge to wire, install, and repair electrical apparatus and equipment for light, heat, power, and other purposes on buildings using primarily nonmetallic sheath cable.
- [(43)] (46) "Residential journeyman plumber" means a person licensed under this chapter as a residential journeyman plumber having the qualifications, training, experience, and knowledge to engage in the plumbing trade as limited to the plumbing of residential buildings.
- [(44)] (47) "Residential master electrician" means a person licensed under this chapter as a residential master electrician having the qualifications, training, experience, and knowledge to properly plan, layout, and supervise the wiring, installation, and repair of electrical apparatus and equipment for light, heat, power, and other purposes on

369	residential projects.
370	[(45)] (48) "Residential master plumber" means a person licensed under this chapter as a
371	residential master plumber having the qualifications, training, experience, and
372	knowledge to properly plan and layout projects and supervise persons in the plumbing
373	trade as limited to the plumbing of residential buildings.
374	[(46)] (49)[(a)] "Residential plumbing contractor" means a person licensed under this
375	chapter as a residential plumbing contractor qualified by education, training,
376	experience, and knowledge to perform the fabrication or installation of material and
377	fixtures to create and maintain sanitary conditions in residential buildings by
378	providing permanent means for a supply of safe and pure water, a means for the
379	timely and complete removal from the premises of all used or contaminated water,
380	fluid and semi-fluid organic wastes and other impurities incidental to life and the
381	occupation of such premises, [and-]a safe and adequate supply of gases for lighting,
382	heating, and residential purposes, or any other work the division authorizes by rule in
383	accordance with Subsection 58-55-301(4).
384	[(b) The scope of work of a residential plumbing contractor may be further defined by
385	rules made by the commission, with the concurrence of the director, in accordance
386	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.]
387	[(47)] (50) "Residential project," as it relates to an electrician or electrical contractor, means
388	buildings primarily wired with nonmetallic sheathed cable, in accordance with standard
389	rules and regulations governing this work, including the National Electrical Code, and in
390	which the voltage does not exceed 250 volts line to line and 125 volts to ground.
391	[(48)] (51) "Responsible management personnel" means:
392	(a) a qualifying agent;
393	(b) an operations manager; or
394	(c) a site manager.
395	[(49)] (52) "Sensitive alarm system information" means:
396	(a) a pass code or other code used in the operation of an alarm system;
397	(b) information on the location of alarm system components at the premises of a
398	customer of the alarm business providing the alarm system;
399	(c) information that would allow the circumvention, bypass, deactivation, or other
400	compromise of an alarm system of a customer of the alarm business providing the
401	alarm system; and
402	(d) any other similar information that the division by rule determines to be information

403	that an individual employed by an alarm business should use or have access to only it
404	the individual is licensed as provided in this chapter.
405	[(50)] (53)(a) "Specialty contractor" means a person licensed under this chapter under a
406	specialty contractor classification established by rule, who is qualified by education,
407	training, experience, and knowledge to perform those construction trades and crafts
408	requiring specialized skill, the regulation of which are determined by the division to
409	be in the best interest of the public health, safety, and welfare.
410	(b) A specialty contractor may perform work in crafts or trades other than those in which
411	the specialty contractor is licensed if they are incidental to the performance of the
412	specialty contractor's licensed craft or trade.
413	[(51)] (54) "Unincorporated entity" means an entity that is not:
414	(a) an individual;
415	(b) a corporation; or
416	(c) publicly traded.
417	[(52)] (55) "Unlawful conduct" means the same as that term is defined in Sections 58-1-501
418	and 58-55-501.
419	[(53)] (56) "Unprofessional conduct" means the same as that term is defined in Sections
420	58-1-501 and 58-55-502 and as may be further defined by rule.
421	[(54)] (57) "Wages" means amounts due to an employee for labor or services whether the
422	amount is fixed or ascertained on a time, task, piece, commission, or other basis for
423	calculating the amount.
424	Section 2. Section 58-55-301 is amended to read:
425	58-55-301 . License required License classifications Scope.
426	(1)(a) A person engaged in the construction trades licensed under this chapter, as a
427	contractor regulated under this chapter, as an alarm business or company, or as an
428	alarm company agent, shall become licensed under this chapter before engaging in
429	that trade or contracting activity in this state unless specifically exempted from
430	licensure under Section 58-1-307 or 58-55-305.
431	(b) The license issued under this chapter and the business license issued by the local
432	jurisdiction in which the licensee has its principal place of business shall be the only
433	licenses required for the licensee to engage in a trade licensed by this chapter, within
434	the state.
435	(c) Neither the state nor any of its political subdivisions may require of a licensee any
436	additional business licenses, registrations, certifications, contributions, donations, or

