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## **Jefferson Moss** proposes the following substitute bill:

Artificial Intelligence Amendments

## 2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

**Chief Sponsor: Jefferson Moss** 

	Senate Sponsor:
2	LONG TITLE
4	General Description:
5	This bill enacts provisions relating to the regulation of mental health chatbots that use
6	artificial intelligence technology.
7	Highlighted Provisions:
8	This bill:
9	• defines terms;
10	• establishes protections for users of mental health chatbots that use artificial intelligence
11	technology;
12	<ul> <li>prohibits certain uses of personal information by a mental health chatbot;</li> </ul>
13	<ul> <li>requires a mental health chatbot to make certain disclosures to users;</li> </ul>
14	<ul> <li>provides enforcement authority to the Division of Consumer Protection;</li> </ul>
15	• establishes requirements for creating and maintaining policies for mental health chatbots;
16	• creates rebuttable presumptions for suppliers who comply with policy requirements; and
17	<ul><li>provides a severability clause.</li></ul>
18	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
19	None
20	Other Special Clauses:
21	None
22	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
23	AMENDS:
24	13-2-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 132
25	ENACTS:
26	<b>13-72a-101</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
27	<b>13-72a-201</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953

13-72a-202, Utah Code Annotated 1953

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29 13-72a-203, Utah Code Annotated 1953 30 **13-72a-204**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 31 13-72a-301, Utah Code Annotated 1953 32 **58-60-118**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 33 34 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:* 35 Section 1. Section 13-2-1 is amended to read: 36 13-2-1. Consumer protection division established -- Functions. 37 (1) There is established within the Department of Commerce the Division of Consumer 38 Protection. 39 (2) The division shall administer and enforce the following: 40 (a) Chapter 10a, Music Licensing Practices Act; 41 (b) Chapter 11, Utah Consumer Sales Practices Act; 42 (c) Chapter 15, Business Opportunity Disclosure Act; 43 (d) Chapter 20, New Motor Vehicle Warranties Act; 44 (e) Chapter 21, Credit Services Organizations Act; 45 (f) Chapter 22, Charitable Solicitations Act; 46 (g) Chapter 23, Health Spa Services Protection Act; 47 (h) Chapter 25a, Telephone and Facsimile Solicitation Act; 48 (i) Chapter 26, Telephone Fraud Prevention Act; 49 (i) Chapter 28, Prize Notices Regulation Act; 50 (k) Chapter 32a, Pawnshop, Secondhand Merchandise, and Catalytic Converter 51 Transaction Information Act; 52 (1) Chapter 34, Utah Postsecondary School and State Authorization Act; 53 (m) Chapter 41, Price Controls During Emergencies Act; 54 (n) Chapter 42, Uniform Debt-Management Services Act; 55 (o) Chapter 49, Immigration Consultants Registration Act; 56 (p) Chapter 51, Transportation Network Company Registration Act; 57 (q) Chapter 52, Residential Solar Energy Disclosure Act; 58 (r) Chapter 53, Residential, Vocational and Life Skills Program Act; 59 (s) Chapter 54, Ticket Website Sales Act; 60 (t) Chapter 56, Ticket Transferability Act; 61 (u) Chapter 57, Maintenance Funding Practices Act;

(v) Chapter 61, Utah Consumer Privacy Act;

