Michael K. McKell proposes the following substitute bill:

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Public Safety Amendments 2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH Chief Sponsor: Casey Snider Senate Sponsor: Michael K. McKell

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3	LONG TITLE
4	General Description:
5	This bill addresses provisions related to public safety.
6	Highlighted Provisions:
7	This bill:
8	enacts provisions requiring a law enforcement agency of a city that is the seat of
9	government for a county of the first class to enter into an interagency agreement related
10	to public safety concerns with the Department of Public Safety (the department) and
11	repeals the provisions, subject to a review by an interim committee, on July 1, 2027;
12	 enacts provisions requiring a law enforcement agency that has entered into an interagency
13	agreement with the department to submit a report to the Law Enforcement and Criminal
14	Justice Interim Committee regarding the interagency agreement and repeals the
15	provisions, subject to a review by an interim committee, on July 1, 2027;
16	 enacts provisions allowing the Division of Facilities Construction and Management to use
17	eminent domain to condemn unincorporated property owned by a city that is the seat of
18	government for a county of the first class in certain circumstances that are repealed on
19	July 1, 2027;
20	 enacts provisions taking effect on July 1, 2026, related to procedures that are required to
21	be undertaken by a law enforcement agency before the law enforcement agency may
22	take an adverse decision regarding a law enforcement officer's employment; and
23	 makes technical and conforming changes.
24	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
25	None
26	Other Special Clauses:
27	This bill provides a special effective date.
28	Utah Code Sections Affected:

AMENDS:
63I-1-253 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Third Special
Session, Chapter 5
63I-2-263 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Third Special
Session, Chapter 5
ENACTS:
53-25-701 (Effective 07/01/26), Utah Code Annotated 1953
53-25-702 (Effective 07/01/26), Utah Code Annotated 1953
53-29-101 (Effective 05/07/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953
53-29-102 (Effective 05/07/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953
63A-5b-807 (Effective 05/07/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 53-25-701 is enacted to read:
Part 7. Law Enforcement Officer Employment Due Process
53-25-701 (Effective 07/01/26). Definitions.
As used in this part:
(1) "Adverse employment decision" means a decision affecting a law enforcement officer's
employment that could result in:
(a) reduction of rank;
(b) suspension without pay exceeding three days; or
(c) termination of employment.
(2) "Formal interview" means an interview at which an employer:
(a) requires the employee to respond truthfully under the threat of disciplinary action or
termination; and
(b) provides the employee with the assurance that the statement cannot be used against
the employee in any criminal proceeding.
(3) "Legal representative" means an attorney, who is licensed to practice law in this state.
Section 2. Section 53-25-702 is enacted to read:
53-25-702 (Effective 07/01/26). Notice of internal investigation Discovery
Right to counsel.
(1) If a law enforcement officer is the subject of an internal investigation by the law
enforcement agency that employs the law enforcement officer that could result in an
adverse employment decision against the law enforcement officer, the law enforcement

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63	agency shall, at least 48 hours before any formal interview of the law enforcement
64	officer related to the internal investigation:
65	(a) notify the law enforcement officer that the law enforcement officer is the subject of
66	the internal investigation;
67	(b) provide the time and location for the formal interview; and
68	(c) notify the law enforcement officer that the law enforcement officer may bring a legal
69	representative to the interview to assist the law enforcement officer in the formal
70	interview.
71	(2) During an internal investigation conducted regarding a law enforcement officer that
72	<u>could result in an adverse employment decision against the law enforcement officer, the</u>
73	law enforcement officer has the right to have a legal representative, paid for at the law
74	enforcement officer's expense, present during any formal interview of the law
75	enforcement officer conducted during an internal investigation.
76	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (4), at any disciplinary meeting that could result in an
77	adverse employment decision against a law enforcement officer, the law enforcement
78	officer or, if applicable, a legal representative, paid for at the law enforcement officer's
78 79	expense, has the right to:
80	(a) receive written notification of the allegations against the law enforcement officer and
80 81	the proposed discipline;
82	(b) provide written statements;
83	(c) review any statement made by the officer in the formal interview;
83 84	(d) meet with the agency head or the agency head's designee;
84 85	(a) <u>ineet with the agency head of the agency head's designee</u> , (c) present, in writing or in person, comments or reasons as to why the proposed adverse
85 86	employment decision should not be taken; and
80 87	(f) present documents, affidavits, or other written materials.
87 88	
00 89	(4)(a) <u>A law enforcement officer, or a legal representative of the law enforcement</u>
89 90	officer, is not entitled to present or discover documents within the possession or
90 91	control of the law enforcement agency that are private, protected, or controlled under Title 63C, Chapter 2, Part 3, Classification
91 92	<u>Title 63G, Chapter 2, Part 3, Classification.</u> (b) A law enforcement agency undertaking a disciplinery meeting under Subsection (3)
	(b) A law enforcement agency undertaking a disciplinary meeting under Subsection (3)
93 04	is not required to receive or allow other witnesses to testify at the disciplinary
94 05	(5) For a law enforcement officer, who has completed any employment probationary pariod
95 06	(5) For a law enforcement officer who has completed any employment probationary period,
96	a law enforcement agency may only terminate the law enforcement officer's