437	anything else established for the purpose of qualifying a licensee under this chapter to
438	do business in that local jurisdiction, except for contract prequalification procedures
439	required by state agencies, or the payment of any fee for the license, registration, or
440	certification established as a condition to do business in that local jurisdiction.
441	(2) The division shall issue licenses under this chapter to qualified persons in the following
442	classifications:
443	(a) <u>alarm company;[general engineering contractor;</u>]
444	(b) alarm company agent;
445	(c) apprentice electrician;
446	(d) apprentice plumber;
447	(e) construction trades instructor:
448	(i) general building classification;
449	(ii) general engineering classification;
450	(iii) electrical classification;
451	(iv) mechanical classification; and
452	(v) plumbing classification;
453	(f) elevator contractor;
454	(g) elevator mechanic;
455	(h) general building contractor;
456	(i) general electrical contractor;
457	(j) general engineering contractor;
458	(k) general plumbing contractor;
459	(l) HVAC contractor;
460	(m) journeyman electrician;
461	(n) journeyman plumber;
462	(o) master electrician;
463	(p) master plumber;
464	(q) residential and small commercial contractor;
465	(r) residential electrical contractor;
466	(s) residential journeyman electrician;
467	(t) residential journeyman plumber;
468	(u) residential master electrician;
469	(v) residential master plumber;
470	(w) residential plumbing contractor; and

471	(x) specialty contractor.
472	[(b) general building contractor;]
473	[(e) residential and small commercial contractor;]
474	[(d) elevator contractor;]
475	[(e) general plumbing contractor;]
476	[(f) residential plumbing contractor;]
477	[(g) general electrical contractor;]
478	[(h) residential electrical contractor;]
479	[(i) specialty contractor;]
480	[(j) master plumber;]
481	[(k) residential master plumber;]
482	[(l) journeyman plumber;]
483	[(m) apprentice plumber;]
484	[(n) residential journeyman plumber;]
485	[(o) master electrician;]
486	[(p) residential master electrician;]
487	[(q) journeyman electrician;]
488	[(r) residential journeyman electrician;]
489	[(s) apprentice electrician;]
490	[(t) construction trades instructor:]
491	[(i) general engineering classification;]
492	[(ii) general building classification;]
493	[(iii) electrical classification;]
494	[(iv) plumbing classification; and]
495	[(v) mechanical classification;]
496	[(u) alarm company;]
497	[(v) alarm company agent; and]
498	[(w) elevator mechanic.]
499	(3)(a) An applicant may apply for a license in one or more classification or specialty
500	contractor subclassification.
501	(b) A license shall be granted in each classification or subclassification for which the
502	applicant qualifies.
503	(c) A separate application and fee must be submitted for each license classification or
504	subclassification.