63		[(w) Chapter 63, Utah Social Media Regulation Act;]
64		[(x)] (w) Chapter 64, Vehicle Value Protection Agreement Act;
65		[(y)] (x) Chapter 65, Utah Commercial Email Act;
66		[(z)] (y) Chapter 67, Online Dating Safety Act;
67		[(aa)] (z) Chapter 68, Lawyer Referral Consultants Registration Act;
68		[(bb)] (aa) Chapter 70, Automatic Renewal Contracts Act[; and];
69		[(ee)] (bb) Chapter 71, Utah Minor Protection in Social Media Act[-]; and
70		(cc) Chapter 72a, Artificial Intelligence Applications Relating to Mental Health.
71	(3)	In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
72		division may make rules to establish:
73		(a) a public list that identifies a person who:
74		(i) violates a chapter described in Subsection (2);
75		(ii) without proper legal justification, fails to comply with an order, subpoena,
76		judgment, or other legal process issued by:
77		(A) the division; or
78		(B) a court of competent jurisdiction; or
79		(iii) breaches a settlement agreement, stipulation, assurance of voluntary compliance,
80		or similar instrument signed by the person and the division; and
81		(b) a process by which a person may be removed from the list the division establishes as
82		described in Subsection (3)(a).
83		Section 2. Section 13-72a-101 is enacted to read:
84		CHAPTER 72a. ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE APPLICATIONS RELATING TO
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63		MENTAL HEALTH.
86		Part 1. General Provisions
87		<u>13-72a-101</u> . Definitions.
88		As used in this chapter:
89	<u>(1)</u>	"Artificial intelligence" means the same as that term is defined in Section 13-72-101.
90	<u>(2)</u>	"Artificial intelligence technology" means the same as that term is defined in Section
91		<u>13-72-101.</u>
92	<u>(3)</u>	"Confidential communications" means the same as that term is defined in Section
93		<u>58-60-102.</u>
94	(4)	"Covered entity" means the same as that term is defined in 45 C.F.R. Sec. 160.103.

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95	(5) "Division" means the Division of Consumer Protection created in Section 13-2-1.
96	(6) "Generative artificial intelligence" means an artificial system that:
97	(a) is trained on data;
98	(b) interacts with a person using text, audio, or visual communication; and
99	(c) generates non-scripted outputs similar to outputs created by a human, with limited or
100	no human oversight.
101	(7) "Health care provider" means the same as that term is defined in 45 C.F.R. Sec. 160.103.
102	(8) "Health plan" means the same as that term is defined in 45 C.F.R. Sec. 160.103.
103	(9) "Individually identifiable health information" means any information, whether oral or
104	recorded in any form or medium, that relates to the physical or mental health or
105	condition of an individual.
106	(10)(a) "Mental health chatbot" means an artificial intelligence technology that:
107	(i) uses generative artificial intelligence to engage in interactive conversations with a
108	user of the mental health chatbot similar to the confidential communications that
109	an individual would have with a licensed mental health therapist; and
110	(ii) a supplier represents, or a reasonable person would believe, can or will provide
111	mental health therapy or help a user manage or treat mental health conditions.
112	(b) "Mental health chatbot" does not include artificial intelligence technology that only:
113	(i) provides scripted output, such as guided meditations or mindfulness exercises; or
114	(ii) analyzes an individual's input for the purpose of connecting the individual with a
115	human mental health therapist.
116	(11) "Mental health therapist" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-60-102.
117	(12) "Personal data" means the same as term is defined Section 63A-19-101.
118	(13) "Scientific research development" means research:
119	(a) conducted by a researcher affiliated with:
120	(i) an institution of higher education;
121	(ii) a research organization; or
122	(iii) a healthcare facility; and
123	(b) that is:
124	(i) approved by an institutional review board; and
125	(ii) conducted in accordance with applicable ethics requirements for human subject
126	research.

(15) "Utah user" means an individual located in the state at the time the individual accesses

(14) "Supplier" means the same as that term is defined in Section 13-11-3.

129	or uses a mental health chatbot.
130	(16) "User input" means content provided to a mental health chatbot by a Utah user.
131	Section 3. Section 13-72a-201 is enacted to read:
132	Part 2. Protections for Users of Mental Health Chatbots
133	13-72a-201. Protection of personal information.
134	(1) A supplier of a mental health chatbot may not sell to or share with any third party any:
135	(a) individually identifiable health information of a Utah user; or
136	(b) user input of a Utah user.
137	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to:
138	(a) individually identifiable health information:
139	(i) requested by a health care provider with consent of the Utah user; or
140	(ii) provided to a health plan of a Utah user upon request of the Utah user; or
141	(b) personal data provided by a supplier to an associated third party in the ordinary
142	course of business, provided that the supplier complies with the security and privacy
143	provisions of 45 C.F.R. Part 160 and 45 C.F.R. Part 164, Subparts A, C, and E, to the
144	same extent as is required of a covered entity.
145	Section 4. Section 13-72a-202 is enacted to read:
146	13-72a-202 . Restrictions on advertising.
147	(1) A supplier may not use a mental health chatbot to advertise a specific product or service
148	to a Utah user in a conversation between the Utah user and the mental health chatbot
149	unless the mental health chatbot:
150	(a) clearly and conspicuously identifies the advertisement as an advertisement; and
151	(b) clearly and conspicuously discloses to the Utah user any:
152	(i) sponsorship;
153	(ii) business affiliation; or
154	(iii) agreement that the supplier has with a third party to promote, advertise, or
155	recommend the product or service.
156	(2) A supplier of a mental health chatbot may not use a Utah user's input to:
157	(a) determine whether to display an advertisement for a product or service to the Utah
158	user, unless the advertisement is for the mental health chatbot itself;
159	(b) determine a product, service, or category of product or service, to advertise to the
160	<u>Utah user; or</u>
161	(c) customize how an advertisement is presented to the Utah user.
162	(3) This section does not prohibit a mental health chatbot from recommending that a Utah