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97	employment after an internal investigation and disciplinary meeting if the law
98	enforcement agency has:
99	(a) given the officer five working days to reply to the notice of the disciplinary meeting;
100	(b) provided an opportunity for the law enforcement officer to speak to the complaint
101	and results of the internal investigation; and
102	(c) substantiated the complaint that resulted in the internal investigation against the law
103	enforcement officer by clear and convincing evidence.
104	(6) After a disciplinary meeting is held under Subsection (3), the law enforcement agency
105	shall notify the law enforcement officer in writing of the law enforcement agency's
106	decision, and the reasons for the decision.
107	(7) This section does not:
108	(a) apply to the termination of employment of a law enforcement officer due to budget
109	constraints of the government entity that oversees the law enforcement agency that
110	employs the law enforcement officer; or
111	(b) supersede the rights of a law enforcement officer under Title 17, Chapter 30, Deputy
112	Sheriffs - Merit System, Title 10, Chapter 3, Part 11, Personnel Rules and Benefits,
113	or Title 63A, Chapter 17, Part 3, Classification and Career Service, or any other
114	section of code.
115	Section 3. Section 53-29-101 is enacted to read:
116	CHAPTER 29. DEPARTMENT INTERACTION WITH LOCAL LAW
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117	ENFORCEMENT
118	53-29-101 (Effective 05/07/25). Definitions.
118	As used in this chapter, "county of the first class" means a county that is classified by
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	population as a county of the first class under Section 17-50-501. Section 4. Section 53-29-102 is enacted to read:
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122	53-29-102 (Effective 05/07/25). Public safety interagency agreement.
125	(1) Subject to Subsection (2), by July 1, 2025, the law enforcement agency of a city that is the seat of government for a county of the first class shall enter into a public safety
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	interagency agreement with the department that addresses how the law enforcement
126	agency and the department can improve public safety within the jurisdiction of the law
127	<u>enforcement agency.</u> (2) The intersection (1) shall include:
128	(2) The interagency agreement described in Subsection (1) shall include:

129	(a) at a minimum, terms that require the law enforcement agency to reimburse the
130	department for the department's expenses if the department deploys department
131	resources to effectuate the interagency agreement;
132	(b) if the agreement requires joint operations to be conducted between the department
133	and the law enforcement agency, the roles and responsibilities of the department and
134	the law enforcement agency in any joint operations:
135	(c) the parameters on any data shared under the agreement to assist in effectuating the
136	agreement;
137	(d) measures to ensure accountability and communication between the department and
138	the law enforcement agency; and
139	(e) accountability metrics to determine if public safety within the jurisdiction of the law
140	enforcement agency has improved.
141	(3) By November 1 of each year, a law enforcement agency that has entered into an
142	agreement under Subsection (1), shall make a presentation to the Law Enforcement and
143	Criminal Justice Interim Committee regarding:
144	(a) the terms of the interagency agreement;
145	(b) if available, any information regarding the implementation and operation of the
146	interagency agreement; and
147	(c) whether the law enforcement agency has successfully improved public safety within
148	the jurisdiction of the law enforcement agency.
149	Section 5. Section 63A-5b-807 is enacted to read:
150	63A-5b-807 (Effective 05/07/25). Eminent domain of unincorporated city owned
151	land.
152	(1) As used in this section:
153	(a) "County of the first class" means a county that is classified by population as a county
154	of the first class under Section 17-50-501.
155	(b) "Unincorporated land" means land that before January 1, 2025, was not within the
156	boundaries of a city.
157	(2) The division may exercise eminent domain, consistent with the procedures described in
158	Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 5, Eminent Domain, to condemn unicorporated land for the
159	public use of constructing a new facility on the land for homelessness services provided
160	by, or under contract with, the state if the land is owned by a city that is the seat of
161	government for a county of the first class.
162	(3) The division may consult with the Department of Transportation for assistance in