505	<u>(4)</u>	With the concurrence of the director, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
506		Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may further define the scope of work
507		by rule for:
508		(a) a general electrical contractor;
509		(b) a general plumbing contractor;
510		(c) an HVAC contractor;
511		(d) a residential electrical contractor; and
512		(e) a residential plumbing contractor.
513		Section 3. Section 58-55-302 is amended to read:
514		58-55-302 . Qualifications for licensure.
515	(1)	Each applicant for a license under this chapter shall:
516		(a) submit an application prescribed by the division;
517		(b) pay a fee as determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504;
518		(c) meet the examination requirements established by this section and by rule by the
519		commission with the concurrence of the director, which requirements include:
520		(i) for licensure as an apprentice electrician, apprentice plumber, or specialty
521		contractor, no division-administered examination is required;
522		(ii) for licensure as a general building contractor, general engineering contractor,
523		residential and small commercial contractor, general plumbing contractor,
524		residential plumbing contractor, general electrical contractor, or residential
525		electrical contractor, the only required division-administered examination is a
526		division-administered examination that covers information from the 25-hour
527		course described in Subsection (1)(e)(iii), which course may have been previously
528		completed as part of applying for any other license under this chapter, and, if the
529		25-hour course was completed on or after July 1, 2019, the five-hour business law
530		course described in Subsection (1)(e)(iv); and
531		(iii) if required in Section 58-55-304, an individual qualifier must pass the required
532		division-administered examination if the applicant is a business entity;
533		(d) if an apprentice, identify the proposed supervisor of the apprenticeship;
534		(e) if an applicant for a contractor's license:
535		(i) produce satisfactory evidence of financial responsibility, except for a construction
536		trades instructor for whom evidence of financial responsibility is not required;
537		(ii) produce satisfactory evidence of:
538		(A) except as provided in Subsection (2)(a), and except that no employment

539	experience is required for licensure as a specialty contractor, two years
540	full-time paid employment experience in the construction industry, which
541	employment experience, unless more specifically described in this section, may
542	be related to any contracting classification and does not have to include
543	supervisory experience; and
544	(B) knowledge of the principles of the conduct of business as a contractor,
545	reasonably necessary for the protection of the public health, safety, and welfare;
546	(iii) except as otherwise provided by rule by the commission with the concurrence of
547	the director, complete a 25-hour course established by rule by the commission
548	with the concurrence of the director, which is taught by an approved prelicensure
549	course provider, and which course may include:
550	(A) construction business practices;
551	(B) bookkeeping fundamentals;
552	(C) mechanics lien fundamentals;
553	(D) other aspects of business and construction principles considered important by
554	the commission with the concurrence of the director; and
555	(E) for no additional fee, a provider-administered examination at the end of the
556	25-hour course;
557	(iv) [complete a five-hour business and law course established by rule by the
558	commission with the concurrence of the director, which is taught by an approved
559	prelicensure course provider, if an applicant for licensure as a general building
560	contractor, general engineering contractor, residential and small commercial
561	contractor, general plumbing contractor, residential plumbing contractor, general
562	electrical contractor, or residential electrical contractor, except that if the 25-hour
563	course described in Subsection (1)(e)(iii) was completed before July 1, 2019, the
564	applicant does not need to take the business and law course;] if the applicant is
565	applying for licensure as a general building contractor, general engineering
566	contractor, general engineering contractor, residential and small commercial
567	contractor, general plumbing contractor, residential plumbing contractor, general
568	electrical contractor, residential electrical contractor, or HVAC contractor, other
569	than an applicant who completed the 25-hour course described in Subsection
570	(1)(e)(iii) before July 1, 2019, complete a five-hour business and law course:
571	(A) that the commission, with the concurrence of the director, establishes by rule;
572	and