163	user seek counseling, therapy, or other assistance from a licensed professional, including
164	a specific licensed professional.
165	Section 5. Section 13-72a-203 is enacted to read:
166	13-72a-203 . Disclosure requirements.
167	(1) A supplier of a mental health chatbot shall cause the mental health chatbot to clearly
168	and conspicuously disclose to a Utah user that the mental health chatbot is an artificial
169	intelligence technology and not a human.
170	(2) The disclosure described in Subsection (1) shall be made:
171	(a) before the Utah user may access the features of the mental health chatbot;
172	(b) at the beginning of any interaction with the Utah user if the Utah user has not
173	accessed the mental health chatbot within the previous seven days; and
174	(c) any time a Utah user asks or otherwise prompts the mental health chatbot about
175	whether artificial intelligence is being used.
176	Section 6. Section 13-72a-204 is enacted to read:
177	13-72a-204 . Violations Enforcement authority.
178	(1) The division shall administer and enforce the provisions of this chapter in accordance
179	with Chapter 2, Division of Consumer Protection.
180	(2) The attorney general shall:
181	(a) upon request, give legal advice to the division; and
182	(b) act as counsel for the division in the exercise of the division's responsibilities under
183	this chapter.
184	(3) In addition to the division's enforcement powers under Chapter 2, Division of Consumer
185	Protection:
186	(a) the division director may impose an administrative fine of up to \$2,500 for each
187	violation of this chapter; and
188	(b) the division may bring an action in a court of competent jurisdiction to enforce a
189	provision of this chapter.
190	(4) In a court action by the division to enforce a provision of this chapter, the court may:
191	(a) declare that an act or practice violates a provision of this chapter;
192	(b) issue an injunction for a violation of this part;
193	(c) order disgorgement of money received in violation of this chapter;
194	(d) order payment of disgorged money to an injured purchaser or consumer;
195	(e) impose a fine of up to \$2,500 for each violation of this chapter; or
196	(f) award other relief that the court determines reasonable and necessary.

197	(5) If a court awards judgment or injunctive relief to the division, the court shall award the
198	division:
199	(a) reasonable attorney fees;
200	(b) court costs; and
201	(c) investigative fees.
202	(6) A court may impose a civil penalty of no more than \$5,000 for each violation of an
203	administrative or court order issued for a violation of this chapter.
204	(7) The attorney general may bring a civil action on behalf of the division to collect a civil
205	penalty imposed under this section.
206	(8) The division shall deposit all fines and civil penalties collected under this section into
207	the Consumer Protection Education and Training Fund created in Section 13-2-8.
208	Section 7. Section 13-72a-301 is enacted to read:
209	Part 3. Severability
210	<u>13-72a-301</u> . Severability.
211	(1) If any provision of this chapter or the application of any provision of this chapter to any
212	person or circumstance is held invalid by a final decision of a court of competent
213	jurisdiction, the remainder of this chapter shall be given effect without the invalid
214	provision or application.
215	(2) The provisions of this chapter are severable.
216	Section 8. Section <b>58-60-118</b> is enacted to read:
217	58-60-118 . Mental health chatbots Affirmative defense.
218	(1) As used in this section:
219	(a) "Mental health chatbot" means the same as that term is defined in Section 13-72a-101.
220	(b) "Supplier" means the same as that term is defined in Section 13-11-3.
221	(2) It is an affirmative defense to liability in an action brought under Subsection 58-1-501(1)
222	or Subsection 58-1-501(2) if the supplier demonstrates that the supplier:
223	(a) created, maintained, and implemented a policy that meets the requirements of
224	Subsection (3);
225	(b) maintains documentation regarding the development and implementation of the
226	mental health chatbot that describes:
227	(i) foundation models used in development;
228	(ii) training data used;
229	(iii) compliance with federal health privacy regulations;
230	(iv) user data collection and sharing practices; and