163	performing the division's duties under Subsection (2).
164	Section 6. Section 63I-1-253 is amended to read:
165	63I-1-253 (Effective 05/07/25). Repeal dates: Titles 53 through 53G.
166	(1) Section 53-1-122, Road Rage Awareness and Prevention Restricted Account, is
167	repealed July 1, 2028.
168	(2) Section 53-2a-105, Emergency Management Administration Council created
169	Function Composition Expenses, is repealed July 1, 2029.
170	(3) Section 53-2a-1103, Search and Rescue Advisory Board Members Compensation,
171	is repealed July 1, 2027.
172	(4) Section 53-2a-1104, General duties of the Search and Rescue Advisory Board, is
173	repealed July 1, 2027.
174	(5) Title 53, Chapter 2a, Part 15, Grid Resilience Committee, is repealed July 1, 2027.
175	(6) Section 53-2d-104, State Emergency Medical Services Committee Membership
176	Expenses, is repealed July 1, 2029.
177	(7) Section 53-2d-703, Volunteer Emergency Medical Service Personnel Health Insurance
178	Program Creation Administration Eligibility Benefits Rulemaking
179	Advisory board, is repealed July 1, 2027.
180	(8) Section 53-5-703, Board Membership Compensation Terms Duties, is repealed
181	July 1, 2029.
182	(9) Section 53-11-104, Board, is repealed July 1, 2029.
183	(10) Section 53-22-104.1, School Security Task Force Membership Duties Per diem
184	Report Expiration, is repealed December 31, 2025.
185	(11) Section 53-22-104.2, The School Security Task Force Education Advisory Board, is
186	repealed December 31, 2025.
187	(12) Title 53, Chapter 29, Department Interaction With Local Law Enforcement, is repealed
188	July 1, 2027.
189	[(12)] (13) Subsection 53B-1-301(1)(j), regarding the Higher Education and Corrections
190	Council, is repealed July 1, 2027.
191	[(13)] (14) Section 53B-7-709, Five-year performance goals, is repealed July 1, 2027.
192	[(14)] (15) Title 53B, Chapter 8a, Part 3, Education Savings Incentive Program, is repealed
193	July 1, 2028.
194	[(15)] (16) Title 53B, Chapter 17, Part 11, USTAR Researchers, is repealed July 1, 2028.
195	[(16)] (17) Section 53B-17-1203, SafeUT and School Safety Commission established
196	Members, is repealed January 1, 2030.

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197 [(17)] (18) Title 53B, Chapter 18, Part 16, USTAR Researchers, is repealed July 1, 2028. 198 [(18)] (19) Title 53B, Chapter 18, Part 17, Food Security Council, is repealed July 1, 2027. 199 [(19)] (20) Title 53B, Chapter 18, Part 18, Electrification of Transportation Infrastructure 200 Research Center, is repealed July 1, 2028. 201 [(20)] (21) Title 53B, Chapter 35, Higher Education and Corrections Council, is repealed July 1, 2027. 202 203 $\left[\frac{(21)}{(22)}\right]$ Subsection 53C-3-203(4)(b)(vii), regarding the distribution of money from the 204 Land Exchange Distribution Account to the Geological Survey for test wells and other 205 hydrologic studies in the West Desert, is repealed July 1, 2030. 206 $\left[\frac{(22)}{(23)}\right]$ (23) Subsection 53E-1-201(1)(q), regarding the Higher Education and Corrections 207 Council, is repealed July 1, 2027. 208 [(23)] (24) Subsection 53E-2-304(6), regarding foreclosing a private right of action or 209 waiver of governmental immunity, is repealed July 1, 2027. 210 $\left[\frac{(24)}{(25)}\right]$ Subsection 53E-3-503(5), regarding coordinating councils for youth in care, is 211 repealed July 1, 2027. 212 $\left[\frac{(25)}{(26)}\right]$ Subsection 53E-3-503(6), regarding coordinating councils for youth in care, is 213 repealed July 1, 2027. 214 [(26)] (27) Subsection 53E-4-202(8)(b), regarding a standards review committee, is repealed 215 January 1, 2028. 216 $\left[\frac{(27)}{28}\right]$ (28) Section 53E-4-203, Standards review committee, is repealed January 1, 2028. 217 [(28)] (29) Title 53E, Chapter 6, Part 5, Utah Professional Practices Advisory Commission, 218 is repealed July 1, 2033. 219 $\left[\frac{(29)}{(29)}\right]$ (30) Subsection 53E-7-207(7), regarding a private right of action or waiver of 220 governmental immunity, is repealed July 1, 2027. 221 [(30)] (31) Section 53F-2-420, Intensive Services Special Education Pilot Program, is 222 repealed July 1, 2024. 223 [(31)] (32) Section 53F-5-214, Grant for professional learning, is repealed July 1, 2025. 224 $\left[\frac{(32)}{(33)}\right]$ (33) Section 53F-5-215, Elementary teacher preparation grant, is repealed July 1, 225 2025. 226 [(33)] (34) Section 53F-5-219, Local Innovations Civics Education Pilot Program, is 227 repealed July 1, 2025. 228 [(34)] (35) Title 53F, Chapter 10, Part 2, Capital Projects Evaluation Panel, is repealed July 229 1, 2027. 230 [(35)] (36) Subsection 53G-4-608(2)(b), regarding the Utah Seismic Safety Commission, is