573	(B) that is taught by an approved prelicensure course provider;
574	(v)(A) be a licensed master electrician if an applicant for an electrical contractor's
575	license or a licensed master residential electrician if an applicant for a
576	residential electrical contractor's license;
577	(B) be a licensed master plumber if an applicant for a plumbing contractor's
578	license or a licensed master residential plumber if an applicant for a residential
579	plumbing contractor's license; or
580	(C) be a licensed elevator mechanic and produce satisfactory evidence of three
581	years experience as an elevator mechanic if an applicant for an elevator
582	contractor's license; and
583	(vi) when the applicant is an unincorporated entity, provide a list of the one or more
584	individuals who hold an ownership interest in the applicant as of the day on which
585	the application is filed that includes for each individual:
586	(A) the individual's name, address, birth date, and social security number or other
587	satisfactory evidence of the applicant's identity permitted under rules made by
588	the division in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
589	Rulemaking Act; and
590	(B) whether the individual will engage in a construction trade; and
591	(f) if an applicant for a construction trades instructor license, satisfy any additional
592	requirements established by rule.
593	(2)(a) If the applicant for a contractor's license described in Subsection (1) is a building
594	inspector, the applicant may satisfy Subsection (1)(e)(ii)(A) by producing satisfactory
595	evidence of two years full-time paid employment experience as a building inspector,
596	which shall include at least one year full-time experience as a licensed combination
597	inspector.
598	(b) The applicant shall file the following with the division before the division issues the
599	license:
600	(i) proof of workers' compensation insurance which covers employees of the
601	applicant in accordance with applicable Utah law;
602	(ii) proof of public liability insurance in coverage amounts and form established by
603	rule except for a construction trades instructor for whom public liability insurance
604	is not required; and
605	(iii) proof of registration as required by applicable law with the:
606	(A) Department of Commerce:

607	(B) Division of Corporations and Commercial Code;
608	(C) Unemployment Insurance Division in the Department of Workforce Services,
609	for purposes of Title 35A, Chapter 4, Employment Security Act;
610	(D) State Tax Commission; and
611	(E) Internal Revenue Service.
612	(3) In addition to the general requirements for each applicant in Subsection (1), applicants
613	shall comply with the following requirements to be licensed in the following
614	classifications:
615	(a)(i) A master plumber shall produce satisfactory evidence that the applicant:
616	(A) has been a licensed journeyman plumber for at least two years and had two
617	years of supervisory experience as a licensed journeyman plumber in
618	accordance with division rule;
619	(B) has received at least an associate of applied science degree or similar degree
620	following the completion of a course of study approved by the division and had
621	one year of supervisory experience as a licensed journeyman plumber in
622	accordance with division rule; or
623	(C) meets the qualifications for expedited licensure as established by rules made
624	by the commission, with the concurrence of the director, in accordance with
625	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that clearly
626	demonstrate the applicant has the knowledge and skills to be a licensed master
627	plumber.
628	(ii) An individual holding a valid Utah license as a journeyman plumber, based on at
629	least four years of practical experience as a licensed apprentice under the
630	supervision of a licensed journeyman plumber and four years as a licensed
631	journeyman plumber, in effect immediately prior to May 5, 2008, is on and after
632	May 5, 2008, considered to hold a current master plumber license under this
633	chapter, and satisfies the requirements of this Subsection (3)(a) for the purpose of
634	renewal or reinstatement of that license under Section 58-55-303.
635	(iii) An individual holding a valid plumbing contractor's license or residential
636	plumbing contractor's license, in effect immediately prior to May 5, 2008, is on or
637	after May 5, 2008:
638	(A) considered to hold a current master plumber license under this chapter if
639	licensed as a plumbing contractor and a journeyman plumber, and satisfies the
640	requirements of this Subsection (3)(a) for purposes of renewal or reinstatement

641	of that license under Section 58-55-303; and
642	(B) considered to hold a current residential master plumber license under this
643	chapter if licensed as a residential plumbing contractor and a residential
644	journeyman plumber, and satisfies the requirements of this Subsection (3)(a)
645	for purposes of renewal or reinstatement of that license under Section
646	58-55-303.
647	(b) A master residential plumber applicant shall produce satisfactory evidence that the
648	applicant:
649	(i) has been a licensed residential journeyman plumber for at least two years and had
650	two years of supervisory experience as a licensed residential journeyman plumber
651	in accordance with division rule; or
652	(ii) meets the qualifications for expedited licensure as established by rules made by
653	the commission, with the concurrence of the director, in accordance with Title
654	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that clearly demonstrate
655	the applicant has the knowledge and skills to be a licensed master residential
656	plumber.
657	(c) A journeyman plumber applicant shall produce satisfactory evidence of:
658	(i) successful completion of the equivalent of at least four years of full-time training
659	and instruction as a licensed apprentice plumber under supervision of a licensed
660	master plumber or journeyman plumber and in accordance with a planned
661	program of training approved by the division;
662	(ii) at least eight years of full-time experience approved by the division in
663	collaboration with the Electricians and Plumbers Licensing Board; or
664	(iii) meeting the qualifications for expedited licensure as established by rules made
665	by the commission, with the concurrence of the director, in accordance with Title
666	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that clearly demonstrate
667	the applicant has the knowledge and skills to be a licensed journeyman plumber.
668	(d) A residential journeyman plumber shall produce satisfactory evidence of:
669	(i) completion of the equivalent of at least three years of full-time training and
670	instruction as a licensed apprentice plumber under the supervision of a licensed
671	residential master plumber, licensed residential journeyman plumber, or licensed
672	journeyman plumber in accordance with a planned program of training approved
673	by the division;
674	(ii) completion of at least six years of full-time experience in a maintenance or repair