231	(v) ongoing efforts to ensure accuracy, reliability, fairness, and safety;
232	(c) filed the policy with the division as described in Subsection (4); and
233	(d) complied with all requirements of the filed policy at the time of the alleged violation.
234	(3) A policy described in Subsection (2)(a) must:
235	(a) be in writing;
236	(b) clearly state:
237	(i) the intended purposes of the mental health chatbot; and
238	(ii) the abilities and limitations of the mental health chatbot; and
239	(c) describe the procedures by which the supplier:
240	(i) ensures that licensed mental health therapists are involved in the development and
241	review process;
242	(ii) ensures the mental health chatbot is developed and monitored in a manner
243	consistent with clinical best practices;
244	(iii) conducts testing, prior to making the mental health chatbot publicly available and
245	regularly thereafter, to ensure that the output of the mental health chatbot poses no
246	greater risk to a user than that posed to an individual in therapy with a licensed
247	mental health therapist;
248	(iv) identifies reasonably foreseeable adverse outcomes to, and potentially harmful
249	interactions with, users that could result from using the mental health chatbot;
250	(v) provides a mechanism for a user to report any potentially harmful interactions
251	from use of the mental health chatbot;
252	(vi) implements protocols to assess and respond to risk of harm to users or other
253	individuals;
254	(vii) details actions taken to prevent or mitigate any such adverse outcomes or
255	potentially harmful interactions;
256	(viii) implements protocols to respond in real time to acute risk of physical harm;
257	(ix) reasonably ensures regular, objective reviews of safety, accuracy, and efficacy,
258	which may include internal or external audits;
259	(x) provides users any necessary instructions on the safe use of the mental health
260	chatbot;
261	(xi) ensures users understand they are interacting with artificial intelligence;
262	(xii) ensures users understand the intended purpose, capabilities, and limitations of
263	the mental health chatbot;
264	(xiii) prioritizes user mental health and safety over engagement metrics or profit;

265	(xiv) implements measures to prevent discriminatory treatment of users; and
266	(xv) ensures compliance with the security and privacy provisions of 45 C.F.R. Part
267	160 and 45 C.F.R. Part 164, Subparts A, C, and E, as if the supplier were a
268	covered entity, and applicable consumer protection requirements, including
269	Sections 13-72a-201, 13-72a-202, and 13-72a-203.
270	(4) To file a policy with the division under this section, a supplier of a mental health
271	<u>chatbot:</u>
272	(a) shall provide to the division:
273	(i) the name and address of the supplier;
274	(ii) the name of the mental health chatbot supplied by the supplier;
275	(iii) the written policy described in Subsection (3); and
276	(iv) a fee set in accordance with Section 63J-1-504;
277	(b) shall file in a manner established by the division; and
278	(c) may provide to the division:
279	(i) any revisions to a policy filed under this section; or
280	(ii) any other documentation the supplier elects to provide.
281	(5) The division:
282	(a) shall provide a means for a supplier of a mental health chatbot to file under this
283	section; and
284	(b) may impose an annual filing fee set in accordance with Section 63J-1-504.
285	(6) The affirmative defense described in this section applies only in an administrative or
286	civil action alleging a violation of:
287	(a) Subsection 58-1-501(1); or
288	(b) Subsection 58-1-501(2).
289	(7) Nothing in this section shall be construed to:
290	(a) bar the division from bringing an action under Subsection 58-1-501(1) or Subsection
291	58-1-501(2) against the supplier of a mental health chatbot; or
292	(b) recognize a mental health chatbot as a licensed mental health therapist.
293	Section 9. Effective Date.
294	This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.