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- repealed January 1, 2025.
- [(36)] (37) Subsection 53G-4-608(4)(b), regarding the Utah Seismic Safety Commission, is
 repealed January 1, 2025.
- [(37)] (38) Section 53G-9-212, Drinking water quality in schools, is repealed July 1, 2027.
 Section 7. Section 63I-2-263 is amended to read:
- 236 **63I-2-263** (Effective 05/07/25). Repeal dates: Titles 63A through 63O.
- (1) Title 63A, Chapter 2, Part 5, Educational Interpretation and Translation Services
 Procurement Advisory Council is repealed July 1, 2025.
- 239 (2) Section 63A-5b-807, Eminent domain of unincorporated city owned land, is repealed
 240 January 1, 2027.
- 241 [(2)] (3) Section 63A-17-806, Definitions -- Infant at Work Pilot Program -- Administration
 242 -- Report, is repealed June 30, 2026.
- [(3)] (4) Section 63C-1-103, Appointment and terms of boards, committees, councils, and
 commissions transitioning on October 1, 2024, or December 31, 2024, is repealed July
 1, 2025.
- [(4)] (5) Section 63C-1-104, Appointment and terms of boards transitioning on October 1,
 2024, is repealed January 1, 2025.
- 248 [(5)] (6) Title 63C, Chapter 29, Domestic Violence Data Task Force, is repealed October 1,
 249 2024.
- [(6)] (7) Subsection 63G-6a-802(1)(e), regarding a procurement for a presidential debate, is
 repealed January 1, 2025.
- [(7)] <u>(8)</u> Subsection 63G-6a-802(3)(b)(iii), regarding a procurement for a presidential
 debate, is repealed January 1, 2025.
- [(8)] (9) Subsection 63H-7a-403(2)(b), regarding the charge to maintain the public safety
 communications network, is repealed July 1, 2033.
- [(9)] (10) Subsection 63J-1-602.2(47), regarding appropriations to the State Tax
 Commission for deferral reimbursements, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 258 [(10)] (11) Section 63M-7-221, Expungement working group, is repealed April 30, 2025.
- [(11)] (12) Section 63M-7-504, Crime Victim Reparations and Assistance Board Members, is repealed December 31, 2024.
- [(12)] (13) Section 63M-7-505, Board and office within Commission on Criminal and
 Juvenile Justice, is repealed December 31, 2024.
- [(13)] (14) Title 63M, Chapter 7, Part 6, Utah Council on Victims of Crime, is repealed
 December 31, 2024.

- [(14)] (15) Subsection 63N-2-213(12)(a), regarding claiming a tax credit in the same taxable
 year as the targeted business income tax credit, is repealed December 31, 2024.
- [(15)] (16) Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part 3, Targeted Business Income Tax Credit in an
 Enterprise Zone, is repealed December 31, 2024.

269 Section 8. Effective Date.

- 270 (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), this bill takes effect May 7, 2025.
- 271 (2) The actions affecting the following sections take effect on July 1, 2026:
- 272 (a) Section 53-25-702 (Effective 07/01/26); and
- 273 (b) Section 53-25-701 (Effective 07/01/26).