708

675 trade involving substantial plumbing work; or 676 (iii) meeting the qualifications for expedited licensure as established by rules made 677 by the commission, with the concurrence of the director, in accordance with Title 678 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that clearly demonstrate 679 the applicant has the knowledge and skills to be a licensed residential journeyman 680 plumber. 681 (e) The conduct of licensed apprentice plumbers and their licensed supervisors shall be 682 in accordance with the following: 683 (i) while engaging in the trade of plumbing, a licensed apprentice plumber shall be 684 under the immediate supervision of a licensed master plumber, licensed residential 685 master plumber, licensed journeyman plumber, or licensed residential journeyman 686 plumber; 687 (ii) beginning in a licensed apprentice plumber's fourth year of training, a licensed 688 apprentice plumber may work without supervision for a period not to exceed eight 689 hours in any 24-hour period; and 690 (iii) rules made by the commission, with the concurrence of the director, in 691 accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, 692 regarding the ratio of apprentices allowed under the immediate supervision of a 693 licensed supervisor, including the ratio of apprentices in their fourth year of 694 training or later that are allowed to be under the immediate supervision of a 695 licensed supervisor. 696 (f) A master electrician applicant shall produce satisfactory evidence that the applicant: 697 (i) is a graduate electrical engineer of an accredited college or university approved by 698 the division and has one year of practical electrical experience as a licensed 699 apprentice electrician; 700 (ii) is a graduate of an electrical trade school, having received an associate of applied 701 sciences degree following successful completion of a course of study approved by 702 the division, and has two years of practical experience as a licensed journeyman 703 electrician; 704 (iii) has four years of practical experience as a journeyman electrician; or 705 (iv) meets the qualifications for expedited licensure as established by rules made by 706 the commission, with the concurrence of the director, in accordance with Title

63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that clearly demonstrate

the applicant has the knowledge and skills to be a licensed master electrician.

709	(g) A master residential electrician applicant shall produce satisfactory evidence that the
710	applicant:
711	(i) has at least two years of practical experience as a residential journeyman
712	electrician; or
713	(ii) meets the qualifications for expedited licensure as established by rules made by
714	the commission, with the concurrence of the director, in accordance with Title
715	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that clearly demonstrate
716	the applicant has the knowledge and skills to be a master residential electrician.
717	(h) A journeyman electrician applicant shall produce satisfactory evidence that the
718	applicant:
719	(i) has successfully completed at least four years of full-time training and instruction
720	as a licensed apprentice electrician under the supervision of a master electrician or
721	journeyman electrician and in accordance with a planned training program
722	approved by the division;
723	(ii) has at least eight years of full-time experience approved by the division in
724	collaboration with the Electricians and Plumbers Licensing Board; or
725	(iii) meets the qualifications for expedited licensure as established by rules made by
726	the commission, with the concurrence of the director, in accordance with Title
727	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that clearly demonstrate
728	the applicant has the knowledge and skills to be a licensed journeyman electrician.
729	(i) A residential journeyman electrician applicant shall produce satisfactory evidence
730	that the applicant:
731	(i) has successfully completed two years of training in an electrical training program
732	approved by the division;
733	(ii) has four years of practical experience in wiring, installing, and repairing electrical
734	apparatus and equipment for light, heat, and power under the supervision of a
735	licensed master, journeyman, residential master, or residential journeyman
736	electrician; or
737	(iii) meets the qualifications for expedited licensure as established by rules made by
738	the commission, with the concurrence of the director, in accordance with Title
739	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that clearly demonstrate
740	the applicant has the knowledge and skills to be a licensed residential journeyman
741	electrician.

(j) The conduct of licensed apprentice electricians and their licensed supervisors shall be

743	in accordance with the following:
744	(i) a licensed apprentice electrician shall be under the immediate supervision of a
745	licensed master, journeyman, residential master, or residential journeyman
746	electrician;
747	(ii) beginning in a licensed apprentice electrician's fourth year of training, a licensed
748	apprentice electrician may work without supervision for a period not to exceed
749	eight hours in any 24-hour period;
750	(iii) rules made by the commission, with the concurrence of the director, in
751	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
752	regarding the ratio of apprentices allowed under the immediate supervision of a
753	licensed supervisor, including the ratio of apprentices in their fourth year of
754	training or later that are allowed to be under the immediate supervision of a
755	licensed supervisor; and
756	(iv) a licensed supervisor may have up to three licensed apprentice electricians on a
757	residential project, or more if established by rules made by the commission, in
758	concurrence with the director, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
759	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
760	(k) An alarm company applicant shall:
761	(i) have a qualifying agent who:
762	(A) is an alarm company officer, alarm company owner, alarm company
763	proprietor, an alarm company trustee, or other responsible management
764	personnel;
765	(B) demonstrates 6,000 hours of experience in the alarm company business;
766	(C) demonstrates 2,000 hours of experience as a manager or administrator in the
767	alarm company business or in a construction business; and
768	(D) passes an examination [eomponent-]established by rule by the commission
769	with the concurrence of the director;
770	(ii) provide the name, address, date of birth, social security number, fingerprint card,
771	and consent to a background check in accordance with Section 58-55-302.1 and
772	requirements established by division rule made in accordance with Title 63G,
773	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, for each alarm company officer,
774	alarm company owner, alarm company proprietor, alarm company trustee, and
775	responsible management personnel with direct responsibility for managing

operations of the applicant within the state;

777	(iii) document that none of the persons described in Subsection (3)(k)(ii):
778	(A) have been declared by any court of competent jurisdiction incompetent by
779	reason of mental defect or disease and not been restored; or
780	(B) are currently suffering from habitual drunkenness or from drug addiction or
781	dependence;
782	(iv) file and maintain with the division evidence of:
783	(A) comprehensive general liability insurance in form and in amounts to be
784	established by rule by the commission with the concurrence of the director;
785	(B) workers' compensation insurance that covers employees of the applicant in
786	accordance with applicable Utah law; and
787	(C) registration as is required by applicable law with the:
788	(I) Division of Corporations and Commercial Code;
789	(II) Unemployment Insurance Division in the Department of Workforce
790	Services, for purposes of Title 35A, Chapter 4, Employment Security Act
791	(III) State Tax Commission; and
792	(IV) Internal Revenue Service; and
793	(v) meet with the division and board.
794	(l) Each applicant for licensure as an alarm company agent shall:
795	(i) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division accompanied by
796	fingerprint cards;
797	(ii) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504;
798	(iii) submit to and pass a criminal background check in accordance with Section
799	58-55-302.1 and requirements established by division rule made in accordance
800	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
801	(iv) not have been declared by any court of competent jurisdiction incompetent by
802	reason of mental defect or disease and not been restored;
803	(v) not be currently suffering from habitual drunkenness or from drug addiction or
804	dependence; and
805	(vi) meet with the division and board if requested by the division or the board.
806	(m)(i) Each applicant for licensure as an elevator mechanic shall:
807	(A) provide documentation of experience and education credits of not less than
808	three years work experience in the elevator industry, in construction,
809	maintenance, or service and repair; and
810	(B) satisfactorily complete a written examination administered by the division

811	established by rule under Section 58-1-203; or
812	(C) provide certificates of completion of an apprenticeship program for elevator
813	mechanics, having standards substantially equal to those of this chapter and
814	registered with the United States Department of Labor Bureau Apprenticeship
815	and Training or a state apprenticeship council.
816	(ii)(A) If an elevator contractor licensed under this chapter cannot find a licensed
817	elevator mechanic to perform the work of erecting, constructing, installing,
818	altering, servicing, repairing, or maintaining an elevator, the contractor may:
819	(I) notify the division of the unavailability of licensed personnel; and
820	(II) request the division issue a temporary elevator mechanic license to an
821	individual certified by the contractor as having an acceptable combination
822	of documented experience and education to perform the work described in
823	this Subsection $(3)(m)(ii)(A)$.
824	(B)(I) The division may issue a temporary elevator mechanic license to an
825	individual certified under Subsection (3)(m)(ii)(A)(II) upon application by
826	the individual, accompanied by the appropriate fee as determined by the
827	department under Section 63J-1-504.
828	(II) The division shall specify the time period for which the license is valid and
829	may renew the license for an additional time period upon its determination
830	that a shortage of licensed elevator mechanics continues to exist.
831	(n) An applicant for licensure as an HVAC contractor shall produce satisfactory
832	evidence to the division that the applicant:
833	(i) completed two years full-time paid employment of HVAC specific experience; and
834	(ii) passed an examination the commission, with the concurrence of the director,
835	established by rule in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
836	Rulemaking Act.
837	(o) An applicant for a general engineering contractor's license described in Subsection
838	(1) may satisfy Subsection (1)(e)(ii)(A):
839	(i) by producing satisfactory evidence of four years relevant full-time paid
840	employment experience; or
841	(ii) if the applicant is a licensed journeyman lineman in another jurisdiction, by
842	meeting the requirements the division makes by rule in accordance with Title
843	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
844	(4) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the

845	division may make rules establishing when Federal Bureau of Investigation records shall
846	be checked for applicants as an alarm company or alarm company agent under this
847	section and Section 58-55-302.1.
848	(5)(a) An application for licensure under this chapter shall be denied if:
849	(i) the applicant has had a previous license, which was issued under this chapter,
850	suspended or revoked within two years before the date of the applicant's
851	application;
852	(ii)(A) the applicant is a partnership, corporation, or limited liability company; and
853	(B) any corporate officer, director, shareholder holding 25% or more of the stock
854	in the applicant, partner, member, agent acting as a qualifier, or any person
855	occupying a similar status, performing similar functions, or directly or
856	indirectly controlling the applicant has served in any similar capacity with any
857	person or entity which has had a previous license, which was issued under this
858	chapter, suspended or revoked within two years before the date of the
859	applicant's application;
860	(iii)(A) the applicant is an individual or sole proprietorship; and
861	(B) any owner or agent acting as a qualifier has served in any capacity listed in
862	Subsection (5)(a)(ii)(B) in any entity which has had a previous license, which
863	was issued under this chapter, suspended or revoked within two years before
864	the date of the applicant's application; or
865	(iv)(A) the applicant includes an individual who was an owner, director, or officer
866	of an unincorporated entity at the time the entity's license under this chapter
867	was revoked; and
868	(B) the application for licensure is filed within 60 months after the revocation of
869	the unincorporated entity's license.
870	(b) An application for licensure under this chapter shall be reviewed by the appropriate
871	licensing board prior to approval if:
872	(i) the applicant has had a previous license, which was issued under this chapter,
873	suspended or revoked more than two years before the date of the applicant's
874	application;
875	(ii)(A) the applicant is a partnership, corporation, or limited liability company; and
876	(B) any corporate officer, director, shareholder holding 25% or more of the stock
877	in the applicant, partner, member, agent acting as a qualifier, or any person
878	occupying a similar status, performing similar functions, or directly or

879	indirectly controlling the applicant has served in any similar capacity with any
880	person or entity which has had a previous license, which was issued under this
881	chapter, suspended or revoked more than two years before the date of the
882	applicant's application; or
883	(iii)(A) the applicant is an individual or sole proprietorship; and
884	(B) any owner or agent acting as a qualifier has served in any capacity listed in
885	Subsection (5)(a)(ii)(B) in any entity which has had a previous license, which
886	was issued under this chapter, suspended or revoked more than two years
887	before the date of the applicant's application.
888	(6)(a)(i) A licensee that is an unincorporated entity shall file an ownership status
889	report with the division every 30 days after the day on which the license is issued
890	if the licensee has more than five owners who are individuals who:
891	(A) own an interest in the contractor that is an unincorporated entity;
892	(B) own, directly or indirectly, less than an 8% interest, as defined by rule made
893	by the division in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
894	Rulemaking Act, in the unincorporated entity; and
895	(C) engage, or will engage, in a construction trade in the state as owners of the
896	contractor described in Subsection (6)(a)(i)(A).
897	(ii) If the licensee has five or fewer owners described in Subsection (6)(a)(i), the
898	licensee shall provide the ownership status report with an application for renewal
899	of licensure.
900	(b) An ownership status report required under this Subsection (6) shall:
901	(i) specify each addition or deletion of an owner:
902	(A) for the first ownership status report, after the day on which the unincorporated
903	entity is licensed under this chapter; and
904	(B) for a subsequent ownership status report, after the day on which the previous
905	ownership status report is filed;
906	(ii) be in a format prescribed by the division that includes for each owner, regardless
907	of the owner's percentage ownership in the unincorporated entity, the information
908	described in Subsection (1)(e)(vi);
909	(iii) list the name of:
910	(A) each officer or manager of the unincorporated entity; and
911	(B) each other individual involved in the operation, supervision, or management
912	of the unincorporated entity; and

913	(iv) be accompanied by a fee set by the division in accordance with Section 63J-1-504
914	if the ownership status report indicates there is a change described in Subsection
915	(6)(b)(i).
916	(c) The division may, at any time, audit an ownership status report under this Subsection
917	(6):
918	(i) to determine if financial responsibility has been demonstrated or maintained as
919	required under Section 58-55-306; and
920	(ii) to determine compliance with Subsection 58-55-501(23), (24), or (26) or
921	Subsection 58-55-502(8) or (9).
922	(7)(a) An unincorporated entity that provides labor to an entity licensed under this
923	chapter by providing an individual who owns an interest in the unincorporated entity
924	to engage in a construction trade in Utah shall file with the division:
925	(i) before the individual who owns an interest in the unincorporated entity engages in
926	a construction trade in Utah, a current list of the one or more individuals who hold
927	an ownership interest in the unincorporated entity that includes for each individual:
928	(A) the individual's name, address, birth date, and social security number; and
929	(B) whether the individual will engage in a construction trade; and
930	(ii) every 30 days after the day on which the unincorporated entity provides the list
931	described in Subsection (7)(a)(i), an ownership status report containing the
932	information that would be required under Subsection (6) if the unincorporated
933	entity were a licensed contractor.
934	(b) When filing an ownership list described in Subsection (7)(a)(i) or an ownership
935	status report described in Subsection [(7)(a)(i)-] (7)(a)(ii) an unincorporated entity
936	shall pay a fee set by the division in accordance with Section 63J-1-504.
937	(8) This chapter may not be interpreted to create or support an express or implied
938	independent contractor relationship between an unincorporated entity described in
939	Subsection (6) or (7) and the owners of the unincorporated entity for any purpose,
940	including income tax withholding.
941	(9)(a) A social security number provided under Subsection (1)(e)(vi) or (3)(k)(ii) is a
942	private record under Subsection 63G-2-302(1)(i).
943	(b) The division may designate an applicant's evidence of identity under Subsection
944	(1)(e)(vi) as a private record in accordance with Section 63G-2-302.
945	Section 4. Effective Date.
946	This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.